



Content transfer: Getting data moved around the network

The NC Geospatial Data Archiving Project experience

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NCGDAP Content transfer: Overview

- Content type: State and Local geospatial data from the NC Geospatial Data Archiving Project
- Three content transfers:
 - External drive transfer to LC (2 TB)
 - Network transfer to LC (remaining 3.2 TB)
 - Network transfer to San Diego Supercomputer Center (5.2 TB) as part of Chronopolis project
- Technical issues
 - Errors in initial drive manifests
 - Checksumming times for large TIFFs
 - Illegal characters in uncurated data



Importance of data transfer in project

- Very large data collections originating from small local agencies
 - 100's of GB for a single county orthophoto flight year
 - Limited network capacity at agency level -- need for simple network transfer solutions that can be implemented at local or state agency level
- Reality of external drive transfer
 - e.g. “orthophoto sneakernet” among agencies
 - Need better data integrity management in disk transfers
- New local-state-federal collaborations on data sharing infrastructure
 - Project focus: capture data “in motion”



Content transfer as aid to preservation

- Preparation of data for transfer spurs introspection and can catalyze improvements
 - Documentation and metadata
 - Clarification of rights
 - Extraction and encapsulation of data
- Requires and helps cultivate a common understanding of data
 - Data naming
 - Content packaging (e.g., .zip file practices)
 - How and when the data can be used



Content transfer in GeoMAPP

- Geospatial Multi-state Archival and Preservation Partnership (2007-2009 NDIIPP project)
 - State Archives and state geospatial organizations of North Carolina, Kentucky, and Utah
- Intrastate data transfer scenarios
 - G → G: Local-to-state, between state agencies
 - G → A: State/local geo agency-to-Archives
 - A → G: Retrieval of historical data from Archives
- Inter-state data transfer scenarios
 - G → G: Reciprocal continuity of operations support (?)
 - A → A: Distributed preservation networks