

2005Table 6-2. All pneumoconioses: Death rates (per million population) by race and sex, U.S. residents age 15 and over, 1993–2002

Year	Overall	White		Black		Other	
		Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Crude Death Rate							
1993	16.11	36.36	0.72	15.57	0.40	4.15	–
1994	15.40	34.96	0.79	13.68	0.31	2.27	–
1995	15.37	35.03	0.64	14.17	0.15	1.96	–
1996	15.01	33.76	0.91	14.26	0.15	3.02	0.21
1997	13.96	31.74	0.78	11.41	0.52	2.04	–
1998	13.15	30.13	0.68	10.36	0.37	1.96	0.79
1999	12.81	29.21	0.65	11.19	0.14	3.61	–
2000	12.90	29.30	0.83	11.34	0.21	2.89	–
2001	12.22	27.73	0.73	11.38	0.27	2.44	–
2002	11.94	27.12	0.85	10.24	0.34	1.68	0.16
1993–2002	13.87	31.56	0.76	12.25	0.29	2.64	0.12
Age-Adjusted Death Rate							
1993	16.73	45.21	0.60	29.68	0.52	9.18	–
1994	15.93	43.18	0.65	25.78	0.38	4.68	–
1995	15.80	42.82	0.53	27.72	0.21	3.67	–
1996	15.33	41.15	0.75	26.01	0.18	6.32	0.42
1997	14.22	38.57	0.64	21.18	0.70	3.82	–
1998	13.27	35.68	0.55	19.28	0.43	3.81	1.25
1999	12.88	34.41	0.52	20.91	0.16	6.27	–
2000	13.14	35.77	0.68	22.43	0.24	6.18	–
2001	12.40	33.09	0.59	22.27	0.30	5.34	–
2002	12.07	32.04	0.70	20.36	0.41	3.60	0.17
1993–2002	13.99	37.32	0.62	22.74	0.35	5.03	0.19

– indicates no deaths listed.

NOTE: Slight variations in numbers may exist when compared to previous WoRLD Surveillance Reports. See appendices for source description, methods, and ICD codes.

SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics multiple cause-of-death data. Population estimates from U.S. Bureau of the Census.