

4. Natural Gas Statistics

Dry Natural Gas

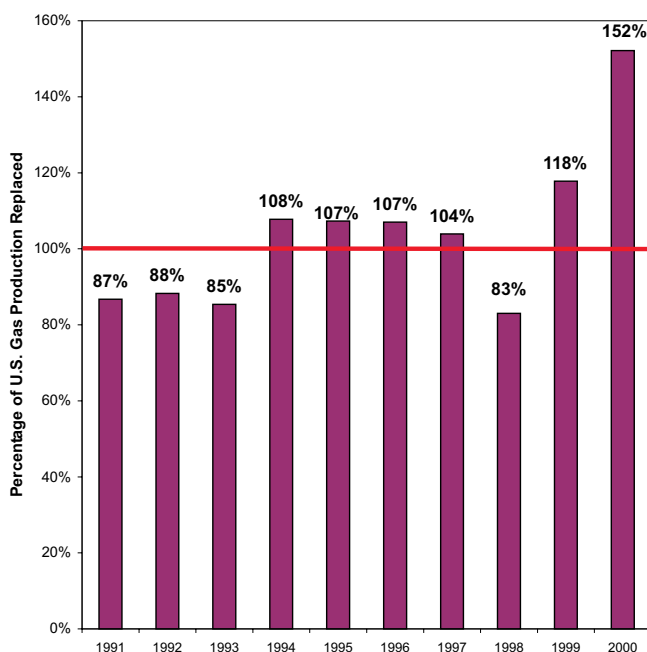
Proved Reserves

As of December 31, 2000, U.S. operators had 177,427 billion cubic feet of dry natural gas reserves. This was a 6 percent increase from the 1999 dry natural gas reserves and the largest increase since EIA has been reporting estimates of the Nation's proved gas reserves (Table 8). All natural gas proved reserves data shown in this report exclude natural gas held in underground storage.

Most of the reserve increases were in Texas, New Mexico, Colorado, Wyoming, and Utah. Oklahoma and the Gulf of Mexico, which had significant gas reserves declines in 1999, rebounded in 2000.

Additions to dry gas reserves in 2000 were 29,240 billion cubic feet, up 31 percent compared to 1999. Operators replaced 152 percent of dry gas production (Figure 18). U.S. total discoveries of dry natural gas

Figure 18. Reserve Additions Replace 152% of 2000 U.S. Dry Natural Gas Production.



Source: Energy Information Administration, Office of Oil and Gas.

reserves were 19,138 billion cubic feet in 2000, up 77 percent from 1999 (10,807 billion cubic feet).

Proved reserves by State are shown on the map in Figure 19. Six areas account for 71 percent of the Nation's dry natural gas proved reserves:

Area	Percent of U.S. Gas Reserves
Texas	23.7
Gulf of Mexico Federal Offshore	14.8
New Mexico	9.8
Wyoming	9.1
Oklahoma	7.7
Colorado	5.9
Area Total	71.0

In all six areas, dry natural gas proved reserves increased in 2000.

Discussion of Reserves Changes

Figure 20 maps the change in dry gas proved reserves from 1999 to 2000 by area. Here's how the top six areas fared, compared to the total United States:

Area	Change in U.S. Gas Reserves (billion cubic feet)
Texas	+1,925
Gulf of Mexico Federal Offshore	+721
New Mexico	+1,873
Wyoming	+1,932
Oklahoma	+1,156
Colorado	+1,441
Area Total	+9,048
U.S. Total	+10,021

Figure 4 in Chapter 2 shows the components of change in dry natural gas proved reserves for 2000 and the preceding 10 years.

Discoveries

Total discoveries are those reserves attributable to field extensions, new field discoveries, and new reservoir discoveries in old fields; they result from drilling

Table 8. Dry Natural Gas Proved Reserves, Reserves Changes, and Production, 2000
(Billion Cubic Feet at 14.73 psia and 60° Fahrenheit)

State and Subdivision	Published Proved Reserves 12/31/99	Changes in Reserves During 2000									Proved Reserves 12/31/00
		Adjustments (+,-)	Revision Increases (+)	Revision Decreases (-)	Sales (-)	Acquisitions (+)	Extensions (+)	New Field Discoveries (+)	New Reservoir Discoveries in Old Fields (+)	Estimated Production (-)	
Alaska	9,734	23	300	2,093	4,531	4,348	1,949	0	13	506	9,237
Lower 48 States	157,672	-914	22,888	14,133	15,847	20,061	12,838	1,983	2,355	18,713	168,190
Alabama	4,287	-56	74	69	140	237	175	0	0	359	4,149
Arkansas	1,542	-3	207	48	336	343	14	0	16	154	1,581
California	2,387	-72	733	121	51	131	112	7	5	282	2,849
Coastal Region Onshore	192	30	14	14	0	22	0	0	0	10	234
Los Angeles Basin Onshore	168	-7	51	16	0	0	5	0	0	8	193
San Joaquin Basin Onshore	1,951	-79	629	91	51	109	107	7	5	256	2,331
State Offshore	76	-16	39	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	91
Colorado	8,987	-88	1,825	360	1,049	1,598	274	0	0	759	10,428
Florida	84	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	82
Kansas	5,753	84	262	350	190	170	58	3	0	491	5,299
Kentucky	1,435	-4	363	77	432	508	2	5	27	67	1,760
Louisiana	9,242	-107	1,645	1,277	597	758	596	45	377	1,443	9,239
North	3,079	-20	459	298	138	277	301	6	16	384	3,298
South Onshore	5,535	-154	1,079	852	374	383	228	21	311	932	5,245
State Offshore	628	67	107	127	85	98	67	18	50	127	696
Michigan	2,255	217	422	176	479	665	143	15	0	333	2,729
Mississippi	677	-20	84	39	96	35	53	1	1	78	618
Montana	841	13	130	133	9	12	57	0	41	67	885
New Mexico	15,449	18	1,748	684	649	1,087	1,836	11	14	1,508	17,322
East	3,037	-221	641	322	387	587	625	11	13	447	3,537
West	12,412	239	1,107	362	262	500	1,211	0	1	1,061	13,785
New York	221	59	29	12	1	6	20	10	5	15	322
North Dakota	416	21	43	15	7	9	3	0	5	42	433
Ohio	1,179	1	243	156	124	115	4	0	2	79	1,185
Oklahoma	12,543	424	2,498	1,331	1,243	1,325	894	20	42	1,473	13,699
Pennsylvania	1,772	-194	417	184	124	160	11	0	0	117	1,741
Texas	40,157	-1,036	5,797	4,054	4,402	5,873	3,782	303	734	5,072	42,082
Texas RRC District 1	1,008	34	107	62	167	132	32	33	1	86	1,032
Texas RRC District 2 Onshore	1,881	262	411	533	284	362	176	14	52	361	1,980
Texas RRC District 3 Onshore	3,913	-102	659	437	190	360	388	88	77	883	3,873
Texas RRC District 4 Onshore	8,915	122	1,039	1,095	930	1,378	1,032	95	378	1,289	9,645
Texas RRC District 5	2,319	-138	293	222	32	474	738	10	29	303	3,168
Texas RRC District 6	5,857	-251	817	367	280	431	319	5	20	575	5,976
Texas RRC District 7B	416	-160	74	21	31	73	2	13	1	55	312
Texas RRC District 7C	3,178	-437	498	150	350	835	225	0	1	296	3,504
Texas RRC District 8	5,434	-168	864	561	989	1,022	169	4	160	547	5,388
Texas RRC District 8A	1,257	122	197	47	937	594	2	0	0	87	1,101
Texas RRC District 9	1,137	-53	142	21	10	83	492	0	0	144	1,626
Texas RRC District 10	4,424	-273	597	467	145	93	191	41	4	386	4,079
State Offshore	418	6	99	71	57	36	16	0	11	60	398
Utah	3,213	4	177	110	568	1,464	266	0	15	226	4,235
Virginia	2,017	-10	65	295	28	17	0	0	9	71	1,704
West Virginia	2,936	-99	668	390	875	798	5	0	33	176	2,900
Wyoming	14,226	-20	1,339	753	1,780	1,720	2,486	8	2	1,070	16,158
Federal Offshore ^a	25,987	-28	4,112	3,495	2,663	3,027	2,045	1,555	1,027	4,819	26,748
Pacific (California)	536	15	86	16	12	13	0	0	0	46	576
Gulf of Mexico (Louisiana) ^a	19,598	-232	3,211	2,746	2,118	2,247	1,393	1,234	827	3,626	19,788
Gulf of Mexico (Texas)	5,853	189	815	733	533	767	652	321	200	1,147	6,384
Miscellaneous ^b	66	-22	7	4	4	3	2	0	0	^c 6	^c 42
U.S. Total	167,406	-891	23,188	16,226	20,378	24,409	14,787	1,983	2,368	19,219	177,427

^aIncludes Federal offshore Alabama.

^bIncludes Arizona, Illinois, Indiana, Maryland, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, Oregon, South Dakota, and Tennessee.

^cIndicates the estimate is associated with a sampling error (95 percent confidence interval) that exceeds 20 percent of the estimated value.

Note: The production estimates in this table are based on data reported on Form EIA-23, "Annual Survey of Domestic Oil and Gas Reserves," and Form EIA-64A, "Annual Report of the Origin of Natural Gas Liquids Production." They may differ from the official Energy Information Administration production data for natural gas for 2000 contained in the *Natural Gas Annual 2000*, DOE/EIA-0131(00).

Source: Energy Information Administration, Office of Oil and Gas.

Figure 19. 2000 Dry Natural Gas Proved Reserves by Area

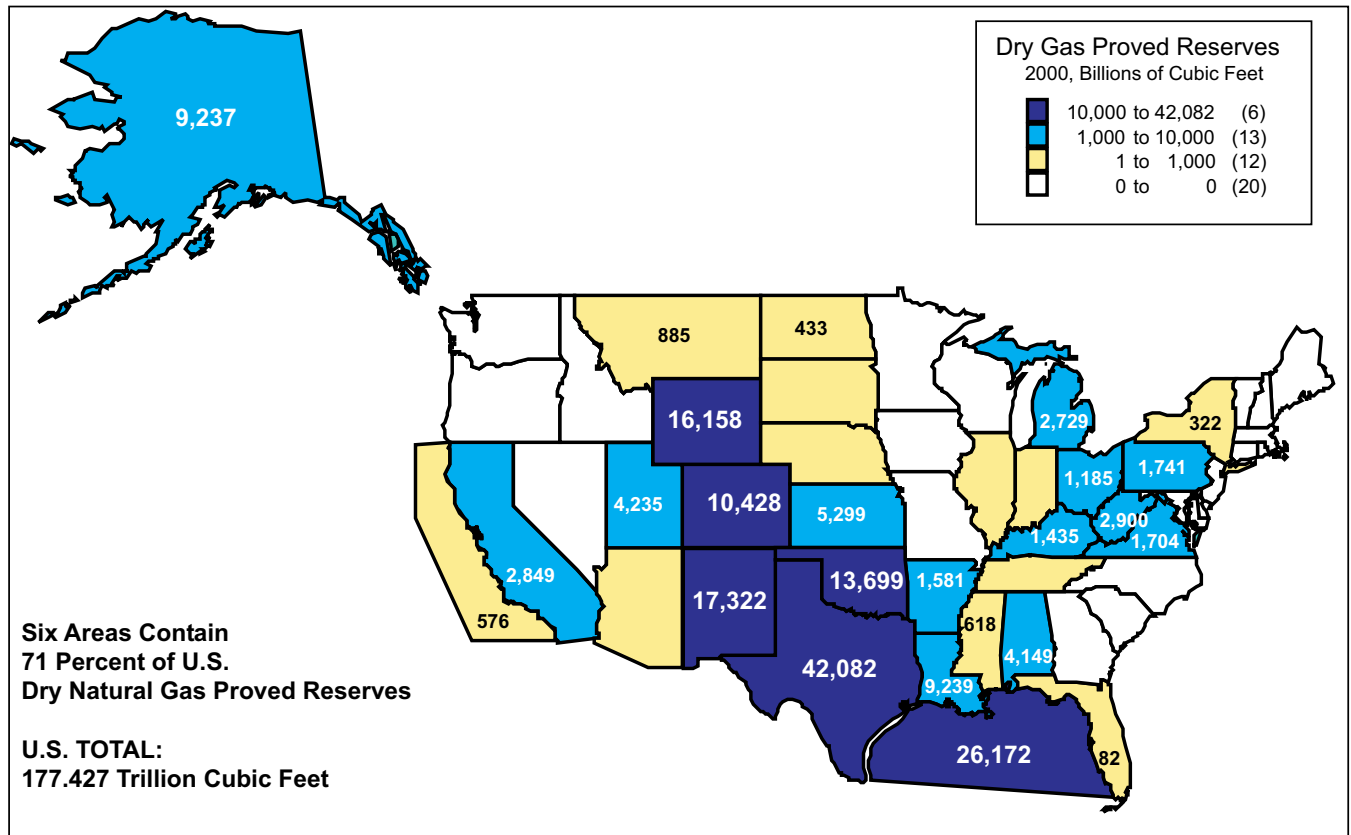
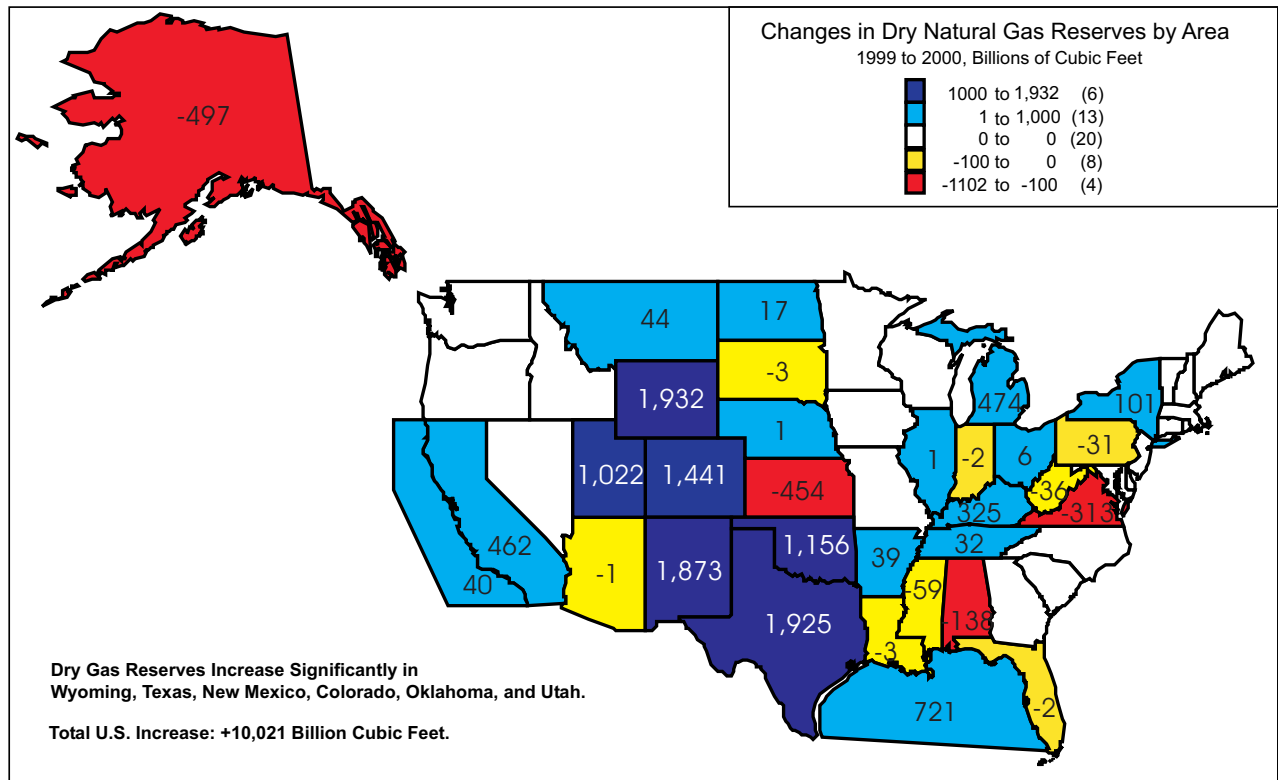


Figure 20. Changes in Dry Natural Gas Proved Reserves by Area, 1999 to 2000



Source: Energy Information Administration, Office of Oil and Gas.

exploratory wells. *Total discoveries* of dry natural gas reserves were 19,138 billion cubic feet in 2000, a 77 percent increase from the level reported in 1999. About 25 percent of the *total discoveries* were in Texas, 24 percent were in the Gulf of Mexico Federal Offshore, 13 percent were in Wyoming, and 10 percent were in Alaska.

Extensions were 14,787 billion cubic feet, more than twice the volume of 1999 and the prior 10-year average (7,119 billion cubic feet). Areas with the largest *extensions* and their percentage of total *extensions* were:

- Texas had 3,782 billion cubic feet of extensions (26 percent of the total)
- Wyoming had 2,486 billion cubic feet (17 percent)
- Gulf of Mexico Federal Offshore had 2,045 billion cubic feet (14 percent)
- Alaska had 1,949 billion cubic feet (13 percent)
- New Mexico had 1,836 billion cubic feet (12 percent)
- Oklahoma had 894 billion cubic feet (6 percent).

New field discoveries were 1,983 billion cubic feet in 2000—26 percent more than in 1999. The areas with the largest *new field discoveries* were the Gulf of Mexico Federal Offshore (with 1,555 billion cubic feet of new field discoveries, 78 percent of the total), Texas (303 billion cubic feet, 15 percent), and Louisiana (45 billion cubic feet, 2 percent). In the prior 10 years, U.S. operators reported an average of 1,473 billion cubic feet of reserves from *new field discoveries* per year. Reserves from *new field discoveries* in 2000 were 35 percent higher than that average.

New reservoir discoveries in old fields were 2,368 billion cubic feet, 8 percent higher than 1999. Among the areas with the largest *new reservoir discoveries in old fields* and their percentage of the total were:

- Gulf of Mexico Federal Offshore (1,027 billion cubic feet, 43 percent)
- Texas (734 billion cubic feet, 31 percent)
- Louisiana (377 billion cubic feet, 16 percent).

In the prior 10 years, U.S. operators reported an average of 2,339 billion cubic feet of reserves from *new reservoirs discovered in old fields* per year. Reserves from *new reservoirs discovered in old fields* in 2000 were 1 percent higher than that average.

Revisions and Adjustments

There were 23,188 billion cubic feet of *revision increases*, 16,226 billion cubic feet of *revision decreases*, and -891 billion cubic feet of *adjustments* in 2000. Combined, there were 6,071 billion cubic feet of net revisions and adjustments in 2000, excluding reserves additions from net *sales* and *acquisitions*.

Sales and Acquisitions

Sales represents that volume of dry natural gas proved reserves deducted from an operator's total through sale of an existing gas field or properties to another operator (not a volume of production "sold" at the wellhead). Similarly, *acquisitions* are that volume of proved reserves added to an operator's total by purchase of an existing gas field or properties.

In 2000, there were 20,378 billion cubic feet of sales transactions between operators, and 24,409 billion cubic feet of acquisitions. The net difference of 4,031 billion cubic feet was added to the National total of dry natural gas reserves in 2000.

Production

The estimated 2000 U.S. dry natural gas production was 19,219 billion cubic feet, an increase of almost 2 percent from 1999 (**Table 8**). Areas with the largest production and their percentage of total *production* were:

- Texas had 5,072 billion cubic feet of production (26 percent of the total)
- Gulf of Mexico Federal Offshore had 4,773 billion cubic feet (25 percent)
- New Mexico had 1,508 billion cubic feet (8 percent)
- Oklahoma had 1,473 billion cubic feet (8 percent)
- Louisiana had 1,443 billion cubic feet (8 percent)
- Wyoming had 1,070 billion cubic feet (6 percent).

Wet Natural Gas

U. S. proved reserves of wet natural gas as of December 31, 2000 were 186,510 billion cubic feet, a 6 percent increase from the volume reported in 1999 (**Table 9**). At year-end 2000, proved wet natural gas reserves for the lower 48 States had increased by 7 percent compared to 1999, while those of Alaska had decreased by 5 percent.

Table 9. Natural Gas Proved Reserves, Reserves Changes, and Production, Wet After Lease Separation, 2000 (Billion Cubic Feet at 14.73 psia and 60° Fahrenheit)

State and Subdivision	Published Proved Reserves 12/31/99	Changes in Reserves During 2000									Proved Reserves 12/31/00
		Adjustments (+,-)	Revision Increases (+)	Revision Decreases (-)	Sales (-)	Acquisitions (+)	Extensions (+)	New Field Discoveries (+)	New Reservoir Discoveries in Old Fields (+)	Estimated Production (-)	
Alaska	9,855	-1	301	2,118	4,583	4,398	1,976	0	13	510	9,331
Lower 48 States	166,304	-1,294	24,093	14,820	16,772	21,243	13,574	2,055	2,450	19,654	177,179
Alabama	4,365	-23	79	70	151	256	184	0	0	371	4,269
Arkansas	1,546	-3	208	49	337	343	14	0	16	154	1,584
California	2,505	-103	758	126	53	136	116	7	5	293	2,952
Coastal Region Onshore	233	0	14	15	0	23	0	0	0	11	244
Los Angeles Basin Onshore	174	-3	54	17	0	0	5	0	0	9	204
San Joaquin Basin Onshore	2,021	-83	651	94	53	113	111	7	5	265	2,413
State Offshore	77	-17	39	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	91
Colorado	9,372	-125	1,897	374	1,090	1,661	285	0	0	789	10,837
Florida	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	93
Kansas	6,248	10	281	375	204	182	63	3	0	526	5,682
Kentucky	1,530	-36	379	80	451	530	2	5	28	70	1,837
Louisiana	9,646	-239	1,697	1,318	616	781	612	48	391	1,490	9,512
North	3,127	-25	465	302	140	281	305	7	16	390	3,344
South Onshore	5,858	-271	1,121	885	388	398	237	22	323	968	5,447
State Offshore	661	57	111	131	88	102	70	19	52	132	721
Michigan	2,313	198	428	179	486	676	146	15	0	339	2,772
Mississippi	681	-21	84	39	96	35	53	1	1	79	620
Montana	851	10	131	134	9	12	58	0	41	68	892
New Mexico	16,750	-249	1,890	745	714	1,191	1,981	12	16	1,623	18,509
East	3,366	-182	725	364	438	664	706	12	15	506	3,998
West	13,384	-67	1,165	381	276	527	1,275	0	1	1,117	14,511
New York	221	59	29	12	1	6	20	10	5	15	322
North Dakota	475	16	48	17	7	10	4	0	5	47	487
Ohio	1,179	2	244	157	124	115	4	0	2	79	1,186
Oklahoma	13,490	278	2,652	1,414	1,319	1,406	949	21	44	1,564	14,543
Pennsylvania	1,780	-211	419	184	125	168	11	0	0	118	1,740
Texas	43,350	-1,155	6,267	4,332	4,810	6,397	4,039	319	780	5,436	45,419
Texas RRC District 1	1,232	-117	115	66	179	142	35	35	1	92	1,106
Texas RRC District 2 Onshore	1,974	242	424	551	293	374	181	14	53	373	2,045
Texas RRC District 3 Onshore	4,132	-154	687	456	198	376	405	92	80	922	4,042
Texas RRC District 4 Onshore	9,351	128	1,090	1,148	976	1,446	1,083	100	396	1,352	10,118
Texas RRC District 5	2,350	-136	298	226	32	481	750	10	30	308	3,217
Texas RRC District 6	6,107	-135	870	391	298	459	339	5	21	612	6,365
Texas RRC District 7B	465	-172	85	24	36	84	2	14	1	63	356
Texas RRC District 7C	3,593	-359	587	177	412	984	265	0	1	350	4,132
Texas RRC District 8	6,122	-125	983	639	1,126	1,164	193	5	182	623	6,136
Texas RRC District 8A	1,557	-35	218	52	1,034	655	2	0	0	96	1,215
Texas RRC District 9	1,360	-124	162	24	11	95	560	0	0	164	1,854
Texas RRC District 10	4,688	-176	649	507	158	101	208	44	4	420	4,433
State Offshore	419	8	99	71	57	36	16	0	11	61	400
Utah	3,371	26	187	117	600	1,546	281	0	16	238	4,472
Virginia	2,017	-10	65	295	28	17	0	0	9	71	1,704
West Virginia	3,040	-67	697	407	913	833	6	0	34	184	3,062
Wyoming	14,809	324	1,426	802	1,896	1,832	2,648	8	2	1,140	17,211
Federal Offshore ^a	26,598	60	4,220	3,590	2,737	3,106	2,096	1,606	1,055	4,947	27,467
Pacific (California)	536	15	86	16	12	13	0	0	0	46	576
Gulf of Mexico (Louisiana) ^a	20,172	-147	3,314	2,836	2,188	2,321	1,440	1,283	854	3,747	20,466
Gulf of Mexico (Texas)	5,890	192	820	738	537	772	656	323	201	1,154	6,425
Miscellaneous ^b	67	-23	7	4	5	4	2	0	0	^c 6	^c 42
U.S. Total	176,159	-1,295	24,394	16,938	21,355	25,641	15,550	2,055	2,463	20,164	186,510

^aIncludes Federal offshore Alabama.

^bIncludes Arizona, Illinois, Indiana, Maryland, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, Oregon, South Dakota, and Tennessee.

^cIndicates the estimate is associated with a sampling error (95 percent confidence interval) that exceeds 20 percent of the estimated value.

Note: The production estimates in this table are based on data reported on Form EIA-23, "Annual Survey of Domestic Oil and Gas Reserves." They may differ from the official Energy Information Administration production data for natural gas for 2000 contained in the *Natural Gas Annual 2000*, DOE/EIA-0131(00).

Source: Energy Information Administration, Office of Oil and Gas.

Table 10. Nonassociated Natural Gas Proved Reserves, Reserves Changes, and Production, Wet After Lease Separation, 2000 (Billion Cubic Feet at 14.73 psia and 60° Fahrenheit)

State and Subdivision	Published Proved Reserves 12/31/99	Changes in Reserves During 2000									Proved Reserves 12/31/00
		Adjustments (+,-)	Revision Increases (+)	Revision Decreases (-)	Sales (-)	Acquisitions (+)	Extensions (+)	New Field Discoveries (+)	New Reservoir Discoveries in Old Fields (+)	Estimated Production (-)	
Alaska	2,646	145	224	249	842	825	0	0	13	198	2,564
Lower 48 States	142,098	-816	20,281	12,145	13,594	18,226	12,866	1,664	2,198	16,665	154,113
Alabama	4,338	-23	78	68	149	246	184	0	0	365	4,241
Arkansas	1,505	-2	204	48	337	343	14	0	16	150	1,545
California	355	58	371	38	4	63	19	5	5	80	754
Coastal Region Onshore	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Los Angeles Basin Onshore	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
San Joaquin Basin Onshore	336	72	369	38	4	63	19	5	5	79	748
State Offshore	19	-14	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5
Colorado	8,591	-81	1,591	362	1,074	1,655	282	0	0	725	9,877
Florida	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kansas	6,196	16	274	366	202	181	58	3	0	519	5,641
Kentucky	1,501	-35	379	80	451	530	2	5	28	69	1,810
Louisiana	8,667	-193	1,498	1,072	539	702	584	36	369	1,348	8,704
North	2,867	-1	416	236	138	279	304	6	12	351	3,158
South Onshore	5,259	-253	1,006	736	325	340	221	21	308	887	4,954
State Offshore	541	61	76	100	76	83	59	9	49	110	592
Michigan	2,086	165	410	152	473	664	143	15	0	300	2,558
Mississippi	650	-22	78	32	92	25	49	1	1	73	585
Montana	784	10	121	125	6	6	53	0	41	62	822
New Mexico	15,172	-194	1,611	602	473	862	1,932	8	6	1,400	16,922
East	1,880	-108	461	230	200	338	666	8	5	294	2,526
West	13,292	-86	1,150	372	273	524	1,266	0	1	1,106	14,396
New York	212	67	28	12	1	5	20	10	5	14	320
North Dakota	225	4	4	2	1	1	0	0	5	13	223
Ohio	777	-9	126	117	100	84	3	0	1	48	717
Oklahoma	12,252	312	2,458	1,262	1,221	1,312	931	16	44	1,412	13,430
Pennsylvania	1,684	-226	358	167	122	160	3	0	0	107	1,583
Texas	35,470	-953	5,184	3,406	2,947	4,853	3,904	312	745	4,577	38,585
Texas RRC District 1	1,165	-116	102	64	156	121	34	35	1	85	1,037
Texas RRC District 2 Onshore	1,772	216	397	455	257	352	178	13	51	337	1,930
Texas RRC District 3 Onshore	3,218	-90	565	315	179	347	375	90	79	686	3,404
Texas RRC District 4 Onshore	9,169	127	1,054	1,123	972	1,440	1,082	99	396	1,330	9,942
Texas RRC District 5	2,301	-137	272	219	21	423	739	9	1	279	3,089
Texas RRC District 6	5,562	-129	850	329	272	443	337	4	21	586	5,901
Texas RRC District 7B	275	-84	63	16	31	62	2	14	1	44	242
Texas RRC District 7C	2,977	-359	456	121	370	886	243	0	1	274	3,439
Texas RRC District 8	2,947	-42	609	206	483	565	147	4	179	375	3,345
Texas RRC District 8A	44	-10	37	5	3	13	0	0	0	7	69
Texas RRC District 9	1,180	-123	107	16	7	73	559	0	0	128	1,645
Texas RRC District 10	4,447	-213	573	468	142	92	192	44	4	386	4,143
State Offshore	413	7	99	69	54	36	16	0	11	60	399
Utah	3,050	34	144	105	597	1,528	273	0	16	218	4,125
Virginia	2,017	-10	65	295	28	17	0	0	9	71	1,704
West Virginia	2,952	-77	670	380	900	803	5	0	34	178	2,929
Wyoming	14,096	324	1,366	759	1,876	1,804	2,644	8	2	1,050	16,559
Federal Offshore ^a	19,505	11	3,259	2,695	2,001	2,382	1,761	1,245	871	3,882	20,456
Pacific (California)	48	14	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	76
Gulf of Mexico (Louisiana) ^a	14,950	-188	2,522	2,065	1,576	1,666	1,179	1,083	684	2,905	15,350
Gulf of Mexico (Texas)	4,507	185	718	630	425	716	582	162	187	972	5,030
Miscellaneous ^b	13	8	4	0	0	0	2	0	0	4	23
U.S. Total	144,744	-671	20,505	12,394	14,436	19,051	12,866	1,664	2,211	16,863	156,677

^aIncludes Federal offshore Alabama.

^bIncludes Arizona, Illinois, Indiana, Maryland, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, Oregon, South Dakota, and Tennessee.

Note: The production estimates in this table are based on data reported on Form EIA-23, "Annual Survey of Domestic Oil and Gas Reserves." They may differ from the official Energy Information Administration production data for natural gas for 2000 contained in the *Natural Gas Annual 2000*, DOE/EIA-0131(00).

Source: Energy Information Administration, Office of Oil and Gas.

Table 11. Associated-Dissolved Natural Gas Proved Reserves, Reserves Changes, and Production, 2000
(Billion Cubic Feet at 14.73 psia and 60° Fahrenheit)

State and Subdivision	Published Proved Reserves 12/31/99	Changes in Reserves During 2000									Proved Reserves 12/31/00
		Adjustments (+,-)	Revision Increases (+)	Revision Decreases (-)	Sales (-)	Acquisitions (+)	Extensions (+)	New Field Discoveries (+)	New Reservoir Discoveries in Old Fields (+)	Estimated Production (-)	
Alaska	7,209	-145	77	1,869	3,741	3,573	1,976	0	0	312	6,768
Lower 48 States	24,206	-460	3,807	2,677	3,180	3,013	707	387	249	2,987	23,065
Alabama	27	1	1	2	2	10	0	0	0	6	29
Arkansas	41	-1	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	39
California	2,150	-160	387	89	49	72	97	2	0	212	2,198
Coastal Region Onshore	233	-1	14	15	0	23	0	0	0	10	244
Los Angeles Basin Onshore	174	-3	53	17	0	0	5	0	0	9	203
San Joaquin Basin Onshore	1,685	-153	282	57	49	49	92	2	0	186	1,665
State Offshore	58	-3	38	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	86
Colorado	781	-43	306	12	17	6	3	0	0	64	960
Florida	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	93
Kansas	52	-6	7	9	2	1	4	0	0	7	40
Kentucky	29	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	27
Louisiana	979	-45	199	248	77	80	28	11	22	142	807
North	260	-23	49	67	2	3	1	0	4	39	186
South Onshore	599	-18	115	149	63	58	16	1	15	82	492
State Offshore	120	-4	35	32	12	19	11	10	3	21	129
Michigan	227	33	18	27	13	12	3	0	0	39	214
Mississippi	31	-1	6	7	3	11	4	0	0	6	35
Montana	67	1	9	10	2	6	5	0	0	6	70
New Mexico	1,578	-54	279	143	240	329	49	4	9	223	1,588
East	1,486	-72	264	134	238	326	40	4	9	212	1,473
West	92	18	15	9	2	3	9	0	0	11	115
New York	9	-8	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2
North Dakota	250	14	44	16	7	9	4	0	0	34	264
Ohio	402	11	118	40	24	31	2	0	0	31	469
Oklahoma	1,238	-36	194	152	98	95	18	5	1	152	1,113
Pennsylvania	96	21	61	17	3	3	7	0	0	11	157
Texas	7,880	-196	1,080	926	1,865	1,544	136	5	33	858	6,833
Texas RRC District 1	67	-1	13	2	22	21	0	0	0	7	69
Texas RRC District 2 Onshore	202	25	27	95	36	22	3	1	2	36	115
Texas RRC District 3 Onshore	914	-64	123	142	20	30	30	2	1	236	638
Texas RRC District 4 Onshore	182	2	36	25	4	6	1	0	0	22	176
Texas RRC District 5	49	3	25	7	11	58	11	1	28	29	128
Texas RRC District 6	545	-5	20	62	26	16	3	0	0	27	464
Texas RRC District 7B	190	-88	21	8	5	22	1	0	0	19	114
Texas RRC District 7C	616	1	130	56	43	98	23	0	0	76	693
Texas RRC District 8	3,175	-81	375	433	643	598	45	1	2	248	2,791
Texas RRC District 8A	1,513	-24	180	47	1,030	642	1	0	0	89	1,146
Texas RRC District 9	180	-1	54	8	5	22	2	0	0	35	209
Texas RRC District 10	241	36	76	39	16	9	16	0	0	34	289
State Offshore	6	1	0	2	4	0	0	0	0	0	1
Utah	321	-8	42	11	3	19	8	0	0	20	348
Virginia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
West Virginia	88	0	27	26	14	29	0	0	0	6	98
Wyoming	713	0	60	43	20	28	4	0	0	90	652
Federal Offshore ^a	7,093	49	962	894	736	723	335	360	184	1,066	7,010
Pacific (California)	488	1	67	16	12	13	0	0	0	41	500
Gulf of Mexico (Louisiana) ^a	5,222	41	792	770	612	654	261	199	170	842	5,115
Gulf of Mexico (Texas)	1,383	7	103	108	112	56	74	161	14	183	1,395
Miscellaneous ^b	54	-31	3	4	5	4	0	0	0	2	19
U.S. Total	31,415	-605	3,884	4,546	6,921	6,586	2,683	387	249	3,299	29,833

^aIncludes Federal offshore Alabama.

^bIncludes Arizona, Illinois, Indiana, Maryland, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, Oregon, South Dakota, and Tennessee.

Note: The production estimates in this table are based on data reported on Form EIA-23, "Annual Survey of Domestic Oil and Gas Reserves." They may differ from the official Energy Information Administration production data for natural gas for 2000 contained in the *Natural Gas Annual 2000*, DOE/EIA-0131(00).

Source: Energy Information Administration, Office of Oil and Gas.

The volumetric differences between the estimates reported in **Table 8** (dry) and **Table 9** (wet) result from the removal of natural gas liquids at natural gas processing plants. A discussion of the methodology used to generate wet and dry natural gas reserves tables in this report appears in Appendix F.

Nonassociated Natural Gas

Proved Reserves

Proved reserves of nonassociated (NA) natural gas, wet after lease separation, in the United States increased by 8 percent (11,933 billion cubic feet) in 2000 to 156,677 billion cubic feet (**Table 10**). The lower 48 States' NA wet natural gas proved reserves increased 8 percent to a level of 154,113 billion cubic feet, while Alaska had a 3 percent decline to a level of 2,564 billion cubic feet of NA wet natural gas proved reserves in 2000. Those States with the largest increases in NA wet natural gas reserves were Texas, Wyoming, New Mexico, Colorado, and Oklahoma.

Discoveries

NA wet natural gas *total discoveries* of 16,741 billion cubic feet in 2000 increased 69 percent compared to 1999's total of 9,884 billion cubic feet. Areas with the most *total discoveries* in 2000 were Texas (4,961 billion cubic feet), the Gulf of Mexico Federal Offshore (3,877 billion cubic feet), Wyoming (2,654 billion cubic feet), and New Mexico (1,946 billion cubic feet).

Production

U.S. production of NA wet natural gas increased 2 percent from an estimated 16,543 billion cubic feet in 1999 to 16,863 billion cubic feet in 2000. The five leading producing areas were: Texas (27 percent), the Gulf of Mexico Federal Offshore (23 percent), Oklahoma (8 percent), New Mexico (8 percent), and Louisiana (8 percent).

Associated-Dissolved Natural Gas

Proved Reserves

Proved reserves of associated-dissolved (AD) natural gas, wet after lease separation, in the United States declined 5 percent (-1,582 billion cubic feet) to 29,833

billion cubic feet in 2000 (**Table 11**). Proved reserves of AD wet natural gas in the lower 48 States decreased by 5 percent (-1,141 billion cubic feet) to 23,065 billion cubic feet, and in Alaska declined 6 percent (-441 billion cubic feet) to 6,768 billion cubic feet in 2000. Those areas of the country with the largest AD wet natural gas reserves and their percentage of the total were:

- Texas (23 percent)
- Alaska (23 percent)
- Gulf of Mexico Federal Offshore (22 percent)
- California (7 percent)
- New Mexico (5 percent).

These areas logically correspond to the areas of the country with the largest volumes of crude oil reserves.

Production

U.S. production of AD wet natural gas decreased slightly from an estimated 3,313 billion cubic feet in 1999 to 3,299 billion cubic feet in 2000 (**Table 11**). Production of AD wet natural gas in the lower 48 States decreased from 3,050 billion cubic feet to 2,987 billion cubic feet in 2000, a decline of 2 percent. Those areas of the country with the largest AD wet natural gas production and their percentage of the total were:

- Gulf of Mexico Federal Offshore (31 percent)
- Texas (26 percent)
- Alaska (9 percent)
- New Mexico (7 percent)
- California (6 percent).

Again, these areas logically correspond to the areas of the country with the largest volumes of crude oil production.

Coalbed Methane

Proved Reserves

In 2000, proved reserves of coalbed methane increased to 15,708 billion cubic feet, a 19 percent increase from 1999's level (13,229 billion cubic feet). Coalbed methane accounted for 9 percent of all 2000 dry natural gas reserves (**Table 12**). EIA estimates that the 2000 proved gas reserves of fields identified as having coalbed methane are now more than quadruple the volume reported in 1989 (**Figure 21**). Three States (New Mexico, Colorado, and Alabama) currently have the majority

Table 12. Coalbed Methane Proved Reserves and Production for 1989–2000
(Billion Cubic Feet at 14.73 psia and 60° Fahrenheit)

Year	Alabama	Colorado	New Mexico	Utah	Wyoming	Eastern States ^a	Western States ^b	Others ^c	United States
Reserves									
1989	537	1,117	2,022	NA	NA	NA	NA	0	3,676
1990	1,224	1,320	2,510	NA	NA	NA	NA	33	5,087
1991	1,714	2,076	4,206	NA	NA	NA	NA	167	8,163
1992	1,968	2,716	4,724	NA	NA	NA	NA	626	10,034
1993	1,237	3,107	4,775	NA	NA	NA	NA	1,065	10,184
1994	976	2,913	4,137	NA	NA	NA	NA	1,686	9,712
1995	972	3,461	4,299	NA	NA	NA	NA	1,767	10,499
1996	823	3,711	4,180	NA	NA	NA	NA	1,852	10,566
1997	1,077	3,890	4,351	NA	NA	NA	NA	2,144	11,462
1998	1,029	4,211	4,232	NA	NA	NA	NA	2,707	12,179
1999	1,060	4,826	4,080	NA	NA	NA	NA	3,263	13,229
2000	1,241	5,617	4,278	1,592	1,540	1,399	41	--	15,708
Production									
1989	23	12	56	NA	NA	NA	NA	0	91
1990	36	26	133	NA	NA	NA	NA	1	196
1991	68	48	229	NA	NA	NA	NA	3	348
1992	89	82	358	NA	NA	NA	NA	10	539
1993	103	125	486	NA	NA	NA	NA	18	752
1994	108	179	530	NA	NA	NA	NA	34	851
1995	109	226	574	NA	NA	NA	NA	47	956
1996	98	274	575	NA	NA	NA	NA	56	1,003
1997	111	312	597	NA	NA	NA	NA	70	1,090
1998	123	401	571	NA	NA	NA	NA	99	1,194
1999	108	432	582	NA	NA	NA	NA	130	1,252
2000	109	451	550	74	133	58	4	--	1,379

^aIncludes Pennsylvania, Virginia, and West Virginia.

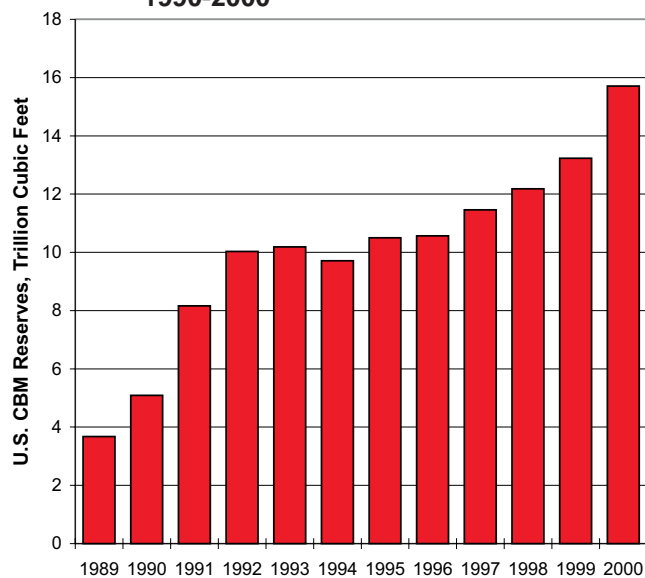
^bIncludes Kansas, Montana, and Oklahoma.

^cIncludes Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, Utah, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wyoming; these states are individually listed or grouped in Eastern States and Western States for 2000.

NA -- Not available.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Office of Oil and Gas.

Figure 21. Coalbed Methane Proved Reserves 1990-2000



Source: Energy Information Administration, Office of Oil and Gas.

(71 percent) of U.S. Coalbed methane proved reserves. Estimates of proved coalbed methane reserves increased 16 percent in Colorado (+791 billion cubic feet), 5 percent in New Mexico (+198 billion cubic feet), and 17 percent in Alabama (+181 billion cubic feet) in 2000.

Production

U.S. coalbed methane production grew 10 percent in 2000 to 1,379 billion cubic feet—about 7 percent of U.S. dry gas production.

Areas of Note: Large Discoveries and Reserves Additions

The following State or area discussions summarize notable activities during the year concerning expected new field reserves, development plans, and possible production rates as extracted from various trade

publications and company reports. The citations do not necessarily reflect EIA's concurrence, but are considered important enough to be brought to the reader's attention.

Wyoming

The State of Wyoming had the largest increase in dry natural gas proved reserves of any state in 2000. Wyoming dry natural gas reserves increased by 1,932 billion cubic feet. This was the result of development of coalbed methane fields in the Powder River Basin and other existing natural gas fields.

Jonah Field: Alberta Energy Corporation announced on May 2, 2000, that its subsidiary, AEC Oil & Gas (USA) Inc. had acquired McMurray Oil Company and other private interests (McMurry et al) -- the companies that owned a major interest in the Jonah Field in Wyoming. Geologically, the Jonah field consists of deep, low permeability, high-pressure gas trapped in over 3,000 feet of multi-zone sands. Production was 140 million cubic feet per day in 2000, and AEC plans further development that would raise production to 180 million per day in 2001, and to 220 million in 2002. {41}

Texas

Texas had a net increase of 1,925 billion cubic feet of dry natural gas proved reserves in 2000. Development of gas fields in the Barnett Shale and the Lobo Trend boosted reserves additions for this State. Texas could have had the largest increase in dry gas proved reserves in 2000, but a decrease in its associated dissolved gas reserves volume offset reserves additions of nonassociated gas.

Barnett Shale and Lobo Trend: The Barnett shale is located in the Fort Worth Basin, in Texas RRC District 5. Light sand fracture technology has produced dramatic results in the Barnett Shale play in North Texas, an area estimated by a 1998 U.S. Geological Survey to hold 10 trillion cubic feet of recoverable resources, the equivalent of a 1.67 billion barrel oil field. This technology has made it economic to expand the limits of Mitchell Energy and Development Corporation's Newark East Barnett field and to increase the recoverable reserves from each well. Based on current engineering evaluations, the field contains 2,460

proved, probable and possible undrilled well locations on 55-acre spacing. The company's drilling plans for 2001 call for a total of 405 new wells, including 296 in the Barnett, an increase of 82 percent over last year's pace. {42}

The Lobo Trend is located in the lower Rio Grande Valley of south Texas (RRC District 4). The trend occurs primarily in Webb and Zapata counties and contains four producing horizons, the Wilcox, Expanded Wilcox, Frio, and Lobo. Unlike some other parts of the country, one or two fields do not dominate the area. RRC District 4 increased its dry natural gas reserves by 730 billion cubic feet in 2000. This district accounts for 23 percent of all reserves of dry natural gas in the State and leads the State in gas production (25 percent of the State total). RRC District 4's dry gas production decreased 4 percent from 1999 to 2000.

New Mexico

New Mexico had a net increase of 1,873 billion cubic feet of dry natural gas proved reserves in 2000. Development of coalbed methane fields in the San Juan Basin and other existing conventional gas fields boosted the reserves additions for this State.

Colorado

Colorado had a net increase of 1,441 billion cubic feet of dry natural gas proved reserves in 2000. This was the result of development of coalbed methane fields and gas fields within the San Juan, Piceance, and Raton Basins.

Areas of Note: Large Reserves Declines

The following areas had large declines in dry natural gas proved reserves due to downward revisions or unreplaced production.

Alaska

Alaska's proved dry natural gas reserves decreased by 5 percent (497 billion cubic feet) in 2000. Production increased from 459 billion cubic feet in 1999 to 506 billion cubic feet in 2000.

Kansas

Kansas' proved dry natural gas reserves decreased by 8 percent (454 billion cubic feet) in 2000. Production in Kansas increased 1 percent in 2000.

Reserves in Nonproducing Reservoirs

Nonproducing proved natural gas reserves (wet after lease separation) of 42,834 billion cubic feet were reported in 2000, 16 percent more than the 36,873 billion cubic feet reported in 1999 (**Appendix D, Table**

D10). About 27 percent of the reserves in nonproducing reservoirs are located in the Gulf of Mexico Federal Offshore area. Much of the new deepwater reserves are in the nonproducing category. Wells or reservoirs are nonproducing due to any of several operational reasons. These include:

- waiting for well workovers
- waiting for additional development or replacement wells to be drilled
- production or pipeline facilities not yet installed
- awaiting depletion of other zones or reservoirs before recompletion in reservoirs not currently open to production (called "behind pipe" reserves).