NOTICE OF OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET ACTION

Date 11/15/2007

Department of Commerce

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

FOR CERTIFYING OFFICIAL: Barry West FOR CLEARANCE OFFICER: Diana Hynek

In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act, OMB has taken action on your request received 07/09/2007

ACTION REQUESTED: Extension without change of a currently approved collection

TYPE OF REVIEW REQUESTED: Regular ICR REFERENCE NUMBER: 200706-0648-001

AGENCY ICR TRACKING NUMBER:

TITLE: Alaska Region Gear Identification Requirements
LIST OF INFORMATION COLLECTIONS: See next page

OMB ACTION: <u>Approved without change</u> OMB CONTROL NUMBER: <u>0648-0353</u>

The agency is required to display the OMB Control Number and inform respondents of its legal significance in

accordance with 5 CFR 1320.5(b).

EXPIRATION DATE: <u>11/30/2010</u> DISCONTINUE DATE:

BURDEN:	RESPONSES	HOURS	COSTS
Previous	12,552	3,138	17,000
New	12,552	3,138	16,920
Difference			
Change due to New Statute	0	0	0
Change due to Agency Discretion	0	0	0
Change due to Agency Adjustment	0	0	-80
Change Due to Potential Violation of the PRA	0	0	0

TERMS OF CLEARANCE:

OMB Authorizing Official: Kevin F. Neyland

Deputy Administrator,

Office Of Information And Regulatory Affairs

List of ICs				
IC Title	Form No.	Form Name	CFR Citation	
Alaska Region Gear Identification Requirements			50 CFR 679	

PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT SUBMISSION

Please read the instructions before completing this form. For additional forms or assistance in completing this form, contact your agency's

Paperwork Clearance Officer. Send two copies of this form, the collection instrument to be reviewed, the supporting statement, and any additional documentation to: Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Docket Library, Room 10102, 725 17th Street NW, Washington, DC 20503. 1. Agency/Subagency originating request 2. OMB control number b. [] None 3. Type of information collection (*check one*) Type of review requested (check one) Regular submission a. [b. [Emergency - Approval requested by ____ a. [] New Collection Delegated b. [] Revision of a currently approved collection c. [] Extension of a currently approved collection 5. Small entities Will this information collection have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities? [] Yes [] No d. [] Reinstatement, without change, of a previously approved collection for which approval has expired e. [] Reinstatement, with change, of a previously approved collection for which approval has expired 6. Requested expiration date f. [] Existing collection in use without an OMB control number a. [] Three years from approval date b. [] Other Specify: For b-f, note Item A2 of Supporting Statement instructions 7. Title 8. Agency form number(s) (if applicable) 9. Keywords 10. Abstract 11. Affected public (Mark primary with "P" and all others that apply with "x") 12. Obligation to respond (check one) a. __Individuals or households d. ___Farms
b. __Business or other for-profite. ___Federal Government] Voluntary Business or other for-profite. Federal Government
Not-for-profit institutions f. State, Local or Tribal Government Required to obtain or retain benefits 1 Mandatory 13. Annual recordkeeping and reporting burden 14. Annual reporting and recordkeeping cost burden (in thousands of a. Number of respondents b. Total annual responses a. Total annualized capital/startup costs 1. Percentage of these responses b. Total annual costs (O&M) collected electronically c. Total annualized cost requested c. Total annual hours requested d. Current OMB inventory d. Current OMB inventory e. Difference e. Difference f. Explanation of difference f. Explanation of difference 1. Program change 1. Program change 2. Adjustment 2. Adjustment 16. Frequency of recordkeeping or reporting (check all that apply) 15. Purpose of information collection (Mark primary with "P" and all others that apply with "X") a. [] Recordkeeping b. [] Third party disclosure] Reporting a. ___ Application for benefits Program planning or management 1. [] On occasion 2. [] Weekly Program evaluation f. Research 3. [] Monthly General purpose statistics g. Regulatory or compliance 4. [] Quarterly 5. [] Semi-annually 6. [] Annually 7. [] Biennially 8. [] Other (describe) 18. Agency Contact (person who can best answer questions regarding 17. Statistical methods Does this information collection employ statistical methods the content of this submission) [] Yes [] No Phone:

OMB 83-I 10/95

19. Certification for Paperwork Reduction Act Submissions

On behalf of this Federal Agency, I certify that the collection of information encompassed by this request complies with 5 CFR 1320.9

NOTE: The text of 5 CFR 1320.9, and the related provisions of 5 CFR 1320.8(b)(3), appear at the end of the instructions. *The certification is to be made with reference to those regulatory provisions as set forth in the instructions.*

The following is a summary of the topics, regarding the proposed collection of information, that the certification covers:

- (a) It is necessary for the proper performance of agency functions;
- (b) It avoids unnecessary duplication;
- (c) It reduces burden on small entities;
- (d) It used plain, coherent, and unambiguous terminology that is understandable to respondents;
- (e) Its implementation will be consistent and compatible with current reporting and recordkeeping practices;
- (f) It indicates the retention period for recordkeeping requirements;
- (g) It informs respondents of the information called for under 5 CFR 1320.8(b)(3):
 - (i) Why the information is being collected;
 - (ii) Use of information;
 - (iii) Burden estimate;
 - (iv) Nature of response (voluntary, required for a benefit, mandatory);
 - (v) Nature and extent of confidentiality; and
 - (vi) Need to display currently valid OMB control number;
- (h) It was developed by an office that has planned and allocated resources for the efficient and effective management and use of the information to be collected (see note in Item 19 of instructions);
- (i) It uses effective and efficient statistical survey methodology; and
- (j) It makes appropriate use of information technology.

If you are unable to certify compliance with any of the provisions, identify the item below and explain the reason in Item 18 of the Supporting Statement.

Signature of Senior Official or designee Date

OMB 83-I 10/95

Agency Certification (signature of Assistant Administrator, Deputy Assistant Administrator, Line Office Chief Information Officer, head of MB staff for L.O.s, or of the Director of a Program or StaffOffice)		
Signature	Date	
Signature of NOAA Clearance Officer		
Signature	Date	

SUPPORTING STATEMENT ALASKA REGION GEAR IDENTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS OMB CONTROL NO.: 0648-0353

INTRODUCTION

National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), Alaska Region manages the groundfish fisheries in the exclusive economic zone off the coast of Alaska under the Fishery Management Plan for Groundfish of the Gulf of Alaska and the Fishery Management Plan (FMP) for the Groundfish Fishery of the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands Area. The North Pacific Fishery Management Council prepared, and NMFS approved, the FMPs under the authority of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act, 16 U.S.C. 1801 *et seq.* as amended by Public Law 109-479. These FMPs are implemented by regulations at 50 CFR part 679.

This collection describes identification requirements on marker buoys for hook-and-line, longline pot, and pot-and-line gear used in groundfish fisheries.

A. JUSTIFICATION

1. Explain the circumstances that make the collection of information necessary.

Requirements that fishing gear be marked with identification information are essential to facilitate fisheries enforcement and actions concerning damage, loss, and civil proceedings. The ability to link fishing gear to the vessel owner or operator is crucial to enforcement of regulations. The regulations at 50 CFR § 679.24 specify that longline marker buoys must be marked with the Federal fisheries permit number or State of Alaska Department of Fish and Game (ADF&G) vessel registration number. The regulations further specify how the gear is to be marked, e.g., location and color. Law enforcement personnel rely on this information to assure compliance with fisheries management regulations. Gear that is not properly identified is confiscated.

2. Explain how, by whom, how frequently, and for what purpose the information will be used. If the information collected will be disseminated to the public or used to support information that will be disseminated to the public, then explain how the collection complies with all applicable Information Quality Guidelines.

The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), NMFS, Office for Enforcement (NMFS Enforcement) and the U.S. Coast Guard (USCG) use the identification of fishing gear in issuing violations, prosecutions, and other enforcement actions. Gear violations are more readily prosecuted, and this allows for more cost effective enforcement. Cooperating fishermen also use the gear identification to report placement or occurrence of gear in unauthorized areas. Fishermen marking their gear correctly ultimately benefit, as unauthorized and illegal fishing is deterred and more burdensome regulations are avoided.

This request renews a collection of information that describes requirements to mark identification information on marker buoys for hook-and-line, longline pot, and pot-and-line gear. Most fishermen properly identify marker buoys and are not adversely affected by this

requirement. In addition to Federal gear-marking requirements at 50 CFR § 679.24, ADF&G regulations (5 AAC 28.050) require fishermen to mark crab and groundfish pots with the ADF&G vessel registration number of the vessel operating the gear. Since many Pacific cod fishermen already participate in State groundfish and crab fisheries, they are currently complying with this requirement. Fishermen incur the costs of marking their own marker buoys. Marking of buoys reduces the costs to NOAA Enforcement and USCG enforcement efforts and allows for more effective enforcement of gear rules.

Marker buoys are required to be marked with:

Marker buoys identification
Vessel Federal fisheries permit number, or
Vessel's ADF&G vessel registration number

Markings must be in characters at least 4 inches (10.16 cm) in height and 0.5 inch (1.27 cm) in width in a contrasting color visible above the water line and must be maintained so the markings are clearly visible.

The cost to fishermen is minimal. Materials needed are paint and paintbrush, or permanent ink applicator, and possibly a stencil. Assuming the buoy needs to be repainted every year, the operator of each vessel would need approximately 15 minutes to paint each buoy with either the Federal fisheries permit number or the ADF&G vessel registration number. Most fishermen have their marker buoys identified by the ADF&G vessel registration number.

Marker buoys identification, Respondent		
Number of respondents (1,196 hook and line + 496 pot)	1,692	
Frequency of response (1 per year x 12,552 buoys)		
Total annual responses	12,552	
Time per response (15 minutes = 0.25 hr)		
Total burden hours	3,138 hr.	
1,292 vessels use 6 buoys (7,752 buoys @ .25 = 1,938 hrs)		
400 vessels use 12 buoys (4,800 buoys @ .25 = 1,200 hrs)		
Total personnel cost (2,134 x \$15)	\$47,070	
Total miscellaneous costs (\$10 x 1,692)	\$16,920	
Miscellaneous supplies (paint and paintbrush)		

Marker buoys identification, Federal Government	
Total burden hours	0
Total personnel cost	0
Total miscellaneous costs	0

The information collected will not be disseminated to the public because the information is identification on a marker buoy and is not submitted to NMFS.

3. <u>Describe whether, and to what extent, the collection of information involves the use of automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological techniques or other forms of information technology.</u>

The requirement that fishing gear be marked with an identifying number does not lend itself to technology.

4. Describe efforts to identify duplication.

No other existing collection is duplicated.

5. <u>If the collection of information involves small businesses or other small entities, describe the methods used to minimize burden.</u>

The collection does not have a significant impact on small businesses, and no special modifications of the requirements were considered necessary to accommodate the needs of small businesses.

6. <u>Describe the consequences to the Federal program or policy activities if the collection is not conducted or is conducted less frequently.</u>

The NOAA Enforcement and USCG could not enforce the fisheries management measures if the gear marking were not required.

7. Explain any special circumstances that require the collection to be conducted in a manner inconsistent with OMB guidelines.

No special circumstances require the collection to be conducted in a manner inconsistent with the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) guidelines.

8. Provide a copy of the PRA Federal Register notice that solicited public comments on the information collection prior to this submission. Summarize the public comments received in response to that notice and describe the actions taken by the agency in response to those comments. Describe the efforts to consult with persons outside the agency to obtain their views on the availability of data, frequency of collection, the clarity of instructions and recordkeeping, disclosure, or reporting format (if any), and on the data elements to be recorded, disclosed, or reported.

NMFS published a notice in the Federal Register (72 FR 7858, February 21, 2007) soliciting public comments on the information collection. No comments were received.

9. Explain any decisions to provide payments or gifts to respondents, other than remuneration of contractors or grantees.

The NMFS will not provide any payment or gift to respondents.

10. <u>Describe any assurance of confidentiality provided to respondents and the basis for</u> assurance in statute, regulation, or agency policy.

There is no assurance of confidentiality provided, as marking of gear occurs on an individual basis. No information is submitted to NMFS.

11. <u>Provide additional justification for any questions of a sensitive nature, such as sexual behavior and attitudes, religious beliefs, and other matters that are commonly considered private.</u>

This information collection does not involve information of a sensitive nature.

12. Provide an estimate in hours of the burden of the collection of information.

Total estimated responses are 12,552. Total estimated time burden is 3,138 hours. Total estimated personnel cost is \$47,070. Personnel labor costs are estimated at \$15 per hour.

13. <u>Provide an estimate of the total annual cost burden to the respondents or record-keepers resulting from the collection (excluding the value of the burden hours in #12 above).</u>

Total estimated miscellaneous costs are \$16,920.

14. Provide estimates of annualized cost to the Federal government.

There would be no Federal costs associated with this collection, because it is a marking requirement from which no information is received to process.

15. Explain the reasons for any program changes or adjustments reported in Items 13 or 14 of the OMB 83-I.

No program changes or adjustments occurred during this period.

16. <u>For collections whose results will be published, outline the plans for tabulation and publication.</u>

The information collected will not be published, and no statistical sampling of the information is planned.

17. <u>If seeking approval to not display the expiration date for OMB approval of the information collection</u>, explain the reasons why display would be inappropriate.

This collection describes a requirement for each fisherman to mark the marker buoys of his/her vessel with an identification number. No form or other documentation exists that would contain an expiration date.

18. Explain each exception to the certification statement identified in Item 19 of the OMB 83-I.

There are no exceptions.

B. COLLECTIONS OF INFORMATION EMPLOYING STATISTICAL METHODS

This collection will not employ statistical methods.

Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Reauthorization Act of 2006 Public Law 109-479

109th Congress (2nd Session)

The following are excerpts, highlighted in red, from the final legislation and/or conference report which contain references to and studies for The National Academies. (Pound signs [##] between passages denote the deletion of unrelated text.)

HR5946 Pombo (R.-Calif.) 12/09/06 Enrolled (finally passed both houses)

To amend the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act to authorize activities to promote improved monitoring and compliance for high seas fisheries, or fisheries governed by international fishery management agreements, and for other purposes.

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SEC. 113. REGIONAL COASTAL DISASTER ASSISTANCE, TRANSITION, AND RECOVERY PROGRAM.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Title III (16 U.S.C. 1851 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"SEC. 315. REGIONAL COASTAL DISASTER ASSISTANCE, TRANSITION, AND RECOVERY PROGRAM.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—When there is a catastrophic regional fishery disaster the Secretary may, upon the request of, and in consultation with, the Governors of affected States, establish a regional economic transition program to provide immediate disaster relief assistance to the fishermen, charter fishing operators, United States fish processors, and owners of related fishery infrastructure affected by the disaster.

"(b) PROGRAM COMPONENTS.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the availability of appropriations, the program shall provide funds or other economic assistance to affected entities, or to governmental entities for disbursement to affected entities, for—
- "(A) meeting immediate regional shoreside fishery infrastructure needs, including processing facilities, cold storage facilities, ice houses, docks, including temporary docks and storage facilities, and other related shoreside fishery support facilities and infrastructure while ensuring that those projects will not result in an increase or replacement of fishing capacity;
- "(B) financial assistance and job training assistance for fishermen who wish to remain in a fishery in the region that may be temporarily closed as a result of environmental or other effects associated with the disaster;
- "(C) funding, pursuant to the requirements of section 312(b), to fishermen who are willing to scrap a fishing vessel and permanently surrender permits for fisheries named on that vessel; and
- "(D) any other activities authorized under section 312 of this Act or section 308(d) of the Interjurisdictional Fisheries Act of 1986 (16 U.S.C. 4107(d)).
- "(2) JOB TRAINING.—Any fisherman who decides to scrap a fishing vessel under the program shall be eligible for job training assistance.
- "(3) STATE PARTICIPATION OBLIGATION.—The participation by a State in the program shall be conditioned upon a commitment by the appropriate State entity to ensure that the relevant State fishery meets the requirements of section 312(b) of this Act to ensure excess capacity does not re-enter the fishery.
- "(4) NO MATCHING REQUIRED.—The Secretary may waive the matching requirements of section 312 of this Act, section 308 of the Interjurisdictional Fisheries Act of 1986 (16 U.S.C. 4107), and any other provision of law under which the Federal share of the cost of any activity is limited to less than 100 percent if the Secretary determines that—
- "(A) no reasonable means are available through which applicants can meet the matching requirement; and

- "(B) the probable benefit of 100 percent Federal financing outweighs the public interest in imposition of the matching requirement.
- "(5) NET REVENUE LIMIT INAPPLICABLE.—Section 308(d)(3) of the Interjurisdictional Fisheries Act (16 U.S.C. 4107(d)(3)) shall not apply to assistance under this section.
- "(c) REGIONAL IMPACT EVALUATION.—Within 2 months after a catastrophic regional fishery disaster the Secretary shall provide the Governor of each State participating in the program a comprehensive economic and socio-economic evaluation of the affected region's fisheries to assist the Governor in assessing the current and future economic viability of affected fisheries, including the economic impact of foreign fish imports and the direct, indirect, or environmental impact of the disaster on the fishery and coastal communities.
- "(d) CATASTROPHIC REGIONAL FISHERY DISASTER DEFINED.—In this section the term 'catastrophic regional fishery disaster' means a natural disaster, including a hurricane or tsunami, or a regulatory closure (including regulatory closures resulting from judicial action) to protect human health or the marine environment, that—
- "(1) results in economic losses to coastal or fishing communities;
- "(2) affects more than 1 State or a major fishery managed by a Council or interstate fishery commission; and
- "(3) is determined by the Secretary to be a commercial fishery failure under section 312(a) of this Act or a fishery resource disaster or section 308(d) of the Interjurisdictional Fisheries Act of 1986 (16 U.S.C. 4107(d))."
- (b) SALMON PLAN AND STUDY.—
- (1) RECOVERY PLAN.—Not later than 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Commerce shall complete a recovery plan for Klamath River Coho salmon and make it available to the public.
- (2) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Secretary of Commerce shall submit a report to the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the House of Representatives Committee on Resources on—
- (A) the actions taken under the recovery plan and other law relating to recovery of Klamath River Coho salmon, and how those actions are specifically contributing to its recovery;
- (B) the progress made on the restoration of salmon spawning habitat, including water conditions as they relate to salmon health and recovery, with emphasis on the Klamath River and its tributaries below Iron Gate Dam;
- (C) the status of other Klamath River anadromous fish populations, particularly Chinook salmon; and
- (D) the actions taken by the Secretary to address the calendar year 2003 National Research Council recommendations regarding monitoring and research on Klamath River Basin salmon stocks.

 (c) OREGON AND CALIFORNIA SALMON FISHERY.—Federally recognized Indian tribes and small businesses, including fishermen, fish processors, and related businesses serving the fishing industry, adversely affected by Federal closures and fishing restrictions in the Oregon and California 2006 fall Chinook salmon fishery are eligible to receive direct assistance under section 312(a) of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1861a(a)) and section 308(d) of the Interjurisdictional Fisheries Act of 1986 (16 U.S.C. 4107(d)). The Secretary may use no more than 4 percent of any monetary assistance to pay for administrative costs.

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SEC. 201. RECREATIONAL FISHERIES INFORMATION.

Section 401 (16 U.S.C. 1881) is amended by striking subsection (g) and inserting the following:

"(g) RECREATIONAL FISHERIES.—

- "(1) FEDERAL PROGRAM.—The Secretary shall establish and implement a regionally based registry program for recreational fishermen in each of the 8 fishery management regions. The program, which shall not require a fee before January 1, 2011, shall provide for—
- "(A) the registration (including identification and contact information) of individuals who engage in recreational fishing—
- "(i) in the Exclusive Economic Zone;
- "(ii) for anadromous species; or
- "(iii) for Continental Shelf fishery resources beyond the Exclusive Economic Zone; and
- "(B) if appropriate, the registration (including the ownership, operator, and identification of the vessel) of vessels used in such fishing.
- "(2) STATE PROGRAMS.—The Secretary shall exempt from registration under the program recreational fishermen and charter fishing vessels licensed, permitted, or registered under the laws of a State if the Secretary determines that information from the State program is suitable for the Secretary's use or is used to assist in completing marine recreational fisheries statistical surveys, or evaluating the effects of proposed conservation and management measures for marine recreational fisheries.
- "(3) DATA COLLECTION.—
- "(A) IMPROVEMENT OF THE MARINE RECREATIONAL FISHERY STATISTICS SURVEY.—Within 24 months after the date of enactment of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Reauthorization Act of 2006, the Secretary, in consultation with representatives of the recreational fishing industry and experts in statistics, technology, and other appropriate fields, shall establish a program to improve the quality and accuracy of information generated by the Marine Recreational Fishery Statistics Survey, with a goal of achieving acceptable accuracy and utility for each individual fishery.
- "(B) NRC REPORT RECOMMENDATIONS.—The program shall take into consideration and, to the extent feasible, implement the recommendations of the National Research Council in its report Review of Recreational Fisheries Survey Methods (2006), including—
- "(i) redesigning the Survey to improve the effectiveness and appropriateness of sampling and estimation procedures, its applicability to various kinds of management decisions, and its usefulness for social and economic analyses; and
- "(ii) providing for ongoing technical evaluation and modification as needed to meet emerging management needs.
- "(C) METHODOLOGY.—Unless the Secretary determines that altrnate methods will achieve this goal efficiently and effectively, the program shall, the to extent possible, include—
- "(i) an adequate number of intercepts to accurately estimate recreational catch and effort;
- "(ii) use of surveys that target anglers registered or licensed at the State or Federal level to collect participation and effort data;
- "(iii) collection and analysis of vessel trip report data from charter fishing vessels;
- "(iv) development of a weather corrective factor that can be applied to recreational catch and effort estimates; and
- "(v) an independent committee composed of recreational shermen, fi academics, persons with expertise assessments and survey design, propriate and ap personnel from the National Marine Fisheries Serv the collection estimates, geogrphic, and other variables related to intercepts dockside and to identify defic in recreational data collection, and possible correction measures.
- "(D) DEADLINE.—The Secretary shall complete the program under this paragraph and implement the improved

Marine Recreational Fishery Statistics Survey not later than January 1, 2009.

"(4) REPORT.—Within 24 months after establishment of the program, the Secretary shall submit a report to Congress that describes the progress made toward achieving the goals and objectives of the program.".

SEC. 212. IMPACT OF TURTLE EXCLUDER DEVICES ON SHRIMPING.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Undersecretary of Commerce for Oceans and Atmosphere shall execute an agreement with the National Academy of Sciences to conduct, jointly, a multi-year, comprehensive in-water study designed—
- (1) to measure accurately the efforts and effects of shrimp fishery efforts to utilize turtle excluder devices;
- (2) to analyze the impact of those efforts on sea turtle mortality, including interaction between turtles and shrimp trawlers in the inshore, nearshore, and offshore waters of the Gulf of Mexico and similar geographical locations in the waters of the Southeastern United States; and
- (3) to evaluate innovative technologies to increase shrimp retention in turtle excluder devices while ensuring the protection of endangered and threatened sea turtles.
- (b) OBSERVERS.—In conducting the study, the Undersecretary shall ensure that observers are placed onboard commercial shrimp fishing vessels where appropriate or necessary.
- (c) INTERIM REPORTS.—During the course of the study and until a final report is submitted to the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the House of Representatives Committee on Resources, the National Academy of Sciences shall transmit interim reports to the Committees biannually containing a summary of preliminary findings and conclusions from the study.

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SEC. 701. STUDY OF THE ACIDIFICATION OF THE OCEANS AND EFFECT ON FISHERIES.

The Secretary of Commerce shall request the National Research Council to conduct a study of the acidification of the oceans and how this process affects the United States.

SEC. 804. TSUNAMI FORECASTING AND WARNING PROGRAM.

- (a) In General.—The Administrator, through the National Weather Service and in consultation with other relevant Administration offices, shall operate a program to provide tsunami detection, forecasting, and warnings for the Pacific and Arctic Ocean regions and for the Atlantic Ocean, Caribbean Sea, and Gulf of Mexico region.
- (b) Components.—The program under this section shall—
- (1) include the tsunami warning centers established under subsection (d);
- (2) utilize and maintain an array of robust tsunami detection technologies;
- (3) maintain detection equipment in operational condition to fulfill the detection, forecasting, and warning requirements of this title;
- (4) provide tsunami forecasting capability based on models and measurements, including tsunami inundation models and maps for use in increasing the preparedness of communities, including through the TsunamiReady program;
- (5) maintain data quality and management systems to support the requirements of the program;

- (6) include a cooperative effort among the Administration, the United States Geological Survey, and the National Science Foundation under which the Geological Survey and the National Science Foundation shall provide rapid and reliable seismic information to the Administration from international and domestic seismic networks;
- (7) provide a capability for the dissemination of warnings to at-risk States and tsunami communities through rapid and reliable notification to government officials and the public, including utilization of and coordination with existing Federal warning systems, including the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Weather Radio All Hazards Program;
- (8) allow, as practicable, for integration of tsunami detection technologies with other environmental observing technologies; and
- (9) include any technology the Administrator considers appropriate to fulfill the objectives of the program under this section.
- (c) System Areas.—The program under this section shall operate—
- (1) a Pacific tsunami warning system capable of forecasting tsunami anywhere in the Pacific and Arctic Ocean regions and providing adequate warnings; and
- (2) an Atlantic Ocean, Caribbean Sea, and Gulf of Mexico tsunami warning system capable of forecasting tsunami and providing adequate warnings in areas of the Atlantic Ocean, Caribbean Sea, and Gulf of Mexico that are determined—
- (A) to be geologically active, or to have significant potential for geological activity; and
- (B) to pose significant risks of tsunami for States along the coastal areas of the Atlantic Ocean, Caribbean Sea, or Gulf of Mexico.
- (d) Tsunami Warning Centers.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator, through the National Weather Service, shall maintain or establish—
- (A) a Pacific Tsunami Warning Center in Hawaii;
- (B) a West Coast and Alaska Tsunami Warning Center in Alaska; and
- (C) any additional forecast and warning centers determined by the National Weather Service to be necessary.
- (2) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The responsibilities of each tsunami warning center shall include—
- (A) continuously monitoring data from seismological, deep ocean, and tidal monitoring stations;
- (B) evaluating earthquakes that have the potential to generate tsunami;
- (C) evaluating deep ocean buoy data and tidal monitoring stations for indications of tsunami resulting from earthquakes and other sources;
- (D) disseminating forecasts and tsunami warning bulletins to Federal, State, and local government officials and the public;
- (E) coordinating with the tsunami hazard mitigation program described in section 805 to ensure ongoing sharing of information between forecasters and emergency management officials; and
- (F) making data gathered under this title and post-warning analyses conducted by the National Weather Service or other relevant Administration offices available to researchers.
- (e) Transfer of Technology; Maintenance and Upgrades.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out this section, the National Weather Service, in consultation with other relevant Administration offices, shall—
- (A) develop requirements for the equipment used to forecast tsunami, which shall include provisions for multipurpose detection platforms, reliability and performance metrics, and to the maximum extent practicable how the equipment will be integrated with other United States and global ocean and coastal observation systems, the global earth observing system of systems, global seismic networks, and the Advanced National Seismic System;
- (B) develop and execute a plan for the transfer of technology from ongoing research described in section 806 into the program under this section; and
- (C) ensure that maintaining operational tsunami detection equipment is the highest priority within the program carried out under this title.

(2) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—

- (A) Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the National Weather Service, in consultation with other relevant Administration offices, shall transmit to Congress a report on how the tsunami forecast system under this section will be integrated with other United States and global ocean and coastal observation systems, the global earth observing system of systems, global seismic networks, and the Advanced National Seismic System.
- (B) Not later than 3 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the National Weather Service, in consultation with other relevant Administration offices, shall transmit a report to Congress on how technology developed under section 806 is being transferred into the program under this section.
- (f) Federal Cooperation.—When deploying and maintaining tsunami detection technologies, the Administrator shall seek the assistance and assets of other appropriate Federal agencies.
- (g) Annual Equipment Certification.—At the same time Congress receives the budget justification documents in support of the President's annual budget request for each fiscal year, the Administrator shall transmit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Science of the House of Representatives a certification that—
- (1) identifies the tsunami detection equipment deployed pursuant to this title, as of December 31 of the preceding calendar year;
- (2) certifies which equipment is operational as of December 31 of the preceding calendar year;
- (3) in the case of any piece of such equipment that is not operational as of such date, identifies that equipment and describes the mitigation strategy that is in place—
- (A) to repair or replace that piece of equipment within a reasonable period of time; or
- (B) to otherwise ensure adequate tsunami detection coverage;
- (4) identifies any equipment that is being developed or constructed to carry out this title but which has not yet been deployed, if the Administration has entered into a contract for that equipment prior to December 31 of the preceding calendar year, and provides a schedule for the deployment of that equipment; and
- (5) certifies that the Administrator expects the equipment described in paragraph (4) to meet the requirements, cost, and schedule provided in that contract.
- (h) Congressional Notifications.—The Administrator shall notify the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Science of the House of Representatives within 30 days of—
- (1) impaired regional forecasting capabilities due to equipment or system failures; and

- (2) significant contractor failures or delays in completing work associated with the tsunami forecasting and warning system.
- (i) Report.—Not later than January 31, 2010, the Comptroller General of the United States shall transmit a report to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Science of the House of Representatives that—
- (1) evaluates the current status of the tsunami detection, forecasting, and warning system and the tsunami hazard mitigation program established under this title, including progress toward tsunami inundation mapping of all coastal areas vulnerable to tsunami and whether there has been any degradation of services as a result of the expansion of the program;
- (2) evaluates the National Weather Service's ability to achieve continued improvements in the delivery of tsunami detection, forecasting, and warning services by assessing policies and plans for the evolution of modernization systems, models, and computational abilities (including the adoption of new technologies); and
- (3) lists the contributions of funding or other resources to the program by other Federal agencies, particularly agencies participating in the program.
- (j) External Review.—The Administrator shall enter into an arrangement with the National Academy of Sciences to review the tsunami detection, forecast, and warning program established under this title to assess further modernization and coverage needs, as well as long-term operational reliability issues, taking into account measures implemented under this title. The review shall also include an assessment of how well the forecast equipment has been integrated into other United States and global ocean and coastal observation systems and the global earth observing system of systems. Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall transmit a report containing the National Academy of Sciences' recommendations, the Administrator's responses to the recommendations, including those where the Administrator disagrees with the Academy, a timetable to implement the accepted recommendations, and the cost of implementing all the Academy's recommendations, to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Science of the House of Representatives.
- (k) Report.—Not later than 3 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall establish a process for monitoring and certifying contractor performance in carrying out the requirements of any contract to construct or deploy tsunami detection equipment, including procedures and penalties to be imposed in cases of significant contractor failure or negligence.

§ 679.1 Purpose and scope

Subpart A--General

§ 679.1 Purpose and scope.

Regulations in this part were developed by the Council under the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act and the Northern Pacific Halibut Act. Along with part 600 of this chapter, these regulations implement the following:

(a) Fishery Management Plan for Groundfish of the Gulf of Alaska.

- (1) Regulations in this part govern commercial fishing for groundfish in the GOA by vessels of the United States (see subparts A, B, D, and E of this part).
- (2) The following State of Alaska regulations are not preempted by this part for vessels regulated under this part fishing for demersal shelf rockfish in the Southeast Outside District, and which are registered under the laws of the State of Alaska: 5 AAC 28.110, fishing seasons; 5 AAC 28.130, gear; 5 AAC 28.160, harvest guidelines; 5 AAC 28.190, harvest of bait by commercial permit holders.

(b) Fishery Management Plan for Groundfish of the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands Management Area.

Regulations in this part govern commercial fishing for groundfish in the BSAI by vessels of the United States (see subparts A, B, C, D, and E of this part).

(c) [Reserved]

(d) IFQ Program for sablefish and halibut.

The IFQ management measures for the commercial fisheries that use fixed gear to harvest sablefish and halibut (see subparts A, B, D, and E of this part).

(1) Sablefish.

- (i) Regulations in this part govern commercial fishing for sablefish by vessels of the United States:
- (A) Using fixed gear within that portion of the GOA and the BSAI over which the United States exercises exclusive fishery management authority; and
- (B) Using fixed gear in waters of the State of Alaska adjacent to the BSAI and the GOA, provided that aboard such vessels are persons who currently hold quota shares, IFQ permits, or IFQ cards.
- (ii) Regulations in this part do not govern commercial fishing for sablefish in Prince William Sound or under a State of Alaska limited entry program.

(2) Halibut.

Regulations in this part govern commercial fishing for halibut by vessels of the United States using fixed gear, as that term is defined in 50 CFR 679.2, in and off of Alaska.

(e) Western Alaska CDQ Program.

The goals and purpose of the CDQ program are to allocate CDQ to eligible Western Alaska communities to provide the means for starting or supporting commercial fisheries business activities that will result in an ongoing, regionally based, fisheries-related economy.

(f) Groundfish Observer Program.(applicable through December 31, 2007).

Regulations in this part govern elements of the Groundfish Observer Program for the BSAI groundfish and GOA groundfish fisheries under the Council's authority (see subpart E of this part).

(g) Fishery Management Plan for Bering Sea/Aleutian Islands King and Tanner Crabs.

Regulations in this part govern commercial fishing for king and Tanner crab in the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands Area by vessels of the United States, and supersede State of Alaska regulations applicable

§ 679.1 Purpose and scope

to the commercial king and Tanner crab fisheries in the Bering Sea and Aleutians Islands Area EEZ that are determined to be inconsistent with the FMP (see subpart A, B, and E of this part). Additional regulations governing commercial fishing for, and processing of, king and Tanner crab managed pursuant to section 313(j) of the Magnuson-Stevens Act and the Crab Rationalization Program are codified at 50 CFR part 680.

- (h) Fishery Management Plan for the Scallop Fishery off Alaska.
- (1) Regulations in this part govern commercial fishing for scallops in the Federal waters off Alaska by vessels of the United States (see subpart A of this part).
- (2) State of Alaska laws and regulations that are consistent with the FMP and with the regulations in this part apply to vessels of the United States that are fishing for scallops in the Federal waters off Alaska.
- (i) Fishery Management Plan for the Salmon Fisheries in the EEZ off the Coast of Alaska (Salmon FMP).
- (1) Regulations in this part govern fishing for salmon by fishing vessels of the United States in the Salmon Management Area.
- (2) State of Alaska laws and regulations that are consistent with the Salmon FMP and with the regulations in this part apply to vessels of the United States that are fishing for salmon in the Salmon Management Area.
 - (j) License Limitation Program (LLP).
- (1) Regulations in this part implement the LLP for the commercial groundfish fisheries in the EEZ off Alaska and the LLP for the commercial crab fisheries in the Bering Sea and Aleutians Islands Area.
- (2) Regulations in this part govern the commercial fishing for **groundfish under the LLP** by vessels of the United States using authorized gear within the GOA and the **Bering Sea and Aleutians Islands Area** and the commercial fishing for crab species **under the LLP** by vessels of the United States

using authorized gear within the Bering Sea and Aleutians Islands Area.

- (3) Regulations in this part implement the license limitation program for the commercial scallop fishery in the EEZ off Alaska.
- (4) Regulations in this part govern the commercial fishing for scallops by vessels of the United States using authorized gear within the EEZ off Alaska.

(k) American Fisheries Act and AI directed pollock fishery measures.

Regulations in this part were developed by NMFS and the Council under the Magnuson-Stevens Act, the American Fisheries Act (AFA), and the Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2004 to govern commercial fishing for BSAI pollock according to the requirements of the AFA and the Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2004. This part also governs payment and collection of the loan, under the AFA, the Magnuson-Stevens Act, and Title XI of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, made to all those persons who harvest pollock from the directed fishing allowance allocated to the inshore component under section 206(b)(1) of the AFA.

§ 679.24 Gear limitations.

Regulations pertaining to vessel and gear markings are set forth in this section and as prescribed in the annual management measures published in the Federal Register pursuant to § 300.62 of chapter III of this title.

- (a) Marking of hook-and-line, longline pot, and pot-and-line gear.
- (1) All hook-and-line, longline pot, and pot-and-line marker buoys carried on board or used by any vessel regulated under this part shall be marked with the following:
 - (i) The vessel's name; and
 - (ii) The vessel's Federal fisheries permit number; or
 - (iii) The vessel's ADF&G vessel registration number.
- (2) Markings shall be in characters at least 4 inches (10.16 cm) in height and 0.5 inch (1.27 cm) in width in a contrasting color visible above the water line and shall be maintained so the markings are clearly visible.

* * * * *

Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act

Public Law 94-265

As amended through October 11, 1996

ANACT

To provide for the conservation and management of the fisheries,

and for other purposes.

J.Feder version (12/19/96)

TITLE IV -- FISHERY MONITORING AND RESEARCH

104-297

SEC. 401. REGISTRATION AND 16 U.S.C. 1881

INFORMATION MANAGEMENT

- (a) STANDARDIZED FISHING VESSEL REGISTRATION AND INFORMATION MANAGEMENT SYSTEM.--The Secretary shall, in cooperation with the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating, the States, the Councils, and Marine Fisheries Commissions, develop recommendations for implementation of a standardized fishing vessel registration and information management system on a regional basis. The recommendations shall be developed after consultation with interested governmental and nongovernmental parties and shall--
- (1) be designed to standardize the requirements of vessel registration and information collection systems required by this Act, the Marine Mammal Protection Act (16 U.S.C. 1361 et seq.), and any other marine resource law implemented by the Secretary, and, with the permission of a State, any marine resource law implemented by such State;
- (2) integrate information collection programs under existing fishery management plans into a non-duplicative information collection and management system;
- (3) avoid duplication of existing State, tribal, or Federal systems and shall utilize, to the maximum extent practicable, information collected from existing systems;
- (4) provide for implementation of the system through cooperative agreements with appropriate State, regional, or tribal entities and Marine Fisheries Commissions;

- (5) provide for funding (subject to appropriations) to assist appropriate State, regional, or tribal entities and Marine Fisheries Commissions in implementation;
- (6) establish standardized units of measurement, nomenclature, and formats for the collection and submission of information:
- (7) minimize the paperwork required for vessels registered under the system;
- (8) include all species of fish within the geographic areas of authority of the Councils and all fishing vessels including charter fishing vessels, but excluding recreational fishing vessels;
- (9) require United States fish processors, and fish dealers and other first ex-vessel purchasers of fish that are subject to the proposed system, to submit information (other than economic information) which may be necessary to meet the goals of the proposed system; and
- (10) include procedures necessary to ensure--
- (A) the confidentiality of information collected under this section in accordance with section 402(b); and
- (B) the timely release or availability to the public of information collected under this section consistent with section 402(b).

TR 2XXX, 1st Edition: Evaporative Loss from Cleaning of Storage Tanks

For Further Information Contact:

Andrea Johnson, Standards Department,

e-mail: johnsona@api.org.

Meetings/Conferences: The Spring Committee on Petroleum Measurement meeting will be held in Dallas, Texas, March 19–23, 2007. The Fall Committee on Petroleum Measurement meeting will be held in Atlanta, Georgia, October 22–25, 2007. Interested parties may visit the API Web site at http://www.api.org/meetings/ for more information regarding participation in these meetings.

Committee on Exploration and Production

RP 65–2, 1st Edition: Isolating Potential Flow Zones During Well Construction

Production Equipment

Spec 6A–A1, 19th Edition: Addendum to Specification for Wellhead and Christmas Tree Equipment Spec 6DSS, 1st Edition: Specification

Spec 6DSS, 1st Edition: Specification for Subsea Pipeline Valves

Oil Country Tubular Goods

Spec 5B, 16th Edition: Treading, Gauging, and Thread Inspection of Casing, Tubing, and Line Pipe Threads

Bull 5C3, (National Adoption of TR 10400) 7th Edition: Formulas and Calculations for Casing, Tubing, Drill Pipe, and Line Pipe Properties

Spec 5CRA, 1st Edition: Petroleum and natural gas industries—Corrosionresistant alloy seamless tubes for use as casing, tubing and coupling stock— Technical delivery conditions

Spec 5D, (National Ådoption of 11961) 6th Edition: Drill Pipe

Spec 5L, 43rd Edition: Line Pipe Spec 5LD, 3rd Edition: CRA Clad or

Lined Steel Pipe

Spec 7–1A (National Adoption of 10424–1), 1st Edition: Addendum 1— Rotary Drill Stem Elements

Spec 7–2, (National Adoption of 10424–2) 1st Edition: Petroleum and natural gas industries—Rotary drilling equipment—Part 2: Threading and gauging of rotary shouldered threaded connections

Spec 15LE, 4th Edition: Polyethylene (PE) Line Pipe

RP 15XXX, 1st Edition: Recommended Practice on Composite Lined Steel Tubular Goods

Offshore Structures, Drill Through Equipment, and Subsea Production Equipment

RP 2A-WSD E/A3, 21st Edition: Errata/ Supplement 3 to Planning, Designing and Constructing Fixed Offshore Platforms—Working Stress Design RP 2D, 6th Edition: Operation and Maintenance of Offshore Cranes RP 2FPS, (National Adoption of 19904– 1) 2nd Edition: Recommended

Practice for Planning, Designing, and Constructing Floating Production Systems

RP 2I, 3rd Edition: In-Service Inspection of Mooring Hardware for Floating Drilling Units Bull 2IDC, 1st Edition: Interim Design Criteria for Offshore Structures

RP 2L, 5th Edition: Planning, Designing and Constructing Heliports for Fixed Offshore Platforms

Draft RP 2MET, 1st Edition: Metocean Conditions for the Gulf of Mexico

RP 2SK-A1, 3rd Edition: Addendum 1 to Design and Analysis of Stationkeeping Systems for Floating Structures

RP 2T, 3rd Edition: Planning, Designing and Constructing Tension Leg Platforms

Bull 2TD, 2nd Edition: Guidelines for Tie-downs on Offshore Production Facilities for Hurricane Season

RP 2X–A, 4th Edition: Addendum to Recommended Practice for Ultrasonic and Magnetic Examination of Offshore Structural Fabrication and Guidelines for Qualification of Technicians

RP 17A–A (National Adoption of 13628–1), 4th Edition: Addendum to Design and Operation of Subsea Production Systems—Petroleum and natural gas industries—Design and operation of Subsea production systems—Part 1: General requirements and recommendations Spec 17J, 3rd Edition: Unbonded Flexible Pipe

Drilling Operations and Equipment

Spec 4F, (National Adoption of 13626) 4th Edition: Drilling and production equipment—Drilling and wellservicing structures

RP 16ST, 1st Edition: Recommended Practice for Coiled Tubing Well Control Equipment Systems and Operations

Spec 19XXX, 1st Edition (National Adoption of 13503–2): Petroleum and natural gas industries—Completion fluids and materials—Part 2: Measurement of properties of proppants used in hydraulic fracturing and gravel-packing operations

Quality

Spec Q1, 8th Edition: Specification for Quality Programs for the Petroleum and Natural Gas Industry

Supply Chain Management Spec 20A, 1st Edition: Forgings For Further Information Contact: Andy Radford, Standards Department, e-mail: radforda@api.org.

Meetings/Conferences: The 2007 Summer Standardization Conference on Oilfield Equipment & Materials will take place in San Francisco, California, June 25–29, 2007. Interested parties may visit the API Web site at http://www.api.org/ meetings for more information regarding participation in this meeting.

Executive Committee on Drilling and Production Operations

RP 14G, 4th Edition: Fire Prevention and Control on OpenType Offshore Production Platforms

RP 67, 2nd Edition: Oilfield Explosive Safety

RP 91, 1st Edition: Containment of Spent Blast Abrasive and Associated Materials from Surface Preparation and Coating Operations

 $For \ Further \ Information \ Contact: Tim \\ Sampson, \ Upstream \ Department, \ e-mail:$

sampson@api.org.

For additional information on the overall API standards program, Contact: David Miller, Standards Department, e-mail: miller@api.org.

Dated: February 13, 2007.

James E. Hill,

Acting Deputy Director.

[FR Doc. E7-2889 Filed 2-20-07; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-13-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

Proposed Information Collection; Comment Request; Alaska Region Gear Identification Requirements

AGENCY: National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), DOC.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burden, invites the general public and other Federal agencies to take this opportunity to comment on proposed and/or continuing information collections, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995.

DATES: Written comments must be submitted on or before April 23, 2007.

ADDRESSES: Direct all written comments to Diana Hynek, Departmental Paperwork Clearance Officer, Department of Commerce, Room 6625, 14th and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20230 (or via the Internet at dHynek@doc.gov).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Requests for additional information or copies of the information collection instrument and instructions should be directed to Patsy A. Bearden, (907) 586–7008 or patsy.bearden@noaa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Abstract

Regulations at § 679.24(a) require that all hook-and-line, longline pot, and pot-and-line marker buoys, carried onboard or used by any vessel regulated under 50 CFR part 679, shall be marked with the vessel name, Federal permit number, or registration number. The regulations also specify the size and color of markings. The marking of gear aids law enforcement and enables other fishermen to report on misplaced gear.

II. Method of Collection

No information is collected; this is a gear-marking requirement.

III. Data

OMB Number: 0648–0353. Form Number: None.

Type of Review: Regular submission.

Affected Public: Business or other forprofit organizations; and individuals or households.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 2,116.

Estimated Time per Response: 15 minutes per buoy.

Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours: 3,750.

Estimated Total Annual Cost to Public: \$4,332.

IV. Request for Comments

Comments are invited on: (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden (including hours and cost) of the proposed collection of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

Comments submitted in response to this notice will be summarized and/or included in the request for OMB approval of this information collection; they also will become a matter of public record. Dated: February 15, 2007.

Gwellnar Banks,

Management Analyst, Office of the Chief Information Officer.

[FR Doc. E7–2869 Filed 2–20–07; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-22-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

Proposed Information Collection; Comment Request; Interim Capital Construction Fund Agreement and Certificate Family of Forms

AGENCY: National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), DOC.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burden, invites the general public and other Federal agencies to take this opportunity to comment on proposed and/or continuing information collections, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995.

DATES: Written comments must be submitted on or before April 23, 2007.

ADDRESSES: Direct all written comments to Diana Hynek, Departmental Paperwork Clearance Officer, Department of Commerce, Room 6625, 14th and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20230 (or via the Internet at dHynek@doc.gov).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Requests for additional information or copies of the information collection instrument and instructions should be directed to Charles L. Cooper, (301) 713–2396 or Charles.Cooper@noaa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Abstract

The respondents will be commercial fishing industry individuals, partnerships, and corporations which entered into Capital Construction Fund agreements with the Secretary of Commerce allowing deferral of Federal taxation on fishing vessel income deposited into the fund for use in the acquisition, construction, or reconstruction of fishing vessels. Deferred taxes are recaptured by reducing an agreement vessel's basis for depreciation by the amount withdrawn from the fund for its acquisition, construction, or reconstruction. The information collected from agreement holders is used to determine their eligibility to participate in the Capital

Construction Fund Program pursuant to 50 CFR part 259.

At the completion of construction/ reconstruction, a certificate to that effect must be submitted.

II. Method of Collection

The information will be collected on forms: the Fishing Vessel Capital Construction Fund Application, the Interim Capital Construction Fund Agreement, and the Certificate of Construction/Reconstruction.

III. Data

OMB Number: 0648-0090.

Form Number: NOAA Form 88–14.

 $Type\ of\ Review: {\bf Regular\ submission}.$

Affected Public: Business or other forprofit organizations.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 500.

Estimated Time per Response: Application, 30 minutes; agreement, 3 hours; certificate, 1 hour.

Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours: 2,250.

Estimated Total Annual Cost to Public: \$3,300.

IV. Request for Comments

Comments are invited on: (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden (including hours and cost) of the proposed collection of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

Comments submitted in response to this notice will be summarized and/or included in the request for OMB approval of this information collection; they also will become a matter of public record.

Dated: February 15, 2007.

Gwellnar Banks,

Management Analyst, Office of the Chief Information Officer.

[FR Doc. E7–2873 Filed 2–20–07; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-22-P