# Space Weather Highlights 20 - 26 April 2009

SWO PRF 1756 28 April 2009

Solar activity was very low. No flares were observed. The visible disk was spotless during most of the period.

No proton events were observed at geosynchronous orbit.

The greater than 2 MeV electron flux at geosynchronous orbit was at normal levels.

Geomagnetic field activity was at quiet levels during most of the period. ACE observations indicated no significant activity in the solar wind during the period.

### Space Weather Outlook 29 April - 25 May 2009

Solar activity is expected to be very low.

No proton events are expected at geosynchronous orbit.

The greater than 2 MeV electron flux at geosynchronous orbit is expected to increase to high levels during 08 - 11 May. Normal flux levels are expected during the rest of the period.

Geomagnetic field activity is expected to be at mostly quiet levels through 05 May. Activity is expected to increase to quiet to unsettled levels during 06 - 09 May, with active conditions possible on 06 May, due to a recurrent coronal hole high-speed stream. Activity is expected to decrease to predominantly quiet levels during 10 - 25 May.



Daily Solar Data

	Radio	Sun	Sunspot	X-ray	Flares							
	Flux	spot	Area	Background	X	-ray F	lux		O	ptical		
Date	10.7 cm	No.	(10 <sup>-6</sup> hemi.	)	С	M	X	S	1	2	3	4
20 April	70	0	0	<a1.0< td=""><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></a1.0<>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21 April	71	11	10	<a1.0< td=""><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></a1.0<>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22 April	71	0	0	<a1.0< td=""><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></a1.0<>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23 April	71	0	0	<a1.0< td=""><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></a1.0<>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
24 April	70	0	0	<a1.0< td=""><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></a1.0<>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25 April	69	0	0	<a1.0< td=""><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></a1.0<>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
26 April	69	0	0	<a1.0< td=""><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></a1.0<>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

#### Daily Particle Data

			<b>-</b>					
		oton Fluence	Electron Fluence					
	(proto	ons/cm <sup>2</sup> -day-sr	.)	(electrons/cm <sup>2</sup> -day-sr)				
Date	>1 MeV	>10 MeV	>100 MeV	>.6 MeV >2MeV >4 MeV				
20 April	4.0e + 05	1.9e + 04	4.2e+03	2.0e+06				
21 April	4.1e + 05	1.9e + 04	4.3e+03	2.5e+06				
22 April	6.1e + 05	2.0e+04	4.6e + 03	3.2e+06				
23 April	7.6e + 05	1.9e + 04	4.5e+03	4.0e + 06				
24 April	6.2e + 05	2.0e+04	4.4e+03	1.7e+06				
25 April	5.9e + 05	2.0e+04	4.4e+03	3.7e + 05				
26 April	5.7e + 05	1.9e + 04	4.2e+03	7.6e+05				

Daily Geomagnetic Data

	Middle Latitude			High Latitude		Estimated
	F	Fredericksburg		College		Planetary
Date	A	K-indices	Α	K-indices	A	K-indices
20 April	3	2-2-1-0-1-1-0-1	3	1-2-2-1-0-0-0-1	4	2-2-1-0-1-2-0-1
21 April	3	1-1-2-1-1-0-1-1	3	1-1-2-2-0-0-0-0	5	1-1-2-1-1-1-1
22 April	2	2-1-0-1-1-0-0-1	5	1-1-0-3-3-0-0-0	4	2-1-0-1-1-1-0-2
23 April	0	0-0-0-0-1-0-0-0	1	1-0-0-1-0-0-0	3	0-0-0-1-1-1-2-1
24 April	5	2-1-2-1-2-1-1	4	2-1-1-1-1-0-2-1	5	2-1-2-1-2-1
25 April	2	0-1-0-1-1-1-1	2	1-1-0-1-1-1-0-1	4	1-1-0-1-1-2-1-2
26 April	3	1-1-1-1-1-0-1	2	1-1-0-2-0-0-0-1	5	1-1-1-1-2-1-2

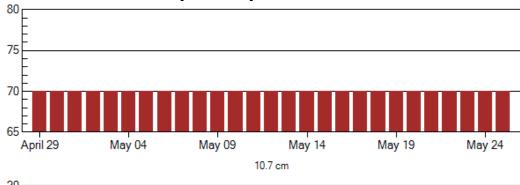
Alerts and Warnings Issued

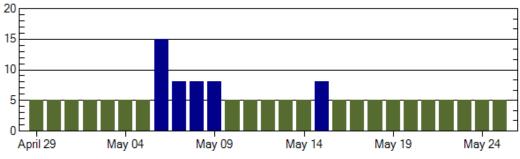
Date & Time of Issue	Type of Alert or Warning	Date & Time of Event UTC
Duic & Time of Issue	Type of Meri of Warning	Date & Time of Event of C

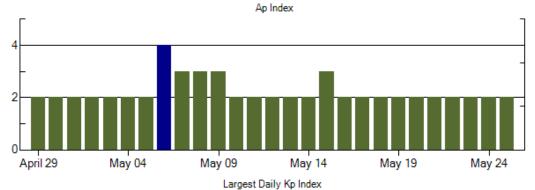
No Alerts Issued



## Twenty-seven Day Outlook







	Radio Flux	Planetary	Largest		Radio Flux	Planetary	Largest
Date	10.7 cm	•	Kp Index	Date	10.7 cm	•	Kp Index
29 Apr	70	5	2	13 May	70	5	2
30	70	5	2	14	70	5	2
01 May	70	5	2	15	70	8	3
02	70	5	2	16	70	5	2
03	70	5	2	17	70	5	2
04	70	5	2	18	70	5	2
05	70	5	2	19	70	5	2
06	70	15	4	20	70	5	2
07	70	8	3	21	70	5	2
08	70	8	3	22	70	5	2
09	70	8	3	23	70	5	2
10	70	5	2	24	70	5	2
11	70	5	2	25	70	5	2
12	70	5	2				
07 08 09 10 11	70 70 70 70 70	8 8 8 5 5	3 3 3 2 2	21 22 23 24	70 70 70 70	5 5 5 5	2 2 2 2



Energetic Events

	Time			X-ray		ical Information	1	Peak	Sweep Freq
Date	Date ½		Integ	Imp/	Location	Rgn	Radio Flux	Intensity	
	Begin M	ax M	Лах	Class Flux	Brtns	Lat CMD	#	245 2695	II IV

## No Events Observed

#### Flare List

		1 ten e Eust			
				Optical	
	Time	X-ray	Imp /	Location	Rgn
Date	Begin Max End	Class.	Brtns	Lat CMD	
20 April	No Flares Observed				
21 April	No Flares Observed				
22 April	No Flares Observed				
23 April	No Flares Observed				
24 April	No Flares Observed				
25 April	No Flares Observed				
26 April	No Flares Observed				
_					

Region Summary

		Meg	zwn su	mmu	y									
Location		Sunspot	Character	ristics						Flare	es			
Helio	Area	Extent	Spot	Spot	Mag		X-ra	y		(	Optic	al		
Date ( ° Lat ° CMD) Lon	(10 <sup>-6</sup> hemi)	(helio)	Class	Count	Class	C	M	X	S	1	2	3	4	
Region 10	15													
21 Apr N22W65 213	0010	00	Axx	001	A									
22 Apr N23W78 212														
23 Apr N23W91 212														
-						0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Crossed West Limb.														

Absolute heliographic longitude: 213



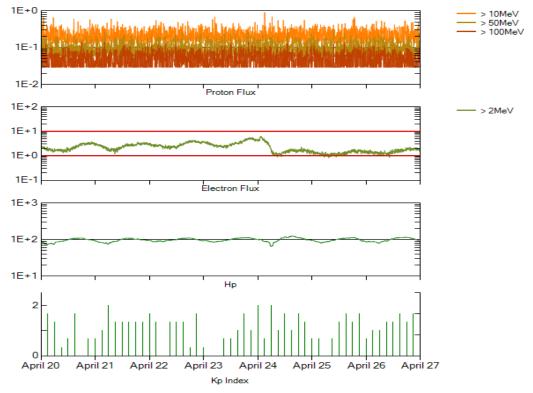
# Recent Solar Indices (preliminary) Of the observed monthly mean values

	Sunspot Numbers Radio Flux Geomagnetic												
	Observed	_		Smooth	valuec	*Penticton		Planetary	-				
Month	SEC	RI	RI/SEC	SEC	RI	10.7 cm	Value	Ap	Value				
Monu	<u> </u>	KI	KI/SEC		007	10.7 CIII	v alue	<u> </u>	varue				
April	6.9	3.7	0.54	16.0	9.9	72.4	75.2	9	8.5				
May	19.4	11.7	0.54	14.2	9.9 8.7	74.5	74.2	9	8.4				
June	20.0	12.0	0.60	12.8	7.7	74.3	73.2	7	7.8				
June	20.0	12.0	0.00	12.0	7.7	13.1	13.2	1	7.0				
July	15.6	10.0	0.64	11.6	7.0	71.6	72.5	8	7.4				
August	9.9	6.2	0.63	10.2	6.1	69.2	71.8	7	7.6				
Septembe		2.4	0.50	9.9	5.9	67.1	71.5	9	7.8				
Septemee	1 110	2	0.20	7.7	0.5	07.1	, 1.0		7.0				
October	1.3	0.9	0.70	10.0	6.1	65.5	71.5	9	7.9				
November	r 2.5	1.7	0.68	9.4	5.7	69.7	71.1	5	7.8				
December	r 16.2	10.1	0.62	8.1	5.0	78.6	70.5	4	7.8				
				2	008								
January	5.1	3.4	0.67	6.9	4.2	72.1	70.0	6	7.7				
February	3.8	2.1	0.55	5.9	3.6	71.2	69.6	9	7.6				
March	15.9	9.3	0.58	5.3	3.3	72.9	69.5	10	7.4				
April	4.9	2.9	0.59	5.3	3.3	70.3	69.6	9	7.1				
May	5.7	2.9	0.51	5.7	3.5	68.4	69.7	6	6.9				
June	4.2	3.1	0.74	5.2	3.2	65.9	69.2	7	6.8				
July	1.0	0.5	0.50	4.5	2.7	65.8	68.8	6	6.6				
August	0.0	0.5	**	4.4	2.6	66.4	68.6	5	6.2				
Septembe	r 1.5	1.1	0.73	3.7	2.2	67.1	68.4	5	5.8				
October	5.2	2.9	0.56			68.3		6					
November		2.9 4.1	0.50			68.6		6 3					
								2					
December	r 1.3	0.8	0.62			69.2		2					
				2	009								
January	2.8	1.5	0.54	_		69.8		3					
February	2.5	1.4	0.56			70.0		4					
March	0.7	0.7	1.00			69.2		4					
	· · ·	J.,	2.00			٠,٠ <b>-</b>		•					

**NOTE:** All smoothed values after September 2002 and monthly values after March 2003 are preliminary estimates. The lowest smoothed sunspot index number for Cycle 22, RI = 8.0, occurred in May 1996. The highest smoothed sunspot number for Cycle 23, RI = 120.8, occurred April 2000. \*After June 1991, the 10.7 cm radio flux data source is Penticton, B.C. Canada. Prior to that, it was Ottawa.

<sup>\*\*</sup>SWPC sunspot number was less than RI value, so a ratio could not be done.





Weekly Geosynchronous Satellite Environment Summary Week Beginning 20 April 2009

# GOES-11 designated Primary Electron Satellite and GOES-10 Secondary: December 1, 2008 the GOES-12 Electron sensor began experiencing periods of noise and sensor is unreliable.

Protons plot contains the five-minute averaged integral proton flux (protons/cm<sup>2</sup>-sec -sr) as measured by GOES-11 (W135) for each of three energy thresholds: greater than 10, 50, and 100 MeV.

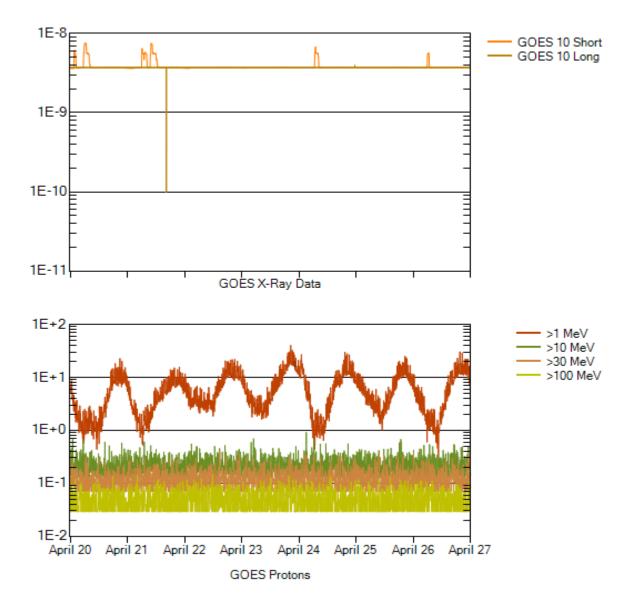
Electrons plot contains the five-minute averaged integral electron flux (electrons/cm<sup>2</sup>-sec -sr) with energies greater than 2 MeV at GOES-11 (W135).

Hp plot contains the five minute averaged magnetic field H - component in nanoteslas (nT) as measured by GOES-11. The H component is parallel to the spin axis of the satellite, which is nearly parallel to the Earth's rotation axis.

Kp plot contains the estimated planetary 3-hour K-index (derived by the Air Force Weather Agency) in real time from magnetometers at Meanook, Canada; Sitka, AK; Glenlea, Canada; St. Johns, Canada; Ottawa, Canada; Newport, WA; Fredericksburg, VA; Boulder, CO; Fresno, CA and Hartland, UK. These data are made available through cooperation from the Geological Survey of Canada (GSC), British Geological Survey (BGS) and the US Geological Survey. These may differ from the final Kp values derived from a more extensive network of magnetometers.

The data included here are those now available in real time at the SWPC and are incomplete in that they do not include the full set of parameters and energy ranges known to cause satellite operating anomalies. The proton and electron fluxes and Kp are "global" parameters that are applicable to a first order approximation over large areas. H parallel is subject to more localized phenomena and the measurements generally are applicable to within a few degrees of longitude of the measuring satellite.





#### Weekly GOES Satellite X-ray and Proton Plots

X-ray plot contains five-minute averaged x-ray flux (watts/ $m^2$ ) as measured by GOES 10 (W060) and GOES 11 (W135) in two wavelength bands, .05 - .4 and .1 - .8 nm. The letters A, B, C, M and X refer to x-ray event levels for the .1 - .8 nm band.

Proton plot contains the five-minute averaged integral proton flux (protons/cm $^2$ -sec-sr) as measured by GOES-11 (W135) for each of the energy thresholds: >1, >10, >30 and >100 MeV. P10 event threshold is 10 pfu (protons/cm $^2$ -sec-sr) at greater than 10 MeV.

