# JOINT BOARD FOR THE ENROLLMENT OF ACTUARIES AMERICAN SOCIETY OF PENSION PROFESSIONALS AND ACTUARIES SOCIETY OF ACTUARIES

#### **EXAMINATION PROGRAM**

MAY 2009 BASIC (EA-1) EXAMINATION

MAY 2009 PENSION EA-2 (SEGMENT B) EXAMINATION

NOVEMBER 2009 PENSION EA-2 (SEGMENT A) EXAMINATION

January 2009

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#### **INTRODUCTION**

The Joint Board for the Enrollment of Actuaries administers two actuarial examinations that must be successfully completed by individuals to satisfy the actuarial knowledge requirement for the designation of Enrolled Actuary.

The actuarial knowledge requirement for enrollment is augmented by a requirement that a candidate have certain responsible pension actuarial experience. Through a combined knowledge and experience requirement, the Joint Board seeks to determine which applicants for the designation of Enrolled Actuary have the skills necessary to protect the interests of pension plan participants.

The examinations are structured as follows:

The <u>basic (EA-1) examination</u> tests knowledge of (1) the mathematics of compound interest and practical financial analysis and (2) the mathematics of life contingencies and practical demographic analysis.

The pension (EA-2) examination, which consists of two segments, tests

- (a) in Segment A, the selection of actuarial assumptions, actuarial cost methods, and the calculation of minimum required and maximum deductible contributions, and
- (b) in Segment B, knowledge of relevant federal pension laws (in particular, the provisions of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act and related laws, regulations, and rulings) as they affect pension actuarial practice.

The EA-1 and the EA-2 (Segment B) examinations are given each May; the EA-2 (Segment A) examination is given each November.

A candidate for enrollment may be able to satisfy part of the actuarial knowledge requirement of the Joint Board regulations by earning a degree in actuarial mathematics or its equivalent from an accredited college or university. Such candidates will not have to pass the EA-1 examination. The courses in the plan of study and their successful completion must comply with guidelines adopted by the Joint Board for determining what demonstrates the requisite knowledge. The Joint Board will grant a waiver of the EA-1 examination to any candidate who received credit from the Society of Actuaries (SOA) for Courses FM and MLC of the SOA's education and examination program.

Both the EA-1 and EA-2 actuarial examinations consist solely of multiple-choice questions. Each question will be assigned from one to five points. Point values for each question will be shown at the beginning of the question. The score on each examination is based on the questions answered correctly; no credit is given for omitted answers and no credit is deducted for wrong answers.

#### **ALL EXAMINATIONS**

Most examination questions require arithmetical computations. Each candidate should bring an electronic calculator to the examination center for use in performing computations. Calculators should be able to compute financial functions such as amortization payments, present and future values, interest rates, time periods, logarithmic functions, and exponential functions. Calculators are subject to the following conditions:

The examination supervisor will ascertain that all calculators: (a) have self-contained power sources, (b) are noiseless, and (c) do not have the capability to retain text. A candidate generally will be allowed to take the examination using a questionable calculator. However, any questions raised as to the appropriateness of a calculator will be noted on the supervisor's report along with the candidate's number and the make and model number of the calculator; a determination will be made later as to whether the calculator was permissible.

Candidates are solely responsible for the proper functioning and operation of their calculators during the examination. In addition, candidates must indicate on their examination answer sheets both the make and the model number of any calculator used.

The use of a calculator that does not meet the conditions above constitutes an irregularity and may be sufficient cause for disqualification from the examination.

In preparing the examinations, great care is taken so that each question has one and only one correct answer based on the data given. Each question is reviewed by all members of the Advisory Committee on Actuarial Examinations and by representatives of the sponsoring organizations. Nevertheless, because mistakes can occur, a request for consideration of an alternative answer to a given question, or for disregarding a question, will be entertained by the Joint Board but only under the following conditions:

An appeal must be made in writing and postmarked not later than six months after the examination was administered.

The appellant must describe in detail the fault found with the question and an alternative answer if one is claimed.

In the case of claimed ambiguity, credence will be given to an alternative interpretation only to the extent that such interpretation is one that might be reasonably made and is not strained in the light of attendant circumstances. This policy is of positive benefit to most candidates; otherwise, it would be necessary to burden each question with numerous qualifications and stipulations that the qualified practitioner does not require and which would make the question more difficult to read.

Not all topics listed in the syllabus of this examination program are necessarily covered on any particular year's examination, nor are the examination questions necessarily confined solely to the listed topics or suggested readings. Also, it is assumed that all candidates are familiar with the basic concepts and techniques of algebra and calculus.

Candidates are urged to develop a thorough understanding of the conditions generally or specifically applicable to all examination questions as set forth later in this examination program. Conditions for each examination will be included in the applicable examination booklets.

In addition, candidates should familiarize themselves with the list of limits, tables, and formulas applicable to the EA-2 (Segment A) and EA-2 (Segment B) examinations, as set forth in this program. A copy of the appropriate list will also be included in the respective examination booklet.

Questions on both the Basic EA-1 examination and the Pension EA-2 (Segments A and B) examinations may contain commutation functions. Candidates who are not familiar with commutation functions may wish to order the Study Note "Commutation Functions" available from the SOA. An order form can be obtained at <a href="www.soa.org">www.soa.org</a> by selecting the Basic Education Catalog for the current session and selecting the study note order form.

#### **Important Notices and Changes from Previous Programs**

- 1. For purposes of the EA-2 (Segment A) and EA-2 (Segment B) examinations, IRS, Treasury and PBGC releases granting disaster relief should be ignored.
- 2. Questions on both the basic EA-1 examination and the pension EA-2 (Segments A and B) examination may contain commutation functions. Candidates are expected to understand and be able to use commutation functions. Candidates who are not familiar with commutation functions may wish to order the Study Note "Commutation Functions" available from the SOA. An order form can be obtained at <a href="www.soa.org">www.soa.org</a> by selecting the Basic Education Catalog for the current session and selecting the study note order form.
- 3. Significant changes made to the exams since they were last given are marked with an asterisk (\*) in the pages that follow.

#### **BASIC EA-1 EXAMINATION**

#### **MAY 2009**

The EA-1 examination is two-and-one-half hours in length and covers (1) the mathematics of compound interest and practical financial analysis and (2) the mathematics of life contingencies and practical demographic analysis.

Questions on the Basic EA-1 examination may contain commutation functions. **Candidates are expected to understand and be able to use commutation functions.** Candidates who are not familiar with commutation functions may wish to order the Study Note "Commutation Functions" available from the SOA. An order form can be obtained at <a href="https://www.soa.org">www.soa.org</a> by selecting the Basic Education Catalog for the current session and selecting the study note order form.

#### **Syllabus**

Mathematics of compound interest and financial analysis.

Nominal and effective rates of interest and discount, force of interest, accumulated value factors, and present value factors.

All forms of annuities including, but not limited to annuities certain, increasing and decreasing annuities, annuities in which the payment frequency is not the same as the frequency at which interest is compounded, and perpetuities.

Amortization schedules and sinking funds, including the determination of outstanding principal, the split of payments into principal and interest, and the determination of required periodic payments.

Bonds and related securities, including bond price formulas, bond accounting, the split of periodic payments into amortization and interest, mortgages, and variable interest securities.

Determination of fund yield rates and effective rates of return using time-weighted and dollar-weighted methods.

Duration and immunization of cash flows.

Asset reporting, including realized and unrealized gains/losses, asset reconciliation, book value versus market value, and receivables.

Financial analysis, including inflation and its role, elements of risk and uncertainty, yield curves and available investments, and employee compensation increases.

Mathematics of life contingencies and demographic analysis.

Measurements and demographic analysis of mortality, including the definition and application of standard mortality probability symbols and force of mortality.

Approximation of fractional period decrements using a uniform distribution assumption.

Measurement and demographic analysis of disability, employee turnover and employee retirement, including construction of single and multiple decrement tables.

Adjustments to mortality, disability, turnover and retirement rate tables, such as age setbacks and set forwards, select and ultimate tables, projection scales and generation adjustments.

Life annuities, including life annuities with a term certain.

Population theory, including complete and curtate expectation of life, central death rates, stationary population, and average ages in a stationary population.

Multiple life functions, probabilities and annuities.

Multiple decrement functions, including associated single decrement tables, probabilities of decrement and the construction of multiple decrement tables from associated single decrement tables.

Principles of actuarial equivalence and related calculations.

One-year term costs for ancillary benefits.

Life insurance, including basic forms, single and annual premiums, varying insurance, and insurance and annuity relationships.

#### **Suggested Readings for EA-1**

The Advisory Committee on Actuarial Examinations believes that most (if not all) of the topics in the syllabus are covered in one or more of the following sources. There is a great deal of overlap among the following references. Candidates do not need to use them all. The references listed below are to identify available resources from which the candidate may select. This list is not meant to describe or modify the syllabus listed above.

Batten, R.W. <u>Life Contingencies: A Logical Approach to Actuarial Mathematics</u>, (2005); ACTEX Publications, P.O. Box 974, Winsted, CT 06098. (This is *strictly* a supplement to *Actuarial Mathematics* and would be found to be of little value in the absence of a prior, detailed study of that text.)

Bowers, N.L. et. al., <u>Actuarial Mathematics</u>, (Second Edition – 1997) (excluding Chapters 1, 2, 12, 13, 14, and 15); Society of Actuaries, 475 N. Martingale Road, Suite 600, Schaumburg, IL 60173-2226. [First edition (1986) may also be used (excluding chapters 1, 2, 11, 12, and 13)]

Brown, R.L., <u>Introduction to Mathematics of Demography</u>, (Third Edition – 1997), Chapters 3-5; ACTEX Publications, P.O. Box 974, Winsted, CT 06098

Broverman, S.A., <u>Mathematics of Investment and Credit</u>, (Third Edition – 2004); ACTEX Publications, P.O. Box 974, Winsted, CT 06098

Cunningham, R.J., Herzog, T.N, London, R.L., <u>Models for Quantifying Risk</u>, Chapters 1, 5, 6, 9-15; ACTEX Publications, P.O. Box 974, Winsted, CT 06098

Jordan, C.W., <u>Life Contingencies</u>, (Second Edition – 1967, Second Printing 2003); Society Of Actuaries, 475 N. Martingale Road, Suite 600, Schaumburg, Il 60173-2226

Kellison, S.G., <u>The Theory of Interest</u>, (Second Edition – 1991); Irwin Professional Publishers. Available from McGraw-Hill, 6350 Crested Butte Circle, Colorado Springs, CO 80919

London, D., <u>Survival Models and Their Estimation</u>, (Third Edition – 1997), Chapters 1, 3-6, 8-9; ACTEX Publications, P.O. Box 974, Winsted, CT 06098

Parmenter, M.M., <u>The Theory of Interest and Life Contingencies with Pension Applications: A Problem-Solving Approach</u>, (Third Edition – 1999); ACTEX Publications, P.O. Box 974, Winsted, CT 06098

Zima, P. and Brown, R.L., <u>Mathematics of Finance</u> (2001), (Fifth Edition); McGraw-Hill Ryerson Limited, 300 Water Street, Whitby, ON, L1N 9B6

Actuarial Standard of Practice, No. 27, "Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations"

Actuarial Standard of Practice, No. 35, "Selection of Demographic and Other Noneconomic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations

#### Society of Actuaries Study Material

The Society of Actuaries has developed various study notes for the use of students preparing for its examinations on these subjects. These study notes are revised periodically, and new study notes may be added. As of December 31, 2008, the following study notes are available. An order form can be obtained at <a href="https://www.soa.org">www.soa.org</a> by selecting the Basic Education Catalog for the current session and selecting the study note order form.

Measurement of Investment Return

**Actuarially Equivalent Benefits** 

Commutation Functions

All candidates for the Joint Board examinations, even if not affiliated with the Society of Actuaries, can obtain an order form at <a href="www.soa.org">www.soa.org</a> by selecting the Basic Education Catalog for the current session and selecting the study note order form. It should be realized, however, that such material was not necessarily drawn up with the particular nature of the Joint Board examinations in mind.

# Conditions Generally Applicable to All EA-1 Examination Questions

If applicable, the following conditions should be considered a part of the data for each question, unless otherwise stated or implied:

- (1) The normal retirement age is 65.
- (2) Retirement pensions commence at normal retirement age and are paid monthly for life at the beginning of each month.
- (3) There are no pre-retirement death or disability benefits.
- (4) Actuarial equivalence is based on the mortality table and interest rate assumed for funding purposes.
- (5) Interest rates that are compounded more frequently than annually are expressed as nominal rates.
- (6) Where multiple lives are involved, future lifetimes are assumed to be independent of each other.
- (7) The term "gross single premium" is equivalent to "contract single premium;" the term "net single premium" is equivalent to "single benefit premium;" the term "gross annual premium" is equivalent to "annual contract premium;" the term "net annual premium" is equivalent to "annual benefit premium."
- (8) There are no policy loans in effect.
- (9) For a bond, the face amount and the redemption value are the same.
- (10) Interest rate equals yield rate.
- (11) The term "duration" means "Macaulay duration".

#### PENSION EA-2 (SEGMENT B) EXAMINATION

#### **MAY 2009**

The EA-2 (Segment B) examination is two-and-one-half hours in length and covers relevant pension laws (in particular the provisions of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA) and related laws, regulations, and rulings) as they affect pension actuarial practice. The EA-2 (Segment B) examination presupposes knowledge of the topics covered in the EA-1 examination and in the EA-2 (Segment A) examination.

Questions on the Pension EA-2 (Segment B) examination may contain commutation functions. **Candidates are expected to understand and be able to use commutation functions.** Candidates who are not familiar with commutation functions may wish to order the Study Note "Commutation Functions" available from the SOA. An order form can be obtained at <a href="https://www.soa.org">www.soa.org</a> by selecting the Basic Education Catalog for the current session and selecting the study note order form.

#### **Syllabus**

Requirements with respect to reporting and disclosure, including underfunded plans, reductions in future benefit accruals, and reportable events.

\*Funding based limits on benefits and benefit accruals under single employer defined benefit plans.

Nondiscrimination requirements including those related to plan participation, coverage, and permitted disparity.

Requirements with respect to vesting, service credits, employee contributions, accrued benefits, normal retirement.

Requirements with respect to and adjustments for early retirement, postponed retirement, joint and survivor annuities, and pre-retirement death benefits.

Determination of benefits, including permitted disparity.

PBGC premium requirements.

Plan termination requirements including standard and distress terminations, involuntary terminations, missing participants, guaranteed benefits, allocation of assets, plan liability and employer liability.

Withdrawal liability under multiemployer plans.

Excise taxes other than for funding requirements.

Prohibited transactions and fiduciary standards.

Standards of performance and professional conduct for enrolled actuaries.

#### **Suggested Readings for EA-2 (Segment B)**

New or revised sources, if any, are asterisked. Pension law and IRS promulgations can be found in publications of Warren, Gorham & Lamont, Commerce Clearing House, Maxwell Macmillan, Research Institute of America, and similar organizations. This list is not meant to describe or modify the syllabus listed above.

# For purposes of this examination, IRS, Treasury and PBGC releases granting disaster relief should be ignored.

Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA), as amended through December 31, 2008

PBGC 2008 Comprehensive Premium Payment Instructions

Internal Rev	enue Code sections, all as amended through December 31, 2008:
318	Constructive Ownership of Stock
401	Qualified Plans – definition
	Excluding subsections $-(f),(g),(i),(m),(o)$
410	Minimum Participation Standards
	Excluding subsections $-(c)$ , $(d)$
411	Minimum Vesting Standards
	Excluding subsections – (e)
413	Collectively Bargained Plans, etc.
414	Definitions and Special Rules – controlled group, multiemployer, mergers, HCE, SLOB,
	compensation
	Excluding subsections $-(d)$ , $(e)$ , $(o)$ , $(t)$ , $(u)$
417	Minimum Survivor Annuity Requirements
420	Transfers of Excess Pension Assets to Retiree Health Accounts
436	Funding based limits on benefits and benefit accruals under single employer defined benefit plans
1563	Definitions and Special Rules
4974	Excise Tax on Certain Accumulations in Qualified Retirement Plans
4975	Tax on Prohibited Transactions
4980	Tax on Reversion of Qualified Plan Assets to Employer
4980F	Failure of Applicable Plans Reducing Benefit Accruals to Satisfy Notice Requirements
6057	Annual Registration
6058	Information Required in Connection with Certain Plans of Deferred Compensation
6059	Periodic Report of Actuary

Joint Board regulations (20 CFR Part 901.20) governing the performance of actuarial services under ERISA

Treasury Department Circular No. 230 (31 CFR Part 10) Section 10.3

# IRS Promulgations:

Regulations	
*1.401(a)-1	Normal retirement age
1.401(a)(4)	Nondiscrimination requirements
*1.401(a)(9)	Minimum Distribution (-1, -2, -3, -6 except Q&A-12)
1.401(a)(26)	Minimum participation requirements
1.401( <i>I</i> )	Permitted disparity
1.410(b)	Minimum coverage requirements
*1.411(d)-3	Section 411(d)(6) protected benefits
1.411(d)-4	Section 411(d)(6) protected benefits
1.414(s)	Definition of Compensation
1.414(q)-1T	Highly compensated employees
1.417(a)(3)-1	Disclosure on relative values of optional forms of benefit
54.4980F	Final regulations implementing section 659 of EGTRRA
301.6057-1	Employee retirement benefit plans; identification of participant with deferred vested
301.0037 1	retirement benefit
301.6057-2	Employee retirement benefit plans; notification of change in plan status
301.6058-1	Information required in connection with certain plans of deferred compensation
301.6059-1	Periodic report of actuary
301.0037 1	Torrodio report of actuary
Revenue Rulin	<u>gs</u>
81-11	Minimum accrued benefits; fractional rule; break-in service
81-140	Suspension of Benefits due to reemployment
89-60	Interest rates used in determining employees' "accumulated contributions"
89-87	Terminated plans must distribute as soon as administratively feasible after plan
	termination
92-66	Must an early retirement window benefit be provided permanently to all employees
	under a plan where the employer amends its plan to make the benefit available for
	substantially consecutive, limited periods of time?
2002-42	Partial termination merger or conversion of money purchase plan: IRC section 4980F
	notice and 204(h) of ERISA
2002-43	General rules relating to excise tax on prohibited transactions
2003-65	Vesting service upon resumption of accruals
2003-85	Application of IRC section 4980 excise tax
2004-65	Election of enhanced pension benefit under IRC section 420
*2007-43	Partial termination, turnover
*2007-67	Calculation of minimum present value under IRC section 417(e)(3)
<u>Notices</u>	
88-25	No year of service (including years of service before the effective date of the OBRA
	1986 provisions) may be disregarded because of the attainment of any age in determining
	benefits payable to employees from certain employee benefit plans
88-126	Regulation on continued benefit accruals will depart from EEOCS; pre-1988 service
	may not be ignored because of age
97-75	Guidance relating to the amendments to the minimum distribution requirements of
	section 401(a)(9) of the Code made by section 1404 of the Small Business Job Protection
	Act of 1996, Pub. L. 104-188
2001-56	Effective dates for certain amendments made by EGTRRA
2004-78	Distributions under the Pension Funding Equity Act of 2004
*2008-30	Sections III and IV – Guidance on PPA changes to IRC sections 401(a)(11) and 417
	-

## PBGC Promulgations:

## Regulations:

4001	General and Definitions
4006	Computing Premiums
4007	Paying Premiums
4010	Notification to PBGC
4022	Guaranteed Benefits
4041	Terminations
4043	Reportable Events
4044	Allocation of Assets
4050	Missing Participants
4062	Termination Liability for Sponsor
4211	Multiemployer Plan Withdrawal Liability
4219	Multiemployer Plan Withdrawal Liability

## PBGC Technical Updates:

00-7 Increased Guarantee Limit for Multiemployer Plans \*08-4 Lump Sum Issues in Standard Terminations

## DOL Promulgations:

Regulations	
	DEFINITIONS
2510.3-3	Definition of pension plans
2510.3-21	Definition of fiduciary
	REPORTING AND DISCLOSURE
2520.101-4	Annual Funding Notice for multiemployer defined benefit pension plans
2520.102-2, 2520.102-3	Summary plan description (SPD)
& 2520.104b-2	
2520.103-1	Contents of the annual report
2520.103-10	Annual report financial schedules
2520.104-42	Waiver of certain actuarial information in the annual report
2520.104-46	Waiver of examination and report of an independent qualified
	public accountant for employee benefit plans with fewer than 100 participants
2520.104a-5	Annual report filing requirements
2520.104b-3	Summary of material modifications to the plan and changes in the
	information required to be included in the SPD
2520.104b-10	Summary annual report (SAR)
2520.107-1	Use of electronic media for maintenance and retention of records

#### FIDUCIARY RESPONSIBILITY

2550.403a-1	Establishment of trust
2550.403b-1	Exemptions from trust requirement
2550.408b-2	General statutory exemption for services or office space
2550.408c-2	Compensation for services

\*These are currently found in the Federal Register (FR), and also on the DOL/EBSA website (see below for links). When a final rule is codified in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) the changes will be reflected as indicated in the FR release.

*72 FR 64710	On revision of annual information return/reports; final rule (note: this will amend 29 CFR Part 2520)
	http://www.dol.gov/ebsa/regs/fedreg/final/20071116.pdf
*72 FR 64731	On revision of annual information return/report; notice (note: notices do
	not get codified in the CFR
	http://www.dol.gov/ebsa/regs/fedreg/notices/20071116.pdf
*73 FR 58445	On DOL's final rule on annuities (note: this will amend 29 CFR 2509
	Part 2509)
	http://www.dol.gov/federalregister/PDFDisplay.aspx?Docid=21587

#### **Interpretive Bulletins**

merprente Bunems	
2509.75-2	Prohibited Transactions
2509.75-4	Indemnification of fiduciaries
2509.75-5 & 2509.75-8	Questions and answers relating to fiduciary responsibility
2509.75-6	Section 408(c)(2) of ERISA
2509.75-9	Guidelines on independence of accountant retained by employee
	benefit plan
2509.95-1	Fiduciary standard under ERISA when selecting an annuity
	provider

#### Society of Actuaries Study Material

The Society of Actuaries has developed various study notes for the use of students preparing for its examinations on these subjects. These study notes are revised periodically, and new study notes may be added. As of December 31, 2008, the following study notes are available.

Pension Plan Terminations with update

Contributory Pension Plans after OBRA '89

Update for the Pension Plan Terminations Study Note

Circular No. 230 (Section 10.3)

Tax Forms and PBGC Contacts

Summary of Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001 (EGTRRA) Provisions Relating to Pension and Profit-Sharing Plans

Penalty Taxes under the U.S. Internal Revenue Code

**Commutation Functions** 

All candidates for the Joint Board examinations, even if not affiliated with the Society of Actuaries, can obtain an order form at <a href="www.soa.org">www.soa.org</a> by selecting the Basic Education Catalog for the current session and selecting the study note order form. It should be realized, however, that such material was not necessarily drawn up with the particular nature of the Joint Board examinations in mind.

The Society of Actuaries also suggests the following text:

Multi-employer Retirement Plans: Handbook for the 21<sup>st</sup> Century (2003); International Foundation of Employee Benefits; P.O. Box 69, Brookfield, WI 53008

#### American Society of Pension Professionals and Actuaries Study Material

The American Society of Pension Professionals and Actuaries (ASPPA) suggests the following books. These books, while not designed specifically for the examination, cover much of the syllabus and more.

McGhie, G. N., <u>The Defined Benefit Answer Book</u> (Third Edition), Aspen Publishers; 7201 McKinney Circle; P.O. Box 990; Frederick, MD 21701

Tripodi, Sal L., <u>The ERISA Outline Book</u>, (2007 Edition)

The ERISA Outline Book is available from ASPPA. Information can be found on the ASPPA website at <a href="https://www.asppa.org/resources/res\_erisa.htm">www.asppa.org/resources/res\_erisa.htm</a>

#### **Conditions Generally Applicable to All EA-2 (Segment B) Examination Questions**

If applicable, the following conditions should be considered a part of the data for each question, unless otherwise stated or implied.

For purposes of this examination, IRS, Treasury and PBGC releases granting disaster relief should be ignored.

#### **General Conditions Regarding Plan Provisions**

- (1) "Plan" or "pension plan" means a defined benefit pension plan.
- (2) The plan is qualified under IRC section 401. Thus, for example, any benefit formulas should be understood to be limited by other plan provisions required by the Code.
- (3) The plan is sponsored by a single employer; the sponsoring employer is a taxable entity and is not a member of a controlled group.
- (4) The plan is not established or maintained in connection with a collectively bargained agreement.
- \*(5) Employees subject to a collective bargaining agreement are non-professional. If employees covered by a collective bargaining agreement are covered by the plan, their coverage is pursuant to that collective bargaining agreement.
- (6) The plan year, the employer's limitation year, and the employer's tax year are all the calendar year.
- (7) The normal retirement age is 65.
- (8) Retirement pensions commence at normal retirement age and are paid monthly for life at the beginning of each month.
- (9) The plan covers all active employees of the employer; there is no age or service requirement for participation. Thus, when referring to active employees, the terms "employee" and "participant" are synonymous.
- (10) There are no, and never have been, mandatory or voluntary employee contributions.
- (11) Service for purposes of vesting and benefit accrual is credited on the basis of time elapsed since date of hire.
- (12) When the normal retirement benefit is computed as a dollar amount, or as a percentage of compensation, for each year of service, the accrued benefit is defined likewise.
- (13) Actuarial equivalence is based on the mortality table and interest rate assumed for funding purposes.
- (14) Qualified joint and survivor annuities and qualified preretirement survivor annuities are provided in such manner that they result in no cost to the employer.
- (15) The plan has not been top-heavy in any year.
- (16) The plan has not been amended since its effective date.

#### **General Conditions Regarding Funding**

- (17) Any actuarial valuation encompasses not only all active employees but also retired employees, beneficiaries, and former employees entitled to vested deferred pensions.
- (18) The valuation date is the first day of the plan year; i.e., participant data, present values, asset values, etc. are as of that date. Also, normal costs are payable annually, the first being due on the valuation date.
- (19) Unless otherwise specified, the assumed retirement age is the normal retirement age.
- (20) The terms "actuarial value of assets" and "market value of assets" mean the values developed for purposes of IRC section 412, before being adjusted as required under funding methods of the aggregate type for items such as the existing credit balance or the outstanding balances of certain bases.
- (21) All actuarial assumptions are deemed "reasonable" and meet the "best estimate" criterion.
- (22) The adoption date of any plan or amendment is the same as its effective date.
- (23) The term "minimum required contribution" means the smallest contribution for a plan year which will prevent a funding deficiency or unpaid minimum contribution at the end of that plan year, without regard to the alternative minimum funding standard account. Amounts to be amortized are not combined or offset against one another.
- The employer is taxable, and all employer contributions for each prior plan year have been deducted by the employer for its tax year coincident with such plan year.
- (25) The full funding limitation has never applied.
- (26) The full funding limitations based on current liability shall be disregarded if sufficient information to determine such limitations is not provided.
- (27) For purposes of determining the deductible limit, the unfunded current liability shall be disregarded if sufficient information to determine such liability is not provided.
- (28) Unless separate current liabilities are provided, the current liability is the same for all purposes.

#### **Miscellaneous General Conditions**

- (29) All plan provisions and funding comply with all temporary and final regulations under the Internal Revenue Code and ERISA, as amended through December 31, 2008.
- (30) For multiemployer plans, disregard any industry-specific rules.
- (31) The employer has never maintained a defined contribution plan or another defined benefit plan. No employee has been covered by a defined contribution or defined benefit plan that is required to be aggregated with his employer's plans for purposes of IRC section 415.
- (32) The terms "applicable mortality (table)" and "applicable interest (rate)" are as defined in IRC section 417(e)(3).

- (33) For purposes of nondiscrimination testing under IRC section 401(a)(4), grouping of allocation rates or accrual rates has not been used unless there is specific reference to it.
- (34) For purposes of coverage testing under IRC section 410(b), "snapshot" testing is not used and permitted disparity is not imputed.
- \*(35) The plan is not an applicable defined benefit plan described in IRC section 411(a)(13)(C) unless otherwise stated.
- (36) Where IRC section 401(a)(17) applies, compensations do not exceed these limits unless sufficient information to apply the limits is provided.
- (37) Benefits do not exceed IRC section 415 limits unless sufficient information to apply these limits is provided.
- (38) Unless otherwise specified, the plan is covered by the PBGC.
- (39) All union plans are collectively bargained and all union employees are subject to collective bargaining.
- (40) References to law and regulation section numbers are for clarity and can be assumed to be correct.

If applicable, the preceding conditions should be considered a part of the data for each question, unless otherwise stated or implied.

# LIMITS, TABLES AND FORMULAS

(Included with the 2009 EA-2 (Segment B) examination)

Compensation Limit				
<b>IRC</b> section 401(a)(17)				
<u>Year</u>	<u>Limit</u>			
1989	200,000			
1990	209,200			
1991	222,220			
1992	228,860			
1993	235,840			
1994-1996	150,000			
1997-1999	160,000			
2000-2001	170,000			
2002-2003	200,000			
2004	205,000			
2005	210,000			
2006	220,000			
2007	225,000			
2008	230,000			
2009	245,000			

Maximum Benefit Limit				
IRC section 415(b)				
Year Limit at SSI				
1983-1987	90,000			
1988	94,023			
1989	98,064			
1990	102,582			
1991	108,963			
1992	112,221			
1993	115,641			
1994	118,800			
1995-1996	120,000			
1997	125,000			
1998-1999	130,000			
2000	135,000			
2001	140,000			
***	T: :			
Year 2002	<u>Limit at 65</u>			
2002-2003	160,000			
2004	165,000			
2005	170,000			
2006	175,000			
2007	180,000			
2008	185,000			
2009	195,000			

Nondiscriminatory Classification Test						
	ction 410(b)					
Nonhighly compensated						
employee						
concentration	Safe harbor	Unsafe harbor				
<u>percentage</u>	<u>percentage</u>	<u>percentage</u>				
0-60	50.00	40.00				
61	49.25	39.25				
62	48.50	38.50				
63	47.75	37.75				
64	47.00	37.00				
65	46.25	36.25				
66	45.50	35.50				
67	44.75	34.75				
68	44.00	34.00				
69	43.25	33.25				
70	42.50	32.50				
71	41.75	31.75				
72	41.00	31.00				
73	40.25	30.25				
74	39.50	29.50				
75	38.75	28.75				
76	38.00	28.00				
77	37.25	27.25				
78	36.50	26.50				
79	35.75	25.75				
80	35.00	25.00				
81	34.25	24.25				
82	33.50	23.50				
83	32.75	22.75				
84	32.00	22.00				
85	31.25	21.25				
86	30.50	20.50				
87	29.75	20.00				
88	29.00	20.00				
89	28.25	20.00				
90	27.50	20.00				
91	26.75	20.00				
92	26.00	20.00				
93	25.25	20.00				
94	24.50	20.00				
95	23.75	20.00				
96	23.73	20.00				
97	22.25	20.00				
98	21.50	20.00				
99	20.75	20.00				

# LIMITS, TABLES AND FORMULAS

(Included with the 2009 EA-2 (Segment B) examination)

Permitted Disparity Tables IRC section 401(l)					
	Annual factor in maximum excess allowance				
	and maximum offset allowance percent				
Age at benefit	Age at benefit Simplified				
Commencement	<u>SSRA 65</u>	<u>SSRA 66</u>	<u>SSRA 67</u>	<u>Table</u>	
70	1.209	1.101	1.002	1.048	
69	1.096	0.998	0.908	0.950	
68	0.996	0.907	0.825	0.863	
67	0.905	0.824	0.750	0.784	
66	0.824	0.750	0.700	0.714	
65	0.750	0.700	0.650	0.650	
64	0.700	0.650	0.600	0.607	
63	0.650	0.600	0.550	0.563	
62	0.600	0.550	0.500	0.520	
61	0.550	0.500	0.475	0.477	
60	0.500	0.475	0.450	0.433	
59	0.475	0.450	0.425	0.412	
58	0.450	0.425	0.400	0.390	
57	0.425	0.400	0.375	0.368	
56	0.400	0.375	0.344	0.347	
55	0.375	0.344	0.316	0.325	

FICA Taxable Wage Base	
<u>Year</u>	<u>Limit</u>
1992	55,500
1993	57,600
1994	60,600
1995	61,200
1996	62,700
1997	65,400
1998	68,400
1999	72,600
2000	76,200
2001	80,400
2002	84,900
2003	87,000
2004	87,900
2005	90,000
2006	94,200
2007	97,500
2008	102,000
2009	106,800

Key Employee Compensation		
]	RC section 41	6
<u>Year</u>	<u>Officer</u>	1% owner
2003	130,000	150,000
2004	130,000	150,000
2005	135,000	150,000
2006	140,000	150,000
2007	145,000	150,000
2008	150,000	150,000
2009	160,000	150,000

<b>Highly Compensated Employee</b>			
	Compensation		
II	IRC section 414(q)		
Y	<u>ear</u>	<u>Limit</u>	
1997	-1999	80,000	
2000	-2001	85,000	
2002	2-2004	90,000	
20	005	95,000	
20	006	100,000	
20	007	100,000	
20	800	105,000	
20	009	110,000	

# LIMITS, TABLES AND FORMULAS (Included with the 2009 EA-2 (Segment B) examination)

Maximum PBGC Guaranteed Life-Only Annuity at Age 65		
<u>Year</u>	Monthly Benefit	
1999	3,051.14	
2000	3,221.59	
2001	3,392.05	
2002	3,579.55	
2003	3,664.77	
2004	3,698.86	
2005	3,801.14	
2006	3,971.59	
2007	4,125.00	
2008	4,312.50	
2009	4,500.00	

# FACTORS USED TO ADJUST MAXIMUM PBGC GUARANTEED BENEFITS FOR PAYMENTS OTHER THAN AS A SINGLE LIFE ANNUITY AT AGE 65

]	FOR PAYN
Commend	cement Age
<u>Age</u>	<u>Factor</u>
75	3.04
74	2.76
73	2.48
72	2.21
71	1.93
70	1.66
69	1.49
68	1.34
67	1.21
66	1.10
65	1.00
64	0.93
63	0.86
62	0.79
61	0.72
60	0.65
59	0.61
58	0.57
57	0.53
56	0.49
55	0.45
54	0.43
53	0.41
52	0.39
51	0.37
50	0.35
49	0.33

48

47

46

45

0.31

0.29

0.27

0.25

Form of Payment	
Certain & Life*	
<u>Years</u>	<u>Factor</u>
1	0.995
2	0.990
3	0.985
4	0.980
5	0.975
6	0.965
7	0.955
8	0.945
9	0.935
10	0.925
*Reduction decreases by	
0.01 per year in excess of 10.	

Age Difference For J&S and J&C Beneficiary		
<u>Difference</u>	<u>Younger</u>	<u>Older</u>
1	0.99	1.005
2	0.98	1.010
3	0.97	1.015
4	0.96	1.020
5	0.95	1.025
6	0.94	1.030
7	0.93	1.035
8	0.92	1.040
9	0.91	1.045
10	0.90	1.050

Form of Payment Joint & Contingent (J&C)		
gonit	a conting	with 10 yr
Percent	<u>Factor</u>	<u>Certain</u>
50%	0.900	×0.960
66 2/3 %	0.867	×0.970
75%	0.850	×0.975
100%	0.800	×0.990

Form of Payment		
Joint & Survivor (J&S)		
Percent	<u>Factor</u>	
50%	1.00	
66 2/3 %	0.93	
75%	0.90	
100%	0.80	

#### PENSION EA-2 (SEGMENT A) EXAMINATION

#### **NOVEMBER 2009**

The EA-2 (Segment A) examination is four hours in length and covers the selection of actuarial assumptions and calculation of minimum required and maximum tax-deductible contributions under current pension law, along with the related actuarial mathematics. The EA-2 (Segment A) examination presupposes knowledge of the topics covered in the EA-1 examination.

Questions on the Pension EA-2 (Segment A) examination may contain commutation functions. Candidates who are not familiar with commutation functions may wish to order the Study Note "Commutation Functions" available from the SOA. An order form can be obtained at <a href="www.soa.org">www.soa.org</a> by selecting the Basic Education Catalog for the current session and selecting the study note order form.

#### **Syllabus**

Minimum funding requirements including, but not limited to:

For single employer plans, the basics of the minimum funding standards including those for plans in at-risk status, transition rules, carryover balance, prefunding balance, and waivers of minimum required contributions

For multiemployer plans, the basics of the minimum funding standards including those for plans in critical or endangered status, amortization periods, credit balance, funding standard account, amortization period extensions, and waivers of funding deficiencies

Required quarterly contributions and liquidity shortfall

The effect of spinoffs and mergers on the minimum funding requirements

Maximum deductible contributions for federal income tax purposes including the treatment of contribution carryovers and contributions for a plan year which are deducted for the prior taxable year.

Actuarial cost methods, including unit credit, projected unit credit, entry age normal, individual level premium, aggregate, individual aggregate, attained age normal, frozen initial liability, shortfall, one-year term, and variations thereof.

Determination of experience gains and losses and analysis by source.

Effect on valuation results of changes in plan provisions, actuarial cost methods, asset valuation methods, and actuarial assumptions.

Valuation of ancillary benefits.

Maximum benefit limitations.

Selection of actuarial assumptions.

Effect on valuation results of various patterns of experience, including experience with respect to investment earnings, changes in asset value, mortality, disability, employee turnover, changes in compensation, retirement, choice of retirement options, and Social Security.

Additional requirements with respect to top-heavy plans.

Determination of the actuarial value of assets.

Valuation techniques for handling employee contributions and split-funded life insurance arrangements.

Penalty taxes for failures to meet minimum funding standards and for contributions in excess of taxdeductible limits.

#### **Suggested Readings for EA-2 (Segment A)**

The Advisory Committee on Actuarial Examinations believes that most (if not all) of the topics in the syllabus are covered in one or more of the following sources. There is a great deal of overlap among the books listed below. Candidates do not need to use them all. The references listed below are to identify available resources from which the candidate may select. This list is not meant to describe or modify the syllabus listed above. New or revised sources, if any, are asterisked. Pension law and IRS promulgations can be found in publications of Warren, Gorham & Lamont, Commerce Clearing House, Maxwell Macmillan, Research Institute of America, and similar organizations.

Aitken, W.H., <u>A Problem-Solving Approach to Pension Funding and Valuation</u>, (2<sup>nd</sup> Edition – 1996); ACTEX Publications, P.O. Box 974, Winsted, CT 06098

Anderson, A.W., <u>Pension Mathematics for Actuaries</u>, (3<sup>rd</sup> Edition – 2006); ACTEX Publications, P.O. Box 974, Winsted, CT 06098

Berin, B. N., <u>Fundamentals of Pension Mathematics</u>, (1989); Society of Actuaries, 475 N. Martingale Road, Suite 600, Schaumburg, IL 60173-2226

Farrimond, W., Mayer, D., Farber, D., and Matray, G., <u>Actuarial Cost Methods, A Review (3<sup>rd</sup> Edition – 1999)</u>; ASPPA Book Order Department, Department 417, P.O. Box 753, Waldorf, MD 02604

Actuarial Standard of Practice No. 4, "Measuring Pension Obligations"

Actuarial Standard of Practice No. 27, "Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations"

Actuarial Standard of Practice No. 35, "Selection of Demographic and Other Noneconomic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations"

Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA) sections 302, 303, 304, and 305, as amended through June 30, 2009

2008 Schedules SB and MB of Form 5500, including instructions

For purposes of this examination, IRS, Treasury and PBGC releases granting disaster relief should be ignored.

Internal Davanua Cada	e Sections, as amended through June 30, 2009:
·	
401(a)(17) 404	Requirements for qualification, compensation limit
	Deductible employer contributions to a deferred-payment plan
412	Minimum funding standards
413	Collectively bargained plans, etc.
415	Limitations on benefits & contributions excluding subsections – (m), (n)
416	Top heavy rules
417(e)	Restrictions on cash outs
430	Minimum funding requirements for single-employer defined benefit pension plans
431	Minimum funding requirements for multiemployer defined benefit plans
432	Additional funding rules for multiemployer plans in endangered status or critical status
4971	Taxes on failure to meet minimum funding standards
4972	Tax on nondeductible contributions to qualified employer plans
6059	Periodic report of actuary
Regulations:	
1.401(a)(2)-1	Refund of mistaken contributions and withdrawal liability payments to multiemployer
1.101(a)(2) 1	plans
1.401(a)(17)	Limitation on annual compensation
1.404(a)-14	Special rules in connection with ERISA – Deductible Limits
11.412(c)-12	Extension of time to make contributions
1.412(c)(1)-1	Determinations to be made under funding method
1.412(c)(1)-2	Shortfall method
1.412(c)(1) 2 1.412(c)(2)-1	Valuation of plan assets; reasonable actuarial methods
1.412(c)(3)-1	Reasonable funding methods
*1.412( <i>l</i> )(7)-1	Mortality tables used to determine current liability
$1.412(l)(7)^{-1}$ $1.414(1)$	Mergers and consolidations of plans or transfers of plan assets
1.415	General rules with respect to limitations on benefits and compensations under qualified
1.413	plans
1.416-1	Questions and answers to top-heavy plans
*1.417(e)-1	Restrictions and valuations of distributions from plans subject to sections 401(a)(11)
1.417(0) 1	and 417
*1.430(h)(3)-1	Generally applicable mortality tables
301.6059-1	Periodic report of actuary
301.0039-1	remode report of actuary
Revenue Rulings:	
77-2	Change in benefit structure after valuation date
78-48	Assumptions & methods specified in plan
78-331	Assumption that employees retire at normal retirement date
79-237	Terminating plan – funding standard account and penalty taxes
80-315	Supplementary benefits
81-13	Full funding limitation
81-136	Election to receive benefits less than plan provides
81-137	Separate funding account for separate plans
81-195	Effect of 415 limits on minimum and maximum contribution levels, and inability to
	project future increases in limits for funding purposes
81-213	Experience gains & losses, amortizations
81-214	Interest charges in funding standard account
81-215	Effect of 415 limits after valuation date but within plan year
81-202	Qualification; Discrimination; Comparing Benefits or Contributions in Separate Plans
82-125	Full funding limitation and deductible limit
84-62	Deductible limit under 404(a)(1)(A)
5. <b>52</b>	200000000 111110 0110001 10 1(0)(1)(11)

85-131	Reasonable allocation of past and future liabilities under unit credit method when 415
	limit is involved
86-48	Determining "Benefits on a Termination Basis" for the purpose of a spin-off. (i.e. early
	retirement benefits, optional forms,)
95-28	(Unisex) mortality table, additional funding charge
95-31	Quarterly contributions and liquidity
96-7	Disability table, additional funding charge
2000-20	Minimum funding standards – funding standard account – amortization bases
2001-51	Limitations on benefits and contributions under qualified plans
2001-62	Mortality tables prescribed under IRC section 415(b)(2)(E)(v).
2003-11	Amendment to increase limitation on compensation for former participants
2003-83	Entry age normal funding method
*2007-67	Application of segment interest rates and mortality rates relative to IRC section 417(e)
*2008-85	Static mortality tables for 2009 - 2013
Notices:	
·	Ouestions and answers relating to the amendment of the limitations on benefits and
	· ·
87-37	Excise Tax on non-deductible contributions
89-52	
	Questions and answers relating to the amendment of the limitations on benefits and contributions by TEFRA Excise Tax on non-deductible contributions Quarterly contributions

Effective dates for certain amendments made by EGTRRA (only as it applies to the

#### Revenue Procedures:

90-11

2001-56

05.05	TO1 1
87-27	Plan vear changes

90-49 Recovery of excess contributions

2000-40 Automatic Approval for Change of Funding Method

compensation limit)

2000-41 Change in funding method

#### Announcements:

96-26 Announces rules for refund to avoid excise tax on non-deductible contributions

Interest rates for calculating current liability

#### Society of Actuaries Study Material

The Society of Actuaries has developed various study notes for the use of students preparing for its examinations on these subjects. These study notes are revised periodically, and new study notes may be added. As of December 31, 2008 the following study notes are available.

Excerpt on Plan Qualification

Selection of Actuarial Assumptions

Penalty Taxes Under the U.S. Internal Revenue Code

**Commutation Functions** 

All candidates for the Joint Board examinations, even if not affiliated with the Society of Actuaries, can obtain an order form at <a href="www.soa.org">www.soa.org</a> by selecting the Basic Education Catalog for the current session and selecting the study note order form. It should be realized, however, that such material was not necessarily drawn up with the particular nature of the Joint Board examinations in mind.

The Society of Actuaries also suggests the following text:

Multi-employer Retirement Plans: Handbook for the 21<sup>st</sup> Century (2003); International Foundation of Employee Benefits; P.O. Box 69, Brookfield, WI 53008

#### American Society of Pension Professionals and Actuaries Study Material

The American Society of Pension Professionals and Actuaries (ASPPA) suggests the following books. These books, while not designed specifically for the examination, cover much of the syllabus and more.

McGhie, G. N., <u>The Defined Benefit Answer Book</u> (Third Edition), Aspen Publishers; 7201 McKinney Circle; P.O. Box 990; Frederick, MD 21701 Tripodi, Sal L., <u>The ERISA Outline Book</u>, (2007 Edition)

The ERISA Outline Book is available from ASPPA. Information can be found on the ASPPA website at <a href="https://www.asppa.org/resources/res\_erisa.htm">www.asppa.org/resources/res\_erisa.htm</a>

#### Conditions Generally Applicable to All EA-2 (Segment A) Examination Questions

If applicable, the following conditions should be considered a part of the data for each question, unless otherwise stated or implied:

For purposes of this examination, IRS, Treasury and PBGC releases granting disaster relief should be ignored.

#### **General Conditions Regarding Plan Provisions**

- (1) "Plan" or "pension plan" means a defined benefit pension plan.
- (2) The plan is qualified under IRC section 401. Thus, for example, any benefit formulas should be understood to be limited by other plan provisions required by the Code.
- (3) The plan is sponsored by a single employer; the sponsoring employer is not a member of a controlled group.
- (4) The plan is not established or maintained in connection with a collectively bargained agreement.
- (5) The plan year, the employer's limitation year, and the employer's tax year are all the calendar year.
- (6) The normal retirement age is 65.
- (7) Retirement pensions commence at normal retirement age and are paid monthly for life at the beginning of each month.
- (8) The plan covers all active employees of the employer; there is no age or service requirement for participation. Thus, when referring to active employees, the terms "employee" and "participant" are synonymous.
- (9) There are no, and never have been, mandatory or voluntary employee contributions.
- (10) Service for purposes of vesting and benefit accrual is credited on the basis of time elapsed since date of hire.
- (11) When the normal retirement benefit is computed as a dollar amount, or as a percentage of compensation, for each year of service, the accrued benefit is defined likewise.
- (12) Qualified joint and survivor annuities and any other specified form of payment are provided in such manner that they result in no cost to the employer.
- (13) The plan has not been top-heavy in any year.
- (14) The plan has not been amended since its effective date.
- (15) The adoption date of any plan or amendment is the same as its effective date.

#### General Conditions Regarding Funding

- (16) Any actuarial valuation encompasses not only all active employees but also retired employees, beneficiaries, and former employees entitled to vested deferred pensions.
- (17) The valuation date is the first day of the plan year; i.e., participant data, present values, asset values, etc. are as of that date. Also, normal costs are payable annually, the first being due on the valuation date.
- (18) Unless otherwise specified, the assumed retirement age is the normal retirement age.
- (19) Unless otherwise specified, there are no pre-retirement decrements.
- (20) The actuarial cost method, or funding method, is "reasonable" within the meaning of all relevant IRC sections and the regulations thereunder.
- (21) Where the normal cost under an actuarial cost method may be computed as either a level percentage of compensation or a level dollar amount, the level percentage approach is used if the plan benefits are based on compensation, and the level dollar approach is used if they are not.
- (22) Under the frozen initial method, whenever there is a change in the plan, actuarial assumptions, or asset valuation method, the unfunded liability is adjusted by adding to it the increase (positive or negative) in the unfunded entry age normal accrued liability due to the change. Likewise, under the attained age normal method, the unfunded liability is adjusted by adding to it the increase in the unfunded unit credit accrued liability.
- (23) All funding method changes after 1999 were made in accordance with Rev. Proc. 2000-40. Bases established because of funding method changes prior to 2000 are amortized over 10 years from the date established.
- (24) Unless otherwise specified, the unit credit funding method is as defined in Rev. Proc. 2000-40.
- (25) Unless otherwise specified, ancillary benefits are funded using the same method as the retirement benefits. They are not funded on a term cost basis.
- (26) For purposes of spreading future normal costs under spread-gain methods, the present value of future compensation is not limited by IRC section 401(a)(17).
- (27) The terms "value of plan assets", "actuarial value of assets" and "market value of assets" mean the values developed for purposes of IRC section 412, 430, and 431 before being adjusted for items such as the existing credit balance, funding standard carryover balance, prefunding balance, or the outstanding balances of certain bases.
- (28) The plan sponsor does not elect to reduce the amount of the funding standard carryover balance for 2008 pursuant to IRC section 430(f)(5) prior to the determination of the value of plan assets for the 2008 plan year or prior to the application of the balance in reducing the minimum required contribution for the 2008 plan year.
- (29) The plan sponsor elects to credit all contributions in excess of the minimum required contribution to the prefunding balance.
- (30) Where a prefunding or carryover balance exists, the plan was at least 80% funded in the prior year and is therefore eligible to credit the balance(s) against the otherwise-applicable minimum required contribution.

- (31) If eligible, the plan sponsor elects to credit the prefunding and carryover balances against the otherwise-applicable minimum required contribution.
- (32) All actuarial assumptions are deemed "reasonable" and meet the "best estimate" criterion.
- (33) The actuarial cost method, asset valuation method, and actuarial assumptions have not been changed since the plan effective date except as required by PPA.
- (34) The term "minimum required contribution" means the smallest contribution for a plan year which will prevent a funding deficiency or unpaid minimum for that plan year, without regard to the alternative minimum funding standard account, and <u>before</u> reflecting items such as the existing credit balance, funding standard carryover balance, or prefunding balance, as applicable. Amounts to be amortized are not combined or offset against one another.
- (35) The term "smallest amount that satisfies the minimum funding standard" means the same as "minimum required contribution" except that it is determined after reflecting items such as the existing credit balance, funding standard carryover balance, or prefunding balance, as applicable. Amounts to be amortized are not combined or offset against one another.
- (36) Additional funding charges and additional interest charges due to late quarterly contributions have never applied and there is no liquidity shortfall.
- (37) No waivers of funding deficiencies or extensions of amortization periods have been granted.
- (38) Unless otherwise specified, the interest rate used for amortizing waivers and for extensions of amortization periods is the same as the valuation interest rate.
- (39) The employer is taxable, and all employer contributions for each prior plan year have been deducted by the employer for its tax year coincident with such plan year.
- (40) For purposes of determining the deductible limit for any year, the employer does not use (and has never used) the fresh-start alternative and does not combine (and has never combined) amortization bases.
- (41) The full funding limitation has never applied.
- (42) Expenses are paid directly by the employer, rather than from the assets of the plan, and therefore do not affect the funding of the plan.
- (43) Assumed compensation increases first apply to the year immediately following the latest year for which valuation compensation is shown.
- (44) The effect of the quarterly requirements and the liquidity shortfall on minimum funding shall be disregarded for the purposes of the November, 2009 examination.
- (45) The full funding limitations based on current liability shall be disregarded if sufficient information to determine such limitations is not provided.
- (46) For purposes of determining the deductible limit, the unfunded current liability shall be disregarded if sufficient information to determine such liability is not provided.
- (47) The plan is not currently in at-risk status nor has it ever been in at-risk status.

(48) The terms "at-risk funding target" and "at-risk target normal cost" mean the funding target and target normal cost calculated reflecting additional actuarial assumptions and loading factors (if applicable) for a plan in at-risk status **prior** to the application of any five-year transition as described in IRC section 430(i)(5).

#### Miscellaneous General Conditions

- (49) All plan provisions and funding calculations comply with all temporary and final regulations under the Internal Revenue Code and ERISA, as amended through June 30, 2009.
- (50) The employer has never maintained a defined contribution plan or another defined benefit plan.
- (51) Where IRC section 401(a)(17) applies, compensations do not exceed these limits unless sufficient information to apply the limits is provided.
- (52) Benefits do not exceed IRC section 415 limits unless sufficient information to apply these limits is provided.
- (53) All union plans are collectively bargained and all union employees are subject to collective bargaining.
- (54) References to law and regulation section numbers are for clarity and can be assumed to be correct.

If applicable, the preceding conditions should be considered a part of the data for each question, unless otherwise stated or implied.

# LIMITS, TABLES AND FORMULAS (Included with the 2009 EA-2 (Segment A) examination)

Maximum Benefit Limit		
IRC section 415(b)		
<u>Year</u>	Limit at SSRA	
1983-1987	90,000	
1988	94,023	
1989	98,064	
1990	102,582	
1991	108,963	
1992	112,221	
1993	115,641	
1994	118,800	
1995-1996	120,000	
1997	125,000	
1998-1999	130,000	
2000	135,000	
2001	140,000	
Year	Limit at 65	
2002-2003	160,000	
2004	165,000	
2005	170,000	
2006	175,000	
2007	180,000	
2008	185,000	
2009	195,000	

Key Employee Compensation IRC section 416		
Year	<u>Officer</u>	1% owner
2003	130,000	150,000
2004	130,000	150,000
2005	135,000	150,000
2006	140,000	150,000
2007	145,000	150,000
2008	150,000	150,000
2009	160,000	150,000

<b>Compensation Limit</b>		
<b>IRC section 401(a)(17)</b>		
<u>Year</u>	<u>Limit</u>	
1989	200,000	
1990	209,200	
1991	222,220	
1992	228,860	
1993	235,840	
1994-1996	150,000	
1997-1999	160,000	
2000-2001	170,000	
2002-2003	200,000	
2004	205,000	
2005	210,000	
2006	220,000	
2007	225,000	
2008	230,000	
2009	245,000	

<b>Highly Compensated Employee</b>		
Compensation		
IRC section 414(q)		
<u>Year</u>	<u>Limit</u>	
1997-1999	80,000	
2000-2001	85,000	
2002-2004	90,000	
2005	95,000	
2006	100,000	
2007	100,000	
2008	105,000	
2009	110,000	