

30th Anniversary of a South Pole Winter-over 1978-79



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History of the South Pole

- <u>December 14, 1911</u>: Amundson party reached the pole via dogsled teams.
- January 17, 1912: Scott's 5-man party reached the pole on foot, man-hauling sledges. All die on return trip.
- <u>November 29, 1929</u>: Admiral Byrd flew over the pole (dropped American flag).
- <u>1956-57 IGY</u>: First station built (old pole) and permanent occupancy began.
- <u>1975</u>: The new Amundson-Scott South Pole Station (the Dome) was first occupied.
- Only 1228 people have wintered over at the South Pole between 1957 and 2008.

NOAA's Primary Climate Observing Stations



Observatories

- Barrow, Alaska
- Trinidad Head, California
- Mauna Loa, Hawaii
- American Samoa
- South Pole, Antarctica
- In 1979 it was called the Geophysical Monitoring for Climatic Change Program

NOAA Scientific Observations at the <u>Clean Air Facility</u> in 1979

- Aerosols (microscopic airborne particles)
 - Condensation nuclei counter [G.E. CNC Counter, Aiken]
 - Aerosol light scattering measurement [4-wavelength nephalometer]
 - High volume filtering for particle capture and analysis [Zoller hi-vol]
- CO₂ [flask samples]
- Halocarbons (Freon, etc) & trace gases [flask samples]
- Surface Ozone [Dasibi Ozone Meter]
- Total ozone (O₃ layer in upper atmosphere) [Dobson]
- Solar Radiation [pyrometers, pyroheliometers]
- C₁₄, Tritium [flask samples]
- Meteorological observations & snow samples
- RIOmeter (relative ionospheric opacity)

The Journey begins...

California → Hawaii → Pago Pago → Christchurch → McMurdo

Clothing Issue in New Zealand







McMurdo Station



McMurdo Station: The National Science Foundation "Chalet"



"To Strive, To Seek, To Find, and Not to Yield"





A View from Observation Hill (a 660' cinder cone)

The Ross Ice Shelf



Castle Rock



ALC: N

719



Ice Cave in Erebus Glacier Tongue









Weddell Seals





CAPE EVANS

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THIS HUT WAS BUILT BY MEMBERS OF THE BRITISH ANTARCTIC EXPEDITION 1910-1913 UNDER CAPTAIN R.F. SCOTT IN JANUARY 1911

THE HUT WAS RESTORED IN 1960 AS NEARLY AS POSSIBLE TO THE CONDITION IT WAS IN WHEN OCCUPIED.

VISITORS ARE ASKED TO REMEMBER THAT THIS BUILDING IS A HISTORIC SHRINE. ITS CONTENTS ARE IRREPLACEABLE. PLEASE DO NOT INTERFERE IN ANY WAY WITH ARTICLES IN THIS HUT.

ABSOLUTELY NO SMOKING WITHIN OR NEAR THIS BUILD



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OTT BASE


































































The Library



Michele Raney, First Woman to Winter Over at South Pole (our Doctor)




























Life at the South Pole – a Year of Extremes

- Must pass a psychological exam to qualify
- In 1979 we recorded a *record* high temp. +7° F
- Reached -106° F in August Join the 300 Club
- Didn't see the sun for 6 Months
- No airplanes in or out for 81/2 months
- No fresh food February to November No airdrops
- No mail for 8¹/₂ months
- Only 17 people in close quarters
- Nearest station > 800 miles away (NY to Chicago)
- E-mail wasn't invented yet No satellite comms.
- Phone patches via HAM radio

The Station as it Looks Today



Recommended Reading

- The Worst Journey in the World, by Apsley Cherry-Garrard
- Tom Crean An Illustrated Life: Unsung Hero of the Scott & Shackleton Expeditions, by Michael Smith
- Endurance: Shackleton's Incredible Voyage, by Alfred Lansing
- The Last Place on Earth, by Roland Huntford (Book & Video)
- South Pole History online:

http://www.southpolestation.com http://www.south-pole.com/

