Coal Industry Annual 1999

Energy Information Administration

Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels U.S. Department of Energy Washington, DC 20585-0650

This report is available on the Web at:

http://www.eia.doe.gov/cneaf/coal/cia/cia_sum.html

This report was prepared by the Energy Information Administration, the independent statistical and analytical agency within the Department of Energy. The information contained herein should not be construed as advocating or reflecting any policy position of the Department of Energy or any other organization.

Contacts

This publication was prepared by Fred Freme under the direction of Bill Watson, Team Leader of the Coal Team, in the Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric, and Alternate Fuels. Specific information about the data in this report can be obtained from Fred Freme at (202)

287-1740, or e-mail Frederick.Freme @eia.doe.gov. All other questions on coal statistics should be directed to the National Energy Information Center at (202) 586-8800, or e-mail INFOCTR@EIA.DOE.GOV.

Preface

Coal Industry Annual 1999 provides comprehensive information about U.S. coal production, number of mines, prices, productivity, employment, productive capacity, and recoverable reserves. U.S. coal production for 1998 and 1999 are based on the U.S. Department of Labor's Mine Safety and Health Administration's Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report." Coal production for 1997 and previous years is based on the annual survey EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report."

This report also presents data on coal consumption, coal distribution, coal stocks, coal prices, and coal quality. Appendix A contains a compilation of coal statistics for the major coal-producing States. This report also includes national total coal consumption for nonutility power producers that are not in the manufacturing, agriculture, mining, construction, or commercial sectors.

The base year for the implicit price deflator, which is used to convert nominal figures to real figures is 1996 (Table D2).

This report constitutes the 24th annual report on coal production published by EIA and continues the series

formerly included in the *Minerals Yearbook* published by the Bureau of Mines.

The data presented in the report were collected and published by the Energy Information Administration (EIA), to fulfill its data collection and dissemination responsibilities, as specified in the Federal Energy Administration Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-275), as amended. Data for the Demonstrated Reserve Base (DRB) are now reported in *U.S. Coal Reserves: A Review and Update* (DOE/EIA-0529). However, this report includes data on the recoverable portion of the DRB in Table 105.

The Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels gratefully acknowledges the cooperation of the respondents in supplying the information presented in the *Coal Industry Annual 1999* and appreciates the valuable assistance of State coal mining agencies; the U.S. Department of the Interior: the Bureau of Land Management, the Minerals Management Service; the U.S. Department of Labor: the Mine Safety and Health Administration, the Bureau of Labor Statistics; the U.S. Department of Commerce: the Bureau of the Census; and the King Publishing Corporation.

Notice

The Energy Information Administration (EIA) changed the survey form EIA-7A "Coal Production Report," beginning with the collection of 1998 data. Data on coal production and employment are no longer collected on the Form EIA-7A; rather those data are obtained through a data-sharing agreement with the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) of the U.S. Department of Labor, based on the Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report." As a result of these changes, certain data elements are no longer consistent with the historical data series.

Some differences in the 1998 and 1999 data are attributable to modifications of definitions, while other differences are a result of changes in the industry. It is important to note these changes when comparing data over the historical period.

The changes are specified in the following text:

(1)The data on 1998 and later coal production at the county level are no longer comparable with data published in previous issues of the *Coal Industry Annual*. Production at the county level is now solely based on

the county in which the mine orignally opened, whether or not any coal was produced in that county. (Adjustments have been made only for mines that cross State boundaries.) As a consequence, the number of mines are also no longer comparable with the historical series, since a mine that had previously crossed county lines, was counted as two mines.

(2)The data on 1998 and later productivity are not comparable with the historic data series, since the MSHA definition of employment differs from that previously used by EIA. EIA had defined employment to include all managerial, technical, and engineering personnel, whether or not they worked in the mine. MSHA defines employment into two categories: one for the employees working in the mine and a second for office employees. All MSHA employees are now included in the total employment data.

(3)The definition of the producer's price of coal has changed for 1998 and later. Previously, EIA defined price data as f.o.b. (free on board) mine price; producer's price is now defined as f.o.b. (free on board) rail/barge.

Contents

	Page
Executive Summary	. ix
Supply Production Productive Capacity Recoverable Coal Reserves at Producing Mines Producer/Distributor Stocks	3 . 25 . 37
Imports	
Employment and Productivity Employment Productivity	. 61
Distribution	. 85
Demand Domestic Markets Foreign Markets	183
Coal Prices Mine Prices Consumer Prices Import/Export Prices	205 221
Coal Quality	235
Appendices	
A. Major Coal Producing States	249
B. Metric Tables	269
C. References	285
D. Explanatory Notes	289
Glossary	301

Tables

	F	Page
1.	Coal Production by State, 1990, 1995-1999	1
2.	Number of Coal Mines by State, 1990, 1995-1999	
3.	Coal Production and Number of Mines by State and Mine Type, 1999	
4.	Coal Production and Number of Mines by State, County, and Mine Type, 1999	
5.	Underground Coal Production by State and Mining Method, 1999	11
6.	Coal Production and Number of Mines by State, Mine Type, and Mine Production Range, 1999	
7.	U.S. Coal Production by Coalbed Thickness and Mine Type, 1999	
8.	U.S. Coal Production and Coalbed Thickness by Major Coalbeds and Mine Type, 1999	
9.	Coal Production and Number of Mines by State and Coal Rank, 1999	
10.	Coal Production by State, Coal Rank, and Group, 1999	
11.	Coal Production by State, Mine Type, and Union Type, 1999	
12.	Coal Disposition by State, 1999	20
13.	Coal Mining Acreage, Production and Royalties from Federal and Indian Leases by State, 1999	21
14.	Major U.S. Coal Mines, 1999	
15.	Major U.S. Coal Producers, 1999	
16.	Productive Capacity of Coal Mines by State, 1990, 1995-1999	
17.	Capacity Utilization of Coal Mines by State, 1990, 1995-1999	
18.	Production, Productive Capacity, and Capacity Utilization of Coal Mines by State and Mine Type, 1999	
19.	Productive Capacity and Capacity Utilization of Underground Coal Mines by State and Mining Method,	
	1999	29
20.	Productive Capacity and Capacity Utilization of Coal Mines by State and Coal Rank, 1999	30
21.	Productive Capacity and Capacity Utilization of Coal Mines by State and Mine Production Range, 1999	31
22.	Productive Capacity and Productivity of Coal Mines by State and Capacity Utilization Range, 1999	32
23.	Productive Capacity and Capacity Utilization of Coal Mines by State and Recoverable Reserves Range,	
	1999	33
24.	Productive Capacity and Capacity Utilization of Coal Mines by State, Mine Type, and Union Type, 1999	34
25.	Recoverable Coal Reserves at Producing Mines by State, 1990, 1995-1999	
26.	Average Recovery Percentage at Producing Coal Mines by State, 1990, 1995-1999	41
27.	Recoverable Coal Reserves and Average Recovery Percentage at Producing Mines by State and Mine	
	Type, 1999	42
28.	Recoverable Coal Reserves at Producing Underground Mines by State and Mining Method, 1999	43
29.	Average Recovery Percentage at Producing Underground Coal Mines by State and Mining Method,	
	1999	44
30.	Recoverable Coal Reserves and Average Recovery Percentage at Producing U.S. Mines by Mine	
	Production Range and Mine Type, 1999	45
31.	Recoverable Coal Reserves and Average Recovery Percentage at Producing U.S. Mines by Coalbed	
22	Thickness and Mine Type, 1999	
32.		46
33.	and Union Type, 1999	40
55.		18
34.	January 1, 1997 Year-End Producer and Distributor Coal Stocks by State, 1995-1999	50
35.	U.S. Coal Imports by Continent and Country of Origin, 1990, 1995-1999	52
36.	Coal Imports by Customs District, 1990, 1995-1999	
37.	U.S. Receipts of Imported Coal by Country of Origin and Destination State, 1990, 1995-1999	54
38.	Imported Coal Received at Electric Utilities by Country of Origin and Destination State, 1990,	
39.	1995-1999	56
٥).	1997-1999	57
40.	Average Number of Employees/Miners by State, 1990, 1995-1999	
41.	Average Number of Employees/Miners at Underground Mines by State, 1990, 1995-1999	65
42.	Average Number of Employees/Miners at Surface Mines by State, 1990, 1995-1999	
43.	Average Number of Employees by State and Mine Production Range, 1999	67
44.	Average Number of Employees at Underground Mines by State and Mine Production Range, 1999	
45.	Average Number of Employees at Surface Mines by State and Mine Production Range, 1999	69

40.	Average Number of Employees by State, withe Type, and Officin Type, 1999	
47.	U.S. Coal Mine Injuries, 1990, 1995-1999	71
48.	Coal Mining Productivity by State, 1990, 1995-1999	
49.	Underground Coal Mining Productivity by State, 1990, 1995-1999	75
50.	Surface Coal Mining Productivity by State, 1990, 1995-1999	76
51.	Coal Mining Productivity by State and Mine Type, 1999	77
52.	Underground Coal Mining Productivity by State and Mining Method, 1999	79
53.	U.S. Coal Mining Productivity by Coalbed Thickness and Mining Method, 1999	80
54.	Coal Mining Productivity by State, Mine Type, and Mine Production Range, 1999	
5 5 .	Coal Mining Productivity by State, Mine Type, and Union Type, 1999	
56.	Distribution of U.S. Coal by State of Origin, 1995-1999	
57.	Domestic and Foreign Distribution of U.S. Coal by State of Origin, 1995-1999	
58.	Major U.S. Coal Distributors, 1999	89
59.	Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census	
	Division and State, 1995-1999	90
60.	Foreign Distribution of U.S. Coal by Major Coal-Exporting States and Destination, 1995-1999	102
61.	Foreign Distribution of U.S. Metallurgical Coal by Major Coal-Exporting States and Destination,	
	1995-1999	106
62.	Foreign Distribution of U.S. Steam Coal by Major Coal-Exporting States and Destination, 1995-1999	109
63.	Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of	
	Transporation, 1999	112
64.	Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of	112
07.	Transporation, 1999	141
65	Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin, Destination, and Method of Transportation, 1999	171
65.		
66.	Major U.S. Coal Consumers, 1999	185
67.	Coal Consumption by Census Division and State, 1990, 1995-1999	187
68.	Year-End Consumer Coal Stocks by Census Division and State, 1990, 1995-1999	
69.	Coal Consumption at Electric Utility Plants by Census Division and State, 1990, 1995-1999	190
70.	Year-End Coal Stocks at Electric Utility Plants by Census Division and State, 1990, 1995-1999	191
71.	Coal Consumption at Other Industrial Plants by Census Division and State, 1990, 1995-1999	192
72.	Year-End Coal Stocks at Other Industrial Plants by Census Division and State, 1990, 1995-1999	193
73.	Coal Carbonized at Coke Plants by Census Division and State, 1990, 1995-1999	194
74.	Year-End Coal Stocks at Coke Plants by Census Division and State, 1990, 1995-1999	194
75.	Coal Consumption by Residential and Commercial Sector, by Census Division and State, 1990,	17.
13.	1995-1999	195
76.	U.S. Coal Exports by Destination, 1990, 1995-1999	
77.	U.S. Metallurgical Coal Exports by Destination, 1990, 1995-1999	
78.	U.S. Steam Coal Exports by Destination, 1990, 1995-1999	201
79.	Coal Exports by Customs District, 1990, 1995-1999	
80.	Average Price of Coal by State, 1990, 1995-1999	206
81.	Average Real Price of Coal by State, 1990, 1995-1999	
82.	Average Price of Coal by State and Mine Type, 1999	
83.	Average Price of Coal by State and Underground Mining Method, 1999	
84.	Coal Disposition, Number of Mines, and Average Price, by State and County, 1999	210
85.	Average Price by State and Coal Rank, 1999	214
86.	Average Price of U.S. Coal by Mine Production Range and Mine Type, 1999	
87.	Average Price of U.S. Coal by Coalbed Thickness and Mine Type, 1999	215
88.	Average Price of Coal by State and Productivity Range, 1999	
89.	Average Price of Underground Coal by State and Productivity Range, 1999	
90.	Average Price of Surface Coal by State and Productivity Range, 1999	217
91.	Average Price by State and Disposition, 1999	219
	Average Price by State and Disposition, 1999	
92.	Average Price of Coal Delivered to Electric Utilities by Census Division and State, 1990, 1995-1999	222
93.	Average Real Price of Coal Delivered to Electric Utilities by Census Division and State, 1990,	
	1995-1999	223
94.	Average Price of Coal Delivered to Other Industrial Plants by Census Division and State, 1990,	
	1995-1999	224
95.	Average Real Price of Coal Delivered to Other Industrial Plants by Census Division and State, 1990,	
	1995-1999	225
96.	Average Price of Coal Delivered to Coke Plants by Census Division and State, 1990, 1995-1999	226
97.	Average Real Price of Coal Delivered to Coke Plants by Census Division and State, 1990, 1995-1999	226
98.	Average Price of U.S. Coal Imports by Continent and Country of Origin, 1990, 1995-1999	228
99.	Average Price of U.S. Coal Exports by Destination, 1990, 1995-1999	229
99. 100.	Average Real Price of U.S. Coal Exports by Destination, 1990, 1995-1999	
101.	Average Price of U.S. Metallurgical Coal Exports by Destination, 1990, 1995-1999	231
102.	Average Real Price of U.S. Metallurgical Coal Exports by Destination, 1990, 1995-1999	
103.	Average Price of U.S. Steam Coal Exports by Destination, 1990, 1995-1999	
104.	Average Real Price of U.S. Steam Coal Exports by Destination, 1990, 1995-1999	234

105.	Estimate of the Recoverable Reserves of Coal by Sulfur Range, State, and Mine Type	236
106. 107.	Average Quality of Coal Received at Electric Utilities by Census Division and State, 1990, 1995-1999 Average Quality of Coal Received at Manufacturing and Coke Plants by Census Division and State,	238
	1995-1999	
A1.	Alabama Coal Statistics, 1990, 1995-1999	250
A2.	Arizona Coal Statistics, 1990, 1995-1999	251
A3.	Colorado Coal Statistics, 1990, 1995-1999	252
A4.	Illinois Coal Statistics, 1990, 1995-1999	253
A5.	Indiana Coal Statistics, 1990, 1995-1999	254
A6.	Kentucky Coal Statistics, 1990, 1995-1999	255
A7.	Montana Coal Statistics, 1990, 1995-1999	256
A8.	New Mexico Coal Statistics, 1990, 1995-1999	257
A9.	North Dakota Coal Statistics, 1990, 1995-1999	258
A10.	Ohio Coal Statistics, 1990, 1995-1999	259
A11.	Pennsylvania Coal Statistics, 1990, 1995-1999	260
A12.	Texas Coal Statistics, 1990, 1995-1999	261
A13.	Utah Coal Statistics, 1990, 1995-1999	262
A14.	Virginia Coal Statistics, 1990, 1995-1999	
A15.	West Virginia Coal Statistics, 1990, 1995-1999	264
A16.	Wyoming Coal Statistics, 1990, 1995-1999	265
A17.	All Other States Coal Statistics, 1990, 1995-1999	266
A18.	Total U.S. Coal Statistics, 1990, 1995-1999	
B1.	Trends in U.S. Coal Production, Imports, Consumption, Exports, and Stocks, 1990, 1995-1999	269
B2.	Coal Production by State, 1990, 1995-1999	270
B3.	Productive Capacity of Coal Mines by State, 1990, 1995-1999	
B4.	Recoverable Coal Reserves at Producing Mines by State, 1990, 1995-1999	
B5.	U.S. Coal Imports by Continent and Country of Origin, 1990, 1995-1999	
B6.	Coal Mining Productivity by State, 1990, 1995-1999	274
B7.	Coal Consumption by Census Division and State, 1990, 1995-1999	
B8.	Year-End Consumer Coal Stocks by Census Division and State, 1990, 1995-1999	
B9.	U.S. Coal Exports by Destinaion, 1990, 1995-1999	277
B10.	Average Price of Coal by State, 1990, 1995-1999	
B11.	Average Price of Coal Delivered to Electric Utilities by Census Division and State, 1990, 1995-1999	279
B12.	Average Price of Coal Delivered to Other Industrial Plants by Census Division and State, 1990,	
	1995-1999	280
B13.	Average Price of Coal Delivered to Coke Plants by Census Division and State, 1990, 1995-1999	
B14.	Average Price of U.S. Coal Imports by Continent and Country of Origin, 1990, 1995-1999	282
B15.	Average Price of U.S. Coal Exports by Destination, 1990, 1995-1999	
C1.	Classification of Coals by Rank	
C2.	Approximate Heat Content of Coal	
D1.	Interquartile Range and Average Mine Price by State and Mine Type, 1998	
D2.	Implicit Price Deflator, 1990-1999	299

Illustrations

	J	Page
1.	Recoverable Coal Reserves at Producing U.S. Mines by Mine Type and by Region, 1990-1999	38
2.	Average Recovery Percentage at Producing U.S. Coal Mines by Mine Type and by Region, 1990-1999	39
3.	U.S. Coal Imports, 1990-1999	51
4.	Average Number of U.S. Employees/Miners by Mine Type and by Region, 1990-1999	62
5.	U.S. Coal Mining Productivity by Mine Type and by Region, 1990-1999	63
6.	U.S. Coal Mine Injuries, 1990-1999	72
7.	U.S. Coal Mine Fatalities, 1990-1999	72
8.	Coal Distribution, 1990-1999	86
9.	U.S. Coal Consumption, 1990-1999	184
0.	U.S. Consumer Coal Stocks, 1990-1999	188
1.	U.S. Coal Exports, 1990-1999	198
2.	Coal Prices, 1990-1999	204
13.	U.S. Coal Prices by Sector, 1990-1999	221
C1.	Coal-Bearing Areas of the United States	285

Executive Summary

Overview

Unlike increases in previous years, U.S. coal production declined by 1.5 percent from 1998, to 1,100.4 million short tons in 1999, according to data from the Energy Information Administration (Table ES1). This decline marked the first decrease in coal production since a slight dip in 1995 and was primarily attributable to a large drop in coal exports coupled with a smaller than usual growth in coal consumption for power generation.

Coal consumption in the United States totaled 1,044.5 million short tons in 1999. Some 946.8 million short tons, 90.6 percent of the total consumption, were used by the electric power sector to produce 50.8 percent of total electric generation from all energy sources. Nonetheless, coal use for electricity generation grew only by 1 percent in 1999, as nuclear power generation surged by 8 percent, to a record level in 1999, displacing some coalbased generation. Unseasonably mild weather in 1999 also contributed to reduced reliance on coal-fired generation. Coal use in the non-electricity sector continued its downward trend, totaling 97.7 million short tons in 1999.

Faced with weak world coal prices and fierce competition from other coal exporting countries, U.S. coal exports fell precipitously in 1999, by 25.1 percent, to 58.5 million short tons. On the other hand, coal imports rose by 4.2 percent to 9.1 million short tons, reflecting weak offshore coal prices and increased demand for low-sulfur coal to meet stricter sulfur emission reduction requirements of Phase II of the 1990 Clean Air Act Amendments (CAAA), which became effective January 1, 2000.

Year-end coal stocks in the United States totaled 175.5 million short tons, an increase of 10.9 million short tons from 1998. Stocks held by coal producers and distributors remained nearly unchanged at 39.5 million short tons. The increase was entirely due to increased stocks on hand at electric generators, reflecting less than anticipated demand for coal-fired generation.

The price of coal continued its downward trend that started more than a decade ago. On a delivered basis, the average utility coal price per ton dropped by 3.7 percent in 1999, the price of industrial steam coal declined by 2.2 percent, and the price of coking coal fell

marginally. With unusually weak world coal prices, the average price of U.S. coal exports, measured in free alongside ship (f.a.s.) value, declined by 6.1 percent to \$36.50 per short ton in 1999, while the price of coal imports fell by 4.4 percent to \$30.77 per short ton.

The text that follows provides detailed information about these figures and other coal supply and demand trends in 1999.

Production

Coal production in 1999 totaled 1,100.4 million short tons, down by 1.5 percent (17.1 million short tons) from 1998 (Figure ES1 and Table ES1). The 1999 decline was primarily attributable to (1) a weak demand for coal for power generation due largely to a sizable increase in nuclear-powered electricity generation, and (2) a substantial drop in coal exports. Because many nuclear power plants are located east of the Mississippi River and a majority of coal exports originate from eastern coal fields (primarily West Virginia, Virginia, and Eastern Kentucky), eastern coal production suffered the largest setback in 1999. Power plant operators' preparations for the stricter sulfur emissions reduction requirements of CAAA Phase II also contributed to the decline in high-sulfur eastern coal production and boosted lowsulfur western coal production, principally out of the Powder River Basin (Figure ES2 and Table ES2).

Coal production in the Appalachian Region was 425.6 million short tons in 1999, down by 7.6 percent from the 1998 production of 460.4 million short tons, reaching its lowest level since 1993. West Virginia, the largest coal-producing State in the East, produced 158 million short tons, down by 7.7 percent (13.1 million short tons) from 1998, a result of declines in U.S. coal exports and weak growth in coal-fired generation in the East. Similarly, coal output in Eastern Kentucky, another key coal field in the East, declined by 5.7 percent (6.7 million short tons) to 110 million short tons in 1999.

Coal output in Pennsylvania was also lower in 1999, by 5.7 percent (4.6 million short tons), reflecting weak utility coal demand in the State. The 1999 decline reversed the production growth in 1997 and 1998, which was due to increased shipments of its coal to Canada's Ontario Hydro and increased utility coal use in the State.

Table ES1. U.S. Coal Supply, Disposition, and Prices, 1996-1999

(Million Short Tons and Nominal Dollars per Short Ton)

Item	1996	1997	1998	1999
Production by Region		_		
Appalachian	451.9	467.8	460.4	425.6
Interior	172.8	170.9	168.4	162.5
Western	439.1	451.3	488.8	512.3
Total	1,063.9	1,089.9	1,117.5	1,100.4
Consumption by Sector				
Electric Power	896.9	922.0	937.8	946.8
Electric Utilities	874.7	900.4	910.9	894.1
Other Power Producers a	22.2	21.6	26.9	52.7
Coke Plants	31.7	30.2	28.2	28.1
Other Industrial Plants	R71.7	R71.5	R67.5	64.7
Residential/Commercial Users	6.0	6.5	4.9	4.9
Total	R1,006.3	R1,030.1	R1,038.3	1,044.5
Year-End Coal Stocks				
Electric Utility	114.6	98.8	120.5	128.5
Coke Plants	2.7	2.0	2.0	1.9
Other Industrial Plants	5.7	5.6	R5.6	5.6
Producers/Distributors	28.6	34.0	36.5	39.5
Total	151.6	140.4	R164.6	175.5
U.S. Coal Trade				
Exports	90.5	83.5	78.0	58.5
Steam Coal	37.5	31.4	31.0	26.3
Metallurgical Coal	53.0	52.2	47.1	32.1
Imports	8.1	7.5	8.7	9.1
Net Exports	82.3	76.1	69.3	49.4
Average Delivered Price				
Electric Utilities	26.45	26.16	25.64	24.72
Coke Plants	47.33	47.61	46.06	45.85
Other Industrial Plants	32.32	32.41	32.30	31.59
Average Free Alongside Ship (f.a.s.) Price				
Exports	40.76	40.55	38.89	36.50
Steam Coal	34.09	32.42	30.24	29.91
Metallurgical Coal	45.49	45.45	44.58	41.91
Imports	33.45	34.32	32.18	30.77

^aInclude utility coal-fired power plants sold to nonutilities during 1998 and 1999. Coal consumption by cogenerators are included in the end-use sector.

Coal production in the Interior Region was down by 3.5 percent from 1998, to 162.5 million short tons in 1999. This decline was most evident in Western Kentucky, where coal production dropped by 12.1 percent (4 million short tons), continuing its slide in recent years. Indiana's coal production also declined in 1999, by 2.8 million short tons (7.6 percent). In the previous 2 years, Indiana's coal production rose substantially in contrast

to the declines in other coal fields of the Illinois Basin—Illinois and Western Kentucky. Coal output in Illinois in 1999 was slightly higher than in 1998. Lignite production in Texas, another large coal-producing State in the Interior Region, was also slightly higher at 53.1 million short tons in 1999. Recent noteworthy events in this Region include the opening of the first ever lignite mine in Mississippi at a minemouth power plant.

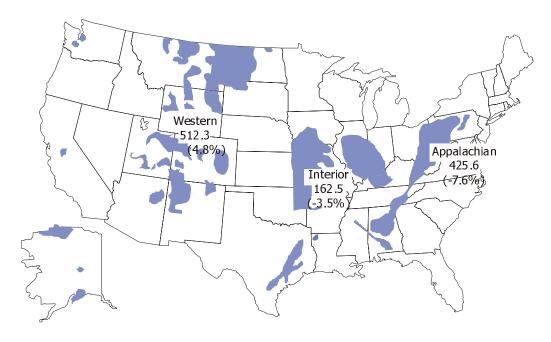
Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sum of net exports, stock changes, and consumption may not equal production, primarily because the supply and disposition data are obtained from different surveys.

Sources: **Production, consumption, stocks, and prices**: Energy Information Administration, *Quarterly Coal Report, October-December 1999*, DOE/EIA-0121(99/4Q) (Washington, DC, April 2000); *Coal Industry Annual 1998*, DOE/EIA-0584(98) (Washington, DC, April 2000); *Electric Power Monthly, April 2001*, DOE/EIA-0226(01/04) (Washington, DC, April 2001); and Federal Energy Regulatory Commission Form 423, "Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Utilities." **Exports and imports**: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report EM 545" and "Monthly Report IM 145."

Figure ES1. Coal Production by Coal-Producing Region, 1999

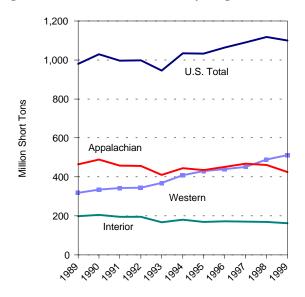
(Million Short Tons and Percent Change from 1998)





Source: Energy Information Administration.

Figure ES2. Coal Production by Region, 1989-1999



Sources: Energy Information Administration, Quarterly Coal Report, October-December 1999, DOE/EIA-0121(99/4Q) (Washington, DC, April 2000); Coal Production, DOE/EIA-0118, various issues; and Coal Industry Annual 1998, DOE/EIA-0584(98) (Washington, DC, April 2000).

The Western Region was the only region to increase production overall in 1999. Led by Wyoming, coal output reached 512.3 million short tons in 1999, comprising 46.6 percent of the U.S. total. Western coal production was up by 4.8 percent (23.5 million short tons) from 1998. Coal output in Wyoming, by far the largest coal-producing State in the country, continued to grow rapidly, by 7.2 percent (22.7 million short tons), to 337.1 million short tons in 1999. Low-sulfur, low-ash Powder River Basin (PRB) coal continued to expand its markets in the southwestern and midwestern States and penetrate into the eastern coal markets. Preparations for CAAA Phase II sulfur emission reduction requirements helped to drive PRB coal production in 1999.

No other western coal-producing States realized growth as robust as Wyoming did in 1999. While coal production rose 4.2 percent in Arizona and 4.1 percent in North Dakota, output growth was marginal in other States and was negative in Montana, reflecting weak utility demand for coal. Coal exports from Utah continued to decline. Since 1995, Utah's coal exports have dropped 12.4 percent, which has had a pronounced effect on its coal output growth.

Table ES2. U.S. Coal Production by Coal-Producing Region and State, 1996-1999 (Million Short Tons)

Coal-Producing Region				
and State	1996	1997	1998	1999
Appalachian Total	451.9	467.8	460.4	425.6
Alabama	24.6	24.5	23.0	19.5
Kentucky, Eastern	117.0	120.9	116.7	110.0
Maryland	4.1	4.2	4.0	3.8
Ohio	28.6	29.2	28.0	22.5
Pennsylvania Total	67.9	76.2	81.0	76.4
Anthracite	4.8	4.7	5.2	4.8
Bituminous	63.2	71.5	75.8	71.6
Tennessee	3.7	3.3	2.7	3.0
Virginia	35.6	35.8	33.7	32.3
West Virginia	170.4	173.7	171.1	158.0
Northern	45.9	42.8	44.7	38.8
Southern	124.5	130.9	126.5	119.2
Interior Total	172.8	170.9	168.4	162.5
Arkansas	*	*	*	*
Illinois	46.7	41.2	39.7	40.4
Indiana	29.7	35.5	36.8	34.0
Kansas	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.4
Kentucky, Western	35.5	34.9	33.6	29.6
Louisiana	3.2	3.5	3.2	3.0
Mississippi	_	_	_	*
Missouri	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.4
Oklahoma	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.7
Texas	55.2	53.3	52.6	53.1
Western Total	439.1	451.3	488.8	512.3
Alaska	1.5	1.5	1.3	1.6
Arizona	10.4	11.7	11.3	11.8
Colorado	24.9	27.4	29.6	30.0
Montana	37.9	41.0	42.8	41.1
New Mexico	24.1	27.0	28.6	29.2
North Dakota	29.9	29.6	29.9	31.1
Utah	27.5	26.7	26.1	26.4
Washington	4.6	4.5	4.6	4.1
Wyoming	278.4	281.9	314.4	337.1
U.S. Total	1,063.9	1,089.9	1,117.5	1,100.4

^{* =} Less than 50 thousand short tons.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, *Coal Industry Annual 1998*, DOE/EIA-0584(98) (Washington, DC, April 2000); and Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report," and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

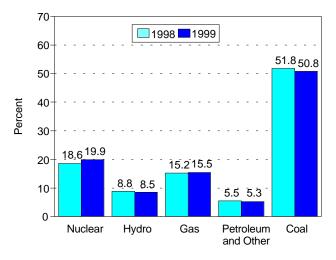
Consumption

In 1999, coal consumption in the United States totaled 1,044.5 million short tons. Some 946.8 million short tons, 90.6 percent of the total, were used by the electric power sector to produce more than half (50.8 percent) of all electricity generated (Table ES1, Figure ES3). However, coal consumption for power generation rose by a mere 1 percent in 1999, owing to unseasonably mild

weather and improved nuclear power plant performance (Figure ES4).

Nuclear power generation increased substantially (8 percent) in 1999, to a record level of 728.3 billion kilowatthours, a 19.6-percent share of total electricity generation in 1999. Several nuclear generating units returned on line after maintenance, repair, and refueling outages. This event resulted in a record average annual

Figure ES3. Share of Electric Power Industry Net Generation by Energy Source, 1998 vs. 1999



Sources: Energy Information Administration, *Electric Power Monthly, April 2001*, DOE/EIA-0226(01/04) (Washington, DC, April 2001); Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-860B, "Annual Electric Generator Report – Nonutility."

capacity factor of 85.3 percent, up from 78.2 percent in 1998. The 54.6 billion-kilowatthour increase in nuclear power generation—equivalent to approximately 28.0 million short tons of utility coal—constrained growth in coal-fired generation in 1999 and, hence, coal consumption and production, largely in the East.

In both the New England and Middle Atlantic Census Divisions, coal consumption by electric power plants declined significantly due to competition from nuclear power generation and constraints to meet environmental regulations. In the New England Census Division, consumption of coal for power generation decreased by 1.4 million tons (-18.1 percent) from 1998 levels. Coal consumption in the Middle Atlantic Census Division declined by 2.6 million tons (-4.1 percent), reflecting significant increases in nuclear power generation of 17.5 billion kilowatthours in that region.

Coal use in the non-electric power sector declined by 2.7 percent to a total of 97.7 million short tons in 1999 (Figure ES5). While coal consumption by coke plants (at 28.1 million short tons) and residential/commercial users (4.9 million short tons) remained virtually unchanged, other industrial use of coal (largely in the food, paper, chemical, nonmetallic mineral products, and primary metal manufacturing industries) fell by 4.0 percent to 64.7 million short tons in 1999, continuing its downward trend in recent years. Competition from

natural gas has gradually been diminishing coal use in the manufacturing industry.

Coal prices continued their downward trend in 1999, reflecting ongoing productivity gains in coal mining and transportation and expirations of high-cost, long-term coal contracts. On the delivered basis, the average price of utility coal declined by 3.7 percent from \$25.64 per short ton (125.2 cents per million Btu) to \$24.72 per short ton (121.0 cents per million Btu) in 1999. The price of industrial steam coal declined to \$31.59 per short ton, and the price of coking coal eased down slightly from 1998's \$46.06 per short ton to \$45.85 in 1999 (Figure ES6).

Exports and Imports

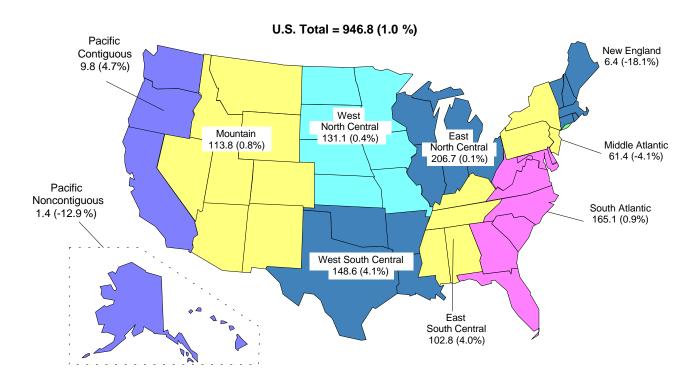
Exports—Although coal exports account for a small segment of the U.S. coal industry, they fell so precipitously in 1999 that their decline was identified as a major factor for the decrease in coal production. Coal exports declined by 25.1 percent, to 58.5 million short tons in 1999 (Figure ES7). The year 1999 marked the third consecutive year of decline and a long fall from the record high of 109.0 million short tons in 1991. The United States ranks third in the world in coal exports, surpassed by South Africa in 1998. Australia is by far the world's largest coal exporter, with exports three times that of the United States.

Both steam and metallurgical coal exports declined in 1999. Steam coal exports declined by 14.9 percent, to 26.3 million short tons in 1999. Metallurgical coal exports fell by a staggering 31.8 percent, to 32.1 million short tons in 1999, accounting for the majority of the decline in total coal exports. This downward pattern continued from previous years as evidenced most recently between 1997 and 1998, when exports of metallurgical coal fell by 5.1 million tons.

Declines in coal exports were attributable to lower world coal prices, reflecting lower mine costs at U.S. competitors and favorable exchange rates that enabled them to lower their prices in U.S. dollars. Some U.S. exporters reportedly withdrew from coal trade as world coal prices were too low to continue participating. The average price for U.S. metallurgical coal exports fell by 6 percent in 1999 to \$41.91 per short ton, and the average for U.S. steam coal exports declined by 1.1 percent to \$29.91 per short ton.

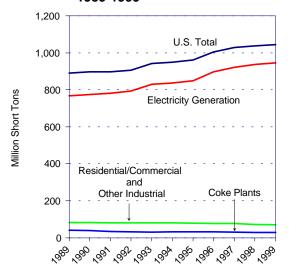
In 1999, U.S. coal exports declined sharply in every world region except North America, where coal shipments fell marginally. Shipments to Canada totaled 19.8 million

Figure ES4. Electric Power Sector Consumption of Coal by Census Division, 1999 (Million Short Tons and Percent Change from 1998)



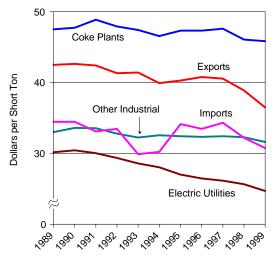
Sources: Energy Information Administration, *Electric Power Monthly, April 2001*, DOE/EIA-0226(01/04) (Washington, DC, April 2001); Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-860B, "Annual Electric Generator Report – Nonutility."

Figure ES5. Coal Consumption by Sector, 1989-1999



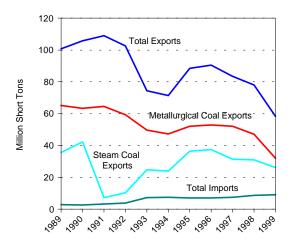
Sources: Energy Information Administration, *Quarterly Coal Report*, *October-December* 1999, DOE/EIA-0121(99/4Q) (Washington, DC, April 2000); *Coal Industry Annual* 1998, DOE/EIA-0584(98) (Washington, DC, April 2000); and *Electric Power Monthly, April 2001*, DOE/EIA-0226(01/04) (Washington, DC, April 2001).

Figure ES6. Delivered Coal Prices, 1989-1999 (Nominal Dollars)



Sources: Energy Information Administration, *Quarterly Coal Report*, *October-December* 1999, DOE/EIA-0121(99/4Q) (Washington, DC, April 2000); *Coal Industry Annual* 1998, DOE/EIA-0584(98) (Washington, DC, April 2000); *Electric Power Monthly, April* 2001, DOE/EIA-0226(01/04) (Washington, DC, April 2001); and U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report EM 545" and "Monthly Report IM 145."

Figure ES7. U.S. Coal Exports and Imports, 1989-1999



Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report EM 545" and "Monthly Report IM 145."

short tons in 1999, as compared to 20.7 million short tons in 1998. Steam coal shipments, almost entirely to Ontario Hydro, were at 15.5 million short tons, nearly unchanged from the level in 1998.

Coal exports to Europe fell by 33.4 percent, to 22.5 million short tons in 1999. Metallurgical coal exports to Europe, the primary market for U.S. coal, declined by 29.6 percent, to 18.3 million short tons in 1999. Similarly, steam coal exports plunged by 46 percent, from 7.8 million short tons in 1998 to 4.2 million short tons in 1999. Increased flows of lower priced Australian metallurgical coal and steam coals from South Africa, Colombia, and Venezuela severely limited U.S. participation in the European markets. Additionally, coal has faced competitive pressures from natural gas in Europe—in terms of both price and environmental protection.

The growing Asian market for steam coal was largely dominated by lower priced Australian coal due to Australia's favorable exchange rate with the U.S. dollar and large gains in coal mine productivity in recent years. Australia also has a significant cost advantage because of its close proximity to the Asian market. Indonesia, with increased output of its ultra clean, low-sulfur coal, also provided competition for the Asian market.

The metallurgical coal market in Asia was extremely weak in 1999, due to falling steel prices and soft demand. With major price cuts in 1999, Australian and Canadian metallurgical coals dominated the Asian market, which also contributed to limited U.S. participation. U.S. coal exports to Asia totaled 9.2

million short tons in 1999, down by 25.6 percent from 1998. U.S. metallurgical coal exports to Asia plunged 40.1 percent, to 4.1 million short tons in 1999, while steam coal exports declined 7.9 percent, to 5.1 million short tons.

Imports—U. S. coal imports totaled 9.1 million short tons in 1999, a 4.2-percent increase from 1998 (Figure ES7). Imports represented less than 1 percent of U.S. consumption and were equivalent to about 15 percent of U.S. exports. The increase in imports in 1999 was attributable to weak prices for offshore coal and increased demand for low-sulfur coal to prepare for the stricter sulfur emission requirements of Phase II of the CAAA. The average price of all coal imported into the United States fell by 4.4 percent, to \$30.77 per short ton in 1999 from the 1998 price of \$32.18.

Colombia remained the largest supplier of U.S. imports, with 4.6 million short tons; Venezuela followed with 2.1 million short tons, Indonesia with 1.1 million short tons, and Canada with 1 million short tons. Although imports primarily consisted of steam coal bought by a few East Coast power plants, coal from Canada was largely metallurgical coal used by coke plants in Illinois, Indiana, and Michigan.

Stocks

At the end of 1999, coal stocks in the United States totaled 175.5 million short tons, an increase of 10.9 million short tons from 1998 (Figure ES8). Coal producers and distributors held 39.5 million short tons, or 8.1 percent more than they held in 1998. Year-end coal stocks for industrial users, including coke plants, remained virtually unchanged at 7.5 million short tons. Stocks held by the electric utility sector increased to 128.5 million short tons, an increase of 8.0 million short tons over 1998. Coal stocks at power plants rose in virtually every area of the country. The exception was the Middle Atlantic Census Division (New Jersey, New York, and Pennsylvania) where power plant coal stocks declined from 10.2 million tons in 1998 to 4.3 million tons in 1999.

Two factors were primarily responsible for the buildup. First, coal consumption for power generation was lower in most regions of the country than the amount of coal receipts by power producers as a result of increased nuclear power generation and the mild weather in 1999. Second, western areas hard hit by Union Pacific Railroad's delivery problems in 1997, particularly the West South Central Census Division, continued to replenish their stockpiles in 1999.

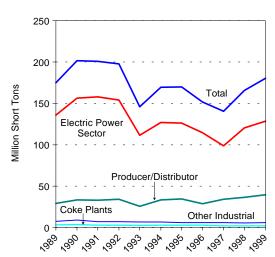


Figure ES8. Year-End Coal Stocks, 1989-1999

Sources: Energy Information Administration, *Quarterly Coal Report*, *October-December* 1999, DOE/EIA-0121(99/4Q) (Washington, DC, April 2000); *Coal Industry Annual* 1998, DOE/EIA-0584(98) (Washington, DC, April 2000); and *Electric Power Monthly, April* 2001, DOE/EIA-0226(01/04) (Washington, DC, April 2001).

Supply

Production

Table 1. Coal Production by State, 1990, 1995-1999

(Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing	1999 1998 1997 1996	1996	1996 1995	1990	Percent Change	Average Annual Percent Change			
State and Region							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Alabama	19,504	23,013	24,468	24,637	24,640	29,030	-15.2	-5.7	-4.3
Alaska	1,565	1,344	1,450	1,481	1,698	1,706	16.4	-2.0	9
Arizona	11,787	11,315	11,723	10,442	11,947	11,304	4.2	3	.5
Arkansas	22	24	18	21	29	59	-9.2	-6.7	-10.3
California	_	_	_	_	_	61	_	_	_
Colorado	29,989	29,631	27,449	24,886	25,710	18,910	1.2	3.9	5.3
Illinois	40,417	39,732	41,159	46,656	48,180	60,393	1.7	-4.3	-4.4
Indiana	34,004	36,803	35,497	29,670	26,007	35,907	-7.6	6.9	6
Iowa	_	_	_	, <u> </u>		381	_	_	_
Kansas	409	341	360	232	285	721	20.0	9.4	-6.1
Kentucky Total	139,626	150,295	155,853	152,425	153,739	173,322	-7.1	-2.4	-2.4
Eastern	110,043	116,654	120,918	116,951	118,541	128,396	-5.7	-1.8	-1.7
Western	29,583	33,641	34,936	35,474	35,198	44,926	-12.1	-4.3	-4.5
Louisiana	2,953	3,216	3,545	3,221	3,719	3,186	-8.2	-5.6	8
Maryland	3,837	4,060	4,160	4.093	3,667	3,487	-5.5	1.1	1.1
Mississippi	18			-,	_	_	_	_	_
Missouri	392	372	401	710	548	2,647	5.4	-8.0	-19.1
Montana	41.102	42.840	41.005	37.891	39,451	37,616	-4.0	1.0	1.0
New Mexico	29,156	28,597	27,025	24,067	26,813	24,292	1.9	2.1	2.0
North Dakota	31,135	29,912	29,580	29,861	30,112	29,213	4.1	.8	.7
Ohio	22,480	28,048	29,154	28,572	26,118	35,252	-19.8	-3.7	-4.9
Oklahoma	1,661	1,661	1,621	1,701	1,876	1,698	*	-3.0	2
Pennsylvania Total	76,399	81,036	76,198	67,942	61,576	70,514	-5.7	5.5	.9
Anthracite	4,753	5,231	4,678	4,751	4,682	3,506	-9.1	.4	3.4
Bituminous	71.646	75,805	71,520	63,190	56,893	67,008	-5.5	5.9	.7
Tennessee	3,037	2,696	3,300	3,651	3,221	6,193	12.6	-1.5	-7.6
Texas	53.072	52,583	53,328	55,164	52,684	55,755	.9	-1.3 .2	-7.0 5
Utah	26,373	26,075	26,683	27,507	25,167	22,058	1.1	1.2	2.0
Virginia	32,294	33,747	35,837	35,590	34,099	46,917	-4.3	-1.3	-4.1
2	4,101	4,638	4,495	4,565	4,868	5,001	-4.5 -11.6	-1.3 -4.2	-4.1 -2.2
Washington	157,978	171,145	173,743	170,433	162,997	169,205	-11.0 -7.7	-4.2 8	-z.z 8
West Virginia Total		,		,		,			
Northern	38,788	44,618	42,802	45,910	46,114	56,641	-13.1	-4.2	-4.1
Southern	119,191	126,527	130,941	124,523	116,883	112,564	-5.8	.5	.6
Wyoming	337,119	314,409	281,881	278,440	263,822	184,249	7.2	6.3	6.9
Appalachian Total ¹	425,573	460,400	467,778	451,868	434,861	488,993	-7.6	5	-1.5
Interior Total ¹	162,530	168,374	170,863	172,848	168,526	205,671	-3.5	9	-2.6
Western Total ¹	512,328	488,762	451,291	439,140	429,587	334,411	4.8	4.5	4.8
East of Miss. River	529,594	570,576	579,369	563,668	544,246	630,218	-7.2	7	-1.9
West of Miss. River	570,837	546,960	510,563	500,188	488,728	398,858	4.4	3.9	4.1
U.S. Total	1,100,431	1,117,535	1,089,932	1,063,856	1,032,974	1,029,076	-1.5	1.6	.7

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; State Mining Agency Coal Production Reports; and/or U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

¹ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

* Data round to zero.

Notes: Coal production excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Suppose Faces: Lafornación Administration Form FLA 7A "Coal Production Penert": State Mining Agency Coal Production Reports: and/or LLS.

Table 2. Number of Coal Mines by State, 1990, 1995-1999

Coal-Producing	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change	Average Annual Percent Change	
State and Region							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Alabama	47	53	51	53	73	97	-11.3	-10.4	-7.7
Alaska	1	1	1	1	1	1	_	_	_
Arizona	2	2	2	2	2	2	_	_	_
Arkansas	3	3	3	5	3	7	_	_	-9.0
California	_	_	_	_	_	1	_	_	_
Colorado	12	12	14	15	17	23	_	-8.3	-7.0
Illinois	23	24	28	31	31	45	-4.2	-7.2	-7.2
Indiana	34	41	39	37	42	64	-17.1	-5.1	-6.8
Iowa	_	_	_	_	-12	3	-	_	-
Kansas	2	2	3	1	1	4	_	18.9	-7.4
Kentucky Total	458	482	529	544	598	987	-5.0	-6.4	-7.4 -8.2
Eastern	421	445	482	484	540	902	-5.4	-6.0	-8.1
	37	37	462	60	58	85	-5.4	-10.6	-8.8
Western	2	2	2	2	2	2	_	-10.0	-0.0
Louisiana						_	-		-
Maryland	15	16	18	18	20	27	-6.3	-6.9	-6.3
Mississippi	1	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	_
Missouri	2	4	4	5	6	5	-50.0	-24.0	-9.7
Montana	6	6	8	8	8	9	_	-6.9	-4.4
New Mexico	7	7	6	6	7	7	_	_	_
North Dakota	4	4	6	5	6	11	_	-9.6	-10.6
Ohio	79	83	81	99	113	172	-4.8	-8.5	-8.3
Oklahoma	10	8	11	12	13	23	25.0	-6.3	-8.8
Pennsylvania Total	339	375	403	402	459	673	-9.6	-7.3	-7.3
Anthracite	111	123	131	127	134	187	-9.8	-4.6	-5.6
Bituminous	228	252	272	275	325	486	-9.5	-8.5	-8.1
Tennessee	24	27	27	26	25	86	-11.1	-1.0	-13.2
Texas	14	14	12	13	14	15	_	_	8
Utah	15	15	12	11	13	18	_	3.6	-2.0
Virginia	161	173	191	191	194	340	-6.9	-4.5	-8.0
Washington	2	2	3	3	3	4	_	-9.6	-7.4
West Virginia Total	306	346	349	386	424	771	-11.6	-7.8	-9.8
Northern	71	69	80	93	98	205	2.9	-7.7	-11.1
Southern	235	277	269	293	326	566	-15.2	-7.8	-9.3
Wyoming	22	24	25	27	29	33	-8.3	-6.7	-4.4
Appalachian Total ¹	1,392	1,518	1,602	1,659	1,848	3,068	-8.3	-6.8	-8.4
Interior Total ¹	128	135	149	166	170	253	-5.2	-6.8	-7.3
Western Total ¹	71	73	77	78	86	109	-2.7	-4.7	-4.6
East of Miss. River	1,487	1,620	1,716	1,787	1,979	3,262	-8.2	-6.9	-8.3
West of Miss. River	104	106	112	116	125	168	-1.9	-4.5	-5.2
U.S. Total	1,591	1,726	1,828	1,903	2,104	3,430	-7.8	-6.7	-8.2

For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C. Note: Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; State Mining Agency Coal Production Reports; and/or U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table 3. Coal Production and Number of Mines by State and Mine Type, 1999 (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing	Undergr	ound	Surfa	ice	Total		
State and Region	Number of Mines	Production	Number of Mines	Production	Number of Mines	Production	
M-1	0	14.700	29	4.705	47	10.504	
Alabama		14,799	38	4,705	47	19,504	
Alaska		_	1	1,565	1	1,565	
Arizona		_	2	11,787	2	11,787	
Arkansas		-	3	22	3	22	
Colorado		20,478	4	9,511	12	29,989	
llinois		36,758	6	3,659	23	40,417	
ndiana		3,553	31	30,451	34	34,004	
Kansas	–	-	2	409	2	409	
Kentucky Total	260	86,150	198	53,476	458	139,626	
Eastern	243	62,932	178	47,111	421	110,043	
Western	17	23,218	20	6,364	37	29,583	
Louisiana	–	_	2	2,953	2	2,953	
Maryland	2	3,280	13	557	15	3,837	
Mississippi	–	_	1	18	1	18	
Missouri		_	2	392	2	392	
Montana		_	6	41,102	6	41.102	
New Mexico		106	6	29,051	7	29,156	
North Dakota		100	4	31,135	4	31.135	
Ohio		11,431	71	11,048	79	22,480	
		200	9	1.461	10		
Oklahoma		59,211	252	1,461	339	1,661 76,399	
Pennsylvania Total		,	232 79	.,			
Anthracite		377		4,376	111	4,753	
Bituminous		58,834	173	12,812	228	71,646	
Γennessee		1,489	11	1,548	24	3,037	
Гехаs		_	14	53,072	14	53,072	
Utah		26,373	_	_	15	26,373	
Virginia	113	22,562	48	9,732	161	32,294	
Washington	–	-	2	4,101	2	4,101	
West Virginia Total	211	103,727	95	54,251	306	157,978	
Northern	39	33,653	32	5,135	71	38,788	
Southern	172	70,075	63	49,116	235	119,191	
Wyoming	1	1,673	21	335,446	22	337,119	
Appalachian Total ¹		279,432	706	146,141	1,392	425,573	
Interior Total ¹	38	63,729	90	98,802	128	162,530	
Western Total ¹		48,629	46	463,699	71	512,328	
East of Miss. River	723	342,961	764	186,634	1,487	529,594	
West of Miss. River	26	48,829	78	522,008	104	570,837	
J.S. Total	749	391,790	842	708,642	1,591	1,100,431	

 $^{1\,\,}$ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Notes: Coal production excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Table 4. Coal Production and Number of Mines by State, County, and Mine Type, 1999 (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing	Undergr	round	Surfa	ice	Total		
State and County	Number of Mines	Production	Number of Mines	Production	Number of Mines	Productio	
Alabama	9	14,799	38	4,705	47	19,504	
Bibb	_		1	45	1	45	
Cullman	_	_	2	82	2	82	
Fayette	1	2.325	_	-	1	2,325	
Jefferson	4	6,566	5	416	9	6,981	
Marion		0,500	2	45	2	45	
Tuscaloosa	3	5,821	4	560	7	6,382	
Walker	1	87	21	3,219	22	3,306	
Winston	1	-	3	339	3	339	
laska	_	_	1	1,565	1	1,565	
Yukon River	_	_	1	1,565	1	1,565	
rizona	_	_	2	11,787	2	11,787	
	_	_	2	11,787	2	11,787	
Navajo	_	_				,	
rkansas	_	_	3	22	3	22	
Johnson	_	_	2	18	2	18	
Sebastian	= =		1	_ 4	1	. 4	
olorado	8	20,478	4	9,511	12	29,989	
Delta	1	1,718	_	_	1	1,718	
Fremont	1	242	-	_	1	242	
Gunnison	2	8,151	_	_	2	8,151	
La Plata	1	246	_	_	1	246	
Mesa	1	285	_	_	1	285	
Moffat	_	_	2	7,788	2	7,788	
Montrose	_	_	1	359	1	359	
Rio Blanco	1	1,337	_	_	1	1,337	
Routt	1	8,500	1	1,363	2	9,864	
linois	17	36,758	6	3,659	23	40,417	
Christian	1	72	-	5,055	1	72	
Gallatin	2	2,310	2	2,317	4	4,627	
	2	2,310	2	,	2	816	
Jackson	_ 1	2767	2	816			
Jefferson	1	3,767	_	_	1	3,767	
Logan	1	2,344	_	_	1	2,344	
Macoupin	2	4,582		_	2	4,582	
McDonough	_	_	1	505	1	505	
Montgomery	1	1,698	_	_	1	1,698	
Perry	1	2,436	_	_	1	2,436	
Randolph	1	2,516	_	_	1	2,516	
Saline	3	9,257	_	_	3	9,257	
Vermilion	1	770	_	_	1	770	
Wabash	1	1,296	_	_	1	1,296	
Washington	1	3,385	_	_	1	3,385	
White	1	2,327	_	_	1	2,327	
Williamson	_	_	1	21	1	21	
diana	3	3,553	31	30,451	34	34,004	
Clay	_	-	3	70	3	7(
Daviess			4	3,543	4	3,543	
	_	_	1	73	1	,	
Dubois	_	_	4		1	73	
Gibson	_	_	•	5,888	4	5,888	
Greene	_	2 552	4	5,092	4	5,092	
Knox	3	3,553	3	1,972	6	5,52	
Parke	_	-	1	216	1	210	
Pike	_	_	4	4,380	4	4,380	
Spencer	_	_	1	204	1	204	
Sullivan	-	_	1	1,580	1	1,580	
Vigo	_	_	2	3,526	2	3,526	
Warrick	_	_	3	3,907	3	3,907	
ansas	_	_	2	409	2	409	
Linn	_	_	2	409	2	409	
entucky	260	86,150	198	53,476	458	139,620	
Bell	11	2,089	12	2,643	23	4,732	
Breathitt	_	´ _	6	2,452	6	2,452	
Christian	_	_	ĭ	333	ĺ	333	
Clay	1	13	2	72	3	86	
Daviess	_	_	2	808	2	808	
Floyd	27	2,660	6	2,257	33	4,918	
Harlan	25	6,858	13	1,656	38	8,514	
		0,030					
Henderson	_	4.725	2	1,267	2	1,267	
Hopkins	6	4,735	6	2,722	12	7,457	
Jackson	_		1	4	1	4	
Johnson	6	1,174	1	9	7	1,184	
Knott	27	6,231	24	4,592	51	10,823	

Table 4. Coal Production and Number of Mines by State, County, and Mine Type, 1999 (Continued) (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing	Undergr	ouna	Surfa	ice	Total		
State and County	Number of Mines	Production	Number of Mines	Production	Number of Mines	Productio	
entucky (Continued)							
Knox	10	488	3	34	13	522	
Laurel	_	_	2	50	2	50	
Lawrence	_	_	4	136	4	136	
Leslie	10	6,472	2	1,592	12	8,064	
Letcher	17	5,209	26	4,000	43	9,209	
Martin	21	5,302	7	6,205	28	11,507	
McLean	1	520	1	65	2	584	
Morgan	_	_	1	37	1	37	
Muhlenberg	2	2,409	4	977	6	3,387	
Ohio	_		3	131	3	131	
Owsley	_	_	2	31	2	31	
Perry	16	6,602	18	6.345	34	12,947	
Pike	71	19,801	42	14,758	113	34,559	
Union	3	7,079	_		3	7,079	
Webster	5	8,474	1	61	6	8,535	
Whitley	1	32	6	239	7	270	
uisiana	1	32	2	2,953	2	2,953	
	_	_	1	,	1	,	
De Soto	_	_	_	2,236	1	2,236	
Red River	_	2 200	1	717	1 15	71'	
aryland	2	3,280	13	557	15	3,83	
Allegany	_		9	436	9	430	
Garrett	2	3,280	4	121	6	3,40	
ssissippi	_	_	1	18	1	13	
Choctaw	_	_	1	18	1	18	
ssouri	_	_	2	392	2	392	
Barton	_	-	1	73	1	73	
Bates	_	_	1	319	1	319	
ontana	_	_	6	41,102	6	41,102	
Big Horn	_	_	3	27,338	3	27,338	
Richland	_	_	1	275	1	27:	
Rosebud	_	_	2	13,489	2	13,489	
w Mexico	1	106	<u>-</u> 6	29,051	7	29,150	
Colfax	_	_	ĺ	1,166	1	1,160	
McKinley	_	_	2	12,112	2	12.112	
San Juan	1	106	3	15,772	4	15,878	
	1	100	4	31,135	4	31,13	
rth Dakota	_	_	1	7,192	1	7,192	
McLean	_	_	2		2		
Mercer	_	_		19,317	=	19,317	
Oliver	_	11 421	1	4,626	1	4,626	
io	8	11,431	71	11,048	79	22,480	
Athens	_		1	7	1_		
Belmont	1	4,380	6	1,007	7	5,38	
Carroll	_	_	5	160	5	16	
Columbiana	1	313	4	191	5	50-	
Coshocton	-	_	3	100	3	10	
Gallia	_	_	1	221	1	22	
Guernsey	-	_	3	68	3	6	
Harrison	1	1,236	10	1,580	11	2,81	
Holmes	_	· –	2	174	2	17-	
Jackson	_	_	3	1,422	3	1,42	
Jefferson	2	521	4	196	6	71	
Mahoning	_	_	i	8	i	, -	
Meigs	2.	4,491	_	_	2	4,49	
Monroe	1	490	_	_	1	49	
Morgan	_	- 770	1	1,090	1	1,09	
Muskingum	_	_	1	663	1	66	
	_	_	3		3		
Noble	_	_		717		71	
Perry	_	_	6	959 552	6	959	
Stark	_	_	5	552	5	552	
Tuscarawas	-	_	9	804	9	804	
Vinton	-	_	3	1,130	3	1,130	
lahoma	1	200	9	1,461	10	1,661	
Craig	_	_	1	194	1	194	
Haskell	_	_	1	614	1	614	
Latimer	_	_	1	116	1	116	
Le Flore	1	200	4	310	5	509	
Okmulgee	_		i	5	ĭ	4	
Rogers	_	_	1	222	1	222	
	87	59,211	252	17,188	339	76,399	
nnsylvania	X:1						

Table 4. Coal Production and Number of Mines by State, County, and Mine Type, 1999 (Continued) (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing	Undergr	ound	Surfa	ice	Tota	ıl
State and County	Number of Mines	Production	Number of Mines	Production	Number of Mines	Production
Pennsylvania (Continued)						
Armstrong	13	4,353	13	975	26	5,328
Beaver	1	210	_	_	1	210
Bedford	_	_	1	2	1	2
Butler	_	_	5	569	5	569
Cambria	1	10	13	1,373	14	1,383
Carbon	_	_	2	46	2	46
Centre	_	_	1	6	1	6
Clarion	_	_	7	426	7	426
Clearfield	2	180	36	3,111	38	3,291
Columbia	1	191	4	369	5	560
Dauphin	1	1	1	1	2	2
Elk	-	-	4	450	4	450
Fayette	_	_	12	283	12	283
Greene	11	37,986	4	61	15	38,047
Indiana	12	4,609	16	470	28	5,079
Jefferson	3	258	17	896	20	1,154
Lackawanna	_	_	2	10	2	10
Lawrence	-	-	2	85	2	85
Luzerne	_	_	16	1,090	16	1,090
Lycoming	_	_	1	256	1	256
Northumberland	6	24	6	854	12	878
Schuylkill	24	162	46	1,946	70	2,107
Somerset	8	1,943	22	2,895	30	4,837
Sullivan	_	_	2	60	2	60
Venango	_	_	2	93	2	93
Washington	3	9,284	5	377	8	9,661
Westmoreland	_	_	11	474	11	474
Гennessee	13	1,489	11	1,548	24	3,037
Anderson	1	49	1	42	2	91
Campbell	5	387	4	491	9	878
Claiborne	5	876	3	351	8	1,227
Cumberland	_	_	1	256	1	256
Fentress	_	_	1	3	1	3
Morgan	1	8	_	_	1	8
Scott	1	168	_	_	ĺ	168
Sequatchie	_	_	1	407	1	407
Texas	_	_	14	53,072	14	53,072
Atascosa	_	_	1	3,399	1	3,399
Freestone	_	_	1	4,971	1	4,971
Harrison	_	_	2	3,744	2	3,744
Hopkins	_	_	$\overline{1}$	2,126	1	2,126
Leon	_	_	1	9,216	1	9,216
Milam	_	_	i	6,226	1	6,226
Panola	_	_	2	7,768	2	7,768
Robertson	_	_	1	1,615	1	1,615
Rusk	_	_	1	6,237	1	6,237
Titus	_	_	2	7,536	2	7,536
Webb	_	_	1	235	1	235
J tah	15	26,373	_	_	15	26,373
Carbon	9	8,298	_	_	9	8,298
Emery	3	11,504	_	_	3	11,504
Sevier	3	6,571	_	_	3	6,571
Virginia	113	22,562	48	9,732	161	32,294
Buchanan	45	9,062	10	1,594	55	10,656
Dickenson	18	2,678	7	1,490	25	4,168
Lee	5	781	2	219	7	1,000
Russell	3	174	1	220	4	394
Tazewell	9	2,070	_	220	9	2,070
Wise	33	7,798	28	6,208	61	14,005
Vashington	33	1,190	20	4,101	2	4,101
	_		1	4,101	1	4,101
King	_	_	1	4,097	1	4,097
Lewis	211	103,727	9 5	,	306	
West Virginia			95 2	54,251	306 4	157,978
Barbour	2 27	970	5	10.020		1,034
Brooks		20,251	5	10,030	32	30,281
Brooke	1	1,645	_	- (926	1	1,645
Clay	_	-	6	6,836	6	6,836
Fayette	3	1,270	3	749	6	2,019
Grant	2	172	1	345	3	516
Greenbrier	2	293	1	34	3	328

Table 4. Coal Production and Number of Mines by State, County, and Mine Type, 1999 (Continued) (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing	Undergr	round	Surfa	ace	Tota	al
State and County	Number of Mines	Production	Number of Mines	Production	Number of Mines	Production
Vest Virginia (Continued)						
Harrison	9	6,842	7	273	16	7,115
Kanawha	6	4,855	6	10,130	12	14,985
Lewis	_	_	1	1	1	1
Lincoln	1	357	_	_	1	357
Logan	16	2,775	6	6,811	22	9,586
Marion	1	1,121	2	16	3	1,137
Marshall	2	11.399	_	_	2	11,399
McDowell	49	3.046	9	1,770	58	4,816
Mercer	_	_	1	10	1	10
Mineral	_	_	1	49	1	49
Mingo	21	13.063	10	6,435	31	19,498
Monongalia	5	5,702	3	744	8	6,446
Nicholas	9	1.699	6	2,423	15	4,123
Preston	3	1,237	5	118	8	1,355
Raleigh	17	10,586	2	48	19	10,634
Tucker	_	_	2	258	2	258
Upshur	7	2,135	6	245	13	2,380
Wayne	5	4,982	2	1,700	7	6,682
Webster	7	2,429	2	3,022	9	5,452
Wyoming	16	6.897	6	2,140	22	9,037
yoming	1	1,673	21	335,446	22	337,119
Campbell	_	-	13	294,791	13	294,791
Carbon	1	1.673	2	1.054	3	2,727
Converse	_	-	2	25,642	2	25,642
Lincoln	_	_	1	4,320	1	4,320
Sheridan	_	_	1	76	1	76
Sweetwater	-	_	2	9,563	2	9,563
S. Total	749	391,790	842	708,642	1,591	1,100,431

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Notes: Coal production is attributed to the county in which the mine originally opened. Production excludes silt, culm, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Table 5. Underground Coal Production by State and Mining Method, 1999 (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing State and Region	Continuous 1	Conventional ²	Longwall ³	Other ⁴	Total
Alabama	87	_	14,712	*	14,799
Colorado	772	_	19,706	_	20,478
Illinois	23,401	_	13,357	_	36,758
ndiana	3,553	_	_	_	3,553
Kentucky Total	73,463	2,599	9,948	140	86,150
Eastern	58,439	2,599	1,754	140	62,932
Western	15,024	_	8,194	-	23,218
Maryland	448	_	2,832	_	3,280
New Mexico	106	_	_	_	106
Ohio	2,071	_	9,361	_	11,431
Oklahoma	200	_	_	_	200
Pennsylvania Total	12,828	57	46,189	137	59,211
Anthracite	213	57	_	107	377
Bituminous	12,615	_	46,189	30	58,834
Гennessee	1,478	_	_	11	1,489
Utah	2,217	1,055	23,093	8	26,373
Virginia	16,445	30	6,033	55	22,562
West Virginia Total	58,161	69	45,415	83	103,727
Northern	9,522	_	24,131	_	33,653
Southern	48,639	69	21,284	83	70,075
Wyoming	_	-	1,673	-	1,673
Appalachian Total ⁵	149,956	2,755	126,296	425	279,432
Interior Total ⁵	42,177	_	21,552	_	63,729
Vestern Total ⁵	3,095	1,055	44,472	8	48,629
East of Miss. River	191,933	2,755	147,848	425	342,961
West of Miss. River	3,294	1,055	44,472	8	48,829
J.S. Total	195,228	3,810	192,320	433	391,790

Mines that produce greater than 50 percent of coal by continuous mining method.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Mines that produce greater than 50 percent of coal by conventional mining method.

Mines that have any production from longwall mining method. A typical longwall mining operation uses 80 percent longwall mining and 20 percent continuous mining.

⁴ Mines that produce coal using shortwall, scoop loading, hand loading, or other mining methods or a 50/50 percent continuous/conventional split in mining method, or mines that produce less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

5 For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

^{*} Data round to zero.

Table 6. Coal Production and Number of Mines by State, Mine Type, and Mine Production Range, 1999

(Thousand Short Tons)

		1	Number o	of Mines					Produ	ction		
Coal-Producing State, Region					1		duction Rand short to					
and Type of Mining	1,000 and over	500 to 1,000	200 to 500	100 to 200	10 to 100	Less than 10	1,000 and over	500 to 1,000	200 to 500	100 to 200	10 to 100	Less than 10
Alabama	7	_	7	5	25	3	15,559	_	1,994	729	1,204	18
Underground	6	-	1	-	1	1	14,375	-	337	-	87	*
Surface	1	_	6	5	24	2	1,184	-	1,656	729	1,117	18
Alaska	1	-	_	_	-	_	1,565	_	_	-	-	_
Surface	1 2	_	_	_	_	_	1,565 11,787	_	_	_	_	_
Surface	2	_	_	_	_	_	11,787	_	_	_	_	_
Arkansas	_	_	_	_	1	2	-	_	_	_	15	8
Surface	_	_	_	_	1	2	_	_	_	_	15	8
Colorado	8	_	4	-	_	_	28,858	_	1,132	_	_	-
Underground	5	-	3	-	-	-	19,706	-	772	-	-	-
Surface	3	_	1	_	_	_	9,152		359		_	-
Illinois	15	4	-	2	2	-	37,410	2,611	-	303	93	-
Underground	13	2	_	1	1	-	35,093	1,450	-	143	72	_
Surface	2 13	2 11	3	1	1 7	_	2,317 25,071	1,161 7,729	856	160	21 348	_
Underground	2	- 11	1	_	,	_	3,117	1,129	436	_	340	_
Surface	11	11	2	_	7	_	21,954	7,729	420	_	348	_
Kansas	_	_	ī	1	_	_	-		209	200	-	_
Surface	_	_	1	1	_	_	_	_	209	200	_	_
Kentucky Total	35	49	92	84	155	43	57,212	34,144	28,964	12,309	6,764	233
Underground	20	31	50	64	81	14	36,536	20,737	15,645	9,404	3,752	75
Surface	15	18	42	20	74	29	20,676	13,406	13,319	2,905	3,012	158
Eastern	26	43	83	82	145	42	35,454	30,265	25,898	12,016	6,184	226
Underground	13	27	47	62	80	14	17,091	18,370	14,591	9,111	3,695	75
Surface	13 9	16	36 9	20 2	65	28	18,363	11,895	11,307	2,905 293	2,489 580	151 7
Western	7	6 4	3	2	10	1	21,759 19,446	3,879 2,368	3,065 1,054	293 293	5 8 0	,
Underground Surface	2	2	6	_	9	1	2,313	1,511	2,011	293	522	7
Louisiana	1	1	_	_	_	_	2,236	717	2,011	_	<i>J22</i>	_
Surface	1	1	_	_	_	_	2,236	717	_	_	_	_
Maryland	1	_	1	2	7	4	2,832	_	448	293	235	29
Underground	1	-	1	-	-	-	2,832	-	448	-	-	-
Surface	-	-	-	2	7	4	-	-	-	293	235	29
Mississippi	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	18	-
Surface	-	_	_	-	1	_	_	_	210	_	18	_
Missouri	_	_	1	_	1	_	_	_	319	_	73	_
Surface	5	_	1 1	_	1	_	40,827	_	319 275	_	73	_
Surface	5	_	1	_	_	_	40,827	_	275	_	_	_
New Mexico	6	_	_	1	_	_	29,051	_		106	_	_
Underground	_	_	_	1	_	_	->,001	_	_	106	_	_
Surface	6	_	_	_	_	_	29,051	_	_	_	_	_
North Dakota	4	-	_	-	-	-	31,135	-	-	-	-	-
Surface	4	_	-	_	-	-	31,135	_	-	-	-	-
Ohio	5	7	14	10	23	20	11,198	4,901	3,959	1,472	853	98
Underground	4	_	4	-	-	-	10,107	-	1,324	- 1 450	- 0.52	-
Surface	1	7	10	10	23	20	1,090	4,901	2,635	1,472	853	98
Oklahoma	_	1	1	5	_	3	_	614	222	809 200	_	16
Underground	_	1	1	4	_	3	_	614	222	609	_	16
Pennsylvania Total	10	10	34	32	144	109	49,029	6,283	10,356	4,878	5,461	392
Underground	9	8	12	15	13	30	47,559	5,101	3,771	2,249	420	111
Surface	1	2	22	17	131	79	1,470	1,183	6,585	2,629	5,041	281
Anthracite	_	1	6	5	45	54	_	644	1,725	764	1,446	174
Underground	-	-	_	1	6	25	-	-	_	191	105	81
Surface	-	1	6	4	39	29	-	644	1,725	573	1,341	93
Bituminous	10	9	28	27	99	55	49,029	5,640	8,631	4,114	4,015	218
Underground	9	8	12	14	7	5	47,559	5,101	3,771	2,058	316	30
Surface	1	1	16	13	92	50	1,470	539	4,860	2,056	3,699	188
Tennessee	_	_	7	4	9	4	_	_	1,949	686	384	18
Underground		-	3	2	6	2	_	_	830	355	294	11 7
Surface		-	4	2	3	2	-	-	1,119	331	90	

Table 6. Coal Production and Number of Mines by State, Mine Type, and Mine Production Range, 1999 (Continued)

(Thousand Short Tons)

		1	Number (of Mines					Produ	ction		
Coal-Producing State, Region]		duction Rand short to					
and Type of Mining	1,000 and over	500 to 1,000	200 to 500	100 to 200	10 to 100	Less than 10	1,000 and over	500 to 1,000	200 to 500	100 to 200	10 to 100	Less than 10
Texas	12	_	2	_	_	_	52,591	_	482	_	_	_
Surface	12	_	2	_	_	_	52,591	_	482	_	_	_
Utah	7	3	2	_	2	1	23,609	1,895	759	_	102	8
Underground	7	3	2	_	2	1	23,609	1,895	759	_	102	8
Virginia	2	13	36	22	69	19	6,033	8,535	11,162	3,242	3,245	78
Underground	2	8	19	18	55	11	6,033	5,182	5,876	2,687	2,730	55
Surface	_	5	17	4	14	8	_	3,353	5,286	555	515	23
Washington	1	_	_	_	_	1	4,097	_	_	_	_	4
Surface	1	_	_	_	_	1	4.097	_	_	_	_	4
West Virginia Total	41	35	59	48	92	31	103,014	24,463	19,166	7,033	4,157	146
Underground	24	24	48	41	60	14	62,554	17,076	15,257	5,992	2,765	83
Surface	17	11	11	7	32	17	40,460	7,387	3,908	1,040	1,393	63
Northern	9	6	7	12	30	7	29,371	4,006	2,165	1,762	1,450	33
Underground	8	5	6	9	11	_	26,443	3,414	1,821	1,334	642	_
Surface	1	1	1	3	19	7	2,928	592	345	428	808	33
Southern	32	29	52	36	62	24	73,643	20,457	17,000	5,271	2,707	113
Underground	16	19	42	32	49	14	36,111	13,662	13,437	4,659	2,122	83
Surface	16	10	10	4	13	10	37,532	6,795	3,564	612	585	30
Wyoming	18	2	10	_	1	-	335,181	1,406	456	- 012	76	50
Underground	10	_	_	_	_		1,673	1,400	430		70	
Surface	17	2	1	_	1	_	333,508	1,406	456	=	76	_
Appalachian Total ¹	92	108	241	205	514	232	223,119	74,448	74,930	30,348	21,723	1,005
Underground	59	67	135	138	215	72	160,551	45,728	42,433	20,394	9,990	335
Surface	33	41	106	67	299	160	62,568	28,719	32,496	9,954	11,733	670
Interior Total ¹	50	23	17	10	22	6	139,066	15,549	5,153	1,605	1,127	31
Underground	22	6	4	4	2	_	57,655	3,818	1,491	636	129	_
Surface	28	17	13	6	20	6	81,410	11,732	3,663	969	997	31
Western Total ¹	52	5	8	1	3	2	506,110	3,300	2,622	106	178	12
Underground	13	3	5	1	2	1	44,987	1,895	1,532	106	102	8
Surface	39	2	3	-	1	1	461,123	1,406	1,090	_	76	4
East of Miss. River	129	129	253	209	534	233	307,358	88,666	78,852	30,944	22,762	1,012
Underground	81	73	139	141	217	72	218,206	49,546	43,924	20,830	10,120	335
Surface	48	56	114	68	317	161	89,152	39,120	34,928	10,114	12,643	677
West of Miss. River	65	7	13	7	5	7	560,937	4,631	3,853	1,114	266	36
Underground	13	3	5	2	2	1	44,987	1,895	1,532	305	102	8
Surface	52	4	8	5	3	6	515,949	2,736	2,322	809	164	28
U.S. Total	194	136	266	216	539	240	868,295	93,297	82,705	32,058	23,028	1,048
Underground	94	76	144	143	219	73	263,194	51,441	45,456	21,135	10,222	343
Surface	100	60	122	73	320	167	605,101	41,857	37,249	10,923	12,807	705

 $^{1\ \ \,}$ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Notes: Coal production excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

 $[\]ast$ Data round to zero.

Table 7. U.S. Coal Production by Coalbed Thickness and Mine Type, 1999 (Thousand Short Tons)

Coalbed Thickness (inches)	Underground	Surface	Total
< 7	-	48	48
'-12	-	2,183	2,183
3-18	_	6,225	6,225
9-24	236	13,935	14,172
5-30	3,560	22,805	26,365
1-36	28,372	26,007	54,379
7-42	29,568	18,803	48,371
3-48	29,725	24,239	53,963
9-54	33,694	26,256	59,950
5-60	41,978	24,741	66,719
1-66	38,844	8,192	47,036
7-72	47,735	17,361	65,095
3-78	29,904	4,757	34,661
9-84	34,189	16,765	50,954
5-90	9,477	8,805	18,282
1-96	19,247	9,803	29,050
7-102	4,813	2,969	7,783
03-108	2,599	11,837	14,436
09-114	8,945	11,239	20,184
15-120	3,400	2.189	5,589
120	25,162	448,776	473,938
nknown ¹	343	705	1,048
.S. Total	391,790	708,642	1,100,431

¹ Includes mines with production of less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

Notes: Coal production excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table 8. U.S. Coal Production and Coalbed Thickness by Major Coalbeds and Mine Type, 1999

Coalbed ID Number 1	(t	Production housand short to	ns)		Thickness (inches)	
Coalbed Name ²	Underground	Surface	Total	Average ³	Low	High
1699 Wyodak	_	291,764	291,764	773	90	1,044
0036 Pittsburgh	78,172	2,200	80,372	73	30	132
0489 No. 9	29,917	10,410	40,327	63	40	81
0111 Hazard No. 5-A	13,104	19,486	32,590	77	12	122
1569 Beulah-Zap	_	28,869	28,869	156	144	180
0484 No. 6	23,568	2,226	25,794	78	40	240
0135 Hazard No. 4	18,429	5,326	23,755	52	26	135
0084 Lower Kittanning	6,921	13,472	20,393	55	15	112
0103 Stockton-Lewiston	3,945	14,857	18,802	78	18	120
0151 Elkhorn No. 1	12,128	4,451	16,579	48	17	119
1808 Rosebud	_	16,549	16,549	267	216	288
0168 Lower Elkhorn	13,971	1,927	15,898	53	12	144
0344 Pocahontas No. 3	11,385	11	11,396	65	37	83
0071 Upper Freeport	8,007	2,946	10,953	56	6	96
0176 Eagle	10,090	702	10,792	58	20	67
Major Coalbeds Total	229,636	415,197	644,833	395	6	1,044
Other Coalbeds	161,811	292,740	454,550	143	2	1,440
Unknown ⁴	343	705	1,048	NA	NA	NA
U.S. Total	391,790	708,642	1,100,431	291	2	1,440

The coalbed ID number is a unique code assigned by EIA to each correlated coalbed or to coal-bearing geologic formations, coal groups, or coal

Notes: Coal production excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. A major coalbed is defined here as a coalbed from which 10 million or more short tons were produced during the year. The category "Other Coalbeds" includes all coalbeds from which less than 10 million short tons were produced during the year. In some regions, coalbeds are characteristically discontinuous or uncorrelatable from one location to another, and production is identified by the geological formations, coal groups, or coal zones of the native rock where the coalbeds occur. These types of coalbeds are found primarily in the Rocky Mountain States and even in the Gulf Coast lignite belt. Coalbeds of these types are also included in "Other Coalbeds," even though production may exceed 10 million short tons. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

zones.

The coalbed name given is the name most commonly used in the State having the greatest production from that coalbed. The States having the coalbed name given is the name most commonly used in the State having the greatest production from that coalbed. The States having the coalbed name given is the name most commonly used in the State having the greatest production from that coalbed. The States having the greatest production from that coalbed. The States having the greatest production from that coalbed. The States having the greatest production from that coalbed. The States having the greatest production from that coalbed. The States having the greatest production from that coalbed. The States having the greatest production from that coalbed. The States having the greatest production from that coalbed. The States having the greatest production from that coalbed. The States having the greatest production from that coalbed. The States having the greatest production from that coalbed. The States having the greatest production from that coalbed. The States having the greatest production from the g greatest production for each coalbed are: Eastern Kentucky (coalbeds 0111, 0135, 0151, 0168, 0176); West Virginia (0036, 0084, 0103, 0344); Pennsylvania (0071); Western Kentucky (0489); Illinois (0484); North Dakota (1569); Montana (1808); Wyoming (1699). In some other States where these are major producing beds, the following alternate coalbed names are also used: 0084, No. 5 Block (Eastern Kentucky); 0111, Coalburg (West Virginia); 0135, Chilton (West Virginia); 0151, Jellico (Tennesee), Taggert (Virginia), Cedar Grove (West Virginia); 0168, No. 2 Gas (West Virginia); 0176, Middle Eagle (West Virginia); 0484, No. 11 (Western Kentucky); 0489, No. 5 (Illinois and Indiana).

3 Average thickness is the bed thickness variebled by bed another in the second of the second of

Average thickness is the bed thickness weighted by bed production.

Includes mines with production of less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

Table 9. Coal Production and Number of Mines by State and Coal Rank, 1999

(Thousand Short Tons)

	Bitt	uminous	Subb	ituminous	I	ignite	An	thracite		Total
Coal-Producing State and Region	Number of Mines	Production	Number of Mines	Production	Number of Mines	Production	Number of Mines	Production	Number of Mines	Production
Alabama	47	19,504	_	_	_	_	_	_	47	19,504
Alaska	_	- 17,504	1	1,565	_	_	_	_	1	1,565
Arizona		11.787	_		_	_	_	_	2	11,787
Arkansas		8	_	_	_	_	1	15		22
Colorado	_	22.201	2	7.788	_	_	_	-	12	29,989
Illinois		40,417	_	7,766	_	_	_	_	23	40,417
Indiana	34	34,004	_	_	_	_	_	_	34	34,004
Kansas	2	409	_	_	_	_	_	_	2	409
Kentucky Total	458	139.626	_	_	_	_	_	_	458	139.626
Eastern	421	110,043	_	_	_	_	_	_	421	110,043
Western	37	29,583	_	_	_	_	_	_	37	29,583
Louisiana	_	27,303	_	_	2	2,953	_	_	2	2,953
Maryland	15	3,837	_	_	_	2,733	_	_	15	3,837
Mississippi		3,037	_	_	1	18	_	_	1	18
Missouri	2	392	_	_	_	-	_	_	2	392
Montana	_	372	5	40.827	1	275	_	_	6	41.102
New Mexico	5	11.117	3	18,039	_	2/3	_	_	7	29.156
North Dakota	_	11,117	_	10,037	4	31,135	_	_	4	31,135
Ohio	79	22,480		_	-	51,155	_	_	79	22,480
Oklahoma	10	1,661		_	_		_	_	10	1.661
Pennsylvania Total		71.646	_	_	_	_	111	4,753		76,399
Anthracite		/1,040	_	_	_	_	111	4,753		4,753
Bituminous	228	71,646	_	_	_	_	111	4,733		71,646
Tennessee		3,037		_	_	_		_	24	3,037
Texas	1	235	_	_	13	52,837	_	_	14	53,072
	15	26,373	_	_	- 13	32,637	_	_	15	26,373
Utah		32,294	_	_	_	_	_	_	161	32,294
Virginia		32,294	2	4.101	_	_	_	_	2	4,101
Washington		157,978	_	4,101	_	_	_	_	306	157,978
West Virginia Total		38,788		_	_	_	_	_	71	38,788
Northern		,	_	_	_	_	_	_	235	,
Southern	235	119,191 2,727	- 19	334,393	_	_	_	_	233	119,191 337,119
Wyoming	3	2,727	19	334,393	_	_	_	_	22	337,119
Appalachian Total ¹	1,281	420,819	_	_	_	_	111	4,753	1,392	425,573
Interior Total ¹		106,708	_	_	16	55,808	1	15		162,530
Western Total ¹		74,205	32	406,714	5	31,410	_	-		512,328
East of Miss. River	1,375	524,823	_	_	1	18	111	4,753	1,487	529,594
West of Miss. River	,	76,909	32	406,714		87,199	1	15	,	570,837
U.S. Total	1,427	601,732	32	406,714	21	87,218	112	4,768	1,591	1,100,431

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.
Notes: Coal production excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Table 10. Coal Production by State, Coal Rank, and Group, 1999

(Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing State and Region	Bituminous Low Volatile	Bituminous Medium Volatile	Bituminous High Volatile	Bituminous Total	Subbitumi- nous	Lignite	Anthracite	Total
	·							
Alabama		NA	NA	19,504	-	_	-	19,504
Alaska	NA	NA	NA	_	1,565	_	-	1,565
Arizona	NA	NA	NA	11,787	-	_	-	11,787
Arkansas	NA	NA	NA	8	-	_	15	22
Colorado	NA	NA	NA	22,201	7,788	_	_	29,989
Illinois	NA	NA	NA	40,417	_	_	_	40,417
Indiana	NA	NA	NA	34,004	_	_	_	34,004
Kansas	NA	NA	NA	409	_	_	_	409
Kentucky Total	NA	NA	NA	139,626	_	_	_	139,626
Eastern	NA	NA	NA	110,043	_	_	_	110,043
Western	NA	NA	NA	29,583	_	_	_	29,583
Louisiana		NA	NA	_	_	2,953	_	2,953
Maryland	NA	NA	NA	3,837	_	_	_	3,837
Mississippi		NA	NA	_	_	18	_	18
Missouri		NA	NA	392	_	_	_	392
Montana		NA	NA	-	40.827	275	_	41,102
New Mexico		NA	NA	11,117	18.039		_	29,156
North Dakota		NA	NA	-	-	31,135	_	31,135
Ohio		NA	NA	22,480	_	-	_	22,480
Oklahoma		NA	NA	1,661	_	_	_	1,661
Pennsylvania Total		NA	NA	71,646	_	_	4,753	76,399
Anthracite		NA	NA	71,040	_	_	4,753	4,753
Bituminous		NA NA	NA NA	71.646		_	4,733	71.646
Tennessee		NA NA	NA NA	3,037	_	_	_	3,037
Texas		NA NA	NA NA	235	_	52,837	_	53.072
		NA NA	NA NA	26,373	_	32,637	_	26,373
Utah Virginia		NA NA	NA NA	32,294	_	_	_	32,294
Virginia		NA NA	NA NA	32,294	4.101	_	_	4,101
Washington		NA NA	NA NA		4,101	_	_	157,978
West Virginia Total		NA NA	NA NA	157,978	_	_	_	
Northern				38,788	_	_		38,788
Southern		NA	NA	119,191	- 224 202	_	-	119,191
Wyoming	NA	NA	NA	2,727	334,393	_	_	337,119
Appalachian Total ¹		NA	NA	420,819	-	-	4,753	425,573
Interior Total ¹		NA	NA	106,708	-	55,808	15	162,530
Western Total ¹	NA	NA	NA	74,205	406,714	31,410	_	512,328
East of Miss. River	NA	NA	NA	524,823	_	18	4,753	529,594
West of Miss. River	NA	NA	NA	76,909	406,714	87,199	15	570,837
U.S. Total	NA	NA	NA	601,732	406,714	87,218	4,768	1,100,431

 $[\]stackrel{1}{N}$ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C. Not available.

Notes: Refer to the Classification of Coals by Rank table in Appendix C for coal group definitions. Coal production excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table 11. Coal Production by State, Mine Type, and Union Type, 1999 (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing State and Region	UMWA	Other Unions	Union Total	Nonunion	Total
Mabama	15,957	_	15,957	3,530	19,486
Underground	14,712	_	14,712	87	14,799
Surface	1,244	_	1,244	3,443	4,687
Alaska	-	_	-	1,565	1,565
Surface	_	_	_	1,565	1,565
Arizona	11,787	_	11,787	-	11,787
Surface	11,787	_	11,787	_	11,787
Arkansas	-	_	11,767	15	15
Surface				15	15
	11.560	2 210	12 770		29,989
Colorado	11,560	2,219	13,779	16,211	
Underground	9,837	2 210	9,837	10,641	20,478
Surface	1,723	2,219	3,942	5,569	9,511
llinois	21,079	3,288	24,367	16,050	40,417
Underground	20,574	2,042	22,616	14,142	36,758
Surface	505	1,245	1,750	1,908	3,659
ndiana	10,994	_	10,994	23,010	34,004
Underground	_	_	· -	3,553	3,553
Surface	10,994	_	10,994	19,457	30,451
Kansas	-	_	-	409	409
Surface	_	_	_	409	409
	12 415	_	12 415		
Lindaranand	13,415	_	13,415	125,977	139,393
Underground	12,920	_	12,920	73,155	86,075
Surface	495	_	495	52,823	53,318
Eastern	662	_	662	109,156	109,817
Underground	662	_	662	62,195	62,857
Surface	_	_	_	46,960	46,960
Western	12,754	_	12,754	16,822	29,575
Underground	12,258	_	12,258	10,960	23,218
Surface	495	_	495	5,862	6,357
ouisiana	195	_	-175	2,953	2,953
	_	_	_	2,953	2,953
Surface	_	_	_	,	,
Iaryland	_	_	_	3,808	3,808
Underground	_	_	_	3,280	3,280
Surface	_	_	_	528	528
Aississippi	_	_	_	18	18
Surface	_	_	_	18	18
Aissouri	_	_	_	392	392
Surface	_	_	_	392	392
Aontana	13,745	16,361	30,106	10,996	41,102
Surface	13,745	16,361	30.106	10,996	41,102
New Mexico	8,348	15,772	24,120	5,036	29,156
	0,540	13,772	24,120		,
Underground	- 0.240	15.772	24.120	106	106
Surface	8,348	15,772	24,120	4,931	29,051
orth Dakota	2,926	4,626	7,552	23,583	31,135
Surface	2,926	4,626	7,552	23,583	31,135
Ohio	11,332	_	11,332	11,050	22,382
Underground	9,361	_	9,361	2,071	11,431
Surface	1,971	_	1,971	8,979	10,950
klahoma	<i>-</i>	_		1,645	1,645
Underground	_	_	_	200	200
Surface	_	_	_	1.445	1.445
	32,674	30	32,704	43,303	76,007
ennsylvania Total	,	30	,	,	,
Underground	31,475	_	31,475	27,625	59,100
Surface	1,200	30	1,229	15,678	16,907
Anthracite	515	30	544	4,034	4,579
Underground	_	_	_	296	296
Surface	515	30	544	3,739	4,283
Bituminous	32,159	_	32,159	39,268	71,428
Underground	31,475	_	31,475	27,329	58,804
Surface	685	_	685	11,939	12,624
ennessee	_	_	_	3,019	3,019
	_	_	_		
Underground	_	_	-	1,478	1,478
Surface	-	-	-	1,541	1,541
exas	25,295	9,816	35,111	17,962	53,072
Surface	25,295	9,816	35,111	17,962	53,072
tah	7,717	808	8,525	17,840	26,364
Underground	7,717	808	8,525	17,840	26,364
irginia	4,254	1,479	5,733	26,483	32,216
Underground	4,254	839	5,093	17,415	22,508
	,4J4 	640	640	9,068	9,708
Surface	_	040	040	2,000	9,708
Vashington		4,097	4,097		4,097

Table 11. Coal Production by State, Mine Type, and Union Type, 1999 (Continued) (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing State and Region	UMWA	Other Unions	Union Total	Nonunion	Total
West Virginia Total	65,965	_	65,965	91,868	157,833
Underground	47,741	_	47,741	55,903	103,644
Surface	18,224	_	18,224	35,965	54,188
Northern	24,464	_	24,464	14,291	38,755
Underground	24,464	_	24,464	9,189	33,653
Surface	_	_	_	5,102	5,102
Southern	41,501	_	41,501	77,577	119,078
Underground	23,277	_	23,277	46,715	69,992
Surface	18,224	_	18,224	30,863	49,086
Wyoming	4,397	9,258	13,654	323,465	337,119
Underground	· -	· –	· –	1,673	1,673
Surface	4,397	9,258	13,654	321,792	335,446
Appalachian Total ¹	130,844	1,509	132,352	292,215	424,568
Underground	108,205	839	109,044	170,053	279,097
Surface	22,639	670	23,309	122,162	145,471
nterior Total ¹	70,121	13,103	83,225	79,275	162,500
Underground	32,832	2,042	34,875	28,854	63,729
Surface	37,289	11,061	48,350	50,421	98,771
Vestern Total ¹	60,479	53,141	113,620	398,696	512,316
Underground	17,553	808	18,361	30,260	48,621
Surface	42,926	52,333	95,259	368,436	463,695
Cast of Miss. River	175,670	4,796	180,466	348,116	528,582
Underground	141,037	2,881	143,918	198,708	342,626
Surface	34,633	1,915	36,548	149,408	185,956
Vest of Miss. River	85,774	62,957	148,731	422,070	570,801
Underground	17,553	808	18,361	30,459	48,821
Surface	68,221	62,149	130,370	391,611	521,981
J nknown ²	NA	NA	NA	NA	1,048
Underground	NA	NA	NA	NA	343
Surface	NA	NA	NA	NA	705
J.S. Total	261,444	67,753	329,197	770,186	1,100,431
Underground	158,591	3,689	162,280	229,167	391,790
Surface	102,853	64,064	166,918	541,019	708,642

¹ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

tration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Includes mines with production of less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

NA Not available.

Notes: Coal production excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. See Glossary for listing of other unions.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Adminis-

Table 12. Coal Disposition by State, 1999

(Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing State and Region	Open Market ¹	Captive ²	Total
labama	. 18,770	488	19,258
laska	*	_	1,573
rizona		_	12,623
rkansas		_	15
olorado	. 28,813	1,333	30,146
linois	. 37,845	2,436	40,280
diana	*	_	33,969
ansas	*	_	400
entucky Total		1,310	139,117
Eastern	*	1,310	109,544
Western			29.573
ouisiana		_	2,952
Iaryland	*	460	3.963
ississippi		_	15
issouri		_	391
ontana		3.930	41,231
ew Mexico	*	5,750	28,011
orth Dakota	*	1.113	30,977
nio		6,828	23,113
klahoma		0,826	1,648
nnsylvania Total	,	3,250	76,951
Anthracite		1,266	4,656
Bituminous		1,200	72,295
	*	1,904	3,013
nnessee		42.229	53,048
xas		, -	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
ah		7,663 1,402	26,787
rginia		1,402 4.074	31,673 4.074
ashington		,	,
est Virginia Total		8,784	158,437
Northern	*	2,220	38,291
Southern	*	6,564	120,146
yoming	. 319,786	16,860	336,646
palachian Total ³		22,523	425,954
nterior Total ³	. 117,626	44,665	162,291
estern Total ³	. 477,096	34,973	512,069
st of Miss. River	. 504,832	24,959	529,791
Vest of Miss. River	. 493,320	77,202	570,522
otal ⁴	. 998,153	102,160	1,100,313
nknown ⁵	. NA	NA	1,048
S. Total	. NA	NA	1,101,361

Open Market includes all coal sold on the open market to other coal companies or consumers.

Notes: Coal production excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Captive includes all coal used by the producing company or sold to affiliated or parent companies.

For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

Includes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

Not available.

Table 13. Coal Mining Acreage, Production and Royalties from Federal and Indian Leases by State, 1999

Coal-Producing State and Region	Federal Leases			Indian Leases		
	Acres Leased	Production (thousand short tons)	Royalties (thousand dollars)	Acres Leased	Production (thousand short tons)	Royalties (thousand dollars)
Alabama	1,609	684	2,343	_	_	_
Arizona	_	_	_	64,858	14,012	38,552
Colorado	48,941	23,059	36,788	_	_	_
Kentucky	2,250	20	39	_	_	_
Montana	26,461	18,948	25,865	14,746	3,783	1,890
New Mexico	13,837	7,043	17,349	36,163	9,281	20,190
North Dakota	3,512	2,223	1,041	_	_	_
Oklahoma	13,084	575	441	_	_	_
Utah	38,247	22,905	31,520	_	_	_
Washington	521	1,351	2,923	_	_	_
Wyoming	118,889	310,580	193,451	-	_	-
Appalachian Total ¹	1,609	684	2,343	_	_	_
Interior Total 1	15,334	595	480	_	_	_
Western Total ¹	250,408	386,109	308,938	115,767	27,077	60,632
East of Miss. River	3,859	704	2,382	_		_
West of Miss. River	263,492	386,684	309,379	115,767	27,077	60,632
U.S. Total	267,351	387,388	311,761	115,767	27,077	60,632

¹ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: U.S. Total for this table represents Federal and Indian Leases only. Output from Federal and Indian Lands is reported as sales volume, the basis for royalties. It is approximately equivalent to production, which includes coal sold and coal added to stockpiles. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of the Interior, Minerals Management Service (MMS), Mineral Revenues, 1999, Report on Receipts from Federal and Indian Leases.

Table 14. Major U.S. Coal Mines, 1999

Rank	Mine Name/Company	Mine Type	State	Production (short tons)
1	Rochelle Mine Complex/Powder River Coal	Surface	Wyoming	68,865,690
2	Black Thunder/Thunder Basin Coal	Surface	Wyoming	48,670,522
3	Cordero/Cordero Mining	Surface	Wyoming	46,186,691
1	Jacobs Ranch/Jacobs Ranch Coal	Surface	Wyoming	29,069,128
	Caballo/Caballo Coal	Surface	Wyoming	26,468,762
5	Antelope/Antelope Coal	Surface	Wyoming	22,685,237
,	Belle Ayr/RAG Coal West	Surface	Wyoming	17,893,709
3	Eagle Butte/RAG Coal West	Surface	Wyoming	17,416,240
)	Freedom-Coteau/Coteau Properties	Surface	North Dakota	16,391,229
	Buckskin/Triton Coal	Surface	Wyoming	15,587,569
	Coal Creek/Thunder Basin Coal	Surface	Wyoming	11,249,947
	Spring Creek/Spring Creek Coal Co	Surface	Montana	10,995,516
	Decker/Decker Coal	Surface	Montana	
				10,878,069
	Rosebud No 6/Western Energy Co.	Surface	Montana	10,621,638
	Enlow Fork/Consol PA Coal Co.	Underground	Pennsylvania	9,835,217
	Navajo/BHP Minerals	Surface	New Mexico	9,374,060
	Jewett/Northwestern Resources	Surface	Texas	9,215,933
	Bailey No 1/Consol PA Coal Co.	Underground	Pennsylvania	8,518,670
	Foidel Creek/Twenty Mile Coal	Underground	Colorado	8,500,157
	North Rochelle/Triton Coal Co	Surface	Wyoming	8,170,482
	Keyenta/Peabody Western Coal	Surface	Arizona	7,251,024
	Falkirik/Falkirk Mining	Surface	North Dakota	7,191,836
	McKinley/Pittsburg & Midway Coal	Surface	New Mexico	7,181,357
	West Elk/Mountain Coal Co	Underground	Colorado	7,078,112
	McElroy/CONSOL	Underground	West Virginia	6,995,483
	Beckville/Texas Utilities Mining	Surface	Texas	6,579,019
	Cumberland/RAG Cumberland Resources	Underground	Pennsylvania	6,550,743
	Galatia/American Coal Company	Underground	Illinois	6,534,432
	Mountaineer/Mingo Logan Coal	Underground	West Virginia	6,507,182
	Jim Bridger/Bridger Coal	Surface	Wyoming	6,300,944
	Oak Hill/Texas Utilities Mining	Surface	Texas	6,237,170
	Sandow-Rockdale/ALCOA	Surface	Texas	6,225,677
	Samples/Catenary Coal	Surface	West Virginia	5,910,188
	Mine No 84/Eighty Four Mining	Underground	Pennsylvania	5,798,707
	SUFCO/Canyon Fuel	Underground	Utah	5,762,878
	Colowyo/Colowyo Coal	Surface	Colorado	
				5,569,385
	Absaloka/Westmoreland Resources	Surface	Montana	5,464,776
	Robinson Run/CONSOL	Underground	West Virginia	5,316,994
	Upper Big Branch/Performance Coal	Underground	West Virginia	5,078,259
	Big Brown/Texas Utilities Mining	Surface	Texas	4,970,592
	Lee Ranch/Lee Ranch Coal	Surface	New Mexico	4,930,665
	Buchanan/CONSOL	Underground	Virginia	4,680,235
	Blacksville No 2/CONSOL	Underground	Pennsylvania	4,649,474
	Federal No 2/Eastern Associated Mining	Underground	West Virginia	4,648,008
	Center/BNI Coal	Surface	North Dakota	4,625,778
	Black Mesa/Peabody Western	Surface	Arizona	4,536,056
	No 13 Baker/Lodestar Energy	Underground	Kentucky	4,483,260
	Shoemaker/CONSOL	Underground	West Virginia	4,403,915
	Powhatan No 6/Ohio Valley Coal	Underground	Ohio	4,380,317
	La Plata/San Juan Coal	Surface	New Mexico	4,349,952
	Emerald No 1/Cyprus Emerald Resources	Underground	Pennsylvania	4,341,498
	Kemmerer/Pittsburg & Midway Coal	Surface	Wyoming	4,320,195
	No 2/Fola Coal	Surface	West Virginia	4,286,106
	Centralia/Centralia Mining	Surface	Washington	4,097,453
	Shoal Creek/Drummond Co	Underground	Alabama	4,080,582
	Subtotal All Other Mines			597,912,718 502,518,710
	U.S. Total			1,100,431,428

Notes: Major mines are mines that produced more than 4 million short tons in 1999. The company is the firm operating the mine. Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; State Mining Agency Coal Production Reports; and/or U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Production Report."

Table 15. Major U.S. Coal Producers, 1999

Rank	Company Name	Production (thousand short tons)	Percent of Total Production		
1	Peabody Energy Corp.	165,479	15.0		
2	Kennecott Energy Co.	114,506	10.4		
3	Arch Coal Co	108,752	9.9		
4	Consol Energy Inc.	69,889	6.4		
5	RAG Coal Interantional	59,265	5.4		
6	North American Coal Co	31,195	2.8		
7	TXU Utilities Co	28,638	2.6		
8	Massey Energy	26,938	2.4		
9	Vulcan Holding	23,758	2.2		
10	AEI Resources Inc	21,675	2.0		
11	Pacificorp	21,072	1.9		
12	Entech Inc	19,838	1.8		
13	Broken Hill Proprietary Co	15,878	1.4		
14	Chevron Corp	15,228	1.4		
15	Alliance Coal	14,625	1.3		
16	James River Coal Co	12,578	1.1		
17	RENCOAL Inc	10,337	.9		
18	Kiewit Coal Properties Inc	8,762	.8		
19	Independence Coal Co	8,255	.8		
20	Coastal Corp	8,172	.7		
21	Branham & Baker Coal Co	7,359	.7		
22	AEP Service Corp	7,226	.7		
23	American Coal Co	6,534	.6		
24	ALCOA Inc	6,226	.6		
25	USX Corporation	6,028	.5		
26	Westmoreland Resources	5,465	.5		
27	Drummond Resources	5,325	.5		
28	TECO Energy Inc	5,154	.5		
*	Subtotal	832,005	75.6		
*	All other coal producers	268,427	24.4		
ķ	U.S. Total	1,100,431	100.0		

Notes: Major coal producers are companies that produced more than 5 million short tons in 1999. The company is the firm owning the mineral rights to the mined coal.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report", and Financial Reporting System; State Mining Agency Coal Production Reports; and/or U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Production Report."

Productive Capacity

Table 16. Productive Capacity of Coal Mines by State, 1990, 1995-1999

Coal-Producing	1999		1998	1997	1996	1995	1990 ¹	Percent Change	U	nual Percent ange
State and Region								1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Alabama	22,290		27,891	29,081	32,159	32,546	NA	-20.1	-9.0	NA
Alaska	w		w	w	w	w	NA	w	w	NA
Arizona	w		w	w	w	w	NA	w	w	NA
Arkansas	w		w	w	_	w	NA	w	w	NA
California	_		-	_	-	_	NA	_	_	NA
Colorado	41,098		36,658	35,466	29,330	32,435	NA	12.1	6.1	NA
Illinois	48,783		47,625	51,523	61,727	56,627	NA	2.4	-3.6	NA
Indiana	41,355		42,190	36,999	35,564	35,256	NA	-2.0	4.1	NA
Iowa	_		_	_	_	_	NA	_	_	NA
Kansas	w		w	w	w	w	NA	w	w	NA
Kentucky Total	182,633	R	187,582	195,453	189,225	203,173	NA	-2.6	-2.6	NA
Eastern	142,362	R	146,150	152,681	145,691	152,111	NA	-2.6	-1.6	NA
Western	40,271		41,433	42,771	43,534	51,062	NA	-2.8	-5.8	NA
Louisiana	w		w	w	w	w	NA	w	w	NA
Maryland	4,224		4,250	4,884	4,935	4,408	NA	6	-1.0	NA
Mississippi	w		· _	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Missouri	w		R 890	690	1.046	1.081	NA	w	w	NA
Montana	54,882		55,882	56,140	56,175	51,597	NA	-1.8	1.5	NA
New Mexico	32,797		32,790	31,604	32,695	32,760	NA	*	*	NA
North Dakota	32,610		32,484	32,568	32,184	34,464	NA	.4	-1.4	NA
Ohio	30,617		33,691	33,443	37,584	34,011	NA	-9.1	-2.6	NA
Oklahoma	2,580		1,981	2,451	1,981	2,557	NA	30.3	.2	NA
Pennsylvania Total	93,770		94,581	87,527	81,684	77,187	NA	8	5.0	NA
Anthracite	6,622		6,827	5,504	5,504	6,547	NA	-3.0	.3	NA
Bituminous	87,148		87,754	82,024	76,180	70,640	NA	7	5.4	NA
Tennessee	3,727		4,144	4,100	4,009	3,750	NA	-10.1	1	NA
Texas	54,705		54.475	54,614	59,604	54,758	NA	.4	*	NA
Utah	32,158		33,838	30,281	30,230	30,888	NA	-5.0	1.0	NA
Virginia	39,729	R	39.064	43.023	41,593	43,037	NA	1.7	-2.0	NA
Washington	w		w	w	w	W	NA	w	w	NA
West Virginia Total	195,128	R	203.816	203,006	217,409	204,837	NA	-4.3	-1.2	NA
Northern	47,463		48.756	50,744	54,602	56,355	NA	-2.6	-4.2	NA NA
Southern	147,664	R	155.059	152,262	162,807	148,482	NA	-4.8	-4.2 1	NA NA
	407,977		379,380	366,680	350,908	337,184	NA NA	-4.8 7.5	1 4.9	NA NA
Wyoming	407,977		379,380	300,080	330,908	337,164	NA	1.3	4.9	NA
Appalachian Total ²	531,846	R	553,585	557,745	565,064	551,888	NA	-3.9	9	NA
Interior Total ²	192,566	R	192,823	193,720	207,658	205,393	NA	1	-1.6	NA
Western Total ²	621,220		591,271	574,139	551,990	541,773	NA	5.1	3.5	NA
East of Miss. River	662,275	R	684,834	689,038	705,890	694,832	NA	-3.3	-1.2	NA
West of Miss. River	683,356	R	652,845	636,566	618,823	604,222	NA	4.7	3.1	NA
U.S. Total	1,345,632	R	1,337,679	1,325,604	1,324,712	1,299,054	NA	.6	.9	NA

¹ For 1990, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result it is not releasable. $2 \quad \text{For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C}.$

Notes: Productive capacity is the maximum amount of coal that can be produced annually as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report."

^{*} Data round to zero.

w Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

R Revised Data.

NA Not available.

Table 17. Capacity Utilization of Coal Mines by State, 1990, 1995-1999 (Percent)

Coal-Producing State and Region	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990 ¹
Alabama	87.42	82.45	84.05	76.57	75.52	NA
Alaska	W	W	W	W	W	NA
Arizona	W	W	W	W	W	NA
Arkansas	W	W	W	_	W	NA
California	_	_	_	_	_	NA
Colorado	72.97	80.83	77.39	84.85	79.27	NA
Ilinois	82.85	83.43	79.87	75.58	85.08	NA
ndiana	82.22	87.19	95.94	83.42	73.70	NA
owa	_	_	_	W	w	NA
Kansas	w	w	w	w	w	NA
Kentucky Total	76.32	R 79.98	79.62	80.38	75.49	NA
Eastern	77.14	R 79.64	79.05	80.07	77.71	NA
Western	73.44	81.17	81.63	81.40	68.89	NA NA
Louisiana	73.44 W	01.17 W	81.03 W	01.40 W	W	NA NA
	90.15	94.88	84.80	82.42	82.65	NA NA
Maryland		94.00	04.00	02.42	82.03	NA
Mississippi	W	R 41.79	-		40.00	
Missouri	W	41./9	57.36	67.85	49.88	NA
Montana	74.89	76.66	73.03	67.45	76.44	NA
New Mexico	88.90	87.21	85.51	73.61	81.85	NA
North Dakota	95.48	92.08	90.82	92.78	87.37	NA
Ohio	73.10	83.13	87.07	75.88	76.55	NA
Oklahoma	63.75	83.36	65.87	85.16	73.14	NA
Pennsylvania Total	81.06	85.28	86.46	82.53	78.81	NA
Anthracite	69.14	73.57	80.95	82.56	67.12	NA
Bituminous	81.96	86.19	86.83	82.53	79.89	NA
Γennessee	81.01	64.52	80.26	90.32	85.51	NA
Гехаs	97.02	96.53	97.64	92.55	96.21	NA
Jtah	81.98	77.06	88.09	90.97	81.48	NA
Virginia	81.09	R 86.13	83.09	85.34	79.07	NA
Washington	W	W	w	W	W	NA
West Virginia Total	80.89	R 83.91	85.50	78.32	79.50	NA
Northern	81.65	91.39	84.23	83.95	81.70	NA
Southern	80.64	R 81.56	85.92	76.43	78.67	NA
Wyoming	82.63	82.87	76.87	79.35	78.24	NA
Appalachian Total ²	79.83	R 82.99	83.67	79.75	78.53	NA
Interior Total ²	84.39	87.30	88.18	83.20	82.01	NA
Western Total ²	82.47	82.66	78.60	79.55	79.29	NA
East of Miss. River	79.81	R 83.17	83.92	79.68	78.11	NA
West of Miss. River	83.53	83.78	80.20	80.82	80.88	NA
U.S. Total	81.70	R 83.47	82.13	80.21	79.40	NA

¹ For 1990, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result it is not releasable.

2 For a definit

Notes: Capacity utilization is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report."

For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Revised Data.

NA Not available.

Table 18. Production, Productive Capacity, and Capacity Utilization of Coal Mines by State and Mine Type, 1999

		Underground			Surface		Total			
Coal-Producing State and Region	Production	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)	Production	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)	Production	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)	
Alabama	14,799	16,116	91.83	4,687	6,174	75.92	19,486	22,290	87.42	
Alaska		10,110	71.65	1,565	0,174 W	73.92 W	1,565	22,290 W	W W	
Arizona		_	_	11.787	w	w	11.787	w	w W	
Arkansas		_	_	11,787	w	w	11,787	w	w	
Colorado		31.029	66.00	9.511	10.069	94.46	29,989	41.098	72.97	
Illinois		44.402	82.78	3,659	4,381	83.51	40.417	48,783	82.85	
	,	, -		- ,	,		-,	- ,	82.83 82.22	
Indiana		W	w	30,451	W	w	34,004	41,355		
Kansas		100.070		409	W	W	409	W	W	
Kentucky Total		109,978	78.27	53,318	72,656	73.38	139,393	182,633	76.32	
Eastern	,	80,882	77.71	46,960	61,480	76.38	109,817	142,362	77.14	
Western	,	29,096	79.80	6,357	11,175	56.89	29,575	40,271	73.44	
Louisiana		_	_	2,953	W	W	2,953	W	w	
Maryland		W	W	528	W	W	3,808	4,224	90.15	
Mississippi		_	_	18	w	W	18	W	W	
Missouri		_	_	392	w	W	392	W	w	
Montana		_	_	41,102	54,882	74.89	41,102	54,882	74.89	
New Mexico	106	W	w	29,051	W	W	29,156	32,797	88.90	
North Dakota	–	-	-	31,135	32,610	95.48	31,135	32,610	95.48	
Ohio	11,431	15,263	74.90	10,950	15,353	71.32	22,382	30,617	73.10	
Oklahoma	200	W	w	1,445	w	w	1,645	2,580	63.75	
Pennsylvania Total	59,100	69,677	84.82	16,907	24,093	70.17	76,007	93,770	81.06	
Anthracite	296	328	90.23	4,283	6,295	68.05	4,579	6,622	69.14	
Bituminous	58,804	69,349	84.79	12,624	17,799	70.92	71,428	87,148	81.96	
Tennessee	1,478	1,921	76.92	1,541	1,805	85.35	3,019	3,727	81.01	
Texas	–	_	_	53,072	54,705	97.02	53,072	54,705	97.02	
Utah	26,364	32,158	81.98	_	_	_	26,364	32,158	81.98	
Virginia	22,508	27,473	81.93	9,708	12,256	79.22	32,216	39,729	81.09	
Washington	,	_	_	4,097	w	w	4,097	w	w	
West Virginia Total		127,278	81.43	54,188	67,850	79.87	157,833	195,128	80.89	
Northern		41,482	81.13	5,102	5,981	85.31	38,755	47,463	81.65	
Southern		85,796	81.58	49,086	61,869	79.34	119,078	147,664	80.64	
Wyoming	,	w	W	335,446	w	w	337,119	407,977	82.63	
Appalachian Total ¹		341,917	81.63	145,471	189,928	76.59	424,568	531,846	79.83	
Interior Total 1	,	77,774	81.94	98,771	114,792	86.04	162,500	192,566	84.39	
Western Total ¹	48,621	66,973	72.60	463,695	554,247	83.66	512,316	621,220	82.47	
East of Miss. River		419,332	81.71	185,956	242,944	76.54	528,582	662,275	79.81	
West of Miss. River	48,821	67,333	72.51	521,981	616,023	84.73	570,801	683,356	83.53	
Unknown ²	343	NA	NA	705	NA	NA	1,048	NA	NA	
U.S. Total	391,790	486,665	80.43	708,642	858,967	82.42	1,100,431	1,345,632	81.70	

¹ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: Productive capacity is the maximum amount of coal that can be produced annually as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Capacity utilization is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Coal production excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

² Includes mines with production of less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

NA Not available.

Table 19. Productive Capacity and Capacity Utilization of Underground Coal Mines by State and Mining Method, 1999

	Contir	nuous ¹	Conven	tional $^{\mathrm{l}}$	Long	wall ¹	Other ^{1 4}		
Coal-Producing State and Region	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)	
Alabama	2.899	93.96		_	13,217	91.36			
Colorado	10.246	46.91	_	_	20.694	75.32	_	_	
Illinois	31.215	80.59	_	_	13.187	73.32 87.99	_	_	
	- / -		_	_	15,167		_	_	
Indiana	W 07.969	w 76.44	2 119			96.02	- 65	99.38	
Kentucky Total	97,868	76.44 76.94	3,448	85.33 85.33	8,597	100.00	65	99.38 99.38	
Eastern	75,966		3,448	85.33	1,403		05	99.38	
Western	21,902	74.72	_		7,194	95.25		_	
Maryland	W	w	_	_	w	W	_	_	
New Mexico	W	W 70.05	_	_	10.647	72.10	_	_	
Ohio	4,616	78.85	_	_	10,647	73.18	_	_	
Oklahoma	w 22.000	W	-	- 02.46	46.502		-	100.00	
Pennsylvania Total	22,908	74.20	160	83.46	46,583	90.04	26	100.00	
Anthracite	142	96.12	160	83.46	46.502	-	26	100.00	
Bituminous	22,766	74.06	_	_	46,583	90.04	_	_	
Tennessee	1,921	76.92		-	-		_	_	
Utah	7,163	77.67	3,440	42.89	21,620	89.65	_	_	
Virginia	19,999	84.10	50	60.40	7,424	76.21	-	_	
West Virginia Total	78,638	82.74	120	57.10	48,520	79.37	_	_	
Northern	13,232	83.71	_	_	28,251	79.92	_	_	
Southern	65,406	82.54	120	57.10	20,269	78.62	_	_	
Wyoming	W	W	_	_	3,238	45.46	-	_	
Appalachian Total ³	207,819	79.88	3,778	84.02	130,230	84.33	91	99.56	
Interior Total ³	57,353	78.81	_	_	20,355	90.52	_	_	
Western Total ³	17,956	59.46	3,440	42.89	45,552	80.00	90	94.45	
East of Miss. River	264.812	79.64	3,778	84.02	150,586	85.15	91	99,56	
West of Miss. River	18,316	59.38	3,440	42.89	45,552	80.00	90	94.45	
U.S. Total	283,128	78.35	7,218	64.42	196,138	83.95	181	97.01	

¹ Calculated by multiplying reported mining method percentages by the individual mine capacity.

Notes: Productive capacity is the maximum amount of coal that can be produced annually as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Capacity utilization is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

² Includes scoop loading and hand loading.

³ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

⁴ Includes shortwall, scoop loading, hand loading and unknown.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Table 20. Productive Capacity and Capacity Utilization of Coal Mines by State and Coal Rank, 1999

	Bitun	ninous	Subbit	uminous	Lig	gnite	Anthracite	
Coal-Producing State and Region	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)
Alabama	22,290	87.42	_	_	-	_	_	_
Alaska	-	-	W	W	_	_	_	_
Arizona	W	W	_	_	_	_	_	_
Arkansas	-	_	_	_	_	_	W	w
Colorado	33,229	66.81	7,869	98.97	-	_	_	_
Illinois	48,783	82.85	_	_	_	_	_	_
Indiana	41,355	82.22	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kansas	W	w	_	_	_	_	_	-
Kentucky Total	182,633	76.32	_	_	_	_	_	_
Eastern	142,362	77.14	_	_	_	_	_	_
Western	40,271	73.44	_	_	_	_	_	_
Louisiana	_	_	_	_	w	w	_	_
Maryland	4.224	90.15	_	_	_	_	_	_
Mississippi		_	_	_	w	w	_	_
Missouri	w	w	_	_			_	_
Montana			w	w	w	w	_	_
New Mexico	w	w	w	w			_	_
North Dakota	- W	- w	w _	- w	32,610	95.48	_	_
Ohio	30,617	73.10	_	_	32,010	93.46	_	_
			_		_		_	_
Oklahoma	2,580	63.75	_	_	_	_	-	- 60.14
Pennsylvania Total	87,148	81.96	_	_	_	_	6,622	69.14
Anthracite	-	_	_	_	_	_	6,622	69.14
Bituminous	87,148	81.96	_	_	_	_	_	_
Γennessee	3,727	81.01	_	_	_	_	_	-
Гехаs	W	W	_	_	W	W	_	_
Jtah	32,158	81.98	_	-	-	-	_	-
Virginia	39,729	81.09	_	_	_	_	_	_
Washington	_	_	w	w	_	_	_	_
West Virginia Total	195,128	80.89	_	_	_	_	_	_
Northern	47,463	81.65	_	_	_	_	_	_
Southern	147,664	80.64	_	_	_	_	_	_
Wyoming	w	w	w	w	_	_	_	-
Appalachian Total ¹	525,224	79.96	_	_	_	_	6,622	69.14
nterior Total ¹	w	w	_	_	w	w	w	w
Western Total ¹	w	w	483,212	83.57	w	w	_	_
East of Miss. River	655,633	79.92	_	_	20	92.13	6,622	69.14
West of Miss. River	108,857	74.05	483,212	83.57	91,288	95.52	w	w
U.S. Total	764,490	79.08	483,212	83.57	91,308	95.52	² 6,622	² 69.14

¹ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: Refer to the Classification of Coals by Rank table in Appendix C for coal rank definitions. Productive capacity is the maximum amount of coal that can be produced annually as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Capacity utilization is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

² Does not include Arkansas.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Table 21. Productive Capacity and Capacity Utilization of Coal Mines by State and Mine Production Range, 1999

(Thousand Short Tons, Percent)

		Pro	ductive Capac	city				Capacity Utilization (percent)		
Coal-Producing State and Region					Mine Produc	_				
	1,000 and over	500 to 1,000	200 to 500	100 to 200	10 to 100	1,000 and over	500 to 1,000	200 to 500	100 to 200	10 to 100
Alabama	16,852	_	2,080	1,186	2,172	92.33	_	95.84	61.47	55.44
Alaska	10,032 W	_	2,000	1,100	2,172	y2.33 W	_	75.04	-	33.44
Arizona	w	_	_	_	_	w	_	_	_	_
Arkansas	w _			_	w	w _		_	_	w
Colorado	38.898	_	2,200	_	- w	74.19	_	51.45	_	- w
Illinois	44,018	3,750	2,200	w	w	84.99	69.62	51.45	w	w
Indiana	27,887	10,235	w	w _	w	89.90	75.52	w	w _	w
Kansas	27,867	10,233		w	w _	69.90	75.52	w	w	W
Kentucky Total	62,803	41,260	w 41,938	20,361	16,271	91.10	82.75	69.06	60.45	41.57
•										
Eastern	39,432	W	35,231	w	13,561	89.91 93.10	W	73.51 45.71	W	45.60
Western	23,371	W	6,706	w	2,710		W	45./1	W	21.38
Louisiana	W	w			467	W	w			- 50.45
Maryland	w		w	W	467	w		w	w	50.45
Mississippi	_	-	_	_	w	_	_	_	_	W
Missouri	_	_	w	_	w	_	_	W	_	W
Montana	W	-	w	_	_	w	_	W	-	-
New Mexico	W	-	_	W	_	w	_	_	w	-
North Dakota	32,610	_	_	_		95.48	_	_	_	-
Ohio	13,091	6,057	7,687	2,070	1,711	85.54	80.92	51.50	71.08	49.84
Oklahoma	_	w	w	1,714	_	_	w	w	47.20	-
Pennsylvania Total	54,751	8,822	14,058	6,990	9,149	89.55	71.22	73.66	69.78	59.69
Anthracite	_	w	2,055	w	2,442	_	w	83.95	W	59.22
Bituminous	54,751	w	12,003	w	6,707	89.55	w	71.90	w	59.86
Tennessee	_	_	2,134	1,032	560	_	_	91.31	66.50	68.48
Texas	W	-	W	-	-	w	_	w	_	-
Utah	25,749	W	W	-	w	91.69	w	W	_	W
Virginia	W	8,762	13,721	w	4,271	w	97.41	81.34	w	75.96
Washington	w	_	_	_	_	w	_	_	_	-
West Virginia Total	125,008	27,660	25,004	9,127	8,328	82.41	88.44	76.65	77.05	49.92
Northern	35,514	4,726	2,770	2,155	2,298	82.70	84.76	78.17	81.76	63.11
Southern	89,494	22,934	22,234	6,972	6,030	82.29	89.20	76.46	75.60	44.89
Wyoming	389,887	W	W	-	W	85.97	W	W	-	w
Appalachian Total ¹	259,897	86,249	100,391	45,089	40,220	85.85	86.32	74.64	67.31	54.01
Interior Total ¹	151,906	22,012	9,444	w	w	91.55	70.64	54.57	w	W
Western Total ¹	593,967	20,534	5,898	w	w	85.21	16.07	44.45	W	w
East of Miss. River	355,174	106,547	108,049	46,763	45,743	86.54	83.22	72.98	66.17	49.76
West of Miss. River	650,597	22,248	7,684	2,025	803	86.22	20.82	50.15	55.04	33.10
U.S. Total	1,005,770	128,795	115,733	48,788	46,546	86.33	72.44	71.46	65.71	49.47

For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

tration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: Productive capacity is the maximum amount of coal that can be produced annually as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Capacity utilization is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Adminis-

Table 22. Productive Capacity and Productivity of Coal Mines by State and Capacity Utilization Range, 1999

(Thousand Short Tons, Short Tons per Employee per Hour)

			Productiv	e Capacit	y				Produ	ctivity		
Coal-Producing					C	apacity Utili (perc		ge				
State and Region	90 and over	80 to 90	70 to 80	60 to 70	Less than 60	Total	90 and over	80 to 90	70 to 80	60 to 70	Less than 60	Total
Alabama	. 16,387	w	w	3,640	1,563	22,290	2.29	4.51	3.34	2.37	0.89	2.25
Alaska	,	_	_	3,040	1,505 W	22,230 W	2.2)	4.51	J.J4 _	2.57	5.56	5.56
Arizona		_	_	_	_	w	6.88	_	_	_	J.50 —	6.61
Arkansas		_	_	_	_	w	1.89	_	_	_	_	1.89
Colorado		w	w	w	14,151	41,098	9.69	5.70	7.29	2.63	4.71	7.93
Illinois	,	12,650	6,500	6,475	2,351	48,783	4.74	4.70	3.75	3.99	1.14	4.19
	,											
Indiana		10,220	6,800	1,450	4,541	41,355	5.50	5.47	5.98	5.98	3.39	5.42
Kansas		26.661	10.224	12.520	42.501	W	8.58	- 4.02	2.65	- 4.20	1.61	8.58
Kentucky Total		26,661	10,234	12,528	42,591	182,633	4.52	4.92	3.65	4.28	1.61	3.89
Eastern		17,318	10,234	10,849	32,004	142,362	4.37	4.83	3.65	4.26	1.52	3.74
Western	,	9,343	-	1,679	10,587	40,271	5.24	5.11	_	4.38	2.08	4.57
Louisiana		W	-	W	_	W	-	8.35	-	8.97	-	8.49
Maryland		W	-	W	W	4,224	5.49	1.71	-	2.48	.98	4.20
Mississippi		-	-	_	-	W	.19	-	-	-	-	.19
Missouri		-	_	W	_	W	1.62	-	-	3.53	_	2.89
Montana		-	26,300	W	_	54,882	39.45	_	21.66	17.19	_	22.84
New Mexico	. 21,137	W	-	_	W	32,797	9.99	7.17	-	_	3.67	8.30
North Dakota		-	w	_	_	32,610	18.73	-	9.98	-	_	17.26
Ohio	. 13,539	2,421	1,564	2,020	11,072	30,617	3.39	4.14	3.02	5.25	2.29	3.19
Oklahoma	. w	W	w	W	1,320	2,580	5.34	4.49	3.72	2.34	1.96	3.15
Pennsylvania Total	. 44,466	20,787	2,943	10,850	14,725	93,770	5.00	5.05	2.32	3.46	1.19	3.81
Anthracite	3,418	172	376	100	2,556	6,622	4.55	1.46	21.99	1.46	.45	1.76
Bituminous	41,048	20,615	2,567	10,750	12,169	87,148	5.05	5.15	2.07	3.51	1.61	4.12
Tennessee	1,127	1,150	415	625	410	3,727	3.90	2.89	2.56	3.55	.86	2.75
Texas	47,680	W	W	_	W	54,705	10.24	11.02	6.92	_	5.48	10.08
Utah	. 14,783	W	w	_	w	32,158	8.77	8.65	6.74	_	1.13	6.84
Virginia	24,604	1,938	2,961	633	9,593	39,729	3.69	3.93	3.41	2.48	1.37	3.09
Washington	. w	· –	· –	_	· –	w	3.95	_	_	_	_	3.95
West Virginia Total		17,397	23,232	24,735	26,875	195,128	5.66	6.69	4.92	5.24	1.44	4.77
Northern	,	760	4,097	1,506	7,541	47,463	5.58	3.77	3.01	4.96	1.56	4.63
Southern	,	16,637	19,135	23,229	19,334	147,664	5.69	6.94	5.69	5.26	1.42	4.81
Wyoming		36,140	99,000	_	50,680	407,977	43.66	24.65	35.28	_	21.76	37.29
Appalachian Total ¹	278,439	61,456	41,700	53,492	96,758	531,846	4.46	5.15	4.00	4.18	1.45	3.84
Interior Total ¹		39,215	16,075	11,348	19,299	192,566	6.60	5.50	4.86	4.41	2.04	5.64
Western Total ¹		52,040	136,084	17,382	76,366	621,220	21.10	14.93	25.10	13.89	7.37	19.05
East of Miss. River	. 336,273	93,669	55,000	63,096	114,237	662,275	4.56	5.11	4.14	4.19	1.51	3.97
West of Miss. River		59,042	138,859	19,126	78,186	683,356	18.48	13.96	23.71	12.13	6.97	17.18
U.S. Total	724,416	152,711	193,859	82,223	192,423	1,345,632	7.66	6.79	10.00	4.94	2.19	6.61

For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: Productivity is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, and shop or yard work at mining operations, including office workers. Productive capacity is the maximum amount of coal that can be produced annually as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Capacity utilization is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons and preparation plants with less than 5,000 employee hours, which are not required to provide data. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Adminis-

tration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Table 23. Productive Capacity and Capacity Utilization of Coal Mines by State and Recoverable Reserves Range, 1999

					Reserves Range short tons)			
Coal-Producing	50 an	d over	10 to	o 50	0 to	10	То	tal
State and Region	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)
Alabama	8,542	99.54	7,516	83.01	6,231	76.14	22,290	87.42
Alaska	8,542 W	99.54 W	7,510	65.01	0,231	70.14	22,290 W	W
			_	_	_	_		
Arizona	w -	w -	_	_			w	w
Arkansas			0.200		W	w 52.20	W	w
Colorado	26,647	85.81	8,300	46.27	6,151	53.38	41,098	72.97
Illinois	18,750	85.12	20,702	79.09	9,331	86.62	48,783	82.85
Indiana	_	_	24,660	87.93	16,696	73.80	41,355	82.22
Kansas	_	_	_	_	W	w	W	W
Kentucky Total	10,539	96.13	29,873	83.36	142,221	73.38	182,633	76.32
Eastern	_	_	20,918	83.77	121,444	76.00	142,362	77.14
Western	10,539	96.13	8,955	82.41	20,777	58.07	40,271	73.44
Louisiana	w	w	w	w	_	_	w	w
Maryland	w	w	w	w	w	w	4.224	90.15
Mississippi	w	w	_	_	_	_	w	w
Missouri		_	_	_	w	w	w	w
Montana	w	w	w	w			54,882	74.89
New Mexico	27,031	95.58	w	w	w	w	32,797	88.90
North Dakota	32,610	95.48	w	w	w	w _	32,610	95.48
	8.495	89.06	6.246	77.83	15.876	62.71	30.617	73.10
Ohio	6,493		-, -		- ,		,	
Oklahoma	-	-	w 25.202	w	W	w	W	w
Pennsylvania Total	27,649	87.02	25,202	91.21	40,919	70.77	93,770	81.06
Anthracite			W	W	W	W	6,622	69.14
Bituminous	27,649	87.02	W	W	W	W	87,148	81.96
Tennessee	_	_	_	_	3,727	81.01	3,727	81.01
Texas	38,058	96.61	W	W	W	w	54,705	97.02
Utah	w	w	W	w	8,958	88.02	32,158	81.98
Virginia	_	_	9,359	72.82	30,370	83.64	39,729	81.09
Washington	_	_	w	w	_	_	w	w
West Virginia Total	32,567	83.68	50,388	80.98	112,173	80.03	195,128	80.89
Northern	W W	w	w	w	12,925	82.68	47,463	81.65
Southern	w	w	w	w	99,248	79.69	147,664	80.64
Wyoming	394,207	84.06			13,770	41.83	407,977	82.63
	,				13,770			
Appalachian Total ¹	80,086	87.67	120,104	82.99	331,656	76.79	531,846	79.83
Interior Total 1	70,116	92.86	72,213	86.95	50,237	68.87	192,566	84.39
Western Total ¹	561,029	84.23	31,206	72.85	28,985	58.77	621,220	82.47
East of Miss. River	109,394	88.05	174,421	83.20	378,460	75.87	662,275	79.81
West of Miss. River	601,837	85.00	49,102	81.64	32,417	59.11	683,356	83.53
U.S. Total	711,231	85.47	223,523	82.86	410,878	74.55	1,345,632	81.70

¹ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

W Withheld to evoid disclosure of individual company data

Notes: Recoverable reserves represent the quantity of coal that can be recovered (i.e., mined) from existing coal reserves at reporting mines. Productive capacity is the maximum amount of coal that can be produced annually as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Capacity utilization is the ratio of total production to productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

W Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Table 24. Productive Capacity and Capacity Utilization of Coal Mines by State, Mine Type, and Union Type, 1999

	UM	WA	Other	Unions	Non	union	To	otal
Coal-Producing State and Region	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)
Alabama	17,273	92.38	_	_	5,016	70.36	22,290	87.42
Underground	16,029	91.79	_	_	87	100.00	16,116	91.83
Surface	1,244	100.00	_	_	4,929	69.84	6,174	75.92
Maska	_	_	_	_	w	w	w	w
Surface	_	_	_	_	W	W	W	w
Arizona	w	W	_	_	_	_	w	w
Surface	W	W	_	_	_	-	W	w
Arkansas	-	_	_	_	W	W	W	w
Surface	_	-	_	_	W	W	W	w
Colorado	w	w	W	W	22,598	71.73	41,098	72.97
Underground	W	W	_	_	W	W	31,029	66.00
Surface	w 25.536	w 92.55	W	W	W 10.220	W	10,069	94.46
llinois	25,536	82.55	4,010	81.99	19,238	83.43	48,783	82.85
Underground	W	W	W	W	17,267	81.90	44,402	82.78
Surface	W	W	W	W	1,971	96.82	4,381	83.51
ndiana	13,767	79.86	_	_	27,588	83.41	41,355	82.22
Underground	12.767	70.06	_	-	3,916	90.72	3,916	90.72
Surface	13,767	79.86	_	-	23,672	82.20	37,439	81.34
Kansas	-	_	_	_	W	w	w	w
Surface	-	-	_	-	W	W	W	W
Kentucky Total	17,186	78.06	_	-	165,447	76.14	182,633	76.32
Underground	W	W	_	_	W	W	109,978	78.27
Surface	W	W	_	_	W	W	72,656	73.38
Eastern	W	w	_	_	W	W	142,362	77.14
Underground	W	W	_	_	W	W	80,882	77.71
Surface	_	_	_	_	W	W	W	w
Western	w	W	_	_	w	W	40,271	73.44
Underground	W	W	_	-	W	W	29,096	79.80
Surface	W	W	_	_	W	W	11,175	56.89
ouisiana	-	-	_	-	w	w	w	w
Surface	-	_	_	-	W	W	W	W
Maryland	-	-	_	-	4,224	90.15	4,224	90.15
Underground	-	-	_	_	3,307	99.17	3,307	99.17
Surface	_	-	_	-	917	57.60	917	57.60
Aississippi	-	-	_	_	w	W	w	w
Surface	_	_	_	_	W	w	W	w
Aissouri	_	_	_	_	w	w	w	w
Surface	_	_	_	_	w	w	w	w
Montana	w	w	w	w	w	w	54,882	74.89
Surface	w	W	w	w	W	w	54,882	74.89
New Mexico	w	w	w	w	6,106	82.49	32,797	88.90
Underground	_	_	_	_	W	w	W	w
Surface	w	W	w	w	w	W	w	w
North Dakota	w	w	w	w	w	w	32,610	95.48
Surface	w	w	w	w	w	w	32,610	95.48
Ohio	15,143	74.83	-	-	15,473	71.41	30,617	73.10
Underground	12,220	76.60	_	_	3,043	68.04	15,263	74.90
Surface	2,923	67.43	_	_	12,430	72.24	15,353	71.32
Oklahoma	· –	_	_	_	2,580	63.75	2,580	63.75
Underground	_	_	_	_	360	55.49	360	55.49
Surface	_	_	_	_	2,220	65.09	2,220	65.09
ennsylvania Total	w	w	w	w	54,534	79.41	93,770	81.06
Underground	w	w	_	_	w	w	69,677	84.82
Surface	w	w	w	w	w	w	24,093	70.17
Anthracite	w	w	w	w	4,729	85.31	6,622	69.14
Underground	_	_	_	_	328	90.23	328	90.23
Surface	w	w	w	w	4,402	84.94	6,295	68.05
Bituminous	w	w	-	-	w	w	87,148	81.96
Underground	w	w	_	_	w	w	69,349	84.79
Surface	w	w	_	_	w	w	17,799	70.92
ennessee	- W	_	_	_	3,727	81.01	3,727	81.01
Underground	_	_	_	_	1,921	76.92	1,921	76.92
Surface	_	_	_	_	1,805	85.35	1,805	85.35
	25,548	99.01					,	97.02
Cexas		99.01 99.01	W	W	w w	w	54,705	97.02 97.02
Jtah	25,548		W	W		76.98	54,705 32 158	
	w	w	w	w	23,174		32,158	81.98
Underground	W	W	W	W	23,174	76.98	32,158	81.98

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. Productive Capacity and Capacity Utilization of Coal Mines by State, Mine Type, and Union Type, 1999 (Continued)

	UM	WA	Other	Unions	None	inion	To	tal
Coal-Producing State and Region	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)
Virginia	6,109	69.64	1,520	97.29	32,099	82.50	39,729	81.09
Underground	6,109	69.64	w	w	w	w	27,473	81.93
Surface		_	w	w	w	w	12,256	79.22
Washington		_	w	w	_	_	w	w
Surface	–	_	w	w	_	_	w	w
West Virginia Total	83,238	79.25	_	_	111,889	82.11	195,128	80.89
Underground	58,779	81.22	_	_	68,499	81.61	127,278	81.43
Surface	24,460	74.51	_	_	43,390	82.89	67,850	79.87
Northern		79.24	_	_	16,589	86.15	47,463	81.65
Underground	30,874	79.24	_	_	10,608	86.62	41,482	81.13
Surface		_	_	_	5,981	85.31	5,981	85.31
Southern		79.25	_	_	95,300	81.40	147,664	80.64
Underground		83.42	_	_	57,891	80.69	85,796	81.58
Surface	24,460	74.51	_	_	37,409	82.50	61,869	79.34
Wyoming		w	w	w	392,586	82.39	407,977	82.63
Underground		_	_	_	3,680	45.46	3,680	45.46
Surface		w	w	w	388,906	82.74	404,297	82.97
Appalachian Total ¹	161,613	80.96	1,570	96.07	368,662	79.26	531,846	79.83
Underground	130,421	82.97	880	95.31	210,616	80.74	341,917	81.63
Surface	31,192	72.58	690	97.03	158,047	77.29	189,928	76.59
nterior Total ¹	81,375	86.17	13,826	94.78	97,366	81.42	192,566	84.39
Underground	41,009	80.06	2,150	95.00	34,615	83.36	77,774	81.94
Surface	40,365	92.38	11,676	94.74	62,751	80.35	114,792	86.04
Western Total ¹	73,055	82.79	64,700	82.13	483,464	82.47	621,220	82.47
Underground	21,800	80.52	1,184	68.24	43,989	68.79	66,973	72.60
Surface	51,255	83.75	63,516	82.39	439,475	83.84	554,247	83.66
East of Miss. River		80.79	5,580	85.95	439,256	79.25	662,275	79.81
Underground	171,431	82.27	3,030	95.09	244,871	81.15	419,332	81.71
Surface	46,009	75.27	2,550	75.10	194,385	76.86	242,944	76.54
West of Miss. River	98,604	86.99	74,516	84.49	510,237	82.72	683,356	83.53
Underground	21,800	80.52	1,184	68.24	44,349	68.68	67,333	72.51
Surface		88.82	73,332	84.75	465,888	84.06	616,023	84.73
U.S. Total	316,043	82.72	80,096	84.59	949,492	81.12	1,345,632	81.70
Underground	193,231	82.07	4,214	87.54	289,220	79.24	486,665	80.43
Surface	122,812	83.75	75,882	84.43	660,273	81.94	858,967	82.42

¹ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

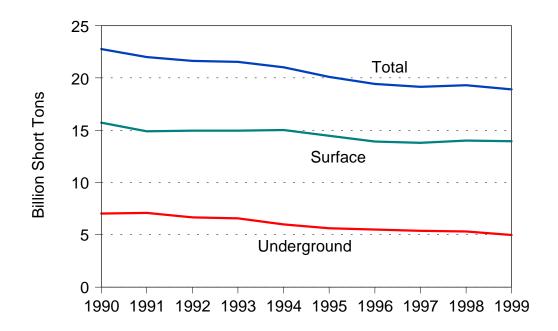
Notes: Productive capacity is the maximum amount of coal that can be produced annually as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Capacity utilization is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. See Glossary for listing of other unions.

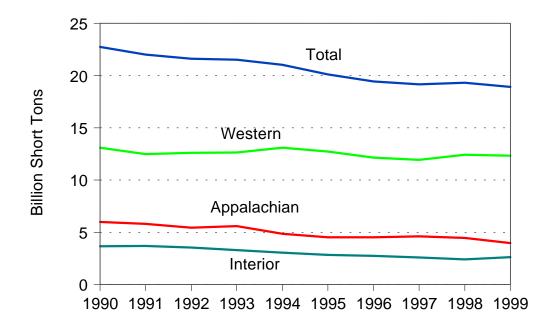
Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

w Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Recoverable Coal Reserves at Producing Mines

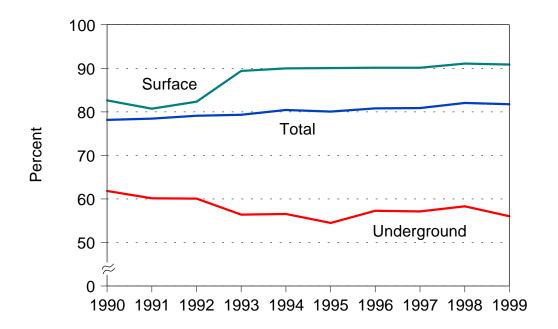
Figure 1. Recoverable Coal Reserves at Producing U.S. Mines by Mine Type and by Region, 1990-1999

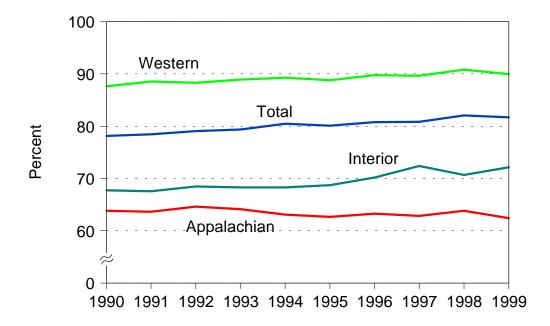




Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; State Mining Agency Coal Production Reports and/or U.S. Department of Labor, MIne Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Figure 2. Average Recovery Percentage at Producing U.S. Mines by Mine Type and by Region, 1990-1999





Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; State Mining Agency Coal Production Reports and/or U.S. Department of Labor, MIne Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table 25. Recoverable Coal Reserves at Producing Mines by State, 1990, 1995-1999 (Million Short Tons)

Coal-Producing	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
State and Region							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Alabama	436	374	374	452	510	489	16.7	-3.8	-1.3
Alaska	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Arizona	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Arkansas	_	_	_	_	w	w	_	_	_
California	_	_	_	_	_	w	_	_	_
Colorado	617	540	568	642	692	546	14.1	-2.8	1.3
Illinois	780	744	745	891	882	1,174	4.9	-3.0	-4.4
Indiana	291	313	393	386	324	444	-7.3	-2.6	-4.6
Iowa	_	_	_	_	_	w	_	_	_
Kansas	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Kentucky Total	1,119	R 1,180	1,331	1,255	1,279	1,585	-5.1	-3.3	-3.8
Eastern	714	R 759	965	818	763	994	-5.9	-1.6	-3.6
Western	405	421	366	437	516	591	-3.6	-5.8	-4.1
Louisiana	403 W	421 W	300 W	437 W	W W	391 W	-3.0 W	-5.8 W	-4.1 W
	w 79	64	68	71	58	85	23.7	8.4	8
Maryland	W	-	-	-	_	- 65	23.7	-	6
Mississippi		3	_ 1	3	2				
Missouri	W		-		_	W	w	w	w 5.2
Montana	1,147	1,191	1,168	1,309	1,251	1,872	-3.7 *	-2.1	-5.3
New Mexico	1,385	1,385	1,415	1,436	1,480	1,527		-1.6	-1.1
North Dakota	1,188	1,170	1,211	1,301	1,668	1,414	1.6	-8.1	-1.9
Ohio	383	356	318	415	468	692	7.4	-4.9	-6.4
Oklahoma	35	18	24	19	19	38	90.8	16.4	9
Pennsylvania Total	657	775	905	796	737	1,126	-15.1	-2.8	-5.8
Anthracite	76	88	120	90	49	77	-13.9	11.2	1
Bituminous	582	687	785	706	687	1,050	-15.3	-4.1	-6.3
Tennessee	14	27	57	59	68	63	-48.3	-32.7	-15.4
Texas	756	791	922	878	940	1,209	-4.5	-5.3	-5.1
Utah	424	433	433	284	375	505	-2.1	3.1	-1.9
Virginia	220	R 190	208	188	203	424	15.9	2.0	-7.0
Washington	w	_ w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
West Virginia Total	1,465	R 1,911	1,737	1,731	1,731	2,115	-23.3	-4.1	-4.0
Northern	552	857	714	741	782	1,018	-35.5	-8.3	-6.6
Southern	912	R 1.054	1.023	990	949	1.097	-13.5	-1.0	-2.0
Wyoming	7,094	7,220	6,465	6,591	6,724	6,564	-1.8	1.3	.9
Appalachian Total ¹	3,968	R 4,456	4,632	4,530	4,538	5,989	-10.9	-3.3	-4.5
Interior Total ¹	2,620	2,428	2,591	2,757	2,835	3,682	7.9	-1.9	-3.7
Western Total ¹	12,331	12,438	11,941	12,141	12,732	13,091	9	8	7
East of Miss. River	5,661	R 5,934	6,136	6,244	6,260	8,197	-4.6	-2.5	-4.0
West of Miss. River	13,259	13,389	13,029	13,184	13,845	14,564	-1.0	-1.1	-1.0
U.S. Total	18,920	R 19,322	19,164	19,428	20,105	22,761	-2.1	-1.5	-2.0

¹ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: Recoverable reserves represent the quantity of coal that can be recovered (i.e., mined) from existing coal reserves at reporting mines. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; State Mining Agency Coal Production Reports; and/or U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

^{*} Data round to zero.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

R Revised Data.

Table 26. Average Recovery Percentage at Producing Coal Mines by State, 1990, 1995-1999

Coal-Producing State and Region	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990
	54.47	54.15	54.81	55.56	58.74	60.40
Alaska						
Alaska	W	W	W	W	W	W
Arizona	W	W	W	W	W	W
Arkansas	_	_	_	-	W	W
California	70.61	- 01 40		70.12	-	W
Colorado	72.61	81.40	80.43	79.12	66.06	68.55
Ilinois	53.92	53.48	53.49	54.20	52.05	52.15
ndiana	75.35	76.46	76.35	78.85	76.23	71.24
owa	-	_	_	-	-	W
Kansas	W	w W	W	W	W	W
Kentucky Total	56.66	R 59.85	60.91	58.99	57.71	63.21
Eastern	58.29	R 62.37	63.14	62.59	60.87	66.97
Western	53.78	55.29	55.02	52.27	53.03	56.88
Louisiana	w	w	w	W	w	w
Maryland	60.13	60.39	57.36	61.45	58.34	73.17
Mississippi	W	_	_	_	_	_
Missouri	W	87.46	60.73	59.87	61.04	w
Montana	91.18	90.98	90.27	89.05	90.38	82.47
New Mexico	93.57	93.43	93.42	93.35	92.62	92.31
North Dakota	89.74	88.38	89.84	89.72	89.58	90.91
Ohio	72.15	70.78	63.89	71.61	68.73	69.79
Oklahoma	74.87	66.01	69.34	65.94	62.39	72.35
Pennsylvania Total	66.12	64.29	65.17	65.59	65.26	67.12
Anthracite	49.66	54.61	47.72	59.90	64.39	51.38
Bituminous	68.26	65.53	67.85	66.32	65.32	68.26
Γennessee	67.65	71.35	68.23	63.33	64.14	68.12
Гехаѕ	91.29	89.55	90.47	88.32	87.09	83.22
Utah	51.11	52.14	49.47	45.61	46.10	52.41
Virginia	61.33	R 58.44	58.58	54.81	58.14	66.21
E .	01.33 W		36.36 W		36.14 W	00.21 W
Washington	62.74	65.33	63.58	w 63.49	62.44	58.36
West Virginia Total						
Northern	62.26	66.34	58.54	58.91	55.10	50.54
Southern	63.03	64.50	67.10	66.92	68.49	65.62
Wyoming	92.98	93.80	92.26	92.16	92.27	91.57
Appalachian Total ¹	62.38	R 63.81	62.85	63.25	62.65	63.79
Interior Total 1	72.12	70.64	72.36	70.15	68.71	67.70
Western Total ¹	89.95	90.79	89.63	89.74	88.81	87.59
East of Miss. River	62.32	R 62.58	62.11	62.16	61.06	62.03
West of Miss. River	89.97	90.66	89.64	89.60	88.66	87.16
U.S. Total	81.70	R 82.03	80.83	80.78	80.07	78.11

¹ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: Average recovery percentage represents the percentage of coal that can be recovered from coal reserves at reporting mines, weighted for all mines in the geographic area. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; State Mining Agency Coal Production Reports; and/or U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

w Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Revised Data.

Table 27. Recoverable Coal Reserves and Average Recovery Percentage at Producing Mines by State and Mine Type, 1999

(Million Short Tons)

	Undergro	und	Surfac	e	Total	
Coal-Producing State and Region	Recoverable Coal Reserves	Average Recovery Percentage	Recoverable Coal Reserves	Average Recovery Percentage	Recoverable Coal Reserves	Average Recovery Percentage
Alabama	392	52.98	44	67.63	436	54.47
Alaska	_	_	W	W	W	W
Arizona	_	_	W	W	W	w
Colorado	415	66.01	202	86.18	617	72.61
Illinois	754	52.86	26	84.45	780	53.92
Indiana	28	48.77	262	78.24	291	75.35
Kansas	_	_	w	W	w	w
Kentucky Total	931	51.03	189	84.44	1,119	56.66
Eastern	552	51.12	162	82.83	714	58.29
Western	378	50.91	27	94.10	405	53.78
Louisiana	_	-	w	w	w	w
Maryland	70	58.31	10	73.11	79	60.13
Mississippi	-	50.51	W	73.11 W	w	00.13 W
Missouri	_	_	w	w	W	w
Montana	_	_	1.147	91.18	1,147	91.18
	_	_	, ,		1.385	93.57
New Mexico	w	W	W	W	/	
North Dakota			1,188	89.74	1,188	89.74
Ohio	191	59.99	191	84.29	383	72.15
Oklahoma	W	W	W	W	35	74.87
Pennsylvania Total	490	65.04	167	69.28	657	66.12
Anthracite	2	80.00	73	48.66	76	49.66
Bituminous	488	64.97	94	85.33	582	68.26
Tennessee	8	53.74	6	86.35	14	67.65
Texas	-	-	756	91.29	756	91.29
Utah	424	51.11	-	-	424	51.11
Virginia	193	57.87	27	85.81	220	61.33
Washington	_	_	W	W	w	w
West Virginia Total	1,073	56.65	392	79.42	1,465	62.74
Northern	526	61.58	26	75.82	552	62.26
Southern	547	51.91	365	79.67	912	63.03
Wyoming	w	w	w	w	7,094	92.98
Appalachian Total ¹	2,969	56.85	999	78.83	3,968	62.38
Interior Total ¹	1,174	52.20	1,446	88.29	2,620	72.12
Western Total ¹	841	58.48	11,491	92.26	12,331	89.95
East of Miss. River	4,130	55.52	1,531	80.67	5,661	62.32
West of Miss. River	854	58.49	12,405	92.14	13,259	89.97
U.S. Total	4,983	56.03	13,936	90.88	18,920	81.70

For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: Recoverable reserves represent the quantity of coal that can be recovered (i.e., mined) from existing coal reserves at reporting mines. Average recovery percentage represents the percentage of coal that can be recovered from coal reserves at reporting mines, weighted for all mines in the reported geographic area. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Adminis-

tration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Table 28. Recoverable Coal Reserves at Producing Underground Mines by State and Mining Method, 1999

(Million Short Tons)

Coal-Producing State and Region	${\bf Continuous}^1$	Conventional ²	Longwall ³	Other ⁴	Total
Alabama	W	_	w	_	392
Colorado	19	_	396	_	415
llinois	380	_	375	_	754
ndiana	W	_	_	_	w
Kentucky Total	822	40	68	_	931
Eastern	507	40	5	_	552
Western	315	_	63	_	378
/aryland	W	_	w	_	70
New Mexico	W	_	_	_	w
Ohio	23	_	169	_	191
Oklahoma	W	_	_	_	w
ennsylvania Total	126	1	364	*	490
Anthracite	2	1	_	*	2
Bituminous	124	_	364	_	488
ennessee	8	_	_	_	8
Jtah	49	3	372	_	424
/irginia	153	*	40	_	193
Vest Virginia Total	489	*	584	_	1,073
Northern	87	_	439	_	526
Southern	401	*	145	_	547
Vyoming	W	-	W	-	w
Appalachian Total ⁵	1,318	41	1,610	*	2,969
nterior Total ⁵	736	_	438	_	1,174
Vestern Total ⁵	68	3	769	-	841
East of Miss. River	2,041	41	2,048	*	4,130
Vest of Miss. River	81	3	769	-	854
J.S. Total	2,122	44	2,817	*	4,983

¹ Mines that produce greater than 50 percent of coal by continuous mining method.

Notes: Recoverable reserves represent the quantity of coal that can be recovered (i.e., mined) from existing coal reserves at reporting mines. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

² Mines that produce greater than 50 percent of coal by conventional mining method.

³ Mines that have any production from longwall mining method. A typical longwall mining operation uses 80 percent longwall mining and 20 percent continuous mining.

⁴ Mines that produce coal using shortwall, scoop loading, hand loading, or other mining methods or a 50/50 percent continuous/conventional split in mining method, or mines that produce less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

⁵ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

^{*} Data round to zero.

W Withheld to avoid

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Table 29. Average Recovery Percentage at Producing Underground Coal Mines by State and Mining Method, 1999

Coal-Producing State and Region	Continuous 1	Conventional ²	Longwall ³	Other ⁴	Total
Alabama	w	_	w	_	52.98
Colorado	46.78	_	66.94	_	66.01
llinois	49.53	_	56.23	_	52.86
ndiana	w	_	_	_	W
Kentucky Total	50.66	49.98	56.16	_	51.03
Eastern	51.22	49.98	50.00	_	51.12
Western	49.76	_	56.65	_	50.91
/aryland	W	_	w	_	58.31
New Mexico		_	_	_	w
Ohio	61.89	_	59.74	_	59.99
Oklahoma	w	_	_	_	w
ennsylvania Total	61.78	80.00	66.14	80.00	65.04
Anthracite	80.00	80.00	_	80.00	80.00
Bituminous	61.53	_	66.14	_	64.97
Pennessee	53.74	_	_	_	53.74
Jtah	66.73	46.00	49.11	_	51.11
/irginia	59.92	61.00	50.00	_	57.87
Vest Virginia Total		56.00	59.93	_	56.65
Northern	64.10	_	61.08	_	61.58
Southern	50.25	56.00	56.47	_	51.91
Vyoming	W	-	W	-	w
Appalachian Total ⁵	54.08	50.45	59.27	80.00	56.85
nterior Total ⁵	49.77	_	56.29	_	52.20
Vestern Total ⁵	61.14	46.00	58.30	-	58.48
East of Miss. River	52.49	50.45	58.64	80.00	55.52
Vest of Miss. River	60.80	46.00	58.30	_	58.49
J.S. Total	52.81	50.13	58.54	80.00	56.03

Mines that produce greater than 50 percent of coal by continuous mining method.

Notes: Average recovery percentage represents the percentage of coal that can be recovered from coal reserves at reporting mines, weighted for all

mines in the reported geographic area. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Mines that produce greater than 50 percent of coal by conventional mining method.

Mines that have any production from longwall mining method. A typical longwall mining operation uses 80 percent longwall mining and 20 percent

continuous mining.

4 Mines that produce coal using shortwall, scoop loading, hand loading, or other mining methods or a 50/50 percent continuous/conventional split in mining method, or mines that produce less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Table 30. Recoverable Coal Reserves and Average Recovery Percentage at Producing U.S. Mines by Mine Production Range and Mine Type, 1999

(Million Short Tons)

	Undergro	ound	Surfac	ce	Total	I
Mine Production Range (thousand short tons)	Recoverable Coal Reserves	Average Recovery Percentage	Recoverable Coal Reserves	Average Recovery Percentage	Recoverable Coal Reserves	Average Recovery Percentage
Over 1,000	3,573	56.40	12,533	91.49	16,105	83.70
500 to 1,000	524	54.86	662	91.01	1,186	75.03
200 to 500	443	54.33	260	82.63	703	64.79
100 to 200	265	56.11	86	79.89	351	61.93
50 to 100	95	56.57	74	85.30	170	69.15
10 to 50	83	55.62	322	77.96	405	73.35
U.S. Total	4,983	56.03	13,936	90.88	18,920	81.70

Notes: Recoverable reserves represent the quantity of coal that can be recovered (i.e., mined) from existing coal reserves at reporting mines. Average recovery percentage represents the percentage of coal that can be recovered from coal reserves at reporting mines, weighted for all mines in the reported geographic area. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table 31. Recoverable Coal Reserves and Average Recovery Percentage at Producing U.S. Mines by Coalbed Thickness and Mine Type, 1999

(Million Short Tons)

	Undergr	ound	Surfa	ce	Total	I
Coalbed Thickness (inches)	Recoverable Coal Reserves	Average Recovery Percentage	Recoverable Coal Reserves	Average Recovery Percentage	Recoverable Coal Reserves	Average Recovery Percentage
< 7	_	_	*	94.07	*	94.07
7-12	_	_	43	69.12	43	69.12
13-18	_	_	48	80.93	48	80.93
19-24	1	50.68	342	89.39	344	89.25
25-30	42	56.48	245	87.49	288	82.92
31-36	215	52.51	217	83.21	432	67.94
37-42	316	54.70	123	84.16	438	62.94
43-48	354	55.96	226	83.97	580	66.86
49-54	532	53.42	430	88.79	963	69.23
55-60	515	53.33	307	84.27	823	64.89
51-66	307	57.36	134	86.98	441	66.34
67-72	849	58.30	359	87.20	1,208	66.89
73-78	254	54.68	27	78.81	280	56.97
79-84	491	54.80	198	88.52	689	64.49
85-90	82	69.99	136	83.63	218	78.51
91-96	229	61.03	349	92.70	577	80.15
97-102	83	26.35	31	88.94	115	43.42
103-108	35	56.53	111	91.17	146	82.81
109-114	101	62.06	107	87.58	208	75.23
115-120	83	62.54	39	86.47	122	70.24
> 120	495	59.26	10,464	92.15	10,958	90.66
U.S. Total	4,983	56.03	13,936	90.88	18,920	81.70

^{*} Data round to zero.

Notes: Recoverable reserves represent the quantity of coal that can be recovered (i.e., mined) from existing coal reserves at reporting mines. Average recovery percentage represents thet percentage of coal that can be recovered from coal reserves at reporting mines, weighted for all mines in the reported geographic area. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table 32. Recoverable Coal Reserves and Average Recovery Percentage at Producing Mines by State, Mine Type, and Union Type, 1999 (Million Short Tons)

	UM	WA	Other	Unions	Nonu	nion	То	tal
Coal-Producing State and Region	Recoverable Coal Reserves	Average Recovery Percentage	Recoverable Coal Reserves	Average Recovery Percentage	Recoverable Coal Reserves	Average Recovery Percentage	Recoverable Coal Reserves	Average Recovery Percentag
Alabama	400	53.94	_	_	37	60.32	436	54.47
Underground		52.95	_	_	2	60.00	392	52.98
Surface	9	95.00	_	_	35	60.33	44	67.63
Alaska		_	_	_	w	w	w	w
Surface	–	_	_	_	W	w	w	w
Arizona		w	_	_	_	_	w	w
Surface	W	w	_	_	_	_	W	w
Colorado	w	w	w	w	454	72.37	617	72.61
Underground		w	_	_	W	w	415	66.01
Surface	W	w	W	W	W	W	202	86.18
llinois	313	48.90	14	70.43	454	56.89	780	53.92
Underground		w	w	w	442	56.02	754	52.86
Surface		w	w	w	12	89.92	26	84.45
Indiana		74.89	_	_	171	75.68	291	75.35
Underground		_	_	_	28	48.77	28	48.77
Surface		74.89	_	_	142	81.06	262	78.24
Kansas		7-1.07	_	_	W	w	w	76.24 W
Surface		_	_	_	w	w	w	w
Kentucky Total		55.88	_	_	1,031	56.73	1,119	56.66
Underground		W W	_	_	W W	W	931	51.03
Surface		w	_	_	w	w	189	84.44
Eastern		w			w	w	714	58.29
Underground		w			w	w	552	51.12
Surface		- w	_	_	w	w	332 W	31.12 W
Western		w	_	_	w	w	405	53.78
		w	_	_	W	W	378	50.91
Underground			_	_				
Surface		W	_	_	W	w	27	94.10
Louisiana		_	_	_	w	w	w	w
Surface		_	_	_	W	W	w	W
Maryland		_	_	_	79	60.13	79	60.13
Underground		_	_	_	70	58.31	70	58.31
Surface		_	-	-	10	73.11	10	73.11
Mississippi		_	_	_	W	w	W	w
Surface		_	_	_	W	W	W	W
Missouri		_	_	_	W	W	W	w
Surface		-	-	-	W	W	W	w
Montana		w	w	W	W	w	1,147	91.18
Surface		W	W	W	W	W	1,147	91.18
New Mexico		w	w	W	209	89.91	1,385	93.57
Underground	–	-	-	-	W	W	W	W
Surface		W	W	W	W	W	W	W
North Dakota	W	W	w	W	W	W	1,188	89.74
Surface	W	w	W	W	w	w	1,188	89.74
Ohio	243	67.42	_	_	140	80.35	383	72.15
Underground	169	59.74	_	_	23	61.89	191	59.99
Surface		84.90	_	_	117	83.91	191	84.29
Oklahoma	–	_	_	_	35	74.87	35	74.87
Underground		_	_	_	13	59.00	13	59.00
Surface		_	_	_	22	84.37	22	84.37
Pennsylvania Total		w	w	w	309	72.42	657	66.12
Underground		w	_	_	w	w	490	65.04
Surface		w	w	w	w	w	167	69.28
Anthracite		w	w	w	27	70.64	76	49.66
Underground		-	-	-	2	80.00	2	80.00
Surface		w	w	w	25	69.72	73	48.60
Bituminous		w	-		w	w	582	68.20
Underground		w	_	_	w	w	488	64.9
Surface		w	_	_	w	w	94	85.33
ennessee		- w	_	_	14	67.65	14	67.6 5
		_	_	_	8	53.74	8	53.74
Underground		_	_	_				
Surface					6	86.35	6 75 6	86.3
'exas		91.56	w	w	w	w	756	91.2
Surface		91.56	W	W	W 27.4	W 52.26	756	91.2
Jtah		w	W	w	374	52.36	424	51.11
Underground		W	w	W	374	52.36	424	51.11
irginia		50.00	8	71.10	187	62.40	220	61.33
Underground	25	50.00	w	w	w	w	193	57.87
Surface		_	W	W	W	w	27	85.81

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Recoverable Coal Reserves and Average Recovery Percentage at Producing Mines by State, Mine Type, and Union Type, 1999 (Continued) (Million Short Tons)

	UM	WA	Other	Unions	Nonu	nion	То	tal
Coal-Producing State and Region	Recoverable Coal Reserves	Average Recovery Percentage	Recoverable Coal Reserves	Average Recovery Percentage	Recoverable Coal Reserves	Average Recovery Percentage	Recoverable Coal Reserves	Average Recovery Percentage
Washington	_	_	w	w	_	_	w	w
Surface	_	_	w	w	_	_	w	w
West Virginia Total	790	63.35	_	_	675	62.02	1,465	62.74
Underground	646	60.23	_	_	427	51.22	1,073	56.65
Surface		77.35	_	_	248	80.62	392	79.42
Northern	444	61.32	_	_	108	66.13	552	62.26
Underground	444	61.32	_	_	82	63.02	526	61.58
Surface	_	_	_	_	26	75.82	26	75.82
Southern		65.96	_	_	566	61.24	912	63.03
Underground		57.86	_	_	345	48.42	547	51.91
Surface	144	77.35	_	_	222	81.18	365	79.67
Wyoming		w	w	w	6,815	93.07	7,094	92.98
Underground	_	_	_	_	1	60.00	1	60.00
Surface	w	w	w	w	6,814	93.07	7,093	92.98
Appalachian Total ¹	1,807	61.09	8	70.15	2,153	63.44	3,968	62.38
Underground	1,524	58.83	6	65.00	1,439	54.72	2,969	56.85
Surface	283	73.28	3	80.96	714	81.02	999	78.83
Interior Total ¹	804	68.59	100	88.75	1,716	72.80	2,620	72.12
Underground	390	49.46	7	60.00	778	53.51	1,174	52.20
Surface	414	86.59	94	90.74	938	88.79	1,446	88.29
Western Total 1	979	84.43	2,285	92.04	9,066	90.02	12,331	89.95
Underground		60.14	4	61.75	667	58.04	841	58.48
Surface	810	89.51	2,281	92.09	8,400	92.56	11,491	92.26
East of Miss. River	2,327	59.96	22	70.33	3,312	63.93	5,661	62.32
Underground	1,914	56.92	12	62.34	2,204	54.26	4,130	55.52
Surface	413	74.06	10	80.32	1,109	83.14	1,531	80.67
West of Miss. River		86.04	2,372	92.02	9,623	89.99	13,259	89.97
Underground		60.14	4	61.75	680	58.06	854	58.49
Surface		90.05	2,368	92.08	8,943	92.41	12,405	92.14
U.S. Total	3,590	69.14	2,394	91.82	12,935	83.31	18,920	81.70
Underground		57.18	16	62.18	2,883	55.16	4,983	56.03
Surface	1,507	85.67	2,377	92.03	10,052	91.39	13,936	90.88

¹ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: Recoverable reserves represent the quantity of coal that can be recovered (i.e., mined) from existing coal reserves at reporting mines. Average recovery percentage represents the percentage of coal that can be recovered from coal reserves at reporting mines, weighted for all mines in the reported geographic area. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. See Glossary for listing of other unions.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

U.S. Demonstrated Reserve Base of Coal by Potential Mining Method and Ranked by Table 33. State Total, January 1, 1997

(Million Short Tons)

Rank	State	Underground	Surface	Total
1	Montana	70,958	48,718	119,677
2	Illinois	88,461	16,608	105,069
3	Wyoming	42,516	25,299	67,815
4	West Virginia	30,968	4,429	35,397
5	Kentucky	18,508	13,533	32,041
6	Pennsylvania	24,232	4,414	28,646
	Anthracite	3,850	3,370	7,220
	Bituminous	20,382	1,044	21,427
7	Ohio	17,789	5,875	23,664
8	Colorado	11,979	4,777	16,756
9	Texas	_	12,931	12,931
10	New Mexico	6,204	6,279	12,483
11	Indiana	8,860	1,057	9,917
12	North Dakota	· _	9,395	9,395
13	Alaska	5,423	703	6,126
14	Missouri	1,479	4,515	5,994
15	Utah	5,583	268	5,850
16	Alabama	1,290	3,256	4,547
17	Virginia	1,528	674	2,202
18	Iowa	1,733	457	2,190
19	Oklahoma	1,237	338	1,575
20	Washington	1,332	57	1,390
21	Kansas	· _	975	975
22	Tennessee	532	284	816
23	Maryland	637	80	717
24	Louisiana	_	463	463
25	Arkansas	273	144	417
26	South Dakota	-	366	366
27	Arizona	102	59	161
28	Michigan	123	5	128
29	Oregon	15	3	18
30	North Carolina	11	_	11
31	Idaho	4	_	4
32	Georgia	2	2	4
	U.S. Total	341,775	165,965	507,740

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, "U.S. Coal Reserves: A Review and Update (DOE/EIA-0529(97)), August, 1998.

Producer/Distributor Stocks

Table 34. Year-End Producer and Distributor Coal Stocks by State, 1995-1999 (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	Percent Change	Average Annua Percent Change
State and Region				222		1998-1999	1995-1999
Alabama	2,172	1,636	1,289	1,031	1,358	32.8	12.5
Alaska	. 22	29	25	6	26	-25.0	-4.3
Arizona	1,229	2,077	2,911	2,232	2,760	-40.8	-18.3
Arkansas	*	*	2	1	4	_	-42.7
Colorado	1,661	1,594	1,364	494	1,063	4.2	11.8
llinois	1,049	952	1,358	1,190	2,069	10.1	-15.6
ndiana	. 521	672	698	574	611	-22.4	-3.9
Kansas	_	_	-	19	27	_	_
Kentucky Total	5,510	4,651	5,376	4,460	4,777	18.5	3.6
Eastern	4,167	3,256	4,622	3,720	4,088	28.0	.5
Western	1,343	1,394	754	740	689	-3.7	18.1
ouisiana	. 215	57	152	38	309	276.1	-8.7
Maryland	252	266	271	143	269	-5.4	-1.7
Missouri	_	1	1	_	_	-100.0	_
Aontana	603	745	682	580	718	-19.0	-4.3
New Mexico	2,528	1,916	1,023	1,890	2,015	32.0	5.8
Vorth Dakota	2,561	2,364	1,965	1,574	1,797	8.3	9.3
Ohio	. 800	1,276	774	532	1,374	-37.3	-12.6
Oklahoma	_	*	*	7	2	-100.0	_
Pennsylvania Total	2,134	2,682	2,507	3,113	2,487	-20.4	-3.8
Anthracite	. 795	643	486	1,323	389	23.5	19.5
Bituminous	1,339	2,039	2,021	1,790	2,098	-34.3	-10.6
Tennessee	. 29	36	32	23	88	-18.9	-24.2
Texas	1,187	1,319	1,506	1,254	864	-10.0	8.3
Jtah	2,147	1,809	2,112	1,337	1,946	18.7	2.5
/irginia	2,240	2,565	2,328	1,644	1,649	-12.6	8.0
Vashington	_	_	56	55	59	_	_
West Virginia Total	6,697	6,008	5,504	4,947	6,176	11.5	2.0
Northern	1,446	1,282	858	584	1,959	12.8	-7.3
Southern	5,251	4,726	4,645	4,362	4,217	11.1	5.6
Wyoming	5,917	3,873	2,036	1,504	1,997	52.8	31.2
Appalachian Total 1		17,726	17,327	15,153	17,489	4.3	1.4
nterior Total ¹		4,396	4,471	3,823	4,575	-1.8	-1.4
Vestern Total ¹	16,668	14,408	12,174	9,672	12,381	15.7	7.7
East of Miss. River	, .	20,745	20,138	17,657	20,858	3.2	.6
West of Miss. River	18,071	15,785	13,835	10,991	13,587	14.5	7.4
J.S. Total	39,475	36,530	33,973	28,648	34,444	8.1	3.5

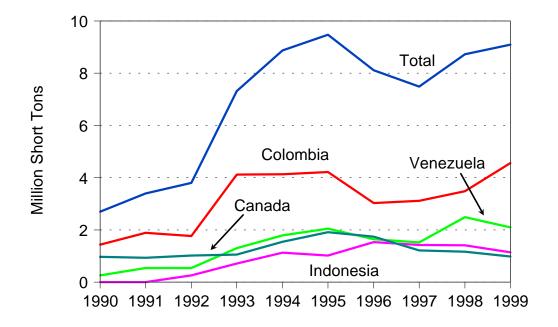
 $^{1\ \ \,}$ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report."

^{*} Data round to zero.

Imports





Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report IM 145."

Table 35. U.S. Coal Imports by Continent and Country of Origin, 1990, 1995-1999 (Short Tons)

Continent and Country	1000	1000	400=	1006	1007	1000	Percent Change	Average Percent	Annual Change
of Origin	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	1998- 1999	1995- 1999	1990- 1999
North America Total	1,052,307	1,168,361	1,211,910	1,745,053	1,948,632	979,220	-9.9	-14.3	0.8
Canada	978,826	1,166,397	1,211,557	1,737,744	1,916,140	973,016	-16.1	-15.4	.1
Mexico	73,481	1,964	353	7,309	7,836	6,204	NM	75.0	31.6
Netherlands Antilles	–	_	_	_	24,656	-	-	-100.0	-
South America Total	6,643,913	5,960,370	4,631,213	4,667,817	6,251,294	1,690,987	11.5	1.5	16.4
Argentina	232	_	13	_	_	_	_	-	_
Brazil	33	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
Colombia	4,553,408	3,478,185	3,117,122	3,026,598	4,210,265	1,428,147	30.9	2.0	13.8
Venezuela	2,090,240	2,482,185	1,514,078	1,641,219	2,041,029	262,840	-15.8	.6	25.9
Europe Total	72,636	43,572	26,635	2,613	522	5,392	66.7	243.4	33.5
Belgium & Luxembourg	10,654	3,983	6,016	2,473	_	-	167.5	-	-
Denmark	–	_	_	_	236	130	-	-100.0	-100.0
Germany, FR	–	_	20	_	_	1	_	-	-100.0
Italy	1	36	_	_	_	_	-97.2	-	_
Norway	–	_	20,383	_	_	46	_	-	-100.0
Russia	945	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
Spain	–	36,432	_	99	_	_	-100.0	_	_
Switzerland	–	_	201	_	_	_	-	_	_
Turkey	–	_	_	41	_	_	_	-	_
United Kingdom	61,036	3,121	15	-	286	5,215	NM	282.2	31.4
Asia Total	1,159,011	1,416,281	1,460,503	1,534,989	1,018,512	2	-18.2	3.3	336.8
China (Mainland)	20,239	2,566	2,006	_	53	_	NM	342.0	_
Hong Kong	–	10	_	1	_	_	-100.0	_	_
India	577	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Indonesia	1,138,076	1,413,704	1,425,916	1,534,986	1,018,433	_	-19.5	2.8	_
Japan	–	1	_	2	26	2	-100.0	-100.0	-100.0
Syria	118	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Vietnam	–	-	32,581	-	-	-	-	-	_
Oceania & Australia Total	161,466	135,099	156,515	164,793	254,141	23,794	19.5	-10.7	23.7
Australia	161,466	92,660	115,510	164,793	211,702	23,794	74.3	-6.5	23.7
New Zealand	–	42,439	41,005		42,439	_	-100.0	-100.0	-
Total	9,089,333	8,723,683	7,486,776	8,115,265	9,473,101	2,699,395	4.2	-1.0	14.4

NM Not meaningful as value is greater than 500 percent.

Note: Coal imports include coal to Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report IM 145."

Coal Imports by Customs District, 1990, 1995-1999 Table 36. (Short Tons)

Customs District	1000	1999 1998	1997	1996	1995		Percent Change	Average Annual Percent Change	
	1999					1990	1998- 1999	1995- 1999	1990- 1999
Eastern Total	2,497,300	2,418,583	2,508,318	2,664,213	2,465,545	351,348	3.3	0.3	24.3
Boston, MA	1,467,213	1,439,079	1,533,510	1,803,234	1,484,886	139,771	1.9	3	29.8
Baltimore, MD	28,862	_	-	99	28,328	_	-	.5	_
Portland, ME		367,609	366,768	362,601	557,147	143,868	40.6	-1.8	15.3
Buffalo, NY	10,959	3,992	6,060	2,658	2,034	69	174.5	52.3	75.6
New York City, NY	472,320	512,213	518,043	404,387	337,751	1	-7.8	8.7	327.0
Ogdensburg, NY	–	19	-	50	_	45	-100.0	-	-100.0
Philadelphia, PA	1,053	95,671	83,918	91,184	55,399	67,594	-98.9	-62.9	-37.0
Norfolk, VA	–	_	19	_	-	-	_	_	_
Southern Total	4,920,974	4,447,422	2,985,167	2,903,372	4,246,556	1,384,974	10.6	3.8	15.1
Mobile, AL	1,864,915	884,788	214,241	446,590	1,238,203	_	110.8	10.8	_
Savannah, GA	507,272	374,677	178,085	118,509	_	_	35.4	-	_
Miami, FL	–	90,381	38,604	_	26,035	_	-100.0	-100.0	_
Tampa, FL	1,380,683	1,671,217	1,320,515	1,419,408	2,292,328	1,058,354	-17.4	-11.9	3.0
New Orleans, LA	714,595	946,756	840,919	808,592	387,861	_	-24.5	16.5	_
Wilmington, NC	–	_	-	_	_	46	-	-	-100.0
San Juan, PR	266,527	195,162	201,413	96,901	272,296	234,989	36.6	5	1.4
Houston-Galveston, TX		165,853	154,865	6,063	_	5,215	-100.0	-	-100.0
Laredo, TX	73,481	1,964	353	7,309	7,787	6,204	NM	75.3	31.6
Virgin Islands	113,501	116,624	36,172	_	22,046	80,166	-2.7	50.6	3.9
Western Total	997,940	812,443	862,053	900,701	943,069	96,480	22.8	1.4	29.6
Los Angeles, CA		4	149	2	_	2	450.0	_	30.5
San Diego, CA	–	1	_	_	49	_	-100.0	-100.0	_
Honolulu, HI	689,954	681,812	759,385	810,176	844,785	23,794	1.2	-4.9	45.4
Great Falls, MT	151,335	_	282	25	645	42,017	-	291.4	15.3
Portland, OR	–	6,992	20,383	_	_	· –	-100.0	-	_
Seattle, WA	156,629	123,634	81,854	90,498	97,590	30,667	26.7	12.5	19.9
Northern Total	673,119	1,045,235	1,131,238	1,646,979	1,817,931	866,593	-35.6	-22.0	-2.8
Chicago, IL		66,829	329,778	238,592	64,394	316,534	-99.9	-83.8	-62.7
Detroit, MI		415,127	388,678	615,262	842,851	_	-6.3	-17.6	_
Duluth, MN	17,591	· –	416	291,346	244,278	_	_	-48.2	_
Pembina, ND		560,779	410,509	501,778	666,408	550,059	-52.9	-20.6	-7.8
Milwaukee, WI		2,500	1,857	_	_	-	-7.6	_	_
Total	9,089,333	8,723,683	7,486,776	8,115,265	9,473,101	2,699,395	4.2	-1.0	14.4

Not meaningful as value is greater than 500 percent.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report IM 145."

Table 37. U.S. Receipts of Imported Coal by Country of Origin and Destination State, 1990, 1995-1999

Country of Origin and Destination State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change 1998-1999
Australia Total	161,480	92,676	155,632	147,204	211,099	-	74.2
Florida Hawaii	62,910 98,570	92,676	155,632	147,204	211,099	-	6.3
Canada Total	762,804	1,424,942	893,900	1,332,243	1,401,960	33,600	-46.5
Illinois	29,963	60,627	147,967	215,959	222,876	_	-50.6
Indiana Michigan	193,342 355,377	976,153 355,100	474,369 229,464	735,342 361,458	760,508 393,367	_	-80.2 .1
New Hampshire	333,377	333,100	229,404	301,436	393,307	33,600	.1
Ohio	_	_	652	1,454	1,410	-	_
Utah	145,727	_	_	_	_	_	_
Washington	38,395	33,062	41,448	18,030	23,799	_	16.1
Colombia Total	2,582,799	2,710,318	2,958,645	2,285,840	2,202,005	1,112,470	-4.7
Alabama	692,072	169,344	214,251	160,675	161,950	´ ´ –	308.7
Delaware	-	-	_	-	7,143	_	_
Florida	1,119,310	1,909,354	1,385,340	1,417,220	1,340,640	1,007,670	-41.4
Maine	-	-	_	45,220	_	_	_
Maryland	29,000	467,100	1 077 600	630,400	557 000	104 900	100.0
Massachusetts	701,300	407,100	1,077,600	050,400	557,900	104,800	-100.0
New Hampshire	701,500	34,680	35,360	32,325	134,372	_	-100.0
New York	36,300	34,800	147,050	52,525	-	_	4.3
Texas	_	84,119	99,044	_	_	_	-100.0
Washington	_	10,921	_	_	_	_	-100.0
West Virginia	4,817	-	-	_	_	-	_
Indonesia Total	387,627	899,517	782,035	833,706	428,554	_	-56.9
Florida	387,627	596,979	741,264	807,803	348,854	-	-35.1
Louisiana	_	302,538		-		_	-100.0
New Hampshire	_	_	40,771	25,903	79,700	_	_
Mexico Total Texas	68,809 68,809		_ _	15,561 15,561			
Poland Total	3,970						
New Jersey	3,970	_	_	_	_	_	_
Venezuela Total	2,111,492	2,415,581	1,409,628	1,861,504	2,073,645	220,100	-12.6
Connecticut	35,000	106,000	35,000	28,000	, , , <u> </u>	´ -	-67.0
Florida	493,806	235,155	58,643	298,200	891,400	40,100	110.0
Georgia	434,220	414,490	279,139	209,907	-	_	4.8
Maine	35,532	-	2,708	13,966	81,392	-	-
Massachusetts	15.560	471,600	382,900	1,135,500	903,700	69,800	-100.0 -91.0
Mississippi New Hampshire	15,560 506,894	173,670 331,371	228,969	96,033	82,425	110,200	53.0
New Jersey	980	39,000	220,909	90,033	62,423	110,200	-97.5
New York	589,500	558,800	350,400	_	28,189	_	5.5
Pennsylvania	_	_	71,869	79,898	86,539	_	_
Texas	-	85,495	_	_	_	-	-100.0
Total	6,078,981	7,543,034	6,199,840	6,476,058	6,317,263	1,366,170	-19.4
Alabama	692,072	169,344	214,251	160,675	161,950	_	308.7
Connecticut	35,000	106,000	35,000	28,000	_	_	-67.0
Delaware	_	_	_	_	7,143	_	_
Florida	2,063,653	2,741,488	2,185,247	2,523,223	2,580,894	1,047,770	-24.7
Georgia	434,220	414,490	279,139	209,907	211.000	_	4.8
Hawaii	98,570	92,676	155,632	147,204	211,099	_	6.3
IllinoisIndiana	29,963 193,342	60,627 976,153	147,967 474,369	215,959 735,342	222,876 760,508	_	-50.6 -80.2
Louisiana	193,342	302,538		-		_	-100.0
Maine	35,532	-	2,708	59,186	81,392	_	-
Maryland	29,000	_	_	-	, –	_	_
Massachusetts	· _	938,700	1,460,500	1,765,900	1,461,600	174,600	-100.0
Michigan	355,377	355,100	229,464	361,458	393,367	-	.1
Mississippi	716,860	173,670					312.8
New Hampshire	506,894	366,051	305,100	154,261	296,497	143,800	38.5
New York	4,950 625,800	39,000 593,600	- 497,450	_	28,189	_	-87.3 5.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 37. U.S. Receipts of Imported Coal by Country of Origin and Destination State, 1990, 1995-1999 (Continued)

Country of Origin and Destination State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change 1998-1999
Total (Continued)							
Pennsylvania	_	_	71,869	79,898	86,539	-	-
Texas	68,809	169,614	99,044	15,561	_	-	-59.4
Utah	145,727	_	_	_	_	_	_
Washington	38,395	43,983	41,448	18,030	23,799	_	-12.7
West Virginia	4,817	_	_	_	_	_	_

Notes: Data for 1990 are only for receipts at electric utilities. Data for 1995 through 1999 are for receipts at electric utilities, manufacturing plants and coke plants. See Table 38 and Table 39 for related data. See Technical Note 1 for the difference between receipts of imported coal and U.S. coal imports

Sources: 1990: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

1995-1999: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3A, "Annual Coal Quality Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5A, "Annual Coal Quality Report - Coke Plants"; and FERC, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table 38. Imported Coal Received at Electric Utilities by Country of Origin and Destination State, 1990, 1995-1999

Country of Origin	1999 199	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change	Average Annual Percent Change		
and Destination State							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999	
Australia Total	62,910	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Florida	62,910	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Canada Total	_	_	9,590	18,030	23,799	33,600	_	-400.0	-100.0	
New Hampshire	_	_	_	_	_	33,600	_	_	-100.0	
Washington	-	-	9,590	18,030	23,799	_	-	-400.0	_	
Colombia Total	2,438,953	2,530,053	2,744,394	2,079,945	2,040,055	1,112,470	103.7	-23.6	82.7	
Alabama	553,043	_	_		_	, , ,	_	_	_	
Delaware	_	_	_	_	7,143	_	_	-100.0	_	
Florida	1,119,310	1,909,354	1,385,340	1,417,220	1,340,640	1,007,670	-342.2	-167.8	-83.5	
Maryland	29,000	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	
Massachusetts	_	467,100	1,077,600	630,400	557,900	104,800	NM	NM	-300.0	
Mississippi	701,300	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
New Hampshire	_	34,680	35,360	32,325	134,372	_	-100.0	-400.0	_	
New York	36,300	34,800	147,050	,	_	_	4.3	_	_	
Texas	-	84,119	99,044	-	-	-	NM	-	-	
Indonesia Total	387,627	899,517	782,035	833,706	428,554	_	NM	NM	_	
Florida	387,627	596,979	741,264	807,803	348,854	_	NM	-400.0	_	
Louisiana	367,027	302,538	741,204	-	540,054	_	-200.0		_	
New Hampshire	_	-	40,771	25,903	79,700	_	_	-200.0	_	
•			,	,	,					
Poland Total	3,970	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	
New Jersey	3,970	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Venezuela Total	2,075,960	2,415,581	1,335,051	1,767,640	1,905,714	220,100	NM	NM	85.1	
Connecticut	35,000	106,000	35,000	28,000	_	_	-300.0	_	_	
Florida	493,806	235,155	58,643	298,200	891,400	40,100	NM	NM	11.4	
Georgia	434,220	414,490	279,139	209,907	_	_	-36.8	_	_	
Massachusetts	_	471,600	382,900	1,135,500	903,700	69,800	NM	NM	-200.0	
Mississippi	15,560	173,670	_	_	_	_	-285.6	_	_	
New Hampshire	506,894	331,371	228,969	96,033	82,425	110,200	205.5	9.4	-87.7	
New Jersey	980	39,000	_	_	_	. –	-100.0	_	_	
New York	589,500	558,800	350,400	_	28,189	_	-19.2	7.5	_	
Texas	-	85,495	-	-	-	-	-400.0	-	-	
Total	4,969,420	5,845,151	4,871,070	4,699,321	4,398,122	1,366,170	-15.0	3.1	15.4	
Alabama	553,043	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	
Connecticut	35,000	106,000	35,000	28,000	_	_	-67.0	_	_	
Delaware	_	_	_		7,143	_	_	-100.0	_	
Florida	2.063.653	2,741,488	2,185,247	2,523,223	2,580,894	1,047,770	-24.7	-5.4	7.8	
Georgia	434,220	414,490	279,139	209,907			4.8	-	_	
Louisiana	_	302,538			_	_	-100.0	_	_	
Maryland	29,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Massachusetts	_	938,700	1,460,500	1,765,900	1,461,600	174,600	-100.0	-100.0	-100.0	
Mississippi	716,860	173,670	_	_		_	312.8	_	_	
New Hampshire	506,894	366,051	305,100	154,261	296,497	143,800	38.5	14.3	15.0	
New Jersey	4,950	39,000	_	_	_	-	-87.3	_	_	
New York	625,800	593,600	497,450	_	28,189	_	5.4	117.1	_	
Texas	-	169,614	99,044	_		_	-100.0	_	_	

Not meaningful as value is greater than 500 percent.
Source: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table 39. Imported Coal Received at Manufacturing and Coke Plants by Country of Origin and Destination State, 1997-1999

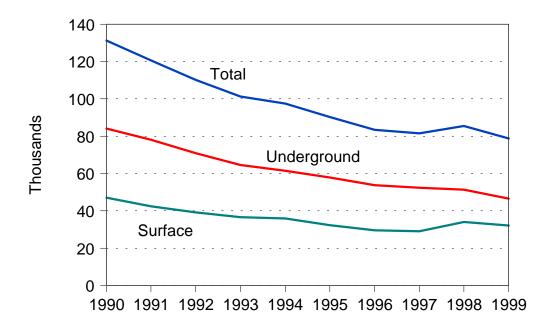
Country of Origin and Destination State	M	anufacturing		(Coke Plants		Total				
	1999	1998	1997	1999	1998	1997	1999	1998	1997	Percent Change 1998-1999	
Australia Total	98,570	92,676	155,632	_	_	_	98,570	92,676	155,632	6.4	
Hawaii	98,570	92,676	155,632	-	-	-	98,570	92,676	155,632	6.4	
Canada Total	38,395	33,062	32,510	724,409	1,391,880	851,800	762,804	1,424,942	884,310	-46.5	
Illinois	_	_	_	29,963	60,627	147,967	29,963	60,627	147,967	-50.6	
Indiana	_	_	_	193,342	976,153	474,369	193,342	976,153	474,369	-80.2	
Michigan	_	_	_	355,377	355,100	229,464	355,377	355,100	229,464	.1	
Ohio	_	_	652	_	_	_	_	_	652	_	
Utah	_	_	_	145,727	_	_	145,727	_	_	_	
Washington	38,395	33,062	31,858	_	-	-	38,395	33,062	31,858	16.1	
Colombia Total	143,846	180,265	214,251	_	_	_	143,846	180,265	214,251	-20.2	
Alabama	139,029	169,344	214,251	_	_	_	139,029	169,344	214,251	-17.9	
Maine	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Washington	_	10,921	_	_	_	_	_	10,921	_	-100.0	
West Virginia	4,817	-	-	-	-	-	4,817	_	-	_	
Mexico Total	68,809	_	_	_	_	_	68,809	_	_	_	
Texas	68,809	-	-	-	-	-	68,809	-	-	-	
Venezuela Total	35,532	_	74,577	_	_	_	35,532	_	74,577	_	
Maine	35,532	_	2,708	_	_	_	35,532	_	2,708	_	
Pennsylvania	_	-	71,869	-	-	-	_	-	71,869	-	
Total	385,152	306,003	476,970	724,409	1,391,880	851,800	1,109,561	1,697,883	1,328,770	-34.7	
Alabama	139,029	169,344	214,251	_	_	_	139,029	169,344	214,251	-17.9	
Hawaii	98,570	92,676	155,632	_	-	_	98,570	92,676	155,632	6.4	
Illinois	_	_	_	29,963	60,627	147,967	29,963	60,627	147,967	-50.6	
Indiana	_	_	_	193,342	976,153	474,369	193,342	976,153	474,369	-80.2	
Maine	35,532	_	2,708	_	_	_	35,532	_	2,708	_	
Michigan	· –	_	_	355,377	355,100	229,464	355,377	355,100	229,464	.1	
Ohio	_	_	652	,	· –		_	_	652	_	
Pennsylvania	_	_	71,869	_	_	_	_	_	71,869	_	
Texas	68,809	_	_	_	_	_	68,809	_	_	_	
Utah	· –	_	_	145,727	_	_	145,727	_	_	_	
Washington	38,395	43,983	31,858	_	_	_	38,395	43,983	31,858	-12.7	
West Virginia	4,817			_	_	_	4,817	_		_	

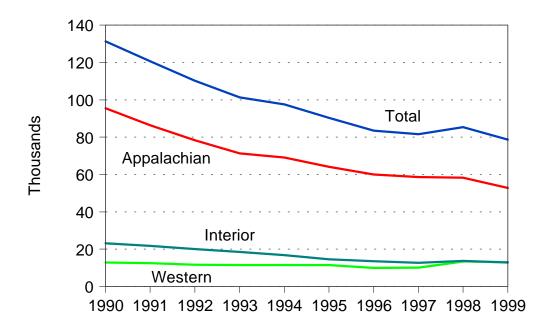
Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3A, "Annual Coal Quality Report - Manufacturing Plants"; and Form EIA-5A, "Annual Coal Quality Report - Coke Plants."

Employment and Productivity

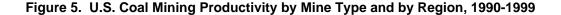
Employment

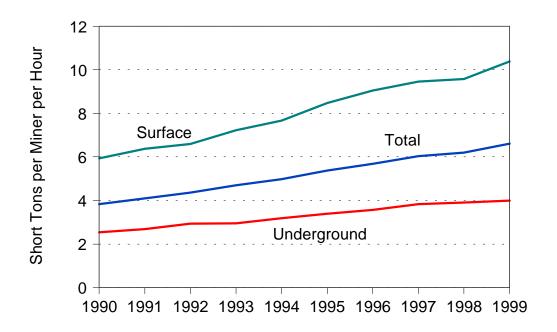


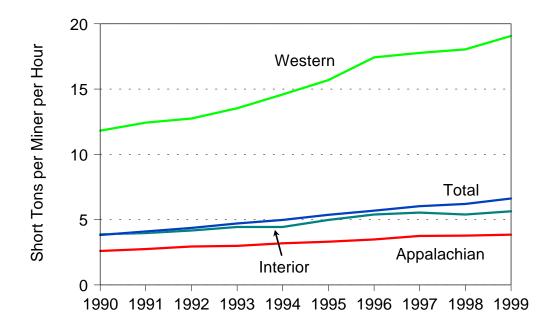




Notes: Scale has been enlarged to show detail in the short tons per miner per hour by type of mining plot. Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared; excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite; excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons of coal during the year and preparation plants with less than 5,000 employee hours; includes all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, shop or yard work at mining operations; excludes office workers; includes mining operations management and all technical and engineering personnel. Short tons produced per miner per hour is calculated by dividing total coal production by the direct labor hours worked by all mine employees.







Notes: Scale has been enlarged to show detail in the short tons per miner per hour by type of mining plot. Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared; excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite; excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons of coal during the year and preparation plants with less than 5,000 employee hours; includes all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, shop or yard work at mining operations; excludes office workers; includes mining operations management and all technical and engineering personnel. Short tons produced per miner per hour is calculated by dividing total coal production by the direct labor hours worked by all mine employees.

Table 40. Average Number of Employees/Miners by State, 1990, 1995-1999

Coal-Producing	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
State and Region							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Alabama	. 4,183	R _4,875	4,928	5,031	5,567	6,534	-14.2	-6.9	-4.8
Alaska	. 120	R 122	99	102	102	84	-1.6	4.1	4.0
Arizona	. 732	R 747	676	651	831	951	-2.0	-3.1	-2.9
Arkansas	. 4	4	2	_	4	13	_	_	-12.3
California	. –	_	_	_	_	5	_	_	_
Colorado	1,863	R 1,845	1,362	1,332	1,777	2,009	1.0	1.2	8
Illinois	. 4,323	R 4,297	4,612	5,174	5,652	10,018	.6	-6.5	-8.9
Indiana		R 2,930	2,712	2,579	2,571	4,195	-10.1	.6	-5.0
Iowa			_	, <u> </u>	· _	135	_	_	_
Kansas	. 18	19	67	54	54	132	-5.3	-24.0	-19.8
Kentucky Total	. 17,211	R 18,927	18,937	18,826	21,125	30,498	-9.1	-5.0	-6.1
Eastern	. 14,287	R 15,417	15,422	15,130	16,840	24,912	-7.3	-4.0	-6.0
Western	,	R 3,510	3,515	3,696	4,285	5,586	-16.7	-9.1	-6.9
Louisiana		R 176	114	111	114	103	_	11.5	6.1
Maryland		R 454	458	469	458	589	-1.1	5	-3.0
Mississippi		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Missouri		R 76	51	80	92	347	-25.0	-11.3	-18.2
Montana		R 925	708	705	722	821	.2	6.4	1.3
New Mexico		R 1,734	1,339	1.347	1.747	1.472	-2.7	9	1.5
North Dakota	,	R 928	657	640	716	931	3	6.6	1
Ohio		R 3,415	3,124	3,232	3,386	5,866	-10.1	-2.4	-6.9
Oklahoma	,	R 197	269	233	241	415	4.1	-4.0	-7.5
Pennsylvania Total		R 9.915	9,575	9.021	8,968	15,903	-6.0	1.0	-5.8
Anthracite		R 1,281	1,287	1,171	1,069	1,687	3.5	5.5	-2.6
Bituminous	,	R 8,634	8,288	7,850	7,899	14,216	-7.4	.3	-6.2
Tennessee		R 533	707	7,850	681	1,697	6.2	-4.5	-0.2
Texas		R 2,523	1.363	1.550	1.590	2.131	-2.3	-4.5 11.6	1.6
	, -	D 2,323	,	,	,	, -			
Utah		R 2,072 R 5,887	1,922	1,804	1,893	2,434	-11.3	7 5.0	-3.1
Virginia	,		6,235	6,241	6,919	10,342	-7.4	-5.8	-6.9
Washington		D 346	577	589	566	777	-6.4	-2.4	-4.5
West Virginia Total		D 17,022	18,245	20,121	21,334	29,578	-12.8	-7.6	-6.9
Northern		D 7,200	4,980	5,279	6,114	10,053	-8.5	-10.6	-10.0
Southern		13,334	13,265	14,842	15,220	19,525	-14.2	-6.5	-5.6
Wyoming	. 4,412	^R 4,447	2,777	2,814	3,142	3,330	8	8.8	3.2
Appalachian Total ¹		R 58,318	58,694	60,001	64,153	95,421	-9.4	-4.7	-6.3
Interior Total ¹		R 13,732	12,705	13,477	14,603	23,075	-6.4	-3.1	-6.3
Western Total ¹	. 13,016	R 13,368	10,117	9,984	11,496	12,814	-2.6	3.1	.2
East of Miss. River	. 62,783	R 69,055	69,533	71,450	76,661	115,220	-9.1	-4.9	-6.5
West of Miss. River	. 15,940	R 16,363	11,983	12,012	13,591	16,090	-2.6	4.1	1
U.S. Total	. 78,723	R 85,418	81,516	83,462	90,252	131,310	-7.8	-3.3	-5.5

For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: Includes all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, shop or yard work at mining operations, including office workers for 1998 forward. For 1997 and prior years, includes mining operations management and all technical and engineering personnel, excluding office workers. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons and preparation plants with less than 5,000 employee hours, which are not required to provide data.

Revised Data.

Table 41. Average Number of Employees/Miners at Underground Mines by State, 1990, 1995-1999

Coal-Producing	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
State and Region							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Alabama	3,366	R 3,911	4,014	4,145	4,314	4,395	-13.9	-6.0	-2.9
Colorado	1,246	R 1,230	923	918	1,301	1,509	1.3	-1.1	-2.1
Illinois	3,895	R 3,798	4,044	4,256	4,780	7,407	2.5	-5.0	-6.9
Indiana	412	R 401	411	457	485	524	2.7	-4.0	-2.6
Kentucky Total	11,623	R 12,687	12,947	12,876	14,542	20,898	-8.4	-5.4	-6.3
Eastern	9,314	R 9,924	10,369	10,275	11,366	17,407	-6.1	-4.8	-6.7
Western	2,309	R 2,763	2,578	2,601	3,176	3,491	-16.4	-7.7	-4.5
Maryland	312	R 292	304	308	293	288	6.8	1.6	.9
Montana	_	_	_	18	_	_	_	_	_
New Mexico	15	R 32	_	_	132	10	-53.1	-41.9	4.6
Ohio	1,645	R 1,796	1,759	1,706	1,670	2,603	-8.4	4	-5.0
Oklahoma	51	44	36	26	12	36	15.9	43.6	3.9
Pennsylvania Total	6,191	R _6,404	6,202	5,599	5,659	9,937	-3.3	2.3	-5.1
Anthracite	229	R 205	174	147	152	174	11.7	10.8	3.1
Bituminous	5,962	R _6,199	6,028	5,452	5,507	9,763	-3.8	2.0	-5.3
Tennessee	300	R 280	390	467	473	1,319	7.1	-10.8	-15.2
Utah	1,771	R 2,045	1,922	1,803	1,893	2,434	-13.4	-1.6	-3.5
Virginia	4,161	R 4,748	5,101	5,098	5,776	8,955	-12.4	-7.9	-8.2
West Virginia Total	11,504	R 13,565	14,329	16,003	16,347	23,584	-15.2	-8.4	-7.7
Northern	3,405	R 3,707	4,551	4,764	5,561	8,784	-8.1	-11.5	-10.0
Southern	8,099	R 9,858	9,778	11,239	10,786	14,800	-17.8	-6.9	-6.5
Wyoming	79	Ř 92	105	116	202	255	-14.1	-20.9	-12.2
Appalachian Total ¹	36,793	R 40.920	42,468	43,601	45,898	68,488	-10.1	-5.4	-6.7
Interior Total ¹	6,667	R 7,006	7,069	7,340	8,453	11,458	-4.8	-5.8	-5.8
Western Total ¹	3,111	R 3,399	2,950	2,855	3,528	4,208	-8.5	-3.1	-3.3
East of Miss. River	43,409	R 47,882	49,501	50,915	54,339	79,910	-9.3	-5.4	-6.5
West of Miss. River	3,162	R 3,443	2,986	2,881	3,540	4,244	-8.2	-2.8	-3.2
U.S. Total	46,571	R 51,325	52,487	53,796	57,879	84,154	-9.3	-5.3	-6.4

For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: Includes all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, shop or yard work at mining operations, including office workers for 1998 forward. For 1997 and prior years, includes mining operations management and all technical and engineering personnel, excluding office workers for 1998 forward. For 1997 and pirof years, includes fillning operations intallagement and all elemental and eligineering personnel, excluding office workers. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons and preparation plants with less than 5,000 employee hours, which are not required to provide data.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; State Mining Agency Coal Production Reports; and/or U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Revised Data.

Table 42. Average Number of Employees/Miners at Surface Mines by State, 1990, 1995-1999

Coal-Producing	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
State and Region							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Alabama	817	R 964	914	886	1,253	2,139	-15.2	-10.1	-10.1
Alaska	120	R 122	99	102	102	84	-1.6	4.1	4.0
Arizona	732	R 747	676	651	831	951	-2.0	-3.1	-2.9
Arkansas	4	4	2	_	4	13	_	_	-12.3
California	–	_	_	_	_	5	_	_	_
Colorado	617	R 615	439	414	476	500	.3	6.7	2.4
Illinois	428	R 499	568	918	872	2,611	-14.2	-16.3	-18.2
Indiana		R 2,529	2,301	2,122	2,086	3,671	-12.2	1.6	-5.4
Iowa		· –	· –		´ -	135	_	_	_
Kansas	18	19	67	54	54	132	-5.3	-24.0	-19.8
Kentucky Total	5,588	R 6,240	5,990	5,950	6,583	9,600	-10.4	-4.0	-5.8
Eastern		R 5,493	5,053	4,855	5,474	7,505	-9.5	-2.4	-4.5
Western	,	R 747	937	1,095	1,109	2,095	-17.7	-13.7	-12.7
Louisiana		R 176	114	111	114	103	_	11.5	6.1
Maryland		R 162	154	161	165	301	-15.4	-4.5	-8.4
Mississippi		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Missouri		R 76	51	80	92	347	-25.0	-11.3	-18.2
Montana		R 925	708	687	722	821	.2	6.4	1.3
New Mexico		R _1,702	1.339	1,347	1.615	1.462	-1.8	.9	1.5
North Dakota	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	R 928	657	640	716	931	3	6.6	1
Ohio		R _1,619	1,365	1,526	1,716	3,263	-12.0	-4.5	-8.8
Oklahoma	,	R 153	233	207	229	3,203	-12.0 .6	-9.4	-9.5
Pennsylvania Total		R 3.511	3,373	3,422	3,309	5,966	-10.9	-9.4 -1.4	-6.9
	-, -	R 1,076	1,113	1,024	3,309 917	1,513	1.9	-1.4 4.6	-0.9 -3.5
Anthracite	,	R 2,435		,				-4.0	-3.3 -8.3
Bituminous	,		2,260	2,398	2,392	4,453	-16.6		
Tennessee		R 253 R 2,523	317	289	208	378	5.1	6.3	-3.8
Texas	, ,	2,523 R 27	1,363	1,550	1,590	2,131	-2.3	11.6	1.6
Utah			-	1	_	-	144.4	_	_
Virginia	,	D 1,139	1,134	1,143	1,143	1,387	13.2	3.0	8
Washington		240	577	589	566	777	-6.4	-2.4	-4.5
West Virginia Total		D +,237	3,916	4,118	4,987	5,994	-5.3	-5.2	-4.3
Northern		R 561	429	515	553	1,269	-10.7	-2.4	-9.8
Southern		R 3,696	3,487	3,603	4,434	4,725	-4.5	-5.5	-3.2
Wyoming	4,333	R 4,355	2,672	2,698	2,940	3,075	5	10.2	3.9
Appalachian Total ¹		R 17,398	16,226	16,400	18,255	26,933	-7.7	-3.1	-5.6
Interior Total ¹		R 6,726	5,636	6,137	6,150	11,617	-8.1	.1	-6.8
Western Total ¹	9,905	R 9,969	7,167	7,129	7,968	8,606	6	5.6	1.6
East of Miss. River	19,374	R 21,173	20,032	20,535	22,322	35,310	-8.5	-3.5	-6.4
West of Miss. River	12,778	R 12,920	8,997	9,131	10,051	11,846	-1.1	6.2	.8
U.S. Total	32,152	R 34,093	29,029	29,666	32,373	47,156	-5.7	2	-4.2

¹ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: Includes all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, shop or yard work at mining operations, including office workers for 1998 forward. For 1997 and prior years, includes mining operations management and all technical and engineering personnel, excluding office workers. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons and preparation plants with less than 5,000 employee hours, which are not required to provide data.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; State Mining Agency Coal Production Reports; and/or U.S. De-

partment of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Revised Data.

Table 43. Average Number of Employees by State and Mine Production Range, 1999

Coal-Producing				e Production Ran ousand short ton	-			T 4 1
State and Region	1,000 and over	500 to 1,000	200 to 500	100 to 200	50 to 100	10 to 50	Zero ¹	Total
Alabama	3.117		483	121	169	120	173	4.183
Alaska	-, -	_	463	121	109	120	1/3	120
Arizona		_	_	_	_	_	36	732
		_	_	_	_	4	-	132
Arkansas				_		· ·		-
Colorado		325	165	_ 18	-	- 5	31	1,863
Illinois				18	28		281	4,323
Indiana	,	482	91		38	37	48	2,633
Kansas		2 126	9	9	-	1.001	2.026	18
Kentucky Total		3,136	3,365	2,165	1,180	1,081	2,026	17,211
Eastern		2,748	3,021	2,123	1,058	1,055	1,791	14,287
Western		388	344	42	122	26	235	2,924
Louisiana		40	-	_	_	_	_	176
Maryland	. 224	_	55	65	36	36	33	449
Mississippi	. –	_	-	_	_	45	_	45
Missouri	_	_	37	_	20	_	_	57
Montana	. 917	_	10	_	_	_	_	927
New Mexico	1,672	_	_	14	_	_	1	1,687
North Dakota	. 921	_	_	_	_	_	4	925
Ohio	1,638	456	396	234	61	117	167	3,069
Oklahoma	_	42	24	139	_	_	_	205
Pennsylvania Total		1.235	1.347	685	561	594	1.229	9,318
Anthracite	,	10	206	150	149	264	547	1,326
Bituminous		1.225	1.141	535	412	330	682	7,992
Tennessee	-,		273	112	36	73	72	566
Texas		_	61	_	_	_	4	2,464
Utah	,	358	88	_	14	13	111	1,837
Virginia	,	875	1,515	606	596	643	638	5,450
Washington		-	1,515	000	<i>39</i> 0	-	030	513
West Virginia Total		1,871	2,104	1,194	547	686	2,014	15,536
e e	,	432	232	243			,	
Northern	,		1.872		152	165 521	296	3,906
Southern		1,439	,	951	395	521	1,718	11,630
Wyoming	4,324	52	23	_	13	_	_	4,412
Appalachian Total ²	18,834	7,185	9,194	5,140	3,064	3,324	6,117	52,858
Interior Total ²	9,905	1,277	566	208	208	117	568	12,849
Western Total ²	12,083	410	286	14	27	13	183	13,016
East of Miss. River	26,204	8,380	9,629	5,200	3,252	3,437	6,681	62,783
West of Miss. River	14,618	492	417	162	47	17	187	15,940
U.S. Total	40,822	8,872	10,046	5,362	3,299	3,454	6,868	78,723

¹ Includes all employees at preparation plants and tipples not co-located with a mine, including office workers.

For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.
Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report." Notes: Includes all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, shop or yard work at mining operations, including office workers. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons and preparation plants with less than 5,000 employee hours, which are not required to provide data.

Table 44. Average Number of Employees at Underground Mines by State and Mine **Production Range, 1999**

				e Production Ra				
Coal-Producing			(th	ousand short to	ns)			m . 1
State and Region	1,000 and over	500 to 1,000	200 to 500	100 to 200	50 to 100	10 to 50	Zero ¹	Total
Alabama	2,957	_	239		30	_	140	3,366
Colorado	1.081	_	134	_	-	_	31	1.246
Illinois	3,448	226	-	8	28	_	185	3,895
Indiana	353		35	-	_	_	24	412
Kentucky Total	3,000	2,103	1.980	1.715	744	665	1,416	11.623
Eastern	1,393	1,840	1.810	1,673	726	665	1,207	9.314
Western	1,607	263	170	42	18	-	209	2,309
Maryland	224	_	55	-	_	_	33	312
New Mexico		_	-	14	_	_	1	15
Ohio	1.432	_	144	-	_	_	69	1.645
Oklahoma	-	_	_	51	_	_	-	51
Pennsylvania Total	3,595	1.182	381	323	32	127	551	6,191
Anthracite	-	-,102	_	51	_	53	125	229
Bituminous	3,595	1,182	381	272	32	74	426	5,962
Tennessee	-	-,102	126	49	36	38	51	300
Utah	1,253	358	88		14	13	45	1.771
Virginia	577	588	930	524	512	534	496	4,161
West Virginia Total	4.879	1,413	1.717	1.073	446	477	1,499	11.504
Northern	2,278	386	183	196	100	84	178	3,405
Southern	2,601	1,027	1,534	877	346	393	1,321	8,099
Wyoming	79	-	-	-	-	-	-	79
Appalachian Total ²	15,057	5,023	5,402	3,642	1,782	1,841	4,046	36,793
Interior Total ²	5,408	489	205	101	46	_	418	6,667
Western Total ²	2,413	358	222	14	14	13	77	3,111
East of Miss. River West of Miss. River	20,465 2,413	5,512 358	5,607 222	3,692 65	1,828 14	1,841 13	4,464 77	43,409 3,162
U.S. Total	22,878	5,870	5,829	3,757	1,842	1,854	4,541	46,571

Includes all employees at preparation plants and tipples not co-located with a mine, including office workers.

For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Notes: Includes all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, shop or yard work at mining operations, including office workers. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons and preparation plants with less than 5,000 employee hours, which are not required to provide data.

Table 45. Average Number of Employees at Surface Mines by State and Mine **Production Range, 1999**

Coal-Producing				e Production Rat ousand short ton				T-4-1
State and Region	1,000 and over	500 to 1,000	200 to 500	100 to 200	50 to 100	10 to 50	Zero ¹	Total
Alabama	. 160		244	121	139	120	33	817
Alaska		_	244	121	139	120	-	120
Arizona		_	_	_	_	_	36	732
Arkansas		_	_	_	_	4	_	4
Colorado		_	31	_	_	_	_	617
Illinois		99	_	10	_	5	96	428
Indiana		482	56	-	38	37	24	2,221
	,	402	9	9	_	-	_	18
Kansas Kentucky Total		1.033	1.385	450	436	416	610	5,588
Eastern	,	908	1,385	450 450	332	390	584	3,388 4,973
Western	,	125	1,211	430	104	26	26	615
Louisiana		40	1/4	_	104	20	20	176
			_	- 65	36	36	_	176
Maryland		_	_	03	-	45	_	
Mississippi			- 27	_			_	45
Missouri		_	37 10	_	20	_	_	57
Montana		_		_	_	_	_	927
New Mexico		_	_	_	_	_	_ 4	1,672 925
North Dakota					-	-	-	
Ohio		456	252	234	61	117	98	1,424
Oklahoma		42	24	88	-	-	-	154
Pennsylvania Total		53	966	362	529	467	678	3,127
Anthracite		10	206	99	149	211	422	1,097
Bituminous		43	760	263	380	256	256	2,030
Tennessee		_	147	63	-	35	21	266
Texas	,	_	61	_	-	_	4	2,464
Utah		_	_	_	_	_	66	66
Virginia		287	585	82	84	109	142	1,289
Washington								513
West Virginia Total	,	458	387	121	101	209	515	4,032
Northern		46	49	47	52	81	118	501
Southern		412	338	74	49	128	397	3,531
Wyoming	. 4,245	52	23	_	13	-	_	4,333
Appalachian Total ²	. 3,777	2,162	3,792	1,498	1,282	1,483	2,071	16,065
Interior Total ²	. 4,497	788	361	107	162	117	150	6,182
Western Total ²	. 9,670	52	64	-	13	-	106	9,905
East of Miss. River	. 5,739	2,868	4,022	1,508	1,424	1,596	2,217	19,374
West of Miss. River	. 12,205	134	195	97	33	4	110	12,778
U.S. Total	. 17,944	3,002	4,217	1,605	1,457	1,600	2,327	32,152

Includes all employees at preparation plants and tipples not co-located with a mine, including office workers.
 For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.
 Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report." Notes: Includes all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, shop or yard work at mining operations, including office workers. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons and preparation plants with less than 5,000 employee hours, which are not required to provide data.

Table 46. Average Number of Employees by State, Mine Type, and Union Type, 1999

				1				
Coal-Producing State and Region	UMWA	Other Unions	Union Total	Nonunion	Total			
Alabama	3,481	_	3,481	702	4,183			
	3,271		3,271	95	3,366			
Underground	210	_	210	607	817			
Surface	210	_	210		120			
Alaska	_	_	_	120				
Surface	_ 	_	_ 522	120	120			
Arizona	732	_	732	_	732			
Surface	732	_	732	_	732			
Arkansas	-	_	_	4	4			
Surface	_	_	_	4	4			
Colorado	619	167	786	1,077	1,863			
Underground	493	_	493	753	1,246			
Surface	126	167	293	324	617			
llinois	2,467	303	2,770	1,553	4,323			
Underground	2,302	177	2,479	1,416	3,895			
E .		126	291		428			
Surface	165	120		137				
ndiana	947	_	947	1,686	2,633			
Underground	_	_	_	412	412			
Surface	947	_	947	1,274	2,221			
ansas	_	_	_	18	18			
Surface	_	_	_	18	18			
Kentucky Total	1,454	_	1,454	15,757	17,211			
Underground	1,390	_	1,390	10,233	11,623			
	,	_	,		,			
Surface	64	_	64	5,524	5,588			
Eastern	122	_	122	14,165	14,287			
Underground	108	_	108	9,206	9,314			
Surface	14	_	14	4,959	4,973			
Western	1,332	_	1,332	1,592	2,924			
Underground	1,282	_	1,282	1,027	2,309			
Surface	50	_	50	565	615			
ouisiana	50	_	50	176	176			
	_	_	_					
Surface	_	_	_	176	176			
Maryland	_	_	_	449	449			
Underground	_	-	_	312	312			
Surface	_	_	_	137	137			
/lississippi	_	_	_	45	45			
Surface	_	_	_	45	45			
/lissouri	_	_	_	57	57			
Surface	_	_	_	57	57			
Montana	340	445	785	142	927			
Surface	340	445	785	142	927			
New Mexico	535	858	1,393	294	1,687			
Underground	_	1	1	14	15			
Surface	535	857	1,392	280	1,672			
orth Dakota	143	138	281	644	925			
Surface	143	138	281	644	925			
Ohio	1,658	_	1,658	1,411	3,069			
Underground	1,349	_	1,349	296	1,645			
E	309		309	1,115	1,424			
Surface	307	_	309					
Oklahoma	_	_	_	205	205			
Underground	-	_	_	51	51			
Surface	_	_	_	154	154			
ennsylvania Total	4,411	20	4,431	4,887	9,318			
Underground	3,818	6	3,824	2,367	6,191			
Surface	593	14	607	2,520	3,127			
Anthracite	466	5	471	855	1,326			
	2	- -	2	227	229			
Underground								
Surface	464	5	469	628	1,097			
Bituminous	3,945	15	3,960	4,032	7,992			
Underground	3,816	6	3,822	2,140	5,962			
Surface	129	9	138	1,892	2,030			
ennessee	_	_	_	566	566			
Underground	_	_	_	300	300			
Surface	_	_	_	266	266			
'exas	1,246	420	1,666	798	2,464			
			,					
Surface	1,246	420	1,666	798	2,464			
tah	512	132	644	1,193	1,837			
Underground	512	66	578	1,193	1,771			
Surface	_	66	66	· _	66			
irginia	663	170	833	4,617	5,450			
				,				
Underground	661	121	782	3,379	4,161			
Surface	2	49	51	1,238	1,289			
Vashington	_	513	513	_	513			
		513	513		513			

Table 46. Average Number of Employees by State, Mine Type, and Union Type, 1999 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State and Region	UMWA	Other Unions	Union Total	Nonunion	Total
West Virginia Total	6,834	24	6,858	8,678	15,536
Underground	5,446	7	5,453	6,051	11,504
Surface	1,388	17	1,405	2,627	4,032
Northern	2,101	_	2,101	1,805	3,906
Underground	2,101	_	2,101	1,304	3,405
Surface	· –	_	_	501	501
Southern	4,733	24	4,757	6,873	11,630
Underground	3,345	7	3,352	4,747	8,099
Surface	1,388	17	1,405	2,126	3,531
Wyoming	304	488	792	3,620	4,412
Underground	_	_	_	79	79
Surface	304	488	792	3,541	4,333
Appalachian Total ¹	17,169	214	17,383	35,475	52,858
Underground	14,653	134	14,787	22,006	36,793
Surface	2,516	80	2,596	13,469	16,065
Interior Total ¹	5,992	723	6,715	6,134	12,849
Underground	3,584	177	3,761	2,906	6,667
Surface	2,408	546	2,954	3,228	6,182
Western Total ¹	3,185	2,741	5,926	7,090	13,016
Underground	1,005	67	1,072	2,039	3,111
Surface	2,180	2,674	4,854	5,051	9,905
East of Miss. River	21,915	517	22,432	40,351	62,783
Underground	18,237	311	18,548	24,861	43,409
Surface	3,678	206	3,884	15,490	19,374
West of Miss. River	4,431	3,161	7,592	8,348	15,940
Underground	1,005	67	1,072	2,090	3,162
Surface	3,426	3,094	6,520	6,258	12,778
U.S. Total	26,346	3,678	30,024	48,699	78,723
Underground	19,242	378	19,620	26,951	46,571
Surface	7,104	3,300	10,404	21,748	32,152

 $^{1\ \ \,}$ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table 47. U.S. Coal Mine Injuries, 1990, 1995-1999

	1000	1000	100=	1006	1007	1000	Percent	Average Annual	l Percent Change
Injury Type	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Change 1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Injuries Total ¹	4,513	R 5,349	5,818	6,148	7,377	12,312	-15.6	-11.6	-10.6
Fatal	29	25	30	39	47	66	16.0	-11.4	-8.7
Nonfatal ²	4,484	R 5,324	5,788	6,109	7,330	12,246	-15.8	-11.6	-10.6
Injuries per 200,000									
Employee-Hours Total	5.54	R 6.04	5.39	5.66	6.62	7.92	-8.3	-4.4	-3.9
Fatal	.04	.03	.03	.04	.04	.04	33.3	_	_
Nonfatal ²	5.50	R 6.01	5.35	5.62	6.58	7.88	-8.5	-4.4	-3.9

¹ Includes contractors, preparation plants and independent shops and yards.

Note: Calculations of growth rate are based using unrounded values.

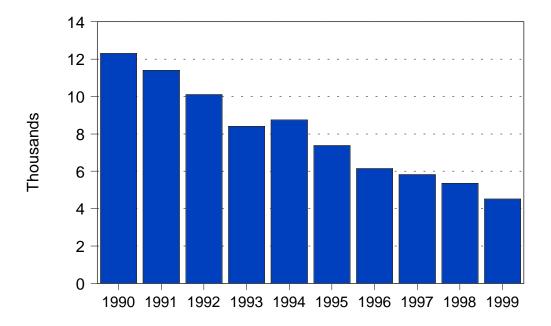
Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Mine Injuries and Worktime, Quarterly, various issues.

Notes: Includes all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, shop or yard work at mining operations, including office workers. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons and preparation plants with less than 5,000 employee hours, which are not required to provide data. See Glossary for listing of other unions.

Includes only non-fatal injuries that resulted in absence from work.

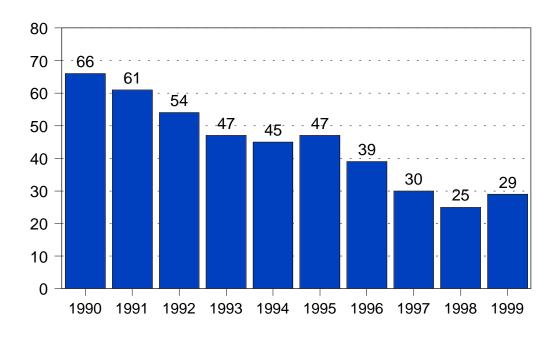
R Revised.

Figure 6. U.S. Coal Mine Injuries, 1990-1999



Sources: U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, *Mine Injuries and Worktime, Quarterly*, various issues.

Figure 7. U.S. Coal Mine Fatalities, 1990-1999



Sources: U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, *Mine Injuries and Worktime*, *Quarterly*, various issues.

Productivity

Table 48. Coal Mining Productivity by State, 1990, 1995-1999

(Short Tons of Coal Produced per Employee/Miner per Hour)

Coal-Producing	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
State and Region							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Alabama	2.25	R 2.31	2.39	2.20	2.24	2.23	-2.3	0.1	0.1
Alaska	5.56	R 4.65	6.41	6.81	7.46	8.46	19.6	-7.1	-4.5
Arizona	6.61	R 6.53	6.79	6.30	6.34	5.93	1.3	1.0	1.2
Arkansas	1.89	1.95	1.94	_	1.47	1.46	-2.8	6.6	2.9
California	_	_	_	_	_	17.69	_	_	_
Colorado	7.93	R 7.89	7.68	7.32	6.14	4.24	.5	6.6	7.2
Illinois	4.19	R 4.17	4.20	4.18	3.87	2.94	.4	2.0	4.0
Indiana	5.42	R 5.17	5.33	4.98	4.68	3.84	4.9	3.8	3.9
Iowa	_	_	_	_	_	1.45	_	_	_
Kansas	8.58	_ 7.49	3.82	2.17	2.22	2.03	14.5	40.2	17.3
Kentucky Total	3.89	R 3.79	3.94	3.80	3.57	2.83	2.4	2.1	3.6
Eastern	3.74	R 3.70	3.83	3.68	3.47	2.66	1.0	1.9	3.8
Western	4.57	R 4.16	4.38	4.29	3.97	3.46	9.8	3.5	3.1
Louisiana	8.49	R 8.82	10.94	10.86	13.25	13.16	-3.7	-10.5	-4.8
Maryland	4.20	R 4.12	3.93	4.13	3.82	2.93	2.1	2.4	4.1
Mississippi	.19	_	_	-	_				_
Missouri	2.89	R 2.72	3.19	3.49	2.55	2.99	6.5	3.2	4
Montana	22.84	R 22.96	23.56	21.88	21.06	18.78	5	2.0	2.2
New Mexico	8.30	R 7.92	9.37	8.45	6.92	7.64	4.8	4.7	.9
North Dakota	17.26	R 16.77	17.82	17.20	16.80	16.12	2.9	.7	.8
Ohio	3.19	R 3.50	4.02	3.95	3.62	2.80	-8.7	-3.1	1.4
Oklahoma	3.15	R 3.30	2.51	2.61	2.97	2.08	-4.4	1.5	4.7
Pennsylvania Total	3.81	R 3.77	3.63	3.36	3.23	2.24	1.1	4.2	6.1
Anthracite	1.76	R 2.04	1.76	1.92	2.08	1.03	-14.0	-4.2	6.2
Bituminous	4.12	R 4.00	3.89	3.56	3.37	2.37	3.1	5.1	6.3
Tennessee	2.75	R 2.71	2.37	2.20	2.36	1.81	1.4	3.9	4.7
Texas	10.08	R 9.66	10.24	10.13	9.10	7.48	4.4	2.6	3.4
Utah	6.84	R 6.16	6.34	7.23	7.02	4.74	11.1	6	4.1
		R 2.82							
Virginia	3.09	R 4.24	2.77	2.72	2.50	2.24	9.5	5.4	3.6
Washington	3.95	4.24	3.59	3.97	4.04	3.41	-6.8	6	1.6
West Virginia Total	4.77	n 4.02	4.46	3.91	3.74	2.96	3.0	6.2	5.4
Northern	4.63	n 4.07	4.48	4.05	3.72	2.69	7	5.6	6.2
Southern	4.81	4.01	4.46	3.86	3.75	3.12	4.3	6.4	4.9
Wyoming	37.29	^R 35.98	34.55	32.06	30.06	21.41	3.6	5.5	6.3
Appalachian Total 1	3.84	R 3.78	3.76	3.48	3.32	2.60	1.7	3.7	4.4
Interior Total ¹	5.64	R 5.39	5.54	5.39	4.97	3.88	4.6	3.2	4.2
Western Total ¹	19.05	R 18.03	17.75	17.41	15.68	11.82	5.6	5.0	5.4
East of Miss. River	3.97	R 3.89	3.89	3.63	3.45	2.73	2.1	3.6	4.3
West of Miss. River	17.18	R 16.27	16.04	15.66	14.18	10.41	5.6	4.9	5.7
U.S. Total	6.61	R 6.20	6.04	5.69	5.38	3.83	6.6	5.3	6.3

¹ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: Productivity is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, shop or yard work at mining operations, including office workers for 1998 forward. For 1997 and prior years, includes mining operations management and all technical and engineering personnel, excluding office workers. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

Revised Data

Table 49. Underground Coal Mining Productivity by State, 1990, 1995-1999

(Short Tons of Coal Produced per Employee/Miner per Hour)

Coal-Producing	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
State and Region							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Alabama	2.09	R 2.16	2.21	1.95	2.02	2.01	-3.0	0.8	0.4
Colorado	8.13	R 7.73	7.44	6.67	5.86	3.26	5.1	8.5	10.7
Illinois	4.29	R 4.20	4.07	4.10	3.86	2.70	2.3	2.7	5.3
Indiana	3.44	R 3.63	3.74	3.09	3.22	2.90	-5.1	1.7	1.9
Kentucky Total	3.55	R 3.51	3.64	3.53	3.25	2.54	1.2	2.2	3.8
Eastern	3.32	R 3.36	3.47	3.37	3.12	2.44	-1.1	1.6	3.4
Western	4.36	R 3.97	4.15	4.05	3.70	2.93	9.9	4.2	4.5
Maryland	5.22	R 5.18	5.17	4.82	4.77	3.17	.8	2.3	5.7
Montana	_	-	_	3.50	_	_	_		_
New Mexico	2.10	R 4.01	_	_	2.68	4.27	-47.6	-5.8	-7.6
Ohio	3.02	R 3.48	4.18	4.19	3.81	2.34	-13.4	-5.6	2.8
Oklahoma	1.50	2.18	2.32	1.75	.74	1.30	-31.4	19.4	1.6
Pennsylvania Total	4.31	R 4.22	4.05	3.74	3.49	2.12	2.2	5.4	8.2
Anthracite	.65	R .95	1.03	.94	.86	.73	-31.3	-6.8	-1.3
Bituminous	4.43	R 4.30	4.13	3.81	3.56	2.15	3.0	5.6	8.4
Tennessee	2.50	R 2.39	1.83	1.76	2.02	1.68	4.3	5.4	4.5
Utah	7.15	R 6.22	6.34	7.24	7.02	4.74	15.0	.5	4.7
Virginia	2.87	R 2.64	2.56	2.44	2.25	2.14	8.7	6.3	3.3
West Virginia Total	4.31	R 4.29	4.03	3.50	3.40	2.70	.4	6.1	5.3
Northern	4.58	R 4.69	4.35	3.98	3.66	2.62	-2.3	5.8	6.4
Southern	4.19	R 4.12	3.90	3.29	3.27	2.76	1.8	6.4	4.8
Wyoming	10.29	R 9.14	10.13	9.18	5.97	2.80	12.6	14.5	15.5
Appalachian Total ¹	3.64	R 3.62	3.55	3.24	3.08	2.40	.5	4.3	4.7
Interior Total 1	4.23	R 4.06	4.07	4.01	3.76	2.78	4.4	3.0	4.8
Western Total 1	7.58	R 6.84	6.88	7.09	6.35	4.04	10.8	4.5	7.2
East of Miss. River	3.74	R 3.69	3.63	3,36	3.19	2.46	1.3	4.0	4.8
West of Miss. River	7.45	R 6.76	6.82	7.03	6.32	4.01	10.2	4.2	7.1
U.S. Total	3.99	R 3.90	3.83	3.57	3.39	2.54	2.4	4.2	5.1

¹ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: Productivity is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, shop or yard work at mining operations, including office workers for 1998 forward. For 1997 and prior years, includes mining operations management and all technical and engineering personnel, excluding office workers. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

R Revised Data

Table 50. Surface Coal Mining Productivity by State, 1990, 1995-1999

(Short Tons of Coal Produced per Employee/Miner per Hour)

Coal-Producing	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change	_	nual Percent ange
State and Region							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Alabama	2.98	R 2.93	3.21	3.50	3.07	2.69	1.9	-0.7	1.2
Alaska	5.56	R 4.65	6.41	6.81	7.46	8.46	19.6	-7.1	-4.5
Arizona	6.61	R 6.53	6.79	6.30	6.34	5.93	1.3	1.0	1.2
Arkansas	1.89	1.95	1.94	_	1.47	1.46	-2.8	6.6	2.9
California	–	_	_	_	_	17.69	_	_	_
Colorado	7.53	R 8.22	8.17	8.76	6.79	6.86	-8.4	2.6	1.0
Illinois	3.36	R 3.98	5.11	4.67	3.89	3.64	-15.7	-3.6	9
Indiana	5.81	R 5.41	5.59	5.34	5.04	3.96	7.5	3.6	4.4
Iowa	–	_	_	_	_	1.45	_	_	_
Kansas	8.58	7.49	3.82	2.17	2.22	2.03	14.5	40.2	17.3
Kentucky Total	4.60	R 4.37	4.57	4.35	4.23	3.43	5.1	2.1	3.3
Eastern	4.50	R 4.30	4.47	4.23	4.13	3.13	4.6	2.2	4.1
Western		R 4.93	5.26	5.02	4.77	4.42	11.6	3.6	2.4
Louisiana		R 8.82	10.94	10.86	13.25	13.16	-3.7	-10.5	-4.8
Maryland		R 2.10	2.02	2.56	2.16	2.66	-9.3	-3.1	-3.6
Mississippi		2.10	2.02	2.50	2.10	2.00	,.s _	_	-
Missouri		R 2.72	3.19	3.49	2.55	2.99	6.5	3.2	4
Montana		R 22.96	23.56	22.34	21.06	18.78	5	2.0	2.2
New Mexico		R 7.98	9.37	8.45	7.19	7.66	5.2	3.9	1.0
North Dakota		R 16.77	17.82	17.20	16.80	16.12	2.9	.7	.8
Ohio		R 3.52	3.81	3.69	3.46	3.17	-3.3	4	.8
		R 3.62				2.17	-3.3 2.8	4 4.7	.o 6.2
Oklahoma		R 2.91	2.55	2.73	3.10				
Pennsylvania Total		2.91	2.86	2.72	2.79	2.42	-6.5	6	1.3
Anthracite		2.23	1.87	2.06	2.30	1.06	-10.8	-3.5	7.2
Bituminous		5.10	3.28	2.97	2.95	2.81	-2.5	1.2	1.1
Tennessee		2.90	3.02	2.91	3.20	2.32	2.6	-1.3	3.0
Texas		2.00	10.24	10.13	9.10	7.48	4.4	2.6	3.4
Virginia		D 3.31	3.69	3.79	3.73	2.89	6.4	*	2.9
Washington		R 4.24	3.59	3.97	4.04	3.41	-6.8	6	1.6
West Virginia Total		R 5.56	5.71	5.18	4.74	4.02	7.4	5.9	4.5
Northern	4.99	R 4.49	5.54	4.72	4.31	3.30	11.2	3.8	4.7
Southern	6.09	R 5.71	5.73	5.24	4.79	4.21	6.8	6.2	4.2
Wyoming	37.78	R 36.57	35.42	32.84	31.02	22.84	3.3	5.0	5.8
Appalachian Total ¹		R 4.11	4.26	4.05	3.88	3.10	4.3	2.5	3.7
Interior Total ¹	7.17	R 6.78	7.11	6.89	6.39	4.86	5.7	2.9	4.4
Western Total ¹		R 21.91	21.78	20.96	18.93	15.18	3.3	4.6	4.5
East of Miss. River	4.48	R 4.31	4.49	4.25	4.03	3.32	4.0	2.7	3.4
West of Miss. River	19.57	R 18.82	18.63	17.89	16.23	12.26	4.0	4.8	5.3
U.S. Total	10.39	R 9.58	9.46	9.05	8.48	5.94	8.4	5.2	6.4

 $^{1\,}$ $\,$ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: Productivity is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, shop or yard work at mining operations, including office workers for 1998 forward. For 1997 and prior years, includes mining operations management and all technical and engineering personnel, excluding office workers. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to

^{*} Data round to zero.

R Paying Data

Revised Data.

Table 51. Coal Mining Productivity by State and Mine Type, 1999

Coal-Producing State and Region	Number of Mining Operations ¹	Average Number of Employees Working Daily ²	Average Production per Employee per Hou (short tons) ³
		1102	2.25
Alabama	60	4,183	2.25
Underground	16	3,366	2.09
Surface	44	817	2.98
laska	1	120	5.56
Surface	1	120	5.56
rizona	3	732	6.61
Surface	3	732	6.61
rkansas	1	4	1.89
Surface	1	4	1.89
olorado	14	1,863	7.93
	10	1,246	8.13
Underground	4	,	
Surface	•	617	7.53
linois	31	4,323	4.19
Underground	22	3,895	4.29
Surface	9	428	3.36
ndiana	42	2,633	5.42
Underground	7	412	3.44
Surface	35	2.221	5.81
Cansas	2	18	8.58
Surface	2	18	8.58
	=		
Kentucky Total	562 325	17,211 11,622	3.89
Underground	325	11,623	3.55
Surface	237	5,588	4.60
Eastern	511	14,287	3.74
Underground	298	9,314	3.32
Surface	213	4,973	4.50
Western	51	2,924	4.57
Underground	27	2,309	4.36
Surface	24	615	5.50
ouisiana	2	176	8.49
	2		
Surface	-	176	8.49
Maryland	12	449	4.20
Underground	3	312	5.22
Surface	9	137	1.90
Mississippi	1	45	.19
Surface	1	45	.19
/lissouri	2	57	2.89
Surface	2	57	2.89
Montana	- 6	927	22.84
Surface	6	927	22.84
New Mexico	8	1,687	8.30
	2		
Underground	-	15	2.10
Surface	6	1,672	8.39
North Dakota	5	925	17.26
Surface	5	925	17.26
Ohio	75	3,069	3.19
Underground	15	1,645	3.02
Surface	60	1,424	3.40
Oklahoma	7	205	3.15
	1	51	1.50
Underground	1		
Surface	6	154	3.72
ennsylvania Total	341	9,318	3.81
Underground	107	6,191	4.31
Surface	234	3,127	2.72
Anthracite	117	1,326	1.76
Underground	30	229	.65
Surface	87	1,097	1.99
Bituminous	224	7,992	4.12
	77	5,962	4.43
Underground		,	
Surface	147	2,030	3.10
ennessee	29	566	2.75
Underground	16	300	2.50
Surface	13	266	3.04
`exas	15	2,464	10.08
Surface	15	2,464	10.08
Jtah	20	1,837	6.84
Underground	18	1,771	7.15
Surface	2	66	.00
	187	5,450	3.09
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Virginia	127	4,161	2.87

Table 51. Coal Mining Productivity by State and Mine Type, 1999 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State and Region	Number of Mining Operations ¹	Average Number of Employees Working Daily ²	Average Production per Employee per Hour (short tons) ³
Vashington	1	513	3.95
Surface	1	513	3.95
Vest Virginia Total	399	15,536	4.77
Underground	268	11,504	4.31
Surface	131	4,032	5.97
Northern	97	3,906	4.63
Underground	54	3,405	4.58
Surface	43	501	4.99
Southern	302	11,630	4.81
Underground	214	8,099	4.19
Surface	88	3,531	6.09
Vyoming	22	4,412	37.29
Underground	1	79	10.29
Surface	21	4,333	37.78
ppalachian Total ⁴	1,614	52,858	3.84
Underground	850	36,793	3.64
Surface	764	16,065	4.29
nterior Total ⁴	154	12,849	5.64
Underground	57	6,667	4.23
Surface	97	6,182	7.17
Vestern Total ⁴	80	13,016	19.05
Underground	31	3,111	7.58
Surface	49	9,905	22.65
East of Miss. River	1,739	62,783	3.97
Underground	906	43,409	3.74
Surface	833	19,374	4.48
Vest of Miss. River	109	15,940	17.18
Underground	32	3,162	7.45
Surface	77	12,778	19.57
J.S. Total	1,848	78,723	6.61
Underground	938	46,571	3.99
Surface	910	32,152	10.39

¹ Mining operations that consist of a mine and preparation plant, or a preparation plant only processing both underground and surface coal will be counted as two operations.

2 Includes all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, shop or yard work at mining op-

Notes: Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons of coal during the year, and preparation plants with less than 5,000 employee hours, which are not required to provide data.

erations, including office workers.

3 Calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, shop or yard work at mining operations, including office workers.

⁴ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Produc-

Table 52. Underground Coal Mining Productivity by State and Mining Method, 1999

(Short Tons of Coal Produced per Employee per Hour)

Coal-Producing State and Region	Continuous 1	Conventional ²	Longwall ³	Other ⁴	Total
Alabama	1.46	_	2.10	_	2.09
Colorado	2.66	_	8.84	_	8.13
Illinois	4.21	_	4.45	_	4.29
Indiana	3.44	_	_	_	3.44
Kentucky Total	3.47	2.69	4.71	2.06	3.55
Eastern	3.32	2.69	4.88	2.06	3.32
Western	4.21	_	4.67	_	4.36
Maryland	3.70	_	5.58	_	5.22
New Mexico	2.10	_	_	_	2.10
Ohio	3.18	_	2.99	_	3.02
Oklahoma	1.50	_	_	_	1.50
Pennsylvania Total	2.49	.61	5.47	.66	4.31
Anthracite	.66	.61	_	.66	.65
Bituminous	2.62	_	5.47	_	4.43
Tennessee	2.50	_	_	_	2.50
Utah	3.82	8.61	7.74	_	7.15
Virginia	2.52	1.76	4.70	_	2.87
West Virginia Total	3.83	2.32	5.15	_	4.31
Northern	3.62	_	5.12	_	4.58
Southern	3.87	2.32	5.18	_	4.19
Wyoming	-	-	10.29	-	10.29
Appalachian Total ⁵	3.27	2.49	4.27	1.29	3.64
Interior Total ⁵	4.10	_	4.53	_	4.23
Western Total ⁵	3.36	8.61	8.28	-	7.58
East of Miss. River	3.43	2.49	4.31	1.29	3.74
West of Miss. River	3.12	8.61	8.28	-	7.45
J.S. Total	3.42	3.10	4.84	1.29	3.99

¹ Mines that produce greater than 50 percent of coal by continuous mining method.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report." Notes: For each State, stand alone preparation plant hours are distributed across the mining methods by the proportion of production for all stand alone mines. Productivity is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, shop or yard work at mining operations, including office workers. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons of coal during the year, and preparation plants with less than 5,000 employee hours, which are not required to provide data.

² Mines that produce greater than 50 percent of coal by conventional mining method.

³ Mines that have any production from longwall mining method. A typical longwall mining operation uses 80 percent longwall mining and 20 percent continuous mining.

⁴ Mines that produce coal using shortwall, scoop loading, hand loading, or other mining methods or a 50/50 percent continuous/conventional split in mining method, or mines that produce less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

⁵ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

U.S. Coal Mining Productivity by Coalbed Thickness and Mining Method, 1999 Table 53. (Short Tons of Coal Produced per Employee per Hour)

Coalbed Thickness		Under	ground			
(inches)	Continuous 1	Conventional ²	Longwall ³	Other ⁴	Surface	Total
< 7	_	_	_	_	3.09	3.09
-12	_	_	_	_	4.62	4.62
3-18	_	_	_	_	5.30	5.30
9-24	_	1.76	_	_	5.40	5.35
5-30	2.45	2.35	_	1.06	5.30	5.02
1-36	3.21	3.73	_	_	5.37	4.54
7-42	3.79	8.83	5.72	_	5.48	4.72
3-48	3.34	3.44	4.02	1.56	5.58	4.57
9-54	3.90	_	2.12	_	6.71	5.03
5-60	4.43	_	3.66	_	6.67	5.33
l-66	4.17	1.02	6.46	_	6.40	5.73
7-72	4.57	_	5.44	_	7.56	6.14
3-78	5.00	_	4.08	_	7.44	4.86
9-84	4.78	1.35	4.90	_	6.51	5.58
5-90	7.35	_	5.90	_	10.35	8.76
1-96	4.26	8.61	5.19	_	7.06	6.16
7-102	10.00	_	6.74	_	7.54	7.47
03-108	4.99	_	5.53	_	8.41	7.43
09-114	10.45	_	10.64	_	8.04	8.73
5-120	6.83	_	5.21	_	6.19	6.11
120	3.68	1.51	8.55	-	21.49	19.82
S. Total ⁵	3.42	3.10	4.84	1.29	10.39	6.61

Mines that produce greater than 50 percent of coal by continuous mining method.

Notes: Productivity is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, shop or yard work at mining operations, including office workers. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons and preparation plants with less than 5,000 employee hours, which are not required to provide data.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Mines that produce greater than 50 percent of coal by conventional mining method.

Mines that have any production from longwall mining method. A typical longwall mining operation uses 80 percent longwall mining and 20 percent

continuous mining.

4 Mines that produce coal using shortwall, scoop loading, hand loading, or other mining methods or a 50/50 percent continuous/conventional split in mining method, or mines that produce less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

Includes stand alone preparation plants.

Table 54. Coal Mining Productivity by State, Mine Type, and Mine Production Range, 1999

(Short Tons of Coal Produced per Employee per Hour)

Coal-Producing			Mine Produ (thousand				m . 1
State and Region	1,000 and over	500 to 1,000	200 to 500	100 to 200	50 to 100	10 to 50	Total ¹
Alabama	2.28	_	2.34	3.03	3.13	2.36	2.25
Underground	2.24	_	.99	_	1.76	_	2.09
Surface	3.12	_	3.23	3.03	3.45	2.36	2.98
Alaska	5.56	_	_	_	-	_	5.56
Surface	5.56	-	-	-	-	-	5.56
Arizona	6.88	_	-	-	-	_	6.61
Surface	6.88	_	_	_	-	_	6.61
Arkansas	_	_	-	_	_	1.89	1.89
Surface		_	2 24	_	_	1.89	1.89
Colorado	8.60 9.14	_	3.24 2.70	_	_	_	7.93 8.13
Underground	7.62	_	5.70	_	_	_	7.53
llinois	4.56	4.04	5.70	7.44	1.33	1.69	4.19
Underground	4.60	3.48	_	8.44	1.33	-	4.29
Surface	4.03	5.03	_	6.73	1.55	1.69	3.36
ndiana	5.49	6.39	4.14	-	3.08	1.89	5.42
Underground	3.67	_	5.03	_	_		3.44
Surface	5.90	6.39	3.49	_	3.08	1.89	5.81
Kansas	_	-	9.24	7.98	_	_	8.58
Surface	_	_	9.24	7.98	_	_	8.58
Kentucky Total	5.49	4.67	4.04	3.12	2.93	2.48	3.89
Underground	4.96	4.27	3.82	2.92	2.66	2.09	3.55
Surface	6.74	5.46	4.34	3.98	3.41	3.03	4.60
Eastern	5.61	4.66	4.02	3.12	2.87	2.44	3.74
Underground	4.80	4.26	3.90	2.91	2.66	2.09	3.32
Surface	6.66	5.46	4.20	3.98	3.36	2.98	4.50
Western	5.29	4.70	4.23	3.27	3.48	3.61	4.57
Underground	5.12	4.30	3.01	3.27	2.72	2.61	4.36
Surface	7.44	5.50	5.35	_	3.62	3.61	5.50
Louisiana	8.35 8.35	8.97 8.97	_	_	_	_	8.49 8.49
Surface	6.39	8.97	4.04	1.93	1.84	1.92	4.20
Maryland	6.39	_	4.04	1.93	1.04	1.92	5.22
Surface	0.39		4.04	1.93	1.84	1.92	1.90
/lississippi	_	_	_	-	-	.19	.19
Surface	_	_	_	_	_	.19	.19
Aissouri	_	_	3.53	_	1.62	_	2.89
Surface	_	_	3.53	_	1.62	_	2.89
Iontana	22.93	_	14.74	_	_	_	22.84
Surface	22.93	_	14.74	_	_	_	22.84
New Mexico	8.39	_	_	4.73	-	_	8.30
Underground	-	_	_	4.73	_	-	2.10
Surface	8.39	_	-	-	-	_	8.39
North Dakota	17.31	-	-	-	-	-	17.26
Surface	17.31	_	_	_	_	_	17.26
Ohio	2.99	4.53	3.92	2.74	3.63	2.10	3.19
Underground	3.05	4.52	3.68	274	2 62	2.10	3.02
Surface	2.51	4.53	4.05	2.74	3.63	2.10	3.40
Oklahoma	_	5.34	4.49	2.26	_	_	3.15
Underground	_	5.34	4.49	1.50 2.72	_	_	1.50 3.72
Surface Pennsylvania Total	5.70	2.44	3.60	3.40	2.80	2.44	3.72 3.81
Underground	5.65	2.09	4.53	3.39	2.81	1.61	4.31
Surface	8.21	8.35	3.23	3.42	2.79	2.60	2.72
Anthracite	0.21	25.60	4.04	2.47	2.35	1.69	1.76
Underground	_		_	1.74		1.22	.65
Surface	_	25.60	4.04	2.87	2.35	1.79	1.99
Bituminous	5.70	2.21	3.53	3.66	2.94	3.17	4.12
Underground	5.65	2.09	4.53	3.71	2.81	2.04	4.43
Surface	8.21	4.63	3.01	3.61	2.95	3.36	3.10
ennessee	_	-	3.42	3.47	2.16	2.39	2.75
Underground	_	-	3.29	3.80	2.16	2.48	2.50
Surface	_	_	3.52	3.17	_	2.27	3.04
'exas	10.28	_	3.33	_	-	_	10.08
Surface	10.28	_	3.33	_	-	_	10.08
tah	9.12	2.54	3.65	-	2.50	1.58	6.84
Underground	9.12	2.54	3.65	_	2.50	1.58	7.15
Surface	_		_		_		.00

Table 54. Coal Mining Productivity by State, Mine Type, and Mine Production Range, 1999 (Continued)

(Short Tons of Coal Produced per Employee per Hour)

Coal-Producing			Mine Produ (thousand	· ·			m1
State and Region	1,000 and over	500 to 1,000	200 to 500	100 to 200	50 to 100	10 to 50	Total ¹
Virginia	. 4.70	4.44	3.35	2.80	2.55	1.86	3.09
Underground		4.07	2.91	2.59	2.50	1.93	2.87
Surface		5.18	4.03	4.55	2.87	1.51	3.73
Vashington		_	_	_	_	_	3.95
Surface		_	_	_	_	_	3.95
Vest Virginia Total		5.73	4.22	3.37	3.10	2.29	4.77
Underground		5.39	4.11	3.17	2.93	1.99	4.31
Surface		6.72	4.75	5.16	3.70	2.87	5.97
Northern		4.50	4.43	3.89	3.61	2.75	4.63
Underground		4.24	4.69	3.70	3.55	2.44	4.58
Surface		7.03	3.42	4.62	3.68	2.88	4.99
Southern		6.05	4.20	3.22	2.87	2.12	4.81
Underground		5.78	4.04	3.05	2.74	1.93	4.19
Surface		6.70	4.94	5.62	3.73	2.87	6.09
Vyoming		12.47	10.91	-	3.16	2.07	37.29
Underground		12.47	10.51	_	-	_	10.29
Surface		12.47	10.91	_	3.16	_	37.78
Appalachian Total ²	. 5.11	4.56	3.80	3.14	2.83	2.29	3.84
Underground	. 4.65	4.09	3.73	3.00	2.64	1.99	3.64
Surface	. 6.83	5.58	3.89	3.48	3.05	2.55	4.29
nterior Total ²	. 6.25	5.40	4.16	3.13	2.73	1.35	5.64
Underground	. 4.70	3.95	3.41	2.65	1.72	_	4.23
Surface	. 8.15	6.14	4.56	3.55	3.05	1.35	7.17
Vestern Total ²	. 20.34	3.84	4.24	4.73	2.83	1.58	19.05
Underground		2.54	3.10	4.73	2.50	1.58	7.58
Surface	. 23.09	12.47	8.83	_	3.16	-	22.65
Cast of Miss. River	. 5.08	4.66	3.82	3.16	2.84	2.25	3.97
Underground	. 4.66	4.07	3.72	3.01	2.62	1.99	3.74
Surface		5.70	3.95	3.51	3.08	2.45	4.48
Vest of Miss. River	. 18.54	4.39	4.17	2.75	2.25	1.65	17.18
Underground	. 9.17	2.54	3.10	1.96	2.50	1.58	7.45
Surface	. 20.35	8.90	5.39	3.25	2.16	1.89	19.57
J.S. Total	. 9.56	4.65	3.83	3.14	2.83	2.24	6.61
Underground	. 5.09	3.99	3.69	2.99	2.62	1.98	3.99
Surface	. 15.46	5.84	4.01	3.49	3.05	2.45	10.39

¹ Includes stand alone preparation plants.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report." Notes: Productivity is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, shop or yard work at mining operations, including office workers. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons and preparation plants with less than 5,000 employee hours, which are not required to provide data.

² For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Table 55. Coal Mining Productivity by State, Mine Type, and Union Type,1999 (Short Tons of Coal Produced per Employee per Hour)

Coal-Producing State and Region	UMWA	Other Unions	Union Total	Nonunion	Total
labama	2.16	_	2.16	2.76	2.25
Underground	2.13	_	2.13	.54	2.09
Surface	2.74	_	2.74	3.08	2.98
.laska	_	_	_	5.56	5.56
Surface	_	_	_	5.56	5.56
rizona	6.61	_	6.61	_	6.61
Surface	6.61	_	6.61	_	6.61
rkansas	-	_	=	1.89	1.89
Surface	_	_	_	1.89	1.89
Colorado	8.96	6.84	8.53	7.48	7.93
Underground	9.45	0.04	9.45	7.19	8.13
Surface	6.89	6.84	6.86	8.09	7.53
llinois	3.89	4.49	3.96	4.59	4.19
Underground	4.10	4.99	4.17	4.51	4.19
ē					
Surface	1.25	3.85	2.41	5.26	3.36
ndiana	5.47	_	5.47	5.40	5.42
Underground		_	<u>.</u>	3.44	3.44
Surface	5.47	_	5.47	6.03	5.81
ansas	_	_	_	8.58	8.58
Surface	-	_	_	8.58	8.58
Centucky Total	4.05	_	4.05	3.87	3.89
Underground	4.08	_	4.08	3.47	3.55
Surface	3.46	_	3.46	4.61	4.60
Eastern	2.52	_	2.52	3.75	3.74
Underground	2.88	_	2.88	3.32	3.32
Surface	_	_	_	4.51	4.50
Western	4.18	_	4.18	4.91	4.57
Underground	4.17	_	4.17	4.60	4.36
Surface	4.48	_	4.48	5.61	5.50
ouisiana	4.40	_	4.46	8.49	8.49
	_	_	_		8.49
Surface	_	_	_	8.49	
Iaryland	_	_	_	4.20	4.20
Underground	_	_	_	5.22	5.22
Surface	_	_	_	1.90	1.90
Iississippi	-	_	_	.19	.19
Surface	-	_	_	.19	.19
Aissouri	_	_	_	2.89	2.89
Surface	_	_	_	2.89	2.89
Iontana	20.47	19.27	19.80	39.45	22.84
Surface	20.47	19.27	19.80	39.45	22.84
lew Mexico	7.44	8.83	8.30	8.34	8.30
Underground	_	_	_	4.73	2.10
Surface	7.44	8.97	8.38	8.48	8.39
orth Dakota	9.98	19.04	14.09	18.59	17.26
Surface	9.98	19.04	14.09	18.59	17.26
Ohio	3.02	_	3.02	3.39	3.19
Underground	3.02	_	3.02	3.03	3.02
Surface	3.04	_	3.04	3.49	3.40
Oklahoma	J.U 4	<u>-</u>	3.04	3.49 3.15	3.40 3.15
	_	_	_		
Underground	_	_	_	1.50	1.50
Surface	2.41		- 2.40	3.72	3.72
ennsylvania Total	3.41	.57	3.40	4.20	3.81
Underground	3.74	_	3.73	5.22	4.31
Surface	1.03	.87	1.03	3.12	2.72
Anthracite	.57	2.91	.59	2.39	1.76
Underground	-	_	_	.65	.65
Surface	.57	2.91	.60	3.02	1.99
Bituminous	3.71	_	3.69	4.55	4.12
Underground	3.74	_	3.74	5.65	4.43
Surface	2.66	_	2.44	3.15	3.10
ennessee	_	_	_	2.75	2.75
Underground	_	_	_	2.50	2.50
Surface	_	_	_	3.04	3.04
exas	9.68	9.83	9.72	10.87	10.08
Surface	9.68	9.83	9.72	10.87	10.08
tah	8.02	2.41	6.57	6.98	6.84
Underground	8.02	4.83	7.55	6.98	7.15
Surface	_	_	_		_
irginia	3.13	3.45	3.21	3.06	3.09
Underground	3.14	2.77	3.07	2.82	2.87

Table 55. Coal Mining Productivity by State, Mine Type, and Union Type,1999 (Continued)

(Short Tons of Coal Produced per Employee per Hour)

Coal-Producing State and Region	UMWA	Other Unions	Union Total	Nonunion	Total
Washington	_	3.95	3.95	_	3.95
Surface	_	3.95	3.95	_	3.95
West Virginia Total	4.42	_	4.41	5.06	4.77
Underground	4.08	_	4.08	4.53	4.31
Surface	5.66	_	5.60	6.18	5.97
Northern	5.07	_	5.07	4.04	4.63
Underground	5.07	_	5.07	3.65	4.58
Surface	_	_	_	4.99	4.99
Southern	4.11	_	4.10	5.31	4.81
Underground	3.39	_	3.38	4.76	4.19
Surface	5.66	_	5.60	6.43	6.09
Wyoming	7.88	9.35	8.82	43.17	37.29
Underground	_	_	_	10.29	10.29
Surface	7.88	9.35	8.82	43.90	37.78
Appalachian Total ¹	3.51	2.86	3.50	4.02	3.84
Underground	3.41	2.52	3.40	3.82	3.64
Surface	4.10	3.44	4.08	4.33	4.29
Interior Total ¹	5.35	7.57	5.61	5.67	5.64
Underground	4.13	4.99	4.17	4.32	4.23
Surface	7.25	8.37	7.48	6.90	7.17
Western Total ¹	9.06	9.55	9.28	27.22	19.05
Underground	8.77	4.14	8.35	7.17	7.58
Surface	9.18	9.75	9.48	35.33	22.65
East of Miss. River	3.68	3.81	3.68	4.14	3.97
Underground	3.56	3.88	3.56	3.89	3.74
Surface	4.30	3.70	4.27	4.54	4.48
West of Miss. River	9.23	9.59	9.38	24.31	17.18
Underground	8.77	4.14	8.35	7.00	7.45
Surface	9.36	9.76	9.54	30.10	19.57
U.S. Total	4.59	8.66	5.08	7.59	6.61
Underground	3.81	3.93	3.81	4.13	3.99
Surface	6.70	9.30	7.51	11.78	10.39

¹ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

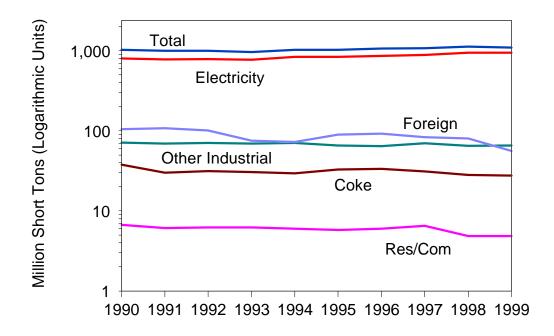
less than 5,000 employee hours, which are not required to provide data. See Glossary for listing of other unions.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Notes: Productivity is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, shop or yard work at mining operations, including office workers. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons and preparation plants with less than 5,000 employee bours, which are not required to provide data. See Glossary for listing of other unions.

Distribution

Figure 8. Coal Distribution, 1990-1999



Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report."

Distribution of U.S. Coal by State of Origin, 1995-1999 Table 56.

(Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	Percent Change	Average Annua Percent Change
State and Region						1998-1999	1995-1999
Alabama	19,297	23,046	23,921	24,636	25,159	-16.3	-6.4
Alaska	1,573	1,341	1,424	1,473	1,670	17.3	-1.5
Arizona	12,623	12,169	11,044	10,970	11,783	3.7	1.7
Arkansas	22	23	9	7	11	-2.3	18.3
Colorado	30,017	29,294	26,968	25,405	25,635	2.5	4.0
Illinois	40,167	39,754	41,220	47,076	47,869	1.0	-4.3
Indiana	,	36,774	34,810	29,674	25,695	-7.0	7.4
Kansas		440	434	245	291	-7.4	8.8
Kentucky Total		153,102	152,746	152,891	151,466	-9.4	-2.2
Eastern		120,227	119,196	117,404	117,831	-9.4	-1.9
Western	,	32,876	33,550	35,487	33,635	-9.6	-3.0
Louisiana	,	3,331	3,545	3,222	3,426	-11.4	-3.6
Maryland		4.066	4.116	4.199	3,570	-4.7	2.1
Mississippi	- ,	- ,000	-,110	4,177	3,570	-	2.1
Missouri		296	401	846	464	32.4	-4.1
Montana		42,674	40,942	38,288	39,620	-3.1	1.1
New Mexico	,	28,026	27.377	25.043	26.154	1.5	2.1
North Dakota	-,	30,557	29.172	30,025	30,118	1.2	.7
Ohio	,	27,166	29,434	28,881	24,345	-15.1	-1.3
Oklahoma		1,731	1,688	2,216	2,158	-4.3	-6.4
		80,525	73,725	69,128	62,240	-4.3 -6.0	5.0
Pennsylvania Total		,	5,062	4,836	3,994	-6.3	3.5
Anthracite		4,887	,	,			
Bituminous		75,637	68,664	64,291	58,246	-6.0	5.1
Γennessee		2,741	3,080	3,052	2,627	15.1	4.7
Гехаs	,	52,935	53,463	49,655	52,832	.3	.1
Utah		26,765	26,272	23,868	25,521	-3.9	.2
Virginia	,	33,539	35,577	36,208	34,024	-5.7	-1.8
Washington		4,622	4,495	4,569	4,863	-11.8	-4.3
West Virginia Total		172,612	172,236	169,200	165,187	-8.6	-1.1
Northern		44,784	46,316	46,436	42,615	-11.8	-1.9
Southern		127,828	125,920	122,764	122,572	-7.5	9
Wyoming	337,027	314,891	280,795	279,117	263,601	7.0	6.3
Appalachian Total 1	,	463,922	461,287	452,707	434,984	-8.7	7
Interior Total ¹		168,160	169,119	168,427	166,380	-3.3	6
Western Total ¹	511,748	490,339	448,490	438,758	428,966	4.4	4.5
East of Miss. River	527,467	573,325	570,866	564,944	542,182	-8.0	7
West of Miss. River	570,254	549,096	508,030	494,948	488,148	3.8	4.0
U.S. Total	1,097,721	1,122,421	1,078,896	1,059,892	1,030,330	-2.2	1.6

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report."

For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: See Technical Note 1 for the difference between production and distribution. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Table 57. Domestic and Foreign Distribution of U.S. Coal by State of Origin, 1995-1999 (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	Percent Change	Average Annua Percent Change
State and Region						1998-1999	1995-1999
				Domestic			
abama	15,990	18,245	18,108	19,772	19,127	-12.4	-4.4
laska	1,036	970	743	697	815	6.8	6.2
izona	12,623	12,169	11,044	10,970	11,783	3.7	1.7
kansas	22	23	9	7	11	-2.3	18.3
olorado	28,198	27,541	25,445	23,990	24,734	2.4	3.3
inois	40,102	39,447	40,447	45,190	45,170	1.7	-2.9
diana	34,215	36,774	34,805	29,664	25,625	-7.0	7.5
ansas	408	440	434	245	291	-7.4	8.8
entucky Total	133,997	146,171	145,526	143,748	141,771	-8.3	-1.4
Eastern	104,287	113,842	112,496	108,927	108,781	-8.4	-1.0
Western	29,710	32,329	33,030	34,821	32,990	-8.1	-2.6
ouisiana	2,952	3,331	3,545	3,222	3,426	-11.4	-3.6
aryland	3,875	4,058	3,880	3,555	3,382	-4.5	3.5
lississippi	18	206	401	946	464	22.4	- 4.1
lissouri	392	296	401	846	464	32.4 -2.9	-4.1
ontana	40,649	41,860	40,363	37,770	39,362		.8
ew Mexico	28,450 30,938	28,026 30,557	27,352	25,035 30,025	25,640 30,118	1.5 1.2	2.6 .7
orth Dakotahio	23,068	30,557 26,503	29,172 29,024		24,318	-13.0	-1.3
nioklahoma	23,068 1,657	26,503 1,731	29,024 1,688	28,609 2,136	24,318 2,158	-13.0 -4.3	-1.3 -6.4
ennsylvania Total	68,703	72,616	65,027	59,882	2,138 53,961	-4.3 -5.4	-6.4 6.2
						-5.4 -1.8	
Anthracite	4,365 64,338	4,445 68,172	4,575 60,452	4,330 55,552	3,497 50,464	-1.8 -5.6	5.7 6.3
Bituminousennessee	3,151	2,741	3,080	3,052 3,052	2,627	-5.6 15.0	4.6
exas	52,903	52,913	53,463	49,538	52,812	13.0	4.0 *
tah	23,402	24,229	22,857	18,563	21,591	-3.4	2.0
irginia	22,865	20,728	22,736	22,776	24,283	10.3	-1.5
Vashington	4,074	4,622	4,481	4,526	4,756	-11.8	-1.3 -3.8
/est Virginia Total		135,082	133,777	127,156	120,866	-11.8 1	-3.8 2.8
	37,259	40,410	41.494	40,398	36,073	-7.8	.8
Northern	97,624	94,671	92,284	86,757	84,793	3.1	3.6
/yoming	333,253	311,162	278,255	276,723	261,333	7.1	6.3
v youning	333,233	311,102	210,233	270,723	201,333	7.1	0.3
ppalachian Total ¹	376,820	393,814	388,130	373,728	357,344	-4.3	1.3
nterior Total ¹	162,379	167,285	167,821	165,668	162,947	-2.9	1
Vestern Total ¹	502,623	481,137	439,713	428,297	420,132	4.5	4.6
		502.264	406 412	192 402	461 139	4.2	1.0
ast of Miss. RiverVest of Miss. River	480,866 560,957	502,364 539,872	496,412 499,252	483,402 484,291	461,128 479,294	-4.3 3.9	1.0 4.0
.S. Total	1,041,823	1,042,236	995,664	967,693	940,423	*	2.6
				Foreign			
labama	3,307	4,801	5,813	4,864	6,032	-31.1	-13.9
laska	537	371	680	776	855	44.8	-11.0
olorado	1,819	1,754	1,523	1,415	900	3.7	19.2
linois	65	307	773	1,886	2,699	-78.8	-60.6
diana	-	_	5	11	70	_	-
entucky Total	4,636	6,931	7,220	9,143	9,695	-33.1	-16.8
Eastern	4,636	6,385	6,700	8,477	9,051	-27.4	-15.4
Western	-	546	520	666	645	-100.0	-
Iaryland	*	9	236	645	188	-99.1	-85.6
ontana	682	814	579	518	259	-16.1	27.4
ew Mexico	-	-	25	9	514	-	-
hio	6	663	410	271	28	-99.1	-32.6
klahoma	-	-	_	80	_	_	_
ennsylvania Total		7,908	8,698	9,246	8,279	-11.9	-4.2
Anthracite	216	443	486	506	497	-51.3	-18.8
Bituminous	6,750	7,466	8,212	8,740	7,782	-9.6	-3.5
ennessee	4	_	-	-	-	_	-
exas	172	22	_	117	20	NM	72.0
tah	2,313	2,535	3,414	5,305	3,930	-8.8	-12.4
irginia	8,770	12,810	12,841	13,432	9,742	-31.5	-2.6
ashington	_	. –	14	43	107	_	_
	22,848	37,531	38,459	42,044	44,321	-39.1	-15.3
est Virginia Total		4,374	4,822	6,038	6,542	-48.5	-23.4
	2,253						
Northern	2,253 20,595	33,157	33,637	36,006	37,779	-37.9	-14.1
Northern		33,157 3,729	33,637 2,541	36,006 2,395	37,779 2,269	-37.9 1.2	-14.1 13.6
/est Virginia Total	20,595 3,774						

Domestic and Foreign Distribution of U.S. Coal by State of Origin, 1995-1999 (Continued) (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing State and Region	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	Percent Change 1998-1999	Average Annual Percent Change
				Foreign			
Interior Total ¹	237	875	1,298	2,759	3,433	-72.9	-48.8
Western Total ¹	9,125	9,202	8,777	10,460	8,834	8	.8
East of Miss. River	46,601	70,961	74,455	81,542	81,054	-34.3	-12.9
West of Miss. River	9,297	9,225	8,777	10,657	8,854	.8	1.2
U.S. Total	55,898	80,185	83,232	92,199	89,907	-30.3	-11.2

¹ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report."

Table 58, Major U.S. Coal Distributors, 1999

Pacificorp Peabody Energy Corp. RAG Coal International Texas Utilities Co. Vulcan Holding jor Distributors Great River Energy James River Coal Co. Mapco Coal Inc. MDU Resources Group Mincorp Inc.
Peabody Energy Corp. RAG Coal International Texas Utilities Co. Vulcan Holding jor Distributors Great River Energy James River Coal Co. Mapco Coal Inc. MDU Resources Group Mincorp Inc.
RAG Coal International Texas Utilities Co. Vulcan Holding jor Distributors Great River Energy James River Coal Co. Mapco Coal Inc. MDU Resources Group Mincorp Inc.
Texas Utilities Co. Vulcan Holding jor Distributors Great River Energy James River Coal Co. Mapco Coal Inc. MDU Resources Group Mincorp Inc.
Vulcan Holding jor Distributors Great River Energy James River Coal Co. Mapco Coal Inc. MDU Resources Group Mincorp Inc.
jor Distributors Great River Energy James River Coal Co. Mapco Coal Inc. MDU Resources Group Mincorp Inc.
Great River Energy James River Coal Co. Mapco Coal Inc. MDU Resources Group Mincorp Inc.
James River Coal Co. Mapco Coal Inc. MDU Resources Group Mincorp Inc.
Mapco Coal Inc. MDU Resources Group Mincorp Inc.
MDU Resources Group Mincorp Inc.
Mincorp Inc.
•
Minnesota Power & Light
North American Coal Corp.
Pen Holdings
Pittson Company
Quaker Coal Co.
Rencoal Inc.
San Miguel Elec CoOp
Smokey Mountain Coal
Solar Sources Inc.
Sunco Inc.
Teco Energy Inc.
Teco Energy Inc. U.S. Steel Mining Co.

Notes: The top 10 distribution companies accounted for 55 percent of the total distribution. Companies are listed in alphabetical order to ensure nondisclosure of company data.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report."

 $^{^{\}ast}$ Data round to zero. $$^{\hbox{NM}}$$ Not meaningful as value is greater than 500 percent.

Table 59. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division and State, 1995-1999 (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division and State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	Percent Change 1998-1999	Average Annual Percent Change
							1995-1999
ppalachian Total	376,820	393,814	388,130	373,728	357,344	-4.3	1.3
Alabama	15,990	18,245	18,108	19,772	19,127	-12.4	-4.4
Middle Atlantic	157	_	365	579	616	_	-29.0
Pennsylvania	157	_	365	579	616	_	-29.0
East North Central	1,374	129	_	108	-	NM	27.0
Illinois	1,574	71	_	-	_	-100.0	
Indiana	1,302	58	_	57	_	NM	_
	1,302	36	_		_	INIVI	_
Ohio	_	_	_	51	_	_	_
Wisconsin	72	_	_		_	_	_
West North Central	_	_	_	*	_	_	_
Minnesota	_	_	_	*	_	_	_
Missouri	_	_	_	*	_	-	_
South Atlantic	194	98	77	385	253	97.2	-6.4
Florida	_	24	26	8	115	-100.0	_
Georgia	194	74	50	373	134	162.4	9.7
North Carolina	_	_	_	4	_	_	_
South Carolina	_	_	_		4	_	_
East South Central	14,106	17,904	17,594	18,628	18,182	-21.2	-6.1
	14,100				18,024	-21.2 -21.3	
Alabama	,	17,831	17,489	18,503	18,024		-6.1
Kentucky	-	_	-	15	-	-	-
Mississippi	35	73	105	110	156	-52.0	-31.1
Tennessee	47	_	_	1	2	_	117.3
West South Central	113	78	47	39	24	43.4	46.5
Arkansas	113	78	47	39	24	43.4	46.5
	404.00	112.012	112.104	400.04	400 204	0.4	4.0
Kentucky, Eastern	104,287	113,842	112,496	108,927	108,781	-8.4	-1.0
New England	521	896	1,884	1,337	1,764	-41.9	-26.3
Connecticut	_	460	755	659	811	-100.0	_
Maine	168	194	412	271	258	-13.4	-10.2
Massachusetts	353	243	717	407	695	45.4	-15.6
Middle Atlantic	1,939	2,584	2,754	3,977	4.145	-25.0	-17.3
New Jersey	10	· –	91	29	381	_	-60.0
New York	1,216	1,818	1,494	1,227	996	-33.1	5.1
Pennsylvania	714	766	1,169	2,721	2,767	-6.8	-28.7
	20,031	20,641	21,644	20,340	22,832	-3.0	-3.2
East North Central	,			,			
Illinois	1,236	661	2,327	1,478	1,442	87.0	-3.8
Indiana	2,942	2,753	2,065	1,962	2,397	6.9	5.3
Michigan	6,040	7,413	6,759	6,671	6,977	-18.5	-3.5
Ohio	9,083	9,074	9,711	9,490	11,200	.1	-5.1
Wisconsin	730	740	781	738	816	-1.2	-2.7
West North Central	671	499	543	889	611	34.4	2.4
Iowa	268	234	259	439	160	14.5	13.7
Minnesota	142	89	136	135	211	60.0	-9.4
	261	170	145	315	238	53.7	2.4
Missouri	201	170	143	313		33.7	2.4
Nebraska	*				3		_
North Dakota	4			_	_		_
South Dakota	_	7	3	_	_	-100.0	_
South Atlantic	61,708	66,795	65,034	63,554	57,820	-7.6	1.6
Delaware	69	92	_	-	_	-25.2	-
District of Columbia	3	_	-	_	_	_	_
Florida	13,804	13,902	14,342	14,015	12,121	7	3.3
Georgia	16,450	16,507	15,913	14,689	15,803	3	1.0
Maryland	108	349	139	105	29	-68.9	39.3
North Carolina	13,457	17,179	15,840	17,240	12,902	-21.7	1.1
South Carolina	11,724	13,060	12,100	11,417	10,007	-21.7 -10.2	4.0
							-1.9
Virginia	5,668	5,336	6,449	5,662	6,129	6.2	
West Virginia	425	370	250	426	829	14.8	-15.4
East South Central	18,964	22,110	20,070	18,182	20,332	-14.2	-1.7
Alabama	415	1,039	727	727	1,434	-60.1	-26.7
Kentucky	9,921	10,740	8,645	9,326	9,653	-7.6	.7
Mississippi	1,042	977	1,219	928	815	6.6	6.3
Tennessee	7,587	9,355	9,480	7,202	8,430	-18.9	-2.6
West South Central	235	38	116	7,202	513	NM	-17.7
Arkansas	20	_	-	-	-	-	-17.7
		11	78	44	500	50.2	
Louisiana	16		/8				-57.6
Oklahoma	46	27	•	2	4	73.9	84.5
Texas	153	_	38	26	8	-	106.1
Mountain	11	-	_	-	2	-	54.8
Idaho	_	_	_	_	2	_	_

Table 59. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division and State, 1995-1999 (Continued) (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division and State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	Percent Change 1998-1999	Average Annual Percent Change
							1995-1999
Kentucky, Eastern (Continued)							
Nevada	11	_	_	_	_	_	_
Pacific	7	14	16	24	15	-48.5	-16.2
Oregon	7	14	16	24	15	-48.5	-16.2
Maryland	3,875	4,058	3,880	3,555	3,382	-4.5	3.5
New England	-	_	_	3	32	-	-
Connecticut	_	_	_	3	32	_	-
Massachusetts	2	- 16	- 24	4	- 45	- -89.7	- -56.0
Middle Atlantic	2	16	24	4	45	-89.7 -89.7	-56.0 -56.0
East North Central	_	-	_	19	-	-	-
Michigan	_	_	_	15	_	_	_
Wisconsin	_	_	_	3	_	-	-
South Atlantic	3,873	4,022	3,847	3,518	3,297	-3.7	4.1
Delaware	139	96	_	130	97	44.8	9.4
Maryland	677	909	955	1,147	1,216	-25.4	-13.6
Virginia	2.056	40 2.078	163	27	12	-100.0	- 11.6
West Virginia	3,056	2,978	2,730	2,213	1,971	2.6	11.6
Ohio	23,068	26,503	29,024	28,609	24,318	-13.0	-1.3
New England Connecticut	7	_	_	_	_	_	-
New Hampshire	7	_	_	_	_	_	_
Middle Atlantic	394	457	770	1,168	1,568	-13.9	-29.2
New Jersey	16	-	_	- 1,100		-	-
New York	20	12	18	125	25	65.3	-5.4
Pennsylvania	358	445	752	1,043	1,543	-19.5	-30.6
East North Central	20,851	23,486	25,162	25,201	20,912	-11.2	1
Illinois	-	-	- 227	5	- 242	-	-
IndianaMichigan	91 239	93 302	337 303	464 246	243 431	-2.3 -20.8	-21.8 -13.7
Ohio	20,521	23,091	24,521	24,478	20,228	-20.8 -11.1	-13.7 .4
Wisconsin	*	*		21,170	10	-48.9	-61.3
West North Central	5	14	7	_	10	-62.5	-14.8
Minnesota	5	14	7	-	-	-62.5	-
Missouri					10	. .	_
South Atlantic	1,651	1,670	2,323	2,036	1,620	-1.1	.5
Georgia	42 1,609	1,670	2,323	2,036	1,620	-3.6	
West Virginia East South Central	1,609	851	2,323 636	2,036	1,620	-3.6 -81.9	30.8
Alabama	31	4	69	103	18	NM	14.7
Kentucky	123	848	567	30	14	-85.5	72.3
Tennessee	_	_	_	4	21	_	-
Pennsylvania,							
Anthracite	4,365	4,445	4,575	4,330	3,497	-1.8	5.7
New England	26	29	35	31	37	-10.7	-8.5
Connecticut	6	7	7	5	8	-14.1	-6.6
Maine	2	3	4	4	3	-12.7	-4.6
Massachusetts	10	10	14 5	14	16	-2.5	-11.3
New Hampshire	4 2	5 2	3	4 3	5 3	-16.9	-3.1 12.2
Rhode Island Vermont	2	2	2	2	3	-25.7 -4.1	-12.2 -9.6
Middle Atlantic	3,866	4,086	4,236	3,985	2,922	-5.4	7.3
New Jersey	10	14	15	14	15	-29.1	-8.5
New York	79	92	130	151	140	-13.7	-13.2
Pennsylvania	3,776	3,980	4,091	3,821	2,768	-5.1	8.1
East North Central	82	44	41	41	37	85.8	21.7
Illinois	17	11	15	7	9	59.6	16.5
Indiana	44 2	15 1	7 1	6 3	6 9	194.8 51.4	66.8 -33.8
Michigan Ohio	11	11	13	19	8	-2.1	-33.8 7.9
Wisconsin	8	6	6	5	6	33.1	9.6
West North Central	60	55	52	64	46	8.9	6.8
Iowa	36	35	43	54	39	2.1	-1.8
Kansas	1	1	1	*	_	3.9	. . .
Minnesota	6	7	4	7	7	-24.7	-5.7

Table 59. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division and State, 1995-1999 (Continued) (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division and State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	Percent Change 1998-1999	Average Annual Percent Change
							1995-1999
Pennsylvania,							
Anthracite (Continued)							
Missouri	9	*	*	*	*	NM	164.3
Nebraska	8	11	4	1	*	-28.9	NM
North Dakota	1	*	*	2	*	NM	104.8
South Atlantic	210	116	97	56	91	81.4	23.3
Delaware	7	7	8	10	11	4.0	-9.6
District of Columbia	*				9	-46.9	-29.6
Florida	3	4 2	7	6	9	-92.7	-56.6 58.4
Georgia Maryland	100	2	3	1	27	25.9 NM	58.4 38.8
North Carolina	*	1	*	*	21 *	-92.4	14.6
South Carolina	49	54	31	*	3	-9.0	106.3
Virginia	3	3	6	6	9	-7.6	-25.7
West Virginia	48	42	41	32	31	12.7	11.1
East South Central	32	50	31	50	44	-36.2	-7.7
Alabama	11	11	4	2	1	-1.3	67.4
Kentucky	19	23	18	22	21	-14.7	-1.8
Mississippi	*	*	*	*	*	28.3	24.8
Tennessee	2	16	9	26	22	-89.0	-46.3
West South Central	6	9	11	8	12	-32.2	-15.4
Arkansas	1	2	*	*	*	-63.4	46.3
Louisiana	*	*	8	6	10	300.0	-86.0
Oklahoma	*	*	*	*	*	-46.8	-19.2
Texas	6	7	3	1	2	-23.6	35.6
Mountain	23	21	26	21	13	9.7	15.9
Arizona	*	3	3	1	*	-93.9	35.1
Colorado	18	18	20	16	12	1.9	11.1
Idaho	3	_	_		*	_	_
Montana	3	_	_	2	_	_	_
Nevada New Mexico	*	*	_	*	*	72.7	-25.0
Utah	_	*	3	*	*	-100.0	-23.0
Wyoming	2	*	2	1	_	NM	_
Pacific	18	15	14	12	12	17.8	10.1
California	*	*	1	*	*	-35.6	84.5
Oregon	17	15	13	12	12	19.2	9.7
Washington	_	_	*	-	*	-	_
Pennsylvania,	(1.220	CO 480	co. 450		50.464	• .	
Bituminous	64,338 763	68,172	60,452	55,552	50,464	−5.6 −26.3	6.3 -6.8
New England		1,034	1,214	1,021	1,009	-26.3 -54.3	-6.8 -37.2
Connecticut Maine	80 12	176 7	1 7	227	516 32	-54.5 78.9	-37.2 -21.5
Massachusetts	115	74	497	202	4	55.5	135.2
New Hampshire	556	778	710	592	458	-28.6	5.0
Vermont	550	776	*	*		20.0	5.0
Middle Atlantic	38,879	43,477	41,194	40,063	37,612	-10.6	.8
New Jersey	446	534	567	538	558	-16.5	-5.4
New York	5,296	5,006	3,884	4,125	3,675	5.8	9.6
Pennsylvania	33,136	37,937	36,743	35,400	33,379	-12.7	2
East North Central	9,761	12,534	10,238	8,460	6,682	-22.1	9.9
Illinois	97	50	_	_	_	93.4	_
Indiana	283	296	548	559	222	-4.4	6.3
Michigan	3,340	4,025	2,876	2,075	2,650	-17.0	6.0
Ohio	5,042	6,021	4,756	4,463	2,707	-16.3	16.8
Wisconsin	999	2,141	2,058	1,362	1,103	-53.3	-2.4
W . N .1 C . 1	254	240	178	248	228	5.8	2.7
West North Central	243	240	178	225	227	1.4	1.8
Iowa			_	23		_	_
Iowa Minnesota	-	_					_
Iowa Minnesota Missouri	- -	-	_	_	1	_	
Iowa Minnesota Missouri North Dakota	11	_	_	_	_	-	_
Iowa	11 11,438	9,508	5,783	3,968	3,377	20.3	35.7
Iowa	11 11,438 425	9,508 1,210	5,783 655	_	3,377 452	20.3 -64.8	_
Iowa	11 11,438 425	9,508 1,210 2	5,783 655 –	3,968 528	3,377 452	20.3 -64.8 -100.0	35.7
Iowa	11 11,438 425	9,508 1,210	5,783 655	3,968	3,377 452	20.3 -64.8	35.7

Table 59. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division and State, 1995-1999 (Continued) (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division and State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	Percent Change 1998-1999	Average Annual Percent Change
					1550		1995-1999
ennsylvania,							
Bituminous (Continued)							
South Carolina	26	_	_	_	6	_	42.0
Virginia	633	402	226	5	20	57.4	137.0
	6,334	4,651	2,982	1,833	1,157	36.2	53.0
West Virginia	,			,			
East South Central	1,826	931	1,302	1,144	1,078	96.1	14.1
Alabama	306	51	95	6	39	494.8	67.0
Kentucky	589	196	344	500	363	200.6	12.8
Tennessee	932	684	864	639	675	36.2	8.4
West South Central	68	42	11	195	6	63.8	85.2
Louisiana	68	42	11	195	_	63.8	_
Texas	*	*	1	*	6	95.6	-70.3
Mountain	1,226	153	199	230	215	NM	54.6
Colorado	1,096	-	1//	250		11111	5-1.0
			199	220		16.2	
Utah	82	153	199	230	215	-46.3	-21.3
Wyoming	47	_	_	_	_	_	_
ennessee	3,151	2,741	3,080	3,052	2,627	15.0	4.6
Middle Atlantic	11	_	_	_	_	_	_
Pennsylvania	11	_	-	_	-	-	
East North Central	*	-	*	*	*	-	-2.7
Michigan	_	-	_	_	*	-	-
Ohio	*	_	*	*	*	_	6.2
South Atlantic	1,530	1,305	485	141	251	17.3	57.2
Delaware	13	_	_	_	_	_	_
Florida	30	209	_	_	39	-85.5	-6.3
Georgia	811	693	403	141	189	17.1	44.0
North Carolina	354	22	45	1	23	NM	99.1
South Carolina	289	381	37	_	_	-24.2	-
West Virginia	33	_	_	_	_	_	_
East South Central	1,601	1,435	2,593	2,902	2,363	11.6	-9.3
Alabama	49	5	743	331	936	NM	-52.3
Kentucky	87	7	_	23	5	NM	106.2
Tennessee	1,465	1,422	1,850	2,548	1,422	3.0	.8
/irginia	22,865	20,728	22,736	22,776	24,283	10.3	-1.5
New England	_	1	15	18	19	-100.0	_
Connecticut	_	_	5	_	_	_	_
Massachusetts	_	1	_	8	_	-100.0	_
New Hampshire		1	10	10	19	100.0	
	1 177	000				20.6	15.5
Middle Atlantic	1,177	908	3,469	2,045	2,311	29.6	-15.5
New Jersey	734	700	805	601	635	4.8	3.7
New York	93	4	13	146	362	NM	-28.7
Pennsylvania	350	204	2,651	1,299	1,314	71.5	-28.2
East North Central	2,735	2,563	3,484	3,237	3,557	6.7	-6.4
Illinois	4	176	677	583	578	-97.5	-70.6
T., J	1,739	1,526	1,587	2,290	2,395	13.9	-7.7
Indiana		1,020	*	25	83	256.3	-76.5
Indiana	*	*				200.0	
Michigan	*	* 961	1 220			15.2	10.1
Michigan Ohio	* 991	* 861	1,220	331	493	15.2	19.1
MichiganOhio	991 -	* 861 -	1,220	331 9	493 9	15.2	19.1
Michigan	991 - -	* 861 - -	1,220 - -	331	493 9 8	15.2 - -	19.1 - -
Michigan Ohio Wisconsin West North Central Missouri	-	-		331 9 - -	493 9 8 8	- - -	- - -
Michigan	- - - 15,754	- - 13,999	- - 12,147	331 9	493 9 8 8 14,600	- - 12.5	- - - 1.9
Michigan Ohio Wisconsin West North Central Missouri	15,754 182	-		331 9 - -	493 9 8 8	- - -	- - -
Michigan Ohio Wisconsin West North Central Missouri South Atlantic	- - - 15,754	- - 13,999	- - 12,147	331 9 - - 13,507	493 9 8 8 14,600	- - 12.5	- - - 1.9
Michigan Ohio Wisconsin West North Central Missouri South Atlantic Delaware	15,754 182	- - 13,999 146	- - 12,147 179	331 9 - - 13,507 166	493 9 8 8 14,600 152	- - 12.5 25.0	- - 1.9 4.6
Michigan Ohio Wisconsin West North Central Missouri South Atlantic Delaware Florida Georgia	15,754 182 590 4,475	13,999 146 866	12,147 179 451	331 9 - - 13,507 166 549	493 9 8 8 14,600 152 377 2,064	- - 12.5 25.0 -31.8 54.7	- - 1.9 4.6 11.8 21.3
Michigan Ohio Wisconsin West North Central Missouri South Atlantic Delaware Florida Georgia Maryland	15,754 182 590 4,475	13,999 146 866 2,893	12,147 179 451 1,860	331 9 - 13,507 166 549 1,785	493 9 8 8 14,600 152 377 2,064 392	- - 12.5 25.0 -31.8 54.7 NM	- - 1.9 4.6 11.8 21.3 -78.9
Michigan Ohio. Wisconsin West North Central Missouri. South Atlantic Delaware Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina	15,754 182 590 4,475 1	13,999 146 866 2,893 *	12,147 179 451 1,860 *	331 9 - 13,507 166 549 1,785 1	493 9 8 8 14,600 152 377 2,064 392 4,056	- - 12.5 25.0 -31.8 54.7 NM -4.7	1.9 4.6 11.8 21.3 -78.9 -35.5
Michigan Ohio Wisconsin West North Central Missouri South Atlantic Delaware Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina	15,754 182 590 4,475 1 700 1,138	13,999 146 866 2,893 * 735 1,342	12,147 179 451 1,860 * 840 1,492	331 9 - 13,507 166 549 1,785 1 1,883 1,605	493 9 8 8 14,600 152 377 2,064 392 4,056 1,468	12.5 25.0 -31.8 54.7 NM -4.7 -15.2	- 1.9 4.6 11.8 21.3 -78.9 -35.5 -6.2
Michigan Ohio Wisconsin West North Central Missouri South Atlantic Delaware Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia	15,754 182 590 4,475 1 700 1,138 8,355	13,999 146 866 2,893 * 735 1,342 7,602	12,147 179 451 1,860 * 840 1,492 6,854	331 9 - 13,507 166 549 1,785 1,883 1,605 7,231	493 9 8 8 14,600 152 377 2,064 392 4,056 1,468 5,657	12.5 25.0 -31.8 54.7 NM -4.7 -15.2 9.9	- 1.9 4.6 11.8 21.3 -78.9 -35.5 -6.2 10.2
Michigan Ohio Wisconsin West North Central Missouri South Atlantic Delaware Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia	15,754 182 590 4,475 1 700 1,138 8,355 314	13,999 146 866 2,893 * 735 1,342 7,602 415	12,147 179 451 1,860 * 840 1,492 6,854 471	331 9 - 13,507 166 549 1,785 1 1,883 1,605 7,231 287	493 9 8 8 14,600 152 377 2,064 392 4,056 1,468 5,657 433	- - 12.5 25.0 -31.8 54.7 NM -4.7 -15.2 9.9 -24.4	1.9 4.6 11.8 21.3 -78.9 -35.5 -6.2 10.2 -7.8
Michigan Ohio Wisconsin West North Central Missouri South Atlantic Delaware Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia East South Central	15,754 182 590 4,475 1 700 1,138 8,355 314 3,120	13,999 146 866 2,893 * 735 1,342 7,602 415 3,138	12,147 179 451 1,860 * 840 1,492 6,854 471 3,286	331 9 - 13,507 166 549 1,785 1 1,883 1,605 7,231 287 3,581	493 9 8 8 14,600 152 377 2,064 392 4,056 1,468 5,657 433 3,413	- 12.5 25.0 -31.8 54.7 NM -4.7 -15.2 9.9 -24.4 6	- 1.9 4.6 11.8 21.3 -78.9 -35.5 -6.2 10.2 -7.8 -2.2
Michigan Ohio Wisconsin West North Central Missouri South Atlantic Delaware Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia	15,754 182 590 4,475 1 700 1,138 8,355 314	13,999 146 866 2,893 * 735 1,342 7,602 415	12,147 179 451 1,860 * 840 1,492 6,854 471	331 9 - 13,507 166 549 1,785 1 1,883 1,605 7,231 287	493 9 8 8 14,600 152 377 2,064 392 4,056 1,468 5,657 433	- - 12.5 25.0 -31.8 54.7 NM -4.7 -15.2 9.9 -24.4	1.9 4.6 11.8 21.3 -78.9 -35.5 -6.2 10.2 -7.8
Michigan Ohio Wisconsin West North Central Missouri South Atlantic Delaware Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia East South Central	15,754 182 590 4,475 1 700 1,138 8,355 314 3,120	13,999 146 866 2,893 * 735 1,342 7,602 415 3,138	12,147 179 451 1,860 * 840 1,492 6,854 471 3,286	331 9 - 13,507 166 549 1,785 1 1,883 1,605 7,231 287 3,581	493 9 8 8 14,600 152 377 2,064 392 4,056 1,468 5,657 433 3,413	- 12.5 25.0 -31.8 54.7 NM -4.7 -15.2 9.9 -24.4 6	- 1.9 4.6 11.8 21.3 -78.9 -35.5 -6.2 10.2 -7.8 -2.2
Michigan Ohio Wisconsin West North Central Missouri South Atlantic Delaware Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia East South Central Alabama Kentucky	15,754 182 590 4,475 1 700 1,138 8,355 314 3,120 601	13,999 146 866 2,893 * 735 1,342 7,602 415 3,138 857	12,147 179 451 1,860 * 840 1,492 6,854 471 3,286 1,057	331 9 - 13,507 166 549 1,785 1 1,883 1,605 7,231 287 3,581 1,036	493 9 8 8 14,600 152 377 2,064 392 4,056 1,468 5,657 433 3,413 1,083	- 12.5 25.0 -31.8 54.7 NM -4.7 -15.2 9.9 -24.4 6 -29.9	
Michigan Ohio Wisconsin West North Central Missouri South Atlantic Delaware Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia East South Central Alabama Kentucky Mississippi	15,754 182 590 4,475 1 700 1,138 8,355 314 3,120 601	13,999 146 866 2,893 * 735 1,342 7,602 415 3,138 857 3	12,147 179 451 1,860 * 840 1,492 6,854 471 3,286 1,057 18	331 9 - 13,507 166 549 1,785 1 1,883 1,605 7,231 287 3,581 1,036 3 13	493 9 8 8 14,600 152 377 2,064 392 4,056 1,468 5,657 433 3,413 1,083 142	- 12.5 25.0 -31.8 54.7 NM -4.7 -15.2 9.9 -24.4 6 -29.9 -100.0	1.9 4.6 11.8 21.3 -78.9 -35.5 -6.2 10.2 -7.8 -2.2 -13.7
Michigan Ohio Wisconsin West North Central Missouri South Atlantic Delaware Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia East South Central Alabama Kentucky	15,754 182 590 4,475 1 700 1,138 8,355 314 3,120 601	13,999 146 866 2,893 * 735 1,342 7,602 415 3,138 857 3	12,147 179 451 1,860 * 840 1,492 6,854 471 3,286 1,057	331 9 - 13,507 166 549 1,785 1 1,883 1,605 7,231 287 3,581 1,036 3	493 9 8 8 14,600 152 377 2,064 392 4,056 1,468 5,657 433 3,413 1,083 142	- 12.5 25.0 -31.8 54.7 NM -4.7 -15.2 9.9 -24.4 6 -29.9 -100.0	

Table 59. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division and State, 1995-1999 (Continued) (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division and State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	Percent Change 1998-1999	Average Annual Percent Change
				2550			1995-1999
Virginia (Continued)							
Oklahoma	-	19	_	-	-	-100.0	-
Texas	12	21	14	13	_	-41.5	_
Mountain	58	27	298	332	313	119.4	-34.3
Utah	58	27	298	332	313	119.4	-34.3
Pacific	_	_	*	_	_	_	_
California	_	_	*	_	_	_	_
West Virginia, Northern	37,259	40,410	41,494	40,398	36,073	-7.8	.8
New England	794	914	1,161	1,070	918	-13.1	-3.6
Connecticut	614	667	687	683	572	-7.9	1.8
Maine	_	_	1	13	9	_	_
Massachusetts	3	40	132	53	113	-92.2	-59.2
New Hampshire	177	208	340	322	225	-14.9	-5.8
Middle Atlantic	11,453	14,400	14,973	14,276	13,740	-20.5	-4.4
New Jersey	1,379	1,463	1,365	1,530	1,182	-5.8	3.9
New York	2,565	4,018	4,708	4,140	4,040	-36.2	-10.7
Pennsylvania	7,510	8,918	8,900	8,606	8,518	-15.8	-3.1
East North Central	6,768	6,267	5,513	5,410	2,887	8.0	23.7
Illinois	4	88	_	9	51	-95.4	-47.0
Indiana	338	485	157	479	38	-30.3	72.3
Michigan	568	704	679	640	437	-19.3	6.8
Ohio	5,764	4,630	4,155	3,966	1,977	24.5	30.7
Wisconsin	94	360	522	317	384	-73.9	-29.7
West North Central	3	34	_	*	3	-90.8	5
Minnesota	_	_	_	_	3	_	_
Missouri	3	34	_	_	_	-90.8	_
North Dakota	_	_	_	*	_	_	_
South Atlantic	16,359	16,983	17,631	17,820	17,213	-3.7	-1.3
Delaware	193	513	442	449	737	-62.4	-28.5
District of Columbia	_	_	3	6	5	_	
Florida	855	664	610	551	259	28.8	34.8
Maryland	4,787	4,146	4,862	4,773	3,341	15.5	9.4
North Carolina		-	-,	13	-,	_	_
South Carolina	106	_	_	3	_	_	_
Virginia	421	738	635	66	30	-42.9	93.8
West Virginia	9,996	10,921	11,080	11,959	12,841	-8.5	-6.1
East South Central	1,692	1,602	1,866	1,522	1,178	5.6	9.5
Alabama	250	396	442	419	604	-36.8	-19.8
Kentucky	1,441	1,206	1,424	1,026	527	19.5	28.6
Tennessee	1,771	1,200	1,424	78	46	17.5	20.0
West South Central	174	102	282	203	-	71.5	_
Louisiana	155	101	282	203	_	53.2	_
Oklahoma	*	-	202	203	_	33.2	_
Texas	19	1	_	_	_	NM	
Mountain	-	_	_	_	*	INIVI	
Nevada	_		_	_	*		
Nevaua	_	_	_	_		_	_
West Virginia,	07.624	04.671	02.204	97.757	94 702	2.1	26
Now England	97,624	94,671	92,284	86,757	84,793	3.1	3.6
New England	1,005	2,515	1,909	1,853	1,404	-60.0	-8.0
Connecticut	101	76	135	24	_	32.3	_
Maine		2 420		13	1 220	-	-
Massachusetts	870	2,430	1,774	1,792	1,330	-64.2	-10.0
New Hampshire	34	8	*	24	74	297.8	-17.9
Rhode Island	*	- *	*	_	_	- 11.1	_
Vermont	•	· ·	9.702	7 201	7 170	-11.1	_ 4.5
Middle Atlantic	8,560	9,006	8,702	7,391	7,170	-4.9	4.5
New Jersey	212	214	492	216	165	6	6.5
New York	1,217	1,477	1,560	1,545	1,466	-17.6	-4.5
Pennsylvania	7,130	7,315	6,651	5,630	5,538	-2.5	6.5
East North Central	34,921	30,360	29,392	30,404	28,905	15.0	4.8
Illinois	1,545	1,753	1,807	1,841	1,400	-11.9	2.5
Indiana	7,146	5,882	5,773	4,809	5,142	21.5	8.6
Michigan	5,375	5,150	5,415	4,869	4,416	4.4	5.0
Ohio	20,737	17,514	16,057	18,770	17,566	18.4	4.2
W::	118	60	340	115	381	95.6	-25.3
Wisconsin West North Central	3,931	304	245	113	313	NM	88.2

Table 59. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division and State, 1995-1999 (Continued) (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	Percent Change 1998-1999	Average Annual Percent Change	
and State							1995-1999	
West Virginia,								
Southern (Continued)								
Iowa	3,531	160	119	44	119	NM	133.3	
Minnesota	94	116	87	32	107	-18.6	-3.2	
Missouri	305	23	39	36	85	NM	37.6	
Nebraska	_	5	_	_	-	-100.0	-	
North Dakota	_	_	-	-	*	_	_	
South Dakota	-	-	-	1	2	_	_	
South Atlantic	39,228	42,145	42,166	37,986	36,164	-6.9	2.0	
Delaware District of Columbia	332 6	376 6	450 37	551 17	485	-11.6 .1	-9.0	
Florida	1,760	1,570	1,896	1,123	1,341	12.1	7.0	
Georgia	3,713	4,782	4,969	4,064	4,159	-22.4	-2.8	
Maryland	4,245	2,735	2,607	3,132	3,209	55.2	7.2	
North Carolina	10,266	9,780	9,740	8,274	7,169	5.0	9.4	
South Carolina	840	815	100	347	257	3.0	34.4	
Virginia	4,249	4,552	4,306	3,217	3,367	-6.7	6.0	
West Virginia	13,817	17,529	18,061	17,261	16,177	-21.2	-3.9	
East South Central	9,571	9,676	9,269	8,677	10,433	-1.1	-2.1	
Alabama	1,906	2,268	3,078	2,922	3,487	-16.0	-14.0	
Kentucky	7,352	6,991	5,540	4,250	5,330	5.2	8.4	
Mississippi	140	38	20	24	44	263.6	33.3	
Tennessee	173	378	631	1,482	1,571	-54.3	-42.4	
West South Central	161	148	66	81	48	8.8	35.1	
Louisiana	_	27	18	_	_	-100.0	_	
Oklahoma	13	121	47	77	48	-89.0	-27.5	
Texas	148	-	2	4	-	_	-	
Mountain	173	181	229	18	206	-4.4	-4.2	
Idaho	*	20	_	_	_	-100.0	_	
Nevada	173	36 125	229	18	206	-100.0 38.4	-4.2	
Utah Pacific	173	123	10	28	200	36.4	-4.2 79.5	
Oregon	19	_	10	28	2	_	79.5 79.5	
Washington	-	_	-	26	_	_	-	
Interior Total	162,379	167,285	167,821	165,668	162,947	-2.9	1	
Arkansas	22	23	´ 9	7	11	-2.3	18.3	
West North Central	16	19	1	_	_	-15.5	_	
Missouri	16	19	1	_	_	-15.5	_	
South Atlantic	_	1	_	-	_	-100.0	_	
Maryland	-	1	-	-	-	-100.0	-	
West South Central	6	3	8	7	11	100.4	-13.4	
Arkansas	4		4	7	11	_	-23.5	
Texas	3	3	4	_	_	-21.4	_	
TU!!-	40 102	20.447	40 447	45 100	45 170	1.7	2.0	
Illinois New England	40,102	39,447	40,447	45,190	45,170	1.7	-2.9	
Connecticut	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	
Middle Atlantic	63	_	*	*	*	_	255.2	
New Jersey	-	_	_	*	*	_	233.2	
New York	63	_	_	*	*	_	286.1	
Pennsylvania	*	_	*	*	*	_	.2	
East North Central	23,589	21,808	23,224	25,316	25,629	8.2	-2.0	
Illinois	17,592	16,652	18,085	16,052	15,587	5.6	3.1	
Indiana	5,162	4,184	4,272	8,178	8,559	23.4	-11.9	
Michigan	_	_	_	59	70	-	_	
Ohio	_	2	_	18	1	-100.0	_	
Wisconsin	835	969	868	1,008	1,412	-13.9	-12.3	
West North Central	4,404	3,767	3,934	5,347	6,270	16.9	-8.4	
Iowa	2,061	949	731	694	1,216	117.2	14.1	
Kansas	_	41	129	149	128	-100.0		
Minnesota	72	104	176	100	111	-30.5	-10.2	
Missouri	2,271	2,674	2,897	4,403	4,815	-15.1	-17.1	
North Dakota		*	*		-	-100.0	_	
South Atlantic	4,914	6,941	6,612	7,255	6,651	-29.2	-7.3	
	4,300	6,265	5,585	6,052	6,056	-31.4	-8.2	
Florida		(7)	1.027	1.204	E 0.4	Λ 1	1 2	
GeorgiaMaryland	614	676	1,027	1,204	584 5	-9.1 -	1.3	

Table 59. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division and State, 1995-1999 (Continued) (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division and State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	Percent Change 1998-1999	Average Annual Percent Change
				1330			1995-1999
llinois (Continued)							
North Carolina	_	_	*	_	*	_	_
Virginia	_	_	-	*	*	_	_
West Virginia	_	*	_		6	-100.0	_
East South Central	6,314	5,795	5,600	7,130	6,510	8.9	-0.8
Alabama	1,338	809	1,348	2,155	1,146	65.4	3.9
Kentucky	395	686	152	1 740	274	-42.4	9.6
Mississippi	1,472	1,538	1,228	1,749	1,304	-4.3	3.1 -4.8
Tennessee	3,109 1	2,762 1,125	2,872 1,055	3,225 86	3,787 86	12.6 -99.9	-4.8 -68.5
Arkansas	_	1,123	67	76	76	-99.9 -100.0	-08.5
Louisiana	_	1,113	987	70	70	-100.0	_
Oklahoma	1	1,113	1	10	10	100.0	-45.9
Mountain	_	_	_	40	-	_	-13.5
Colorado	_	_	_	40	_	_	_
ndiana	34,215	36,774	34,805	29,664	25,625	-7.0	7.5
New England	_	_	_	*	_	_	_
Connecticut	22.114	25.050	22.267	*	22.461	- 0.4	_
East North Central	32,114	35,079	32,267	26,318	22,461	-8.4	9.3
IllinoisIndiana	1,004 30,742	1,807 32,872	1,920	1,444 24,309	963 21,185	-44.4 -6.5	1.1 9.8
	,	32,872 148	29,916		,	-6.5 -54.1	9.8 -21.6
Michigan Ohio	68 72	7	162 4	181 34	180 26	-34.1 NM	-21.6 28.5
Wisconsin	228	245	265	350	106	-6.7	21.0
West North Central	198	478	359	655	454	-58.7	-18.8
Iowa	109	259	347	638	435	-57.9	-29.2
Minnesota	83	67	4	-	-	23.0	
Missouri	6	152	8	17	19	-96.0	-25.3
South Atlantic	_	41	_	_	_	-100.0	
Florida	_	41	_	_	_	-100.0	_
East South Central	1,887	1,139	2,148	2,677	2,586	65.6	-7.6
Alabama	_	_	_	26	1	_	_
Kentucky	1,887	1,093	2,148	2,610	2,466	72.7	-6.5
Tennessee	_	47	-	41	119	-100.0	-
West South Central	1	1	2	6	1	65.9	3.0
Oklahoma	1	1	* 2	4 2	_	65.9	_
Texas	_	_	2	2	1	_	_
Kansas	408	440	434	245	291	-7.4	8.8
West North Central	408	440	434	233	291	-7.4	8.8
Kansas	406	366	354	164	160	10.8	26.1
Missouri	2	74	80	69	131	-97.5	-65.7
West South Central	_	-	-	12	-	-	-
Oklahoma	_	_	_	12	_	_	_
Kentucky, Western	29,710	32,329	33,030	34,821	32,990	-8.1	-2.6
New England	22,710	5 2, 3 2)	-	-	32,770	-100.0	2.0
Maine	_	55	_	_	_	-100.0	_
Middle Atlantic	_	26	_	_	_	-100.0	_
New Jersey	_	26	_	_	_	-100.0	_
East North Čentral	479	772	575	1,016	542	-37.9	-3.0
Illinois	155	324	103	119	_	-52.1	_
Indiana	45	270	257	680	243	-83.4	-34.5
Michigan	_	14	_	_	_	-100.0	_
Ohio	58	_	30	31	103	_	-13.4
Wisconsin	221	164	185	187	196	35.3	3.1
West North Central	148	719	350	237	101	-79.4	10.2
Iowa	122	504	320	211	75	-75.9	12.8
Minnesota	15	4	-	22	19	249.9	-5.6
Missouri	11	211	30	2 254	2 275	-94.6	15.9
South Atlantic	1,414	3,319	3,806	3,254	2,375	-57.4	-12.2
Florida	1,414	2,255	3,804	3,254	2,375	-37.3	-12.2
	_	_	2	*	_	100.0	_
Maryland	*	1 064					
Virginia		1,064	70 155		20 027	-100.0	_ _2.4
	27,155 1,873	1,064 26,770 1,816	28,155 1,798	29,605 3,142	29,927 1,717	-100.0 1.4 3.1	-2.4 2.2

Table 59. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division and State, 1995-1999 (Continued) (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division and State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	Percent Change	Average Annual Percent Change
						1998-1999	1995-1999
Kentucky, Western (Continued)							
Mississippi	78	3	-	107	_	NM	_
Tennessee	9,185	6,000	12,188	9,981	10,723	53.1	-3.8
West South Central	262	661	112	657	13	-60.3	111.6
Arkansas Louisiana	262	661	4 108	11 646	13	-60.3	
Louisiana	2,952	3,331	3,545	3,222	3,426	-11.4	-3.6
West South Central	2,952	3,331	3,545	3,222	3,426	-11.4 -11.4	-3.6
Louisiana	2,952	3,331	3,545	3,222	3,426	-11.4	-3.6
Mississippi	18	_	_	_	_	_	_
East South Central	18	_	_	_	_	_	_
Mississippi	18	_	_	_	_	-	_
Missouri	392	296	401	846	464	32.4	-4.1
West North Central	392	281	389	846	464	39.5	-4.1
Kansas	1	1	40	345	91	105.2	-64.5
Missouri	391	281	349	501	373	39.3	1.2
West South Central	_	15	9	_	_	-100.0	-
Arkansas	-	15	9	-	-	-100.0	-
Oklahoma	1,657	1,731	1,688	2,136	2,158	-4.3	-6.4
West North Central	82	153	110	63	31	-46.5	26.9
Kansas	82	153	110	63	31	-46.5	27.1
Missouri	_	_	-	_	*	_	-
East South Central	_	_	_	_	2	_	_
Kentucky	1.575	1.570	1.560	2.066	2 121	_	_ 7.0
West South Central	1,575	1,570	1,568	2,066	2,121	.3	-7.2 -19.8
Arkansas Oklahoma	66 1,453	71 1.411	160 1,260	170 1,712	159 1.790	-7.3 3.0	-19.8 -5.1
Texas	56	88	148	184	171	-36.2	-24.2
Texas	52,903	52,913	53,463	49,538	52,812	*	*
East North Central	46	-	-	-	52,012	_	_
Illinois	12	_	_	_	_	_	_
Michigan	23	_	_	_	_	_	_
Ohio	7	_	_	_	_	_	_
Wisconsin	4	_	_	_	_	_	_
West South Central	52,855	52,913	53,463	49,538	52,812	1	*
Louisiana		144				-100.0	-
Texas	52,855	52,769	53,463	49,538	52,812	.2	*
Western Total	502,623	481,137	439,713	428,297	420,132	4.5	4.6
Alaska	1,036	970	743	697	815	6.8	6.2
Pacific Alaska	1,036 1,036	970 970	743 743	697 697	815 815	6.8 6.8	6.2 6.2
Alaska	1,030	970	743	097	613	0.6	0.2
Arizona	12,623	12,169	11,044	10,970	11,783	3.7	1.7
Mountain	12,623	12,169	11,044	10,970	11,783	3.7	1.7
Arizona Nevada.	8,129 4,494	7,680 4,489	6,646 4,398	6,499 4,470	6,956 4,827	5.8 .1	4.0 -1.8
New England	28,198	27,541	25,445 107	23,990	24,734	2.4	3.3
Vermont	_	_	107	_	_	_	_
East North Central	606	2,680	1,873	1,366	2,333	-77.4	-28.6
Illinois	330	2,433	1,196	640	1,628	-86.4	-32.9
Indiana	_	51	-,	-	20	-100.0	_
Michigan	55	176	10	_	44	-68.7	5.8
Wisconsin	221	20	667	726	641	NM	-23.4
West North Central	2,849	1,994	2,879	3,218	3,109	42.8	-2.2
Iowa	475	595	644	591	550	-20.1	-3.6
Kansas	587	1,289	1,264	1,493	1,436	-54.4	-20.0
Minnesota	1.766	_	-	1.077	13	- ND (15.1
Missouri	1,766	14	907	1,077	1,005	NM 70.1	15.1
Nebraska	20	97	65	56	104	-79.1	-33.7
South Atlantic	_	_	_	136	811		

Table 59. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division and State, 1995-1999 (Continued) (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	Percent Change	Average Annual Percent Change
and State						1998-1999	1995-1999
Colorado (Continued)							
Florida	-	4.452	2 240	136	811	-	25.6
East South Central	6,968	4,453 427	3,349	3,817	2,797	56.5 -100.0	25.6
Kentucky	2,946	1,962	190	260	1,098	50.1	28.0
Mississippi	1,101	- 1,702	35	519	963	-	3.4
Tennessee	2,920	2,064	3,125	3,038	736	41.5	41.1
West South Central	2,961	3,314	2,296	2,443	2,258	-10.6	7.0
Arkansas	10	5	29	_	_	99.5	_
Oklahoma	_	_	_	_	31	-	-
Texas	2,951	3,309	2,267	2,443	2,228	-10.8	7.3
Mountain	14,780	15,004	14,792	12,861	13,353	-1.5	2.6
Arizona	630	467	74	355	105	34.8	56.3
Colorado	12,294	11,993	12,307	10,704	11,820	2.5	1.0
Idaho Montana	_	6	_	_	3	-100.0	_
Nevada	_	20	69	132	161	-100.0 -100.0	_
New Mexico	99	131	99	88	97	-100.0 -24.3	.4
Utah	1,610	2,238	2,111	1,204	1.113	-28.1	9.7
Wyoming	148	149	131	378	53	-1.1	28.9
Pacific	25	85	138	131	37	-70.5	-9.5
Alaska	15	_	_	_	_	_	_
California	10	78	47	_	1	-87.5	80.8
Oregon	_	_	67	94	_	-	-
Washington	-	7	24	37	36	-100.0	-
Montana	40,649	41,860	40,363	37,770	39,362	-2.9	.8
East North Central	13,681	13,719	16,361	15,814	16,582	3	-4.7
Illinois	1,769	1,679	1,545	2,162	2,713	5.4	-10.1
Indiana	1,308	126	1,259	869	720	NM	16.1
Michigan	9,952	9,861	10,866	9,806	11,014	.9	-2.5
Ohio	168		42	26		-	-
Wisconsin	482	2,053	2,649	2,950	2,135	-76.5	-31.0
West North Central	13,121	13,289	11,372 105	11,622	11,338	-1.3 -100.0	3.7
Iowa Kansas	1,319	136 379	103	_	2	-100.0 248.2	_
Minnesota	9,429	10,477	8,847	9,791	10,199	-10.0	-1.9
Missouri), 1 2)	10,477	- 0,047	5,751	6	10.0	1.7
Nebraska	_	81	47	113	205	-100.0	_
North Dakota	877	517	402	417	469	69.5	16.9
South Dakota	1,496	1,698	1,867	1,301	457	-11.9	34.5
East South Central	1,926	2,833	3,235	2,226	1,234	-32.0	11.8
Mississippi	1,926	2,833	3,235	2,226	1,234	-32.0	11.8
Mountain	10,415	10,516	9,052	7,995	9,611	-1.0	2.0
Arizona	69	94	_			-26.1	_
Colorado	-	-	_	26	63		_
Montana	10,346	10,360	9,019	7,844	9,477	1	2.2
Wyoming	1 507	62	34	125	71	-100.0	26.0
Pacific	1,507	1,503	333	113	583	.3	26.8
OregonWashington	1,507	1,503	333	113	583	-100.0	
New Mexico	28,450	28,026	27,352	25,035	25,640	1.5	2.6
East North Central	2 8,450 216	2 8,026 466	523	25,035 732	2 5,640 1,591	-53.7	-39.3
Wisconsin	216	466	523	732	1,591	-53.7 -53.7	-39.3 -39.3
West North Central	-	-	68	92	- 1,571	-	-
Nebraska	_	_	68	92	_	_	_
West South Central	459	591	482	334	160	-22.4	30.2
Arkansas	_	_	_	1	_	_	_
Oklahoma	64	119	108	17	_	-46.2	-
Texas	395	472	375	316	160	-16.4	25.4
Mountain	27,770	26,968	26,279	23,877	23,889	3.0	3.8
Arizona	11,346	11,138	10,492	8,860	9,259	1.9	5.2
Colorado	1	11		9		-90.4	. .
New Mexico	16,423	15,819	15,786	15,009	14,630	3.8	2.9
Pacific	6	_	_	_	_	-	-
California	6	-	_	_	-	_	_

Table 59. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division and State, 1995-1999 (Continued) (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	Percent Change	Average Annual Percent Change
and State						1998-1999	1995-1999
Nouth Dalveto	30,938	30,557	29,172	30,025	30,118	1.2	0.7
North Dakota	30,938	30,557	29,172 29,172	30,025	30,113	1.2	.7
North Dakota	30,938	30,557	29,172	30,025	28,838	1.2	1.8
South Dakota	-	-	-	50,025	1,276	-	-
Utah	23,402	24,229	22,857	18,563	21,591	-3.4	2.0
New England	23,402	24,229	90	10,505	17	-3.4	2.0
Connecticut	_	_	_	_	17	_	_
Massachusetts	_	_	90	_	_	_	_
Middle Atlantic	_	*	_	_	20	-100.0	_
Pennsylvania	_	*	_	_	20	-100.0	_
East North Central	1,507	2,266	1,518	2,650	1,932	-33.5	-6.0
Illinois	1,507	2,266	1,446	2,473	1,776	-33.5	-4.0
Michigan	-	_	-	44	76	-	-
Wisconsin	-	_	72	133	81	-	-
West North Central	102	10	140	330	395	NM	-28.7
Kansas	*	*	_	_	*	4.3	-23.2
Minnesota	_	_	-	-	1	-	_
Missouri	99	10	140	330	393	NM	-29.1
Nebraska	3	_	_	_	_	_	_
North Dakota	1 1 1 1 2	-	1 521	1 401	1.005	146	_
East South Central	1,142	996 996	1,521	1,421	1,095	14.6	1.0 1.0
Tennessee	1,142	990	1,521	1,421	1,095 4	14.6	
West South Central	105 105	_	_	_	4	_	126.4 126.4
Mountain	14,909	16,090	16,710	11,791	15,163	-7.3	4
Arizona	14,909	10,090	78	69	80	-7.5	4
Colorado	3	3	3	2	6	-17.6	-15.3
Idaho	66	121	39	65	141	-45.4	-17.3
Montana	4	3	27	-	9	26.5	-18.2
Nevada	3,857	3,431	2,626	2,265	2,150	12.4	15.7
New Mexico	*	_	_	_	_	_	_
Utah	10,979	12,531	13,936	9,389	12,755	-12.4	-3.7
Wyoming	*	_	_	*	22	_	-79.3
Pacific	5,628	4,837	2,865	2,366	2,965	16.3	17.4
California	5,130	4,711	2,718	2,240	2,838	8.9	15.9
Hawaii	-	34	21	-	-	-100.0	_
Oregon	431	1	7	*	2	NM	309.6
Washington	67	92	119	125	126	-27.0	-14.5
Washington	4,074	4,622	4,481	4,526	4,756	-11.8	-3.8
Pacific	4,074	4,622	4,481	4,526	4,756	-11.8	-3.8
Oregon	-	_	*	3	2	-	_
Washington	4,074	4,622	4,480	4,523	4,754	-11.8	-3.8
Wyoming	333,253	311,162	278,255	276,723	261,333	7.1	6.3
New England	_	33	_	_	_	-100.0	_
Connecticut	_	33	_	_	_	-100.0	_
East North Central	75,706	72,475	65,944	62,041	55,223	4.5	8.2
Illinois	23,311	20,866	20,528	17,734	15,480	11.7	10.8
Indiana	14,315	17,282	16,451	18,079	18,306	-17.2	-6.0
Michigan	10,462	11,936	9,558	8,551	7,543	-12.3	8.5
Ohio	3,840	2,435	1,481	37	-	57.7	_
Wisconsin	23,778	19,956	17,925	17,640	13,895	19.1	14.4
West North Central	95,949	94,146	81,627	82,593	77,051	1.9	5.6
Iowa	24,100	20,690	17,593	18,121	16,955	16.5	9.2
Kansas	13,751	14,373	11,759	11,772	14,243	-4.3	9
Minnesota	8,968 35,958	8,568 38,358	9,224 33,300	8,569 33,312	8,816 25,731	4.7 -6.3	.4 8.7
Nebraska	35,958 12,226	38,338 11,661	9,198	33,312 10,464	10.065	-6.3 4.8	8. / 5.0
North Dakota	12,220	65	144	10,404	*	-100.0	5.0
South Dakota	947	430	410	355	1,241	120.1	-6.6
South Atlantic	8,372	7,069	6,705	7,409	7,432	18.4	3.0
Florida	416	1,064	971	591	-,132	-60.9	_
Georgia	6,805	5,950	5,688	6,818	6,796	14.4	*
Maryland	_	_	_	-,	636	_	_
North Carolina	28	_	40	_	_	_	_

Table 59. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division and State, 1995-1999 (Continued) (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	Percent Change	Average Annual Percent Change
and State						1998-1999	1995-1999
Wyoming (Continued)							
Virginia	_	55	_	_	_	-100.0	_
West Virginia	-	-	7	-		-	-
East South Central	15,210	10,235	7,826	4,010	2,970	48.6	50.4
Alabama	10,679 1,789	6,017	5,205	3,686	2,950	77.5	37.9
Kentucky Mississippi	1,769	468	291	26	_	-100.0	_
Tennessee	2,743	3,750	2,330	298	20	-26.8	242.5
West South Central	94,975	88,046	80,727	86,413	82,918	7.9	3.4
Arkansas	15,167	13,353	11,600	14,614	14,033	13.6	2.0
Louisiana	11,130	10,346	9,628	9,209	10,309	7.6	1.9
Oklahoma	21,063	19,258	18,462	19,751	20,326	9.4	.9
Texas	47,614	45,089	41,037	42,839	38,250	5.6	5.6
Mountain	40,727	37,068	34,418	33,363	32,950	9.9	5.4
Arizona	142	368	57	- - 124	- 5.602	-61.4	10.6
Colorado	11,077	8,132 392	6,692 324	6,124	5,602	36.2	18.6 -3.9
Idaho Montana	249 724	392 457	572	268 513	293 193	-36.4 58.5	-3.9 39.2
Nevada	724	437	17	204	342	36.3	39.2
Utah	15	*	*	1	342	NM	357.6
Wyoming	28,519	27,719	26,756	26,253	26,521	2.9	1.8
Pacific	2,311	2,063	996	894	2,775	12.0	-4.5
California	189	, –	29	_		_	_
Oregon	2,040	2,062	966	894	1,485	-1.1	8.3
Washington	83	1	1	1	1,290	NM	-49.7
U.S. Total	1,041,823 3,116	1,042,236 5,478	995,664 6,414	967,693	940,423 5,199	* -43.1	2.6 -12.0
New England Connecticut	801	1,418	1,590	5,334 1,602	1,955	-43.1 -43.5	-12.0 -20.0
Maine	182	258	423	301	302	-29.4	-20.0 -11.9
Massachusetts	1,351	2,798	3,225	2,475	2,157	-51.7	-11.0
New Hampshire	777	1,000	1,064	951	780	-22.2	1
Rhode Island	2	2	3	3	3	-25.7	-12.2
Vermont	2	2	110	2	3	-4.2	-9.3
Middle Atlantic	66,499	74,961	76,487	73,489	70,149	-11.3	-1.3
New Jersey	2,807	2,952	3,334	2,927	2,936	-4.9	-1.1
New York	10,550	12,427	11,807	11,459	10,705	-15.1	4
Pennsylvania East North Central	53,143 244,466	59,582 245,289	61,345 237,757	59,103 228,473	56,509 212,105	-10.8 3	-1.5 3.6
Illinois	48,583	48,838	49,647	44,547	41,626	5 5	3.9
Indiana	65,457	65,893	62,630	62,741	59,476	7	2.4
Michigan	36,125	39,731	36,629	33,186	33,928	-9.1	1.6
Ohio	66,294	63,646	61,990	61,713	54,310	4.2	5.1
Wisconsin	28,007	27,180	26,860	26,285	22,766	3.0	5.3
West North Central	153,530	147,000	131,862	136,573	130,836	4.4	4.1
Iowa	30,946	23,803	20,339	21,017	19,777	30.0	11.8
Kansas	16,147	16,601	13,761	13,987	16,091	-2.7	.1
Minnesota	18,814 41,098	19,447 42,019	18,485 37,897	18,679 40,064	19,488 32,821	-3.3 -2.2	9 5.8
Missouri Nebraska	12,257	11,855	9,382	10,726	10,377	-2.2 3.4	3.6 4.3
North Dakota	31,826	31,139	29,717	30,444	29,307	2.2	2.1
South Dakota	2,443	2,135	2,281	1,657	2,976	14.4	-4.8
South Atlantic	166,646	174,010	166,712	161,026	151,954	-4.2	2.3
Delaware	1,362	2,440	1,734	1,834	1,933	-44.2	-8.4
District of Columbia	9	8	40	23	6	17.2	12.2
Florida	23,426	27,078	27,692	26,285	23,505	-13.5	1
Georgia	33,795	31,576	29,910	29,074	29,730	7.0	3.3
Maryland	12,996	11,171	10,489	10,762	10,596	16.3	5.2
North Carolina	24,805 15,293	27,717 15,651	26,505 13,761	27,414 13,373	24,149 11,745	-10.5 -2.3	.7 6.8
Virginia	19,328	19,792	18,638	16,214	15,225	-2.3 -2.3	6.1
West Virginia	35,632	38,576	37,945	36,047	35,065	-2.3 -7.6	.4
East South Central	111,684	109,919	108,483	105,708	104,194	1.6	1.8
Alabama	31,482	31,530	32,056	33,057	31,440	1	*
Kentucky	42,567	42,704	33,215	34,438	37,382	3	3.3
Mississippi	5,812	5,949	6,141	5,702	4,516	-2.3	6.5
Tennessee	31,822	29,736 152,028	37,071	32,510	30,856	7.0	.8
West South Central	156,923		143,816	145,394	144,435	3.2	2.1

Table 59. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division and State, 1995-1999 (Continued)

Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division and State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	Percent Change	Average Annua Percent Change
						1998-1999	1995-1999
J.S. Total (Continued)							
Arkansas	15,380	13,536	11,921	14,918	14,317	13.6	1.8
Louisiana	14,584	15,776	14,663	13,526	14,267	-7.5	.5
Oklahoma	22,642	20,957	19,879	21,584	22,210	8.0	.5
Texas	104,316	101,759	97,353	95,367	93,642	2.5	2.7
Mountain	122,716	118,198	113,046	101,497	107,497	3.8	3.4
Arizona	20,317	19,751	17,351	15,785	16,401	2.9	5.5
Colorado	24,490	20,158	19,022	16,920	17,502	21.5	8.8
Idaho	315	533	363	333	440	-40.8	-8.0
Montana	11,077	10,825	9,617	8,359	9,678	2.3	3.4
Nevada	8,363	7,976	7,110	7,072	7,479	4.8	2.8
New Mexico	16,521	15,950	15,886	15,097	14,727	3.6	2.9
Utah	12,918	15,074	16,775	11,175	14,602	-14.3	-3.0
Wyoming	28,715	27,930	26,922	26,757	26,668	2.8	1.9
Pacific	14,631	14,108	9,596	8,790	11,962	3.7	5.2
Alaska	1,051	970	743	697	815	8.4	6.6
California	5,335	4,789	2,794	2,240	2,839	11.4	17.1
Hawaii	_	34	21	_	_	-100.0	_
Oregon	4,021	2,092	1,079	1,028	1,518	92.2	27.6
Washington	4,224	6,224	4,958	4,825	6,790	-32.1	-11.2

^{*} Data round to zero.

NM Not meaningful as value is greater than 500 percent.

Note: Destination State totals may not sum to the Coal-Producing State totals due to unknown or unavailable Destination State(s), and as a result U.S.

The state of Destination State(s) Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Total may not equal sum of Destination State(s). Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report."

Table 60. Foreign Distribution of U.S. Coal by Major Coal-Exporting States and Destination, 1995-1999

Coal-Exporting State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	Percent Change	Average Annua Percent Chang
and Destination	2333	1970	2331	2330	1970	1998-1999	1995-1999
Mabama	3,307	4,801	5,813	4,864	6,032	-31.1	-13.9
Argentina	52	305	259	216	306	-83.1	-35.9
Belgium & Luxembourg	880	701	898	703	574	25.5	11.3
Brazil	821	570	901	566	564	44.1	9.8
Bulgaria	021	145	244	208	128	-100.0	7.0
	_	143	244	200		-100.0	
Denmark					26	_	_
Egypt	_	_		-	111	-	_
Germany, FR	_	103	224	184	201	-100.0	-
Italy	376	417	491	659	930	-10.0	-20.3
Japan	199	349	459	861	1,358	-43.0	-38.1
Netherlands	258	345	303	73	276	-25.3	-1.7
Romania	_	552	274	170	492	-100.0	_
South Africa, Rep of	_			57		_	_
Spain	77	248	200	52	48	-68.9	12.6
Turkey	111	211	408	326	302	-47.4	-22.1
United Kingdom	534	855	1,151	789	717	-37.6	-7.1
laska	537	371	680	776	855	44.8	-11.0
Korea, Republic of	537	371	662	776	855	44.8	-11.0
Unknown	-	_	18	-	_	_	_
olorado	1,819	1,754	1,523	1,415	900	3.7	19.2
China (Taiwan)	´ _	´ -	75	219	235	_	_
Israel	_	_	-	30		_	_
Japan	1,819	422	296	343	651	331.1	29.3
Korea, Republic of	1,019	422	290	65	051	331.1	29.3
	_	1,332			_	100.0	_
Mexico		1,332	1,152	758		-100.0	_
Turkey	-	_	_	-	14	_	_
	1.000	C 021	7 220	0.142	0.605	22.1	16.0
entucky	4,636	6,931	7,220	9,143	9,695	-33.1	-16.8
Belgium & Luxembourg	_	44	54	67	366	-100.0	_
Brazil	_	_	_	_	52	_	_
Canada	1,497	1,459	739	1,178	777	2.6	17.8
China (Taiwan)	691	1,867	2,292	1,978	2,397	-63.0	-26.7
Finland	_	· –	· _	4	· –	_	_
France	121	422	569	548	262	-71.4	-17.6
Germany, FR	31	71	_		187	-56.2	-36.3
	53	62	107	119		-13.8	
Iceland			107	119	76	-13.8	-8.7
India	15	_	_	_	_	_	_
Ireland	_	_	_	_	58	_	-
Israel	_	_	_	_	217	_	_
Italy	379	291	182	1,745	1,714	30.2	-31.4
Jamaica	_	_	56	17	62	_	_
Japan	_	627	223	93	53	-100.0	_
Korea, Republic of	_	-	795	1,876	1.523		_
Netherlands	794	1,096	1,364	581	621	-27.5	6.3
		1,096	1,304	140	142	-27.3 -30.0	-9.2
Norway	96	136	198			-30.0	−9.∠
Portugal	-		-	229	_	-	_
Saudi Arabia		42	48	22		-100.0	-
Spain	36	-	-	_	231	-	-37.3
Sweden	142	33	-	_	_	329.8	_
Turkey	_	_	_	_	197	_	_
United Kingdom	780	781	592	548	758	1	.7
_							
ennsylvania	6,966	7,908	8,698	9,246	8,279	-11.9	-4.2
Belgium & Luxembourg	_	84	146	_	_	-100.0	_
Brazil	437	382	715	261	380	14.5	3.6
Canada	2,552	2,286	2,612	1,050	713	11.7	37.6
Denmark	-	672	467	801	1,589	-100.0	_
Dominican Republic	_	76	64	50	18	-100.0	_
Finland	_	70	229	283	544	-	_
			229			100.0	_
France	_	86		89	9	-100.0	
Germany, FR	788	775	135	256	383	1.6	19.7
Greece	-	-	-	491	_	-	-
Ireland	1,040	1,203	1,116	1,067	1,161	-13.6	-2.7
Israel	723	800	861	1,068	995	-9.7	-7.7
Italy	-	85	-	89	_	-100.0	-
Japan	213	373	903	1,057	916	-43.0	-30.6
	413	313	203	1,057	210	73.0	-50.0
Korea, Republic of	40	74	175	195	109	-46.1	-22.2

Table 60. Foreign Distribution of U.S. Coal by Major Coal-Exporting States and Destination, 1995-1999 (Continued)

Coal-Exporting State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	Percent Change	Average Annua Percent Change
and Destination						1998-1999	1995-1999
Pennsylvania (Continued)							
Morocco	_	75	118	173	_	-100.0	_
Netherlands	527	104	482	732	593	408.8	-2.9
Norway		_	11	30	28	-	_
Peru	12	71	13	_	_	-83.1	_
Portugal		275	261	592	472	64.2	-1.1
South Africa, Rep of		366	384	112	_	-51.0	_
Spain		16	_	_	18	-100.0	_
Turkey		_	_	_	43	_	_
United Kingdom		101	_	851	299	-100.0	10.0
Venezuela	4	4	5	1	9	1.9	-19.8
tah	2,313	2,535	3,414	5,305	3,930	-8.8	-12.4
Chile		_	38	445	170	_	_
China (Taiwan)	406	117	597	648	323	246.4	5.8
Ecuador		_	38	_	_	_	_
Japan	1,907	2,418	2,499	4,058	3,000	-21.1	-10.7
Korea, Republic of	_	_	242	154	438	_	_
irginia	8,770	12,810	12,841	13,432	9,742	-31.5	-2.6
Algeria		400	299	206	166	-19.2	18.1
Belgium & Luxembourg		948	945	1,078	764	-50.0	-11.2
Brazil		2,273	1,347	1,228	1,091	-43.0	4.4
Canada		719	508	387	445	2.0	13.3
China (Taiwan)	144	179	180	_	_	-19.8	_
Egypt	296	548	178	835	333	-46.0	-2.9
Finland	_	_	55	_	_	_	_
France	1,342	1,964	984	910	625	-31.6	21.1
Germany, FR		_	93	_	68	_	_
Italy	1,123	1,817	2,318	2,198	1,474	-38.2	-6.6
Japan		218	1,508	2,300	1,796	-37.8	-47.6
Korea, Republic of		1,361	1,272	466	589	15.4	27.8
Netherlands		455	650	1,193	793	-39.9	-23.4
Portugal		_	62	145	105	-	_
Romania		51	72	32	_	-100.0	_
South Africa, Rep of		1.501		76		42.1	1.0
Spain		1,581	1,361	1,370 185	847 115	-42.1	1.9
SwedenTurkey		_	81	24	113	_	_
United Kingdom		296	928	798	531	-51.4	-27.9
est Virginia		37,531	38,459	42,044	44,321	-39.1	-15.3
Algeria		- 774	1,463	2,182	2,020	-61.5	-38.0
Belgium & Luxembourg Brazil		3,378	3,929	4,256	4,329	-61.3 -45.9	-38.0 -19.4
Bulgaria	,	857	1.008	1,214	1,360	-48.8	-19.4 -24.6
Canada		10,500	8,291	7,222	5,784	-9.8	13.1
Chile	. , .	48	25	195	118	-27.2	-26.3
China (Taiwan)		139	188	353	355	-100.0	
Croatia		_	_	_	72	_	_
Denmark	_	_	70	_	189	_	_
Egypt	_	413	807	303	714	-100.0	_
Finland	188	455	324	507	792	-58.6	-30.2
France	,	2,740	2,579	3,676	4,408	-29.2	-18.6
Germany, FR		349	453	943	1,107	-71.9	-45.5
India		_	_	11	_	-	_
Israel		101	211	375	- - 120	-100.0	21.5
Italy		2,948	3,879 8	4,965	5,138	-33.8 -100.0	-21.5 -
Jamaica		30 2 975		36 2.062	2 /21	-100.0 -53.8	-20.4
Japan Korea, Republic of		2,975 879	2,585 829	2,062 1,050	3,431 1,013	-53.8 -69.3	-20.4 -28.1
Mexico		256	25	1,030	1,015	-09.3 -100.0	-28.1
		67	96	1,111	275	-100.0 -100.0	_
			2,425	1,636	3,628	-51.7	-26.8
Morocco	1 039	2.132					
Morocco Netherlands	1,039 5	2,152	2,423		_	_	_
MoroccoNetherlandsPeru	5	_	_	_	_	_	
Morocco	5 288	2,152 - 450 491	- 889 1,737	1,128 1,315	1,390 1,623		-32.5 -43.0

Table 60. Foreign Distribution of U.S. Coal by Major Coal-Exporting States and Destination, 1995-1999 (Continued)

Coal-Exporting State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	Percent Change	Average Annua Percent Chang
and Destination						1998-1999	1995-1999
Vest Virginia (Continued)							
Spain	659	758	758	887	1,084	-13.1	-11.7
Sweden	420	740	657	882	1,352	-43.3	-25.3
Turkey	465	1,322	1,295	1,655	1,560	-64.8	-26.1
United Kingdom	1,597	3,716	3,223	3,133	1,633	-57.0	5
Vyomina	3,774	3,729	2,541	2,395	2,269	1.2	13.6
Vyoming Canada	2,951	1,931	818	2,393 443	32	52.8	210.9
Mexico	2,931	1,931	- 010	443	32	-100.0	210.9
Netherlands	_	12	_	63	_	-100.0	_
Spain	823	1,786	1,723	1,889	2,237	-53.9	-22.1
•	025	1,700	1,720	1,009	2,237	55.7	22.1
Iajor States Total	54,969	78,371	81,189	88,620	86,023	-29.9	-10.6
Algeria	371	400	299	206	166	-7.2	22.3
Argentina	52	305	259	216	306	-83.1	-35.9
Belgium & Luxembourg	1,652	2,552	3,506	4,030	3,724	-35.3	-18.4
Brazil	4,383	6,603	6,892	6,310	6,416	-33.6	-9.1
Bulgaria	438	1,002	1,252	1,422	1,488	-56.3	-26.3
Canada	17,209	16,895	12,967	10,280	7,750	1.9	22.1
Chile	35	48	64	640	287	-27.2	-41.1
China (Taiwan)	1,240	2,301	3,332	3,197	3,310	-46.1	-21.8
Croatia	_				72	_	_
Denmark	_	672	538	801	1,804	-100.0	_
Dominican Republic	_	76	64	50	18	-100.0	_
Ecuador	_	_	38	_	_	_	-
Egypt	296	961	985	1,138	1,158	-69.2	-28.9
Finland	188	455	609	794	1,337	-58.6	-38.7
France	3,403	5,212	4,132	5,223	5,305	-34.7	-10.5
Germany, FR	917	1,298	906	1,383	1,946	-29.4	-17.1
Greece	-	-	107	491	76	12.0	- 0.7
Iceland	53	62	107	119	76	-13.8	-8.7
India	15	1 202	1 116	11	1 210	12.6	-3.9
Ireland	1,040 723	1,203 901	1,116 1,071	1,067	1,219 1,212	-13.6 -19.8	-3.9 -12.1
Israel	3,829	5,558	6,869	1,473 9,656	9,256	-19.8 -31.1	-12.1 -19.8
Italy	3,829	3,338	64	53	9,236 62	-31.1 -100.0	-19.8
Japan	5,648	7,382	8,473	10,774	11,205	-100.0 -23.5	-15.7
Korea, Republic of	2,417	2,684	3,974	4,582	4,526	-23.3 -10.0	-13.7 -14.5
Mexico	2,417	1,599	1,177	758	4,320	-100.0	-14.5
Morocco		141	214	1,284	275	-100.0	_
Netherlands	2,892	4,152	5,224	4,278	5,911	-30.3	-16.4
Norway	96	138	210	169	170	-30.0	-13.2
Peru	17	71	13	107		-76.5	13.2
Portugal	740	725	1,212	2,094	1,967	2.0	-21.7
Romania	172	1,093	2,083	1,517	2,115	-84.3	-21.7 -46.6
Saudi Arabia	-	42	48	22	2,113	-100.0	-
South Africa, Rep of	439	1,359	1,090	1,192	946	-67.7	-17.4
Spain	2,509	4,389	4,042	4,197	4,465	-42.8	-13.4
Sweden	562	773	657	1,066	1,466	-27.3	-21.3
Turkey	576	1,533	1,784	2,005	2,116	-62.4	-27.8
United Kingdom	3,055	5,750	5,894	6,119	3,938	-46.9	-6.1
Venezuela	4	4	5	1	9	1.9	-19.8
Unknown	-	-	18	-	-	-	_
ther States Total	929	1,815	2,043	3,579	3,884	-48.8	-30.1
Belgium & Luxembourg	_	_	_	76	_	_	_
Brazil	_	_	-	1	188	_	-
Canada	762	1,018	438	319	273	-25.1	29.3
Denmark	_	_	_	364	516	_	_
France	_	_	-		57	_	_
Germany, FR	_	_	56	325	722	_	_
Ireland	100	20	-	80	-	387.5	-
Italy	_		_		42	_	_
Japan	_	99	80	66	49	-100.0	_
Mexico	_	2	_	-	498	-100.0	_
Morocco	_	_	_	103	775	_	_
Netherlands	_	_	-	120	_	_	_
Sweden	_	_	_	25	_	_	_

Table 60. Foreign Distribution of U.S. Coal by Major Coal-Exporting States and Destination, 1995-1999 (Continued)

Coal-Exporting State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	Percent Change	Average Annua Percent Change
and Destination						1998-1999	1995-1999
other States Total R (Continued)							
United Kingdom	_	208	662	805	538	-100.0	_
Unknown	67	468	806	1,294	226	-85.7	-26.3
.S. Total	55,898	80,185	83,232	92,199	89,907	-30.3	-11.2
Algeria	371	400	299	206	166	-7.2	22.3
Argentina	52	305	259	216	306	-83.1	-35.9
Belgium & Luxembourg	1,652	2,552	3,506	4,106	3,724	-35.3	-18.4
Brazil	4,383	6,603	6.892	6,312	6,605	-33.6	-9.7
Bulgaria	438	1,002	1,252	1,422	1,488	-56.3	-26.3
Canada	17.971	17.913	13,405	10.599	8,023	.3	22.3
Chile	35	48	64	640	287	-27.2	-41.1
China (Taiwan)	1,240	2,301	3,332	3,197	3,310	-27.2 -46.1	-21.8
Croatia	- 1,2-10	2,301	5,552	5,177	72	-	
Denmark	_	672	538	1,165	2,320	-100.0	_
Dominican Republic	_	76	64	50	18	-100.0	_
Ecuador	_	-	38	_	_	_	_
Egypt	296	961	985	1,138	1,158	-69.2	-28.9
Finland	188	455	609	794	1,337	-58.6	-38.7
France	3,403	5,212	4.132	5,223	5,362	-34.7	-10.8
Germany, FR	917	1,298	962	1.708	2,668	-29.4	-23.4
Greece	_	- 1,250	-	491	2,000		25.1
Iceland	53	62	107	119	76	-13.8	-8.7
India	15	- 02	-	11	70	-	-
Ireland	1.140	1,224	1.116	1.147	1.219	-6.9	-1.7
Israel	723	901	1.071	1,473	1,212	-19.8	-12.1
Italy	3,829	5,558	6,869	9.656	9,298	-31.1	-19.9
Jamaica	5,027	30	64	53	62	-100.0	-
Japan	5.648	7,481	8.553	10.840	11.254	-24.5	-15.8
Korea, Republic of	2,417	2,684	3,974	4,582	4,526	-10.0	-14.5
Mexico	2,417	1,601	1,177	758	498	-100.0	-
Morocco	_	141	214	1.388	1,050	-100.0	_
Netherlands	2,892	4,152	5,224	4,398	5,911	-30.3	-16.4
Norway	96	138	210	169	170	-30.0	-13.2
Peru	17	71	13	-	-	-76.5	13.2
Portugal	740	725	1,212	2,094	1,967	2.0	-21.7
Romania	172	1.093	2.083	1.517	2,115	-84.3	-21.7 -46.6
Saudi Arabia	-	42	48	22	2,113	-100.0	-0.0
South Africa, Rep of	439	1.359	1.090	1.192	946	-67.7	-17.4
Spain	2,509	4,389	4,042	4.197	4,465	-42.8	-17.4
Sweden	562	773	657	1,091	1,466	-42.8 -27.3	-13.4 -21.3
Turkey	576	1,533	1.784	2,005	2,116	-62.4	-21.3 -27.8
United Kingdom	3.055	5,957	6,556	6,925	4,476	-48.7	-27.8 -9.1
Venezuela	3,033	3,937	5	0,923	4,470	1.9	-9.1 -19.8
Unknown	67	468	825	1,294	226	-85.7	-19.8 -26.3

R Revised Data.

Notes: Major coal-exporting States are those with total coal exports of over 500,000 short tons in 1999. Totals may not equal sum of components

due to independent rounding.

Sources: Values shown for destinations other than Canada and Mexico are estimates based upon information reported on Energy Information Administration Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report," and coal export data presented in King's COALBASE (King Publishing Corporation, Knoxville, Tennessee). See the Explanatory Notes for a complete description of the methodology used to develop these estimates. Values shown for Canada and Mexico are based upon Form EIA-6A.

Table 61. Foreign Distribution of U.S. Metallurgical Coal by Major Coal-Exporting States and Destination, 1995-1999

Coal-Exporting State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	Percent Change	Average Annua Percent Chang
and Destination						1998-1999	1995-1999
Alabama	3,307	4,743	5,699	4,523	5,330	-30.3	-11.3
Argentina	52	305	259	216	306	-83.1	-35.9
Belgium & Luxembourg	880	701	898	703	574	25.5	11.3
Brazil	821	570	901	566	564	44.1	9.8
Bulgaria	- 021	145	244	208	128	-100.0	7.0
	_	143	244	200		-100.0	_
Egypt		102	224		111	100.0	
Germany, FR		103	224	184	201	-100.0	
Italy	376	417	377	318	314	-10.0	4.6
Japan	199	349	459	861	1,358	-43.0	-38.1
Netherlands	258	345	303	73	217	-25.3	4.4
Romania	_	552	274	170	492	-100.0	_
South Africa, Rep of	_	_	_	57	_	_	_
Spain	77	248	200	52	48	-68.9	12.6
	111	211	408	326	302	-47.4	-22.1
Turkey							
United Kingdom	534	797	1,151	789	717	-33.0	-7.1
Y-1 4-				20			
Colorado	_	_	_	30	_	-	_
Japan	_	_	_	30	_	_	_
_	_					_	
Kentucky	3,907	5,042	4,762	5,303	3,640	-22.5	1.8
Belgium & Luxembourg	_	44	54	67	_	-100.0	_
Brazil	_	_	_	_	52	_	_
Canada	1,459	1,459	739	1,178	777	*	17.0
China (Taiwan)	1,737	87	181	1,170	76	-100.0	17.0
	121			- -			17.6
France	121	422	569	548	262	-71.4 ~	-17.6
Germany, FR	31	71	_	_	93	-56.2	-24.0
Iceland	53	62	107	119	76	-13.8	-8.7
India	15	_	_	_	_	_	_
Italy	379	291	_	132	_	30.2	_
Japan	_	518	223	93	53	-100.0	_
Korea, Republic of	_	510	795	1,876	1,523	100.0	_
	794	1.096		,	102	-27.5	67.0
Netherlands		,	1,255	581			
Norway	96	138	198	140	142	-30.0	-9.2
Saudi Arabia	_	42	48	22	_	-100.0	_
Spain	36	_	_	-	-	-	_
Sweden	142	33	_	_	_	329.8	_
United Kingdom	780	781	592	548	483	1	12.7
8							
Pennsylvania	1,985	1,912	2,105	1,642	1,467	3.8	7.8
Brazil	436	381	713	258	371	14.5	4.1
Canada	20	17	715	250	4	16.6	47.7
		17	_	- 00	-	10.0	47.7
France	_	_	_	89			
Germany, FR	758	598			66	26.7	83.8
Japan	213	373	903	920	916	-43.0	-30.6
Korea, Republic of	40	74	106	101	109	-46.1	-22.2
Netherlands	339	102	_	162	_	231.4	_
South Africa, Rep of	179	366	384	112	_	-51.0	_
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
J tah	_	_	97	187	_	_	_
Japan	_	_	97	187	_	_	_
т				-0,			
/irginia	8,036	12,649	12,288	12,760	8,921	-36.5	-2.6
8	´	´	´	1.11	´		
Algeria	323	400	299	206	166 764	-19.2	18.1
Belgium & Luxembourg	474	948	945	1,078	764	-50.0	-11.2
Brazil	1,296	2,273	1,347	1,228	1,091	-43.0	4.4
Canada	-	719	508	387	445	-100.0	_
China (Taiwan)	144	179	180	_	_	-19.8	_
Egypt	296	548	178	835	333	-46.0	-2.9
Finland		-	55	_	_	-	
France	1,342	1,964	984	910	625	-31.6	21.1
		1,704		710		-31.0	21.1
Germany, FR	- 1 122		93		68	-	-
Italy	1,123	1,655	1,776	1,696	758	-32.1	10.3
Japan	135	218	1,508	2,300	1,796	-37.8	-47.6
Korea, Republic of	1,570	1,361	1,272	466	589	15.4	27.8
Netherlands	273	455	650	1,193	793	-39.9	-23.4
	273	-155	62	- 1,175			23.1
Portugal				- 22	_	100.0	_
Romania	_	51	72	32	_	-100.0	_
				76	_	_	_
South Africa, Rep of	_	_	_	1,370			1.9

Table 61. Foreign Distribution of U.S. Metallurgical Coal by Major Coal-Exporting States and Destination, 1995-1999 (Continued)

Coal-Exporting State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	Percent Change	Average Annual Percent Change
and Destination						1998-1999	1995-1999
Virginia (Continued)							
Sweden	_	_	_	185	115	_	_
Turkey	_	_	81	_	_	_	_
United Kingdom	144	296	928	798	531	-51.4	-27.9
Vest Virginia	20,120	32,224	30,327	31,717	34,633	-37.6	-12.7
Algeria	48 298	602	822	- 1,261	1,175	-50.5	-29.0
Belgium & Luxembourg	1,829	3,378	3,927	4,247	4,329	-30.3 -45.9	-29.0 -19.4
Bulgaria	438	3,376 857	1,008	1,152	1,360	-43.9 -48.8	-19.4 -24.6
Canada	7,547	8,945	6,956	6,907	5,759	-46.6 -15.6	7.0
Chile	7,547	0,943	0,930	43	5,759	-13.0	7.0
China (Taiwan)	_	139	188	353	355	-100.0	_
Egypt		413	807	303	714	-100.0	
	188	455	324	507	683	-58.6	-27.5
FinlandFrance	1,939	2,740	2,286	2,859	3,594	-38.6 -29.2	-27.3 -14.3
Germany, FR	1,939	349	2,286 419	2,839 584	3,394 254	-29.2 -71.9	-14.5 -21.1
India	90	349	419	384 11	234	-/1.9	-21.1
Italy	1,950	2,326	2,084	2,361	2,873	-16.2	-9.2
•	1,323	2,326	2,585	2,062	3,222	-16.2 -55.5	-9.2 -19.9
Korea, Republic of	270	2,975 879	2,383 829	2,062 1,050	1,013	-55.5 -69.3	-19.9 -28.1
•	270	8/9		1,030	1,013	-69.3	-20.1
Mexico	950	- 1,979	25 1,977	1 222	1 522		126
Netherlands	850			1,223	1,523	-57.1	-13.6
Portugal	288	245	118	164	33	17.9	71.4
Romania	172	491	1,737	1,315	1,623	-65.0	-43.0
South Africa, Rep of	260	992	706	947	946	-73.8	-27.6
Spain	642	758	681	818	1,084	-15.3	-12.3
Sweden	420	740	657	882	1,352	-43.3	-25.3
Turkey	465	1,322	1,295	1,643	1,560	-64.8	-26.1
United Kingdom	1,095	1,637	897	1,024	1,182	-33.1	-1.9
Iajor States Total.R	37,355	56,569	55,278	56,162	54,039	-34.0	-8.8
Algeria	371	400	299	206	166	-7.2	22.3
Argentina	52	305	259	216	306	-83.1	-35.9
Belgium & Luxembourg	1,652	2,296	2,719	3,109	2,513	-28.0	-9.9
Brazil	4,382	6,602	6,888	6,298	6,407	-33.6	-9.1
Bulgaria	438	1,002	1,252	1,361	1,488	-56.3	-26.3
Canada	9,026	11,140	8,203	8,472	6,986	-19.0	6.6
Chile			.	43			.
China (Taiwan)	144	404	549	353	431	-64.5	-24.0
Egypt	296	961	985	1,138	1,158	-69.2	-28.9
Finland	188	455	379	507	683	-58.6	-27.5
France	3,403	5,126	3,839	4,406	4,481	-33.6	-6.6
Germany, FR	887	1,121	736	769	681	-20.9	6.8
Iceland	53	62	107	119	76	-13.8	-8.7
India	15	_	_	11	_	_	-
Italy	3,829	4,690	4,238	4,507	3,944	-18.4	7
Japan	1,870	4,433	5,775	6,453	7,395	-57.8	-29.1
Korea, Republic of	1,880	2,313	3,001	3,493	3,234	-18.7	-12.7
Mexico	-	_	25	_	_	_	_
Netherlands	2,514	3,977	4,185	3,233	2,635	-36.8	-1.2
Norway	96	138	198	140	142	-30.0	-9.2
Portugal	288	245	179	164	33	17.9	71.4
Romania	172	1,093	2,083	1,517	2,115	-84.3	-46.6
Saudi Arabia	-	42	48	22	_	-100.0	_
South Africa, Rep of	439	1,359	1,090	1,192	946	-67.7	-17.4
Spain	1,670	2,587	2,231	2,240	1,979	-35.5	-4.1
Sweden	562	773	657	1,066	1,466	-27.3	-21.3
TurkeyUnited Kingdom	576 2,553	1,533 3,512	1,784 3,568	1,969 3,160	1,862 2,913	-62.4 -27.3	-25.4 -3.3
ther States Total .R		3,312 -	-	-	188		-3.3 - 100.0
Brazil	-	-	-	-	188	-	_
.S. Total	37,355	56,569	55,278	56,162	54,228	-34.0	-8.9
Algeria	371	400	299	206	166	-7.2	22.3
Argentina	52	305	259	216	306	-83.1	-35.9
Belgium & Luxembourg	1,652	2,296	2,719	3,109	2,513	-28.0	-9.9

Table 61. Foreign Distribution of U.S. Metallurgical Coal by Major Coal-Exporting States and Destination, 1995-1999 (Continued)

Coal-Exporting State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	Percent Change	Average Annua Percent Chango
and Destination						1998-1999	1995-1999
J.S. Total (Continued)							
Brazil	4.382	6,602	6,888	6,298	6,596	-33.6	-9.7
Bulgaria	438	1,002	1,252	1,361	1.488	-56.3	-26.3
Canada	9,026	11,140	8,203	8,472	6,986	-19.0	6.6
Chile	-,020		-	43	-	-	-
China (Taiwan)	144	404	549	353	431	-64.5	-24.0
Egypt	296	961	985	1,138	1,158	-69.2	-28.9
Finland	188	455	379	507	683	-58.6	-27.5
France	3,403	5,126	3,839	4,406	4,481	-33.6	-6.6
Germany, FR	887	1,121	736	769	681	-20.9	6.8
Iceland	53	62	107	119	76	-13.8	-8.7
India	15	_	_	11	_	_	_
Italy	3,829	4,690	4,238	4,507	3,944	-18.4	7
Japan	1,870	4,433	5,775	6,453	7,395	-57.8	-29.1
Korea, Republic of	1,880	2,313	3,001	3,493	3,234	-18.7	-12.7
Mexico	_	· -	25	· -	_	_	_
Netherlands	2,514	3,977	4,185	3,233	2,635	-36.8	-1.2
Norway	96	138	198	140	142	-30.0	-9.2
Portugal	288	245	179	164	33	17.9	71.4
Romania	172	1,093	2,083	1,517	2,115	-84.3	-46.6
Saudi Arabia	_	42	48	22	-	-100.0	-
South Africa, Rep of	439	1,359	1,090	1,192	946	-67.7	-17.4
Spain	1,670	2,587	2,231	2,240	1,979	-35.5	-4.1
Sweden	562	773	657	1,066	1,466	-27.3	-21.3
Turkey	576	1,533	1,784	1,969	1,862	-62.4	-25.4
United Kingdom	2,553	3,512	3,568	3,160	2,913	-27.3	-3.3

^{*} Data round to zero.

due to independent rounding.

Sources: Values shown for destinations other than Canada and Mexico are estimates based upon information reported on Energy Information Administration Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report," and coal export data presented in King's COALBASE (King Publishing Corporation, Knoxville, Tennessee). See the Explanatory Notes for a complete description of the methodology used to develop these estimates. Values shown for Canada and Mexico are based upon Form EIA-6A.

R Revised Data.

Notes: Major coal-exporting States are those with total coal exports of over 500,000 short tons in 1999. Totals may not equal sum of components

Table 62. Foreign Distribution of U.S. Steam Coal by Major Coal-Exporting States and Destination, 1995-1999

Coal-Exporting State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	Percent Change	Average Annual Percent Change
and Destination						1998-1999	1995-1999
Alabama	_	59	114	341	702	-100.0	-100.0
Denmark	_	_	_	_	26	_	_
Italy		_	114	341	617	-	-
Netherlands			_	_	59		_
United Kingdom	_	59	_	_	_	-100.0	-
Alaska	537	371	698	776	855	44.8	-11.0
Korea, Republic of		371	662	776	855	44.8	-11.0
Unknown		-	37	-	_	-	-
Colorado		1,754	1,523	1,385	900	3.7	19.2
China (Taiwan)		_	75	219	235	_	-
Israel		422	206	30	-	221.1	20.2
Japan		422	296	314	651	331.1	29.3
Korea, Republic of Mexico		1,332	1,152	65 758	_	-100.0	_
Turkey		1,332	1,132	736	- 14	-100.0	_
1 u.s.o.j				_	17		
Kentucky		1,889	2,458	3,841	6,055	-61.4	-41.1
Belgium & Luxembourg	_		_	· –	366	-	-
Canada	38	-	_	-	_	_	_
China (Taiwan)		1,780	2,111	1,978	2,321	-61.2	-26.1
Finland		_	_	4	_	_	_
Germany, FR		_	_	_	95 59	_	_
Ireland		_	_	_	58 217	_	_
Israel Italy		_	182	1,613	1,714	_	_
Jamaica		_	56	1,013	62	_	_
Japan		109	_	_	-	-100.0	_
Netherlands		-	109	_	519	-	_
Portugal	_	_	_	229	_	_	_
Spain	_	_	_	_	231	_	_
Turkey		_	_	_	197	_	_
United Kingdom	_	_	_	_	275	_	-
Pennsylvania	4,981	5,996	6,593	7,604	6,812	-16.9	-7.5
Belgium & Luxembourg	,	84	146	-	-	-100.0	-
Brazil		1	2	3	9	10.0	-38.6
Canada	2,533	2,269	2,612	1,050	708	11.6	37.5
Denmark	_	672	467	801	1,589	-100.0	-
Dominican Republic		76	64	50	18	-100.0	-
Finland		_	229	283	544	_	_
France		86	- 125	-	9	-100.0	-
Germany, FR		177	135	256	317	-83.2	-44.6
Greece		1,203	1,116	491 1,067	- 1,161	-13.6	- -2.7
Israel	,	1,203 800	1,116 861	1,067	1,161	-13.6 -9.7	-2.7 -7.7
Italy		85	-	1,008	993	-9.7 -100.0	-/./ -
Japan		-	_	136	_	-	_
Korea, Republic of		_	70	94	_	_	_
Morocco		75	118	173	_	-100.0	-
Netherlands	188	1	482	570	593	NM	-24.9
Norway	_	_	11	30	28	_	-
Peru		71	13	_	_	-83.1	_
Portugal		275	261	592	472	64.2	-1.1
Spain		16	_	_	18	-100.0	_
Turkey		101	_	- 851	43 299	-100.0	_
United Kingdom Venezuela		4	5	851	299 9	-100.0 1.9	-19.8
· Chozacia	7	7	3	1	,	1.7	17.0
Utah	,	2,535	3,317	5,118	3,930	-8.8	-12.4
Chile		=	38	445	170		_ _
China (Taiwan)		117	597	648	323	246.4	5.8
Ecuador		2 419	38	2 071	2 000	-	10.7
Japan		2,418	2,402	3,871	3,000	-21.1	-10.7
Korea, Republic of	_	_	242	154	438	_	_
Virginia	734	162	553	671	821	353.3	-2.8

Table 62. Foreign Distribution of U.S. Steam Coal by Major Coal-Exporting States and Destination, 1995-1999 (Continued)

Coal-Exporting State and Destination	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	Percent Change	Average Annua Percent Chang
and Destination						1998-1999	1995-1999
irginia (Continued)							
Italy	-	162	542	502	716	-100.0	-
Portugal	_	_	_	145	105	_	_
Spain	_	_	11	_	_	_	_
Turkey	_	_	_	24	_	_	_
Vest Virginia	2,728	5,307	8,132	10,327	9,688	-48.6	-27.2
Belgium & Luxembourg	2,720	172	641	921	845	-100.0	-27.2
Brazil	_	-	2	10	*	-	_
Bulgaria	_	_	_	62	_	_	_
Canada	1,927	1,555	1,335	315	25	23.9	196.8
Chile	35	48	25	152	118	-27.2	-26.3
Croatia	_	_	_	_	72	_	_
Denmark	_	_	70	_	189	_	_
Finland	-	-	-	-	109	-	_
France	_	_	293	817	815	_	_
Germany, FR	_	_	35	358	854	-	_
Israel	_	101	211	375		-100.0	_
Italy	_	621	1,794	2,604	2,266	-100.0	_
Jamaica	- 52	30	8	36	200	-100.0	20.2
Japan	52	256	_	_	209	100.0	-29.3
Mexico	_	256 67	96	1,111	275	-100.0 -100.0	_
Morocco	189	173	448	413	2,105	9.2	-45.2
Peru	5	1/3	440	413	2,103	9.2	-4 3.2
Portugal	_	206	771	964	1,357	-100.0	_
Spain	17	200	77	69	-	-	_
Turkey	_	_		12	_	_	_
United Kingdom	503	2,079	2,326	2,109	451	-75.8	2.8
/yoming	3,774	3,729	2,541	2,395	2,269	1.2	13.6
Canada	2,951	1.931	818	443	32	52.8	210.9
Mexico	2,731	12	-	-	-	-100.0	210.5
Netherlands	_	_	_	63	_	_	_
Spain	823	1,786	1,723	1,889	2,237	-53.9	-22.1
Iajor States Total	17,614	21,802	25,929	32,458	32,033	-19.2	-13.9
Belgium & Luxembourg	_	256	787	921	1,211	-100.0	_
Brazil	1	1	4	12	9	10.0	-38.6
Bulgaria				62			
Canada	8,183	5,754	4,764	1,808	765	42.2	80.8
Chile	35	48	64	597	287	-27.2	-41.1
China (Taiwan)	1,096	1,897	2,783	2,845	2,879	-42.2	-21.4
Croatia	_	- (72	- 520	- 001	72	100.0	_
Denmark	_	672 76	538 64	801 50	1,804 18	-100.0 -100.0	_
Dominican Republic	_	70	38	30	10	-100.0	_
Finland	_	_	229	287	654	_	_
France	_	86	293	817	824	-100.0	_
Germany, FR	30	177	170	614	1,265	-83.2	-60.8
Greece	_	-	-	491	1,203	- 33.2	-
Ireland	1,040	1,203	1,116	1,067	1,219	-13.6	-3.9
Israel	723	901	1,071	1,473	1,212	-19.8	-12.1
Italy	_	868	2,632	5,149	5,312	-100.0	_
Jamaica	_	30	64	53	62	-100.0	_
Japan	3,778	2,949	2,698	4,321	3,860	28.1	5
Korea, Republic of	537	371	973	1,089	1,292	44.8	-19.7
Mexico	-	1,599	1,152	758	_	-100.0	-
Morocco	_	141	214	1,284	275	-100.0	=
Netherlands	377	175	1,039	1,046	3,276	116.2	-41.7
Norway	-	-	11	30	28	_ 76.5	_
Peru	17	71	13	_	_	-76.5	-
Portugal	451	481	1,032	1,930	1,933	-6.1	-30.5
C :	840	1,802	1,811	1,957	2,486 254	-53.4 -	-23.8
Spain							
Turkey	- 502	2 220	2 226	2 050			162
	503 4	2,238	2,326 5	2,959 1	1,025	-77.5 1.9	-16.3 -19.8

Table 62. Foreign Distribution of U.S. Steam Coal by Major Coal-Exporting States and Destination, 1995-1999 (Continued)

Coal-Exporting State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	Percent Change	Average Annual Percent Change
and Destination						1998-1999	1995-1999
Other States Total	929	1.815	2.043	3,579	3,647	-48.8	-29.0
Belgium & Luxembourg	_		_,	76	-	_	
Brazil	_	_	_	1	_	_	_
Canada	762	1,018	438	319	273	-25.1	29.3
Denmark	_	_	_	364	516	_	_
France	_	_	_	_	57	_	_
Germany, FR	_	_	56	325	722	_	_
Ireland	100	20	_	80	_	387.5	_
Italy	_	_	-	_	42	-	_
Japan	_	99	80	66	_	-100.0	_
Mexico	_	2	_	_	498	-100.0	_
Morocco	_	_	_	103	775	_	_
Netherlands	_	_	_	120	_	_	-
Sweden	-	_	-	25	-	-	-
United Kingdom	_	208	662	805	538	-100.0	_
Unknown	67	468	806	1,294	226	-85.7	-26.3
U.S. Total	18,543	23,616	27,972	36,037	35,680	-21.5	-15.1
Belgium & Luxembourg	_	256	787	997	1,211	-100.0	_
Brazil	1	1	4	14	9	10.0	-38.6
Bulgaria	_	_	-	62	-	-	_
Canada	8,945	6,772	5,202	2,127	1,037	32.1	71.4
Chile	35	48	64	597	287	-27.2	-41.1
China (Taiwan)	1,096	1,897	2,783	2,845	2,879	-42.2	-21.4
Croatia	_	_	_		72	-	_
Denmark	_	672	538	1,165	2,320	-100.0	_
Dominican Republic	_	76	64	50	18	-100.0	_
Ecuador	_	_	38	- 207	-	_	_
Finland	_	_	229	287	654	-	_
France	-	86	293	817	882	-100.0	-
Germany, FR	30	177	226	939 491	1,987	-83.2	-65.0
	1,140	1,224	1.116	1,147	1,219	-6.9	-1.7
Ireland Israel	723	901	1,071	1,147	1,219	-6.9 -19.8	-1.7 -12.1
Italy	123	868	2,632	5.149	5,354	-19.8 -100.0	-12.1
Jamaica	_	30	64	53	62	-100.0 -100.0	_
Japan	3,778	3.048	2,778	4,387	3,860	24.0	5
Korea, Republic of	537	371	973	1.089	1.292	44.8	5 -19.7
Mexico	-	1.601	1.152	758	498	-100.0	-19.7
Morocco	_	141	214	1,388	1.050	-100.0	_
Netherlands	377	175	1.039	1,165	3.276	116.2	-41.7
Norway	-	-	1,037	30	28	-	-
Peru	17	71	13	_	_	-76.5	_
Portugal	451	481	1,032	1,930	1,933	-6.1	-30.5
Spain	840	1,802	1,811	1,957	2,486	-53.4	-23.8
Sweden	-	-,		25	_,	_	
Turkey	_	_	_	37	254	_	_
United Kingdom	503	2,446	2,988	3,765	1,563	-79.4	-24.7
Venezuela	4	4	5	1	9	1.9	-19.8
Unknown	67	468	843	1,294	226	-85.7	-26.3

^{*} Data round to zero.

R Revised Data.

NM Not meaningful as value is greater than 500 percent.

Notes: Major coal-exporting States are those with total coal exports of over 500,000 short tons in 1999. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Values shown for destinations other than Canada and Mexico are estimates based upon information reported on Energy Information Administration Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report," and coal export data presented in King's COALBASE (King Publishing Corporation, Knoxville, Tennessee). See the Explanatory Notes for a complete description of the methodology used to develop these estimates. Values shown for Canada and Mexico are based upon Form EIA-6A.

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 1999

labama Railroad River Truck rkansas Railroad eeorgia Railroad diana Railroad flississippi Truck eensylvania Railroad eensylvania Railroad ensesee Truck Visconsin Railroad inknown State Uuknown tate Total Railroad Railroad entroad	12,392 5,262 4,116 3,014 - 194 194	222 161 - 61 - 1,302 1,302 1,302 - 1,57 157 157 1,681 1,620	ORIGIN: ALABAMA 1,387 21 - 1,366 113 113 35 35 - 47 47 1,582 134	23 	14,024 5,444 4,116 4,464 113 113 1194 1,302 1,302 1,303 35 35 157 157 47 47 72 72 1 46 1 46			
Railroad River Truck Truck Trkansas Railroad diona Railroad diinaa Railroad diississippi Truck ennsylvania Railroad ennessee Truck Visconsin Railroad inknown State Unknown tate Total Railroad Railroad Railroad ennessee Truck	5,262 4,116 3,014 194 194	161 - 61 1,302 1,302 - 157 157 1,581	21 -1,366 113 113 - - - 35 35 - 47 47 - - - 1,582	23	5,444 4,116 4,464 113 119 119 1,302 1,302 1,302 1,57 157 47 47 72 72 1 46			
Railroad River Truck Truck Trkansas Railroad diona Railroad diinaa Railroad diississippi Truck ennsylvania Railroad ennessee Truck Visconsin Railroad inknown State Unknown tate Total Railroad Railroad Railroad ennessee Truck	5,262 4,116 3,014 194 194	161 - 61 1,302 1,302 - 157 157 1,581	21 -1,366 113 113 - - - 35 35 - 47 47 - - - 1,582	23	5,444 4,116 4,464 113 119 119 1,302 1,302 1,302 1,57 157 47 47 72 72 1 46			
River	4,116 3,014 - 194 194	- 61 	1,366 113 113 35 35 - 47 47 1,582	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	4,116 4,464 113 119 199 1,300 1,300 33 35 155 157 47 47 77 74 1 44			
Truck rkansas Railroad eicorgia Railroad diana Railroad flississippi Truck ennsylvania Railroad eennessee Truck Visconsin Railroad inknown State Unknown tate Total Railroad Railroad Railroad	3,014 194 194	61 - - 1,302 1,302 - 157 157 - - - - - 1,681	1,366 113 113 35 35 47 47 1,582	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	4,46- 113 119 194 1,30 1,30 1,30 33 35 155 157 47 44 1 46			
rkansas Railroad Georgia Railroad Indiana Railroad Ilsissisppi Truck Ennsylvania Railroad Ilsissispoi Truck Ilsissispoi Truck Ilsissispoi	194 194	1,302 1,302 1,302 - 157 157 - - - - - - - 1,681	113 113 35 35 47 47 1,582	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	113 114 119 199 1,300 1,300 33 33 157 157 44 47 77 77 1 44 1 46			
Railroad eorgia Railroad diana Railroad dississippi Truck ennsylvania Railroad ennessee Truck Visconsin Railroad unknown State Unknown tate Total Railroad Railroad Railroad Railroad Truck	194	1,302 157 157 1,681	113 - - 35 35 - 47 47 - - - 1,582	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	11: 19: 1,30: 1,30: 3: 15' 15' 4' 4' 4' 7: 7: 1 4: 1 4:			
Railroad Railroad Railroad Railroad Rississippi Truck ennsylvania Railroad ennessee Truck Visconsin Railroad nknown State Unknown tate Total Railroad Railroad Railroad Railroad nknown Truck	194	1,302 157 157 1,681	35 35 35 - 47 47 - - - -	23	194 1,300 1,300 1,300 33 35 15 44 77 77 1 44 1 46			
Railroad diana Railroad Bississippi Truck ennsylvania Railroad ennessee Truck Visconsin Railroad unknown State Unknown tate Total Railroad Railroad Railroad Rilroad Fixenses Railroad Rilroad Rilroad Railroad Railroad Railroad Railroad Railroad Rilver	194	1,302 157 157 1,681	35 - - 47 47 - - - - 1,582	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	194 1,30; 1,30; 3: 3: 15; 15; 4; 4; 7; 7; 1 44 1 46			
ndiana Railroad Railroad Ilississippi Truck ennsylvania Railroad ennessee Truck Visconsin Railroad (inknown State Unknown tate Total Railroad River River Truck	- - - - - - - 72 72 - - - - - - - - - -	1,302 157 157 1,681	35 - - 47 47 - - - - 1,582	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1,302 1,302 33 35 157 157 47 44 72 72 73 1 46			
Railroad flississippi Truck ennsylvania Railroad ennessee Truck Visconsin Railroad nknown State Unknown tate Total Railroad Riivad	72 - - 12,658 5,528 4,116	1,302 157 157 1,681	35 - - 47 47 - - - - 1,582	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1,302 33 35 157 157 47 47 72 1 46 1 46			
Railroad flississippi Truck ennsylvania Railroad ennessee Truck Visconsin Railroad nknown State Unknown tate Total Railroad Riivad	72 - - 12,658 5,528 4,116	1,302 157 157 1,681	35 - - 47 47 - - - - 1,582	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1,302 33 35 157 157 47 47 72 1 46 1 46			
lississippi Truck ennsylvania Railroad ennessee Truck Visconsin Railroad inknown State Unknown tate Total Railroad Riiyea Riiyea Riiroad Riiroad Truck	72 - - 12,658 5,528 4,116	157 157 - - - - - - - - 1,681	35 - - 47 47 - - - - 1,582	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	35 35 157 157 47 47 72 72 1 46 1 46			
Truck ennsylvania Railroad ennessee Truck //isconsin Railroad nknown State Unknown tate Total Railroad River Truck	72 - - 12,658 5,528 4,116	157 - - - - - - 1,681	35 - - 47 47 - - - - 1,582	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	35 157 157 47 47 72 72 1 44 1 46			
ennsylvania. Railroad. ennessee. Truck /isconsin. Railroad. nknown State. Unknown tate Total. Railroad. River. Truck	72 - - 12,658 5,528 4,116	157 - - - - - - 1,681	- 47 47 - - - - - 1,582	23	157 157 47 47 72 72 1 44 1 46			
Railroad	72 - - 12,658 5,528 4,116	157 - - - - - - 1,681	47 - - - - 1,582	- - - - - - - - 23	157 47 47 72 72 1 46 1 46			
ennessee Truck //isconsin Railroad nknown State Unknown tate Total Railroad River Truck	72 - - 12,658 5,528 4,116	- - - - - 1,681	47 - - - - 1,582	- - - - - - 23	47 47 72 72 1 46 1 46			
Truck //isconsin Railroad nknown State Unknown tate Total Railroad River Truck	72 - - 12,658 5,528 4,116		47 - - - - 1,582	23	47 7 2 72 1 46 1 46			
Visconsin	72 - - 12,658 5,528 4,116		- - - - 1,582	- - - - 23	72 72 1 46 1 46			
/isconsin Railroad nknown State Unknown tate Total Railroad River Truck	72 - - 12,658 5,528 4,116			- - - 23	72 1 46 1 46			
Railroad	72 - - 12,658 5,528 4,116			- - - 23	72 1 46 1 46			
nknown State Unknown tate Total Railroad River Truck	- - 12,658 5,528 4,116			_ _ 23	1 46 1 46			
Unknown	5,528 4,116			23	1 46			
tate Total Railroad River Truck	5,528 4,116			23				
Railroad	5,528 4,116			23	1 15 000			
Railroad River Truck	5,528 4,116			23	1 15 000			
River Truck	4,116	1,620	134					
Truck	,	_		_	7,282			
	3,014		_	_	4,116			
	-,	61	1,448	23	4,546			
Unknown		_	-		1 46			
			ORIGIN: ALASKA					
laska	483	_		553	1,036			
Railroad								
	148	_	_	483	631			
Truck	335	_	_	69	405			
tate Total	483	_	_	553	1,036			
Railroad	148	-	_	483	631			
Truck	335	_	_	69	405			
-	ORIGIN: ARIZONA							
rizona	8,129		_		8,129			
Railroad	8,129	_	_	_	8,129			
evada	4,494	-	_	_	4,494			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	4,494	_	_	_	4,494			
tate Total	12,623	_	_	_	12,623			
Railroad	8,129	_	_	_	8,129			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	4,494	_	-	-	4,494			
_			ORIGIN: ARKANSAS					
rkansas			4	,	4			
	-	_	4	_				
Truck	_	_	•	_	4			
lissouri	-	-	16	_	10			
Truck	-	-	16	_	16			
exas	-	_	3	_	3			
Truck	_	_	3	_	3			
			-					
ate Total	_	_	22	_	22			
Truck	_	_	22	-	22			
_			ODICIN, COLODADO	`				
_			ORIGIN: COLORADO	*	7.11			
rizona	547	_	98	~	645			
Railroad	547	_	98	_	645			
Truck	_	_	_	*	*			
rkansas	_	_	10	_	10			
Railroad	_	_	10	_	10			

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total			
	ORIGIN: COLORADO (Continued)							
alifornia	_	_	10	_	10			
Railroad	_	_	10	_	10			
Colorado	11,621	_	573	99	12,294			
Railroad	7,360	_	375	=	7,735			
Truck	4,260	_	199	99	4,559			
llinois	171	_	159	22	330			
Railroad	30	_	155	_	185			
River	141	_	133	_	141			
Truck	141		4		4			
owa	306		170		475			
Railroad	_		170	_	170			
River	306	_	170	_	306			
Kansas	587	_	_	_	587			
		_	_	_				
Railroad	587	_	_	_	587			
Kentucky	2,946	_	_	_	2,946			
Railroad	2,946	_	_	_	2,946			
Aichigan	55 12	_	_	_	55			
Railroad	12	_	_	_	12			
River	43	_	_	_	43			
/lississippi	1,101	_	_	_	1,101			
Railroad	1,101	-	_	_	1,101			
Aissouri	1,766	_	_	_	1,766			
Railroad	1,766	_	_	_	1,766			
lebraska	6	_	14	_	20			
Railroad	6	-	14	_	20			
New Mexico	26	-	72	1	99			
Truck	26	-	72	1	99			
ennessee	2,920	_	_	_	2,920			
Railroad	2,803	_	_	_	2,803			
River	117	_	_	_	117			
exas	2,610	_	340	_	2,951			
Railroad	2,610	_	340	_	2,951			
Jtah	1,360	250	_	_	1,610			
Railroad	1,360	250	_	_	1,610			
Visconsin	221	_	_	_	221			
River	221	_	_	_	221			
Vyoming		_	148	_	148			
Railroad	_	_	1	_	1			
Truck	_	_	146	_	146			
Jnknown State	_	_	-	_	1 8			
Unknown					1 8			
Chkhowh					- 0			
tate Total	26,244	250	1,594	100	1 28,198			
Railroad	21,129	250	1,173	_	22,553			
River	829	230	1,173	_	829 829			
Truck	4,287	_	421	100	4,808			
Unknown	7,401	_	441	100	1 8			
Ulikilowii	_	_	_	_	- 0			
_			ORIGIN: ILLINOIS					
labama	1,338		-		1,338			
Railroad	661	_	_	_	661			
River	577	_	_	_	577			
Tidewater	100	_	_	_	100			
lorida	4,300	_	_	_	4,300			
Railroad	1,073	_	_	_	1,073			
	3,227	_	_	_	3,227			
River	5,227 614	_	_	_				
eorgia		_	_	_	614			
Railroad	614	_	2.501	-	614			
linois	14,748	_	2,701	143	17,592			
Railroad	8,235	_	1,186	_	9,420			
River	3,136	_	_	25	3,161			
Truck	3,378	-	1,494	118	4,989			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	-	_	21	_	21			
ndiana	5,007	_	152	3	5,162			
Railroad	3,956	_	_	_	3,956			
				2				
River	770	_	_	3	773			

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total				
	l I	OR	IGIN: ILLINOIS (Cont	inued)					
owa	1,418	_	425	219	2,061				
Railroad	203	_	11		214				
River	1,215	_	221	219	1,655				
Truck	, _	_	193	*	193				
Kentucky	395	_	_	*	39				
Railroad	368	_	_	_	368				
Truck	27	_	_	*	27				
Minnesota	72	_	_	_	72				
River	72	_	_	_	72				
Mississippi	1,433	_	38	_	1,47				
River	388	_	38	_	427				
Tidewater	1,045	_	_	_	1,045				
Vissouri	1,045 1,556	_	538	177	2,271				
	999	_	336	1//	,				
Railroad		_	-	~	1,000				
River	499	_	53	176	551				
Truck	58	_	485	176	720				
New York	_	_	_	63	63				
Truck	_	_	-	63	63				
Oklahoma	_	_	1	_	1				
River	_	-	1	-					
Pennsylvania	_	_	_	*	•				
Truck	_	_	_	*	*				
Tennessee	3,109	-	_	_	3,109				
River	3,109	_	_	_	3,109				
Wisconsin	710	_	125	_	835				
Railroad	_	_	99	_	99				
River	710	_	_	_	710				
Great Lakes	_	_	26	_	26				
Unknown State	_	_	_	_	¹ 818				
Unknown	_	_	_	_	1 818				
State Total	34,700	_	3,980	604	1 40,102				
Railroad	16,108	_	1,296	*	17,405				
River	13,703	_	313	247	14,263				
Great Lakes	´ =	_	26	_	20				
Tidewater	1,145	_	_	_	1.145				
Truck	3.744	_	2,324	357	6,425				
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	- -	-	21		1 818				
		ORIGIN: INDIANA							
Illinois	965		27	12	1,004				
Railroad	740		27	12 _	767				
	225	_	<u> </u>	12	23				
Truck	28,908	_	1,551	283	30,742				
	,	_	,	403	,				
Railroad	20,377	_	188	74-	20,565				
River	7 007	_	293	202	293				
Truck	7,907	_	1,070	283	9,260				
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	624	_	_	_	624				
owa	40	_	69	_	109				
Railroad	40	_	69	_	109				
Kentucky	1,887	_	_	_	1,887				
Railroad	799	_	_	_	799				
River	237	-	-	_	237				
Truck	851	_	-	_	851				
/lichigan	68	_	_	_	68				
Great Lakes	68	_	_	_	68				
/linnesota	83	_	_	_	83				
Railroad	83	_	_	_	83				
Missouri	6	_	_	_	(
Railroad	6	_	_	_	ò				
Ohio	72	_	_	_	72				
	72 46	_	_	<u>-</u>					
Railroad		_	_	_	46				
River	26	_	-	_	26				
Oklahoma	_	_	1	_	1				
River			1		1				

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
1		ORI	GIN: INDIANA (Conti	nued)	
Visconsin	163		65	_	228
Railroad	163	_	65	_	228
Inknown State	-	_	_	_	1 10
Unknown	_	_	_	_	1 16
Chriowi					10
tate Total	32,191	_	1.713	295	1 34,215
Railroad	22,254	_	349	*	22,603
River	263		294	_	557
Great Lakes	68		274	_	68
Truck	8,983	_	1.070	295	10,347
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	624		1,070	293	624
Unknown	-	_	_	_	1 10
_			ORIGIN: KANSAS		
Cansas	406	_	_	_	406
Truck	406	_	_	_	406
lissouri	2	_	_	_	400
Truck	2	_	_	_	2
11uck	<u> </u>	_	_	_	4
tota Tatal	400				408
te Total	408 408	_	_	_	408
_	100				400
_		OF	IGIN: KENTUCKY, T		
labama	2,054	_	234	*	2,288
Railroad	967	_	118	_	1,085
River	1,087	_	90	_	1,178
Truck	_	_	26	*	26
rkansas	_	_	20	_	20
Railroad	_	_	20	_	20
elaware	69	_		_	69
Railroad	69	_	_	_	69
istrict of Columbia	_		_	3	3
Railroad			_	3	3
lorida	12,668		2,543	6	15,218
	,	_	2,3 4 3		
Railroad	11,315	_		6	12,096
River	1,353	_	1,769	-	3,122
eorgia	14,662	_	1,783	5	16,450
Railroad	14,662	_	1,593	_	16,255
River	_	_	21	_	21
Truck	-	_	169	5	174
linois	30	-	1,336	26	1,391
Railroad	19	_	848	_	867
River	10	_	364	26	400
Great Lakes	_	_	82	_	82
Truck	_	-	43	*	43
ndiana	2,388	205	342	52	2,987
Railroad	222	205	102	26	550
River	1,784	_	170	25	1,979
Truck	382	_	70	1	452
owa	27	_	284	78	389
Railroad		_	30	-	30
River	27	_	254	78	359
Truck	*	_	_	-	33,
entucky	24,558	448	625	298	2 25,939
Railroad	8,050	423	4	*	8,477
River	5,170	- T43	66	168	5,404
	,	25			
Truck	11,338	25	554	130	12,047 2 10
Unknown	264	_	15	_	
ouisiana	264	_	15	_	279
River	264	_	15	_	279
laine	_	_	168	_	168
Tidewater	-	_	168	_	168
Iaryland	108	_	-	_	108
Railroad	108	_	_	_	108

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
		ORIGIN:	KENTUCKY, TOTAL	(Continued)	
Massachusetts	296		29	28	353
Railroad	166	_	29	28	223
River	82	_		=	82
Great Lakes	48	_	_	_	48
Michigan	4,128	866	1,032	13	6,040
Railroad	2,263	603	319	13	3,198
Great Lakes	397	263	691	-	1,351
Truck	1,468	203	23	*	1,491
Vinnesota	19	_	139		157
River	15	_	110	_	126
Great Lakes	3	_	28	_	32
		_		_	
Aississippi	1,043	_	77	_	1,119
Railroad	1,039	_		_	1,039
River	4	_	77	-	81
Missouri	221	-	51	_	273
Railroad	218	_	_	_	218
River	3	-	51	_	54
Nevada	11	_	-	_	11
Railroad	11	_	_	_	11
New Jersey	10	_	_	_	10
Tidewater	10	_	_	_	10
New York	557	82	537	39	1,216
Railroad	557	82	537	_	1,176
River	_	_	_	39	39
North Carolina	12,675	_	710	72	13,457
Railroad	12,360	_	566	72	12,998
Truck	315		144	*	459
North Dakota	313	_	144	*	4J)
	_	_	_	*	- sk
Truck	7 002	- (14	452	01	0.140
Ohio	7,993	614	453	81	9,140
Railroad	1,875	614	106	_	2,595
River	5,986	_	157	32	6,174
Great Lakes		-	29		29
Truck	133	_	161	49	342
Oklahoma	-	-	46	_	46
River	_	-	46	_	46
Oregon	_	_	7	_	7
Railroad	_	_	7	_	7
Pennsylvania	113	102	452	47	714
Railroad	66	61	208	1	336
River	18	40	184	46	288
Truck	28	i	61	*	89
South Carolina	10,342	_	1,378	5	11,724
Railroad	10,342	_	1,332	5	11,678
Truck	10,542		46	*	46
Fennessee	15,121	_	1.572	79	16,772
	,	_	,-		,
Railroad	7,465	_	917	11	8,392
River	7,414	_	262	67	7,743
Truck	242	_	393	1	636
Texas	151	_	2	_	153
Railroad	151	-	_	_	151
River	-	_	2	-	2
Virginia	4,836	_	755	77	5,668
Railroad	4,306	-	619	45	4,971
River	444	-	_	_	444
Tidewater	10	_	_	_	10
Truck	76	_	136	31	243
Vest Virginia	349	_	75	_	425
Railroad	12	_	37	_	49
River	254	_	12	_	266
Truck	84	_	27		110
Visconsin	203	_	593	156	952
		_		150	
Railroad	49	_	311	142	360
River	64	_	39	143	246
Great Lakes	90	_	242	-	332
Truck	_	_	2	12	14

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
	I	ORIGIN:	KENTUCKY, TOTAL	(Continued)	
Jnknown State					1 450
Unknown	-			-	1 450
tate Total	114,895	2,317	15,259	1,066	3 133,997
Railroad	76,293	1,988	8,478	211	86,969
River	23,979	40	3,689	625	28,334
Great Lakes	538	263	1,072	_	1,874
Tidewater	19		168	_	187
Truck	14,065	25	1,852	230	16,172
Unknown	-	_	-	_	3 460
_		ORI	GIN: KENTUCKY, EA	STERN	
.labama	181		234	*	415
	159	_	118	*	276
Railroad	22	_	90	_	112
River	<u> </u>	_		*	
Truck	_	_	26 20	*Tr	26 20
Arkansas	_	_	20	_	
Railroad	-	_	20	-	20
Delaware	69	_	-	-	69
Railroad	69	_	-	_	69
District of Columbia	_	_	-	3	3
Railroad		_		3	3
lorida	11,254	_	2,543	6	13,804
Railroad	11,254	_	774	6	12,035
River	_	_	1,769	_	1,769
Georgia	14,662	_	1,783	5	16,450
Railroad	14,662	_	1,593	_	16,255
River	_	-	21	_	21
Truck	_	_	169	5	174
llinois	19	_	1,191	26	1,236
Railroad	19	_	848	_	867
River	_	_	219	26	245
Great Lakes	_	_	82	_	82
Truck	_	_	43	*	43
ndiana	2,376	205	309	52	2,942
Railroad	222	205	102	26	556
River	1.777	_	170	25	1.973
Truck	377	_	37	1	414
owa	5	_	209	54	268
Railroad	_	_	30	_	30
River	5	_	178	54	237
Truck	*	_	170	3+	237
Kentucky	8,586	448	580	297	2 9,921
Railroad	2,690	423	4	*	3,117
River	1,749	+4J	66	168	1.984
	4,147	25	509	128	4,809
Truck	4,14/	23	309	148	4,809 2 10
Unknown	- 1	_	15	_	
ouisiana	1	_	15 15	_	16
River	1	_	15	_	16
Maine	_	_	168	-	168
Tidewater	400	_	168	-	168
Aaryland	108	_	-	-	108
Railroad	108	-	_	_	108
/assachusetts	296	_	29	28	353
Railroad	166	_	29	28	223
River	82	_	-	-	82
Great Lakes	48				48
Iichigan	4,128	866	1,032	13	6,040
Railroad	2,263	603	319	13	3,198
Great Lakes	397	263	691	-	1,351
Truck	1,468	-	23	*	1,491
//innesota	3	_	139	-	142
River	_	_	110	_	110
Great Lakes	3	_	28	_	32
/lississippi	1,039	_	3	_	1,042
1 1 -	,		•		
Railroad	1,039	_	_	_	1,039

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total			
	ORIGIN: KENTUCKY, EASTERN (Continued)							
Missouri	218	_	43	_	261			
Railroad	218	_	_	_	218			
River	_	_	43	_	43			
Nevada	11	_	_	_	11			
	11	_	_	_	11			
Railroad		_	_	_				
New Jersey	10	_	_	_	10			
Tidewater	10	_ _			10			
New York	557	82	537	39	1,216			
Railroad	557	82	537	_	1,176			
River	_	_	_	39	39			
North Carolina	12,675	_	710	72	13,457			
Railroad	12,360	_	566	72	12,998			
Truck	315	_	144	*	459			
North Dakota	-	_		*	*			
				*	*			
Truck	7.025	- (14	452	01	0.003			
Ohio	7,935	614	453	81	9,083			
Railroad	1,875	614	106	_	2,595			
River	5,928	_	157	32	6,117			
Great Lakes	_	_	29	_	29			
Truck	133	_	161	49	342			
Oklahoma	_	_	46	_	46			
River	_	_	46	_	46			
Oregon	_	_	7	_	7			
8	_	_	7	=	7			
Railroad	113	102	452	- 47	714			
Pennsylvania		102	452		714			
Railroad	66	61	208	1	336			
River	18	40	184	46	288			
Truck	28	1	61	*	89			
South Carolina	10,342	_	1,378	5	11,724			
Railroad	10,342	_	1,332	5	11,678			
Truck	_	_	46	*	46			
Cennessee	6,016	_	1,525	46	7,587			
	5,618	_	917	11	6,546			
Railroad	,	_			,			
River	157	_	219	34	410			
Truck	241	_	390	1	632			
Cexas	151	_	2	_	153			
Railroad	151	_	_	_	151			
River	_	_	2	_	2			
/irginia	4,836	_	755	77	5,668			
Railroad	4,306	_	619	45	4,971			
River	444		017		444			
	10	_	_	_				
Tidewater		_	_	_	10			
Truck	76	_	136	31	243			
West Virginia	349	_	75	_	425			
Railroad	12	_	37	_	49			
River	254	-	12	-	266			
Truck	84	_	27	_	110			
Visconsin	203	_	372	156	730			
Railroad	49	_	105	*	155			
River	64	_	23	143	230			
		_		143				
Great Lakes	90	_	242	_	332			
Truck	_	_	2	12	14			
Jnknown State	-	-	-	-	¹ 199			
Unknown	_	_	_	_	1 199			
					_			
tate Total	86,144	2,317	14,610	1,007	3 104,287			
Railroad	68,217	1,988	8,272	211	78,688			
River	10,502	40	3,328	567	14,437			
Great Lakes	538	263	1,072	-	1,874			
	19	203	,		1,874			
Tidewater		25	168	220				
Truck	6,867	25	1,771	228	8,891 3 209			
Unknown	_	_	_	_	3 209			
<u>-</u>		ORIG	GIN: KENTUCKY, WE	STERN				
\labama	1,873	_	_	_	1,873			
					808			
Railroad	808	_	_	_	OUA			

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
		ORIGIN: K	ENTUCKY, WESTER	N (Continued)	
Florida	1,414	_	_	_	1,414
Railroad	61	_	_	_	6
River	1,353	_	_	_	1,353
Illinois	10	_	145	_	15
River	10	_	145	_	15:
Indiana	12	_	33	_	4
River	7	_	_	_	
Truck	5	_	33	_	3
[owa	21	_	76	25	12:
River	21	_	76	25	12:
Kentucky	15,972	_	45	2	16.01
Railroad	5,360	_	-		5,36
River	3,421	_	_	_	3,42
Truck	7,191		45	2	7,23
Louisiana	262	_	43	2	7,23 26
	262	_	_	_	26:
River	15	_	_	_	1:
Minnesota		_	_	_	
River	15	_	-	-	1:
Mississippi	4	_	74	_	73
River	4	_	74	-	7:
Missouri	3	_	8	-	1
River	3	_	8	-	1
Ohio	58	_	_	_	5
River	58	_			. 5
Tennessee	9,105	_	46	33	9,18
Railroad	1,847	_	_	_	1,84
River	7,257	-	43	33	7,333
Truck	2	-	3	_	:
Virginia	-	-	_	*	
Truck	_	_	_	sk:	
Wisconsin	_	_	221	_	22
Railroad	_	_	206	_	20
River	_	_	16	_	1
Unknown State	_	_	_	_	1 25
Unknown	-	_	_	-	1 25
State Total	28,751		648	59	1 29.71
State Total		_	206	39	. ,
Railroad	8,076	_		-	8,28
River	13,477	_	362	57	13,89
Truck	7,198	_	81	2	7,28
Unknown	_	_	_	_	1 25
_			ORIGIN: LOUISIAN	A	
Louisiana	2,952	_	_	_	2,95
Truck	716	_	_	_	710
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	2,236	_	_	_	2,23
State Total	2,952	_	_	_	2,95
Truck	2, 952 716	_	_	_	2,93 .
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	2,236	_	_	_	2,23
_					
			ORIGIN: MARYLAN	D	
Delaware	139	-	_	-	13:
Railroad	139	-		_	139
Maryland	467	_	208	2	67'
Railroad	183	_	-	-	183
Truck	284	-	208	2	49:
Pennsylvania	2	_	-	-	
Truck	2	_	_	_	2
West Virginia	3,055	_	1	*	3,05
Truck	3,055	_	1	*	3,050
Unknown State	-	_	_	_	1
Unknown	_	_	_	_	1
	2.00		***	_	1
State Total	3,663	_	209	2	1 3,87
Railroad	322	_	_		32:

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total			
		ORIC	GIN: MARYLAND (Con	tinued)				
ate Total								
Truck	3,341	_	209	2	3,552			
Unknown	_	-	_	-	1 1			
			ORIGIN: MISSISSIPI	PI				
lississippi	18	_	_	_	18			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	18	_	_	_	18			
ate Total		_	_	_	18			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	18	_	_	_	18			
			ORIGIN: MISSOUR	I				
ansas	_	-	_	1	1			
Truck	-	_	-	1	200			
Iissouri Truck		_	78 78	1 1	391 391			
		_		-				
tate Total			78 78	3 3	392			
			ORIGIN: MONTANA	1				
rizona		_			69			
linois		_	_	_	1,769			
Railroad	,	_	_	_	1,769			
dianadiana	1,308	_	_	-	1,308			
Railroad		-	-	-	1,308			
ansas		-	-	_	1,319			
Railroad		_	264	_	1,319			
ichigan		_	264	<u>-</u>	9,952 3,474			
Great Lakes		_	264	_	6,478			
innesota	,	_	_	_	9,429			
Railroad	,	_	_	_	9,429			
ississippi	1,926	_	_	_	1,920			
Railroad		-	-	_	1,926			
ontana	,	-	483	3	10,346			
Railroad		-	_	_	200			
Truck		_	64 419	3	289 10,048			
orth Dakota	· ·	_	419	67	10,048 87 7			
Railroad	810	_	_	67	877			
hio	-	-	168	-	168			
Great Lakes		_	168	-	168			
regon	,	_	_	_	1,507			
Railroad		_	_	-	1,507			
outh Dakota	1,496 1,496	_	_	_	1,496 1,496			
/isconsin		_	_	_	1,490 48 2			
Railroad		_	-	_	482			
ate Total		_	915	69	40,649			
Railroad		_	_	67	23,665			
Great Lakes		-	433	-	6,647			
Truck			64 419	3 -	289 10,048			
5, 5 . , 	- ,							
			ORIGIN: NEW MEXIC	co				
rizona	10,849	_	497	-	11,346			
Railroad	- /	_	497	-	11,346			
	_	_	6	_				

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
		ORIGIN	N: NEW MEXICO (Co	ontinued)	
Colorado	_	_	1	_	1
Railroad	_	-	1	_	_ 1
New Mexico	16,417	-	-	5	2 16,423
Railroad	9,378	-	-	_	9,378
Truck	-	-	-	5	5
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	7,039	_	_	_	7,039
Unknown	_	_	_	_	2 0
klahoma	_	_	64	_	64
Railroad	_	_	64	_	64
exas	_	_	395	_	395
Railroad	_	_	395	_	395
/isconsin	216	_	_	_	216
Railroad	216	_	_	-	216
	27.402		0.0	_	2 20 450
ate Total	27,482	_	963	5	2 28,450
Railroad	20,443	-	963	_	21,406
Truck		-	_	5	5
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	7,039		_ _		7,039 2 ₀
_		O	RIGIN: NORTH DAK	OTA	
-	24 (21	OI			20.020
orth Dakota	24,631	-	6,257	50	30,938
Railroad	502	-	_	-	502
Truck	4,492	_	_	50	4,542
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	19,636	-	6,257	_	25,893
tate Total	24,631	_	6,257	50	30,938
Railroad	502	_	-	_	502
	4,492	_	_	50	4,542
Truck Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	19,636	_	6,257	_	25,893
			ORIGIN: OHIO		
.labama	31	_		_	31
River	31	_	_	_	31
onnecticut	_	_	_	*	*
Truck	_	_	_	*	*
eorgia	42	_	_	_	42
Railroad	42	_	_	_	42
diana	29		61		91
	7	_	U1	_	
River	22	_	61	_	7 84
Truck		_	01	_	
entucky	123	_	_	_	123
River	123	_	=	_	123
lichigan	158	-	76	5	239
Great Lakes	2	-	1	_	2
Truck	156	-	76	5	237
linnesota	_	-	_	5	5
Truck		-	_	5	5
ew Hampshire	7	-	_	-	7
Railroad	7	-	_	-	7
ew Jersey	16	-	-	-	16
Railroad	16	-	-	-	16
ew York	1	-	-	19	20
Railroad	-	-	_	16	16
Truck	1	-	_	3	4
hio	19,178	-	1,242	101	20,521
Railroad	1,335	_	· –	_	1,335
River	4,649	-	_	_	4,649
Great Lakes	*	_	_	_	*
Truck	6,707	_	1,242	101	8,050
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	6,487	_	, <u> </u>	· _	6,487
ennsylvania	219	_	139	*	358
Railroad	*	_	_	_	*
River	167	_	_	_	167
	52	_	139	*	191
Truck	57	_	130	*	10

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

Vest Virginia			(Except Coke)					
Vest Virginia	ORIGIN: OHIO (Continued)							
vest viiginia	1,609				1,609			
River	1,609	_	_	_	1,609			
Visconsin	*	_	_	_	1,002			
Railroad	*	_	_	_	1			
Jnknown State	_	_	_	_	1 7			
Unknown	_	_	_	_	1 -			
Ulkilowii								
tate Total	21,413	_	1,518	130	1 23,068			
Railroad	1,400	_	1,510	16	1,416			
River	6,585		_	-	6,585			
Great Lakes	2	_	1	_	0,505			
Truck	6,939		1,518	114	8,570			
	,	_	1,516	114	6,487			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	6,487	_	_	_	1 7			
Unknown					1 /			
			ORIGIN: OKLAHOM	ÍA				
rkansas	_	_	66		66			
Truck	_	_	66	_	66			
Cansas	71	_	5	5	82			
Truck	71	_	5	5	82			
Oklahoma	1,204	_	247	2	1,453			
Truck	1,204	_	247	2	1,453			
exas	1,204	_	56	2	1,433			
	_	_		_				
Truck	_	_	56	-	56			
State Total	1,275	_	375	7	1,657			
Truck	1,275	_	375 375	7	1,657			
-	ORIGIN: PENNSYLVANIA, TOTAL							
-	207	ORIG		·	215			
Alabama	306	_	11	-	317			
Railroad	200	_		_	200			
River	106	_	11	_	117			
Truck	_	_	*	_	3			
rizona	_	-	*	_	*			
Railroad	_	-	*	_	*			
Truck	_	_	*	_	*			
rkansas	_	-	1	*	1			
Truck	_	-	1	*	1			
California	_	_	*	_	非			
Railroad	_	_	*	_	*			
Truck	_	_	*	_	*			
Colorado	1,096	_	18	*	1,115			
Railroad	· -	_	18	_	18			
River	1,096	_	<u>-</u>	_	1,096			
Truck	,	_	*	*	1			
Connecticut	80	_	1	5	87			
Railroad	80	_	_	- -	80			
Truck	_	_	1	5	6			
elaware	393	_	39	1	433			
Railroad	393 393	_	39	*	433			
Truck	373	_	3 <u>4</u> 7	*	420			
	_	_	,	site	/ sk			
ristrict of Columbia	-	_	_	sk	4			
Truck	250	_	_	~ •	7=			
lorida	256	_	٠ پ	*	256			
Railroad	256	_	* *	_ _	256			
Truck	-	_	*	*	*			
eorgia	688	-	3	_	691			
Railroad	688	_	*	-	688			
Truck	-	_	3	-				
linois	-	-	113	*	114			
Railroad	_	_	16	_	16			
River	_	_	97	_	97			
Truck	_	_	*	*	*			
ıdiana	283	_	39	5	327			
Railroad	68	_	*	*	68			
River	215	_	_	_	215			
	213		39		410			

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
	1	ORIGIN: PI	ENNSYLVANIA, TOTA	L (Continued)	
[owa	19	_	236	25	280
Railroad	_	_	34	=	34
River	19	_	200	25	243
Truck	_	_	2	*	2.2
Kansas	_	_	1	_	1
Railroad	_	_	1	_	1
Kentucky	589	_	19	*	608
Railroad	319		11	_	331
	269	_	3	_	272
River	209	_	5	*	
Truck	68	_	<i>5</i> *	sle	5
Louisiana	00	_	*	*	68
Railroad	-	_	*	_	-
River	68	_	_		68
Truck	_	_	-	*	*
Maine	_	_	12	3	15
Railroad	-	_	12	*	12
Truck	-	_		2	2
Maryland	2,881	_	292	3	3,176
Railroad	2,781	-	98	*	2,879
Truck	100	-	194	3	297
Massachusetts	115	-	*	10	124
Railroad	115	_	_	*	115
Truck	_	_	*	9	9
Michigan	2,912	188	241	1	3,342
Railroad	2,647	_	94	*	2,741
River	265	_	_	_	265
Great Lakes	_	188	147	_	334
Truck	_	_	*	1	1
Minnesota	_	_	5	*	6
Railroad	_	_	5	*	5
Truck	_	_	*	*	*
Mississippi	_	_	*	_	*
**.			*		*
Railroad	_	_		3	9
	_	_	6	3	6
Railroad	_	_	0	_	3
Truck	_	_	_	3	
Montana	_	_	3	*	3
Railroad	_	_	3	-	3
Truck	-	-	_	*	*
Nebraska	-	-	8	_	8
Railroad	-	_	8	_	8
Truck	-	_	*	_	*
New Hampshire	556	-	1	3	560
Railroad	542	_	-	*	542
Tidewater	13	_	-	-	13
Truck	_	_	1	3	4
New Jersey	446	_	6	5	456
Railroad	446	_	*	*	446
Truck	_	_	6	5	10
New Mexico	_	_	*	_	*
Railroad	_	_	*	_	*
Truck	_	_	*	_	*
New York	4,833	_	489	53	5,376
Railroad	3.930	_	296	1	4,227
River	48	_	270	2	50
Great Lakes	465	_	_	_	465
	390	=	194	51	
Truck	390	_	194	51	634
North Carolina	_	_	** *	*	
Railroad	_	_	·*	-	*
Truck	-	_	*	*	*
North Dakota	*	_	_	11	11
Truck	*	-	-	11	11
Ohio	4,486	273	290	4	5,053
Railroad	1,555	_	18	*	1,573
River	2,879	273	107	2	3,261
Great Lakes	15	_	87	_	102
Truck	38	_	78	2	118

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total			
	ORIGIN: PENNSYLVANIA, TOTAL (Continued)							
)klahoma	_		*	*	*			
Railroad	_	_	*	*	*			
Oregon	_	_	17	_	17			
Railroad	_	_	17	_	17			
Pennsylvania	31,755	1,395	3,128	633	2 36.912			
Railroad	10,592	-	398	*	10,989			
River	3,620	1,395	70	14	5,100			
Truck	13,301	1,575	2,599	619	16,518			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	4,243		62	017	4,305			
Unknown	7,273	_	-	_	2 1			
Rhode Island	_	_	_	2	2			
Truck				2	2			
South Carolina	26	_	49	2	74			
		_		_				
Railroad	26	_	42	_	67			
Truck	022	_	,	_	022			
Tennessee	932	_	2	_	933			
Railroad	27	_	*	-	27			
River	905	_	_	-	905			
Truck		_	2	-	2			
Texas	*	_	5	*	6			
Railroad	_	_	3	-	3			
River	-	-	2	_	2			
Truck	*	-	*	*	1			
Utah	-	77	5	_	82			
Railroad	_	77	_	_	77			
Truck	_	_	5	_	5			
Vermont	_	_	_	2	2			
Truck	_	_	_	2	2			
Virginia	619	_	16	1	636			
Railroad	256	_	*	_	256			
Truck	362	_	16	1	379			
West Virginia	5,848	24	510	1	6,382			
Railroad	28	24	*	_	53			
River	3,991		417	_	4,408			
Truck	650	_	89	1	739			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	1.178		4	_	1.182			
Wisconsin	980		25	1	1,102 1,007			
	514		8		522			
Railroad	314	_	17		19			
River	466	_	17	1				
Great Lakes	400	_	-	_	466			
Truck	_	_	40	_	40			
Wyoming	_	_	48	_	48			
Railroad	-	_	2	_	2			
Truck	-	_	47	-	47			
Unknown State	-	_	-	-	1 166			
Unknown	-	_	_	-	1 166			
S	60.5. -				2			
State Total	60,167	1,957	5,642	771	3 68,703			
Railroad	25,462	101	1,123	3	26,689			
River	13,482	1,668	924	44	16,118			
Great Lakes	947	188	233	-	1,367			
Tidewater	13	-	_	-	13			
Truck	14,842	_	3,296	725	18,862			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline Unknown	5,421 -	-	66 -		5,486 3 166			
_		ORIGIN	PENNSYLVANIA, AN	NTHRACITE				
			11		11			
Mabama	_	_	*	_	11			
Railroad	-	_	•	_	*			
River	_	_	11	-	11			
Truck	_	_	*	-	*			
Arizona	-	_	*	_	*			
Railroad	-	-	*	_	*			
Truck	-	_	*	-	*			
Arkansas	_	_	1	*	1			
Truck			1		1			

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total			
,	ORIGIN: PENNSYLVANIA, ANTHRACITE (Continued)							
California	_	_	*	_	*			
Railroad	_	_	*	_	*			
Truck	_	_	*	_	*			
Colorado	_	_	18	*	18			
Railroad	_	_	18	_	18			
Truck	_	_	*	*	1			
Connecticut	_	_	1	5	6			
Truck	_	_	1	5	6			
Oelaware	_	_	7	1	7			
Railroad	_	_	*	*	*			
Truck	_	_	7	*	7			
District of Columbia	_	_	· <u>-</u>	*	*			
Truck	_	_	_	*	*			
lorida			*	*	*			
	_	_	*		*			
Railroad	_	_	*	*	*			
Truck	_	_	3	•	2			
Georgia	_	_	3	-	3			
Railroad	_	_	2	_	*			
Truck	_	_	3	_	3			
llinois	-	_	17	*	17			
Railroad	-	_	16	-	16			
Truck	-	_	*	*	*			
ndiana	-	_	39	5	44			
Railroad	-	_	*	*	*			
Truck	_	_	39	5	44			
owa	_	_	36	*	36			
Railroad	_	_	34	_	34			
Truck	_	_	2	*	2			
Kansas	_	_	1	_	1			
Railroad	_	_	1	_	1			
Kentucky	_	_	19	*	19			
Railroad	_	_	11	_	11			
River	_	_	3	_	3			
Truck	_	_	5	*	5			
ouisiana		_	*	*	*			
			*		*			
Railroad	_	_	**	- *	*			
Truck	_	_	_	2	2			
Maine	_	_	_	<u>Z</u>	<i>L</i>			
Railroad	_	_	_	2	2			
Truck	_	_	_	2	2			
Aaryland	-	_	98	2	100			
Railroad	-	_	98	*	98			
Truck	-	_	_	2	2			
Aassachusetts	-	_	*	10	10			
Railroad	-	_	_	*	*			
Truck	_	_	*	9	9			
/lichigan	_	_	*	1	2			
Railroad	_	_	*	*	*			
Truck	_	_	*	1	1			
/linnesota	_	_	5	*	6			
Railroad	_	_	5	*	5			
Truck	_	_	*	*	*			
/Iississippi	_	_	*	_	*			
Railroad		_	*	_	*			
Aissouri		Ξ	6	3	0			
	_	_	6	3	6			
Railroad	_	_	0	_				
Truck	_	_	-	3	3			
Iontana	_	_	3	*	3			
Railroad	-	-	3	-	3			
Truck	_	-		*	*			
lebraska	_	-	8	_	8			
Railroad	-	-	8	_	8			
Truck	_	_	*	_	*			
New Hampshire	_	_	1	3	4			
Railroad	-	_	_	*	*			
Truck	_	_	1	3	4			

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
-		ORIGIN: PENN	SYLVANIA, ANTHRA	CITE (Continued)	
New Jersey	_	_	6	5	10
Railroad	_	_	*	*	*
Truck	_	_	6	5	10
New Mexico	_	_	*	_	*
Railroad	_	_	*	_	*
Truck	_	_	*	_	*
New York	12	_	22	45	79
Railroad	_	_	*	1	1
Truck	12	_	22	44	78
North Carolina	_	_	*	*	非
Railroad	_	_	*	_	神
Truck	_	_	*	*	神
North Dakota	_	_	_	1	1
Truck	_	_	_	1	1
Ohio	_	_	9	2	11
Railroad	_	_	*	*	*
Truck	_	_	9	2	11
Oklahoma	-	-	*	*	*
Railroad	-	-	*	*	*
Oregon	-	-	17	-	17
Railroad	-	-	17	_	17
Pennsylvania	2,969	_	320	488	3,776
Railroad	172	_	37	*	209
Truck	2,797	_	283	487	3,567
Rhode Island	´ -	_	_	2	2
Truck	_	_	_	2	2
South Carolina	_	_	49	_	49
Railroad	_	_	42	_	42
Truck	_	_	7	_	7
Γennessee	_	_	2	_	2
Railroad	_	_	*	_	*
Truck	_	_	2	_	2
Texas	*	_	5	*	6
Railroad	_	_	3	_	3
River	_	_	2	_	2
Truck	*	_	*	*	1
Vermont	_		_	2	2
Truck				2	2
Virginia	_	_	2	1	3
Railroad			*	_	*
Truck			1	1	3
West Virginia	3		45	*	48
Railroad	3	_	*		**
	3	_	45	*	48
Truck	3	_		**	48 8
Wisconsin	_	_	8	_	8
Railroad	_	_	ð *	_	8
Truck	_	_	2	_	•
Wyoming	_	_	2	_	2
Railroad	_	_	2	_	1 42
Unknown State	_	_	_	_	1 42 1 42
UIKIOWII	_	_	_	_	1 42
State Total	2,984	_	761	578	1 4,365
Railroad	172	_	310	3	485
River	-	_	16	_	16
Truck	2,812	_	435	575	3,822
Unknown	_,012	_	-	-	1 42
CIMINO OIL					
_		ORIGIN	: PENNSYLVANIA, BI	TUMINOUS	
Alabama	306	_	_	_	306
Railroad	200	_	_	_	200
River	106	_	_	_	106
Colorado	1,096	_		=	1,096
River	1,096	_	_	<u>-</u>	1,096
Connecticut	1,096 80	_	_	*	1,090 80
June Cucut		_	_	•	
Railroad	80				80

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
		ORIGIN: PENN	SYLVANIA, BITUMIN	NOUS (Continued)	
Delaware	393	_	32	*	425
Railroad	393	_	32	_	425
Truck	_	_	_	*	*
Florida	256	_	_	_	256
Railroad	256	_	_	_	256
Georgia	688	_	_	_	688
Railroad	688	_	_	_	688
llinois	-		97		97
River	_		97	_	97
Indiana	283		<i>91</i>		283
Railroad	68				68
	215	_	_	_	
River	19	_	200	25	215
owa		_			243
River	19	_	200	25	243
Kentucky	589	_	_	_	589
Railroad	319	_	_	_	319
River	269	-	_	_	269
Louisiana	68	-	_	-	68
River	68	-		-	68
Maine	_	_	12	*	12
Railroad	-	_	12	_	12
Truck	-	-	_	*	1
Maryland	2,881	_	194	1	3,076
Railroad	2,781	-	_	_	2,781
Truck	100	_	194	1	295
Massachusetts	115	_	_	_	115
Railroad	115	_	_	_	115
Michigan	2,912	188	240	_	3,340
Railroad	2,647	_	94	_	2,741
River	265	_	_	_	265
Great Lakes		188	147	_	334
New Hampshire	556	_	_	_	556
Railroad	542	_	_	_	542
Tidewater	13	_	_	_	13
New Jersey	446	_	_	_	446
Railroad	446		_	_	446
New York	4,821	_	467	8	5,296
Railroad	3,930	_	296	8	4,226
	48	_	290	2	4,220
River	465	_	_	2	
Great Lakes		_	172	_	465
Truck	378	_	172	6	556
North Dakota	* *	_	_	10	11
Truck	4 406	-	-	10	11
Ohio	4,486	273	281	2	5,042
Railroad	1,555		18	-	1,572
River	2,879	273	107	2	3,261
Great Lakes	15	_	87	-	102
Truck	38	_	69	-	107
Pennsylvania	28,787	1,395	2,809	145	2 33,136
Railroad	10,420	-	361	-	10,780
River	3,620	1,395	70	14	5,100
Truck	10,504	_	2,316	131	12,951
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	4,243	_	62	_	4,305
Unknown	_	_	_	_	2 1
South Carolina	26	_	_	_	20
Railroad	26	_	_	_	26
Tennessee	932	_	_	_	932
Railroad	27	_	_	_	27
River	905	_	_	_	905
Texas	-	_	_	*	102
Truck	_	_	_	*	*
	_	-	- 5	*	
Jtah	_	77	5	_	82
Railroad	_	77		_	77
Truck	-	_	5		5
Virginia	619	_	14	*	633
Railroad	256	-	-	_	256
Truck	362	_	14	*	377

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total		
		ORIGIN: PENN	SYLVANIA, BITUMIN	NOUS (Continued)			
Vest Virginia	5,845	24	465	*	6,334		
Railroad	28	24	-	_	52		
River	3,991	_	417	_	4,408		
Truck	647	_	44	*	692		
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	1,178	_	4	_	1,182		
Visconsin	980		17	1	999		
	514	_	17	1	514		
Railroad	314	_	_ 17	_	19		
River	466	_	17	1			
Great Lakes	466	_	- 47	_	466		
Vyoming	_	_		_	47		
Truck	_	_	47	_	47		
nknown State	_	-	_	_	l 123		
Unknown	-	_	_	_	1 123		
	## 40.				2		
State Total	57,184	1,957	4,881	193	3 64,338		
Railroad	25,291	101	813	_	26,204		
River	13,482	1,668	908	44	16,103		
Great Lakes	947	188	233	_	1,367		
Tidewater	13	-	_	_	13		
Truck	12,030	_	2,861	149	15,040		
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	5,421	_	66	_	5 486		
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline Unknown	_	_	_	_	3 12		
	ORIGIN: TENNESSEE						
labama	_	-	49	-	49		
Railroad	_	_	35	_	35		
Truck	_	_	14	_	14		
Oelaware	_	_	13	_	13		
	_	_	13	_	13		
lorida	30	_	_	_	30		
Railroad	30	_	_	_	30		
eorgia	776	_	35	_	811		
Railroad	776	_	11	_	787		
	770	_	24	_	24		
Truck	46	_	24	39	87		
Centucky	40	_	=	39			
Railroad	-	_	1	- 20]		
Truck	46	_	1	39	86		
orth Carolina	_	_	354	*	354		
Railroad	_	-	352	-	352		
Truck	_	-	1	*	1		
Ohio	-	-	-	*	4		
Truck	-	-	-	*	a		
ennsylvania	_	_	11	_	11		
Truck	_	_	11	_	11		
outh Carolina	289	-	_	_	289		
Railroad	289	_	_	_	289		
'ennessee	1,245	_	216	4	1,465		
Railroad	542	_	142	_	684		
Truck	703	_	74	4	781		
Vest Virginia	-	_	33	_	33		
Dailmand	_	_	33	_	33		
nknown State	_	_	_	<u>-</u>	1 9		
Unknown	_	_	_	<u>-</u>	1 0		
OIRHOWII	_	_	_	_	ĺ		
tate Total	2,385	_	714	44	1 3,151		
Railroad	1,637	-	574		2,211		
Truck	748	_	139	44	931 1 g		
Unknown				<u>-</u>			
_			ORIGIN: TEXAS				
llinois	_	_	12	_	12		
River	_	_	12	_	12		
	23	_			23		
Michigan	4.7						

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total			
	ORIGIN: TEXAS (Continued)							
Ohio	7	_	_	_	7			
Great Lakes	7	_	_	_	7			
Cexas	50,027	_	2,828	_	52,855			
Railroad	23,668	_	149	_	23,817			
Truck	13,545	_	260	_	13,805			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	12,815	_	2,419	_	15,233			
Visconsin	4	_	· –	_	4			
Railroad	4	_	_	_	4			
Jnknown State	_	_	_	_	1 2			
Unknown	-	_	-	-	1 2			
tate Total	50,061	_	2,840	_	1 52,903			
Railroad	23,672	_	149	_	23,821			
River	· –	_	12	_	12			
Great Lakes	30	_	_	_	30			
Truck	13,545	_	260	_	13,805			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	12,815	_	2,419	_	15,233			
Unknown	-	_	, -	-	1 2			
-			ORIGIN: UTAH					
California	3,154		1,948	28	5,130			
Railroad	3,154	_	1,946	*	5,101			
Truck		_	1	27	29			
Colorado	_	_	_	3	3			
Truck	_	_	_	3	3			
daho	_	_	12	54	66			
Railroad	_	_	12	_	12			
Truck	_	_	_	54	54			
llinois	1,331	_	175	_	1,507			
Railroad	1,331	_	175	_	1,507			
Kansas	_	_	_	*	*			
Truck	_	_	_	*	*			
Iissouri	77	_	22	_	99			
Railroad	77	_	22	_	99			
Iontana	· ·	_	4	_	4			
Truck	_	_	4	_	4			
lebraska	3	_	<u>.</u>	_	3			
Truck	3	_	_	_	3			
levada	3,440	_	417	*	3,857			
Railroad	3,440	_	299	_	3,740			
Truck	3,440		117	*	118			
lew Mexico	_	_	-	*	110			
Truck	_	_	_	*	*			
orth Dakota	_	_	_	*	*			
Truck	_	_	_	- %	sk			
	287	_	144	*	431			
Pregon Railroad	287 287	_	144 144	_	431 431			
	201	_	144	*	431			
Truck	1 142	_	_	74-	1 142			
ennessee	1,142	_	_	_	1,142			
Railroad	1,142	_	_	_	1,142			
exas	105	_	_	_	105			
Railroad	105	_	-	-	105			
Tah	10,646	_	219	114	10,979			
Railroad	3,112	_	210	-	3,112			
Truck	4,141	_	219	114	4,474			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	3,393	_	_	_	3,393			
Vashington	_	_	51	16	67			
Railroad	-	-	51	15	66			
Truck	-	_	_	1	1			
Vyoming	-	_	_	*	*			
Truck	-	-	_	*	*			
nknown State	-	-	_	_	1 10			
Unknown	_	_	_	-	1 10			
tate Total	20,185	_	2,992	215	1 23,402			
Railroad	12,648	-	2,650	15	15,314			
Truck	4,144	_	342	200	4,685			

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
1	<u> </u>	0	RIGIN: UTAH (Continu	ued)	
_					
tate Total Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	3,393	_	_	_	3,393
Unknown	5,595	_	_	_	1 10
_					
			ORIGIN: VIRGINIA	A	
labama	-	276	325	_	601
Railroad	-	276	325	-	601
elaware	182	_	_	_	182
Railroad	182	_	_	_	182
lorida	589	_	2	_	590
Railroad	589	-	2		590
eorgia	4,024	_	440	11	4,475
Railroad	4,024		440	11	4,475
linois	-	2	3	_	4
River	_	2	3	_	4
ndiana	941	798	_	_	1,739
Railroad	-	798	_	_	798
River	941	_	_	_	941
faryland	-	_	_	1	1
Truck	_	_		1	1
lichigan	_	_	*	*	*
Railroad	-	_	*	-	*
Truck		-	_	*	*
lew Jersey	731	-	2	_	734
Tidewater	731	-	_	_	731
Truck	-	_	2	_	2
lew York	-	93	_	_	93
Railroad	_	93	_	_	93
orth Carolina	281	_	396	23	700
Railroad	268	-	361	23	652
Truck	13		35	*	48
Ohio	427	564	*	*	991
Railroad	=	564	-	-	564
River	427		*	*	427
ennsylvania	20	322	8	_	350
Railroad	20	322	8	_	350
outh Carolina	759	_	379	_	1,138
Railroad	759	-	379	_	1,137
Truck	_	-	*	_	*
'ennessee	1,525	_	994	-	2,519
Railroad	1,525	_	939	_	2,464
Truck	_	_	55	_	55
exas	-	_	4	8	12
Railroad	-		4	8	12
tah	-	58	_	_	58
Railroad	_	58			58
irginia	6,822	963	400	23	² 8,355
Railroad	5,336	_	371	11	5,718
Truck	1,485	*	15	12	1,513
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	-	963	14	_	977
Unknown	-		_	-	2 146
Vest Virginia	17	296	_	*	314
Railroad	16	289	_	*	305
River	1	7	_	-	8
Truck	-	_	_	*	*
nknown State	-	_	-	-	1 8
Unknown	_	_	_	-	1 8
tate Total	16,317	3,373	2,953	67	3 22,865
Railroad	12,718	2,401	2,829	54	18,001
River	1,369	9	3	*	1,381
Tidewater	731	_	_	_	731
Truck	1,499	*	107	13	1,620
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	· –	963	14	_	977
Unknown	_	_	_	_	3 154

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total		
	ORIGIN: WASHINGTON						
Washington	4.074	_	_	_	4,074		
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	4,074	-	_	_	4,074		
tate Total	4,074	_	-	-	4,074		
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	4,074		_		4,074		
_		ORIG	GIN: WEST VIRGINIA	, TOTAL			
Alabama	413	1,609	134	-	2,156		
Railroad	10	1,609	58	_	1,677		
River	400	-	63	-	464		
Truck	3	-	13	-	16		
Connecticut	715	_	_	_	715		
Railroad	117	_	_	_	117		
Tidewater	598	_	_	_	598		
Delaware	507	_	18	3]4	525		
Railroad	507	-	16	_	523		
Truck	_	-	2	*	2		
District of Columbia	_	-	3	3	6		
Railroad	-	_	_	3	3		
River	_	_	3	_	3		
Florida	2,590	_	25	_	2,615		
Railroad	1,125	_	9	_	1,135		
River	159	_	13	_	172		
Tidewater	1,306	_	_	_	1,306		
Truck	_	_	3	_	3		
Georgia	3,713	_	_	_	3,713		
Railroad	3,713	_	_	_	3,713		
llinois	-	1,157	392	_	1,549		
Railroad	_	736	200	_	936		
River	_	415	172	_	587		
Great Lakes	_	713	20	_	20		
Truck	_	6	20	_	6		
ndiana	1,178	5,356	949	_	7,484		
Railroad	381	4,665	850		5,896		
River	797	691	99	_	1,588		
Tidewater	191	091 *	99	_	1,500		
owa	3,417		47	68	3,531		
Railroad	3,409	_	27	00	3,437		
River	3, 4 09	_	20	68	95		
	6,926	739	1,065	63	8,793		
Kentucky	,		,		,		
Railroad	337 6 296	739	102 845	12 45	1,190 7,186		
River	6,296	-	845		7,186		
Truck	294	_	117	7	418		
Louisiana	155	_	_	_	155		
River	155	_	_	_	155		
Maine	_	_	₹ -	_	*		
Truck	0.540	_	345	_			
Maryland	8,748	_	245	40	9,033		
Railroad	6,772	-	163	_	6,936		
Tidewater	1,226	-			1,226		
Truck	750	-	82	40	871		
Massachusetts	870	-	4	_	873		
Railroad	625	-	4	_	628		
Tidewater	245			_	245		
/lichigan	4,830	891	223	_	5,944		
Railroad	4,737	1	202	_	4,940		
River	7	_	_	_	7		
Great Lakes	87	890	21	-	997		
Vinnesota	5	-	87	3	94		
River	5	_	87	3	94		
/lississippi	99	_	41	_	140		
Railroad	99	_	41	_	140		
Missouri	199	-	65	45	308		
Railroad	11	_	1	_	12		
River	188	_	63	45	297		

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
		ORIGIN: W	EST VIRGINIA, TOTA	AL (Continued)	
Nevada	_	_	_	*	1
Truck	_	_	_	*	*
New Hampshire	211	_	_	_	211
Railroad	211	_	_	_	211
New Jersey	1,591	_	_	_	1,591
Railroad	1,063	_	_	_	1,063
	46	_	_	_	,
River		_	_	_	46
Tidewater	483	-			483
New York	2,735	887	154	5	3,782
Railroad	2,658	887	62	_	3,608
River	_	_	92	_	92
Tidewater	77	_	_	_	77
Truck	_	_	_	5	5
North Carolina	8,442	_	1,770	54	10,266
Railroad	8,442	_	1,770	54	10,266
	,	1 240			,
Ohio	24,185	1,249	1,036	31	26,501
Railroad	4,124	868	373	_	5,365
River	19,840	314	172	8	20,334
Great Lakes	7	68	101	_	175
Truck	215	_	389	23	627
Oklahoma	_	_	14	_	14
Railroad	_	_	7	_	7
River	_	_	7	_	
Oregon		_	19	_	19
Railroad	_	_	19	_	19
	0.042	4 922		10	
Pennsylvania	8,043	4,823	1,764	10	14,640
Railroad	2,049	1,588	782	_	4,418
River	5,154	3,235	907	_	9,296
Great Lakes	50	_	_	_	50
Tidewater	355	_	_	_	355
Truck	435	_	76	10	521
South Carolina	707	_	6	232	940
	707	_		232	
Railroad		_	6		946
rennessee	87	_	71	15	173
Railroad	87	_	2	_	90
River	_	_	48	_	48
Truck	-	_	21	15	36
Гехаs	167	_	_	_	167
Railroad	103	_	_	_	103
River	63	_	_	_	63
Utah	-	141	32	_	173
			32		
Railroad	_	141	34	_	173
Vermont	_	_	平 	_	4
Truck		-	*	_	3
Virginia	3,466	142	1,039	23	4,670
Railroad	3,039	84	1,002	16	4,141
River	_	_	5	_	
Truck	427	_	32	7	466
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	-	59	_	<u>-</u>	59
West Virginia	21,126	1,131	1,378	167	2 23,813
Railroad	8,098	90	13	64	8,265
River	7,333	773	391	44	8,541
Tidewater	_	259			259
Truck	3,330	9	611	60	4,009
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	2,365	-	364	_	2,729
Unknown	-	_	_	_	2 11
Wisconsin	100	_	112	_	212
Railroad	39	_	30	_	69
	47		5		52
River		_		_	
Great Lakes	13	_	78	_	91
Unknown State	-	_	_	_	1 69
Unknown	_	_	_	_	1 69
					2
State Total	105,225	18,125	10,692	760	3 134,882
Railroad	52,462	11,408	5,772	382	70,024
River	40,498	5,428	2,991	212	49,130
Great Lakes	157	957	220		1,335
			220	_	
Tidewater	4,290	259	_	_	4,548

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
		ORIGIN: W	EST VIRGINIA, TOTA	.L (Continued)	
_					
State Total					
Truck	5,453	15	1,345	166	6,978
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	2,365	59	364	_	2,787 3 80
Unknown					
		ORIGIN	N: WEST VIRGINIA, N	ORTHERN	
Mabama	250	-	-	-	250
River	250	-	_	_	250
Connecticut	614	_	_	_	614
Railroad	17	_	_	_	17
Tidewater	598 175	_	18	-*	598 193
Delaware	175 175	_	16 16	*	193
Railroad	1/3	_	2	- *	191
TruckFlorida	855	_	<u> </u>	-	855
Railroad	855 855	_	_	_	855 855
llinois	-	_	4	_	633
Railroad	_	_	4	_	4
ndiana	338	_	-	_	338
Railroad	219	_	_	_	219
River	120	_	_	_	120
Kentucky	1,441	_	_	_	1,441
River	1.436	_	_	_	1,436
Truck	5	_	_	_	5
Louisiana	155	_	_	_	155
River	155	_	_	_	155
Maryland	4,504	_	244	40	4,787
Railroad	3,754	_	162	_	3,916
Truck	750	_	82	40	871
Massachusetts	3	_	_	_	3
Railroad	3	_	_	_	3
/lichigan	568	_	_	_	568
Railroad	545	_	_	_	545
Great Lakes	23	_	_	_	23
/lissouri	_	_	3	_	3
River	-	-	3	_	3
New Hampshire	177	-	_	_	177
Railroad	177	-	_	_	177
New Jersey	1,379	-	_	_	1,379
Railroad	948	-	_	-	948
Tidewater	430	_	_	_	430
New York	2,246	317	_	1	2,565
Railroad	2,246	317	_	-	2,563
Truck	_	-	_	1	_ 1
Ohio	5,723	_	41	-	5,764
Railroad	1,883	_	18	_	1,901
River	3,828	_	11	_	3,839
Great Lakes	7	_	12	_	19
Truck	6	_	_	_	6
Oklahoma	_	_	*	_	٠ پ
River	6,425	833	251		7 510
Pennsylvania Railroad	1,049	812	180	4	7,510 2,041
River	5,153	21	100	<u>-</u>	5,174
Great Lakes	5,155	∠1 _	_	_	5,174
Truck	172	_	71	2	245
South Carolina	106	_	_	_	106
Railroad	106	_	_	_	106
Cexas	19	_	_	_	19
Railroad	19	_	_	_	19
Virginia	421	_	_	_	421
Truck	421	_	_	_	421
Vest Virginia	9,759	69	164	4	9,996
Railroad	182	69	-	_	252
River	4,509	_	2	_	4,510
	T,JU2	_		_	4,510
Truck	2,703	_	153	4	2,860

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total			
	ORIGIN: WEST VIRGINIA, NORTHERN (Continued)							
Visconsin	21		72	_	94			
Railroad	12	_		_	12			
Great Lakes	9	_	72	_	82			
nknown State	_	_	_	_	1 14			
Unknown	_	_	_	_	1 14			
tate Total	35,181	1,219	797	47	1 37,259			
Railroad	12,191	1.198	380	_	13,769			
River	15,451	21	17	_	15,488			
Great Lakes	90	_	84	_	174			
Tidewater	1,028	_	_	_	1,028			
Truck	4,057	_	307	47	4,411			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	2,365	_	9	_	2,374			
Unknown	_,-,	_		_	1 14			
_								
_		ORIGI	N: WEST VIRGINIA, S	SOUTHERN				
labama	163	1,609	134	_	1,906			
Railroad	10	1,609	58	-	1,677			
River	150	-	63	_	213			
Truck	3	-	13	_	16			
onnecticut	101	-	_	_	101			
Railroad	101	_	_	_	101			
elaware	332	_	_	_	332			
Railroad	332	_	_	_	332			
strict of Columbia	_	_	3	3	6			
Railroad	_	_	_	3	3			
River	_	_	3	_	3			
lorida	1,735	_	25	_	1,760			
Railroad	270	_	9	_	279			
River	159	_	13	_	172			
Tidewater	1,306	_	_	_	1,306			
Truck	_	_	3	_	3			
eorgia	3,713	_	_	_	3,713			
Railroad	3,713	_	_	_	3,713			
linois	_	1,157	388	_	1,545			
Railroad	_	736	196	_	932			
River	_	415	172	_	587			
Great Lakes	_	_	20	_	20			
Truck	_	6	_	_	6			
ndiana	840	5,356	949	_	7,146			
Railroad	163	4.665	850	_	5,678			
River	678	691	99	_	1,468			
Tidewater	_	*	_	_	*			
owa	3,417	_	47	68	3,531			
Railroad	3,409	_	27	_	3,437			
River	7	_	20	68	95			
entucky	5,485	739	1,065	63	7,352			
Railroad	337	739	102	12	1,190			
River	4,859	-	845	45	5,750			
Truck	289	_	117	7	413			
laine	_	_	*	· —	*13			
Truck	_	_	*	_	*			
Iaryland	4,244	_	1	_	4,245			
Railroad	3,018	_	1	_	3,019			
Tidewater	1,226	_	_	_	1,226			
lassachusetts	867	_	4	_	870			
Railroad	621	_	4	_	625			
Tidewater	245	_	_	_	245			
lichigan	4,261	891	223	-	5,375			
	4,201 4,191	1	202	<u>-</u>	4,394			
Railroad	4,191 7	1	202	_	4,394 7			
		900	21	_	974			
Great Lakes	63 5	890	87	3				
linnesota		_			94			
River	5	_	87	3	94			
lississippi	99	_	41	_	140			
Railroad	99	_	41	_	140			

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
-		ORIGIN: WES	ST VIRGINIA, SOUTH	ERN (Continued)	
Missouri	199		61	45	305
Railroad	11	_	1	-	12
River	188	_	60	45	293
Nevada	-	_	_	*	*
Truck	_	_	_	*	*
New Hampshire	34		_	_	34
Railroad	34				34
New Jersey	212	_	_	_	212
Railroad	114	_	_	_	114
River		_	_	_	
	46	_	_	_	46
Tidewater	52 480	- 570	154	_ 4	52
New York	489	570	154	4	1,217
Railroad	412	570	62	_	1,044
River	_	_	92	_	92
Tidewater	77	_	_		77
Truck	- 0.442	_	_	4	4
North Carolina	8,442	_	1,770	54	10,266
Railroad	8,442	-	1,770	54	10,266
Ohio	18,462	1,249	995	31	20,737
Railroad	2,241	868	356	_	3,465
River	16,012	314	161	8	16,495
Great Lakes	-	68	89	_	157
Truck	209	-	389	23	621
Oklahoma	-	-	13	_	13
Railroad	-	_	7	_	7
River	-	-	7	_	7
Oregon	_	_	19	_	19
Railroad	_	_	19	_	19
Pennsylvania	1,618	3,990	1,513	8	7,130
Railroad	999	776	602	_	2,377
River	1	3,214	907	_	4,122
Tidewater	355	_	_	_	355
Truck	262	_	5	8	276
South Carolina	601	_	6	232	840
Railroad	601	_	6	232	840
Tennessee	87	_	71	15	173
Railroad	87	_	2	_	90
River	-	_	48	_	48
Truck	_	_	21	15	36
Texas	148		21	-	148
Railroad	84	_	_	_	84
	63	_	_	_	63
River	03	141	- 33	_	
Jtah	_	141	32	_	173
Railroad	_	141	32	_	173
Vermont	_	_	* *	_	·
Truck	2.044	142	1 020	_	4 2 40
/irginia	3,044	142	1,039	23	4,249
Railroad	3,039	84	1,002	16	4,141
River		_	5	_	5
Truck	6		32	7	44
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	_	59		=	2 12 21
West Virginia	11,367	1,062	1,214	163	2 13,817
Railroad	7,916	21	13	64	8,013
River	2,824	773	389	44	4,030
Tidewater	-	259	-	_	259
Truck	627	9	458	56	1,149
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	_	_	354	_	354
Unknown	-	_	_	_	2 11
Visconsin	78	_	40	_	118
Railroad	27	_	30	_	57
River	47	_	5	_	52
Great Lakes	4	_	6	_	10
Jnknown State	_	_	_	_	1 54
Unknown	_	_	_	_	1 54
C					34
State Total	70,044	16,906	9,895	713	³ 97,624
Railroad	40,271	10,210	5,393	382	56,255
River	25,047	10,210	3,373	302	33,641

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total		
	ORIGIN: WEST VIRGINIA, SOUTHERN (Continued)						
_							
State Total		0.55	106				
Great Lakes	67	957	136	_	1,161		
Tidewater	3,262	259	1.027	-	3,521		
Truck	1,396	15	1,037	119	2,567		
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	-	59	354	_	413		
Unknown	_	_	_	_	3 65		
			ORIGIN: WYOMIN	G			
Alabama	10,679	_	_	-	10,679		
Railroad	10,679	_	_	_	10,679		
Arizona	142	_	_	_	142		
Railroad	142	_	_	_	142		
Arkansas	15,167	_	_	_	15,167		
Railroad	15,167	_	_	_	15,167		
California	´ _	_	189	_	189		
Railroad	_	_	189	_	189		
Colorado	11,015	_	62	_	11,077		
Railroad	11,015	_	62	_	11,077		
Florida	416	_	-	_	416		
River	416				416		
	6,805	_	_	_	6,805		
Georgia		_	_	_	,		
Railroad	6,805	-	-	-	6,805		
daho	_	_	248	1	249		
Railroad	_	_	237		237		
Truck		_	11	1	12		
Illinois	23,311	_	_	_	23,311		
Railroad	23,311	_	_	_	23,311		
Indiana	14,315	_	_	_	14,315		
Railroad	7,102	_	_	_	7,102		
River	7,213	_	_	_	7,213		
lowa	23,251	_	849	_	24,100		
Railroad	23,251	_	849	_	24,100		
Kansas	13,751	_	_	_	13,751		
Railroad	13,751	_	_	_	13,751		
Kentucky	1,789	_	_	_	1,789		
Railroad	1,789	_	_	_	1,789		
Louisiana	11,130	_	_	_	11,130		
Railroad	11,130	_	_	_	11,130		
Michigan	10,462	_	_	_	10,462		
Railroad	9,505				9,505		
	957	_	_	_	,		
Great Lakes		_	150	_	957		
Minnesota	8,803 7,046	_	159	6	8,968		
Railroad	7,946	_	159	6	8,111		
Great Lakes	470	_	_	_	470		
Truck	387	_	_	_	387		
Missouri	35,958	-	-	_	35,958		
Railroad	34,537	-	-	_	34,537		
River	1,422	-	_	_	1,422		
Montana	656	_	67	*	724		
Railroad	656	_	67	_	723		
Truck	_	_	_	*	*		
Nebraska	12,060	_	166	_	12,226		
Railroad	12,060	_	166	_	12,226		
North Carolina	28	_		_	28		
Railroad	28	_	_	_	28		
Ohio	3,364	_	475	_	3,840		
Railroad	3,364	_	- TIS	_	3,364		
	5,304	_	475	_	3,304 475		
Great Lakes Oklahoma	21.059	_	475 5	_	21.063		
	21,058	_		_	,		
Railroad	21,058	_	5	_	21,063		
Oregon	2,012	_	28	_	2,040		
Railroad	2,012	_	28	_	2,040		
South Carolina	1,122	-	-	_	1,122		
Railroad	1,122	_	_	_	1,122		

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
		ORIO	GIN: WYOMING (Con	tinued)	
outh Dakota	679	_	267	1	947
Railroad	558	_	_	_	558
Truck	120	_	267	1	388
'ennessee	2,743	_		_	2,743
Railroad	2,743	_	_	_	2,743
exas	47,438	_	176	_	47,614
Railroad	47,438	_	176	_	47,614
tah	15	_	-	*	15
Railroad	15	_	_	_	15
Truck	-		_	*	1.
Vashington	82	_	_	*	83
Railroad	82	_	_	*	83
	22.849	_	929		
Visconsin	,	_		_	23,778
Railroad	22,164	_	929	_	23,093
River	191	_	_	_	191
Great Lakes	494	-	-	_	494
Vyoming	26,509	_	1,907	104	28,519
Railroad	14,227	_	1,216	1	15,444
Truck	761	-	691	103	1,555
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	11,521	_	_	-	11,521
nknown State	_	_	_	-	1 3
Unknown	_	_	_	_	1 3
	228 400				1
tate Total	327,609	_	5,527	113	1 333,253
Railroad	303,657	_	4,083	8	307,748
River	9,242	-	_	_	9,242
Great Lakes	1,921	_	475	_	2,397
Truck	1,269	_	969	105	2,343
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	11,521	_	_	_	11,521
Unknown	_	_	_	_	1 3
			ORIGIN: U.S. TOTA	L	
labama	27,213	2,107	2,139	23	31,482
Railroad	17,778	2,046	557	_	20,380
River	6,318	2,010	164	_	6,482
Tidewater	100	_	-	_	100
Truck	3,017	61	1,418	23	4,520
		01	1,410		,
laska	483	_	_	553	1,036
Railroad	148	_	_	483	631
Truck	335	_	_	69	405
rizona	19,737	_	595	*	20,332
Railroad	19,737	-	595	_	20,332
Truck	-	-	*	*	*
rkansas	15,167	_	213	*	15,380
Railroad	15,167	_	142	_	15,309
Truck	_	_	70	*	70
alifornia	3,154	_	2,153	28	5,335
Railroad	3,154	_	2,151	*	5,305
Truck	-	_	2,131	27	29
olorado	23.732	_	655	102	24,490
Railroad	18.375	_	456	102	18,831
	- ,	_	430	_	,
River	1,096	_	100	102	1,096
Truck	4,260	_	199	102	4,562
onnecticut	795	_	1	5	801
Railroad	197	_	_	_	197
Tidewater	598	_	_	_	598
Truck	-	-	1	5	6
elaware	1,291	_	70	1	1,362
Railroad	1,291	_	48	*	1,339
Truck	-	-	22	1	22
sistrict of Columbia	_	_	3	6	9
Railroad	_	_	_	6	ć
River	_	_	3	_	3
Truck	_	_	<i>3</i> =	*	4
lorida	20.950	_	2 570		22 424
	20,850	_	2,570	0	23,426
Railroad	14,388	_	785	6	15,180
River	5,156		1,782		6,938

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
1		ORIC	GIN: U.S. TOTAL (Con	tinued)	
Florida —					
Tidewater	1,306	-	_	-	1,306
Truck	_	_	3	*	3
Georgia	31,517	_	2,261	17	33,795
Railroad	31,517	_	2,045	11	33,573
River	_	_	21	_	21
Truck	_	_	195 261	5 55	201 315
[daho	_	_	249	55	249
Truck	_	_	11	55	66
llinois	42,326	1,158	4,918	181	48.583
Railroad	35,436	736	2,607	-	38,779
River	3,288	417	647	51	4,402
Great Lakes	_	_	102	_	102
Truck	3,603	6	1,540	130	5,279
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	_	_	21	_	21
ndiana	54,357	7,662	3,095	343	65,457
Railroad	33,414	6,971	1,141	27	41,552
River	11,727	691	562	28	13,008
Tidewater	_	*	_	_	*
Truck	8,593	_	1,392	288	10,273
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	624	_	-	-	624
[owa	28,476	_	2,081	389	30,946
Railroad	26,903	_	1,190	280	28,093
RiverTruck	1,573	_	695 195	389	2,657 196
Kansas	16,134	_	6	7	16,147
Railroad	15,657	_	1	, _	15,658
Truck	477	_	5	7	489
Kentucky	39,258	1,187	1,711	401	2 42,567
Railroad	14,609	1,162	119	12	15,902
River	12,094	, -	915	214	13,222
Truck	12,555	25	677	176	13,433
Unknown	-	_	_	_	2 10
Louisiana	14,570	_	15	*	14,584
Railroad	11,130	_	*	_	11,130
River	487	-	15	_	502
Truck	716	_	_	*	716
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	2,236	_	_	_	2,236
Maine	_	_	180	3	182
Railroad	_	_	12	*	12
Tidewater	_	_	168	_	168
Truck	12 205	_	745	2	12,996
Maryland	12,205 9,845	_	261	46 *	10,106
Railroad Tidewater	1,226	_	201	_	1,226
Truck	1,134	_	483	46	1,664
Massachusetts	1,281	_	33	37	1,351
Railroad	906	_	33	28	966
River	82	_	_	_	82
Great Lakes	48	_	_	_	48
Tidewater	245	_	_	_	245
Truck	_	_	*	9	9
Michigan	32,324	1,944	1,837	20	36,125
Railroad	22,637	604	615	14	23,869
River	315	_	_	_	315
Great Lakes	7,747	1,341	1,123	=	10,212
Truck	1,624	-	99	6	1,729
Minnesota	18,410	-	389	15	18,814
Railroad	17,458	-	164	6	17,628
River	92	_	197	3	292
Great Lakes	473	_	28	_	501
Truck	387 5 631	_	* 101	5	393 5 913
Mississippi	5,621	_	191 41	-	5,812
Railroad	4,165	_	41 115	-	4,206
River	393 1,045	_	115	-	507 1,045
Tidewater Truck	1,043	_	35	_	1,043
11 UCK	_	_	33	_	3.

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
	l.	ORIO	GIN: U.S. TOTAL (Cor	ntinued)	
Vissouri	40,097		776	226	41,09
Railroad	37,613	_	29	*	37,64
River	2,112	_	168	45	2.32
Truck	372	_	579	181	1,13
Montana	10,517	_	557	3	11,07
Railroad	665	_	70	-	73
Truck	223	_	67	3	29:
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	9,629	_	419	_	10,04
Nebraska	12,069	_	188	_	12,25
Railroad	12,066		188		12,25
Truck	3	_	*	_	12,23
Nevada	7,946	_	417	*	8,36
Railroad	3,452	_	299	•	3,75
	3,432	_	117	*	,
Truck	- 4,494	_	117	4	11 4,49
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	4,494 773	_	- 1	3	4,49. 77
New Hampshire		_	1	3	
Railroad	760	_	_	ng-	76
Tidewater	13	_	_	_	1
Truck	2.704	_	1	3	2.00
New Jersey	2,794	_	8	5 *	2,80
Railroad	1,525	_	*	~	1,52
River	46	_	_	_	4
Tidewater	1,224	_	_	_	1,22
Truck		-	8	5	2 1
New Mexico	16,443	_	72	6	² 16,52
Railroad	9,378	_	*	_	9,37
Truck	26	_	72	6	10
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	7,039	-	_	_	7,03
Unknown	-	_	_	_	2
New York	8,126	1,063	1,181	180	10,55
Railroad	7,145	1,063	896	17	9,12
River	48	_	92	41	18
Great Lakes	465	_	_	_	46
Tidewater	77	_	_	_	7
Truck	391	_	194	122	70
North Carolina	21,426	_	3,229	150	24,80
Railroad	21,098	_	3,049	149	24,29
Truck	328	_	180	1	50
North Dakota	25,441	_	6,257	128	31,82
Railroad	1,312	_	´ -	67	1.37
Truck	4,493	_	_	61	4,55
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	19,636	_	6,257	_	25,89
Ohio	59,713	2,700	3,664	217	66,29
Railroad	12,298	2.045	498	*	14,84
River	33,806	587	436	42	34,87
Great Lakes	29	68	860	-	95
Truck	7,093	_	1,869	175	9,13
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	6,487	_	-	-	6,48
Oklahoma	22,261	_	379	2	22,64
Railroad	21,058	_	76	*	21,13
River	21,030	_	55	_	21,13
Truck	1,204	_	247		1,45
_		_	247 216	∠ *	4,02
Pregon	3,805 3,805	_	216	•	4,02
	3,805	_	210	*	4,02
Truck	40.152	- - 700	- 	·	2 52 14
Pennsylvania	40,152	6,798	5,502	690	² 53,14
Railroad	12,727	2,128	1,395	1	16,25
River	8,960	4,670	1,161	60	14,85
Great Lakes	50	-	_	_	5
Tidewater	355	-	- -		35
Truck	13,817	1	2,885	629	17,33
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	4,243	_	62	_	4,30
Unknown	-	-	-	_	2
Rhode Island	_	_	_	2	
Truck	-	_	_	2	
South Carolina	13,245	_	1,811	237	15,29
Railroad	13,245	_	1,758	237	15,24
Truck	* =		53	*	5:

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total			
	ORIGIN: U.S. TOTAL (Continued)							
South Dakota	2,175	_	267	1	2,443			
Railroad	2,054	_		_	2,054			
Truck	120	_	267	1	388			
Γennessee	28,823	_	2,901	98	31,822			
Railroad	16,333		2,000	11	18,344			
	,	_	,		,			
River	11,545	_	310	67	11,922			
Truck	945	_	592	20	1,557			
Texas	100,499	_	3,809	8	104,316			
Railroad	74,076	-	1,068	8	75,152			
River	63	-	3	_	67			
Truck	13,545	_	319	*	13,865			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	12,815	-	2,419	_	15,233			
U tah	12,020	527	257	114	12,918			
Railroad	4,486	527	32	-	5,045			
Truck	4,141	-	224	114	4,479			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	3,393	_	_	_	3,393			
Vermont	_	_	*	2	2			
Truck	_	_	*	2	2			
Virginia	15,742	1,106	2,210	124	2 19,328			
Railroad	12,938	84	1,992	73	15,086			
River	444	04	5	75	449			
Tidewater	10	_	3	_	10			
		*	100	_ 51				
Truck	2,351	1.000	199	51	2,601			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	-	1,022	14	_	1,036			
Unknown	-	_	_	_	2 146			
Washington	4,157	-	51	17	4,224			
Railroad	82	_	51	16	149			
Truck	_	-	_	1	1			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	4,074	_	_	_	4,074			
West Virginia	32,004	1,451	1,997	168	2 35,632			
Railroad	8,154	403	83	64	8,704			
River	13,188	781	819	44	14,832			
Tidewater	´ _	259	_	_	259			
Truck	7,119	9	727	60	7,915			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	3,543	_	368	_	3.911			
Unknown	5,5-15	_	_	_	2 11			
Wisconsin	26,001	_	1,849	157	28,007			
	,	_		*	,			
Railroad	23,704	_	1,441	144	25,146			
River	1,232	_	61	144	1,438			
Great Lakes	1,064	_	345	- 12	1,409			
Truck	-	_	2	12	14			
Wyoming	26,509	-	2,103	104	28,715			
Railroad	14,227	-	1,219	1	15,447			
Truck	761	-	884	103	1,748			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	11,521	-	-	-	11,521			
Unknown State	_	_	_	-	1 1,612			
Unknown	-	_	-	-	1 1,612			
U.S. Total	941,636	27,703	65,824	4,879	3 1,041,823			
Railroad	628,110	17,768	29,574	1,239	676,691			
River	114,066	7,145	8,226	1,128	130,566			
Great Lakes	9,877	1,408	2,459	, =	13,745			
Tidewater	6,199	259	168	_	6,625			
Truck	93,632	101	15,838	2,511	112,083			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	89,751	1,022	9,559	2,311	100,332			
			7,337	-				
Unknown	_	-	_	_	3 1,781			

¹ Includes distribution to unknown consumers.

² Includes distribution to the transportation sector.

³ Includes distribution to both the transportation sector and unknown consumers.

^{*} Quantity is less than 500 short tons or percent is less than .05.

Note: Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report."

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 1999

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
		Γ	DESTINATION: ALABA	AMA	
Alabama	12,392	222	1,387	23	14,024
Railroad	5,262	161	21	23	5,444
	,	101	21	_	,
River	4,116	_		_	4,116
Truck	3,014	61	1,366	23	4,464
llinois	1,338	_	_	_	1,338
Railroad	661	_	_	_	661
River	577	_	_	_	577
Tidewater	100	_	_	_	100
Kentucky Total	2,054		234	*	2,288
•	,	_			,
Railroad	967	_	118	_	1,085
River	1,087	_	90	_	1,178
Truck	_	_	26	*	26
Eastern	181	_	234	*	415
Railroad	159	_	118	_	276
River	22	_	90	_	112
	44		26	*	
Truck	1.053	_	20	**	26
Western	1,873	-	_	_	1,873
Railroad	808	_	_	_	808
River	1,065	_	_	_	1,065
Ohio	31	_	_	_	31
River	31	_	_	_	31
Pennsylvania Total	306	_	11	_	317
•		_	*	_	
Railroad	200	_	*	_	200
River	106	_	11	_	117
Truck	-	_	*	_	*
Anthracite	_	_	11	_	11
Railroad	_	_	*	_	*
River	_	_	11	_	11
			11		**
Truck	-	_	*	_	•
Bituminous	306	_	_	_	306
Railroad	200	_	_	_	200
River	106	_	_	_	106
Tennessee	_	_	49	_	49
Railroad	_	_	35	_	35
			14		14
Truck	_	27.6		_	
Virginia	_	276	325	_	601
Railroad	_	276	325	_	601
West Virginia Total	413	1,609	134	_	2,156
Railroad	10	1.609	58	_	1,677
River	400	-,	63	_	464
Truck	3	_	13	_	16
Northern	250	_	_	_	250
River	250	_	_	_	250
Southern	163	1,609	134	_	1,906
Railroad	10	1,609	58	_	1,677
River	150	-,	63	_	213
Truck	3	_	13	_	16
		_	13	_	
Wyoming	10,679	_	_	_	10,679
Railroad	10,679	_	_	_	10,679
State Total	27,213	2,107	2,139	23	31,482
Railroad	17,778	2,046	557	_	20,380
River	6,318	_,	164	_	6,482
Tidewater	100		107	_	
		_	1 410	_	100
Truck	3,017	61	1,418	23	4,520
_			DESTINATION: ALAS	KA	
Aladra	402				1.037
Alaska	483	_	_	553	1,036
Railroad	148	_	_	483	631
Truck	335	-	-	69	405
State Total	402			552	1.036
State Total	483	_	_	553	1,036
Railroad	148	-	_	483	631
Truck	335			69	405

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
			DESTINATION: ARIZO	ONA	
rizona	8,129				8,129
Railroad	8,129 8,129	_	_	_	8,129
Colorado	,	_	98	*	645
Railroad			98	_	645
Truck		_	76	*	04.
Montana					69
Railroad		_	_	_	69
ew Mexico.		_	497	_	
		_	497 497	_	11,346
Railroad ennsylvania Total	· ·	_	497	_	11,346
•		_	*	_	
Railroad		_	*	_	
Truck		_	*	_	
Anthracite		_	** *	_	,
Railroad		_	*	_	4
Truck		_	*	_	
Vyoming		_	_	_	142
Railroad	142	_	-	-	142
4.4 T 4.1	10 =2=		#0#		***
tate Total	19,737	-	595	Ne.	20,332
Railroad	- /	_	595	-	20,332
Truck			*	*	
		D	ESTINATION: ARKAN	NSAS	
labama		_	113		113
Railroad	_	_	113	_	113
rkansas	_	_	4	_	4
Truck	_	_	4	_	4
olorado		_	10	_	10
Railroad		_	10	_	10
Kentucky Total		_	20	_	20
Railroad		_	20	_	20
Eastern			20		20
Railroad			20		20
Pklahoma			66		60
		_		_	66
Truck		_	66 1	- *	1
ennsylvania Total		_	1	*	
Truck		_	1	*	
Anthracite		_	1		1
Truck		_	1	*	15.44
Vyoming		-	_	_	15,167
Railroad	15,167	_	_	_	15,167
tate Total	,	-	213	*	15,380
Railroad	-,	_	142	-	15,309
Truck	-	-	70	*	70
		DI	STINATION: CALIFO	ORNIA	
Colorado		-	10	_	10
Railroad	-	-	10	_	10
ew Mexico	-	-	6	_	6
Railroad	-	-	6	_	6
ennsylvania Total	-	-	*	_	4
Railroad	_	_	*	_	1
Truck	_	_	*	_	*
Anthracite	_	_	*	_	*
Railroad		_	*	_	1
Truck		_	*	_	*
tah		_	1,948	28	5,130
Railroad		_	1,946	*	5,101
Truck	,	_	1,940	27	29
		_	189	21	189
Vyoming		_		_	
Railroad	_	_	189	_	189
tate Total	3,154	_	2,153	28	5.335
tate Total		_ _	2,153 2,151	28	5,335 5,305

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total	
		D	ESTINATION: COLOR	RADO		
- Coloredo	11.621		573	99	12,294	
Colorado	7,360	_	375 375	99	7,735	
Truck	4,260	_	199	99	4,559	
	4,200	_	1	99	4,33	
New Mexico	_	_	1	_	1	
Railroad	1 006	_	_	*		
ennsylvania Total	1,096	_	18	*	1,115	
Railroad	1.006	_	18	_	18	
River	1,096	_	.	-	1,096	
Truck	_	_	*	**		
Anthracite	_	_	18	*	18	
Railroad	_	_	18	-	18	
Truck		-	*	*	1	
Bituminous	1,096	-	_	_	1,096	
River	1,096	_	_		1,096	
tah	-	_	_	3	3	
Truck	-	-	-	3	3	
Vyoming	11,015	_	62	_	11,077	
Railroad	11,015	_	62	_	11,077	
tate Total	23,732	-	655	102	24,490	
Railroad	18,375	-	456	_	18,831	
River	1,096	_	_	_	1,096	
Truck	4,260	-	199	102	4,562	
	DESTINATION: CONNECTICUT					
	_	_	_	*	*	
Truck	_	_	_	*	*	
ennsylvania Total	80	_	1	5	87	
Railroad	80	_	_	=	80	
Truck	_	_	1	5	6	
Anthracite	_	_	i	5	Č	
Truck			1	5	ć	
	80		1	*	80	
Bituminous	80	_	_		80	
Railroad	00	_	_	_)O	
Truck	715	_	_	T	-	
Vest Virginia Total	715	_	_	_	715	
Railroad	117	_	_	_	117	
Tidewater	598	_	_	_	598	
Northern	614	_	_	_	614	
Railroad	17	_	_	_	17	
Tidewater	598	-	_	_	598	
Southern	101	-	_	-	101	
Railroad	101	-	-	-	101	
tate Total	795	-	1	5	801	
Railroad	197	_	_	-	197	
Tidewater	598	_	_	_	598	
Truck	_	_	1	5	6	
-		D	ESTINATION: DELAV	VARE		
Centucky Total	69	_	_	_	69	
Railroad	69	_	_	_	69	
Eastern	69	_	_	_	69	
Railroad	69	_	_	_	69	
aryland	139	_	_	_	139	
Railroad	139	_	_	_	139	
ennsylvania Total	393	_	39	1	433	
Railroad	393	_	32	*	426	
	393	_	7	sk	420	
Truck	_	_	7	4	7	
Anthracite	_	_	<i>I</i>	1 *	4	
Railroad	-	_	*	* 	-	
Truck	_	-	7	*	7	
Bituminous	393	-	32	*	425	
Railroad	393	_	32	_	425	
Truck	_	_	_	*	*	

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
		DESTINA	TION: DELAWARE (Continued)	
Tennessee	_	_	13	_	13
Truck	_	_	13	_	13
/irginia	182	_	_	_	182
Railroad	182	_	_	_	182
Vest Virginia Total	507	_	18	*	525
Railroad	507	_	16	_	523
Truck	_	_	2	*	2
Northern	175	_	18	*	193
Railroad	175	_	16	_	191
Truck	_	_	2	*	2
Southern	332	_	_	_	332
Railroad	332	_	_	_	332
Rumoud	332				332
tate Total	1,291	_	70	1	1,362
Railroad	1,291	_	48	*	1,339
Truck	1,271	_	22	1	22
Truck			22	1	22
-		DESTINA	TION: DISTRICT OF	COLUMBIA	
Centucky Total	_	-	-	3	3
Railroad	_	_	_	3	3
Eastern	_	_	_	3	3
Railroad	_	_	_	3	3
Pennsylvania Total	_	_	_	*	*
Truck	_	_	_	*	*
Anthracite	_	_	_	*	*
Truck		_	_	*	*
Vest Virginia Total			3	3	6
Railroad	_	_	3	3	3
	_	_	3	3	3
River	_	_	3	3	-
Southern	_	_	3		6
Railroad	_	_	_	3	3
River	_	_	3	_	3
tota Total			3	6	9
tate Total	_	_	3		
Railroad	_	_	3	6	6
River Truck	_	_	3 -	*	3
_					
	4.200		DESTINATION: FLOR	IDA	4 200
llinois	4,300	_	_	_	4,300
Railroad	1,073	_	_	_	1,073
River	3,227	_		_	3,227
Kentucky Total	12,668	_	2,543	6	15,218
Railroad	11,315	_	774	6	12,096
River	1,353	_	1,769	_	3,122
Eastern	11,254	-	2,543	6	13,804
Railroad	11,254	_	774	6	12,035
Kambau				_	1,769
River	_	_	1,769		1,414
	1,414	_	1,769	_	1,717
River	1,414 61	- - -	1,769 - -	_ _	61
River	·	- - -	1,769 - - -	- - -	
River	61	- - - -	1,769 - - - - *	- - - *	61 1,353
River	61 1,353	- - - -	1,769 - - - * *	- - - * -	61 1,353 256
River	61 1,353 256	-	1,769 - - - * * *	- - * - *	61 1,353 256
River	61 1,353 256	- - - - - -	1,769 - - - * * *	- - * - *	61 1,353 256
River	61 1,353 256	- - - - - -	1,769 - - - * * * *	- - * - *	61 1,353 256
River Western Railroad River ennsylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad	61 1,353 256	- - - - - - -	1,769 - - - * * * *	- - * - * *	61 1,353 256
River	61 1,353 256 256 	- - - - - - -	1,769 - - - * * * *	- - * - * *	61 1,353 256 256 * *
River	61 1,353 256 256 	- - - - - - - -	1,769 - - - * * * * *	- - * - * *	61 1,353 256 256 * * * * * *
River Western Railroad River ennsylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck Bituminous Railroad	61 1,353 256 256 256 - - - 256 256	- - - - - - - - -	1,769 - - - * * * * * - -	- - * - * * - -	61 1,353 256 256 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
River Western Railroad River ennsylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck Bituminous Railroad ennessee	61 1,353 256 256 	- - - - - - - - - -	1,769 - - - * * * * * - -	- - * - * * - - -	61 1,353 256 256 * * * * 256 256 256 30
River	61 1,353 256 256 256 - - - 256 256 30 30	- - - - - - - - - -	*****	- - * - * * - - *	61 1,353 256 256 256 * * * * * 256 256 256 30 30
River	61 1,353 256 256 256 	- - - - - - - - - - -	- - * * * * * - - - 2	- - * - * * - - -	61 1,353 256 256 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
River	61 1,353 256 256 256 	- - - - - - - - - - - -	- - * * * * * * - - - 2 2	- - * - * * - - -	61 1,353 256 256 * * * * 256 256 30 30 590
River	61 1,353 256 256 256 	- - - - - - - - - - -	- - * * * * * - - - 2	- - * - * - - - - -	61 1,353 256 256 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
River Western Railroad River ennsylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck Bituminous Railroad Railroad Railroad Railroad Railroad Railroad Railroad Railroad Railroad	61 1,353 256 256 256 	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - * * * * * * - - - 2 2	- - * - * - - - - - -	61 1,353 256 256 * * * * 256 256 30 30 590

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
		DESTI	NATION: FLORIDA (C	Continued)	
Vest Virginia Total					
Tidewater	1,306	_	_	_	1,306
Truck	-	_	3	_	3
Northern	855	_	_	_	855
Railroad	855 1.735	_	25	_	855
Southern	1,735 270	_	25 9	_	1,760 279
Railroad	159	_	13	_	172
Tidewater	1,306		-	Ξ	1,306
Truck	-	_	3	_	1,500
yoming	416	_	_	_	416
River	416	_	_	_	416
ate Total	20,850	_	2,570	6	23,426
Railroad	14,388	-	785	6	15,180
River	5,156	-	1,782	-	6,938
Tidewater	1,306	-	-	-	1,306
Truck	-	-	3	*	3
-		I	DESTINATION: GEOR	GIA	
labama	194	_	_	_	194
Railroad	194	-	_	-	194
linois	614	-	_	-	614
Railroad	614	_		=	614
entucky Total	14,662	-	1,783	5	16,450
Railroad	14,662	-	1,593	_	16,255
River	_	_	21		21
Truck		_	169	5	174
Eastern	14,662 14.662	_	1,783	5	16,450
Railroad	14,002	_	1,593	_	16,255
River	_	_	21 169	- 5	21 174
Truckhio.	42	_	109	<i>3</i> –	1 / 4 42
Railroad	42	_	_	_	42
ennsylvania Total	688	_	3	_	691
Railroad	688	_	*	_	688
Truck	_	_	3	_	3
Anthracite	_	_	3	_	3
Railroad	_	_	*	_	*
Truck	_	_	3	_	3
Bituminous	688	_	_	_	688
Railroad	688	_	_	_	688
ennessee	776	_	35	_	811
Railroad	776	_	11	-	787
Truck	_	_	24	_	24
irginia	4,024	-	440	11	4,475
Railroad	4,024	-	440	11	4,475
est Virginia Total	3,713	-	-	-	3,713
Railroad	3,713	-	_	-	3,713
Southern	3,713	_	_	-	3,713
Railroad	3,713	-	-	-	3,713
yomingRailroad	6,805 6,805	_	_		6,805 6,805
	,	_	_	_	,
ate Total	31,517	_	2,261 2,045	17	33,795
Railroad	31,517	_	2,045	11	33,573
River Truck	_	_	21 195	_ 5	21 201
-					
tah			DESTINATION: IDAI	HO 54	66
Railroad	_	_	12	_	12
Truck	_	_	_	54	54
voming	_	_	248	1	249
				-	
Railroad	_	_	237	_	237

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
		DEST	INATION: IDAHO (Co	ontinued)	
			261	55	315
Railroad	_	_	249	-	249
Truck	_	_	11	55	66
_			DECTINATION, H. I. I.	IOIS	
	171		DESTINATION: ILLIN		220
Colorado	171	_		_	330
Railroad	30 141	_	155	_	185 141
Truck	-	_	4	_	4
llinois	14,748	_	2,701	143	17,592
Railroad	8,235	_	1,186	_	9,420
River	3,136	_	_	25	3,161
Truck	3,378	_	1,494	118	4,989
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	_	_	21	_	21
ndiana	965	_	27	12	1,004
Railroad	740	-	27	-	767
Truck	225	-	-	12	237
Kentucky Total	30	-	1,336	26	1,391
Railroad	19	-	848		867
River	10	_	364	26	400
Great Lakes	_	-	82	*	82
Truck	-	_	43		43
Eastern	19	_	1,191	26	1,236
Railroad	19	_	848 219	26	867
River Great Lakes	-	_	82	26	245 82
Truck	_	_	43	*	43
Western	10		145	_	155
River	10	_	145	_	155
Montana	1,769	_	-	_	1,769
Railroad	1,769	_	_	_	1,769
Pennsylvania Total	-	_	113	*	114
Railroad	_	_	16	_	16
River	_	_	97	_	97
Truck	_	_	*	*	*
Anthracite	_	_	17	*	17
Railroad	_	_	16	_	16
Truck	_	_	*	*	*
Bituminous	-	_	97	_	97
River	-	-	97	_	97
Гехаs	-	_	12	_	12
River	_	-	12	-	12
Jtah	1,331	-	175	-	1,507
Railroad	1,331	_	175	-	1,507
/irginia	_	2	3	-	4
River	_	1 157	3	_	1 5 40
Vest Virginia Total	_	1,157 736	392 200	_	1,549
Railroad	_	415	200 172	_	936 587
Great Lakes	_	413	20	_	20
Truck	_	6	_	_	6
Northern	_	_	4	_	4
Railroad	_	_	4	_	4
Southern	_	1,157	388	_	1,545
Railroad	_	736	196	_	932
River	_	415	172	_	587
Great Lakes	_	_	20	_	20
Truck	_	6	-	_	6
Vyoming	23,311	_	_	-	23,311
Railroad	23,311	-	-	-	23,311
State Total	42,326	1.158	4,918	181	48,583
Railroad	35,436	736	2,607	-	38,779
River	3,288	417	647	51	4,402
Great Lakes	-	_	102	_	102
Truck	3,603	6	1,540	130	5,279

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
		DESTI	NATION: ILLINOIS (C	Continued)	
_					
State Total Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	_		21		21
Trainway, Conveyor, and Sturry Pipenne	_	_	21	_	21
			DESTINATION: INDIA	NA	
Mabama	-	1,302	-	-	1,302
Railroad	-	1,302	-	_	1,302
llinois	5,007	_	152	3	5,162
Railroad	3,956	_	_	_	3,956
River	770	_	-	3	773
Truck	282	_	152	_	434
ndiana	28,908	_	1,551	283	30,742
Railroad	20,377	_	188	*	20,565
River		_	293		293
Truck	7,907	-	1,070	283	9,260
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	624	_	_	_	624
Kentucky Total	2,388	205	342	52	2,987
Railroad	222	205	102	26	556
River	1,784	-	170	25	1,979
Truck	382		70	1	452
Eastern	2,376	205	309	52	2,942
Railroad	222	205	102	26	556
River	1,777	-	170	25	1,973
Truck	377	_	37	1	414
Western	12	_	33	_	45
River	7	_	_	_	7
Truck	5	_	33	_	38
Montana	1,308	_	_	_	1,308
Railroad	1,308	_		_	1,308
Ohio	29	_	61	_	91
River	7	_	_	_	7
Truck	22	-	61	_	84
Pennsylvania Total	283	_	39	5	327
Railroad	68	_	*	*	68
River	215	_	_	_	215
Truck	-	-	39	5	44
Anthracite	-	_	39	5	44
Railroad	-	_	*	*	*
Truck	-	-	39	5	44
Bituminous	283	_	_	_	283
Railroad	68	_	_	_	68
River	215	-	-	_	215
Virginia	941	798	_	-	1,739
Railroad	-	798	-	_	798
River	941	-	-	_	941
West Virginia Total	1,178	5,356	949	-	7,484
Railroad	381	4,665	850	-	5,896
River	797	691	99	_	1,588
Tidewater	-	*	-	_	4
Northern	338	_	_	-	338
Railroad	219	_	_	-	219
River	120	_	-	_	120
Southern	840	5,356	949	_	7,146
Railroad	163	4,665	850	-	5,678
River	678	691	99	_	1,468
Tidewater	-	*	-	_	4
Vyoming	14,315	_	_	-	14,315
Railroad	7,102	_	-	-	7,102
River	7,213	_	_	-	7,213
state Total	54,357	7,662	3,095	343	65,457
Railroad	33,414	6,971	1,141	27	41,552
River	11,727	691	562	28	13,008
Tidewater	-	*	-	-	*
Truck	8,593	_	1,392	288	10,273
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	624	_	_	_	624

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
			DESTINATION: IOW	A	
	306	_	170	_	475
Railroad	_	_	170	_	170
River	306	_	_	_	306
linois	1,418	_	425	219	2,061
Railroad	203	_	11	-	214
	1,215		221	219	1,655
River	1,213	_		219	
Truck	-	_	193	**	193
ndiana	40	_	69	_	109
Railroad	40	-	69		109
entucky Total	27	_	284	78	389
Railroad	_	-	30	_	30
River	27	_	254	78	359
Truck	*	_	_	_	30
Eastern	5	_	209	54	268
Railroad	_	_	30	_	30
	5	_	178	54	237
River	5	_	1/8	54	237
Truck	*	_		_	*
Western	21	_	76	25	122
River	21	-	76	25	122
ennsylvania Total	19	_	236	25	280
Railroad	_	_	34	_	34
River	19	_	200	25	243
Truck	_	_	2	*	2
Anthracite	_	_	36	*	36
Railroad			34		34
	_	_	2	- *	2
Truck	-	_	_	2.7	
Bituminous	19	_	200	25	243
River	19	_	200	25	243
Vest Virginia Total	3,417	_	47	68	3,531
Railroad	3,409	_	27	_	3,437
River	7	_	20	68	95
Southern	3,417	_	47	68	3,531
Railroad	3,409	_	27	_	3,437
River	7	_	20	68	95
	23,251		849	08	24,100
Vyoming	,	_		_	,
Railroad	23,251	_	849	_	24,100
tate Total	28,476	_	2,081	389	30,946
Railroad	26,903	_	1,190	-	28,093
	1,573		695	389	2,657
River	1,373	_		369	
Truck	~	_	195	Tr.	196
_			DESTINATION: KANS	AS	
Colorado	587	_	_	_	587
Railroad	587	_	_	_	587
ansas	406	_	_	_	406
Truck	406	_	_	_	406
	+00	_	=	1	400
lissouri	-	_	_	1	1
Truck	1 210	_	_	1	1 240
Iontana	1,319	_	_	_	1,319
Railroad	1,319	_	-	_	1,319
klahoma	71	_	5	5	82
Truck	71	-	5	5	82
ennsylvania Total	_	_	1	_	1
Railroad	_	_	1	_	1
Anthracite	_	_	1	_	1
Railroad	_	_	1	_	1
tah	_	_	_	*	*
	_	_	_		-
Truck	- 12.551	_	_	*	******
Vyoming	13,751	_	_	_	13,751
Railroad	13,751	_	_	_	13,751
tate Total	16,134	_	6	7	16,147
Railroad	15,657		1	,	15,658
Truck	477	_	5	- 7	13,638
			٦ .		

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
I I	II.	D	ESTINATION: KENTU	JCKY	
Colorado	2,946	_	_	_	2,946
Railroad	2,946	_	_	_	2,946
llinois	395	_	_	*	395
Railroad	368	_	_	_	368
Truck	27	_	_	*	27
ndiana	1,887	_	_	_	1,887
Railroad	799	_	_	_	799
River	237	_	_	_	237
Truck	851	_	_	_	851
Kentucky Total	24,558	448	625	298	1 25,939
Railroad	8,050	423	4	*	8,477
River	5,170	_	66	168	5,404
Truck	11,338	25	554	130	12,047
Unknown	_	_	_	_	1 10
Eastern	8,586	448	580	297	1 9,921
Railroad	2,690	423	4	*	3,117
River	1,749	_	66	168	1,984
Truck	4,147	25	509	128	4,809
Unknown	_	-	-	-	1 10
Western	15,972	_	45	2	16,019
Railroad	5,360	_	-	_	5,360
River	3,421	_	_	_	3,421
Truck	7,191	_	45	2	7,238
Ohio	123	_	-	_	123
River	123	_	_	_	123
Pennsylvania Total	589	_	19	*	608
Railroad	319	_	11	_	331
River	269	_	3	_	272
Truck	_	_	5	*	5
Anthracite	_	_	19	*	19
Railroad	_	_	11	_	11
River	_	_	3	_	3
Truck	_	_	5	*	5
Bituminous	589	_	_	_	589
Railroad	319	_	_	_	319
River	269	_	_	_	269
Cennessee	46	_	2	39	87
Railroad	_	_	1	_	1
Truck	46	_	1	39	86
Vest Virginia Total	6,926	739	1,065	63	8,793
Railroad	337	739	102	12	1,190
River	6,296	_	845	45	7,186
Truck	294	_	117	7	418
Northern	1,441	_	_	-	1,441
River	1,436	_	_	_	1,436
Truck	5	_	_	_	1,.50
Southern	5,485	739	1,065	63	7,352
Railroad	337	739	102	12	1,190
River	4,859	-	845	45	5,750
Truck	289	_	117	7	413
Vyoming	1,789	_	-	_	1,789
Railroad	1,789	_	_	_	1,789
tate Total	39,258	1,187	1,711	401	1 42,567
Railroad	14,609	1,162	119	12	15,902
River	12,094	-	915	214	13,222
Truck	12,555	25	677	176	13,433
Unknown	_				1 10
		D	ESTINATION: LOUISI	ANA	
Kentucky Total	264	-	15	_	279
River	264	-	15	-	279
Eastern	1	-	15	-	16
River	1	-	15	-	16
Western	262	-	-	-	262
River	262	_	_	_	262

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
		DESTIN	ATION: LOUISIANA (Continued)	
ouisiana	2,952	_	_	_	2,952
Truck	716	_	_	-	716
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	2,236	_	_	_	2,236
ennsylvania Total		_	*	*	68
Railroad		_	*	_	*
River		_	_	_	68
Truck		_	_	*	*
Anthracite			*	ale	*
		_	*	•	*
Railroad Truck		_	4	*	- st
		_	_		
Bituminous		_	_	_	68
River		_	_	_	68
Vest Virginia Total		_	_	-	155
River	155	-	_	_	155
Northern	155	_	_	_	155
River	155	_	_	_	155
yoming		_	_	_	11,130
Railroad	,	_	_	_	11,130
	,				11,130
tate Total	14,570	_	15	*	14,584
Railroad	,	_	*	_	11,130
River	,	_	15	_	502
		_	13	_	
Truck Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline		_		_	716 2,236
			DESTINATION: MAI	NIE .	
				NE .	1.00
Centucky Total	-	_	168	_	168
Tidewater		_	168	_	168
Eastern	_	-	168	_	168
Tidewater	_	-	168	_	168
ennsylvania Total	_	_	12	3	15
Railroad		_	12	*	12
Truck	_	_	_	2	2
Anthracite		_	_	2	2
Railroad		_	_	*	*
Truck		_	_	2	2
Bituminous			12	*	12
		_	12	•	12
Railroad		_	12	_	12
Truck		_	-	*	*
est Virginia Total		-	*	_	*
Truck	_	_	*	-	30
Southern	_	_	*	_	30
Truck	-	-	*	_	*
tate Total	_	_	180	3	182
Railroad		_	12	*	12
Tidewater		_	168	_	168
Truck		-	*	2	2
		DI	ESTINATION: MARYI	AND	
entucky Total	108	_	_	_	108
Railroad		_	_	_	108
Eastern		_	_	_	108
Railroad		=	=	_	108
		_	200	$\frac{-}{2}$	677
aryland		_	208	2	
Railroad		_	-	_	183
Truck		-	208	2	495
ennsylvania Total		-	292	3	3,176
Railroad	2,781	_	98	*	2,879
Truck	100	_	194	3	297
Anthracite		_	98	2	100
Railroad		_	98	*	98
Truck		_	75	2	2
Bituminous		_	194	1	3,076
		=	177	1	
Railroad		_	-	_	2,781
Truck	100	_	194	1	295

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
1		DESTINA	ATION: MARYLAND	(Continued)	
Virginia	_	_	_	1	1
Truck	_	_	_	1	1
Vest Virginia Total	8,748	_	245	40	9,033
Railroad	6,772	_	163	_	6,936
Tidewater	1,226	_	_	_	1,226
Truck	750	_	82	40	871
Northern	4,504	_	244	40	4,787
Railroad	3,754	_	162	_	3,916
Truck	750	_	82	40	871
Southern	4.244	_	1	=	4,245
Railroad	3,018	_	1	_	3,019
Tidewater	1,226	-	_	-	1,226
tate Total	12,205	_	745	46	12,996
Railroad	9,845	_	261	*	10,106
Tidewater	1,226	_		_	1,226
Truck	1,134	-	483	46	1,664
_		DEST	INATION: MASSACH	USETTS	
Centucky Total	296		29	28	353
Kentucky Total	2 96 166	_	29 29	28 28	223
Railroad		_	29	28	
RiverGreat Lakes	82 48	_	_	_	82 48
		_	-	- 20	
Eastern	296	_	29	28	353
Railroad	166	_	29	28	223
River	82	_	_	_	82
Great Lakes	48	-		_	48
ennsylvania Total	115	_	*	10	124
Railroad	115	_	_	*	115
Truck	-	-	*	9	9
Anthracite	-	-	*	10	10
Railroad	_	-	_	*	*
Truck	_	_	*	9	9
Bituminous	115	_	_	_	115
Railroad	115	_	_	_	115
Vest Virginia Total	870	_	4	_	873
Railroad	625	_	4	_	628
Tidewater	245	_	_	_	245
Northern	3	_	_	_	3
Railroad	3	_	_	_	3
Southern	867	_	4	_	870
Railroad	621	_	4	_	625
Tidewater	245	-	-	-	245
tate Total	1,281	_	33	37	1,351
Railroad	906	_	33	28	966
		_	33	20	
River	82	_	_	_	82
Great Lakes	48	_	_	_	48
Tidewater	245	_	*	9	245 9
_					
		D	ESTINATION: MICH	IGAN	
Colorado	55 12	_	_	_	55 12
Railroad	43	_	_	_	43
River		_	_	-	
diana	68	_	_	_	68
Great Lakes	68 4 138	966	1 022	-	68
entucky Total	4,128	866	1,032	13	6,040
Railroad	2,263	603	319	13	3,198
Great Lakes	397	263	691	-	1,351
Truck	1,468	_	23	*	1,491
Eastern	4,128	866	1,032	13	6,040
Railroad	2,263	603	319	13	3,198
Great Lakes	397	263	691	_	1,351
Truck	1,468	_	23	*	1,491

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
		DESTIN	NATION: MICHIGAN ((Continued)	
Montana	9,688	_	264	_	9,952
Railroad	3,474	_		_	3,474
Great Lakes	6,214	_	264	_	6,478
Ohio	158	_	76	5	239
Great Lakes	2	_	1	_	2
Truck	156	_	76	5	237
Pennsylvania Total	2,912	188	241	1	3,342
Railroad	2,647	_	94	*	2,741
River	265	_	~	_	265
Great Lakes	_	188	147	_	334
Truck	_	_	*	1	1
Anthracite	_	_	*	i	2
Railroad	_	_	*	*	*
Truck			*	1	1
	2,912	188	240	1	3,340
Bituminous	2,912 2,647	100	2 40 94	_	2,741
Railroad	2,647	_	74	_	
River	203	188	_ 147	_	265
Great Lakes	-	188	147	_	334
Creat Lakes	23	_	_	_	23
Great Lakes	23	_	_	_ •	23
Virginia	_	_	平 	4	*
Railroad	-	_	*	_	*
Truck	-	-		*	*
West Virginia Total	4,830	891	223	_	5,944
Railroad	4,737	1	202	_	4,940
River	7	_	_	_	7
Great Lakes	87	890	21	_	997
Northern	568	_	_	_	568
Railroad	545	_	_	_	545
Great Lakes	23	_	_	_	23
Southern	4,261	891	223	_	5,375
Railroad	4,191	1	202	_	4,394
River	7	_	_	_	7
Great Lakes	63	890	21	_	974
Wyoming	10,462	_	_	_	10,462
Railroad	9,505	_	_	_	9,505
Great Lakes	957	-	-	-	957
State Total	32,324	1,944	1,837	20	36,125
Railroad	22,637	604	615	14	23,869
River	315	004	015	14	315
Great Lakes	7,747	1,341	1,123	_	10,212
Truck	1,624	-	99	6	1,729
-				~~~·	
			ESTINATION: MINNE	SOTA	
Ilinois	72	-	_	_	72
River	72	-	_	_	72
ndiana	83	_	_	_	83
Railroad	83	_	-	-	83
Kentucky Total	19	-	139	_	157
River	15	-	110	-	126
Great Lakes	3	-	28	_	32
Eastern	3	-	139	_	142
River	-	-	110	_	110
Great Lakes	3	_	28	_	32
Western	15	_	_	_	15
River	15	_	_	_	15
Montana	9,429	_	_	_	9,429
Railroad	9,429	_	_	_	9,429
Ohio	· –	_	_	5	5
Truck	_	_	_	5	5
Pennsylvania Total	_	_	5	*	6
Railroad	_	_	5	*	5
Truck	_	_	*	*	*
Anthracite	_	_	5	*	6
	_	_	5	- sk	5
Railroad	_	_	2	~ ~	3
Truck	_	_	*	*	*

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
		DESTINA	ATION: MINNESOTA	(Continued)	
Vest Virginia Total	5	_	87	3	94
River	5	-	87	3	94
Southern	5	_	87	3	94
River	5	-	87	3	94
yoming	8,803	-	159	6	8,968
Railroad	7,946	_	159	6	8,111
Great Lakes	470	_	_	_	470
Truck	387	_	-	-	387
tate Total	18,410	-	389	15	18,814
Railroad	17,458	-	164	6	17,628
River	92	_	197	3	292
Great Lakes	473	-	28	_	501
Truck	387	_	*	5	393
		D	ESTINATION: MISSIS	SIPPI	
labama	-	-	35	-	35
Truck	_	_	35	-	35
olorado	1,101	_	_	-	1,101
Railroad	1,101	-	-	-	1,101
linois	1,433	_	38	-	1,472
River	388	_	38	-	427
Tidewater	1,045	_	_ 77	-	1,045
Centucky Total	1,043	_	//	_	1,119
Railroad	1,039 4	_	- 77	_	1,039 81
Eastern	1,039	_	3	_	1,042
Railroad	1,039	_	3	_	1,042
River	1,039		3	Ξ	1,039
Western	4		74		78
River	4	_	7 4 74	_	78 78
lississippi	18		74	Ξ	18
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	18	_	_	_	18
Iontana	1,926	_	_	_	1,926
Railroad	1,926	_	_	_	1,926
ennsylvania Total	-	_	*	_	*
Railroad	_	_	*	_	*
Anthracite	_	_	*	_	*
Railroad	_	_	*	_	*
Vest Virginia Total	99	_	41	_	140
Railroad	99	_	41	_	140
Southern	99	_	41	_	140
Railroad	99	_	41	-	140
tate Total	5,621	_	191	_	5,812
Railroad	4,165	_	41	_	4,206
River	393	_	115	-	507
Tidewater	1,045	-	-	-	1,045
Truck	-	-	35	-	35
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	18	-	-	-	18
_		I	DESTINATION: MISSO	DURI	
rkansas	_	_	16	-	16
Truck	_	-	16	-	16
olorado	1,766	_	_	_	1,766
Railroad	1,766	_			1,766
linois	1,556	_	538	177	2,271
Railroad	999	-	_	*	1,000
River	499	-	53		551
Truck	58	-	485	176	720
ndiana	6	-	-	-	6
Railroad	6	-	-	-	6
ansas	2	_	_	_	2
Truck	2	_	_	_	2

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
		DESTIN	ATION: MISSOURI (Continued)	
Kentucky Total	221	_	51	_	273
Railroad	218	_	_	_	218
River	3	_	51	_	54
Eastern	218	_	43	_	261
Railroad	218		45		218
	216	_	- 42	_	
River	_	_	43	_	43
Western	3	_	8	_	11
River	3	-	8	_	11
lissouri	312	_	78	1	391
Truck	312	_	78	1	391
ennsylvania Total	_	_	6	3	9
Railroad	_	_	6	_	6
Truck	_	_	_	3	3
			6	3	0
Anthracite	_	_	-	3	9
Railroad	_	_	6		6
Truck	-	-	-	3	3
tah	77	-	22	_	99
Railroad	77	_	22	_	99
Vest Virginia Total	199	_	65	45	308
Railroad	11	_	1	-	12
	188	_	63	45	297
River	100	_		43	
Northern	_	_	3	_	3
River	_	_	3	_	3
Southern	199	_	61	45	305
Railroad	11	-	1	_	12
River	188	_	60	45	293
Vyoming	35,958	_	_	_	35,958
Railroad	34,537	_	_	_	34,537
	1,422				1,422
River	1,422	_	_	_	1,422
tate Total	40,097	_	776	226	41,098
			29	*	
Railroad	37,613	_		4.5	37,643
River	2,112	-	168	45	2,324
Truck	372	-	579	181	1,131
		n.	ESTINATION: MONT	ANA	
Aontana	9,861		483	3	10,346
		_	403	3	
Railroad	9	_			9
Truck	223	-	64	3	289
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	9,629	_	419	_	10,048
ennsylvania Total	_	_	3	*	3
Railroad	_	_	3	_	3
Truck	_	_	_	*	*
	_	_	_	*	,
Anthracite	_	_	3	*	3
Railroad	_	-	3	-	3
Truck	_	-	-	*	*
tah	_	_	4	_	4
Truck	_	_	4	_	4
Vyoming	656	_	67	*	724
Railroad	656	_	67	_	723
Truck	-	_	_	*	123
11uck	_	_	_		
tate Total	10,517	_	557	3	11,077
Railroad	665	_	70	-	735
Truck	223	_	67	3	293
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	9,629	_	419	3	
Tramway, Conveyor, and Sturry Pipenne	9,629	_	419	_	10,048
		DI	ESTINATION: NEBRA	SKA	
'alorado	6		14	-	20
Colorado		_		_	
Railroad	6	_	14	_	20
ennsylvania Total	_	-	8	_	8
Railroad	_	_	8	_	8
Truck	_	_	*	_	*
Anthracite	_	_	8	_	8
Railroad			8		8
				_	გ
Truck			*		4

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
		DESTIN	ATION: NEBRASKA (Continued)	
Jtah	. 3	_	_	_	3
Truck		_	_	_	3
Vyoming	12,060	_	166	_	12,226
Railroad	12,060	-	166	_	12,226
	4.0.00		400		
tate Total		_	188	_	12,257
Railroad		-	188	_	12,254
Truck	. 3	_	*	_	3
			DESTINATION: NEVA	ADA	
rizona	4,494	_	_	_	4,494
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline		_	_	-	4,494
entucky Total	. 11	_	_	_	11
Railroad		_	_	_	11
Eastern		_	_	_	11
Railroad		_	_	-	11
tah		_	417	*	3,857
Railroad	,	_	299	_	3,740
Truck		_	117	*	118
Vest Virginia Total		_	_	*	4
Truck		_	_	*	*
Southern		_	_	*	*
Truck		-	_	*	*
tate Total	7,946	_	417	*	8,363
Railroad		_	299	_	3,751
Truck		_	117	*	118
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline		_	-	_	4,494
		DEC	INATION: NEW HAN	(DCHIDE	
Ohio	7	DEST			7
Railroad		_	_	_	7
ennsylvania Total		_	1	3	560
Railroad		_	_	*	542
Tidewater		_	_	_	13
Truck		_	1	3	Δ
Anthracite			1	3	4
Railroad		_	1	*	*
Truck		_	1	3	
		_	1	3	556
Railroad		_	_	<u>-</u>	542
Tidewater		_	_	_	13
Vest Virginia Total		_	_	_	211
Railroad		_	_	_	211
Northern		_	_	_	177
Railroad		_	_	_	177
Southern		_	_	_	34
Railroad		_	_	-	34
tate Total	773		1	2	777
2 7 442		-	1	3	777
Railroad		-	_	75	760
Tidewater Truck		_	1	3	13 4
			CONTRACT STATE -	ware.	
Zandarahar Tadal	40	DE	STINATION: NEW JE	RSEY	40
Centucky Total		_	_	_	10
Tidewater		_	_	_	10
Eastern		-	_	_	10
Tidewater		-	_	_	10
hio		-	_	_	16
Railroad		-	-	_	16
ennsylvania Total		-	6	5	456
Railroad	446	-	*	*	446
Truck			6	5	10

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
		DESTINA	TION: NEW JERSEY	(Continued)	
Anthracite			6	5	10
Railroad		_	*	*	*
Truck	. –	_	6	5	10
Bituminous	. 446	_	_	_	446
Railroad		_	_	_	446
irginia		_	2	_	734
Tidewater		_	_	_	731
Truck		_	2	_	2
Vest Virginia Total		_	_	_	1,591
Railroad		_	_	_	1,063
River	,	_	_	_	46
Tidewater		_	_	_	483
Northern		_	_	_	1,379
Railroad	,	_	_	_	948
Tidewater		_	_	_	430
Southern		_	_	_	212
Railroad			_		114
River		_	_	<u>-</u>	46
		_	_	_	52
Tidewater	. 34	_	_	_	32
tate Total	. 2,794	_	Q	5	2,807
Railroad		_	*	*	1,525
River		_	•	·	1,323
Tidewater		_	_	_	1,224
Truck		_	8	5	1,224
TIUCK	·				13
		DE	STINATION: NEW M	EXICO	
Colorado	. 26	_	72	1	99
Truck	. 26	_	72	1	99
lew Mexico	. 16,417	_	_	5	¹ 16,423
Railroad	. 9,378	_	_	_	9,378
Truck		_	_	5	5
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	. 7,039	_	_	_	7,039
Unknown		_	_	_	1 0
ennsylvania Total		_	*	_	*
Railroad		_	*	_	*
Truck		_	*	_	*
Anthracite		_	*	_	*
Railroad		_	*	_	*
Truck		_	*	_	*
tah		_	_	*	*
Truck		_	_	*	*
11ucx	. –	_	_	•	
tate Total	. 16,443	_	72	6	1 16,521
Railroad	,	_	*	_	9,378
Truck	. ,	_	72	6	104
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline		_	14	o _	7,039
Unknown					1 0
		n	ESTINATION: NEW Y	ORK	
llinois				63	63
Truck		_	_	63	63
Centucky Total		82	537	39	1,216
Railroad		82	537	_	1,176
River		_	_	39	39
Eastern		82	537	39	1,216
Railroad		82 82	537	_	1,176
		04	331	39	39
River		_	_	•	
hio		_	_	19	20
Railroad		-	-	16	16
Truck		_		3	_ 4
ennsylvania Total	,	_	489	53	5,376
Railroad		-	296	1	4,227
River	. 48	_	_	2	50
Great Lakes	. 465	_	_	_	465
	. 390		194	51	634

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
		DESTINA	ATION: NEW YORK ((Continued)	
Anthracite	12		22	45	79
Railroad	-	_	*	1	1
Truck	12	_	22	44	78
Bituminous	4,821	_	467	8	5,290
Railroad	3,930	_	296	-	4,226
River	48		270	2	5(
Great Lakes	465			2	465
Truck	378	_	172	6	
	3/8	- 02	172	0	556
rginia	_	93	_	_	93
Railroad	2.525	93	-	_	93
est Virginia Total	2,735	887	154	5	3,782
Railroad	2,658	887	62	_	3,608
River	_	-	92	_	92
Tidewater	77	_	_	_	77
Truck	-	_	_	5	5
Northern	2,246	317	-	1	2,565
Railroad	2,246	317	_	_	2,563
Truck	-	_	_	1	1
Southern	489	570	154	4	1,217
Railroad	412	570	62	_	1,044
River	_	_	92	_	92
Tidewater	77	_	_	_	77
Truck	_	-	-	4	2
ate Total	8,126	1,063	1,181	180	10,550
Railroad	7,145	1,063	896	17	9,120
River	48	_	92	41	181
Great Lakes	465	_	_	_	465
Tidewater	77	_	_	_	77
Truck	391	-	194	122	706
_		DEST	INATION: NORTH CA	AROLINA	
entucky Total	12.675	DEST			13.457
	12,675 12,360	DEST	710	72	13,457
Railroad	12,360	DEST:	710 566		12,998
Railroad	12,360 315	DEST:	710 566 144	72 72 *	12,998 459
Railroad Truck Eastern	12,360 315 12,675	DEST:	710 566 144 710	72 72 * 72	12,998 459 13,45 7
Railroad Truck Eastern Railroad	12,360 315 12,675 12,360	DEST	710 566 144 710 566	72 72 *	12,998 459 13,45 7 12,998
Railroad	12,360 315 12,675	DEST:	710 566 144 710	72 72 * 72	12,998 459 13,45 7 12,998
Railroad. Truck Eastern. Railroad. Truck ennsylvania Total	12,360 315 12,675 12,360	DEST:	710 566 144 710 566	72 72 * 72	12,998
Railroad	12,360 315 12,675 12,360	DEST:	710 566 144 710 566	72 72 * 72	12,998 459 13,45 7 12,998
Railroad Truck Eastern Railroad Truck ennsylvania Total Railroad Truck	12,360 315 12,675 12,360	DEST:	710 566 144 710 566	72 72 * 72	12,998 459 13,45 7 12,998
Railroad. Truck Eastern Railroad Truck ennsylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite	12,360 315 12,675 12,360	DEST:	710 566 144 710 566	72 72 * 72	12,998 459 13,45 7 12,998
Railroad Truck Eastern Railroad Truck ennsylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad	12,360 315 12,675 12,360	DEST:	710 566 144 710 566	72 72 * 72	12,998 459 13,45 7 12,998 459
Railroad Truck Eastern Railroad Truck ennsylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck	12,360 315 12,675 12,360	DEST:	710 566 144 710 566 144 * * * * * * *	72 72 * 72	12,998 455 13,4 57 12,998 459 459
Railroad Truck Eastern Railroad Truck ennsylvania Total Railroad Truck ennsylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck ennsylvania	12,360 315 12,675 12,360	DEST:	710 566 144 710 566 144 * * * * * *	72 72 * 72	12,998 455 13,45 7 12,998 456 456 457 33 34
Railroad. Truck Eastern. Railroad. Truck. ennsylvania Total. Railroad. Truck Anthracite. Railroad. Truck. Railroad. Truck. Railroad. Truck. Railroad. Truck. Railroad.	12,360 315 12,675 12,360	DEST:	710 566 144 710 566 144 * * * * * * *	72 72 * 72	12,998 459 13,457 12,998 459 459 459 459 459 459 459 459 459 459
Railroad Truck Eastern Railroad Truck ennsylvania Total Railroad Truck ennsylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck ennsylvania	12,360 315 12,675 12,360	DEST:	710 566 144 710 566 144 * * * * * *	72 72 * 72	12,998 459 13,457 12,998
Railroad. Truck Eastern Railroad Truck ennsylvania Total Railroad Truck ennsylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck ennessee Railroad Truck Truck	12,360 315 12,675 12,360	DEST	710 566 144 710 566 144 * * * * * *	72 72 * 72 72 72 * * - * - * 23	12,998 459 13,457 12,998 459 459 459 459 459 459 459 459 459 459
Railroad. Truck Eastern Railroad Truck ennsylvania Total Railroad Truck ennsylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck ennessee Railroad Truck Truck	12,360 315 12,675 12,360 315 - - - - - - -	DEST:	710 566 144 710 566 144 * * * * * 354 352 1	72 72 * 72 72 * * * - * * - *	12,998 455 13,457 12,998 459 459 354 354 354 370
Railroad Truck Eastern Railroad Truck ennsylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck ennessee Railroad Truck ennessee	12,360 315 12,675 12,360 315 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	DEST:	710 566 144 710 566 144 * * * * * 354 352 1 396	72 72 * 72 72 72 * * - * - * 23	12,998 455 13,457 12,998 459 459 459 459 459 459 459 459 459 459
Railroad. Truck Eastern Railroad Truck ennsylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck enlicod Artruck Anthracite Railroad Truck ennessee Railroad Truck ennessee Railroad Truck irginia Railroad Truck irginia Railroad Truck	12,360 315 12,675 12,360 315 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	DEST	710 566 144 710 566 144 * * * * * 354 352 1 396 361 35	72 72 * 72 72 72 * * - * - * 23	12,998 455 13,457 12,998 459 352 352 352 365 365 365 365 365 365 365 365 365 365
Railroad. Truck Eastern. Railroad. Truck ennsylvania Total Railroad. Truck Anthracite. Railroad. Truck ennsyloania Total Railroad. Truck intruck ennsyloania Railroad. Truck et ennessee. Railroad. Truck irginia Railroad. Truck irginia Railroad. Truck Vest Virginia Total.	12,360 315 12,675 12,360 315	DEST	710 566 144 710 566 144 * * * * 354 352 1 396 361 35 1,770	72 72 * 72 72 72 * * - * - * 23	12,998 455 13,457 12,998 459 459 459 459 459 459 459 459 459 459
Railroad Truck Eastern Railroad Truck ennsylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck ennessee Railroad Truck entersee Railroad Truck elect Virginia Total Railroad	12,360 315 12,360 315 281 268 13	DEST	710 566 144 710 566 144 * * * * * 354 352 1 396 361 35 1,770 1,770	72 72 * 72 72 72 * * * * - * * - * 23 23 * 54	12,998 455 13,457 12,998 459 459 459 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18
Railroad Truck Eastern Railroad Truck Ennsylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck Ennsylvania Total Railroad Truck Railroad Truck Ennessee	12,360 315 12,675 12,360 315 - - - - - - 281 268 13 8,442 8,442 8,442	DEST	710 566 144 710 566 144 * * * * * 354 352 1 396 361 35 1,770 1,770 1,770	72 72 * 72 * 72 72 * * * * * * * * * * *	12,998 459 13,457 12,998 459 459 459 459 459 459 460 652 48 10,266 10,266
Railroad Truck Eastern Railroad Truck ensylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck ensylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck ennessee Railroad Truck est Virginia Total Railroad Southern Railroad	12,360 315 12,675 12,360 315 281 268 13 8,442 8,442 8,442 8,442	DEST	710 566 144 710 566 144 * * * * * 354 352 1 396 361 35 1,770 1,770	72 72 * 72 * 72 * * * * * * * * * * * *	12,998 459 13,457 12,998 459 459 459 459 459 459 469 10,266 10,266 10,266
Railroad Truck Eastern Railroad Truck Innsylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck Innsylvania Total Railroad Truck Railroad Truck Railroad Truck Innsylvania Railroad Truck Innessee Railroad Truck Interpolation Railroad Truck Sest Virginia Total Railroad Railroad Railroad Southern Railroad Railroad	12,360 315 12,675 12,360 315 - - - - - - 281 268 13 8,442 8,442 8,442	DEST	710 566 144 710 566 144 * * * * * 354 352 1 396 361 35 1,770 1,770 1,770	72 72 * 72 * 72 72 * * * * * * * * * * *	12,998 459 13,457 12,998 459 459 459 459 459 459 460 652 48 10,266 10,266
Railroad Truck Eastern Railroad Truck ennsylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck ennessee Railroad Truck irignia Railroad Truck irignia Railroad Truck jest Virginia Total Railroad Southern Railroad Southern Railroad	12,360 315 12,675 12,360 315	DEST	710 566 144 710 566 144 * * * * * 354 352 1 396 361 35 1,770 1,770 1,770 1,770 1,770	72 72 * 72 * 72 72 * * * * * * * * * * *	12,998 459 13,457 12,998 459 459 459 459 459 459 459 459 459 10,266 10,266 10,266 10,266 28 28
Railroad Truck Eastern Railroad Truck ensylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck ensylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck ensylvania Truck eigenia Railroad Truck irignia Railroad Truck est Virginia Total Railroad Southern Railroad Southern Railroad Yyoming Railroad Railroad	12,360 315 12,675 12,360 315 281 268 13 8,442 8,442 8,442 8,442 8,442 8,442 8,442 8,442 8,442 8,442 8,442 8,442	DEST	710 566 144 710 566 144 * * * * * 354 352 1 396 361 35 1,770	72 72 * 72 * 72 * * * * * * * * * * * *	12,998 459 13,457 12,998 459 459 459 459 459 459 459 461 10,266 10,266 10,266 288 24,805
Truck Eastern Railroad Truck ennsylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck ennessee Railroad Truck einessee Railroad Truck irginia Railroad Truck Set Virginia Total Railroad Truck Vest Virginia Total Railroad Railroad Railroad Truck	12,360 315 12,675 12,360 315	DEST	710 566 144 710 566 144 * * * * * 354 352 1 396 361 35 1,770 1,770 1,770 1,770 1,770	72 72 ** 72 ** 72 ** * * * * * * * * * *	12,998 459 13,457 12,998 459 459 459 459 459 459 459 459 459 459
Railroad Truck Eastern Railroad Truck Innsylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck Innsylvania Total Railroad Truck Innsylvania Railroad Innsylvania Railroad Innsylvania Railroad Innsylvania In	12,360 315 12,675 12,360 315		710 566 144 710 566 144 * * * * * 354 352 1 396 361 35 1,770 1,770 1,770 1,770 1,770 1,770 1,770 1,780 1,790	72 72 ** 72 ** 72 72 ** * * * * * * * *	12,998 455 13,457 12,998 459 459 459 459 459 459 459 459 459 459
Railroad Truck Eastern Railroad Truck Ensylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck Ensylvania Total Railroad Truck Railroad Truck Ensylvania Truck Ensylvania Railroad Truck Ensylvania Railroad Truck Irginia Railroad Truck (est Virginia Total Railroad Southern Railroad Southern Railroad Yoming Railroad Railroad Southern Railroad Railroad	12,360 315 12,675 12,360 315		710 566 144 710 566 144 * * * * * 354 352 1 396 361 35 1,770 1,770 1,770 1,770 1,770 1,770 1,770 1,770 1,770 1,770 1,770 1,740 1,770	72 72 ** 72 ** 72 72 ** * * * * * * * *	12,998 459 13,457 12,998 459 459 459 459 459 459 459 459 459 10,266 10,266 10,266 10,266 28 28

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
		DESTINAT	ON: NORTH DAKOT	(Continued)	
Eastern	_	_	_	*	*
Truck	_	_	_	*	*
Iontana	810	_	-	67	877
Railroad	810	_	-	67	877
orth Dakota	24,631	_	6,257	50	30,938
Railroad	502	_	-	_	502
Truck	4,492	_	_	50	4,542
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	19,636	_	6,257	_	25,893
ennsylvania Total	*	_	_	11	11
Truck	*	_	_	11	11
Anthracite	-	_	_	1	1
Truck	_	_	_	1	1
Bituminous	*	_	_	10	11
Truck	*	_	_	10	11
tah	_	_	_	*	*
Truck	-	-	_	*	*
toto Total	25 441		6 257	128	21 926
Poilrod	25,441	_	6,257	128	31,826
Railroad Truck	1,312 4,493	_	_	67 61	1,379 4,554
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	19,636	_	6,257	-	25,893
——————————————————————————————————————	,500				20,000
_			DESTINATION: OH	Ю	
ndiana	72	_	_	-	72
Railroad	46	_	_	_	46
River	26	_	_	_	26
Centucky Total	7,993	614	453	81	9,140
Railroad	1,875	614	106	_	2,595
River	5,986	_	157	32	6,174
Great Lakes	-	-	29	_	29
Truck	133	-	161	49	342
Eastern	7,935	614	453	81	9,083
Railroad	1,875	614	106	_	2,595
River	5,928	_	157	32	6,117
Great Lakes	_	_	29	_	29
Truck	133	_	161	49	342
Western	58	_	_	_	58
River	58	_	_	_	58
Iontana	_	_	168	_	168
Great Lakes	_	_	168	_	168
Ohio	19,178	_	1,242	101	20,521
Railroad	1,335	_	-	_	1,335
River	4.649	_	_	_	4.649
Great Lakes	**	_	_	_	*,049
Truck	6,707	_	1.242	101	8.050
	6,487	_	1,242	101	6,487
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline		273	290	4	
ennsylvania Total	4,486	413		4	5,053
Railroad	1,555	272	18	2	1,573
River	2,879	273	107	2	3,261
Great Lakes	15	_	87	_	102
Truck	38	_	78	2	118
Anthracite	_	_	9	2	11
Railroad	-	_	*	*	*
Truck		-	9	2	11
Bituminous	4,486	273	281	2	5,042
Railroad	1,555	_	18	_	1,572
River	2,879	273	107	2	3,261
Great Lakes	15	_	87	_	102
Truck	38	_	69	_	107
ennessee	_	_	_	*	10
Truck	_	_	_	*	*
'exas	7	_	_	_	7
Great Lakes	7	_	_	_	7
/irginia	427	564	*	*	991
	,	564			564
Railroad					

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total			
		DESTINATION: OHIO (Continued)						
Vest Virginia Total	24,185	1,249	1,036	31	26,501			
Railroad	,	868	373	_	5,365			
River	,	314	172	8	20,334			
Great Lakes	- /	68	101	_	175			
Truck		_	389	23	627			
Northern			41	23	5,764			
		_		_	,			
Railroad		_	18	_	1,901			
River		_	11	_	3,839			
Great Lakes		_	12	_	19			
Truck		-	-	_	6			
Southern		1,249	995	31	20,737			
Railroad		868	356	-	3,465			
River	16,012	314	161	8	16,495			
Great Lakes		68	89	_	157			
Truck	209	-	389	23	621			
Vyoming	3,364	_	475	_	3,840			
Railroad	3,364	_	_	_	3,364			
Great Lakes		_	475	_	475			
tate Total	59,713	2,700	3,664	217	66,294			
Railroad		2,045	498	*	14,841			
River		587	436	42	34,872			
Great Lakes	,	68	860	1.2	957			
		-	1.869	175	9,137			
Truck Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	,	_	1,809	173	6,487			
	0,407				0,407			
		DI	ESTINATION: OKLAH	IOMA				
llinois	_	_	1	_	1			
River		_	1	_	1			
ndiana		_	1	_	1			
River			1	_	1			
Kentucky Total			46		46			
•		_	46	_				
River		_		_	46			
Eastern		_	46	_	46			
River		_	46	_	46			
lew Mexico		_	64	_	64			
Railroad		_	64	_	64			
Oklahoma		_	247	2	1,453			
Truck	1,204	-	247	2	1,453			
ennsylvania Total	_	-	*	*	*			
Railroad	_	_	*	*	*			
Anthracite	_	-	*	*	*			
Railroad		_	*	*	*			
Vest Virginia Total		_	14	_	14			
Railroad		_	7	_	7			
River		_	7	_	7			
Northern		_	*	_	*			
River		_	*	_	*			
Southern		_	13	_	13			
Railroad		_	7	<u>-</u>	7			
River	_	_	7	_	/			
14 (01	21.050	_	/	_	21.07			
Vyoming		_	5	_	21,063			
Railroad	21,058	_	5	-	21,063			
tate Total	22,261	_	379	2	22,642			
Railroad		_	76	*	21,134			
River		_	55	_	55			
Truck		_	247	2	1,453			
		1	DESTINATION: OREG	ON				
Kentucky Total	_	-	7	_	7			
Railroad	_	_	7	_	7			
Eastern	_	_	7	_	7			

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
		DESTI	NATION: OREGON (C	Continued)	
Montana	1,507				1,507
Railroad		_	_	_	1,507
Pennsylvania Total		_	17	_	17
Railroad		_	17	_	17
Anthracite		_	17	_	17
Railroad		_	17	_	17
Jtah		_	144	*	431
Railroad		_	144	_	431
Truck		_	177	*	75.
Vest Virginia Total		_	19	_	19
Railroad		_	19	_	19
Southern		_	19	_	19
Railroad			19		19
Vyoming		_	28	_	2,040
Railroad	,	_	28	_	2,040
Kaiii Oau	2,012	_	26	_	2,040
tate Total	3,805	_	216	*	4,021
	,	_	216	_	4,021
Railroad		_	210	*	4,021
ruck					
			TINATION: PENNSYI	LVANIA	
Mabama		157	-	-	157
Railroad	_	157	_	_	157
llinois	. –	_	_	*	1
Truck	. –	_	_	*	1
Kentucky Total	. 113	102	452	47	714
Railroad		61	208	1	336
River	. 18	40	184	46	288
Truck		1	61	*	89
Eastern		102	452	47	714
Railroad		61	208	1	336
River		40	184	46	288
Truck		1	61	*	89
1aryland		-	_	_	2
Truck	_	_	_	_	2
Ohio		_	139	*	358
Railroad		_	-	_	*
River		_	_	_	167
Truck		_	139	*	191
ennsylvania Total		1,395	3,128	633	1 36,912
	,	1,393	398	*	10,989
Railroad	,	1,395	70	14	5,100
River		1,393			
Truck		_	2,599	619	16,518
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline		_	62	_	4,305 1
Unknown		_	- 220	400	
Anthracite		_	320	488	3,776
Railroad		_	37	* 407	209
Truck		1 205	283	487	3,567
Bituminous	,	1,395	2,809	145	1 33,136
Railroad		-	361	_	10,780
River		1,395	70	14	5,100
Truck		_	2,316	131	12,951
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline		_	62	_	4,305
Unknown		_	_	_	1 1
'ennessee		_	11	_	11
Truck			11	_	11
irginia		322	8	_	350
Railroad		322	8	_	350
Vest Virginia Total	8,043	4,823	1,764	10	14,640
Railroad	. 2,049	1,588	782	_	4,418
River		3,235	907	_	9,296
Great Lakes		· –	_	_	50
Tidewater		_	_	_	355
Truck		_	76	10	521
Northern		833	251	2	7,510
Railroad		812	180	=	2,041
River		21	160		5,174
ICI VCI	. 3,133	∠1	_	_	3,174

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
<u> </u>	DESTINAT	TON: PENNSYLVANIA	A (Continued)	
50	-	_	_	50
172	_	71	2	245
1,618	3,990	1,513	8	7,130
999	776	602	_	2,37
1	3,214	907	_	4,12
355	_	_	_	35
262	-	5	8	27
40,152	6,798	5,502	690	1 53,143
12,727	2,128	1,395	1	16,25
8.960	4.670	1.161	60	14.85
- /	_	=	=	5
	_	_	_	35
	1	2 885	620	17,33
,	1		029	4,305
4,243 -	_	-	-	4,303
	*	TINIATION BYON	CV AND	
	DES	TINATION: RHODE I		
_	_	_		
_	_	_		
-	_	_		
-	-	-	2	
-	-	-	2	:
_	-	_	2	:
	DEST	INATION: SOUTH CA	ROLINA	
10,342	_	1,378	5	11,72
10.342	_	1.332	5	11,67
	_		*	4
10 342			5	11,72
				11,67
10,342	_		*	4
26	_			
	_		_	74
26	_		_	6
_	_		_	
_	_		_	4
-	_	42	_	4:
_	-	7	_	
26	_	_	_	2
26	_	_	_	2
289	_	_	_	28
	_	_	_	28
	_	379	_	1,13
	_		_	1,13
137	=	313 *	_	1,13
707	_		- 222	0.4
	_			940
	_	6	232	94
	_	_	_	100
106	-	-	_	100
601	_	6	232	840
601	-	6	232	840
1,122	_	_	_	1,12
1,122	_	_	-	1,12
13.245	_	1.811	237	15,293
	_			15,240
-	_	53	*	5.
	Prom	PINIA TRIONI. GOVERNOS S	AVOTA	
	DEST	TINATION: SOUTH D	AKUTA	
1,496	_		_	1,490
	50 172 1,618 999 1 355 262 40,152 12,727 8,960 500 355 13,817 4,243	Seneration Plants	Plants	DESTINATION: PENNSYLVANIA (Continued)

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
<u>'</u>	<u> </u>	DESTINAT	ION: SOUTH DAKOT	A (Continued)	
Vyoming	679	_	267	1	947
Railroad	558	_	_	_	558
Truck	120	_	267	1	388
tate Total	2,175	_	267	1	2,443
Railroad	2,054	_	_	_	2,054
Truck	120	_	267	1	388
-		Di	ESTINATION: TENNE	CCEE	
Johanna		וע	47	SSEE	47
AlabamaTruck	_	_	47 47	-	47
Colorado	2,920	_	47	_	2.920
Railroad	2,803	_	_	_	2,803
	,	_	_	_	,
River	117	_	_	_	117
llinois	3,109	_	_	_	3,109
River	3,109	_	1 553	_ 70	3,109
Kentucky Total	15,121	_	1,572	79	16,772
Railroad	7,465	_	917	11	8,392
River	7,414	-	262	67	7,743
Truck	242	-	393	1	630
Eastern	6,016	-	1,525	46	7,587
Railroad	5,618	-	917	11	6,540
River	157	_	219	34	410
Truck	241	_	390	1	632
Western	9,105	_	46	33	9,185
Railroad	1,847	_	_	_	1,847
River	7,257	-	43	33	7,333
Truck	2	-	3	_	4
ennsylvania Total	932	-	2	_	933
Railroad	27	_	*	_	27
River	905	_	_	_	905
Truck	_	_	2	_	2
Anthracite	_	_	2	_	2
Railroad	_	_	*	_	2
Truck	_	_	2	_	2
Bituminous	932	_	_	_	932
Railroad	27	_	_	_	27
River	905	_	_	_	905
'ennessee	1,245	_	216	4	1,465
Railroad	542	_	142	_	684
Truck	703	_	74	4	781
Jtah	1,142	_	-	_	1,142
Railroad	1.142	_	_	_	1.142
/irginia	1,525	_	994	_	2,519
Railroad	1,525	_	939	_	2,464
Truck	- 1,525	_	55	_	2,40
Vest Virginia Total	- 87	_	71	15	173
9	87 87	_	2	13	9(
Railroad	0/	_	48	-	48
River	_	_	48 21	- 15	36
Truck	- 07	_		15	
Southern	87	_	71	15	173
Railroad	87	_	2	_	9(
River	_	_	48	_	48
Truck	-	-	21	15	36
Vyoming Railroad	2,743 2,743	_	-	-	2,74 3 2,743
Nam vad	2,743	_	_	-	2,743
tate Total	28,823	_	2,901	98	31,822
Railroad	16,333	_	2,000	11	18,344
River	11,545	_	310	67	11,922
Truck	945	-	592	20	1,557
_			DESTINATION: TEX	AS	
rkansas	_	_	3	_	3
Truck			3		3

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total		
1	Ш.	DEST	INATION: TEXAS (Co	ntinued)			
Colorado	2,610	_	340	_	2,951		
Railroad	2,610	_	340	_	2,951		
Kentucky Total	151	_	2	_	153		
Railroad	151	_	<u> </u>	_	151		
	131	_	2	_	2		
River	151	_	$\frac{2}{2}$	_	_		
Eastern	151	_	2	_	153		
Railroad	151	-	_	_	151		
River	_	_	2	_	2		
New Mexico	_	_	395	_	395		
Railroad	_	_	395	_	395		
Oklahoma	_	_	56	_	56		
Truck	_	_	56	_	56		
ennsylvania Total	*	_	5	*	6		
•					•		
Railroad	_	_	3	_	3		
River	-	_	2	.	2		
Truck	*	_	*	*	1		
Anthracite	*	_	5	*	6		
Railroad	_	_	3	_	3		
River	_	_	2	_	2		
Truck	*	_	*	*	1		
Bituminous	_	_	_	*	*		
	_	_	_	sk	•		
Truck		_	2 020	*	52.055		
'exas	50,027	_	2,828	_	52,855		
Railroad	23,668	-	149	_	23,817		
Truck	13,545	-	260	_	13,805		
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	12,815	_	2,419	_	15,233		
Jtah	105	_	_	_	105		
Railroad	105	_	_	_	105		
Virginia	-	_	4	8	12		
			4	8	12		
Railroad	167	_	4	8			
Vest Virginia Total	167	_	_	_	167		
Railroad	103	-	_	_	103		
River	63	-	_	_	63		
Northern	19	_	_	_	19		
Railroad	19	_	_	_	19		
Southern	148	_	_	_	148		
Railroad	84	_	_	_	84		
	63				63		
River		_	176	_			
Vyoming	47,438	_	176	_	47,614		
Railroad	47,438	_	176	_	47,614		
tate Total	100,499	-	3,809	8	104,316		
Railroad	74,076	_	1,068	8	75,152		
River	63	_	3	_	67		
Truck	13,545	_	319	*	13.865		
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	12,815	_	2,419	_	15,233		
manway, Conveyor, and Sturry Esperine	14,013	_	4,417	_	13,433		
_	DESTINATION: UTAH						
Colorado	1,360	250			1,610		
Railroad	1,360	250	_	_	1,610		
	1,300		_	_			
ennsylvania Total	_	77	5	_	82		
Railroad	-	77	_	_	77		
Truck	-	_	5	_	5		
Bituminous	-	77	5	_	82		
Railroad	_	77	_	_	77		
Truck	_	_	5	_	5		
tah	10,646	_	219	114	10.979		
		_	217	114	., .		
Railroad	3,112	_	_	. 	3,112		
Truck	4,141	_	219	114	4,474		
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	3,393	-	_	_	3,393		
/irginia	_	58	_	_	58		
Railroad	_	58	_	_	58		
Vest Virginia Total	_	141	32	_	173		
	_	141	32	_	173		
Railroad	_			_			
Southern	_	141	32	_	173		
Railroad		141	32		173		

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total			
	II.	DEST	INATION: UTAH (Coi	ntinued)				
Wyoming	15			*	15			
Railroad	15	_	_	_	15			
Truck	-	_	_	*	*			
tate Total	12,020	527	257	114	12,918			
Railroad	4,486	527 527	32	114	5,045			
Truck	4,141	527	224	114	4,479			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	3,393		224	-	3,393			
	3,373				3,373			
		D	ESTINATION: VERM	ONT				
ennsylvania Total	-	-	-	2	2			
Truck	-	-	-	2	2			
Anthracite	-	-	_	2	2			
Truck	-	-	-	2	2			
Vest Virginia Total	-	_	*	-	*			
Truck	-	-	*	_	*			
Southern	_	_	*	-	100			
Truck	_	_	*	-	*			
tate Total	_	_	*	2	2			
Truck	-	-	*	2	2			
-	DESTINATION: VIRGINIA							
Kentucky Total	4,836		755	77	5,668			
Railroad	4,306	_	619	45	4,971			
River	444	_	-	-	444			
Tidewater	10	_	_	_	10			
Truck	76	_	136	31	243			
Eastern	4,836	_	755	77	5,668			
Railroad	4,306	_	619	45	4,971			
River	444	_	=	_	444			
Tidewater	10	_	_	_	10			
Truck	76	_	136	31	243			
Western	_	_	_	*	*			
Truck	_	_	_	*	*			
ennsylvania Total	619	_	16	1	636			
Railroad	256	_	*	_	256			
Truck	362	_	16	1	379			
Anthracite	_	_	2	1	3			
Railroad	_	_	*	_	*			
Truck	_	_	1	1	3			
Bituminous	619	_	14	*	633			
Railroad	256	_	_	_	256			
Truck	362	_	14	*	377			
irginia	6,822	963	400	23	1 8,355			
Railroad	5,336	_	371	11	5,718			
Truck	1,485	*	15	12	1,513			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	-	963	14	-	977			
Unknown	-	_	-	-	1 146			
Vest Virginia Total	3,466	142	1,039	23	4,670			
Railroad	3,039	84	1,002	16	4,141			
River	-	_	5	_	5			
Truck	427	-	32	7	466			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	-	59	-	-	59			
Northern	421	-	-	-	421			
Truck	421	_	_	_	421			
Southern	3,044	142	1,039	23	4,249			
Railroad	3,039	84	1,002	16	4,141			
River	_	_	5	-	.5			
Truck Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	6	_ 59	32	7	44 59			
	_		_	_				
tate Total	15,742	1,106	2,210	124	1 19,328			
Railroad	12,938	84	1,992	73	15,086			
River	444	_	5	_	449			
Tidewater	10	_	_	_	10			

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total		
		DESTI	NATION: VIRGINIA (Continued)			
_							
tate Total	0.051	*	100	51	2.601		
Truck	2,351		199	51	2,601		
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	-	1,022	14	_	1,036 1 ₁₄₆		
Unknown	_	_	_	_	1 140		
_		DE	STINATION: WASHIN	NGTON			
	_	_	51	16	67		
Railroad	_	_	51	15	66		
Truck	_	_	_	1	1		
Vashington	4,074	_	_	_	4,074		
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	4,074	_	_	_	4,074		
yoming	82	_	_	*	83		
Railroad	82	-	_	*	83		
tate Total	4,157		51	17	4,224		
Railroad	4,13 7 82	_	51	16	149		
Truck	-	_	_	1	143		
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	4,074	_	-	_	4,074		
	DESTINATION: WEST VIRGINIA						
	349	DES	75	ROMMA	425		
Kentucky TotalRailroad	3 49 12	_	37		423		
River	254	_	12	_	266		
	84	_	27	_	110		
Truck	349	_	75	_	425		
Eastern Railroad	12	_	37	_	423		
River	254		12		266		
Truck	84	_	27	_	110		
Iaryland	3,055	_	1	*	3,056		
Truck	3,055	_	1	ale	3,056		
Phio	1,609	_	1		1,609		
River	1,609		_		1,609		
ennsylvania Total	5,848	24	510	1	6,382		
Railroad	28	24	*		53		
River	3,991	_	417	_	4,408		
Truck	650	_	89	1	739		
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	1,178	_	4	_	1,182		
Anthracite	3	_	45	*	48		
Railroad	_	_	*	_	*		
Truck	3	_	45	*	48		
Bituminous	5,845	24	465	*	6,334		
Railroad	28	24	-	_	52		
River	3,991	_	417	_	4,408		
Truck	647	_	44	*	692		
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	1,178	_	4	_	1,182		
ennessee	-	_	33	_	33		
Railroad	_	_	33	_	33		
irginia	17	296	_	*	314		
Railroad	16	289	_	*	305		
River	1	7	_	_	8		
Truck	_	_	_	*	4		
est Virginia Total	21,126	1,131	1,378	167	1 23,813		
Railroad	8,098	90	13	64	8,265		
River	7,333	773	391	44	8,541		
Tidewater	_	259	_	_	259		
Truck	3,330	9	611	60	4,009		
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	2,365	_	364	_	2,729		
Unknown	· –	_	_	_	1 11		
Northern	9,759	69	164	4	9,996		
Railroad	182	69	_	_	252		
River	4,509	_	2	_	4,510		
Truck	2,703	_	153	4	2,860		
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	2,365	_	9		2,374		

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
	l.	DESTINAT	TION: WEST VIRGINI	A (Continued)	
Southern	11,367	1,062	1,214	163	1 13,817
Railroad	7,916	21	13	64	8,013
	2,824	773	389	44	4.030
River	2,824		369	44	,
Tidewater	-	259	-	_	259
Truck	627	9	458	56	1,149
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	_	-	354	_	354
Unknown	-	-	_	_	1 11
tate Total	32,004	1,451	1,997	168	1 35,632
Railroad	8,154	403	83	64	8,704
River	13,188	781	819	44	14,832
Tidewater	-	259	-		259
	7,119	9	727	60	7,915
Truck		9		00	
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	3,543	_	368	_	3,911
Unknown	_	_	_	_	1 11
		D	ESTINATION: WISCO	NSIN	
labama	72	_	_	-	72
Railroad	72	_	_	_	72
Colorado	221	_	_	_	221
	221	=	_	_	221
River		_	125	_	
llinois	710	_	125	_	835
Railroad		_	99	_	99
River	710	_	_	_	710
Great Lakes	_	_	26	_	26
ndiana	163	_	65	_	228
Railroad	163	_	65	_	228
Centucky Total	203	_	593	156	952
Railroad	49	_	311	*	360
River	64		39	143	246
		_		143	
Great Lakes	90	_	242	_	332
Truck	- -	_	2	12	14
Eastern	203	_	372	156	730
Railroad	49	_	105	*	155
River	64	_	23	143	230
Great Lakes	90	_	242	_	332
Truck	_	_	2	12	14
Western	_	_	221		221
Railroad			206		206
	_	_		_	
River	_	_	16	_	16
Iontana	482	_	_	_	482
Railroad	482	_	_	_	482
[ew Mexico	216	_	_	_	216
Railroad	216	_	_	_	216
hio	*	_	_	_	*
Railroad	*	_	_	_	*
ennsylvania Total	980	_	25	1	1,007
	514	_	8	1	,
Railroad	314	_		_	522
River	-	_	17	1	19
Great Lakes	466	_	-	_	466
Truck	-	_	*	_	*
Anthracite	-	-	8	_	8
Railroad	_	_	8	_	8
Truck	_	_	*	_	*
Bituminous	980	_	17	1	999
Railroad	514	_		_	514
River	_	_	17	1	19
	100	_	1 /	1	
Great Lakes	466	_	_	_	466
exas	4	-	_	_	4
Railroad	4	-	_	_	4
Vest Virginia Total	100	_	112	_	212
Railroad	39	_	30	_	69
River	47	_	5	_	52
Great Lakes	13	=		_	91
		_	78 73	_	
Northern	21	_	72	_	94
Railroad	12	-	_	_	12
Great Lakes	9	_	72	_	82

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total		
		DESTINA	ATION: WISCONSIN (Continued)			
Southern	78	_	40	_	118		
Railroad	27	_	30	_	57		
River	47	_	5	_	52		
Great Lakes	4	_	6	_	10		
Wyoming	22,849	_	929	_	23,778		
Railroad	22,164	_	929	_	23,093		
River	191	_	727	_	19		
Great Lakes	494	-	_	_	494		
State Total	26,001	_	1,849	157	28,007		
Railroad	23,704	_	1,441	*	25,146		
River	1,232	_	61	144	1,438		
Great Lakes	1,064	_	345	_	1,409		
Fruck	-	-	2	12	1,102		
_		D	ESTINATION: WYON	IING			
Colorado	_	_	148	_	148		
Railroad	_	_	1	_	1		
Truck	_	_	146	_	146		
Pennsylvania Total	_	_	48	_	48		
Railroad	_	_	2	_	7		
Truck	_	_	47	_	4		
Anthracite	_	_	2	_	1		
Railroad	_	_	2	_	2		
Bituminous	_		47	_	47		
Truck	_	_	47	_	47		
	_	_	47	- *	4 /		
Jtah	_	_	_	*			
Truck	26 500	_	1 007	104	20 510		
Vyoming	26,509	_	1,907		28,519		
Railroad	14,227	_	1,216	1	15,444		
Truck	761	_	691	103	1,555		
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	11,521	_	_	-	11,52		
State Total	26,509	_	2,103	104	28,715		
Railroad	14,227	_	1,219	1	15,447		
Truck	761	_	884	103	1,748		
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	11,521	-	_	_	11,521		
_	DESTINATION: U.S. TOTAL						
Mabama	12,658	1,681	1,582	23	2 15,990		
Railroad	5,528	1,620	134		7,282		
River	4,116	-,020	_	_	4,116		
Truck	3,014	61	1,448	23	4,546		
Unknown	-	_	1,770	-	2 46		
laska	483	_	_	553	1,030		
Railroad	148	_	_	483	631		
Truck	335	_	_	483 69	405		
Arizona		_	_	09			
	12,623	_	_	_	12,623		
Railroad	8,129	_	_	_	8,129		
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	4,494	_	_	_	4,494		
Arkansas	_	_	22	_	22		
Truck	26.244	250	22	_	2 20 100		
Colorado	26,244	250	1,594	100	2 28,198		
Railroad	21,129	250	1,173	_	22,553		
River	829	_			829		
Truck	4,287	-	421	100	4,808		
Unknown	-	_	-	_	2 8		
llinois	34,700	_	3,980	604	2 40,102		
Railroad	16,108	_	1,296	*	17,405		
River	13,703	_	313	247	14,263		
Great Lakes	-	_	26	_	26		
Tidewater	1,145	_		_	1,145		
Truck	3,744	_	2,324	357	6,425		
	2,711		,	337	21		
Tramway Conveyor and Shurry Pineline	_	_					
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline Unknown		_	21	_ _	2 818		

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total		
	DESTINATION: U.S. TOTAL (Continued)						
[ndiana	32,191		1,713	295	2 34,215		
Railroad	22,254	_	349	*	22,603		
River	263	_	294	_	557		
Great Lakes	68	_	221	_	68		
Truck	8,983	_	1,070	295	10,347		
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	624	_	-	2,3	624		
Unknown	024	_	_	_	2 16		
Kansas	408		_	_	408		
Truck	408				408		
Kentucky Total	114,895	2,317	15,259	1,066	3 133,997		
Railroad	76,293	1,988	8.478	211	86,969		
River	23,979	40	3,689	625	28,334		
Great Lakes	538	263	1,072	023	1.874		
	19	203		_	,		
Tidewater		25	168	220	187		
Truck	14,065	23	1,852	230	16,172 3 460		
Unknown	QC 144	2 217	14 (10	1.007	3 104,287		
Eastern	86,144	2,317	14,610	1,007			
Railroad	68,217	1,988	8,272	211	78,688		
River	10,502	40	3,328	567	14,437		
Great Lakes	538	263	1,072	-	1,874		
Tidewater	19	-	168	-	187		
Truck	6,867	25	1,771	228	8,891		
Unknown	-	_	_	_	3 209		
Western	28,751	_	648	59	² 29,710		
Railroad	8,076	_	206		8,281		
River	13,477	_	362	57	13,896		
Truck	7,198	_	81	2	7,281		
Unknown	-	-	_	_	2 251		
Louisiana	2,952	-	_	_	2,952		
Truck	716	-	_	_	716		
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	2,236	-	_	_	2,236		
Maryland	3,663	_	209	2	2 3,875		
Railroad	322	_	_	_	322		
Truck	3,341	_	209	2	3,552		
Unknown	_	_	_	_	2 1		
Mississippi	18	_	_	_	18		
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	18	_	_	_	18		
Missouri	312	_	78	3	392		
Truck	312	_	78	3	392		
Montana	39,664	_	915	69	40,649		
Railroad	23,598	_	_	67	23,665		
Great Lakes	6,214	_	433	_	6,647		
Truck	223	_	64	3	289		
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	9,629	_	419	_	10.048		
New Mexico	27,482	_	963	5	1 28,450		
Railroad	20,443	_	963	_	21,406		
Truck	20,173	_	703	5	21,400		
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	7,039	_	_	<i>5</i> –	7,039		
UnknownUnknown	7,039	_	_	_	1 (
North Dakota	24,631		6,257	50	30,938		
Railroad	502	_	U,231	_	50,936		
	4,492	_	_	50	4,542		
Truck		_	6 257	50			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	19,636	_	6,257	120	25,893 2 23,068		
Ohio	21,413	_	1,518	130			
Railroad	1,400	_	_	16	1,416		
River	6,585	_		-	6,585		
Great Lakes	2	_	1.510	-	9.570		
Truck	6,939	_	1,518	114	8,570		
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	6,487	_	_	-	6,487		
Unknown	-	_	_	_	2 7		
Oklahoma	1,275	-	375	7	1,657		
Truck	1,275	-	375	_7	1,657		
Pennsylvania Total	60,167	1,957	5,642	771	3 68,703		
Railroad	25,462	101	1,123	3	26,689		
River	13,482	1,668	924	44	16,118		
Great Lakes	947	188	233	-	1,367		
Tidewater	13	_	_	_	13		
Truck	14,842	_	3,296	725	18,862		

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
1		DESTIN	ATION: U.S. TOTAL ((Continued)	
Pennsylvania Total —					
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	5,421	_	66	_	5,486
Unknown	_	_	_	_	3 166
Anthracite	2,984	_	761	578	² 4,36 5
Railroad	172	_	310	3	485
River	_	_	16	_	16
Truck	2,812	_	435	575	3,822
Unknown	_	_	_	_	2 42
Bituminous	57,184	1,957	4,881	193	³ 64,338
Railroad	25,291	101	813	_	26,204
River	13,482	1,668	908	44	16,103
Great Lakes	947	188	233	_	1,367
Tidewater	13	_	_	_	13
Truck	12,030	_	2,861	149	15,040
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	5,421	_	66	_	5 486
Unknown	_	_	_	_	3 124
Cennessee	2,385	_	714	44	2 3,151
Railroad	1,637	_	574	-	2,211
Truck	748	_	139	44	931
Unknown	-	_	-	_	2 9
Texas	50,061	_	2,840	_	2 52,90 3
Railroad	23,672	_	149	_	23,821
River	23,072	_	12	_	123,621
Great Lakes	30	_	12	_	30
Truck	13,545		260		13,805
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	12,815	_	2,419	_	15,233
	12,013	_	2,419	_	2 2
Unknown	20,185	_	2.992	215	2 23,402
Jtah Railroad		_	, .		
	12,648	_	2,650	15	15,314
Truck	4,144	_	342	200	4,685
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	3,393	_	_	-	3,393
Unknown	-			_	2 10
Virginia	16,317	3,373	2,953	67	3 22,865
Railroad	12,718	2,401	2,829	54	18,001
River	1,369	9	3	*	1,381
Tidewater	731	- -	=		731
Truck	1,499	*	107	13	1,620
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	-	963	14	_	977
Unknown	_	_	_	_	3 154
Vashington	4,074	_	_	_	4,074
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	4,074	_	_	_	4,074
West Virginia Total	105,225	18,125	10,692	760	3 134,882
Railroad	52,462	11,408	5,772	382	70,024
River	40,498	5,428	2,991	212	49,130
Great Lakes	157	957	220	-	1,335
Tidewater	4,290	259	_	_	4,548
Truck	5,453	15	1,345	166	6,978
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	2,365	59	364	_	2,787
Unknown	-	_	-	_	3 80
Northern	35,181	1,219	797	47	2 37,259
Railroad	12,191	1,198	380	_	13,769
River	15,451	21	17	_	15,488
Great Lakes	90	_	84	_	174
Tidewater	1,028	_	_	_	1,028
Truck	4,057	_	307	47	4,411
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	2,365	_	9	=	2,374
Unknown	_,505	_	_	_	2 14
Southern	70,044	16,906	9,895	713	3 97,624
Railroad	40,271	10,210	5,393	382	56,255
River	25.047	5,407	2,975	212	33,641
Great Lakes	23,047 67	957	136	212	1,161
		957 259	130	_	,
Tidewater	3,262		1.027	110	3,521
Truck	1,396	15	1,037	119	2,567
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	_	59	354	-	413
Unknown	-	_	_	_	3 65
Wyoming	327,609	_	5,527	113	2 333,253
Railroad	303,657	_	4,083	8	307,748
River	9,242	-	_	_	9,242

Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Table 64. Origin and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
		DESTINA	ATION: U.S. TOTAL (Continued)	
Wyoming					
Great Lakes	1,921	_	475	_	2,397
Truck	1,269	_	969	105	2,343
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	11,521	_	_	_	11,521
Unknown	-	-	-	_	2 3
U.S. Total	941,636	27,703	65,824	4,879	3 1,041,823
Railroad	628,110	17,768	29,574	1,239	676,691
River	114,066	7,145	8,226	1,128	130,566
Great Lakes	9,877	1,408	2,459	_	13,745
Tidewater	6,199	259	168	_	6,625
Truck	93,632	101	15,838	2,511	112,083
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	89,751	1,022	9,559		100,332
Unknown	· _	, <u> </u>	, <u> </u>	_	3 1,781

Note: Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report."

Table 65. Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin, Destination, and Method of Transportation, 1999

O			v	Vater			Tramway, Conveyor,		
Origin State and Destination State	Railroad	River	Great Lakes	Tidewater	Total	Truck	and Slurry Pipeline	Unknown	Total
Alabama	7,282	4,116	_	3,307	7,423	4,546	_	46	19,297
Alabama	5,444	4,116	_	_	4,116	4,464	_	_	14,024
Arkansas	113	_	_	_	-	_	-	-	113
Georgia	194	_	_	_	-	_	-	-	194
Indiana	1,302	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,302
Mississippi	_	_	_	_	_	35	_	_	35
Pennsylvania	157	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	157
Tennessee	_	_	_	_	-	47	_	_	47
Wisconsin	72	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	72
Unknown State	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	46	46
Foreign	_	_	_	3,307	3,307	_	_	_	3,307
_									
Alaska	631	_	_	537	537	405	_	_	1,573
Alaska	631	_	_	_	-	405	_	_	1,036
Foreign	_	-	_	537	537	-	-	_	537
	0.400						4 40 4		10.000
Arizona	8,129	_	-	_	_	-	4,494	-	12,623
Arizona	8,129	_	_	_	_	-		_	8,129
Nevada	_	-	_	_	_	-	4,494	_	4,494
A						22			22
Arkansas	_	_	-	_	_	22	_	_	22
Arkansas	_	_	_	_	_	4	_	_	4
Missouri	_	_	_	-	_	16	_	_	16
Texas	_	_	-	_	_	3	_	_	3
Colorado	22 005	829		167	1,295	4 909		8	20.017
ColoradoAlaska	23,905	029	_	467	1,295	4,808	_	o -	30,017
	15	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	15
Arizona	630	_		_	_	•	_	_	630
Arkansas	10		_	_		_	_		10
California	10	_	_	_	_	- 4.550	_	_	10
Colorado	7,735		_	_	_	4,559	_	_	12,294
Illinois	185	141	_	_	141	4	_	_	330
Iowa	170	306	_	_	306	_	_	_	475
Kansas	587	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	587
Kentucky	2,946		_	-		_	-	_	2,946
Michigan		43	_	_	43	_	_	_	55
Mississippi	1,101	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,101
Missouri	1,766	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	1,766
Nebraska	20	_	_	-	_	_	-	-	20
New Mexico	_	_	-	_	-	99	_	-	99
Tennessee	2,803	117	-	_	117	-	-	-	2,920
Texas	2,951	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,951
Utah	1,610	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	1,610
Wisconsin	_	221	_	_	221	_	_	_	221
Wyoming	1	_	_	_	_	146	_	_	148
Unknown State	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	8	8
Foreign	1,352	_	_	467	467	_	_	_	1,819
Illinois	17,405	14,263	26	1,210	15,499	6,425	21	818	40,167
Alabama	661	577	_	100	677	_	_	_	1,338
Florida	1,073	3,227	_	_	3,227	_	_	_	4,300
Georgia	614		_	_		_	_	_	614
Illinois	9,420	3,161	_	_	3,161	4,989	21	_	17,592
Indiana	3,956	773	_	_	773	434	_	_	5,162
Iowa	214	1,655	_	_	1,655	193	_	_	2,061
Kentucky	368	-	_	_	-,	27	_	_	395
Minnesota	_	72	_	_	72	_	_	_	72
Mississippi		427	_	1,045	1,472	_	_	_	1,472
Missouri	1,000	551	_	-,	551	720	_	_	2,271
New York		-	_	_	-	63	_	_	63
Oklahoma	_	1	_	_	1	-	_	_	1
Pennsylvania		_	_	_	_	*	_	_	*
Tennessee	_	3,109	_	_	3,109	_	_	_	3,109
Wisconsin.	99	710	26	_	735	_	_	_	835
Unknown State		710	_	_	733	-	_	818	818
Foreign	_	_	_	65	65	_	_	010	65
1 0101611	_	_	_	03	0.5	_	_	_	0.5
Indiana	22,603	557	68		625	10,347	624	16	34,215

Table 65. Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin, Destination, and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

Origin State and Destination State	Railroad					ļ	Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline		
ana (Continued)	Kam oad	River	Great Lakes	Tidewater	Total	Truck		Unknown	Total
Indiana (Continued)									
Illinois Indiana	767 20,565	293	_	_	293	237 9,260	624	_	1,004 30,742
Iowa		293	_	_	293	9,200	-	_	109
Kentucky	_ : : :	237	_	_	237	851	_	_	1,887
Michigan	_	_	68	_	68	-	-	_	68
Minnesota		_	-	_	-	_	_	_	83
Missouri		_	_	_	_	-	_	_	-6
Ohio		26	_	_	26 1	_	_	_	72
Oklahoma Wisconsin	228	1	_	_	1	_	_	_	1 228
Unknown State	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	16	16
Kansas	_	_	_	_	_	408	_	_	408
Kansas	_	_	_	_	_	406	_	_	406
Missouri	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	2
Kentucky	87,555	28,356	2,763	3,325	34,444	16,172	_	460	138,632
Alabama	1,085	1,178	,	_	1,178	26	-	_	2,288
Arkansas	20	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	20
Delaware		_	_	_	_	-	_	_	69
District of Columbia	12.006	2 122	_	-	2 122	_	_	_	15 219
FloridaGeorgia		3,122 21	_	_	3,122 21	174	_	_	15,218 16,450
Illinois		400	82	_	482	43	_	_	1,391
Indiana	556	1,979	-	_	1,979	452	_	_	2,987
Iowa		359	_	_	359	*	_	_	389
Kentucky	8,477	5,404	-	_	5,404	12,047	_	10	25,939
Louisiana		279	-	_	279	-	_	-	279
Maine		_	_	168	168	-	_	_	168
Maryland			49	_	120	_	_	_	108
Massachusetts		82	48 1,351	_	130 1,351	1.491	_	_	353 6,040
Minnesota		126	32	_	1,331	1,491	_	_	157
Mississippi		81	_	_	81	_	_	_	1,119
Missouri		54	_	_	54	_	_	_	273
Nevada	11	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	11
New Jersey			_	10	10	-	_	_	10
New York		39	_	_	39	450	_	-	1,216
North Carolina		-	-	_	_	459	_	_	13,457
North Dakota		6,174	29	_	6,204	342	_	_	9,140
Oklahoma		46		_	46	J-12 -	_	_	46
Oregon		-	_	_	_	_	_	_	7
Pennsylvania		288	-	_	288	89	_	_	714
South Carolina			-	-	_	46	-	-	11,724
Tennessee		7,743	-	_	7,743	636	_	_	16,772
Texas	151	2	-	10	2	242	_	_	153
Virginia West Virginia		444 266	_	10	454 266	243 110	_	_	5,668 425
Wisconsin		246	332	_	578	14	_	_	952
Unknown State	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	450	450
Foreign	586	22	889	3,138	4,050	_	-	-	4,636
Kentucky, Eastern	79,274	14,459	2,763	3,325	20,548	8,891	-	209	108,922
Alabama		112	-	-	112	26	-	-	415
Arkansas	20	-	_	_	_	_	-	_	20
District of Columbia		_	-	_	-	-	_	_	69
Florida		1,769	_	_	1,769	_	_	_	13,804
Georgia		21	_	_	21	174	_	_	16,450
Illinois		245	82	_	327	43	_	_	1,236
Indiana		1,973	_	_	1,973	414	_	_	2,942
Iowa		237	-	_	237	*	_	_	268
Kentucky		1,984	-	_	1,984	4,809	-	10	9,921
Louisiana		16	_	- 100	16	_	-	_	16
Maryland	108	_	_	168	168	_	_	_	168 108

Table 65. Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin, Destination, and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

			V	Vater			Tramway,	Unknown	Total
Origin State and Destination State	Railroad	River	Great Lakes	Tidewater	Total	Truck	Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline		
Kentucky, Eastern (Continued)									
Massachusetts		82	48	_	130	-	_	-	3
Michigan	3,198	_	1,351	_	1,351	1,491	_	_	6,0
Minnesota	–	110	32	_	142	_	_	_	1
Mississippi	1,039	3	_	_	3	_	_	_	1,0
Missouri	218	43	_	_	43	_	_	-	2
Nevada	11	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
New Jersey	–	_	_	10	10	_	_	_	
New York	1,176	39	_	_	39	_	_	_	1,
North Carolina	12,998	_	_	_	_	459	_	_	13.
North Dakota		_	_	_	_	*	_	_	- /
Ohio		6,117	29	_	6,146	342	_	_	9.
Oklahoma		46		_	46		_	_	-,
Oregon		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Pennsylvania		288	_	_	288	89	_	_	
South Carolina		200	_	_	200	46	_	_	11.
Fennessee	,	410	_	_	410	632	_	_	7
			_			032	_		/
Γexas		2	_	10	2		_	_	_
Virginia		444	_	10	454	243	-	-	5
West Virginia		266	-	_	266	110	_	_	
Wisconsin		230	332	_	562	14	_		
Unknown State		_		_	_	-	_	199	
Foreign	586	22	889	3,138	4,050	-	-	-	4
entucky, Western		13,896	-	-	13,896	7,281	-	251	29
Alabama	808	1,065	_	_	1,065	_	_	_	1.
Florida	61	1,353	_	_	1,353	_	_	_	1.
Illinois	–	155	_	_	155	_	_	-	
Indiana	–	7	_	_	7	38	_	_	
Iowa	–	122	_	_	122	_	_	_	
Kentucky		3,421	_	_	3,421	7,238	_	_	16
Louisiana		262	_	_	262	-,	_	_	
Minnesota		15	_	_	15	_	_	_	
Mississippi		78	_	_	78	_	_	_	
Missouri		11		_	11		_	_	
		58	_	_	58	_	_	_	
Ohio			_	_		5	_	_	0
Tennessee		7,333	_		7,333	3	_		9
Virginia		-	_	_	-	*	_	_	
Wisconsin		16	_	_	16	_	_	_	
Unknown State	–	_	_	_	_	_	-	251	
ouisiana		-	-	-	-	716	2,236	-	2
Louisiana	–	_	_	_	_	716	2,236	-	2
aryland	322	_	_	*	*	3,552	_	1	3
Delaware	139	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Maryland	183	_	_	_	_	495	_	_	
Pennsylvania		_	_	_	_	2	_	_	
West Virginia		_	_	_	_	3,056	_	_	3
Unknown State		_	_	_	_	-,	_	1	
Foreign		-	-	*	*	-	-	_	
ississippi	_	_	_	_	_	_	18	_	
Mississippi		-	-	-	-	-	18	_	
issouri	_	_	_	_	_	392	_	_	
Kansas		_	_	_	_	1	_	_	
Missouri		_	-	-	-	391	-	-	
ontana	24,136	_	6,858	_	6,858	289	10,048	_	41
Arizona		_	0,030	_	0,030	209	10,040	_	41
		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1
Illinois		_	_	_	_	_	_		1.
Indiana		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1
Kansas		_		_		_	_	_	1
Michigan		_	6,478	_	6,478	-	_	_	9
	9,429	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	9
Minnesota									
MinnesotaMississippi		_	-	_	-	_	_	-	1

Table 65. Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin, Destination, and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

			V	Vater			Tramway,		
Origin State and Destination State	Railroad	River	Great Lakes	Tidewater	Total	Truck	Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	Unknown	Total
Montana (Continued)									
North Dakota	877	_	-	-	_	_	-	-	877
Ohio	_	_	168	_	168	_	_	-	168
Oregon	1,507	_	-	-	_	_	_	-	1,507
South Dakota	1,496	_	-	-	_	_	_	-	1,496
Wisconsin	482	_	-	-	_	_	_	-	482
Foreign	471	_	212	_	212	-	-	-	682
New Mexico	21,406	_	_	_	_	5	7,039	*	28,450
Arizona	11,346	_	-	_	_	-	_	-	11,346
California	6	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	6
Colorado	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1
New Mexico	9,378	_	_	_	_	5	7,039	*	16,423
Oklahoma	64	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	64
Texas	395	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	395
Wisconsin	216	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	216
North Dakota	502	_	_	_	_	4,542	25,893	_	30,938
North Dakota	502	-	-	_	-	4,542	25,893	-	30,938
Ohio	1,416	6,585	7	2	6,594	8,570	6,487	7	23,074
Alabama	_	31	_	_	31	_	_	_	31
Connecticut	_	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	*
Georgia	42	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	42
Indiana	_	7	_	_	7	84	_	_	91
Kentucky	_	123	_	_	123	_	_	_	123
Michigan	_	_	2	_	2	237	_	-	239
Minnesota	_	_	-	_	_	5	_	-	5
New Hampshire	7	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	7
New Jersey	16	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	16
New York	16	_	_	_	_	4	_	_	20
Ohio	1,335	4,649	*	_	4,649	8,050	6,487	_	20,521
Pennsylvania	*	167	_	_	167	191	_	-	358
West Virginia	_	1,609	_	_	1,609	_	_	-	1,609
Wisconsin	*	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	*
Unknown State	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	7	7
Foreign	-	-	4	2	6	-	-	_	6
Oklahoma	_	_	_	_	_	1,657	_	_	1,657
Arkansas	_	_	_	_	_	66	_	_	66
Kansas	_	_	_	_	_	82	_	_	82
Oklahoma	_	_	_	_	_	1,453	_	_	1,453
Texas	-	-	-	-	-	56	-	_	56
Pennsylvania	26,995	16,764	2,591	4,802	24,157	18,864	5,486	166	75,669
Alabama	200	117	´ –	´ –	117	*	´ –	_	317
Arizona	*	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	*
Arkansas	_	_	_	_	_	1	_	_	1
California	*	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	*
Colorado	18	1,096	_	_	1,096	1	_	_	1,115
Connecticut	80		_	_	_	6	_	_	87
Delaware	426	_	_	_	_	7	_	_	433
District of Columbia	_	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	*
Florida	256	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	256
Georgia	688	_	_	_	_	3	_	_	691
Illinois	16	97	_	_	97	*	_	_	114
Indiana	68	215	_	_	215	44	_	_	327
Iowa	34	243	_	_	243	2	_	_	280
Kansas	1		_	_		_	_	_	1
Kentucky	331	272	_	_	272	5	_	_	608
Louisiana	*	68	_	_	68	*	_	_	68
Maine	12	_	_	_	_	2	_	_	15
17141110	2,879	_	_	_	_	297	_	_	3,176
Maryland	2,019	_	_	_	_	9	_	_	124
Maryland	115	_							
Massachusetts	115 2.741	265	331	_	500	-	_		
Massachusetts	2,741	265	334	-	599	1		-	3,342
Massachusetts		265 -	334	- - -	599 –	1	- - -		

Table 65. Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin, Destination, and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

			V	Vater			Tramway,	Unknown	Total
Origin State and Destination State	Railroad	River	Great Lakes	Tidewater	Total	Truck	Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline		
ennsylvania (Continued)									
Montana	3	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	
Nebraska	8	_	_	-	_		_	-	_
New Hampshire	542	_	_	13	13	4	_	_	5
New Jersey	446	_	_	_	_	10	_	_	4
New York	4,227	50	465	_	515	634	_	_	5,3
North Carolina	4,227	30	403	_	313	034	_	_	3,3
North Dakota	_	_		_		11		_	
Ohio	1,573	3,261	102	_	3,363	118	_	_	5.0
Oklahoma	*	5,201	-	_	5,505	-	_	_	5,0
Oregon	17	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Pennsylvania	10,989	5,100	_	_	5,100	16,518	4,305	1	36,9
Rhode Island	-	-	_	_	-	2		_	50,5
South Carolina	67	_	_	_	_	7	_	_	
Tennessee	27	905	_	_	905	2	_	_	9
Texas	3	2	_	_	2	1	_	_	
Utah	77	_	_	_	_	5	_	_	
Vermont	_	_	_	_	_	2	_	_	
Virginia	256	_	_	_	_	379	_	_	
West Virginia	53	4,408	_	_	4,408	739	1,182	_	6.
Wisconsin	522	19	466	_	485	*		_	1,0
Wyoming	2	_	_	_	_	47	_	_	,
Unknown State	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	166	
Foreign	306	646	1,224	4,789	6,659	2	-	_	6,9
nnsylvania Anthracite	695	16	_	4	20	3,823	_	42	4,
Alabama	*	11	_	_	11	*	_	_	
Arizona	*	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	
Arkansas	_	_	_	_	_	1	_	_	
California	*	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	
Colorado	18	_	_	_	_	1	_	_	
Connecticut	_	_	_	_	_	6	_	_	
Delaware	*	_	_	_	_	7	_	_	
District of Columbia	_	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	
Florida	*	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	
Georgia	*	_	_	_	_	3	-	-	
Illinois	16	_	-	-	-	*	-	-	
Indiana	*	_	-	-	-	44	-	-	
Iowa	34	_	_	_	_	2	_	_	
Kansas	1	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	
Kentucky	11	3	_	_	3	5	_	_	
Louisiana	*	_	_	_	_	*	_	-	
Maine	*	_	_	_	_	2	_	-	
Maryland	98	_	_	_	_	2	_	-	
Massachusetts	*	_	_	_	_	9	-	-	
Michigan	*	_	_	_	_	1	_	_	
Minnesota	5	-	-	-	-	*	-	-	
Mississippi	*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Missouri	6	_	_	_	_	3	_	_	
Montana	3	_	_	_	_	*	_	-	
Nebraska	8	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	
New Hampshire	*	_	_	_	_	4	_	_	
New Jersey	*	_	_	_	_	10	_	_	
New Mexico	*	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	
New York	1	_	_	_	_	78	_	_	
North Carolina	*	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	
North Dakota	-	_	_	_	_	1	_	_	
Ohio	*	_	_	_	_	11	_	_	
Oklahoma	*	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	
Oregon	17	_	_	_	_		_	_	_
Pennsylvania	209	_	_	_	_	3,567	_	-	3,
Rhode Island	_	_	_	_	_	2	_	_	
South Carolina	42	_	_	_	_	7	_	_	
Tennessee	*	_	_	_	_	2	_	_	
Texas	3	2	_	_	2	1	_	_	
Vermont	-	_	_	_	_	2	_	_	
Virginia	*	_	_	_	_	3	_	_	

Table 65. Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin, Destination, and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

Origin State and			V	Vater			Tramway, Conveyor,		
Origin State and Destination State	Railroad	River	Great Lakes	Tidewater	Total	Truck	and Slurry Pipeline	Unknown	Total
Pennsylvania Anthracite (Continued)									
West Virginia		_	_	_	_	48	_	_	48
Wisconsin		_	_	_	_	*	_	_	8
Wyoming		_	_	_	_	-	_	-	2
Unknown State		_	_	4	4	_	_	42	42 216
Pennsylvania Bituminous	26,300	16,749	2,591	4,798	24,138	15,041	5,486	124	71,089
Alabama		106	_	, -	106	-	_	_	306
Colorado	_	1,096	_	-	1,096	-	_	-	1,096
Connecticut	80	· –	_	_	_	*	_	_	80
Delaware	425	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	425
Florida	256	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	256
Georgia	688	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	688
Illinois	_	97	_	_	97	_	_	_	97
Indiana		215	_	_	215	-	_	_	283
Iowa	_	243	_	_	243	-	_	_	243
Kentucky	319	269	_	_	269	-	_	_	589
Louisiana	_	68	_	_	68	_	_	_	68
Maine	12	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	12
Maryland	2,781	_	_	_	_	295	_	_	3,076
Massachusetts	115	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	115
Michigan	2,741	265	334	_	599	_	_	_	3,340
New Hampshire	542	_	_	13	13	_	_	_	556
New Jersey		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	446
New York	4,226	50	465	_	515	556	_	_	5,296
North Dakota	_	_	_	_	_	11	_	_	11
Ohio	1,572	3,261	102	_	3,363	107	_	_	5,042
Pennsylvania	10,780	5,100	_	_	5,100	12,951	4,305	1	33,136
South Carolina	26	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	26
Tennessee	27	905	_	_	905	_	_	_	932
Texas	_	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	*
Utah	77	_	_	_	_	5	_	_	82
Virginia	256	_	_	-	_	377	_	_	633
West Virginia	52	4,408	_	_	4,408	692	1,182	_	6,334
Wisconsin	514	19	466	_	485	_	_	_	999
Wyoming	_	_	_	_	_	47	_	_	47
Unknown State	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	123	123
Foreign	96	646	1,224	4,785	6,655	*	-	-	6,750
Tennessee		_	-	_	_	931	_	9	3,155
Alabama	35	_	_	_	_	14	_	_	49
Delaware		_	_	_	_	13	-	-	13
Florida		-	_	_	_	_	-	-	30
Georgia		-	_	_	_	24	_	_	811
Kentucky		_	_	_	_	86	_	_	87
North Carolina		_	_	_	_	1	_	_	354
Ohio		_	_	_	_	*	-	_	*
Pennsylvania		_	_	_	_	11	-	_	11
South Carolina	289	_	_	_	_		_	_	289
Tennessee		_	_	_	_	781	_	_	1,465
West Virginia		-	_	-	_	-	_	_	33
Unknown State		-	_	_	_	_	_	9	9
Foreign	4	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	4
Texas		12	102	92	205	13,805	15,233	2	53,075
Illinois		12	_	_	12	-	-	_	12
Michigan		-	23	-	23	-	-	-	23
Ohio		-	7	-	7	-	-	-	7
Texas		-	-	-	-	13,805	15,233	-	52,855
Wisconsin		_	_	_	_	-	_	_	4
Unknown State		_		_		-	_	2	2
Foreign	8	_	72	92	163	-	-	-	172

Table 65. Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin, Destination, and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

			V	Vater			Tramway,	Unknown	
Origin State and Destination State	Railroad	River	Great Lakes	Tidewater	Total	Truck	Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline		Total
Utah (Continued)									
California	5,101	-	_	_	_	29	_	_	5,130
Colorado	-	_	_	_	_	3	_	_	3
Idaho		_	_	_	_	54	_	-	1.507
Illinois Kansas		_	_	_	_	*	_	_	1,507
Missouri	99	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	99
Montana		_	_	_	_	4	_	_	4
Nebraska	_	_	_	_	_	3	_	_	3
Nevada	3,740	_	_	_	_	118	_	_	3,857
New Mexico		_	_	_	_	*	_	_	×
North Dakota	_	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	*
Oregon	431	_	_	-	_	*	_	_	431
Tennessee	1,142	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	1,142
Texas		_	_	-	_	_	_	-	105
Utah		_	_	_	_	4,474	3,393	_	10,979
Washington		_	_	-	_	1	_	_	67
Wyoming		_	_	-	_	*	_	-	*
Unknown State		_	_			_	_	10	10
Foreign	_	_	-	2,313	2,313	-	_	_	2,313
Virginia Alabama		1,381	_	9,226	10,608	1,620	977	154	31,63 4
Delaware		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	182
Florida		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	590
Georgia		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	4,475
Illinois		4	_	_	4	_	_	_	4,175
Indiana		941	_	_	941	_	_	_	1,739
Maryland		-	_	_	-	1	_	_	1,700
Michigan		_	_	_	_	*	_	_	*
New Jersey		_	_	731	731	2	_	_	734
New York		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	93
North Carolina	652	_	_	-	_	48	_	_	700
Ohio	564	427	_	_	427	_	_	_	991
Pennsylvania		_	_	_	_	_	-	-	350
South Carolina		_	_	_	_	*	_	_	1,138
Tennessee		_	_	-	_	55	_	-	2,519
Texas	12	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	12
Utah		_	_	_	_	1.512	-	-	58
Virginia		_	_	_	_	1,513	977	146	8,355
West Virginia		8	_	_	8	4	_	- 8	314 8
Unknown State		_	_	8,495	8,495	_	_	-	8,770
Washington							4,074	_	4,074
Washington	_	_	_	_	_	_	4,074	_	4,074
West Virginia	74,196	49,165	6,412	18,110	73,687	6,980	2,787	80	157,730
Alabama	,	464	-	,	464	16	_,	_	2,156
Connecticut	117	-	_	598	598	_	_	-	715
Delaware	523	_	_	-	_	2	_	_	525
District of Columbia	3	3	_	_	3	_	_	_	6
Florida	1,135	172	_	1,306	1,478	3	-	-	2,615
Georgia		-	-	-	_	_	-	-	3,713
Illinois		587	20	_	607	6	_	_	1,549
Indiana		1,588	_	*	1,588	-	_	_	7,484
Iowa		95	_	_	95	- 440	_	-	3,531
Kentucky		7,186	_	_	7,186	418	_	_	8,793
Louisiana		155	_	_	155	*	_	-	155
Maryland		_	_	1 226	1 226		_	_	0.023
Maryland		_	_	1,226	1,226	871	_	_	9,033 873
Massachusetts		7	997	245	245 1,004	_	_	_	87. 5,94
Minnesota		94	77 / -	_	94	_	_	_	3,9 4 4
Mississippi		94	_	_	94	_	_	_	140
Missouri		297	_	_	297	_	_	_	308
		271							500
Nevada	_	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	

Table 65. Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin, Destination, and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

0 : : 5: 4			V	Vater			Tramway,		
Origin State and Destination State	Railroad	River	Great Lakes	Tidewater	Total	Truck	Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	Unknown	Total
Vest Virginia (Continued)									
New Jersey	1,063	46	_	483	528	_	_	_	1,59
New York	3,608	92	_	77	169	5	_	_	3,78
North Carolina	10,266	-		_			_	_	10,20
Ohio	5,365	20,334	175	_	20,509	627	_	_	26,50
Oklahoma	7	7	_	_	7	_	-	_	
Oregon	19		_				-	-	
Pennsylvania	4,418	9,296	50	355	9,701	521	-	-	14,6
South Carolina	946	_	_	_	_		-	-	9
Tennessee	90	48	_	_	48	36	_	_	1
Texas	103	63	_	_	63	_	_	_	1
Utah	173	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	1
Vermont	_	_	_	_	_	*	-	-	
Virginia	4,141	5	_		5	466	59		4,6
West Virginia	8,265	8,541		259	8,799	4,009	2,729	11	23,8
Wisconsin	69	52	91	_	143	-	_	_	2
Unknown State						_	_	69	
Foreign	4,172	36	5,077	13,562	18,674	2	_	_	22,8
7-4 \$722- \$141	12.000	15 400	1.706	1.540	10.744	4 411	2.274	1.4	20.5
/est Virginia, Northern	13,968	15,488	1,706	1,549	18,744	4,411	2,374	14	39,5
Alabama	17	250	_	-	250	_	_	_	2
Connecticut	17	_	_	598	598	_	_	-	6
Delaware	191	_	_	_	_	2	_	_	1
Florida	855	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	8
Illinois	4	-	_	_	- 120	-	_	-	2
Indiana	219	120	_	_	120	_	_	-	3
Kentucky	_	1,436	_	_	1,436	5	_	-	1,4
Louisiana		155	_	_	155		_	_	1:
Maryland	3,916	_	_	_	_	871	_	_	4,7
Massachusetts	. 3	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Michigan	545	_	23	_	23	_	_	_	50
Missouri	_	3	_	_	3	_	_	_	
New Hampshire	177	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1'
New Jersey	948	_	_	430	430	_	_	_	1,3
New York	2,563	_	_	-	-	1	_	-	2,5
Ohio	1,901	3,839	19	-	3,858	6	_	-	5,7
Oklahoma	_	*	-	_	*	_	-	-	
Pennsylvania	2,041	5,174	50	_	5,224	245	-	-	7,5
South Carolina	106	_	-	_	-	_	-	-	1
Texas	19	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Virginia	_	_	_	_	_	421	_	_	4:
West Virginia	252	4,510	_	_	4,510	2,860	2,374	_	9,9
Wisconsin	12	_	82	_	82	_	_	-	9
Unknown State	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	14	
Foreign	199	_	1,533	521	2,054	-	_	_	2,2
/est Virginia, Southern	60,228	33,677	4,706	16,561	54,943	2,569	413	65	118,2
Alabama	1,677	213	_	_	213	16	_	_	1,9
Connecticut	101	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	10
Delaware	332	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	3:
District of Columbia	3	3	-	-	3	_	_	_	
Florida	279	172	_	1,306	1,478	3	-	-	1,7
Georgia	3,713	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	3,7
Illinois	932	587	20	_	607	6	-	-	1,5
Indiana	5,678	1,468	-	*	1,468	_	-	-	7,1
Iowa	3,437	95	-	_	95	_	-	-	3,5
Kentucky	1,190	5,750	_	_	5,750	413	_	-	7,3
Maine	_	_	_	_	_	*	_	-	
Maryland	3,019	_	_	1,226	1,226	-	_	-	4,2
Massachusetts	625	_	_	245	245	_	_	_	8
Michigan	4,394	7	974	_	981	_	_	_	5,3
Minnesota	_	94	_	_	94	-	_	_	
Mississippi	140	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	1
Missouri	12	293	-	-	293	-	_	_	3
Nevada	_	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	
New Hampshire	34	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
New Jersey	114	46	_	52	98	_	_	_	2
New York	1,044	92		77	169	4		_	1,2

Table 65. Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin, Destination, and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

			v	Vater]	Tramway,	Unknown	
Origin State and Destination State	Railroad	River	Great Lakes	Tidewater	Total	Truck	Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline		Total
West Virginia, Southern (Continued)									
North Carolina	10,266	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	10,20
Ohio	3,465	16,495	157	_	16,651	621	_	_	20,7
Oklahoma	7	7	_	_	7	_	_	_	
Oregon	19	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Pennsylvania	2,377	4,122	_	355	4,477	276	_	_	7,1
South Carolina	840	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	8
Tennessee	90	48	_	_	48	36	_	_	1
Texas	84	63	_	_	63	_	_	_	1
Utah	173	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1
Vermont	_	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	
Virginia	4.141	5	_	_	5	44	59	_	4,2
West Virginia	8,013	4.030	_	259	4,289	1,149	354	11	13,8
Wisconsin	57	52	10		62		_	_	1
Unknown State	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	54	
Foreign	3,973	36	3,545	13,040	16,620	2	_	_	20,5
_					,				
yoming	308,057	9,242	5,039	823	15,104	2,343	11,521	3	337,0
Alabama	10,679	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	10,6
Arizona	142	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	1
Arkansas	15,167	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	15,1
California	189	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1
Colorado	11,077	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	11,0
Florida	_	416	_	_	416	_	-	_	4
Georgia	6,805	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	6,8
Idaho	237	_	_	_	-	12	-	_	2
Illinois	23,311	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	23,3
Indiana	7,102	7,213	_	_	7,213	_	_	_	14,3
Iowa	24,100	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	24,1
Kansas	13,751	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	13,7
Kentucky	1,789	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,7
Louisiana	11,130	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	11,1
Michigan	9,505	_	957	_	957	_	_	_	10,4
Minnesota	8,111	_	470	_	470	387	_	_	8,9
Missouri	34,537	1,422	_	_	1,422	_	_	_	35,9
Montana	723	-,	_	_	-,	*	_	_	7
Nebraska	12,226	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	12,2
North Carolina	28	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	12,2
	3,364	_	475		475	_		_	3,8
Ohio	,		4/3	_	413	_	_	_	,
Oklahoma	21,063	_	_	_	_	_	_		21,0
Oregon	2,040	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,0
South Carolina	1,122	_	_	_	_		_		1,1
South Dakota	558	_	_	_	_	388	_	_	9
Tennessee	2,743	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	2,7
Texas	47,614	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	47,€
Utah	15	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	
Washington	83	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Wisconsin	23,093	191	494	_	685	_	_	_	23,7
Wyoming	15,444	_	_	_	-	1,555	11,521	_	28,5
Unknown State	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	3	
Foreign	309	_	2,642	823	3,465	-	_	-	3,7
S. Total	684,173	131,269	23,865	44,214	199,348	112,086	100,332	1,781	1,097,7
Alabama	20,380	6,482	-	100	6,582	4,520	_	_	31,4
Alaska	646	_	_	_	_	405	_	_	1,0
Arizona	20,316	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	20,3
Arkansas	15,309	_	_	_	_	70	_	_	15,3
California	5,305	-	_	-	_	29	_	_	5,3
Colorado	18,831	1,096	_	_	1,096	4,562	_	_	24,4
Connecticut	197	· –	_	598	598	6	_	_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Delaware	1,339	_	_	_	_	22	_	_	1,3
District of Columbia	6	3	_	_	3	*	_	_	-,-
Florida	15,180	6,938	_	1,306	8,244	3	_	_	23.4
Georgia	33,573	21	_	1,500	21	201	_	_	33,
•	249		_	_		66	_	_	33,
Idaho		4 402	102	_	4 504		21	_	
Illinois	38,779	4,402	102	*	4,504	5,279	21 624		48,
Indiana	41,552	13,008	_		13,008	10,273	624	-	65,4
Iowa	28,093	2,657	_	_	2,657	196	_	_	30,9

Table 65. Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin, Destination, and Method of Transportation, 1999 (Continued)

			V	Vater			Tramway,	Unknown	Total
Origin State and Destination State	Railroad	River	Great Lakes	Tidewater	Total	Truck	Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline		
U.S. Total (Continued)									
Kansas	15.658	_	_	_	_	489	_	_	16.147
Kentucky	15,902	13,222	_	_	13,222	13,433	_	10	42.567
Louisiana		502	_	_	502	716	2,236	_	14.584
Maine		_	_	168	168	2	_,	_	182
Maryland		_	_	1,226	1.226	1,664	_	_	12,996
Massachusetts	-,	82	48	245	375	9	_	_	1,351
Michigan		315	10.212		10.527	1,729	_	_	36,125
Minnesota	/	292	501	_	793	393	_	_	18.814
Mississippi	,	507	_	1,045	1.552	35	18	_	5.812
Missouri		2,324	_	-,	2,324	1,131	_	_	41.098
Montana	,	_,	_	_		293	10,048	_	11.077
Nebraska		_	_	_	_	3		_	12,257
Nevada	, -	_	_	_	_	118	4,494	_	8,363
New Hampshire		_	_	13	13	4	.,.,.	_	777
New Jersey		46	_	1.224	1.269	13	_	_	2,807
New Mexico	,	_	_	-,22	-,20	104	7.039	*	16,521
New York	- /	181	465	77	723	706	-,025	_	10,550
North Carolina	. ,	_	_	_	_	508	_	_	24.805
North Dakota	,	_	_	_	_	4,554	25,893	_	31,826
Ohio	,	34,872	957	_	35,829	9,137	6,487	_	66,294
Oklahoma		55	_	_	55,525	1,453	-	_	22,642
Oregon	4,021	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	4,021
Pennsylvania		14,851	50	355	15,256	17,331	4,305	1	53,143
Rhode Island			_	-	-	2	-1,505	_	23,143
South Carolina		_	_	_	_	53	_	_	15,293
South Dakota	- , -	_	_	_	_	388	_	_	2,443
Tennessee		11.922	_	_	11.922	1,557	_	_	31.822
Texas		67	_	_	67	13,865	15,233	_	104,316
Utah	,	-	_	_	-	4,479	3,393	_	12,918
Vermont	- ,	_	_	_	_	2	5,575	_	12,710
Virginia		449	_	10	458	2,601	1.036	146	19.328
Washington		442	_	-	436	2,001	4,074	140	4,224
West Virginia		14.832	_	259	15.091	7,915	3,911	11	35,632
Wisconsin		1,438	1,409	239	2,847	14	3,911	-	28,007
Wyoming	,	1,436	1,409	_	2,047	1,748	11,521	_	28,715
Unknown State	,	_	_	_	_	1,740	11,521	1,612	1,612
		704	10,120	37,589	48,413	3	_	1,612	55,898
Foreign	7,462	704	10,120	31,369	40,413	3	_	_	33,890

^{*} Data round to zero.

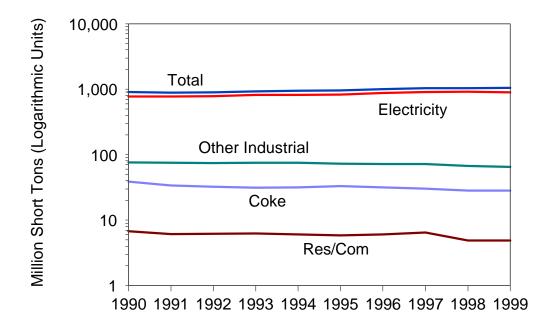
Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report."

Demand

Domestic Markets





Note: Total consumption does not include coal consumed by other power producers.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, • Electric Utilities: Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

• Coke Plants: Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly." • Other Industrial: Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants" and Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report." • Residential and Commercial: Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report."

Table 66. Major U.S. Coal Consumers, 1999

Rank	Company Name	Plant Locations					
		Electric Utilities					
1	Tennessee Valley Authority	(AL) (KY) (TN)					
2	Texas Utilities Electric Company	(TX)					
3	Pacificorp	(UT) (WA) (WY)					
ļ	Georgia Power Company	(GA)					
5	Alabama Power Company	(AL)					
5	Detroit Edison Company (The)	(MI)					
	Reliant Energy	(TX)					
	Union Electric Company	(MO)					
)	Basin Electric Power	(ND) (WY)					
)	Duke Power Company	(NC) (SC)					
1	PSI Energy, Inc	(IN)					
2	Commonwealth Edison Company	(IL)					
3	Ohio Power Company	(OH) (WV)					
4 5	Appalachian Power Company	(VA) (WV)					
5	Virginia Electric & Power Company	(VA) (WV)					
5 7	Monongahela Power Company	(WV)					
8	Arkansas Power & Light Company Northern States Power Company	(AR)					
9	Arizona Public Service Company	(MN) (WI) (AZ) (NM)					
0	Southwestern Electric Power Company	(AZ) (NM) (AR) (TX)					
1	Midamerican Energy	(IA)					
2	Cincinnati Gas Electric Company	(KY) (OH)					
3	Carolina Power & Light Company	(NC) (SC)					
4	Pennsylvania Electric Company	(PA)					
5	Indiana Michigan Power Company	(IN)					
6	Wisconsin Electric Power Company	(MI) (WI)					
7	Salt River Project	(AZ)					
3	Public Service Company of Colorado	(CO)					
9	KPL - Western Resources	(KS)					
)	Kansas City Power & Light Company	(KS) (MO)					
ĺ	Montana Power Company	(MT)					
2	Oklahoma Gas & Electric Company	(OK)					
3	Associated Electric Coop	(MO)					
1	Southwestern Public Service Company	(TX)					
5	Consumers Power Company	(MI)					
6	Northern Indiana Public Service Company	(IN)					
7	Dayton Power & Light Company (The)	(OH)					
8	Kentucky Utilities Company	(KY)					
9	Indianapolis Power & Light Company	(IN)					
0	Wisconsin Power & Light Company	(WI)					
1	Pennsylvania Power & Light Company	(PA)					
2	Tampa Electric Company	(FL)					
3	Ohio Edison Company	(OH)					
4	Cooperative Power Association	(ND)					
5	Louisville Gas & Electric Company	(KY)					
6	Lower Colorado River Authority	(TX)					
7	Cajun Elec Power Coop Inc	(LA)					
3	Public Service Company of New Mexico	(NM)					
9	Central Illinois Public Service Company	(IL)					
0	Potomac Electric Power Company	(MD) (VA)					
1	South Carolina Public Service Authority	(SC)					
2	Scana Corporation	(SC)					
3	Pennsylvania Power Company	(PA)					
1	San Antonio Public Service Board	(TX)					
5	Illinois Power Company	(IL)					
6	Nebraska Public Power Dististribution	(NE)					
7	Florida Power Corporation	(FL)					
3	Baltimore Gas & Electric Company	(MD)					
)	Los Angeles (City of)	(UT)					
)	Mississippi Power Company	(MS)					
1	Electric Energy Inc	(IL)					
2	Central Louisiana Electric Company	(LA)					
3	I E S Utilities Company	(IA)					
4	Tri-State G & T Association Inc	(CO)					
5	West Penn Power Company	(PA)					
5	Omaha Public Power District	(NE)					
7	Minnkota Power Coop Inc	(ND)					
3	Southern California Edison Company	(NV)					
9	Indiana-Kentucky Electric Corporation	(IN)					
0	Columbus Southern Power Company	(OH)					
1	Cleveland Elec Illumination Company Minnesota Power Inc	(OH)					
2		(MN)					

Table 66. Major U.S. Coal Consumers, 1999 (Continued)

Company Name	Plant Location
Тор	Ten Manufacturers
Aluminum Company of America	(IN) (OH) (TN) (TX)
Archer Daniels Midland	(IA) (IL) (MN)
Champion International Corp	(AL) (FL) (ME) (MI) (MN) (NC) (NY) (OH)
Dakota Gasification Co	(ND)
E I Du Pont De Nemours & Co	(DE) (MS) (NC) (SC) (TN) (VA) (WV)
Eastman Chemical Company	(AR) (NY) (SC) (TN) (TX)
Hoechst AG	(SC) (TX) (VA)
Holnam Inc	(AL) (CO) (IA) (MI) (MO) (MS) (SC) (UT) (WA)
Inland Steel Industries Inc	(IN)
Westvaco Corporation	(MD) (PA) (SD) (VA)
Other M	Major Manufacturers
A E Staley Manufacturing Co	(IL) (IN) (TN)
American Crystal Sugar Co	(MN) (ND)
Applied Energy Services Inc	(PA)
Ash Grove Cement Company	(AR) (KS) (MT) (NE) (OR) (TX) (UT)
Blue Circle Inc	(AL) (GA) (NY) (OK) (SC)
Cargill Incorporated	(GA) (IA) (MI) (MN) (NC) (OH) (TN) (VA)
Consolidated Papers Inc	(WI)
Dravo Corporation	(AL)(KY)
Elkem A/S	(OH) (WV)
Florida Crushed Stone	(FL)
Fort James Corporation	(GA) (OK) (WI)
FMC Corporation	(NC) (WV) (WY)
General Chemical Corporation	(WY)
General Motors Corporation	(AL) (IL) (IN) (MI) (MO) (OH) (WI)
Georgia-Pacific Corp	(AR) (GA) (MI) (VA)
International Paper Company	(AL) (LA) (PA) (SC) (WI)
Jefferson Smurfit Corp	(AL) (FL) (IL) (IN) (OH) (PA)
Kerr-McGee Corporation	(CA)
Kimberly Clark Corporation	(AL) (MI) (PA) (WI)
Lafarge Corporation	(IA) (IL) (KS) (MI) (MO) (PA)
Lone Star Industries, Inc	(FL) (IL) (IN) (MO) (OK) (TX)
Mead Corporation	(MI) (OH) (TN)
Monsanto Company	(AL) (IA) (ID) (IL) (MA) (WV)
P H Glatfelter Co	(NC) (PA)
PPG Industries Inc	(WV)
Societe Des Ciments Français	(IN) (MD) (PA)
Solvay Minerals, Inc.	(OH) (TN) (WY)
Southdown Inc	(CA) (CO) (FL) (OH) (TN)
Stone Container Corporation	(AZ) (FL) (MI) (SC) (VA)
Union Camp Corporation	(AL) (GA) (SC) (VA)
Тор Т	en Coke Producers
AK Steel Corp	(KY) (OH)
Bethlehem Steel Corp	(IN) (MD) (NY) (PA)
Citizens Gas & Coke Utility	(IN)
Drummond Company Inc	(AL)
Indiana Harbor Coke Co, LP	(IN)
LTV Steel Company Inc	(IL) (IN) (OH) (PA)
National Steel Corp.	(IL) (MI)
Sun Coal Co	(VA)
USX Corporation	(IN) (PA)
Wheeling Pittsburgh Steel Corp	(WV)

Note: Major electric utility coal consumers are companies that consumed more than 4.04 million short tons of coal in 1999. Major manufacturers are the top 40 coal consumers in the manufacturing sector. Major coke producers are the top 10 coal consumers in the coke plant sector. Electric utilities are ranked by consumption and manufacturers and coke producers are listed in alphabetical order.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, • Electric Utilities: Form EIA-759, ''Monthly Power Plant Report.'' • Manufacturers: Form EIA-3,

"Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants." • Coke Plants: Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly."

Table 67. Coal Consumption by Census Division and State, 1990, 1995-1999 (Thousand Short Tons)

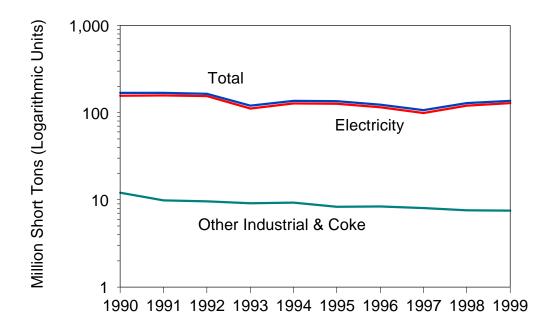
Census Division and State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change	_	Annual Change
							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
New England	1,969	R 5,400	^R 7,967	7,024	6,662	6,771	-63.5	-26.3	-12.8
Connecticut	5	596	1,065	931	906	971	-99.1	-72.6	-44.2
Maine	119	141	194	234	282	265	-15.5	-19.3	-8.5
Massachusetts	497	3,189	4,891	4,477	4,113	4,337	-84.4	-41.0	-21.4
New Hampshire	1,344	1,469	1,705	1,377	1,355	1,186	-8.5	2	1.4
Rhode Island	2	_ 2	_ 3	3	3	5	-25.6	-12.2	-12.3
Vermont	2	R 2	R 110	2	3	8	-4.0	-9.5	-14.9
Middle Atlantic	55,346	R 69,310	R 73,325	70,965	68,462	73,812	-20.1	-5.2	-3.1
New Jersey	2,596	2,372	2,867	2,402	2,074	3,029	9.4	5.8	-1.7
New York	7,336	R 12,435	R 11,784	11,337	11,062	13,465	-41.0	-9.8	-6.5
Pennsylvania	45,414	R 54,504	R 58,673	57,226	55,326	57,319	-16.7	-4.8	-2.5
East North Central	229,361	R 234,060	R 233,883	R 229,034	217,702	209,619	-2.0	1.3	1.0
Illinois	42,170	K 44,662	R 47,637	44,431	39,623	33,904	-5.6	1.6	2.4
Indiana	66,157	R 66,300	R 66,051	_ 64,021	62,631	61,701	2	1.4	.8
Michigan	38,273	R 38,024	R 35,887	R 36,727	35,802	34,713	.6	1.7	1.1
Ohio	57,500	R 60,356	R 58,821	59,835	56,580	59,205	-4.7	.4	3
Wisconsin	25,260	R 24,718	R 25,487	24,019	23,066	20,097	2.2	2.3	2.6
West North Central	145,086	R 144,652	R 138,303	R 137.081	131,028	116,268	.3	2.6	2.5
Iowa	23,459	R 23,143	R 21,672	R 21,170	20,636	17,929	1.4	3.3	3.0
Kansas	19,004	17,736	17,673	19,084	16,521	15,175	7.1	3.6	2.5
Minnesota	19,085	R 19,958	R 19.086	R 19,703	18,947	18,377	-4.4	.2	.4
Missouri	37,977	R 38,549	R 36,860	34,382	31,753	25,836	-1.5	4.6	4.4
Nebraska	11,625	R 11,889	11,211	10,379	10,396	8,266	-2.2	2.8	3.9
North Dakota	31,287	31,060	29,360	30,511	30,237	28,114	.7	.8	1.2
South Dakota	2,650	2,316	2 442	1,852	2,537	2,571	14.4	1.1	.3
South Atlantic	173,353	R 173,488	R 170,655	R 165,546	155,259	149,455	1	2.8	1.7
Delaware	1,393	1,773	1,866	1,956	2,011	2,293	-21.4	-8.8	-5.4
District of Columbia	6	6	40	23	6	69	-2.6	1.3	-23.8
Florida	27,287	28,827	28,719	28,443	26,526	25,233	-5.3	.7	.9
Georgia	33,494	R 32,721	32,693	31,158	31,288	30,067	2.4	1.7	1.2
Maryland	11,776	R 11,790	R 11,240	R 11,367	11,198	11,193	1	1.3	.6
North Carolina	28,410	28,917	R 29,556	27,624	24,084	21,150	-1.8	4.2	3.3
South Carolina	15,766	14,649	R 14,109	13,852	12,279	11,447	7.6	6.4	3.6
Virginia	15,802	R 15,857	R 15,273	14,983	13,378	13,105	3	4.3	2.1
West Virginia	39,419	R 38,949	R 37.160	36,140	34,489	34,896	1.2	3.4	1.4
East South Central	108,418	R 107,809	R 112,977	110,450	105,830	91,126	.6	.6	1.4
	38,099	R 36,328	R 36,607			,	4.9		
Alabama	,	D 30,326	D 30,007	37,052	34,309	27,640		2.6	3.6
Kentucky	37,495	30,790	41,009	40,862	39,516	34,449	-3.3	-1.3 7.7	.9
Mississippi	6,207	5,897 R 26,786	6,273 R 29,209	5,791	4,606	4,159	5.2		4.5
Tennessee	26,617	D 20,780	R 28,208 R 150,374	26,744	27,399	24,878	6	7	.8
West South Central	150,482	147,133	R 14.068	146,472	139,106	131,478	2.3	2.0	1.5
Arkansas	15,299	14,563	14,000	14,815	13,540	12,092	5.0	3.1	2.6
Louisiana	13,951	13,891 R 10,592	13,874 R 21,128	12,534	13,357	12,547	.4	1.1	1.2
Oklahoma	19,075	19,362	D 21,120	20,125	19,596	15,423	-2.6	7 2.7	2.4
Texas	102,157	D 99,090	D 101,304	98,998 R 107,220	92,612	91,415	3.1	2.5	1.2
Mountain	116,985	110,545	111,402	R 107,228	107,923	107,158	-1.1	2.0	1.0
Arizona	19,711	19,014 R 18,072	18,205	16,792	16,682	16,419	3.7	4.3	2.0
Colorado	18,235	10,072	R 17,908	17,222	16,971	16,710	.9	1.8	1.0
Idaho	431	479 R 10 776	361 R a 171	397	465	549	-10.0	-1.9	-2.7
Montana	10,369	D 10,776	R 9,474	8,032	10,005	9,676	-3.8	.9	.8
Nevada	8,067	0,210	R 7,447	7,604	7,340	7,442	-1.8	2.4	.9
New Mexico	16,303	15,963 R 17,052	15,887 R 16,105	15,297	15,221	15,111	2.1	1.7	.8
Utah	16,191	D 17,032	10,103	15,237 R 26,647	15,307	15,738	-5.0	1.4	.3
Wyoming	27,679	D 20,772	26,096		25,933	25,514	-3.8	1.6	.9
Pacific	10,847	R 11,155	9,576	R 10,282	8,908	9,792	-2.8	5.0	1.1
Alaska	694	ь 693	739	706	815	784	.1	-3.9	-1.3
California	2,064	R 2,001	2,805	R 2,591	2,618	2,899	3.2	-5.8	-3.7
Hawaii	117	R 146	166	169	192	28	-19.7	-11.6	17.3
Oregon	2,154	2,074	917	1,134	1,125	934	3.8	17.6	9.7
Washington	5,818	6,241	4,948	5,682	4,158	5,147	-6.8	8.8	1.4
Other Power Producers	52,693	26,941	21,603	R 22,224	21,158	7,413	95.6	25.6	24.3
U.S. Total	1,044,538	R 1,038,292	R 1,030,145	R 1,006,306	962,038	902,893	0.6	2.1	1.6

R Revised Data.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly"; Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-867, "Annual Non-utility Power Producer Report" of 1997 and prior years; and for 1998 forward, Form EIA-860B, "Annual Electric Generation Report - Non-utility."

Figure 10. U.S. Consumer Coal Stocks, 1990-1999



Notes: Each increment represents end-of-year data. Industrial stocks reflect manufacturing plants and coke plants.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, • Electric Utilities: Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report." • Industrial: Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly" and Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants."

Year-End Consumer Coal Stocks by Census Division and State, 1990, 1995-1999 (Thousand Short Tons)

Census Division and State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change	_	nual Percent ange
							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
New England Total	340	665	816	1,297	969	1,145	-48.8	-23.0	-12.6
Connecticut	–	134	66	173	164	140	_	_	_
Maine		78	51	51	47	30	w	w	w
Massachusetts		175	400	713	438	599	w	w	w
New Hampshire		278	298	359	319	348	w	w	w
Rhode Island		270	270	337	317	28			
Middle Atlantic Total		11,231	10,376	10,895	12,404	18,776	-52.4	-19.0	-13.0
New Jersey		664	567	825	805	756	W	w	W W
New York		1,511	1,151	1,213	1,296	2,594			
		,					W	w	w
Pennsylvania		9,057	8,658	8,857	10,303	15,426	w	w	w
East North Central Total		36,808	30,794	30,815	33,818	45,411	-2.8	1.4	-2.6
Illinois		7,225	5,353	5,159	5,956	8,287	W	W	W
Indiana	W	8,989	6,643	7,955	9,298	12,226	W	W	W
Michigan	W	9,450	8,047	7,814	8,972	10,414	w	W	W
Ohio	W	6,175	6,324	5,428	5,936	10,471	w	w	w
Wisconsin	w	4,969	4,427	4,459	3,656	4,012	w	w	w
West North Central Total	22,336	19,029	14,833	18,327	18,713	20,480	17.4	4.5	1.0
Iowa	w	4,261	2,944	4,612	4,447	4,920	w	w	w
Kansas		3,187	2,298	2,984	3,860	3,742	w	w	w
Minnesota		2,394	1,994	1,738	1,985	2,336	w	w	w
Missouri		5,159	3,851	5,317	4,779	4,611	w	w	w
		,							
Nebraska		2,109	1,622	1,728	1,440	1,625	w	w	W
North Dakota		1,689	1,879	1,787	1,991	2,939	W	W	W
South Dakota		230	244	160	211	307	w	w	w
South Atlantic Total		21,834	17,009	19,577	19,707	29,422	8.5	4.7	-2.4
Delaware	W	W	W	W	W	w	w	W	W
Florida	W	4,649	3,508	3,438	3,268	4,972	W	W	W
Georgia	W	3,566	2,407	3,848	3,786	5,704	w	w	w
Maryland	w	1,178	1,204	1,377	1,062	2,263	w	w	w
North Carolina	w	3,751	2,024	2,671	2,855	4,659	w	w	w
South Carolina	w	2,743	2,021	2,177	2,194	2,316	w	w	w
Virginia		1,490	1,301	1,143	1,275	1,947	w	w	w
West Virginia		3,988	4,222	4,590	4,903	7,144	w	w	w
East South Central Total		11,650	10,087	9,306	10,940	16,846	11.4	4.3	-2.8
Alabama		3,577	2,971	2,858	3,648	4,372	W W	w.	w w
		,							
Kentucky		4,891	4,663	4,322	4,674	7,840	w	w	W
Mississippi		835	627	626	734	803	W	W	W
Tennessee		2,347	1,826	1,500	1,884	3,830	W	W	W
West South Central Total	,	14,750	11,344	19,886	20,564	16,579	48.9	1.7	3.2
Arkansas	W	1,124	954	2,719	2,820	1,735	w	W	W
Louisiana	W	2,181	1,258	2,480	2,669	2,503	w	w	w
Oklahoma	w	3,438	2,592	4,210	4,246	2,721	w	w	w
Texas	w	8,007	6,540	10,477	10,829	9,619	w	w	w
Mountain Total	12,209	10,803	9,978	11,602	14,937	17,321	13.0	-4.9	-3.8
Arizona		1,925	1,414	2,024	3,032	3,129	w	w	w
Colorado		2,862	2,476	3,054	3,682	3,334	w	w	w
Idaho		126	105	77	118	140	w	w	
									w
Montana		343	419	520	520	820	w	W	w
Nevada		888	817	1,244	1,361	1,233	w	W	W
New Mexico		793	797	817	969	1,539	W	W	W
Utah		2,546	2,395	1,597	2,319	3,833	W	W	w
Wyoming		1,320	1,555	2,267	2,936	3,293	w	W	w
Pacific Total	1,375	1,301	1,163	1,274	2,586	2,231	5.6	-14.6	-5.2
Alaska	w	_	*	1	1	2	w	w	w
California		188	118	150	133	122	w	w	w
Hawaii		42	67	45	51	24	w	w	w
Oregon		196	96	221	432	704	w	w	w
Washington		875	882	857	1,969	1,378	w	w	w
-		100.050	107 107	100 000				•	• •
U.S. Total	136,005	128,072	106,401	122,979	134,639	168,210	6.2	.3	-2.3

^{*} Data round to zero.

* Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: Stocks for the residential and commercial sector and the non-utility sector are not included. Totals may not equal sum of components due to

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly"; and Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants."

Table 69. Coal Consumption at Electric Utility Plants by Census Division and State, 1990, 1995-1999

Census Division and State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
New England Total	1,768	5,183	7,583	6,701	6,272	6,305	-65.9	-27.1	-13.2
Connecticut	–	590	1,058	925	881	958	-	-	-
Massachusetts	427	3,128	4,826	4,406	4,044	4,201	-86.4	-43.0	-22.4
New Hampshire		1,465	1,699	1,369	1,346	1,146	-8.5	1	1.8
Middle Atlantic Total	41,554	54,738	54,179	51,718	49,357	54,197	-24.1	-4.2	-2.9
New Jersey	2,583	2,357	2,851	2,387	2,054	2,740	9.6	5.9	6
New York	4,412	9,410	8,726	8,254	8,051	9,993	-53.1	-13.9	-8.7
Pennsylvania	34,558	42,971	42,603	41,076	39,252	41,465	-19.6	-3.1	-2.0
East North Central Total	200,289	204,721	204,251	198,900	187,490	171,756	-2.2	1.7	1.7
Illinois	35,996	38,255	41,017	38,090	33,463	27,396	-5.9	1.8	3.1
Indiana	55,105	55,086	54,845	52,855	52,089	47,654	*	1.4	1.6
Michigan	33,615	34,021	31,928	32,175	31,165	29,726	-1.2	1.9	1.4
Ohio	52,123	54,455	52,893	53,543	49,785	48,848	-4.3	1.1	.7
Wisconsin	,	22,903	23,568	22,236	20,987	18,133	2.4	2.8	2.9
West North Central Total		130,374	123,968	122,419	116,720	103,445	.1	2.8	2.6
Iowa	,	20.031	18,195	17.864	17,785	15,331	.2	3.1	3.0
Kansas	,	17,627	17,534	18,853	16,345	15,018	7.1	3.7	2.6
Minnesota	,	17,902	17,490	17,459	17,282	16,916	-4.4	2	.1
Missouri		37,165	35,193	33,059	30,440	24,231	-1.7	4.7	4.7
Nebraska		11,505	10,796	10,091	10,048	8,027	-2.5	2.8	3.8
North Dakota		24,278	22,754	23,640	22,680	21,579	1.1	2.0	1.4
South Dakota	,	1,866	2,005	1,453	2,137	2,345	15.7	.3	9
South Atlantic Total		157,764	155,499	149,354	138.134	128.072	.4	3.5	2.4
Delaware		1,592	1,686	1,787	1,816	2,056	-21.9	-9.0	-5.4
Florida	,	27,542	27,372	27,172	25,200	24,022	-5.3	-9.0 .9	-5. 4 .9
Georgia	,	30,731	30,631	29,171	29,280	27,812	2.5	1.8	1.4
Maryland	,	10,968	10,417	10,540	10,141	8.945	3	1.9	2.3
North Carolina		26,834	27,206	25,083	21,424	18,005	-1.2	5.5	4.4
South Carolina		12,664	12,096	11,833	10,074	9,131	7.9	7.9	4.4
		12,300	11,605	10,994	9,543	8,228	1.0	6.8	4.7
Virginia									
West Virginia		35,132	34,487	32,775	30,657	29,873	2.7	4.2	2.1
East South Central Total	,	96,320	99,620	96,809	92,262	77,579	1.1	1.3	2.5
Alabama		31,474	30,840	31,216	28,759	22,010	6.2	3.8	4.8
Kentucky		35,842	38,281	37,072	35,707	30,867	-3.1	7	1.3
Mississippi		5,684	6,035	5,558	4,319	3,888	5.9	8.7	5.0
Tennessee		23,320	24,464	22,964	23,477	20,814	4	3	1.2
West South Central Total		141,671	144,218	140,493	132,633	125,698	2.3	2.3	1.6
Arkansas	,	14,277	13,772	14,467	13,216	11,836	4.9	3.2	2.6
Louisiana		13,850	13,807	12,450	12,930	11,748	.5	1.8	1.9
Oklahoma	,	18,883	20,101	19,386	18,130	14,866	-2.8	.3	2.4
Texas		94,661	96,537	94,189	88,358	87,248	3.3	2.5	1.3
Mountain Total	,	111,787	105,216	101,507	101,013	100,505	6	2.4	1.1
Arizona		18,316	17,503	16,117	16,021	15,758	3.9	4.4	2.1
Colorado		17,663	17,116	16,841	16,222	15,924	.2	2.2	1.2
Montana		10,627	9,286	7,897	9,373	9,399	-4.0	2.1	.9
Nevada	,	7,961	7,261	7,424	7,084	7,270	-2.5	2.3	.7
New Mexico		15,883	15,802	15,215	15,137	15,065	2.1	1.7	.8
Utah	14,590	14,664	14,252	13,584	13,325	13,563	5	2.3	.8
Wyoming	25,639	26,674	23,997	24,430	23,850	23,526	-3.9	1.8	1.0
Pacific Total	8,000	8,309	5,827	6,780	5,127	5,992	-3.7	11.8	3.3
Alaska	140	162	235	229	293	290	-13.6	-16.8	-7.8
Oregon	2,154	2,037	821	1,044	977	850	5.7	21.8	10.9
Washington		6,111	4,770	5,507	3,857	4,852	-6.6	10.3	1.8
U.S. Total	894,120	910,867	900,361	874,681	829,007	773,549	-1.8	1.9	1.6

^{*} Data round to zero.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

Table 70. Year-End Coal Stocks at Electric Utility Plants by Census Division and State, 1990, 1995-1999

Census Division and State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
New England Total	w	575	754	1,236	908	1,113	-51.1	-25.4	-14.2
Connecticut	_	134	66	173	164	140	-	-	_
Massachusetts	W	163	389	704	425	597	-62.4	-38.4	-22.4
New Hampshire	w	278	298	359	319	348	-20.9	-8.9	-5.0
Rhode Island	_	-	_	_	_	28	_	_	_
Middle Atlantic Total	4,307	10,232	9,175	9,606	11,064	17,148	-57.9	-21.0	-14.2
New Jersey	w	663	566	824	804	740	6.7	-3.1	5
New York	w	1,128	819	905	1,015	2,045	-75.5	-27.8	-19.9
Pennsylvania	w	8,441	7,790	7,878	9,244	14,363	-60.6	-22.6	-15.0
East North Central Total	33,073	34,128	28,051	27,618	30,505	40,740	-3.1	2.0	-2.3
Illinois	w	6,572	4,828	4,578	5,331	7,398	-57.0	-14.7	-10.1
Indiana	w	8,198	5,822	7,103	8,435	10,610	26.5	5.3	3
Michigan	w	8,776	7,222	6,530	7,708	9,093	1.2	3.6	3
Ohio	w	5,902	6,066	5,229	5,661	9,956	-7.1	8	-6.4
Wisconsin	w	4,679	4,113	4,178	3,371	3,683	17.9	13.1	4.6
West North Central Total	21,199	17,961	13,707	17,107	17,732	19,324	18.0	4.6	1.0
Iowa	21,1 55 W	3,788	2,447	4,042	3,923	4,206	14.6	2.5	.3
Kansas	W	3,168	2,282	2,968	3,850	3,729	18.7	6	.1
Minnesota	w	2,093	1,737	1,461	1,898	2,253	-16.6	-2.1	-2.8
	••			,					
Missouri	W	5,032	3,670	5,159	4,641	4,434	32.8	9.5 18.9	4.7
Nebraska	w	2,096	1,596	1,691	1,409	1,589	34.2		6.5
North Dakota	W	1,580	1,755	1,642	1,858	2,828	3.3	-3.2	-5.9
South Dakota	W	204	219	143	153	286	10.0	10.0	-2.7
South Atlantic Total	22,924	20,938	16,141	18,662	18,851	27,799	9.5	5.0	-2.1
Delaware	W	470	319	322	363	406	11.0	9.5	2.8
Florida	w	4,565	3,441	3,349	3,204	4,822	-5.0	7.8	-1.2
Georgia	w	3,424	2,279	3,727	3,657	5,473	27.7	4.6	-2.5
Maryland	w	1,157	1,188	1,346	1,038	2,114	23.0	8.2	-4.3
North Carolina	W	3,622	1,912	2,559	2,715	4,419	5.3	8.9	-1.6
South Carolina	W	2,539	1,809	1,979	2,033	2,052	-21.3	4	3
Virginia	w	1,370	1,152	1,010	1,098	1,639	15.1	9.5	4
West Virginia	w	3,791	4,042	4,370	4,744	6,874	28.7	.7	-3.7
East South Central Total	12,154	10,808	9,329	8,514	10,148	15,876	12.4	4.6	-2.9
Alabama	w	3,195	2,609	2,526	3,282	3,869	8.9	1.5	-1.2
Kentucky	w	4,668	4,475	4,119	4,472	7,612	7.5	2.9	-4.5
Mississippi	w	820	614	602	724	799	56.4	15.4	5.4
Tennessee	w	2,124	1,630	1,266	1,670	3,596	11.6	9.2	-4.5
West South Central Total	21,626	14,396	11,050	19,525	20,195	15,344	50.2	1.7	3.9
Arkansas	w	1,107	934	2,701	2,790	1,722	41.7	-13.4	-1.0
Louisiana	w	2,157	1,248	2,470	2,659	2,458	2.0	-4.6	-1.2
Oklahoma	w	3,349	2,516	4,067	4,118	2,633	76.6	9.5	9.4
Texas	w	7,784	6,352	10,287	10,628	8,531	53.4	3.0	3.8
Mountain Total	11,797	10,404	9,667	11,304	14,562	16,828	13.4	-5.1	-3.9
Arizona	w w	1,855	1,386	1,992	2,998	3,090	33.8	-4.6	-2.4
Colorado	w	2,840	2,458	3,027	3,622	3,298	30.6	.6	1.3
Montana	W	335	410	508	511	767	-96.6	-61.4	-37.4
		881	812	1,239	1,356	1,222	34.4	-3.3	-37.4 3
New Mexico	w w	789	795	815	967	1,538	6.8	-3.5 -3.4	5 -6.5
	w w	2,461	2,309	1,526	2,250	3,697	-14.5	-3.4 -1.7	-6.3 -6.1
Utah				,					
Wyoming	W	1,243	1,498 952	2,197	2,857	3,215	17.7	-15.4	-8.4
Pacific Total	W	1,060	952 *	1,052	2,341	1,993	6.8	-16.6	-6.1
Alaska	w	-		1	1	2		_	-11.0
Oregon	W	196	83	203	399	675	96.6	8	-6.0
Washington	W	864	868	848	1,941	1,316	-13.6	-21.2	-6.1
U.S. Total	128,494	120,501	98,826	114,623	126,304	156,166	6.6	.4	-2.1

* Data round to zero.

w Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

Coal Consumption at Other Industrial Plants by Census Division and Table 71. State, 1990, 1995-1999

Census Division and State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
New England Total	w	w	R 333	268	321	325	w	w	w
Connecticut	_	_	_	_	w	w	_	_	_
Maine	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Massachusetts	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
New Hampshire	_	-	_	_	W	w	-	_	-
Rhode Island	_	-	_	_	-	w	-	_	-
Vermont	_		107	_	-	w	-	_	-
Middle Atlantic Total	5,118	R 5,179	w	w	w	w	\mathbf{w}	w	w
New Jersey	W	W	w	W	W	W	w	W	w
New York	w	, W	R 1,484	1,449	1,408	1,844	w	w	w
Pennsylvania	3,587	R 3,584	R 4,492	4,466	4,027	4,090	0.1	-2.8	-1.4
East North Central Total	14,750	R 15,745	^R _16,896	R 17,146	16,566	18,886	-6.3	-2.9	-2.7
Illinois	3,635	K 3,846	R 3.880	3,740	3,653	3,888	-5.5	1	7
Indiana	4,145	R 4,399	R 5,096	4,987	4,373	4,629	-5.8	-1.3	-1.2
Michigan	1,945	R 2,129	R 2,413	R 2,948	2,983	3,656	-8.6	-10.1	-6.8
Ohio	3,371	R 3,684	R 3,751	3,794	3,609	4,753	-8.5	-1.7	-3.7
Wisconsin	1,653	R 1,687	R 1 757	1 678	1,949	1,960	-2.0	-4.0	-1.9
West North Central Total	13,780	R 13,673	R 13,329	R 13,853	13,581	11,972	.8	.4	1.6
Iowa	2,999	R 2.832	R 3,103	3.085	2,761	2,353	5.9	2.1	2.7
Kansas	108	109	137	154	138	157	9	-5.8	-4.0
Minnesota	1,956	R 2.014	1,490	R 2,088	1,401	1,283	-2.9	8.7	4.8
Missouri	1,205	R 1,218	R 1,401	1,118	1,102	1,321	-1.1	2.2	-1.0
Nebraska	1,203 W	1,210 W		1,116 W	1,102 W	1,321 W	-1.1 W	w	-1.0 W
North Dakota	w	w W	w w	w	w	w	w	w	w
	490	450	436	398	393	222	8.8	5.7	9.2
South Atlantia Total	490 W	430 W	430 W		393 W	222 W		3.7 W	9.2 W
South Atlantic Total Delaware	w	w	w	w w	w	W	w w	w	w
	1,190		1,347	1,270		1,207		-2.6	1
Florida		R 1,279		,	1,325	,	-6.9		
Georgia	1,971	D1,9/0	2,046 R 768	1,985	1,949	2,232	4	.3	-1.4
Maryland	799	707	R 2 158	785	760	945	3.9	1.2	-1.8
North Carolina	1,753	1,883	R 2,158 R 2,012	2,336	2,437	2,989	-6.9	-7.9	-5.8
South Carolina	1,863	1,962 R 2,368	R 2,012	2,000	2,188	2,310	-5.0	-3.9	-2.4
Virginia	2,230	2,300	R 2,500 R 1,690	2,613	2,585	3,756	-5.8	-3.6	-5.6
West Virginia	1,600	R 1,913	1,070	1,630	1,984	2,918	-16.3	-5.2	-6.4
East South Central Total	w	R 2 442	R	w	w	w	w	w	w
Alabama	2,340	2,442	R 2,738	2,545	2,286	2,237	-4.2	.6	.5
Kentucky	1,108	R 1,392	R 1,912	R 2,321	2,250	2,253	-20.4	-16.2	-7.6
Mississippi	W	R 2 441	p W	W	W	W	w	W	w
Tennessee	3,303	D 3,441	R 3,613	3,670	3,777	3,779	-4.0	-3.3	-1.5
West South Central Total	5,485	R 5,448	R 5,865	5,978	6,456	5,769	.7	-4.0	5
Arkansas	325	287	R 296	348	325	256	13.3	*	2.7
Louisiana	W	W	W	W	W	W	w	W	w
Oklahoma	W	, W	, W	W	W	W	w	W	w
Texas	4,403	R 4,422	R 4,766	4,808	4,255	4,157	4	.8	.6
Mountain Total	w	w	R 4,795	R 4,142	5,615	4,841	w	w	w
Arizona	685	698	702	675	657	660	-1.8	1.1	.4
Colorado	429	R 391	R 702	R 368	729	729	9.6	-12.4	-5.7
Idaho	w	w	330	369	426	489	-10.8	w	w
Montana	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Nevada	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
New Mexico	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Utah	745	R 1,304	R 709	512	915	676	-42.8	-5.0	1.1
Wyoming	1,936	R 1,939	1,959	1,835	1,937	1,857	2	*	.5
Pacific Total	2,250	R 2,186	R 3,116	R 2,827	3,047	3,214	2.9	-7.3	-3.9
Alaska	w	w	w	***	´ –	´ -	w	_	_
California	2,036	R 1,885	R 2,697	R 2,414	2,485	2,874	8.0	-4.8	-3.8
Hawaii	2,000 W	w	2,057 W	2, w	2, .00 W	2,071 W	w	w	w
Oregon		w	w	w	w	w	_	_	_
Washington	w	w	156	152	223	229	w	w	w
<i>O</i> · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						>			
	64,738	R 67,439	R 71,515	R 71,689	73,055	76,330		-3.0	-1.8

^{*} Data round to zero.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Revised Data.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Regional totals for 1990 may not sum to the U.S. total due to distribu-

tion of coal to unknown State.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; and Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report."

Table 72. Year-End Coal Stocks at Other Industrial Plants by Census Division and State, 1990, 1995-1999

Census Division and State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
New England Total	w	w	62	60	60	32	w	w	w
Maine	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Massachusetts	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Middle Atlantic Total	477	416	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
New Jersey	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
New York	w	w	255	192	203	365	w	w	w
Pennsylvania	230	163	220	231	218	330	40.8	1.3	-3.9
East North Central Total	1,741	1,730	1,926	1,862	2,031	2,955	.7	-3.8	-5.7
Illinois	312	290	237	252	333	508	7.8	-1.6	-5.3
Indiana	290	306	379	384	451	856	-5.2	-10.4	-11.3
Michigan	716	674	825	827	822	1,046	6.3	-3.4	-4.1
Ohio	110	171	170	118	138	216	-35.8	-5.7	-7.3
Wisconsin	313	290	314	281	286	330	8.2	2.3	6
West North Central Total	1,137	1,069	1,126	1,220	981	1,156	6.3	3.7	2
Iowa	522	473	497	570	524	714	10.5	1	-3.4
Kansas	22	19	16	16	10	13	18.2	23.3	6.2
Minnesota	243	301	257	277	87	84	-19.1	29.3	12.6
Missouri	126	127	182	158	138	177	-1.3	-2.3	-3.8
Nebraska	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
North Dakota	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
South Dakota	33	27	24	17	58	21	23.7	-12.9	5.3
South Atlantic Total	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Delaware	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Florida	90	84	67	89	64	151	6.6	9.0	-5.6
Georgia	127	142	128	121	129	231	-10.5	4	-6.4
Maryland	23	21	16	30	24	35	7.1	-1.2	-4.6
North Carolina	96	128	112	112	140	240	-25.1	-9.0	-9.7
South Carolina	159	203	212	198	160	263	-22.0	2	-5.5
Virginia	120	120	149	133	177	308	*	-9.3	-9.9
West Virginia	116	125	116	136	105	192	-7.4	2.5	-5.5
East South Central Total	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Alabama	162	188	174	135	133	183	-14.0	4.9	-1.4
Kentucky	83	76	86	83	120	142	9.8	-8.6	-5.7
Mississippi	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Tennessee	265	223	196	234	215	233	19.1	5.4	1.4
West South Central Total	341	354	294	361	370	1,214	-3.7	-2.0	-13.2
Arkansas	29	17	20	18	29	13	68.7	1	9.3
Louisiana	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Oklahoma	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Texas	192	223	188	190	201	1.067	-13.7	-1.2	-17.3
Mountain Total	w	w	228	231	313	417	w	w	w
Arizona	49	70	28	32	34	39	-29.5	9.3	2.7
Colorado	19	23	18	27	59	36	-15.7	-24.8	-7.0
Idaho	W	w	105	77	118	140	26.5	w w	w
Montana	w	w	w	w	W	w	20.5 W	w	w
Nevada	w	w	w	w	w	W	w	w	w
New Mexico	W	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Utah	5	5	3	5	7	60	.4	-6.6	-23.9
Wyoming	69	77	57	71	79	78	-10.2	-0.6 -3.4	-23.9 -1.3
Pacific Total	242	241	212	222	245	237	-10.2	-3.4 3	-1.3 .2
	192	188	118	150	133	122	2.2	- .3 9.6	5.2
California									
Hawaii	w	w	w	w w	w	w w	w -	w	w
Oregon Washington	w w	w w	w 14	w 8	w 28	62	w	w	– w
									"
U.S. Total	5,569	5,545	5,597	5,688	5,702	8,716	.4	6	-4.8

* Data round to zero.

w Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: Other industrial plants include manufacturing plants only. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants."

Table 73. Coal Carbonized at Coke Plants by Census Division and State, 1990, 1995-1999

Census Division and State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Middle Atlantic Total	7,799	8,401	w	w	w	w	-7.2	w	w
New York	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Pennsylvania	w	w	10,334	10,689	10,858	10,456	w	w	w
East North Central Total	13,404	12,322	11,366	11,414	12,345	17,233	8.8	2.1	-2.8
Illinois	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Indiana	w	W	5,715	5,823	5,883	8,867	w	w	W
Michigan	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Ohio	w	W	1,848	1,842	2,777	4,949	w	w	W
South Atlantic Total	w	w	\mathbf{w}	w	w	w	\mathbf{w}	\mathbf{w}	w
Maryland	_	_	_	_	_	w	_	_	_
Virginia	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
West Virginia	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
East South Central Total	3,584	3,736	w	w	w	w	-4.1	w	w
Alabama	w	w	2,956	3,247	3,257	3,288	w	w	w
Kentucky	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Tennessee	-	_	_	_	_	w	_	_	-
Mountain Total	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Utah	w	W	W	W	w	W	W	W	w
U.S. Total	28,108	28,189	30,203	31,706	33,011	38,877	3	-3.9	-3.5

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly."

Year-End Coal Stocks at Coke Plants by Census Division and State, 1990, 1995-1999

(Thousand Short Tons)

Census Division and State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change	_	nual Percent ange
							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Middle Atlantic Total	559	584	w	w	w	w	-4.3	w	w
New York	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Pennsylvania	w	w	648	748	841	733	w	w	w
East North Central Total	954	951	817	1,335	1,282	1,716	.3	-7.1	-6.3
Illinois	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Indiana	w	w	442	469	412	761	w	w	w
Michigan	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Ohio	w	w	87	81	136	299	w	w	w
South Atlantic Total	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Maryland	_	_	_	_	_	w	-	_	_
West Virginia	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
East South Central Total	302	341	w	w	w	w	-11.4	w	w
Alabama	w	w	188	197	233	320	w	w	w
Kentucky	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	W
Tennessee	_	_	_	_	_	w	_	_	_
West South Central Total	_	_	_	_	_	21	_	_	_
Texas	_	_	_	_	_	21	_	_	_
Mountain Total	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Utah	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
U.S. Total	1,943	2,026	1,978	2,667	2,632	3,329	-4.1	-7.3	-5.8

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly."

Table 75. Coal Consumption by Residential and Commercial Sector, by Census Division and State, 1990, 1995-1999

Census Division and State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
New England Total	w	w	51	55	69	142	w	w	w
Connecticut	5	6	W	W	W	w	-19.8	W	W
Maine	w	w	W	W	W	w	w	W	W
Massachusetts	W	W	W	W	W	W	w	W	W
New Hampshire	W	W	W	W	W	W	w	W	W
Rhode Island	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Vermont	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Middle Atlantic Total	875	993	1,504	1,285	1,416	1,594	-11.9	-11.3	-6.4
New Jersey	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
New York	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Pennsylvania	690	841	1,244	995	1,188	1,308	-17.9	-12.7	-6.8
East North Central Total	918	1,272	1,370	1,574	1,301	1,743	-27.8	-8.3	-6.9
Illinois	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Indiana	343	371	395	356	287	551	-7.5	4.6	-5.1
Michigan	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Ohio	217	391	329	656	409	654	-44.4	-14.6	-11.5
Wisconsin	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
West North Central Total	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Iowa	389	w 279	374	222	w 90	245	39.4	44.3	5.3
	7	219 *	2	78	38	24 <i>3</i> *	39.4 NM	-35.1	38.1
Kansas	15	42	105		264	179		-51.5	-24.3
Minnesota				156			-65.1		
Missouri	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	w
Nebraska	w	w	W	W	W	W	w	W	w
North Dakota	w	w	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
South Dakota	_ w	W	w	W	w	w	W	w	w
South Atlantic Total	755	640	598	803	954	744	18.0	-5.7	.2
Delaware	w	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
District of Columbia	6	6	40	23	6	69	-2.6	1.3	-23.8
Florida	6	6	_	1	1	5	15.3	49.3	3.7
Georgia	17	11	17	3	59	22	51.3	-27.4	-3.3
Maryland	w	w	W	w	w	w	w	w	w
North Carolina	150	200	192	206	224	156	-25.1	-9.5	4
South Carolina	237	23	1	19	17	6	NM	93.6	49.3
Virginia	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
West Virginia	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
East South Central Total	522	266	557	272	283	473	96.4	16.5	1.1
Alabama	23	9	73	44	7	105	144.0	33.8	-15.5
Kentucky	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Mississippi	_	w	w		_	w	_	_	
Tennessee	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
	11	15	291	1 w	17	11		-10.3	w *
West South Central Total	*	15	291 *	1	17	*	-28.5	-10.3	-15.6
Arkansas	•			_	_	•	83.3		-13.0
Louisiana	w	w	W	_	W	_	w	W	_
Oklahoma	w	W	W *	W	W	W	W	W	w
Texas	8	14	•	_	-	10	-41.4	_	-2.4
Mountain Total	w	W	w	W	W	w	W	W	w
Arizona	*	*	*	*	5	*	-83.5	-67.5	-9.0
Colorado	102	18	65	13	20	58	481.0	51.0	6.5
Idaho	55	58	30	28	39	61	-4.5	9.1	-1.1
Montana	w	w	W	w	w	W	w	w	w
Nevada	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
New Mexico	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Utah	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Wyoming	104	159	140	382	146	130	-34.6	-8.0	-2.4
Pacific Total	597	659	634	675	734	586	-9.5	-5.0	.2
Alaska	553	530	503	474	523	494	4.3	1.4	1.3
California	28	115	109	177	133	25	-76.1	-32.5	1.0
Hawaii	w	w	W	w	W	w	W	w	w
Oregon	W	W	W	W	w	W	w	w	w
Washington	17	14	22	23	78	66	21.3	-32.0	-14.2
0					. 0	30			
U.S. Total	4,879	4,856	6,463	6,006	5,807	6,724	.5	-4.3	-3.5

^{*} Data round to zero.

w Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

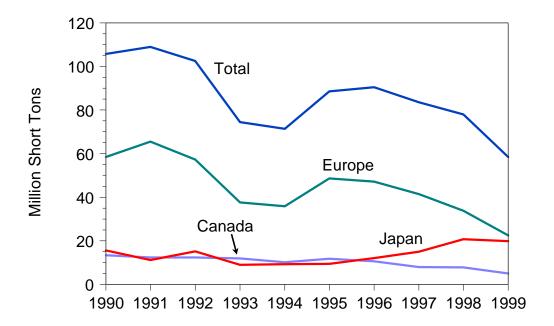
NM Not meaningful as value is greater than 500 percent.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Regional totals for 1990 may not sum to the U.S. total due to distribution of coal to unknown State.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report."

Foreign Markets

Figure 11. U.S. Coal Exports, 1990-1999



Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report EM-545."

Table 76. U.S. Coal Exports by Destination, 1990, 1995-1999

Continent and Country of Destination	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change 1998-1999	Average Annual Percent Change	
of Destination							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
North America Total	21,244	22,316	16,947	13,609	10,411	15,859	-4.8	19.5	3.3
Canada ¹	19,826	20,654	14,975	12,029	9,427	15,511	-4.0	20.4	2.8
Mexico	1,411	1,543	1,899	1,509	871	210	-8.6	12.8	23.5
Other ²	7	119	73	72	113	137	-93.8	-49.3	-27.7
South America Total	4,521	7,034	8,214	7,505	6,968	6,902	-35.7	-10.3	-4.6
Brazil	4,442	6,475	7,455	6,540	6,351	5,847	-31.4	-8.5	-3.0
Other ²	78	559	760	965	618	1,055	-86.0	-40.3	-25.1
Europe Total	22,508	33,773	41,331	47,193	48,620	58,382	-33.3	-17.5	-10.0
Belgium & Luxembourg	2,073	3,195	4,319	4,569	4,501	8,500	-35.1	-17.6	-14.5
Bulgaria	522	989	1,114	1,387	1,339	88	-47.2	-21.0	21.9
Finland	233	463	662	704	1,308	95	-49.6	-35.0	10.4
France	2,522	3,192	3,398	3,852	3,659	6,879	-21.0	-8.9	-10.5
Germany, FR	573	1,247	870	1,055	1,953	1,057	-54.0	-26.4	-6.6
Iceland	51	39	54	62	39	47	31.3	6.9	1.0
Ireland	868	1,150	637	765	914	1,458	-24.5	-1.3	-5.6
Italy	4,014	5,317	7,019	9,204	9,063	11,947	-24.5	-18.4	-11.4
Netherlands	3,432	4,516	4,825	7,058	7,301	8,369	-24.0	-17.2	-9.4
Norway	86	93	96	85	120	177	-7.4	-7.9	-7.7
Portugal	745	746	1,470	1,803	1,752	1,786	1	-19.3	-9.3
Romania	322	1,097	2,244	1,512	1,984	1,718	-70.7	-36.5	-17.0
Spain	2,472	3,156	4,134	4,093	4,653	3,791	-21.7	-14.6	-4.6
Sweden	638	757	834	1,070	1,117	866	-15.6	-13.1	-3.3
Turkey	795	1,592	2,092	2,167	2,011	2,117	-50.1	-20.7	-10.3
United Kingdom	3,162	5,947	7,185	6,196	4,726	5,177	-46.8	-9.5	-5.3
Other ²	1	277	379	1,612	2,179	4,310	-99.6	-85.1	-60.2
Asia Total	9,157	12,311	14,498	17,980	19,095	22,725	-25.6	-16.8	-9.6
China (Taiwan)	1.215	1,519	2,241	2,441	2,533	4,604	-20.0	-16.8	-13.8
Israel	603	527	593	1,202	760	639	14.3	-5.6	6
Japan	4,953	7,734	7,974	10,529	11.787	13,338	-35.9	-19.5	-10.4
Korea, Republic of	2,365	2,453	3,489	3,773	4,012	3,999	-3.6	-12.4	-5.7
Other ²	21	78	201	36	2	145	-72.9	73.7	-19.3
Oceania & Australia Total	*	5	1	1	*	3	-98.3	-22.0	-32.1
Other ²	*	5	1	1	*	3	-98.3	-22.0	-32.1
Africa Total	1,046	2,609	2,554	4,184	3,453	1,933	-59.9	-25.8	-6.6
Algeria	317	343	264	177	220	479	-7.6	9.6	-4.5
Egypt	260	891	1,130	1,038	1,235	646	-70.8	-32.3	-9.6
South Africa, Rep of	469	1,299	987	1,320	786	55	-63.9	-12.1	26.8
Other ²	*	76	173	1,650	1,212	752	-99.9	-91.1	-64.0
Total	58,476	78,048	83,545	90,473	88,547	105,804	-25.1	-9.8	-6.4

Based on the U.S. - Canada Free Trade Agreement, as of January 1990, the U.S. Department of Commerce began reporting statistics on U.S. exports to Canada based on information on imports provided monthly by the Canadian government.
Includes countries with exports less than or equal to 50,000 short tons in 1999.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report EM 545."

^{*} Data round to zero.

U.S. Metallurgical Coal Exports by Destination, 1990, 1995-1999 Table 77. (Thousand Short Tons)

Continent and Country of Destination	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
of Destination							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
North America Total	4,277	4,947	5,355	6,500	4,776	4,399	-13.5	-2.7	-0.3
Canada ¹	4,277	4,927	4,891	6,030	4,452	4,396	-13.2	-1.0	3
Mexico	1	20	463	470	324	3	-96.9	-79.1	-15.9
Other ²	*	-	-	-	-	*	-	-	-16.8
South America Total	4,424	6,822	7,641	6,814	6,778	6,468	-35.1	-10.1	-4.1
Brazil	4,418	6,458	7,364	6,445	6,336	5,753	-31.6	-8.6	-2.9
Other ²	6	363	277	368	442	715	-98.4	-65.9	-41.3
Europe Total	18,313	26,002	28,802	28,253	27,282	36,690	-29.6	-9.5	-7.4
Belgium & Luxembourg		2,925	3,372	3,445	3,468	6,098	-30.9	-12.6	-11.5
Bulgaria		989	1,114	1,214	1,339	49	-47.2	-21.0	30.1
Finland		463	501	540	724	95	-49.6	-24.7	10.4
France	2,491	3,103	3,056	3,084	3,155	4,961	-19.7	-5.7	-7.4
Germany, FR	136	380	650	538	231	701	-64.1	-12.3	-16.6
Iceland	51	39	54	54	39	31	31.3	6.9	5.8
Ireland	–	_	121	_	_	_	_	_	_
Italy	3,998	4,554	4,581	5,293	4,504	7,029	-12.2	-2.9	-6.1
Netherlands	2,569	4,115	4,114	4,142	3,978	3,975	-37.6	-10.3	-4.7
Norway	86	86	90	61	92	109	.3	-1.6	-2.6
Portugal	369	278	214	174	30	258	32.5	86.8	4.0
Romania	322	1,097	2,148	1,512	1,685	1,718	-70.7	-33.9	-17.0
Spain	1,676	2,398	2,251	2,103	2,178	3,479	-30.1	-6.3	-7.8
Sweden		757	834	987	1,109	843	-15.6	-12.9	-3.0
Turkey	794	1,589	2,087	2,027	1,806	2,101	-50.1	-18.6	-10.3
United Kingdom	2,407	3,228	3,615	3,081	2,932	4,090	-25.4	-4.8	-5.7
Other ²		-	*	-	13	1,153	-	-100.0	-100.0
Asia Total	4,068	6,788	7,978	8,814	11,014	14,721	-40.1	-22.0	-13.3
China (Taiwan)	126	345	555	376	370	394	-63.4	-23.6	-11.9
Israel	–	73	137	265	141	55	-100.0	-100.0	-100.0
Japan		4.329	4.791	5,552	7,929	11.044	-48.8	-27.3	-16.3
Korea, Republic of		2,029	2,472	2,597	2,574	3,206	-15.6	-9.7	-6.7
Other ²		12	23	24	´ -	23	*	-	-6.7
Oceania & Australia Total	–	3	_	_	_	1	-100.0	_	-100.0
Other ²		3	-	-	-	1	-100.0	-	-100.0
Africa Total	1,046	2,532	2,379	2,570	2,239	1,180	-58.7	-17.3	-1.3
Algeria		343	264	177	220	479	-7.6	9.6	-4.5
Egypt		890	1,128	1,037	1,233	646	-70.8	-32.3	-9.6
South Africa, Rep of		1,299	987	1,320	786	55	-63.9	-12.1	26.8
Other ²		_	-	37	-	-	-	-	-
Total	32,128	47,093	52,154	52,950	52,089	63,459	-31.8	-11.4	-7.3

¹ Based on the U.S. - Canada Free Trade Agreement, as of January 1990, the U.S. Department of Commerce began reporting statistics on U.S. exports to Canada based on information on imports provided monthly by the Canadian government.

2 Includes countries with exports less than or equal to 50,000 short tons in 1999.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report EM 545."

^{*} Data round to zero.

Table 78. U.S. Steam Coal Exports by Destination, 1990, 1995-1999

Continent and Country of Destination	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change 1998-1999	Average Annual Percent Change	
								1995-1999	1990-1999
North America Total	16,967	17,368	11,592	7,110	5,635	11,460	-2.3	31.7	4.4
Canada ¹	15,549	15,727	10,084	5,999	4,975	11,115	-1.1	33.0	3.8
Mexico	1,410	1,522	1,435	1,039	547	208	-7.4	26.7	23.7
Other ²	7	119	73	72	113	137	-93.8	-49.4	-27.7
South America Total	96	213	573	691	190	435	-54.6	-15.6	-15.4
Brazil	24	17	90	95	15	94	46.5	13.2	-14.0
Other ²	72	196	482	596	176	340	-63.1	-19.9	-15.8
Europe Total	4,195	7,771	12,530	18,940	21,338	21,692	-46.0	-33.4	-16.7
Belgium & Luxembourg	53	270	947	1,125	1,033	2,402	-80.4	-52.4	-34.5
Bulgaria	_	_	_	173	_	39	_	_	-100.0
Finland	_	_	160	164	584	_	_	-100.0	_
France	30	89	342	769	503	1,918	-65.8	-50.5	-36.9
Germany, FR	437	867	221	517	1,722	356	-49.6	-29.0	2.3
Iceland	_	_	_	8	_	16	_	_	-100.0
Ireland	868	1,150	516	765	914	1,458	-24.5	-1.3	-5.6
Italy	15	764	2,438	3,911	4,559	4,917	-98.0	-75.9	-47.4
Netherlands	862	401	711	2,917	3,323	4,393	115.1	-28.6	-16.5
Norway	_	7	7	24	28	68	-100.0	-100.0	-100.0
Portugal	377	468	1,256	1,628	1.722	1.528	-19.5	-31.6	-14.4
Romania	_	_	96	-,	299	-,	_	-100.0	_
Spain	796	758	1,883	1.990	2,475	312	5.0	-24.7	10.9
Sweden	_	_	_	83	9	23	_	-100.0	-100.0
Turkey	1	3	5	140	206	17	-55.9	-71.4	-24.2
United Kingdom	755	2,719	3,570	3.115	1.795	1.088	-72.2	-19.4	-4.0
Other ²	1	277	379	1,612	2,166	3,157	-99.6	-85.1	-58.8
Asia Total	5.089	5,523	6,520	9,166	8,081	8,004	-7.9	-10.9	-4.9
China (Taiwan)	1.089	1.174	1,686	2,066	2,163	4,211	-7.3	-15.8	-13.9
Israel	603	454	456	936	620	584	32.8	7	.3
Japan	2,736	3,406	3,183	4,976	3,858	2,294	-19.6	-8.2	2.0
Korea, Republic of	652	424	1,017	1,175	1,438	793	53.8	-17.9	-2.1
Other ²	9	66	178	12	2	122	-86.4	40.1	-25.3
Oceania & Australia Total	*	2	1	1	*	2	-95.9	-22.0	-30.4
Other ²	*	2	1	1	*	2	-95.9	-22.0	-30.4
Africa Total	*	77	175	1,615	1,214	753	-99.9	-91.1	-64.0
Egypt	_	1	2	1	2	*	-100.0	-100.0	-100.0
South Africa, Rep of	_	_	_	_	*	_	-	-100.0	_
Other ²	*	76	173	1,614	1,212	752	-99.9	-91.1	-64.0
Total	26,347	30,954	31,390	37,522	36,458	42,345	-14.9	-7.8	-5.1

Based on the U.S. - Canada Free Trade Agreement, as of January 1990, the U.S. Department of Commerce began reporting statistics on U.S. exports to Canada based on information on imports provided monthly by the Canadian government.
Includes countries with exports less than or equal to 50,000 short tons in 1999.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, ''Monthly Report EM 545.''

 $[\]ensuremath{^{*}}$ Data round to zero.

Table 79. Coal Exports by Customs District, 1990, 1995-1999

Customs District	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change 1998-1999	Average Annual Percent Change	
								1995-1999	1990-1999
Eastern Total	32,444	R 48,668	52,806	58,161	55,374	66,160	-33.3	-12.5	-7.6
Boston, MA	_	_	22	_	33	54	_	-100.0	-100.0
Baltimore, MD	4,834	6,576	6,297	11,221	11,313	7,786	-26.5	-19.1	-5.1
Portland, ME	396	400	1	*	57	1	-1.0	62.1	99.7
Buffalo, NY	3,118	R 5,144	3,594	2,263	1,574	503	-39.4	18.6	22.5
New York City, NY	1	R 9	3	6	87	17	-84.4	-64.1	-24.1
Ogdensburg, NY	117	R 85	92	116	163	54	38.8	-7.9	9.0
Philadelphia, PA	167	202	265	406	339	3,237	-17.0	-16.2	-28.0
Norfolk, VA	23,810	36,252	42,533	44,148	41,808	54,508	-34.3	-13.1	-8.8
St. Albans, VT	*	-	1	1	*	-	-	55.7	-
Southern Total	7,091	R 11,261	15,327	16,077	19,936	21,988	-37.0	-22.8	-11.8
Mobile, AL	2,683	4,537	5,379	5,897	8,283	7,607	-40.9	-24.6	-10.9
Savannah, GA	1	2	37	_	4	*	-30.3	-27.1	21.0
Miami, FL	1	2	1	2	2	1	-49.8	-11.6	-2.3
Tampa, FL	_	*	*	-	1	19	-100.0	-100.0	-100.0
New Orleans, LA	2,923	R 4,848	7,639	8,669	10,522	12,811	-39.7	-27.4	-15.1
Wilmington, NC	*	*	*	*	_	_	NM	_	_
San Juan, PR	28	40	83	*	*	-	-28.5	327.5	_
Charleston, SC	3	*	164	154	401	1,193	NM	-69.4	-47.7
El Paso, TX	_	_	*	-	*	_	_	-100.0	_
Houston-Galveston, TX		299	560	297	179	154	-75.4	-19.9	-7.9
Laredo, TX	1,377	R 1,533	1,463	1,057	542	201	-10.2	26.2	23.8
Western Total	3,698	R 3,793	4,771	6,832	5,527	3,009	-2.5	-9.6	2.3
Anchorage, AK	618	343	740	784	919	793	80.0	-9.4	-2.7
Nogales, AZ	*	*	_	*	-	3	104.5	_	-36.5
Los Angeles, CA		3,440	3,785	5,899	4,475	1,936	-11.4	-9.1	5.2
San Diego, CA		3	*	-	*	3	350.8	261.6	14.9
San Francisco, CA		3	104	1	*	188	-93.1	-14.3	-53.2
Great Falls, MT		3	1	*	*	*	-3.5	80.2	40.8
Portland, OR		R 1	41	_	_	4	_	_	15.4
Seattle, WA	1	^K 1	100	147	132	82	15.2	-68.2	-36.7
Northern Total	15,220	R 14,291	10,616	9,358	7,688	14,622	6.5	18.6	.4
Chicago, IL			21	-	_	47	-	-	-21.7
Detroit, MI		R 2,485	2,283	3,804	1,845	3,901	-20.6	1.7	-7.3
Duluth, MN		1,093	128	247	210	504	203.6	99.3	23.3
Pembina, ND		R 63	1	1	19	*	-5.3	33.3	81.0
Cleveland, OH		10,651	8,183	5,306	5,614	10,073	-7.4	15.1	2
Milwaukee, WI	-	*	-	-	-	96	-100.0	-	-100.0
Other Ports	23	R 35	25	45	22	25	-33.7	.8	9
Total	58,476	78,048	83,545	90,473	88,547	105,804	-25.1	-9.8	-6.4

* Data round to zero.

R Revised Data.

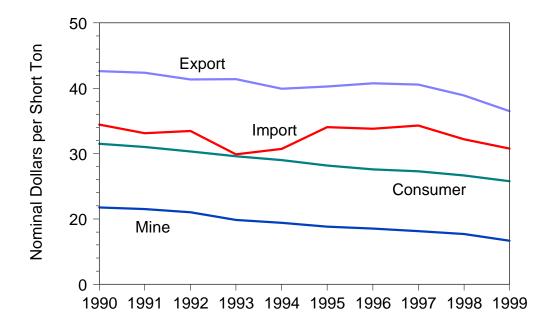
NM Not meaningful as value is greater than 500 percent.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report EM 545."

Coal Prices

Figure 12. Coal Prices, 1990-1999



Notes: Average mine prices exclude mines producing less than 10,000 short tons of coal during the year. Mine Price is calculated by dividing the total free on board (f.o.b.) mine value of the coal produced by the total production. Consumer Price is based on the cost including insurance and freight (C.I.F. cost) for electric utilities, and insurance, freight and taxes for manufacturing and coke plants, and does not include the residential and commercial sector. Export Price is based on the free alongside ship (f.a.s.) value. Import Price is based on the customers import value.

Sources: • Mine Price: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; State Mining Agency Coal Production Reports; and/or U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report." • Consumer Prices: Federal Regulatory Commission (FERC), FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report on Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; EIA, Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report – Quarterly" and Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report – Manufacturing Plants." • Export Prices: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report EM 545." • Import Prices: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report IM 145."

Mine Prices

Table 80. Average Price of Coal by State, 1990, 1995-1999

(Nominal Dollars per Short Ton)

Coal-Producing State and Region		1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change 1998-1999	Average Annual Percent Change	
	1999							1995-1999	1990-1999
Alabama	\$35.29	\$37.23	\$38.48	\$39.48	\$38.44	\$43.04	-5.2	-2.1	-2.2
Alaska	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Arizona	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	W	w
Arkansas	w	w	w	_	w	w	w	w	w
California	_	_	_	_	_	w	_	_	_
Colorado	\$17.23	\$17.30	\$18.46	\$17.94	\$19.26	\$21.75	4	-2.7	-2.5
llinois	22.90	22.86	21.44	22.74	23.05	27.73	.2	2	-2.1
ndiana	19.99	19.68	19.62	20.24	21.71	23.91	1.6	-2.0	-2.0
owa	_	_	_	_	_	w	_	_	_
Kansas	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Kentucky Total	\$23.50	\$23.82	\$23.72	\$23.91	\$24.79	\$25.19	-1.3	-1.3	8
Eastern	24.14	24.59	24.65	24.98	26.00	25.84	-1.8	-1.8	8
Western	21.15	21.01	20.49	20.38	20.75	23.32	.7	.5	-1.1
_ouisiana	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Maryland	\$23.27	\$24.35	\$23.26	\$24.40	\$24.69	\$25.97	-4.4	-1.5	-1.2
Mississippi	w	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	
Missouri	w	20.78	16.87	23.31	18.91	w	w	w	w
Montana	\$8.82	8.25	9.84	9.96	9.62	\$9.42	6.8	-2.2	7
New Mexico	20.97	20.68	21.83	24.66	23.80	22.43	1.4	-3.1	7
Vorth Dakota	8.01	8.01	8.06	8.01	7.99	7.67	*	*	.5
Ohio	28.18	27.56	23.66	24.85	25.97	28.65	2.3	2.1	2
Oklahoma	26.70	26.02	26.32	26.54	24.13	30.39	2.6	2.5	-1.4
Pennsylvania Total	24.14	R 25.79	25.98	25.78	26.78	30.15	-6.4	-2.6	-2.4
Anthracite	35.13	42.91	35.12	36.78	39.78	39.40	-18.1	-3.1	-1.3
Bituminous	23.43	R 24.66	25.41	24.98	25.77	29.72	-5.0	-2.3	-2.6
Tennessee	29.24	28.69	27.03	27.79	26.94	27.96	1.9	2.1	-2.0 .5
remessee	12.46	12.47	12.15	12.17	12.16	11.20	*	.6	1.2
	17.33	18.47	17.61	21.63	12.16	18.53	-6.2	.6 -2.4	1.2 7
Jtah			28.24		28.47	28.05	-8.3	-2.4 -1.9	<i>7</i> 7
Virginia	26.30	28.69		28.45					
Vashington	W \$25.57	w \$27.07	W \$26.64	W \$26.59	W \$27.10	\$29.62	w −5.6	w −1.5	−1.2
West Virginia Total	\$25.57 22.98	\$27.07	\$26.64	\$26.58	\$27.18	\$28.62	-5.6 -10.3	-1.5 -2.0	-1.2 -2.6
Northern	26.39	25.62 27.57	25.86	24.86 27.21	24.91 28.07	29.05 28.40	-10.3 -4.3	-2.0 -1.5	-2.6 8
Southern		5.41	26.90 6.00	6.41			-4.3 7	-1.5 -4.9	8 -4.9
Wyoming	5.38	5.41	6.00	0.41	6.58	8.43	/	-4.9	-4.9
ppalachian Total ¹	25.58	R 26.84	26.55	26.78	27.45	28.89	-4.7	-1.7	-1.3
nterior Total 1	18.52	18.45	17.91	18.41	18.81	21.45	.4	4	-1.6
Western Total ¹	8.59	8.76	9.52	10.03	10.15	11.60	-2.0	-4.1	-3.3
East of Miss. River	24.77	R 25.77	25.39	25.70	26.35	28.09	-3.9	-1.5	-1.4
West of Miss. River	9.07	9.25	9.92	10.40	10.48	11.81	-1.9	-3.5	-2.9
J.S. Total	16.63	17.67	18.14	18.50	18.83	21.76	-5.8	-3.0	-2.9

 $^{1\ \ \,}$ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: For 1997 and prior years, average mine price is calculated by dividing the total free on board (f.o.b.) mine value of the coal produced by the total production. For 1998 and forward, average mine price is calculated by dividing the total free on board (f.o.b.) rail/barge value of the coal sold by the total coal sold. A measure of dispersion of the 1999 average prices at the State level (interquartile range) is given in Appendix D, Table D1. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; State Mining Agency Coal Production Reports; and/or U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

^{*} Data round to zero.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Revised Data.

Table 81. Average Real Price of Coal by State, 1990, 1995-1999 (Real Dollars per Short Ton)

Coal-Producing State and Region	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change 1998-1999	Average Annual Percent Change	
								1995-1999	1990-1999
Alabama	\$33.74	\$36.11	\$37.75	\$39.48	\$39.19	\$49.75	-6.6	-3.7	-4.2
Alaska	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	W
Arizona	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Arkansas	w	w	w	_	w	w	w	w	w
California	_	_	_	_	_	w	_	_	_
Colorado	\$16.47	\$16.78	\$18.12	\$17.94	\$19.63	\$25.15	-1.8	-4.3	-4.6
Illinois	21.89	22.17	21.03	22.74	23.50	32.05	-1.3	-1.8	-4.1
Indiana	19.11	19.08	19.25	20.24	22.13	27.64	.1	-3.6	-4.0
Iowa	_	_	_	_	_	w	_	_	_
Kansas	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Kentucky Total	\$22.47	\$23.10	\$23.27	\$23.91	\$25.27	\$29.12	-2.7	-2.9	-2.8
Eastern	23.07	23.84	24.19	24.98	26.50	29.87	-3.2	-3.4	-2.8
Western	20.22	20.37	20.11	20.38	21.15	26.96	8	-1.1	-3.1
Louisiana	W W	w w	20.11 W	20.50 W	w w	20.70 W	w	w	w
Maryland	\$22.24	\$23.62	\$22.82	\$24.40	\$25.17	\$30.02	-5.8	-3.0	-3.3
Mississippi	Ψ22.2 - W	Ψ23.02	Ψ22.02	Ψ24.40	Ψ23.17	Ψ30.02	J.6 _	J.0 —	5.5
Missouri	w	20.15	16.55	23.31	19.27	w	w	w	w
	\$8.43	8.01	9.66	9.96	9.81	\$10.89	5.3	-3.7	-2.8
Montana			21.42		24.26		3.3 *	-3.7 -4.6	-2.8 -2.8
New Mexico	20.05	20.05		24.66		25.92			
North Dakota	7.65	7.77	7.91	8.01	8.15	8.87	-1.5	-1.5	-1.6 -2.3
Ohio	26.94	26.72	23.21	24.85	26.47	33.11	.8	.4	
Oklahoma	25.52	25.23	25.83	26.54	24.60	35.13	1.1	.9	-3.5
Pennsylvania Total	23.08	25.01	25.49	25.78	27.30	34.85	-7.7	-4.1	-4.5
Anthracite	33.58	41.62	34.46	36.78	40.55	45.55	-19.3	-4.6	-3.3
Bituminous	22.40	23.92	24.93	24.98	26.27	34.35	-6.3	-3.9	-4.6
Tennessee	27.95	27.83	26.53	27.79	27.46	32.31	.4	.4	-1.6
Texas	11.91	12.09	11.93	12.17	12.40	12.94	-1.5	-1.0	9
Utah	16.56	17.91	17.28	21.63	19.47	21.42	-7.5	-4.0	-2.8
Virginia	25.15	27.82	27.71	28.45	29.02	32.43	-9.6	-3.5	-2.8
Washington	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	W	W
West Virginia Total	\$24.44	\$26.25	\$26.14	\$26.58	\$27.71	\$33.08	-6.9	-3.1	-3.3
Northern	21.97	24.85	25.38	24.86	25.40	33.58	-11.6	-3.6	-4.6
Southern	25.23	26.74	26.39	27.21	28.62	32.83	-5.6	-3.1	-2.9
Wyoming	5.14	5.25	5.89	6.41	6.70	9.74	-2.1	-6.4	-6.9
Appalachian Total ¹	24.45	26.03	26.05	26.78	27.98	33.39	-6.0	-3.3	-3.4
Interior Total ¹	17.71	17.89	17.58	18.41	19.17	24.79	-1.0	-2.0	-3.7
Western Total ¹	8.21	8.50	9.35	10.03	10.35	13.41	-3.4	-5.6	-5.3
East of Miss. River	23.68	24.99	24.92	25.70	26.86	32.47	-5.2	-3.1	-3.4
West of Miss. River	8.67	8.97	9.73	10.40	10.69	13.65	-3.3	-5.1	-4.9
U.S. Total	15.90	17.13	17.80	18.50	19.20	25.16	-7.2	-4.6	-5.0

¹ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: Real prices are in 1996 dollars, calculated using implicit Gross Domestic Product price deflators. See Appendix D, Table D2. For 1997 and prior years, average mine price is calculated by dividing the total free on board (f.o.b.) mine value of the coal produced by the total production. For 1998 and forward, average mine price is calculated by dividing the total free on board (f.o.b.) rail/barge value of the coal sold by the total coal sold. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; State Mining Agency Coal Production Reports; and/or U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

^{*} Data round to zero.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Table 82. Average Price of Coal by State and Mine Type, 1999 (Dollars per Short Ton)

Coal-Producing State and Region	Underg	round	Surface		Total	
	Nominal	Real ¹	Nominal	Real ¹	Nominal	Real ¹
Alabama	\$35.58	\$34.01	\$34.40	\$32.89	\$35.29	\$33.74
Alaska	\$55.56	φ34.01	φ34.40 W	\$32.89 W	\$33.29 W	φ33.7- W
Arizona	_	_	w	W	w	w W
Arkansas	_	_	w	w	w	w W
	16.30	15.58	\$19.27	\$18.42	\$17.23	\$16.48
Colorado	22.84	21.83	23.56	22.52	22.90	21.89
llinois						
ndiana	W	W	W	W	19.99	19.11
Cansas	- -	- #22.70	W #22.07	W	W #22.50	W
Kentucky Total	\$23.82	\$22.78	\$22.97	\$21.96	\$23.50	\$22.47
Eastern	24.59	23.51	23.51	22.48	24.14	23.07
Western	21.71	20.75	19.25	18.40	21.15	20.22
Louisiana	-	_	W	W	W	W
Maryland	W	W	W	W	\$23.27	\$22.24
Mississippi	-	-	W	W	W	W
Missouri	-	-	W	W	W	W
Montana	_	_	\$8.82	\$8.43	\$8.82	\$8.43
New Mexico	w	W	W	W	20.97	20.05
North Dakota	_	_	\$8.01	\$7.66	8.01	7.66
Ohio	\$31.50	\$30.12	24.52	23.44	28.18	26.94
Oklahoma	W	W	w	W	26.70	25.52
Pennsylvania Total	\$23.86	\$22.81	\$25.07	\$23.97	24.14	23.08
Anthracite	40.86	39.06	34.77	33.24	35.13	33.58
Bituminous	23.78	22.73	21.90	20.94	23.43	22.40
Tennessee	w	w	W	w	29.24	27.95
Texas			\$12.46	\$11.91	12.46	11.91
Jtah	\$17.33	\$16.57	Ψ12.40	Ψ11.71	17.33	16.57
Virginia	26.73	25.55	25.32	24.21	26.30	25.15
Washington	20.73	23.33	25.52 W	24.21 W	20.30 W	23.15 W
West Virginia Total	26.21	25.06	\$24.36	\$23.29	\$25.57	\$24.44
2		22.08			22.98	
Northern	23.10		22.29	21.31		21.97
Southern	27.66	26.44	24.59	23.51	26.39	25.23
Vyoming	w	w	w	w	5.38	5.14
ppalachian Total ²	26.07	24.92	24.65	23.57	25.58	24.46
nterior Total ²	22.42	21.43	16.04	15.33	18.52	17.71
Western Total ²	16.95	16.20	7.69	7.36	8.59	8.21
Cast of Miss. River	25.39	24.27	23.64	22.60	24.77	23.68
West of Miss. River	17.00	16.25	8.32	7.95	9.07	8.67
J.S. Total	24.33	23.26	12.37	11.82	16.63	15.90

¹ Real prices are in 1996 dollars, calculated using implicit Gross Domestic Product price deflators. See Appendix D, Table D2.

Notes: Average mine price is calculated by dividing the total free on board (f.o.b.) rail/barge value of the coal sold by the total coal sold. A measure of dispersion of these average nominal prices at the State level (interquartile range) is given in Appendix D, Table D2. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

² For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

w Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Table 83. Average Price of Coal by State and Underground Mining Method, 1999 (Nominal Dollars per Short Ton)

Coal-Producing State and Region	${\bf Continuous}^1$	Conventional ²	Longwall ³	Other ⁴	Total
Alabama	\$28.51	_	\$35.62	_	\$35.58
Colorado	21.47	_	16.11	_	16.30
llinois	22.12	_	24.12	_	22.84
ndiana	W	_	_	-	w
Kentucky Total	\$23.83	\$23.90	23.71	\$30.71	\$23.82
Eastern	24.68	23.90	21.86	30.71	24.59
Western	20.47	_	24.06	_	21.71
Maryland	w	_	W	_	w
New Mexico	\$19.31	_	_	_	\$19.31
Ohio	20.97	_	\$33.90	_	31.50
Oklahoma	29.31	_	_	_	29.31
Pennsylvania Total	26.16	37.17	23.19	43.34	23.86
Anthracite	41.63	37.17	_	43.34	40.86
Bituminous	25.92	_	23.19	_	23.78
Tennessee	W	_	_	_	w
Jtah	\$16.12	21.38	17.26	_	\$17.33
/irginia	25.90	28.40	28.69	-	26.73
Vest Virginia Total	26.30	23.60	26.09	_	26.21
Northern	20.52	_	24.09	_	23.10
Southern	27.39	23.60	28.26	_	27.66
Vyoming	-	-	W	-	w
Appalachian Total ⁵	25.51	24.21	26.76	34.29	26.07
nterior Total ⁵	21.58	_	24.10	_	22.42
Vestern Total ⁵	17.52	21.38	16.81	-	16.95
East of Miss. River	24.64	24.21	26.38	34.29	25.39
Vest of Miss. River	18.24	21.38	16.81	-	17.00
.S. Total	24.53	23.43	24.14	34.29	24.33

¹ Mines that produce greater than 50 percent of coal by continuous mining method.

² Mines that produce greater than 50 percent of coal by conventional mining method, or mines that produce less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

3 Mines that have any production from longwall mining method. A typical longwall mining operation uses 80 percent longwall mining and 20 percent

³ Mines that have any production from longwall mining method. A typical longwall mining operation uses 80 percent longwall mining and 20 percent continuous mining.

⁴ Mines that produce coal using shortwall, scoop loading, hand loading, or other mining methods or a 50/50 percent continuous/conventional split in mining method.

⁵ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: Average mine price is calculated by dividing the total free on board (f.o.b.) rail/barge value of the coal sold by the total coal sold. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

Table 84. Coal Disposition, Number of Mines, and Average Price, by State and County, 1999

Coal-Producing State and County	Number of Mines	Disposition	Average Price	
Alabama	44	19,258	35.29	
Bibb	1	45	W	
Cullman	2	82	w	
Fayette	1	2,350	w	
Jefferson	8	7,903	\$40.68	
Marion	1	34	w	
Tuscaloosa	7	5,261	\$31.21	
Walker	21	3,254	35.41	
		· ·		
Winston	3	330	W	
laska	1	1,573	W	
Yukon River	1	1,573	W	
rizona	2	12,623	W	
Navajo	2	12,623	W	
rkansas	1	15	w	
Johnson	1	15	w	
olorado	12	30,146	17.23	
Delta	1	1,751		
	1		w	
Fremont	1	226	W	
Gunnison	<u> </u>	8,298	W	
La Plata	1	223	W	
Mesa	1	278	W	
Moffat	2	7,780	w	
Montrose	1	359	W	
Rio Blanco	1	1,333	W	
Routt	2	9,898	w	
llinois	23	40,280	22.90	
Christian	1	43	22.90 W	
	4			
Gallatin	4	4,639	\$24.10	
Jackson	2	815	W	
Jefferson	1	3,878	W	
Logan	1	2,303	W	
Macoupin	2	4,309	W	
McDonough	1	480	W	
Montgomery	1	1,703	W	
Perry	i	2,436	w	
	1	2,490		
Randolph	2		W	
Saline	3	9,245	W	
Vermilion	1	919	W	
Wabash	1	1,296	W	
Washington	1	3,384	W	
White	1	2,320	W	
Williamson	1	21	W	
ndiana	34	33,969	19.99	
Clay	3	78	w	
Daviess	4	3,573	\$20.10	
	1			
Dubois	1	79 5 888	W \$19.10	
Gibson	4	5,888	\$18.19	
Greene	4	4,970	21.46	
Knox	6	5,490	21.47	
Parke	1	216	W	
Pike	4	4,503	\$19.94	
Spencer	1	228	W	
Sullivan	1	1,508	W	
Vigo	2	3,548	w	
Warrick	3	3,888		
	3 2	3,888 400	W	
ansas			W	
Linn	2	400	w	
entucky	415	139,117	23.50	
Bell	20	4,565	\$25.68	
Breathitt	6	2,626	21.60	
Christian	1	332	W	
Clay	3	86	W	
Daviess	2	934	W	
	29			
Floyd		4,841	\$24.02	
Harlan	33	8,638	25.08	
Henderson	2	1,259	W	
Hopkins	12	7,371	\$19.42	
Johnson	5	1,168	22.83	
Knott	48	10,813	19.45	
Knox	11	489	36.68	
Laurel	1	43	W	

Table 84. Coal Disposition, Number of Mines, and Average Price, by State and County, 1999 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State and County	Number of Mines	Disposition	Average Price
Kentucky (Continued)			
Lawrence	2	131	\$24.46
Leslie	12	7,940	23.15
Letcher	37	9,460	25.49
Martin	28	11,171	23.95
McLean	2	616	W
	1	43	
Morgan	•		W \$17.25
Muhlenberg	5	3,403	\$17.25
Ohio	3	161	W
Owsley	2	31	W
Perry	30	12,895	\$22.19
Pike	107	34,369	25.90
Union	3	7,396	W
Webster	6	8,101	\$23.02
Whitley	4	235	20.22
ouisiana	2	2,952	W
De Soto	1	2,236	W
Red River	1	716	W
faryland	11	3,963	23.27
	6	562	\$25.55
Allegany			
Garrett	5	3,402	22.89
/lississippi	1	15	W
Choctaw	1	15	W
/lissouri	2	391	W
Barton	1	73	w
Bates	1	318	W
_	4		
Aontana	0	41,231	8.82
Big Horn	3	27,340	W
Richland	1	278	W
Rosebud	2	13,613	w
New Mexico	7	28,011	20.97
Colfax	1	1,146	W
	2	11,813	
McKinley	4		W #20.00
San Juan	4	15,051	\$20.89
lorth Dakota	4	30,977	8.01
McLean	1	7,151	w
Mercer	2	19,297	W
Oliver	1	4,529	W
Ohio	59	23,113	28.18
	6		\$20.05
Belmont	· ·	5,408	
Carroll	2	142	17.83
Columbiana	4	491	14.98
Coshocton	3	105	W
Gallia	1	221	W
Guernsey	2	68	W
	7	2,982	\$21.61
Harrison	,		
Holmes	1	168	w
Jackson	3	1,422	W
Jefferson	5	654	\$22.31
Meigs	2	4,554	w
Monroe	1	1,065	W
	1	1,016	W
Morgan	1		
Muskingum	1	663	W
Noble	2	714	w
Perry	5	966	\$23.16
Stark	3	551	16.56
Tuscarawas	8	800	18.06
Vinton	2	1,123	W
	<u>~</u>	· ·	
Oklahoma	<i>!</i>	1,648	26.70
Craig	1	195	W
Haskell	1	614	W
Latimer	1	116	W
Le Flore	3	501	\$28.10
Rogers	1	222	\$20.10 W
	-		
ennsylvania	230	76,952	24.14
Allegheny	1	11	W
Armstrong	22	5,412	\$25.00
Beaver	1	209	w
Butler	2	530	\$25.93
Cambria	12	1,395	23.83
Carbon	1	39	W

Table 84. Coal Disposition, Number of Mines, and Average Price, by State and County, 1999 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State and County	Number of Mines	Disposition	Average Price
Pennsylvania (Continued)			
Clarion	5	435	\$23.62
Clearfield	29	3,446	24.03
Columbia	3	532	40.47
Elk	3	448	17.40
Fayette	8	280	21.23
Greene	10	38,136	22.69
Indiana	23	4,994	28.68
Jefferson	14	1,569	21.85
Lawrence	2	74	W
Luzerne	8	1,051	\$42.23
Lycoming	1	256	Ψ+2.23 W
Northumberland	4	847	\$19.72
	39		
Schuylkill		2,127	36.85
Somerset	25	4,898	19.96
Sullivan	2	60	w
Venango	1	91	W
Washington	7	9,621	\$25.34
Westmoreland	7	490	19.63
ennessee	20	3,013	29.24
Anderson	2	91	W
Campbell	8	880	\$32.61
Claiborne	7	1,198	26.01
Cumberland	i	263	W
Scott	1	168	W
Sequatchie	1	413	w
•	14	53,048	12.46
'exas			
Atascosa	1	3,420	w
Freestone	1	4,971	W
Harrison	2	3,873	W
Hopkins	1	2,126	W
Leon	1	8,935	W
Milam	1	6,298	W
Panola	2	7,768	W
Robertson	1	1,640	W
Rusk	1	6,237	W
Titus	2	7,536	W
Webb	1	244	W
Itah	14	26,787	17.33
Carbon	8	8,206	\$18.83
Emery	3	11,966	w
	3	6,615	W
Sevier /irginia	142	31,673	26.30 W
0			
Buchanan	46	11,139	\$27.74
Dickenson	23	4,238	28.71
Lee	7	1,003	24.88
Russell	3	406	27.56
Tazewell	8	1,346	28.87
Wise	55	13,541	24.18
Vashington	1	4,074	w
Lewis	1	4,074	w
Vest Virginia	275	158,437	25.57
Barbour	4	688	\$22.30
Boone	31	30,144	25.37
Brooke	1	1,645	W
Clay	6	6,462	\$27.01
Fayette	5	2,078	30.76
	3	2,078 603	
Grant			W
Greenbrier	3	327	W \$25.04
Harrison	14	7,099	\$25.04
Kanawha	12	14,905	23.89
Lincoln	1	357	W
Logan	20	9,524	\$24.18
Marion	2	1,278	W
Marshall	2	10,846	W
McDowell	46	4,886	\$26.80
Mineral	1	49	W
Mingo	29	19,961	\$27.25
Monongalia	8	6,714	21.30
Nicholas	11	4,319	26.04
Preston			
PIPSION	6	1,354	25.14

Table 84. Coal Disposition, Number of Mines, and Average Price, by State and County, 1999 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State and County	Number of Mines Disposition		Average Price	
West Virginia (Continued)				
Raleigh	18	10,789	\$31.02	
Tucker	2	258	W	
Upshur	12	2,262	\$20.29	
Wayne	7	6,673	25.93	
Webster	9	5,495	20.03	
Wyoming	22	9,718	28.10	
Wyoming	22	336,646	5.38	
Campbell	13	294,339	\$4.77	
Carbon	3	2,921	W	
Converse	2	25,625	W	
Lincoln	1	4,320	w	
Sheridan	1	72	W	
Sweetwater	2	9,369	W	
U.S. Total	1,351	1,100,313	16.63	

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

tration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Notes: Average mine price is calculated by dividing the total free on board (f.o.b.) rail/barge value of the coal sold by the total coal sold. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data. Coal production excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Adminis-

Table 85. Average Price by State and Coal Rank, 1999

Coal-Producing State and Region	Bituminous	Subbituminous	Lignite	Anthracite	Total
Alabama	\$35.29	_	_	_	\$35.29
Alaska	_	w	_	_	w
Arizona	w	_	_	_	w
Arkansas	_	_	_	w	w
Colorado	\$16.79	\$18.50	_	_	\$17.23
llinois	22.90	_	_	_	22.90
ndiana	19.99	_	_	_	19.99
Cansas	W	_	_	_	w
Centucky Total	\$23.50	_	_	_	\$23.50
Eastern	24.14	_	_	_	24.14
Western	21.15	_	_	_	21.15
ouisiana	_	_	W	_	w
/laryland	23.27	_	_	_	\$23.27
Aississippi	_	_	w	_	w
⁄lissouri	w	_	-	_	w
Montana	-	w	W	_	\$8.82
Vew Mexico	W	w	-	_	20.97
Vorth Dakota	-	_	\$8.01	_	8.01
Ohio	\$28.18	_	-	_	28.18
Oklahoma	26.70	_	-	_	26.70
ennsylvania Total	23.43	_	-	\$35.13	24.14
Anthracite	-	_	-	35.13	35.13
Bituminous	23.43	_	-	_	23.43
'ennessee	29.24	_	-	_	29.24
`exas	W	_	W	_	12.46
Jtah	\$17.33	_	-	_	17.33
/irginia	26.30	_	-	_	26.30
Vashington	-	W	-	_	W
Vest Virginia Total	25.57	_	-	_	\$25.57
Northern	22.98	_	-	_	22.98
Southern	26.39	_	-	-	26.39
Vyoming	W	W	-	-	5.38
ppalachian Total 1	25.48	-	-	35.13	25.58
nterior Total ¹	21.56	_	12.73	w	18.52
Vestern Total ¹	18.82	6.87	8.03	_	8.59
ast of Miss. River	24.68	_	11.04	35.13	24.77
Vest of Miss. River	19.05	6.87	11.04	W	9.07
.S. Total	23.92	6.87	11.04	2 35.13	16.63

 $^{1\,}$ $\,$ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: Average mine price is calculated by dividing the total free on board (f.o.b.) rail/barge vaule of the coal sold by the total coal sold. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

² Does not include Arkansas.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Table 86. Average Price of U.S. Coal by Mine Production Range and Mine Type, 1999 (Nominal Dollars per Short Ton)

Mine Production Range (thousand short tons)	Underground	Surface	Total
Over 1,000	\$24.00	\$10.41	\$14.56
500 to 1,000	26.20	22.64	24.57
200 to 500	24.48	24.36	24.42
100 to 200	23.58	24.48	23.90
50 to 100	24.17	24.07	24.12
10 to 50	25.70	23.31	24.20
U.S. Total	24.33	12.37	16.63

Notes: Average mine price is calculated by dividing the total free on board (f.o.b.) rail/barge value of the coal sold by the total coal sold. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table 87. Average Price of U.S. Coal by Coalbed Thickness and Mine Type, 1999 (Nominal Dollars per Short Ton)

Coalbed Thickness (inches)	Underground	Surface	Total
< 7	_	\$30.86	\$30.86
7-12	_	22.43	22.43
13-18	_	24.20	24.20
19-24	\$29.72	20.57	20.71
25-30	25.25	22.04	22.46
31-36	26.42	22.68	24.60
37-42	24.73	22.71	23.94
43-48	26.14	24.05	25.21
49-54	27.25	22.21	25.08
55-60	25.78	22.62	24.61
61-66	24.07	20.86	23.51
67-72	24.31	19.45	22.98
73-78	26.51	23.38	26.08
79-84	24.56	17.94	22.38
85-90	25.66	15.90	20.94
91-96	21.65	21.63	21.65
97-102	19.74	22.88	20.93
103-108	29.49	15.15	17.74
109-114	14.46	22.57	18.98
115-120	20.22	24.80	22.01
> 120	16.43	7.09	7.59
U.S. Total	24.33	12.37	16.63

Notes: Average mine price is calculated by dividing the total free on board (f.o.b.) rail/barge value of the coal sold by the total coal sold. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

Table 88. Average Price of Coal by State and Productivity Range, 1999

Coal-Producing State and Region	Productivity Range (short tons per miner per hour)						
	> = 16	8 to 16	4 to 8	2 to 4	0 to 2	Total	
Alabama	_	_	\$29.89	\$36.89	\$32.04	\$35.29	
Alaska	_	_	W	_	_	w	
Arizona	_	_	w	_	_	w	
Arkansas	_	_	-	_	W	w	
Colorado	_	w	\$21.50	w	 _	\$17.23	
llinois	_	w	22.40	\$24.77	w	22.90	
ndiana	_	w	19.94	22.88	W	19.99	
Kansas		w	19.94 W	22.66	- w	19.99 W	
Kentucky Total	w	\$23.54	\$23.10	24.37	w	\$23.50	
Eastern	w	\$23.34 W	23.78	24.53	w	\$23.30 24.14	
Western	W	w	21.38	21.52	w _	21.15	
Louisiana	_		21.30	21.32	_		
	_	W	22.78			w \$22.27	
Maryland	_	W	22.78	26.05	W	\$23.27	
Aississippi	_	_	_	_	W	W	
Missouri	-	_	_	W	W	W	
Montana	W	W	-	_	-	\$8.82	
New Mexico	-	\$19.57	24.47	_	_	20.97	
North Dakota	\$7.73	10.62	-	-	_	8.01	
Ohio	_	19.50	20.47	\$37.64	\$22.92	28.18	
Oklahoma			25.66	27.27	29.31	26.70	
Pennsylvania Total	17.47	22.10	22.87	24.94	37.14	24.14	
Anthracite	17.70	35.56	25.55	38.47	53.79	35.13	
Bituminous	16.35	21.04	22.86	24.40	31.94	23.43	
Tennessee	-	W	W	27.90	26.53	29.24	
Texas	-	\$12.27	W	W	-	12.46	
Jtah	-	17.74	\$16.52	W	W	17.33	
Virginia	-	26.53	25.30	\$27.25	\$26.54	26.30	
Washington	-	_	-	W	_	W	
West Virginia Total	19.60	25.58	25.62	\$25.78	26.51	\$25.57	
Northern	13.49	21.46	23.64	22.16	23.87	22.98	
Southern	22.15	26.13	26.32	27.78	27.70	26.39	
Wyoming	4.74	15.62	w	w	_	5.38	
Appalachian Total 1	19.12	24.70	24.37	27.84	31.01	25.58	
nterior Total ¹	-	13.09	20.93	24.18	24.11	18.52	
Vestern Total ¹	5.39	16.78	20.53	24.22	17.18	8.59	
East of Miss. River	19.12	24,23	23.52	27.42	30.90	24.77	
Vest of Miss. River	5.39	15.15	20.07	24.57	21.21	9.07	
J.S. Total	5.54	18.02	23.09	27.26	30.54	16.63	

¹ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

w Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: Average mine price is calculated by dividing the total free on board (f.o.b.) rail/barge value of the coal sold by the total coal sold. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

Table 89. Average Price of Underground Coal by State and Productivity Range, 1999 (Nominal Dollars per Short Ton)

Coal-Producing	Productivity Range (short tons per miner per hour)						
State and Region	> = 16	8 to 16	4 to 8	2 to 4	0 to 2	Total	
Alabama	_	_	_	\$37.55	\$31.97	\$35.58	
Colorado	_	\$14.44	\$22.36	21.47	ψ31.57 —	16.30	
llinois	_	W	22.26	25.07	w	22.84	
ndiana	_	 _	w	w	_	22.0 ·	
Lentucky Total	w	\$26.06	\$23.26	\$24.62	\$25.41	\$23.82	
Eastern	w	26.06	24.27	24.82	25.41	24.59	
Western		20.00	21.69	W W	23.11	21.71	
Maryland	_	_	W W		_	W W	
New Mexico	_	_	w	_	_	w	
Ohio	_	_	\$19.92	\$42.08	_	\$31.50	
Oklahoma	_	_	_	-	w	w	
Pennsylvania Total	_	21.38	23.07	25.04	\$34.29	\$23.86	
Anthracite	_	_			40.86	40.86	
Bituminous	_	21.38	23.07	25.04	33.75	23.78	
ennessee	_	_	w	27.28	26.00	w	
Jtah	_	17.74	\$16.52	18.89	17.18	\$17.33	
/irginia	_	_	25.65	27.39	27.34	26.73	
Vest Virginia Total	\$19.22	27.70	26.10	25.83	26.65	26.21	
Northern	12.85	23.60	23.51	22.13	23.47	23.10	
Southern	21.50	27.79	27.75	27.80	27.84	27.66	
Vyoming	_	w	_			w	
Appalachian Total ¹	19.85	25.20	24.70	28.06	30.36	26.07	
nterior Total ¹	_	20.53	21.97	24.34	26.78	22.42	
Vestern Total ¹	-	16.19	18.25	19.80	17.18	16.95	
Cast of Miss. River	19.85	25.03	24.00	27.61	30.32	25.39	
Vest of Miss. River	-	16.19	18.25	19.80	21.16	17.00	
J.S. Total	19.85	20.47	23.61	27.46	29.95	24.33	

¹ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: Average mine price is calculated by dividing the total free on board (f.o.b.) rail/barge value of the coal sold by the total coal sold. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

Table 90. Average Price of Surface Coal by State and Productivity Range, 1999 (Nominal Dollars per Short Ton)

Coal-Producing State and Region	Productivity Range (short tons per miner per hour)						
	> = 16	8 to 16	4 to 8	2 to 4	0 to 2	Total	
Alabama	_	_	\$29.89	\$35.26	\$37.48	\$34.40	
Alaska	_	_	w	_	_	w	
Arizona	_	_	w	_	_	w	
Arkansas	_	_	_	_	w	w	
Colorado	_	\$18.34	\$20.57	_	_	\$19.27	
llinois	_	w	25.11	w	\$24.49	23.56	
ndiana	_	w	19.89	\$19.06	w	w	
Kansas	_	w	w	_	_	w	
Kentucky Total	\$23.93	\$22.96	\$22.87	23.46	\$22.70	\$22.97	
Eastern	23.93	24.98	23.29	23.57	22.70	23.51	
Western		17.31	20.02	17.31		19.25	
_ouisiana	_	W		_	_	w	
Maryland	_	\$24.71	_	26.05	w	w	
Mississippi	_	Ψ 2 1	_	20.05	w	w	
Missouri	_	_	_	w	w	w	
Montana	8.81	10.27	_	-	-	\$8.82	
New Mexico	-	W	w	_	_	ψ0.02 W	
North Dakota	7.73	\$10.62	_	_	_	\$8.01	
Ohio	-	19.50	\$20.97	\$30.59	\$22.92	24.52	
Oklahoma	_	17.50	Ψ20.77 W	Ψ30.37 W	Ψ22.72	24.32 W	
Pennsylvania Total	17.47	25.96	\$21.85	\$24.73	42.62	\$25.07	
Anthracite	17.70	35.56	25.55	38.47	57.23	34.77	
Bituminous	16.35	17.69	21.72	22.87	24.76	21.90	
Fennessee	10.55		21.72 W	28.46	28.00		
	_	w \$12.27	\$13.73	30.40	28.00	\$12.46	
Texas	_	26.53	24.82	26.66	22.71	25.32	
Virginia Vashington	_	20.33	24.62	20.00 W	22.71		
Washington	21.56	23.72	24.74	\$23.92	25.34	\$24.36	
West Virginia Total	15.41	23.72	27.09	\$23.92 22.68	25.35	22.29	
				26.32	25.32	24.59	
Southern	26.61	24.35	24.67		25.32		
Wyoming	4.74	15.31	W	W	_	W	
Appalachian Total ¹	18.52	24.15	23.83	27.11	33.55	24.65	
nterior Total ¹	_	12.95	19.64	23.60	21.35	16.04	
Western Total ¹	5.39	17.20	21.76	26.41	-	7.69	
East of Miss. River	18.52	23.41	22.75	26.74	33.08	23.64	
West of Miss. River	5.39	14.80	20.90	26.41	21.54	8.32	
U.S. Total	5.47	16.80	22.37	26.69	32.83	12.37	

¹ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: Average mine price is calculated by dividing the total free on board (f.o.b.) rail/barge value of the coal sold by the total coal sold. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

Table 91. Average Price by State and Disposition, 1999

Coal-Producing State and Region	Open Market ¹	Captive ²	Total
Alabama	w	W	35.29
Alaska	w	_	W
Arizona	W	-	W
Arkansas	W	-	W
Colorado	W	W	17.23
llinois	W	W	22.90
ndiana	19.99	_	19.99
Cansas	w	_	w
Kentucky Total	23.47	26.60	23.50
Eastern	24.11	26.60	24.14
Western	21.15	_	21.15
ouisiana	w	_	w
Maryland	w	w	23.27
Mississippi	w	 _	w
Aissouri	21.75	_	21.75
Montana	w	w	8.82
lew Mexico.	20.97	_	20.97
Forth Dakota		w	8.01
	W 20.51		
hio	20.51	46.47	28.18
Oklahoma	26.70	- 20.07	26.70
ennsylvania Total	24.28	20.97	24.14
Anthracite	41.79	17.31	35.13
Bituminous	23.44	23.31	23.43
'ennessee	29.24	-	29.24
'exas	W	W	12.46
Jtah	W	W	17.33
/irginia	26.43	23.61	26.30
Vashington	_	w	w
Vest Virginia Total	25.59	25.21	25.57
Northern	23.55	13.73	22.98
Southern	26.23	29.09	26.39
Vyoming	5.17	9.27	5.38
ppalachian Total ³	25.27	31.15	25.58
nterior Total ³	20.91	12.24	18.52
Vestern Total ³	8.22	13.62	8.59
Cast of Miss. River	24.51	30.06	24.77
West of Miss. River	8.52	12.62	9.07
.S. Total	16.61	16.88	16.63

¹ Open Market includes all coal sold on the open market to other coal companies or consumers.

Notes: Average mine price is calculated by dividing the total free on board (f.o.b.) rail/barge value of the coal sold by the total coal sold. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

² Captive includes all coal used by the producing company or sold to affiliated or parent companies.

³ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

W Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Consumer Prices

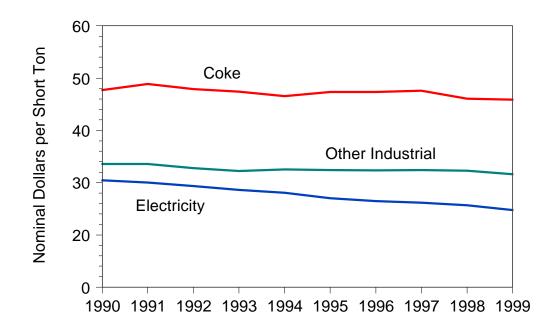


Figure 13. U.S. Coal Prices by Sector, 1990-1999

Sources: • Electric Utilities: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants." • Coke Plants: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report – Quarterly." • Industrial: Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report – Manufacturing Plants."

Table 92. Average Price of Coal Delivered to Electric Utilities by Census Division and State, 1990, 1995-1999

Census Division and State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change	_	nual Percent ange
							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
New England Total	\$41.22	\$42.94	\$43.67	\$43.55	\$43.34	\$47.38	-4.0	-1.2	-1.5
Connecticut	45.85	47.59	50.02	50.05	49.33	56.35	-3.6	-1.8	-2.3
Massachusetts	45.63	42.30	42.72	42.64	42.63	45.30	7.9	1.7	.1
New Hampshire	39.79	42.35	42.62	42.23	41.67	47.39	-6.0	-1.1	-1.9
Middle Atlantic Total		34.33	34.39	35.08	34.63	38.56	-2.5	8	-1.5
New Jersey		41.71	45.94	45.53	47.17	48.37	-8.3	-5.1	-2.6
New York		37.44	37.32	37.15	36.86	41.45	.9	.6	-1.0
Pennsylvania		33.28	33.28	34.06	33.48	37.25	-2.0	7	-1.5
East North Central Total		27.51	27.68	28.29	29.67	33.17	-3.3	-2.7	-2.4
Illinois		30.22	30.41	32.14	32.58	37.79	-9.1	-4.2	-3.5
Indiana		23.63	24.35	24.67	25.94	28.78	2	-2.3	-2.2
Michigan		28.19	28.93	29.34	30.95	35.60	-2.8	-3.0	-2.9
Ohio		32.52	31.41	32.31	34.44	36.01	-2.6 1	-3.0 -1.4	-2.9 -1.1
Wisconsin		19.97	20.43	19.55	21.23	26.18	1 -6.6	-1.4 -3.2	-1.1 -3.7
West North Central Total		19.97 14.91	20.43 15.39	19.55 15.53	21.23 16.10	20.18 19.66	-0.0 -2.3	-3.2 - 2.5	-3.7 - 3.3
Iowa		15.12	16.23	16.30	17.13	19.89	-6.8	-4.8	-3.8
Kansas		17.06	17.91	17.51	17.83	22.23	-3.5	-2.0	-3.3
Minnesota		19.00	19.47	18.99	20.12	22.00	2.4	8	-1.3
Missouri		16.40	16.80	17.31	18.14	28.03	1.0	-2.2	-5.7
Nebraska		10.07	10.06	12.37	12.86	12.88	-6.4	-7.5	-3.4
North Dakota		10.01	10.21	9.72	9.65	9.10	-4.4	2	.5
South Dakota		16.19	15.99	16.94	14.35	13.97	1	3.0	1.6
South Atlantic Total	34.84	35.58	36.34	36.68	38.25	41.86	-2.1	-2.3	-2.0
Delaware	41.12	40.52	41.05	41.51	42.27	47.31	1.5	7	-1.5
Florida	39.08	40.03	41.82	42.40	43.93	45.72	-2.4	-2.9	-1.7
Georgia	36.29	36.31	37.28	36.54	38.62	42.48	1	-1.5	-1.7
Maryland	35.69	37.63	38.75	38.49	39.00	41.96	-5.1	-2.2	-1.8
North Carolina	35.80	35.66	35.35	36.87	40.57	44.64	.4	-3.1	-2.4
South Carolina	36.29	37.05	37.21	37.54	38.86	43.54	-2.1	-1.7	-2.0
Virginia	34.11	34.73	34.98	35.73	36.90	39.29	-1.8	-1.9	-1.5
West Virginia		30.06	30.68	30.93	31.61	36.66	-2.8	-1.9	-2.5
East South Central Total		29.10	28.70	29.35	30.08	33.98	-3.7	-1.8	-2.1
Alabama		36.28	35.58	36.39	37.00	44.58	-10.8	-3.3	-3.5
Kentucky		24.52	24.20	24.43	25.71	27.58	*	-1.2	-1.3
Mississippi		32.51	32.44	33.31	34.40	41.49	5.6	*	-2.1
Tennessee		26.39	26.67	27.64	27.94	32.12	3	-1.5	-2.2
West South Central Total		19.34	19.69	20.13	20.66	22.91	-2.4	-2.3	-2.1
Arkansas		25.53	28.56	26.15	27.99	28.17	-1.3	-2.6	-1.2
Louisiana		23.15	23.97	24.74	25.13	27.78	-1.5	-2.4	-2.2
Oklahoma		15.74	15.87	16.79	17.00	24.98	-1.5 1	-2.4 -1.9	-2.2 -5.0
		18.61		19.26	17.00	21.19	-3.2	-1.9 -2.1	-3.0 -1.8
Texas			18.69						
Mountain Total		20.83	21.52	21.82	21.51	22.19	6	-1.0	8
Arizona		27.12	28.95	29.55	28.65	29.98	.3	-1.3	-1.1
Colorado		19.41	19.93	20.24	20.73	20.81	-1.0	-1.9	9
Montana		11.36	11.52	11.90	11.47	11.47	7.9	1.7	.7
Nevada		29.07	31.10	30.44	29.02	33.16	.2	.1	-1.4
New Mexico		23.72	24.23	26.04	25.59	24.03	2.3	-1.3	.1
Utah		25.97	25.22	24.66	25.27	26.80	-7.8	-1.3	-1.2
Wyoming		13.83	14.16	14.30	14.29	14.74	-3.2	-1.6	-1.0
Pacific Total	23.77	23.07	25.19	23.96	22.83	24.42	3.0	1.0	3
Oregon	19.34	18.92	19.95	18.81	18.79	18.02	2.2	.7	.8
Washington	25.65	24.44	26.15	24.91	23.74	25.64	5.0	1.9	*
U.S. Total	24.72	25.64	26.16	26.45	27.01	30.45	-3.5	-2.2	-2.3

Note: Average prices are based on the cost including insurance and freight.

Source: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table 93. Average Real Price of Coal Delivered to Electric Utilities by Census Division and State, 1990, 1995-1999

(Real Dollars per Short Ton)

Census Division and State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
New England Total	\$39.40	\$41.64	\$42.85	\$43.55	\$44.18	\$54.77	-5.4	-2.8	-3.6
Connecticut		46.15	49.09	50.05	50.28	65.14	-5.0	-3.4	-4.3
Massachusetts	43.62	41.02	41.92	42.64	43.46	52.36	6.3	.1	-2.0
New Hampshire	38.04	41.07	41.82	42.23	42.47	54.78	-7.4	-2.7	-4.0
Middle Atlantic Total		33.29	33.74	35.08	35.30	44,57	-3.9	-2.4	-3.6
New Jersey		40.45	45.08	45.53	48.08	55.92	-9.6	-6.6	-4.6
New York		36.31	36.62	37.15	37.57	47.91	6	-1.0	-3.1
Pennsylvania		32.28	32.66	34.06	34.13	43.06	-3.4	-2.2	-3.5
East North Central Total		26.68	27.16	28.29	30.24	38,34	-4.7	-4.2	-4.5
Illinois		29.30	29.84	32.14	33.21	43.68	-10.4	-5.7	-5.5
Indiana		22.91	23.89	24.67	26.44	33.26	-1.6	-3.9	-4.2
Michigan		27.34	28.39	29.34	31.55	41.15	-4.2	-4.5	-4.9
Ohio		31.54	30.82	32.31	35.10	41.63	-1.6	-3.0	-3.2
Wisconsin		19.37	20.05	19.55	21.64	30.27	-7.9	-4.7	-5.7
West North Central Total		14.46	15.10	15.53	16.42	22.73	-7.5 - 3.7	-4.0	-5.7 -5.3
Iowa		14.67	15.10	16.30	17.46	22.73	-3.7 -8.1	-6.3	-5.8
Kansas		16.55	17.57	17.51	18.18	25.70	-6.1 -4.9	-3.5	-5.3
Minnesota		18.43	17.57	18.99	20.51	25.70	1.0	-3.3 -2.4	-3.3 -3.4
Missouri		15.90	16.49	17.31	18.49	32.40	4	-3.8	-7.6
		9.76	9.87	12.37	13.11	14.89	4 -7.8	-9.0	-7.0 -5.4
Nebraska		9.76		9.72					-3.4 -1.5
North Dakota			10.02		9.84	10.52	-5.8	-1.8	
South Dakota		15.70	15.69	16.94	14.63	16.15	-1.6	1.4	5
South Atlantic Total		34.51	35.65	36.68	38.99	48.39	-3.5	-3.9	-4.1
Delaware		39.30	40.28	41.51	43.09	54.69	*	-2.3	-3.6
Florida		38.82	41.04	42.40	44.78	52.85	-3.8	-4.4	-3.8
Georgia		35.22	36.58	36.54	39.36	49.11	-1.5	-3.1	-3.8
Maryland		36.49	38.02	38.49	39.75	48.50	-6.5	-3.7	-3.8
North Carolina		34.58	34.69	36.87	41.35	51.61	-1.0	-4.6	-4.5
South Carolina		35.93	36.51	37.54	39.61	50.33	-3.5	-3.3	-4.0
Virginia		33.69	34.33	35.73	37.62	45.42	-3.2	-3.5	-3.6
West Virginia		29.16	30.10	30.93	32.22	42.37	-4.2	-3.5	-4.5
East South Central Total		28.22	28.16	29.35	30.67	39.28	-5.0	-3.3	-4.2
Alabama	30.94	35.18	34.91	36.39	37.71	51.53	-12.1	-4.8	-5.5
Kentucky	23.44	23.78	23.75	24.43	26.20	31.88	-1.4	-2.8	-3.4
Mississippi	32.83	31.53	31.83	33.31	35.07	47.96	4.1	-1.6	-4.1
Tennessee	25.16	25.60	26.17	27.64	28.49	37.13	-1.7	-3.0	-4.2
West South Central Total	18.03	18.75	19.32	20.13	21.06	26.49	-3.8	-3.8	-4.2
Arkansas	24.08	24.76	28.02	26.15	28.53	32.56	-2.7	-4.1	-3.3
Louisiana	21.78	22.45	23.52	24.74	25.61	32.11	-2.9	-4.0	-4.2
Oklahoma		15.27	15.57	16.79	17.33	28.87	-1.5	-3.5	-7.0
Texas		18.05	18.34	19.26	20.03	24.50	-4.6	-3.7	-3.8
Mountain Total		20.20	21.11	21.82	21.92	25.65	-2.1	-2.5	-2.8
Arizona	26.01	26.30	28.40	29.55	29.21	34.65	-1.1	-2.8	-3.1
Colorado		18.82	19.56	20.24	21.13	24.05	-2.5	-3.4	-2.9
Montana		11.02	11.30	11.90	11.69	13.26	6.3	.1	-1.4
Nevada		28.20	30.51	30.44	29.58	38.33	-1.3	-1.5	-3.5
New Mexico		23.01	23.78	26.04	26.09	27.78	.8	-2.9	-2.0
Utah		25.19	24.74	24.66	25.76	30.98	-9.1	-2.9	-3.3
Wyoming		13.41	13.89	14.30	14.56	17.03	-4.6	-3.2	-3.1
Pacific Total		22.37	24.72	23.96	23.27	28.22	1.6	-3.2 6	-3.1 -2.4
Oregon		18.35	19.58	18.81	19.16	20.83	.8	- .0 9	-2. 4 -1.3
Washington		23.70	25.66	24.91	24.20	29.64	3.5	.3	-2.1
U.S. Total	23.63	24.86	25.67	26.45	27.53	35.20	-4.9	-3.7	-4.3

^{*} Data round to zero.

Source: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Notes: Real prices are in 1996 dollars, calculated using implicit Gross Domestic Product price deflators. See Appendix D, Table D2. Average prices are based on the cost including insurance and freight.

Table 94. Average Price of Coal Delivered to Other Industrial Plants By Census Division and State, 1990, 1995-1999

Census Division and State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change	Average Annual Percent Change		
							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999	
New England Total	w	w	w	\$57.36	\$56.90	\$65.11	w	w	w	
Maine	w	w	w	W	w	W	w	W	w	
Massachusetts	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	
New Hampshire	_	_	_	-	w	W	_	_	_	
Middle Atlantic Total	\$35.65	w	w	w	w	w	\mathbf{w}	\mathbf{w}	w	
New Jersey	w	w	w	W	w	W	w	W	w	
New York	w	w	w	\$40.11	\$41.91	\$44.07	w	w	w	
Pennsylvania	\$33.63	\$34.33	\$34.20	33.84	34.07	36.61	-2.0	-0.3	-0.9	
East North Central Total	33.34	33.22	33.53	34.44	34.89	36.16	.4	-1.1	9	
Illinois	29.62	29.46	29.76	29.69	29.03	31.28	.5	.5	6	
Indiana	30.33	30.21	29.75	31.76	33.14	32.83	.4	-2.2	9	
Michigan	40.05	40.40	41.94	41.28	41.18	43.39	9	7	9	
Ohio	34.44	33.52	34.05	35.28	35.18	35.04	2.8	5	2	
Wisconsin	38.99	40.42	40.03	40.02	40.21	43.41	-3.5	8	-1.2	
West North Central Total	18.78	18.72	19.02	19.05	18.92	18.41	.3	2	.2	
Iowa	28.22	28.19	28.92	29.32	29.24	30.26	.1	9	8	
Kansas	33.01	31.08	31.93	32.46	32.42	28.69	6.2	.4	1.6	
Minnesota	31.02	29.70	31.03	28.85	34.40	36.63	4.4	-2.5	-1.8	
Missouri	29.87	30.48	30.06	31.37	32.81	30.18	-2.0	-2.3	1	
Nebraska	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	
North Dakota	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	
South Dakota	\$25.71	\$23.99	\$23.36	\$24.90	\$22.21	\$16.20	7.1	3.7	5.3	
South Atlantic Total	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	
Delaware	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	
Florida	\$42.62	\$44.62	\$45.13	\$45.69	\$46.63	\$47.22	-4.5	-2.2	-1.1	
Georgia	44.12	44.54	44.84	44.21	44.64	44.90	9	3	2	
Maryland	32.00	32.41	32.62	32.52	31.66	28.71	-1.2	.3	1.2	
North Carolina	41.68	42.72	43.14	43.36	43.29	44.86	-2.4	9	8	
South Carolina	44.13	44.03	44.23	44.08	43.16	43.79	.2	.5	.1	
Virginia	42.93	43.60	43.85	43.51	42.50	41.05	-1.5	.3	.5	
West Virginia	37.86	48.24	35.31	33.37	33.61	31.88	-21.5	3.0	1.9	
East South Central Total	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	
Alabama	\$39.81	\$39.49	\$40.20	\$40.15	\$39.53	\$40.58	.8	.2	2	
Kentucky	42.72	43.66	44.71	44.02	44.09	45.81	-2.1	8	8	
Mississippi	.2., 2 W	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	
Tennessee	\$35.26	\$36.62	\$36.33	\$35.21	\$35.68	\$35.16	-3.7	3	*	
West South Central Total	22.87	22.91	22.42	21.79	22.04	21.28	2	.9	.8	
Arkansas	43.08	41.58	42.38	43.24	43.52	45.39	3.6	3	6	
Louisiana	45.08 W	41.36 W	42.36 W	43.24 W	43.32 W	43.39 W	w	5 w	–.0 W	
Oklahoma	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	
Texas	\$21.01	\$21.05	\$20.13	\$18.99	\$18.76	\$16.79	2	2.9	2.5	
Mountain Total	\$21.01 W	\$21.03 W	27.14	26.70	27.06	28.75	2 W	2.9 W	2.3 W	
Arizona	\$39.88	\$38.67	38.81	39.27	40.46	39.54	3.1	4	.1	
Colorado	23.99	23.75	25.13	23.17	26.11	26.93	1.0	-2.1	-1.3	
Idaho	23.99 W	23.73 W	34.57	36.39	34.11	31.78	12.3	-2.1 W	-1.5 W	
Montana	w	w	34.37 W	30.39 W	34.11 W	31.78 W	12.3 W	w	w	
Nevada	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w W	
New Mexico	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w W	
	\$21.53	\$19.05	\$19.28	\$19.10	\$19.74	\$28.49	13.0	2.2	-3.1	
Utah	\$21.55 24.26	24.10	23.68	22.32	22.72	\$28.49 24.91			-3.1 3	
	24.26 41.08	43.12	43.24	42.45	43.68		.6 -4.7	1.6 - 1.5	3 - 1.2	
Pacific Total						45.96 45.11				
California	39.82	41.02	40.14	39.54	41.11	45.11	-2.9	8	-1.4	
Hawaii	w -	W	W	W	W	W	w _	w _	w _	
Oregon		w	W \$50.90	W \$50.01	W \$50.15	W \$55.62				
Washington	W	W	\$59.80	\$58.81	\$59.15	\$55.63	W	W	W	
U.S. Total	\$31.59	\$32.30	32.41	32.32	32.42	33.59	-2.2	6	7	

^{*} Data round to zero.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: Price data are for manufacturing plants only. Average prices are based on the cost including insurance, freight, and taxes.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption - Manufacturing Plants."

Table 95. Average Real Price of Coal Delivered to Other Industrial Plants by Census Division and State, 1990, 1995-1999

(Real Dollars per Short Ton)

Census Division and State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
New England Total	w	w	w	\$57.36	\$58.00	\$75.26	w	w	w
Maine	W	W	w	W	w	w	w	W	W
Massachusetts	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
New Hampshire	–	_	_	_	w	w	_	_	_
Middle Atlantic Total		w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
New Jersey	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
New York		w	w	\$40.11	\$42.72	\$50.94	w	w	w
Pennsylvania		\$33.29	\$33.56	33.84	34.73	42.32	-3.4	-1.9	-3.0
East North Central Total		32.22	32.90	34.44	35.56	41.80	-1.0	-2.7	-3.0
Illinois		28.57	29.20	29.69	29.59	36.16	9	-1.1	-2.7
Indiana		29.30	29.20	31.76	33.78	37.95	-1.0	-3.7	-2.9
Michigan		39.19	41.15	41.28	41.98	50.16	-2.3	-2.3	-2.9
9		32.50	33.41	35.28	35.86	40.50	1.3	-2.3 -2.1	-2.3 -2.3
Ohio									
Wisconsin		39.20	39.27	40.02	40.99	50.18	-4.9	-2.3	-3.3
West North Central Total		18.16	18.67	19.05	19.29	21.28	-1.1	-1.8	-1.9
Iowa		27.34	28.38	29.32	29.80	34.98	-1.3	-2.5	-2.8
Kansas		30.14	31.33	32.46	33.05	33.16	4.7	-1.1	5
Minnesota		28.81	30.45	28.85	35.06	42.34	2.9	-4.1	-3.9
Missouri	28.55	29.56	29.50	31.37	33.45	34.89	-3.4	-3.9	-2.2
Nebraska	W	W	w	W	w	w	w	W	W
North Dakota	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
South Dakota	\$24.57	\$23.27	\$22.92	\$24.90	\$22.64	\$18.73	5.6	2.1	3.1
South Atlantic Total	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Delaware	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Florida	\$40.74	\$43.27	\$44.28	\$45.69	\$47.54	\$54.59	-5.8	-3.8	-3.2
Georgia		43.20	44.00	44.21	45.50	51.90	-2.3	-1.9	-2.3
Maryland		31.43	32.01	32.52	32.27	33.18	-2.7	-1.3	9
North Carolina		41.43	42.33	43.36	44.13	51.86	-3.8	-2.5	-2.9
South Carolina		42.70	43.40	44.08	44.00	50.62	-1.2	-1.0	-2.0
		42.29	43.03	43.51	43.32	47.45	-2.9	-1.3	-1.6
Virginia		46.79		33.37	34.26	36.85	-2.9 -22.7	1.4	-1.0 2
West Virginia			34.64						
East South Central Total		w #20.20	¢20.45	W	W	W	w	W	w
Alabama		\$38.30	\$39.45	\$40.15	\$40.30	\$46.90	6	-1.4	-2.3
Kentucky		42.34	43.87	44.02	44.94	52.95	-3.5	-2.4	-2.8
Mississippi		W	w	w	W	w	w	W	w
Tennessee		\$35.52	\$35.65	\$35.21	\$36.37	\$40.64	-5.1	-1.9	-2.0
West South Central Total	21.86	22.22	22.00	21.79	22.46	24.60	-1.6	7	-1.3
Arkansas	41.18	40.32	41.58	43.24	44.36	52.47	2.1	-1.8	-2.6
Louisiana	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Oklahoma	w	\mathbf{w}	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Texas	\$20.08	\$20.41	\$19.75	\$18.99	\$19.12	\$19.41	-1.6	1.2	.4
Mountain Total		w	26.63	26.70	27.59	33.23	w	w	w
Arizona		\$37.51	38.08	39.27	41.24	45.71	1.6	-1.9	-2.0
Colorado		23.03	24.66	23.17	26.61	31.13	4	-3.6	-3.3
Idaho		2 5.05	33.92	36.39	34.77	36.73	10.7	w	w
Montana		w	33.72 W	30.37 W	У т. 77	30.73 W	W	w	w
Nevada		W	W	w	w	w	w	w	w
New Mexico		w W	w W	w		w	w W	w	w
					\$20.12				
Utah		\$18.47	\$18.92	\$19.10	\$20.12	\$32.93	11.4	.6 *	-5.1
Wyoming		23.37	23.24	22.32	23.16	28.80	8		-2.4
Pacific Total		41.82	42.43	42.45	44.53	53.12	-6.1	-3.1	-3.3
California		39.78	39.39	39.54	41.91	52.15	-4.3	-2.4	-3.4
Hawaii		w	w	w	w	w	w	w	W
Oregon		w	w	w	w	w	_	_	_
Washington	W	w	\$58.68	\$58.81	\$60.30	\$64.30	W	W	w
U.S. Total	\$30.20	\$31.33	31.80	32.32	33.05	38.83	-3.6	-2.2	-2.8

^{*} Data round to zero.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: Price data are for manufacturing plants only. Real prices are in 1996 dollars, calculated using implicit Gross Domestic Product price deflators.

See Appendix D, Table D2. Average prices are based on the cost including insurance, freight, and taxes.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption - Manufacturing Plants."

Table 96. Average Price of Coal Delivered to Coke Plants by Census Division and State, 1990, 1995-1999

Census Division and State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change	Average Annual Percent Change	
							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Middle Atlantic Total	\$44.33	\$44.16	w	w	w	w	0.4	w	w
New York	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Pennsylvania	w	w	\$46.20	\$45.16	\$46.11	\$45.78	w	w	w
East North Central Total	\$47.74	\$48.39	49.12	49.54	49.09	48.81	-1.3	-0.7	-0.2
Illinois	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Indiana	w	w	\$50.75	\$51.93	\$52.74	\$49.39	w	w	w
Michigan	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Ohio	w	w	\$46.89	\$44.98	\$42.18	\$48.29	w	w	w
South Atlantic Total	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Maryland	_	_	_	_	_	w	_	_	-
Virginia	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
West Virginia	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
East South Central Total	\$45.28	\$46.43	w	w	w	w	-2.5	w	w
Alabama	w	w	\$50.04	\$49.37	\$48.42	\$48.93	w	w	w
Kentucky	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Tennessee	_	_	_	_	_	w	_	_	_
Mountain Total	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Utah	w	W	W	w	w	w	w	w	w
U.S. Total	\$45.85	\$46.06	\$47.61	\$47.33	\$47.34	\$47.73	4	8	4

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Note: Average prices are based on the cost including insurance, freight, and taxes.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly."

Table 97. Average Real Price of Coal Delivered to Coke Plants by Census Division and State, 1990, 1995-1999

(Real Dollars per Short Ton)

Census Division and State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Middle Atlantic Total	\$42.38	\$42.82	w	w	w	w	-1.0	w	w
New York	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Pennsylvania	w	w	\$45.33	\$45.16	\$47.00	\$52.92	w	w	w
East North Central Total	\$45.64	\$46.93	48.20	49.54	50.05	56.43	-2.7	-2.3	-2.3
Illinois	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Indiana	w	w	\$49.80	\$51.93	\$53.76	\$57.09	w	w	w
Michigan	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Ohio	w	w	\$46.01	\$44.98	\$43.00	\$55.83	w	w	w
South Atlantic Total	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Maryland	_	_	_	_	_	w	_	_	_
Virginia	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
West Virginia	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	W	w
East South Central Total	\$43.28	\$45.03	w	w	w	w	-3.9	w	w
Alabama	w	w	\$49.10	\$49.37	\$49.36	\$56.56	w	w	w
Kentucky	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Tennessee	_	_	_	_	_	w	_	_	_
Mountain Total	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Utah	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
U.S. Total	\$43.83	\$44.67	\$46.72	\$47.33	\$48.26	\$55.17	-1.9	-2.4	-2.5

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: Real prices are in 1996 dollars, calculated using implicit Gross Domestic Product price deflators. See Appendix D, Table D2. Average prices are based on the cost including insurance, freight, and taxes.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly."

Import/Export Prices

Average Price of U.S. Coal Imports by Continent and Country of Table 98. Origin, 1990, 1995-1999

Continent and Country	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
of Origin							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
North America Total	\$34.23	\$35.38	\$38.11	\$36.51	\$36.87	\$24.56	-3.2	-1.8	3.8
Canada	35.03	35.40	38.11	36.52	36.94	24.45	-1.0	-1.3	4.1
Mexico	21.93	20.87	-	33.43	20.87	38.36	5.1	1.2	-6.0
South America Total	29.98	31.16	32.49	31.53	32.38	37.59	-3.8	-1.9	-2.5
Colombia	29.17	31.21	32.11	31.90	31.26	36.87	-6.5	-1.7	-2.6
Venezuela	31.99	31.09	33.26	30.87	34.70	41.50	2.9	-2.0	-2.8
Europe Total	29.48	36.80	49.22	_	25.70	37.17	-19.9	3.5	-2.5
Denmark	_	_	_	_	_	36.35	_	_	-100.0
Norway	_	_	49.45	_	_	_	_	_	_
Spain	_	36.48	_	_	_	_	-100.0	_	_
Switzerland	_	_	41.20	_	_	_	_	_	_
United Kingdom	29.48	42.03	-	-	25.70	37.19	-29.8	3.5	-2.5
Asia Total	43.14	34.13	33.05	32.45	35.13	_	26.4	5.3	_
China (Mainland)	42.65	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Indonesia	43.15	34.13	32.82	32.45	35.13	_	26.4	5.3	_
Vietnam	-	-	49.09	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oceania & Australia Total	27.26	31.89	33.47	33.41	33.57	41.73	-14.5	-5.1	-4.6
Australia	27.26	31.89	33.47	33.41	30.99	41.73	-14.5	-3.1	-4.6
New Zealand	-	-	-	-	46.42	_	-	-100.0	-
Total ¹	31.50	32.19	33.50	32.67	33.60	33.43	-2.1	-1.6	7
U.S. Total ²	30.77	32.18	34.32	33.78	34.05	34.45	-4.4	-2.5	-1.2

The average prices presented in this table, with the exception of U.S. Total, are considered to be representative prices for coal imports and fall within the range of \$20 to \$55 per short ton, inclusively.
 U.S. Total is the average price of all coal imports.

Notes: Average price is based on the customs import value. Coal imports include coal to Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands.

Table 99. Average Price of U.S. Coal Exports by Destination, 1990, 1995-1999

Continent and Country of Destination	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
of Destination							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
North America Total	\$28.74	\$28.48	\$30.57	\$33.09	\$34.05	\$32.75	0.9	-4.1	-1.4
Canada ¹	27.69	27.65	29.16	32.23	33.49	32.66	.1	-4.6	-1.8
Mexico	43.13	38.61	41.31	39.70	39.96	38.12	11.7	1.9	1.4
Other ²	36.16	37.38	38.08	38.03	34.29	34.18	-3.3	1.3	.6
South America Total	39.31	42.82	43.94	43.81	43.46	46.30	-8.2	-2.5	-1.8
Brazil	39.41	42.85	44.12	44.67	43.88	46.88	-8.0	-2.6	-1.9
Other ²	32.66	42.36	42.14	36.09	39.06	43.05	-22.9	-4.4	-3.0
Europe Total	41.10	43.28	43.02	42.10	40.92	44.18	-5.0	.1	8
Belgium & Luxembourg	43.86	46.38	45.71	45.73	43.47	45.05	-5.4	.2	3
Bulgaria	41.63	44.57	46.42	44.26	44.04	49.24	-6.6	-1.4	-1.8
Finland	37.00	40.50	41.63	42.11	39.47	44.72	-8.6	-1.6	-2.1
France	42.71	46.07	45.96	44.94	43.71	43.00	-7.3	6	1
Germany, FR	31.64	35.49	44.59	41.08	34.99	42.81	-10.8	-2.5	-3.3
Iceland	54.30	55.88	59.33	57.49	56.04	48.24	-2.8	8	1.3
Ireland	29.92	36.38	37.99	37.35	36.07	39.05	-17.7	-4.5	-2.9
Italy	46.28	46.53	45.54	45.05	44.14	44.95	-17.7 5	1.2	-2.9
3	39.93				41.97	42.93	-11.8	-1.2	8
Netherlands		45.26	44.97	41.36				-1.2 9	o .1
Norway	54.50	55.80	58.38	57.05	56.42	54.02	-2.3		
Portugal	32.96	38.03	36.76	36.53	36.46	40.80	-13.3	-2.5	-2.3
Romania	39.26	42.31	44.58	46.95	42.43	47.90	-7.2	-1.9	-2.2
Spain	39.05	42.89	37.01	37.56	34.75	47.87	-8.9	3.0	-2.2
Sweden	45.26	47.16	48.19	47.50	48.21	48.40	-4.0	-1.6	7
Turkey	38.50	44.92	46.07	44.33	42.61	46.13	-14.3	-2.5	-2.0
United Kingdom	40.74	39.01	39.30	38.90	40.92	47.34	4.4	1	-1.6
Other ²	40.00	34.03	31.78	30.15	29.63	37.32	17.5	7.8	.8
Asia Total	36.33	39.37	39.73	39.57	39.10	43.37	-7.7	-1.8	-1.9
China (Taiwan)	34.44	36.29	36.75	36.86	36.95	38.64	-5.1	-1.7	-1.3
Israel	31.81	33.50	36.81	36.40	35.79	39.42	-5.0	-2.9	-2.3
Japan	35.79	38.59	39.00	39.41	39.14	44.33	-7.3	-2.2	-2.3
Korea, Republic of	39.48	44.79	43.98	42.72	40.97	46.43	-11.9	9	-1.8
Other ²	50.10	45.76	36.33	48.89	30.41	38.91	9.5	13.3	2.8
Oceania & Australia Total	_	48.03	40.79	40.71	39.87	34.74	-100.0	-100.0	-100.0
Other ²	-	48.03	40.79	40.71	39.87	34.74	-100.0	-100.0	-100.0
Africa Total	48.53	45.52	48.50	44.36	43.07	41.36	6.6	3.0	1.8
Algeria	42.78	43.77	46.64	50.23	47.80	48.42	-2.3	-2.7	-1.4
Egypt	56.23	43.59	51.29	53.37	49.36	47.04	29.0	3.3	2.0
South Africa, Rep of	48.15	48.13	48.66	49.55	47.38	50.21	*	.4	5
Other ²	_	32.31	32.22	33.93	33.00	31.34	-100.0	-100.0	-100.0
Total ³	35.91	38.55	40.24	40.53	40.03	42.42	-6.8	-2.7	-1.8
U.S. Total ⁴	36.50	38.89	40.55	40.76	40.27	42.63	-6.1	-2.4	-1.7

¹ Based on the U.S. - Canada Free Trade Agreement, as of January 1990, the U.S. Department of Commerce began reporting statistics on U.S. exports

Note: Average price is based on the free alongside ship (f.a.s.) value.

to Canada based on information on imports provided monthly by the Canadian government.

Includes countries with exports less than or equal to 50,000 short tons in 1999.

The average prices presented in this table, with the exception of U.S. Total, are considered to be representative prices for coal exports and fall within

the range of \$20 to \$60 per short ton, inclusively.

4 U.S. Total is the average price of all coal exports.

^{*} Data round to zero.

Table 100. Average Real Price of U.S. Coal Exports by Destination, 1990, 1995-1999

(Real Dollars per Short Ton)

Continent and Country	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change	_	nual Percent ange
of Destination							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
North America Total	\$27.47	\$27.63	\$30.00	\$33.09	\$34.71	\$37.86	-0.5	-5.7	-3.5
Canada ¹	26.48	26.82	28.62	32.23	34.14	37.76	-1.3	-6.1	-3.9
Mexico	41.24	37.45	40.54	39.70	40.73	44.07	10.1	.3	7
Other ²	34.57	36.26	37.37	38.03	34.96	39.52	-4.6	3	-1.5
South America Total	37.58	41.53	43.13	43.81	44.30	53.53	-9.5	-4.0	-3.8
Brazil	37.67	41.57	43.30	44.67	44.73	54.20	-9.3	-4.2	-4.0
Other ²	31.22	41.09	41.35	36.09	39.82	49.77	-24.0	-5.9	-5.0
Europe Total	39.29	41.98	42.22	42.10	41.71	51.07	-6.4	-1.5	-2.9
Belgium & Luxembourg	41.93	44.98	44.85	45.73	44.31	52.08	-6.8	-1.4	-2.4
Bulgaria	39.80	43.23	45.55	44.26	44.89	56.92	-7.9	-3.0	-3.9
Finland	35.37	39.28	40.86	42.11	40.24	51.70	-9.9	-3.2	-4.1
France	40.83	44.68	45.10	44.94	44.56	49.71	-8.6	-2.2	-2.2
Germany, FR	30.25	34.42	43.76	41.08	35.67	49.49	-12.1	-4.0	-5.3
Iceland	51.92	54.20	58.22	57.49	57.13	55.77	-4.2	-2.4	8
Ireland	28.61	35.29	37.28	37.35	36.76	45.15	-18.9	-6.1	-4.9
Italy	44.25	45.13	44.69	45.05	45.00	51.96	-1.9	4	-1.8
Netherlands	38.17	43.13	44.13	41.36	42.78	49.63	-13.0	-2.8	-2.9
Norway	52.10	54.13	57.29	57.05	57.51	62.45	-3.7	-2.4	-2.0
Portugal	31.52	36.89	36.08	36.53	37.16	47.16	-14.6	-2.4 -4.0	-2.0 -4.4
Romania	37.53	41.04	43.75	46.95	43.25	55.37	-8.5	-3.5	-4.4 -4.2
Spain	37.33	41.60	36.32	37.56	35.42	55.34	-10.3	1.3	-4.2 -4.3
•	43.27	45.74	47.30	47.50	49.14	55.95	-10.3 -5.4	-3.1	-4.3 -2.8
Sweden			45.21	44.33	49.14		-3.4 -15.5	-3.1 -4.0	-2.8 -4.0
Turkey	36.81	43.57				53.33			
United Kingdom Other ²	38.95 38.24	37.84 33.00	38.57 31.18	38.90 30.15	41.71 30.20	54.73 43.14	2.9 15.9	-1.7 6.1	−3.7 −1.3
Asia Total	34.73	38.19	38.98	39.57	39.86	50.14	-9.0	-3.4	-4.0
China (Taiwan)	32.92	35.20	36.07	36.86	37.67	44.67	-6.5	-3.3	-3.3
Israel	30.41	32.50	36.13	36.40	36.48	45.57	-6.4	-4.4	-4.4
Japan	34.21	37.43	38.27	39.41	39.90	51.24	-8.6	-3.8	-4.4
Korea, Republic of	37.74	43.45	43.16	42.72	41.77	53.67	-13.1	-2.5	-3.8
Other ²	47.90	44.39	35.66	48.89	31.00	44.99	7.9	11.5	.7
Oceania & Australia Total	_	46.58	40.03	40.71	40.64	40.16	-100.0	-100.0	-100.0
Other ²	-	46.58	40.03	40.71	40.64	40.16	-100.0	-100.0	-100.0
Africa Total	46.39	44.15	47.60	44.36	43.90	47.82	5.1	1.4	3
Algeria	40.89	42.46	45.77	50.23	48.72	55.98	-3.7	-4.3	-3.4
Egypt	53.75	42.28	50.33	53.37	50.32	54.38	27.1	1.7	1
South Africa, Rep of	46.04	46.68	47.76	49.55	48.30	58.05	-1.4	-1.2	-2.5
Other ²	-	31.34	31.62	33.93	33.63	36.23	-100.0	-100.0	-100.0
Total ³	34.33	37.39	39.49	40.53	40.81	49.04	-8.2	-4.2	-3.9
U.S. Total ⁴	34.90	37.72	39.80	40.76	41.05	49.28	-7.5	-4.0	-3.8

Based on the U.S. - Canada Free Trade Agreement, as of January 1990, the U.S. Department of Commerce began reporting statistics on U.S. exports to Canada based on information on imports provided monthly by the Canadian government.

Includes countries with exports less than or equal to 50,000 short tons in 1999.

Includes countries with exports less than or equal to 50,000 short tons in 1999.

The average prices presented in this table, with the exception of U.S. Total, are considered to be representative prices for coal exports and fall within the range of \$20 to \$60 (nominal) per short ton, inclusively.

⁴ U.S. Total is the average price of all coal exports.

Notes: Real prices are in 1996 dollars, calculated using implicit Gross Domestic Product price deflators. See Appendix D, Table D2. Average prices are based on the free alongside ship (f.a.s.) value.

Table 101. Average Price of U.S. Metallurgical Coal Exports by Destination, 1990, 1995-1999

Continent and Country	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change	_	nual Percent ange
of Destination							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
North America Total	\$32.63	\$34.44	\$35.39	\$36.79	\$37.25	\$37.94	-5.3	-3.3	-1.7
Canada ¹	32.63	34.38	34.10	35.99	36.55	37.93	-5.1	-2.8	-1.7
Mexico	49.80	50.28	49.86	47.36	46.90	43.67	9	1.5	1.5
Other ²	_	_	_	_	_	49.93	_	_	-100.0
South America Total	39.42	42.96	44.32	44.61	43.66	46.89	-8.3	-2.5	-1.9
Brazil	39.41	42.86	44.15	44.73	43.89	46.95	-8.0	-2.6	-1.9
Other ²	44.51	44.85	48.88	41.11	40.34	46.38	8	2.5	4
Europe Total	44.14	46.84	47.60	47.68	46.02	47.45	-5.8	-1.0	8
Belgium & Luxembourg	44.00	47.34	48.34	48.68	45.97	47.98	-7.1	-1.1	9
Bulgaria	41.63	44.57	46.42	43.36	44.04	49.44	-6.6	-1.4	-1.9
Finland	37.00	40.50	43.37	44.21	42.65	44.72	-8.6	-3.5	-2.1
France	42.76	46.35	47.20	47.13	45.08	45.29	-7.7	-1.3	6
Germany, FR	42.59	46.41	47.84	49.87	47.52	46.63	-8.2	-2.7	-1.0
Iceland	54.30	55.88	59.33	57.43	56.04	50.67	-2.8	8	.8
Ireland	_	_	37.42	_	_	_		_	_
Italy	46.28	48.02	48.85	47.90	46.61	47.88	-3.6	2	4
Netherlands	43.46	46.88	47.10	47.29	46.56	47.12	-7.3	-1.7	9
Norway	54.50	55.70	58.38	57.05	56.42	55.00	-2.1	9	1
Portugal	41.64	45.49	44.31	45.20	46.45	45.79	-8.5	-2.7	-1.0
Romania	39.26	42.31	45.31	46.95	43.02	47.90	-7.2	-2.3	-2.2
Spain	46.61	48.62	49.23	50.92	49.02	48.97	-4.1	-1.3	5
Sweden	45.26	47.16	48.19	48.20	48.20	48.77	-4.0	-1.6	8
Turkey	38.50	44.93	46.08	44.54	43.28	46.16	-14.3	-2.9	-2.0
United Kingdom	44.68	47.74	48.49	49.08	47.22	48.49	-6.4	-1.4	9
Other ²	-	-	-	-	-	45.50	-	-	-100.0
Asia Total	42,25	43.59	43.64	43.45	42.38	46,24	-3.1	1	-1.0
China (Taiwan)	37.19	42.54	42.95	45.24	44.48	47.48	-12.6	-4.4	-2.7
Israel	_	35.69	39.79	40.91	40.91	43.64	-100.0	-100.0	-100.0
Japan	40.33	42.29	41.68	42.19	41.14	45.67	-4.6	5	-1.4
Korea, Republic of	45.00	46.75	47.68	46.08	45.98	48.11	-3.7	5	7
Other ²	56.93	57.72	57.41	59.36	-	-	-1.4	-	-
Oceania & Australia Total	_	55.11	_	_	_	27.24	-100.0	_	-100.0
Other ²	_	55.11	-	-	_	27.24	-100.0	_	-100.0
Africa Total	48.53	45.92	49.69	50.87	48.52	47.75	5.7	*	.2
Algeria	42.78	43.77	46.64	50.23	47.80	48.42	-2.3	-2.7	-1.4
Egypt	56.23	43.60	51.31	53.38	49.38	47.05	29.0	3.3	2.0
South Africa, Rep of	48.15	48.13	48.66	49.55	47.38	50.21	*	.4	5
Other ²	_	-	-	30.30	-	-	-	-	-
Total ³	41.86	44.48	45.36	45.40	44.24	46.46	-5.9	-1.4	-1.1
U.S. Total ⁴	41.91	44.58	45.45	45.49	44.30	46.51	-6.0	-1.4	-1.1

¹ Based on the U.S. - Canada Free Trade Agreement, as of January 1990, the U.S. Department of Commerce began reporting statistics on U.S. exports to Canada based on information on imports provided monthly by the Canadian government.

2 Includes countries with exports less than or equal to 50,000 short tons in 1999.

Note: Average price is based on the free alongside ship (f.a.s.) value.

The average prices presented in this table, with the exception of U.S. Total, are considered to be representative prices for coal exports and fall within the range of \$20 to \$60 per short ton, inclusively.

4 U.S. Total is the average price of all coal exports.

^{*} Data round to zero.

Table 102. Average Real Price of U.S. Metallurgical Coal Exports by Destination, 1990, 1995-1999

(Real Dollars per Short Ton)

Continent and Country	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
of Destination							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
North America Total	\$31.19	\$33.40	\$34.73	\$36.79	\$37.98	\$43.86	-6.6	-4.8	-3.7
Canada ¹	31.19	33.35	33.46	35.99	37.26	43.85	-6.5	-4.3	-3.7
Mexico	47.61	48.76	48.93	47.36	47.81	50.48	-2.4	1	6
Other ²	_	-	-	-	-	57.72	-	-	-100.0
South America Total	37.68	41.67	43.49	44.61	44.51	54.20	-9.6	-4.1	-3.9
Brazil		41.57	43.33	44.73	44.74	54.28	-9.4	-4.2	-4.0
Other ²	42.55	43.50	47.97	41.11	41.12	53.62	-2.2	.8	-2.5
Europe Total	42,20	45.43	46.72	47.68	46.91	54.86	-7.1	-2.6	-2.9
Belgium & Luxembourg	42.06	45.92	47.43	48.68	46.86	55.47	-8.4	-2.7	-3.0
Bulgaria	39.80	43.23	45.55	43.36	44.89	57.16	-7.9	-3.0	-3.9
Finland	35.37	39.28	42.56	44.21	43.47	51.70	-9.9	-5.0	-4.1
France	40.88	44.96	46.32	47.13	45.96	52.36	-9.1	-2.9	-2.7
Germany, FR	40.71	45.01	46.95	49.87	48.44	53.90	-9.5	-4.2	-3.1
Iceland	51.92	54.20	58.22	57.43	57.13	58.58	-4.2	-2.4	-1.3
Ireland	_	_	36.72	_	_	_	_	_	_
Italy		46.58	47.94	47.90	47.51	55.35	-5.0	-1.8	-2.4
Netherlands		45.47	46.22	47.29	47.46	54.48	-8.6	-3.3	-3.0
Norway		54.02	57.29	57.05	57.51	63.58	-3.6	-2.4	-2.2
Portugal		44.12	43.48	45.20	47.35	52.93	-9.8	-4.2	-3.1
Romania		41.04	44.46	46.95	43.86	55.37	-8.5	-3.8	-4.2
Spain		47.15	48.31	50.92	49.97	56.61	-5.5	-2.8	-2.6
Sweden		45.74	47.30	48.20	49.14	56.38	-5.4	-3.1	-2.9
Turkey		43.58	45.22	44.54	44.12	53.36	-15.5	-4.4	-4.0
United Kingdom		46.31	47.59	49.08	48.13	56.06	-7.8	-2.9	-3.0
Other ²		-	-	-	-	52.60	-		-100.0
Asia Total	40,39	42.28	42.83	43.45	43.20	53.46	-4.5	-1.7	-3.1
China (Taiwan)	35.56	41.26	42.15	45.24	45.34	54.89	-13.8	-5.9	-4.7
Israel		34.61	39.05	40.91	41.71	50.45	-100.0	-100.0	-100.0
Japan		41.02	40.90	42.19	41.94	52.79	-6.0	-2.1	-3.4
Korea, Republic of		45.34	46.79	46.08	46.87	55.62	-5.1	-2.1	-2.8
Other ²		55.99	56.34	59.36	-	-	-2.8	-	-
Oceania & Australia Total	_	53.45	_	_	_	31.49	-100.0	_	-100.0
Other ²	_	53.45	-	-	-	31.49	-100.0	-	-100.0
Africa Total	46.39	44.54	48.77	50.87	49.46	55.20	4.2	-1.6	-1.9
Algeria	40.89	42.46	45.77	50.23	48.72	55.98	-3.7	-4.3	-3.4
Egypt	53.75	42.29	50.35	53.38	50.33	54.39	27.1	1.6	1
South Africa, Rep of	46.04	46.68	47.76	49.55	48.30	58.05	-1.4	-1.2	-2.5
Other ²	_	-	-	30.30	-	-	-	-	-
Total ³	40.02	43.14	44.51	45.40	45.10	53.71	-7.2	-2.9	-3.2
U.S. Total ⁴	40.07	43.24	44.60	45.49	45.16	53.77	-7.3	-2.9	-3.2

Based on the U.S. - Canada Free Trade Agreement, as of January 1990, the U.S. Department of Commerce began reporting statistics on U.S. exports to Canada based on information on imports provided monthly by the Canadian government.

Includes countries with exports less than or equal to 50,000 short tons in 1999.

Includes countries with exports less than or equal to 50,000 short tons in 1999.

The average prices presented in this table, with the exception of U.S. Total, are considered to be representative prices for coal exports and fall within the range of \$20 to \$60 (nominal) per short ton, inclusively.

⁴ U.S. Total is the average price of all coal exports.

Notes: Real prices are in 1996 dollars, calculated using implicit Gross Domestic Product price deflators. See Appendix D, Table D2. Average prices are based on the free alongside ship (f.a.s.) value.

Table 103. Average Price of U.S. Steam Coal Exports by Destination, 1990, 1995-1999

Continent and Country	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
of Destination							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
North America Total	\$27.72	\$26.76	\$28.26	\$29.41	\$31.06	\$30.67	3.6	-2.8	-1.1
Canada ¹	26.28	25.51	26.64	28.06	30.46	30.48	3.0	-3.6	-1.6
Mexico	43.13	38.48	38.67	36.21	35.60	38.04	12.1	4.9	1.4
Other ²	36.16	37.38	38.08	38.03	34.29	34.16	-3.3	1.3	.6
South America Total	33.67	37.82	38.78	34.94	35.66	37.16	-11.0	-1.4	-1.1
Brazil		40.81	42.12	40.57	34.81	42.44	-4.4	2.9	9
Other ²	. 31.44	37.56	38.13	33.90	35.70	35.83	-16.3	-3.1	-1.4
Europe Total	27.09	31,22	32,52	33.71	34.33	38.64	-13.2	-5.7	-3.9
Belgium & Luxembourg	. 38.47	35.91	36.34	36.69	35.07	37.64	7.1	2.3	.2
Bulgaria		_	_	50.55	_	48.99	_	_	-100.0
Finland	. –	_	36.20	35.23	35.53	_	_	-100.0	_
France	. 38.23	36.14	34.84	36.14	35.13	37.07	5.8	2.1	.3
Germany, FR	28.22	30.70	35.04	31.92	33.31	35.29	-8.1	-4.1	-2.4
Iceland		_	_	57.93	_	43.59	_	_	-100.0
Ireland		36.38	38.13	37.35	36.07	39.05	-17.7	-4.5	-2.9
Italy		37.66	39.30	41.20	41.70	40.76	23.2	2.7	1.4
Netherlands	27.16	27.91	32.52	32.94	36.45	39.14	-2.7	-7.1	-4.0
Norway	. –	56.66	_	_	_	52.77	-100.0	_	-100.0
Portugal		33.60	35.48	35.60	36.28	39.96	-27.2	-9.4	-5.3
Romania		_	29.17	_	39.08	_	_	-100.0	_
Spain		22.43	22.38	22.14	21.37	35.64	-4.6	*	-5.5
Sweden		_	_	39.21	48.54	35.00	_	-100.0	-100.0
Turkey	40.80	40.78	42.02	41.28	30.98	39.30	*	7.1	.4
United Kingdom		28.64	29.99	28.82	30.63	43.00	-1.7	-2.1	-4.6
Other ²		34.03	31.78	30.15	29.63	34.43	17.5	7.8	1.7
Asia Total	31.59	34.18	34.94	35.84	34.63	38.11	-7.6	-2.3	-2.1
China (Taiwan)		34.46	34.71	35.33	35.66	37.81	-1.0	-1.1	-1.1
Israel		33.15	35.92	35.12	34.63	39.02	-4.0	-2.1	-2.2
Japan	32.10	33.88	34.97	36.31	35.03	37.87	-5.3	-2.1	-1.8
Korea, Republic of	. 24.95	35.43	35.01	35.32	32.01	39.63	-29.6	-6.0	-5.0
Other ²		43.53	33.56	38.26	30.41	38.91	-9.1	6.8	.2
Oceania & Australia Total	_	37.25	40.79	40.71	39.87	36.60	-100.0	-100.0	-100.0
Other ²	_	37.25	40.79	40.71	39.87	36.60	-100.0	-100.0	-100.0
Africa Total	. –	32.38	32.31	34.02	33.01	31.34	-100.0	-100.0	-100.0
Egypt	. –	39.88	40.73	40.78	40.81	35.91	-100.0	-100.0	-100.0
South Africa, Rep of		_	_	_	39.80	_	_	-100.0	_
Other ²	_	32.31	32.22	34.01	33.00	31.34	-100.0	-100.0	-100.0
Total ³	28.41	29.34	31.61	33.51	33.89	36.30	-3.1	-4.3	-2.7
U.S. Total ⁴	29.91	30.24	32.42	34.09	34.51	36.81	-1.1	-3.5	-2.3

Based on the U.S. - Canada Free Trade Agreement, as of January 1990, the U.S. Department of Commerce began reporting statistics on U.S. exports to Canada based on information on imports provided monthly by the Canadian government.

Includes countries with exports less than or equal to 50,000 short tons in 1999.

Notes: Average price is based on the free alongside ship (f.a.s.) value. Steam coal includes bituminous, subbituminous, lignite, and anthracite. Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report EM 545."

Includes countries with exports less than or equal to 50,000 short tons in 1999.

The average prices presented in this table, with the exception of U.S. Total, are considered to be representative prices for coal exports and fall within the range of \$20 to \$60 per short ton, inclusively.

⁴ U.S. Total is the average price of all coal exports.

^{*} Data round to zero.

Table 104. Average Real Price of U.S. Steam Coal Exports by Destination, 1990, 1995-1999

(Real Dollars per Short Ton)

Continent and Country	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
of Destination							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
North America Total	\$26.50	\$25.96	\$27.73	\$29.41	\$31.67	\$35.46	2.1	-4.3	-3.2
Canada ¹	25.13	24.74	26.15	28.06	31.05	35.24	1.6	-5.1	-3.7
Mexico	41.23	37.33	37.95	36.21	36.29	43.97	10.5	3.2	7
Other ²	34.57	36.26	37.37	38.03	34.96	39.49	-4.6	3	-1.5
South America Total	32.19	36.68	38.05	34.94	36.35	42.96	-12.2	-3.0	-3.1
Brazil	37.29	39.58	41.33	40.57	35.49	49.06	-5.8	1.2	-3.0
Other ²	30.05	36.43	37.42	33.90	36.39	41.42	-17.5	-4.7	-3.5
Europe Total	25.90	30.28	31.92	33.71	34.99	44.67	-14.5	-7.2	-5.9
Belgium & Luxembourg	36.78	34.83	35.66	36.69	35.74	43.51	5.6	.7	-1.8
Bulgaria	_	_	_	50.55	_	56.63	_	_	-100.0
Finland	_	_	35.52	35.23	36.22	_	_	-100.0	_
France	36.55	35.05	34.19	36.14	35.81	42.86	4.3	.5	-1.8
Germany, FR	26.98	29.78	34.38	31.92	33.96	40.80	-9.4	-5.6	-4.5
Iceland	_	_	_	57.93	_	50.40	_	_	-100.0
Ireland	28.61	35.29	37.42	37.35	36.76	45.15	-18.9	-6.1	-4.9
Italy	44.35	36.53	38.56	41.20	42.51	47.12	21.4	1.1	7
Netherlands	25.96	27.08	31.92	32.94	37.16	45.25	-4.1	-8.6	-6.0
Norway	_	54.95	_	_	_	61.00	-100.0	_	-100.0
Portugal	23.40	32.59	34.82	35.60	36.98	46.19	-28.2	-10.8	-7.3
Romania	_	_	28.62	_	39.84	_	_	-100.0	_
Spain	20.46	21.75	21.96	22.14	21.79	41.20	-5.9	-1.6	-7.5
Sweden				39.21	49.48	40.46		-100.0	-100.0
Turkey	39.01	39.55	41.24	41.28	31.58	45.43	-1.4	5.4	-1.7
United Kingdom	26.92	27.78	29.43	28.82	31.22	49.72	-3.1	-3.6	-6.6
Other ²	38.24	33.00	31.18	30.15	30.20	39.80	15.9	6.1	4
Asia Total	30.20	33.15	34.28	35.84	35.30	44.06	-8.9	-3.8	-4.1
China (Taiwan)	32.62	33.42	34.06	35.33	36.35	43.71	-2.4	-2.7	-3.2
Israel	30.41	32.15	35.25	35.12	35.30	45.11	-5.4	-3.7	-4.3
Japan	30.69	32.87	34.32	36.31	35.71	43.78	-6.6	-3.7	-3.9
Korea, Republic of	23.85	34.37	34.35	35.32	32.63	45.82	-30.6	-7.5	-7.0
Other ²	37.80	42.22	32.93	38.26	31.00	44.99	-10.4	5.1	-1.9
Oceania & Australia Total	-	36.13	40.03	40.71	40.64	42.32	-100.0	-100.0	-100.0
Other ²	-	36.13	40.03	40.71	40.64	42.32	-100.0	-100.0	-100.0
Africa Total	_	31.41	31.71	34.02	33.65	36.23	-100.0	-100.0	-100.0
Egypt	_	38.68	39.97	40.78	41.60	41.51	-100.0	-100.0	-100.0
South Africa, Rep of	_	_	_	_	40.57	-	_	-100.0	_
Other ²	-	31.34	31.62	34.01	33.63	36.23	-100.0	-100.0	-100.0
Total ³	27.17	28.46	31.02	33.51	34.54	41.97	-4.5	-5.8	-4.7
U.S. Total ⁴	28.59	29.33	31.82	34.09	35.18	42.56	-2.5	-5.0	-4.3

¹ Based on the U.S. - Canada Free Trade Agreement, as of January 1990, the U.S. Department of Commerce began reporting statistics on U.S. exports

to Canada based on information on imports provided monthly by the Canadian government.

Includes countries with exports less than or equal to 50,000 short tons in 1999.

The average prices presented in this table, with the exception of U.S. Total, are considered to be representative prices for coal exports and fall within the range of \$20 to \$60 (nominal) per short ton, inclusively.

4 U.S. Total is the average price of all coal exports.

Notes: Real prices are in 1996 dollars, calculated using implicit Gross Domestic Product price deflators. See Appendix D, Table D2. Average prices are based on the free alongside ship (f.a.s.) value. Steam coal includes bituminous, subbituminous, lignite, and anthracite.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report EM 545."

Coal Quality

Table 105. Estimate of Recoverable Reserves of Coal by Sulfur Range, State, and Mine Type

(Million Short Tons Remaining as of January 1, 1997)

State and Type of Mining				Content r per million Btu	ı)		Total
	< = 0.40	0.41 - 0.60	0.61 - 0.83	0.84 - 1.67	1.68 - 2.50	> 2.50	
Alabama	_	403	367	2,010	190	_	2,970
Surface	_	253	267	1,664	136	-	2,320
Underground	_	150	100	347	54	_	650
Alaska, Southern	251	94	_	_	_	_	2,544
Surface	383	41	_	_	_	_	424
Underground	2,067	53	_	_	_	_	2,120
Alaska, Northern	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Underground	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Arizona	_	98	_	_	_	_	98
Surface	_	47	_	_	_	_	47
Underground	_	51	_	_	_	_	51
Arkansas ¹	_	8	163	44	6	7	228
Surface	_	2	73	24	1	1	101
Underground	_	7	90	20	5	6	127
Colorado ¹	3,646	2,298	3,681	324	95	_	10,045
Surface	264	116	3,325	41	14	_	3,759
Underground	3,382	2,183	357	283	81	_	6,286
Georgia	1	1	*	*	*	*	2
Surface	*	*	*	*	*	*	1
Underground	*	*	*	*	*	*	1
Idaho	*	1	1	1	_	_	2
Surface	_	-	-	-	_	_	_
Underground	*	1	1	1		-	2
Illinois	46	188	407	1,540	1,588	34,437	38,206
Surface	- 16	100	3 404	203	339	9,561 24.876	10,106
Underground	46	188 308	183	1,337 667	1,249 1,116	2,014	28,099 4,287
Indiana Surface Surface	_	60	26	101	1,110 141	2,014 290	618
Underground	_	248	157	566	975	1,724	3,669
Iowa	_	240	157	500	407	720	1,127
Surface	_	_	_	_	320	-	320
Underground	_	_	_	_	87	720	807
Kansas	_	_	_	_	226	457	683
Surface	_	_	_	_	226	457	683
Underground	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Kentucky, Eastern	169	2,011	1,388	1,713	833	636	6,750
Surface	138	1,637	1,130	1,394	678	518	5,495
Underground	32	374	258	318	155	118	1,255
Kentucky, Western	_	-	_	155	2,706	6,366	9,227
Surface	_	-	-	124	919	1,267	2,310
_ Underground	_	_	_	31	1,787	5,099	6,917
Louisiana	_	_	_	343	_	_	343
Surface	_	_	_	343	_	_	343
Underground	_	_	-	-	_	_	-
Maryland	_	31	56	116	201	_	403
Surface	_	3 28	8 49	13 103	31 169	_	54 349
Underground	_	28	8	23	169 16	- 11	59 59
Michigan Surface	_	_	1	23	10	*	3
Underground	_		8	21	16	11	55
Missouri	_	_	_		170	3,680	3,850
Surface	_	_	_	_	150	3,011	3,161
Underground	_	_	_	_	20	670	689
Montana	33,529	16,816	16,761	4,811	2,022	1,371	75,310
Surface	17,966	6,983	9,484	2,440	1,609	905	39,387
Underground	15,563	9,833	7,277	2,371	413	466	35,923
New Mexico ¹	60	2,429	1,601	3,048	_	_	7,138
Surface	36	1,045	1,096	2,099	_	_	4,276
Underground	25	1,384	505	949	_	_	2,863
North Carolina	_	_	*	2	2	1	5
Surface	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Underground			*	2	2	1	_ 5
North Dakota	432	744	1,364	3,410	850	366	7,167
Surface	432	744	1,364	3,410	850	366	7,167
Underground	_	_	_	-	_		_
Ohio	81	168	334	1,045	2,626	7,418	11,672
Surface	20	96	167	413	858	2,291	3,846
Underground	61	73	167	632	1,767	5,127	7,826

Table 105. Estimate of Recoverable Reserves of Coal by Sulfur Range, State, and **Mine Type (Continued)**

(Million Short Tons Remaining as of January 1, 1997)

State and Type of Mining			Sulfur (pounds of sulfur	Content per million Btu	n)		Total
	< = 0.40	0.41 - 0.60	0.61 - 0.83	0.84 - 1.67	1.68 - 2.50	> 2.50	
Oklahoma	_	219	123	178	113	180	813
Surface	_	65	25	33	33	80	237
Underground	_	154	98	144	80	100	576
Oregon	4	1	3	_	1	1	9
Surface	1	*	1	_	*	*	2
Underground	3	1	2	_	1	1	7
Pennsylvania, Anthracite	180	467	96	17	2	*	762
Surface	85	262	61	11	1	*	422
Underground	95	205	35	6	1	_	341
Pennsylvania, Bituminous	_	280	798	4,949	4.109	1,500	11,635
Surface	_	22	62	295	219	130	728
Underground	_	258	736	4.654	3,890	1,370	10,907
South Dakota	_	_	104	1	172	_	277
Surface	_	_	104	1	172	_	277
Underground	_	_	_	_		_	
Tennessee	_	105	61	221	97	_	484
Surface	_	38	23	92	40	_	193
Underground	_	67	38	129	58	_	291
Texas	_	_	584	5,623	3,375	373	9,954
Surface	_	_	584	5,623	3,375	372	9,954
Underground	_	_	_		-	-	-,,,,,,
Utah	372	666	544	850	221	296	2,949
Surface	8	32	19	85	35	34	212
Underground	363	634	525	765	186	262	2.737
Virginia ¹	184	598	382	126	-	202	1,290
Surface	42	190	156	44	_		432
Underground	143	408	227	82	_		858
Washington	63	92	92	473	_		720
Surface	-	<i>,,</i>	6	39	_		45
	63	92	86	434	_		675
Underground West Virginia	639	6,358	2,682	3,975	2,489	3,179	19,322
9	112	1,414	550	436	2, 469 177	106	2,794
Surface	528	4,945	2,131	3,539	2,312	3.073	16,528
Underground				,		- ,	
Wyoming	6,654	17,325	10,065	7,396	1,158 517	2,216	44,813
Surface	4,303	8,563 8,762	4,015	2,274		2,184	21,855
Underground	2,351	8,762	6,050	5,122	640	33	22,959
U.S. Total	48,512	51,708	41,847	43,060	24,788	65,229	275,143
Surface	23,790	21,612	22,549	21,203	10,842	21,575	121,570
Underground	24,722	30,096	19,298	21,857	13,946	43,654	153,573

¹ Data include minor amounts of anthracite (all occurring in heat content categories greater than 23.00 million short tons) as follows: Arkansas 52.2, Colorado 13.4, New Mexico 1.2, and Virginia 70.5, expressed in million short tons.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Source: Energy Information Administration, *U.S. Coal Reserves: A Review and Update* (DOE/EIA-0529(95)), August, 1996, and further updates.

^{*} Data round to zero.

Table 106. Average Quality of Coal Received at Electric Utilities by Census Division and State, 1990, 1995-1999

Census Division and State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
and Quality ¹			ĺ				1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
New England									
Btu	,	12,810	12,756	12,793	12,848	13,136	3	1	*
Sulfur		.87	.86	.85	.84	1.24	40.6	9.8	-0.2
Ash	. 6.48	7.85	7.79	7.75	7.48	7.43	-17.5	-3.5	-1.5
Connecticut	10.541	12 120	12 122	12 100	12 110	12 222	2		*
Btu Sulfur		13,138 .53	13,132 .54	13,100 .54	13,110 .56	13,233 .54	3 14.8	1 2.0	1.4
Ash		6.80	7.20	7.14	7.05	6.36	-28.6	-8.9	-3.0
Massachusetts	. 4.05	0.80	7.20	7.14	7.03	0.50	-28.0	-0.9	-3.0
Btu	. 13,160	12,617	12,571	12,633	12,698	13,062	4	1	*
Sulfur		.72	.72	.71	.71	1.23	19.9	4.8	-3.9
Ash	. 7.22	8.52	8.24	8.07	7.83	7.89	-15.3	-2.0	-1.0
New Hampshire									
Btu		13,133	13,054	13,146	13,111	13,303	*	*	*
Sulfur		1.40	1.42	1.56	1.38	1.81	-4.1	6	-3.3
Ash	. 6.31	6.71	6.88	7.02	6.74	6.75	-6.0	-1.6	7
Middle Atlantic									
Btu		12,478	12,436	12,460	12,474	12,409	1	*	*
Sulfur		2.07	2.05	2.01	2.03	2.05	-1.7	.1	1
Ash	. 10.81	11.84	12.03	11.80	11.93	12.38	-8.6	-2.4	-1.5
New Jersey	12.150	12 112	12.004	12.002	12 202	12 420	*	*	*
Btu		13,113	13,084	12,993	13,282	13,429			
SulfurAsh		1.13 8.70	1.24 8.54	1.36 9.02	1.21 7.51	1.16 7.36	.7 8	-1.5 3.5	2 1.8
New York	. 6.04	8.70	6.34	9.02	7.51	7.30	0	3.3	1.0
Btu	13,034	13,052	13,105	13,013	13,051	12,846	*	*	*
Sulfur		1.75	1.80	1.80	1.79	1.84	-4.3	-1.7	-1.0
Ash		7.79	7.63	7.91	7.90	9.13	-3.4	-1.2	-2.1
Pennsylvania									
Btu	. 12,552	12,323	12,279	12,321	12,315	12,241	2	*	*
Sulfur	. 2.15	2.19	2.13	2.09	2.12	2.16	-1.9	.3	*
Ash	. 11.37	12.86	13.03	12.72	12.97	13.46	-11.5	-3.2	-1.8
East North Central									
Btu		10,589	10,588	10,611	10,676	10,988	*	*	*
Sulfur		1.33	1.35	1.36	1.28	1.82	-3.8		-3.8
AshIllinois	. 8.02	8.12	8.22	8.07	8.00	8.93	-1.2	.1	-1.2
Btu	9,560	9,700	9.781	9,878	9,970	10,789	-1	-1	-1
Sulfur		1.10	1.17	1.16	1.14	2.07	-6.7	-2.5	-7.5
Ash		6.91	7.04	6.98	7.01	8.81	-2.1	9	-2.9
Indiana			,,,,						
Btu	. 10,620	10,517	10,461	10,357	10,338	10,562	1	1	*
Sulfur		1.63	1.61	1.59	1.57	2.06	-2.9	.2	-2.9
Ash	. 7.84	7.94	7.90	7.76	7.65	8.58	-1.2	.6	-1.0
Michigan									
Btu		10,563	10,566	10,504	10,677	11,131	-1	*	-1
Sulfur		.67	.67	.63	.63	.70	-7.6	5	-1.4
Ash	. 6.49	6.41	6.65	6.59	6.66	6.79	1.1	6	5
Ohio	. 11.918	11,913	11,891	12,056	12,122	11,882	*	*	*
Btu Sulfur	7	2.01	2.01	2.08	1.89	2.44	-1.6	1.1	-2.3
Ash		11.45	11.53	11.01	10.84	11.47	-1.0 -1.3	1.0	-2.3 1
Wisconsin	. 11.51	11.13	11.55	11.01	10.01	11.77	1.5	1.0	
Btu	. 9,115	9,299	9,375	9,222	9,351	9,642	-2	-1	-1
Sulfur		.46	.50	.46	.46	.81	-15.3	-3.9	-7.8
Ash	. 5.42	5.55	5.74	5.74	6.03	6.33	-2.3	-2.6	-1.7
West North Central									
Btu	. 8,347	8,388	8,394	8,430	8,418	8,701	*	*	*
Sulfur		.47	.51	.53	.54	.96	-3.8	-4.4	-8.1
Ash	. 6.18	6.15	6.31	6.38	6.41	7.41	.5	9	-2.0
Iowa	0.70			0	c -=-				
Btu		8,636	8,662	8,658	8,678	8,892	-1	*	*
Sulfur		.44	.45	.45	.49	.70	-8.9	-4.8	-6.0
Ash	. 5.54	5.57	5.53	5.61	5.60	5.98	6	3	8

Table 106. Average Quality of Coal Received at Electric Utilities by Census Division and State, 1990, 1995-1999 (Continued)

Census Division and State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
and Quality ¹							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Kansas									
Btu	. 8,628	8,696	8,766	8,827	8,730	8,948	-1	*	*
Sulfur		.45	.48	.49	.43	.58	-5.1	-0.1	-3.3
Ash	. 5.35	5.45	5.52	5.52	5.46	5.81	-1.8	5	9
Minnesota	. 8,883	8,883	8,895	8,914	8,828	8.788	*	*	*
Btu Sulfur	,	.44	.45	.45	.47	.51	-1.0	-1.8	-1.7
Ash		6.29	6.32	6.32	6.71	7.58	2	-1.7	-2.1
Missouri									
Btu	. 8,948	8,938	8,994	9,063	9,216	10,400	*	-1	-2
Sulfur		.37	.47	.58	.57	2.01	-8.9	-12.5	-18.0
Ash	. 5.04	5.18	5.32	5.62	5.69	8.33	-2.6	-3.0	-5.4
Nebraska	. 8,498	8,584	8,595	8,599	8,594	8,561	-1	*	*
Btu Sulfur		.27	.32	.34	.33	.35	9.0	-2.9	-2.0
Ash		4.77	4.79	5.11	5.16	5.05	6.1	5	*
North Dakota	2.30	,	,	5.11	2.10	2.33	0.1		
Btu	. 6,547	6,566	6,559	6,597	6,585	6,636	*	*	*
Sulfur	75	.76	.77	.72	.74	.81	8	.5	8
Ash	. 9.39	9.10	9.38	9.32	9.29	9.26	3.2	.2	.1
South Dakota	0.620	0.720	0.607	0.024	6.072	6.006		_	4
Btu	,	8,728 .72	8,687 .63	9,034 .52	6,972 .87	6,096 .90	−1 −17.2	5 -9.0	4 -4.4
SulfurAsh		9.12	8.88	6.66	4.96	8.44	-17.2 -4.8	15.0	-4.4 .3
7 1311	. 0.07	7.12	0.00	0.00	4.70	0.44	4.0	13.0	.5
South Atlantic									
Btu	. 12,344	12,296	12,311	12,285	12,324	12,395	*	*	*
Sulfur		1.26	1.29	1.27	1.27	1.52	*	3	-2.1
Ash	. 9.83	9.92	10.05	9.75	9.71	9.99	9	.3	2
Delaware	. 12,935	12,962	13,062	13,020	13,085	13,035	*	*	*
Btu Sulfur	,	.98	.99	1.01	1.00	.97	-1.0	7	*
Ash		8.93	8.65	8.72	8.56	8.71	3.7	2.0	.7
Florida								=	
Btu	. 12,299	12,144	12,122	12,193	12,296	12,364	1	*	*
Sulfur		1.55	1.59	1.55	1.47	1.73	-1.4	.9	-1.4
Ash	. 8.06	8.01	8.40	7.96	8.09	8.44	.5	1	5
Georgia	11.740	11.750	11.755	11.501	11.576	11 002	*	*	*
Btu Sulfur		11,750 .85	11,755 .84	11,581 .83	11,576 .81	11,893 1.63	-5.9	5	-7.6
Ash		9.40	9.42	8.84	8.87	9.81	-3.9 -1.0	1.2	-7.6 6
Maryland	. 7.50	2.10	7.12	0.04	0.07	7.01	1.0	1.2	.0
Btu	. 12,943	12,914	12,913	12,879	12,965	12,734	*	*	*
Sulfur		1.17	1.14	1.11	1.06	1.44	-4.6	1.4	-2.8
Ash	. 9.30	9.04	9.42	9.49	9.32	10.48	2.8	1	-1.3
North Carolina	12 150	12 200	12.250	10 100	10.451	10.544	*	*	*
Btu	,	12,398	12,368	12,422	12,461	12,544			•
SulfurAsh		.89 10.53	.90 10.50	.89 10.16	.86 10.20	.96 9.89	-5.2 -1.3	4 .5	-1.3 .5
South Carolina	. 10.39	10.55	10.50	10.10	10.20	2.02	-1.5	.5	.5
Btu	. 12,809	12,805	12,855	12,757	12,852	12,655	*	*	*
Sulfur		1.20	1.20	1.21	1.19	1.19	-3.7	7	4
Ash	. 8.78	8.90	8.70	8.90	8.53	9.21	-1.4	.7	5
Virginia									
Btu		12,603	12,554	12,597	12,743	12,714	1	*	*
Sulfur		.97	1.01	.99	1.03	.96	33.9	6.2	3.4
Ash West Virginia	. 9.62	9.96	11.58	11.02	10.21	9.84	-3.4	-1.5	3
Btu	. 12,361	12,305	12,398	12,378	12,418	12,452	*	*	*
Sulfur	,	1.86	1.95	1.93	1.98	1.89	-1.2	-1.8	3
Ash		12.17	11.88	11.78	11.88	11.55	-3.2	2	.2
East South Central			40:		4				
Btu		11,543	11,584	11,714	11,808	11,855	-1	-1	*
Sulfur		1.71	1.83	1.86	1.87	2.10	-6.4 -4.6	-3.8 -1.1	-3.0 -1.1
Ash	. 10.10	10.58	10.65	10.60	10.58	11.12	-4.6	-1.1	-1.1

Table 106. Average Quality of Coal Received at Electric Utilities by Census Division and State, 1990, 1995-1999 (Continued)

Census Division and State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change	Average Annual Percent Change		
and Quality ¹							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999	
Alabama				•						
Btu	. 10,963	11,519	11,584	11,794	11,861	12,094	-5	-2	-1	
Sulfur	. 1.02	1.13	1.13	1.24	1.20	1.51	-9.7	-3.8	-4.2	
Ash		10.45	10.49	10.71	10.74	11.74	-10.8	-3.5	-2.5	
Kentucky										
Btu	11,582	11,579	11,571	11,536	11,625	11,558	*	*	*	
Sulfur		2.37	2.50	2.47	2.42	2.59	-4.2	-1.6	-1.5	
Ash		12.66	12.46	12.15	11.91	12.12	-2.5	.9	.2	
Mississippi	. 12.33	12.00	12.40	12.13	11.71	12.12	2.3	.,	.2	
	. 11.062	10,569	10,486	11.023	11,221	12.543	5	*	-1	
Btu	,			.93	1.04	12,343	-1.4	-8.1	-8.4	
Sulfur		.75	.68							
Ash	. 6.85	6.03	6.13	6.44	7.81	7.84	13.6	-3.2	-1.5	
Tennessee										
Btu		11,733	11,855	12,062	12,130	11,966	-1	-1	*	
Sulfur		1.69	1.90	1.87	1.97	2.00	-6.3	-5.4	-2.6	
Ash	8.82	8.89	9.17	8.89	8.83	9.46	7	*	8	
Vest South Central										
Btu		7,837	7,766	7,798	7,733	7,701	*	*	*	
Sulfur		.60	.64	.60	.64	.65	-7.3	-3.6	-1.6	
Ash	. 9.16	9.12	9.35	9.19	9.53	10.04	.4	-1.0	-1.0	
Arkansas										
Btu	. 8,651	8,671	8,707	8,703	8,687	8,740	*	*	*	
Sulfur		.29	.33	.33	.33	.34	-7.7	-4.5	-2.5	
Ash		4.90	5.12	5.20	5.10	5.26	-3.0	-1.8	-1.1	
Louisiana		,0	5.12	0.20	5.10	0.20	2.0	1.0		
Btu	. 8,149	8,097	8,102	8,171	8,110	8,194	1	*	*	
Sulfur		.56	.64	.57	.58	.49	3.4	*	2.0	
Ash		7.76	7.22		7.42	7.47	-4.6	1	2.0 1	
	. 7.40	7.70	1.22	7.13	7.42	7.47	-4.0	1	1	
Oklahoma	0.520	0.551	0.641	0.500	0.555	0.004	*	*	*	
Btu		8,651	8,641	8,600	8,557	8,894				
Sulfur		.30	.30	.33	.36	.47	1.9	-4.1	-4.5	
Ash	. 5.18	4.87	4.85	4.93	5.20	5.50	6.5	1	6	
Texas										
Btu	. 7,506	7,509	7,423	7,440	7,346	7,291	*	1	*	
Sulfur	65	.71	.75	.71	.77	.74	-9.0	-4.0	-1.4	
Ash	10.90	10.82	11.09	10.98	11.50	11.80	.8	-1.3	9	
Mountain										
Btu	. 9,755	9,708	9,723	9,741	9,736	9,792	*	*	*	
Sulfur	55	.55	.56	.55	.54	.55	-1.0	.3	*	
Ash		11.24	11.40	11.37	11.16	11.00	9	*	.1	
Arizona										
Btu	. 10,257	10,186	10,159	10,232	10,274	10,482	1	*	*	
Sulfur		.55	.54	.55	.53	.49	.3	1.0	1.3	
Ash		12.70	12.73	12.41	12.13	11.95	2	1.1	.6	
Colorado	. 12.07	12.70	12.73	12.41	12.13	11.93	2	1.1	.0	
	0.740	0.024	0.972	0.050	0.005	0.000	-1	*		
Btu		9,834	9,872	9,858	9,895	9,808	_		1	
Sulfur		.38	.38	.39	.39	.38	.3	5	.1	
Ash	. 6.67	6.73	6.92	6.94	7.16	6.95	8	-1.8	4	
Montana										
Btu	. 8,435	8,433	8,426	8,439	8,520	8,564	*	*	*	
Sulfur	73	.72	.72	.68	.68	.63	.9	1.7	1.5	
Ash	. 9.71	9.49	9.32	9.00	9.15	8.84	2.3	1.5	1.0	
Nevada										
Btu	11,257	11,199	11,169	11,140	11,075	11,122	1	*	*	
Sulfur		.47	.50	.49	.48	.53	8	9	-1.5	
Ash		9.68	9.80	9.71	9.70	9.82	-3.4	9	5	
New Mexico	,.55	,.00	2.00	, <u>1</u>	25	7.02	J	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	.5	
Btu	. 9,132	9,082	9,069	9,116	9,033	9,117	1	*	*	
Sulfur		.80	,			.79	7	1	*	
			.81	.80	.80				· ·	
Ash	. 22.86	22.80	22.71	22.78	22.51	21.84	.3	.4	.5	
Utah										
Btu		11,310	11,330	11,513	11,550	11,483	3	*	*	
SulfurAsh		.46 11.17	.48 10.90	.47 10.90	.47 10.27	.49 10.13	3 -11.0	6 8	7 2	

Table 106. Average Quality of Coal Received at Electric Utilities by Census Division and State, 1990, 1995-1999 (Continued)

Census Division and State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change	"	nnual Percent ange
and Quality ¹							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Wyoming									
Btu	8,784	8,794	8,787	8,716	8,738	8,811	*	*	*
Sulfur	.51	.53	.54	.52	.50	.54	-4.8	0.4	-0.6
Ash	7.62	7.52	7.61	8.12	8.06	7.69	1.3	-1.4	1
Pacific									
Btu	8,444	8,332	8,153	8,066	8,380	8,169	1	*	*
Sulfur	.64	.52	.58	.64	.62	.64	23.4	1.1	.1
Ash	10.39	10.42	12.43	13.62	11.79	13.00	2	-3.1	-2.4
Oregon									
Btu	8,961	8,685	8,757	8,782	8,882	8,348	3	*	1
Sulfur	.39	.32	.33	.26	.30	.31	22.7	6.5	2.4
Ash	6.41	5.19	5.41	4.79	5.52	4.57	23.5	3.8	3.8
Washington									
Btu	8,224	8,215	8,043	7,936	8,267	8,135	*	*	*
Sulfur	.75	.59	.62	.71	.69	.70	27.6	2.3	.8
Ash	12.08	12.14	13.71	15.24	13.20	14.62	5	-2.2	-2.1
U.S. Total									
Btu	10,163	10,241	10,275	10,263	10,248	10,465	-1	*	*
Sulfur	1.01	1.06	1.11	1.10	1.08	1.35	-5.2	-1.7	-3.2
Ash	9.01	9.18	9.36	9.22	9.23	9.85	-1.8	6	-1.0

¹ Quality units are: Btu (per pound); sulfur (percent by weight); and ash (percent by weight).

Source: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

^{*} Data round to zero.

Table 107. Average Quality of Coal Received at Manufacturing and Coke Plants by Census Division and State, 1995-1999

Census Division and State and Quality $^{\mathrm{l}}$	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	Percent Change 1998-1999
New England		<u>, </u>		<u> </u>		
Btu	-,	13,264	13,326	13,028	13,410	-0.2
Sulfur		.79	.85	1.03	1.32	1.3
Ash	6.03	7.55	7.33	7.35	6.99	-20.1
Maine	12.041	12 174	12 210	12.025	12 202	1.0
Btu Sulfur		13,174 .80	13,218 .87	12,935 1.08	13,392 1.39	-1.0 2.1
Ash		7.60	7.34	7.31	6.93	-17.6
Massachusetts	0.20	7.00	7.34	7.31	0.93	-17.0
Btu	13,768	13,675	13,746	13,697	13,556	.7
Sulfur		.73	.76	.74	.75	2.5
Ash		7.35	7.29	7.65	7.55	-26.5
		7.00	7.27	7.00	,,,,,	20.5
Middle Atlantic						
Btu	12,611	12,790	12,797	12,780	12,559	-1.4
Sulfur		1.19	1.19	1.20	1.15	1.3
Ash	7.19	7.16	6.99	7.12	7.11	.4
New Jersey						
Btu	12,659	12,615	12,497	12,474	12,575	.3
Sulfur	1.35	1.72	.64	1.36	.96	-21.8
Ash	12.82	12.55	11.56	10.98	11.34	2.1
New York ²						
Btu	12,318	13,183	13,262	13,168	13,122	-6.6
Sulfur	1.32	1.18	1.36	1.41	1.29	12.1
Ash	6.52	6.73	6.82	6.84	7.20	-3.1
Pennsylvania ²						
Btu		12,633	12,640	12,658	12,366	.7
Sulfur		1.19	1.16	1.16	1.12	-1.4
Ash	7.36	7.26	7.02	7.17	7.09	1.3
East North Central	11.072	11.020	12.012	11.000	12.022	2
Btu		11,939	12,013	11,990	12,022	.3
Sulfur		1.48	1.56	1.52	1.46	-4.8
AshIllinois ²	7.27	7.59	7.55	7.34	7.59	-4.3
	11,365	11,346	11 251	11,332	11,290	.2
Btu Sulfur		11,546	11,351 1.95	11,552	1.82	-2.9
Ash		7.67	7.45	7.41	7.49	-2.9
Indiana ²	7.07	7.07	7.43	7.41	7.49	.1
Btu	11,997	11,941	11,867	11,826	11,894	.5
Sulfur	,	1.28	1.35	1.32	1.20	-10.2
Ash		7.32	7.07	7.02	7.38	-4.4
Michigan ²	7.00	7.32	7.07	7.02	7.50	-11
Btu	12,490	12,439	12,506	12,440	12,386	.4
Sulfur		.99	1.04	.96	.96	-12.8
Ash		7.47	7.67	6.80	7.60	-12.0
Ohio ²		,,,,	7.07	0.00	7.00	12.0
Btu	12,363	12,310	12,348	12,415	12,424	.4
Sulfur		1.68	1.80	1.82	1.69	8.4
Ash		8.17	8.52	8.27	7.79	-5.1
Wisconsin						
Btu	11,837	11,876	12,453	12,330	12,450	3
Sulfur		1.37	1.68	2.05	2.14	10.4
Ash		7.40	7.45	7.72	8.40	7.5
West North Central						
Btu	8,631	8,626	8,716	8,702	8,669	.1
Sulfur	94	.95	.87	.87	.89	-1.0
Ash		6.34	6.44	6.40	6.54	*
Iowa						
Btu	10,140	10,292	10,261	10,373	10,332	-1.5
Sulfur	97	1.01	.95	1.04	.96	-3.6
Ash	6.36	6.38	6.25	6.40	6.44	4
Kansas						
Btu	12,354	12,344	12,287	12,243	12,197	.1
Sulfur	3.74	3.11	3.12	3.07	3.41	20.2
Ash	8.83	9.61	10.75	10.36	11.48	-8.2

Table 107. Average Quality of Coal Received at Manufacturing and Coke Plants by Census Division and State, 1995-1999 (Continued)

Census Division and State and Quality ¹	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	Percent Change 1998-1999
Minnesota	1		'	"		
Btu	9,656	9,626	9,910	10,051	10,280	0.3
Sulfur	.50	.58	.46	.61	.56	-13.9
Ash	5.15	5.47	5.24	5.08	4.95	-6.0
Missouri ²	11.250	11 207	11 470	11.541	11.644	
Btu Sulfur	11,359 2.23	11,287 2.25	11,470 2.23	11,541 2.02	11,644 1.91	.6 7
Ash	8.90	7.92	8.39	8.31	9.92	12.4
Nebraska	0.70	1.72	0.57	0.51	7.72	12.7
Btu	9,962	10,375	10,201	10,622	10,096	-4.0
Sulfur	.50	.52	.32	.36	.42	-2.8
Ash	6.43	6.46	8.12	8.92	5.73	4
North Dakota						
Btu	7,133	7,138	7,135	7,136	7,171	1
Sulfur	.76	.78	.62	.61	.71	-1.9
Ash	6.02	6.02	6.10	5.97	6.08	1
South Dakota	10,184	9.884	9.786	9.849	9,504	3.0
Btu Sulfur	.92	.81	.81	.83	.86	13.9
Ash	7.24	8.47	7.38	7.55	7.72	-14.5
1 2012	7.2.	0	7.50	7.00	2	1
South Atlantic						
Btu	13,049	13,035	12,988	12,972	12,992	.1
Sulfur	1.08	1.06	1.10	1.09	1.10	2.4
Ash	7.96	7.95	8.39	8.11	8.07	.1
Delaware						
Btu	13,076	13,452	13,450	13,381	13,483	-2.8
Sulfur	1.77	1.17	1.73	1.75	1.87	51.7
AshFlorida	7.56	6.94	7.01	7.01	7.01	9.0
Btu	12,988	13,022	12,834	12,903	12,865	3
Sulfur	.89	.86	.91	.87	.91	4.0
Ash	8.07	7.56	8.38	8.07	8.14	6.8
Georgia						
Btu	12,925	12,828	12,756	12,873	12,895	.8
Sulfur	1.04	.98	1.11	1.11	1.23	6.0
Ash	8.39	8.30	8.80	8.79	8.78	1.1
Maryland ²						*
Btu	12,650	12,656	12,653	12,411	12,598	-
Sulfur	1.84 13.75	1.79 13.98	1.96 14.06	1.92 14.19	1.92 14.52	3.1 -1.7
Ash North Carolina	13.73	13.90	14.00	14.19	14.32	-1.7
Btu	13,195	13,193	13,234	13,243	13,250	*
Sulfur	.92	.93	.98	.93	.97	9
Ash	7.48	7.56	7.53	7.10	6.99	-1.0
South Carolina						
Btu	13,174	13,106	13,179	13,076	13,051	.5
Sulfur	1.02	1.03	1.00	1.02	1.08	2
Ash	7.87	7.87	8.24	8.09	8.24	1
Virginia ²	12.220	12 204	12.001	12.002	12.067	
Btu	13,228	13,204	13,081	12,982	13,067	.2
SulfurAsh	1.01 7.48	1.02 7.75	1.05 8.06	1.04 7.97	1.05 7.75	-1.3 -3.5
West Virginia ²	7.40	1.13	8.00	1.91	1.13	-3.3
Btu	12,855	12,885	12,782	12,809	12,765	2
Sulfur	1.17	1.14	1.18	1.14	1.06	3.1
Ash	7.02	7.04	7.78	7.24	7.28	3
East South Central						
Btu	12,997	12,848	12,750	12,916	12,941	1.2
Sulfur	.90	.99	1.02	1.06	1.09	-8.9
Ash	6.30	7.45	7.34	7.20	7.32	-15.4
Btu	12,942	12,738	12,539	12,632	12,612	1.6
Sulfur	.95	.92	.98	.98	.94	3.1
Ash	6.41	7.12	7.18	6.90	7.07	-10.0
Kentucky ²	0			0.70	,	10.0
•	13,120	12,735	12,831	13,072	13,086	3.0
Btu						
Sulfur	.61	.97	1.01	1.05	1.03	-37.6

Table 107. Average Quality of Coal Received at Manufacturing and Coke Plants by Census Division and State, 1995-1999 (Continued)

Census Division and State and Quality $^{\mathrm{l}}$	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	Percent Change 1998-1999
Mississippi	'					1
Btu	11,856	11,907	11,977	11,911	11,897	-0.4
Sulfur	2.05	2.06	1.55	1.41	1.41	5
Ash	7.86	9.33	9.60	9.73	10.66	-15.7
Tennessee ²						
Btu	13,052	13,013	12,910	13,103	13,160	.3
Sulfur	.98	1.03	1.07	1.14	1.35	-4.9
Ash	8.07	8.19	8.01	7.94	8.04	-1.4
West South Central Btu	8,652	12,111	9,155	9,176	9,116	-28.6
Sulfur	1.25	1.16	1.07	1.06	1.00	7.8
Ash	11.45	12.16	11.39	11.36	10.78	-5.9
Arkansas	11.10	12.10	11.07	11.50	10.70	0.7
Btu	12,732	12,545	12,369	12,474	12,573	1.5
Sulfur	2.09	2.03	1.98	2.03	2.02	3.3
Ash	11.37	11.06	10.25	10.27	9.96	2.8
Louisiana						
Btu	11,742	12,534	12,395	12,627	9,292	-6.3
Sulfur	1.21	1.23	1.33	1.27	.39	-1.8
Ash	9.45	10.47	10.25	10.23	5.29	-9.8
Oklahoma						
Btu	9,890	9,970	9,974	9,835	9,995	8
Sulfur	2.32	1.02	.93	.89	.72	127.1
Ash	6.42	6.79	6.18	5.97	5.60	-5.5
Texas ²						
Btu	8,126	12,410	8,789	8,757	8,690	-34.5
Sulfur	1.01	1.12	1.02	1.01	1.02	-10.1
Ash	12.29	13.08	12.15	12.37	12.20	-6.1
Mountain						
Btu	10,679	10,683	10,851	10,699	10,698	*
Sulfur	.69	.73	.72	.67	.71	-4.8
Ash	7.46	7.44	7.09	7.79	7.28	.3
Arizona						
Btu	10,978	10,850	12,250	10,603	10,969	1.2
Sulfur	.60	.59	.76	.53	.54	2.7
Ash	13.00	13.73	10.48	13.15	12.23	-5.3
Colorado						
Btu	11,241	11,219	11,293	11,308	11,262	.2
Sulfur	.77	.79	.55	.54	.61	-2.9
Ash	8.13	7.94	8.03	7.79	7.24	2.3
Idaho						
Btu	10,525	9,860	10,131	10,148	10,232	6.8
Sulfur	.79	.84	.72	.72	.78	-5.5
Ash	7.00	5.31	6.46	6.40	6.22	31.9
Montana						
Btu	8,548	11,688	8,689	8,695	8,368	-26.9
Sulfur	.53	.49	.44	.44	.59	7.5
Ash	6.59	6.14	5.27	5.31	7.93	7.3
Nevada						
Btu	11,555	11,495	11,576	11,533	11,698	.5
Sulfur	.45	.51	.50	.51	.48	-12.0
Ash	8.76	8.90	8.76	8.80	7.13	-1.5
New Mexico						
Btu	12,557	12,383	12,507	12,302	12,518	1.4
Sulfur	.93	.92	.74	.82	.79	1.1
Ash	9.08	10.45	10.36	11.67	10.26	-13.1
Utah ²						
Btu	11,684	11,775	11,552	11,589	11,671	8
Sulfur	.61	.74	.79	.82	.84	-17.5
Ash	8.01	8.18	8.10	8.01	8.08	-2.0
Wyoming						
Btu	10,096	10,158	10,119	10,365	10,170	6
Sulfur	.78	.76	.73	.70	.71	2.5

Table 107. Average Quality of Coal Received at Manufacturing and Coke Plants by Census Division and State, 1995-1999 (Continued)

Census Division and State and Quality ¹	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	Percent Change 1998-1999
Pacific						
Btu	11,673	11,564	11,513	11,677	11,551	0.9
Sulfur	.56	.57	.57	.56	.53	-1.9
Ash	8.84	9.14	8.96	9.15	9.17	-3.3
California						
Btu	11.871	11.814	11.759	11.899	11.912	.5
Sulfur	.55	.57	.57	.55	.52	-3.6
Ash	8.66	8.99	8.72	8.72	8.62	-3.6
Hawaii						
Btu	8,237	7,928	8,704	9,157	9,275	3.9
Sulfur	.55	.49	.52	.53	.53	11.2
Ash	12.71	12.85	13.22	14.99	15.37	-1.1
Oregon						
Btu	11,655	11,001	10,989	11,159	10,188	5.9
Sulfur	.59	.65	.65	.65	.54	-8.8
Ash	7.15	7.00	6.96	7.03	5.98	2.2
Washington						
Btu	11,076	11,651	11,818	11,622	11,846	-4.9
Sulfur	.68	.58	.58	.65	.57	16.9
Ash	9.70	8.10	8.70	10.00	9.62	19.7
U.S. Total						
Btu	11,245	11,583	11,407	11,405	11,367	-2.9
Sulfur	1.13	1.15	1.17	1.17	1.15	-1.7
Ash	7.42	7.71	7.62	7.58	7.61	-3.6

¹ . Quality units are: Btu (per pound); sulfur (percent by weight); and ash (percent by weight). 2 . Includes sulfur and ash data for coke plants. * Data round to zero.

Notes: Btu data are for manufacturing plants only. The national average of coke plant data ranges from .51 to 1.70 for sulfur and 2.6 to 10.1 for ash.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3A, "Annual Coal Quality Report - Manufacturing Plants"; and Form EIA-5A, "Annual Coal Quality Report - Manufacturing Plants"; nual Coal Quality Report - Coke Plants."

Appendix A

Major Coal Producing States

Appendix A

Major Coal Producing States

Table A1. Alabama Coal Statistics, 1990, 1995-1999

Category	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990 ¹	Percent Change		Annual Change
							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Supply (thousand short tons)									
Recoverable Reserves	436,207	373,714	374,421	451,760	510,406	489,395	16.7	-3.8	-1.3
Productive Capacity ¹	22,290	27,891	29,081	32,159	32,546	NA	-20.1	-9.0	NA
Production Total	19,504	23,013	24,468	24,637	24,640	29,030	-15.2	-5.7	-4.3
Underground	14,799	17,316	18,505	18,217	17,605	17,540	-14.5	-4.2	-1.9
Surface	4,705	5,697	5,963	6,420	7,036	11,490	-17.4	-9.6	-9.4
Capacity Utilization ²	87.42	82.45	84.05	76.57	75.52	NA	6.0	3.7	NA
Ratio of Recoverable									
Reserves to Production	22.4	16.2	15.3	18.3	20.7	16.9	37.7	1.9	3.2
Number of Employees/Miners	4,183	R 4.875	4,928	5,031	5,567	6,534	-14.2	-6.9	-4.8
Productivity Total ²	2.25	R 2.31	2.39	2.20	2.24	2.23	-2.3	.1	.1
Underground	2.09	R 2.16	2.21	1.95	2.02	2.01	-3.0	.8	.4
Surface	2.98	R 2.93	3.21	3.50	3.07	2.69	1.9	7	1.2
Producer/Distributor Stocks		2.93							
_	2,172 692	1,636 169	1,289 214	1,031 161	1,358 162	_	32.8 308.7	12.5 43.8	_
Imports ³	692	109	214	101	102	_	308.7	43.8	_
Distribution (thousand short tons)									
Distribution Total	19,297	23,046	23,921	24,636	25,159	NA	-16.3	-6.4	NA
Domestic Distribution Total	15,990	18,245	18,108	19,772	19,127	NA	-12.4	-4.4	NA
Within State	14,024	17,831	17,489	18,503	18,024	NA	-21.3	-6.1	NA
To Other States	1,966	414	619	1,269	1,103	NA	374.9	15.6	NA
Foreign Distribution Total	3,307	4,801	5,813	4,864	6,032	NA	-31.1	-13.9	NA
Metallurgical	3,307	4,743	5,699	4,523	5,330	NA	-30.3	-11.3	NA
Steam	_	59	114	341	702	NA	-100.0	-100.0	NA
Overseas Total ⁴	3,307	4,801	5,813	4,864	6,032	NA	-31.1	-13.9	NA
Metallurgical	3,307	4,743	5,699	4,523	5,330	NA	-30.3	-11.3	NA
Steam	_	59	114	341	702	NA	-100.0	-	NA
Demand (thousand short tons)									
Consumption Total	38,099	R 36,328	R 36,607	37,052	34,309	27,640	4.9	2.6	3.6
Electric Utility	33,428	31,474	30,840	31,216	28,759	22,010	6.2	3.8	4.8
Other Industrial	2.340	R 2.442	R 2,738	2.545	2.286	2,237	-4.2	.6	.5
Coke	2,540 W	2,442 W	2,956	3,247	3,257	3,288	-4.2 W	w	w
Residential/Commercial	23	9	73	3,247	3,237 7	105	144.0	33.8	-15.5
Consumer Stocks Total	23 W	3.577	2.971	2.858	3.648	4.372	144.0 W	33.6 W	-13.3 W
Electric Utility	w	3,377	2,609	2,838	3,282	3,869	w	w	w
All Other	358	3,193	362	332	3,282	503	-6.2	6	-3.7
All Other	336	361	302	332	300	303	-0.2	0	-3.7
Coal Prices (nominal dollars per short									
Mine Total	\$35.29	\$37.23	\$38.48	\$39.48	\$38.44	\$43.04	-5.2	-2.1	-2.2
Underground	35.58	37.69	39.54	40.75	39.26	42.48	-5.6	-2.4	-2.0
Surface	34.40	35.89	35.15	35.87	36.38	43.90	-4.2	-1.4	-2.7
Consumer									
Electric Utility	\$32.36	\$36.28	35.58	36.39	37.00	44.58	-10.8	-3.3	-3.5
Other Industrial	39.81	39.49	40.20	40.15	39.53	40.58	.8	.2	2
Coke	w	w	50.04	49.37	48.42	48.93	w	w	w

¹ For 1990, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result it is not releasable.

² Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productivity (short tons per miner per hour) is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, and shop or yard work at mining operations.

³ Imports for 1995 through 1999 include imports to electric utilities, manufacturing plants and coke plants. Imports for 1990 include only imports to electric utilities.

⁴ Includes Mexico.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Revised Data.

NA Not available.

Notes: Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly"; Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table A2. Arizona Coal Statistics, 1990, 1995-1999

Category	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990 1	Percent Change		Annual Change
,							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Supply (thousand short tons)									
Recoverable Reserves	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Productive Capacity ¹	w	w	w	w	w	NA	w	w	NA
Production Total	11,787	11,315	11,723	10,442	11,947	11,304	4.2	-0.3	0.5
Surface	11,787	11,315	11,723	10,442	11,947	11,304	4.2	3	.5
Capacity Utilization ²	w	w	w	w	w	NA	w	w	NA
Ratio of Recoverable									
Reserves to Production	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Number of Employees/Miners	732	R 747	676	651	831	951	-2.0	-3.1	-2.9
Productivity Total ²	6.61	R 6.53	6.79	6.30	6.34	5.93	1.3	1.0	1.2
Surface	6.61	R 6.53	6.79	6.30	6.34	5.93	1.3	1.0	1.2
Producer/Distributor Stocks	1.229	2,077	2,911	2,232	2,760	5.75	-40.8	-18.3	1.2
1 Toduce/Distributor Stocks	1,22)	2,077	2,711	2,232	2,700		40.0	10.5	
Distribution (thousand short tons)									
Distribution Total	12,623	12,169	11,044	10,970	11,783	NA	3.7	1.7	NA
Domestic Distribution Total	12,623	12,169	11,044	10,970	11,783	NA	3.7	1.7	NA
Within State	8,129	7,680	6,646	6,499	6,956	NA	5.8	4.0	NA
To Other States	4,494	4,489	4,398	4,470	4,827	NA	.1	-1.8	NA
Demand (thousand short tons)									
Consumption Total	19,711	19,014	18,205	16,792	16,682	16,419	3.7	4.3	2.0
Electric Utility	19,025	18,316	17,503	16,117	16,021	15,758	3.9	4.4	2.1
Other Industrial	685	698	702	675	657	w	-1.8	1.1	w
Residential/Commercial	*	*	*	*	5	w	-83.5	-67.5	w
Consumer Stocks Total	w	1,925	1,414	2,024	3,032	3,129	w	w	w
Electric Utility	w	1.855	1,386	1,992	2,998	3,090	w	w	w
All Other	49	70	28	32	34	w	-29.5	9.3	w
Coal Prices (nominal dollars per shor	rt ton)								
Mine Total	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Surface	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Consumer	••	"	"	**	**	**	••	••	.,
Electric Utility	\$27.21	\$27.12	\$28.95	\$29.55	\$28.65	\$29.98	.3	-1.3	-1.1
Other Industrial	39.88	38.67	38.81	39.27	40.46	39.54	3.1	4	.1

¹ For 1990, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result it is not releasable.

it is not releasable.

2 Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productivity (short tons per miner per hour) is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, and shop or yard work at mining operations.

^{*} Data round to zero.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

R Revised Data.

NA Not available.

Notes: Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly"; Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table A3. Colorado Coal Statistics, 1990, 1995-1999

Category	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990 ¹	Percent Change		Annual Change
							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Supply (thousand short tons)									
Recoverable Reserves	616,548	540,199	567,538	641,615	692,030	546,239	14.1	-2.8	1.3
Productive Capacity ¹	41,098	36,658	35,466	29,330	32,435	NA	12.1	6.1	NA
Production Total	29,989	29,631	27,449	24,886	25,710	18,910	1.2	3.9	5.3
Underground	20,478	19,705	17,820	15,581	17,187	10,628	3.9	4.5	7.5
Surface	9,511	9,926	9,628	9,305	8,523	8,281	-4.2	2.8	1.5
Capacity Utilization ² Ratio of Recoverable	72.97	80.83	77.39	84.85	79.27	NA	-9.7	-2.0	NA
Reserves to Production	20.6	_ 18.2	20.7	25.8	26.9	28.9	12.8	-6.5	-3.7
Number of Employees/Miners	1,863	R 1,845	1,362	1,332	1,777	2,009	1.0	1.2	8
Productivity Total ²	7.93	R 7.89	7.68	7.32	6.14	4.24	.5	6.6	7.2
Underground	8.13	R 7.73	7.44	6.67	5.86	3.26	5.1	8.5	10.7
Surface	7.53	R 8.22	8.17	8.76	6.79	6.86	-8.4	2.6	1.0
Producer/Distributor Stocks	1,661	1,594	1,364	494	1,063	-	4.2	11.8	-
Distribution (thousand short tons)									
Distribution Total	30,017	29,294	26,968	25,405	25,635	NA	2.5	4.0	NA
Domestic Distribution Total	28,198	27,541	25,445	23,990	24,734	NA	2.4	3.3	NA
Within State	12,294	11,993	12,307	10,704	11,820	NA	2.5	1.0	NA
To Other States	15,904	15,547	13,138	13,286	12,915	NA	2.3	5.3	NA
Foreign Distribution Total	1,819	1,754	1,523	1,415	900	NA	3.7	19.2	NA
Metallurgical	_	_	_	30	_	NA	_	_	NA
Steam	1,819	1,754	1,523	1,385	900	NA	3.7	19.2	NA
Overseas Total ³	1,819	1,754	1,523	1,415	900	NA	3.7	19.2	NA
Metallurgical	_	_	_	30	_	NA	_	_	NA
Steam	1,819	1,754	1,523	1,385	900	NA	3.7	19.2	NA
Demand (thousand short tons)		D	D.	D.					
Consumption Total	18,235	R 18,072	R 17,908	R 17,222	16,971	16,710	.9	1.8	1.0
Electric Utility	17,704	17,663	17,116	16,841	16,222	15,924	.2	2.2	1.2
Other Industrial	429	R 391	R 728	R 368	729	729	9.6	-12.4	-5.7
Residential/Commercial	102	18	65	13	20	w	481.0	51.0	w
Consumer Stocks Total	w	2,862	2,476	3,054	3,682	w	w	w	w
Electric Utility	w	2,840	2,458	3,027	3,622	3,298	w	w	w
All Other	19	23	18	27	59	w	-15.7	-24.8	w
Coal Prices (nominal dollars per shor									
Mine Total	\$17.23	\$17.30	\$18.46	\$17.94	\$19.26	\$21.75	4	-2.7	-2.5
Underground	16.30	16.38	18.50	17.73	18.58	24.27	4	-3.2	-4.3
Surface	19.27	16.99	18.40	18.28	20.63	18.53	13.4	-1.7	.4
Consumer									
Electric Utility	\$19.20	\$19.41	19.93	20.24	20.73	20.81	-1.0	-1.9	9
Other Industrial	23.99	23.75	25.13	23.17	26.11	26.93	1.0	-2.1	-1.3

¹ For 1990, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result

it is not releasable.

2 Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productive capacity utilizate takes being a productive capacity as reported by all amployees pagaged in productive capacity. tion, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, and shop or yard work at mining operations.

3 Includes Mexico ity (short tons per miner per hour) is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in produc-

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

R Revised Data.

Not available.

Notes: Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly'; Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table A4. Illinois Coal Statistics, 1990, 1995-1999

Number of Employees/Miners 4,2 Productivity Total ² 4 Underground 4	33 47, 17 39, 58 35, 59 4, 35 83 .3 1 23 R 4, 19 R 4 29 R 4 86 R 3	625 732	744,512 51,523 41,159 34,824 6,334 79.87 18.1 4,612 4.20 4.07 5.11 1,358	891,109 61,727 46,656 38,948 7,707 75.58 19.1 5,174 4.18 4.10 4.67	882,323 56,627 48,180 41,118 7,062 85.08 18.3 5,652 3.87 3.86	1,173,982 NA 60,393 41,671 18,722 NA 19,4 10,018 2.94	4.9 2.4 1.7 4.3 -18.4 7 3.2 .6	-3.0 -3.6 -4.3 -2.8 -15.1 7	-4.4 NA -4.4 -1.4 -16.6 NA 1 -8.9
Recoverable Reserves	33 47, 17 39, 58 35, 59 4, 35 83 .3 1 23 R 4, 19 R 4 29 R 4 36 R 3 49	625 732 251 482 3.43 8.7 297 1.17 1.20 3.98 952	51,523 41,159 34,824 6,334 79.87 18.1 4,612 4.20 4.07 5.11	61,727 46,656 38,948 7,707 75.58 19.1 5,174 4.18 4.10	56,627 48,180 41,118 7,062 85.08 18.3 5,652 3.87	NA 60,393 41,671 18,722 NA 19.4 10,018 2.94	2.4 1.7 4.3 -18.4 7 3.2 .6	-3.6 -4.3 -2.8 -15.1 7	NA -4.4 -1.4 -16.6 NA
Productive Capacity I 48,7 Production Total 40,4 Underground 36,7 Surface 3,6 Capacity Utilization2 82 Ratio of Recoverable 82 Reserves to Production 1 Number of Employees/Miners 4,3 Productivity Total2 4 Underground 4 Surface 3 Producer/Distributor Stocks 1,6 Imports3 1 Distribution (thousand short tons) Distribution Total 40,1 Within State 17,5 To Other States 22,5 Foreign Distribution Total Metallurgical Steam Overseas Total4 Metallurgical Steam Demand (thousand short tons) Consumption Total 42,1 Electric Utility 35,5 Other Industrial 3,6 Coke 6 Residential/Commercial Consumer Stocks Total Electric Utility 35,5	33 47, 17 39, 58 35, 59 4, 35 83 .3 1 23 R 4, 19 R 4 29 R 4 36 R 3 49	625 732 251 482 3.43 8.7 297 1.17 1.20 3.98 952	51,523 41,159 34,824 6,334 79.87 18.1 4,612 4.20 4.07 5.11	61,727 46,656 38,948 7,707 75.58 19.1 5,174 4.18 4.10	56,627 48,180 41,118 7,062 85.08 18.3 5,652 3.87	NA 60,393 41,671 18,722 NA 19.4 10,018 2.94	2.4 1.7 4.3 -18.4 7 3.2 .6	-3.6 -4.3 -2.8 -15.1 7	NA -4.4 -1.4 -16.6 NA
Production Total	17 39, 58 35, 59 4, 35 83 .3 1 23 R 4, 19 R 4 29 R 4 36 R 3 49	732 251 482 3.43 8.7 297 1.17 1.20 3.98 952	41,159 34,824 6,334 79.87 18.1 4,612 4.20 4.07 5.11	46,656 38,948 7,707 75.58 19.1 5,174 4.18 4.10	48,180 41,118 7,062 85.08 18.3 5,652 3.87	60,393 41,671 18,722 NA 19.4 10,018 2.94	1.7 4.3 -18.4 7 3.2 .6	-4.3 -2.8 -15.1 7	-4.4 -1.4 -16.6 NA
Underground	58 35, 59 4, 35 83 .3 1 23 R 4, 19 R 4 29 R 4 36 R 3	251 482 6.43 8.7 297 1.17 1.20 3.98 952	34,824 6,334 79.87 18.1 4,612 4.20 4.07 5.11	38,948 7,707 75.58 19.1 5,174 4.18 4.10	41,118 7,062 85.08 18.3 5,652 3.87	41,671 18,722 NA 19.4 10,018 2.94	4.3 -18.4 7 3.2 .6	-2.8 -15.1 7	-1.4 -16.6 NA
Surface	59 4,3 35 83 .3 1 23 R 4,1 19 R 4 29 R 4 86 R 3	482 8.43 8.7 297 1.17 1.20 3.98 952	6,334 79.87 18.1 4,612 4.20 4.07 5.11	7,707 75.58 19.1 5,174 4.18 4.10	7,062 85.08 18.3 5,652 3.87	18,722 NA 19.4 10,018 2.94	-18.4 7 3.2 .6	-15.1 7	-16.6 NA 1
Capacity Utilization2	3 1 23 R 4, 19 R 4 29 R 4 36 R 3	8.43 8.7 297 4.17 4.20 8.98 952	79.87 18.1 4,612 4.20 4.07 5.11	75.58 19.1 5,174 4.18 4.10	85.08 18.3 5,652 3.87	NA 19.4 10,018 2.94	7 3.2 .6	7 1.3	NA 1
Ratio of Recoverable Reserves to Production	.3 1 23 R 4, 19 R 4 29 R 4 36 R 3	8.7 297 1.17 1.20 3.98 952	18.1 4,612 4.20 4.07 5.11	19.1 5,174 4.18 4.10	18.3 5,652 3.87	19.4 10,018 2.94	3.2	1.3	1
Reserves to Production	23 R 4, 19 R 4 29 R 4 86 R 3	297 1.17 1.20 3.98 952	4,612 4.20 4.07 5.11	5,174 4.18 4.10	5,652 3.87	10,018 2.94	.6		
Number of Employees/Miners	23 R 4, 19 R 4 29 R 4 86 R 3	297 1.17 1.20 3.98 952	4,612 4.20 4.07 5.11	5,174 4.18 4.10	5,652 3.87	10,018 2.94	.6		
Number of Employees/Miners	23 R 4, 19 R 4 29 R 4 86 R 3	297 1.17 1.20 3.98 952	4,612 4.20 4.07 5.11	5,174 4.18 4.10	5,652 3.87	10,018 2.94	.6		
Productivity Total	19 R 4 29 R 4 36 R 3	1.17 1.20 3.98 952	4.20 4.07 5.11	4.18 4.10	3.87	2.94		0.5	
Underground	29 R 4 36 R 3 49	1.20 3.98 952	4.07 5.11	4.10				2.0	4.0
Surface	36 R 3	3.98 952	5.11		3.86				
Producer/Distributor Stocks 1,6 Imports ³	19	952		4.67		2.70	2.3	2.7	5.3
Imports3 Distribution (thousand short tons) Distribution Total			1.358		3.89	3.64	-15.7	-3.6	9
Distribution (thousand short tons) Distribution Total	30	61		1,190	2,069	_	10.1	-15.6	_
Distribution Total			148	216	223	-	-50.6	-39.4	_
Domestic Distribution Total									
Within State 17,5 To Other States 22,5 Foreign Distribution Total 42,5 Metallurgical 5team Overseas Total4 Metallurgical Steam 5team Demand (thousand short tons) Consumption Total 42,1 Electric Utility 35,5 Other Industrial 3,6 Coke Residential/Commercial Consumer Stocks Total Electric Utility	57 39,	754	41,220	47,076	47,869	NA	1.0	-4.3	NA
To Other States)2 39,	447	40,447	45,190	45,170	NA	1.7	-2.9	NA
Foreign Distribution Total	92 16,	652	18,085	16,052	15,587	NA	5.6	3.1	NA
Metallurgical Steam Overseas Total Metallurgical Steam Ste	11 22,	795	22,362	29,137	29,582	NA	-1.2	-6.6	NA
Metallurgical Steam Overseas Total Metallurgical Steam Ste	55	307	773	1,886	2,699	NA	-78.8	-60.6	NA
Steam	_	_	_	_	49	NA	_	-100.0	NA
Overseas Total ⁴	55	307	773	1.886	2,650	NA	-78.8	-60.4	NA
Metallurgical		307	773	1,886	2,699	NA	-78.8	-60.6	NA
Steam	_	_	-	-	49	NA	-	-	NA
Consumption Total 42,1 Electric Utility 35,5 Other Industrial 3,6 Coke Residential/Commercial Consumer Stocks Total Electric Utility		307	773	1,886	2,650	NA	-78.8	-60.4	NA
Consumption Total 42,1 Electric Utility 35,5 Other Industrial 3,6 Coke Residential/Commercial Consumer Stocks Total Electric Utility									
Electric Utility	70 R 44.	662	R 47,637	44,431	39,623	33,904	-5.6	1.6	2.4
Other Industrial 3,6 Coke Residential/Commercial Consumer Stocks Total Electric Utility	,		41,017	38.090	33,463	27,396	-5.9	1.8	3.1
Coke	D	233 846	R 3,880	3.740		3,888	-5.5	1	7
Residential/Commercial Consumer Stocks Total Electric Utility	55 5,			- ,	3,653	,			
Consumer Stocks Total Electric Utility	W	W	W	W	W	2,355	W	w	W
Electric Utility	W	W	W	W	W	265	w	w	W
	w	W	w	W	w 5 221	8,287	w	w	w
All ()ther		572	4,828	4,578	5,331	7,398	w	w	W
All Ollici	W	w	W	W	W	889	W	W	W
Coal Prices (nominal dollars per short ton)									
Mine Total\$22			\$21.44	\$22.74	\$23.05	\$27.73	.2	2	-2.1
Underground		2.96	22.22	23.12	22.88	28.30	5	-	-2.4
Surface		2.07	17.12	20.86	24.04	26.45	6.8	5	-1.3
Electric Utility\$27	56 22	0.22	30.41	32.14	32.58	37.79	-9.1	-4.2	-3.5
Other Industrial).46	29.76	29.69	29.03	31.28	.5	.5	6
Coke	47 \$30	w	27.70 W	27.07 W	27.03 W	47.91	w	w	w

¹ For 1990, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result it is not releasable.

2 Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productive

² Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productivity (short tons per miner per hour) is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, and shop or yard work at mining operations.

³ Imports for 1995 through 1999 include imports to electric utilities, manufacturing plants and coke plants. Imports for 1990 include only imports to electric utilities.

⁴ Includes Mexico.

w Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Revised Data.

NA Not available.

Notes: Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly"; Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table A5. Indiana Coal Statistics, 1990, 1995-1999

Category	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990 ¹	Percent Change		Annual Change
							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Supply (thousand short tons)									
Recoverable Reserves	290,640	313,382	393,357	386,063	323,667	444,020	-7.3	-2.6	-4.6
Productive Capacity ¹	41,355	42,190	36,999	35,564	35,256	NA	-2.0	4.1	NA
Production Total	34,004	36,803	35,497	29,670	26,007	35,907	-7.6	6.9	6
Underground	3,553	3,445	3,530	2,963	3,540	3,037	3.1	.1	1.8
Surface	30,451	33,359	31,967	26,707	22,467	32,870	-8.7	7.9	8
Capacity Utilization ²	82.22	87.19	95.94	83.42	73.70	NA	-5.7	2.8	NA
Ratio of Recoverable									
Reserves to Production	8.5	_ 8.5	11.1	13.0	12.4	12.4	.4	-9.0	-4.0
Number of Employees/Miners	2,633	R 2,930	2,712	2,579	2,571	4,195	-10.1	.6	-5.0
Productivity Total ²	5.42	R 5.17	5.33	4.98	4.68	3.84	4.9	3.8	3.9
Underground	3.44	R 3.63	3.74	3.09	3.22	2.90	-5.1	1.7	1.9
Surface	5.81	R 5.41	5.59	5.34	5.04	3.96	7.5	3.6	4.4
Producer/Distributor Stocks	521	672	698	574	611	3.70	-22.4	-3.9	7.7
Imports ³	193	976	474	735	761	-	-80.2	-29.0	-
Distribution (thousand short tons)									
Distribution Total	34,215	36,774	34,810	29,674	25,695	NA	-7.0	7.4	NA
Domestic Distribution Total	34,215	36,774	34,805	29,664	25,625	NA	-7.0	7.5	NA
Within State	30,742	32,872	29,916	24,309	21,185	NA	-6.5	9.8	NA
To Other States	3,473	3,902	4,889	5,354	4,439	NA	-11.0	-5.9	NA
Foreign Distribution Total	_	_	5	11	70	NA	_	-100.0	NA
Steam	_	_	5	11	70	NA	_	-100.0	NA
Canada Total	_	_	_	_	*	NA	_	_	NA
Steam	_	_	_	_	*	NA	_	_	NA
Overseas Total ⁴	_	_	5	11	69	NA	_	_	NA
Steam	-	-	5	11	69	NA	-	-	NA
Demand (thousand short tons)		D	D						
Consumption Total	66,157	R 66,300	R 66,051	64,021	62,631	61,701	2	1.4	.8
Electric Utility	55,105	55,086	54,845	52,855	52,089	47,654	*	1.4	1.6
Other Industrial	4,145	R 4,399	R 5,096	4,987	4,373	4,629	-5.8	-1.3	-1.2
Coke	w	w	5,715	5,823	5,883	8,867	w	w	w
Residential/Commercial	343	371	395	356	287	551	-7.5	4.6	-5.1
Consumer Stocks Total	w	8,989	6,643	7,955	9,298	12,226	w	w	w
Electric Utility	w	8,198	5,822	7,103	8,435	10,610	w	w	w
All Other	811	791	821	853	863	1,616	2.6	-1.5	-7.4
Coal Prices (nominal dollars per short	,	440	***	***	****			• •	
Mine Total	\$19.99	\$19.68	\$19.62	\$20.24	\$21.71	\$23.91	1.6	-2.0	-2.0
Underground	w	W	w	W	w	w	w	w	W
Surface Consumer	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	w	W
Electric Utility	\$23.58	\$23.63	\$24.35	\$24.67	\$25.94	\$28.78	2	-2.3	-2.2
Other Industrial	30.33	30.21	29.75	31.76	33.14	32.83	.4	-2.2	9
Coke	w	W	50.75	51.93	52.74	49.39	w	w	w

¹ For 1990, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result it is not releasable.

² Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productivity (short tons per miner per hour) is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, and shop or yard work at mining operations.

³ Imports for 1995 through 1999 include imports to electric utilities, manufacturing plants and coke plants. Imports for 1990 include only imports to electric utilities.

⁴ Includes Mexico.

^{*} Data round to zero.

W Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

R Revised Data.

NA Not available.

Notes: Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly"; Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table A6. Kentucky Coal Statistics, 1990, 1995-1999

Category	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990 1	Percent Change		Annual Change
							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Supply (thousand short tons)									
Recoverable Reserves	1,119,287	1,179,662	1,330,702	1,255,351	1,279,011	1,585,081	-5.1	-3.3	-3.8
Productive Capacity ¹	182,633	187,582	195,453	189,225	203,173	NA	-2.6	-2.6	NA
Production Total	139,626	150,295	155,853	152,425	153,739	173,322	-7.1	-2.4	-2.4
Underground	86,150	92,832	96,302	94,306	94,207	105,290	-7.2	-2.2	-2.2
Surface	53,476	57,462	59,551	58,119	59,532	68,032	-6.9	-2.6	-2.6
Capacity Utilization ² Ratio of Recoverable	76.32	79.98	79.62	80.38	75.49	NA	-4.6	.3	NA
Reserves to Production	8.0	7.8	8.5	8.2	8.3	9.1	2.1	9	-1.4
Number of Employees/Miners	17,211	R 18.927	18,937	18,826	21,125	30,498	-9.1	-5.0	-6.1
Productivity Total ²	3.89	R 3.79	3.94	3.80	3.57	2.83	2.4	2.1	3.6
Underground	3.55	R 3.51	3.64	3.53	3.25	2.54	1.2	2.2	3.8
Surface	4.60	R 4.37	4.57	4.35	4.23	3.43	5.1	2.1	3.3
Producer/Distributor Stocks	5,510	4,651	5,376	4,460	4,777	-	18.5	3.6	-
Distribution (thousand short tons)									
Distribution Total	138,632	153,102	152,746	152,891	151,466	NA	-9.4	-2.2	NA
Domestic Distribution Total	133,997	146,171	145,526	143,748	141,771	NA	-8.3	-1.4	NA
Within State	25,939	29,690	22,813	25,700	27,140	NA	-12.6	-1.1	NA
To Other States	108,057	116,481	122,713	118,047	114,631	NA	-7.2	-1.5	NA
Foreign Distribution Total	4,636	6,931	7,220	9,143	9,695	NA	-33.1	-16.8	NA
Metallurgical	3,907	5,042	4,762	5,303	3,640	NA	-22.5	1.8	NA
Steam	728	1,889	2,458	3,841	6,055	NA	-61.4	-41.1	NA
Canada Total	1,497	1,459	739	1,178	777	NA	2.6	17.8	NA
Metallurgical	1,459	1,459	739	1,178	777	NA	*	17.0	NA
Steam	38					NA			NA
Overseas Total ³	3,138	5,472	6,481	7,966	8,918	NA	-42.6	-23.0	NA
Metallurgical	2,448	3,583	4,023	4,125	2,863	NA	-31.7	-3.8	NA
Steam	691	1,889	2,458	3,841	6,055	NA	-63.4	-41.9	NA
Demand (thousand short tons)	27.405	R 38,798	R 41.889	R 40,862	20.516	24.440	2.2	1.2	0
Consumption Total	37,495		,		39,516	34,449	-3.3	-1.3	.9
Electric Utility	34,711	35,842 R	38,281	37,072 R 2,321	35,707	30,867	-3.1	7	1.3
Other Industrial	1,108	R 1,392	R 1,912		2,250	2,253	-20.4	-16.2	-7.6
Coke	W	w 222	W	W	W	W	w	w	W
Residential/Commercial	401	232	354	117	130	151	73.1	32.4	11.5
Consumer Stocks Total	w	W	W	W	W 4 472	W 7.612	W	W	W
Electric UtilityAll Other	w w	4,668 w	4,475 w	4,119 w	4,472 w	7,612 w	w w	w w	w w
Coal Prices (nominal dollars per sho	rt ton)								
Mine Total	\$23.50	\$23.82	\$23.72	\$23.91	\$24.79	\$25.19	-1.3	-1.3	8
Underground	23.82	24.23	24.73	24.66	25.18	25.24	-1.7	-1.4	6
Surface	22.97	23.16	22.08	22.68	24.19	25.11	8	-1.3	-1.0
Consumer									
Electric Utility	\$24.52	\$24.52	24.20	24.43	25.71	27.58	*	-1.2	-1.3
Other Industrial	42.72	43.66	44.71	44.02	44.09	45.81	-2.1	8	8
Coke	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w

¹ For 1990, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result

it is not releasable.

Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productive ity (short tons per miner per hour) is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, and shop or yard work at mining operations.

3 Includes Mexico.

^{*} Data round to zero.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

R Revised Data.

NA Not available.

R Revised Data.

Notes: Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly''; Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table A7. Montana Coal Statistics, 1990, 1995-1999

Category	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990 1	Percent Change		Annual Change
							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Supply (thousand short tons)									
Recoverable Reserves	1,146,570	1,191,240	1,167,892	1,308,793	1,250,866	1,872,492	-3.7	-2.1	-5.3
Productive Capacity ¹	54,882	55,882	56,140	56,175	51,597	NA	-1.8	1.5	NA
Production Total	41,102	42,840	41,005	37,891	39,451	37,616	-4.0	1.0	1.0
Underground	_	_	8	147	10	_	_	_	_
Surface	41,102	42,840	40,997	37,744	39,441	37,616	-4.0	1.0	1.0
Capacity Utilization ² Ratio of Recoverable	74.89	76.66	73.03	67.45	76.44	NA	-2.3	5	NA
Reserves to Production	27.9	27.8	28.5	34.5	31.7	49.8	.3	-3.1	-6.2
Number of Employees/Miners	927	R 925	708	705	722	821	.2	6.4	1.3
Productivity Total ²	22.84	R 22.96	23.56	21.88	21.06	18.78	5	2.0	2.2
Underground	_	R .00	_	3.50	_	_	_	_	_
Surface	22.84	R 22.96	23.56	22.34	21.06	18.78	5	2.0	2.2
Producer/Distributor Stocks	603	745	682	580	718	-	-19.0	-4.3	_
Distribution (thousand short tons)									
Distribution Total	41,332	42,674	40,942	38,288	39,620	NA	-3.1	1.1	NA
Domestic Distribution Total	40,649	41,860	40,363	37,770	39,362	NA	-2.9	.8	NA
Within State	10,346	10,360	9,019	7,844	9,477	NA	1	2.2	NA
To Other States	30,303	31,500	31,345	29,926	29,885	NA	-3.8	.3	NA
Foreign Distribution Total	682	814	579	518	259	NA	-16.1	27.4	NA
Steam	682	814	579	518	259	NA	-16.1	27.4	NA
Canada Total	682	814	438	316	259	NA	-16.1	27.4	NA
Steam	682	814	438	316	259	NA	-16.1	27.4	NA
Overseas Total ³	_	_	141	202	_	NA	_	_	NA
Steam	-	-	141	202	-	NA	-	-	NA
Demand (thousand short tons)		D	D	D.					
Consumption Total	10,369	R 10,776	R 9,474	R 8,032	10,005	9,676	-3.8	.9	.8
Electric Utility	10,198	10,627	9,286	7,897	9,373	9,399	-4.0	2.1	.9
Other Industrial	168	R 145	R 105	R 130	621	220	16.2	-27.9	-2.9
Residential/Commercial	w	w	w	w	W	w	w	w	w
Consumer Stocks Total	w	w	w	w	W	w	w	w	w
Electric Utility	w	335	410	508	511	767	w	w	w
All Other	W	W	W	W	W	W	w	w	W
Coal Prices (nominal dollars per sho									
Mine Total	\$8.82	\$8.25	\$9.84	\$9.96	\$9.62	\$9.42	6.8	-2.2	7
Underground			W	9.68	<u> </u>	_	_	_	_
Surface	\$8.82	\$8.25	W	9.97	9.62	9.42	6.8	-2.2	7
Consumer									
Electric Utility	\$12.26	\$11.36	\$11.52	11.90	11.47	11.47	7.9	1.7	.7
Other Industrial	w	W	W	W	w	w	W	W	W

¹ For 1990, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result

it is not releasable.

2 Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productive capacity utilizate takes being a productive capacity as reported by all amployees pagaged in productive capacity. tion, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, and shop or yard work at mining operations.

3 Includes Mexico ity (short tons per miner per hour) is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in produc-

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

R Revised Data.

NA Not available.

Notes: Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly'; Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table A8. New Mexico Coal Statistics, 1990, 1995-1999

Category	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990 1	Percent Change	Average Percent	Annual Change
							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Supply (thousand short tons)									
Recoverable Reserves	1,384,562	1,384,761	1,415,028	1,436,359	1,479,956	1,526,520	*	-1.6	-1.1
Productive Capacity ¹	. 32,797	32,790	31,604	32,695	32,760	NA	*	*	NA
Production Total	. 29,156	28,597	27,025	24,067	26,813	24,292	1.9	2.1	2.0
Underground	. 106	203	_	_	640	76	-48.0	-36.3	3.7
Surface	. 29,051	28,394	27,025	24,067	26,173	24,217	2.3	2.6	2.0
Capacity Utilization ²	. 88.90	87.21	85.51	73.61	81.85	NA	1.9	2.1	NA
Ratio of Recoverable									
Reserves to Production	47.5	48.4	52.4	59.7	55.2	62.8	-1.9	-3.7	-3.1
Number of Employees/Miners		R 1,734	1,339	1,347	1,747	1,472	-2.7	9	1.5
Productivity Total ²		R 7.92	9.37	8.45	6.92	7.64	4.8	4.7	.9
Underground		R 4.01	9.57	0.45	2.68	4.27	-47.6	-5.8	-7.6
ε		_ 4.01							
Surface		1.90	9.37	8.45	7.19	7.66	5.2	3.9	1.0
Producer/Distributor Stocks	. 2,528	1,916	1,023	1,890	2,015	_	32.0	5.8	_
Distribution (thousand short tons)									
Distribution Total	. 28,450	28,026	27,377	25,043	26,154	NA	1.5	2.1	NA
Domestic Distribution Total	. 28,450	28,026	27,352	25,035	25,640	NA	1.5	2.6	NA
Within State	. 16,423	15,819	15,786	15,009	14,630	NA	3.8	2.9	NA
To Other States	. 12,028	12,206	11,566	10,026	11,010	NA	-1.5	2.2	NA
Foreign Distribution Total	. –	_	25	9	514	NA	_	-100.0	NA
Steam	. –	_	25	9	514	NA	_	-100.0	NA
Overseas Total ³	. –	_	25	9	514	NA	_	_	NA
Steam	. –	_	25	9	514	NA	-	-	NA
Demand (thousand short tons)									
Consumption Total	16,303	R 15,963	15,887	15,297	15,221	15.111	2.1	1.7	.8
Electric Utility		15,883	15,802	15,215	15,137	15,065	2.1	1.7	.8
Other Industrial		w	W	15,215 W	W W	w w	w	W	w
Residential/Commercial		w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Consumer Stocks Total		w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Electric Utility		789	795	815	967	1.538	w	w	w
All Other		w	w	w	w	1,556 W	w	w	w
Coal Prices (nominal dollars per sh Mine Total	,	\$20.68	\$21.83	\$24.66	\$23.80	\$22.43	1.4	-3.1	7
			\$21.83						
Underground		W		W	w	w	w	W	W
Surface	. w	W	21.83	W	w	w	w	W	W
Consumer	0245-	#22 F5	24.22	00.00	005.50	00100	2.2		
Electric Utility		\$23.72	24.23	\$26.04	\$25.59	\$24.03	2.3	-1.3	.1
Other Industrial	. W	W	W	W	W	W	w	W	W

¹ For 1990, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result it is not releasable.

Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productivity (short tons per miner per hour) is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, and shop or yard work at mining operations.

Includes Mexico

Includes Mexico.

^{*} Data round to zero

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

R Revised Data.

NA Not available.

Notes: Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly''; Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; Form EIA-59, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table A9. North Dakota Coal Statistics, 1990, 1995-1999

Category	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990 1	Percent Change		Annual Change
							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Supply (thousand short tons)									
Recoverable Reserves	1,188,258	1,169,618	1,210,828	1,301,400	1,667,596	1,414,294	1.6	-8.1	-1.9
Productive Capacity ¹	32,610	32,484	32,568	32,184	34,464	NA	.4	-1.4	NA
Production Total	31,135	29,912	29,580	29,861	30,112	29,213	4.1	.8	.7
Surface	31,135	29,912	29,580	29,861	30,112	29,213	4.1	.8	.7
Capacity Utilization ²	95.48	92.08	90.82	92.78	87.37	NA	3.7	2.2	NA
Ratio of Recoverable									
Reserves to Production	38.2	39.1	40.9	43.6	55.4	48.4	-2.4	-8.9	-2.6
Number of Employees/Miners	925	R 928	657	640	716	931	3	6.6	1
Productivity Total ²	17.26	R 16.77	17.82	17.20	16.80	16.12	2.9	.7	.8
Surface	17.26	R 16.77	17.82	17.20	16.80	16.12	2.9	.7	.8
Producer/Distributor Stocks	2.561	2,364	1,965	1,574	1,797	10.12	8.3	9.3	.0
Troducer/Distributor Stocks	2,301	2,304	1,703	1,574	1,777		0.5	7.5	
Distribution (thousand short tons)									
Distribution Total	30,938	30,557	29,172	30,025	30,118	NA	1.2	.7	NA
Domestic Distribution Total	30,938	30,557	29,172	30,025	30,118	NA	1.2	.7	NA
Within State	30,938	30,557	29,172	30,025	28,838	NA	1.2	1.8	NA
To Other States	_	_	_	-	1,281	NA	-	-	NA
Demand (thousand short tons)									
Consumption Total	31,287	31,060	29,360	30,511	30,237	28,114	.7	.8	1.2
Electric Utility	24.542	24,278	22,754	23,640	22,680	21,579	1.1	2.0	1.4
Other Industrial	24,542 W	24,278 W	22,734 W	23,040 W	22,080 W	21,379 W	W W	2.0 W	W W
Residential/Commercial	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	W	W
Consumer Stocks Total	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Electric Utility	w	1,580	1.755	1.642	1.858	2.828	w	w	w
All Other	w	1,580 W	1,733 W	1,042 W	1,656 W	2,020 W	w	w	w
All Other	w	w	W	w	w	W	W	W	w
Coal Prices (nominal dollars per shor	rt ton)								
Mine Total	\$8.01	\$8.01	\$8.06	\$8.01	\$7.99	\$7.67	_	_	.5
Surface	\$8.01	\$8.01	8.06	8.01	7.99	7.67	_	_	.5
Consumer									
Electric Utility	\$9.56	\$10.01	10.21	9.72	9.65	9.10	-4.4	2	.5
Other Industrial	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w

¹ For 1990, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result

it is not releasable.

Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productive ity (short tons per miner per hour) is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, and shop or yard work at mining operations.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

R Revised Data.

NA Not available.

Notes: Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly"; Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table A10. Ohio Coal Statistics, 1990, 1995-1999

Category	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990 ¹	Percent Change		Annual Change
							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Supply (thousand short tons)									
Recoverable Reserves	382,519	356,132	318,428	414,759	467,984	691,984	7.4	-4.9	-6.4
Productive Capacity ¹	30,617	33,691	33,443	37,584	34,011	NA	-9.1	-2.6	NA
Production Total	22,480	28,048	29,154	28,572	26,118	35,252	-19.8	-3.7	-4.9
Underground	11,431	14,604	16,949	15,912	13,077	12,920	-21.7	-3.3	-1.3
Surface	11,048	13,444	12,205	12,660	13,041	22,332	-17.8	-4.1	-7.5
Capacity Utilization ²	73.10	83.13	87.07	75.88	76.55	NA	-12.0	-1.1	NA
Ratio of Recoverable									
Reserves to Production	17.0	12.7	10.9	14.5	17.9	19.6	34.0	-1.3	-1.6
Number of Employees/Miners	3.069	R 3.415	3.124	3,232	3,386	5,866	-10.1	-2.4	-6.9
Productivity Total ²	3.19	R 3.50	4.02	3,232	3,560	2.80	-10.1 -8.7	-2.4 -3.1	1.4
		R 3.48							
Underground	3.02	5.40	4.18	4.19	3.81	2.34	-13.4	-5.6	2.8
Surface	3.40	3.32	3.81	3.69	3.46	3.17	-3.3	4	.8
Producer/Distributor Stocks	800	1,276	774	532	1,374	_	-37.3	-12.6	-
Imports ³	-	_	1	1	1	-	-	-100.0	_
Distribution (thousand short tons)									
Distribution Total	23,074	27,166	29,434	28,881	24,345	NA	-15.1	-1.3	NA
Domestic Distribution Total	23,068	26,503	29,024	28,609	24,318	NA	-13.0	-1.3	NA
Within State	20,521	23,091	24,521	24,478	20,228	NA	-11.1	.4	NA
To Other States	2,547	3,412	4,502	4,131	4,090	NA	-25.3	-11.2	NA
Foreign Distribution Total	6	663	410	271	28	NA	-99.1	-32.6	NA
Steam	6	663	410	271	28	NA	-99.1	-32.6	NA
Canada Total	4	204	_	3	13	NA	-98.1	-25.7	NA
Steam	4	204	_	3	13	NA	-98.1	-25.7	NA
Overseas Total ⁴	2	459	410	269	15	NA	-99.6	-41.1	NA
Steam	2	459	410	269	15	NA	-99.6	-41.1	NA
Demand (thousand short tons)									
Consumption Total	57,500	R 60.356	R 58,821	59,835	56,580	59,205	-4.7	.4	3
Electric Utility	52,123	54,455	52,893	53,543	49,785	48,848	-4.3	1.1	.7
Other Industrial	3,371	R 3.684	R 3,751	3,794	3,609	4,753	-8.5	-1.7	-3.7
Coke	3,371 W	3,084 W	1,848	1,842	2,777	4,733	-0.5 W	-1.7 W	-3.7 W
Residential/Commercial	217	391	329	656	409	654	-44.4	-14.6	-11.5
Consumer Stocks Total					5,936				
	w	6,175 5,902	6,324 6,066	5,428 5,229	,	10,471	W	W	w
Electric Utility	w 212	273	257	3,229 199	5,661 275	9,956 515	-22.5	-6.3	w −9.4
All Other	212	2/3	257	199	2/3	313	-22.5	-0.3	-9.4
Coal Prices (nominal dollars per shor	,	4	444	4.5.4.0.5					-
Mine Total	\$28.18	\$27.56	\$23.66	\$24.85	\$25.97	\$28.65	2.3	2.1	2
Underground	31.50	28.48	25.16	25.98	28.98	33.93	10.6	2.1	8
Surface	24.52	26.61	21.57	23.43	22.92	25.57	-7.9	1.7	5
Consumer									
Electric Utility	\$32.47	\$32.52	31.41	32.31	34.44	36.01	1	-1.4	-1.1
Other Industrial	34.44	33.52	34.05	35.28	35.18	35.04	2.8	5	2
Coke	w	w	46.89	44.98	42.18	48.29	w	w	w

¹ For 1990, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result it is not releasable.

2 Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productive

Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productivity (short tons per miner per hour) is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, and shop or yard work at mining operations.

³ Imports for 1995 through 1999 include imports to electric utilities, manufacturing plants and coke plants. Imports for 1990 include only imports to electric utilities.

⁴ Includes Mexico.

w Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Revised Data.

NA Not available.

Notes: Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly"; Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table A11. Pennsylvania Coal Statistics, 1990, 1995-1999

Category	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990 1	Percent Change		Annual Change
							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Supply (thousand short tons)									
Recoverable Reserves	657,416	774,883	905,320	796,035	736,601	1,126,272	-15.1	-2.8	-5.8
Productive Capacity ¹	93,770	94,581	87,527	81,684	77,187	NA	8	5.0	NA
Production Total	76,399	81,036	76,198	67,942	61,576	70,514	-5.7	5.5	.9
Underground	59,211	59,553	54,829	47,247	41,409	40,530	6	9.3	4.3
Surface	17,188	21,483	21,369	20,694	20,167	29,984	-20.0	-3.9	-6.0
Capacity Utilization ² Ratio of Recoverable	81.06	85.28	86.46	82.53	78.81	NA	-4.9	.7	NA
Reserves to Production	8.6	9.6	11.9	11.7	12.0	16.0	-10.0	-7.9	-6.6
Number of Employees/Miners	9,318	R 9,915	9,575	9,021	8,968	15,903	-6.0	1.0	-5.8
Productivity Total ²	3.81	R 3.77	3.63	3.36	3.23	2.24	1.1	4.2	6.1
Underground	4.31	R 4.22	4.05	3.74	3.49	2.12	2.2	5.4	8.2
Surface	2.72	R 2.91	2.86	2.72	2.79	2.42	-6.5	6	1.3
Producer/Distributor Stocks	2,134	2,682	2,507	3,113	2,487	_	-20.4	-3.8	_
Imports ³	-	_	72	80	87	-	_	-100.0	-
Distribution (thousand short tons)									
Distribution Total	75,669	80,525	73,725	69,128	62,240	NA	-6.0	5.0	NA
Domestic Distribution Total	68,703	72,616	65,027	59,882	53,961	NA	-5.4	6.2	NA
Within State	36,912	41,917	40,834	39,222	36,147	NA	-11.9	.5	NA
To Other States	31,791	30,700	24,193	20,660	17,814	NA	3.5	15.6	NA
Foreign Distribution Total	6,966	7,908	8,698	9,246	8,279	NA	-11.9	-4.2	NA
Metallurgical	1,985	1,912	2,105	1,642	1,467	NA	3.8	7.8	NA
Steam	4,981	5,996	6,593	7,604	6,812	NA	-16.9	-7.5	NA
Canada Total	2,552	2,286	2,612	1,050	713	NA	11.7	37.6	NA
Metallurgical	20	17	_	-	4	NA	16.6	47.7	NA
Steam	2,533	2,269	2,612	1,050	708	NA	11.6	37.5	NA
Overseas Total ⁴	4,414	5,623	6,087	8,196	7,566	NA	-21.5	-12.6	NA
Metallurgical	1,965	1,895	2,105	1,642	1,463	NA	3.7	7.6	NA
Steam	2,449	3,728	3,981	6,554	6,103	NA	-34.3	-20.4	NA
Demand (thousand short tons)		R 54.504	R						
Consumption Total	45,414	34,304	R 58,673	57,226	55,326	57,319	-16.7	-4.8	-2.5
Electric Utility	34,558	42,971 R 2 594	42,603	41,076	39,252	41,465	-19.6	-3.1	-2.0
Other Industrial	3,587	3,364	R 4,492	4,466	4,027	4,090	.1	-2.8	-1.4
Coke	W	W	10,334	10,689	10,858	10,456	w	w	w
Residential/Commercial	690	841	1,244	995	1,188	1,308	-17.9	-12.7	-6.8
Consumer Stocks Total	w	9,057	8,658	8,857	10,303	15,426	W	W	w
Electric Utility	w 637	8,441 616	7,790 868	7,878 980	9,244 1,059	14,363 1,063	w 3.4	w −11.9	w −5.5
Coal Prices (nominal dollars per shor	t ton)								
Mine Total	\$24.14	R \$25.79	\$25.98	\$25.78	\$26.78	\$30.15	-6.4	-2.6	-2.4
Underground	23.86	25.40	26.30	25.79	27.09	33.23	-6.1	-3.1	-3.6
Surface	25.07	R 27.02	25.13	25.76	26.14	25.91	-7.8	-1.0	4
Consumer		· · · · -							
Electric Utility	\$32.61	\$33.28	33.28	34.06	33.48	37.25	-2.0	7	-1.5
Other Industrial	33.63	34.33	34.20	33.84	34.07	36.61	-2.0	3	9
Coke	w	w	46.20	45.16	46.11	45.78	w	w	w

¹ For 1990, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result

it is not releasable.

2 Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productive ity (short tons per miner per hour) is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, and shop or yard work at mining operations.

3 Imports for 1995 through 1999 include imports to clearly writing.

Imports for 1995 through 1999 include imports to electric utilities, manufacturing plants and coke plants. Imports for 1990 include only imports to electric utilities.

⁴ R Includes Mexico.

Revised Data.

Not available.

Notes: Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly''; Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report''; Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report''; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report''; and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table A12. Texas Coal Statistics, 1990, 1995-1999

Category	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990 ¹	Percent Change		Annual Change
							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Supply (thousand short tons)									
Recoverable Reserves	755,506	791,111	921,939	878,486	939,901	1,209,492	-4.5	-5.3	-5.1
Productive Capacity ¹	54,705	54,475	54,614	59,604	54,758	NA	.4	*	NA
Production Total	53,072	52,583	53,328	55,164	52,684	55,755	.9	.2	5
Surface	53,072	52,583	53,328	55,164	52,684	55,755	.9	.2	5
Capacity Utilization ² Ratio of Recoverable	97.02	96.53	97.64	92.55	96.21	NA	.5	.2	NA
Reserves to Production	14.2	15.0	17.3	15.9	17.8	21.7	-5.4	-5.5	-4.6
Number of Employees/Miners	2,464	R 2,523	1.363	1,550	1,590	2,131	-2.3	11.6	1.6
Productivity Total ²	10.08	R 9.66	10.24	10.13	9.10	7.48	-2.3 4.4	2.6	3.4
Surface	10.08	R 9.66	10.24	10.13	9.10	7.48	4.4	2.6	3.4
Producer/Distributor Stocks	1.187	1,319	1.506	1,254	9.10 864	7.46	-10.0	8.3	3.4
Imports ³	69	1,319	99	1,234	- 004	_	-59.4	-	_
Distribution (thousand short tons)									
Distribution Total	53,075	52,935	53,463	49,655	52,832	NA	.3	.1	NA
Domestic Distribution Total	52,903	52,913	53,463	49,538	52,812	NA	*	*	NA
Within State	52,855	52,769	53,463	49,538	52,812	NA	.2	*	NA
To Other States	48	144	_	_	-	NA	-66.9	_	NA
Foreign Distribution Total	172	22	_	117	20	NA	NM	72.0	NA
Steam	172	22	_	117	20	NA	NM	72.0	NA
Canada Total	72	_	_	_	-	NA	_	_	NA
Steam	72	_	_	_	-	NA	_	-	NA
Overseas Total ⁴	100	22	_	117	20	NA	348.3	50.2	NA
Steam	100	22	-	117	20	NA	348.3	50.2	NA
Demand (thousand short tons)		D	D.						
Consumption Total	102,157	R 99,098	R 101,304	98,998	92,612	91,415	3.1	2.5	1.2
Electric Utility	97,746	94,661	96,537	94,189	88,358	87,248	3.3	2.5	1.3
Other Industrial	4,403	R 4,422	R 4,766	4,808	4,255	4,157	4	.8	.6
Residential/Commercial	8	14	*	_	_	w	-41.4	_	w
Consumer Stocks Total	w	8,007	6,540	10,477	10,829	w	w	w	w
Electric Utility	w	7,784	6,352	10,287	10,628	8,531	w	w	w
All Other	192	223	188	190	201	w	-13.7	-1.2	w
Coal Prices (nominal dollars per sho									
Mine Total	\$12.46	\$12.47	\$12.15	\$12.17	\$12.16	\$11.20	*	.6	1.2
Surface Consumer	\$12.46	\$12.47	12.15	12.17	12.16	11.20	*	.6	1.2
Electric Utility	\$18.01	\$18.61	18.69	19.26	19.65	21.19	-3.2	-2.1	-1.8
Other Industrial	21.01	21.05	20.13	18.99	18.76	16.79	2	2.9	2.5

¹ For 1990, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result it is not releasable.

2 Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to appual productive capacity as reported by mining corporate on Figure 14.74. But a significant in the ratio of total productive capacity as reported by mining corporate on Figure 14.74. But a significant in the ratio of total productive capacity as reported by mining corporate on Figure 14.74. But a significant in the ratio of total productive capacity as reported by mining corporate as a significant in the respondents and as a result in the respondent in the respondent

² Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productivity (short tons per miner per hour) is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, and shop or yard work at mining operations.

³ Imports for 1995 through 1999 include imports to electric utilities, manufacturing plants and coke plants. Imports for 1990 include only imports to electric utilities.

⁴ Includes Mexico.

^{*} Data round to zero.

w Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Revised Data.

NM Not meaningful as value is greater than 500 percent.

NA Not available.

Notes: Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly"; Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table A13. Utah Coal Statistics, 1990, 1995-1999

Category	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990 ¹	Percent Change		Annual Change
							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Supply (thousand short tons)									
Recoverable Reserves	424,045	433,354	432,777	284,433	374,750	505,042	-2.1	3.1	-1.9
Productive Capacity ¹	32,158	33,838	30,281	30,230	30,888	NA	-5.0	1.0	NA
Production Total	26,373	26,075	26,683	27,507	25,167	22,058	1.1	1.2	2.0
Underground	26,373	26,075	26,683	27,507	25,167	22,058	1.1	1.2	2.0
Capacity Utilization ² Ratio of Recoverable	81.98	77.06	88.09	90.97	81.48	NA	6.4	.1	NA
Reserves to Production	16.1	16.6	16.2	10.3	14.9	22.9	-3.3	1.9	-3.8
Number of Employees/Miners	1.837	R 2.072	1,922	1.804	1,893	2,434	-11.3	7	-3.1
Productivity Total ²	6.84	R 6.16	6.34	7.23	7.02	4.74	11.1	6	4.1
Underground	7.15	R 6.22	6.34	7.24	7.02	4.74	15.0	.5	4.7
Producer/Distributor Stocks	2.147	1,809	2.112	1,337	1.946		18.7	2.5	
Imports ³	146	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Distribution (thousand short tons)									
Distribution Total	25,715	26,765	26,272	23,868	25,521	NA	-3.9	.2	NA
Domestic Distribution Total	23,402	24,229	22,857	18,563	21,591	NA	-3.4	2.0	NA
Within State	10,979	12,531	13,936	9,389	12,755	NA	-12.4	-3.7	NA
To Other States	12,423	11,699	8,922	9,174	8,836	NA	6.2	8.9	NA
Foreign Distribution Total	2,313	2,535	3,414	5,305	3,930	NA	-8.8	-12.4	NA
Metallurgical	_	_	97	187	_	NA	_	_	NA
Steam	2,313	2,535	3,317	5,118	3,930	NA	-8.8	-12.4	NA
Overseas Total ⁴	2,313	2,535	3,414	5,305	3,930	NA	-8.8	-12.4	NA
Metallurgical	_	_	97	187	_	NA	_	_	NA
Steam	2,313	2,535	3,317	5,118	3,930	NA	-8.8	-12.4	NA
Demand (thousand short tons)		D.	D						
Consumption Total	16,191	R 17,052	R 16,105	15,237	15,307	15,738	-5.0	1.4	.3
Electric Utility	14,590	14,664	14,252	13,584	13,325	13,563	5	2.3	.8
Other Industrial	745	R 1,304	R 709	512	915	676	-42.8	-5.0	1.1
Coke	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Residential/Commercial	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Consumer Stocks Total	w	W	w	w	W	w	w	w	w
Electric Utility	w	2,461	2,309	1,526	2,250	3,697	w	w	w
All Other	W	w	w	W	W	w	w	w	w
Coal Prices (nominal dollars per shor									
Mine Total	\$17.33	\$18.47	\$17.61	\$21.63	\$19.10	\$18.53	-6.2	-2.4	7
Underground	\$17.33	\$18.47	17.61	21.63	19.10	18.53	-6.2	-2.4	7
Consumer									
Electric Utility	\$23.96	\$25.97	25.22	24.66	25.27	26.80	-7.8	-1.3	-1.2
Other Industrial	21.53	19.05	19.28	19.10	19.74	28.49	13.0	2.2	-3.1
Coke	w	w	W	W	W	w	w	w	w

¹ For 1990, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result

it is not releasable.

2 Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productivity (short tons per miner per hour) is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in produc-

tion, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, and shop or yard work at mining operations.

3 Imports for 1995 through 1999 include imports to electric utilities, manufacturing plants and coke plants. Imports for 1990 include only imports to electric utilities.

⁴ Includes Mexico.

w Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

R Revised Data.

Not available.

Notes: Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly'; Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-79, "Coal Production Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table A14. Virginia Coal Statistics, 1990, 1995-1999

Category	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990 1	Percent Change		Annual Change
							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Supply (thousand short tons)									
Recoverable Reserves	220,268	190,061	207,765	188,344	203,159	423,584	15.9	2.0	-7.0
Productive Capacity ¹	39,729	39,064	43,023	41,593	43,037	NA	1.7	-2.0	NA
Production Total	32,294	33,747	35,837	35,590	34,099	46,917	-4.3	-1.3	-4.1
Underground	22,562	25,212	26,929	25,568	25,372	39,150	-10.5	-2.9	-5.9
Surface	9,732	8,535	8,907	10,022	8,727	7,767	14.0	2.8	2.5
Capacity Utilization ² Ratio of Recoverable	81.09	86.13	83.09	85.34	79.07	NA	-5.8	.6	NA
Reserves to Production	6.8	5.6	5.8	5.3	6.0	9.0	21.1	3.4	-3.1
Number of Employees/Miners	5,450	R 5,887	6,235	6,241	6,919	10,342	-7.4	-5.8	-6.9
Productivity Total ²	3.09	R 2.82	2.77	2.72	2.50	2.24	9.5	5.4	3.6
Underground	2.87	R 2.64	2.56	2.44	2.25	2.14	8.7	6.3	3.3
Surface	3.73	R 3.51	3.69	3.79	3.73	2.14	6.4	*	2.9
Producer/Distributor Stocks	2,240	2,565	2,328	1,644	1,649	2.89	-12.6	8.0	2.9
Distribution (thousand short tons)									
Distribution Total	31,634	33,539	35,577	36,208	34,024	NA	-5.7	-1.8	NA
Domestic Distribution Total	22,865	20,728	22,736	22,776	24,283	NA	10.3	-1.5	NA
Within State	8,355	7,602	6,854	7,231	5,657	NA	9.9	10.2	NA
To Other States	14,510	13,126	15,882	15,545	18,625	NA	10.5	-6.0	NA
Foreign Distribution Total	8,770	12,810	12,841	13,432	9,742	NA	-31.5	-2.6	NA
Metallurgical	8,036	12,649	12,288	12,760	8,921	NA	-36.5	-2.6	NA
Steam	734	162	553	671	821	NA	353.3	-2.8	NA
Canada Total	734	719	508	387	445	NA	2.0	13.3	NA
Metallurgical	_	719	508	387	445	NA	-100.0	-	NA
Steam	734	_	_	_	-	NA	_	-	NA
Overseas Total ³	8,036	12,091	12,333	13,044	9,297	NA	-33.5	-3.6	NA
Metallurgical	8,036	11,929	11,780	12,373	8,475	NA	-32.6	-1.3	NA
Steam	-	162	553	671	821	NA	-100.0	-	NA
Demand (thousand short tons)		D	D						
Consumption Total	15,802	R 15,857	R 15,273	14,983	13,378	13,105	3	4.3	2.1
Electric Utility	12,427	12,300	11,605	10,994	9,543	8,228	1.0	6.8	4.7
Other Industrial	2,230	R 2,368	R 2,500	2,613	2,585	3,756	-5.8	-3.6	-5.6
Coke	w	W	w	w	W	w	w	W	w
Residential/Commercial	W	W	W	W	w	w	w	w	w
Consumer Stocks Total	W	W	W	W	W	w	w	w	W
Electric Utility	w	1,370	1,152	1,010	1,098	1,639	w	W	w
All Other	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Coal Prices (nominal dollars per short	,	#20 co	#20.24	#20 4 7	#20 4 7	#20.05	0.2	1.6	-
Mine Total	\$26.30	\$28.69	\$28.24	\$28.45	\$28.47	\$28.05	-8.3	-1.9	7
Underground	26.73	29.55	29.07	29.46	29.20	28.39	-9.5	-2.2	7
Surface Consumer	24.21	26.21	25.74	25.88	26.34	26.32	-7.6	-2.1	9
Electric Utility	\$34.11	\$34.73	34.98	35.73	36.90	39.29	-1.8	-1.9	-1.5
Other Industrial	42.93	43.60	43.85	43.51	42.50	41.05	-1.5	.3	.5
Coke	w	W	w	w	w	w	w	w	w

¹ For 1990, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result

it is not releasable.

Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productive ity (short tons per miner per hour) is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, and shop or yard work at mining operations.

3 Includes Mexico.

^{*} Data round to zero.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

R Revised Data.

NA Not available.

R Revised Data.

Notes: Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly''; Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table A15. West Virginia Coal Statistics, 1990, 1995-1999

Category	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990 ¹	Percent Change		Annual Change
							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Supply (thousand short tons)									
Recoverable Reserves	1,464,660	1.911.052	1.736.836	1.731.154	1,731,400	2.115.125	-23.3	-4.1	-4.0
Productive Capacity ¹	195,128	203,816	203,006	217,409	204,837	NA	-4.3	-1.2	NA
Production Total	157,978	171,145	173,743	170,433	162,997	169,205	-7.7	8	8
Underground	103,727	117,191	116,523	115,585	110,029	123,306	-11.5	-1.5	-1.9
Surface	54,251	53,955	57,220	54,848	52,968	45,898	.5	.6	1.9
Capacity Utilization ²	80.89	83.91	85.50	78.32	79.50	NA	-3.6	.4	NA
Ratio of Recoverable									
Reserves to Production	9.3	11.2	10.0	10.2	10.6	12.5	-17.0	-3.3	-3.3
Number of Employees/Miners	15,536	R 17.822	18,245	20,121	21,334	29,578	-12.8	-7.6	-6.9
Productivity Total ²	4.77	R 4.62	4.46	3.91	3.74	2.96	3.0	6.2	5.4
Underground	4.31	R 4.29	4.03	3.50	3.40	2.70	.4	6.1	5.3
Surface	5.97	R 5.56	5.71	5.18	4.74	4.02	7.4	5.9	4.5
Producer/Distributor Stocks	6,697	6,008	5,504	4,947	6,176		11.5	2.0	_
Imports ³	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Distribution (thousand short tons)									
Distribution Total	157,730	172,612	172,236	169,200	165,187	NA	-8.6	-1.1	NA
Domestic Distribution Total	134,882	135,082	133,777	127,156	120,866	NA	1	2.8	NA
Within State	23,813	28,451	29,141	29,220	29,018	NA	-16.3	-4.8	NA
To Other States	111,069	106,631	104,636	97,936	91,848	NA	4.2	4.9	NA
Foreign Distribution Total	22,848	37,531	38,459	42,044	44,321	NA	-39.1	-15.3	NA
Metallurgical	20,120	32,224	30,327	31,717	34,633	NA	-37.6	-12.7	NA
Steam	2,728	5,307	8,132	10,327	9,688	NA	-48.6	-27.2	NA
Canada Total	9,474	10,500	8,291	7,222	5,784	NA	-9.8	13.1	NA
Metallurgical	7,547	8,945	6,956	6,907	5,759	NA	-15.6	7.0	NA
Steam	1,927	1,555	1,335	315	25	NA	23.9	196.8	NA
Overseas Total ⁴	13,374	27,031	30,168	34,822	38,537	NA	-50.5	-23.3	NA
Metallurgical	12,574	23,279	23,370	24,810	28,874	NA	-46.0	-18.8	NA
Steam	800	3,752	6,798	10,012	9,663	NA	-78.7	-46.3	NA
Demand (thousand short tons)		D	D						
Consumption Total	39,419	R 38,949	R 37,160	36,140	34,489	34,896	1.2	3.4	1.4
Electric Utility	36,092	35,132 R 1,013	34,487	32,775	30,657	29,873	2.7	4.2	2.1
Other Industrial	1,600	1,913	R 1,690	1,630	1,984	2,918	-16.3	-5.2	-6.4
Coke	W	W	W	W	w	W	w	w	w
Residential/Commercial	W	w	W	W	w	w	w	w	w
Consumer Stocks Total	W	w	w	W	w	W	w	w	w
Electric Utility	W	3,791	4,042	4,370	4,744	6,874	w	w	w
All Other	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Coal Prices (nominal dollars per short		¢27.07	\$2C.C4	\$26.50	¢27.10	¢20.62	5.0	1.5	-1.2
Mine Total	\$25.57	\$27.07 28.25	\$26.64 27.64	\$26.58 27.31	\$27.18 27.77	\$28.62	-5.6 -7.2	−1.5 −1.4	-1.2 -1.4
Underground Surface	26.21 22.39	28.25 24.50	24.60	27.31 25.04	25.95	29.75 25.55	-7.2 -8.6	-1.4 -3.6	-1.4 -1.5
Consumer	22.39	24.30	24.00	23.04	23.95	23.33	-0.0	-3.0	-1.5
Electric Utility	\$29.22	\$30.06	30.68	30.93	31.61	36.66	-2.8	-1.9	-2.5
Other Industrial	\$29.22 37.86	\$30.06 48.24	35.31	30.93	33.61	31.88		-1.9 3.0	-2.5 1.9
					33.01 W		-21.5		
Coke	w	W	w	W	W	w	w	w	W

¹ For 1990, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result

it is not releasable.

Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productive ity (short tons per miner per hour) is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in produc-

tion, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, and shop or yard work at mining operations.

3 Imports for 1994 through 1998 include imports to electric utilities, manufacturing plants and coke plants. Imports for 1989 include only imports to electric utilities.

Includes Mexico.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

R Revised Data.

Not available.

Notes: Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly''; Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table A16. Wyoming Coal Statistics, 1990, 1995-1999

Category	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990 1	Percent Change		Annual Change
							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Supply (thousand short tons)									
Recoverable Reserves	7,093,750	7,220,356	6,464,670	6,591,293	6,723,963	6,563,528	-1.8	1.3	0.9
Productive Capacity ¹	407,977	379,380	366,680	350,908	337,184	NA	7.5	4.9	NA
Production Total	337,119	314,409	281,881	278,440	263,822	184,249	7.2	6.3	6.9
Underground	1,673	1,723	2,846	2,641	2,008	1,722	-2.9	-4.5	3
Surface	335,446	312,686	279,035	275,799	261,814	182,527	7.3	6.4	7.0
Capacity Utilization ² Ratio of Recoverable	82.63	82.87	76.87	79.35	78.24	NA	3	1.4	NA
Reserves to Production	21.0	23.0	22.9	23.7	25.5	35.6	-8.4	-4.7	-5.7
Number of Employees/Miners	4,412	R 4,447	2,777	2,814	3,142	3,330	8	8.8	3.2
Productivity Total ²	37.29	R 35.98	34.55	32.06	30.06	21.41	3.6	5.5	6.3
Underground	10.29	R 9.14	10.13	9.18	5.97	2.80	12.6	14.5	15.5
Surface	37.78	R 36.57	35.42	32.84	31.02	22.84	3.3	5.0	5.8
Producer/Distributor Stocks	5,917	3,873	2,036	1,504	1,997	-	52.8	31.2	-
Distribution (thousand short tons)									
Distribution Total	337,027	314,891	280,795	279,117	263,601	NA	7.0	6.3	NA
Domestic Distribution Total	333,253	311,162	278,255	276,723	261,333	NA	7.1	6.3	NA
Within State	28,519	27,719	26,756	26,253	26,521	NA	2.9	1.8	NA
To Other States	304,734	283,443	251,499	250,470	234,812	NA	7.5	6.7	NA
Foreign Distribution Total	3,774	3,729	2,541	2,395	2,269	NA	1.2	13.6	NA
Steam	3,774	3,729	2,541	2,395	2,269	NA	1.2	13.6	NA
Canada Total	2,951	1,931	818	443	32	NA	52.8	210.9	NA
Steam	2,951	1,931	818	443	32	NA	52.8	210.9	NA
Overseas Total ³	823	1,798	1,723	1,952	2,237	NA	-54.2	-22.1	NA
Steam	823	1,798	1,723	1,952	2,237	NA	-54.2	-22.1	NA
Demand (thousand short tons)		_							
Consumption Total	27,679	R 28,772	26,096	26,647	25,933	25,514	-3.8	1.6	.9
Electric Utility	25,639	26,674	23,997	24,430	23,850	23,526	-3.9	1.8	1.0
Other Industrial	1,936	R 1,939	1,959	1,835	w	w	2	w	w
Residential/Commercial	104	159	140	382	146	w	-34.6	-8.0	w
Consumer Stocks Total	w	1,320	1,555	2,267	2,936	w	w	w	w
Electric Utility	w	1,243	1,498	2,197	2,857	3,215	w	w	w
All Other	69	77	57	71	79	w	-10.2	-3.4	w
Coal Prices (nominal dollars per short	rt ton)								
Mine Total	\$5.38	\$5.41	\$6.00	\$6.41	\$6.58	\$8.43	7	-4.9	-4.9
Underground	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	W
Surface	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	W
Consumer									
Electric Utility	\$13.39	\$13.83	\$14.16	\$14.30	\$14.29	\$14.74	-3.2	-1.6	-1.0
Other Industrial	24.26	24.10	23.68	22.32	22.72	24.91	.6	1.6	3

¹ For 1990, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result

it is not releasable.

2 Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productive capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productive capacity as reported by all employees engaged in productive capacity as the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in productive capacity. tion, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, and shop or yard work at mining operations.

3 Includes Mexico ity (short tons per miner per hour) is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in produc-

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

R Revised Data.

NA Not available.

Notes: Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly"; Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table A17. All Other States Coal Statistics, 1990, 1995-1999

Category	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990 ¹	Percent Change		Annual Change
							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Supply (thousand short tons)									
Recoverable Reserves	583,316	361,383	416,535	427,163	420,998	588,588	61.4	8.5	-0.1
Productive Capacity ¹	22,500	23,132	24,996	23,441	24,495	NA	-2.7	-2.1	NA
Production Total	17,996	18,353	19,349	19,674	19,911	25,140	-1.9	-2.5	-3.6
Underground	4,968	4,618	4,909	5,227	4,880	6,617	7.6	.4	-3.1
Surface	13,027	13,734	14,440	14,447	15,031	18,523	-5.1	-3.5	-3.8
Capacity Utilization ²	79.65	79.06	77.22	83.55	81.02	NA	.8	4	NA
Ratio of Recoverable									
Reserves to Production	32.4	19.7	21.5	21.7	21.1	23.4	64.6	11.3	3.7
Number of Employees/Miners	2.153	R 2.129	2.344	2,394	2,312	4,297	1.1	-1.8	-7.4
Productivity Total ²	4.00	R 4.15	3.78	3.73	3.96	2.84	-3.6	.2	3.9
Underground	3.66	R 3.87	3.78	2.94	3.96	1.95	-5.6 -5.4	4.8	7.3
Surface	3.00 4.15	R 4.25	3.29	4.13	3.03 4.41	3.39	-3.4 -2.4	4.8 -1.5	2.3
Producer/Distributor Stocks	4.13 518	389	539	4.13 292	784	3.39	33.1	-1.3 -9.8	2.3
Imports ³	4,944	6,167	5,192	5,267	5,084	1,366	-19.8	7	15.4
Distribution (thousand short tons)									
Distribution Total	18,108	18,592	19,191	19,828	19,080	NA	-2.6	-1.3	NA
Domestic Distribution Total	17,585	18,212	18,261	18,285	17,930	NA	-3.4	5	NA
Within State	10	29	24	28	26	NA	-67.0	-22.5	NA
To Other States	17,576	18,184	18,236	18,257	17,904	NA	-3.3	5	NA
Foreign Distribution Total	541	380	931	1,544	1,150	NA	42.5	-17.2	NA
Metallurgical	_	_	48	_	38	NA	_	-100.0	NA
Steam	541	380	882	1,544	1,112	NA	42.5	-16.5	NA
Canada Total	4	_	*	*	1	NA	_	55.9	NA
Steam	4	_	*	*	1	NA	_	55.9	NA
Overseas Total ⁴	537	380	931	1,544	1,149	NA	41.4	-17.3	NA
Metallurgical	_	_	48	_	38	NA	_	_	NA
Steam	537	380	882	1,544	1,112	NA	41.4	-16.6	NA
Demand (thousand short tons)									
Consumption Total	407.859	R 415,791	R 412.092	R 400,796	382,060	354,565	-1.9	1.6	1.6
Electric Utility	374,013	382,587	376,543	365,146	344,785	315,146	-2.2	2.0	1.9
Other Industrial	27,666	R 28,177	R 29,946	R 30,467	31.653	33,065	-2.2 -1.8	-3.3	-2.0
	.,		29,946	2.686	- ,	,			
Coke	w	w 2.004	,	,	2,784	3,740	W	w	W
Residential/Commercial	2,266	2,004	2,925	2,497	2,838	2,614	13.0	-5.5	-1.6
Consumer Stocks Total	w	63,195	48,790	60,121	62,368	71,991	w	w	W
Electric Utility	w	59,476	45,078	55,817	58,348	66,880	w	w	w
All Other	3,786	3,719	3,712	4,304	4,021	5,111	1.8	-1.5	-3.3
Coal Prices (nominal dollars per shor		R \$24.00							
Mine Total	\$24.51	\$24.09	\$23.50	\$24.06	\$22.80	\$25.18	1.7	1.8	3
Underground	24.30		24.26	25.78	26.25	28.25	-3.5	-1.9	-1.7
Surface	24.59	R 23.70	23.24	23.44	21.67	24.09	3.8	3.2	.2
Consumer	#25.5°	42.5.5.5	27.00	25.45	20.55	22.10	2.0	2.4	
Electric Utility	\$25.58	\$26.38	27.39	27.46	28.22	33.18	-3.0	-2.4	-2.8
Other Industrial	37.11	37.96	38.47	38.22	38.51	40.30	-2.2	9	9
Coke	w	W	49.16	51.21	51.67	53.79	W	w	W

¹ For 1990, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result it is not releasable.

Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productive

ity (short tons per miner per hour) is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, and shop or yard work at mining operations.

³ Imports for 1995 through 1999 include imports to electric utilities, manufacturing plants and coke plants. Imports for 1990 include only imports to electric utilities.

⁴ Includes Mexico.

^{*} Data round to zero.

R Payisad Data

Revised Data.

NA Not available.

Notes: Other States include Alaska, Arkansas, California, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maryland, Missouri, Oklahoma, Tennessee, and Washington. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly''; Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table A18. Total U.S. Coal Statistics, 1990, 1995-1999

Category	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990 1	Percent Change		Annual Change
							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Supply (thousand short tons)									
Recoverable Reserves	18,919,666	R 19.322,240	19,164,398	19,427,980	20,105,197	22,761,328	-2.1	-1.5	-2.0
Productive Capacity ¹	1,345,632	R 1,337,679	1,325,604	1,324,712	1,299,054	NA	.6	.9	NA
Production Total	1,100,431	1,117,535	1,089,932	1,063,856	1,032,974	1,029,076	-1.5	1.6	.7
Underground	391,790	417,728	420,657	409,849	396,249	424,546	-6.2	3	9
Surface	708,642	699,807	669,274	654,007	636,725	604,529	1.3	2.7	1.8
Capacity Utilization ²	81.70	83.47	82.13	80.21	79.40	NA	-2.1	.7	NA
Ratio of Recoverable	01.70	03.17	02.13	00.21	77.10	1411	2.1	.,	1411
Reserves to Production	17.2	17.3	17.6	18.3	19.5	22.1	6	-3.0	-2.8
Number of Employees/Miners	78,723	R 85,418	81,516	83,462	90,252	131,310	-7.8	-3.3	-5.5
Productivity Total ²	6.61	R 6.20	6.04	5.69	5.38	3.83	6.6	5.3	6.3
Underground	3.99	R 3.90	3.83	3.57	3.39	2.54	2.4	4.2	5.1
Surface	10.39	R 9.58	9.46	9.05	8.48	5.94	8.4	5.2	6.4
Producer/Distributor Stocks	39,475	36,530	33,973	28,648	34,444	29,000	8.1	3.5	3.5
Imports ³	6,079	7,543	6,200	6,476	6,317	1,366	-19.4	9	18.0
Distribution (thousand short tons)									
Distribution Total	1,097,721	1,122,421	1,078,896	1,059,892	1,030,330	NA	-2.2	1.6	NA
Domestic Distribution Total	1,041,823	1,042,236	995,664	967,693	940,423	NA	*	2.6	NA
Within State	348,389	367,564	356,763	340,005	336,821	NA	-5.2	.8	NA
To Other States	693,434	674,672	638,901	627,688	603,602	NA	2.8	3.5	NA
Foreign Distribution Total	55,898	80,185	83,232	92,199	89,907	NA	-30.3	-11.2	NA
Metallurgical	37,355	56,569	55,326	56,162	54,077	NA	-34.0	-8.8	NA
Steam	18,543	23,616	27,906	36,037	35,830	NA	-21.5	-15.2	NA
Canada Total	17,971	17,913	13,405	10,599	8,023	NA	.3	22.3	NA
Metallurgical	9,026	11,140	8,203	8,472	6,986	NA	-19.0	6.6	NA
Steam	8,945	6,772	5,202	2,127	1,037	NA	32.1	71.4	NA
Overseas Total ⁴	37,928	62,273	69,827	81,600	81,884	NA	-39.1	-17.5	NA
Metallurgical	28,329	45,429	47,124	47,690	47,091	NA	-37.6	-11.9	NA
Steam	9,598	16,844	22,704	33,910	34,793	NA	-43.0	-27.5	NA
Demand (thousand short tons)		D	D	D					
Consumption Total	1,044,538	R 1,038,292	R 1,030,145	R 1,006,306	962,038	902,893	93.7	26.9	25.5
Electric Utility	894,120	910,867	900,361	874,681	829,007	773,549	-1.8	1.9	1.6
Other Industrial	64,738	R 67,439	R 71,515	R 71,689	73,055	76,330	-4.0	-3.0	-1.8
Coke	28,108	28,189	30,203	31,706	33,011	38,877	3	-3.9	-3.5
Residential/Commercial	4,879	4,856	6,463	6,006	5,807	6,724	.5	-4.3	-3.5
Other Power Producers	52,693	26,941	21,603	22,224	21,158	7,413	95.6	25.6	24.3
Consumer Stocks Total	136,005	128,072	106,401	122,979	134,639	168,210	6.2	.3	-2.3
Electric Utility	128,494	120,501	98,826	114,623	126,304	156,166	6.6	.4	-2.1
All Other	7,511	7,571	7,576	8,355	8,334	12,044	8	-2.6	-5.1
Coal Prices (nominal dollars per sho									
Mine Total	\$16.63	\$17.67	\$18.14	\$18.50	\$18.83	\$21.76	-5.8	-3.0	-2.9
Underground	24.33	25.64	25.68	25.96	26.18	28.58	-5.1	-1.8	-1.8
Surface Consumer	12.37	12.92	13.39	13.82	14.25	16.98	-4.3	-3.5	-3.5
	\$24.72	\$25.64	26.16	26.45	27.01	30.45	-3.5	-2.2	-2.3
Electric Utility	\$24.72 31.59	\$25.64 32.30	26.16 32.41	26.45 32.32	32.42	30.45	-3.5 -2.2		
Other Industrial	31.59 45.85	32.30 46.06	32.41 47.61	32.32 47.33	32.42 47.34	33.59 47.73	-2.2 4	6 8	7 4
COKE	43.83	40.00	47.01	47.33	47.34	41.13	4	0	4

¹ For 1990, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result

it is not releasable.

Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productive ity (short tons per miner per hour) is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, and shop or yard work at mining operations.

3. Imports for 1005 through 1009 include imports to electric utilities, manufacturing plants and color plant.

Imports for 1995 through 1999 include imports to electric utilities, manufacturing plants and coke plants. Imports for 1990 include only imports to electric utilities.

⁴ Includes Mexico.

^{*} Data round to zero

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Revised Data.

NA Not available.

R Revised Data.

Notes: Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly''; Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Appendix B

Metric Tables

In response to requests from international users of U.S. coal statistics, certain summary data have been converted from the customary short tons to metric. This enables U.S. statistics to be compared with data published by countries using the metric system. The

conversion to metric tons is made by multiplying short tons by 0.907185.

The data converted to metric tons are from Tables ES3, 1, 16, 25, 35, 48, 67, 68, 76, 80, 92, 94, 96, 98, and 99.

Table B1. Trends in U.S. Coal Production, Imports, Consumption, Exports, and Stocks, 1990, 1995-1999

(Million Metric Tons)

Activity	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change	Average Annual Percen Change	
							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Production	998	1,014	989	965	937	934	-1.5	1.6	0.7
Imports	8	8	7	7	9	2	4.2	-1.0	14.4
Producer and Distributor Stocks ¹	36	33	31	26	31	26	8.1	3.5	3.5
Consumption	948	R 942	R 935	R 913	R 873	819	0.6	2.1	1.6
Exports	53	71	76	82	80	96	-25.1	-9.8	-6.4
Consumer Stocks ¹	123	116	97	112	122	153	6.2	.3	-2.3

Reported as of the last day of the quarter.

Sources: • Production: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report"; and State Mining Agency Coal Production Reports: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report IM 145." • Producer and Distribution Stocks: EIA, Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report." • Exports: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report EM 545."

• Consumption and Consumer Stocks: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form EIA-3, Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly"; and Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report."

R Revised Data.

Note: Consumption does not include coal consumed by other power producers.

Table B2. Coal Production by State, 1990, 1995-1999

(Thousand Metric Tons)

Coal-Producing State and Region	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change	_	nual Percent ange
State and Region							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Alabama	17,694	20,877	22,197	22,351	22,353	26,335	-15.2	-5.7	-4.3
Alaska	1,420	1,220	1,315	1,343	1,540	1,548	16.4	-2.0	9
Arizona	10,693	10,265	10,635	9,473	10,838	10,254	4.2	3	.5
Arkansas	20	22	17	19	26	53	-9.2	-6.7	-10.3
California	_	_	_	_	_	55	_	_	_
Colorado	27,206	26,881	24,901	22,576	23,324	17,155	1.2	3.9	5.3
Illinois	36,666	36,045	37,338	42,325	43,708	54,787	1.7	-4.3	-4.4
Indiana	30,848	33,387	32,203	26,916	23,593	32,574	-7.6	6.9	6
Iowa	_	_	_	_	_	346	_	_	_
Kansas	371	309	326	211	258	654	20.0	9.4	-6.1
Kentucky Total	126,667	136,345	141,388	138,278	139,470	157,235	-7.1	-2.4	-2.4
Eastern	99,830	105,827	109,695	106,096	107,539	116,479	-5.7	-1.8	-1.7
Western	26,837	30,518	31,693	32,182	31,931	40,756	-12.1	-4.3	-4.5
Louisiana	2,679	2,918	3,216	2,922	3,374	2,890	-8.2	-5.6	8
Maryland	3,481	3,683	3,774	3,713	3,327	3,163	-5.5	1.1	1.1
Mississippi	17	_	· –	, <u> </u>	· _	_	_	_	_
Missouri	356	337	364	644	497	2,401	5.4	-8.0	-19.1
Montana	37,287	38,864	37,199	34,374	35,789	34,125	-4.0	1.0	1.0
New Mexico	26,450	25,943	24,517	21,834	24,324	22,038	1.9	2.1	2.0
North Dakota	28,245	27,136	26,834	27,089	27,317	26,502	4.1	.8	.7
Ohio	20,393	25,445	26,449	25,920	23,694	31,980	-19.8	-3.7	-4.9
Oklahoma	1,507	1,507	1,470	1,543	1,702	1,540	*	-3.0	2
Pennsylvania Total	69,308	73,515	69,126	61,636	55,860	63,969	-5.7	5.5	.9
Anthracite	4,312	4,746	4,244	4,310	4,248	3,181	-9.1	.4	3.4
Bituminous	64,996	68,769	64,882	57,325	51,613	60,788	-5.5	5.9	.7
Tennessee	2,755	2,446	2,994	3,312	2,922	5,618	12.6	-1.5	-7.6
Texas	48,146	47,703	48,378	50.044	47,794	50,580	.9	.2	5
Utah	23,925	23,655	24,206	24,954	22,831	20.011	1.1	1.2	2.0
Virginia	29,297	30,615	32,511	32,286	30,934	42,562	-4.3	-1.3	-4.1
Washington	3,721	4,208	4,078	4,142	4,416	4,537	-11.6	-4.2	-2.2
West Virginia Total	143,316	155,260	157,617	154,614	147,869	153,500	-7.7	8	8
Northern	35,188	40,477	38,829	41,649	41,834	51,384	-13.1	-4.2	-4.1
Southern	108,128	114,783	118,788	112,965	106,034	102,116	-5.8	.5	.6
Wyoming	305,830	285,227	255,718	252,597	239,336	167,148	7.2	6.3	6.9
	ŕ			,		,			
Appalachian Total ¹	386,073	417,668	424,361	409,928	394,499	443,607	-7.6	5	-1.5
Interior Total 1	147,445	152,746	155,005	156,805	152,884	186,582	-3.5	9	-2.6
Western Total ¹	464,777	443,398	409,404	398,381	389,715	303,373	4.8	4.5	4.8
East of Miss. River	480,440	517,618	525,595	511,351	493,732	571,724	-7.2	7	-1.9
West of Miss. River	517,855	496,194	463,175	453,763	443,367	361,838	4.4	3.9	4.1
U.S. Total	998,295	1,013,811	988,770	965,114	937,098	933,562	-1.5	1.6	.7

¹ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

* Data round to zero.

Notes: Coal production excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

**Coal Production Pennsylvania Administration Form FIA 7A "Coal Production Pennsylvania Administration Reports: and/or LIS.

Table B3. Productive Capacity of Coal Mines by State, 1990, 1995-1999

(Thousand Metric Tons)

Coal-Producing	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990 1	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
State and Region							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Alabama	. 20,221	25,302	26,382	29,174	29,526	NA	-20.1	-9.0	NA
Alaska	. w	w	w	w	w	NA	w	w	NA
Arizona	. w	w	w	w	w	NA	w	w	NA
Arkansas	. w	w	w	_	w	NA	w	w	NA
California	. –	_	_	_	_	NA	_	_	NA
Colorado	. 37,284	33,256	32,174	26,608	29,425	NA	12.1	6.1	NA
Illinois	. 44,255	43,205	46,741	55,998	51,371	NA	2.4	-3.6	NA
Indiana	. 37,517	38,274	33,565	32,263	31,984	NA	-2.0	4.1	NA
Iowa		_	_	_	_	NA	_	_	NA
Kansas		w	w	w	w	NA	w	w	NA
Kentucky Total		170,172	177,312	171,662	184,316	NA	-2.6	-2.6	NA
Eastern	,	132,585	138,510	132,169	137,993	NA	-2.6	-1.6	NA
Western		37,587	38,802	39,493	46,323	NA	-2.8	-5.8	NA
Louisiana		w	w	w	w	NA	w	w	NA
Maryland		3,856	4,430	4,477	3,999	NA	6	-1.0	NA
Mississippi	,	_	-, .50	.,	_	NA	_	_	NA
Missouri		807	626	949	980	NA	w	w	NA
Montana		50.695	50,930	50,961	46,808	NA	-1.8	1.5	NA
New Mexico		29,747	28,670	29,660	29,719	NA	*	*	NA
North Dakota		29,469	29,545	29,197	31,265	NA	.4	-1.4	NA
Ohio		30,564	30,339	34,096	30,854	NA	-9.1	-2.6	NA
Oklahoma		1.797	2,223	1,797	2,320	NA	30.3	.2	NA
Pennsylvania Total	,	85,803	79,404	74,102	70,023	NA	8	5.0	NA
Anthracite		6,194	4,993	4,993	5,939	NA	-3.0	.3	NA NA
Bituminous	. ,	79,609	74,411	69,109	64,083	NA	-5.0 7	5.4	NA NA
Tennessee		3,759	3,719	3,637	3,402	NA NA	-10.1	1	NA NA
Texas	,	49,419	49,545	54.072	49.676	NA NA	-10.1 .4	1	NA NA
Utah	. ,	30,697	27,470	27,424	28.021	NA NA	-5.0	1.0	NA NA
		35,438	39,029	37,733	39.042	NA NA	-3.0 1.7	-2.0	NA NA
Virginia	/ -	,	,	,	,-				
Washington		W 194 900	W 194 164	W 107 220	W 195 925	NA NA	W 4.2	w 1.2	NA NA
West Virginia Total		184,899	184,164	197,230	185,825	NA	-4.3	-1.2	NA NA
Northern		44,231	46,034	49,534	51,124	NA	-2.6	-4.2	NA
Southern	,	140,668	138,130	147,696	134,701	NA	-4.8	1	NA
Wyoming	. 370,110	344,168	332,647	318,338	305,888	NA	7.5	4.9	NA
Appalachian Total ²	. 482,482	502,204	505,978	512,618	500,664	NA	-3.9	9	NA
Interior Total ²	. 174,693	174,926	175,740	188,385	186,329	NA	1	-1.6	NA
Western Total ²	. 563,561	536,392	520,850	500,757	491,489	NA	5.1	3.5	NA
East of Miss. River	,	621,271	625,085	640,372	630,341	NA	-3.3	-1.2	NA
West of Miss. River	. 619,931	592,251	577,483	561,387	548,141	NA	4.7	3.1	NA
U.S. Total	. 1,220,737	1,213,522	1,202,568	1,201,759	1,178,482	NA	.6	.9	NA

¹ For 1990, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result it is not releasable.

2 For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: Productive capacity is the maximum amount of coal that can be produced as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report."

^{*} Data round to zero.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

NA Not available.

Table B4. Recoverable Coal Reserves at Producing Mines by State, 1990, 1995-1999 (Million Metric Tons)

Coal-Producing	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
State and Region							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Alabama	396	339	340	410	463	444	16.7	-3.8	-1.3
Alaska	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Arizona	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Arkansas	–	_	_	_	w	w	_	_	_
California	–	_	_	_	_	w	_	_	_
Colorado	559	490	515	582	628	496	14.1	-2.8	1.3
Illinois	708	675	675	808	800	1,065	4.9	-3.0	-4.4
Indiana	264	284	357	350	294	403	-7.3	-2.6	-4.6
Iowa	–	_	_	_	_	w	_	_	_
Kansas	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Kentucky Total		1,070	1,207	1,139	1,160	1,438	-5.1	-3.3	-3.8
Eastern	648	689	875	742	692	902	-5.9	-1.6	-3.6
Western		381	332	396	468	536	-3.6	-5.8	-4.1
Louisiana		w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Maryland		58	61	64	52	77	23.7	8.4	8
Mississippi		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Missouri		3	1	2	2	w	w	w	w
Montana		1,081	1,059	1,187	1,135	1,699	-3.7	-2.1	-5.3
New Mexico	,	1,256	1,284	1,303	1,343	1,385	*	-1.6	-1.1
North Dakota	1,078	1,061	1,098	1,181	1,513	1,283	1.6	-8.1	-1.9
Ohio	,	323	289	376	425	628	7.4	-4.9	-6.4
Oklahoma		17	21	17	17	34	90.8	16.4	9
Pennsylvania Total		703	821	722	668	1,022	-15.1	-2.8	-5.8
Anthracite		80	109	81	45	70	-13.9	11.2	1
Bituminous		623	712	641	623	952	-15.3	-4.1	-6.3
Tennessee		24	51	54	62	57	-48.3	-32.7	-15.4
Texas		718	836	797	853	1,097	-4.5	-5.3	-5.1
Utah		393	393	258	340	458	-2.1	3.1	-1.9
Virginia		172	188	171	184	384	15.9	2.0	-7.0
Washington		w	w	w	w	W	w	w	w
West Virginia Total		1,734	1,576	1,570	1,571	1,919	-23.3	-4.1	-4.0
Northern	,	777	648	673	709	924	-35.5	-8.3	-6.6
Southern		957	928	898	861	995	-13.5	-1.0	-2.0
Wyoming		6,550	5,865	5,980	6,100	5,954	-1.8	1.3	.9
Appalachian Total ¹	3,600	4,042	4,202	4,110	4,117	5,433	-10.9	-3.3	-4.5
Interior Total ¹	2,377	2,203	2,351	2,501	2,572	3,340	7.9	-1.9	-3.7
Western Total ¹	11,187	11,284	10,833	11,014	11,550	11,876	9	8	7
East of Miss. River		5,383	5,566	5,665	5,679	7,437	-4.6	-2.5	-4.0
West of Miss. River	12,028	12,146	11,820	11,960	12,560	13,212	-1.0	-1.1	-1.0
U.S. Total	17,164	17,529	17,386	17,625	18,239	20,649	-2.1	-1.5	-2.0

 $^{1\,}$ $\,$ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: Recoverable reserves represent the quantity of coal that can be recovered (i.e., mined) from existing coal reserves at reporting mines. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

^{*} Data round to zero.

w Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Table B5. U.S. Coal Imports by Continent and Country of Origin, 1990, 1995-1999 (Metric Tons)

Continent and Country	1000	1000	400=	1007	1005	1000	Percent Change	Average Percent	
of Origin	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	1998- 1999	1995- 1999	1990- 1999
North America Total	954,639	1,059,919	1,099,428	1,583,086	1,767,772	888,336	-9.9	-14.3	0.8
Canada	887,977	1,058,137	1,099,108	1,576,456	1,738,296	882,708	-16.1	-15.4	.1
Mexico	66,662	1,782	320	6,630	7,108	5,628	NM	75.0	31.6
Netherlands Antilles	_	_	-	´ -	22,368	_	-	-100.0	-
South America Total	6,027,258	5,407,158	4,201,364	4,234,575	5,671,088	1,534,039	11.5	1.5	16.4
Argentina	210	_	12	_	_	_	_	_	_
Brazil	30	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Colombia	4,130,785	3,155,356	2,827,805	2,745,687	3,819,494	1,295,594	30.9	2.0	13.8
Venezuela	1,896,233	2,251,802	1,373,547	1,488,888	1,851,594	238,445	-15.8	.6	25.9
Europe Total	65,894	39,529	24,163	2,369	474	4,892	66.7	243.4	33.5
Belgium & Luxembourg	9,665	3,614	5,458	2,243	_	-	167.4	-	-
Denmark	-	_	_	-	214	118	-	-100.0	-100.0
Germany, FR	-	_	18	-	_	1	-	-	-100.0
Italy	1	33	_	-	_	-	-97.0	-	-
Norway	-	_	18,491	-	_	42	-	-	-100.0
Russia	857	_	_	-	_	-	-	-	-
Spain	_	33,051	_	90	_	_	-100.0	_	-
Switzerland	_	_	182	_	_	_	-	-	-
Turkey	-	_	_	36	_	-	-	-	-
United Kingdom	55,371	2,831	14	_	260	4,731	NM	282.0	31.4
Asia Total	1,051,436	1,284,831	1,324,946	1,392,520	923,980	2	-18.2	3.3	332.1
China (Mainland)	18,361	2,329	1,820	-	48	-	NM	342.2	-
Hong Kong	_	9	_	1	_	-	-100.0	-	-
India	523	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Indonesia	1,032,444	1,282,492	1,293,569	1,392,517	923,908	-	-19.5	2.8	-
Japan	_	1	_	2	24	2	-100.0	-100.0	-100.0
Syria	107	_	_	-	_	-	-	-	-
Vietnam	-	-	29,557	_	-	_	-	_	_
Oceania & Australia Total	146,480	122,560	141,988	149,498	230,554	21,586	19.5	-10.7	23.7
Australia	146,480	84,060	104,789	149,498	192,054	21,586	74.3	-6.5	23.7
New Zealand	-	38,500	37,199	-	38,500	-	-100.0	-100.0	_
Total	8,245,707	7,913,997	6,791,889	7,362,048	8,593,868	2,448,855	4.2	-1.0	14.4

NM Not meaningful as value is greater than 500 percent.

Note: Coal imports include coal to Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report IM 145."

Table B6. Coal Mining Productivity by State, 1990, 1995-1999

(Metric Tons of Coal Produced per Employee/Miner per Hour)

Coal-Producing State and Region	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change	U	nual Percent inge
State and Region							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Alabama	2.04	R 2.09	2.17	2.00	2.03	2.02	-2.3	0.1	0.1
Alaska	5.04	R 4.21	5.82	6.18	6.77	7.67	19.6	-7.1	-4.5
Arizona	6.00	R 5.92	6.16	5.72	5.75	5.38	1.3	1.0	1.2
Arkansas	1.72	1.77	1.76	_	1.33	1.33	-2.8	6.6	2.9
California	_	_	_	_	_	16.04	_	_	_
Colorado	7.19	R 7.15	6.97	6.64	5.57	3.84	.5	6.6	7.2
Illinois	3.80	R 3.78	3.81	3.79	3.51	2.66	.4	2.0	4.0
Indiana	4.92	R 4.69	4.84	4.52	4.24	3.48	4.9	3.8	3.9
Iowa	_	_	_	_	_	1.31	_	_	_
Kansas	7.78	_ 6.79	3.46	1.97	2.01	1.84	14.5	40.2	17.3
Kentucky Total	3.53	R 3.44	3.58	3.45	3.24	2.57	2.4	2.1	3.6
Eastern	3.39	R 3.36	3.48	3.34	3.14	2.41	1.0	1.9	3.8
Western	4.14	R 3.77	3.97	3.89	3.60	3.14	9.8	3.5	3.1
Louisiana	7.70	R 8.00	9.93	9.86	12.02	11.94	-3.7	-10.5	-4.8
Maryland	3.81	R 3.73	3.56	3.74	3.46	2.66	2.1	2.4	4.1
Mississippi	.17	-	-	-	-	2.00		_	_
Missouri	2.62	R 2.46	2.89	3.16	2.31	2.71	6.5	3.2	4
Montana	20.72	R 20.83	21.37	19.85	19.10	17.04	5	2.0	2.2
New Mexico	7.53	R 7.18	8.50	7.66	6.27	6.93	4.8	4.7	.9
North Dakota	15.65	R 15.22	16.17	15.61	15.24	14.62	2.9	.7	.8
Ohio	2.90	R 3.17	3.65	3.59	3.29	2.54	-8.7	-3.1	1.4
Oklahoma	2.86	R 2.99	2.28	2.37	2.69	1.89	-6.7 -4.4	1.5	4.7
Pennsylvania Total	3.46	R 3.42	3.29	3.05	2.09	2.03	1.1	4.2	6.1
•		D							
Anthracite	1.59	1.05	1.60	1.74	1.89	.93	-14.0	-4.2	6.2
Bituminous	3.74	5.05	3.53	3.23	3.06	2.15	3.1	5.1	6.3
Tennessee	2.49	2.40	2.15	1.99	2.14	1.65	1.4	3.9	4.7
Texas	9.14	0.70	9.29	9.19	8.25	6.78	4.4	2.6	3.4
Utah	6.21	5.59	5.75	6.56	6.37	4.30	11.1	6	4.1
Virginia	2.80	D 2.30	2.51	2.46	2.27	2.03	9.5	5.4	3.6
Washington	3.58	D 3.04	3.26	3.60	3.67	3.09	-6.8	6	1.6
West Virginia Total	4.32	R 4.20	4.05	3.55	3.40	2.69	3.0	6.2	5.4
Northern	4.20	R 4.23	4.06	3.68	3.38	2.44	7	5.6	6.2
Southern	4.36	R 4.18	4.04	3.50	3.40	2.83	4.3	6.4	4.9
Wyoming	33.83	R 32.64	31.34	29.08	27.27	19.42	3.6	5.5	6.3
Appalachian Total ¹	3.48	R 3.42	3.41	3.16	3.01	2.36	1.7	3.7	4.4
Interior Total ¹	5.11	R 4.89	5.02	4.89	4.51	3.52	4.6	3.2	4.2
Western Total ¹	17.28	R 16.36	16.10	15.79	14.22	10.72	5.6	5.0	5.4
East of Miss. River	3.60	R 3.53	3.53	3.30	3.13	2.48	2.1	3.6	4.3
West of Miss. River	15.59	R 14.76	14.55	14.21	12.87	9.44	5.6	4.9	5.7
U.S. Total	6.00	R 5.63	5.48	5.16	4.88	3.47	6.6	5.3	6.3

¹ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: Productivity is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, shop or yard work at mining operations, including office workers for 1998 forward. For 1997 and prior years, includes mining operations management and all technical and engineering personnel, excluding office workers. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

Revised Data

Table B7. Coal Consumption by Census Division and State, 1990, 1995-1999 (Thousand Metric Tons)

Census Division and State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change		Annual Change
							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
New England	1,786	R 4,899	R 7,228	6,372	6,043	6,143	-63.5	-26.3	-12.8
Connecticut	5	541	966	845	822	881	-99.1	-72.6	-44.2
Maine	108	128	176	212	256	240	-15.5	-19.3	-8.5
Massachusetts	451	2,893	4,437	4,062	3,732	3,934	-84.4	-41.0	-21.4
New Hampshire	1,219	1,333	1,547	1,249	1,229	1,076	-8.5	2	1.4
Rhode Island	1	2	. 3	3	2	5	-25.6	-12.2	-12.3
Vermont	2	R 2	R 99	2	3	7	-4.0	-9.5	-14.9
Middle Atlantic	50,209	R 62,877	R 66,519	64,378	62,108	66,961	-20.1	-5.2	-3.1
New Jersey	2,355	2,152	2,601	2,179	1,881	2,747	9.4	5.8	-1.7
New York	6,655	R 11,280	R 10,691	10,284	10,036	12,215	-41.0	-9.8	-6.5
Pennsylvania	41,198	R 49,445	R 53,228	51,915	50,191	51,999	-16.7	-4.8	-2.5
East North Central	208,072	R 212,336	R 212,175	R 207,776	197,496	190,163	-2.0	1.3	1.0
Illinois	38,256	R 40,517	K 43,216	40,307	35,946	30,757	-5.6	1.6	2.4
Indiana	60,016	R 60,146	R 59,921	58,079	56,818	55,974	2	1.4	.8
Michigan	34,721	R 34,495	R 32,556	R 33,319	32,479	31,491	.6	1.7	1.1
Ohio	52,163	R 54,754	R 53,362	54,281	51,328	53,710	-4.7	.4	3
Wisconsin	22,916	R 22,424	R 23,121	_ 21,790	20,925	18,231	2.2	2.3	2.6
West North Central	131,620	R 131,226	R 125,467	R 124,358	118,867	105,477	.3	2.6	2.5
Iowa	21,282	R 20,995	R 19,660	R 19,205	18,721	16,265	1.4	3.3	3.0
Kansas	17,240	16,090	16,033	17,313	14,987	13,766	7.1	3.6	2.5
Minnesota	17,313	R 18,106	R 17,315	R 17,874	17,189	16,672	-4.4	.2	.4
Missouri	34,452	R 34,971	R 33,439	31,191	28,806	23,438	-1.5	4.6	4.4
Nebraska	10,546	R 10,786	10,170	9,415	9,431	7,499	-2.2	2.8	3.9
North Dakota	28,383	28,178	26,635	27,679	27,431	25,505	.7	.8	1.2
South Dakota	2,404	2,101	2 215	1 680	2,302	2,332	14.4	1.1	.3
South Atlantic	157,263	R 157,386	R 154,816	R 150,181	140,849	135,583	1	2.8	1.7
Delaware	1,264	1,609	1,692	1,775	1,825	2,080	-21.4	-8.8	-5.4
District of Columbia	5	6	36	21	5	63	-2.6	1.3	-23.8
Florida	24,754	26,151	26,054	25,803	24,064	22,891	-5.3	.7	.9
Georgia	30,385	R 29,684	29,659	28,266	28,384	27,276	2.4	1.7	1.2
Maryland	10,683	R 10,695	R 10,196	R 10,312	10,159	10,154	1	1.3	.6
North Carolina	25,773	26,233	R 26,812	25,060	21,849	19,187	-1.8	4.2	3.3
South Carolina	14,303	13,289	R 12,799	12,566	11,139	10,385	7.6	6.4	3.6
Virginia	14,336	R 14,385	R 13,856	13,592	12,136	11,888	3	4.3	2.1
West Virginia	35,760	R 35,334	R 33,711	32,785	31,288	31,658	1.2	3.4	1.4
East South Central	98,355	R 97,802	R 102,491	100,198	96,008	82,668	.6	.6	1.9
Alabama	34,562	R 32,956	R 33,209	33,613	31,124	25,074	4.9	2.6	3.6
Kentucky	34,015	R 35,197	R 38,001	37,069	35,849	31,251	-3.3	-1.3	.9
Mississippi	5,631	5,350	5,691	5,254	4,178	3,773	5.2	7.7	4.5
Tennessee	24,147	R 24,300	R 25,590	24,262	24,856	22,569	6	7	.8
West South Central	136,515	R 133,477	R 136,417	132,877	126,195	119,275	2.3	2.0	1.5
Arkansas	13,879	13,212	R 12,763	13,440	12,284	10,970	5.0	3.1	2.6
Louisiana	12,656	12,601	12,586	11,371	12,118	11,383	.4	1.1	1.2
Oklahoma	17,304	R 17,764	R 19,167	18,257	17,777	13,992	-2.6	7	2.4
	92,675	R 89,900	R 91,901	_ 89,809	84,017	82,931	3.1	2.5	1.2
Texas	106,127	R 107.359	R 101,134	R 97,275	97,906	97,212		2.3 2.0	
Mountain	17,881	17,249	101,134	15,234	15,134	14,895	−1.1 3.7	4.3	1.0 2.0
Arizona	16,543	R 16,394	R 16,515 R 16,246		,	,			1.0
Colorado	,	10,574		15,624	15,395	15,159	.9	1.8	
Idaho	391	R 0.776	R 9 504	360	421	498	-10.0	-1.9	-2.7
Montana	9,407	R 9,776 R 7,453	R 8,594 R 6,756	7,286	9,076	8,778	-3.8	.9	.8
Nevada	7,318			6,898	6,659	6,751	-1.8	2.4	.9
New Mexico	14,790	14,482 R 15,470	14,412 R 14,610	13,877	13,809	13,709	2.1	1.7	.8
Utah	14,688	n 13,470	14,010	13,823 R 24,173	13,886	14,277	-5.0	1.4	.3
Wyoming	25,110	D 20,102	23,674	24.173	23,526	23,145	-3.8	1.6	.9
Pacific	9,840	10,120	8,687	R 9,328	8,081	8,884	-2.8	5.0	1.1
Alaska	629	629 R 1815	670	640 R 2 251	740	711	.1	-3.9	-1.3
California	1,872		2,545	R 2,351	2,375	2,630	3.2	-5.8	-3.7
Hawaii	106	R 132	151	154	174	25	-19.7	-11.6	17.3
Oregon	1,954	1,882	832	1,029	1,020	848	3.8	17.6	9.7
Washington	5,278	5,662	4,489	5,155	3,772	4,669	-6.8	8.8	1.4
Other Power Producers	47,802	24,440	19,598	R 20,162	19,194	6,725	95.6	25.6	24.3
U.S. Total	947,589	R 941,923	R 934,532	R 912,906	872,747	819,091	0.6	2.1	1.6

R Revised Data.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly"; and Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-867, "Annual Non-utility Power Producer Report" for 1997 and prior years; and for 1998 forward, Form EIA-860B, "Annual Electric Generation Report - Non-utility."

Table B8. Year-End Consumer Coal Stocks by Census Division and State, 1990, 1995-1999 (Thousand Metric Tons)

Census Division and State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
New England Total	308	603	740	1,176	879	1,039	-48.8	-23.0	-12.6
Connecticut	_	122	60	157	149	127	_	_	_
Maine	w	71	47	46	43	27	w	w	w
Massachusetts	w	159	363	647	397	544	w	w	w
New Hampshire		252	271	326	290	316	w	w	w
Rhode Island				_		25	_		_
Middle Atlantic Total	4,847	10,189	9,413	9,884	11,253	17,033	-52.4	-19.0	-13.0
New Jersey		602	514	748	731	686	w	w	w
New York	w	1,370	1,044	1,100	1,176	2,353	w	w	w
Pennsylvania		8,217	7,855	8,035	9,346	13,994	w	w	w
East North Central Total		33,392	27,936	27,955	30,679	41,196	-2.8	1.4	-2.6
Illinois		6,555	4,856	4,680	5,403	7,518		w	-2.0 W
							w		
Indiana	W	8,154	6,026	7,217	8,435	11,091	w	W	W
Michigan	W	8,573	7,301	7,089	8,139	9,448	w	W	W
Ohio	W	5,602	5,737	4,924	5,385	9,499	w	W	W
Wisconsin		4,508	4,016	4,045	3,317	3,640	w	w	w
West North Central Total		17,263	13,456	16,626	16,976	18,579	17.4	4.5	1.0
Iowa	W	3,865	2,671	4,184	4,034	4,463	W	W	W
Kansas	W	2,891	2,085	2,707	3,501	3,395	W	W	W
Minnesota	W	2,172	1,809	1,577	1,800	2,119	W	W	W
Missouri	w	4,680	3,494	4,824	4,335	4,183	w	w	w
Nebraska	w	1,913	1,472	1,567	1,307	1,474	w	w	w
North Dakota	w	1,533	1,705	1,622	1,807	2,666	w	w	w
South Dakota	w	209	221	145	191	279	w	w	w
South Atlantic Total	21,492	19,808	15,431	17,760	17,878	26,691	8.5	4.7	-2.4
Delaware	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Florida	w	4,218	3,182	3,119	2,965	4,511	w	w	w
Georgia	w	3,235	2,184	3,491	3,435	5,175	w	w	w
Maryland		1,068	1,092	1,249	963	2,053	w	w	w
North Carolina		3,402	1,836	2,423	2,590	4,227	w	w	w
South Carolina		2,488	1,833	1,975	1,990	2,101	w	w	w
Virginia		1,352	1,180	1,037	1,157	1,766	W	w	w
9		3,617	3,830	4,164	4,448	6,481	W	w	w
West Virginia East South Central Total		10,569	9,151	8,443	9,925	15,283	11.4	4.3	-2.8
Alabama		3,245	2,696	2,593	3,310	3,966			
							w	W	w
Kentucky	W	4,437	4,230	3,921	4,240	7,113	w	W	W
Mississippi	W	758	569	568	666	729	w	w	w
Tennessee		2,129	1,657	1,361	1,709	3,475	W	w	w
West South Central Total		13,381	10,291	18,040	18,656	15,040	48.9	1.7	3.2
Arkansas	W	1,020	865	2,467	2,558	1,574	W	W	W
Louisiana	W	1,979	1,141	2,250	2,422	2,271	W	W	W
Oklahoma	W	3,119	2,352	3,819	3,852	2,469	W	W	W
Texas	W	7,263	5,933	9,504	9,824	8,726	W	W	W
Mountain Total	11,076	9,801	9,052	10,525	13,551	15,714	13.0	-4.9	-3.8
Arizona	W	1,746	1,283	1,836	2,751	2,839	w	w	W
Colorado	w	2,597	2,246	2,771	3,340	3,025	w	w	w
Idaho	w	114	96	70	107	127	w	w	w
Montana	w	312	381	472	471	744	w	w	w
Nevada	w	806	741	1,129	1,235	1,119	w	w	w
New Mexico		719	723	742	879	1,396	w	w	w
Utah	w	2,309	2,172	1,449	2,104	3,477	w	w	w
Wyoming		1,198	1,411	2,057	2,664	2,987	w	w	w
Pacific Total		1,180	1,055	1,156	2,346	2,024	5.6	-14.6	-5.2
Alaska		1,100	*	1,130	2,340	2,024	W.	-14.0 W	-3.2 W
		171	107	136	121	110			
California		38				22	W	w	w
Hawaii			61	41	46		W	w	w
Oregon		178	87	201	392	639	w	W	w
Washington	W	794	800	777	1,786	1,250	w	W	W
U.S. Total	123,382	116,185	96,526	111,564	122,142	152,598	6.2	.3	-2.3

* Data round to zero.

** Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Stocks for Residential and Commercial Sector are not included.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly"; and Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants."

Table B9. U.S. Coal Exports by Destination, 1990, 1995-1999

(Thousand Metric Tons)

Continent and Country of Destination	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change	Average Annual Percent Change	
of Destination							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
North America Total	19,272	20,245	15,374	12,346	9,444	14,387	-4.8	19.5	3.3
Canada ¹	17,986	18,737	13,586	10,912	8,552	14,071	-4.0	20.4	2.8
Mexico	1,280	1,399	1,722	1,369	790	191	-8.6	12.8	23.5
Other ²	7	108	66	66	102	125	-93.8	-49.3	-27.7
South America Total	4,101	6,381	7,452	6,808	6,321	6,262	-35.7	-10.3	-4.6
Brazil	4,030	5,874	6,763	5,933	5,761	5,304	-31.4	-8.5	-3.0
Other ²	71	507	689	875	560	957	-86.0	-40.3	-25.1
Europe Total	20,419	30,638	37,495	42,813	44,107	52,964	-33.3	-17.5	-10.0
Belgium & Luxembourg	1,880	2,898	3,918	4,145	4,084	7,711	-35.1	-17.6	-14.5
Bulgaria	474	898	1,011	1,258	1,214	80	-47.2	-21.0	21.9
Finland	211	420	600	638	1,187	86	-49.6	-35.0	10.4
France	2,288	2,895	3,083	3,495	3,319	6,241	-21.0	-8.9	-10.5
Germany, FR	520	1,131	789	957	1,772	959	-54.0	-26.4	-6.6
Iceland	46	35	49	56	36	42	31.3	6.9	1.0
Ireland	787	1,043	578	694	829	1,322	-24.5	-1.3	-5.6
Italy	3,641	4,824	6,368	8,350	8,222	10,838	-24.5	-18.4	-11.4
Netherlands	3,113	4,097	4,377	6,403	6,624	7,592	-24.0	-17.2	-9.4
Norway	78	85	87	77	109	161	-7.4	-7.9	-7.7
Portugal	676	677	1,334	1,635	1,590	1,620	1	-19.3	-9.3
Romania	292	995	2,035	1,372	1,800	1,559	-70.7	-36.5	-17.0
Spain	2,242	2,863	3,750	3,713	4,221	3,439	-21.7	-14.6	-4.6
Sweden	579	686	756	970	1,014	785	-15.6	-13.1	-3.3
Turkey	721	1,444	1,898	1,966	1,825	1,921	-50.1	-20.7	-10.3
United Kingdom	2,869	5,395	6,518	5,621	4,288	4,697	-46.8	-9.5	-5.3
Other ²	1	251	344	1,462	1,976	3,910	-99.6	-85.1	-60.2
Asia Total	8,307	11,168	13,152	16,311	17,323	20,616	-25.6	-16.8	-9.6
China (Taiwan)	1,102	1,378	2,033	2,215	2,298	4,177	-20.0	-16.8	-13.8
Israel	547	478	538	1.090	690	580	14.3	-5.6	6
Japan	4,494	7.017	7,234	9,551	10.693	12,100	-35.9	-19.5	-10.4
Korea, Republic of	2,145	2,225	3,165	3,423	3,640	3,628	-3.6	-12.4	-5.7
Other ²	19	70	182	32	2	132	-72.9	73.7	-19.3
Oceania & Australia Total	*	4	1	1	*	2	-98.3	-22.1	-32.1
Other ²	*	4	1	1	*	2	-98.3	-22.1	-32.1
Africa Total	949	2,366	2,317	3,796	3,133	1,753	-59.9	-25.8	-6.6
Algeria	288	311	240	160	200	435	-7.6	9.6	-4.5
Egypt	236	808	1,025	941	1,120	586	-70.8	-32.3	-9.6
South Africa, Rep of	425	1,178	895	1,197	713	50	-63.9	-12.1	26.8
Other ²	*	69	157	1,497	1,099	682	-99.9	-91.1	-64.0
Total	53,048	70,804	75,791	82,075	80,329	95,984	-25.1	-9.8	-6.4

Based on the U.S. - Canada Free Trade Agreement, as of January 1990, the U.S. Department of Commerce began reporting statistics on U.S. exports to Canada based on information on imports provided monthly by the Canadian government.
Includes countries with exports less than or equal to 50,000 short tons (45,359 metric tons) in 1999.

Note: Total may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report EM 545."

^{*} Data round to zero.

Table B10. Average Price of Coal by State, 1990, 1995-1999

Coal-Producing							Percent	Average Annual	Percent Chang
State and Region	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Change 1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Alabama	\$38.90	\$41.04	\$42.41	\$43.52	\$42.38	\$47.44	-5.2	-2.1	-2.2
Alaska	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Arizona	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Arkansas	w	w	w	_	w	w	w	w	w
California	_	_	_	_	_	w	_	_	_
Colorado	\$19.00	\$19.07	\$20.35	\$19.77	\$21.23	\$23.98	4	-2.7	-2.5
llinois	25.24	25.20	23.63	25.07	25.41	30.56	.2	2	-2.1
ndiana	22.04	21.69	21.62	22.31	23.93	26.36	1.6	-2.0	-2.0
owa	_	_	_	w	w	w	_	_	_
Kansas	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	W	w
Kentucky Total	\$25.91	\$26.25	\$26.14	\$26.36	\$27.33	\$27.77	-1.3	-1.3	8
Eastern	26.61	27.10	27.17	27.54	28.66	28.49	-1.8	-1.8	8
Western	23.31	23.16	22.59	22.47	22.88	25.71	.7	.5	-1.1
Louisiana	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Maryland	\$25.65	\$26.84	\$25.63	\$26.90	\$27.22	\$28.63	-4.4	-1.5	-1.2
Mississippi	w	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Missouri	w	22.91	18.60	25.70	20.84	w	w	w	w
Montana	\$9.72	9.10	10.85	10.98	10.61	\$10.38	6.8	-2.2	7
New Mexico	23.12	22.79	24.06	27.18	26.24	24.72	1.4	-3.1	7
North Dakota	8.83	8.83	8.89	8.83	8.81	8.46	*	*	.5
Ohio	31.06	30.37	26.08	27.39	28.62	31.58	2.3	2.1	2
Oklahoma	29.43	28.68	29.02	29.25	26.60	33.50	2.6	2.5	-1.4
Pennsylvania Total	26.61	28.43	28.64	28.42	29.52	33.24	-6.4	-2.6	-2.4
Anthracite	38.72	47.30	38.71	40.54	43.85	43.43	-18.1	-3.1	-1.3
Bituminous	25.83	27.18	28.01	27.54	28.41	32.76	-5.0	-2.3	-2.6
Γennessee	32.23	31.63	29.80	30.63	29.70	30.82	1.9	2.1	.5
Гехаs	13.74	13.74	13.40	13.41	13.41	12.34	*	.6	1.2
Utah	19.10	20.35	19.41	23.85	21.06	20.43	-6.2	-2.4	7
Virginia	29.00	31.62	31.13	31.36	31.38	30.92	-8.3	-1.9	7
Washington	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
West Virginia Total	\$28.18	\$29.84	\$29.37	\$29.30	\$29.96	\$31.54	-5.6	-1.5	-1.2
Northern	25.33	28.24	28.51	27.41	27.46	32.03	-10.3	-2.0	-2.6
Southern	29.09	30.39	29.65	30.00	30.94	31.30	-4.3	-1.5	8
Wyoming	5.93	5.97	6.62	7.06	7.25	9.29	7	-4.9	-4.9
Appalachian Total ¹	28.20	29.58	29.26	29.52	30.25	31.84	-4.7	-1.7	-1.3
Interior Total 1	20.42	20.34	19.75	20.29	20.73	23.64	.4	4	-1.6
Western Total ¹	9.46	9.66	10.50	11.06	11.19	12.79	-2.0	-4.1	-3.3
East of Miss. River	27.31	28.41	27.99	28.33	29.04	30.97	-3.9	-1.5	-1.4
West of Miss. River	10.00	10.19	10.93	11.46	11.56	13.01	-1.9	-3.5	-2.9
J.S. Total	18.33	19.47	19.99	20.39	20.76	23.99	-5.8	-3.0	-2.9

¹ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: Average mine price is calculated by dividing the total free on board (f.o.b.) mine value of the coal produced by the total production for 1997 and prior years. For 1998 and forward, average mine price is calculated by dividing the total free on board (f.o.b.) rail/barge value of the coal sold by the total coal sold. A measure of dispersion of the 1999 average prices at the State level (interquartile range) is given in Appendix D, Table D1. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

^{*} Data round to zero.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Table B11. Average Price of Coal Delivered to Electric Utilities by Census Division and State, 1990, 1995-1999

Census Division and State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
New England Total	\$45.43	\$47.33	\$48.14	\$48.01	\$47.78	\$52.23	-4.0	-1.2	-1.5
Connecticut	50.54	52.46	55.14	55.17	54.37	62.11	-3.6	-1.8	-2.3
Massachusetts	50.30	46.63	47.09	47.00	47.00	49.93	7.9	1.7	.1
New Hampshire	43.86	46.68	46.98	46.55	45.93	52.24	-6.0	-1.1	-1.9
Middle Atlantic Total	36.91	37.84	37.91	38.67	38.17	42.50	-2.5	8	-1.5
New Jersey	42.14	45.98	50.65	50.18	52.00	53.32	-8.3	-5.1	-2.6
New York	41.64	41.27	41.14	40.95	40.63	45.69	.9	.6	-1.0
Pennsylvania	35.94	36.69	36.69	37.55	36.91	41.06	-2.0	7	-1.5
East North Central Total	29.32	30.33	30.52	31.18	32.70	36.56	-3.3	-2.7	-2.4
Illinois	30.28	33.31	33.52	35.43	35.91	41.66	-9.1	-4.2	-3.5
Indiana	26.00	26.04	26.84	27.20	28.59	31.72	2	-2.3	-2.2
Michigan	30.20	31.07	31.89	32.34	34.12	39.24	-2.8	-3.0	-2.9
Ohio	35.79	35.84	34.62	35.61	37.96	39.70	1	-1.4	-1.1
Wisconsin	20.57	22.01	22.52	21.55	23.40	28.86	-6.6	-3.2	-3.7
West North Central Total	16.07	16.44	16.96	17.12	17.75	21.68	-2.3	-2.5	-3.3
Iowa	15.54	16.67	17.89	17.96	18.88	21.92	-6.8	-4.8	-3.8
Kansas	18.15	18.81	19.74	19.30	19.66	24.51	-3.5	-2.0	-3.3
Minnesota	21.46	20.94	21.47	20.94	22.18	24.26	2.4	8	-1.3
Missouri	18.26	18.07	18.52	19.08	20.00	30.90	1.0	-2.2	-5.7
Nebraska	10.39	11.10	11.09	13.64	14.18	14.20	-6.4	-7.5	-3.4
North Dakota	10.54	11.03	11.25	10.71	10.64	10.03	-4.4	2	.5
South Dakota	17.81	17.84	17.62	18.67	15.82	15.40	1	3.0	1.6
South Atlantic Total	38.41	39.22	40.05	40.43	42.17	46.15	-2.1	-2.3	-2.0
Delaware	45.33	44.66	45.25	45.76	46.60	52.15	1.5	2. 3	-1.5
Florida	43.07	44.12	46.10	46.74	48.42	50.39	-2.4	-2.9	-1.7
Georgia	40.00	40.03	41.09	40.28	42.57	46.83	1	-1.5	-1.7
Maryland	39.35	41.48	42.71	42.43	42.99	46.25	-5.1	-2.2	-1.8
North Carolina	39.46	39.31	38.97	40.65	44.72	49.21	.4	-3.1	-2.4
South Carolina	40.00	40.84	41.02	41.38	42.83	48.00	-2.1	-1.7	-2.0
Virginia	37.60	38.29	38.56	39.38	40.68	43.31	-1.8	-1.9	-1.5
West Virginia	32.21	33.14	33.82	34.09	34.84	40.41	-2.8	-1.9	-2.5
East South Central Total	30.90	32.07	31.64	32.35	33.16	37.46	-3.7	-1.8	-2.1
Alabama	35.67	39.99	39.22	40.11	40.78	49.14	-10.8	-3.3	-3.5
Kentucky	27.03	27.03	26.68	26.93	28.34	30.41	*	-1.2	-1.3
Mississippi	37.86	35.84	35.76	36.71	37.92	45.74	5.6	*	-2.1
Tennessee	29.02	29.10	29.40	30.46	30.80	35.41	3	-1.5	-2.2
West South Central Total	20.79	21.31	21.70	22.19	22.78	25.26	-2 .4	-2.3	-2.1
Arkansas	27.77	28.14	31.48	28.83	30.85	31.05	-1.3	-2.6	-1.2
Louisiana	25.12	25.51	26.42	27.27	27.70	30.62	-1.5 -1.5	-2.4	-1.2 -2.2
Oklahoma	17.34	17.35	17.50	18.51	18.74	27.53	-1.J 1	-1.9	-2.2 -5.0
Texas	17.34	20.51	20.61	21.24	21.66	23.36	-3.2	-1.9 -2.1	-3.0 -1.8
Mountain Total	22.81	22.96	23.72	24.05	23.71	23.30 24.46	-3.2 6	-2.1 - 1.0	-1.8 - .8
Arizona	30.00	29.89	31.91	32.57	31.59	33.04	- . 0	-1.3	-1.1
Colorado	21.17	21.39	21.97	22.31	22.85	22.94	-1.0	-1.9	-1.1 9
Montana	13.52	12.53	12.69	13.12	12.64	12.64	-1.0 7.9	1.7	9 .7
Nevada	32.11	32.05	34.28	33.55	31.99	36.55	.2	.1	-1.4
	26.76	26.15	26.71	28.71	28.21	26.49	2.3	-1.3	-1.4 .1
New Mexico	26.76	28.63	27.80	27.18	27.85	29.54	-7.8	-1.3 -1.3	-1.2
	26.41 14.76							-1.5 -1.6	-1.2 -1.0
Wyoming		15.25	15.61	15.76	15.75	16.24 26.91	-3.2		
Pacific Total	26.20 21.32	25.43 20.85	27.77 21.99	26.42 20.73	25.16 20.72	2 6.91 19.86	3.0 2.2	1.0	3
Oregon	28.28	26.94	21.99	20.73	26.17		5.0	.7 1.9	.8
vv ashington	28.28	20.94	28.82	27.40	20.17	28.27	5.0	1.9	**
U.S. Total	27.25	28.26	28.83	29.16	29.77	33.57	-3.5	-2.2	-2.3

Note: Average prices are based on the cost including insurance and freight.

Source: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table B12. Average Price of Coal Delivered to Other Industrial Plants by Census Division and State, 1990, 1995-1999

Census Division and State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change	_	nual Percent ange
		ĺ	Ĩ				1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
New England Total	w	w	w	\$63.22	\$62.72	\$71.77	w	w	w
Maine	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Massachusetts	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
New Hampshire	_	_	_	_	w	w	_	_	_
Middle Atlantic Total	\$39.30	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
New Jersey	W	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
New York	w	w	w	\$44.21	\$46.19	\$48.57	w	w	w
Pennsylvania	\$37.08	\$37.84	\$37.69	37.30	37.56	40.36	-2.0	-0.3	-0.9
East North Central Total	36.76	36.62	36.96	37.96	38.45	39.86	.4	-1.1	- .9
Illinois	32.65	32.47	32.80	32.72	32.00	34.48	.5	- 1.1 .5	6
								-2.2	0 9
Indiana	33.44	33.30	32.80	35.01	36.53	36.19	.4		
Michigan	44.15	44.54	46.23	45.50	45.39	47.83	9	7	9
Ohio	37.96	36.94	37.53	38.89	38.78	38.62	2.8	5	2
Wisconsin	42.98	44.55	44.12	44.12	44.32	47.85	-3.5	8	-1.2
West North Central Total	20.71	20.64	20.97	21.00	20.86	20.29	.3	2	.2
Iowa	31.10	31.08	31.88	32.32	32.23	33.36	.1	9	8
Kansas	36.39	34.26	35.20	35.78	35.74	31.63	6.2	.4	1.6
Minnesota	34.19	32.74	34.21	31.80	37.92	40.38	4.4	-2.5	-1.8
Missouri	32.92	33.60	33.14	34.58	36.17	33.27	-2.0	-2.3	1
Nebraska	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
North Dakota	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
South Dakota	\$28.34	\$26.45	\$25.74	\$27.45	\$24.48	\$17.86	7.1	3.7	5.3
South Atlantic Total	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Delaware	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Florida	\$46.98	\$49.18	\$49.75	\$50.36	\$51.41	\$52.06	-4.5	-2.2	-1.1
Georgia	48.64	49.10	49.42	48.73	49.21	49.49	9	3	2
Maryland	35.28	35.72	35.95	35.85	34.90	31.64	-1.2	.3	1.2
North Carolina	45.95	47.09	47.55	47.80	47.72	49.45	-2.4	9	8
South Carolina	48.64	48.53	48.75	48.59	47.72	48.27	.2	<i>9</i> .5	o .1
Virginia	47.33	48.07	48.33	47.96	46.85	45.25	-1.5	.3	.5
West Virginia	41.73	53.18	38.92	36.78	37.05	35.14	-21.5	3.0	1.9
East South Central Total	w	W	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Alabama	\$43.88	\$43.53	\$44.31	\$44.26	\$43.58	\$44.73	.8	.2	2
Kentucky	47.09	48.13	49.28	48.52	48.60	50.50	-2.1	8	8
Mississippi	w	w	W	w	w	w	w	W	W
Tennessee	\$38.87	\$40.37	\$40.05	\$38.82	\$39.33	\$38.76	-3.7	3	*
West South Central Total	25.21	25.26	24.71	24.02	24.29	23.46	2	.9	.8
Arkansas	47.49	45.83	46.71	47.67	47.97	50.03	3.6	3	6
Louisiana	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Oklahoma	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Texas	\$23.15	\$23.20	\$22.19	\$20.93	\$20.68	\$18.51	2	2.9	2.5
Mountain Total	w	w	29.91	29.44	29.83	31.69	w	w	w
Arizona	\$43.96	\$42.63	42.78	43.29	44.60	43.59	3.1	4	.1
Colorado	26.45	26.18	27.70	25.54	28.78	29.68	1.0	-2.1	-1.3
Idaho	20.43 W	20.16 W	38.10	40.11	37.60	35.03	12.3	W.	w
Montana	w	w	36.10 W	40.11 W	37.00 W	33.03 W	12.3 W	w	w W
	w w								
Nevada		W	W	W	W	W	W	w	w
New Mexico	w \$22.72	W #21.00	W \$21.25	W \$21.06	W \$21.76	W #21 40	W	w	w
Utah	\$23.73	\$21.00	\$21.25	\$21.06	\$21.76	\$31.40	13.0	2.2	-3.1
Wyoming	26.74	26.57	26.11	24.61	25.05	27.46	.6	1.6	3
Pacific Total	45.28	47.53	47.67	46.79	48.15	50.66	-4.7	-1.5	-1.2
California	43.89	45.21	44.25	43.58	45.32	49.73	-2.9	8	-1.4
Hawaii	W	w	W	W	w	w	w	W	w
Oregon	_	w	w	w	w	w	_	_	-
Washington	W	w	\$65.92	\$64.83	\$65.20	\$61.32	w	W	W
U.S. Total	\$34.83	\$35.61	35.72	35.63	35.74	37.03	-2.2	6	7

^{*} Data round to zero.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: Price data are for manufacturing plants only. Average prices are based on the cost including insurance, freight, and taxes.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption - Manufacturing Plants."

Table B13. Average Price of Coal Delivered to Coke Plants by Census Division and State, 1990, 1995-1999

Census Division and State	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change	Average Annual Percent Change	
							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
Middle Atlantic Total	\$48.87	\$48.67	w	w	w	w	0.4	w	w
New York	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Pennsylvania	w	w	\$50.93	\$49.79	\$50.83	\$50.46	w	w	w
East North Central Total	\$52.63	\$53.34	54.15	54.61	54.12	53.81	-1.3	-0.7	-0.2
Illinois	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Indiana	w	w	\$55.94	\$57.25	\$58.13	\$54.45	w	w	w
Michigan	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Ohio	w	w	\$51.69	\$49.58	\$46.50	\$53.24	w	w	w
South Atlantic Total	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Maryland	_	_	_	_	_	w	_	_	_
Virginia	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
West Virginia	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
East South Central Total	\$49.91	\$51.18	w	w	w	w	-2.5	w	w
Alabama	w	w	\$55.16	\$54.42	\$53.38	\$53.94	w	w	w
Kentucky	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Tennessee	_	_	_	_	_	w	_	_	_
Mountain Total	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Utah	w	w	w	w	W	w	w	W	w
U.S. Total	\$50.54	\$50.77	\$52.48	\$52.17	\$52.18	\$52.61	4	8	4

 $^{^{\}mathbf{w}}$ Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Note: Average prices are based on the cost including insurance, freight, and taxes.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly."

Table B14. Average Price of U.S. Coal Imports by Continent and Country of Origin, 1990, 1995-1999

Continent and Country	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
of Origin							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
North America Total	\$37.74	\$39.00	\$42.01	\$40.24	\$40.64	\$27.07	-3.2	-1.8	3.8
Canada	38.61	39.02	42.01	40.26	40.72	26.95	-1.0	-1.3	4.1
Mexico	24.17	23.01	-	36.85	23.01	42.29	5.1	1.2	-6.0
South America Total	33.05	34.35	35.81	34.76	35.70	41.43	-3.8	-1.9	-2.5
Colombia	32.15	34.40	35.40	35.16	34.46	40.64	-6.5	-1.7	-2.6
Venezuela	35.27	34.27	36.66	34.03	38.25	45.75	2.9	-2.0	-2.8
Europe Total	32.50	40.56	54.25	_	28.27	40.98	-19.9	3.5	-2.5
Denmark	_	_	_	_	_	40.05	_	_	-100.0
Norway	_	_	54.51	_	_	_	_	_	_
Spain	_	40.21	_	_	_	_	-100.0	_	_
Switzerland	_	_	45.51	_	_	_	_	_	_
United Kingdom	32.50	46.33	-	-	28.27	41.00	-29.8	3.5	-2.5
Asia Total	47.56	37.62	36.43	35.77	38.73	_	26.4	5.3	_
China (Mainland)	47.02	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Indonesia	47.57	37.62	36.18	35.77	38.73	_	26.4	5.3	_
Vietnam	-	-	54.11	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oceania & Australia Total	30.05	35.15	36.89	36.83	37.00	46.00	-14.5	-5.1	-4.6
Australia	30.05	35.15	36.89	36.83	34.16	46.00	-14.5	-3.1	-4.6
New Zealand	-	-	-	-	51.17	-	-	-100.0	-
Total ¹	34.72	35.48	36.93	36.02	37.03	36.86	-2.1	-1.6	7
U.S. Total ²	33.92	35.48	37.83	37.23	37.54	37.98	-4.4	-2.5	-1.2

The average prices presented in this table, with the exception of U.S. Total, are considered to be representative prices for coal imports and fall within the range of \$20 to \$55 per short ton (\$18.14 to \$49.90 per metric ton), inclusively.
 U.S. Total is the average price of all coal imports.

Notes: Average price is based on the customs import value. Coal imports include coal to Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report IM 145."

Table B15. Average Price of U.S. Coal Exports by Destination, 1990, 1995-1999

Continent and Country	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1990	Percent Change	_	nual Percent ange
of Destination							1998-1999	1995-1999	1990-1999
North America Total	\$31.68	\$31.40	\$33.70	\$36.48	\$37.53	\$36.10	0.9	-4.1	-1.4
Canada ¹	30.53	30.48	32.15	35.53	36.92	36.01	.1	-4.6	-1.8
Mexico	47.55	42.56	45.53	43.77	44.05	42.02	11.7	1.9	1.4
Other ²	39.85	41.20	41.97	41.92	37.80	37.68	-3.3	1.3	.6
South America Total	43.33	47.20	48.44	48.29	47.90	51.04	-8.2	-2.5	-1.8
Brazil	43.44	47.24	48.64	49.25	48.37	51.68	-8.0	-2.6	-1.9
Other ²	36.00	46.70	46.45	39.78	43.05	47.45	-22.9	-4.4	-3.0
Europe Total	45.30	47.71	47.42	46.41	45.10	48.70	-5.0	.1	8
Belgium & Luxembourg	48.34	51.12	50.38	50.41	47.92	49.66	-5.4	.2	3
Bulgaria	45.89	49.13	51.17	48.79	48.54	54.28	-6.6	-1.4	-1.8
Finland	40.79	44.64	45.89	46.42	43.51	49.30	-8.6	-1.6	-2.1
France	47.08	50.78	50.66	49.53	48.19	47.40	-7.3	6	1
Germany, FR	34.88	39.12	49.15	45.28	38.57	47.19	-10.8	-2.5	-3.3
Iceland	59.86	61.60	65.40	63.38	61.78	53.18	-2.8	8	1.3
Ireland	32.99	40.10	41.88	41.17	39.76	43.05	-17.7	-4.5	-2.9
Italy	51.02	51.29	50.19	49.66	48.66	49.55	5	1.2	.3
Netherlands	44.02	49.89	49.57	45.59	46.26	47.32	-11.8	-1.2	8
Norway	60.07	61.51	64.35	62.89	62.19	59.54	-2.3	-1.2 9	s .1
Portugal	36.34	41.93	40.52	40.26	40.18	44.97	-13.3	-2.5	-2.3
Romania	43.28	46.64	49.14	51.76	46.77	52.80	-7.2	-1.9	-2.3 -2.2
Spain	43.26	47.28	49.14	41.41	38.30	52.76	-7.2 -8.9	3.0	-2.2 -2.2
Sweden	49.89	51.98	53.13	52.36	53.14	53.35	-6.9 -4.0	-1.6	-2.2 7
	42.44	49.52	50.78	48.86	46.97	50.85	-14.3	-1.0 -2.5	-2.0
Turkey	44.90	49.32	43.32			52.18	-14.5 4.4	-2.3 1	-2.0 -1.6
United Kingdom Other ²	44.90	37.51	35.03	42.88 33.24	45.11 32.66	41.14	17.6	7.8	-1.0
Asia Total	40.05	43.40	43.79	43.62	43.10	47.81	-7.7	-1.8	-1.9
China (Taiwan)	37.96	40.01	40.51	40.63	40.73	42.59	-5.1	-1.7	-1.3
Israel	35.06	36.93	40.51	40.03	39.45	43.45	-5.1 -5.0	-1.7 -2.9	-2.3
Japan	39.45	42.54	42.99	43.44	43.14	48.86	-7.3	-2.9 -2.2	-2.3 -2.3
Korea, Republic of	43.52	49.38	48.48	47.10	45.17	51.18	-7.3 -11.9	-2.2 9	-2.3 -1.8
Other ²	55.23	50.44	40.05	53.89	33.52	42.89	9.5	13.3	2.8
Oceania & Australia Total	_	52.95	44.93	44.89	43.82	38.28	-100.0	-100.0	-100.0
Other ²	_	52.95	44.93	44.89	43.82	38.28	-100.0 -100.0	-100.0	-100.0
Africa Total	53.49	50.17	53.46	48.90	47.47	45.59	6.6	3.0	1.8
Algeria	47.15	48.25	51.41	55.37	52.69	53.37	-2.3	-2.7	-1.4
Egypt	61.98	48.05	56.54	58.83	54.42	51.85	29.0	3.3	2.0
South Africa, Rep of	53.08	53.05	53.64	54.61	52.23	55.35	*	.4	5
Other ²	-	35.62	35.52	37.40	36.37	34.54	-100.0	-100.0	-100.0
Total ³	39.58	42.49	44.36	44.67	44.13	46.76	-6.8	-2.7	-1.8
U.S. Total ⁴	40.24	42.87	44.70	44.93	44.39	46.99	-6.1	-2.4	-1.7

¹ Based on the U.S. - Canada Free Trade Agreement, as of January 1990, the U.S. Department of Commerce began reporting statistics on U.S. exports

Note: Average price is based on the free alongside ship (f.a.s.) value.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report EM 545."

to Canada based on information on imports provided monthly by the Canadian government.

Includes countries with exports less than or equal to 50,000 short tons in 1999.

The average prices presented in this table, with the exception of U.S. Total, are considered to be representative prices for coal exports and fall within the range of \$20 to \$60 per short ton (\$18.14 to \$54.43 per metric ton), inclusively.

4 U.S. Total is the average price of all coal exports.

^{*} Data round to zero.

Appendix C

References

Figure C1. Coal-Bearing Areas of the United States

Coal-Producing Regions

Appalachian

Alabama, Georgia, Eastern Kentucky, Maryland, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Virginia, West Virginia.

Table C1. Classification of Coals by Rank

Interior

Arkansas, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Western Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, Oklahoma, Texas.

Western

Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Montana, New Mexico, North Dakota, Utah, Washington, Wyoming.

Coal Reports and Feature Articles

Coal Reports

- Weekly Coal Production, DOE/EIA-0218 (2001-17).
- Coal Data: A Reference, DOE/EIA-0064 (93), February 1995.
- State Coal Profiles, DOE/EIA-0576, January 1994.
- Quarterly Coal Report, DOE/EIA-0121(2000/4Q).
- The Changing Structure of the U.S. Coal Industry: An Update, DOE/EIA-0513(93), July 1993.
- U.S. Coal Reserves: A Review and Update DOE/EIA-0529(95), August 1996.
- Annual Energy Outlook 2001, DOA/EIA-0383(2000), December 2000.
- Energy Policy Transportation Rate Study: Final Report on Coal Transportation DOE/EIA-0597, October 2000.
- *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226(2001/03), April 2001.
- Electric Power Annual, DOE/EIA-0348(99), Vol. 2, February 2000.
- Longwall Mining, DOE/EIA-TR-0588 March 1995.
- Monthly Energy Review, DOE/EIA-0035(2001/05) May 2001.

- Short-Term Energy Outlook: Quarterly Projections January 2001, DOE/EIA-0202(2001/2Q), April 2001.
- Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants 1999, DOE/EIA-0191(99), May 2000.

Feature Articles

- "U.S. Coal Supply and Demand: 1999 Review," *Mining Engineering*, May 2000, Vol.52,No.5, May 2000, pp.49-56.
- "Carbon Dioxide Emission Factors for Coal," Quarterly Coal Report, DOE/EIA-0121 (94/1Q), August 1994.
- "Federal and Indian Coal Lands: A Growing Source of Energy and Revenue," *Coal Production* 1992, DOE/EIA-0118(92), October 1993.
- "Wyoming Coal: An Overview," Coal Production 1991, DOE/EIA-0118(91), October 1992.
- "Profile of New Coal Mines in the 1980's," Coal Production 1990, DOE/EIA-0118), September 1991.
- "The Comparability of Resource and Reserve Data for Crude Oil, Natural Gas, Coal, and Uranium," *Quarterly Coal Report October-December 1994*, DOE/EIA-0121 (94/4Q) May 1995.
- "Coal Geology, Reserves and Production in Northern and Central Appalachia," *Mining Engineering*, Special Edition, December 1995.

Appendix D

Explanatory Notes

Data Sources

All data in this report were collected by the Energy Information Administration (EIA), U.S. Department of Energy (DOE), except: import and export data, which were collected by the Bureau of the Census (Census Bureau), U.S. Department of Commerce; supplemental export data which were collected by King's Corporation, Publishing Knoxville, Tennessee: Federal and Indian land leasing data which were collected by the U.S. Department of the Interior (Bureau of Land Management and Minerals Management Service); and miner injury and fatality data which were collected by the U.S. Department of Labor (Mine Safety and Health Administration).

Coal Surveys

As early as the 1880's, the U.S. Geological Survey began collecting coal data under a voluntary reporting system. The responsibility for gathering this information was transferred to the Bureau of Mines in the 1920's, initially under the U.S. Department of Commerce and later under the U.S. Department of the Interior, which published the data in its *Minerals Yearbook*. Except for a brief period from 1937 to 1943, when bituminous coal data were collected under the mandatory authority of the Bituminous Coal Act, the Bureau of Mines continued to conduct voluntary coal surveys until the Department of Energy was created.

Coal Production Report (Form EIA-7A)

The Energy Information Administration (EIA) began collecting annual coal production data on October 1, 1977. The 1998 coal production and identification data in this report were collected on Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report," and the U.S. Department of Labor's Mine Safety and Health Administration's Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report" from companies that produced, processed or prepared coal in 1998. All other data collected on Form EIA-7A are reported for only those companies that owned a mining operation that produced, prepared or processed 10,000 short tons or more of coal in 1998 and preparation plants with 5,000 or more employee hours.

So that the EIA may fulfill its data collection functions as specified in the Federal Energy Administration Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-275), response to this survey is mandatory. EIA compares respondents to this survey with lists of mining operations maintained by various State coal mining/licensing agencies and the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA), U.S. Department of Labor, to identify new respondents. No sampling procedures are used. In 1998, there were 1,773 mining operations that produced, processed, or prepared 10,000 or more short tons of coal. All of the data were collected by mail and were edited to ensure that they were complete and accurate.

As in all surveys, data from Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report," are subject to various sources of error: (1) coverage (the list of respondents may not be complete or, on the other hand, there may be double counting), (2) nonresponse (all units that are surveyed may not respond or may not provide all the information requested), (3) respondents (respondents may commit errors in reporting the data), (4) processing (the data collection agency may lose or incorrectly transcribe the submissions), (5) concept (the data collection elements may not measure the items they were intended to measure), and (6) adjustment (errors may be made in estimating values for missing data).

Because the annual coal production survey (Form EIA-7A) is not a sample survey, the estimates shown in this report are not subject to sampling error. ¹ It is

¹ Sampling error is a measure of the variation that occurs by chance because a sample rather than a complete enumeration of units is surveyed.

not possible to present estimates of nonsampling error, but precautionary steps were taken at each stage of the survey design to minimize the possible occur-

rence of these errors. These steps are described as follows.

The forms are logged within 24 hours of receipt and assigned to a team of data editors consisting of Coal

Table D1. Interquartile Range and Average Mine Price by State and Mine Type, 1999
(Dollars per Short Ton)

Coal-Producing State and Region	Underground		Surface		Total	
	Average Mine Price	Interquartile Range	Average Mine Price	Interquartile Range	Average Mine Price	Interquartile Range
Alabama	\$35.58	\$15.48	\$34.40	\$6.23	\$35.29	\$15.48
Alaska	_	_	w	W	W	w
Arizona	_	_	w	W	W	w
Arkansas	_	_	w	w	w	W
Colorado	16.30	.65	\$19.27	\$.56	\$17.23	\$4.13
Illinois	22.84	3.72	23.56	3.66	22.90	3.72
Indiana		w	w	w	19.99	4.41
Kansas		_	w	w	w	w
Kentucky Total		\$4.21	\$22.97	\$4.27	\$23.50	\$4.65
Eastern		3.94	23.51	3.98	24.14	4.26
Western		4.08	19.25	4.06	21.15	5.26
Louisiana		4.06	19.23 W	4.00 W	21.13 W	3.20 W
Maryland		w	w	W	\$23.27	\$.36
-		w				
Mississippi		_	W	W	w	W
Missouri		_	W	W	W	W
Montana		_	\$8.82	\$5.74	\$8.82	\$5.74
New Mexico		W	W	W	20.97	4.15
North Dakota		_	\$8.01	\$.22	8.01	.22
Ohio	\$31.50	\$30.87	24.52	5.98	28.18	5.64
Oklahoma		W	W	W	26.70	2.11
Pennsylvania Total	\$23.86	\$2.78	\$25.07	\$8.17	24.14	2.96
Anthracite	40.86	2.89	34.77	29.48	35.13	29.48
Bituminous	23.78	2.78	21.90	6.36	23.43	2.79
Tennessee	w	W	w	w	29.24	7.06
Texas	_	_	\$12.46	\$3.47	12.46	3.47
Utah	\$17.33	\$4.48	_	_	17.33	4.48
Virginia	26.73	2.76	25.32	3.46	26.30	3.07
Washington		_	w	w	w	w
West Virginia Total		6.12	\$24.36	\$2.60	\$25.57	\$5.74
Northern		6.96	22.29	1.67	22.98	6.96
Southern		4.21	24.59	2.73	26.39	5.35
Wyoming		w	w	w	5.38	1.26
Appalachian Total ¹	\$26.07	\$6.69	\$24.65	\$4.75	25.58	5.48
Interior Total 1		3.80	16.04	8.45	18.52	9.15
Western Total 1		3.72	7.69	3.93	8.59	7.50
East of Miss. River	25.39	5.09	23.64	5.26	24.77	5.12
West of Miss. River		3.72	8.32	5.77	9.07	8.72
U.S. Total	24.33	6.64	12.37	15.36	16.63	18.64

¹ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

team personnel. The editors screen the forms for legibility, completeness, and consistency. Names and address changes are updated in the files. The reported data are compared with data from previous years. Inconsistencies are identified and the respondents contacted for clarification. Computer edits are generated to identify keypunch errors, errors made by coders, out-of-range codes, and unlikely data combinations. Errors are corrected to conform to the data on the submissions or revised after telephone conversations with the company representatives. All changes to reported data are documented. EIA maintains data

from the Form EIA-7A on an automated database at its computing facility in Washington, D.C. The survey forms are filed by EIA indetification number organized by State and county.

The survey forms were sent via regular mail in February with a due date of April 7, 2000. Nonresponse letters were mailed April 11 to those mining operations that had not submitted their forms. Subsequent to the letter, attempts were made to contact, by telephone, those nonrespondents whose reported 1998 production was 100,000 short tons or more.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Note: Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons of coal during the year. Average Mine Price is calculated by dividing the total free on board (f.o.b) mine value of the coal produced by the total production.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; and/or U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Some forms could not be delivered. Where possible, address corrections were obtained. Some mining operations that had reported in earlier surveys or operated only in 1999 were no longer in business.

Since 1992, California has not reported coal production as the courts determined that the product mined in that State did not meet the standard classification for coal.

Missing coalbed classification, coalbed thickness, and coal rank/group data were estimated using State mining agency production reports, geological data, and previous years' reports for these mines.

When a mine had a missing disposition value, its disposition was multiplied by the county-level average mine price to estimate the value. County-level average mine prices were calculated by dividing the total value for the appropriate disposition (open/captive) and the type of mining (underground or surface) by the corresponding total disposition. All missing disposition was classified as open market unless information was available to classify it as captive. Of those mines whose produciton was 10,000 or more short tons, value data were esitmated for 238 mines, representing 2.5 percent (27.5 million short tons) of the disposition total.

When an underground mine had unreported *mining method*, it was assumed that the mining method was conventional.

Missing recoverable coal reserves data were estimated by using the mine's 1998 recoverable reserves minus the mine's 1999 production. If this calculation could not be made, the mine's projected production for 2000 was used. If recoverable coal reserves for 1998 and 1999 and projected production for 2000 were all missing, no estimate was made. In 1999, recoverable reserves were reported by or estimated for 1,111 mines, representing 1,073 million short tons, or 97.5 percent of the mines whose production exceeded 10,000 or more short tons.

Missing recovery percentage data were estimated by using 1999 recovery percentage averages at the State level for the appropriate type of mining (underground or surface).

Missing productive capacity data were estimated by assuming productive capacity was equal to 1999 production. If productive capacity was reported as less than annual production, productive capacity was equated to 1999 production. There were 579 in-scope mines with production of 293.2 million short tons for which 1999 production was used as a proxy for productive capacity, resulting in 100 percent capacity utilization.

These mines included those with productive capacity less than 1999 production, and mines that did not report productive capacity and could not be contacted. If these mines were excluded from the calculation of percent utilization, the U.S. total becomes 76.70 versus 81.70, when those mines are included.

In 1999, there were 29 mines that produced 1.7 million short tons of refuse bituminous and subbituminous coal. Those operations are not included in this report. In 1999, there were 2.5 million short tons of anthracite refuse produced and included in this report.

In order to protect the confidentiality of individual respondent's data, a policy was implemented to ensure that the reporting of survey data on mine prices and recoverable reserves in this publication would not associate those data with a particular company. The final phase in the data quality assurance and control procedures is determining which data must be suppressed (withheld) during publication to provide the necessary confidentiality for mines or companies that represent a significant portion of a reported data cell. All withholding analysis is done based upon production volumes. These procedures are performed as follows:

- Primary Withholding Based on the Number of Respondents in a Cell -- All cells with three or fewer active coal mining operations are suppressed.
- 2. Residual Withholding Dominance Rule Phase 1
 All cells containing between 4 and 10 active coal
 mining operations are examined. A cell is suppressed if any single respondent accounts for 75
 percent or more of the volume for all respondents
 included in that cell.
- Residual Withholding Dominance Rule Phase 2
 All cells in which two active coal mining operations represent 90 percent or more of the volume for all respondents included in that cell are suppressed.
- 4. Complementary Suppression -- All tables are reviewed to identify cells which should have data withheld to prevent disclosure of already suppressed cells. An example of cells to be withheld during complementary suppression is underground price, if the surface price is withheld during primary or residual suppression. Because the total price is published, if the underground price is not withheld, the surface price could be calculated using the total price, the underground price, and the underground, surface, and total volumes.
- 5. Most complementary suppression involves type of mining considerations. Other complementary suppression is based on regional level data. A State or region must be withheld during complementary suppression because an already withheld State could be calculated using other States and the regional total. Cells are also selected for complementary suppression that represent the smallest volumes or that were withheld in prior years.
- 6. Inter-table effects are also examined regarding complementary suppression. For example, States that are withheld in one State table can influence the complementary suppression of an associated State table. This analysis is very similar to that done at the regional level, except that two tables are involved rather than one. Finally, similar tables are reviewed to ensure that all like sup-

pressed cells are consistently withheld (suppressed) in all tables in which they appear.

The withholding/suppression of data is performed as an adjunct to the quality assurance (QA) procedures. The work is performed by survey editors, and the QA staff and is reviewed by the survey manager before being submitted to division-level QA review.

All sensitive cells identified in withholding analysis are denoted with the symbol/letter "w." The use of the symbol/letter applies to primary, complementary and inter-table suppressions as well as all withheld data. The symbol/letter "w" is footnoted as follows: "w Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data."

The interquartile range is a measure of dispersion of State-level average mine prices. Two States may have the same average mine price, but the spread about this price may be totally different. For a fixed average mine price, a larger interquartile range suggests a broader distribution of coal prices than a smaller interquartile range. The summary statistics (Table D2) given in this publication are weighted by production. The interquartile range (weighted by production) is computed in the following manner:

- Each cell is sorted according to average mine price, from the lowest to the highest.
- For each cell, the corresponding mine's production according to increasing average mine price is divided by that particular cell's total production and multiplied by 100. These percentages are then added as a cumulative percentage of production.
- The first quartile (Q1) is the associated mine price for which the cumulative percentage of production first passes 25 percent. Thus, at least 25 percent of that cell's total production is identified with prices at or lower than Q1.
- The third quartile (Q3), is the associated mine price for which the cumulative percentage of production first passes 75 percent. Thus, at least 75 percent of that cell's total production is identified with prices at or lower than Q3.

The interquartile range is Q3-Q1.

Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants (Form EIA-3)

Form EIA-3 is used to survey U.S. manufacturers that consume 1,000 tons or more of coal per year for all uses other than coke production. These data were collected on a monthly basis until 1980, when the reporting cycle was revised to a quarterly schedule. Data on manufacturers' coal stocks, receipts, prices, and consumption are reported.

Through the end of 1988, all manufacturers that consumed coal were required to file Form EIA-3. Beginning with the first quarter of 1989, only those manufacturers that consumed 1,000 or more tons in the past year were required to report. In 1999, 581

manufacturers responded to the EIA-3 survey. The response rate for the year was 100 percent. In order to identify undercoverage problems, the data from this survey are compared with shipments to *manufacturers* reported on EIA's "Coal Distribution Report," Form EIA-6A. At present, the coal receipts reported by *manufacturers* on Form EIA-3 cover approximately 99 percent of the coal shipments to *manufacturers* on Form EIA-6A. Consequently, the coal consumption data gathered on the Form EIA-3 do not represent the total consumption at manufacturing plants. See Technical Note 5 for data adjustment procedures for coal consumption for the other industrial sector.

Current year data from this survey are preliminary and unrevised in the January - March, April - June, and July - September issues of the *Quarterly Coal Report* (DOE/EIA-0121). In the October - December issue, any revisions necessary for the entire year are applied and the data are considered final.

The respondent list of manufacturers for Form EIA-3 is compared with lists of coal-consuming manufacturing plants from State Air Quality and Energy Offices. When new respondents are found, they are added to the survey mailing list.

Annual Coal Quality Report - Manufacturing Plants (Form EIA-3A)

Form EIA-3A contains questions on the origin of coal (State or Country), the quantity of coal receipts, the Btu, sulfur and ash content of the coal receipts, and the basis used to determine the coal quality data. The threshold for the annual collection will be the same as for the EIA-3: manufacturing plants that consume in excess of 1,000 short tons of coal per per year. In 1998, 601 manufacturers responded to the EIA-3A survey. The response rate for the year was 100 percent.

Coke Plant Report (Form EIA-5)

Form EIA-5, a quarterly report of coal receipts, carbonization, and stocks, and of coke and breeze production, distribution, and stocks, is used to survey all U.S. coke plants.

Coke plants were surveyed monthly and a supplemental survey was taken annually until 1981, when the reporting cycle was revised to a quarterly schedule with an annual supplemental survey. In 1985, collection of the annual supplement was ended.

In 1999, there were 24 respondents to the EIA-5 survey, and the response rate was 100 percent. The respondent list for this survey is updated by continuous monitoring of the industry literature.

Current year data from this survey are preliminary and unrevised in the January - March, April - June, and July - September issues of the *Quarterly Coal Report* (DOE/EIA-0121). In the October - December issue,

any revisions necessary for the entire year are applied and the data are considered final.

Annual Coal Quality Report - Coke Plants (Form EIA-5A)

This form contains questions on the origin of coal (State or country), the quantity of coal receipts, the volatile matter, sulfur and ash content, and the basis used to determine the coal quality data. There is no threshold for this form. In 1998, there were 24 respondents to the EIA-5A survey, and the response rate was 100 percent.

Coal Distribution Report (Form EIA-6A)

Form EIA-6A is used to survey all U.S. companies (producers and/or distributors) that own or purchase and distribute more than 50,000 short tons annually.² Data on coal production and purchases, distribution by consumer category, and method of transportation are reported.

In 1999, there were about 950 respondents to the EIA-6A survey. Until the end of 1988, coal distribution companies were required to report production on a Bureau of Mines district basis. For the year 1989, respondents were required to report on a BOM district/State basis. Beginning with the first quarter of 1990, respondents were required to report on a State basis. The response rate for the current quarter was 100 percent. The annual production total reported on Form EIA-6A exceeds 99 percent of total production as reported by all mines on Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report," due to the difference in reporting thresholds. The data gathered on the Form EIA-6A only represent the domestic coal distributed; therefore, imported coal distributed during the quarters is not included.

Current year data from this survey are preliminary and unrevised in the January - March, April - June, and July - September issued of the *Quarterly Coal Report* (DOE/EIA-0121). In the October - December issue, any revisions necessary for the entire year are applied and the data are considered final.

The respondent list for this survey is updated by comparing it with lists of coal producers from the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA), U.S. Department of Labor, and from similar lists maintained by various State agencies. Also, new respondents are frequently identified on Form EIA-6A itself when other companies are named as sources of coal purchases.

Electric Utility Surveys

Coal data appear in this report from three surveys of electric utilities --from all generating electric utilities and from fossil-fueled plants.

The Census Bureau collected and published the results of a census taken every 5 years from 1902 to 1937 on the electric light and power industries and some data on industrial production of electric energy. The U.S. Geological Survey collected data on capacity and generation of electric utilities from 1920 to 1936, when this activity was turned over to the Federal Power Commission (FPC).

All data are presented as reported on the surveys. No estimates or other adjustments are made for missing data. The data are maintained in a computer system and are edited to ensure that they are reasonable, consistent, and complete. For additional information from these surveys and for other electric utility data, see the EIA publication, *Electric Power Monthly* (DOE/EIA-0226).

Monthly Power Plant Report (Form EIA-759)

Form EIA-759 (which, until 1982, was called FPC Form 4) is used to survey all generating electric utilities. The Federal Power Act and FPC Order Number 141 define the legislative authority to collect power production data. Consumption and stocks of coal and other fuels at each plant are reported. The respondents to Form EIA-759, approximately 700 plants, accounted for 100 percent of total electric utility generation.

Beginning with the 1996 data collection, the Form EIA-759 is a cutoff model sample of approximately 360 electric utilities drawn from the frame of all operators of electric utility plants (approximately 700 electric utilities) that generate electric power for public use. Data will be collected on an annual basis from the remaining operators of electric utiltiy plants. The new monthly data collection is from all utilities with at least one plant with a name- plate capacity of 25 megawatts or more. (Note: includes all nuclear units). However, the few utilities that generate electricity by using renewable fuel sources other than hydroelectric are all included in the sample. The Form EIA-759 is used to collect monthly data on net generation; consumption of coal, petroleum, and natural gas; and end-of-the-month stocks of coal and petroleum for each plant by fuel-type combination.

Current year data from this survey are considered final.

² For the States of Arkansas, Maryland, Oklahoma, and the anthracite portion of Pennsylvania, the threshold is 10,000 tons.

Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants (FERC Form 423)

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) Form 423 is used to survey all fossil-fueled plants with a total steam-generating capacity of 50 megawatts or more. It is submitted by approximately 230 electric utilities. (Before 1983, this form was called FPC Form 423, and all fossil-fueled plants with a total generating capacity of 25 megawatts or more were surveyed.) In 1972, the FPC issued Order Number 453, which included the legislative authority to create FERC Form 423. Cost, quality, and source of fuels (by State or country of origin), including coal, are reported. Current year data from this survey are considered final.

Annual Nonutility Power Producer Report (Form EIA-867)

The Form EIA-867 is a restricted-universe census used to collect annual data from all existing and planned nonutility power producers in the United States during the years 1993 through 1997. In 1992, the reporting threshold of the Form EIA-867 was lowered to include all facilities with a combined nameplate capacity of 1 or more megawatts. Previously data were collected every 3 years from facilities with a nameplate capacity between 1 and 5 megawatts. For the purpose of this data collection, a nonutility power producer is an enterprise that has electric generating capacity and is not an electric utility. They include qualifying cogenerators, qualifying small power producers, and other nonutility generators (including independent power producers) without a designated franchised service area. The form is used to collect data on the installed capacity, energy consumption, generation, and electric energy sales to electric utilities from approximately 2,000 facilities.

Annual Electric Generator Report - Nonutility (Form EIA-860B)

The Form EIA-860B is a mandatory survey of all existing and planned nonutility electric generating facilities in the United States with a total generator nameplate capacity of 1 or more megawatts. The form is used to collect data on the installed capacity, energy consumption, generation, and electric energy sales to electric utilities and other nonutilities by facility. Additionally, the form is used to collect data on the quality of fuels burned and the types of environmental equipment used by the respondent. These data are aggregated to provide geographic totals for selected States and at the Census division and national levels.

Export and Import Data

Export and import data (except imports to electric utilities, manufacturing plants and coke plants, which are reported on the FERC Form 423, EIA-3A, and EIA-5A, respectively.) are obtained from the Census Bureau--export data from the monthly EM 545 (formerly EM 522) report, import data from the monthly IM 145 report. The Census Bureau compiles these data monthly from documents filed with the U.S. Customs Service as required by law. They include shippers' export declaration forms, import entry forms, and warehouse withdrawal forms. No sampling procedures are used. The Census Bureau publication Guide to Foreign Trade Statistics describes the foreign trade statistics program, including the EM 545 and IM 145 monthly reports. Data from these surveys are considered final at the time of publication. Import data for the years 1994 through 1997 have been revised in this publication due to the misclassification of coal import ranks and the translation of this rank to another code.

Foreign distribution of U.S. coal, major exporting State, and destination, along with foreign distribution of metallurgical and steam coal (Tables 62, 63, and 64, respectively), was determined using EIA-6A distribution data by origin State, and coal export data from King's COALBASE (King Publishing Corporation, Knoxville, Tennessee) which gives the metallurgical and steam breakdown as well as the country destination data. The percentage metallurgical and steam coal for each country of destination are applied to the EIA-6A export figures for each State of origin to derive coal distribution data that link State of origin to countries of destination by type of coal. The King's destination country data are considered to be more accurate than the Census country-of-destination data because it account for transhipments through intermediate countries to final destination countries, whereas the Census data would designate the destination as the intermediate country.

Copies of the survey forms and instructions used to collect data appearing in this publication can be obtained by calling EIA's National Energy Information Center at (202) 586-8800.

Technical Notes

1. Differences in Related Coal Data

Coal Production versus Coal Distribution. Coal production represents newly mined coal. Coal distribution represents shipments of newly mined coal and coal from producer/distributor stockpiles (previously mined coal).

Coal Distribution versus Coal Receipts. Differences in coal distribution data and coal receipts data are due to the time lag between distribution and receipt of coal shipments, and due to the survey threshold differences. In addition, coal distributed includes only domestic coal, whereas receipts include imported coal.

Foreign Distribution of U.S. Coal versus U.S. Coal Exports. Foreign distribution of U.S. coal does not equal U.S. coal exports because there are differences in reporting time and survey thresholds.

Receipts of Imported Coal versus U.S. Coal Imports. Receipts of imported coal at electric utilities and manufacturing and coke plants does not equal U.S. coal imports due to reporting time differences. In addition, it does not include receipts at independent power producers.

2. Other Industrial Plants and Manufacturing

The *other industrial plants* end-use sector includes the *manufacturing*, agriculture, forestry and fishing, mining, and construction industries. Manufacturing accounts for approximately 97 percent of the coal receipts and consumption and 100 percent of the coal stocks in the *other industrial plants* sector as reported herein. Data sources for the *other industrial plants* sector and the *manufacturing* sector are Forms EIA-6A and EIA-3, respectively. The source statement in each table identifies the survey used to collect coal data for the *other industrial plants* sector, and the following technical notes describe the methodology used for deriving data.

3. Residential and Commercial

To reduce the reporting burden to coal users, the EIA does not conduct any survey of coal data from residential and commercial users of coal. Shipments of coal to this sector, reported by producers and distributors of coal on Form EIA-6A, are equated to coal receipts and consumption by the *residential and commercial* sector, assuming no stock changes.

4. Consumer Prices

Prices are derived for each end-use sector as follows:

Electric Utilities. Prices are reported for each plant in cents-per-million Btu on FERC Form 423. The price per ton of coal is calculated at each plant using cents-per-million Btu and the average Btu content per pound of coal for the appropriate rank of coal. The average prices appearing in the tables (e.g., across all States) are calculated by summing the dollar value at each plant (short tons of coal multiplied by price per short ton) and dividing by the corresponding total tons. For more information about prices of coal at electric utilities, see the EIA publication, Electric Power Monthly (DOE/EIA-0226).

Coke Plants. Respondents are asked to report the number of tons of coal received (or coke distributed) on Form EIA-5 and the total value of that coal (or coke) in dollars. Average prices are calculated by summing the reported values (e.g., across all States) and dividing by the corresponding total tons.

Other Industrial Plants. Respondents (manufacturing plants only) are asked to report the number of tons of coal received on Form EIA-3 and the total value of that coal in dollars. Average prices are calculated by summing the reported values across all States and dividing by the corresponding total tons.

Residential and Commercial. Data are not collected. See Technical Note 3.

5. Consumption

Annual Data

Annual coal consumption data are sums of quarterly or monthly data described below except for nonutility power producers whose coal consumption is not included in this report. These data are however, reported on Form EIA-867 and published in the *Electric Power Annual* (DOE/EIA-0348).

Electric Utilities. Consumption is reported on Form EIA-759.

Nonutility Electric Generating Facilities. For 1997 and prior years, consumption is reported on Form EIA-867. For 1998 and forward years, consumption data is reported on the Form EIA-860B.

Coke Plants. Consumption is reported on Form EIA-5.

Other Industrial Plants. In deriving a quarterly estimate for coal consumption for the other industrial plants sector, the first step is to equate consumption to beginning stocks plus receipts minus ending stocks. In terms of an equation, consumption can be expressed as C = Sb + R - Se, where Sb = beginning stocks, R = receipts, and Se = ending stocks.

Therefore, consumption is C = (Sb - Se (change instocks)) + R. Next, stock change at the State level is equated to the stock change for that State as reported on Form EIA-3, receipts at the State level are derived as described in Section 3, and a computed consumption is derived using the same equation for each State. Finally, the quarterly consumption (C) at the State level is equated to the maximum of the computed consumption at the State level, as previously described, and the quarterly consumption for that State as reported on Form EIA-3. This process ensures that State-level consumption for the other industrial *plants* sector is always greater than or equal to the manufacturing sector consumption for that State. Total quarterly consumption for the *other industrial plants* sector is computed by summing the quarterly State-level consumption figures.

Residential and Commercial. Shipments to the **residential and commercial** sector as reported on Form EIA-6A are defined as consumption as well as receipts for this end-use sector.

EIA publishes monthly estimates of coal consumption in the *Monthly Energy Review* (DOE/EIA-0035).

Monthly coal consumption at electric utility plants is derived directly from Form EIA-759. Prior to 1980, monthly coal consumption at coke plants was derived directly from Form EIA-5. For 1981 through 1987, it was derived from the quarterly coal consumption reported on Form EIA-5, using the ratios of monthly to quarterly consumption in 1979, the last year that coke plant data were collected monthly on Form EIA-5. These ratios by month (January - December)

are 0.3377, 0.3200, 0.3423; 0.3529, 0.3462, 0.3009; 0.3364, 0.3347, 0.3289; and 0.3273, 0.3301, 0.3426.

Starting with 1988, monthly coal consumption at coke plants is derived from quarterly coal consumption reported on Form EIA-5, using ratios derived from monthly data on raw steel production published by the American Iron and Steel Institute (AISI) on Form AIS7. The ratio is the proportion of monthly raw steel production from open hearth and basic oxygen process furnaces to the quarterly raw steel production from those furnace types.

Prior to 1978, coal consumption for the *other industrial plants* sector (i.e., industrial users minus coke plants) was derived by using monthly data reported on Form EIA-3 to modify baseline coal consumption figures from the most recent Census of Manufactures or Annual Survey of Manufactures, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce. For 1978 through 1987, data from Forms EIA-3 and EIA-6A are used to compute monthly coal consumption for the *other industrial plants* sector.

Given the quarterly consumption for the *other industrial plants* sector (C), the monthly consumption for the sector (Cm) is estimated for each month in the quarter as Cm = (Cm3/C3) x C where Cm3/C3 is the ratio of monthly to quarterly coal consumption as reported on Form EIA-3. For the 1978 coal consumption figures, the ratios used are based on 1978 EIA-3 data. For 1979 through 1987, the ratios used are based on the 1979 EIA-3 data. These 1979 ratios by month (January - December) are 0.3593, 0.3264, 0.3143; 0.3485, 0.3332, 0.3183; 0.3317, 0.3407, 0.3276; and 0.3045, 0.3253, 0.3702.

Starting with 1988, monthly coal consumption for the other industrial plants sector is derived from quarterly coal consumption reported on Form EIA-3 using monthly ratios derived from the industrial production indices published by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. Six major industry groups' indices are used as the basis for calculating the monthly ratios. These groups are food manufacturing (North American Industry Classification System (NAICS 311), paper manufacturing (NAICS 322), chemicals manufacturing (NAICS 325), petroleum and coal products (NAICs 324), nonmetallic mineral products (NAICS 327) and primary metal manufacturing (NAICS 331).

The monthly ratios are computed as the monthly sum of weighted indices as a proportion of the quarterly sum of weighted indices, using the 1985 proportion as the weight.

Prior to 1980, monthly coal consumption for the *residential and commercial* sector was derived by using monthly data reported on Form EIA-2, "Monthly Coal Report -- Retail Dealers and Upper Lake Docks," to modify baseline coal consumption figures developed by the Bureau of Mines, U.S. Department of the Interior.

For 1980, the quarterly coal consumption figures in the *residential and commercial* sector are converted

to monthly coal consumption figures using the ratios of monthly to quarterly coal deliveries to this sector in 1979 as reported on Form EIA-2. These 1979 ratios by month (January-December) are 0.4002, 0.3502, 0.2496; 0.4805, 0.2901, 0.2294; 0.3126, 0.2952, 0.3922; and 0.2931, 0.3101, 0.3968. The 1981 and 1982 monthly coal consumption figures were derived using the 1979 ratios but were also modified according to heating/cooling degree-days. For 1983 through 1987, coal consumption figures are converted to monthly coal consumption figures using only the ratios of monthly to quarterly coal deliveries to this sector in 1979.

Starting with 1988, monthly coal consumption figures are derived using the monthly national average population weighted heating/cooling degree-days obtained from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. The ratio is the proportion of the monthly national sum of heating and cooling degree-days to the quarterly sum.

6. Stocks

Annual stocks are calculated at the end of the year or the end of the fourth quarter. Coal stocks are derived for each end-use sector as follows:

Electric Utilities. Stocks are reported on Form EIA-759.

Coke Plants. Stocks are reported on Form EIA-5.

Other Industrial Plants. Stocks are reported on Form EIA-3, i.e., stocks at manufacturing plants only. Technical Note 2 discusses the difference between other industrial plants and manufacturing plants.

Residential and Commercial. Data are not available. See Technical Note 3.

Producer and Distributor. Stocks are reported on Form EIA-6A.

7. Methods of Transportation

Rail: Shipments of coal moved to consumers by rail, either private or public/commercial. Included is coal hauled to or away from a railroad siding by truck.

Water Transportation: Shipments of coal moved by one of the three methods--river, Great Lakes, or tidewater piers and coastal ports. Included in these shipments is coal hauled to or from water loading facilities by other means of transportation.

River: Shipments of coal moved to consumers via river by barge, except shipments to Great Lakes

coal loading docks or tidewater piers or coastal ports.

Great Lakes: Shipments of coal moved to consumers via the Great Lakes. These shipments are moved via the Great Lakes coal loading docks, which are identified by name and locations as follows: Superior Midwest Energy Terminal, Superior, Wisconsin; Bessemer & Lake Erie Coal Storage & Transfer Facility, Conneaut, Ohio; B&O Railroad Coal Loading Dock, Lorain, Ohio; C&O Railroad Presque Isle Docks, Toledo, Ohio; Lakefront Dock & Railroad Terminal Company Coal Loading Dock, Toledo, Ohio; N&W Sandusky Coal Pier No. 3, Sandusky, Ohio; ConRail Coal Transfer Facilities, Ashtabula, Ohio; Rail to Water Transfer Corporation Dock, Chicago, Illinois.

Tidewater Piers and Coastal Ports: Shipments of coal moved to tidewater piers and coastal ports for further shipments to consumers via coastal water or ocean. The tidewater piers are identified by name and location as follows: B&O Curtis Bay Coal Piers, Baltimore, Maryland; C&O Coal Piers Nos. 14 & 15, Newport News, Virginia; N&W Lamberts Point Coal Piers Nos. 5 & 6, Norfolk, Virginia; Alabama State Docks Bulk Handling Plant, Mobile, Alabama; Alabama State Docks/McDuffie Terminals, Mobile, Alabama; Canton Coal Piers, Baltimore Harbor on the Chesapeake Bay; Greenwich Coal Pier, Greenwich Point, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on Delaware River; Port Richmond Pier, Pier 18 Port Richmond, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on the Delaware River; Galveston Regional Coal Distribution Center, Pelican Island, Galveston, Texas; International Marine Terminals/Plaguemines Parish Terminal, Mile 57 AHP-Mississippi River, approximately 30 miles south of New Orleans; Energy Terminals of Houston, Inc., a Subsidiary of Soros Associates, Houston, Texas. Coastal Ports are those located at Charleston, South Carolina; New York, New York; San Diego, California; Los Angeles, California; and Seattle, Washington.

Truck: Shipments of coal moved to consumers by truck.

Tramway, Conveyor, or Slurry Pipeline: Shipments of coal moved to consumers by tramway, conveyor, or slurry pipeline.

8. Census Export and Import Data

Export and import data are obtained from the Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce, where they are compiled monthly from documents filed with the U.S. Customs Service, as required by law.

Each coal shipment is reported in short tons with corresponding total dollar values. EIA converts all value data obtained from the Census Bureau to average price data by dividing the dollar value by the quantity.

Based on an analysis and sample validation of the Census Bureau import and export data conducted by the EIA, it was determined that some of the coal and coke data collected from the Census Bureau may be misleading or incorrect (particularly those data associated with very small quantities or very high prices). Because of this, a methodology was developed to edit the Census Bureau price data.

Prior to 1989, certain data cells had been suppressed for publication purposes only: (1) average import coal prices of \$50.00 or more per short ton; (2) average export coal prices of \$60.00 or more per short ton; (3) average coke prices of \$200.00 or more per short ton; (4) all percent changes of 500 percent or more.

Beginning with 1989, coal export data were categorized as metallurgical coal and steam coal, rather than as bituminous steam coal, lignite, anthracite, and bituminous metallurgical coal.

In addition, coal export tables were revised to present those countries to which the United States exported more than 50,000 short tons in the prior calendar year. The remaining countries in each continent were aggregated in an "other" category. This reduces the number of empty cells and highlights the major importers of U.S. coal. All coke export and import, and coal import countries and quantities are displayed.

The following methodology was used to derive the typical average prices as presented in the price tables. For all coal, a price distribution was derived from the prior calendar year export price data. Since extreme price variations in the Census Bureau data are the exception rather than the rule, the price distribution was used to identify a typical price range. The price distribution, from low to high, along with the frequency of each price (quantity) was analyzed to determine the representative prices. The extreme prices at both ends of the distribution were eliminated to arrive at a price range that covered at least 90 percent of the exports. This price range was considered to include typical or representative prices. Considering the records that fell within the typical price range, the weighted average price was calculated by country of destination and type of coal.

The same procedure was used to determine the typical average prices of coal imports. In addition to the average prices based on the above methodology, a U.S. total row is presented in the price tables, which represents the average price using all the Census Bureau data.

For reporting purposes, the month of exportation reflects the month in which the shipment leaves the United States. The month of importation generally is based on the month in which the U.S. Customs Service releases the merchandise to the importer. For both sets of data, however, there can exist a small carry-over from the actual month of exportation or importation to a subsequent month, usually the succeeding month. A number of factors in processing account for this, e.g., late receipt of a document for an end-of-month shipment, or rejection of a shipment by

the computer due to failure to meet established edit criteria. These limitations should be considered when making comparisons.

Based on the U.S. - Canada Free Trade Agreement, as of January 1990, the U.S. Department of Commerce began reporting statistics on U.S. exports to Canada based on information on imports provided monthly by the Canadian government.

Comparing Census reported imported coal figures in Table 35 with EIA reported imported coal receipts at electric utilities, manufacturers, and coke plants for 1997 shows a difference of about 1.3 million short tons. The main reason for this is that the EIA receipts data do not cover imported coal received by nonutility power producers who are not in the manufacturing sector.

The import data for the years 1994 through 1996 have been revised. These revisons were done because of a missed "Harmonized Tariff Schedule" code for a category of coal.

9. Revisions

All data published in this report are considered final. The Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels has adopted the following policy with respect to the revision and correction of recurrent data in energy publications:

- 1. Annual survey data collected by this office are published either as preliminary or final when first appearing in a data report. Data initially released as preliminary will be so noted in the report. These data will be revised, if necessary, and declared final in the next publication of the data.
- 2. All monthly and quarterly survey data collected by this office are published as preliminary. These data are revised only after the completion of the 12-month cycle of the data. No revisions are made to the published data before this.
- 3. After data are published as final, corrections will be made only in the event of a greater than one percent difference at the national level. Corrections for differences that are less than the 1-percent threshold are left to the discretion of the Office Director.

10. Price Data and Taxes

F.O.B. mine coal prices and prices of coal delivered to or received by end-use consumers (electric utility plants, manufacturing plants, and coke plants) as reported in this publication include relevant local, State and Federal excise and sales taxes.

Table D2. Implicit Price Deflator, 1990-1999

Year	Implicit Price Deflator (1996 = 100)
1990	86.5
1991	89.7
1992	91.8
1993	94.1
1994	96.0
1995	98.1
1996	100.0
1997	101.9
1998	103.1
1999	104.6

Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, *Survey of Current Business*.

Glossary

Agglomerating Character: Agglomeration describes the caking properties of coal. Agglomerating character is determined by examination and testing of the residue when a small powdered sample is heated to 950 degrees centigrade under specified conditions. If the sample is "agglomerating," the residue will be coherent, show swelling or cell structure, and be capable of supporting a 500-gram weight without pulverizing.

Anthracite: A hard, black lustrous coal, often referred to as hard coal, containing a high percentage of fixed carbon and a low percentage of volatile matter. Comprises three groups classified according to the following ASTM Specification D388-91a, on a dry mineral-matter-free (mmf) basis:

Fixed Carbon Volatile Limits Matter GT LE GE LT 98 -- 2 2 8 Meta-Anthracite 92 98 Anthracite 86 92 Semianthracite GE = Greater than or equal to LT = Less than GT = Greater than LE = Less than or equal to Anthracite coal is non-agglomerating. If agglomerating, semianthracite is classified in the low-volatile group of the bituminous class.

Ash: Impurities consisting of silica, iron, alumina, and other incombustible matter that are contained in coal. Ash increases the weight of coal, adds to the cost of handling, and can affect the burning characteristics. Ash content is measured as a percent by weight of coal on an "as received" or a "dry" (moisture-free, usually part of a laboratory analysis) basis.

Auger Mine: A surface mine where coal is recovered through the use of a large-diameter drill driven into a coalbed in a hillside. It usually follows contour surface mining, particularly when the overburden is too costly to excavate.

Average Annual Percent Change:

$$\sqrt[n]{\frac{V_n}{V_0}} - 1 \tag{1}$$

Where: V_0 = the value for the base period. V_n = the value for the n^{th} period.

n =the number of periods.

Average Mine Price: The ratio of the total value of the coal produced at the mine to the total production tonnage. (See F.O.B. mine price and F.O.B rail/barge price.)

Average Number of Miners: The arithmetic mean number of miners working each day at a mining operation. Includes maintenance as well as production work performed.

Average Production per Miner per Hour: The ratio of the total production at a mining operation to the total direct labor hours worked at the operation.

Average Quality of Coal: Refers to individual measurements such as heat value, fixed carbon, moisture, ash, sulfur, phosphorus, major, minor, and trace elements, coking properties, petrologic properties, and particular organic constituents. The individual quality elements may be aggregated in various ways to classify coal for such special purposes as metallurgical, gas, petrochemical, and blending usages.

Average Recovery Percentage: Average recovery percentage represents the percentage of coal that can be recovered from coal reserves at reporting mines, averaged for all mines in the reported geographic area.

Bituminous Coal: The most common coal. It is dense and black (often with well-defined bands of bright and dull material). Its moisture content is usually less than 20 percent. It is used for generating electricity, making coke, and for space heating. Comprises five groups classified according to ASTM Specification D-388-91a, on a dry mineral-matter-free mmf basis for fixed-carbon and volatile matter and a moist mmf basis for calorific value. Coals having 69 percent or more fixed carbon on the dry, mineralmatter-free basis shall be classified according to fixed carbon, regardless of calorific (heating) value. Highvolatile C bituminous coal is agglomerating, but other bituminous coals are commonly agglomerating. However, it is recognized that there may be nonagglomerating varieties in these groups of the bituminous class, and there are notable exceptions in the high-volatile C bituminous group. Coals with less than 69 percent fixed carbon, but with 14,000 or more Btu per pound, are classified as high-volatile A bituminous.

	Fixed Volati		latile	e Calorific			
	Ca	rbon	Ma	Matter		Value	
	Li	mits	Li	Limits		Limits	
						Btu/lb.	
	GE	$_{ m LT}$	GT	$_{ m LT}$	GE	LE	
lv	78	86	14	22	-	_	
mν	69	78	22	31	-	_	
hvA	-	69	31	_	14000	-	
hvB	-	_	-	_	13000	14000	
hvC	-	_	-	_	10500	13000	
lv	= L	ow-vola	tile bi	tuminou	ıs coal		
mν	= M	edium-v	olatile	e bitumi	nous coa	al	
hvA	= H	igh-vol	atile A	A bitumi	nous coa	al	
hvB	= H	igh-vol	atile E	3 bitumi	nous coa	al	
hvC	hvC = High-volatile C bituminous coal						
GE = Greater than or equal to							
LT =	LT = Less than						
GT =	Grea	ter tha	n				
LE =	Less	than o	r equal	. to			

Btu (**British thermal unit**): The amount of heat needed to raise the temperature of 1 pound of water by 1 degree Fahrenheit. The Btu is a convenient measure by which to compare the energy content of various fuels.

Cannel Coal: A variety of bituminous coal that is noncaking, contains a high percentage of volatile matter, ignites easily, and burns with a luminous smokey flame.

Capacity Utilization: Capacity utilization is computed by dividing production by productive capacity and multiplying by 100.

Captive Coal: Coal produced and consumed by the mine operator, a subsidiary, or parent company (for example, steel companies and electric utilities).

Carbon Dioxide: CO_2 A colorless, odorless, incombustible gas formed during combustion in fossil-fuel electric generation plants.

Census Divisions: The nine geographic divisions of the United States established by the Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce for statistical analysis. The boundaries of Census divisions coincide with State boundaries. In some cases, the Pacific Division is subdivided into the Pacific Contiguous and Pacific Noncontiguous areas.

CIF: See Cost, Insurance, Freight.

Coal Carbonized: The amount of coal decomposed into solid coke and gaseous products by heating in a coke oven in a limited air supply or in the absence of air.

Coal (Coke): See Coke (coal).

Coal Mining Productivity: Coal mining productivity is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all mine employees.

Coal Preparation: The process of sizing and cleaning coal to meet market specifications by removing impurities such as rock, sulfur, etc. May include crushing, screening, or mechanical cleaning.

Coal-Producing Regions: A geographic classification of coal-producing States. The States in the Appalachian Region are Alabama, Georgia, eastern Kentucky, Maryland, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Virginia, and West Virginia. The States in the Interior Region are Arkansas, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, western Kentucky, Louisiana, Missouri, Oklahoma, and Texas. The States in the Western Region are Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Montana, New Mexico, North Dakota, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming.

Coal-Producing States: The States where mined and/or purchased coal originates are defined as follows: Alabama, Alaska, Arizona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky Eastern, Kentucky Western, Louisiana, Maryland, Missouri, Montana, New Mexico, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania anthracite, Pennsylvania bituminous, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia Northern, West Virginia Southern, and Wyoming. The following Coal-Producing States are split in origin of coal, as defined below:

- Kentucky, Eastern All mines located in counties other than the Western Kentucky counties.
- Kentucky, Western All mines in the following counties in Western Kentucky: Butler, Caldwell, Christian, Crittenden, Daviess, Edmonson, Grayson, Hancock, Henderson, Hopkins, Logan, McLean, Muhlenberg, Ohio, Simpson, Todd, Union, Warren, and Webster.
- Pennsylvania Anthracite All mines in the following counties: Carbon, Columbia, Dauphin, Lackawanna, Lebanon, Luzerne, Northumberland, Schuylkill, Sullivan, and Susquehanna. All anthracite mines in Bradford County.
- Pennsylvania Bituminous All mines located in counties other than the Pennsylvania anthracite counties and all bituminous mines in Bradford County.
- West Virginia, Northern All mines in the following counties (formerly defined as Coal-Producing Districts 1, 3, & 6): Barbour, Brooke, Braxton, Calhoun, Doddridge, Gilmer, Grant, Hancock, Harrison, Jackson, Lewis, Marion, Marshall, Mineral, Monongalia, Ohio, Pleasants, Preston, Randolph, Ritchie, Roane, Taylor, Tucker, Upshur, Webster, Wetzel, Wirt, and Wood.
- West Virginia, Southern All mines in the following counties (formerly defined as Coal-Producing Districts 7 & 8): Boone, Cabell, Clay, Fayette, Greenbrier, Kanawha, Lincoln, Logan, Mason, McDowell, Mercer, Mingo, Monroe, Nicholas, Pocahontas, Putnam, Raleigh, Summers, Wayne, and Wyoming.

Coal Rank/Group: A classification of coal based on fixed carbon, volatile matter, calorific (heating) value, and agglomerating character. Coal is ranked progressively from lignite (least carbonaceous) to anthracite (most carbonaceous). The rank of coal can also deter-

mined by measuring the reflectance of vitrinite, one of several organic components of coal. The lower rank coal can be classified based on heat content. The heat content of the higher rank coals is generally above 14 thousand Btu per pound for each coal rank group (except for meta-anthracite, which trends slightly lower), and heat content ranges vary within a relatively narrow range. Since heat content is not a dependable criterion for these higher rank coals, their rank categories are instead described by degree of metamorphism, or "coalification," a property that is measured by fixed carbon content. Finally, the agglomerating character of bituminous coals is a critical attribute for certain coal consumers, and thus agglomerating character has come to define the distinctions between certain adjacent coal groups. Some high-volatile C bituminous and subbituminous A coals can be distinguished only on the basis of agglomerating character. Percentages are based on dry mineral-matter-free coal. Volatile matter (not shown) is the complement of fixed carbon; that is, the percentages of fixed carbon and volatile matter sum to 100 percent. As fixed carbon percentage decreases, therefore, volatile matter percentage increases by the same amount.

Coal Stocks: The supply of coal at a mine, plant, or utility at the end of the reporting period.

Coalbed: A bed or stratum of coal. Also called a coal seam.

Cogenerator: A generating facility that produces electricity and another form of useful thermal energy (such as heat or steam) used for industrial, commercial, heating, and cooling purposes. To receive status as a qualifying facility (QF) under the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act (PURPA), the facility must produce electric energy and "another form of useful thermal energy through the sequential use of energy," and meet certain ownership, operating, and efficiency criteria established by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC). (See the Code of Federal Regulation, Title 18, Part 292.)

Coke (coal): In general, coke is made from bituminous coal (or blends of bituminous coal) from which the volatile constituents are driven off by baking in an oven at temperatures as high as 2,000 degrees Fahrenheit, so that the fixed carbon and ash are fused together. Coke is hard and porous, has a gray, submetallic luster, and is strong enough to support a load of iron ore in a blast furnace. It is used both as a fuel and a reducing agent in smelting iron ore in a blast furnace. Coke has a heating value of 24.8 million Btu per short ton.

Coke Plants: Plants where coal is carbonized in slot or beehive ovens for the manufacture of coke.

Continuous Mining: A form of room-and-pillar mining in which a continuous mining machine extracts and removes coal from the working face in one operation; no blasting is required.

Conventional Mining: The oldest form of room-and-pillar mining which consists of a series of operations

that involve cutting the coalbed so it breaks easily when blasted with explosives or high-pressure air, and then loading the broken coal.

Cost, Insurance, Freight (CIF): A type of sale in which the buyer of the product agrees to pay a unit price that includes the F.O.B. value of the product at the point of origin plus all costs of insurance and transportation. This type of transaction differs from a "delivered" purchase in that the buyer accepts the quantity as determined at the loading port (as certified by the Bill of Loading and Quality Report) rather than pay on the basis of the quantity and quality ascertained at the unloading port. It is similar to the terms of an F.O.B. sale, except that the seller, as a service for which he is compensated, arranges for transportation and insurance.

Crude Oil: A mixture of hydrocarbons that exists in liquid phase in underground reservoirs and remains liquid at atmospheric pressure after passing through surface-separating facilities. Included are lease condensate and liquid hydrocarbons produced from tar sands, gilsonite and oil shale. Drip gases are also included, but topped crude (residual oil) and other unfinished oils are excluded. Liquids produced at natural gas processing plants and mixed with crude oil are likewise excluded where identifiable. Crude oil is considered as either domestic or foreign, according to the following: or from its "outer continental shelf" as defined in 43 U.S.C. 1331. States. Imported Athabasca hydrocarbons are included.

Culm: Waste from Pennsylvania anthracite preparation plants, consisting of coarse rock fragments containing as much as 30 percent small-sized coal; sometimes defined as including very fine coal particles called silt. Its heat value ranges from 8 to 17 million Btu per short ton.

Customs District: Customs districts, as defined by the Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce, "Monthly Report EM 545," are as follows

- Eastern: Bridgeport, CT, Washington, DC, Boston, MA, Baltimore, MD, Portland, ME, Buffalo, NY, New York City, NY, Ogdensburg, NY, Philadelphia, PA, Providence, RI, Norfolk, VA, St. Albans, VT.
- Southern: Mobile, AL, Savannah, GA, Miami, FL, Tampa, FL, New Orleans, LA, Wilmington, NC, San Juan, PR, Charleston, SC, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, El Paso, TX, Houston-Galveston, TX, Laredo, TX, Virgin Islands.
- Western: Anchorage, AK, Nogales, AZ, Los Angeles, CA, San Diego, CA, San Francisco, CA, Honolulu, HI, Great Falls, MT, Portland, OR, Seattle, WA.
- *Northern:* Chicago, IL, Detroit, MI, Duluth, MN, Minneapolis, MN, St. Louis, MO, Pembina, ND, Cleveland, OH, Milwaukee, WI.

Customs Import Value: The value of imports as appraised by the U.S. Customs Service in accordance with the legal requirements of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended. This value is generally defined as the

price actually paid or payable for merchandise when sold for exportation to the United States, excluding U.S. import duties, freight, insurance, and other charges incurred in bringing the merchandise to the United States.

Demonstrated Reserve Base: A collective term for the sum of coal in both measured and indicated resource categories of reliability which represents 100 percent of the coal in these categories in place as of a certain date. Includes beds of bituminous coal and anthracite 28 inches or more thick and beds of subbituminous coal 60 inches or more thick that occur at depths to 1 thousand feet. Includes beds of lignite 60 inches or more thick that can be surface mined. Includes also thinner and/or deeper beds that presently are being mined or for which there is evidence that they could be mined commercially at this time. Represents that portion of the identified coal resource from which reserves are calculated.

Depletion: The subtraction of both the tonnage produced and the tonnage lost to mining from identified resources to determine the remaining tonnage as of a certain time.

Depletion Factor: The multiplier applied to the tonnage produced to compute depletion. This multiplier takes into account both the tonnage recovered and the tonnage lost due to mining. The depletion factor is the reciprocal of the recovery factor in relation to a given quantity of production.

Direct Labor Hours: Direct labor hours worked by all mining employees at a mining operation during the year. Includes hours worked by those employees engaged in production, preparation, development, maintenance, repair, shop or yard work, management, and technical or engineering work. Excludes office workers. Excludes vacation and leave hours.

Distillate Fuel Oil: A general classification for one of the petroleum fractions produced in conventional distillation operations. Included are products known as No.1, No.2, and No.4 fuel oils and No.1, No.2, and No.4 diesel fuels. It is used primarily for space heating, on-and-off-highway diesel engine fuel (including railroad engine fuel and fuel for agricultural machinery), and electric power generation.

Dredge Mining: A method of recovering coal from rivers or streams.

Drift Mine: An underground mine that has a horizontal entry dug to a coalbed in a hillside.

Dry (Coal) Basis: Coal quality data calculated to a theoretical basis in which no moisture is associated with the sample. This basis is determined by measuring the weight loss of a sample when its inherent moisture is driven off under controlled conditions of low temperature air-drying followed by heating to just above the boiling point of water (104 to 110 degrees centigrade).

Electricity: A form of energy generated by friction, induction, or chemical change that is caused by the

presence and motion of elementary charged particles of which matter consists.

Electricity Generation: The process of producing electric energy or transforming other forms of energy into electric energy. Also the amount of electric energy produced or expressed in watthours (Wh).

Electricity Generation, Gross: The total amount of electric energy produced by the generating station or stations, measured at the generator terminals.

Electricity Generation, Net: Gross generation less electricity consumed at the generating plant for station use. Electricity required for pumping at pumped-storage plants is regarded as plant use and is deducted from gross generation.

Electric Power Plant: A station containing prime movers, electric generators, and auxiliary equipment for converting mechanical, chemical, and/or fission energy into electric energy.

Electric Utility: A corporation, person, agency, authority, or other legal entity or instrumentality that owns and/or operates facilities within the United States, its territories, or Puerto Rico for the generation, transmission, distribution, or sale of electric energy primarily for use by the public and files forms listed in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 18, Part 141. Facilities that qualify as cogenerators or small power producers under the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act (PURPA) and exempt wholesale generators under Energy Policy Act of 1992 are not considered electric utilities. See definition of nonutility power producer.

Electric Utility Sector: The electric utility sector consists of privately and publicly owned establishments that generate, transmit, distribute, or sell electricity primarily for use by the public and that meet the definition of an electric utility. Nonutility power producers are not included in the electric utility sector.

Emissions: The pollutants discharged into the atmosphere in exhaust gases. For coal-burning plants, these emissions are primarily Carbon Dioxide (CO_2) , Nitrogen Oxide (NO_x) , and Sulfur Dioxide (SO_2) .

Energy: The capacity for doing work as measured by the capability of doing work (potential energy) or the conversion of this capability to motion (kinetic energy). Energy has several forms, some of which are easily convertible and can be changed to another form useful for work. Most of the world's convertible energy comes from fossil fuels that are burned to produce heat that is then used as a transfer medium to mechanical or other means in order to accomplish tasks. Electrical energy is usually measured in kilowatt hours, while heat energy is usually measured in British thermal units.

Energy Consumption: The use of energy as a source of heat or power or as an input in the manufacturing process.

Exports: Shipments of goods from the 50 States and the District of Columbia to foreign countries, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and other U.S. possessions and territories.

Fahrenheit: A temperature scale on which the boiling point of water is at 212 degrees above zero on the scale and the freezing point is at 32 degrees above zero at standard atmospheric pressure.

F.A.S. Value: Free alongside ship value. The value of a commodity at the port of exportation, generally including the purchase price plus all charges incurred in placing the commodity alongside the carrier at the port of exportation in the country of exportation.

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC):

A quasi-independent regulatory agency within the Department of Energy having jurisdiction over interstate electricity sales, wholesale electric rates, hydroelectric licensing, natural gas pricing, oil pipeline rates, and gas pipeline certification.

Federal Coal Lease: A lease granted to a mining company to produce coal from land owned and administered by the Federal Government in exchange for royalties and other revenues.

Federal Power Act: Enacted in 1920, and amended in 1935, the Act consists of three parts. The first part incorporated the Federal Water Power Act administered by the former Federal Power Commission, whose activities were confined almost entirely to licensing non-Federal hydroelectric projects. Parts II and III were added with the passage of the Public Utility Act. These parts extended the Act's jurisdiction to include regulating the interstate transmission of electrical energy and rates for its sale as wholesale in interstate commerce. The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission is now charged with the administration of this law.

Federal Power Commission: The predecessor agency of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. The Federal Power Commission (FPC) was created by an Act of Congress under the Federal Water Power Act on June 10, 1920. It was charged originally with regulating the electric power and natural gas industries. The FPC was abolished on September 20, 1977, when the Department of Energy was created. The functions of the FPC were divided between the Department of Energy and the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.

FERC: The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.

Fixed Carbon: The nonvolatile matter in coal minus the ash. Fixed carbon is the solid residue other than ash obtained by prescribed methods of destructive distillation of a coal. Fixed carbon is the part of the total carbon that remains when coal is heated in a closed vessel until all volatile matter is driven off.

Flue Gas Desulfurization Unit (Scrubber): Equipment used to remove sulfur oxides from the combustion gases of a boiler plant before discharge to the

atmosphere. Chemicals, such as lime, are used as the scrubbing media.

Flue Gas Particulate Collectors: Equipment used to remove fly ash from the combustion gases of a boiler plant before discharge to the atmosphere. Particulate collectors include electrostatic precipitators, mechanical collectors (cyclones), fabric filters (baghouses), and wet scrubbers.

F.O.B. Mine Price: The free on board mine price. This is the price paid for coal at the mining operation site. It excludes freight or shipping and insurance costs.

F.O.B. Rail/Barge Price: The free on board price of coal at the point of first sale. It excludes freight or shipping and insurance costs.

Foreign-Controlled Firms: Foreign-controlled firms are U.S. coal producers with more than 50 percent of their stock or assets owned by a foreign firm.

Fossil-Fuel Electric Generation: Electric generation in which the prime mover is a turbine rotated by high-pressure steam produced in a boiler by heat from burning fossil fuels.

Geothermal Energy: Energy from the internal heat of the earth, which may be residual heat, friction heat, or a result of radioactive decay. The heat is found in rocks and fluids at various depths and can be extracted by drilling and/or pumping.

Greenhouse Effect: The increasing mean global surface temperature of the earth caused by gases in the atmosphere (including carbon dioxide, methane, nitrous oxide, ozone, and chlorofluorocarbon). The greenhouse effect allows solar radiation to penetrate but absorbs the infrared radiation returning to space.

Gross Domestic Product (GDP): The total value of goods and services produced by labor and property in the United States. As long as the labor and property are located in the United States, the supplier (that is, the workers and, for property, the owners) may be either U.S. residents or residents of foreign countries.

Hand Loading: An underground loading method by which coal is removed from the working face by manual labor through the use of a shovel for conveyance to the surface. Though rapidly disappearing, it is still used in very small-tonnage mines.

Highwall: the unexcavated face of exposed overburden and coal in a surface mine.

High-Volatile A Bituminous Coal: See Bituminous coal.

High-Volatile B Bituminous Coal: See Bituminous coal.

High-Volatile C Bituminous Coal: See Bituminous coal.

High-Volatile (specific sub-group unknown): See Bituminous coal.

Hydroelectric Power: The harnessing of flowing water to produce mechanical or electrical energy.

Implicit Price Deflator: The implicit price deflator, published by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, is used to convert nominal figures to real figures.

Imports: Receipts of goods into the 50 States and the District of Columbia from foreign countries and from Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and other U.S. possessions and territories.

Indian Coal Lease: A lease granted to a mining company to produce coal from Indian lands in exchange for royalties and other revenues; obtained by direct negotiation with the Indians, but subject to approval and administration by the U.S. Department of the Interior.

Industrial Sector: The industrial sector comprises manufacturing industries which make up the largest part of the sector, along with mining, construction, agriculture, fisheries, and forestry. Establishments in the sector range from steel mills, to small farms, to companies assembling electronic components. The NAICS codes used to classify establishments as industrial are 331 through 339.

Interquartile Range: The interquartile range is the range within which the middle 50 percent of observations are concentrated. See Appendix D, Section "Interquartile Range."

Jet Fuel: The term includes kerosene-type jet fuel and naphtha-type jet fuel. Kerosene-type jet fuel is a kerosene-quality product used primarily for commercial turbojet and turboprop aircraft engines. Naphthatype jet fuel is a fuel in the heavy naphtha range used primarily for military turbojet and turboprop aircraft engines.

Lease Condensate: A natural gas liquid recovered from gas well gas (associated and non-associated) in lease separators or natural gas field facilities. Lease condensate consists primarily of pentane and heavier hydrocarbons.

Lignite: A brownish-black coal of low rank with high inherent moisture and volatile matter (used almost exclusively for electric power generation). Similar coal in Europe and Australia are also referred to as brown coal. Lignite comprises two groups classified according to the following ASTM Specification D-388-91a for calorific values on a moist mineral-matter-free basis:

 $\begin{array}{cccc} & \text{Limits Btu/lb.} \\ & \text{GE} & \text{LT} \\ \text{Lignite A} & 6300 & 8300 \\ \text{Lignite B} & - & 6300 \\ \text{GE = Greater than or equal to} \\ \text{LT = Less than} \\ \text{Lignite is non-agglomerating.} \end{array}$

Lignite A: See Lignite.

Lignite B: See Lignite.

Longwall Mining: A form of underground coal mining which is gaining in importance in the United States and can be used at greater depths than room-and-pillar mining. In longwall mining, a cutting machine is pulled back and forth across a panel of coal 300 to 600 feet wide and as much as a mile long, with the broken coal moved by conveyor. Longwall mining is done under movable roof supports that are advanced as the bed is cut. The roof in the mined-out area is allowed to fall as the mining advances.

Low-Volatile Bituminous Coal: See Bituminous Coal.

Major Coal-Producing States: Any State that produces more than 12 million short tons of coal during the year.

Manufacturing (except coke plants): Those industrial users/plants, not including coke plants, that are engaged in the mechanical or chemical transformation of materials or substances into new (i.e., finished or semifinished) products. Includes coal used for gasification/liquefaction.

Medium-Volatile Bituminous Coal: See Bituminous Coal.

Merchant Coke Plant: A coke plant where coke is produced primarily for sale on the commercial (open) market.

Meta-Anthracite: See Anthracite.

Metallurgical Coal: Coal that meets the requirements for making coke. It must be low in ash and sulfur and form a coke that is capable of supporting the charge of iron ore and limestone in a blast furnace. A blend of two or more bituminous coals is usually required to make coke.

Metric Ton: A unit of weight equal to 2,204.6 pounds.

Mine Type: See Surface Mine and Underground Mine.

Mineral-Matter-Free Basis: Mineral matter in coal is the parent material in coal from which ash is derived, and which comes from minerals present in the original plant materials that formed the coal, or from extraneous sources such as sediments and precipitates from mineralized water is called the mineral matter. Mineral matter in coal cannot be analytically determined and is commonly calculated using data on ash and ash-forming constituents. Coal analyses are calculated to the mineral-matter-free basis by adjusting formulas used in calculations in order to deduct the weight of mineral matter from the total coal.

Moist (Coal) Basis: "Moist" coal contains its natural inherent or bed moisture, but does not include water adhering to the surface. Coal analyses expressed on a moist basis are performed or adjusted so as to describe the data when the coal contains only that moisture which exists in the bed in its natural state of deposition, and when the coal has not lost any moisture due to drying.

NAICS: See North American Industry Classification System

Naphtha: A genetic term applied to a petroleum fraction with an approximate boiling range between 122 and 400 degrees Fahrenheit.

Natural Gas: A mixture of hydrocarbons and small quantities of various nonhydrocarbons existing in the gaseous phase or in solution with crude oil in underground reservoirs.

Natural Gas (Dry): The marketable portion of natural gas production, which is obtained by subtracting extraction losses, including natural gas liquids removed at natural gas processing plants, from total production.

Natural Gas Plant Liquids (NGPL): Natural gas liquids recovered from natural gas in processing plants and, in some situations, from natural gas field facilities, as well as those extracted by fractionators. Natural gas plant liquids are defined according to the published specifications of the Gas Processors Association and the American Society for Testing and Materials as follows: ethane, propane, normal butane, isobutane, pentane plus, and other products from natural gas processing plants (i.e., products meeting the standards for finished petroleum products produced at natural gas processing plants, such as finished motor gasoline, finished aviation gasoline, special naphtha, kerosene, distillate fuel oil, and miscellaneous products).

Nitrogen Oxide: NO_x . A gas formed in high-temperature environments when nitrogen and oxygen are present together. This typically occurs in a combustion chamber such as those in fossil-fuel burning electric utilities. Nitrogen oxide emissions are a contributor to acid rain.

Nominal Price: The price paid for a product or service at the time of the transaction. The nominal price, which is expressed in current dollars, is not adjusted to remove the effect of changes in the purchasing power of the dollar.

Nonutility Power Producers: A corporation, person, agency, authority, or other legal entity or instrumentality that owns electric generating capacity and is not an electric utility. Nonutility power producers include qualifying cogenerators, qualifying small-power producers, and other nonutility generators (including independent power producers) without a designated franchised service area and which do not file forms listed in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 18, Part 141. (See Electric Utility.)

North American Industry Classification System (NAICS): A standardized set of codes which categorizes industries into groups with similar economic activities, used by the U.S., Canada, and Mexico. The NAICS codes replace the SIC codes.

Nuclear Electric Power: Electricity generated by an electric power plant whose turbines are driven by steam generated in a reactor by heat from the fissioning of nuclear fuel.

Number of Mines: The number of mines, or mines collocated with preparation plants or tipples, located in a particular geographic area (State or region). If a mine is mining coal across two counties within a State, or across two States, then it is counted as two operations. This is done so that EIA can separate production by State and county.

Number of Mining Operations: The number of mining operations includes preparation plants with greater than 5,000 total direct labor hours. Mining operations that consist of a mine and preparation plant or a preparation plant only will be counted as two operations, if the preparation plant processes both underground and surface coal. Excluded are silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons of coal during the year, and preparation plants with less than 5,000 employee hours.

Open Market Coal: Coal sold in the open market, i.e., coal sold to companies other than the reporting company's parent company or an operating subsidiary of the parent company.

Operating Subsidiary: A company which is controlled through the ownership of voting stock, or a corporate joint venture in which a corporation is owned by a small group of businesses as a separate and specific business or project for the mutual benefit of the members of the group.

Other Industrial Plant: Industrial users, not including coke plants, engaged in the mechanical or chemical transformation of materials or substances into new products (manufacturing); and companies engaged in the agriculture, mining, or construction industries.

Other Power Producers: This sector is comprised of coal-burning facilities that generate power but are not covered by the EIA survey form EIA-759.

Other Unions: See Union Type.

Overburden: Any material, consolidated or unconsolidated, that overlies a coal deposit.

Parent Company: A company which solely or jointly owns the reporting company and which is not itself a subsidiary of, or owned by, another company.

Percent Utilization: The ratio of total production to productive capacity, times 100.

Petroleum: Petroleum includes residential and distillate fuel oils, crude oil, and all other petroleum fuels, excluding petroleum coke.

Petroleum Coke: A residue that is the final product of the condensation process in cracking. The product is either marketable petroleum coke or catalyst petroleum coke.

Petroleum Products: Products obtained from the processing of crude oil (including lease condensate), natural gas, and other hydrocarbon compounds. Petroleum products include unfinished oils, liquefied petroleum gases, pentane plus, aviation gasoline, motor gasoline, naphtha-type jet fuel, kerosene-type jet fuel, kerosene, distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, petrochemical feedstocks, special naphtha, lubricants, waxes, petroleum coke, asphalt, road oil, still gas, and miscellaneous products.

Photovoltaic and Solar Thermal Energy (as used at electric utilities): Energy radiated by the sun as electromagnetic waves (electromagnetic radiation) that is converted at electric utilities into electricity by means of solar (photovoltaic) cells or concentrating (focusing) collectors.

Preparation Plant: A mining facility at which coal is crushed, screened, and mechanically cleaned.

Producer and Distributor Coal Stocks: Producer and distributor coal stocks consist of coal held in stock by producers/distributors at the end of a reporting period.

Productive Capacity: The maximum amount of coal that a mining operation can produce or process during a period with the existing mining equipment and/or preparation plant in place, assuming that the labor and materials sufficient to utilize the plant and equipment are available, and that the market exists for the maximum production.

Quadrillion Btu: 10¹⁵ Btu.

Real Price: A price that has been adjusted to remove the effect of changes in the purchasing power of the dollar. Real prices, which are expressed in constant dollars, usually reflect buying power relative to a base year.

Recoverable Coal Reserves at Mines: The quantity of coal that can be recovered (i.e., mined) from existing coal reserves, as reported on Form EIA-7A.

Recoverable Reserves of Coal: An estimate of the amount of coal that can be recovered (mined) from the accessible reserves of the demonstrated reserve base.

Recovery Percentage: The percentage of coal that can be recovered from the coal deposits at existing mines.

Refuse Bank: A repository for waste material generated by the coal cleaning process.

Refuse Mine: A surface mine where coal is recovered from previously mined coal. It may also be known as a silt bank, culm bank, refuse bank, slurry dam, or dredge operation.

Report Year: The calendar year beginning at 12:00 a.m. January 1 and ending at 11:59 p.m. December 31.

Residential and Commercial Sector: Housing units; wholesale and retail businesses (except coal wholesale dealers); health institutions (hospitals); social and educational institutions (schools and universities); and Federal, State, and local governments (military installations, prisons, office buildings).

Residual Fuel Oil: The heavier oils that remain after the distillate fuel oils and lighter hydrocarbons are distilled away in refinery operations and that conform to ASTM Specifications D396 and 975. Included are No. 5, a residual fuel oil of medium viscosity; Navy Special, for use in steam-powered vessels in government service and in shore power plants; and No. 6, which includes Bunker C fuel oil and is used for commercial and industrial heating, electricity generation, and to power ships. Imports of residual fuel oil include imported crude oil burned as fuel.

Room-and-Pillar Mining: The most common method of underground mining in which the mine roof is supported mainly by coal pillars left at regular intervals. Rooms are places where the coal is mined; pillars are areas of coal left between the rooms. Room-and-pillar mining is done either by conventional or continuous mining.

Royalties: Payments, in money or kind, of a stated share of production from mineral deposits, by the lessee to the lessor. Royalties may be an established minimum, a sliding-scale, or a step-scale. A step-scale royalty rate increases by steps as the average production on the lease increases. A sliding-scale royalty rate is based on average production and applies to all production from the lease.

Sales Volume: The reported output from Federal and/or Indian lands, the basis of royalties. It is approximately equivalent to production, which includes coal sold, and coal added to stockpiles.

Scoop Loading: An underground loading method by which coal is removed from the working face by a tractor unit equipped with a hydraulically operated bucket attached to the front; also called a front-end loader.

Semianthracite: See Anthracite.

Shaft Mine: An underground mine that reaches the coalbed by means of a vertical shaft. In addition to the passages providing entry to the coalbed, a network of

other passages are also dug, some to provide access to various parts of the mine and some for ventilation.

Short Ton: A unit of weight equal to 2,000 pounds.

Shortwall Mining: A form of underground mining that involves the use of a continuous mining machine and movable roof supports to shear coal panels 150 to 200 feet wide and more than half a mile long. Although similar to longwall mining, shortwall mining is generally more flexible because of the smaller working area. Productivity is lower than with longwall mining because the coal is hauled to the mine face by shuttle cars as opposed to conveyors.

SIC: See Standard Industrial Classification.

Silt: Waste from Pennsylvania anthracite preparation plants, consisting of coarse rock fragments containing as much as 30 percent small-sized coal; sometimes defined as including very fine coal particles called silt. Its heat value ranges from 8 to 17 million Btu per short ton. Synonymous with culm.

Silt, Culm Refuse Bank, or Slurry Dam Mining: A mining operation producing coal from these sources of coal. (See refuse mine.)

Slope Mine: An underground mine in which the entry is driven at an angle to reach the coal deposit.

Slurry Dam: A repository for the silt or culm from a preparation plant.

Solar Energy: The radiant energy of the sun, which can be converted into other forms of energy, such as heat or electricity.

Solar Thermal Collector: A devise designed to receive solar radiation and convert it into thermal energy. Normally, a solar thermal collector includes a frame, glazing, and an absorber, together with appropriate insulation. The heat collected by the solar thermal collector may be used immediately or stored for later use.

Standard Industrial Classification (SIC): A set of codes developed by the Office of Management and Budget which categorizes industries to groups with similar economic activities. The SIC codes have been replaced by the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

Steam Coal: All noncoking coal.

Stocks: The supply of coal or coke at a mine, plant, or utility at the end of the reporting period.

Strategic Petroleum Reserve (SPR): Petroleum stocks maintained by the Federal Government for use during periods of major supply interruption.

Strip (Surface) Mining: A method used on flat terrain to recover coal by mining long strips successively. The material excavated from the strip being mined is deposited in the strip previously mined.

Subbituminous Coal: A dull black coal of rank intermediate between lignite and bituminous, consisting of subbituminous A coal, subbituminous B coal, and subbituminous C coal, classified according to the following ASTM Specification D-388-91a on a moist mineral-matter-free basis:

	Calorific			
	Value			
	Limits			
	Btu/lb.			
	GE	LT		
Subbituminous A Coal	10500	11500		
Subbituminous B Coal	9500	10500		
Subbituminous C Coal	8300	9500		
GE = Greater than or	equal to			
LT = Less than				
Subbituminous coal is	s non-agglo	omerating.		

Subbituminous A Coal: See Subbituminous Coal.

Subbituminous B Coal: See Subbituminous Coal.

Subbituminous C Coal: See Subbituminous Coal.

Sulfur: One of the elements present in varying quantities in coal that contributes to environmental degradation when coal is burned. In terms of sulfur content by weight, coal is generally classified as low (less than or equal to 1 percent), medium (greater than 1 percent and less than or equal to 3 percent), and high (greater than 3 percent). Sulfur content is measured as a percent by weight of coal on an "as received" or a "dry" (moisture-free, usually part of a laboratory analysis) basis.

Sulfur Dioxide: SO_2 . A caustic, corrosive gas that is a by-product of combustion and emissions from fossil-fuel burning electric utility plants. The primary agent in the production of acid rain.

Supplemental Gaseous Fuels: Any gaseous substance that, introduced into or commingled with natural gas, increases the volume available for disposition. Such substances include, but are not limited to, propane-air, refinery gas, coke oven gas, still gas, manufactured gas, biomass gas, or air or inert gases added for Btu stabilization.

Surface Mine: A coal-producing mine that is usually within a few hundred feet of the surface. Earth and rock above or around the coal (overburden) is removed to expose the coalbed, which is then mined with surface excavation equipment such as draglines, power shovels, bulldozers, loaders, and augers. It may also be known as an area, contour, open-pit, strip, or auger mine.

Tipple: A central facility used in loading coal for transportation by rail or truck.

Transportation Sector: The transportation sector consists of private and public vehicles that move people and commodities. Included are automobiles, trucks. buses, motorcycles, railroads and railways (including streetcars), aircraft, ships, barges, and natural gas pipelines.

Underground Mine: A mine where coal is produced by tunneling into the earth to the coalbed, which is then mined with underground mining equipment such as cutting machines and continuous, longwall, and shortwall mining machines. Underground mines are classified according to the type of opening used to reach the coal, i.e., drift (level tunnel), slope (inclined tunnel), or shaft (vertical tunnel).

Unfinished Oils: All oils requiring further refinery processing, except those requiring only mechanical blending. Includes naphtha and lighter oils, kerosene and light gas oils, heavy gas oils, and residuum.

Union Type: Union type consists of United Mine Workers of America (UMWA), and the following "Other Union" types: Southern Labor Union (SLU), Appalachian Miners of America (AMA), Scotia Employees Association (SEA), International Union of Operating Engineers (IUOE), Utility Workers of America (UWA), Progressive Mine Workers Association (PMWA), International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers (IBEW), International Chemical Workers Union (ICWU), Redstone Workers Association (RWA), Chariton Valley Independent Union (CVIU), American Federation of Labor - Congress of Industrial Organization (AFL-CIO), Labors International (LABO), Crow Hollow Miners (CROW), Coal Strippers (COAL), United Steel Workers (USW), Independent Miners Association (IMA), Independent Union (INUN), Independence Miners, Brokers, and Truckers Association (IMBT), Council of Southern Mountains (CSM), International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Chauffeurs, Warehousemen and Helpers Union (TEAM), Thompson Creek Workers Association (TCWA), United Brotherhood of Clay Workers (UBCW), Wilmot Employees Independent Union (WEIU), Independent Strip Miners Union (ISMU), Independent Miners (IM), Independent Workers (IW), Coal Strippers Union (CSU), Independent Miners Union (IMU), Independent Coal Workers (ICW),

Independent Strip Mining Workers (ISMW), Independent Strip Union (ISU), Association of Bituminous Contractors (ABC), Arch Minerals Employees Association (AMEA), United Paperworkers International Union (UPIU), Welch Miners Union (WMU), Falcon Coal Employees Association (FCEA), Justus Employees Association (JEA), International Construction Union (ICU), Brotherhood of Miners (BOM), Western Energy Workers (WEW), Carlin Independent Union (CIU), International Association of United Workers Union (IAWU), and Stove, Furnace and Allied Appliance Workers International Union of N. A. (SFAW).

U.S. Coal Exports: Amount of U.S. coal shipped to foreign destinations, as reported in the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census, "Monthly Report EM 545."

U.S. Coal Imports: Amount of foreign coal shipped to the United States, as reported in the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report IM 145."

Wind Energy (as used at electric utilities): The kinetic energy of wind converted at electric utilities into mechanical energy by wind turbines (i.e., blades rotating from the hub) that drive generators to produce electricity for distribution.

Wood and Waste (as used at electric utilities): Wood energy, garbage, bagasse, sewerage gas, and other industrial, agricultural, and urban refuse used to generate electricity for distribution.

Volatile Matter: Those products, exclusive of moisture, given off by a material as gas or vapor. Volatile matter is determined by heating the coal to 950 degrees centigrade under carefully controlled conditions and measuring the weight loss, excluding weight of moisture driven off at 105 degrees Centigrade.