performed comprehensive risk assessments in . . . immigration and customs systems to guide resource allocation decisions."44

Every effort should be undertaken to identify and remove persons who pose threats to the United States, which would include rescinding immigration benefits after USCIS has granted them. It would be irresponsible for law enforcement entities to stop their investigation of a potential crime merely because the person who is the subject of their investigation has obtained a green card or U.S. citizenship. Similarly, it would be illogical to think that delaying issuance of a green card or U.S. citizenship will prevent a criminal from committing a crime. Considering the protection the FBI name check provides, the cost of government resources used, and mental and actual hardships to applicants and their families, USCIS should reassess the continuation of its policy to require FBI name checks in their current form.

RECOMMENDATION AR 2007 -- 06

In addition to the Ombudsman's recommendation in the 2006 Annual Report, AR 2006 –04, the Ombudsman recommends that USCIS: (1) evaluate the value of the name check in its current format and establish a risk-based approach to screening for national security concerns; (2) work with the FBI to provide the necessary resources to perform name checks in a timely manner; and (3) provide greater transparency to customers by publishing monthly the number of longpending FBI name check cases.

G. **Interim Benefits**

The Ombudsman strongly supports efforts by USCIS to eliminate the need for interim benefits in favor of timely, efficient, and secure adjudication of the ultimate immigration benefit.

1. **Background**

Generally, USCIS issues interim benefits – EADs and advance parole documents (international travel documents) – to individuals who have green card applications pending with the agency for over 90 days. 45 The Ombudsman is encouraged by constructive dialogue with USCIS during the reporting period that addresses funding and security issues related to the processing of interim benefits.

On May 30, 2007, USCIS established new filing fees for immigration benefits. 46 Under the new fee schedule, USCIS will charge a single fee for green card applications to include recovery of the processing costs for interim benefits. The Ombudsman supports this approach to

⁴⁴ U.S. Government Accountability Office Report "Homeland Security: Management and Programmatic Challenges Facing the Department of Homeland Security," GAO-07-398T at 2 (Feb. 2007); http://www.gao.gov/new.items/d07398t.pdf (last visited June 6, 2007).

⁴⁵ See 8 C.F.R. § 274a.13(d).

⁴⁶ See "Adjustment of the Immigration and Naturalization Benefit Application and Petition Fee Schedule." 72 Fed. Reg. 29,851 (May 30, 2007); see also section III.H.1.