Green Pricing and Net Metering Programs 2003

Green pricing/marketing programs allow electricity customers to pay the additional costs for renewable energy through direct payments on their monthly bills. The Energy Information Administration (EIA) first collected information on green pricing on the Form EIA-861, "Annual Electric Power Industry Report," which is a survey of electric industry participants including: electric utilities, wholesale power marketers, energy service providers, and electric power producers. All respondents, except independent power producers and qualifying facilities, were asked to report the number of their customers in green pricing programs by state and customer class.

Net metering provisions vary by state and utility, but usually apply only to very small generators that typically use solar or wind energy. This system usually permits a customer operating a small generator to purchase extra electricity when needed. Also, any excess power at the end of the month can be sold back to the utility. Pricing schemes vary by individual utility and customer circumstances. This system facilitates the ease of operating intermittent generators such as those using solar and wind energy and improves their economics. The EIA first collected information on net metering on the Form EIA-861 in much the same manner as it did green pricing.

In 2003, the number of electric industry participants reporting customers in green pricing programs was 308, up 45 percent from 2002 (Table 1). The number of customers

Table 1. Estimated U.S. Green Pricing Customers by Customer Class, 2002-2003

		Participating Customers		
	Electric Industry	Customer Class		
Year	Participants	Residential	Non-residential	Total
2002 ^R	212	688,069	23,481	711,550
2003 ^P	308	819,579	57,547	877,126

P=Preliminary

R=Revised

Note: Electric industry participants include the following respondent types: federal, state, municipal, investor-owned, and cooperative utilities; municipal marketing authorities; and power marketers (or energy service providers). Non-residential may include some customers for which no customer class is specified. Totals may not equal the sum of the components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-861, "Annual Electric Power Industry Report."

in green pricing programs dwarfed those in net metering and increased 23 percent from 711,550 nationwide in 2002 to 877,126 in 2003. Residential customers accounted for about 93 percent of the total in 2003. However, this was down from residential's 97 percent share in 2002.

Electric industry participants reported having green pricing customers in forty states, including six states that were reported for the first time in 2003 (Table 3). Ohio led the United States in total number of green pricing customers with 428,849 customers and accounted for nearly 44 percent of the annual increase. Pennsylvania, Texas, California and Colorado followed next in order of importance.

In 2003, the number of electric industry participants reporting customers in net metering programs was up to 127 from just 96 one year earlier (Table 2). The number of customers in net metering during 2003 was 6,813 and represented a 52 percent increase from 2002. Residential customers accounted for 86 percent of the customers in the program. Electric industry participants reported having net metering customers in thirty-nine states, including four states that were reported for the first time (Table 4). California dominated with 77 percent of the national total.

Table 2. Estimated U.S. Net Metering Customers by Customer Class, 2002-2003

	-002 - 000			
		Partici	pating Customers	6
	Electric Industry	Custo	mer Class	
Year	Participants	Residential	Non-residential	Total
2002 R	96	3,559	913	4,472
2003 P	127	5,870	943	6,813

P=Preliminary

R=Revised

Note: Electric industry participants include the following respondent types: federal, state, municipal, investor-owned, and cooperative utilities; municipal marketing authorities; and power marketers (or energy service providers). Non-residential may include some customers for which no customer class is specified. Totals may not equal the sum of the components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-861, "Annual Electric Power Industry Report."

Additional information concerning green pricing and net metering is available on U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy websites. For green pricing and net metering, see http://www.eere.energy.gov/greenpower/index.shtml (October 20, 2004).

Table 3. Estimated U.S. Green Pricing Customers by State and Customer Class, 2002 and 2003

	Electric	Participating Customers				
	Industry Participants	2003 P 2002				
State	2003 ^P	Residential	Non-residential	Total	Total	
Alabama		recordential		Total	· otai	
Alaska						
Arizona	2	5,838	96	5,934	4,039	
Arkansas	_	0,000	00	0,001	1,000	
California	8	60,626	1,653	62,279	55,631	
Colorado	18	43,418	776	44,194	39,191	
Connecticut	10	75,710	770	44,104	1,056	
Delaware					8	
District of Columbia	2	4,612	212	4,824	1,686	
Florida	1	206	12	218	146	
	11	3,881	14	3,895	418	
Georgia		•		·		
Hawaii	3	3,551	28	3,579	3,040	
Idaho	4	2,437	71	2,508	2,090	
Illinois	1	8	40	8	8	
Indiana	9	1,075	16	1,091	708	
lowa	30	5,756	29	5,785	4,403	
Kansas	_					
Kentucky	5	115	3	118	6	
Louisiana						
Maine	1		5	5	47	
Maryland	2	14,205	151	14,356	2,553	
Massachusetts	1		1	1		
Michigan	6	1,285	61	1,346	1,189	
Minnesota	76	19,805	450	20,255	7,922	
Mississippi	1	7		7		
Missouri	4	261		261	136	
Montana	4	48	1	49	241	
Nebraska	4	4,086	85	4,171	4,809	
Nevada	1	284	1	285	241	
New Hampshire						
New Jersey	1	1,731	85	1,816	2,226	
New Mexico	5	5,610	164	5,774	629	
New York	2	133	1	134		
North Carolina	9	3,747	166	3,913		
North Dakota	9	1,771	21	1,792	670	
Ohio	1	387,938	40,911	428,849	356,309	
Oklahoma	1	6,712	46	6,758	000,000	
Oregon	12	37,173	4,966	42,139	35,674	
Pennsylvania	3	74,583	93	74,676	92,722	
Rhode Island	· ·	74,000	30	7-4,070	02,122	
South Carolina	4	1,506	219	1,725	1 152	
	12	613			1,152 ^R 513	
South Dakota Tennessee	1	013	11 1	624 1	313	
		6E 618		· ·	47.620	
Texas	4	65,618	2,993	68,611	47,638	
Utah	1	12,264	3,216	15,480	8,924	
Vermont	•	4.004	4.5	4 000		
Virginia	2	4,624	15	4,639	2,394	
Washington	18	16,406	452	16,858	11,003	
West Virginia				_		
Wisconsin	50	26,158	437	26,595	20,913	
Wyoming	5	1,488	85	1,573	1,215	
Total	308	819,579	57,547	877,126	^R 711,550	

Note: Electric industry participants include the following respondent types: federal, state, municipal, investor-owned, and cooperative utilities; municipal marketing authorities; and power marketers (or energy service providers). Non-residential may include some customers for which no customer class is specified. Blank cells indicate no data was reported for the state or the number of customers in a class was zero. Totals may not equal the sum of the components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-861, "Annual Electric Power Industry Report."

R=Revised

Table 4. Estimated Net Metering Customers by State and Customer Class, 2002 and 2003

	Electric	Participating Customers				
	Industry Participants 2003 ^P	2003 ^P			2002	
State		Residential	Non-residential	Total	Total	
Alabama						
Alaska	2	1	1	2		
Arizona	2	29	301	330	320	
Arkansas						
California	14	4,869	373	5,242	3,016	
Colorado	9	128	35	163	149	
Connecticut	2	20	8	28	25	
Delaware	1	7	3	10	11	
District of Columbia	•	•	9	10		
Florida	2	7	3	10	9	
	1	1	3	10	9	
Georgia	· ·	•	0	•	4.4	
Hawaii	3	28	3	31	14	
daho	3	15	3	18	11	
llinois	1	_	1	1	12	
ndiana	1	3		3	3	
owa	1	2		2	2	
Kansas	2	2	3	5	4	
Kentucky	2		14	14	1	
_ouisiana						
Maine						
Maryland	2	5		5	6	
Massachusetts	3	90	1	91	85	
Michigan	1	2	1	3	4	
Minnesota	17	129	11	140	97	
Mississippi	17	125	11	140	51	
	2	1	1	2	2	
Missouri	2	1 3	'	3	3	
Montana	2	3		3	-	
Nebraska	_				11	
Nevada	2	54	2	56	39	
New Hampshire	3	48	25	73	69	
New Jersey						
New Mexico	3	9	1	10	8	
New York	1	43	3	46	22	
North Carolina						
North Dakota	2	1	1	2	5	
Ohio	4	5	6	11	5	
Oklahoma	2	1	35	36	36	
Oregon	6	23	14	37	22	
Pennsylvania	2	42	18	60	35	
Rhode Island	2	12	4	16	5	
South Carolina	_	12	r		^R 0	
South Dakota					R ₀	
					U	
ennessee	4	7	C	40	407	
exas	4	7	6	13	197	
Jtah	1		1	1		
/ermont	2	46	6	52	43	
/irginia	6	12	0	12	5	
Washington	10	44	4	48	34	
West Virginia	2	1	1	2		
Wisconsin	6	178	54	232	161	
Wyoming	2	2		2	1	
Total	127	5,870	943	6,813	^R 4,472	

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Note: Electric industry participants include the following respondent types: federal, state, municipal, investor-owned, and cooperative utilities; municipal marketing authorities; and power marketers (or energy service providers). Non-residential may include some customers for which no customer class is specified. Blank cells indicate no data was reported for the state or the number of customers in a class was zero. Totals may not equal the sum of the components due to independent rounding.

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