HIGH-COST MORTGAGE (§226.32) WORKSHEET

| Borrower's Name | Loan Number: |
| :--- | :--- |


| COVERAGE |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Yes | No |
| Is the loan secured by the consumer's principal dwelling? $\text { [ } \$ 226.2(\mathrm{a})(19), \$ 226.32(\mathrm{a})(1)]$ |  |  |
| If the answer is No, STOP HERE |  |  |
| Is the loan for the following purpose? |  |  |
| 1. Residential Mortgage Transaction - [\$226.2(a)(24)] |  |  |
| 2. Reverse Mortgage Transaction - [\$226.33] |  |  |
| 3. Open-End Credit Plan - Subpart B [note prohibition against structuring loans as open-end plans to evade $\$ 226.32$ - [\$226.34(b)] |  |  |
| If the answer is Yes to Box 1, 2, or 3, STOP HERE. If No, continue to Test 1. |  |  |


| TEST 1 - CALCULATION OF APR |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A. Disclosed APR |  |  |
| B. Treasury Security Yield of Comparable Maturity <br> Obtain the Treasury Constant Maturities Yield from the FRB's Statistical Release, H-15 - Selected Interest Rates (the "Business" links will display daily yields). Use the yield that has the most comparable maturity to the loan term and is from the $15^{\text {th }}$ day of the month that immediately precedes the month of the application. If the $15^{\text {th }}$ is not a business day, use the yield for the business day immediately preceding the $15^{\text {th }}$. If the loan term is exactly halfway between two published security maturities, use the lower of the two yields.) Note: Creditors may use the FRB's Selected Interest Rates or the actual auction results. See Staff Commentary to Regulation Z for further details. $[\S 226.32(\mathrm{a})(1)(\mathrm{i})]$ <br> http://www.federalreserve.gov/releases/H15/data.htm |  |  |
| C. Treasury Security Yield of Comparable Maturity (Box B) Plus: 8 percentage points for first-lien loan; or 10 percentage points for subordinate-lien loan |  |  |
|  | Yes | No |
| D. Is Box A greater than Box C? |  |  |
| If Yes, the transaction is a High-Cost Mortgage. If No, continue to Test 2, Points and Fees. |  |  |

# Appendix A: Consumer Affairs Laws and Regulations 

## HIGH-COST MORTGAGE (§226.32) WORKSHEET

## TEST 2 - CALCULATION OF POINTS AND FEES

STEP 1: Identify all Charges Paid by the Consumer at or before Loan Closing
A. Finance Charges - $\$ 226.4(\mathbf{a})$ and (b) (Interest, including per-diem interest, and time price differential are excluded from these amounts.)

|  | Fee | Subtotals |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Loan Points |  |  |
| Mortgage Broker Fee |  |  |
| Loan Service Fees |  |  |
| Required Closing Agent/3rd Party Fees |  |  |
| Required Credit Insurance |  |  |
| Private Mortgage Insurance |  |  |
| Life of Loan Charges (flood, taxes, etc.) |  |  |
| Any Other Fees Considered Finance Charges |  |  |
| Subtotal |  |  |

B. Certain Non-Finance Charges Under $\$ 226.4(c)(7)$ - Include fees paid by consumers only if the amount of the fee is unreasonable or if the creditor receives direct or indirect compensation from the charge or the charge is paid to an affiliate of the bank. (See the example in $\$ 226.32(\mathrm{~b})(1)$ (ii) of the commentary for further explanation.)

| Title Examination |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Title Insurance |  |
| Property Survey |  |
| Document Preparation Charge |  |
| Credit Report |  |
| Appraisal |  |
| Fee for "Initial" Flood Hazard Determination |  |
| Pest Inspection |  |
| Any Other Fees Not Considered Finance Charges |  |
| Subtotal |  |

C. Premiums or Other Charges for Optional Credit Life, Accident, Health, or

Loss-of-Income Insurance, or Debt-Cancellation Coverage
D. Total Points \& Fees: Add Subtotals for A, B, C

## TEST 2 - CALCULATION OF POINTS AND FEES (continued)

STEP 2: Determine the Total Loan Amount for Cost Calculation [226.32(a)(1)(ii)]
A. Determine the Amount Financed [ $\$ 226.18(\mathrm{~b})]$

| Principal Loan Amount |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Plus: Other Amounts Financed by the Lender (not <br> already included in the principal and not part of the <br> finance charge) |  |
| Less: Prepaid Finance Charges [\$226.2(a)(23)] |  |
| Equals: Amount Financed |  |
| B.Deduct costs included in the points and fees under <br> §226.32(b)(1)(iii) and (iv) (Step 1, Box B and Box C) that are <br> financed by the creditor <br> C. Total Loan Amount (Step 2, Box A minus Box B) |  |

## TEST 2 - CALCULATION OF POINTS AND FEES (continued)

## STEP 3: Perform High-Fee Cost Calculation

| A. Eight Percent of the Total Loan Amount (Step 2, Box C) |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| B. Annual Adjustment Amount - [\$226.32(a)(1)(ii)] <br> 1999: $\$ 441 ; ~ 2000: \$ 451 ; ~ 2001: ~$ <br> (use the dollar amount corresponding to the eyear of the loan's origination) |  |  |
| C. Total Points \& Fees (Step 1, Box D) | Yes | No |
|  |  |  |
| In Step 3, does Box C exceed the greater of Box A or Box B? |  |  |
| If Yes, the transaction is a High-Cost Mortgage. If No, the transaction is not a High-Cost <br> Mortgage under Test 2, Points and Fees. |  |  |

