National Ecological Observatory Network Opening new horizons for large-scale Biology

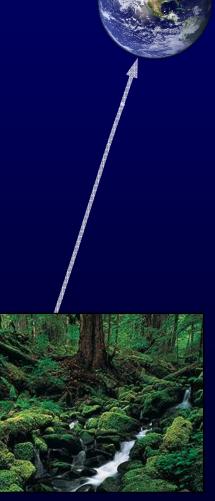


Elizabeth Blood BioAC April 30, 2009



Biology for the 21st Century





A vision for our planet's future based on a comprehensive <u>understanding</u> of the living world across scales of size, time, and place.

21st Century Biology that is transformed by innovative infrastructure to observe, experiment, synthesize, predict, engage, and learn

Life in a Time of Planetary Change

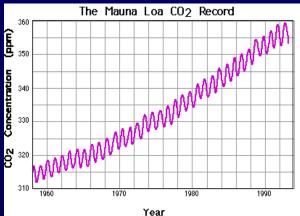


Figure 7.01 The record of CO₂ measured at Mauna Loa, Hawaii shows seasonal cycles — related to the activity of plants in the Northern Hemisphere — on top of an increasing trend to higher values. The record also shows a subtle increase in the seasonal amplitude over time.

 CO_2

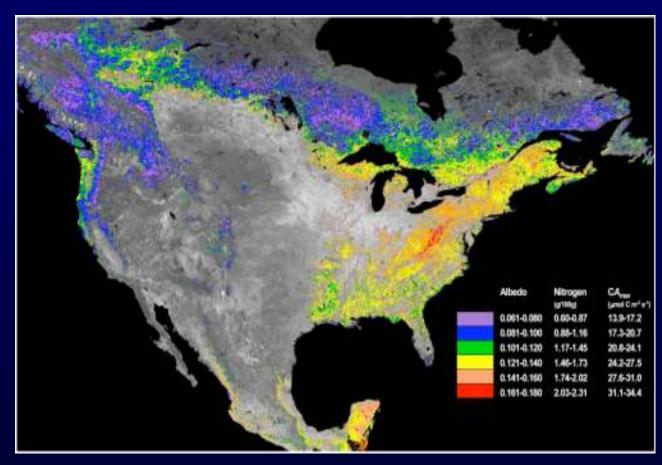


CH_4



We are only now beginning to explore the <u>biological drivers</u> of change.

Albedo and foliar N and ecosystem productivity



• Short-wave albedo is strongly related to canopy N-content in forests

• This relation suggests that climate may be strongly linked to ecosystem biogeochemistry

Estimates of canopy %N and CAmax for forested areas of North America derived from MODIS short-wave albedo

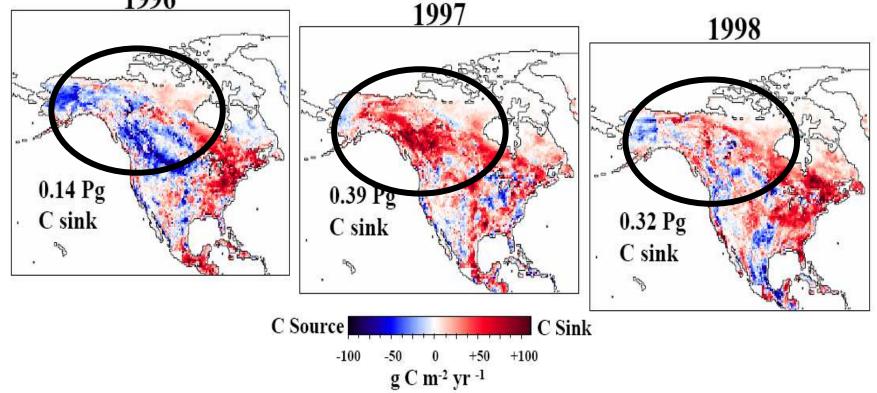
(Ollinger et al. PNAS, 2008)

Connections: Biological Feedbacks at Continental Scales

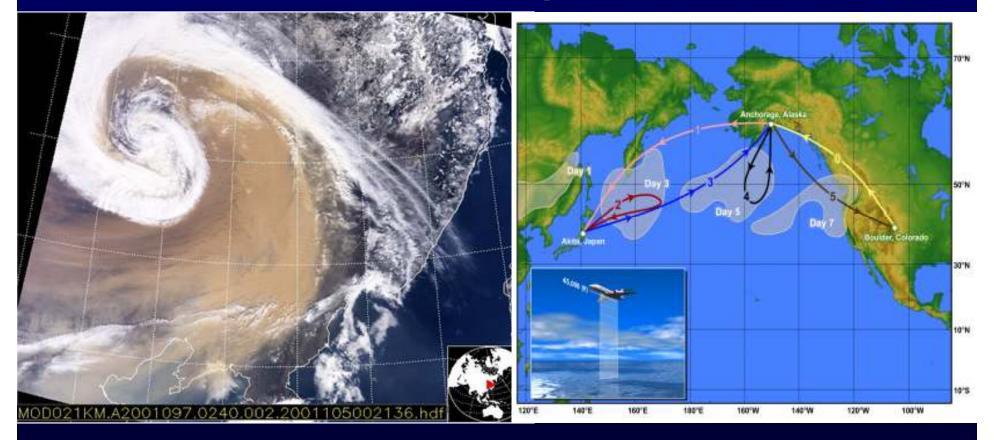
Prediction of the North American Carbon Sink

Potter et al. 2003 "The North America Carbon Sink from 1982-1998 Estimated using MODIS Algorithm Products"



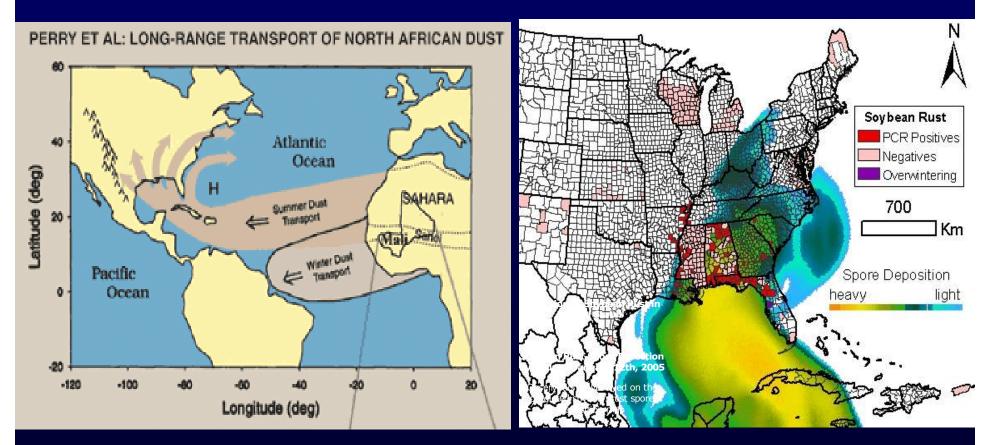


Connections: Landuse & Climate Change

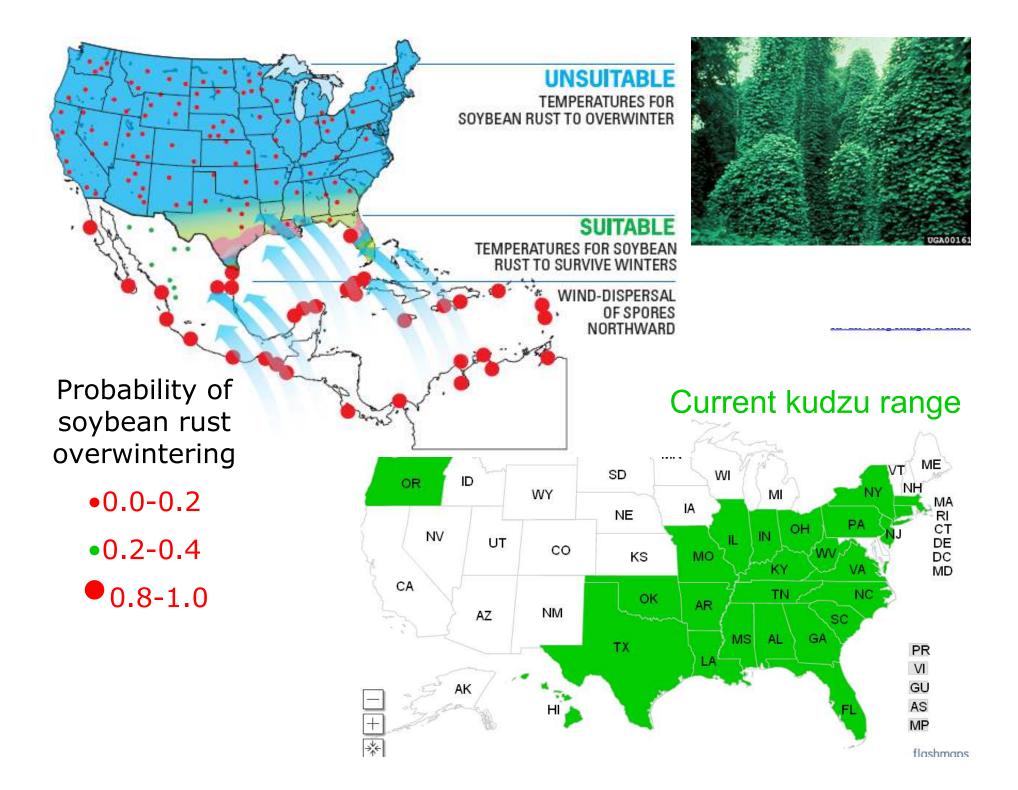


Global Connections: Increasing Dust Storms in China Affecting Air Quality and Deposition in the US

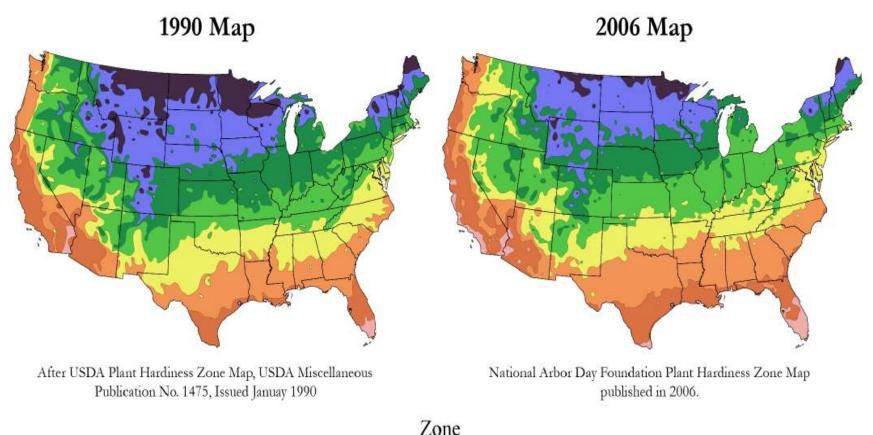
What is the effect of climate change on the future distribution of invasive species and diseases?



El Niño-Generated Sahel Dust Storms and Air Masses Transport Dust and Rust to the Americas



Changing Climatic Zones provide opportunity for the spread of Kudzu and Soybean Rust





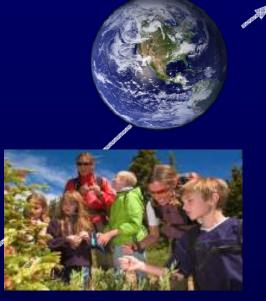
Making Connections

In an Increasingly Connected World

An absence of life?



Atmosphere + Geosphere + Biosphere



Anthroposphere



Integrating across drivers, responses, scales, and disciplines to reduce uncertainty about the future of life on Earth

Adaptation: Transformations and Transitions in the Story of Life



Diversity





Understanding life's adaptation, resilience and impact will reduce uncertainty about the future of life on Earth in a time of global climate change.

What Will Survive and How?



NEON STEAC Review

What is NEON?

Life in an increasingly connected world

NEON is an integrated sensing system to detect, understand, and forecast the consequences of climate and landuse change and the effects of invasive species on the biosphere of the U.S. at the regional and continental scales.

Enables research to address questions:

- How does the effect of climate change on biosphere processes vary along regional and continental gradients?
- What is the effect of the biosphere on regional climate?
- How will land use change affect the dispersion of invasive species through a region and across the continent?
- How do large scale physical processes produce regional to continental ecological responses?

National Ecological Observatory Network BIO's First MREFC Facility

1. Organization & Project Office for design, construction, & operations of facility

2. Construction Plan

Scope: Robust Design to support transformative research

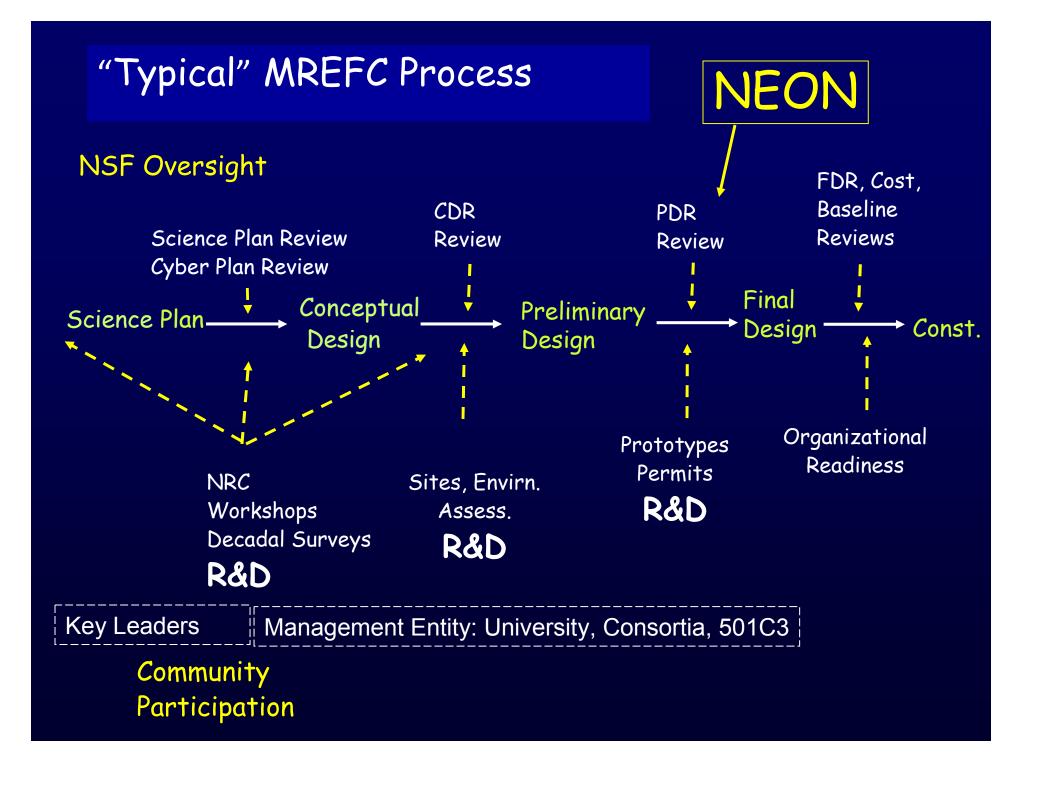
Cost – risk adjusted (contingency)

Schedule – "resource loaded"

- **3.Environmental Assessment**
- 4, Operations and Maintenance Plan
- 5. Partnerships Defined



Design Reviews: 1. Conceptual 2. Preliminary 3. Final



NEON in Transition



- Governance
- Platform
- Progress
- Program

MREFC

NEON, Inc.

Design

Continental Infrastructure to Transform Biology

Status



Ongoing Activities



CEO Dave Schimel



COO & PM Tony Beasley

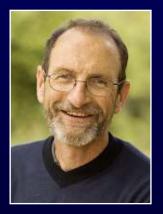
NEON, Inc.

57 Member Institutions





Director BOD Jim MacMahon



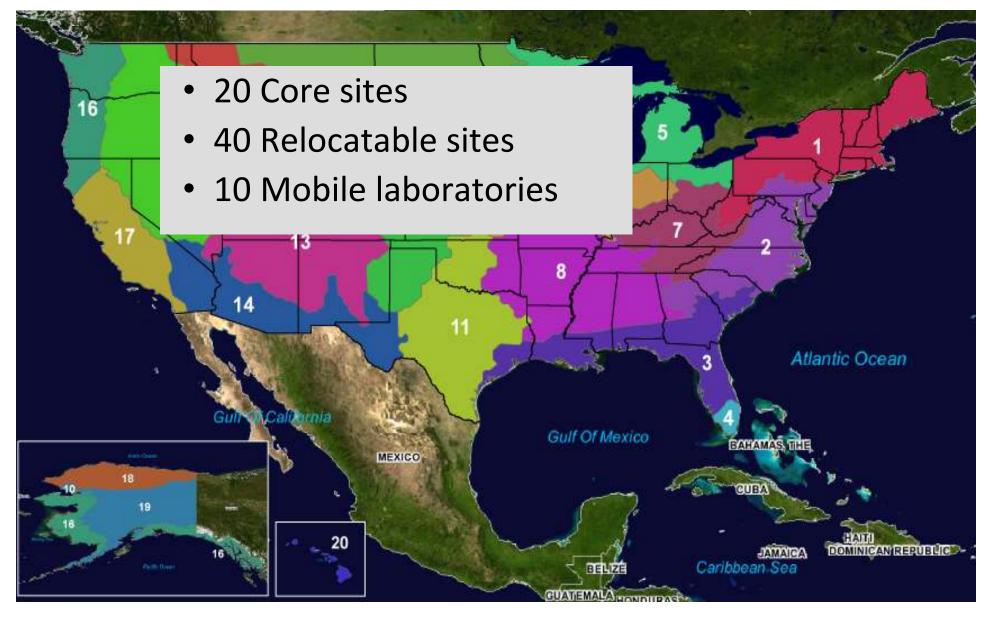
Chair STEAC Chris Field

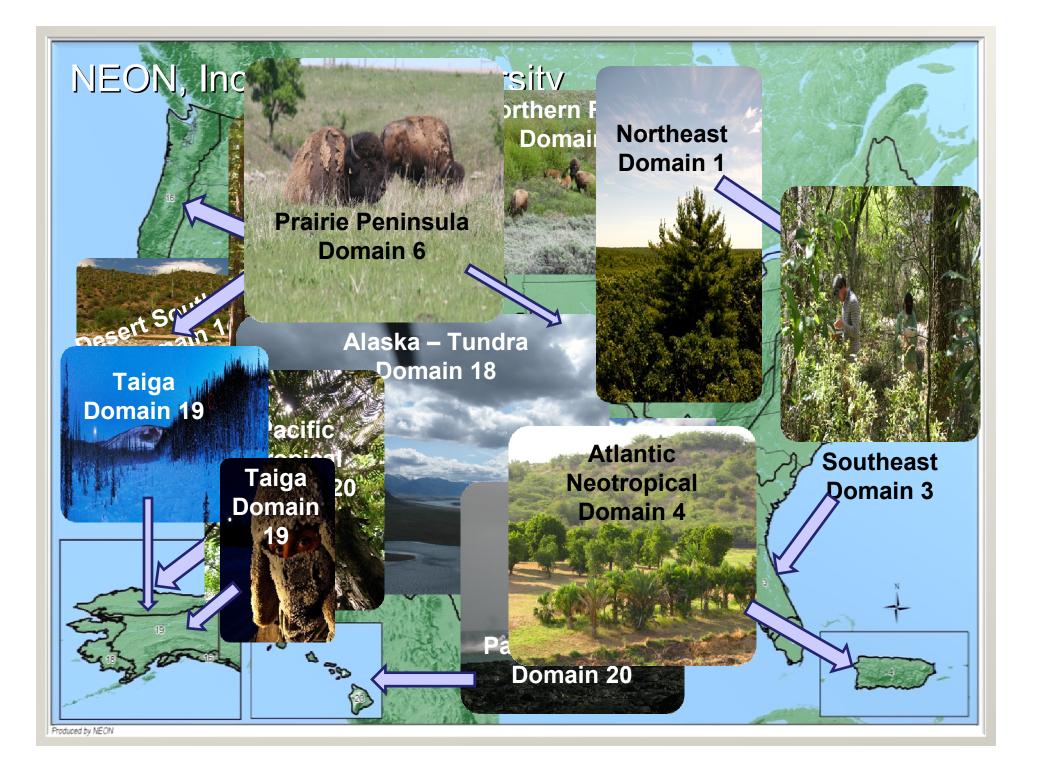
Boulder, CO Staff - ~ 50 employees

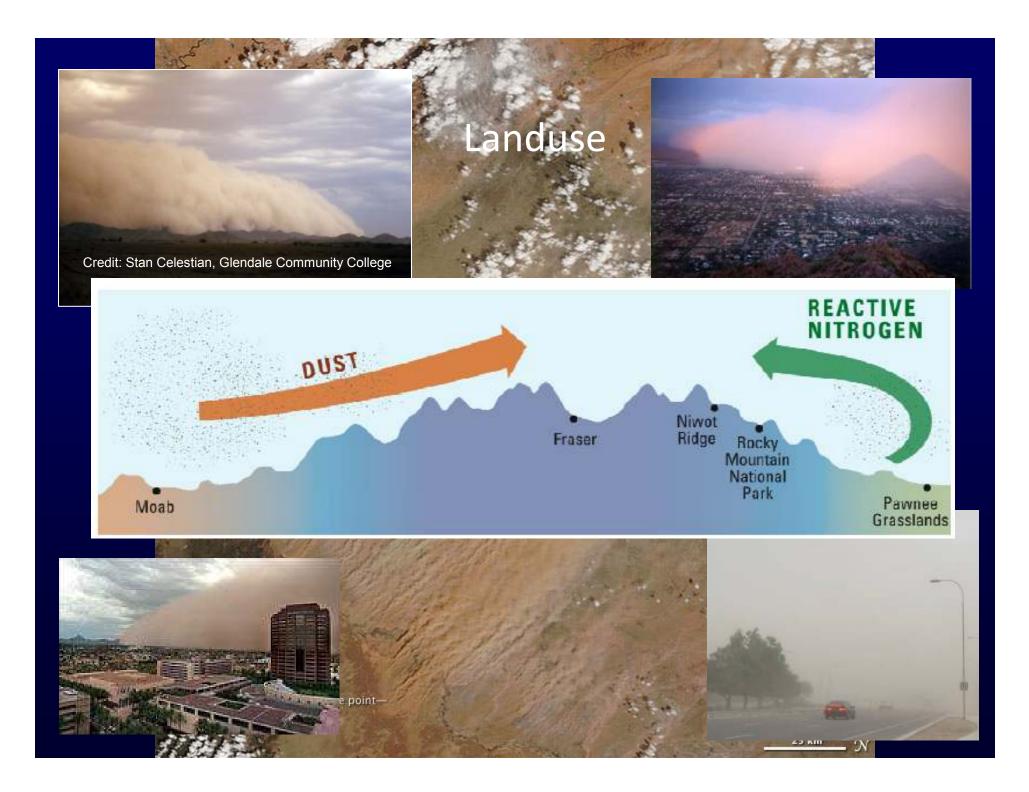
www.neoninc.org

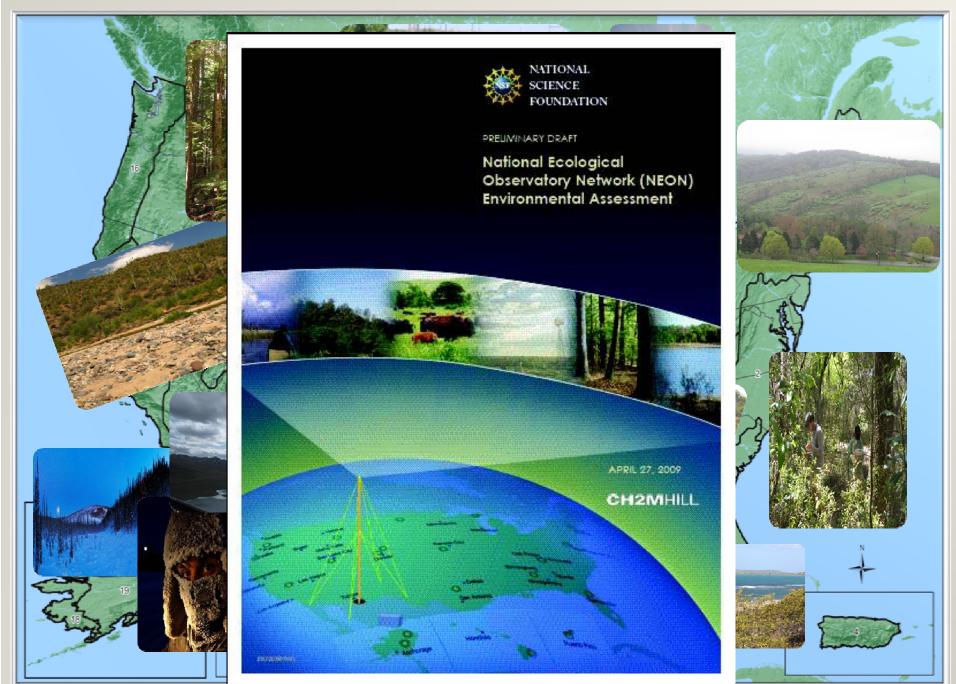
NEON Domains











Produced by NEON

Biologica Monitori Measure *In situ* Sensors

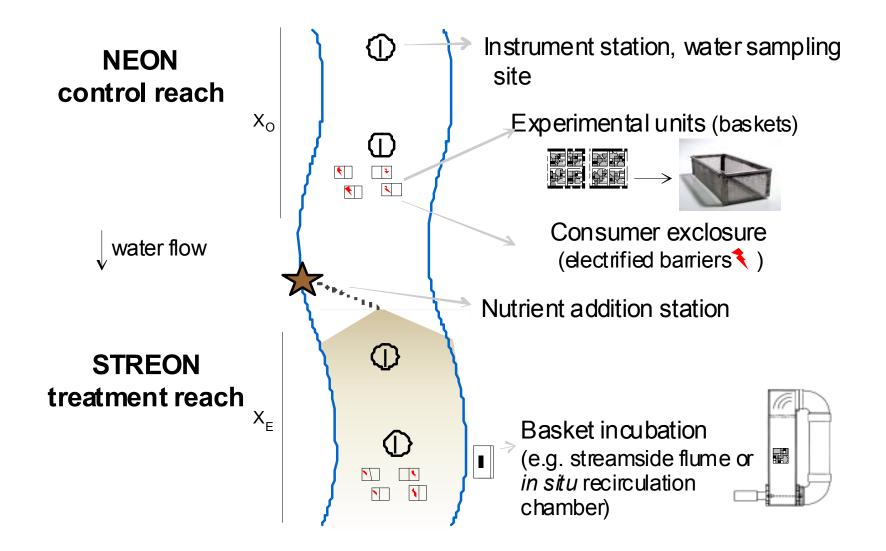
plot

- Vegetation
- Small mamm
- Birds
- Beetles
- Mosquitoes
- Microbes

- Soil chemistr
- Aquatic biold



Experiment Design





What is the scope of the Science Measurement Requirements?

- 60 Sites in 20 Domains across the Continental USA and Puerto Rico
- 60 Tower Locations
- 36 Aquatic Stream and Pond Locations
- 10 STREON Locations
- 10 Mobile Platform Locations
- 2,000+ Individual Measurement Suites or Assemblies
- 20,000+ Sensors
- 40,000+ Measurement streams
- Generating over 10 Tb per year of data to be processed

Supporting Facilities for Science and Education

- Chemical analysis resources
- Isotopic analysis resources
- Genetic analysis resources
- BioArchive collections and curation
- Calibration/Validation (cal/val) Laboratory
- Education facilities/programs
- Disease facility
- Digital field guides, keys, & manuals
- Information for decision support
- Data and forecast production facility
- NEON satellite sites

Infrastructure Testbeds



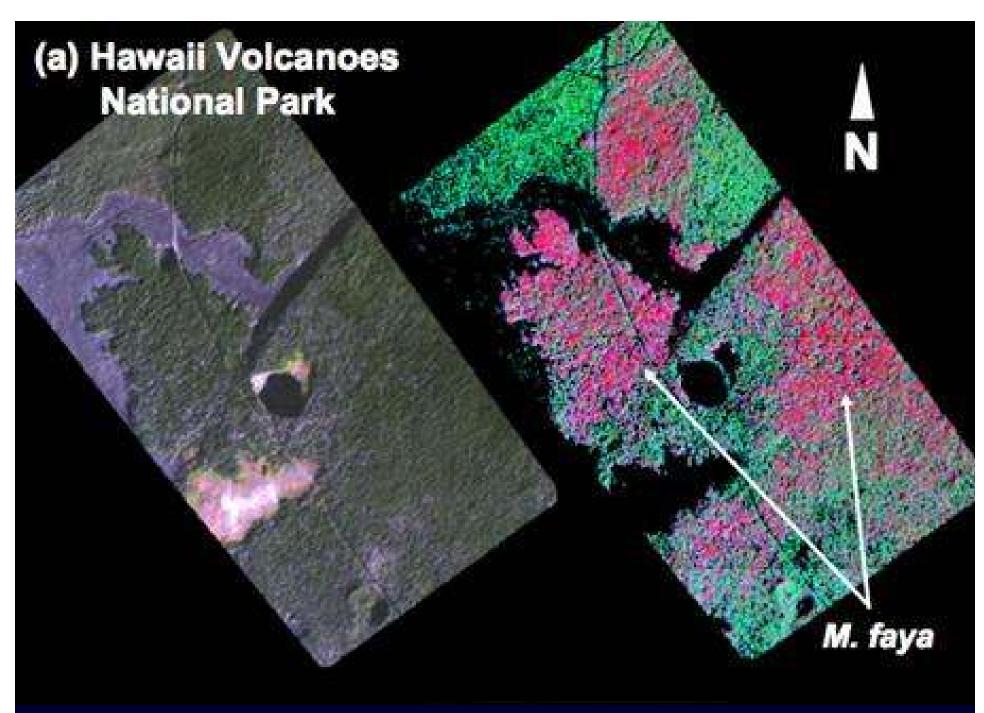


Microbes Barcoding - Identification









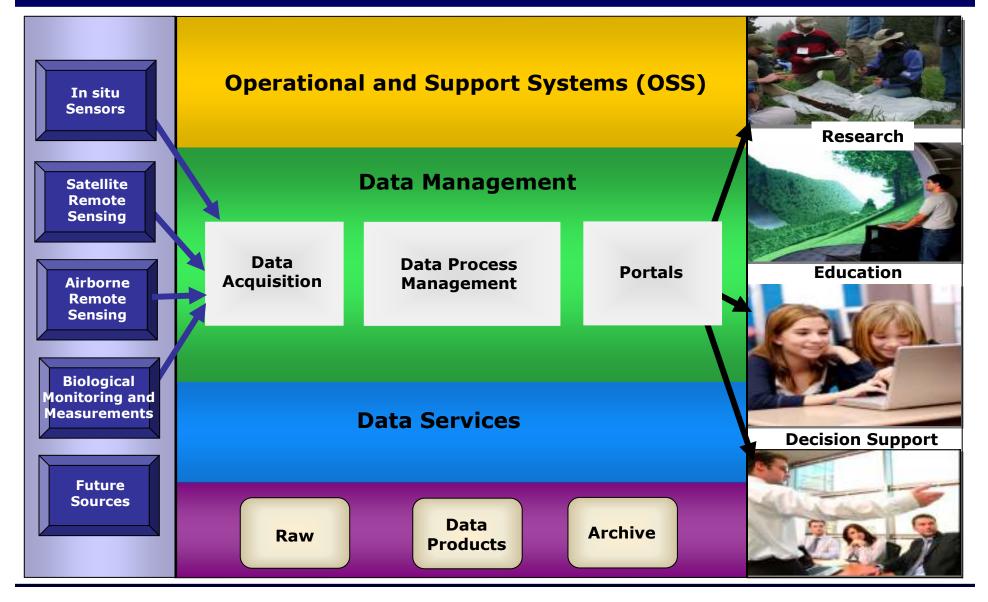
Carnegie Airborne Observatory

Cyberinfrastructure

Distributed

Centralized

Distributed



Raw & Derived Data Products

Raw Data

Winds CO2 concentration Water vapor concentration

Citizen scientists Canopy photography by date

Small mammal species Small mammal age Small mammal gender Flux assimilation model Image analysis Calibration Mark-recapture Model

Derived Data

Carbon fluxes and parameters: GPP, Ea, Eh, NPP, WUE

Phenology: initiation of growth, senescence, flowering

Population parameters: abundance, survival, recruitment, fecundity

Making Connections Translational Genomics Connecting Genomes to Ecosystems

Genotype

Phenotype

Breeding Ecosystems





EVOLVING GENOMES

EVOLVING POPULATIONS

CHANGING ECOSYSTEMS

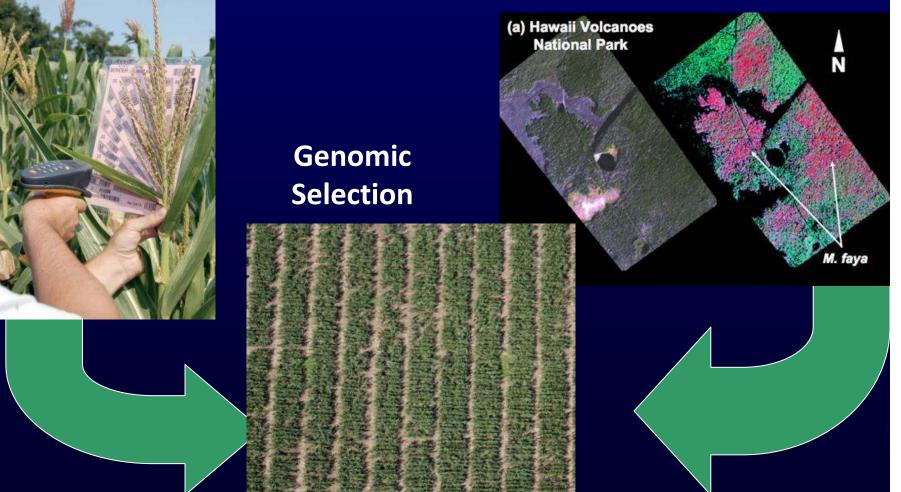
How do living systems respond to rapidly changing environments?

Connectivity: NPGI & NEON

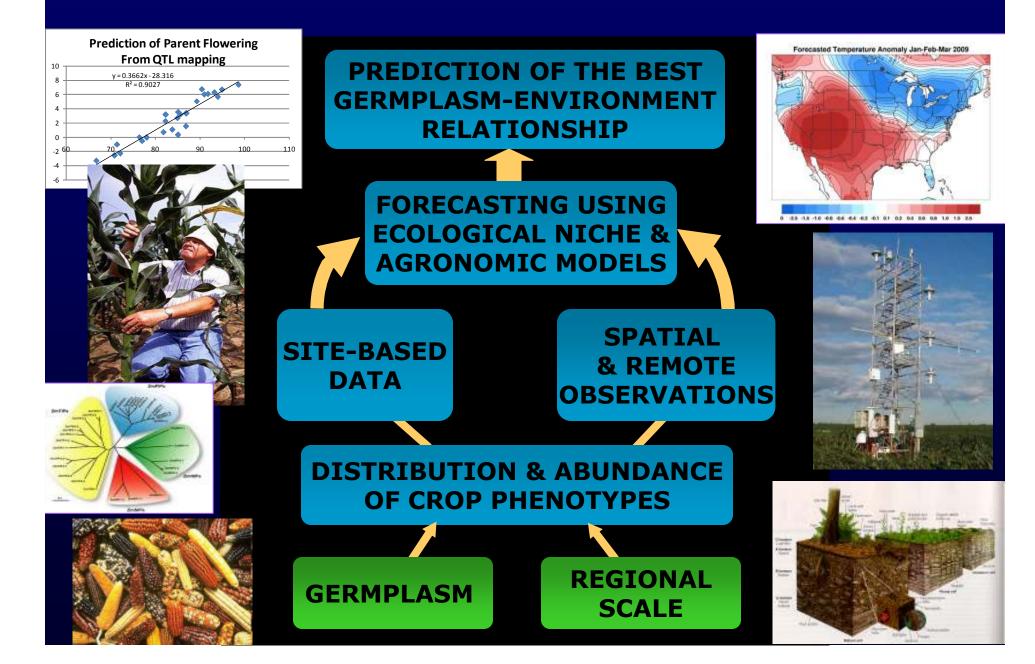
Phenotype = Genotype + GxEnvironment

Maize cultivars

NEON Airborne Remote Sensing



Potential NEON Crop Analysis & Forecast



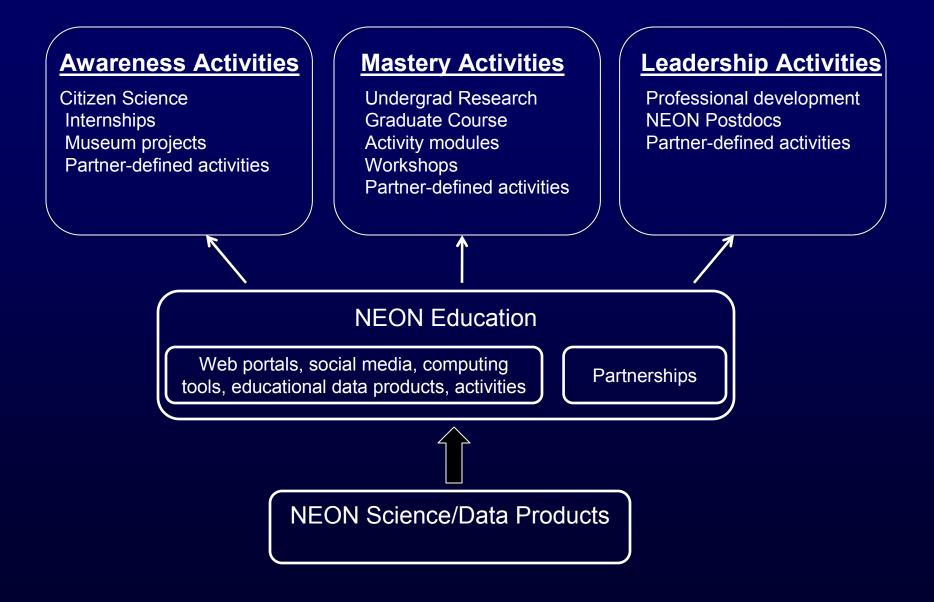
NEON Education: Guiding Framework

- Accessible and Usable by a diversity of communities
- Facilitating partnerships NEON acts as broker to provide resources for stakeholders to use as they deem appropriate
- Transforming science to include citizens
- Active learning or "doing science"
- Decentralized process of learning and Freechoice learning context
- Catalyst to advance "science as a way of knowing"

NEON Education: Design

- Facilitating use of NEON products
 - Design web portals, educational data products, social media, and computing tools that provide access to NEON data in a variety of contexts and formats that are usable by a diversity of audiences
 - Build effective and meaningful partnerships that enable partners to develop NEON-based activities appropriate for their communities
 - Facilitate activities that support awareness, mastery and leadership in continental-scale ecology
- Participating in NEON
 - Opportunities for a diversity of people to participate in NEON data collection, analysis, and interpretation through "citizen science"
 - Opportunities for scientists, educators, and decision-makers to develop educational tools and/or data products

Accomplishment focused Education



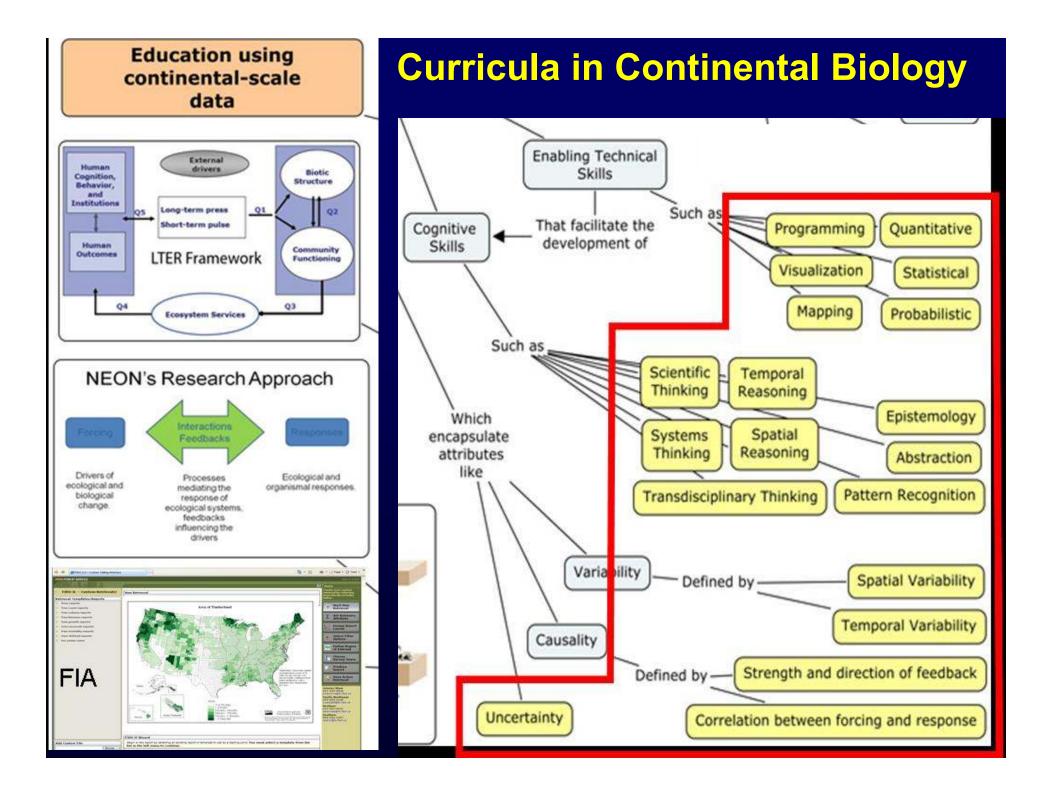
Undergraduate Curricula in Continental Biology

"Continental Scale Research to Understanding Climate Change Effects on the Biosphere"

- Scientific Framework (LTER, NEON, USFS FIA, USGS Watershed)
- Spatial and Temporal Continental-scale data
- Inter-disciplinary approach

Observation, experimentation, modeling

- Activities and Decisions to obtain and organize "data"
- Cognitive, Analytical, Technical Skills
- Collaborative Modules



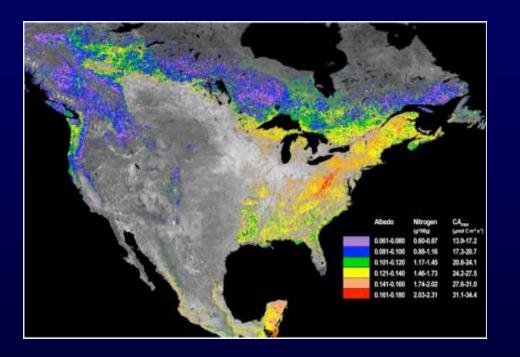


A New Tool for Transforming Biological Research

NEON enabled science provides the fundamental scientific underpinning for a sustainable planet



Enabling Ecological Science How does the change in albedo and foliar N affect ecosystem productivity?



Estimates of canopy %N and CAmax for forested areas of North America derived from MODIS short-wave albedo (Ollinger et al. *PNAS*, 2008)

How NEON can enable science?

- FIU anchored albedo and NEE
- FSU measured LAI, foliar N, EP
- LUAP land cover
- AOP 20 x 20 km scale albedo, foliar N at Adv. and Reloc. Sites

• Researchers/NEON collaboration to develop temporally/spatially explicit assimilated models

