OBSTRUCTION DATA SHEET

ODS 486
BISBEE - DOUGLAS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT
DOUGLAS, ARIZONA

DIGITIZED FROM

OC 486 SURVEYED JANUARY 1988 9TH EDITION



PREPARED AND DISTRIBUTED BY
THE NATIONAL OCEAN SERVICE
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
FOR THE FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION

OBSTRUCTION DATA SHEET

The Obstruction Data Sheet (ODS) provides digital obstruction and runway data for use in aircraft arrival and departure planning. This information has been obtained using field survey and photogrammetric methods by the Photogrammetry Branch of the National Ocean Service in accordance with Federal Aviation Regulations Part 77 (FAR-77), "Objects Affecting Navigable Airspace" and FAA Nr. 405, "Specifications - Airport Obstruction Chart and Related Products."

The ODS is a derivative of the Airport Obstruction Chart (OC). The source OC is indicated on the ODS cover. All objects, both obstructing and nonobstructing, that carry an elevation on the OC are listed in the ODS. The ODS (and OC) depict a representation of objects that existed at the time of the OC field survey.

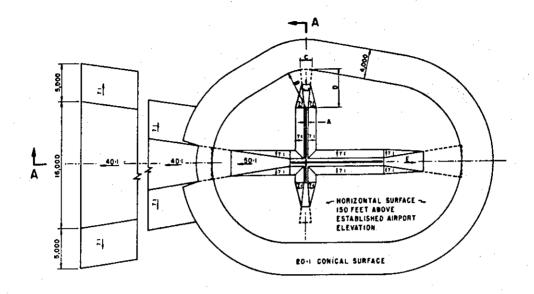
ODS information is arranged as follows:

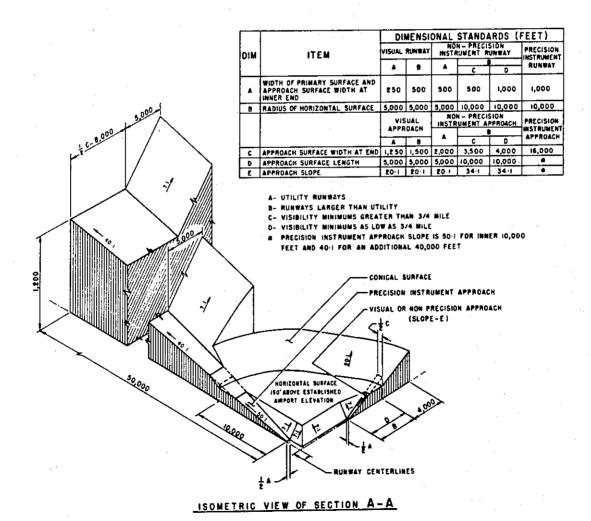
- 1. Objects located in FAR-77 approach (including supplemental approaches if present) or primary areas are listed with the associated runway (reference runway). For example, all objects in the Runway 9R approach or primary are listed with Runway 9R. Distances to these objects are computed from both the physical end and threshold of Runway 9R. Objects in the Runway 27L approach or primary are listed with Runway 27L. (Objects in the common 9R/27L primary area are listed with both runways.)
- 2. All objects not included in "1" above are listed with the Airport Reference Point (ARP).
- 3. Runway configuration and runway lengths, widths, and elevations are presented on the ODS last page.

The FAR-77 imaginary approach surfaces for which the obstruction surveys were performed are coded in the ODS as follows (see footnote 2 on page 3):

FAR-77 imaginary surface dimensions are defined on page 2 of this report.

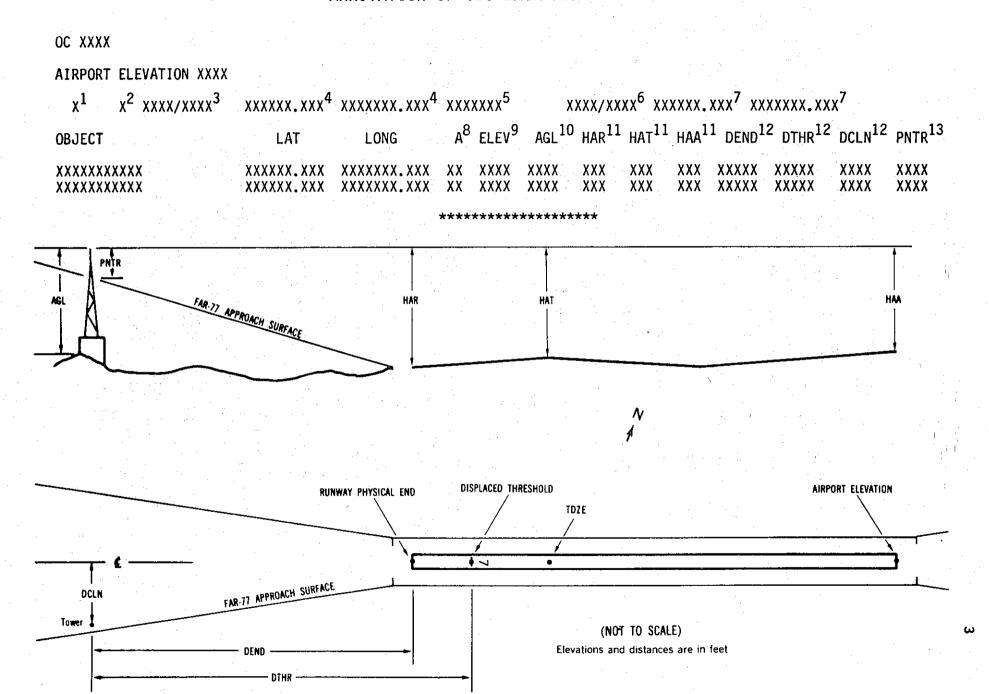
Primary surface width is determined by the widest approach at the two approach/primary interfaces for that runway.





FAR-77 CIVIL AIRPORT IMAGINARY SURFACES

ANNOTATION OF ODS DATA FORMAT



EXPLANATION OF FOOTNOTES

- 1 Data block identifier. If a runway number is entered (reference runway), this data block will contain data pertinent to the reference runway and to objects in the FAR-77 approach and primary area of the reference runway. If ARP is entered, this data block will contain the ARP position and data relative to all objects not in an FAR-77 approach or primary area.
- ² For the reference runway, the lowest FAR-77 approach surface for which an obstruction survey was performed. (More than one surface may be surveyed.)
- 3 Reference runway approach physical end elevation/touchdown zone elevation
- Latitude and longitude of reference runway approach physical end
- Reference runway geodetic azimuth reckoned clockwise from south
- Reference runway displaced threshold elevation/touchdown zone elevation
- Latitude and longitude of reference runway displaced threshold
- Accuracy Code: Horizontal Vertical A = 21 = 20B = 52 = 40C = 20
- Mean Sea Level (MSL) elevation at top of object. This value includes 15 feet added to noninterstate roads, 17 feet added to interstate roads, and 23 feet added to railroad tracks.
- Height above ground level (AGL). AGLs are provided only for those objects appearing on the OC that are equal to, or greater than, 200 feet AGL. AGL accuracy is ±10 feet.
- 11 HAA Height above airport HAR - Height above reference runway approach physical end HAT - Height above reference runway touchdown zone elevation
- 12 DEND Distance along reference runway centerline from point perpendicular to object to reference runway approach physical end

DTHR - Distance along reference runway centerline from point perpendicular

to object to reference runway threshold

DCLN - Distance left (L) or right (R) of reference runway centerline as observed facing forward in a landing aircraft.

A negative value for DEND or DTHR indicates object is in primary area on roll-out side of zero distance point.

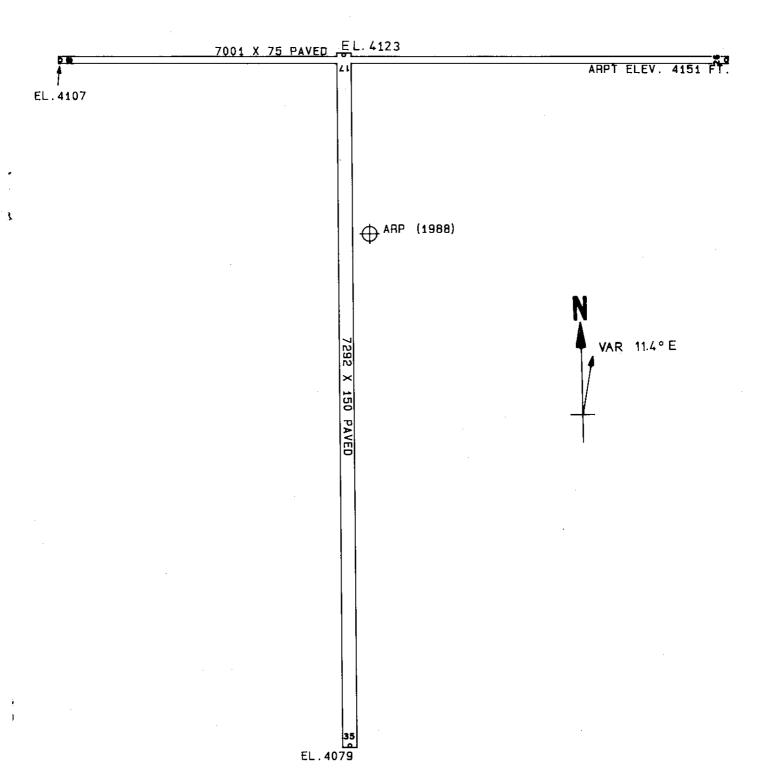
13 PNTR - Penetration of indicated FAR-77 approach or primary surface (see footnote 2).

AIRPORT ELEVATION 4151

8 SUPLC 4107/4122	312826.321N	1093648.369W	2701050)						
OBJECT	LAT	LONG A	ELEV	AGL	HAR	TAH	HAA	DEND	DTHR	DCLN PNTR
ROAD (N)	312826.38	1093712.91 1	4106		-1	-16	-45	2125		1R -58
							-			
26 SUPLC 4151/4151	312826.096N	1093527.544W	0901132	:						
OBJECT	LAT	LONG A	A ELEV	AGL	HAR	HAT	HAA	DEND	DTHR	DCLN PNTR
FENCE	312826.85	1093513.41 12	4165		14	14	14	1224		80R -16
			•							
17 C 4123/4123 312826.973N 1093613.907W 3594757										
OBJECT	LAT	LONG A	ELEV	AGL	HAR	HAT	HAA	DEND	DTHR	DCLN PNTR
FENCE	312846.57	1093607.96 1	4147		24	24	-4	1978		522L -28
			-							•
35 C 4079/4099 312714.825N 1093613.612W 1794757										
OBJECT	LAT	LONG A	A ELEV	AGL	HAR	HAT	HAA	DEND	DTHR	DCLN PNTR
POLE		1093614.96 12			18	-2	-54	1491		122L -20
ROAD (N)	312657.82	1093613.53 1	4079		0	-20	-72	1718		1R -45

OC0486
AIRPORT ELEVATION 4151

ARP	312808.196N	1093610.917W						
OBJECT	LAT	LONG	A	ELEV	AGL	HAA	MAG BEARING	DISTANCE
OL VORTAC WINDSOCK AIRPORT BEACON ANTENNA ON OL TANK OL WINDSOCK	312821.25 312814.39 312738.17 312748.78 312718.63	1093605.16 1093647.35 1093554.55 1093538.86 1093600.90	1A 1A 1A 1A	4164 4123 4148 4279 4112		13 -28 -3 128 -39	9 19 269 50 143 33 113 50 158 46	1411 3217 3348 3399 5082



TOUCHDOWN ZONE RUNWAY ELEVATION

8 4122 26 415 17 4123 35 4099

BISBEE - DOUGLAS INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

DOUGLAS, ARIZONA

(NOT TO SCALE)