	AML INSP	PRK PROJECT/ACTIVITY / INACTIVE MINE PECTION	(2. LOCATION	3. UNIT	
OB HAZARD ANALYSIS (JHA) 4. N		NAME OF ANALYST		5. JOB TITLE	6. DATE PREPARED	
References-FSH 6709.11 and -12 (Instructions on Reverse)			T		THEFAILED	
7. TASKS/PROCEDURES		8. HAZARDS	Е	9. ABATEMEN ngineering Controls * Sub Controls	stitution * Administrative	
Participation in field exercises at active and abandoned mine and n sites	nill	Travel To Field Sites	or lea	Follow all procedures for driving a government owned or leased vehicle or vehicle rented under a government contract. Drive defensively.		
			vehic comi traffi to as adde using	cle is in motion. For urb fortable in freeway situa c areas. Use co-pilot for sist driver in locating th d sight distance and tur	r navigation to field sites, te proper area. Recognize rning radii requirements if se spotter when backing	
Field exercises at surface mines a mills	and	Steep Unstable Slopes		ID. If unavoidable, wear s with lug soles that pro		
			angu anyo rollin Dete	erse along contours of s lation of body away fron ne directly above or bel- ig rock and other falling rmine if any participant l to a health condition or p	m hill. There will not be ow because of loose material hazards. has a physical restriction	
		Shaft Collars, Glory Holes, Subsidence Areas, Portals		ID. If necessary to enter nderground mine entry,	r, see JHA requirements below.	
		Active Mill	dang grizz stora prote	ware of mill operations i lerous areas, such as fal ly/crusher, conveyor be ige/use areas. Always w active eyewear, leather g ection.	lling rock from Its, and chemical vear approved hardhat,	
		Abandoned Mine and Mill Structures and Equipment	all ar	ID. If necessary to enter leas having rotten/unsta may fail on entry or dist		
			avoid remn hard	d handling mine/mill equ d loose boards with nails lants (e.g., concrete reba hat, protective eyewear, to hantavirus JHA.	s and protruding mill	
		Abandoned Chemicals and Chemical	Coor Note	ID. Report discoveries t dinator. nomenclature on conta	iners from a safe	
		Containers Waste Rock, Tailings, Acid Mine Drainage, and Hazardous Metals	Avoi and s	nce. Never touch conta d these areas on dry, wi soap or equivalent hand aterial from boots and o ssary.	ndy days. Have water cleaner available. Wash	
7. TASKS/PROCEDURES		8. HAZARDS		9. ABATEMEN	T ACTIONS	

		Engineering Controls * Substitution * Administrative Controls * PPE
Field exercises at surface mines and mills (cont'd.)	Heavy Equipment	Understand mine operation (left hand v. right hand traffic). Avoid areas of equipment use. Yield right of way to equipment and establish eye contact with operator. Wear hearing protection.
Field exercises at underground mines/portals	Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)	Hardhat, MSHA approved lighting, proper footgear (muckers or leather work boots with steel toes and ankle support), long pants, long sleeved shirts, safety glasses with side shields or goggles, dust masks (if conditions warrant), leather gloves, if needed.
	Portal Entry	Workings deemed safe to enter by a qualified certified mineral examiner (QCME). Two person team minimum comprised of at least one QCME with each group
		Station one person at mine entrance clear of portal.
		Complete the underground mine entry notification form and file with local district office dispatcher.
		Notify host district office dispatch before entering and upon leaving mine. Check out with local district office - notify regional MSHA office, if appropriate. Make list of employees entering workings, and check-off when they exit.
	Bad Air Quality O2 Deficiency High O2 Conc. CO CH4	Qualified CME (lead instructor) will be equipped with a multi-gas continuous monitor with visual displays of gas concentration, warning lights, and audible alarms.
	H2S Radon Dust	All employees will immediately evacuate upon alarm or first sign of symptoms for bad air inhalation (i.e., headache, dizziness, slurred speech, and nausea).
	Falling Hazards	QCME will discuss probable and known hazards at training site.
		Keep eyes moving, observe competency of ribs and back, and be aware of footing, especially in mines containing ground water (also see Pools of Water below). Avoid identified falling hazards.
		Do not pry loose rocks from ribs or back unless deemed necessary by QCME.
	Explosives	Qualified blaster (instructor) will sweep underground workings prior to trainees entering. Suspected explosives will not be handled. If potentially live explosives are found on site, lead instructor will assess risk and make determination whether to continue the exercises.
7. TASKS/PROCEDURES	8. HAZARDS	9. ABATEMENT ACTIONS Engineering Controls * Substitution * Administrative Controls * PPE
Field exercises at underground mines/portals (cont'd.)	Pools of Water	Conduct water quality assessments at designated field site prior to trainee entry.
		Qualified CME (lead instructor) will probe standing water to verify depth and associated hazards. If necessary, water will be pumped from workings to

Walking Surfaces	Constantly observe condition of floors. Avoid
Walking Surfaces	
	traversing winzes and other vertical shaft openings, unless sufficient walking surfaces having structural integrity exist.
Disorientation	Qualified CME (lead instructor) and co-lead will constantly monitor each other and trainees for signs of disorientation. If noticed, exit workings. Stay in radio contact with safety officer at portal.
Wildlife, Bug Bites, and Insect Stings	Identify any trainee subject to anaphylactic shock or other hypersensitivity from animal and bug bites or insect stings prior to field exercises (individuals with known adverse reactions to insect stings should secure appropriate medication from personal family physician prior to attending the course, if such field environments presents a potential life threatening condition).
	First aid kit of the appropriate size available at portal.
	11. TITLE 12. DATE
()	
_	Wildlife, Bug Bites,

JHA Instructions (References-FSH 6709.11 and .12)

The JHA shall identify the location of the work project or activity, the name of employee(s) involved in the process, the date(s) of acknowledgment, and the name of the appropriate line officer approving the JHA. The line officer acknowledges that employees have read and understand the contents, have received the required training, and are qualified to perform the work project or activity.

Blocks 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6: Self-explanatory.

- Block 7: Identify all tasks and procedures associated with the work project or activity that have potential to cause injury or illness to personnel and damage to property or material. Include emergency evacuation procedures (EEP).
- **Block 8:** Identify all known or suspect hazards associated with each respective task/procedure listed in block
 - 7. For example:
 - a. Research past accidents/incidents.
 - b. Research the Health and Safety Code, FSH 6709.11 or other appropriate literature.
 - Discuss the work project/activity with participants.

Block 9: Identify appropriate actions to reduce or eliminate

- d. Observe the work project/activity.
- e. A combination of the above.

Emergency Evacuation Instructions (Reference FSH 6709.11)

Work supervisors and crew members are responsible for developing and discussing field emergency evacuation procedures (EEP) and alternatives in the event a person(s) becomes seriously ill or injured at the worksite.

Be prepared to provide the following information:

- Nature of the accident or injury (avoid using victim's name).
- Type of assistance needed, if any (ground, air, or water evacuation).
- Location of accident or injury, best access route into the worksite (road name/number), identifiable ground/air landmarks.
- d. Radio frequencies.
- e. Contact person.
- f. Local hazards to ground vehicles or aviation.
- Weather conditions (wind speed & direction, visibility, temperature).
- h. Topography.
- i. Number of individuals to be transported.
- j. Estimated weight of individuals for air/water evacuation.

The items listed above serve only as guidelines for the development of emergency evacuation procedures.

We, the undersigned work leader and crew members,

JHA and Emergency Evacuation Procedures Acknowledgment

acknowledge participation in the development of this JHA (as the hazards identified in block 8. Abatement applicable) and accompanying emergency evacuation measures listed below are in the order of the procedures. We have thoroughly discussed and understand the preferred abatement method: provisions of each of these documents: a. Engineering Controls (the most desirable SIGNATURE method of abatement). SIGNATURE For example, ergonomically designed tools, **DATE** DATE equipment, and furniture. b. Substitution. For example, switching to high flash point, non-toxic solvents. c. Administrative Controls. For example, limiting exposure by reducing the work schedule; establishing appropriate procedures and practices. d. PPE (least desirable method of abatement). For example, using hearing protection when working with or close to portable machines (chain saws, rock drills, and portable water pumps). e. A combination of the above. Block 10: The JHA must be reviewed and approved by a line officer. Attach a copy of the JHA as justification for purchase orders when procuring PPE. Blocks 11 and 12: Self-explanatory.