by John Latzy and Randy Miller

or 1988, the 7,500 largest foreign corporations controlled by large multinational firms held \$958 billion in assets and generated business receipts of \$823 billion. These amounts increased from 1986 (the last previous year for which statistics are available) by 29 percent and 40 percent, respectively. Increases were also shown in foreign income taxes, subpart F income, and earnings and profits after taxes.

Almost 41 percent of the Controlled Foreign Corporations (CFC's) were primarily engaged in manufacturing activities, a slight decline from 1986. Another 27 percent were primarily engaged in finance, insurance or real estate activities. These latter CFC's held 43 percent of all assets and generated 21 percent of positive earnings and profits after taxes. Although manufacturing CFC's held only 36 percent of all assets, they generated 59 percent of business receipts and 56 percent of positive earnings and profits after taxes.

- -CFC's were incorporated in over 100 different countries. However, twenty countries accounted for 83 percent of the largest CFC's (see Figure A). Over half of the 7,500 largest CFC's were incorporated in Europe, a slight increase from 1986. Only 10 and 12 percent were incorporated in Asia and Latin America, respectively.

This article is based on the information returns filed for the 7,500 largest CFC's (as determined by asset size) owned by U.S. multinational corporations having \$500 million or more in assets. Therefore, CFC's that are categorized as one of the largest 7,500 for 1988 may not have been included in the 1986 data. These 7,500 CFC's accounted for 95 percent of the assets and 92 percent of the business receipts of all CFC's "controlled" by large U.S. multinational corporations.

Background

U.S. direct investment in foreign countries may take several forms, including foreign branches, partnerships, and "noncontrolled" and "controlled" corporations. This article deals with foreign corporations controlled by U.S. corporations. Under the Internal Revenue Code, a foreign corporation is controlled if U.S. shareholders own more than 50 percent of the outstanding voting stock, or more than 50 percent of the value of all outstanding stock. A "noncontrolled" foreign corporation is any foreign corporation which fails to meet either of the above tests. For purposes of determining control, a U.S. shareholder is any U.S. person who owns 10 percent or more of the outstanding voting stock of a foreign corporation. Herein,

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Figure A

Distribution of the 7,500 Largest CFC's, by Selected Country of Incorporation, 1986 and 1988

(Money amounts are in billions of dollars)

Selected country		ber of CFC's	Busi rece	
	1986	1988	1986	1988
· .'	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
All countries	7,500	7,500	590	823
United Kingdom	1.058	1.159	97	136
Canada	840	870	103	142
West Germany	512	496	69	92
France	447	439	41	54
Netherlands	338	365	24	36
Australia	321	347	18	25
Italy	332	337	27	35
Brazil	279	292	21	30
Bermuda	311	279	10	11
Japan	195	259	28	55
Switzerland	225	220	22	32
Switzerland Belgium	205	·· 210	15	21
Spain	177	210	11	19
Netherlands Antilles	250	182	7	3
Hong Kong	145	154	6	. 10
Mexico Panama	150	118	7.	9
Panama	156	107	7	8
Singapore	80 .	- 86	5	6
Cayman Islands	69	75	1	2
reland	81	74	3	- 4
Puerto Rico	. 70	69	1	۱.

CFC's are defined more narrowly: a foreign corporation is controlled only if one U.S. corporation satisfies either of the above 50 percent ownership requirements.

Distinguishing between controlled and noncontrolled foreign corporations is vital for U.S. tax purposes. Shareholders of controlled foreign corporations face different tax provisions than do those of noncontrolled foreign corporations.

U.S. shareholders of foreign corporations generally are not taxed on their foreign source income until such income is repatriated to the United States. Thus, these shareholders can conduct their foreign operations in a low tax country, and by retaining their overseas earnings, defer U.S. taxation. As U.S. direct investment abroad has grown, so has concern over the potential use of tax deferral privileges available to U.S. persons earning foreign source income.

The first attempt to restrict tax deferral came in 1937 with the passage of the "foreign personal holding company" provisions. These provisions attempted to curtail efforts by U.S. persons to defer U.S. taxation of their foreign source earnings by setting up foreign companies in low tax countries to hold "passive" income: Until 1962, no further attempts were made to prevent international tax avoidance strategies. In fact, the tax deferral privileges were viewed as a means to entice U.S. persons to increase their investments in foreign countries [1]. In 1962, Congress, concerned about the revenue losses and balance of trade effects resulting from the increased use of tax deferral strategies, enacted the subpart F provisions of the Internal Revenue Code [2,3]. These provisions required that certain income, called "subpart F" income, be included in U.S. persons' gross income, subject to U.S. taxation, even if it had not been repatriated.

The 1962 legislation included more widespread provisions to reduce tax deferral of overseas income, since it was believed that the main reason for certain investment abroad was the avoidance of U.S. taxation. Congress believed that favorable foreign tax structures were increasingly skewing the investment decisions of U.S. persons in favor of overseas investment. Thus, resources which might have otherwise been invested in the United States were being invested abroad, instead.

Originally, subpart F income included certain passive income, certain sales and services income, and income from the insurance of U.S. risks. Since 1962, the definition of subpart F income has been expanded to include many more types of income (see the Subpart F Income section of this article). Additionally, many exceptions to the original subpart F provisions have been eliminated or more strictly defined. The result has been a large increase in the amount of subpart F income reported, and possibly a significant reduction in the tax deferral benefits of conducting business abroad.

Controlled Foreign Corporation Activity by Industry

For 1988, about 3,060 of the largest 7,500 CFC's listed manufacturing as their principal business activity, down from 3,341 for 1986. These CFC's reported \$484 billion in business receipts on assets of \$343 billion. While the number of top 7,500 manufacturing CFC's declined from 1986, manufacturing activity increased substantially. Assets rose 27 percent, while business receipts increased by 35 percent. Almost 84 percent of manufacturing CFC's reported positive pre-tax earnings and profits (E&P), totalling nearly \$52 billion. Over \$16 billion of foreign taxes were paid on these earnings [4]. The remaining 16 percent of manufacturing CFC's recorded E&P deficits of over \$2 billion.

CFC's which mainly produced chemicals, non-electrical machinery, petroleum and coal products, or motor vehicles accounted for most of the financial activity of all manufacturing CFC's. CFC's in these industrial groups generated 64 percent of business receipts and 63 percent of pre-tax E&P, while holding 65 percent of all manufacturing assets. These CFC's, however, represented only 44 percent of all manufacturing CFC's. Figure B compares financial information for 1986 and 1988 by selected industrial groups.

For 1988, over 27 percent of the largest 7,500 CFC's were classified mainly in finance, insurance or real estate activities. These CFC's held 43 percent of all top 7,500

Manufacturing CFC's accounted for over 40 percent of the largest CFC's. assets, more than companies in any other industrial division (Figure C). Their assets increased 29 percent from 1986 to nearly \$415 billion. Finance subsidiaries alone held more than \$354 billion in assets, more than half of which were held by banks and credit agencies. Subsidiaries classified in finance, insurance and real

estate activities reported nearly \$15 billion of positive pre-tax E&P, while paying almost \$2 billion in foreign income taxes.

CFC's in every industrial division except construction and mining recorded increases in economic activity, as indicated by pre-tax E&P. CFC's classified in construction and mining were the only ones whose pre-tax E&P decreased from 1986 levels. The assets of CFC's in the construction industry rose by only 3 percent. This was the smallest growth in total assets for any of the industrial divisions. While the business receipts of construction CFC's increased by 40 percent from 1986, their pre-tax E&P actually declined by more than 6 percent. Mining CFC's showed the largest increase in total assets, at 47 percent, but were the only ones to report an aggregate decrease in business receipts, 5 percent. This decrease is wholly attributable to a decline in the business receipts of CFC's classified in the oil and gas extraction group. In fact, CFC's in every other industrial division recorded double-digit percentage increases in business receipts. The positive pre-tax E&P for total mining fell by 24 percent from 1986.

Controlled Foreign Corporation Activity by Country of Incorporation

For 1988, over 63 percent of these large CFC's were incorporated in Europe and Canada, a 3-percentage point increase from 1986. The United Kingdom, West Germany and Canada were "homes" to one-third of the largest 7,500 CFC's [5]. Compared to all of the largest 7,500, CFC's in these three countries generated 45 percent of all business receipts, held 47 percent of total assets, and paid 43 percent of the foreign income taxes (a 7-percentage point decline from 1986).

Manufacturers represented 47 percent of all large

Figure **B**

Industrial Distribution of the 7,500 Largest CFC's, 1986 and 1988

	N	umber of largest C	FC's		Total assets			Business receipt:	• <u>• • • •</u>
Selected industrial group	1986	1988	Percentage increase	1986	1988	Percentage increase	1986	1988	Percentage increase
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
All industrial groups	7,500	7,500	N/A	740,396,	958,113	.s. 29	589,885	822,975	40
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	25	31	24	597	808 - 3	35	560	1,236	121
lining	217	216	see (!)	27,005	39,623	47	14,791	14,070	-5
Construction	95	86	-9	3,903	4,022	3	4,398	6,164	40
fanutacturing Chemicals and allied products	3,341 882	3,060 803	-8 -9	270,162 51,073	343,318 66,898	27 31	357,503 55,666	484,236 83,021	• 35 49
Petroleum (including integrated) and coal products Machinery, except electrical Electrical and electronic equipment.	65 376 472	63 305 379	-3 -19 -20	29,356 45,550 32,461	41,973 64,398 27,669	43 41 -15	47,130 39,879 45,116	55,940 65,726 42,151	19 65 -7
Motor vehicles and equipment.	183	179	-2	42,380	49,081	16	76 687	106,803	39
ransportation and public utilities Transportation	226 190	194 150	-14 -21	17,155 10,140	18,459 10,424	8 3	7,098 4,471	11,681 7,061	65 58
Vholesale and retail trade Wholesale trade	1,156 980	1,271 1,125	10 15	76,134 64,226	106,225 92,174	40 44	151,984 128,391	224,169 196,882	47 53
inance, insurance and real estate Banking	1,911 253	2,061 229 479	8 	322,820 90,773	414,856 94,749	29 4	41,286 8,526	62,053 10,580	50 24
Credit agencies other than banks Insurance	460 332	- <u>- 479</u> - <u>319</u>	-4	88,245 39,003	113,861 44,388	29 14	——————————————————————————————————————	14,293 13,674	35 40
companies, except bank holding companies	629	713	13	75,477	92,306	22	8,417	13,306	58
ervices	519	568	9	22,386	30,103	34	12,218	18,759	54
lature of business not allocable	10	13	30	233	700	200	· 46	606	1,217

¹ Less than 0.5 percent. N/A - Not applicable.

NOTE: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

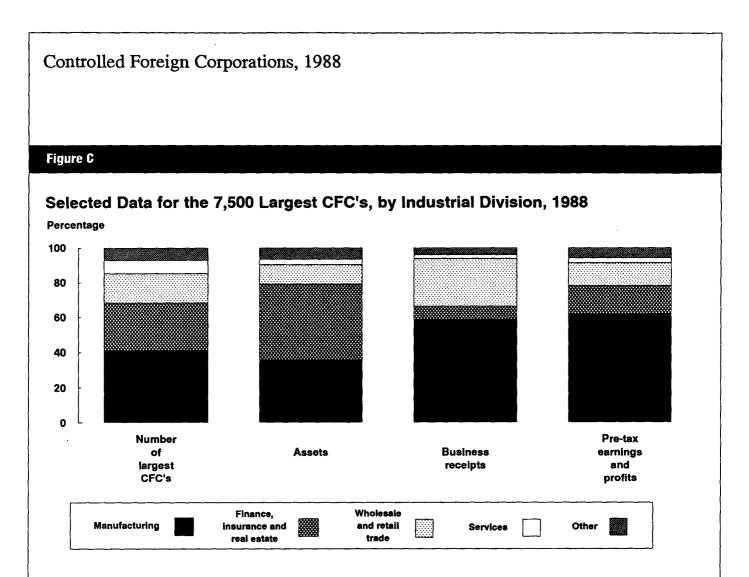
Canadian CFC's, held 42 percent of Canadian CFC assets, and generated 68 percent of business receipts and 69 percent of net earnings and profits before taxes. More than one-half of the West German CFC's were manufacturers. These CFC's held 50 percent of West German CFC assets, generated 71 percent of receipts, and accounted for 77 percent of net earnings and profits before taxes.

Other Western European countries with over half of their CFC's engaged primarily in manufacturing included France (59 percent), Spain (56 percent), Denmark (54 percent) and Italy (53 percent). Western European countries in which a significant portion of CFC's were engaged in finance, insurance or real estate activities included Luxembourg (55 percent), United Kingdom (39 percent), Switzerland (36 percent) and the Netherlands (34 percent).

There was a 5-percent decline from 1986 to 1988 in the number of large manufacturing CFC's that reported the United Kingdom as the country of incorporation. However, the number of finance, insurance and real estate CFC's incorporated in the United Kingdom jumped 24 percent from 1986. This increase in finance-related CFC's can be attributed to the 38-percent rise in holding and other investment companies that call the United Kingdom their home. This helped account for a 50-percent increase in assets, a 57-percent increase in business receipts, and a 40-percent increase in pre-tax net earnings and profits for the finance-related industry.

Western Hemisphere countries outside of Canada and Latin America, where finance-related CFC's have been common due to the favorable tax climate, lost over 16 percent of large CFC's between 1986 and 1988. This can be attributed to tax law changes in 1984 enabling U.S. corporations to borrow foreign money elsewhere at less cost [6]. The effects of these changes are seen in countries such as Bermuda and the Netherlands Antilles, which saw 10 and 26 percent declines, respectively, in the number of finance-related CFC's between 1986 and 1988.

Other geographic areas where the number of large CFC's declined were Africa and Latin America. For Africa, CFC's declined by 35 percent, and their assets and business receipts fell by 22 and 12 percent, respectively. Two countries where the loss was most dramatic were South Africa, where the number of large CFC's fell 50 percent, and Liberia, where the number dropped by 30 percent. For South Africa, manufacturing industrial groups showed a decrease in total assets of 36 percent, in business receipts of 32 percent and in pre-tax net earnings and profits of 10 percent. This could be due in part to: (1) changes in U.S. tax law that forbid the crediting of foreign taxes paid to South Africa, (2) the uncertain political



situation, and (3) limited foreign divestment that occurred in the latter part of the 1980's [7]. In Liberia, transportation and public utilities CFC's declined 27 percent, with assets falling 34 percent. However, business receipts, and earnings and profits before taxes increased 46 percent and 97 percent, respectively.

The 5,978 CFC's reporting profits paid \$24 billion of foreign income tax on \$87 billion of pre-tax earnings and profits, resulting in an effective tax rate of 28 percent. This was 3 percent lower than the 1986 rate. Effective tax rates varied by country. In addition, the rate for a given country may have varied from the statutory tax rate because: (1) certain earnings and profits, and the associated foreign taxes paid, were applicable to income from operations in countries other than the country in which the CFC was incorporated; (2) earnings and profits were computed according to U.S. tax law and do not necessarily equal the tax base upon which the foreign tax was imposed; and (3) many countries taxed various types of income at different rates.

The overall effective tax rate for profitable CFC's decreased for CFC's reporting positive earnings and profits from 31 percent to 28 percent. This was due, in part, to a lower effective tax rate in three major "homes"

to CFC's: the United Kingdom, Canada and West Germany. The United Kingdom tax rate dropped from 33 to 28 percent; Canada, from 37 to 30 percent; and West Germany, from 45 to 32 percent. Of all the geographic areas shown in Figure D, "Other Western Hemisphere" countries had the lowest effective tax rate (9 percent), primarily due to Bermuda and the Netherlands Antilles. Other regions or countries with low effective tax rates were Liberia (0.05 percent), Saudi Arabia (1 percent), Cayman Islands (2 percent), Ireland (2 percent), Singapore (6 percent), Panama (7 percent), and Switzerland (9 percent).

Subpart F Income

U.S. shareholders of CFC's must include in their gross income their share of certain undistributed CFC earnings. These earnings consist primarily of subpart F income and increases in earnings invested in U.S. property. Subpart F income tends to be "income which is easily movable from a high tax region to a low tax region" [8]. Passive income, therefore, is more likely to fall under the subpart F provisions than is the income from certain manufacturing operations. The amount of subpart F income generally cannot be greater than the CFC's current E&P.

Figure D

Effective Tax Rates of the 7,500 Largest CFC's With Positive Earnings and Profits, by Selected Area and Country of Incorporation, 1988

[Money amounts are in millions of dollars]

Selected country	Earnings and	Foreign	Effective
or	profits	income	tax
geographic area	before taxes	taxes	rate
	(1)	(2)	(3)
All geographic areas	86,885	24,064	28
Canada	13,412	4,083	30
Latin America	9,721	2,099	22
Brazil	4,734	1,180	25
Panama	1,035	70	7
All other Latin America	3,952	841	21
Other Western Hemisphere	4,129	373	9
Bahamas	381	82	21
Bermuda	2,356	208	8
Netherlands Antilles	1,261	76	6
All other Western Hemisphere	130	6	5
Europe	44,685	11,948	27
Austria	320	127	40
Belgium	1,843	454	25
Denmark	276		41
France	3,743	1,349	- 36
Italy	3,400	1,278	38
Netherlands	4,691	996	21
Spain	2,409	568	24
Sweden	402	204	51
Switzerland	4,554	400	9
United Kingdom	13,878	3,862	28
West Germany	7,221	2,306	32
Africa	1,084	384	35
Liberia	157	(')	(2)
South Africa	308	138	45
Asia	10,548	4,202	40
Hong Kong	1,450	195	13
Japan	6,476	3,622	56
Singapore	774	48	6
Oceania	2,786	. 885	32
Australia	2,594	830	32

¹ Less than \$0.5 million. ² Less than 0.5 percent.

NOTE: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

Specifically, subpart F income consists of "foreign base company income," certain insurance income, "international boycott income," bribes and other illegal payments to foreign government officials, and the income from any country whose government the United States does not recognize or with which the United States has severed relations [9]. Foreign base company income is the most significant category of subpart F income [10]. It refers to certain income which is held by a foreign subsidiary or base company, normally incorporated in a low tax country. Subpart F provisions generally apply when the income of the foreign base company is generated from activities outside the CFC's country of incorporation [11].

Because a large number of CFC's will generate some foreign base company income, the Internal Revenue Code provides an exception to the subpart F provisions. If the foreign base company income is below the lesser of \$1 million or 5 percent of a CFC's gross income, then the subpart F provisions will not apply. However, if foreign base company income and certain insurance income amount to more than 70 percent of gross income, then all of the CFC's gross income will be considered foreign base company income, and thus subpart F income. Additionally, if the foreign base company income and insurance income is subject to a foreign tax rate equal to or greater than 90 percent of the highest applicable U.S. tax rate, the income will escape classification under the subpart F provisions [12].

Also includable in the taxable income of U.S. shareholders are previously excluded subpart F income withdrawn from qualified investments in less developed countries and foreign base company shipping operations, factoring income and any increases in investments in U.S. property. In this article, all these amounts are regarded as subpart F income [13].

The subpart F changes in the Tax Reform Act of 1986 resulted in a significant reduction in the tax deferral benefits of certain overseas activities (measured by the amount of subpart F income reported and the ratio of this subpart F income to after-tax E&P). This means that an increasing amount of the undistributed earnings of CFC's are now subject to current U.S. taxation. The largest 7,500 CFC's reported over \$12 billion in subpart F income for 1988. This represents an increase of almost \$8 billion, or nearly triple the amount from 1986. The number of large CFC's with subpart F income nearly doubled from 826 for 1986 to 1,635 for 1988. Thus, almost 22 percent of the largest 7,500 CFC's generated subpart F income, compared to 11 percent for 1986. Subpart F income as a percentage of after-tax E&P rose to over 19 percent, up 10 percentage points from 1986. Figure E displays subpart F information by selected country of incorporation.

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 significantly decreased the ability of U.S. shareholders to defer U.S. taxation of their foreign earnings by isolating income in "tax haven" countries. For 1986, CFC's incorporated in tax haven countries reported over \$3 billion in subpart F income on after-tax E&P of \$12 billion. For 1988, subpart F income increased to \$7 billion on \$16 billion of positive after-tax E&P. For these same CFC's, subpart F income as a percentage of E&P increased to 40 percent, up 14 percentage points from 1986.

For 1988, five countries (Switzerland, Bermuda, Netherlands Antilles, Netherlands and Panama) accounted for over \$5 billion, or 81 percent, of the nearly \$7 billion of tax haven subpart F income. CFC's incorporated in Switzerland reported more subpart F income (almost \$2 billion) than CFC's in any other country. For 1988, CFC's in the Netherlands Antilles, which alone accounted for 29

Figure E

Subpart F Income of the 7,500 Largest CFC's, by Selected Country of Incorporation, 1986 and 1988 [Money amounts are in millions of dollars]

Selected country		Number of larges CFC's generating subpart F income	9		Subpart F income	θ	Subpart F income as a percentage of positive earnings and profits after tax		
	1986	1988	Percentage increase	1986	1988	Percentage increase	1986	1988	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	
All countries	826	1,635	98	4,223	12,101	187	10	19	
Total, selected countries Switzerland United Kingdom Bermuda Canada Netherlands Antilles Netherlands	554 76 53 142 32 168 34	833 96 192 179 102 135 77	50 26 262 26 219 -20 126	3,223 624 238 510 171 1,214 71	7,586 1,942 1,322 1,155 982 838 789	135 211 455 126 474 -31 1,011	14 30 30 30 3 76 3	24 47 13 54 10 71 21	
Panama	49	52	6	402	558	39	28	58	

NOTE: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

percent of all subpart F income for 1986, reported the highest ratio of subpart F income to after-tax E&P (71 percent).

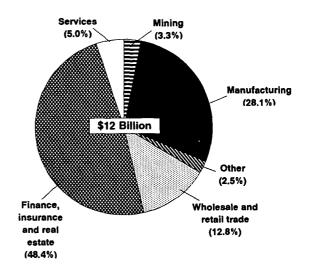
For 1988, almost half of the largest 7,500 CFC's earning subpart F income were incorporated in tax haven countries. Over 46 percent of all top 7,500 CFC's incorporated in tax haven countries reported subpart F income, an increase of 15 percentage points from 1986. More than 74 percent of the CFC's incorporated in the Netherlands Antilles earned subpart F income. Also, 64 percent of the CFC's in Bermuda and almost 59 percent of those in the Cayman Islands earned subpart F income. While the number of tax haven CFC's reporting subpart F income increased, the number of top 7,500 tax haven CFC's actually decreased.

The subpart F changes in the 1986 Act also significantly affected U.S. shareholders of non-tax haven CFC's. This is in part due to the more objective test used after 1986 to exempt certain CFC's from the subpart F provisions [14]. For 1988, CFC's incorporated in non-tax haven countries earned nearly \$6 billion in subpart F income, an increase of 461 percent from 1986. For 1988, CFC's in the United Kingdom earned more than \$1 billion of subpart F income, and CFC's in Canada earned nearly this amount. CFC's in the United Kingdom and Canada accounted for 41 percent of all non-tax haven subpart F income. However, the ratio of subpart F income to aftertax E&P for these two countries was rather low (13 percent for the United Kingdom and 10 percent for Canada).

Of the \$12 billion in subpart F income reported for 1988, nearly \$11 billion, or 89 percent, was accounted for by CFC's in three industrial divisions: finance, insurance and real estate; wholesale and retail trade; and manufacturing (Figure F). CFC's engaged in finance, insurance and real estate activities accounted for almost \$6 billion in subpart F income, or 48 percent of the total. At 45 percent, these CFC's reported the highest ratio of subpart F income to after-tax E&P. This ratio was also quite high (30 percent) for CFC's engaged primarily in services. Construction and manufacturing CFC's had the lowest ratios of subpart F income to after-tax E&P, at 7 and 10 percent, respectively.

Figure F

Subpart F Income for the 7,500 Largest CFC's, by Industrial Division, 1988



NOTE: Detail may not add to total because of rounding.

CFC's in every industrial division except agriculture, forestry and fishing generated significant increases in subpart F income from 1986 to 1988. Subpart F income for CFC's classified in services more than tripled. CFC's primarily involved in trade and manufacturing experienced similarly large increases, nearly three times and two-and-one half times their 1986 levels, respectively. In the aggregate, subpart F income as a percentage of aftertax E&P increased by 10 percentage points for the 7,500 largest CFC's. This ratio increased for every industrial division except agriculture and construction. The ratio of subpart F income to after-tax E&P fell 16 percentage points for CFC's in agriculture and 12 percentage points for those in construction.

Controlled Foreign Corporations and the Merchandise Trade Balance

The merchandise trade balance transactions between the 7,500 CFC's and their "U.S. parent groups" (the U.S. corporations and their domestic affiliates) resulted in a net surplus (exports in excess of imports) of \$18 billion for 1988, a \$4 billion increase from 1986. CFC purchases of

stock in trade (i.e., purchases of merchandise in the ordinary course of business) totaled \$81 billion, while sales of stock in trade to the U.S. parent groups were \$62 billion. In contrast, the U.S. merchandise trade deficit (imports in excess of exports) was \$121 billion, down from \$153 billion in 1986 [15]. This was the first reduction of the merchandise trade deficit since 1980.

Even though the United States was faced with a trade deficit with Japan of \$52 billion, U.S. corporations reported an increase in the trade surplus with their 195 largest Japanese CFC's. The Japanese surplus almost tripled from \$1.2 billion for 1986 to \$3.2 billion for 1988.

Large trade surpluses were reported by U.S. parent groups and their major CFC's in Europe and Asia (see Figure G). Deficits between U.S. parent groups and their CFC's were reported with Latin America, where a 1986 surplus of \$1.9 billion turned into a \$0.8 billion deficit for 1988. This was due in part to huge deficits between U.S. corporations and their largest Mexican subsidiaries in the motor vehicles and equipment industrial group [16]. A large deficit (\$1.5 billion) was also present with Bermuda. This deficit can be partly attributed to large sales of stock

Figure G

Purchases and Sales of Stock In Trade Between the 7,500 Largest CFC's and Their U.S. Parent, Groups, and the U.S. Merchandise Trade Balance, by Selected Area and Country of Incorporation, 1988 [Money amounts are in millions of dollars]

	U.S. paren	t group merchandise tr	ade balance	U.S.	merchandise trade bala	ance 1	
Selected country or geographic area	CFC purchases from U.S. parent group (exports)	CFC sales to U.S. parent group (imports)	Surplus or deficit (-)	Exports	Imports	Surplus or deficit (-)	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	
All geographic areas	80,537	62,435	18,102	320,385	441,282	-120,897	
anada	28,715	29,244	-529	69,233	80,921	-11,688	
atin America Brazil Mexico	4,682 790 2,559 300	5,528 1,250 3,077 760	- 846 -460 -518 -460	40,077 4,289 20,643 633	48,914 9,324 23,277 266	- 8,837 -5,035 -2,634 367	
ther Western Hemisphere Bahamas. Bermuda	2,428 663 473 (²)	2,712 36 2,008 19	-284 627 -1,535 -19	3,845 741 286 432	2,358 411 7 411	1,487 330 279 21	
urope France	28,832 3,106 3,103 3,837 3,194 6,396 5,804 269	12,323 1,345 662 1,193 1,114 5,357 1,380 613	16,509 1,761 2,441 2,644 2,080 1,039 4,444	91,645 10,133 6,785 10,095 4,221 18,404 14,331	102,673 12,228 11,611 4,587 4,657 18,042 26,503	-11,028 -2,095 -4,826 5,508 -438 -362 -12,172 -12,172	
hica Liberia South Africa	269 (*) 129	613 241 2	- 344 -241 127	7,431 68 1,690	10,863 108 1,530	-3,432 -40 ,160	
sia	12,543 2,099 4,956 273 680 2,549 2,333	9,781 1,396 1,789 502 943 304 263	2,762 703 3,167 - 229 - 263 2,245 2,070	99,705 5,691 37,732 11,290 12,130 8,242 6,981	190,729 10,243 89,802 20,189 24,804 4,824 3,511	-91,024 -4,552 -52,070 -8,899 -12,674 3,418 3,418	

NOTE: Selected detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

in trade to related U.S. corporations by Bermudan subsidiaries engaged in wholesale trade activities relating to petroleum and petroleum products.

Conceptual differences in the statistics should be recognized. The U.S. Bureau of the Census data credit U.S. imports to the country of origin, while CFC sales are based on the CFC's country of incorporation. Another difference is that CFC data may include goods that were not necessarily imported for consumption purposes but were re-exported. This could explain why Panamanian CFC's, for example, reported \$760 million in sales to U.S. parent groups, but only \$266 million are reflected in Census data for imports from Panama. Also, Census data are for Calendar Year 1988. CFC data, on the other hand, reflect business activities for parent corporations whose accounting periods ended between July 1988 and June 1989 and those CFC's which had accounting periods ending therein. However, 90 percent of CFC's had accounting periods ending between July and December 1988.

Recent Incorporations

Thirty percent of the top 7,500 CFC's were incorporated during the 1980's (see Figure H). These "newest" CFC's held 28 percent of total assets. Of these CFC's, 41 percent were in finance, insurance and real estate activities; holding 67 percent of the total assets of CFC's incorporated in the 1980's [17]. Forty-five percent of all financial CFC's were incorporated in the 1980's, reflecting a more global economy where worldwide financing is sought.

In the past, it was common for U.S. companies to set up financial subsidiaries in tax haven countries in order to facilitate borrowing from foreign countries. These companies were set up to take advantage of a favorable tax climate in the haven country. Tax haven benefits may include banking and financial secrecy, low or zero corporate tax rates, and no withholding tax on payments to foreigners. In an effort to remove the advantage of borrowing through tax haven countries, the United States exempted from withholding tax all interest payments on obligations issued after July 1984. This enabled U.S. corporations to more cheaply borrow foreign money from anywhere in the world.

The effects of this change are seen in the slowdown of incorporations in Panama and the Netherlands Antilles. Only 3.7 and 7.1 percent of their respective CFC's were incorporated after 1984, compared to the 15.0 percent total for all CFC's worldwide (see Figure I). The number of Netherlands Antilles CFC's may also have been affected by the cancellation of the United States-Nether-

Figure H

Number and Total Assets of the 7,500 Largest CFC's, by Year of Incorporation, 1988

[Money amounts are in millions of dollars]

Year of incorporation	Number of largest CFC's	1988 total assets
All years 1	7,500	958,113
1985-1989, total 2	1,126	134,657
1988-1989 ²	180	30,632
1985-1987	946	104,025
1980-1984	1,128	135,330
1975-1979	811	79,221
1970-1974	907	113,709
1965-1969	725	74,512
1960-1964	716	84,234
1955-1959	489	48,385
1950-1954	320	55,240
1945-1949	214	16,725
Prior to 1945	911	205,011

¹ Includes CFC's whose year of incorporation is unknown or not stated, ² For 1989, includes only CFC's incorporated between January and June, NOTE: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

lands Antilles tax treaty in 1988 which eliminated the exemption of withholding for dividends and royalties [18].

Summary

For 1988, the 7,500 largest CFC's generated \$823 billion in business receipts on assets of \$958 billion. Business receipts increased nearly 40 percent from 1986, while assets increased by almost 30 percent.

More than 40 percent of the largest 7,500 CFC's were primarily engaged in manufacturing. These CFC's held 36 percent of total assets and accounted for 59 percent of business receipts. Over 27 percent of the largest 7,500 CFC's were involved primarily in finance, insurance and real estate activities. These CFC's held 43 percent of total assets.

For 1988, about 63 percent of the large CFC's were incorporated in Canada and Europe. More specifically, one-third were incorporated in the United Kingdom, West Germany and Canada.

The largest 7,500 CFC's generated over \$12 billion in subpart F income, nearly tripling from 1986. More than half of this subpart F income was earned in tax haven countries.

Merchandise trade balance transactions between the 7,500 largest CFC's and their U.S. parent groups resulted in a net surplus of \$18 billion, up \$4 billion from 1986.

Almost 30 percent of the 7,500 CFC's were incorporated during the 1980's. Over 40 percent of the newly incorporated CFC's were primarily engaged in finance, insurance or real estate activities.

Data Sources and Limitations

The statistics in this article were derived from all U.S. corporation income tax returns with total assets of \$500 million or more and with accounting periods ending July 1988 through June 1989, and from attached Form(s) 5471, *Information Return with Respect to a Foreign Corporation*.

The 7,500 largest CFC's were chosen based on size of total assets. Historical data show that these largest CFC's represent over 90 percent of all financial information for all CFC's. However, caution should be used in comparing these statistics to pre-1986 statistics since small and inactive CFC's were included in these earlier statistics.

Also, large CFC's tend to be engaged primarily in manufacturing or finance, insurance and real estate. Therefore, the 7,500 largest CFC's show a bias towards these industrial divisions. The statistics, based on the largest 7,500 CFC's, are therefore not altogether representative of the entire population of CFC's and should be used with caution when making comparisons with, or estimates of, the larger group.

When noting the rise or decline in the number of (or percentage of) CFC's in a particular group, it is very possible that certain foreign corporations that were among the top 7,500 companies for 1986, may still exist. However, these corporations may no longer be among the top 7,500. Therefore, changes in CFC activity from 1986 to 1988 may reflect differences in the mix of top 7,500 CFC's for a particular country or industry, but may not be reflective of the entire population of controlled foreign corporations.

Not all of the information regarding CFC transactions (e.g., transactions with unrelated parties) is available from Statistics of Income data. Total business receipts, earnings and profits, foreign taxes and transactions between CFC's and related parties (U.S. parent corporations and their domestic and foreign subsidiaries) are reported as part of the parent corporation's U.S. income tax return and are included in this article.

U.S. parent corporations were classified by the principal business activity reported on the corporation income tax return. Many returns were filed by corporations with diversified activities, and therefore included significant receipts, profits, and other items related to activities other than the principal business activity.

Controlled Foreign Corporations were also classified by their principal business activity as reported on Form 5471. As such, certain receipts, profits and transaction items may have been related to secondary business activities. It is not possible to measure the extent of these secondary operations.

When U.S. corporations filed consolidated Forms 5471 with aggregated data for several foreign companies, follow-up requests were made in cases where large money amounts were reported, in an attempt to obtain the CFC information on a disaggregated basis. Almost 100 percent

Figure <u>I</u>

All 7,500 Largest CFC's Compared With the Largest CFC's Incorporated After 1984, by Selected Country of Incorporation, 1988 Money amounts are in millions of dollars

	Total, larg	gest CFC's	Largest CFC's incorporated after 1984					
Selected country		Total		Total	Percentage of	largest CFC's		
	Number	assets	Number	assets	Number	Total assets		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)		
All countries	7,500	958,113	1,126	134,657	15.0	14.1		
Inited Kingdom	1,159	205,412	195	34,779	16.8	16.9		
anada	870	160,350	147	15,496	9.7	9.7		
Vest Germany	496	82,478	72	8,514	14.5	10.3		
rance	439	42,330	69	4.542	15.7	10.7		
etherlands	365	41,033	58	6,667	15.9	16.2		
ustralia	347	37,770	52	7,166	15.0	19.0		
lty	337	31,976	54	2,177	16.0	6.8		
razil	292	23,650	51	2,905	17.5	. 12.3		
ermuda	279	27,195	34	4,679	12.2	17.2		
apan	259	44,845	57	4,017	22.0	9.0		
witzerland	220	37,899	18	10,777	8.2	28.4		
elgium	210	23,689	34	2,914	16.2	12.3		
pain	210	17,566	29 .	1,716	13.8	9.8		
etherlands Antilles	182	35,266	13	3,198	7.1	9.1		
ong Kong	154	16,876	21	965	13.6	57		
exico	118	7,550	8	392	6.8	5.2		
nama	107	12,931	4	129	3.7	1.0		
ngapore	86	6,148	15	1,245	17.4	20.3		
ayman islands	75	10,683	20	5,960	26.7	55.8		
eland	74	9,144	8	4,728	10.8	51.7		

of these requests were successful. Where no information was received, the data were left consolidated under the industry and country in which they were originally reported. Less than 2 percent of the CFC's included in these statistics contain financial information for a consolidated group of CFC's.

The 1988 data are based on returns filed by U.S. corporations with \$500 million or more in assets and with fullyear accounting periods; generally, part-year returns were deleted from the sample to avoid double counting of financial data. According to Internal Revenue Service regulations, a U.S. corporation had to submit a Form 5471 for any Controlled Foreign Corporation with an accounting period ending with or within the U.S. parent's accounting period. Therefore, CFC accounting periods may have ended as early as August 1987 (and, thus, began in September 1986) or as late as June 1989. However, most CFC activity did occur in Calendar Year 1988.

Increases in monetary amounts can be partially attributed to the declining value of the U.S. dollar. Between 1986 and 1988, the dollar depreciated 23 percent against the Japanese yen, 20 percent against the British pound, and 14 percent against the Canadian dollar. For example, 1 million pounds in business receipts reported by a British company in 1986 would be worth \$1.428 million. But, in 1988, if the British company again had 1 million pounds in business receipts, it would be worth \$1.790 million [19].

Explanation of Selected Terms

Business Receipts of Controlled Foreign Corporations. — Business receipts were, in general, gross receipts or gross sales less returns and allowances reported for CFC's on Forms 5471. In the finance, insurance and real estate industries, business receipts were generally the total income or receipts of the CFC and may have included other types of income such as interest, rents, royalties and other investment income. This definition differs from that used for the business receipts statistics for domestic parent corporations, which generally excludes investment income.

Earnings Invested in U.S. Property. — Generally, these are earnings repatriated back to the United States in nondividend form. "U.S. property" includes most types of tangible and intangible property located in the United States, such as stocks of U.S. corporations and patents.

Factoring Income. — Factoring income is income derived from the acquisition of a trade or service receivable from a related person.

Foreign Income Taxes Paid by Controlled Foreign

Corporations. — These were foreign income, war profits and excess profits taxes paid or accrued by CFC's to foreign countries or U.S. possessions (including Puerto Rico). Also included were taxes imposed by other countries (including the United States) in cases in which the CFC had business operations in countries other than the one in which it was incorporated.

Net Earnings and Profits (E&P). — Positive current earnings and profits less deficits.

Tax Haven. — A tax haven is a country which imposes income taxes at a lower rate than the countries whose taxpayers utilize it. In addition, financial and commercial information is frequently kept confidential. Tax haven countries include the following:

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Antigua and Barbuda	Leeward Islands
Aruba	Liberia
Austria	Liechtenstein
Bahamas	Luxembourg
Bahrain	Monaco
Barbados	Netherlands
Belize	Netherlands Antilles
Bermuda	Panama
Cayman Islands	Singapore
Costa Rica	Switzerland
Gibraltar	Turks and Caicos Islands
Hong Kong	Windward Islands

U.S. Person. — A U.S. person is a domestic corporation, partnership, estate or trust, or any citizen or resident of the United States.

Notes and References

- Mulroney, Michael, Subpart F Background, Basic Concepts, and Terminology, Tax Management Inc., Bureau of National Affairs, 1990, p. A-2.
- [2] Mulroney, op. cit., p. A-6.
- [3] The subpart F provisions apply to shareholders of Controlled Foreign Corporations. Shareholders of noncontrolled foreign corporations face a different set of anti-deferral provisions, called the PFIC (passive foreign investment company) rules. These rules are contained in sections 1291-1297 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- [4] U.S. persons may be eligible to claim foreign tax credits for foreign taxes which they have paid or are deemed to have paid, to reduce their U.S. tax liability on their foreign source earnings (see Daronco, Karla M. and Veletto, Kimberly A., "Corporate Foreign Tax Credit, 1988: An Industry Focus," Statistics of

C-			
	ntrolled Foreign Corporations, 1988	•	
		•	
[6] [7] [8]	 Income Bulletin, Summer 1992, Volume 12, Number 1). The term "homes" refers to the CFC's country of incorporation, not necessarily the principal place where business is conducted. Almost 5 percent of the largest 7,500 CFC's conducted business in places other than the country of incorporation. For a more detailed explanation of this tax law change and its effects, see Lewis, Margaret P., "Foreign Recipients of U.S. Income, and Tax Withheld, 1986," Statistics of Income Bulletin, Winter 1988-1989, Volume 8, Number 3. For a more detailed explanation of tax law changes pertaining to South Africa, see sections 402 and 403 of the Comprehensive Anti-Apartheid Act of 1986. Doernberg, Richard, International Taxation, West Publishing Company, 1988, p. 175. 	[14] [15]	 were viewed as not attempting to avoid or defer U.S. taxation. The more stringent 90 percent rule was effected by the 1986 Act. For 1988, the top 7,500 CFC's recorded \$1.3 billion of increases in earnings invested in U.S. property. Previously excluded subpart F income amounted to \$2.8 million, while factoring income totaled \$20.2 million. See footnote 12. U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, <i>Highlights of U.S. Export and Import Trade</i>, FT 990, monthly. For a more detailed account of the auto industry in Mexico, see Karmokolias, Ioannis, "Prospects for the Automotive Industry in Lesser Developed Countries," <i>Finance & Development</i>, September 1990, Volume 27, Issue 3, pp. 47-49.
[9]	These countries include Afghanistan, Albania, Angola, Cambodia, Cuba, Iran, Libya, North Korea, People's Republic of Yemen, Syria, and Vietnam.	[17]	Some corporations incorporated during the 1980's may just be reorganizations of older corporations.
	Doernberg, op. cit., p. 175.	[18]	Casna, Richard (editor), International Tax Report,
111	Doernberg, op. cit., p. 179.		October 1987.
	Prior to the Tax Reform Act of 1986, CFC's which passed a "significant purpose" test were exempt from the subpart F provisions. This was a subjective test exempting U.S. shareholders of CFC's who	[19]	U.S. Department of the Treasury, General Ledger Branch. Reporting rates of exchange for December, 1986, and December 31, 1988, were used for comparison
	passed a "significant purpose" test were exempt	[19]	Branch. Reporting rates of exchange for December,
	passed a "significant purpose" test were exempt from the subpart F provisions. This was a subjective	[19]	Branch. Reporting rates of exchange for December, 1986, and December 31, 1988, were used for
	passed a "significant purpose" test were exempt from the subpart F provisions. This was a subjective	[19]	Branch. Reporting rates of exchange for December, 1986, and December 31, 1988, were used for
	passed a "significant purpose" test were exempt from the subpart F provisions. This was a subjective	[19]	Branch. Reporting rates of exchange for December, 1986, and December 31, 1988, were used for
	passed a "significant purpose" test were exempt from the subpart F provisions. This was a subjective	[19]	Branch. Reporting rates of exchange for December, 1986, and December 31, 1988, were used for
	passed a "significant purpose" test were exempt from the subpart F provisions. This was a subjective	[19]	Branch. Reporting rates of exchange for December, 1986, and December 31, 1988, were used for
	passed a "significant purpose" test were exempt from the subpart F provisions. This was a subjective	[19]	Branch. Reporting rates of exchange for December, 1986, and December 31, 1988, were used for
	passed a "significant purpose" test were exempt from the subpart F provisions. This was a subjective	[19]	Branch. Reporting rates of exchange for December, 1986, and December 31, 1988, were used for
	passed a "significant purpose" test were exempt from the subpart F provisions. This was a subjective	[19]	Branch. Reporting rates of exchange for December, 1986, and December 31, 1988, were used for
	passed a "significant purpose" test were exempt from the subpart F provisions. This was a subjective	[19]	Branch. Reporting rates of exchange for December, 1986, and December 31, 1988, were used for
	passed a "significant purpose" test were exempt from the subpart F provisions. This was a subjective	[19]	Branch. Reporting rates of exchange for December, 1986, and December 31, 1988, were used for
	passed a "significant purpose" test were exempt from the subpart F provisions. This was a subjective	[19]	Branch. Reporting rates of exchange for December, 1986, and December 31, 1988, were used for
	passed a "significant purpose" test were exempt from the subpart F provisions. This was a subjective	[19]	Branch. Reporting rates of exchange for December, 1986, and December 31, 1988, were used for
	passed a "significant purpose" test were exempt from the subpart F provisions. This was a subjective	[19]	Branch. Reporting rates of exchange for December, 1986, and December 31, 1988, were used for
	passed a "significant purpose" test were exempt from the subpart F provisions. This was a subjective	[19]	Branch. Reporting rates of exchange for December, 1986, and December 31, 1988, were used for

Table 1.--U.S. Corporation Returns with Total Assets of \$500 Million or More and Their 7,500 Largest Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Total Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income and Total Transactions, by Selected Industrial Group of Controlled Foreign Corporation

[Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

			r	,500 largest Controlle		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Selected industrial group	Number	Number	[Current	with current	orporations earnings and before taxes
of 7,500 largest Controlled Foreign Corporations	U.S. corporation returns ¹	of foreign corporations	Total assets	Business receipts	earnings and profits (less deficit) before taxes	Number of foreign corporations	Cuurent earning and profits (+) before taxes
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
All industries	744	7,500	958,113,019	822,975,169	79,811,427	5,978	86,885,973
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	13	31	807,867	1,235,993	78,031	23	110,394
Mining	72	216	39,622,679	14,070,239	2,824,664	125	3,228,144
Construction	21	86	4,021,876	6,164,121	304,964	61	396,280
Janufacturing Food and kindred products Chemicals and allied products Petroleum (including integrated) and	418 51 103	3,060 302 803	343,317,903 21,810,681 66,897,662	484,236,296 39,130,257 83,020,854	49,370,100 3,274,616 11,038,332	2,560 246 685	51,602,241 3,545,348 11,468,720
coal products	18 67	63 186	41,972,843 7,307,196	55,939,805 9,387,094	3,500,814 946,381	54 162	3,627,779 987,617
Fabricated metal products Machinery, except electrical	74	305	64,398,388	65,726,099	10,171,060	245	10,540,724
Electrical and electronic equipment Motor vehicles and equipment	85 30	379 179	27,668,873 49,080,891	42,150,919 106,802,626	3,414,244 6,847,965	314 145	3,708,935 7,016,715
ransportation and public utilities	72	194	18,458,833	11,680,656	1,322,159	146	1,502,800
Transportation	55 7	150 13	10,423,924 3,452,679	7,061,425	347,097 497,996	109 11	519,995 501,086
Communication Electric, gas and sanitary services	13	31	4,582,231	2,857,670	477,066	26	481,719
Vholesale and retail trade	265	1,271	106,224,942	224,169,456	10,384,105	1,023	12,221,129
Wholesale trade	235	1,125	92,173,682	196,882,270	9,311,681	916	11,008,098
Finance, insurance and real estate Banking	461 42	2,061 229	414,855,910 94,748,709	62,052,583 10,580,241	13,010,572 980,468	1,587 180	14,964,351 1,288,827
Credit agencies other than banks	145	479	113,860,645	14,292,986	2,773,273	400	3,076,357
Security, commodity brokers and services	34 48	140 84	53,286,950 9,545,085	5,788,057	263,346 352,798	96 62	539,937 363,770
Real estate Holding and other investment companies,		· ·					
except bank holding companies	290	. 713	92,306,133	13,306,470	6,702,910	514	7,458,364
Services,	198	568	30,103,216	18,759,361	2,304,892	443	2,647,405
Vature of business not allocable	13	13	699,792	606,465	211,940	10	213,229
			7,500 largest Cor	trolled Foreign Corpo	orationsContinued		
Selected industrial group of 7,500 largest Controlled Foreign Corporations	rations with current earnings and profits (+) before taxes Continued	current earnings Current and profits (+) earnings and before taxes profits deficit (-)		come taxes earnings and ess deficit)	Current earnings and profits (+) after taxes	Actual distributions in current year	Subpart F income
	Foreign income taxes (net)	before taxes	Net taxes	Taxes (+)		,	
	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
All industries	24,064,632	7,074,546	23,929,652	24,454,944	63,122,159	45,524,746	12,101,074
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	21,068	32,363	21,385	21,385	89,499	60,051	17,693
lining	1,169,581	403,480	1,120,944	1,217,866	2,234,704	2,146,376	396,584 17,607
Construction	147,744 16.034,750	91,317 2,232,140	145,626	151,689	251,521	175,126 25,600,603	3,402,003
Anufacturing Food and kindred products Chemicals and allied products Petroleum (including integrated)	1,028,298 3,650,451	270,732 430,387	1,021,721 3,654,847	1,041,825 3,682,771	2,520,799 7,831,238	2,219,182 4,617,443	109,942 502,653
and coal products Fabricated metal products	937,151 300,919	126,965 41,236	941,812 301,355	944,484 305,129	2,690,658 691,829	1,814,052 305,307	319,784 7,274
Machinery, except electrical	4,020,298	369,665	4,010,231	4,101,204	6,534,521	6,248,891	530,995
Electrical and electronic equipment Motor vehicles and equipment	889,056 1,907,893	294,691 168,749	879,757 1,903,709	894,157 1,916,623	2,826,644 5,115,750	2,165,400 3,155,430	322,207 736,197
ransportation and public utilities	391,366	180,641	393,398	396,576	1,111,455	528,920	264,533
Transportation	75,257	172,897	76,591	78,001	444,759	90,540	235,709
Communication Electric, gas and sanitary services	178,752 137,357	3,090 4,653	178,743	178,752	322,334 344,362	119,500 318,880	3,320 25,504
Vholesale and retail trade	3,836,940 3,394,810	1,837,024 1,696,417	3,811,147 3,378,617	3,877,486 3,429,889	8,401,854 7,628,408	6,196,010 5,675,125	1,544,415 1,519,625
Wholesale trade	3,394,810 1,852,144	1,953,779	1.816.449	1,957,503	13,145,525	10,214,487	5,853,288
Banking	256,377	308,359	256,529	267,945	1,033,212	245,651	545,753
	565,134	303,084	550,661	573,390	2,523,141	1,183,753	1,688,070
Credit agencies other than banks				122 025	A12 550	AR 231	111 085
Credit agencies other than banks Security, commodity brokers and services Real estate	128,328 79,988	276,591 10,972	122,131 79,610	133,035 80,976	412,559 288,727	43,231 66,688	111,085 113,718
Credit agencies other than banks Security, commodity brokers and services	128,328	276,591	122,131				
Credit agencies other than banks Security, commodity brokers and services Real estate Holding and other investment companies,	128,328 79,988	276,591 10,972	122,131 79,610	80,976	288,727	66,688	113,718

Nature of business not allocable.

6,792

1,290

6,792

6,792

206,737

961

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 1.--U.S. Corporation Returns with Total Assets of \$500 Million or More and their 7,500 Largest Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Total Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income and Total Transactions, by Selected Industrial Group of Controlled Foreign Corporation--Continued [Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

	·		7,500 large	st Controlled For	eign Corporations	-Continued		
Selected industrial group		Receipts by foreign	corporations from-		Payments by foreign corporations to			
of 7,500 largest Controlled Foreign Corporations	All related persons, total	U.S. corporation filing return and its domestic subsidiaries	Any foreign corporation controlled by U.S. corporation filing return	All other related persons	Ail related persons, total	U.S. corporation filling return and its domestic subsidiaries	Any foreign corporation controlled by U.S. corporation filing return	All other related persons
	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)
li industries	199,617,859	75,534,182	123,815,388	268,289	247,684,297	135,676,987	111,841,708	165,602
iculture, forestry and fishing	. 332,184	9,044	323,140	-	208,088	115,773	92,315	-
ing	2,418,720	1,484,795	925,910	8,014	3,323,836	2,464,123	859,713	-
nstruction	568,271	160,645	407,626	-	776,451	361,847	414,604	-
nufacturing Food and kindred products Chemicals and allied products Petroleum (including integrated)	1 35,642,784 6,134,399 18,933,364	55,423,537 608,895 3,649,124	80,009,372 5,525,231 15,284,240	209,875 273	156,297,407 7,407,630 24,121,839	91,630,689 2,935,212 11,364,825	64,637,473 4,472,418 12,756,677	29,245 337
and coal products Fabricated metal products Machinery, except electrical Electrical and electronic equipment Motor vehicles and equipment	7,729,775 1,267,431 31,354,976 15,299,177 37,546,416	2,849,788 289,903 9,258,524 6,455,418 26,300,859	4,879,987 977,500 22,091,625 8,843,702 11,245,557	29 4,827 57	9,793,087 1,506,208 38,014,328 17,207,179 38,720,982	6,834,038 704,291 19,015,825 10,899,876 29,234,042	2,959,049 801,665 18,997,319 6,305,148 9,486,940	252 1,184 2,157
ransportation and public utilities ransportation	1,258,234 1,136,093 38,870 83,270	843,152 	415,081 	(*) (*) -	1,084,025 510,556 302,635 270,835	373,337 207,825 75,733 89,779	703,475 297,918 224,501 181,055	7,214 4,813 2,401
Nolesale and retail trade Wholesale trade	38,025,629 36,415,467	10,476,886 10,045,559	27,504,329 26,368,666	44,414 1,242	64,065,867 59,813,837	28,319,224 26,980,704	35,632,447 32,718,937	114,196 114,196
ance, insurance and real estate Banking	17,352,668 1,337,576 4,109,740 1,514,016 213,936	6,073,881 865,663 2,222,552 986,511 79,465	11,272,799 471,910 1,887,189 525,728 134,471	5,986 3 1,776 	18,364,623 1,700,665 4,278,933 1,002,581 280,811	10,737,125 1,020,698 1,846,250 341,584 115,866	7,612,551 679,966 2,432,683 658,249 164,945	14,947
except bank holding companies	8,427,157	986,610	7,436,774	3,773	9,609,455	6,653,910	2,943,347	12,199
vices	3,983,172	1,057,465	2,925,707	-	3,456,275	1,643,699	1,812,576	÷
ture of business not allocable	36,199	4,777	31,422	-	107,725	31,171	76,554	· _

1 Number of returns are not additive since some U.S. corporations have Controlled Foreign Corporations in more than one industrial group.

² Less than \$500. NOTE: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

Table 2.--U.S. Corporation Returns with Total Assets of \$500 Million or More and Their 7,500 Largest Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Total Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income and Total Transactions, by Selected Country of Incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation [Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

	7,500 largest Controlled Foreign Corporations									
Selected country of incorporation	Number of	Number			Current earnings	with current	eorporations earnings and before taxes			
of 7,500 largest Controlled Foreign Corporations	U.S. corporation returns ¹	of foreign corporations	Total assets	Business receipts	and profits (less deficit) before taxes	Number of foreign corporations	Current earning and profits (+) before taxes			
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)				
All geographic areas	744	7,500	958,113,019	822,975,169	79,811,427	5,978	86,885,973			
Canada	460	870	160,349,675	142,278,931	12,821,136	708	13,412,942			
Latin America, total	278	871	67.791.225	63,592,127	8,502,464	680	9,721,089			
Mexico	81	118	7,549,625	9,428,139	1,223,219	86	1,347,689			
Central America, total	71	132	13,601,105	9,589,600	987,204	104	1,134,345			
Belize		-		-	1 - 1	-	- 1			
Costa Rica	5	8	181,205	294,683	-7,663	6	7,771			
El Salvador	**					••				
Guatemala	4	4	80,774	123,307	-7,659	3	7,077			
Honduras	5	8	291,488	471,101	40,544	7	40,646			
Nicaragua	65	107	12,931,180	8,422,601	918,236	83	1,035,105			
Panama	75	95	11,962,326	3,528,601	1,032,758	77	1,214,169			
Caribbean countries, total	75 58	75	10,683,328	2,364,132	763,442	60	880,232			
Cayman Islands (British) Dominican Republic Haiti	**		10,003,320	2,304,132	103,442	*				
Jamaica	3	3	300,500	216,126	187,109	- 3	187,109			
Trinidad and Tobago	**		(· ···	· · ·		**				
Other Caribbean countries	12	13	521,983	761,209	-3,681	10	60,940			
South America, total	197	526	34,678,168	41,045,788	5,259,283	413	6,024,887			
Argentina Bolivia	53	61	3,454,110	3,304,597	42,182 	36	172,129			
Brazil	158	292	23,649,760	29,707,456	4,148,887	222	4,734,357			
Chile	26	52	2,537,341	1,603,207	259,305	47	270,990			
Colombia	30	33	1,149,221	2,381,653	229,782	29	256,117			
Ecuador	**									
Paraguay			050.070	004.047	40.417		16,776			
Peru	7	7	259,670	284,217	16,417 16,586	5 7	17.548			
Uruguay	7 49	67	285,390 3,246,629	3,545,661	543,303	63	547,442			
Venezuela Other South American countries	49	67	3,240,029	3,545,001	040,000					
					3,800,307	440	4,129,649			
Other Western Hemisphere, total	287 33	520 51	70,826,154 7,216,918	28,839,412 5,105,804	255,669	39	4,129,649			
Bahamas Bermuda	- 33 187	279	27,194,960	11,201,506	2,208,736	227	2.356.004			
Netherlands Antilles	136	182	35,265,866	3,648,369	1,208,818	167	1,261,714			
Other British West Indies	6	8	1,148,411	8,883,732	127,085	7	130,841			
All other Western Hemisphere		- 1		l · · -						
Europe, total	510	3,830	517,229,914	452,905,964	40,741,074	2,996	44,685,677			
European Economic Community, total	500	3,427	465,708,398	404,738,731	35,162,397	2,684	38,879,110			
Belgium	130	210	23,689,202	20,831,428	1,736,111	180	1,843,478			
Denmark	35	46	2,803,728	2,737,016	228,694	30	276,964			
France (including Andorra)	232	439	42,329,635	54,149,744	3,360,754	335	3,743,833			
Greece	19	20	495,332	1,204,668	41,812	16	50,104			
Ireland	51	74	9,143,757	3,589,958	783,181	61	828,838			
Italy (including San Marino)	196	337	31,975,821	34,926,624	2,372,433	269	3,400,807			
Luxembourg	21	33	6,845,366	1,851,947	237,212	28	281,913			
Netherlands	188	365	41,032,710	35,838,811	4,473,699	294	4,691,383			
Portugal	32	38	1,936,335	2,483,132	244,001	32	252,431 2,409,304			
Spain	136	210	17,565,699 205,412,482	18,995,888	2,316,063 12,601,876	185 877	13,878,068			
United Kingdom West Germany	399 258	1,159 496	82,478,332	135,953,877 92,175,639	6,766,559	377	7,221,987			

Footnotes at end of table,

Table 2.--U.S. Corporation Returns with Total Assets of \$500 Million or More and Their 7,500 Largest Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Total Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income and Total Transactions, by Selected Country of Incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation--Continued [Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

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			<u> </u>	500 largest Controll	ed Foreign Corporatio	ns	
	Number			a e t		with current	orporations earnings and
Selected country of incorporation of 7,500 largest Controlled Foreign Corporations	of U.S. corporation returns ¹	Number of foreign corporations	Totai assets	Business receipts	Current earnings and profits (less deficit) before taxes	Number of foreign corporations	Current earning: and profits (+) before taxes
	(1)	(2)	(3)		(5)	. (6)	0
Other West European countries, total	. 170	402	51,223,880	48,122,548	5,561,070	311	5,788,960
Austria	36	48	4,130,108	4,094,415	297,822	37	320,904
Finland	. 20	. 21	1,421,673	2,186,383	175,832	16	185,875
Liechtenstein	5	8	278,042	231,941	30,272	5	31,664
Monaco						**	
Norway	32 51	36 55	2,753,565 3,957,487	3,177,344	173,917 355,464	22 40	221,923
Sweden Switzerland	127	220	37,898,892	6,027,776 31,584,268	4,477,469	180	402,235 4,554,214
Turkey	. 12/	9	354,834	677.523	23,309	7	44,236
All other West European countries	*	· · ·	**	÷*		** .	**
East European countries, total	**	, .			⊷	**	}.: ⊷
East Germany		-	2 -	<u></u>	· -		
Rumania	· - · ·	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		┤╧───╼╧──╏		
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics	· ••	· · ·	-	-	1 ·		- · .
Other East European countries	1 A -	. **	•		1 * . {		l: **
Africa, total	78	164	10,025,716	9,354,837	946,646	130	1,084,108
North Africa, total	11	15	342,625	668,063	38,953	13	42,797
Algeria	** .					** `	
Egypt	· 7	7	139,541	274,479	19,237	5	23,081
Libya	4	4	103,476	120,582	11,631	- 4	11,631
Morocco Other North African countries		**	**	⇒ 120,002 ₩	11,001	** *	11,031
East Africa, total	6	7	273,619	329,402	41,434	5	45.691
Ethiopia			2/3,019	323,402	41,404	-	40,091
Kenya		**	•	· •		**	No. 🛱
Tanzania		·					-
Uganda	- , ,	-	<u>1</u>	. .		, ·	- · · -
Other East African countries			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		• •	••	. ••
West and Central Africa, total	40	88	7,091,825	3,986,415	494,397	63	581,143
Gabon	**	· · · ·	**	**	•	**	· •••
Ghana	· · · · ·	**	7, 44	**		14 J. 14 J. J.	19. s 🗰
Liberia	30	62	5,230,427	1,972,648	90,932	- 44	157,223
Nigeria	9	9	1,177,665 117,676	1,007,387	249,186	6	263,955
Zaire Other West and Central African	3	4	117,070	113,582	14,170	4	14,170
countries	6	10	300,875	533,360	8,356	6	14.041
Southern Africa, total	42	54	2,317,647	4,370,956	371,862	49	414,478
Malawi	**	; :	2,017,047 **	**	**	*	+++++
Zimbabwe	6	8	325,720	520,392	93,563	8	93,563
South Africa (including Namibia)	39	44	1,922,000	3,752,771	265,427	39	308,043
Zambia	**	**		**	l **. l	**	**
Other Southern African countries	-	-			-	-	-
Asia, total	256	749	82,384,554	92,511,270	10,030,986	622	10,548,704
Middle East, total	25	40	2,119,365	1,651,218	247,789	31	272,520
Bahrain	3	3	154,757	98,396	33,057	3	33,057
Iran			- 1	-	1 - 1	-	-
iræq Isræel	8	17	592,479	527,913	72,187	14	74,993
Kuwait	÷ 1	1/ 	UUZ,4/9	32/,913	12,107	14	14,990
Lebanon		**	••		•••	**	**
Qatar			_	_	_	. .	-
Saudi Arabia	9	13	1,020,021	509,767	121,861	9	143.367
United Arab Emirates			**	**			**
Other Areas of Arabian Peninsula	-	· _	-		- 1	- 1	 •
Other Middle East countries	**	**	**	**]. · · • ↓		**

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 2.--U.S. Corporation Returns with Total Assets of \$500 Million or More and Their 7,500 Largest Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Total Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income and Total Transactions, by Selected Country of Incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation–Continued [Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

			7	,500 largest Controlk	ed Foreign Corporatio	ns	
Selected country of incorporation of 7,500 largest Controlled Foreign Corporations	Number of U.S. corporation returns ¹	Number of foreign corporations	Total assets	Business receipts	Current earnings and profits (less deficit) before taxes	with current	orporations earnings and before taxes Current earning and profits (+) before taxes
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Southern and Southeastern Asia, total	97	197	11,858,965	15,404,957	1,153,213	173	1,432,558
Bangiadesh			-			-	
India	8	8	344,123	485,638	56.692	8	56.692
Indonesia	8	9	394,293	166,028	25,612	5	29,526
Malaysia	20	32	1,577,814	3,700,117	274,915	31	277,336
Pakistan	**					**	
Philippines	24	25	1,613,616	1,941,837	121,444	23	129,185
Singapore	65	86	6,147,659	6,452,025	508,512	69	773,782
Sri Lanka							
Thailand	27	32	1,569,343	2,558,151	149,747	32	149,747
Vietnam		-	- 1	- 1			- 1
Other Southern and Southeastern				1			
Asian countries	**] "]	**	
East Asia, total	226	512	68,406,223	75,455,095	8,629,984	418	8,843,626
China	7	8	155,065	60,967	-1,022	3	1,915
Taiwan	42	50	3,177,774	5,618,883	642,125	48	643,811
Hong Kong	110	154	16,875,530	9,795,690	1,387,688	126	1,450,530
Japan	160	259	44,845,347	55,446,061	6,355,070	214	6,476,919
South Korea, Republic of	32	41	3,352,507	4,533,494	246,123	27	270,452
Other Eastern Asian countries		-	-	-	-		
Ceanle, total	204	412	41,660,798	28,467,370	2,467,117	325	2,786,107
Australia	200	347	37,769,546	25,434,709	2,329,597	278	2,594,987
New Zealand	38	62	3,807,131	2,924,763	126,533	44	180,133
Other countries of Oceania	**			-		**	
verto Rico and U.S. Possessions.			1		1)
total	50	84	7,844,982	5,025,259	501,697	77	517,697
Puerto Rico	38	69	6,481,722	1,457,509	236,589	62	252,589
U.S. Possessions, total	12	15	1,363,261	3,567,750	265,108	15	265,108
American Samoa	-	l <u>→</u>		-	· -		-
Guam	5	5	144,963	397,575	37,490	5	37,490
U.S. Virgin Islands	7	10	1,218,298	3,170,175	227,618	10	227,618
Other U.S. Possessions			-	-	- 1	-	- 1
OPEC countries (included above)	64	107	6,001,047	5,380,131	961,652	91	1,007,261
ax haven countries (included above)	465	1.706	214,122,391	132,736,116	17,027,006	1.388	18,428,995

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 2.--U.S. Corporation Returns with Total Assets of \$500 Million or More and Their 7,500 Largest Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Total Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income and Total Transactions, by Selected Country of Incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation--Continued [Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

			7,500 largest Cor	ntrolled Foreign Corp	orationsContinued		
Selected country of incorporation of 7,500 largest Controlled Foreign Corporations	Foreign corporations with current earnings and profits (+) before taxes Continued	Current earnings and profits deficit (-) before taxes	on current profits (le	come taxes earnings and ess deficit)	Current earnings and profits (+) after taxes	Actual distributions in current year	Subpart F income
	Foreign income taxes (net)		Net taxes	Taxes (+)		ļ	·
	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	· (12)	(13)	(14)
All geographic areas	24,064,632	7,074,546	23,929,652	24,454,944	63,122,159	45,524,746	12,101,074
Canada	4,083,768	591,807	3,999,207	4,108,810	9,362,980	6,750,034	982,015
Latin America, totai	2,099,866	1,218,626	2,125,600	2,144,797	7,652,313	3,112,610	1.632.221
Mexico	411,187	124,470	419,855	421,719	948,575	297,183	96,900
Central America, total	122,946	147,141	126,377	129,725	1,017,664	404,635	560,972
Belize	· · ·	· ••					
Costa Rica	2,708	15,434	2,708	2,799	5,164	1,658	
El Salvador	**	**	++		**	**	[™
Guatemala	2,295	14,736	344	2,295	4,783	3,309	1,386
Honduras	18,015		18,015	18,015	22,631	11,694	1,283
Nicaragua	70,357	116,869	75 700	77.045	001 700		
Panama			75,739	77,045	964,769	375,258	557,918
Caribbean countries, total	40,707	181,411	46,099	46,105	1,173,462	920,741	360,434
Cayman Islands (British)	20,688	116,790	25,080	25,086	859,545	848,269	314,973
Dominican Republic				- ···		· · ·	
Haiti Jamaica	1,312	-	1,312	1,312	185,797	648	574
Trinidad and Tobago	1,312		210,1	1,312	180,/9/	. 048	5/4
Other Caribbean countries	8,047	64,621	9,047	9,047	52,892	48,504	44,543
South America, total	1,525,025	765.603	1,533,269	1.547.248	4.512.613	1.490.052	613,915
Argentina	42,554	129,947	43,995	45,153	4,512,613	125,044	28,261
Bolivia	72,004	120,047	40,000	40,100	130,300	125,044	28,201
Brazil	1,180,249	585,469	1,189,886	1,191,831	3,559,652	1.040.497	513,761
Chile	13,425	11,685	13,566	13,566	257,565	61,929	42,846
Colombia	67,483	26,335	62,905	67,570	190,257	85,727	6,892
Ecuador		**	**	· · ·		**	**
Paraguay	••]	••)	**	••		**	**
Peru	16,195	359	17,661	206,688	. 5,365	4,537	
Uruguay	2,709	960	2,709	2,709	14,837	4,578	8,510
Venezuela	200,565	4,139	200,478	206,688	346,891	162,972	13,645
Other South American countries			·		~	•• ·	·
Other Western Hemisphere, total	373,392	329,341	372,194	376,138	3,756,694	3,333,649	2,170,387
Bahamas	82,348	125,421	82,623	82,623	298,742	218,335	96,007
Bermuda	208,451	147,268	206,032	209,814	21,477,948	1,661,114	1,154,631
Netherlands Antilles	76,178	52,896	77,124	77,286	1,185,577	1,003,069	837,696
Other British West Indies All other Western Hemisphere	6,415	3,757	6,415	6,415	124,426	451,131	82,053
urope, total	11,948,260	3,944,603	11,875,496	12,233,787	32,953,714	26,979,203	5,756,405
European Economic Community, total	11,103,139	3,716,713	11,038,884	11,369,563	27,985,876	22,185,571	3,734,502
Belgium	454,823	107,367 48,270	457,266	462,266	1,392,858	853,589	352,823
Denmark France (including Andorra)	112,126 1,349,942	48,270 383.079	111,957 1.344,497	115,800 1,362,864	165,616 2,398,908	146,002	9,272
Greece	1,349,942	8,291	1,344,497	1,362,864	2,398,908 34,977	1,494,267 4.670	186,950
Ireland	18,616	45.657	18,278	18,883	810,274	4,670	5,643 106,893
Italy (including San Marino)	1,278,697	1,028,373	1.268,774	1,289,802	2,130,436	1,406,853	246,491
Luxembourg	70.696	44,701	70,704	70,730	211,217	108,615	246,491
Netherlands	996,448	217,684	975,831	101,587	3,705,609	2,501,120	788.834
Portugal	68,235	8,430	68,120	68,549	184,215	128,730	23,466
Spain	568,540	93,241	568,866	569,112	1,842,374	973,982	154,316
United Kingdom	3,862,904	1,276,192	3,824,438	3,965,856	10,183,188	9,451,604	1,321,853
West Germany	2,306,528	455,428	2,314,351	2,419,303	4,926,205	4,550,647	515,256

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 2.–U.S. Corporation Returns with Total Assets of \$500 Million or More and Their 7,500 Largest Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Total Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income and Total Transactions, by Selected Country of Incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation–Continued [Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

			7,500 largest Con	trolled Foreign Corpo	rationsContinued		
Selected country of incorporation of 7,500 largest Controlled Foreign Corporations	Foreign corporations with current earnings and profits (+) before taxes Continued Foreign income	Current earnings and profits deficit (-) before taxes	Foreign inc on current e profits (le: Net taxes	amings and	Current earnings and profits (+) after taxes	Actual distributions in current year	Subpart F income
	taxes (net)						
	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
Other West European countries, total	843,262	227,890	834,753	862,366	4,952,089	4,785,002	2,009,667
Austria	127,284	23,081	125,020	128,106	194,251	300,172	16,689
Finland	50,251	10,043	50,915	51,083	135,936	118,258	4,160
Liechtenstein	2,376	1,392	2,494	2,494	29,288	15,312	19,353
Monaco	40 700	40.000	00.04F	45 404	101 107	97 104	6,568
Norway	40,796	48,006	39,815	45,491	181,127	87,134	4,349
Sweden	204,454	46,772	199,292 399.611	205,959 411,624	199,385 4,157,563	123,815 4,109,934	4,349
Switzerland	400,494	76,745					
Turkey	16,760	20,926	16,760	16,760	27,476	8,735	2,727
All other West European countries			**				
East European countries, total		**		**			
East Germany	-		-	-	-	-	-
Rumania	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics							
Other East European countries							
rica, total	384,379	137,461	390,703	392,070	699,735	538,900	176,882
North Africa, total	13,206	3,843	13,651	13,651	29,597	18,492	3,947
Algeria	*	**	**	**			
Egypt	4,854	3,843	5,299	5,299	18,227	13,790	3,947
Libya	-						
Morocco	5,210	-	5,210	5,210	6,429	3,685	-
Other North African countries	** :	••	**		*	**	
East Africa, total	21,034	4,256	20,339	21,034	24,656	10,086	2,969
Ethiopia		-		-	-	-	-
Kenya	**	**	**	**	**		**
Tanzania	-		-	-			••
Uganda	-	-	-	-		-	-
Other East African countries	**	**					••
West and Central Africa, total	166,339	86,746	173,585	173,585	414,803	360,244	76,474
Gabon				**			
Ghana					457 400	20.074	79 794
Liberia	93 05 262	66,292	93 102,504	93 102.504	157,130 168,694	39,874 254,608	73,734
Nigeria	95,262	14,769	102,504	102,504	8,587	254,608 4,980	2,741
Zaire	5,583	-	5,583	5,563	0,00/	4,900	2,741
Other West and Central African	4,279	5,685	4,282	4,282	9,762	6,726	_
countries							93,492
Southern Africa, total	183,800	42,616	183,129	183,800	230,678	150,078	93,492
Malawi	00 700		00 706	39,706	53.857	20.891	
Zimbabwe	39,706	40.616	39,706				90.197
South Africa (including Namibia)	138,921	42,616	138,250	138,921	169,122	125,969	90,197
Zambia Other Southern African countries							-
	-	-	-				
sia, total	4,202,511	517,718	45,208,069	4,216,075	6,357,625	4,097,972	983,865
Middle East, total	26,371	24,730	26,592	26,592	249,592	340,066	77,210
Bahrain	3		3	3	33,054	-	1,847
Iran		-			-	- 1	-
iraq		-	10 404	10 424	50 000	8.656	-
Israel	19,331	2,805	19,424	19,424	59,088	8,000	
Kuwait							**
Lebanon							
Qatar		01 506	970	970	142,518	328,808	75.363
Saudi Arabia	866	21,506	910	9/0	142,318	320,000	10,000
United Arab Emirates Other Areas of Arabian Peninsula				-			

Footnotes at end of table,

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			7,500 largest Cor	trolled Foreign Corpo	prationsContinued	•		
Selected country of incorporation of 7,500 largest Controlled Foreign Corporations	Foreign corporations with current earnings and profits (+) before taxes profits deficit		on current	come taxes earnings and ss deficit)	Current earnings and profits (+)	Actual distributions in current	Subpart F income	
and a second	Continued Foreign income taxes (net)	before taxes -	Net taxes	Taxes (+)	after taxes	year		
	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
Southern and Southeastern Asia, total Bangladesh	204,533	279,345	206,420	209,761	1,232,541	865,382	158,191	
India	23,533	<u>_</u>	23,533	23,533	33,159	9,792	1,765	
Indonesia	7,442	3,914	7,524	7,524	22,084	13.803		
Malaysia	30,481	2,421	30,481	30,841	247,107	150,032	17.842	
Pakistan	· • 1		•	**.		**		
Philippines	45,417	7,740	43,397	45,417	87,872	50,862	9,408	
Singapore	47,656	265,270	51,482	52,444	726,126	608,241	122,256	
Sri Lanka	·	-	-		i	-	• • • • •	
Thailand	43,134		43,134	43,134	106,772	28,671	4,685	
Vietnam	- 1	· - (-	j	
Other Southern and Southeastern							, ·	
Asian countries	2 · • •• · ·	, . **		••	•	**.		
East Asia, total	3,971,608	213,642	3,975,057	3,979,722	4,875,492	2,892,525	748,464	
China	477	2,936	477	477	1,438			
Taiwan	72,921	1,686	72,914	73,696	570,889	107,322	: 39,799	
Hong Kong	: 195,287	62,842	194,558	197,556	1,255,285	873,584	434,105	
Japan	3,622,841	121,848	3,626,960	3,627,844	2,857,169	1,850,972	261,270	
South Korea, Republic of	80,081	24,330	80,148	80,148	190,711	60,646	13,290	
Other Eastern Asian countries	· - ·	-		• • •		·	·	
Oceania, total	885,930	318,990	871,855	896,739	1,907,928	611,983	385,101	
Australia	830,639	265,390	815,555	838,008	1,765,358	548,448	371,270	
New Zealand	53,034	53,600	54,043	56,474	1,333,839	50,511	13,830	
Other countries of Oceania	*	· ••	. • ••	**		**		
Puerto Rico and U.S. Possessions,	1		1. 1.	7		1	5 L	
total	86,527	16,000	86,527	· 86,527	431,169	100,394	14,198	
Puerto Rico	63,153	16,000	63,153	63,153	189,435	47,537	14,198	
U.S. Possessions, total	23,374	-	23,374	23,374	241,734	52,857		
American Samoa	· - 1	· - 1						
Guam	6,090	. - I	6,090	6.090	31,400	31,604	-	
U.S. Virgin Islands	17,284	·	17,284	17,284	210,333	21,253	- 19 - 19 🛖	
Other U.S. Possessions			· -		-	,	1 1 1 L	
PEC countries (included above)	310,741	45,610	318,269	324,480	696,552	767,366	89,007	
ax haven countries (included above)	2,314,669	1,401,989	2,303,703	2,362,892	16,130,076	13,181,029	6,521,116	

Table 2.-U.S. Corporation Returns with Total Assets of \$500 Million or More and Their 7,500 Largest Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Total Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income and Total Transactions, by Selected Country of Incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation-Continued [Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

	- <u></u>		7,500 larg	est Controlled For	eign Corporations	Continued		
Selected country of incorporation of 7.500 largest	4	Receipts by foreigr	corporations from	-		Payments by fore	ign corporations to	
Controlled Foreign Corporations		U.S. corporation	Any foreign		1	U.S. corporation		
	All related	filing return	corporation	Ail other	Ail related	filing return	corporation	All other
	persons,	and its	controlled by	related	persons,	and its	controlled by	related
	total	domestic subsidiaries	U.S. corporation filing return	persons	total	domestic subsidiaries	U.S. corporation filing return	persons
	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)
ll geographic areas	199,617,859	75,534,182	123,815,388	268,289	247,684,297	135,676,987	111,841,708	165,602
anada	37,206,929	30,066,847	7,092,202	47,880	42,222,392	36,986,642	5,225,493	10,257
atin America, total	12,210,198	6,792,967	5,374,060	43,172	12,372,477	8,506,412	3,863,550	2,514
Mexico	3,587,378	3,130,159	457,219	-	3,724,733	3,080,324	644,394	15
Central America, total	2.081.106	1,013,208	1.024.726	43,172	1,161,717	863,877	297,840	
Belize		-				l -] -]	
Costa Rica	154,878	3,573	151,306	-	39,831	28,239	11,592	
El Salvador	**) "		**] [**
Guatemala	65,064	2,262	62,801		11,864	9,356	2,508	
Honduras	104,992	73,615	31,377		91,915	62,046	29,868	
Nicaragua	**							••
Panama	1,647,790	931,676	672,942	43,172	1,004,475	757,404	247,071	
Caribbean countries, total	874,719	280,392	594,326		1,344,055	1,127,551	214,103	2,401
Cayman Islands (British)	746,334	202,025	544,310		1,232,859	1,055,550	177,309	-
Dominican Republic								
Haiti				-			-	
Jamaica	826	87	739		6,351	6,351	1	
Trinidad and Tobago Other Caribbean countries	127,242	77,964	49,278		69,358	64,485	2,472	2,401
			· · ·			3.434.660		-,0, 98
South America, total	5,666,995	2,369,207	3,297,788		6,141,972	3,434,660	2,707,214 149,308	98
Argentina	725,153	167,940	557,213		617,275	407,009	149,300	90
Bolivia Brazil	4,514,012	2,030,212	2,483,801	-	4,016,489	1,971,778	2,044,711	
Chile	96.967	46,641	50,326	-	269.938	185,908	84.031	
Colombia	167,324	87,485	79,839		354,589	232,790	121,799	
Ecuador	**	**		**	**	**		**
Paraguay	**	••		**				**
Peru	8.200	5,685	2,515		42,794	23,899	18,895	
Uruguay	837	616	222		19,427	18,145	1,282	
Venezuela	137,948	29,515	108,432		803,680	516,764	286,916	
Other South American countries					-	-	-	••
ther Western Hemisphere, total	8,395,548	5,660,320	2,734,765	463	8,797,072	5,866,398	2,836,974	93,699
Bahamas	262,967	91,717	171,251		1,351,406	962,698	387,867	841
Bermuda	4,283,380	2,640,320	1,642,626	434	3,371,125	2,250,059	1,121,066	
Netherlands Antilles	2,607,464	2,256,450	351,014		1,298,610	1,046,618	251,992	
Other British West Indies	1,241,736	671,833	569,874	29	2,775,931	1,607,024	1,076,049	92,858
All other Western Hernisphere			- 1		- 1	- (1 - 1	
urope, total	115.519.992	18,346.084	97,156,844	17.064	150,146,833	60,832,511	89,293,946	20,376
European Economic Community, total	102,287,692	16,061,725	86,209,579	16,388	129,950,744	51,975,350	77,955,532	19,862
Belgium	7,185,327	516,694	6,668,634	-	5,746,972	2,115,804	3,631,168	
Denmark	535,401	74,959	460,442		1,015,537	355,023	658,893	1,621
France (including Andorra)	12,862,361	1,763,916	11,098,445	+-	17,076,045	5,737,571	11,338,475	
Greece	47,178	2,462	44,716		143,430	38,175	105,255	-
Ireland	1,899,524	178,346	1,721,178		1,540,968	859,854	681,113	
Italy (including San Marino)	5,095,169	840,368	4,253,299	1,502	12,057,926	4,934,022	7,123,107	796
Luxembourg	1,088,698	248,337	840,361		612,027	198,168	413,859	
Netherlands	13,911,044	1,654,206	12,256,564	273	17,985,787	6,956,638	11,028,897	252
Portugal	492,022	17,587	474,436		805,256	293,524	511,732	-
Spain	3,428,709	242,870	3,185,839		5,768,113	1,866,500	3,901,613	17 100
United Kingdom West Germany	32,717,094 23,025,163	7,819,377 2,702,603	24,883,108 20,322,557	14,610	40,400,313 26,798,368	17,339,217 11,280,852	23,043,903 15,517,516	17,193

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 2.--U.S. Corporation Returns with Total Assets of \$500 Million or More and Their 7,500 Largest Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Total Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income and Total Transactions, by Selected Country of Incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation--Continued [Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

			7,500 large	est Controlled Fo	reign Corporations	Continued		
Selected country of incorporation	, I	Receipts by foreign	corporations from-	-		Payments by foreig	gn corporations to	
Controlled Foreign Corporations	Ail related persons, total	U.S. corporation filing return and its domestic subsidiaries	Any foreign corporation controlled by U.S. corporation filing return	Ail other related persons	Ali related persons, total	U.S. corporation filing return and its domestic subsidiaries	Any foreign corporation controlled by U.S. corporation filing return	All other related persons
	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)
Other West European countries, total	13,232,290	2,284,349	10,947,265	676	20,188,790	8,850,249	11,338,028	514
Austria	870,889	92,160	778,729	-	1,562,288	493,873	1,068,415	·
Finland	42,804	7,599	35,205	-	613,150	217,905	395,244	·
Liechtenstein Monaco	149,917	52,169	97,748		40,427	22,110	18,317	
Norway	450,184	208,997	241,187	-	982,769	550,058	432,711	
Sweden	1,834,669	284,392	1,549,601	676	1,984,169	484,445	1,499,210	514
Switzerland	9,839,938	1,601,647	8,238,291	-	14,821,991	7,044,486	7,777,505	-
Turkey	40,932	37,060	3,873		158,635	19,977	138,658	
All other West European countries	**			**	· · ·			**
East European countries, total	**			**	-	· · ·]	••	**
East Germany) "	-	-	- 1) - i	- 1	
Rumania Union of Soviet Socialist Republics	-		-	-			-	
Other East European countries							•••	••
\frica, total	1,763,252	1,002,311	735,789	25,152	1,589,416	791,516	792,757	5,143
North Africa, total	10,166	2,627	7,539		40,755	21,659	19,096	3,143
Algeria	**	-,		**			**	**
Egypt	924	126	799	•• ·	22,573	15,751	6,822	
Libya	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Morocco.	7,025	357	6,668	-	13,790	3,711	10,080	-
Other North African countries				••	(••
East Africa, total	61,023	16,560	44,463		69,092	64,966	4,126	-
Ethiopia Kenya								
Tanzania	-		1				- 1	-
Uganda	-		-				· · -	
Other East African countries	••			**				**
West and Central Africa, total	1,147,867	980,394	142,320	25,152	600,350	441,125	154,082	5,143
Gabon	••	••		**	••	• • •	· · · ·	**
Ghana	767.000	505 517			4 40 507	44.054		••
Liberia Nigeria	757,960 132,485	625,517 1,248,862	132,443 7.622	·	143,527 278.059	41,851 271,208	101,676 6,850	
Zaire	1,032	969	63		9,541	7,277	2,264	-
Other West and Central African	1,000		~			1,611	2,204	-
countries	2,468	316	2,153	·	51,366	10,941	40,425	
Southern Africa, total	544,197	2,729	541,467	ار 	879,219	263,765	615,454	 '
Malawi	**			**	**	••		**
Zimbabwe	7,728		7,728	· - ·	34,396	7,888	26,508	
South Africa (including Namibia)	536,371	2,631	533,740		841,536	255,539	585,997	
Zambia Other Southern African countries	_		1					
sia, total	19,757,608	11.173.491	8,581,730	2.387	25,634,785	18,476,870	7,134,217	23.698
Middle East, total	524,458	274,555	249,903	£,307	25,634,785	379,280	7,134,217 159,069	23,098
Bahrain	68,054	62,903	5,151	-	15,370	1,646	13,724	
Iran			-	-	-	.,,		
Iraq	-	-	- 1			- 1	- 1	
Israel	318,196	207,897	110,299	-	134,145	48,555	87,591	
Kuwait					· · · ·		· •]	**
Lebanon	- 1						• j	••
Qatar Saudi Arabia	131,492	2.799	128,693	-	364,304	212 050	E1 450	· _
United Arab Emirates	131,482	2,105	120,033		304,304	312,852	51,452	
Other Areas of Arabian Peninsula	-)		_]		·	1		
Other Middle East countries	••	••]	••	**			••	**

Footnotes at end of table

Table 2.-U.S. Corporation Returns with Total Assets of \$500 Million or More and Their 7,500 Largest Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Total Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income and Total Transactions, by Selected Country of Incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation-Continued [Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

			7,500 larg	est Controlled For	eign Corporations	Continued		·
Selected country of incorporation of 7.500 largest		Receipts by foreign	corporations from	_		Payments by foreig	gn corporations to	
Controlled Foreign Corporations	All related persons, total	U.S. corporation filing return and its domestic subsidiaries	Any foreign corporation controlled by U.S. corporation filing return	All other related persons	All related persons, total	U.S. corporation filing return and its domestic subsidiaries	Any foreign corporation controlled by U.S. corporation filing return	All other related persons
	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)
Southern and Southeastern Asia, total	7,705,654	5,189,069	2,516,528	57	8,033,617	5,613,580	2,419,978	60
Bangladesh				-	- 1			-
India	18,932	12,900	6,032	-	14,417	11,053	3,364	-
Indonesia	11,713	3,106	8,607	-	56,009	21,889	34,120	-
Malaysia	2,576,257	1,747,278	828,979	-	2,261,009	1,629,544	631,466	-
Pakistan	**	**	**	**			**	•
Philippines	425,129	196,853	228,276	-	648,491	245,723	402,769	-
Singapore	3,826,448	2,750,466	1,075,981		3,427,307	2,581,932	845,375	-
Sri Lanka			-	-	-	-	- 1	-
Thailand	842,858	478,463	364,338	57	1,620,230	1,120,369	499,801	60
Vietnam	-		-	-			-	-
Other Southern and Southeastern Asian countries	**			**				-
East Asia, total	11.527.495	5,709,867	5,815,298	2,330	17,062,819	12,484,011	4,555,171	23,638
China.	11,082	578	10,504		12,449	6,161	6,288	
Taiwan	1.287.722	972,515	315,207		1,058,521	803,533	254,987	-
Hong Kong	2,766,680	1,603,820	1,161,065	1,795	4,515,588	2,896,495	1,617,128	1,965
Japan	6,776,132	2,618,341	4,157,255	536	10,893,184	8,396,178	2,475,332	21,673
South Korea, Republic of	685,880	514,613	171,267	-	583,077	381,643	201,435	· -
Other Eastern Asian countries	-	- 1	- 1	-	- `	-	-	-
eania, total	2,244,173	480.375	1.631.627	132,172	5,884,437	3,498,119	2,376,404	9,914
Australia	2.042.147	425,282	1,484,693	132,172	5.077.509	3,142,999	1,924,595	9,914
New Zealand	200,649	55,092	145,557		767,420	352,674	414,746	-,•,•
Other countries of Oceania	**		**	**	**			•
erto Rico and U.S. Possessions,		1 1				[{	
total	2,520,160	2,011,787	508,372	-	1,036,885	718,519	318,366	-
Puerto Rico	155,562	151,274	4,288	-	356,217	344,996	11,221	-
U.S. Possessions, total American Samoa	2,364,598	1,860,513	504,084	-	680,667	373,522	307,145	-
	68,642	47,196	21,446		339.367	319.161	20,206	-
Guam U.S. Virgin Islands	2,295,955	1,813,317	482,638	-	341,300	54,361	286,939	-
Other U.S. Possessions	2,230,300	1,010,017	402,000		041,000	J	200,005	-
PEC countries (included above)	416,985	163,540	253,445	-	1,522,429	1,142,395	380,034	-
x haven countries (included above)	44,354,378	15,567,110	28,741,566	45,702	54,287,945	28,023,747	26,168,282	95,916

¹ Number of returns are not additive since some U.S. corporations have Controlled Foreign Corporations in more than one country. ** Data deleted to avoid disclosure of information on specific corporations. NOTE: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

Table 3.--U.S. Corporation Returns with Total Assets of \$500 Million or More and Their 7,500 Largest Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Total Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions and Subpart F Income, by Selected Country of Incorporation and Industrial Division of Controlled Foreign Corporation Image: Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

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		L		· ·	7,500 largest	Controlled Foreign				
				11		Foreign co				
Selected equates of incomparation and	Number		ъ.	1		with current of				<u>ا</u>
Selected country of incorporation and industrial division of 7,500 largest	U.S.	Number			Current earnings	profits (+) b	efore taxes	Foreign income	Actual	[
Controlled Foreign Corporations	corporation	of foreign	Total assets	Business	and profits		· · ·	taxes (net) on	distributions	Subpart F
Controlled Foreign Corporations	returns 1		assets	receipts	(less deficit)	Current earnings	Foreign income	current earnings	ln in	income
•	ioums .	corporations]	before taxes	and profits (+) before taxes	taxes (net)	and profits (less deficit)	Current year	
•		,	((USIONE LAXES	(180)	(Iess delicity	, year	
	(1)	(2)	, (3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	· (7) ·	(8)	(9)	(10)
ALL GEOGRAPHIC AREAS		· · · · · · ·	:							
All industries *	744	7,500	958,113,019	822,975,169	79,811,427	86,885,973	24,064,632	23,929,652	45,524,746	12,101,074
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	13	31	807,867	1,235,993	78,031	110,394	21,068	21,385	60,051	17,693
Mining	72	216	39,622,679	14,070,239	2,824,664	3,228,144	1,169,581	1,120,944	2,148,376	396,584
Construction	21	86	4,021,876	6,164,121	304,964	396,280	147,744	145,626	175,126	17,607
Manufacturing	418	3,060	343,317,903	484,236,296	49,370,100	51,602,241	16,034,750	16,008,560	25,600,603	3,402,003
Transportation and public utilities	72	194	18,458,833	11,680,656	1,322,159	1,502,800	391,366	393,398	528,920	264.533
Wholesale and retall trade	265	1,271	106,224,942	224,169,456	10,384,105	12.221.129	3,836,940	3,811,147	6,196,010	1,544,415
Finance, insurance and real estate	461	2,061	414,855,910	62,052,583	13,010,572	14,964,351	1,852,144	1,816,449	10,214,487	5,853,288
Services	198	568	30,103,216	18,759,361	2,304,892	2,647,405	604,249	605 350	602,213	5,653,268 604,952
CANADA		• • • • • • •		1 - 1 - 1 - 1	1,50 (,501).	210 11 100	001,210	1. 000,000		004,852
Il industries *	· '460	870	160,349,675	142,278,931	12,821,136	13,412,942	4,083,768	3,999,207	6,750,034	982,015
Agriculture, forestry and fishing				**				0,000,201 **		902,01D
Mining	41	··. 60	22,754,157	5,508,732	532,606	687,557	241,137	175,930	305,572	19,028
Construction							241,107	1/3,000	300,572	19,020
Manufacturing	280	408	. 67 782.373	96,624,689	8,860,798	8,997,108	2,758,205	2,757,032	4,252,907	618,711
Transportation and public utilities	27	37	6,099,899	3,914,072_	566.026			225,271	123,506	14,667
Wholesale and retail trade	96	110	11,904,423	25,005,973	982,393	1,049,482	409,773	408,920	406,489	24,294
Finance, insurance and real estate	101	, 177	47,826,383	8,068,003	1,649,763	1,783,941	316,218	299,994	1,599,659	286,222
Services	54	66	3,573,992	2,257,177	177,222	267,435	109,852	106,716	18,399	18,892
			0,010,002	2,207,177	111,422	207,400	108,002	100,710	10,099	10,092
BRAZIL					, i	·				
ll industries *	158	292	23,649,760	29,707,456	4,148,887	4,734,357	1,180,249	1,189,886	1,040,497	513,761
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	3	. 4	119,073	146,882	17,847	17,847	1,074	1,074	14,442	12,453
Mining	· 4	· · 5	121,397	85,388	11,182	12,566	526	1,013	2,500	· · · -
Construction		, s a	. •	· · · · · •			· •		· · •	**
Manufacturing	118	164	13,425,823	16,054,589	2,700,716	3,139,721	930,835	936,862	722,575	339,337
Transponation and public utilities		· •							- 1	••
Wholesale and retail trade	28	37	2,407,715	7,128,619	523,733	559,946	95,892	96,011	142,065	4,999
Finance, insurance and real estate	, 36	51	5,000,214	3,953,813	424,750	528,578	62,259	64,375	113,292	. 117,894
Services	21	25	1,889,261	1,733,070	327,990	333,029	30,934	31,037	4,080	39,078
MEXICO	l					•	.]	1. A. A.		· ·
Il Industries *	81	118	7,549,625	9,428,139	1,223,219	1,347,689	411,187	419,855	297,183	96,900
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	- 1	·		·	- '	-	- 1			^ _·
Mining		7 1	· · · ·		. 🗮 I	1 S. S. 🕈		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · ·	**
Construction			•	-t **	••	· · ·	× ••	· • 1		. **
Manufacturing	62	80	5,830,026	8,131;730	1,079,977	1,157,552	364,992	370,145	212,702	58,952
Transportation and public utilities	-				· -		- '			
Wholesale and retail trade	17	19	679,420	747,698	75,688	87,542	20,326	21,297	24,526	2,851
Finance, insurance and real estate	10	13	936,840	449,602	63,816	92,073	24,956	27,499	54,016	35,083
Services	-				-		** /	-	•	. * .
PANAMA I industries *	65	107	42 024 400			·				۰. ۲۰۰۱ میلاد و
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	55	107	12,931,180	8,422,601	918,236	1,035,105	70,367	75,739	375,258	557,918
	7	12	451,067	101 740						
Mining Construction	<u> </u>	12	451,007	121,740	-656	14,950	4,709	6,205	4,214	55,013
Manufacturing	15.	. 19	2,702,974	1,398,302	200 070					
Transportation and public utilities	8	. 19 20			. 388,272	.391,483	24,144	25,815	59,949	170,891
Wholesale and retail trade	16	18	1,961,760	1,099,636	139,433	142,176	17,625	18,236	7,647	107,914
Finance, insurance and real estate	21	27	2,072,990	5,068,817 525,976	226,017 150,887	251,180	11,484	11,534	164,951	148,898
Services	41	21	5,211,624	223,970	100,087	211,577	5,387	6,164	135,581	66,722

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 3.–U.S. Corporation Returns with Total Assets of \$500 Million or More and Their 7,500 Largest Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Total Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions and Subpart F Income, by Selected Country of Incorporation and Industrial Division of Controlled Foreign Corporation—Continued [Money amounts are in thousards of dolars]

		[7,500 largest	Controlled Foreign	Corporations			
	Number					Foreign co with current	vporations samings and			[
Selected country of incorporation and industrial division of 7,500 largest Controlled Foreign Corporations	of U.S. corporation returns ¹	Number of foreign corporations	Total assets	Business receipts	Current earnings and profits (less deficit) before taxes	profits (+) b Current earnings and profits (+) before taxes	efore taxes	Foreign income taxes (net) on current earnings and profits (less deficit)	Actual distributions in current year	Subpart I income
								(,	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
BAHAMAS										
All industries *	33	51	7,216,918	5,105,804	255,669	381,090	82,348	82,623	218,335	96,00
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	-									
Mining	5	7	756,513	273,101	144,205	121,213	40,979	40,979	95,325	28,47
Construction										
Manufacturing					í					
Transportation and public utilities Wholesale and retail trade	6	10	639,996	2,397,795	87,306	87,306	10,591	10,591	20.921	12.27
Finance, insurance and real estate	17	19	3,385,012	285,675	32,994	50,078	161	161	43,197	22,34
	4	7	782,000	456,975	41,547	53,070	17,225	17,225	14,902	17,93
Services	4	· ·	102,000	430,875	41,047		11,223	11,225	14,502	11,55
BERMUDA	187	279	27,194,960	11,201,506	2,208,736	2,356,004	208,451	206,032	1,661,114	1,154,63
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	187	2/8	21,104,000	11,201,300	2,200,700	2,000,000		100,002	1,001,114	•,104,00
Mining	7	13	1,218,439	1,036,189	515,743	550,766	130,032	130,275	581,027	91,27
Construction			.,			-				
Manufacturing	9	10	1,888,994	825,537	323,505	324,838	2,880	2,939	108,262	27,85
Transportation and public utilities	9	12	512.279	478,799	5,531	12,403	1,237	1,237	40,934	6,25
Wholesale and retail trade	13	15	2.297.495	3,799,754	160,781	163,975	12,212	12,212	48,521	84,20
Finance, insurance and real estate	167	221	20,968,778	4,955,837	1,183,084	1,283,930	57,227	54,506	866,047	941,31
Services	8	8	308,973	105,390	20,092	20,092	4,864	4,864	16,322	3,72
NETHERLANDS ANTILLES					ł	1				
All industries *	135	182	35,265,866	3,648,369	1,208,818	1,261,714	76,178	77,124	1,003,069	837,69
Agriculture, forestry and fishing										.
Mining Construction										
Manufacturing	**									
Transportation and public utilities					-					
Wholesale and retail trade	**									
Finance, insurance and real estate	128	172	34,419,642	3,347,785	1,132,398	1.185.155	74,606	75.247	1,003,069	819,96
Services	5	5	645,087	162,240	56,101	56,101	1,356	1,356		16,17
FRANCE					1	ł				
(INCLUDING ANDORRA)					})				
All industries *	232	439	42,329,635	54,149,744	3,360,754	3,743,833	1,349,942	1,344,497	1,494,267	186,95
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	**								· · •	
Mining	**			-	-	-				
Construction	**			•	· •	(••		**		
Manufacturing	156	261	25.173.886	38,957,767	2,570,888	2,759,401	1,020,187	1,017,847	1,241,827	43,75
Transportation and public utilities	**			**				**		
Wholesale and retail trade	69	88	6,860,894	11,134,941	438,887	540,584	217,559	214,729	114,712	4,97
Finance, insurance and real estate	33	48	8,551,011	1,505,006	233,843	294,763	48,983	49,046	82,776	136,83
Services	26	33	1,216,566	1,137,418	64,539	92,643	35,705	35,377	36,221	1,32
ITALY						ļ				
(INCLUDING SAN MARINO)						0.000-00-	4 070 007	4 060 73 4	4 400 050	246,49
All industries *	196	337	31,975,821	34,926,624	2,372,433	3,400,807	1,278,697	1,268,774	1,406,853	240,49
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	-			1 🛄	1 2				1	
Mining					1 2					
Construction			10 105 005	05 400 000	2 507 000	0.072.011	1.053.265	1,042,757	1,105,057	172,78
Manufacturing	117	180	18,135,265	25,123,926	2,597,980	2,673,611	1,053,365	1,042,757	1,100,00/	172,70
Transportation and public utilities			4	*		000 007	155 75 4	165 704	87.400	3.45
Wholesale and retail trade	63	75	4,833,303	7,379,348	-541.441	383,621	155,754	155,734	67,422	3,45
Finance, insurance and real estate	37	48 24	7,606,337 712,309	1,190,985 677,594	227,103	239,456 79,240	31,254 30,601	31,687 30,874	199,947 12,489	4,51

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 3.--U.S. Corporation Returns with Total Assets of \$500 Million or More and Their 7,500 Largest Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Total Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions and Subpart F Income, by Selected Country of Incorporation and Industrial Division of Controlled Foreign Corporation--Continued Money amounts are in thousands of doltars

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		7,500 largest Controlled Foreign Corporations										
	ļ			1	<u></u>	Foreign co	rporations		ļ	· · · · · ·		
	Number	1	.			with current	amings and		J			
Selected country of incorporation and	of	Number		}	Current earnings	profits (+) b	efore taxes	Foreign Income	Actual	l .		
industrial division of 7,500 largest	U.S.	of '	Total	Business	and profits			taxes (net) on	distributions	Subpart F		
Controlled Foreign Corporations	corporation	foreign	assets	receipts	(less deficit)	Current earnings	Foreign income	current earnings	l In	income		
	returns 1	corporations		· ·	before taxes	and profits (+)	taxes	and profits	current			
				}	1	before taxes	(net)	(less deficit)	year			
			<u>}</u>	(4)					·			
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)		(8)	(9)	(10)		
NETHERLANDS		· · ·										
Ail industries ² Agriculture, forestry and fishing	188	365	41,032,710	35,838,811	4,473,699	4,691,383	996,448 	975,831	2,501,120	788,834		
Mining	4	5	276,178	97,560	18,067	18,067	5,789	5,789	·			
Construction	-		-				**	**				
Manufacturing	87	126	16,014,733	23,140,146	2,914,566	3,039,920	733,754	733,934	1,441,789	90,282		
Transportation and public utilities	7	8	317,659	111,728	49,059	49,059	18,238	18,238		13,747		
Wholesale and retail trade	50	65	5,310,985	8,961,253	552,350	577,449	127,819	129,353	492,772	162,565		
Finance, Insurance and real estate	82	123	14,879,115	2,135,701	585,899	635,099	70,378	49,424	447,717	253,628		
Services	24	33	4,089,337	1,191,827	332,440	350,471	31,806	30,429	109,174	268,612		
SWITZERLAND				1	} •							
All industries *	127	220	37,898,892	31,584,268	4,477,469	4,554,214	400,494	399,611	4,109,934	1,942,244		
Agriculture, forestry and fishing Mining	· · · · ·] -	· -	-	-	- 1					
Construction	3	10	282.077	259,226	6,586	15.531	1,705	-		·		
Manufacturing	37	46	5,322,538	5,405,276	1,084,145	1,087,637	116,397	1,831	2,820	200 5 40		
Transportation and public utilities	3	3	198,811	67,113	631	1,087,037	39	. 116,399 2,505	1,474,875 35,000	308,540 12,108		
Wholesale and retail trade	50	63	8,053,397	21,516,575	958,860	988,981	165,163	161,049	766,857			
Finance, insurance and real estate	53	80	23,091,129	3.950.222	2,363,901	2,393,396	105,902	106.424	1,821,083	1,156,099		
Services	14	18	950,938	385,856	63,146	67,385	11,289	11,401	9,299	19,821		
UNITED KINGDOM									· ·			
All industries *	399	1,159	205,412,482	135,953,877	12,601,876	13,878,068	3,862,904	3,824,438	9,451,604	1,321,853		
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	25	43	8,254,297	4444 007	070.500				**	••		
Mining	10	45	532,969	4,111,937 915,086	970,533 7,428	1,047,325 37,903	553,393	565,907	628,449	141,664		
Manufacturing	219	386	48,140,128	76,857,996	6,812,697	7,129,945	18,557 1,935,617	14,417	7,656	2,364		
Transportation and public utilities	**	**	**	10,001,000	0,012,007	1,120,040	1,835,617	1,908,465	4,976,198	342,992		
Wholesale and retail trade	87	121	17,826,118	34,267,804	2,055,060	2,195,564	736,554	733,247	1,119,980	101,650		
Finance, insurance and real estate	177	452	124,089,989	14,062,313	2,305,318	2,898,248	492,349	476,191	2,548,666	682,854		
Services	79	123	5,604,720	5,010,045	396,603	499,698	. 115,502	115,315	142,116	38,220		
WEST GERMANY						I	}					
All industries *	258	496	82,478,332	92,175,639	6,766,559	7,221,987	2,306,528	2,314,351	4,550,647	515,256		
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	- 1					- 1	- 1		· · · ·)			
Mining		**	••• •		-		-		••	**		
Construction	5	6	316,530	549,129	18,960	25,208	10,258	10,258	15,427			
Manufacturing	158	264	41,557,779	65,118,557	5,186,131	5,417,293	1,804,368	1,801,668	3,338,038	210,461		
Transportation and public utilities,	83		0.001.007			**			**	**		
Wholesale and retail trade Finance, insurance and real estate	53	101 75	8,834,067 28,880,129	20,800,381 3,238,575	747,733	830,919	247,197	245,414	746,184	82,984		
	33	41	1,895,698		634,763	724,354	138,598	145,957	316,594	211,106		
Services	~~	~'	1,090,090	1,488,326	97,686	137,105	60,035	64,655	35,186	1,848		
			· · · · ·									
All Industries *	30	62	5,230,427	1,972,648	90,932	157,223	93	93	39,874	73,734		
Agriculture, forestry and fishing		-							· ·			
Mining		-	-	-			· -	·				
Manufacturing		-					_	2	12			
Transportation and public utilities	21	40	2,493,168	1,470,881	75,984	86,183	\overline{n}	\overline{n}	28,838	66.329		
Wholesale and retail trade	- 1	-		-				•		**		
Finance, insurance and real estate	10	15	2,011,652	61,259	-29,790	18,145	3	3	10,286	4,966		
Services												

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 3.--U.S. Corporation Returns with Total Assets of \$500 Million or More and Their 7,500 Largest Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Total Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions and Subpart F Income, by Selected Country of Incorporation and Industrial Division of Controlled Foreign Corporation--Continued [Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

					7,500 largest	Controlled Foreign	Corporations			
Selected country of incorporation and	Number of	Number			Current earnings	Foreign co with current e profits (+) b	arnings and	Foreign income	Actual	
industrial division of 7,500 largest Controlled Foreign Corporations	U.S. corporation returns '	of Total foreign assets corporations		Business receipts	and profits (less deficit) before taxes	Current earnings and profits (+) before taxes	Foreign income taxes (net)	taxes (net) on current earnings and profits (less deficit)	distributions in current year	Subpart F income
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(M)	(8)	(9)	(10)
SOUTH AFRICA (INCLUDING NAMIBIA)										
All industries *	39	44	1,922,000	3,752,771	265,427	308,043	138,921	138,250	125,969	90,197
Agriculture, forestry and fishing		- 1	· · ·	· · · -	(<u> </u>	- 1	-	-	- 1	· -
Mining	-	-	-	- 1	- ا	J -	-		- 1	-
Construction	**	-	-	-				**		
Manufacturing	26	29	934,275	1,473,030	173,235	176,669	75,794	75,483	69,186	36,699
Transportation and public utilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Wholesale and retail trade	9	10	913,641	2,152,684	79,881	118,655	57,422	57,062	54,904	51,051
Finance, insurance and real estate Services	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	
HONG KONG)]	
All industries *	110	154	16,875,530	9,795,690	1,387,688	1,450,530	195,287	194,558	873,584	434,105
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	-	-	· · · -	- ``		- `	· -	-		-
Mining	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 1	-
Construction	-		-	-		-	-	-		
Manufacturing	34	39	1,574,042	2,750,962	177,046	201,919	26,650	26,444	137,963	38,378
Transportation and public utilities		-	-	-		-		**		**
Wholesale and retail trade	37	41	2,006,422	4,153,431	420,424	433,459	40,234	39,595	244,436	210,465
Finance, insurance and real estate	32	51	10,093,512	1,773,474	454,319	463,829	73,389	73,506	241,385	146,440
Services	13	14	567,977	242,284	69,335	72,024	7,124	7,124	27,162	38,972
JAPAN	160	259		55 440 454	0.055.070		0.000.044	0.000.000	4.050.070	
All industries * Agriculture, forestry and fishing	160	259	44,845,347	55,446,061	6,355,070 ••	6,476,919 **	3,622,841	3,626,960	1,850,972 **	261,270
Mining	-									
Construction	92	126	29,698,242	32,462,600	4,584,718	4,629,432	2,611,650	2,612,772	1,444,768	214,998
Manufacturing Transportation and public utilities	92	120	29,096,242	32,402,000	4,304,718	4,028,432	2,011,000	2,012,772	1,444,700	214,990
Wholesale and retail trade,	60	86	10,311,196	20,131,251	1,533,236	1,584,691	885,273	887,384	351,366	11,722
Finance, insurance and real estate	12	20	3,466,619	1,002,451	106,673	125,517	60,021	60,907	34,605	22,873
Services	14	20	1,013,092	1,077,292	107,808	108,452	47,207	47,207	13,866	11,677
AUSTRALIA						Í				
All industrics * Agriculture, forestry and fishing	200	347	37,769,546	25,434,709	2,329,597	2,594,987	830,639	815,555	548,448	371,270
Mining	9	9	1,196,005	329,298	29,406	54,694	2,070	13	24,867	1,177
Construction	**	**				••		**	••	••
Manufacturing	110	131	10,229,941	12,767,839	1,519,430	1,552,869	554,003	552,574	314,156	53,691
Transportation and public utilities	4	6	227,261	309,819	-16,138	2,492		-1,326	1	
Wholesale and retail trade	47	54	4,493,822	8,101,734	300,646	384,105	114,446	102,910	67,120	45,398
Finance, insurance and real estate	61	114	20,469,027	3,189,420	456,427	547,892	143,866	145,756	123,265	270,914
Services	20	29	995,918	573,245	44,908	48,468	16,254	16,225	19,039	90

¹ Number of returns are not additive since some U.S. corporations have Controlled Foreign Corporations in different countries and in different industrial divisions. Moreover, data for only selected countries are shown.
 ² Includes "Nature of business not allocable," not shown separately.
 ³ Data deleted to avoid disclosure of information on specific corporations. NOTE: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

Table 4.--U.S. Corporation Returns with Total Assets of \$500 Million or More and Their 7,500 Largest Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Total Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions and Subpart F Income, by Industrial Division and Year of Incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation

			7,500 largest Controlled Foreign Corporations									
·	Number	1	Foreign corporations									
				1			earnings and	1.				
Industrial division and year of	of	Number			Current earnings	with Contorn	estunds sug					
incorporation of 7,500 largest	U.S.	of	Total	Business	Conton carings	provide (+)	before taxes	Foreign income		1		
Controlled Foreign Corporations	corporation	foreign	assets		and profits			taxes (net) on		C.A.		
	returns 1		853013	receipts	(less deficit)	Current earnings	Foreign Income			Subpart F		
	returns .	corporations	3		before taxes	and profits (+)	taxes	current earnings				
								and profits	current .			
	1					before taxes	(net)	(less deficit)	year			
	(1)	(2)	(7)		<u> </u>				/			
All industries *			(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	Ø	(8)	(9)	(10)		
1000 1000 1	744	7,500	958,113,019	822,975,169	79,811,427	86,885,973	24,064,632			(10)		
1988-1989 *	113	180	30,632,293	12,447,188	636,850			23,929,652	45,524,748	12,101,074		
1985-1987	301	946	104,024,573	44,550,143		767,554	130,300	123,232	225,958	227,210		
1980-1984	405	1,128	135,329,761		4,642,124	5,733,433	1,178,566	1,155,120	1,931,586			
1975-1979	351	811		69,841,156	8,774,080	9,987,585	1,869,737	1,844,671		1,474,27		
1970-1974	349		79,220,800	48,782,649	5,808,243	6,348,808	1,222,978	1 177,266	5,721,664	1,681,294		
1965-1969		907	113,709,282	87,079,425	8,275,564	8,989,749	2,070,267		4,445,716	1,000,805		
1000 1004	314	725	74,512,362	76,159,799	6,711,290	7 166 843		2,060,854	4,073,485	1,340,039		
1960-1964	285	. 716	84,234,293	88,062,400	8,815,495		1,666,764	1,663,064	3,084,852	1,148,932		
1900-1959	226	489	48,384,875			9,331,347	3,206,521	3,218,136	4,921,490	1,318,838		
1950-1954	172	320		65,727,521	7,777,593	8,068,931	2,220,284	2,220,514	5,296,586			
1945-1949	128		55,240,428	52,744,642	4,055,588	4,195,903	1,435,321	1,436,799		1,472,828		
Prior to 1945		214	16,725,303	17,351,973	1,652,126	1,805,124	515,122		1,727,302	689,595		
Veer not second d	265	911	205,010,965	253,243,313	22,232,471	23,906,933		507,859	610,946	134,818		
Year not reported	84	153	11,088,085	6,984,959	430,000		8,407,295	8,377,263	13,293,161	1,554,377		
griculture, forestry and fishing	13					583,763	141,478	144,873	192,001	58,054		
1989-1999 \$	13	31	807,867	1,235,993	78,031	110,394				30,004		
1988-1989 *		**	l ·••				21,068	21,385	60,051	17,693		
1985-1987	~	**			-			**	(· · ·)			
1960-1984		**		L				**				
1975-1979	4	. 4		· · · · · ·	I "I		-			I		
1970-1974			141,297	173,648	1,994	16.771	11	45		**		
1965-1969		6	149,132	129,447	19,424	19,435	1,517		16,726	16,139		
1000-1003	4	4	117,876	219,149	3,012			1,800	393	118		
1960-1964	. ••	••			3,012	5,983	1,228	1,228	684			
1955-1959		••					· •			· -		
1950-1954		` m			-				· · ·			
1945-1949												
Prior to 1945		**		••						**		
Veer estance t	· •		` -			1				••		
Year not reported			· · ·		-	- 1		·				
ining	- 1		· ·			- 1	-	·				
1000 1000 1	72	216	39,622,679	14,070,239	2,824,664	2 000 444	4.444		-			
1988-1989 *		•	••		-,	3,228,144	1,169,581	1,120,944	2,146,376	396,584		
1985-1987	24	32	2,193,082	1,389,911	404 000		•					
1980-1984	27	40	3,084,270	1,369,911	491,892	550,393	143,564	142,690	562,495	92,435		
1975-1979	22	30		1,258,559	353,836	412,717	130.016	119,418	147,034			
1970-1974	16		6,024,059	1,488,277	277,743	399,833	113,037	71,284		585		
1965-1969		24	2,091,144	1,927,410	157.020	202,003	205,328		393,582	47,813		
1060 1064	15	20	2,275,019	1,041,949	265,226			202,028	283,247	21,986		
1960-1964	16	25	8.954.080	2,484,700	413,569	294,566	101,522	92,082	246,880	7,547		
1900-1959	8	12	1,550,597	985,666		448,613	146,913	168,255	278,732	171,616		
1950-1954	.9	11			173,388	173,654	46,603	43,167	104,071			
1945-1949			7,144,055	1,542,243	273,515	283,172	144,213	144,720		34,759		
Prior to 1945	10				~		**	144,720	34,893	7,735		
Year not monthad	13	14	5,458,302	1,568,861	. 346,906	277 604	04 000		••	**		
Year not reported	· •]	- 1	· ••	**		377,694	91,632	90,547	39,756	3,251		
nstruction	21					, " I		- 1				
1988-1989 ³	4 <u></u>	86	4,021,876	6,164,121	304,964	396,280	147 744	·	···			
095 1007		••	· · · · ·				147,744	145,626	175,126	17,607		
1985-1987	**	••		· · •	<u> </u>			· · · ·	**	**		
980-1984	8	10	354,476	559,049		_ (••	. • I	**		
9/5-19/9	6	Ř	172,558		. 9,712	22,125	1,732	-1,174		2,364		
970-1974	8 ·	ŝ		267,001	6,546	12,145	842	974				
965-1969			254,820	845,232	18,730	25,358	9,595		2,311	713		
960-1964	8	9	747,829	1,021,209	71,840	89,012	0,000	10,102	10,259	1,204		
055 1050	6	. 9	364,227	612,025	28,635		23,742	22,743	37,067	11.391		
955-1959	6	. 9	308,618	598,470		42,799	20,559	20,123	21,508	73		
950-1954	5	9	489,269		28,196 .	35,480	17,786	17,725	8,057	13		
945-1949			409,209	681,709	35,538	44,422	21,461	22,238				
rior to 1945					. ••			ec,230	38,382			
ear oot moorted	6	14	1,065,869	1,214,603	55,898	69,336			· ·	••		
ear not reported	- 1.	·]	- 1			000,000	33,514	33,454	43,374	1,862		
ufacturing	418					- 1	- 1	· -	- 1			
68-1989 ³		3,060	343,317,903	484,236,296	49,370,100	51,602,241	16,034,750			-		
95.1097	40	46	4,154,025	7,389,187	238,606				25,600,603	3,402,003		
85-1987	136	294	17.626.118	21,949,525	1,931,675	272,767	55,958	54,272	18,558	18,462		
80-1984	163	293	27,926,183	33,596,517		2,244,528	645,752	651,679	625,299	230,797		
75-1979	143	233		33,350,51/	3,803,548	4,139,834	904,649	905,545	2,046,515			
70-1974	174		22,937,994	26,056,143	3,040,990	3,132,417	530,946	530,153		156,424		
65-1969		298	30,419,476	49,918,159	4,495,981	4,626,067	1,219,471		2,572,478	287,060		
60.1064	181	319	27,936,210	44,444,644	3,958,076			1,220,471	1,949,709	342,754		
60-1964	189	368	31,812,956	43,953,270	4 822 600	4,148,411	912,055	915,587	1,684,677	514,942		
22-1828	150	274			4,822,506	5,086,403	1,913,873	1,909,466	3,136,306	417,377		
00-1954	113	175		36,603,426	5,081,481	5,265,189	1,783,525	1,784,274				
45-1949	83			26,790,601	2,314,161	2,412,304	856,269		2,590,890	187,922		
or to 1945		126		10,716,186	1,250,750	1,289,665		847,370	704,245	191,577		
	183	567 1		78,224,201	18,157,966		384,246	385,495	444,275	90,567		
ar not reported	44	67	4,634,639	4,594,436	274.359	18,623,075 361,583	6,733,212	6,708,343	9,765,979	951,889		
thotes at end of table.							94,793					

Table 4.--U.S. Corporation Returns with Total Assets of \$500 Million or More and Their 7,500 Largest Controlled Foreign Corporations: Number, Total Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions and Subpart F Income, by Industrial Division and Year of Incorporation of Controlled Foreign Corporation--Continued

unts are in thousands of dollars]

		T	T			Foreign col	porations		1	
	Number		Total assets	Business receipts	Current earnings and profits (less deficit) before taxes	Foreign corporations with current earnings and profits (+) before taxes		Foreign income	Actual	
Industrial division and year of incorporation of 7,500 largest Controlled Foreign Corporations	of U.S. corporation returns ¹	Number of foreign corporations				Current earnings and profits (+) before taxes	Foreign income taxes (net)	taxes (net) on current earnings and profits (less deficit)	distributions in current year	Subpart F income
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
	72	194	18,458,833	11,680,656	1,322,159	1,502,800	391,366	393,398	528,920	264,533
ansportation and public utilities	12		*	**		51,512	14,702	14,705	1,351	11,838
1988-1989 * 1985-1987	17	23	644,298	318,580	35,052	309,487	73.321	73,596	162,890	46,778
1980-1984	20	43	3,610,469	1,586,594	211,707	174,056	24,659	23,929	148,836	22,884
1975-1979	20	32	2,033,264	1,017,699	165,121 62,067	78,978	10,103	8,373	11,959	17,150
1970-1974	21	29	1,714,369	989,975	28,586	42,984	2,945	4,306	10,087	23,819
1965-1969	8	6	577,455	622,204	163,580	170,346	8,890	8,859	23,338	117,998
1960-1964	10	11	1,591,313	1,074,233	34,544	34,997	8,604	11,070	43,239	16,34
1955-1959	7	7	1,362,703	1,645,821		129,451	53,665	53,787	32,126	1,119
1950-1954	9	9	1,075,660	1,437,358	127,822	120,-01	-	· -		-
1945-1949		- 1		-	501,403	507,458	192,878	193,184	95,095	6,60
Prior to 1945	17	24	5,481,207	2,470,341	501,403					•
Year not reported	••	I	· " 1		1		0.000.040	3,811,147	6,196,010	1,544,41
	265	1,271	106,224,942	224,169,456	10,384,105	12,221,129	3,836,940	13,071	1,268	3,67
holesale and retail trade	17	20	1,321,474	2,741,233	49,528	56,168	11,293	158,588	182,200	255,52
1988-1989 ^a	76	132	7,160,009	11 358 739	607,688	740,313	160,534	332,712	870,884	59,63
1985-1987	99	168	8,391,286	18,603,023	1,367,614	1,481,662	332,982	289,319	314,581	60,97
1980-1984	83	138	8,060,533	11,757,980	799,821	872,781	288,494	296,316	399,467	83,20
1975-1979		165	9,130,940	19,576,700	931,120	1,101,433	299,034	370,718	571,143	152,92
1970-1974	101	171	11,396,930	20,504,416	1,125,365	1,223,629	370,263	846,905	869,121	95,98
1965-1969	74	146	14,384,448	33,102,207	2,207,515	2,270,574	855,483	230,294	935,565	397,13
1960-1964	62	89	7,357,921	22,432,127	986,766	1,002,709	229,561	167,675	628,793	181,49
1955-1959	36	49	6,314,358	18,657,994	559,752	572,910	167,675	77,042	107,635	22,87
1950-1954	33	48	3,557,629	5,467,005	231,240	284,328	85,832 1,013,797	1,006,956	1.307.822	229,07
1945-1949	54	131	28,745,786	59,377,838	1,461,020	2,574,369	21,991	21,552	7.529	1,91
Prior to 1945 Year not reported	13	14	403,629	590,194	56,675	60,253 14,964,351	1.852.144	1,816,449	10,214,487	5,853,28
inance, insurance and real estate.	461	2.061	414,855,910	62,052,583	13,010,572	333.002	15.832	10,811	150,446	196,21
1988-1989 a	55	87	23,422,384	1,720,480	279,248	1,790,791	156,171	127,706	543,767	747,54
1985-1987	139	376	71,846,107	7,495,837	1,262,637	2,962,851	303,713	291,455	2,368,732	1,169,17
1985-1987	226	472	85,956,128	10,994,772	2,373,399	1,219,905	167,260	163,853	912,020	550,80
1975-1979	178	294	35,957,372	5,221,398	1,013,495	2,460,062	246,217	241,697	1,241,669	856,93
1970-1974	149	290	65,772,298	9,447,986	2,143,021	1,071,200	171,910	174,337	416,494	321,52
1965-1969	86	138	27,358,276	6,340,493	990,496 1,053,378	1,089,000	189,792	193,546	549,792	463,31
1960-1964	69	110	24,687,483	5,191,055		1,420,501	87,218	87,565	1,576,452	823,63
1955-1959	43	55	11,879,504	2,155,008	1,378,212	712,849	172,162	181,137	284,461	297,16
1955-1959	38	50	20,505,444	3,103,244	704,314	144,908	21,485	21,763	35,421	21,3
1950-1954		28	5,031,717	715,333	112,382	1.657.750	312,864	315,242	2,018,089	361,7
Prior to 1945	73	121	37,325,615	8,878,052	1,630,565	101,532	7,518	7,338	117,144	43,9
Year not reported	27	40	4,913,583	788,925	69,426			605,350	602,213	604,9
		568	30,103,216	18,759,361	2,304,892	2,647,405	604,249		002,213	1
Services	198	12	578,742	150,410		20,885	4,501	1,585	11,179	135.5
1988-1989 ^a	10	76	4,228,253	1,647,623		318,998	42,019	43,786	124,781	245.4
1985-1987	. 50	97	5,915,621	2,951,891	644,327	668,208	119,614	119,409	85,181	14,4
1980-1984	. 60	70	3,602,712	2,578,040	319,172	337,541	97,067	97,048	176,781	16.6
1975-1979	. 51	86	4,177,103	4,244,517		476,413	79,002	80,066	117,819	116,7
1970-1974	. 60	56	4,102,767	1,965,736		291,059	83,099	82,063	24,240	52,4
1965-1969		43	2,140,895	1,501,468	126,970	211,963	66,047	66,019	28,080	13.0
1960-1964		43	2,116,149	1.306.227	94,989	136,383	46,798	46,230	4,401	10.5
1955-1959		16	608,952	453,848	39,477	39,787	19,876	19,873	1,956	1
1950-1954		6	144,246	156,938		16,901	5,624	5,624	22,137	1
1945-1949		39	1,622,729	1,465,092	67,213	85,750	28,156	28,296 15,350	5,657	1
Prior to 1945		25	865,047	337,572		43,517	12,448	10,390	0,007	
Year not reported 1 Number of returns are not additiv	e since some U.	S. corporations h	ave Controlled Fo	reign Corporatio	ns incorporated in d	ifferent years.				
2 Includes "Nature of business not	d Foreign Corpo	rations incomora	led between Janu	ary and June.						
* For 1989, includes only Controlle ** Data deleted to avoid disclosure NOTE: Detail may not add to totals	of information o	n specific corport	ations.							