# 1997 Economic Census--Construction Sector Special Study Housing Starts Statistics-A Profile of the Homebuilding Industry

**Issued July 2000** 

Barry A. Rappaport Tamara A. Cole

Manufacturing and Construction Division U.S. Census Bureau

#### Introduction

The 1997 Economic Census-Construction Sector (hereafter, the "census") asked establishments involved in the construction of new residential buildings how many housing units they started during the census year. This was the first time these questions were included in the census, and was done at the suggestion of the National Association of Home Builders (NAHB). Although the census has always produced data on homebuilder activity in terms of value of construction work done, we agreed that it would be useful to also collect data on the number of housing units started, the standard measure of the industry. Collecting these data in the census provides a basis for the development of homebuilder profiles which complement the housing starts data collected in the Census Bureau's Survey of Construction (SOC). SOC produces a great deal of data on new housing units, but is unable to provide any information on the homebuilders themselves.

During 1997, an estimated 92,521 establishments were involved in new single-family construction while an estimated 8,145 establishments were involved in new multifamily construction. The data collected in the census allow for the classification of these establishments into small, medium, and large builders depending on the number of units they started in 1997. The data show, for example, that small single-family builders (i.e., those building less than 25 houses in the year) accounted for a substantial share (39 percent) of total single-family housing starts in 1997.

## **Background**

Statistics presented in this paper are based on data collected in the 1997 Economic Census-Construction Sector. The census includes establishments having one or more paid employees primarily engaged in construction activity. The term "construction" is defined to include new work, additions, alterations, and repairs. "Establishments" (or offices) of multi-establishment companies are counted separately.

The census preferred measure of activity in dollar terms is "value of construction work done" as opposed to receipts (or billings). For most contractors, receipts closely approximate value of work done. This may not be the case, however, for operative builders (defined as establishments building houses for sale on land they own). For those establishments, we ask for their value of work done to reflect the actual work done during the year.

Please refer to any 1997 Economic Census-Construction Sector published report for a complete description of the census including an explanation of terms, coverage and methodology, and reliability of the estimates. All reports are available on the Internet at www.census.gov/mcd.

There were 13 versions of the basic questionnaire used in the 1997 Economic Census-Construction Sector. Each questionnaire was customized to a set of construction industries at roughly the NAICS subsector or industry group level. The housing starts questions were only

included on the questionnaire (see attached CC-1508 form) sent to establishments primarily responsible for entire residential or nonresidential building projects, mainly general contractors and operative builders. (A small number of land subdivider and construction management establishments also received the CC-1508 form.) This particular questionnaire was not intended for general contractors working on nonresidential non-building structures or for specialty trade contractors. Some of these contractors may have received the CC-1508 form in error if they were misclassified on the Census Bureau's business register.

Statistics in this paper show estimates of housing starts production of establishments regardless of their NAICS classification. All general contractor or operative builder establishments reporting some or all of their 1997 value of work done from the construction of new residential buildings are included. Consequently, an establishment working primarily on the construction of commercial buildings but doing some "secondary" homebuilding is included. Likewise, an establishment working primarily on the construction of new single-family houses as a general contractor, but also doing some secondary work as an electrical contractor is also included.

As mentioned, in a few cases a general contractor of nonresidential non-building projects or a speciality trade contractor doing some homebuilding as a secondary activity and who happened to have received the CC-1508 form are included. Other such establishments doing exactly the same work and not receiving the CC-1508 form are not included.

Tabulations of housing starts data are shown separately for those establishments building single-family and multifamily housing units. Establishments involved in building both types of structures are counted in both groups.

As will be seen, two items on the CC-1508 form relate closely to the housing starts questions (item 21) and play an important role in the tabulations. They are item 13 which asks for the percentage of the value of work done by specific kind of builder (KOB) category, and item 14 which asks for the percentage of the value of work done by type of buildings constructed and whether the work involved new construction, renovation, or maintenance and repairs.

### **Findings**

<u>Tables 1a and 1b</u> show a distribution of housing starts and establishments by percent of new single-family and multifamily construction work. Respondents based those percents on their total dollar value of construction work done.

For example, the first row of data in Table 1a shows that 12,350 houses were started by 7,254 establishments each reporting that between 1 and 19 percent of their total value of construction work can be attributed to the construction of new single-family houses.

Table 1a shows that an estimated 40,520 establishments were involved only in the construction of new single-family houses. The reported housing starts of these establishments were 600,381

units, or about 70 percent of the total 856,624 single-family housing starts estimated from the census. Establishments with less than 100 percent new single-family construction were involved in another type or types of construction (i.e., single-family remodeling, multifamily, commercial, etc.).

Table 1b shows that the housing starts from establishments involved in only the construction of new multifamily housing were a much smaller share (33 percent) of the total.

<u>Tables 2a and 2b</u> show the distribution of housing starts and establishments by housing starts size classes.

Data in Table 2a show that about 39 percent of single-family housing starts are built by small builders (less than 25 units in the year); 21 percent by medium builders (25-99 units); and 40 percent by large builders (more than 100 units). The distribution for multifamily housing starts is again quite different with 77 percent of the units being built by large builders.

Note that it is possible to have zero housing starts even though an establishment reported value of construction work on new residential buildings. This was especially true for multifamily builders where 3,213 of the total 8,145 establishments have zero housing starts. A review of the data showed that more than two-thirds of the multifamily builder establishments with zero starts reported less than 20 percent of their value of work done as work done on new multifamily buildings.

<u>Tables 3a and 3b</u> show detailed data for the subset of establishments building only new single-family or new multifamily housing construction **and** working exclusively as general contractors or operative builders. (To further explain, Table 1a shows 40,520 establishments performing 100 percent new single-family construction, whereas Table 3a shows a total of 33,918 establishments. The difference represents establishments which reported some of their work on new single-family houses as specialty trade contractors, land subdividers, or construction managers.)

As with Tables 2a and 2b, data are shown by number of housing starts per establishment. Selected statistics (number of establishments, value of construction work done, etc.) are shown in summary, average per establishment, selected ratios, and average per housing start. (These same statistics for all homebuilder establishments are available upon request.)

Data in Table 3a show that for the establishments doing only new single-family construction as general contractors or operative builders, a larger share of the reported housing starts was done by the larger builders, in comparison to all establishments as shown in Table 2a. In Table 3a, the small builders accounted for 31 percent of the starts; the medium builders, 22 percent; and the large builders, 46 percent.

This table also shows differences in the data items by builder size. For example, the larger builders showed less payroll and material expenditures as a percent of total value of work done,

and more work subcontracted to others. The larger builders also showed fewer construction workers as a percent of all employees. The smaller builders showed a larger average value of construction work per housing start.

## **Comparison With SOC Housing Starts**

Tables 1a and 1b show that an estimated 856,281 single-family and 336,471 multifamily housing units were started in 1997 according to data collected in the census. This compares with an estimated 1,133,700 single-family and 340,300 multifamily housing units started in 1997 from the Survey of Construction (SOC). (See Current Construction Reports, series C20, *Housing Starts.*) SOC data are collected monthly by a nationwide staff of more than 200 interviewers who select a sample of residential building permits each month and follow-up on those units with the builders for starts, sales, completions, and characteristics information.

The following are some reasons for the differences in those estimates:

- 1. Since both series are based on samples, the estimates are subject to sampling variability as well as errors of response and nonreporting.
- 2. The SOC figures include an estimated 131,000 single-family housing starts for which the homeowner did all the work him/herself or acted as his/her own general contractor. These units are not included in the census housing starts data.
- 3. The census figures do not include housing starts done by general contractor or operative builder establishments without employees. In 1997, there were more than 200,000 of these "nonemployer" establishments. There is no information available on their specific kind of work, although most probably were remodelers.
- 4. As mentioned above, the census estimates do not ordinarily include housing starts done as a secondary activity by establishments classified as nonresidential non-building general contractors or speciality trade contractors. Housing starts data were not collected from these establishments.
- 5. The census figures also do not include housing starts done by establishments primarily building residential housing on their own land for rent or lease. NAICS classifies these establishments in the Real Estate and Rental and Leasing Sector. NAICS also classifies establishments that provide the volunteer construction of low-cost housing in the Health Care and Social Assistance Sector. Housing starts data were not collected from establishments in these sectors.

Lastly, although SOC and the census use the same definitions for classifying single versus multifamily housing, differences may result in practice. SOC data are collected and coded by trained interviewers. The census questionnaires are completed by respondents with limited

coding instructions, and often those are overlooked. There may be a tendency, for example, for census respondents to report single-family townhouse units as multifamily units.

#### Limitations

Caution should be used when comparing the housing starts data presented here with published 1997 census data. This is because the housing starts data were not included in the regular census data processing and review. Processing on the housing starts data was delayed for two reasons: (1) the inclusion of the housing starts questions on the census questionnaire was seen as a trial run to evaluate question wording and data collectability, and (2) our main focus was on releasing the census core statistics as soon as possible.

Only after the census publications were released did the review of the housing starts data begin. A relatively high nonresponse rate and some inconsistencies with other census data were found. At that point, the housing starts data underwent an additional edit and review. As part of this, telephone calls were made to clarify responses. A procedure was also developed to impute housing starts for those not reporting.

Partial measures of the reliability of the housing starts statistics, in the form of relative standard errors, are presented in Tables 4 and 5. However, there are no measures of non-sampling errors. We expect the reliability of the housing starts data to be better for the 2002 Economic Census with improved question wording, and where the data will be edited, reviewed and published as part of the census.

Table 1a. Housing Starts and Establishments by Percent of New Single-Family Activity: 1997

Percent of new single-family construction	Number of housing starts	Percent distribution		
1-19%	12,350	1.4	7,254	7.8
20-39%	18,208	2.1	7,971	8.6
40-59%	32,309	3.8	10,391	11.2
60-79%	53,543	6.3	10,605	11.5
80-99%	139,833	16.3	15,780	17.1
100%	600,381	70.1	40,520	43.8
Total	856.624	100.0	92.521	100.0

Table 1b. Housing Starts and Establishments by Percent of New Multifamily Activity: 1997

	Number of	Percent	Number of	Percent
Percent of new multifamily construction	housing starts	distribution	establishments	distribution
1-19%	50,560	15.9	2,856	35.1
20-39%	45,868	14.4	1,852	22.7
40-59%	35,194	11.1	896	11.0
60-79%	26,437	8.3	474	5.8
80-99%	55,423	17.4	676	8.3
100%	104,749	32.9	1,391	17.1
Total	318,231	100.0	8,145	100.0

Table 2a. Housing Starts and Establishments by Single-Family Housing Starts Size Class: 1997

Number of housing starts per establishment	Number of housing starts	Percent distribution		
0	0		13,418	
1-4	102,033	11.9	50,661	54.8
5-9	81,900	9.6	12,708	13.7
10-24	148,037	17.3	10,183	11.0
25-99	182,812	21.3	4,338	4.7
100-499	207,687	24.2	1,060	1.1
500+	134,154	15.7	152	0.2
Total	856,624	100.0	92.521	100.0

Table 2b. Housing Starts and Establishments by Multifamily Housing Starts Size Class: 1997

able 2b. Housing Starts and Establishments by Multitaining Housing Starts Size Class. 1777									
Number of housing starts per establishment	Number of housing starts								
0	0		3,213	39.4					
2-9	7,995	2.5	1,904	23.4					
10-24	22,273	7.0	1,425	17.5					
25-99	43,216	13.6	831	10.2					
100-499	135,768	42.7	678	8.3					
500+	108,978	34.2	94	1.2					
Total	318,231	100.0	8,145	100.0					

**Table 3a. Selected Statistics for Establishments by Single-Family Housing Starts Size Class: 1997** [Thousand dollars unless otherwise noted. Detail may not add to total because of rounding.]

[ Thousand don	ars amess other	wise noted. D	ctan may not add	to total because (	n rounding.j							
	Number of			Total number		_ ,		Cost of work				
Number of units started	establish-		Total number of	of construction workers	construction	Total	Cost of	subcontracted				
0	ments 3,736	starts 0	employees 10,744	6,733	work 2,677,959	payroll 248,281	materials 859,205	out to others 826,090				
1-4	14,781	33,363		26,168	7,275,214	790,536	2,279,750	2,213,506				
5-9			,					2,392,112				
10-24	6,557 5,411	42,175 79,226		13,408 12,840	7,138,275	543,938 693,135	2,201,927					
25-99	2,608			·	10,751,706		3,287,734	3,981,909				
100-499	720	109,258		10,150	12,840,371	807,905	3,671,217	5,155,046				
500+		138,000 90,772	23,109 16,801	8,006 5,987	17,302,072	1,005,418 709,739	3,814,289 2,391,131	7,903,676				
Total	105 33,918	492,792	155,772	83,293	11,448,418 69,434,015	4,798,953	18,505,252	5,064,495 27,536,833				
Total	33,918	492,192				4,790,933	10,303,232	21,330,633				
	AVERAGES PER ESTABLISHMENT  Average number   Average value   Average cost of											
		Average	Average	of	of		Average	work				
Number of		number of		construction	construction	Average	cost of	subcontracted				
units started		starts	employees	workers	work	payroll	materials	out to others				
0	<u> </u>	0	3	2	717	66	230	221				
1-4	<u> </u>	2	3	2	492	53	154	150				
5-9	L	6	3	2	1,089	83	336	365				
10-24	L	15	4	2	1,987	128	608	736				
25-99	L	42	9	4	4,923	310	1,408	1,977				
100-499	L	192	32	11	24,031	1,396	5,298	10,977				
500+	L	864	160	57	109,033	6,759	22,773	48,233				
Total		15	5	2	2,047	141	546	812				
				RATIOS								
							11 1 6	1				
				Construction		Average per de	ollar value of c	onstruction work				
Number of			Payroll per	workers per total			Cost of	Cost of work subcontracted				
units started			employee	employees		Payroll	materials	out to others				
0			23.1	.627		.093	.321	.308				
1-4			21.0	.696		.109	.313	.304				
5-9			25.1	.620		.076	.308	.335				
10-24			29.6	.549		.064	.306	.370				
25-99			36.0	.452		.063	.286	.401				
100-499			43.5	.346		.058	.220					
500+			42.2	.356		.062	.209	.442				
Total			30.8	.535		.069	.267	.397				
			AVERA	AGES PER HOU	SING START							
				Average number				Average cost of				
			Average	of	Average value	_	Average	work				
Number of units started			number of	construction	of construction	Average	cost of	subcontracted				
0			employees	workers X	work X	payroll X	materials X	out to others				
			1 129			24		X				
1-4 5-9			1.128 .513	.784 .318	218 169	13	68 52	66 57				
10-24 25-99			.295	.162	136	9 7	41 34	50 47				
			.206	.093	118							
100-499			.167	.058	125	7	28	57				
500+			.185	.066	126	8	26	56				
Total			.316	.169	141	10	38	56				

X-Not applicable

**Table 3b. Selected Statistics for Establishments by Multifamily Housing Starts Size Class: 1997** [Thousand dollars unless otherwise noted. Detail may not add to total because of rounding.]

[ Thousand done	ars unicss outci	wise noted. D	ctair may not add	to total because t	or rounding.			
	Number of			Total number				Cost of work
Number of	establish-		Total number of	of construction	construction	Total	Cost of	subcontracted
units started	ments	starts	employees	workers	work	payroll	materials	to others
0	288	0	1,165	853	181,846	30,091	46,561	74,200
2-9	227	969	723	550	146,380	17,957	51,654	57,400
10-24	186	3,060	947	606	256,977	25,760	76,367	101,019
25-99	179	9,870	1,425	933	626,443	48,611	133,340	277,953
100-499	277	53,106	3,730	2,310	2,052,576	133,908	393,680	1,068,739
500+	18	17,262	1,164	535	789,200	43,038	200,987	496,052
Total	1,174	84,267	9,153	5,787	4,053,422	299,365	902,588	2,075,363
			AVERA	GES PER ESTA	ABLISHMENT			
				Average number				Average cost of
		Average	Average	of	of		Average	work
Number of		number of	number of	construction	construction	Average	cost of	subcontracted
units started		starts	employees	workers	work	payroll	materials	to others
0		0	4	3	631	104	162	258
2-9		4	3	2	645	79	228	253
10-24	<u> </u>	16	5	3	1,382	138	411	543
25-99		55	8	5	3,500	272	745	1,553
100-499		192	13	8	7,410	483	1,421	3,858
500+		959	65	30	43,844	2,391	11,166	27,558
Total		72	8	5	3,453	255	769	1,768
				RATIOS				
				Construction		Average per de	ollar value of c	onstruction work
				workers				Cost of work
Number of			Payroll per	per total			Cost of	subcontracted
units started			employee	employees		Payroll	materials	out to others
0			25.8	.732		.165	.256	.408
2-9			24.8	.761		.123	.353	.392
10-24			27.2	.640		.100	.297	.393
25-99			34.1	.655		.078	.213	.444
100-499			35.9	.619		.065	.192	.521
500+			37.0	.460		.055	.255	.629
Total			32.7	.632		.074	.223	.512
			AVER	AGES PER HOU	ISING START			
				Average number				Average cost of
			Average	of			Average	work
Number of			number of		of construction	Average	cost of	
units started			employees	workers	work	payroll	materials	to others
0			X	X		X	X	X
2-9			.746	.568	151	19	53	59
10-24			.309	.198	84	8	25	33
25-99			.144	.095	64	5	14	28
100-499			.070	.043	39	3	7	20
500+			.067	.031	46	3	12	29
Total			.109	.069	48	4	11	25
	ıble			.007		<u> </u>		25

X-Not applicable

Table 4. Relative Standard Errors for Tables 1a and 1b

[Percent]

	Single-	Family	Multifamily		
Percent of New Construction	Number of establishments	Number of starts	Number of establishments	Number of starts	
1-19%	3.4	3.5	4.5	1.9	
20-39%	3.4	4.1	6.1	2.9	
40-59%	3.1	3.9	8.0	2.4	
60-79%	2.9	5.6	9.9	5.9	
80-99%	2.3	2.7	10.5	7.3	
100%	1.5	1.5	6.8	7.2	
Total	1.0	1.2	2.8	2.8	

Table 5. Relative Standard Errors for Tables 3a and 3b [Percent]

	Single-	Family	Multi	family
Housing Starts Size Category	Number of establishments	Value of construction work	Number of establishments	Value of construction work
0	5.1	8.0	16.3	21.6
1-4	2.6	3.0	X	X
5-9	3.6	4.1	X	X
2-9	X	X	17.9	20.9
10-24	3.6	3.7	20.1	19.7
25-99	4.4	3.7	15.3	9.1
100-499	6.3	2.0	15.9	21.6
500+	5.4	0.3	0.0	0.0
Total	1.6	1.2	7.6	11.2

X-Not applicable

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

FORM

CC-1508

## 1997 ECONOMIC CENSUS **CENSUS OF CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRIES**

OMB No. 0607-0829: Approval Expires 10/31/99

#### **DUE DATE FEBRUARY 12, 1998**

If you have questions about completing this report, please call or write the Census Bureau. In any communication, be sure to refer to the 11-digit Census File Number (CFN) printed in the label to the right. Return your completed form to:

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East 10th Street Jeffersonville, IN 47134-0001

Toll-free assistance, 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., eastern time, Monday through Friday:

1-800-233-6136

Please read the accompanying instruction guide before answering the questions.

Census use only

CC-1508

(Please correct any error in name, address, and ZIP Code)

YOUR RESPONSE IS REQUIRED BY LAW. Title 13, United States Code, requires businesses and other organizations that receive this questionnaire to answer the questions and return the report to the Census Bureau. By the same law, YOUR CENSUS REPORT IS CONFIDENTIAL. It may be seen only by Census Bureau employees and may be used only for statistical purposes. Further, copies retained in respondents' files are immune from legal process.

Item 1. EMPLOYER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER	MARINE & OBERATIONIAL CTATUS					
Is the Employer Identification Number (EIN) shown in the label the SAME as that used for this establishment on its latest 1997 Employer's Quarterly Federal Tax Return,	Item 3. OPERATIONAL STATUS  a. How many months during 1997 did this firm or organization actively operate this establishment?  Number of month 002					
Treasury Form 941?  094 1 Yes  2 No - Enter current EIN (9 digits)	b. Mark (X) the ONE box which best described establishment at the end of 1997  001 1 ☐ In operation 2 ☐ Temporarily or seasonally inactive  3 ☐ Ceased operation – Give date → 4 ☐ Sold or leased to another operator – Give date → AND enter name, etc., below  Name of new owner or operator	Figures only  Month Day Year				
Number and street  City, town, village, etc.  State  ZIP Code	Number and street  City State	ZIP Code				
b. Is this establishment physically located inside the legal boundaries of the city, town, village, etc.?  095 1 Yes 3 No legal boundaries 2 No 4 Do not know  c. In what type of municipality is this establishment locate	Item 4. ORGANIZATIONAL STATUS – Mark (X which best describes this establishme  003 1 Individual proprietorship	) the <b>ONE</b> box				
ose 1 City, village, or borough 2 Town or township 3 Other or do not know d. In what COUNTY is this establishment located?	4 Cooperative association (tax-exempt)  5 Government – Specify  0 Corporation (Do not mark if any for association)  9 Other – Specify	rm of cooperative				

enclosed, then complete the entire questionnaire. Otherwise, complete items 5, 6, and 12, describe your business in item 13, and enter your name and telephone number in item 23.

Item 5. EMPLOYMENT IN 1997 - Your answers should be based on all employees included on your Employer's Quarterly Federal Tax Return, Treasury Form 941. Do not include your subcontractors or their employees.

	ring the pay periods including the 12th of March, May, August, and vember 1997 –
a.	how many construction workers were on the navroll of this establishmen

- onstruction workers were on the payroll of this establishment? INCLUDE -
  - Apprentices
  - Working foremen Journeymen • Job-site record keepers
  - Craftsmen
- Laborers · Truck drivers and helpers
- Equipment operators and mechanics Others engaged
- directly in construction

# during the pay periods including the 12th of -

Number of employees of this establishment

1997	1997	1997	1997
101	102	103	104
105	106	107	108
100	110	444	110

b. how many other employees were on the payroll of this establishment? INCLUDE -

- Supervisors above
- working foremen
- Personnel staff
- Accounting staff
- Office staff • Architects
- Engineers
- · Purchasing agents
- · Others engaged in nonconstruction activities
- how many total employees were on the payroll of this establishment?

Form CC-1508		Į.	Tha	Page :
Report dollars rounded to thousands.		Millions	† Thou- † sands	Mark (X) if
HOW TO REPORT DOLLAR FIGURES  Example: If a value is \$1,025,739.00 - REPORT		(000)	(000)	"0"
If a value is "0" (or less than \$500.00) – MARK (X)		1	026	□ 0 <b>X</b> 0
				Mark
Item 6. PAYROLL IN 1997 BEFORE DEDUCTIONS  What were the annual payroll costs to this establishment for -	Key	Mil.	Thou.	(X) if
Exclude fringe benefits listed in item 8.			t	"0"
a. construction workers (as defined in item 5a)? b. other employees (as defined in item 5b)?	117		<u>E</u>	□ 0 □ 0
c. all employees? Sum lines a and b	119			
Item 7. FIRST QUARTER PAYROLL IN 1997		Mil.	Thou.	
What were the first quarter payroll costs (January to March) for all employees before deductions in 1997?	120		! !	□0
Item 8. EMPLOYER'S COST FOR FRINGE BENEFITS		Mil.	Thou.	
What were your employer costs of this establishment in 1997 for –  a. legally required fringe benefits? Include employer payments for Social Security, unemployment compensation, workman's compensation, and State disability programs, if required.	121		 	
b. voluntarily provided fringe benefits? Include such items as payments for life	121		1	
insurance, medical insurance, pensions, welfare benefits, and union-negotiated benefits.	122		<del> </del> 	0
c. all fringe benefits? Sum lines a and b	123	K-#21	TL -	□0
Item 9. CONSTRUCTION WORK SUBCONTRACTED OUT  What was the total cost to this establishment for construction work subcontracted out in 1997?		Mil.	Thou.	-
Exclude the cost of materials purchased by this establishment for subcontractors.  Item 10. MATERIALS, COMPONENTS, AND SUPPLIES	124	Mil.	Thou.	□0
What were the job-site, general office, and all other costs to this establishment for			1	
materials, components, and supplies in 1997?  Include the cost of materials purchased by this establishment for subcontractors.			1	
Exclude the cost of -			 	
<ul> <li>items purchased by this establishment that were installed in a building but were not part of its structure, such as production machinery, furniture, etc.</li> </ul>			] [	_
items listed in item 11.	125		 	□0
Item 11. SELECTED COSTS		Mil.	l Thou.	
What were the job-site, general office, and all other costs to this establishment in 1997 for – Where items are combined on your books, separate estimates are preferred.			i I	
a. purchased electricity?	126		l	□0
b. natural gas and manufactured gas (propane)?	127			
c. gasoline and diesel fuel – ON highway? d. gasoline and diesel fuel – OFF highway?	128			
e. all other fuels and lubricants, including heating oils, lubricating oils and greases?	130			0
f. communication services, including telephone, pager, data transmission, fax, and related service contracts?	131		   	□0
g. purchased maintenance and repair of construction equipment and tools; machinery; office equipment, furniture, and vehicles, including related service contracts?	132		<del> </del>   	□0
h. purchased maintenance and repair of buildings, job-site trailers, and other structures?			1	
i. the rental or lease of construction equipment and tools; machinery; office equipment,	133		!	<del> </del>
j. the rental or lease of buildings, job-site trailers, and other structures? Exclude capital	134		! ! ·	0
leases (leases with a contract to own at the end of the lease).	135	Mil.	Thou.	□0
Item 12. DOLLAR VALUE OF BUSINESS DONE IN 1997  For this establishment in 1997 –		IVIII.	i inou.	-
a. (1) what were the receipts (or billings) for construction work done for others?			 	
Include receipts (or billings) derived from contract construction, design-build contracts, and construction management.			! 	
Exclude the cost of items purchased by this establishment that were installed in a building but were not part of its structure, such as production machinery, furniture, etc.	136		1 1	
(2) what was the estimated dollar value of construction work done on residential and other building projects which you sold or intended to sell, rent, or lease?			 	
INCLUDE the estimated dollar value of – EXCLUDE the estimated dollar value of –			:   	
<ul> <li>all improvements to land associated with these building projects done by or for</li> <li>land. Even though land would generally be included in the value of your building</li> </ul>			 	
you in 1997. project, the value of the land is not considered construction work done.			[ [	
buildings were sold or not.			[ [	
<ul> <li>subdividing and preparing your own land into lots.</li> </ul>	137		i !	□o
(3) what was the total dollar value of construction work done? Sum lines (1) and (2)	139		<del> </del>	□0
b. what were the receipts for all other business activities done by this establishment in 1997?	139			٥٠٠
INCLUDE - • architectural services, except the design • rental of construction machinery			[ [	
engineering services     an operator			F I	
manufacturing     retail trade     transportation			[ [	
rental or lease of properties     wholesale trade			[ [	
<ul> <li>real estate commissions and property management fees</li> <li>other business activities</li> </ul>			[ [	
<b>~</b>	140		1	U

what was the total dollar value of all business done by this establishment in 1997? Sum lines 12a(3) and 12b

140

 $\square$ 0

□<u>0</u>

If not shown, please enter your 11-digit Census File Number

Census File Number

from the address label on page 1		
HOW TO REPORT Report percents rounded to whole percents.	Percent	
PERCENTAGES Example: If figure is 38.8% – REPORT		<i>39</i> %
Item 13. KIND OF BUSINESS IN 1997  What percent of the amount that you reported in item 12c (the total dollar value of business done in 1997) was due to –  a. each of the following construction activities? (As reported in item 12a)	201 Code	Percent of total business done
Building construction on land owned by others - general contractor or design-builder	5201	%
Building construction on land owned by you, for sale	5310	%
Building construction on land owned by you, for rent or lease	9923	%
Construction management	8741	%
Remodeling - general contractor or design-builder	5202	%
Subdividing/developing land owned by you into lots for sale	5655	%
Excavation work, earthmoving, or land clearing contractor, connected with buildings	7941	%
Other kinds of construction – Refer to list of construction activities – Specify kind(s) of construction and enter code(s)		%
b. each of the following other business activities? (As reported in item 12b) Architectural services, except the design portion of integrated design-build contracts reported above	9911	%
Engineering services	9914	%
Manufacturing - products manufactured and sold to others - Specify kind	9915	%
Mining – minerals produced and sold to others	9916	%
Real estate commissions and property management fees	9917	%
Rental or lease of properties	9918	%
Retail trade – <i>Specify kind</i>	9920	%
Transportation of goods for others (e.g., dirt hauling)	9921	%
Wholesale trade – Specify kind	9922	%
Other business activities – Specify kind 299	9999	%
The sum of the percentages reported should equal 100%		100 %

Item 14. TYPE OF CONSTRUCTION

What percent of the amount you reported in item 12a(3) (the dollar value of construction work done by this establishment in 1997) involved the following types of construction? Report these percentages in column (1) of the table below. Then in columns (2), (3), and (4) allocate this percent according to the three categories of construction. The sum of columns (2) through (4) should equal the entry in column (1). Refer to the instruction Guide for a step by step example and for definitions of the three categories of construction.

			Three categories of construction							
Type of construction		ar value of struction rk done	New construction		Additions, alterations, or reconstruction		Maintenance and repair work			
	Key	(1)	Key	(2)	Key	(3)	Key	(4)		
BUILDING CONSTRUCTION										
Single-family houses, detached	316	%	416	%	516	%	616	%		
Single-family houses, attached	317	%	417	%	517	%	617	%		
Apartment buildings with two or more units, including rentals, apartment type condominiums, and cooperatives	318	%	418	%	518	%	618	%		
Other residential buildings – Specify kind 219	319	%	419	%	519	%	619	%		
Manufacturing and light industrial buildings, such as factories, assembly plants, and industrial research laboratories	321	%	421	%	521	%	621	%		
Manufacturing and light industrial warehouses	322	%	422	%	522	%	622	%		
Hotels, motels, and tourist cabins	323	%	423	%	523	%	623	%		
Office buildings	324	%	424	%	524	%	624	%		
Other commercial buildings, such as stores, restaurants, and automobile service stations	325	%	425	%	525	%	625	%		
Commercial warehouses such as distribution buildings and mini-storage	326	%	426	%	526	%	626	%		
Religious buildings	327	%	427	%	527	%	627	%		
Educational buildings	328	%	428	%	528	%	628	%		
Health care and institutional buildings	331	%	431	%	531	%	631	%		
Public safety buildings such as prisons, police and fire stations	332	%	432	%	532	%	632	%		
Farm buildings, nonresidential	333	%	433	%	533	%	633	%		
Amusement, social, and recreational buildings	334	%	434	%	534	%	634	%		
Other nonresidential buildings – Specify kind <sup>238</sup>	338	%	438	%	538	%	638	%		
NONBUILDING CONSTRUCTION										
Highways, streets, and related work, such as installation of guardrails, highway signs, etc.	341	%	441	%	541	%	641	%		
Bridges and elevated highways	346	%	446	%	546	%	646	%		
Tunnels: highway, pedestrian, railroad, etc.	347	%	447	%	547	%	647	%		
Sewage treatment plants	361	%	461	%	561	%	661	%		
Water treatment plants	362	%	462	%	562	%	662	%		
Other nonbuilding construction – Specify kind 288	388	%	488	%	588	%	688	%		
TOTAL value of construction work done in 1997 Sum of columns (2), (3), and (4) TOTALS should equal 100% in column (1).		100 %	400	%	500	%	600	%		

Item 15. OWNERSHIP OF CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

What percent of the amount you reported in item 12a(3) (the dollar value of construction work done by this establishment in 1997) was on projects owned by the following?			
State and local governments	802	%	
Federal Government	803	%	

TOTAL value of construction work done in 1997

100 % Percent

Item 16. CONSTRUCTION WORK DONE AS A SUBCONTRACTOR

What percent of the amount that you reported in item 12a(3) (the dollar value of construction work done by this establishment in 1997) represents work you did for other contractors or builders? Enter "0" if you did not subcontract work from other contractors or builders.

Item 17. STATES IN WHICH CONSTRUCTION W What percent of the amount that you report establishment in 1997) occurred in each State	ed in item 1	12a(3) (	the doll	lar val	ue of con	structio	on work	done	by this						
							State		ercent		State	D	ercent		
State         Percent         State         Percent           AL         701         %         FL         712         %	State P	ercent	→	itate NE	Percer	nt %	OK	740			otate VT	750	ercent %		
AK 702 % GA 713 %	ME 723		<del></del>	11-	732	% %	OR	741		<del></del>	VA VA	751	% %		
AZ 704 % HI 715 %	MD 724				733	%	PA	742			WA	753	%		
AR 705 % ID 716 %	MA 725			NJ	734	%	RI	744		%	W۷	754	%		
CA 706 % IL 717 %	MI 726		% [	NIVI	735	%	sc	745		%	WI	755	%		
CO 708 % IN 718 %	MN 727		∸ -	1	736	%	SD	746			WY	756	%		
CT 709 % IA 719 %	MS 728			10	737 738	%	TN	747			US		100%		
DE         710         %         KS         720         %           DC         711         %         KY         721         %	MO <sup>729</sup> MT <sup>730</sup>		<del></del>	10	739	%	UT	749		% %					
Item 18. ASSETS, CAPITAL EXPENDITURES, AN	D DEPRECIA	TION I	N 1997	011		/0]	1 01				1 .	T	Mark		
What was the dollar value of assets, capital for this establishment in 1997?	expenditur	es, and	depre	ciatio	n				Key	Mil.	1 1	Thou.	(X) if "0"		
a. Gross value of depreciable assets (usually or	ginal costs)	at the E	BEGINN	ING o	1997				813				□ 0		
<b>b.</b> Capital expenditures for NEW and USED dep									816		i		<u> </u>		
c. Gross value of depreciable assets sold, retire	<u> </u>								824		1				
d. Gross value of depreciable assets at the END e. Depreciation charges for 1997	of 1997 (sno	oula equ	aai iines	3 a+b-0	C=0)				827 830						
Item 19. INVENTORIES OF THIS ESTABLISHMEN	IT AT END C	SE VEA	)		En	d of 19	96		030	End of 1997					
TEM 19. INVENTORIES OF THIS ESTABLISHIVE	NI AI END C	JE TEAT	1				М	ark (X)	1		1 71 -		Mark (X)		
What was the value of inventories for this es the end of 1996 and 1997 for materials and		nt at		Key	Mil.	† Th	iou. if "0"		Key	Mil. 1		Thou. if "0"			
NOTE: Exclude work in progress and finished ur				831		İ	_	] o	832		1	. □0			
Item 20. OWNERSHIP OR CONTROL – Answer it of this report form, begins with a zero.	em 20 only i	if your (	Census	File N	umber (C	FN), sh	own in	the ad	dress la	ibel					
Does another domestic company own me the voting stock of this company OR hav			Name						E	Numb	er				
direct the management and policies of the	iis compan		Numbe	er and	street	<del></del>									
097 1  Yes − Enter owning or controlling company's name, address, ZIP Code, and El number		<b>→</b>	_				ļ								
2□No			City						S	tate	ZIF	ZIP Code			
b. Does this company own more than 50%	of the votin	ng													
stock of any other domestic companies ( power to direct the management and pol other domestic companies?	companies OR have the ment and policies of any							El Number							
If more space is needed, attach a separate sh	eet.		Numbe	er and	street										
098 1  Yes − Enter owned or controlled − company's name, address,		<b>→</b>	- Number	or und	30000										
ZIP Ĉode, and El number 2 □ No			City						S	tate	ZIF	) Code			
Item 21. HOUSING STARTS															
Were you involved in the construction of new as a General Contractor or Builder during 19		al build	dings						ngle-far	mily Ho					
	971					Detached					Attached				
	s – Continue			_		Kay		Number of		Kev	Number of		Mark (X) if		
a. How many SINGLE-FAMILY HOUSES did Include attached single-family houses (townh	~				l by an	Key		nouses	(X) if "0"	Rey	ho	uses	12/11		
unbroken ground to roof wall. Otherwise repo	ort as multifa	amily (it	tem 21b	)).	i by air					1					
Note: Structures are started when excavation	for the build	ding ha	s begun	7.											
(1) Houses built for sale (whether sold or not	) or for rent					840			□ 0	841			□ o		
(2) Houses built for customers on their land (	Do not repo	rt house	es wher	e the											
customer acted as the general contractor.	)					842			<u> </u>	843			0		
			24					Multifam	·	Juilding		mber	T		
b. How many MULTIFAMILY BUILDINGS/UN	-			-		Key		Number <i>Ma</i> of (X) puildings "0				Key		of	Mark (X) if
Include multifamily buildings with two or mo type condominiums, and cooperatives.	re units, incl	luding r	entals, a	apartn	nent	IXC y				1.07		using nits	\"o"		
Note: Structures are started when excavation	for the build	ding ha	s begun	١.											
						844			0	845	16 -		0		
Item 22. NONRESIDENTIAL DESIGN-BUILD What percent of the amount that you report	ed in item 1	12a(3) (	the dol	lar val	ue of con	structio	on work	done	hv this	ļ	Key	P 6	ercent		
establishment in 1997) represents DESIGN-BUI Enter "0" if you did not work as a design-builder.	LD work yo	ou did (	10M no	VRESI	DENTIA	L build	lings aı	ıd str	ucture	s?					
single-family houses and apartment buildings.	Do not inclu	ide wor	k done	on res	identiai L	ounanig	js, sucn	as			846		%		
COMMENTS - Please use this space for any exp	lanation tha	t may b	e esser	ntial in	understa	nding	your rep	orted	data.						
Item 23. CERTIFICATION – Print or type			<del></del>									_			
Period covered FROM: Mo. Year TO: Mo	Year N	lame of	person	to co	ntact rega	arding	this repo	ort							
by this report	1				· 1				T N I						
Contact person's position or title					Telej	phone	Area	code	e Number			Extension			
Email or Internet address		<del>,</del>			ar .		Area	code	Num	ber		1			
					Fax				 						
This report is substantially accurate and has in accordance with the instructions.	been prep	ared	Signat	ure							[	Date			