Coal Industry Annual 2000

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Preface

Coal Industry Annual 2000 provides comprehensive information about U.S. coal production, number of mines, prices, productivity, employment, productive capacity, and recoverable reserves. U.S. coal production for 1998 and later are based on the U.S. Department of Labor's Mine Safety and Health Administration's Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report." Coal production for 1997 and previous years is based on the annual survey EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report."

This report also presents data on coal consumption, coal distribution, coal stocks, coal prices, and coal quality. Appendix A contains a compilation of coal statistics for the major coal-producing States. This report also includes national total coal consumption for nonutility power producers that are not in the manufacturing, agriculture, mining, construction, or commercial sectors.

The base year for the implicit price deflator, which is used to convert nominal figures to real figures is 1996 (Table D2).

This report constitutes the 25th annual report on coal production published by EIA and continues the series

formerly included in the *Minerals Yearbook* published by the Bureau of Mines.

The data presented in the report were collected and published by the Energy Information Administration (EIA), to fulfill its data collection and dissemination responsibilities, as specified in the Federal Energy Administration Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-275), as amended. Data for the Demonstrated Reserve Base (DRB) are now reported in *U.S. Coal Reserves: A Review and Update* (DOE/EIA-0529). However, this report includes data on the recoverable portion of the DRB in Table 105.

The Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels gratefully acknowledges the cooperation of the respondents in supplying the information presented in the *Coal Industry Annual 2000* and appreciates the valuable assistance of State coal mining agencies; the U.S. Department of the Interior: the Bureau of Land Management, the Minerals Management Service; the U.S. Department of Labor: the Mine Safety and Health Administration, the Bureau of Labor Statistics; the U.S. Department of Commerce: the Bureau of the Census; and the King Publishing Corporation.

Notice

The Energy Information Administration (EIA) changed the survey form EIA-7A "Coal Production Report," beginning with the collection of 1998 data. Data on coal production and employment are no longer collected on the Form EIA-7A; rather those data are obtained through a data-sharing agreement with the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) of the U.S. Department of Labor, based on the Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report." As a result of these changes, certain data elements are no longer consistent with the historical data series.

Some differences in the 1998 and later data are attributable to modifications of definitions, while other differences are a result of changes in the industry. It is important to note these changes when comparing data over the historical period.

The changes are specified in the following text:

(1) The data on 1998 and later coal production at the county level are no longer comparable with data published in previous issues of the *Coal Industry Annual*. Production at the county level is now solely based on

the county in which the mine originally opened, whether or not any coal was produced in that county. (Adjustments have been made only for mines that cross State boundaries.) As a consequence, the number of mines are also no longer comparable with the historical series, since a mine that had previously crossed county lines, was counted as two mines.

(2)The data on 1998 and later productivity are not comparable with the historic data series, since the MSHA definition of employment differs from that previously used by EIA. EIA had defined employment to include all managerial, technical, and engineering personnel, whether or not they worked in the mine. MSHA defines employment into two categories: one for the employees working in the mine and a second for office employees. All MSHA employees are now included in the total employment data.

(3)The definition of the producer's price of coal has changed for 1998 and later. Previously, EIA defined price data as f.o.b. (free on board) mine price; producer's price is now defined as f.o.b. (free on board) rail/barge.

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Executive Summary

Overview

For the first time in more than 40 years, U.S. coal production has decreased for a second consecutive year. In 2000, coal production declined by 2.4 percent from 1999, to 1,073.6 million short tons. (Table ES1). Nevertheless, overall coal consumption increased in 2000. The additional needs of the industry were answered by a substantial draw down in stocks of 43.4 million short tons—lowering year-end stock levels by 23.7 percent from 1999 levels.

Coal consumption in the United States totaled 1080.9 million short tons, an increase of 3.5 percent. The electric power industry, excluding cogeneration facilities owned by the industrial and commercial sectors, used a record 982.6 million short tons of coal, 90.9 percent of total U.S. consumption. Coal-based electric power accounted for 51.8 percent of total electric generation. The increase in coal consumed to generate electricity was, in part, a response to the weather and the decline in hydroelectric generation. Coal use in the non-electricity sector rose for the first time in 6 years, as consumption at coke plants pushed the total sector to grow by 0.6 percent to reach a total of 98.3 million short tons.

Reflecting increasing global competition in the coal market, U.S. coal imports climbed in 2000 by more than 37 percent, achieving a record level of 12.5 million short tons. Several utilities used imported low-sulfur coal to help meet stricter sulfur emission requirements of Phase II of the 1990 Clean Air Act Amendments (CAAA), which became effective January 1, 2000. Although there was a decline in steam coal exports, the increase in metallurgical coal exports mitigated that loss, holding total coal exports at 58.5 million short tons for the year-reversing a 3 year downward trend.

Year-end coal stocks declined in both the consuming and producing sectors. Consumer stocks decreased by 35.8 million short tons while producer and distributor stocks fell by 7.6 million short tons.

The delivered price of coal continued a downward trend that started more than a decade ago. On an annual basis, the average utility price per ton of coal delivered to utilities dropped by 1.8 percent in 2000, the price of coking coal fell by 3.2 percent, while the price of other industrial steam coal declined marginally. As a result of the strong competition in the world coal market, U.S. coal export price, measured in free alongside ship (f.a.s.) value, decreased by 4.4 percent, while the price of coal imports dropped by 2.2 percent.

Production

Coal production in 2000 totaled 1,073.6 million short tons, dropping 2.4 percent (26.8 million short tons) from 1999 (Figure ES1 and Table ES1). The decline in production was attributable to (1) a substantial draw down in total coal stocks, (2) a lack of excess production capacity at some mines, and (3) a reluctance on the part of some producers to expand production to meet increasing demands in the latter part of the year. In a departure from the trend of the past several years, production levels in all three regions declined (Figure ES2 and Table ES2).

Appalachian Region

Coal production in the Appalachian Region was 419.4 million short tons in 2000, a decrease of 6.2 million short tons from 1999. Of the three major coal producing States in the region, only West Virginia had higher production levels in 2000, while Eastern Kentucky and Pennsylvania registered a decrease in production. Coal production in West Virginia, the largest coal producing State in the region, rose by 0.3 million short tons (0.2 percent) to a level of 158.3 million short tons. Although coal production increased in West Virginia in 2000, it was constrained in part by controversy surrounding a lawsuit brought by an environmental group in Federal court, involving mountaintop removal and valley fills. The judge in the case banned valley fills within the buffer zones around streams in October 1999, thereby delaying the start of several new mines that could have produced coal in 2000. Eastern Kentucky's production dropped 5.1 million short tons to end the year at 104.9 million short tons. In 2000, Pennsylvania produced 74.6 million short tons, a drop of 1.8 million short tons (2.3) percent), somewhat reflecting the drop in steam coal

Table ES1. U.S. Coal Supply, Disposition, and Prices, 1997-2000

(Million Short Tons and Nominal Dollars per Short Ton)

Item	1997	1998	1999	2000
Production by Region				
Appalachian	467.8	460.4	425.6	419.4
Interior	170.9	168.4	162.5	143.5
Western	451.3	488.8	512.3	510.7
Total	1,089.9	1,117.5	1,100.4	1,073.6
Consumption by Sector				
Electric Power	922.0	937.8	946.8	982.6
Electric Utilities	900.4	910.9	894.1	859.3
Other Power Producers ^a	21.6	26.9	52.7	123.3
Coke Plants	30.2	28.2	28.1	28.9
Other Industrial Plants	71.5	67.4	65.5	65.2
Residential/Commercial Users	6.5	4.9	4.9	4.1
Total	1,030.1	1,038.3	1,045.3	1,080.9
Year-End Coal Stocks				
Electric Power	98.8	120.5	136.0	102.2
Coke Plants	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.5
Other Industrial Plants	5.6	5.5	5.6	4.6
Producers/Distributors	34.0	36.5	39.5	31.9
Total	140.4	164.6	183.0	140.1
U.S. Coal Trade				
Exports	83.5	78.0	58.5	58.5
Steam Coal	31.4	31.0	26.3	25.7
Metallurgical Coal	52.2	47.1	32.1	32.8
Imports	7.5 76.1	8.7 69.3	9.1 49.4	12.5 46.0
Net Exports	70.1	09.3	49.4	46.0
Average Delivered Price				
Electric Utilities	26.16	25.64	24.72	24.28
Coke Plants	47.61	46.06	45.85	44.37
Other Industrial Plants	32.41	32.26	31.59	31.44
Average Free Alongside Ship (f.a.s.) Price				
Exports	40.55	38.89	36.50	34.90
Steam Coal	32.42	30.24	29.91	29.67
Metallurgical Coal	45.45	44.58	41.91	38.99
Imports	34.32	32.18	30.77	30.10

^aInclude utility coal-fired power plants sold to nonutilities during 1998, 1999 and 2000. Coal consumption by cogenerators are included in the end-use sector.

exports to Canada. Both Maryland and Virginia increased their production, while Alabama, Ohio, and Tennessee had decreases in coal production in 2000.

Interior Region

Reflecting the closure of several large mines in the region, coal production in the Interior Region dropped

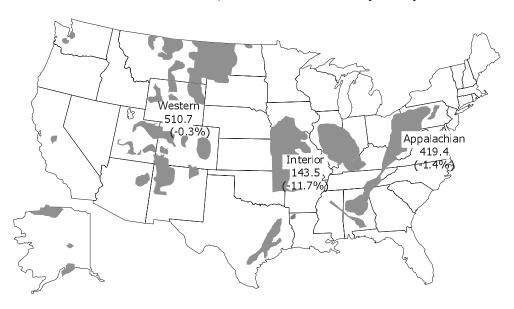
in 2000 by 19.0 million short tons (11.7 percent) to a level of 143.5 million short tons—extending a downward trend for the region to 4 years. Every major coal-producing State in the Interior Region had lower production levels in 2000. The States in the Illinois Basin (Illinois, Indiana, and Western Kentucky) accounted for 88.5 percent of the loss, falling from a combined total of 104 million short tons to 87.2 million short tons. The greatest decline in

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sum of net exports, stock changes, and consumption may not equal production, primarily because the supply and disposition data are obtained from different surveys.

Sources: **Production, consumption, stocks, and prices**: Energy Information Administration, *Quarterly Coal Report, October-December 2000*, DOE/EIA-0121(00/4Q) (Washington, DC, April 2001); *Coal Industry Annual 1999*, DOE/EIA-0584(99) (Washington, DC, June 2001); *Electric Power Monthly, March 2001*, DOE/EIA-0226(01/03) (Washington, DC, March 2001); and Federal Energy Regulatory Commission Form 423, "Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Utilities." **Exports and imports**: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report EM 545" and "Monthly Report IM 145."

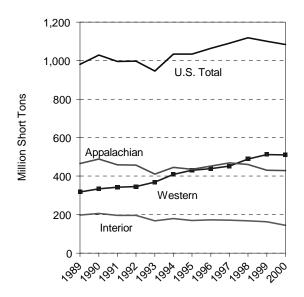
Figure ES1. Coal Production by Coal-Producing Region, 2000 (Million Short Tons and Percent Change from 1999)

U.S. Total: 1,073.6 Million Short Tons (-2.4 %)



Source: Energy Information Administration.

Figure ES2. Coal Production by Region, 1989-2000



Sources: Energy Information Administration, *Quarterly Coal Report*, *October-December 2000*, DOE/EIA-0121(00/4Q) (Washington, DC, April 2001); *Coal Production*, DOE/EIA-0118, various issues; and *Coal Industry Annual 1999*, DOE/EIA-0584(99) (Washington, DC, June 2001).

tonnage for any State in the Interior Region was registered by Illinois (down by 7 million short tons) where production ceased at two major mines, the Peabody's Marissa mine and Arch Coal's Conant mine, which together accounted for 5.8 million short tons of production in 1999. Coal production in the two other Illinois Basin States, Indiana and Western Kentucky, dropped by 6 million short tons (17.8 percent) and by 3.8 million short tons (12.8 percent), respectively. Production ceased at three major mines in Indiana, Peabody's Hawthorn and Lynnville mines, and Kindell Mining's Kindell #1 mine. These three mines produced 7 million short tons of coal in 1999. Texas, the largest coal-producing State in the Interior Region, saw its production level decline by 3.6 million short tons (6.7 percent), which reflects the continuing displacement of state-produced lignite by Powder River Basin coal at several of the State's electric utilities. In the Interior Region, only Louisiana increased production in 2000 from 1999, by 25.3 percent. Coal mining began in Mississippi during the last couple of weeks in December 1999 and continued throughout most of 2000 in preparation for start up of the Choctaw Generation Ltd.'s Red Hills Power Plant.

Table ES2. U.S. Coal Production by Coal-Producing Region and State, 1997-2000 (Million Short Tons)

Coal-Producing Region				
and State	1997	1998	1999	2000
Appalachian Total	467.8	460.4	425.6	419.4
Alabama	24.5	23.0	19.5	19.3
Kentucky, Eastern	120.9	116.7	110.0	104.9
Maryland	4.2	4.0	3.8	4.5
Ohio	29.2	28.0	22.5	22.3
Pennsylvania Total	76.2	81.0	76.4	74.6
Anthracite	4.7	5.2	4.8	4.6
Bituminous	71.5	75.8	71.6	70.0
Tennessee	3.3	2.7	3.0	2.7
Virginia	35.8	33.7	32.3	32.8
West Virginia	173.7	171.1	158.0	158.3
Northern	42.8	44.7	38.9	37.6
Southern	130.9	126.5	119.2	120.7
Interior Total	170.9	168.4	162.5	143.5
Arkansas	*	*	*	*
Illinois	41.2	39.7	40.4	33.4
Indiana	35.5	36.8	34.0	28.0
Kansas	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.2
Kentucky, Western	34.9	33.6	29.6	25.8
Louisiana	3.5	3.2	3.0	3.7
Mississippi	-	-	*	0.9
Missouri	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Oklahoma	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.6
Texas	53.3	52.6	53.1	49.5
Western Total	451.3	488.8	512.3	510.7
Alaska	1.5	1.3	1.6	1.6
Arizona	11.7	11.3	11.8	13.1
Colorado	27.4	29.6	30.0	29.1
Montana	41.0	42.8	41.1	38.4
New Mexico	27.0	28.6	29.2	27.3
North Dakota	29.6	29.9	31.1	31.3
Utah	26.7	26.1	26.4	26.7
Washington	4.5	4.6	4.1	4.3
Wyoming	281.9	314.4	337.1	338.9
U.S. Total	1,089.9	1,117.5	1,100.4	1,073.6

^{* =} Less than 50 thousand short tons.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Coal Industry Annual 1999, DOE/EIA-0584(99) (Washington, DC, June 2001); and Quarterly Coal Report, October-December 2000, DOE/EIA-0121(00/4Q) (Washington, DC, April 2001).

Western Region

In 2000, coal production in the Western Region declined for the first time in 16 years, dropping by 1.7 million short tons to 510.7 million short tons, a decrease of only 0.3 percent. Coal production in this region (as well as in the entire United States) was dominated by Wyoming, which accounted for two thirds of the regional production and nearly one third of U.S. production in 2000. Wyoming produced 338.9 million short tons of coal—only 7 percent less than the next three largest coal-producing States combined. In 2000, Wyoming continued an 8-year trend of increasing coal production, growing by 1.8 million short tons (0.5 percent). The

continued penetration of Powder River Basin coal into the eastern electric power markets has helped to drive Wyoming production to record level for another year, although the level of growth dropped substantially in 2000. The slowdown in growth in Wyoming was a reflection of the decision by some producers to limit production expansion and by the constraints of the coal transportation (or railroad loadout) capacity in the Powder River Basin.

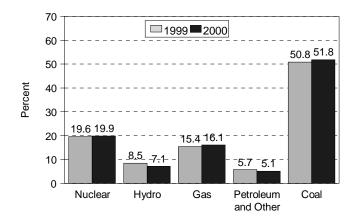
Montana, the second largest coal producing State in the Western Region, had a decrease in production of 2.8 million short tons. Production levels in Colorado and New Mexico also declined in 2000. Colorado produced 29.1 million short tons, a decline of 2.8 percent. In 2000, New Mexico experienced a localized strike and some equipment problems. As a result, some of the producers drew down their stocks thereby decreasing New Mexico's coal production by 1.8 million short tons, to a level of 27.3 million short tons. Arizona increased coal production by 1.3 million short tons (11.2 percent), reflecting the increase in coal-based electric power in the area.

Consumption

Coal consumption in the United States in 2000 grew 3.5 percent to reach a level of 1,080.9 million short tons. More than 90 percent of all coal was consumed in the electric power sector. The 982.6 million short tons of coal consumed in that sector does not include coal consumed by cogeneration facilities reported in the industrial and commercial sectors. Coal was used to produce 51.8 percent of all electricity generated in the United States (Table ES1 and Figure ES3). Two factors affected the growth in coal consumption for power generation in 2000. The increase of 35.8 million short tons for the generation of electricity was in part a result of a decline in hydroelectric generation in 2000. Hydroelectric generation show a drop of 40.3 billion kilowatthours from the 1999 level.

The other factor affecting the higher level of consumption was weather. The summer of 2000 was warmer in some parts of the country than it was in 1999. During June through September, the Mountain Census Division experienced growth in cooling-degree days of more than 16 percent than the same period in 1999. During August 2000, the East North Central and West North Central Census Divisions had a higher number of cooling-degree days, 29 and 38 percent, respectively, when compared to August 1999. In addition, the cooler than normal weather across most of the nation during April,

Figure ES3. Share of Electric Power Industry Net Generation by Energy Source, 1999 vs. 2000



Sources: Energy Information Administration, *Electric Power Monthly, March 2001*, DOE/EIA-0226(01/02) (Washington, DC, March 2001); Form EIA-860B, "Annual Electric Generator Report - Nonutility," and Form EIA-900, "Monthly Nonutility Power Report."

November, and December also resulted in higher coal consumption for electricity generation. Six of the nine Census Divisions (New England, Middle Atlantic, East North Central, West North Central, South Atlantic, and East South Central) had a rise in heating-degree days in April compared with April 1999, ranging from 6.6 to 69.7 percent higher. During November and December 2000, all nine Census Divisions had growth in heatingdegree days, compared with the same period in 1999. These changes in weather resulted in increased coal consumption for electricity generation for the year in every Census Division except the West South Central. The West South Central Census Division had a significant increase in natural gas-fired generation, which resulted in a decrease in coal consumption for generation of 1.7 million short tons (1.2 percent).

Coal use in the non-electric power sector increased in 2000 for the first time in 6 years. While there was a decline (15.7 percent) in coal consumed in the residential/commercial sector, consumption by coke plants and other industrial plants increased. Coal consumed at coke plants increased in 2000 by 0.8 million short tons, up of 3 percent. This increase was reflective of a 3.5 percent increase in pig iron production in the United States (Figure ES5).

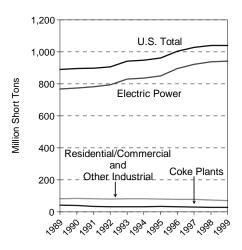
Coal prices, on an annual basis, declined in 2000, continuing the downward trend of the last several years. Although there were higher prices for some of the consuming sectors as a result of the increasing fuel costs

Figure ES4. Electric Power Sector Consumption of Coal by Census Division, 2000 (Million Short Tons and Percent Change from 1999)

U.S. Total = 982.6(3.8 %) Pacific New England Contiguous 7.6 (18.8%) 9.9 (1.0%) West Mountain North Central Fast 118.7 (4.3%) Middle Atlantic 137. (4.5%) North Central 209.2 (1.2%) 69.7 (13.5%) Pacific Noncontiquous 1.4 (0%) South Atlantic 170.9 (3.5%) West South Central 150.6 (1.3%) East South Central 107.5 (4.6%)

Sources: Energy Information Administration, *Electric Power Monthly, March 2001*, DOE/EIA-0226(01/03) (Washington, DC, March 2001); Form EIA-860B, "Annual Electric Generator Report - Nonutility," and Form EIA-900, "Monthly Nonutility Power Report."

Figure ES5. Coal Consumption by Sector, 1989-2000



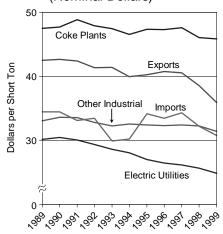
Sources: Energy Information Administration, *Quarterly Coal Report*, *October-December 2000*, DOE/EIA-0121(00/4Q) (Washington, DC, April 2001); *Coal Industry Annual 1999*, DOE/EIA-0584(99) (Washington, DC, June 2001); and *Electric Power Monthly, March 2001*, DOE/EIA-0226(01/03) (Washington, DC, March 2001).

at the end of the year (on a delivered basis), the average price of utility coal (on a delivered basis) declined 1.8 percent, for an annual average of \$24.28 per short ton (120.1 cents per million Btu). Coking coal prices dropped to \$44.37 per short ton, a 3.2-percent decline over the 1999 price. The price of other industrial steam coal was slightly lower in 2000 with an annual average price of \$31.44 per short ton (Figure ES6).

Exports and Imports

Exports—In 2000, total U.S. coal exports remained unchanged from 1999 at 58.5 million short tons, reversing a 3-year declining trend (Figure ES7). The highly competitive world coal market was again dominated by Australia, the leading coal-exporting country. The strong U.S. dollar in 1999 and 2000 gave an edge to other coal-exporting countries when contract prices were negotiated. Metallurgical coal exports increased in 2000 by 2.2 percent, regaining some of the loss experienced in 1999. The slight boost in metallurgical coal exports was helped by the world wide demand for steel, as well as a price

Figure ES6. Delivered Coal Prices, 1989-2000 (Nominal Dollars)

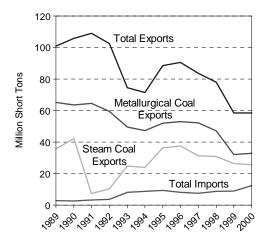


Sources: Energy Information Administration, *Quarterly Coal Report*, *October-December 2000*, DOE/EIA-0121(00/4Q) (Washington, DC, April 2001); *Coal Industry Annual 1999*, DOE/EIA-0584(99) (Washington, DC, June 2001); *Electric Power Monthly, March 2001*, DOE/EIA-0226(01/03) (Washington, DC, March 2001); and U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report EM 545" and "Monthly Report IM 145."

drop of 7 percent on a per ton f.a.s. basis for metallurgical coal exports. The average price per ton dropped from \$41.91 in 1999 to \$38.99, a price that has not been seen in decades. Of the major U.S. buyers of metallurgical coal, Belgium and Luxembourg, Brazil, Spain, and Turkey each increased their imports of U.S. metallurgical coal. Canada, France, Italy, Japan, Korea, the Netherlands, and the United Kingdom, all imported less metallurgical coal in 2000. Reflecting the competitiveness in the Asian market, U.S. exports of metallurgical coal to the region declined in 2000 by 42 percent. Japan imported less than 1 million short tons in 2000, a drop of 57.6 percent, and Korea imported 29.5 percent less coal than in 1999.

The market for U.S. steam coal exports dropped somewhat in 2000. Total steam coal exports were down (by 2.6 percent) to a level of 25.7 million short tons, down from 26.3 million short tons in 1999. Canada represented the largest steam coal export market for the United States, accounting for 58.1 percent of all steam coal exports in 2000, despite the 4.1 percent drop from the 1999 level. Other major declines in steam coal exports were experienced in Mexico (1 million short tons) and in China, (0.8 million short tons). Although total steam coal exports were down overall, Japan and the United Kingdom increased their share of U.S. steam coal exports. The increases of 38.1 percent for the United Kingdom and 28.2 percent for Japan were not enough to compensate for the declines by other countries. The f.a.s.

Figure ES7. U.S. Coal Exports and Imports, 1989-2000



Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report EM 545" and "Monthly Report IM 145."

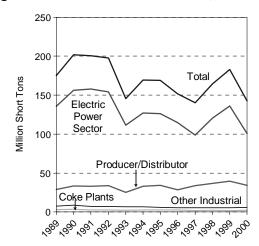
price of steam coal declined by only 0.8 percent in 2000 to \$29.67 per short ton.

Imports—Coal imports, although an extremely small part of the total U.S. coal supply (less than 1 percent of total consumption), increased dramatically in 2000. Total coal imports were 12.5 million short tons, an increase of 37.7 percent (Figure ES7). The rise in imports in 2000 was attributable to the heightened demand for lowsulfur coal to meet the stricter sulfur emission requirements of Phase II of the Clean Air Act Amendments (CAAA) of 1990. Electric utilities accounted for 60 percent of all coal imports with other power producers accounting for approximately 20 percent. A significant portion of the increase can be attributed to higher receipts of imported coal by utilities in Alabama. The average price of U.S. coal imports for 2000 was \$30.10 per short ton, only slightly less than the 1999 value of \$30.77 per short ton. Colombia remained the largest supplier of U.S. coal imports with 7.6 million short tons, or 61 percent of all coal imports. Venezuela and Canada followed with 2 million short tons and 1.9 million short tons, respectively.

Stocks

Coal stocks at the end of 2000 totaled 140.1 million short tons, a drop of 43.4 million short tons (Figure ES8). Stocks held by coal producers and distributors fell by 7.6 million short tons, a decrease of 19.2 percent. Industrial users, including coke plants, held a total of 6.1 million short tons, a decrease of 1.4 million short tons. Coal stocks in the electric power sector declined by 34.4

Figure ES8. Year-End Coal Stocks, 1989-2000



Sources: Energy Information Administration, *Quarterly Coal Report, October-December 2000*, DOE/EIA-0121(00/4Q) (Washington, DC, April 2001); *Coal Industry Annual 1999*, DOE/EIA-0584(99) (Washington, DC, June 2001); and *Electric Power Monthly, March 2001*, DOE/EIA-0226(01/03) (Washington, DC, March 2001).

million short tons in 2000, helping to keep production levels down. The colder than normal weather in many parts of the country combined with the tight coal market at the end of the year, kept inventories at levels well below historical levels.

Supply

Production

Table 1. Coal Production by State, 1991, 1996-2000

(Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change	Average Annual Percent Change	
State and Region							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
Alabama	19,324	19,504	23,013	24,468	24,637	27,269	-0.9	-5.9	-3.8
Alaska	1,641	1,565	1,344	1,450	1,481	1,436	4.8	2.6	1.5
Arizona	13,111	11,787	11,315	11,723	10,442	13,203	11.2	5.8	1
Arkansas	12	22	24	18	21	52	-47.3	-13.7	-15.3
California	_	_	_	_	_	57	_	_	_
Colorado	29,137	29,989	29,631	27,449	24,886	17,834	-2.8	4.0	5.6
Illinois	33,444	40,417	39,732	41,159	46,656	60,258	-17.3	-8.0	-6.3
Indiana	27,965	34,004	36,803	35,497	29,670	31,468	-17.8	-1.5	-1.3
Iowa	_	_	_	_	_	344	_	_	_
Kansas	201	409	341	360	232	416	-50.8	-3.5	-7.8
Kentucky Total	130,688	139,626	150,295	155,853	152,425	158,980	-6.4	-3.8	-2.1
Eastern	104,901	110,043	116,654	120,918	116,951	117,220	-4.7	-2.7	-1.2
Western	25,787	29,583	33,641	34,936	35,474	41,760	-12.8	-7.7	-5.2
Louisiana	3,699	2,953	3,216	3,545	3,221	3,151	25.3	3.5	1.8
Maryland	4,546	3,837	4,060	4,160	4,093	3,773	18.5	2.7	2.1
Mississippi	902	18	-,,,,,	.,100	.,0,5	-	NM		
Missouri	436	392	372	401	710	2,304	11.3	-11.4	-16.9
Montana	38,352	41.102	42,840	41,005	37,891	38,237	-6.7	.3	*
New Mexico	27,323	29,156	28,597	27,025	24,067	21,518	-6.3	3.2	2.7
North Dakota	31,270	31,135	29,912	29,580	29,861	29,530	.4	1.1	.6
Ohio	22,269	22,480	28,048	29,154	28,572	30,569	9	-6.0	-3.4
Oklahoma	1,588	1,661	1,661	1,621	1,701	1.841	-4.4	-1.7	-1.6
Pennsylvania Total	74,619	76,399	81,036	76,198	67,942	65,381	-2.3	2.4	1.5
Anthracite	4,572	4,753	5,231	4.678	4,751	3,445	-3.8	9	3.2
Bituminous	70.046	71,646	75,805	71,520	63,190	61,936	-2.2	2.6	1.4
Tennessee	2,669	3.037	2,696	3,300	3,651	4,290	-2.2 -12.1	-7.5	-5.1
Texas	49,498	53.072	52,583	53.328	55.164	53.825	-12.1 -6.7	-7.3 -2.7	9
Utah	26,656	26,373	26,075	26,683	27,507	21,945	-0.7 1.1	-2.7 8	2.2
	32,834	32,294	33,747	35,837	35,590	41,954	1.7	o -2.0	-2.7
Virginia	4,270	,		,	,		4.1		-2.7 -2.0
Washington	,	4,101	4,638	4,495	4,565	5,143		-1.6	
West Virginia Total	158,257	157,978	171,145	173,743	170,433	167,352	.2	-1.8	6
Northern	37,601	38,788	44,618	42,802	45,910	52,155	-3.1	-4.9	-3.6
Southern	120,656	119,191	126,527	130,941	124,523	115,196	1.2	8	.5
Wyoming	338,900	337,119	314,409	281,881	278,440	193,854	.5	5.0	6.4
Appalachian Total ¹	419,419	425,573	460,400	467,778	451,868	457,808	-1.4	-1.8	-1.0
Interior Total ¹	143,531	162,530	168,374	170,863	172,848	195,418	-11.7	-4.5	-3.4
Western Total ¹	510,661	512,328	488,762	451,291	439,140	342,758	3	3.8	4.5
East of Miss. River	507,517	529,594	570,576	579,369	563,668	591,294	-4.2	-2.6	-1.7
West of Miss. River	566,094	570,837	546,960	510,563	500,188	404,690	8	3.1	3.8
U.S. Total	1,073,612	1,100,431	1,117,535	1,089,932	1,063,856	995,984	-2.4	.2	.8

 $[\]begin{array}{ll} 1 & \text{For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.} \\ * \, \text{Data round to zero.} \\ \hline \text{NM} & \text{Not meaningful as value is greater than 500 percent.} \\ \end{array}$

Notes: Coal production excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal

sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; State Mining Agency Coal Production Reports; and/or U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table 2. Number of Coal Mines by State, 1991, 1996-2000

Coal-Producing	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change	Average Annual Percent Change	
State and Region							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
Alabama	42	47	53	51	53	96	-10.6	-5.6	-8.8
Alaska	1	1	1	1	1	1	_	_	_
Arizona	2	2	2	2	2	2	-	_	_
Arkansas	3	3	3	3	5	7	_	-12.0	-9.0
California	_	_	_	_	_	1	_	_	_
Colorado	12	12	12	14	15	21	_	-5.4	-6.0
Illinois	18	23	24	28	31	51	-21.7	-12.7	-10.9
Indiana	30	34	41	39	37	58	-11.8	-5.1	-7.1
Iowa	_	_	_	_	_	3	_	_	_
Kansas	1	2	2	3	1	3	-50.0	_	-11.5
Kentucky Total	408	458	482	529	544	838	-10.9	-6.9	-7.7
Eastern	382	421	445	482	484	756	-9.3	-5.7	-7.3
Western	26	37	37	47	60	82	-29.7	-18.9	-12.0
Louisiana	2	2	2	2	2	2		-	-
Maryland	16	15	16	18	18	26	6.7	-2.9	-5.3
Mississippi	10	13	-	-	-	20	-	2.7	5.5
Missouri	2	2	4	4	5	5	_	-20.5	-9.7
Montana	6	6	6	8	8	9	_	-6.9	-4.4
New Mexico	7	7	7	6	6	7	_	3.9	-4.4
North Dakota	4	4	4	6	5	8	_	-5.4	
Ohio	60	79	83	81	99	159	-24.0	-3.4 -11.8	-10.3
	8	10	8	11	12	22	-24.0	-11.8 -9.6	-10.5 -10.6
Oklahoma									
Pennsylvania Total	307	339	375	403	402	608	-9.4	-6.5	-7.3
Anthracite	112	111	123	131	127	176	.9	-3.1	-4.9
Bituminous	195	228	252	272	275	432	-14.5	-8.2	-8.4
Tennessee	20	24	27	27	26	72	-16.7	-6.3	-13.3
Texas	14	14	14	12	13	15	_	1.9	8
Utah	13	15	15	12	11	15	-13.3	4.3	-1.6
Virginia	156	161	173	191	191	294	-3.1	-4.9	-6.8
Washington	2	2	2	3	3	3		-9.6	-4.4
West Virginia Total	297	306	346	349	386	665	-2.9	-6.3	-8.6
Northern	68	71	69	80	93	174	-4.2	-7.5	-9.9
Southern	229	235	277	269	293	491	-2.5	-6.0	-8.1
Wyoming	21	22	24	25	27	31	-4.5	-6.1	-4.2
Appalachian Total ¹	1,280	1,392	1,518	1,602	1,659	2,676	-8.0	-6.3	-7.9
Interior Total ¹	105	128	135	149	166	248	-18.0	-10.8	-9.1
Western Total ¹	68	71	73	77	78	98	-4.2	-3.4	-4.0
East of Miss. River	1,355	1,487	1,620	1,716	1,787	2,867	-8.9	-6.7	-8.0
West of Miss. River	98	104	106	112	116	155	-5.8	-4.1	-5.0
U.S. Total	1,453	1,591	1,726	1,828	1,903	3,022	-8.7	-6.5	-7.8

For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C. Note: Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; State Mining Agency Coal Production Reports; and/or U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table 3. Coal Production and Number of Mines by State and Mine Type, 2000 (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing	Undergr	round	Surfa	ice	Total		
State and Region	Number of Mines	Production	Number of Mines	Production	Number of Mines	Production	
Alabama	. 9	15,895	33	3,430	42	19,324	
Alaska		15,695	1	1.641	1	1,641	
Arizona			2	13,111	2	13,111	
Arkansas			3	13,111	3	13,111	
Colorado		19,982	4	9,155	12	29.137	
Illinois		29,642	6	3,802	18	33,444	
Indiana		3,688	25	24,277	30	27,965	
Kansas		3,000	1	201	1	201	
Kentucky Total		80,177	162	50,511	408	130,688	
•		59,787	148	,	408 382	,	
Eastern		,	148	45,114	382 26	104,901	
Western		20,390	2	5,397	26	25,787	
Louisiana		2 106		3,699		3,699	
Maryland		3,196	14	1,350	16	4,546	
Mississippi		_	1	902	1	902	
Missouri		_	2	436	2	436	
Montana			6	38,352	6	38,352	
New Mexico		4	6	27,320	7	27,323	
North Dakota			4	31,270	4	31,270	
Ohio		11,933	51	10,336	60	22,269	
Oklahoma		241	7	1,346	8	1,588	
Pennsylvania Total		57,959	225	16,659	307	74,619	
Anthracite		309	78	4,263	112	4,572	
Bituminous		57,650	147	12,396	195	70,046	
Tennessee		1,456	9	1,213	20	2,669	
Гехаs	. –	_	14	49,498	14	49,498	
Utah		26,656	-	-	13	26,656	
Virginia	. 107	23,181	49	9,654	156	32,834	
Washington	. –	_	2	4,270	2	4,270	
West Virginia Total	. 200	98,439	97	59,818	297	158,257	
Northern	. 39	32,281	29	5,319	68	37,601	
Southern	. 161	66,158	68	54,498	229	120,656	
Wyoming	. 1	1,210	20	337,691	21	338,900	
Appalachian Total ¹		271,845	626	147,574	1,280	419,419	
Interior Total 1		53,962	75	89,570	105	143,531	
Western Total ¹	. 23	47,852	45	462,809	68	510,661	
East of Miss. River		325,565	672	181,952	1,355	507,517	
West of Miss. River	. 24	48,093	74	518,001	98	566,094	
U.S. Total	. 707	373,659	746	699,953	1,453	1,073,612	

 $^{1\,\,}$ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Notes: Coal production excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Table 4. Coal Production and Number of Mines by State, County, and Mine Type, 2000 (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing	Undergr	ouna	Surfa	ce	Total		
State and County	Number of Mines	Production	Number of Mines	Production	Number of Mines	Production	
Alabama	9	15,895	33	3,430	42	19,324	
Bibb	_	´ -	1	66	1	66	
Cullman	_	_	1	17	1	17	
Fayette	1	2,604	_	_	1	2,604	
Jackson	_	_	1	5	1	5	
Jefferson	3	6,364	4	467	7	6,831	
Marion	_	_	2	80	2	80	
Shelby	1	25	_	_	1	25	
Tuscaloosa	3	6,787	5	579	8	7,366	
Walker	1	115	16	1,883	17	1,998	
Winston	_	_	3	332	3	332	
Alaska	_	_	1	1,641	1	1,641	
Yukon River	_	_	1	1,641	1	1,641	
Arizona	_	_	2	13,111	2	13,111	
Navajo	_	_	2	13,111	2	13,111	
Arkansas	_	_	3	12	3	12	
Johnson	_	_	2	6	2	6	
Sebastian	_	_	1	6	1	6	
Colorado	8	19,982	4	9,155	12	29,137	
Delta	ĭ	5,034	_	-	1	5,034	
Fremont	ī	197	_	_	1	197	
Garfield	1	305	_	_	1	305	
Gunnison	2	5,508	_	_	2	5,508	
La Plata	1	186	_	_	1	186	
Moffat	_	_	2	7,230	2	7,230	
Montrose	_	_	1	365	1	365	
Rio Blanco	1	1,530	_	_	1	1,530	
Routt	i	7,222	1	1,560	2	8,782	
llinois	12	29,642	6	3,802	18	33,444	
Gallatin	1	1,955	2	2,332	3	4,286	
Jackson	_	-	2	891	2	891	
Jefferson	1	2,739	_	_	1	2,739	
Macoupin	2	4,264	_	_	2	4,264	
McDonough	_	-1,201	1	507	1	507	
Montgomery	1	2,074	-	_	1	2,074	
Perry	_	2,074	1	73	1	73	
Randolph	1	2,504	<u>.</u>	-	1	2,504	
Saline	2	9,212	_	_	2	9,212	
Sangamon	1	1,954	_	_	1	1,954	
Vermilion	1	992	_	_	1	992	
Wabash	1	1,505			1	1,505	
White	1	2,442			1	2,442	
Indiana	5	3,688	25	24,277	30	27,965	
Clay	3	3,000	1	18	1	18	
Daviess	_		4	3,645	4	3,645	
Gibson	_ 1	38	6	7,092	7	7,129	
Greene	<u> </u>		2	1,612	2	1,612	
Knox	3	3,541	3	1,012	6	5,540	
Owen	<i>3</i> —	3,341	3 1	74	1	3,340 74	
Parke	_	_	1	135	1	135	
Pike	- 1	110	3	3,337	1 //	3,447	
Sullivan	1	110	3 1	1,373	1	1,373	
	_	_	1		1	3,903	
Vigo	_	_	1	3,903	1		
Warrick	_	_	2 1	1,089	2 1	1,089	
Kansas	_	_		201		201	
Linn	246	80,177	1 162	201 50 511	1 408	201 130 688	
Kentucky	246 9	,	162 12	50,511 1,208	408 21	130,688 2,933	
Bell	9	1,725			4		
Breathitt	_	_	4	1,026	4	1,026	
Butler	_	_	1	17	1	17	
Christian	_	_	1	194	1	194	
Clay	_	_	1	9	1	9	
Daviess		1 000	1	674	1	674	
Floyd	25	1,896	1	782	26	2,678	
Harlan	32	8,191	13	1,934	45	10,125	
Henderson	_	_	1	1,165	1	1,165	
Hopkins	5	4,616	2	1,675	7	6,291	
Johnson	3	475	1	15	4	491	
Knott	25	6,356	23	6,277	48	12,633	
Knox	9	383	3	6	12	389	
Laurel	_	_	2	29	2	29	

Table 4. Coal Production and Number of Mines by State, County, and Mine Type, 2000 (Continued) (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing	Undergi	round	Surfa	ice	Total		
State and County	Number of Mines	Production	Number of Mines	Production	Number of Mines	Production	
Kentucky (Continued)							
Lawrence	–	_	3	120	3	120	
Leslie		5,537	2	1,750	11	7,286	
Letcher		5,145	24	4,335	48	9,479	
Martin		5,701	6	5,437	23	11,138	
Morgan		6	2	49	3	55	
		1,942	4	1,272	7	3,214	
Muhlenberg		1,942	•	,			
Ohio		_	3	296	3	296	
Owsley			1	22	1	22	
Perry		5,752	13	6,549	23	12,301	
Pike	68	18,605	33	15,404	101	34,009	
Union	2	5,663	_	_	2	5,663	
Webster	2	8,169	1	103	3	8,272	
Whitley		16	4	160	6	176	
ouisiana		-	2	3,699	2	3,699	
			1	,	1	,	
De Soto		_	•	2,925	•	2,925	
Red River			1	773	1	773	
Maryland	2	3,196	14	1,350	16	4,546	
Allegany	–	_	10	1,229	10	1,229	
Garrett	2	3,196	4	120	6	3,317	
Mississippi		· _	1	902	1	902	
Choctaw			1	902	i	902	
		_	2		2		
Missouri		_		436	_	436	
Bates		_	2	436	2	436	
Montana	–	_	6	38,352	6	38,352	
Big Horn	–	_	3	26,145	3	26,145	
Richland		_	1	372	1	372	
Rosebud		_	2	11,835	2	11,835	
New Mexico		4	6	27,320	7	27,323	
		4			,		
Colfax		_	1	1,137	1	1,137	
McKinley		-	2	10,310	2	10,310	
San Juan	1	4	3	15,872	4	15,876	
North Dakota	–	_	4	31,270	4	31,270	
McLean	–	_	1	7,633	1	7,633	
Mercer			2	18,859	2	18,859	
Oliver			1	4,777	1	4,777	
		- 44.022		,	•	,	
Ohio		11,933	51	10,336	60	22,269	
Athens	1	519	1	25	2	544	
Belmont	1	4,619	5	898	6	5,518	
Carroll	–	_	2	45	2	45	
Columbiana	1	349	4	149	5	498	
Coshocton		_	2	58	2	58	
Gallia			1	203	1	203	
		_	2		2		
Guernsey				20		20	
Harrison		1,729	8	1,308	9	3,037	
Holmes	–	_	2	167	2	167	
Jackson	–	_	2	1,425	2	1,425	
Jefferson	3	399	4	275	7	674	
Mahoning		_	1	8	1	8	
Meigs		4,318	_	_	2	4,318	
	··· -	7,510	1	1,050	1	1,050	
Morgan		_	1		1		
Muskingum		_	1	685	1	685	
Noble		-	1	370	1	370	
Perry	–	-	3	971	3	971	
Stark	–	_	4	688	4	688	
Tuscarawas		_	5	793	5	793	
Vinton		_	2	1,199	2	1,199	
		241	7	1,346	8		
Oklahoma		241			O	1,588	
Craig		_	1	167	1	167	
Haskell		_	1	522	1	522	
Latimer	–	_	1	16	1	16	
Le Flore	1	241	2	468	3	710	
Okmulgee		_	$\bar{1}$	5	1	5	
Rogers		_	1	168	1	168	
		E7 050			307		
ennsylvania		57,959	225	16,659		74,619	
Allegheny		*	1	15	2	15	
Armstrong	11	3,039	11	930	22	3,970	
Beaver		292	_	_	1	292	
Bedford			1	2	1	2	
		=			-		
Butler		-	5	495	5	495	
Cambria	2	57	9	962	11	1,019	

Table 4. Coal Production and Number of Mines by State, County, and Mine Type, 2000 (Continued) (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing	Undergr	ound	Surfa	ice	Tota	11
State and County	Number of Mines	Production	Number of Mines	Production	Number of Mines	Production
Pennsylvania (Continued)						
Carbon	_	_	1	8	1	8
Clarion	_	_	6	558	6	558
Clearfield	2	97	32	3,137	34	3,234
Columbia	1	155	3	127	4	282
Dauphin	1	133	1	18	2	19
	1	1	4		4	
Elk	_	_	•	490	•	490
Fayette	_	-	9	182	9	182
Greene	10	42,480	3	206	13	42,686
Indiana	8	1,948	15	488	23	2,437
Jefferson	1	222	16	850	17	1,072
Lackawanna	_	-	4	99	4	99
Lawrence	_	_	2	87	2	87
Luzerne	1	8	15	1,289	16	1.297
Lycoming	-	_	1	263	1	263
	6	17	7	924	13	941
Northumberland						
Schuylkill	25	128	45	1,762	70	1,890
Somerset	9	1,906	18	2,443	27	4,349
Sullivan	-	_	2	37	2	37
Venango	-	_	1	85	1	85
Washington	3	7,610	5	566	8	8,175
Westmoreland	_	_	8	637	8	637
ennessee	11	1,456	9	1,213	20	2,669
Anderson		2,	1	41	1	41
	4	404	-	499	7	903
Campbell	·		3		•	
Claiborne	4	961	3	396	7	1,357
Cumberland	_	-	1	265	1	265
Fentress	_	-	1	12	1	12
Morgan	2	31	_	_	2	31
Scott	1	59	_	_	1	59
exas	_	_	14	49,498	14	49,498
Atascosa	_	_	1	3,425	1	3,425
_			1	4,265	1	4,265
Freestone	_	_	2	,	2	
Harrison	_	_		3,719	=	3,719
Hopkins	_	_	1	2,306	1	2,306
Leon	_	_	1	7,988	1	7,988
Milam	_	-	1	6,624	1	6,624
Panola	_	_	2	6,160	2	6,160
Robertson	_	_	1	1,635	1	1,635
Rusk	_	_	1	6,886	1	6,886
Titus	_	_	2	6,310	2	6,310
Webb	_		1	180	1	180
		26.656	1	160		
tah	13	26,656	_	_	13	26,656
Carbon	7	7,411	_	_	7	7,411
Emery	3	12,301	_	_	3	12,301
Sevier	3	6,945	_	_	3	6,945
irginia	107	23,181	49	9,654	156	32,834
Buchanan	40	9,390	12	1,765	52	11,155
Dickenson	23	3,155	8	1,104	31	4,259
Lee	3	870	1	31	4	901
	2		1	31	2	
Russell		157	_	_		157
Tazewell	8	1,470		-	8	1,470
Wise	31	8,139	28	6,753	59	14,892
Vashington	-	_	2	4,270	2	4,270
King	_	_	1	*	1	*
Lewis	_	_	1	4,270	1	4,270
Vest Virginia	200	98,439	97	59,818	297	158,257
Barbour	2	557	3	102	5	659
Boone	25	20,071	7	11,851	32	31,922
	1	1,897	_	11,051	1	1,897
Brooke	1	1,097		- 5 100		
Clay	_	_	5	5,128	5	5,128
Fayette	2	890	6	3,053	8	3,942
Grant	2	290	2	362	4	652
Greenbrier	3	529	2	34	5	563
Harrison	9	7,212	5	219	14	7,431
Kanawha	8	5,783	7	8,964	15	14,748
	2	734	_	0,707	2	734
Lincoln				- F 500	_	
Logan	15	2,412	7	5,589	22	8,001
Marion	-	_	2	28	2	28
Marshall	2	10,338	_	-	2	10,338
McDowell	45	3,067	9	2,507	54	5,574

Table 4. Coal Production and Number of Mines by State, County, and Mine Type, 2000 (Continued) (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing	Undergr	ound	Surfa	ace	Tota	al
State and County	Number of Mines	Production	Number of Mines	Production	Number of Mines	Production
Vest Virginia (Continued)						
Mineral	_	_	1	45	1	45
Mingo	21	11,691	12	9,386	33	21,076
Monongalia	5	5,647	3	988	8	6,635
Nicholas	5	926	4	3,900	9	4,826
Preston	4	1,150	6	83	10	1,232
Raleigh	14	9,921	3	117	17	10,038
Tucker	_	_	2	202	2	202
Upshur	8	2,786	4	100	12	2,886
Wayne	7	3,959	1	2,052	8	6,012
Webster	6	2,405	1	3,190	7	5,595
Wyoming	14	6,174	5	1,917	19	8,092
/yoming	1	1,210	20	337,691	21	338,900
Campbell	_	_	12	299,676	12	299,676
Carbon	1	1,210	2	775	3	1,985
Converse	_	_	2	23,602	2	23,602
Lincoln	_	_	1	3,726	1	3,726
Sheridan	_	_	1	36	1	36
Sweetwater	_	-	2	9,875	2	9,875
S. Total	707	373,659	746	699,953	1.453	1,073,612

^{*} Data round to zero.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Notes: Coal production is attributed to the county in which the mine originally opened. Production excludes silt, culm, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Table 5. Underground Coal Production by State and Mining Method, 2000 (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing State and Region	${\bf Continuous}^1$	Conventional ²	Longwall ³	Other ⁴	Total
Alabama	212	_	15,683	_	15,895
Colorado	688	_	17,764	1,530	19,982
Illinois	16,875	_	12,767	_	29,642
Indiana	3,688	_	_	_	3,688
Kentucky Total	68,267	1,734	10,020	156	80,177
Eastern	55,983	1,734	1,914	156	59,787
Western	12,284	_	8,106	_	20,390
Maryland	529	_	2,667	_	3,196
New Mexico	_	_	_	4	4
Ohio	2,996	_	8,937	*	11,933
Oklahoma	241	_	_	_	241
Pennsylvania Total	8,542	63	49,240	114	57,959
Anthracite	155	63	-	90	309
Bituminous	8,387	_	49,240	23	57,650
Гennessee	1,453	_	_	2	1,456
Utah	2,642	_	24,007	7	26,656
Virginia	15,761	_	6,727	692	23,181
West Virginia Total	56,721	555	39,952	1,211	98,439
Northern	9,785	_	22,484	12	32,281
Southern	46,935	555	17,468	1,199	66,158
Wyoming	_	-	1,210	_	1,210
Appalachian Total ⁵	142,197	2,353	125,119	2,176	271,845
Interior Total ⁵	33,089	_	20,872	· _	53,962
Western Total ⁵	3,331	-	42,981	1,541	47,852
East of Miss. River	175,045	2,353	145,992	2,176	325,565
West of Miss. River	3,572	_	42,981	1,541	48,093
J.S. Total	178,617	2,353	188,972	3,717	373,659

Mines that produce greater than 50 percent of coal by continuous mining method.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Mines that produce greater than 50 percent of coal by conventional mining method.

Mines that have any production from longwall mining method. A typical longwall mining operation uses 80 percent longwall mining and 20 percent continuous mining.

⁴ Mines that produce coal using shortwall, scoop loading, hand loading, or other mining methods or a 50/50 percent continuous/conventional split in mining method, or mines that produce less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

5 For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

^{*} Data round to zero.

Table 6. Coal Production and Number of Mines by State, Mine Type, and Mine Production Range, 2000

(Thousand Short Tons)

		1	Number o	of Mines					Produ	ction		
Coal-Producing State, Region					1		duction R					
and Type of Mining	1,000 and over	500 to 1,000	200 to 500	100 to 200	10 to 100	Less than 10	1,000 and over	500 to 1,000	200 to 500	100 to 200	10 to 100	Less than 10
Alabama	6	_	6	8	18	4	15,683	_	1,673	1,083	872	14
Underground	6	-	-	1	2	-	15,683	-		115	97	
Surface	_	-	6	7	16	4	-	-	1,673	968	775	14
Alaska	1	-	_	-	-	_	1,641 1,641	-	-	-	_	-
Surface Arizona	2	_	_	_	_	_	13,111	_	_	_	_	_
Surface	2	_	_	_	_	_	13,111	_	_	_	_	_
Arkansas	_	_	_	_	_	3	-	_	_	_	_	12
Surface	_	-	_	_	_	3	-	-	_	-	_	12
Colorado	8	-	2	2	_	_	28,084	-	670	383	_	-
Underground	5	-	1	2	-	-	19,294	-	305	383	-	-
Surface	3	-	1	_	_	_	8,791	2 204	365	-	160	_
Illinois	13 11	3	_	_	2	_	30,982 28,650	2,294 992	_	_	169	_
Underground Surface	2	2	_	_	2	_	28,650	1,302	_	_	169	_
Indiana	12	7	4	2	5	_	21,249	5,053	1,243	246	175	_
Underground	2	_	1	1	1	_	3,150	-	390	110	38	_
Surface	10	7	3	1	4	_	18,098	5,053	853	135	138	_
Kansas	-	_	1	-	-	-	_	_	201	-	_	-
Surface	_	-	1	_	-	_	-	-	201	-	_	-
Kentucky Total	35	50	71	63	137	52	56,890	34,639	23,167	9,322	6,376	294
Underground	19	29	50	41	83	24	33,931	20,173	15,767	6,114	4,053	138
Surface	16	21	21	22	54	28	22,959	14,466	7,400	3,207	2,323	156
Eastern	27 12	44 27	68 49	57 39	135	51	37,529 15,734	30,231	22,109	8,409	6,337	287 138
Underground Surface	15	17	19	18	83 52	24 27	21,794	18,683 11,548	15,406 6,704	5,773 2,636	4,053 2,284	138
Western	8	6	3	6	2	1	19,361	4,408	1,057	913	39	8
Underground	7	2	1	2	_	_	18,196	1,491	361	342	_	_
Surface	1	4	2	4	2	1	1,165	2,918	696	571	39	8
Louisiana	1	1	_	_	_	_	2,925	773	_	-	_	_
Surface	1	1	-	-	_	-	2,925	773	-	-	_	_
Maryland	1	1	3	_	7	4	2,667	529	1,073	-	250	27
Underground	1	1	_	-	_	-	2,667	529		-	-	-
Surface	_	- 1	3	-	7	4	-	002	1,073	-	250	27
Mississippi	_	1	_	_	_	_	_	902 902	_	_	_	_
Missouri	_	1	1	1	_	_	_	902	249	188	_	_
Surface	_	_	1	1	_	_	_	_	249	188	_	_
Montana	5	_	i	_	_	_	37,980	_	372	-	_	_
Surface	5	_	1	_	_	_	37,980	_	372	_	_	_
New Mexico	6	-	_	_	_	1	27,320	-	_	-	_	4
Underground	-	-	_	_	_	1		-	_	-	_	4
Surface	6	-	-	-	-	-	27,320	-	-	-	-	-
North Dakota	4	_	_	_	_	-	31,270	_	-	-	_	_
Surface	4 5	_	14	10	14	- 11	31,270	4 224	4 000	1 507	- 511	41
Underground	4	6 1	14 2	10 1	14	11	11,716 10,666	4,324 519	4,080 590	1,597 158	511	*
Surface	1	5	12	9	14	10	1,050	3,804	3,490	1,440	511	41
Oklahoma	_	1	2	2	2	10	1,030	522	614	335	112	5
Underground	_	_	1	_	_	_	_	_	241	-	_	_
Surface	_	1	1	2	2	1	_	522	372	335	112	5
Pennsylvania Total	8	9	35	32	121	102	49,240	5,683	10,361	4,587	4,416	332
Underground	8	5	13	11	12	33	49,240	2,865	3,787	1,572	405	91
Surface	-	4	22	21	109	69	-	2,818	6,574	3,015	4,011	240
Anthracite	_	1	7	3	43	58	-	694	1,826	461	1,433	158
Underground	-	-	_	1	5	28	-		-	155	86	68
Surface		1	7	2	38	30	40.242	694	1,826	306	1,347	90
Bituminous	8	8	28	29	78	44	49,240	4,989	8,535	4,126	2,983	174
Underground	8	5	13 15	10 19	7 71	5 39	49,240	2,865 2,124	3,787	1,417 2,709	319 2,664	23 150
Tennessee	_	-	7	2	8	39	_	2,124	4,748 2,066	2,709 263	324	150 16
Underground	_	_	3	2	5	1	_	_	959	263	232	2
Surface	_	_	4	_	3	2	_	_	1,107	203	92	14

Table 6. Coal Production and Number of Mines by State, Mine Type, and Mine Production Range, 2000 (Continued)

(Thousand Short Tons)

		1	Number (of Mines					Produ	ction		
Coal-Producing State, Region]		duction Ra	_				
and Type of Mining	1,000 and over	500 to 1,000	200 to 500	100 to 200	10 to 100	Less than 10	1,000 and over	500 to 1,000	200 to 500	100 to 200	10 to 100	Less than 10
Texas	12	_	1	1	_	_	49,049	_	270	180	_	_
Surface	12	-	1	1	_	_	49,049	_	270	180	_	_
Utah	7	3	2	-	_	1	24,007	1,752	890	_	_	7
Underground	7	3	2	_	_	1	24,007	1,752	890	_	_	7
Virginia	3	12	35	24	65	17	7,967	7,726	10,818	3,445	2,820	58
Underground	2	7	24	18	46	10	6,727	4,538	7,233	2,562	2,089	31
Surface	1	5	11	6	19	7	1,240	3,188	3,585	884	731	26
Washington	1	_	_	_	_	1	4,270	_	_	_	_	*
Surface	1	_	_	_	_	1	4,270	_	_	_	_	*
West Virginia Total	37	38	57	45	93	27	101,143	26,747	19,529	6,476	4,236	126
Underground	22	24	46	32	64	12	58,365	16,701	15,618	4,631	3,074	50
Surface	15	14	11	13	29	15	42,779	10,046	3,911	1,844	1,162	76
Northern	7	8	9	6	27	11	26,711	5,919	2,773	857	1,279	61
Underground	6	7	8	4	12	2	23,520	5,044	2,495	585	625	12
Surface	1	1	1	2	15	9	3,190	876	278	272	654	49
Southern	30	30	48	39	66	16	74,433	20,827	16,756	5,618	2,956	65
Underground	16	17	38	28	52	10	34,845	11,658	13,123	4,046	2,449	38
Surface	14	13	10	11	14	6	39,588	9.170	3,633	1,572	508	27
Wyoming	17	1	2		1	_	337,458	631	775	- 1,572	36	
Underground	1	_	_	_	_	_	1,210	-	- 775	_	-	_
Surface	16	1	2	-	1	-	336,248	631	775	_	36	-
Appalachian Total ¹	87	110	225	178	461	219	225,944	75,240	71,709	25,859	19,766	900
Underground	55	65	137	104	212	81	159,081	43,836	43,592	15,073	9,950	313
Surface	32	45	88	74	249	138	66,863	31,404	28,117	10,787	9,816	588
Interior Total ¹	46	19	12	12	11	5	123,566	13,951	3,634	1,861	495	24
Underground	20	3	3	3	1	_	49,997	2,482	993	452	38	_
Surface	26	16	9	9	10	5	73,570	11,469	2,641	1,409	457	24
Western Total ¹	51	4	7	2	1	3	505,140	2,383	2,707	383	36	11
Underground	13	3	3	2	_	2	44,510	1,752	1,195	383	_	11
Surface	38	1	4	-	1	1	460,629	631	1,512	-	36	*
East of Miss. River	120	127	232	186	470	220	297,536	87,897	74,010	27,018	20,148	908
Underground	75	68	139	107	213	81	209,078	46,318	44,344	15,524	9,987	313
Surface	45	59	93	79	257	139	88,458	41,578	29,666	11,493	10,161	595
West of Miss. River	64	6	12	6	3	7	557,114	3,678	4,040	1,086	149	28
Underground	13	3	4	2	_	2	44,510	1,752	1,436	383	_	11
Surface	51	3	8	4	3	5	512,604	1,926	2,604	702	149	17
U.S. Total	184	133	244	192	473	227	854,651	91,575	78,050	28,103	20,297	936
Underground	88	71	143	109	213	83	253,588	48,071	45,781	15,908	9,987	324
Surface	96	62	101	83	260	144	601,062	43,504	32,270	12,196	10,309	612

 $^{1\ \ \,}$ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Notes: Coal production excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

 $[\]ast$ Data round to zero.

Table 7. U.S. Coal Production by Coalbed Thickness and Mine Type, 2000 (Thousand Short Tons)

Coalbed Thickness (inches)	Underground	Surface	Total
< 7	- -	19	19
7-12	_	2,207	2,207
13-18	_	10,859	10,859
19-24	367	13,696	14,063
25-30	3,277	21,610	24,886
31-36	23,219	23,233	46,452
37-42	27,998	25,176	53,175
43-48	33,477	20,043	53,520
19-54	33,721	19,386	53,107
55-60	43,360	62,681	106,041
51-66	31,303	11,626	42,929
57-72	45,650	15,688	61,338
⁷ 3-78	45,698	4,204	49,902
79-84	16,243	18,914	35,157
35-90	7,921	6,352	14,273
91-96	11,287	11,557	22,844
97-102	5,052	3,994	9,045
103-108	19,716	5,459	25,174
109-114	514	2,586	3,100
115-120	9,352	14,166	23,518
> 120	15,181	405,886	421,068
Unknown ¹	324	612	936
J.S. Total	373,659	699,953	1,073,612

¹ Includes mines with production of less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

Notes: Coal production excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table 8. U.S. Coal Production and Coalbed Thickness by Major Coalbeds and Mine Type, 2000

Coalbed ID Number 1	(th	Production lousand short tor	ns)	Thickness (inches)			
Coalbed Name ²	Underground	Surface	Total	Average ³	Low	High	
1699 Wyodak	_	294,200	294,200	695	60	1,017	
0036 Pittsburgh	79,468	2,564	82,032	72	25	110	
0489 No. 9	28,580	8,756	37,336	64	40	80	
0111 Hazard No. 5-A	12,571	22,738	35,309	70	11	138	
1569 Beulah-Zap	_	29,016	29,016	156	144	180	
0135 Hazard No. 4	15,559	4,643	20,202	50	24	281	
0151 Elkhorn No. 1	14,380	4,320	18,700	45	18	100	
0084 Lower Kittanning	5,824	12,529	18,353	58	12	86	
0103 Stockton-Lewiston	4,803	13,260	18,063	77	18	118	
0484 No. 6	15,851	2,004	17,855	76	46	96	
0168 Lower Elkhorn	12,092	2,669	14,762	49	15	84	
1808 Rosebud	_	14,585	14,585	266	216	288	
0176 Eagle	10,474	712	11,186	57	9	67	
0344 Pocahontas No. 3	11,109	_	11,109	64	36	75	
ajor Coalbeds Total	210,713	411,995	622,708	372	9	1,017	
ther Coalbeds	162,622	287,346	449,968	147	6	960	
nknown ⁴	324	612	936	NA	NA	NA	
S. Total	373,659	699,953	1,073,612	277	6	1,017	

¹ The coalbed ID number is a unique code assigned by EIA to each correlated coalbed or to coal-bearing geologic formations, coal groups, or coal zones.

Notes: Coal production excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. A major coalbed is defined here as a coalbed from which 10 million or more short tons were produced during the year. The category "Other Coalbeds" includes all coalbeds from which less than 10 million short tons were produced during the year. In some regions, coalbeds are characteristically discontinuous or uncorrelatable from one location to another, and production is identified by the geological formations, coal groups, or coal zones of the native rock where the coalbeds occur. These types of coalbeds are found primarily in the Rocky Mountain States and even in the Gulf Coast lignite belt. Coalbeds of these types are also included in "Other Coalbeds," even though production may exceed 10 million short tons. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

zones.

The coalbed name given is the name most commonly used in the State having the greatest production from that coalbed. The States having the greatest production for each coalbed are: Eastern Kentucky (coalbeds 0111, 0135, 0151, 0168, 0176); West Virginia (0036, 0084, 0103, 0344); Pennsylvania (0071); Western Kentucky (0489); Illinois (0484); North Dakota (1569); Montana (1808); Wyoming (1699). In some other States where these are major producing beds, the following alternate coalbed names are also used: 0084, No. 5 Block (Eastern Kentucky); 0111, Coalburg (West Virginia); 0135, Chilton (West Virginia); 0151, Jellico (Tennesee), Taggert (Virginia), Cedar Grove (West Virginia); 0168, No. 2 Gas (West Virginia); 0176, Middle Eagle (West Virginia); 0484, No. 11 (Western Kentucky); 0489, No. 5 (Illinois and Indiana).

³ Average thickness is the bed thickness weighted by bed production.

^{4.} Includes mines with production of less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

NA Not available.

Table 9. Coal Production and Number of Mines by State and Coal Rank, 2000

(Thousand Short Tons)

	Bitt	uminous	Subb	ituminous	I	ignite	An	thracite		Total
Coal-Producing State and Region	Number of Mines	Production								
Alabama	42	19.324	_	_	_	_	_	_	42	19,324
Alaska	_		1	1.641	_	_	_	_	1	1,641
Arizona	2	13,111	_		_	_	_	_	2	13,111
Arkansas	3	12	_	_	_	_	_	_	3	12
Colorado	10	21.907	2	7.230	_	_	_	_	12	29,137
Illinois	18	33,444	_	7,230	_	_	_	_	18	33,444
Indiana	30	27,965	_	_	_	_	_	_	30	27,965
Kansas	1	201	_	_	_	_	_	_	1	201
Kentucky Total	408	130.688	_	_	_	_	_	_	408	130,688
Eastern	382	104,901	_	_	_	_	_	_	382	104,901
Western	26	25,787	_	_	_	_	_	_	26	25,787
Louisiana	-	23,767	_	_	2	3,699	_	_	20	3,699
Maryland	16	4,546	_	_	_	3,077	_	_	16	4,546
Mississippi	-	4,540	_	_	1	902	_	_	10	902
Missouri	2	436	_	_	_	902	_	_	2	436
Montana	_	430	5	37,980	1	372			6	38,352
New Mexico ¹	3	6,156	5	21.167	_	312	_	_	7	27,323
North Dakota	_	0,130	3	21,107	4	31,270	_	_	4	31,270
Ohio	60	22,269	_	_	-	31,270	_	_	60	22,269
	8	1,588	_	_	_	_	_	_	8	,
Oklahoma	8 195		_	_	_	_	112	4.570		1,588
Pennsylvania Total		70,046	_	_	_	_	112	4,572		74,619
Anthracite	105	70.046	_	_	_	-	112	4,572		4,572
Bituminous	195	70,046	_	-	_	_	_	_		70,046
Tennessee	20	2,669	_	_	- 12	40.210	-		20	2,669
Texas	1	180	_	-	13	49,319	_	-	14	49,498
Utah	13	26,656	_	-	_	_	_	-	13	26,656
Virginia	156	32,834	_	- 4.250	_	_	-	-	156	32,834
Washington	-	-	2	4,270	_	_	-	-	2	4,270
West Virginia Total	297	158,257	_	_	_	_	-	-	297	158,257
Northern	68	37,601	_	-	_	-	-	-	68	37,601
Southern	229	120,656	-	-	_	-	-	-	229	120,656
Wyoming	3	1,985	18	336,915	-	-	-	-	21	338,900
Appalachian Total ²	1,168	414,847	_	_	_	_	112	4,572	1,280	419,419
Interior Total ²	89	89,612	_	_	16	53,919	-	-,572	105	143,531
Western Total ²	31	69,816	33	409,203	5	31,641	-	-		510,661
East of Miss. River	1,242	502,043	_	_	1	902	112	4,572	1,355	507,517
West of Miss. River	46	72,233	33	409,203	20	84,659	-	-	98	566,094
U.S. Total	1,288	574,276	33	409,203	21	85,561	112	4,572	1,453	1,073,612

¹ One mine in New Mexico produces both bituminous and subbituminous coal and is double counted as a bituminous and subbituminous mine, but is not double counted in the total.

2 For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: Coal production excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table 10. Coal Production by State, Coal Rank, and Group, 2000

(Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing State and Region	Bituminous Low Volatile	Bituminous Medium Volatile	Bituminous High Volatile	Bituminous Total	Subbitumi- nous	Lignite	Anthracite	Total
Alabama	NA	NA	NA	19,324	_	-	-	19,324
Alaska	NA	NA	NA	_	1,641	_	_	1,641
Arizona	NA	NA	NA	13,111	-	-	-	13,111
Arkansas	NA	NA	NA	12	-	_	_	12
Colorado	NA	NA	NA	21,907	7,230	_	_	29,137
Illinois	NA	NA	NA	33,444	_		_	33,444
Indiana	NA	NA	NA	27,965	_	_	_	27,965
Kansas	NA	NA	NA	201	_	_	_	201
Kentucky Total	NA	NA	NA	130,688	_	_	_	130,688
Eastern	NA	NA	NA	104,901	_	_	_	104,901
Western		NA	NA	25,787	_	_	_	25,787
Louisiana		NA	NA	_	_	3,699	_	3,699
Maryland		NA	NA	4,546	_	_	_	4,546
Mississippi		NA	NA	_	_	902	_	902
Missouri		NA	NA	436	_	-	_	436
Montana		NA	NA	-	37,980	372	_	38,352
New Mexico		NA	NA	6,156	21,167	-	_	27,323
North Dakota		NA	NA	0,150	21,107	31,270	_	31,270
Ohio		NA	NA	22,269	_	-	_	22,269
Oklahoma		NA	NA	1,588	_	_	_	1,588
Pennsylvania Total		NA	NA	70.046	_	_	4.572	74,619
Anthracite		NA	NA	70,040	_	_	4,572	4,572
Bituminous		NA NA	NA NA	70.046	_	_	4,372	70.046
Tennessee		NA NA	NA NA	2,669	_	_	_	2,669
		NA NA	NA NA	180	_	49,319	_	49,498
Texas					_	49,319		
Utah		NA NA	NA NA	26,656	_	_	_	26,656 32,834
Virginia		NA NA	NA NA	32,834	4.270	_	_	,
Washington		NA NA	NA NA	150 257	4,270	_	_	4,270
West Virginia Total				158,257	_	_		158,257
Northern		NA	NA	37,601	_	_	_	37,601
Southern		NA	NA	120,656	226.015	-	_	120,656
Wyoming	NA	NA	NA	1,985	336,915	_	_	338,900
Appalachian Total ¹		NA	NA	414,847	_	-	4,572	419,419
Interior Total ¹		NA	NA	89,612	_	53,919	-	143,531
Western Total ¹	NA	NA	NA	69,816	409,203	31,641	_	510,661
East of Miss. River	NA	NA	NA	502,043	_	902	4,572	507,517
West of Miss. River	NA	NA	NA	72,233	409,203	84,659	-	566,094
U.S. Total	NA	NA	NA	574,276	409,203	85,561	4,572	1,073,612

 $[\]stackrel{1}{N}$ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C. Not available.

Notes: Refer to the Classification of Coals by Rank table in Appendix C for coal group definitions. Coal production excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table 11. Coal Production by State, Mine Type, and Union Type, 2000 (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing State and Region	UMWA	Other Unions	Union Total	Nonunion	Total
Alabama	15,683	_	15,683	3,628	19,311
Underground	15,683	_	15,683	212	15,895
Surface	_	_	_	3,416	3,416
Alaska	_	_	_	1,641	1,641
Surface	_	_	_	1,641	1,641
Arizona	13,111	_	13,111	_	13,111
Surface	13,111	_	13,111	_	13,111
Colorado	10,677	2,059	12,736	16,402	29,137
Underground	8,752	´ –	8,752	11,230	19,982
Surface	1,925	2,059	3,984	5,171	9,155
Illinois	13,593	3,119	16,712	16,732	33,444
Underground	13,086	1,864	14,950	14,692	29,642
Surface	507	1,255	1,761	2,041	3,802
Indiana	4,193	, - <u>-</u>	4,193	23,772	27,965
Underground	-	_		3,688	3,688
Surface	4,193	_	4,193	20,084	24,277
Kansas	.,175	_	.,,,,,,	201	201
Surface	_	_	_	201	201
Kentucky Total	11,653	_	11,653	118,740	130,393
Underground	11,084	-	11,084	68,955	80,039
	569	_	569		50,354
Surface		_		49,786 103 076	
Eastern	638	_	638	103,976	104,614 50,640
Underground	638	_	638	59,011	59,649
Surface	11.015	_	-	44,965	44,965
Western	11,015	_	11,015	14,764	25,779
Underground	10,446	_	10,446	9,944	20,390
Surface	569	_	569	4,820	5,389
Louisiana	-	_	_	3,699	3,699
Surface	-	_	_	3,699	3,699
Maryland	-	_	_	4,519	4,519
Underground	_	_	_	3,196	3,196
Surface	-	_	_	1,323	1,323
Mississippi	_	_	_	902	902
Surface	_	_	_	902	902
Missouri	_	_	_	436	436
Surface	_	_	_	436	436
Montana	11,336	15,713	27,049	11,302	38,352
Surface	11,336	15,713	27,049	11,302	38,352
New Mexico	6,367	15,872	22,239	5,081	27,320
Surface	6,367	15,872	22,239	5,081	27,320
North Dakota	2,733	4,777	7,511	23,759	31,270
Surface	2,733	4,777	7,511	23,759	31,270
Ohio	10,374	-	10,374	11,854	22,228
Underground	8,937	_	8,937	2,996	11,933
Surface	1,437	_	1,437	8,858	10,295
Oklahoma	1,457	_	1,137	1,583	1,583
Underground		_	_	241	241
Surface				1,341	1,341
Pennsylvania Total	32,211	32	32,244	42,043	74,287
	31.057	32	31.057	26,811	57,868
Underground	1,155	32	1,187	15,232	16,419
Surface Anthracite	790	32 32	822	3,593	4,415
	170	32	022	3,393 241	4,415 241
Underground	- 790	32	822	3,351	4,173
Surface	24 422	32	24 422	20 450	60 OF 6
Bituminous	31,422	_	31,422	38,450 26,570	69,872 57,627
Underground	31,057	_	31,057	26,570	57,627
Surface	365	_	365	11,881	12,246
Tennessee	_	_	_	2,652	2,652
Underground	_	_	_	1,453	1,453
Surface	_			1,199	1,199
Texas	_	32,821	32,821	16,678	49,498
Surface	_	32,821	32,821	16,678	49,498
Utah	8,430	1,043	9,473	17,176	26,649
Underground	8,430	1,043	9,473	17,176	26,649
Virginia	4,380	1,608	5,988	26,788	32,777
Underground	4,380	887	5,267	17,882	23,149
Surface	_	721	721	8,906	9,627
Washington	_	4,270	4,270	_	4,270
Surface	_	4,270	4,270	_	4,270
West Virginia Total	59,808	-,	59,808	98,322	158,130
			,	· - /	,
Underground	43,381	_	43,381	55,008	98,389

Table 11. Coal Production by State, Mine Type, and Union Type, 2000 (Continued) (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing State and Region	UMWA	Other Unions	Union Total	Nonunion	Total
Northern	23,179	_	23,179	14,361	37,539
Underground	23,179	_	23,179	9,090	32,269
Surface	_	_		5,270	5,270
Southern	36,630	_	36,630	83,962	120,591
Underground	20,202	_	20,202	45,918	66,120
Surface	16,428	_	16,428	38,044	54,471
Vyoming	3,762	7,138	10,900	328,001	338,900
Underground	_	´ –	_	1,210	1,210
Surface	3,762	7,138	10,900	326,791	337,691
ppalachian Total ¹	123,095	1,640	124,735	293,784	418,519
Underground	104,075	887	104,962	166,570	271,532
Surface	19,020	754	19,773	127,214	146,987
nterior Total ¹	28,801	35,939	64,740	78,767	143,507
Underground	23,533	1,864	25,397	28,565	53,962
Surface	5,268	34,075	39,344	50,202	89,545
Vestern Total ¹	56,416	50,872	107,289	403,361	510,650
Underground	17,182	1,043	18,225	29,616	47,841
Surface	39,234	49,829	89,064	373,745	462,809
East of Miss. River	151,896	4,759	156,655	349,954	506,609
Underground	127,608	2,751	130,359	194,894	325,252
Surface	24,288	2,008	26,296	155,061	181,357
West of Miss. River	56,416	83,693	140,109	425,957	566,067
Underground	17,182	1,043	18,225	29,857	48,082
Surface	39,234	82,650	121,884	396,100	517,984
Jnknown ²	NA	NA	NA	NA	936
Underground	NA	NA	NA	NA	324
Surface	NA	NA	NA	NA	612
J.S. Total	208,312	88,452	296,764	775,912	1,073,612
Underground	144,790	3,794	148,584	224,751	373,659
Surface	63,522	84,658	148,180	551,161	699,953

¹ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: Coal production excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. See Glossary for listing of other unions.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

² Includes mines with production of less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

NA Not available

Table 12. Coal Disposition by State, 2000

(Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing State and Region	Open Market ¹	Captive ²	Total
Alabama	18,728	335	19,062
Alaska	1,580	_	1,580
Arizona	12,986	_	12,986
Colorado	28.274	1,593	29,867
llinois	33,551	_	33,551
ndiana	28,057	_	28,057
Kansas	201	_	201
Kentucky Total	130,274	2.296	132,570
Eastern	103,640	2,273	105,913
Western	26,634	23	26,657
ouisiana	3,696		3,696
Maryland	4.022	519	4.541
Mississippi	11	_	11
Missouri	438	_	438
Montana	36.750	1,674	38,425
New Mexico	27,123		27,123
North Dakota	30,077	1,015	31,092
Ohio	16,038	6,571	22,610
Oklahoma	1,585	-	1,585
ennsylvania Total	73,412	985	74.397
Anthracite	3,993	418	4,411
Bituminous	69,419	567	69,986
'ennessee	2,652	_	2,652
Texas	10,203	38.544	48,747
Jtah	19,280	8,494	27,773
Virginia	31,594	1,717	33,311
Vashington	51,554	4,270	4,270
Vest Virginia Total	153.209	6.997	160.206
Northern	37,096	1.097	38,194
Southern	116,113	5.899	122.012
Vyoming	320,925	18,015	338,941
v youning	320,723	10,013	330,741
Appalachian Total ³	403,295	19,397	422,692
nterior Total ³	104,376	38,567	142,943
Vestern Total ³	476,997	35,061	512,058
Cast of Miss. River	491,549	19,420	510,968
Vest of Miss. River	493,119	73,605	566,725
Cotal ⁴	984,668	93,025	1,077,693
Jnknown ⁵	NA	NA	936
.S. Total	NA	NA	1,078,629

¹ Open Market includes all coal sold on the open market to other coal companies or consumers.

Notes: Coal production excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Captive includes all coal used by the producing company or sold to affiliated or parent companies.

For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

⁵ Includes IIII.... Not available. Includes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

Table 13. Coal Mining Acreage, Production and Royalties from Federal and American Indian Leases by State, 2000

Coal-Producing State and Region	Federal Leases			American Indian Leases		
	Acres Leased	Production (thousand short tons)	Royalties (thousand dollars)	Acres Leased	Production (thousand short tons)	Royalties (thousand dollars)
Alabama	1,609	285	1,028	_	_	_
Arizona	_	_	_	64,858	13,351	35,783
Colorado	49,897	21,294	32,893	_	_	_
Kentucky	820	72	117	_	_	_
Montana	29,408	23,264	25,667	14,746	7,102	3,403
New Mexico	13,760	7,362	21,069	36,026	7,866	19,198
North Dakota	4,358	2,904	1,170	_	_	_
Oklahoma	9,970	725	607	_	_	_
Utah	49,800	20,715	28,768	_	-	_
Washington	280	1,644	3,359	_	-	_
Wyoming	127,155	333,573	214,889	-	_	-
Appalachian Total ¹	1,609	285	10,283	_	_	_
Interior Total 1	10,790	797	724	_	_	_
Western Total ¹	274,658	410,757	327,815	115,630	28,318	58,383
East of Miss. River	2,429	357	1,145	_	_	_
West of Miss. River	284,628	411,482	328,422	115,630	28,318	58,383
U.S. Total	287,057	411,839	329,567	115,630	28,318	58,383

 $^{1\ \ \,}$ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Source: U.S. Department of the Interior, Minerals Management Service (MMS).

Notes: U.S. Total for this table represents Federal and American Indian Leases only. Output from Federal and American Indian Lands is reported as sales volume, the basis for royalties. It is approximately equivalent to production, which includes coal sold and coal added to stockpiles. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Table 14. Major U.S. Coal Mines, 2000

Rank	Mine Name/Company	Mine Type	State	Production (short tons)
1	Rochelle Mine Complex/Powder River Coal	Surface	Wyoming	70,769,071
2	Black Thunder/Thunder Basin Coal	Surface	Wyoming	60,102,031
3	Cordero/Cordero Mining	Surface	Wyoming	38,698,196
4	Jacobs Ranch/Jacobs Ranch Coal	Surface	Wyoming	28,307,022
5	Caballo/Caballo Coal	Surface	Wyoming	25,595,660
5	Antelope/Antelope Coal	Surface	Wyoming	22,971,230
7	Eagle Butte/RAG Coal West	Surface	Wyoming	18,622,992
8	North Rochelle/Triton Coal Co	Surface	Wyoming	17,206,504
9	Freedom Mine/Coteau Properties	Surface	North Dakota	16,125,847
	Buckskin/Triton Coal	Surface	Wyoming	15,833,179
		Surface	Wyoming	
	Belle Ayr/RAG Coal West		Montana	15,015,064
	Spring Creek/Spring Creek Coal Co	Surface		11,302,150
	Rosebud No 6/Western Energy Co.	Surface	Montana	10,430,858
	Decker/Decker Coal	Surface	Montana	9,932,166
	Bailey No 1/Consol PA Coal Co.	Underground	Pennsylvania	9,863,772
	Enlow Fork/Consol PA Coal Co.	Underground	Pennsylvania	9,521,262
	Navajo/BHP Minerals	Surface	New Mexico	8,489,100
	Keyenta/Peabody Western Coal	Surface	Arizona	8,485,952
	Jewett/Northwestern Resources	Surface	Texas	7,987,833
)	Falkirik/Falkirk Mining	Surface	North Dakota	7,633,171
	Galatia/American Coal Company	Underground	Illinois	7,348,369
	Foidel Creek/Twenty Mile Coal	Underground	Colorado	7,221,704
	Oak Hill/Texas Utilities Mining	Surface	Texas	6,885,681
	McElroy/McElroy Coal Co.	Underground	West Virginia	6,763,483
	, ,	Surface	Texas	
	Sandow-Rockdale/ALCOA Jim Bridger/Bridger Coal			6,624,060 6,506,632
	υ υ	Surface	Wyoming	
	Cumberland/RAG Cumberland Resources	Underground	Pennsylvania	6,505,910
	Samples/Catenary Coal	Surface	West Virginia	6,446,851
	Emerald No 1/RAG Emerald Coal	Underground	Pennsylvania	6,425,738
1	Robinson Run/CONSOL	Underground	West Virginia	5,993,666
	SUFCO/Canyon Fuel	Underground	Utah	5,901,601
	Mountaineer/Mingo Logan Coal	Underground	West Virginia	5,241,469
	McKinley/Pittsburg & Midway Coal	Surface	New Mexico	5,229,392
	Colowyo/Colowyo Coal	Surface	Colorado	5,171,221
	Blacksville No 2/CONSOL	Underground	Pennsylvania	5,155,382
	Beckville/Texas Utilities Mining	Surface	Texas	5,128,059
	Lee Ranch/Lee Ranch Coal	Surface	New Mexico	5,080,836
	Bowie No 2/Bowie Resources	Underground	Colorado	5,034,239
	Absaloka/Westmoreland Resources	Surface	Montana	4,910,263
	Dilworth/CONSOL	Underground	Pennsylvania	4,835,330
	Center Mine/BNI	Surface	North Dakota	4,777,341
	La Plata/San Juan Coal	Surface	New Mexico	4,757,674
	Black Mesa/Peabody Western	Surface	Arizona	4,625,345
	Powhatan No 6/Ohio Valley Coal	Underground	Ohio	4,619,247
	Hobet No 21/Hobet Mining	Surface	West Virginia	4,520,179
	No 2/Fola Coal	Surface	West Virginia	4,500,064
	Buchanan/CONSOL	Underground	Virginia	4,466,585
	Twilight MTR Mine/Independence Coal	Surface	West Virginia	4,296,593
	No 13 Baker/Lodestar Energy	Underground	Kentucky	4,277,963
	Centralia/Transalta Centralia Mining	Surface	Washington	4,269,765
	Big Brown/Texas Utilities Mining	Surface	Texas	4,265,175
	Deer Creek/Energy Western	Underground	Utah	4,257,011
	Federal No 2/Eastern Associated Mining	Underground	West Virginia	4,255,124
	Shoal Creek/Drummond Co	Underground	Alabama	4,194,104
	Coal Creek/Drummond Co Coal Creek/Thunder Basin Coal		Wyoming	
		Surface	, ,	4,190,057
	Mine No 84/Eighty Four Mining	Underground	Pennsylvania	4,180,350
	Trail Mountain/Energy Western Upper Big Branch/Performance Coal	Underground Underground	Utah West Virginia	4,173,352 4,049,498
	Subtotal	C		609,978,373
	All Other Mines			463,633,188
	U.S. Total			1,073,611,561

Notes: Major mines are mines that produced more than 4 million short tons in 2000. The company is the firm operating the mine. Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; State Mining Agency Coal Production Reports; and/or U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table 15. Major U.S. Coal Producers, 2000

Rank	Controlling Company Name	Production (thousand short tons)	Percent of Total Production
1	Peabody Coal Sales Co.	140,552	13.1
2	Arch Coal, Inc.	108,749	10.1
3	Kennecott Energy & Coal Co.	106,690	9.9
4	Consol Energy Inc.	73,718	6.9
5	RAG American Coal Holding, Inc.	62,809	5.9
6	AEI Resources Inc	51,642	4.8
7	A.T. Massey Coal Co., Inc	40,286	3.8
8	Vulcan Partners, L.P.	33,040	3.1
9	North American Coal Corp.	27,208	2.5
10	TXU Corporation	25,927	2.4
11	Westmoreland Coal Sales Co.	18,791	1.8
12	Robert Murray	16,049	1.5
13	Black Beauty Coal Co.	16,021	1.5
14	Pacificorp	15,568	1.5
15	BHP Minerals Group	14,711	1.4
16	Alliance Coal Co.	13,928	1.3
17	James River Coal Co	11,922	1.1
18	Peter Kiewit/Kennecott	9,932	.9
19	Quaker Coal Co.	9,130	.9
20	Pittston Co.	8,404	.8
21	Lodestar Energy Inc.	7,526	.7
22	Coastal Coal Co., L.L.C.	7,362	.7
23	Walter Industries, Inc.	6,787	.6
24	ALCOA Inc	6,624	.6
25	Chevron Corp	6,546	.6
26	Pittsburg & Midway Coal Mining Co.	6,330	.6
27	Andalex Resources, Inc.	5,980	.6
k	Subtotal	852,232	79.4
k	All other coal producers	221,380	20.6
k	U.S. Total	1,073,612	100.0

Notes: Major coal producers are companies that produced more than 5 million short tons in 2000. A controlling company of a mine is defined as the company ''controlling the coal, particulary the sale of the coal.'' Most often, but not always, this is the owner of the mine.

Sources: COALdat, a product of RDI/Platts and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Productive Capacity

Table 16. Productive Capacity of Coal Mines by State, 1991, 1996-2000

Coal-Producing	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991 ¹	Percent Change	U	nual Percent ange
State and Region							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
Alabama	22,283	22,290	27,891	29,081	32,159	NA	*	-8.8	NA
Alaska	w	w	w	w	w	NA	w	w	NA
Arizona	w	w	w	w	w	NA	w	w	NA
Arkansas	–	w	w	w	_	NA	w	w	NA
California		_	_	_	_	NA	_	_	NA
Colorado		41,098	36,658	35,466	29,330	NA	1.1	9.1	NA
Illinois	39,027	48,783	47,625	51,523	61,727	NA	-20.0	-10.8	NA
Indiana	,	41,355	42,190	36,999	35,564	NA	-17.1	9	NA
Iowa		_		_	_	NA	_	_	NA
Kansas		w	w	w	w	NA	w	w	NA
Kentucky Total		182,633	187,582	195,453	189,225	NA	-10.0	-3.4	NA
Eastern	,	142,362	146,150	152,681	145,691	NA	-6.2	-2.1	NA
Western	,	40,271	41,433	42,771	43,534	NA	-23.4	-8.3	NA
Louisiana	,	40,271 W	41,433 W	42,771 W	w	NA	-23.4 W	-8.5 W	NA
		4,224	4,250	4,884	4,935	NA NA	9.8	-1.5	NA NA
Maryland	,	,	4,230	4,004	4,933	NA -		-1.5	NA -
Mississippi		w		-			w		
Missouri		W	890	690	1,046	NA	w	w	NA
Montana		54,882	55,882	56,140	56,175	NA	4	7	NA
New Mexico	,	32,797	32,790	31,604	32,695	NA	1.0	.3	NA
North Dakota		32,610	32,484	32,568	32,184	NA	1.1	.6	NA
Ohio	,	30,617	33,691	33,443	37,584	NA	-12.8	-8.2	NA
Oklahoma		2,580	1,981	2,451	1,981	NA	-5.2	5.4	NA
Pennsylvania Total		93,770	94,581	87,527	81,684	NA	-3.0	2.7	NA
Anthracite	6,471	6,622	6,827	5,504	5,504	NA	-2.3	4.1	NA
Bituminous	84,463	87,148	87,754	82,024	76,180	NA	-3.1	2.6	NA
Tennessee	4,265	3,727	4,144	4,100	4,009	NA	14.4	1.6	NA
Texas	51,779	54,705	54,475	54,614	59,604	NA	-5.3	-3.4	NA
Utah	35,091	32,158	33,838	30,281	30,230	NA	9.1	3.8	NA
Virginia	39,085	39,729	39,064	43,023	41,593	NA	-1.6	-1.5	NA
Washington	w	w	w	w	w	NA	w	w	NA
West Virginia Total	205,618	195,128	203,816	203,006	217,409	NA	5.4	-1.4	NA
Northern	,	47,463	48,756	50,744	54,602	NA	-6.0	-4.9	NA
Southern	,	147,664	155,059	152,262	162,807	NA	9.0	3	NA
Wyoming	,	407,977	379,380	366,680	350,908	NA	-2.9	3.1	NA
Appalachian Total ²	527,076	531,846	553,585	557,745	565,064	NA	9	-1.7	NA
Interior Total ²	166,294	192,566	192,823	193,720	207,658	NA	-13.6	-5.4	NA
Western Total ²	614,090	621,220	591,271	574,139	551,990	NA	-1.1	2.7	NA
East of Miss. River		662,275	684,834	689,038	705,890	NA	-4.2	-2.6	NA
West of Miss. River	673,234	683,356	652,845	636,566	618,823	NA	-1.5	2.1	NA
U.S. Total	1,307,460	1,345,632	1,337,679	1,325,604	1,324,712	NA	-2.8	3	NA

¹ For 1991, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result it is not releasable.

2 For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: Productive capacity is the maximum amount of coal that can be produced annually as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report."

^{*} Data round to zero.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

NA Not available.

Table 17. Capacity Utilization of Coal Mines by State, 1991, 1996-2000 (Percent)

Coal-Producing State and Region	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991 ¹
Alabama	86.66	87.42	82.45	84.05	76.57	NA
Alaska	W	w	W	W	W	NA
Arizona	W	w	W	W	W	NA
Arkansas	_	W	w	w	-	NA
California	_	_	_	_	_	NA
Colorado	70.13	72.97	80.83	77.39	84.85	NA
Illinois	85.70	82.85	83.43	79.87	75.58	NA
Indiana	81.59	82.22	87.19	95.94	83.42	NA
owa	_	_	_	_	W	NA
Kansas	w	w	w	w	W	NA
Kentucky Total	79.31	76.32	79.98	79.62	80.38	NA
Eastern	78.33	77.14	79.64	79.05	80.07	NA
Western	83.57	73.44	81.17	81.63	81.40	NA
Louisiana	W	w	w	W	w	NA
Maryland	97.45	90.15	94.88	84.80	82.42	NA
Mississippi	w	W	_	_	_	_
Missouri	w	w	41.79	57.36	67.85	NA
Montana	70.14	74.89	76.66	73.03	67.45	NA
New Mexico	82.49	88.90	87.21	85.51	73.61	NA
North Dakota	94.87	95.48	92.08	90.82	92.78	NA
Ohio	83.25	73.10	83.13	87.07	75.88	NA
Oklahoma	64.69	63.75	83.36	65.87	85.16	NA
Pennsylvania Total	81.69	81.06	85.28	86.46	82.53	NA
Anthracite	68.23	69.14	73.57	80.95	82.56	NA
Bituminous	82.73	81.96	86.19	86.83	82.53	NA
Γennessee	62.18	81.01	64.52	80.26	90.32	NA
Texas	95.59	97.02	96.53	97.64	92.55	NA
Utah	75.94	81.98	77.06	88.09	90.97	NA
Virginia	83.86	81.09	86.13	83.09	85.34	NA NA
Washington	W	W	W	W	w	NA
West Virginia Total	76.90	80.89	83.91	85.50	78.32	NA NA
Northern	84.16	81.65	91.39	84.23	83.95	NA NA
Southern	74.90	80.64	81.56	85.92	76.43	NA NA
Wyoming	85.54	82.63	82.87	76.87	79.35	NA NA
-	70.40	70.92	92.00	92.67	70.75	NT A
Appalachian Total ²	79.40	79.83	82.99	83.67	79.75	NA
Interior Total ²	86.30	84.39	87.30	88.18	83.20	NA
Western Total ²	83.16	82.47	82.66	78.60	79.55	NA
East of Miss. River	79.88	79.81	83.17	83.92	79.68	NA
West of Miss. River	84.08	83.53	83.78	80.20	80.82	NA
U.S. Total	82.04	81.70	83.47	82.13	80.21	NA

¹ For 1991, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result it is not releasable.

Notes: Capacity utilization is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report."

it is not releasable.

2 For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

NA Not available.

Table 18. Production, Productive Capacity, and Capacity Utilization of Coal Mines by State and Mine Type, 2000

		Underground			Surface			Total	
Coal-Producing State and Region	Production	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)	Production	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)	Production	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)
	15.005	18.845	00.45	2.416	4.510	77.50	10.211	22.202	0.5.55
Alabama		17,765	89.47	3,416	4,518	75.60	19,311	22,283	86.66
Alaska		_	_	1,641	W	W	1,641	W	w
Arizona		_	_	13,111	w	w	13,111	W	w
Colorado	. ,	31,814	62.81	9,155	9,732	94.07	29,137	41,546	70.13
Illinois	,	34,371	86.24	3,802	4,656	81.66	33,444	39,027	85.70
Indiana	,	W	w	24,277	W	W	27,965	34,275	81.59
Kansas	. –	_	-	201	W	W	201	W	W
Kentucky Total	. 80,039	102,177	78.33	50,354	62,224	80.92	130,393	164,401	79.31
Eastern	. 59,649	77,385	77.08	44,965	56,167	80.06	104,614	133,552	78.33
Western	. 20,390	24,792	82.24	5,389	6,057	88.98	25,779	30,848	83.57
Louisiana		_	_	3,699	w	w	3,699	w	w
Maryland		w	w	1.323	w	w	4.519	4.637	97.45
Mississippi	,	_	_	902	w	w	902	w	w
Missouri		_	_	436	w	w	436	w	w
Montana		_	_	38,352	54,682	70.14	38,352	54,682	70.14
New Mexico		_	_	27,320	33,118	82.49	27,320	33,118	82.49
North Dakota		_	_	31,270	32,961	94.87	31,270	32,961	94.87
Ohio		12,911	92.42	10,295	13,790	74.66	22,228	26,701	83.25
Oklahoma		12,911 W	92.42 W	1.341	13,790 W	74.00 W	1,583	2.447	64.69
Pennsylvania Total		67,384	85.88	16.419	23,550	69.72	74,287	90,934	81.69
Anthracite	,	300	80.44	4,173	6,171	67.63	4,415	6,471	68.23
								,	
Bituminous		67,084	85.90	12,246	17,379	70.46	69,872	84,463	82.73
Tennessee		2,203	65.96	1,199	2,062	58.14	2,652	4,265	62.18
Texas				49,498	51,779	95.59	49,498	51,779	95.59
Utah		35,091	75.94	_	_	_	26,649	35,091	75.94
Virginia		26,963	85.86	9,627	12,123	79.42	32,777	39,085	83.86
Washington		_	_	4,270	W	W	4,270	w	W
West Virginia Total	. 98,389	131,963	74.56	59,742	73,655	81.11	158,130	205,618	76.90
Northern	32,269	38,742	83.29	5,270	5,864	89.87	37,539	44,607	84.16
Southern	. 66,120	93,221	70.93	54,471	67,791	80.35	120,591	161,011	74.90
Wyoming	1,210	w	w	337,691	w	w	338,900	396,172	85.54
Appalachian Total ¹		339,770	79.92	146,987	187,306	78.47	418,519	527,076	79.40
Interior Total ¹		65,849	81.95	89,545	100,445	89.15	143,507	166,294	86.30
Western Total ¹	47,841	68,178	70.17	462,809	545,912	84.78	510,650	614,090	83.16
East of Miss. River		405,259	80.26	181,357	228,967	79.21	506,609	634,226	79.88
West of Miss. River	48,082	68,538	70.15	517,984	604,696	85.66	566,067	673,234	84.08
Unknown ²	324	NA	NA	612	NA	NA	936	NA	NA
U.S. Total	373,659	473,797	78.80	699,953	833,663	83.89	1,073,612	1,307,460	82.04

¹ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: Productive capacity is the maximum amount of coal that can be produced annually as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Capacity utilization is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Coal production excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

² Includes mines with production of less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

NA Not available.

Table 19. Productive Capacity and Capacity Utilization of Underground Coal Mines by State and Mining Method, 2000

	Contir	nuous ¹	Conver	tional ¹	Long	wall ¹	Othe	er1 4
Coal-Producing State and Region	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)
Alabama	3,426	81.43			14,339	91.39		
Colorado	- , -	53.51	_	_	21,976	71.14	4.000	30.60
		33.31 87.44	_	_	,	84.29	4,000	30.00
Illinois			_	_	13,100	84.29	_	_
Indiana		W	2 401	72.06	- 0.011	- 05.40	_	_
Kentucky Total	,	76.81	2,401	72.86	8,811	95.48	_	_
Eastern		76.73	2,401	72.86	1,532	100.00	_	_
Western		77.14	_	_	7,279	94.53	_	_
Maryland		W	_	_	W	W	_	-
Ohio		81.60	_	_	7,741	99.65	_	_
Oklahoma		W	_	_	_	_	_	_
Pennsylvania Total		70.01	115	68.68	45,719	93.39	23	99.23
Anthracite	162	86.13	115	68.68	_	_	23	99.23
Bituminous	21,364	69.89	_	_	45,719	93.39	_	_
Tennessee	2,203	65.96	_	_	_	_	_	_
Utah	10,166	54.13	570	43.46	24,355	85.81	-	_
Virginia	19,054	88.01	_	_	6,660	85.87	1,238	52.55
West Virginia Total	90,641	70.10	700	79.29	39,461	83.96	1,190	100.00
Northern	17,354	71.48	_	_	21,389	92.87	_	_
Southern	73,287	69.78	700	79.29	18,073	73.41	1,190	100.00
Wyoming	w	w	-	-	w	W	_	-
Appalachian Total ³	216,358	74.46	3,216	74.11	117,746	90.19	2,451	75.73
Interior Total ³	45,470	79.26		_	20,379	87.95	_	_
Western Total ³	16,003	53.91	570	43.46	47,604	79.28	4,000	30.60
East of Miss. River	261,468	75.30	3,216	74.11	138,125	89.86	2,451	75.73
West of Miss. River	16,363	54.19	570	43.46	47,604	79.28	4,000	30.60
U.S. Total	277,831	74.06	3,786	69.50	185,729	87.15	6,451	47.62

¹ Calculated by multiplying reported mining method percentages by the individual mine capacity.

Notes: Productive capacity is the maximum amount of coal that can be produced annually as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Capacity utilization is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Includes scoop loading and hand loading.

For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Includes shortwall, scoop loading, hand loading and unknown.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Table 20. Productive Capacity and Capacity Utilization of Coal Mines by State and Coal Rank, 2000

	Bitun	ninous	Subbit	uminous	Lig	nite	Anthracite		
Coal-Producing State and Region	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)	
	22.202	0.5.55							
Alabama	22,283	86.66	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Alaska	_	-	W	W	_	_	_	_	
Arizona	W	w	w	w	_	_	_	_	
Colorado	34,014	64.41	7,532	95.99	-	_	-	_	
Illinois	39,027	85.70	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Indiana	34,275	81.59	_	_	_	_	-	_	
Kansas	W	W	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Kentucky Total	164,401	79.31	_	-	-	_	-	_	
Eastern	133,552	78.33	_	_	_	_	_	-	
Western	30,848	83.57	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Louisiana	_	_	_	_	w	w	_	_	
Maryland	4,637	97.45	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Mississippi	_	_	_	_	w	W	_	_	
Missouri	w	w	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Montana	_	_	w	w	w	w	_	_	
New Mexico	w	w	w	w	_	_	_	_	
North Dakota	_	_	_		32,961	94.87	_	_	
Ohio	26,701	83.25	_	_	52,701	-	_	_	
Oklahoma	2,447	64.69	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Pennsylvania Total	84,463	82.73	_	_	_	_	6,471	68.23	
Anthracite	-	02.75	_	_	_	_	6,471	68.23	
Bituminous	84,463	82.73		_			0,471	00.23	
Tennessee		62.18	_	_	_	_	_	_	
	4,265		_	_			_	_	
Texas	w 25.001	W		_	W	W	_	_	
Utah	35,091	75.94	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Virginia	39,085	83.86	-	-	-	-	_	_	
Washington	-	-	W	W	_	_	_	_	
West Virginia Total	205,618	76.90	-	-	-	-	_	_	
Northern	44,607	84.16	_	_	_	_	_	-	
Southern	161,011	74.90	_	_	_	_	_	-	
Wyoming	W	w	w	w	_	_	_	-	
Appalachian Total ¹	520,606	79.54	_	_	_	_	6,471	68.23	
Interior Total ¹	w	w	_	_	w	w	· –	_	
Western Total ¹	W	w	484,895	84.44	w	W	_	-	
East of Miss. River	624,756	80.24	_	_	3,000	30.07	6,471	68.23	
West of Miss. River	106,650	72.36	484,895	84.44	88,889	95.24	-	-	
U.S. Total	731,405	79.09	484,895	84.44	91,889	93.11	6,471	68.23	

 $[\]ensuremath{\frac{1}{1}}$ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: Refer to the Classification of Coals by Rank table in Appendix C for coal rank definitions. Productive capacity is the maximum amount of coal that can be produced annually as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Capacity utilization is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

w Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Table 21. Productive Capacity and Capacity Utilization of Coal Mines by State and Mine Production Range, 2000

(Thousand Short Tons, Percent)

		Proc	ductive Capac	tive Capacity Utilization (percent)								
Coal-Producing State and Region					Mine Produ	_						
	1,000 and over	500 to 1,000	200 to 500	100 to 200	10 to 100	1,000 and over	500 to 1,000	200 to 500	100 to 200	10 to 100		
Alabama	17.085	_	1.992	1.741	1.466	91.79	_	84.00	62.21	59.49		
Alaska	.,	_	1,772	1,741	1,400		_	04.00	02.21	37.47		
	W	_	_	_	_	w	_	_	_	_		
Arizona	W 20.266	_	1 200	-	_	W	_	- 51.50	42.57	-		
Colorado	39,366		1,300	880		71.34		51.52	43.57	_		
Illinois	36,121	2,346	_	w	w	85.77	97.77	_	w	W		
Indiana	22,482	6,270	W	253	w	94.52	80.58	W	97.01	W		
Kansas			W					w				
Kentucky Total	64,133	39,769	30,356	13,522	16,621	88.71	87.10	76.32	68.93	38.36		
Eastern	42,390	w	28,137	w	16,581	88.53	w	78.58	w	38.22		
Western	21,743	w	2,219	w	39	89.05	w	47.65	W	99.13		
Louisiana	w	w	_	_	_	w	w	_	_	_		
Maryland	w	529	w	w	301	w	100.00	w	w	83.01		
Mississippi	_	w	_	_	_	_	w	_	_	_		
Missouri	_	-	w	w	_	_	_	49.75	w	w		
Montana	w	_	w	_	_	w	_	w	_	_		
New Mexico	w	_	_	w	_	w	_	_	w	_		
North Dakota	32,961	_	_	_	_	94.87	_	_	_	_		
Ohio	13,068	4,900	5,599	2.065	1,069	89.66	88.24	72.87	77.35	47.77		
Oklahoma	_	w	w	383	504	_	w	w	87.53	22.31		
Pennsylvania Total	52,952	9,384	14,545	7,342	6,711	92.99	60.57	71.23	62.48	65.81		
Anthracite	52,752	y,564 W	2,636	v,5-12	1.975	72.77	w	69.26	w	72.57		
Bituminous	52,952	w	11,909	w	4,736	92.99	w	71.67	w	62.99		
Tennessee	52,752	_	2,457	423	1,385	72.77	_	84.06	62.13	23.38		
Texas	w	_	2,437 W	325	1,363	w	_	04.00 W	55.31	23.36		
	28,475	_		323	_	84.31	_		33.31	_		
Utah	,	W 0.154	W 12 147				W	W		- 55.25		
Virginia	W	8,154	12,147	W	5,104	w	94.76	89.06	w	55.25		
Washington	W	24.550	22 220	-	- 0.010	W	77.20	- 60 41		42.14		
West Virginia Total	116,405	34,559	32,328	12,507	9,819	86.89	77.39	60.41	51.78	43.14		
Northern	28,717	6,569	6,270	1,133	1,918	93.01	90.12	44.22	75.65	66.71		
Southern	87,688	27,990	26,058	11,374	7,901	84.88	74.41	64.30	49.40	37.42		
Wyoming	386,636	W	W	-	W	87.28	W	W	_	W		
Appalachian Total ¹	253,607	92,417	98,346	40,270	42,436	89.09	81.41	72.92	64.22	46.58		
Interior Total ¹	134,125	18,193	6,458	w	w	92.13	76.68	56.27	w	W		
Western Total ¹	595,310	8,346	9,518	w	w	84.85	28.56	28.44	W	w		
East of Miss. River	333,952	108,910	102,539	42,493	46,332	89.10	80.71	72.18	63.58	43.49		
West of Miss. River	649,090	10,046	11,783	1,775	540	85.83	36.61	34.29	61.15	27.51		
U.S. Total	983,041	118,956	114,322	44,268	46,872	86.94	76.98	68.27	63.48	43.30		

¹ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: Productive capacity is the maximum amount of coal that can be produced annually as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Capacity utilization is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Table 22. Productive Capacity and Productivity of Coal Mines by State and Capacity Utilization Range, 2000

(Thousand Short Tons, Short Tons per Employee per Hour)

			Productiv	e Capacit	y				Produ	ectivity		
Coal-Producing					С	apacity Utili (perc		ge				
State and Region	90 and over	80 to 90	70 to 80	60 to 70	Less than 60	Total	90 and over	80 to 90	70 to 80	60 to 70	Less than 60	Total
Alabama	15,591	w	w	780	5,065	22,283	2.99	3.82	2.45	4.60	1.74	2.75
Alaska	13,371	_	_	700	3,003 W	22,203 W	2.77	5.02	2.43		6.05	6.05
Arizona	w	_	_	_	w	w	7.42	_	_	_	0.05	7.15
Colorado	10,666	w	_	w	14,280	41.546	9.48	9.11	_	6.74	4.69	7.13
Illinois	19,096	9,271	6,000	4,100	560	39,027	5.26	4.11	3.63	3.22	.63	4.32
										5.83		
Indiana	19,510	6,200	2,400	1,900	4,265	34,275	5.55	6.73	7.56	5.83	1.80	5.67
Kansas	W	24.670		- 11 120	20.554	W	11.10	- 4.22			- 1 21	11.10
Kentucky Total	83,420	24,670	15,627	11,130	29,554	164,401	4.78	4.32	5.28	4.21	1.31	3.96
Eastern	65,571	19,170	12,927	9,030	26,854	133,552	4.79	4.08	4.96	4.01	1.39	3.86
Western	17,848	5,500	2,700	2,100	2,700	30,848	4.76	5.41	7.59	5.26	.65	4.46
Louisiana	W	-	W	-	_	W	10.32	-	10.22	_	-	10.30
Maryland	4,197	W	W	-	-	4,637	5.06	3.60	2.15	_	-	4.41
Mississippi	-	-	-	_	w	w	_	-	_	-	3.84	3.84
Missouri	W	-	-	W	500	w	11.53	-	_	-	2.82	4.17
Montana	W	448	-	W	3,800	54,682	41.61	18.25	-	19.57	14.84	22.85
New Mexico	4,758	16,900	7,200	4,260	-	33,118	13.57	8.98	7.47	5.00	-	8.50
North Dakota	28,977	-	-	3,984	_	32,961	19.08	-	_	9.84	_	17.63
Ohio	15,239	1,930	2,950	1,211	5,371	26,701	3.72	3.42	4.16	5.12	2.42	3.55
Oklahoma	W	W	W	W	360	2,447	3.25	4.31	4.11	3.37	.54	3.49
Pennsylvania Total	58,761	2,804	2,315	10,484	16,570	90,934	5.85	3.43	4.47	3.37	1.48	4.32
Anthracite	2,928	397	125	910	2,110	6,471	5.43	2.69	5.96	2.10	.36	1.97
Bituminous	55,833	2,406	2,190	9,574	14,460	84,463	5.88	3.60	4.41	3.57	1.96	4.68
Tennessee	1.347	420	443	-,	2,055	4,265	3.86	2.43	3.03	_	1.94	2.85
Texas	39,654	W	w	_	w	51,779	9.91	9.92	9.24	_	3.27	9.71
Utah	20,475	w	w	_	w	35,091	10.92	3.26	3.51	_	4.36	7.68
Virginia	23,198	4,371	4,425	2,330	4,761	39,085	4.08	3.45	3.83	2.98	.65	3.14
Washington	23,170 W	- 1,371	-1,125	2,550	-1,701	37,003 W	3.85	-	-	2.70	05	3.85
West Virginia Total	86,759	36,636	20,518	23,669	38,036	205,618	5.89	5.85	5.96	5.00	1.71	4.92
Northern	29,854	5,877	1,751	1,157	5,968	44,607	5.53	4.28	4.13	3.64	1.75	4.77
Southern	56,905	30,759	18,767	22,512	32,068	161,011	6.10	6.27	6.23	5.10	1.73	4.77
Wyoming	175,622	151,550	9,500	23,000	36,500	396,172	39.60	48.63	9.17	31.68	21.64	38.29
wyoming	173,022	131,330	9,300	23,000	30,300	390,172	39.00	46.03	9.17	31.08	21.04	36.29
Appalachian Total ¹	270,665	66,051	44,144	47,504	98,711	527,076	4.94	4.72	5.01	4.20	1.50	4.10
Interior Total ¹	99,593	30,571	14,616	9,204	12,310	166,294	6.56	5.85	5.33	3.95	1.53	5.81
Western Total ¹	270,018	182,698	17,546	73,178	70,650	614,090	21.57	27.71	7.82	16.55	7.37	19.63
East of Miss. River	327,120 313,157	87,022 192,298	55,244 21,062	55,604 74,282	109,236 72,435	634,226 673,234	4.98 18.51	4.78 25.15	4.96 7.97	4.17 15.66	1.49 7.05	4.19 17.67
	,	ŕ	ĺ	,	ŕ	,						
U.S. Total	640,277	279,320	76,306	129,886	181,671	1,307,460	7.78	10.90	5.52	7.18	2.22	7.02

 $^{1\,\,}$ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: Productivity is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, and shop or yard work at mining operations, including office workers. Productive capacity is the maximum amount of coal that can be produced annually as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Capacity utilization is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons and preparation plants with less than 5,000 employee hours, which are not required to provide data. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Adminis-

tration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Table 23. Productive Capacity and Capacity Utilization of Coal Mines by State and Recoverable Reserves Range, 2000

					Reserves Range short tons)			
Coal-Producing	50 an	d over	10 t	o 50	0 to	10	To	tal
State and Region	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)
Alabama	9.000	100.00	8,565	79.15	4.718	74.84	22.283	86.66
Alaska	. ,	w	- 0,505	-	-1,710	71.01	22,263 W	w
Arizona		w	_	_	_	_	w	w
Colorado		77.63	8,200	47.49	6,580	67.86	41.546	70.13
	- ,						,	
Illinois	- ,	90.15	11,621	80.25	9,106	83.69	39,027	85.70
Indiana		99.98	20,310	81.18	12,321	79.81	34,275	81.59
Kansas		_	_	_	W	W	W	w
Kentucky Total		79.53	27,314	77.49	130,386	79.69	164,401	79.31
Eastern	_	_	18,922	69.83	114,630	79.74	133,552	78.33
Western	6,700	79.53	8,392	94.75	15,757	79.33	30,848	83.57
Louisiana	. w	w	W	W	_	_	W	w
Maryland	. w	w	w	w	w	w	4,637	97.45
Mississippi	w	w	_	_	_	_	w	w
Missouri		_	_	_	w	w	w	w
Montana		w	w	w	_	_	54,682	70.14
New Mexico		87.55	w	w	w	w	33,118	82.49
North Dakota	- ,	94.87					32,961	94.87
Ohio		86.56	9,368	92.56	10,784	73.15	26,701	83.25
		80.30	,		,		,	
Oklahoma		07.20	W	W	W	w	W	W
Pennsylvania Total		97.39	20,602	84.29	41,632	69.59	90,934	81.69
Anthracite		_	W	W	W	W	6,471	68.23
Bituminous		97.39	W	W	W	w	84,463	82.73
Tennessee		_	250	7.72	4,015	65.57	4,265	62.18
Texas	30,263	94.21	W	W	W	W	51,779	95.59
Utah	w	W	W	W	11,991	93.69	35,091	75.94
Virginia	4,700	95.03	4,168	78.65	30,217	82.84	39,085	83.86
Washington	w	w	_	_	_	_	W	w
West Virginia Total	26,489	72.94	69,450	82.65	109,679	74.23	205,618	76.90
Northern		w	w	w	11,651	86.49	44,607	84.16
Southern		w	w	w	98.029	72.77	161,011	74.90
Wyoming		87.25			10,809	24.54	396,172	85.54
, ,	ŕ				,	/		
Appalachian Total ¹		88.44	131,855	81.34	317,116	76.37	527,076	79.40
Interior Total ¹		88.82	62,974	88.67	40,488	78.69	166,294	86.30
Western Total ¹	546,044	85.63	34,406	64.17	33,640	62.36	614,090	83.16
East of Miss. River	107,750	86.73	172,177	81.90	354,299	76.81	634,226	79.88
West of Miss. River	579,233	86.15	57,057	77.38	36,944	61.94	673,234	84.08
U.S. Total	686,983	86.24	229,234	80.78	391,243	75.41	1,307,460	82.04

 $^{1\ \ \,}$ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: Recoverable reserves represent the quantity of coal that can be recovered (i.e., mined) from existing coal reserves at reporting mines. Productive capacity is the maximum amount of coal that can be produced annually as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Capacity utilization is the ratio of total production to productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Table 24. Productive Capacity and Capacity Utilization of Coal Mines by State, Mine Type, and Union Type, 2000

	UM	WA	Other	Unions	Non	union	To	otal
Coal-Producing State and Region	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)
Alabama	17,085	91.79	_	_	5,198	69.79	22,283	86.66
Underground	17,085	91.79	-	-	680	31.18	17,765	89.47
Surface	_	-	_	-	4,518	75.60	4,518	75.60
Alaska	_	_	_	_	w	w	w	w
Surface	_	_	_	_	W	w	W	w
Arizona	w	w	_	_	_	_	w	w
Surface	w	w	_	_	_	_	w	w
Colorado	w	w	w	w	23,046	71.17	41,546	70.13
Underground	w	W	_	_	w	w	31,814	62.81
Surface	w	w	w	W	w	w	9,732	94.07
llinois	16,371	83.03	4,210	74.08	18,446	90.71	39,027	85.70
Underground	w	W	w	W	16,400	89.58	34,371	86.24
Surface	w	w	w	w	2,046	99.74	4,656	81.66
ndiana	4,485	93.49	_	_	29,790	79.80	34,275	81.59
Underground	_	_	_	_	6,326	58.30	6,326	58.30
Surface	4,485	93.49	_	_	23,464	85.60	27,949	86.86
Kansas	_		_	_	w	w	w	w
Surface	_	_	_	_	w	w	w	w
Kentucky Total	14,473	80.51	_	_	149,927	79.20	164,401	79.31
Underground	W W	W	_	_	W W	W	102,177	78.33
Surface	w	w	_	_	w	w	62,224	80.92
Eastern	w	w	_	_	w	w	133,552	78.33
Underground	w	w		_	W	w	77,385	77.08
Surface	- W	w			w	w	77,383 W	77.08 W
Western		***	_	_			30,848	83.57
	w	w	_	_	w	w		82.24
Underground	W	w	_	_	W	W	24,792	
Surface	W	W	_	_	w	w	6,057	88.98
Louisiana	_	_	_	_	W	W	w	w
Surface	_	_	_	_	W	W	W	W
Maryland	_	_	_	_	4,637	97.45	4,637	97.45
Underground	_	_	_	-	W	W	W	W
Surface	_	_	_	_	W	W	W	W
Mississippi	-	_	_	_	W	W	w	w
Surface	_	_	_	_	W	W	W	W
Missouri	_	_	_	_	W	w	w	w
Surface	_	_	_	_	W	W	W	W
Montana	W	w	w	W	W	w	54,682	70.14
Surface	W	W	W	W	W	W	54,682	70.14
New Mexico	w	w	w	w	6,000	84.68	33,118	82.49
Surface	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
North Dakota	w	w	w	w	w	w	32,961	94.87
Surface	w	W	W	W	W	w	32,961	94.87
Ohio	11,255	92.18	_	_	15,447	76.74	26,701	83.25
Underground	8,968	99.66	_	_	3,944	75.97	12,911	92.42
Surface	2,287	62.85	_	_	11,503	77.01	13,790	74.66
Oklahoma	´ –	_	_	_	2,447	64.69	2,447	64.69
Underground	_	_	_	_	w	W	w	w
Surface	_	_	_	_	w	w	w	w
Pennsylvania Total	w	w	w	w	53,681	78.32	90,934	81.69
Underground	w	w	-		W W	w	67,384	85.88
Surface	w	w	w	w	w	w	23,550	69.72
Anthracite	w	w	w	w	4,153	86.52	6,471	68.23
Underground	"	-	-	"	300	80.44	300	80.44
Surface	w	w	w	w	3,853	86.99	6,171	67.63
Bituminous	w	w	w	- W	3,833 W	w	84,463	82.73
Underground	w	w	_	_	w	w	67,084	85.90
Surface			_	_	w		17,379	70.46
	w -	w	_	_	4,265	62.18	4,265	62.18
'ennessee		_	_					
Underground	_	_	_	_	2,203	65.96	2,203	65.96
Surface	_	_	_	_	2,062	58.14	2,062	58.14
Texas	_	_	w	w	W	W	51,779	95.59
Surface	_	_	W	W	W	W	51,779	95.59
Jtah	w	w	w	W	24,975	68.77	35,091	75.94
Underground	w	W	W	w	24,975	68.77	35,091	75.94
Virginia	5,230	83.76	1,700	94.59	32,155	83.31	39,085	83.86
Underground	5,230	83.76	W	W	W	W	26,963	85.86
Surface	_	_	w	w	w	w	12,123	79.42

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. Productive Capacity and Capacity Utilization of Coal Mines by State, Mine Type, and Union Type, 2000 (Continued)

	UM	WA	Other	Unions	None	union	Total	
Coal-Producing State and Region	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)	Productive Capacity	Capacity Utilization (percent)
Washington		_	w	w	_	_	w	w
Surface		_	W	W	-	_	W	w
West Virginia Total		85.64	_	_	135,778	72.41	205,618	76.90
Underground		85.99	_	_	81,514	67.48	131,963	74.56
Surface		84.72	-	-	54,264	79.82	73,655	81.11
Northern	24,936	92.95	-	-	19,670	73.01	44,607	84.16
Underground		92.95	-	-	13,806	65.84	38,742	83.29
Surface		-	-	-	5,864	89.87	5,864	89.87
Southern	44,903	81.58	-	-	116,108	72.31	161,011	74.90
Underground		79.18	-	-	67,708	67.82	93,221	70.93
Surface	19,390	84.72	_	_	48,400	78.60	67,791	80.35
Wyoming	. w	w	w	w	381,129	86.06	396,172	85.54
Underground	_	_	_	_	1,273	95.06	1,273	95.06
Surface	w	w	w	w	379,857	86.03	394,899	85.51
Appalachian Total ¹	141,262	87.14	1,750	93.74	384,065	76.49	527,076	79.40
Underground	116,900	89.03	900	98.53	221,970	75.04	339,770	79.92
Surface	24,361	78.07	850	88.66	162,095	78.48	187,306	78.47
Interior Total ¹	34,679	83.05	37,415	96.06	94,200	83.62	166,294	86.30
Underground	29,044	81.02	2,150	86.70	34,655	82.43	65,849	81.95
Surface	5,635	93.49	35,265	96.63	59,545	84.31	100,445	89.15
Western Total ¹		76.06	65,570	77.59	474,350	85.03	614,090	83.16
Underground	22,500	76.36	1,616	64.55	44,062	67.21	68,178	70.17
Surface	51,670	75.93	63,954	77.91	430,289	86.86	545,912	84.78
East of Miss. River	175,940	86.33	5,960	79.85	452,326	77.37	634,226	79.88
Underground	145,944	87.44	3,050	90.19	256,265	76.05	405,259	80.26
Surface	29,996	80.97	2,910	69.02	196,061	79.09	228,967	79.21
West of Miss. River	74,170	76.06	98,775	84.73	500,289	85.14	673,234	84.08
Underground	22,500	76.36	1,616	64.55	44,422	67.21	68,538	70.15
Surface	51,670	75.93	97,159	85.07	455,867	86.89	604,696	85.66
U.S. Total	250,110	83.29	104,735	84.45	952,615	81.45	1,307,460	82.04
Underground		85.96	4,666	81.31	300,687	74.75	473,797	78.80
Surface	,	77.78	100.069	84.60	651,929	84.54	833,663	83.89

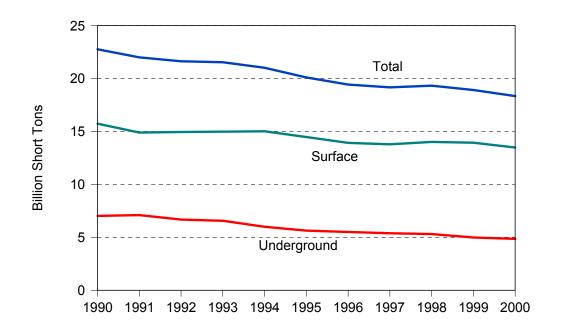
¹ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

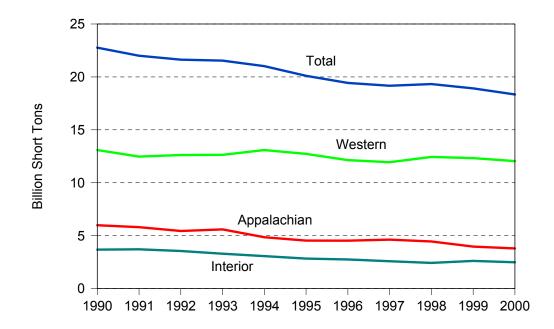
Notes: Productive capacity is the maximum amount of coal that can be produced annually as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Capacity utilization is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. See Glossary for listing of other unions.

w Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Recoverable Coal Reserves at Producing Mines

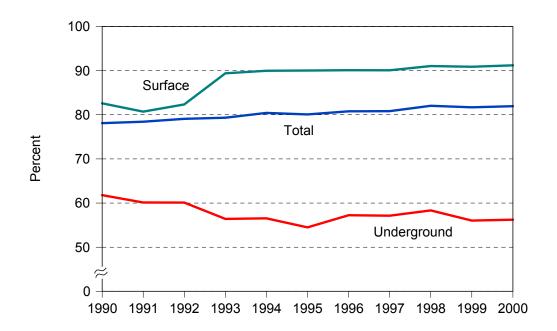
Figure 1. Recoverable Coal Reserves at Producing U.S. Mines by Mine Type and by Region, 1990-2000

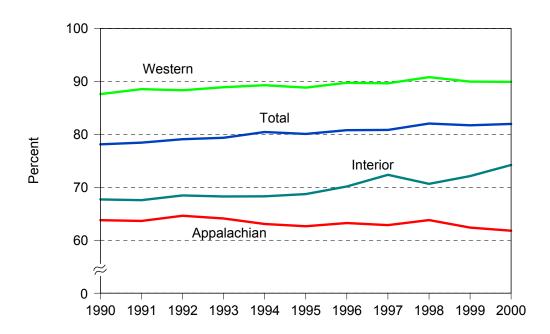




Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; State Mining Agency Coal Production Reports and/or U.S. Department of Labor, MIne Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Figure 2. Average Recovery Percentage at Producing U.S. Mines by Mine Type and by Region, 1990-2000





Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; State Mining Agency Coal Production Reports and/or U.S. Department of Labor, MIne Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table 25. Recoverable Coal Reserves at Producing Mines by State, 1991, 1996-2000 (Million Short Tons)

Coal-Producing	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
State and Region							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
Alabama	368	436	374	374	452	470	-15.6	-5.0	-2.7
Alaska	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Arizona	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Arkansas	_	_	_	_	w	w	_	_	-
California	_	_	_	_	_	w	_	_	-
Colorado	584	617	540	568	642	618	-5.2	-2.3	6
Illinois	716	780	744	745	891	1,257	-8.2	-5.3	-6.0
Indiana	318	291	313	393	386	420	9.2	-4.8	-3.0
Iowa	_	_	_	_	_	w	_	_	_
Kansas	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Kentucky Total	948	1,119	1,180	1,331	1,255	1,632	-15.3	-6.8	-5.8
Eastern	669	714	759	965	818	1,084	-6.3	-4.9	-5.2
Western	279	405	421	366	437	548	-31.2	-10.6	-7.2
Louisiana	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Maryland	75	79	64	68	71	86	-5.6	1.4	-1.5
Mississippi	w	w	_	_	_	_	w	_	_
Missouri	w	w	3	1	3	w	w	w	w
Montana	1,104	1,147	1,191	1,168	1,309	1,393	-3.7	-4.2	-2.5
New Mexico	1,323	1,385	1,385	1,415	1,436	1,608	-4.4	-2.0	-2.1
North Dakota	1,237	1,188	1,170	1,211	1,301	1,386	4.1	-1.3	-1.3
Ohio	336	383	356	318	415	591	-12.1	-5.1	-6.1
Oklahoma	34	35	18	24	19	40	-2.3	16.1	-1.8
Pennsylvania Total	506	657	775	905	796	986	-22.9	-10.7	-7.1
Anthracite	32	76	88	120	90	76	-57.1	-22.4	-9.0
Bituminous	474	582	687	785	706	910	-18.5	-9.5	-7.0
Tennessee	37	14	27	57	59	56	167.7	-10.9	-4.4
Texas	794	756	791	922	878	1.225	5.1	-2.5	-4.7
Utah	429	424	433	433	284	509	1.2	10.8	-1.9
Virginia	246	220	190	208	188	412	11.9	6.9	-5.5
Washington	W	w	w	w	W	W	w	w	w
West Virginia Total	1,562	1,465	1,911	1,737	1,731	2,122	6.7	-2.5	-3.3
Northern	577	552	857	714	741	1,035	4.5	-6.1	-6.3
Southern	985	912	1,054	1,023	990	1,033	8.0	-0.1 1	-0.3 -1.1
	6,864	7,094	7,220	6,465	6,591	6,336	-3.2	1.0	-1.1 .9
Wyoming	0,004	7,094	7,220	0,403	0,391	0,330	-3.2	1.0	.9
Appalachian Total ¹	3,801	3,968	4,456	4,632	4,530	5,807	-4.2	-4.3	-4.6
Interior Total 1	2,490	2,620	2,428	2,591	2,757	3,715	-5.0	-2.5	-4.3
Western Total ¹	12,048	12,331	12,438	11,941	12,141	12,477	-2.3	2	4
East of Miss. River	5,329	5,661	5,934	6,136	6,244	8,031	-5.9	-3.9	-4.4
West of Miss. River	13,010	13,259	13,389	13,029	13,184	13,968	-1.9	3	8
U.S. Total	18,339	18,920	19,322	19,164	19,428	21,999	-3.1	-1.4	-2.0

 $^{1\ \ \,}$ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; State Mining Agency Coal Production Reports; and/or U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: Recoverable reserves represent the quantity of coal that can be recovered (i.e., mined) from existing coal reserves at reporting mines. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Table 26. Average Recovery Percentage at Producing Coal Mines by State, 1991, 1996-2000

Coal-Producing State and Region	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991
Alabama	55.70	54.47	54.15	54.81	55.56	60.51
Alaska	W	W	w	w	W	w
Arizona	w	w	w	w	W	w
Arkansas	_	_	_	_	w	w
California	_	_	_	_	_	w
Colorado	74.28	72.61	81.40	80.43	79.12	69.09
Illinois	54.62	53.92	53.48	53.49	54.20	51.57
Indiana	74.98	75.35	76.46	76.35	78.85	72.48
Iowa	_	_	_	_	_	w
Kansas	w	w	w	w	w	w
Kentucky Total	55.82	56.66	59.85	60.91	58.99	62.87
Eastern	57.03	58.29	62.37	63.14	62.59	65.98
Western	52.90	53.78	55.29	55.02	52.27	56.71
Louisiana	32.90 W	33.78 W	33.29 W	33.02 W	32.27 W	30.71 W
Maryland	61.24	60.13	60.39	57.36	61.45	72.32
Mississippi	W	00.13 W	00.39	37.30	01.43	12.32
Missouri	w	w	87.46	60.73	59.87	w
	91.17	91.18	90.98	90.27	89.05	89.89
Montana			93.43	93.42		92.21
New Mexico	93.64	93.57			93.35	
North Dakota	89.70	89.74	88.38	89.84	89.72	90.99
Ohio	74.79	72.15	70.78	63.89	71.61	67.58
Oklahoma	74.63	74.87	66.01	69.34	65.94	70.48
Pennsylvania Total	68.35	66.12	64.29	65.17	65.59	63.77
Anthracite	57.30	49.66	54.61	47.72	59.90	62.85
Bituminous	69.10	68.26	65.53	67.85	66.32	63.85
Tennessee	68.34	67.65	71.35	68.23	63.33	73.50
Texas	91.31	91.29	89.55	90.47	88.32	84.02
Utah	50.72	51.11	52.14	49.47	45.61	52.71
Virginia	55.26	61.33	58.44	58.58	54.81	63.61
Washington	W	W	W	W	W	W
West Virginia Total	61.26	62.74	65.33	63.58	63.49	61.38
Northern	60.95	62.26	66.34	58.54	58.91	51.92
Southern	61.44	63.03	64.50	67.10	66.92	70.40
Wyoming	92.91	92.98	93.80	92.26	92.16	91.67
Appalachian Total ¹	61.80	62.38	63.81	62.85	63.25	63.64
Interior Total ¹	74.21	72.12	70.64	72.36	70.15	67.57
Western Total ¹	89.90	89.95	90.79	89.63	89.74	88.53
East of Miss. River	62.29	62.32	62.58	62.11	62.16	61.74
West of Miss. River	90.00	89.97	90.66	89.64	89.60	88.01
U.S. Total	81.95	81.70	82.03	80.83	80.78	78.42

For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: Average recovery percentage represents the percentage of coal that can be recovered from coal reserves at reporting mines, weighted for all mines in the geographic area. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; State Mining Agency Coal Production Reports; and/or U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table 27. Recoverable Coal Reserves and Average Recovery Percentage at Producing Mines by State and Mine Type, 2000

(Million Short Tons)

	Undergro	und	Surfac	e	Total	
Coal-Producing State and Region	Recoverable Coal Reserves	Average Recovery Percentage	Recoverable Coal Reserves	Average Recovery Percentage	Recoverable Coal Reserves	Average Recovery Percentage
Alabama	343	53.61	25	84.51	368	55.70
Alaska	_	_	W	W	w	w
Arizona	_	_	W	W	w	w
Colorado	388	66.67	197	89.28	584	74.28
Illinois	681	53.21	35	81.65	716	54.62
Indiana	w	w	w	W	318	74.98
Kansas	_	_	W	w	W	w
Kentucky Total	794	50.44	154	83.54	948	55.82
Eastern	533	50.45	136	82.84	669	57.03
Western	261	50.41	18	88.87	279	52.90
Louisiana		_	W	W	W	W
Maryland	66	60.00	8	70.92	75	61.24
Mississippi	_	-	w	W	w	W W
Missouri		_	w	w	w	w
Montana			1.104	91.17	1.104	91.17
New Mexico	_	_	1,323	93.64	1,323	93.64
	_	_	,		,	
North Dakota			1,237	89.70	1,237	89.70
Ohio	149	60.12	187	86.43	336	74.79
Oklahoma	W	w	W	w	34	74.63
Pennsylvania Total	388	65.07	118	79.10	506	68.35
Anthracite	2	78.89	30	55.72	32	57.30
Bituminous	386	64.99	88	87.12	474	69.10
Tennessee	28	64.18	9	81.41	37	68.34
Texas	-	-	794	91.31	794	91.31
Utah	429	50.72	-	_	429	50.72
Virginia	225	52.27	21	86.88	246	55.26
Washington	_	_	W	w	W	w
West Virginia Total	1,209	56.73	353	76.74	1,562	61.26
Northern	556	60.37	21	76.26	577	60.95
Southern	653	53.62	333	76.77	985	61.44
Wyoming	_	-	6,864	92.91	6,864	92.91
Appalachian Total ¹	2.942	56,30	859	80.61	3,801	61.80
Interior Total ¹	1.094	54.48	1,397	89.66	2,490	74.21
Western Total ¹	817	58.29	11,231	92.20	12,048	89.90
East of Miss. River	4,023	55.80	1,307	82.28	5,329	62.29
West of Miss. River	830	58.30	12,180	92.16	13,010	90.00
U.S. Total	4,853	56.23	13,486	91.20	18,339	81.95

For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: Recoverable reserves represent the quantity of coal that can be recovered (i.e., mined) from existing coal reserves at reporting mines. Average recovery percentage represents the percentage of coal that can be recovered from coal reserves at reporting mines, weighted for all mines in the reported geographic area. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Adminis-

tration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Recoverable Coal Reserves at Producing Underground Mines by State and Table 28. Mining Method, 2000

(Million Short Tons)

Coal-Producing State and Region	${\bf Continuous}^1$	Conventional ²	onventional ² Longwall ³		Total	
Alabama	W	_	W	_	343	
Colorado	31	_	334	23	388	
Illinois	320	_	360	_	681	
ndiana	w	_	_	_	w	
Kentucky Total	749	9	36	_	794	
Eastern	521	9	3	_	533	
Western	228	_	32	_	261	
Maryland	W	_	W	_	66	
Ohio	24	_	125	_	149	
Oklahoma	w	_	_	_	w	
Pennsylvania Total	73	1	315	*	388	
Anthracite	1	1	_	*	2	
Bituminous	71	_	315	_	386	
Tennessee	28	_	_	_	28	
Jtah	87	_	342	_	429	
Virginia	145	_	62	19	225	
West Virginia Total	708	5	485	11	1,209	
Northern	179	_	377	_	556	
Southern	529	5	107	11	653	
Appalachian Total ⁵	1,531	15	1,367	29	2,942	
nterior Total ⁵	701	_	393	_	1,094	
Western Total ⁵	118	-	676	23	817	
East of Miss. River	2,218	15	1,760	29	4,023	
West of Miss. River	131	-	676	23	830	
J.S. Total	2,349	15	2,436	52	4,853	

¹ Mines that produce greater than 50 percent of coal by continuous mining method.

Notes: Recoverable reserves represent the quantity of coal that can be recovered (i.e., mined) from existing coal reserves at reporting mines. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent

Mines that produce greater than 50 percent of coal by conventional mining method.

³ Mines that have any production from longwall mining method. A typical longwall mining operation uses 80 percent longwall mining and 20 percent

continuous mining.

4 Mines that produce coal using shortwall, scoop loading, hand loading, or other mining methods or a 50/50 percent continuous/conventional split in mining method, or mines that produce less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

⁵ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

^{*} Data round to zero.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Table 29. Average Recovery Percentage at Producing Underground Coal Mines by State and Mining Method, 2000

Coal-Producing State and Region	Continuous 1	Conventional ²	Longwall ³	Other ⁴	Total	
Alabama	w	_	W	_	53.61	
Colorado	46.66	_	67.45	82.00	66.67	
llinois	48.58	_	57.33	_	53.21	
ndiana	W	_	-	_	w	
Kentucky Total	50.06	56.51	56.68	_	50.44	
Eastern	50.34	56.51	50.00	_	50.45	
Western	49.43	_	57.34	_	50.41	
//aryland	W	_	w	_	60.00	
Ohio	60.77	_	60.00	_	60.12	
Oklahoma	w	_	_	_	w	
Pennsylvania Total	61.09	76.65	65.96	80.00	65.07	
Anthracite	80.00	76.65	-	80.00	78.89	
Bituminous	60.74	_	65.96	_	64.99	
Pennessee	64.18	_	_	_	64.18	
Jtah	58.55	_	48.73	_	50.72	
/irginia	53.69	_	50.00	48.81	52.27	
Vest Virginia Total	53.05	48.00	62.17	59.00	56.73	
Northern	59.53	_	60.78	_	60.37	
Southern	50.85	48.00	67.05	59.00	53.62	
Appalachian Total ⁵	53.11	54.44	59.98	52.64	56.30	
nterior Total ⁵	52.88	_	57.33	_	54.48	
Western Total ⁵	55.45	_	57.98	82.00	58.29	
Cast of Miss. River	53.00	54.44	59.39	52.64	55.80	
Vest of Miss. River	55.81	_	57.98	82.00	58.30	
.S. Total	53.16	54.44	59.00	65.58	56.23	

Mines that produce greater than 50 percent of coal by continuous mining method.

Notes: Average recovery percentage represents the percentage of coal that can be recovered from coal reserves at reporting mines, weighted for all mines in the reported geographic area. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Adminis-

tration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Mines that produce greater than 50 percent of coal by conventional mining method.

Mines that have any production from longwall mining method. A typical longwall mining operation uses 80 percent longwall mining and 20 percent continuous mining.

⁴ Mines that produce coal using shortwall, scoop loading, hand loading, or other mining methods or a 50/50 percent continuous/conventional split in mining method, or mines that produce less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Table 30. Recoverable Coal Reserves and Average Recovery Percentage at Producing U.S. Mines by Mine Production Range and Mine Type, 2000

(Million Short Tons)

	Undergro	und	Surfac	ce	Total	I
Mine Production Range (thousand short tons)	Recoverable Coal Reserves	Average Recovery Percentage	Recoverable Coal Reserves	Average Recovery Percentage	Recoverable Coal Reserves	Average Recovery Percentage
Over 1,000	3,389	57.12	12,658	91.70	16,047	84.40
500 to 1,000	411	52.45	446	86.24	856	70.04
200 to 500	613	54.51	241	82.48	854	62.39
100 to 200	155	54.24	53	80.78	208	60.99
50 to 100	102	54.54	40	76.57	141	60.71
10 to 50	184	56.55	49	74.29	233	60.32
U.S. Total	4,853	56.23	13,486	91.20	18,339	81.95

Notes: Recoverable reserves represent the quantity of coal that can be recovered (i.e., mined) from existing coal reserves at reporting mines. Average recovery percentage represents the percentage of coal that can be recovered from coal reserves at reporting mines, weighted for all mines in the reported geographic area. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table 31. Recoverable Coal Reserves and Average Recovery Percentage at Producing U.S. Mines by Coalbed Thickness and Mine Type, 2000

(Million Short Tons)

	Undergre	ound	Surfac	ce	Total	I
Coalbed Thickness (inches)	Recoverable Coal Reserves	Average Recovery Percentage	Recoverable Coal Reserves	Average Recovery Percentage	Recoverable Coal Reserves	Average Recovery Percentage
< 7	_	_	*	85.00	*	85.00
7-12	_	_	25	87.22	25	87.22
13-18	_	_	249	88.31	249	88.31
19-24	3	50.86	188	88.49	191	87.97
25-30	42	55.15	233	87.08	275	82.20
31-36	183	54.00	219	86.51	402	71.70
37-42	246	49.85	219	88.41	466	68.01
43-48	556	56.97	156	84.86	712	63.09
49-54	425	57.65	262	87.01	687	68.84
55-60	568	52.57	1,073	91.67	1,641	78.14
61-66	297	60.85	213	88.84	510	72.52
67-72	795	56.79	201	88.49	996	63.17
73-78	424	56.89	22	84.77	447	58.28
79-84	278	51.61	294	87.34	572	69.96
85-90	81	69.59	166	84.68	247	79.75
91-96	216	54.51	162	92.52	378	70.79
97-102	13	70.19	86	89.67	99	87.14
103-108	176	62.38	92	91.97	267	72.52
109-114	2	65.00	11	84.50	13	82.17
115-120	133	43.87	111	86.69	244	63.36
> 120	415	60.92	9,506	92.18	9,921	90.88
U.S. Total	4,853	56.23	13,486	91.20	18,339	81.95

^{*} Data round to zero.

Notes: Recoverable reserves represent the quantity of coal that can be recovered (i.e., mined) from existing coal reserves at reporting mines. Average recovery percentage represents thet percentage of coal that can be recovered from coal reserves at reporting mines, weighted for all mines in the reported geographic area. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Table 32. Recoverable Coal Reserves and Average Recovery Percentage at Producing Mines by State, Mine Type, and Union Type, 2000 (Million Short Tons)

	UMV	WA	Other 1	Unions	Nonu	nion	Tot	al
Coal-Producing State and Region	Recoverable Coal Reserves	Average Recovery Percentage	Recoverable Coal Reserves	Average Recovery Percentage	Recoverable Coal Reserves	Average Recovery Percentage	Recoverable Coal Reserves	Average Recovery Percentage
Alabama	322	52.87	_	_	46	75.32	368	55.70
Underground	322	52.87	_	_	22	64.65	343	53.61
Surface	_	_	_	_	25	84.51	25	84.51
laska	_	_	_	_	w	w	w	w
Surface	_	_	_	_	w	w	w	w
rizona	w	w	_	_	_	_	w	w
Surface	w	w	_	_	_	_	w	w
Colorado	w	w	w	w	431	73.29	584	74.28
Underground	w	w	_	·-	w	w	388	66.67
Surface	w	w	w	w	w	w	197	89.28
linois	256	48.94	16	77.69	444	57.05	716	54.62
Underground	w	w	w	w	427	55.94	681	53.21
Surface	w	w	w	w	17	84.38	35	81.65
ndiana	48	79.03		_	270	74.27	318	74.98
Underground	_	_	_	_	w	W	w	w
Surface	48	79.03	_	_	w	w	w	w
Kansas	_	-	_	_	w	w	w	w
Surface	_	_	_	_	w	w	w	w
Kentucky Total	41	58.02	_	_	907	55.72	948	55.82
Underground	w	w	_	_	w	w	794	50.44
Surface	w	w	_	_	w	w	154	83.54
Eastern	w	w	_	_	w	w	669	57.03
Underground	w	w	_	_	w	w	533	50.45
Surface	 _		_	_	w	w	w	W W
Western	w	w	_	_	w	w	279	52.90
Underground	w	w	_	_	w	w	261	50.41
Surface	w	w	_	_	w	w	18	88.87
ouisiana	w	w			w	w	w	w
Surface	_	_	_	_	w	w	w	w
Iaryland	_	_	_	_	75	61.24	75	61.24
	_	_	_	_	66	60.00	66	60.00
Underground	_	_	_	_	8	70.92	8	70.92
Surface	_	_	_	_				
fississippi	_	_	_	_	w	w	w	w
	_	_	_	_	w	w	w	w
// Issouri	_	_	_	_	w	w	w	w
Surface	_	_	_	_	w	w	W 1 104	91.17
Montana	w	w	w	w	w	w	1,104	91.17
Surface	W	W 95 00	W 1.052	W 04.01	W 202	W	1,104	
New Mexico	69	85.00	1,052	94.91	203	90.00	1,323	93.64
Surface	69	85.00	1,052	94.91	203	90.00	1,323	93.64
North Dakota	W	w	W	w	w	w	1,237	89.70
Surface	W	W	W	W	W	W	1,237	89.70
Ohio	197	69.90	_	_	139	81.69	336	74.79
Underground	125	60.00	_	_	24	60.77	149	60.12
Surface	72	86.95	_	-	115	86.10	187	86.43
Oklahoma	_	_	_	_	34	74.63	34	74.63
Underground	w	W	_	_	W	W	W	w
Surface	W	W	_	-	w	W	W	W
ennsylvania Total	w	w	w	W	245	73.80	506	68.35
Underground	W	W	_	-	W	W	388	65.07
Surface	W	W	W	W	W	W	118	79.10
Anthracite	W	W	W	W	23	67.10	32	57.30
Underground	_	_	_	_	2	78.89	2	78.89
Surface	W	W	W	W	21	65.84	30	55.72
Bituminous	W	W	_	_	W	W	474	69.10
Underground	W	W	-	-	W	W	386	64.99
Surface	W	W	_	_	w	W	88	87.12
ennessee	-	_	_	-	37	68.34	37	68.34
Underground	-	_	_	-	28	64.18	28	64.18
Surface	_	-	-	-	9	81.41	9	81.41
exas	_	-	w	w	w	w	794	91.31
Surface	_	_	w	w	w	w	794	91.31
tah	w	w	w	w	390	51.54	429	50.72
Underground	w	w	w	w	390	51.54	429	50.72
irginia	25	50.00	7	70.88	214	55.39	246	55.26
Underground	25	50.00	w	w	w	w	225	52.27
			w	w	w	w	21	86.88

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Recoverable Coal Reserves and Average Recovery Percentage at Producing Mines by State, Mine Type, and Union Type, 2000 (Continued) (Million Short Tons)

	UM	WA	Other	Unions	Nonu	ınion	То	tal
Coal-Producing State and Region	Recoverable Coal Reserves	Average Recovery Percentage	Recoverable Coal Reserves	Average Recovery Percentage	Recoverable Coal Reserves	Average Recovery Percentage	Recoverable Coal Reserves	Average Recovery Percentage
Washington		_	w	w	_	_	w	w
Surface		_	W	W	-	-	W	W
West Virginia Total	685	64.79	_	_	878	58.50	1,562	61.26
Underground	547	61.73	_	_	662	52.60	1,209	56.73
Surface	138	76.94	_	_	216	76.61	353	76.74
Northern	382	61.02	_	_	195	60.80	577	60.95
Underground	382	61.02	_	_	175	58.95	556	60.37
Surface	–	_	_	_	21	76.26	21	76.26
Southern	303	69.54	_	_	682	57.84	985	61.44
Underground	165	63.36	_	_	488	50.33	653	53.62
Surface		76.94	_	_	195	76.65	333	76.77
Wyoming	90	92.00	160	90.00	6,614	93.00	6,864	92.91
Surface	90	92.00	160	90.00	6,614	93.00	6,864	92.91
Appalachian Total ¹	1,491	62.37	7	70.11	2,303	61.40	3,801	61.80
Underground	1,268	59.56	5	65.00	1,669	53.80	2,942	56.30
Surface	223	78.38	2	81.51	634	81.39	859	80.61
Interior Total ¹	343	54.17	359	90.91	1,788	74.71	2,490	74.21
Underground		49.48	5	60.00	803	56.23	1,094	54.48
Surface	57	77.69	354	91.31	985	89.76	1,397	89.66
Western Total ¹		85.43	2,253	91.81	8,891	89.87	12,048	89.90
Underground	149	64.80	4	63.18	664	56.80	817	58.29
Surface	755	89.50	2,249	91.87	8,227	92.54	11,231	92.20
East of Miss. River	1,835	60.84	23	75.40	3,472	62.97	5,329	62.29
Underground	1,555	57.71	9	62.58	2,459	54.57	4,023	55.80
Surface	,	78.24	14	84.13	1,013	83.37	1,307	82.28
West of Miss. River		85.43	2,596	91.77	9,510	89.95	13,010	90.00
Underground		64.80	4	63.18	677	56.84	830	58.30
Surface		89.50	2,592	91.82	8,833	92.48	12,180	92.16
U.S. Total	2,738	68.96	2,619	91.63	12,982	82.73	18,339	81.95
Underground		58.33	14	62.77	3,135	55.06	4,853	56.23
Surface		86.46	2,605	91.78	9,846	91.55	13,486	91.20

¹ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: Recoverable reserves represent the quantity of coal that can be recovered (i.e., mined) from existing coal reserves at reporting mines. Average recovery percentage represents the percentage of coal that can be recovered from coal reserves at reporting mines, weighted for all mines in the reported geographic area. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. See Glossary for listing of other unions.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Table 33. U.S. Demonstrated Reserve Base of Coal by Potential Mining Method and Ranked by State Total, January 1, 2000

(Million Short Tons)

Rank	State	Underground	Surface	Total
1	Montana	70,958	48,562	119,520
2	Illinois	88,247	16,590	104,837
3	Wyoming	42,503	24,140	66,643
4	West Virginia	30,293	4,222	34,515
5	Kentucky	17,957	13,320	31,277
6	Pennsylvania	23,885	4,349	28,234
	Anthracite	3,847	3,363	7,210
	Bituminous	20,037	986	21,024
7	Ohio	17,703	5,829	23,532
8	Colorado	11,829	4,774	16,604
9	Texas	_	12,733	12,733
10	New Mexico	6,203	6,155	12,359
11	Indiana	8,839	937	9,776
12	North Dakota	_	9,282	9,282
13	Alaska	5,423	698	6,120
14	Missouri	1,479	4,513	5,993
15	Utah	5,424	268	5,692
16	Alabama	1,189	3,236	4,425
17	Iowa	1,732	457	2,189
18	Virginia	1,379	640	2,019
19	Oklahoma	1,236	333	1,568
20	Washington	1,332	41	1,373
21	Kansas	_	974	974
22	Tennessee	524	278	801
23	Maryland	617	78	695
24	Louisiana	_	451	451
25	Arkansas	272	144	417
26	South Dakota	_	366	366
27	Michigan	123	5	128
28	Arizona	102	_	102
29	Oregon	15	3	18
30	North Carolina	11	_	11
31	Idaho	4	_	4
32	Georgia	2	2	4
	U.S. Total	339,282	163,378	502,660

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels.

Producer/Distributor Stocks

Table 34. Year-End Producer and Distributor Coal Stocks by State, 1996-2000 (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	Percent Change	Average Annua Percent Change
State and Region						1999-2000	1996-2000
Alabama	932	2,172	1,636	1,289	1,031	-57.1	-2.5
Alaska	82	22	29	25	6	280.8	95.2
Arizona	1,354	1,229	2,077	2,911	2,232	10.2	-11.8
Arkansas	1	*	*	2	1	137.5	-10.6
Colorado	1,252	1,661	1,594	1,364	494	-24.6	26.2
Illinois	956	1,049	952	1,358	1,190	-8.9	-5.3
ndiana	310	521	672	698	574	-40.5	-14.3
Kansas	–	_	_	_	19	_	_
Kentucky Total	3,334	5,510	4,651	5,376	4,460	-39.5	-7.0
Eastern		4,167	3,256	4,622	3,720	-32.0	-6.6
Western		1,343	1,394	754	740	-62.7	-9.3
Louisiana		215	57	152	38	-27.5	42.6
Maryland		252	266	271	143	-15.9	10.3
Mississippi		_	_	_	_	_	_
Missouri		_	1	1	_	_	_
Montana		603	745	682	580	-27.2	-6.7
New Mexico		2,528	1,916	1,023	1,890	-8.0	5.3
North Dakota		2,561	2,364	1,965	1,574	5.8	14.5
Ohio	,	800	1,276	774	532	-15.4	6.2
Oklahoma		_	*	*	7	_	-40.5
Pennsylvania Total		2,134	2,682	2,507	3.113	-28.4	-16.3
Anthracite	,	795	643	486	1,323	-9.8	-14.2
Bituminous		1,339	2,039	2.021	1,790	-39.5	-18.0
Γennessee		29	36	32	23	-45.0	-8.8
Гехаѕ		1.187	1,319	1.506	1.254	79.5	14.2
Utah		2.147	1,809	2.112	1,337	-38.9	5
Virginia		2,240	2,565	2.328	1,644	-63.5	-16.0
Washington		2,240	2,303	56	55	-	10.0
West Virginia Total		6,697	6,008	5,504	4,947	-30.0	-1.3
Northern	,	1.446	1,282	858	584	-67.9	-5.6
Southern		5,251	4,726	4.645	4,362	-19.6	8
Wyoming		5,917	3,873	2,036	1,504	-2.5	39.9
Appalachian Total ¹		18,492	17,726	17,327	15,153	-36.7	-6.3
Interior Total ¹	4,966	4,315	4,396	4,471	3,823	15.1	6.8
Western Total ¹	15,241	16,668	14,408	12,174	9,672	-8.6	12.0
East of Miss. River		21,404	20,745	20,138	17,657	-32.8	-5.0
West of Miss. River	17,530	18,071	15,785	13,835	10,991	-3.0	12.4
J.S. Total	31,905	39,475	36,530	33,973	28,648	-19.2	2.7

 $^{1\,}$ $\,$ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

* Data round to zero.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report."

Imports

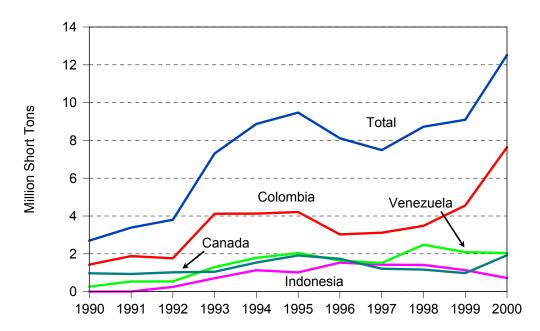


Figure 3. U.S. Coal Imports, 1990-2000

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report IM 145."

Table 35. U.S. Coal Imports by Continent and Country of Origin, 1991, 1996-2000 (Short Tons)

Continent and Country	2000	1000	1000	1007	1007	1001	Percent Change	Average Percent	
of Origin	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	1999- 2000	1996- 2000	1991- 2000
North America Total	1,930,105	1,052,307	1,168,361	1,211,910	1,745,053	935,477	83.4	2.5	8.4
Canada	1,923,434	978,826	1,166,397	1,211,557	1,737,744	935,477	96.5	2.6	8.3
Mexico	6,671	73,481	1,964	353	7,309	-	-90.9	-2.3	-
South America Total	9,675,473	6,643,913	5,960,370	4,631,213	4,667,817	2,416,309	45.6	20.0	16.7
Argentina		232	, , , <u> </u>	13	, , , <u> </u>		_	_	_
Brazil		33	_	_	_	_	157.6	_	_
Colombia	7,636,614	4,553,408	3,478,185	3.117.122	3.026.598	1.881.439	67.7	26.0	16.8
Venezuela	, ,	2,090,240	2,482,185	1,514,078	1,641,219	534,870	-2.5	5.6	16.0
Europe Total	1,450	72,636	43,572	26,635	2,613	6	-98.0	-13.7	84.0
Belgium & Luxembourg		10,654	3,983	6.016	2,473	_	_	_	_
Czechoslovakia		_	_	_	_	6	_	_	_
Germany, FR		_	_	20	_	_	_	_	_
Italy		1	36		_	_	_	_	_
Norway		_	_	20,383	_	_	_	_	_
Russia		945	_		_	_	28.3	_	_
Spain	,	_	36,432	_	99	_		_	_
Switzerland		_	-	201		_	_	_	_
Turkey		_	_	_	41	_	_	_	_
United Kingdom		61,036	3,121	15	-	-	-99.6	_	_
Asia Total	738,000	1,159,011	1,416,281	1,460,503	1,534,989	6,894	-36.3	-16.7	68.1
China (Mainland)		20,239	2,566	2,006		202	-2.9	_	66.3
Hong Kong		20,257	10	2,000	1			_	-
India		577	_	_	_	_	-64.5	_	_
Indonesia		1,138,076	1,413,704	1,425,916	1,534,986	6,641	-36.9	-17.3	68.3
Japan		-	1,115,701	-, 1, 120, 10	2	1	_	-	-
Korea, Republic of		1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Syria		118	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Thailand		-	_	_	_	50	_	_	_
Vietnam		-	_	32,581	-	_	_	_	_
Oceania & Australia Total	167,595	161,466	135,099	156,515	164,793	31.106	3.8	.4	20.6
Australia	,	161,466	92,660	115,510	164,793	31,106	3.8	.4	20.6
New Zealand		-	42,439	41,005	-	-	-	_	-
Total	12,512,623	9,089,333	8,723,683	7,486,776	8,115,265	3,389,792	37.7	11.4	15.6

Note: Coal imports include coal to Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands. Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report IM 145."

Coal Imports by Customs District, 1991, 1996-2000 Table 36. (Short Tons)

Customs District	2000	1999	1000	400-	4007	1001	Percent Change	Average Annual Percent Change	
	2000 1999 1998 1997	1997	1996	1991	1999- 2000	1996- 2000	1991- 2000		
Eastern Total	2,686,588	2,497,300	2,418,583	2,508,318	2,664,213	361,097	7.6	0.2	25.0
Boston, MA	1,537,168	1,467,213	1,439,079	1,533,510	1,803,234	84,310	4.8	-3.9	38.1
Baltimore, MD	. –	28,862	_	_	99	_	_	_	_
Portland, ME	710,371	516,893	367,609	366,768	362,601	207,152	37.4	18.3	14.7
Buffalo, NY	. –	10,959	3,992	6,060	2,658	134	_	_	_
New York City, NY		472,320	512,213	518,043	404,387	_	-7.2	2.0	_
Ogdensburg, NY		_	19	_	50	_	_	_	_
Philadelphia, PA	. 917	1,053	95,671	83,918	91,184	69,501	-12.9	-68.3	-38.2
Norfolk, VA		_	-	19	-	_	-	_	-
Southern Total	7,087,842	4,920,974	4,447,422	2,985,167	2,903,372	2,061,987	44.0	25.0	14.7
Mobile, AL	4,674,924	1,864,915	884,788	214,241	446,590	_	150.7	79.9	_
Savannah, GA	532,670	507,272	374,677	178,085	118,509	_	5.0	45.6	-
Miami, FL	. –	_	90,381	38,604	_	_	_	_	_
Tampa, FL	1,489,476	1,380,683	1,671,217	1,320,515	1,419,408	1,680,398	7.9	1.2	-1.3
New Orleans, LA	. 75,003	714,595	946,756	840,919	808,592	23,731	-89.5	-44.8	13.6
San Juan, PR	202,747	266,527	195,162	201,413	96,901	211,313	-23.9	20.3	4
Charleston, SC	76,035	_	_	-	-	_	-	-	-
Houston-Galveston, TX	. –	_	165,853	154,865	6,063	11,023	_	_	_
Laredo, TX	6,671	73,481	1,964	353	7,309	_	-90.9	-2.3	_
Virgin Islands	30,316	113,501	116,624	36,172	-	135,522	-73.3	-	-15.3
Western Total	1,201,768	997,940	812,443	862,053	900,701	116,420	20.4	7.5	29.6
Los Angeles, CA		22	4	149	2	877	_	_	_
San Diego, CA		_	1	_	_	_	_	-2.3	_
Honolulu, HI	810,956	689,954	681,812	759,385	810,176	31,106	17.5	*	43.7
Great Falls, MT	. 216,118	151,335	_	282	25	57,916	42.8	NM	15.8
Portland, OR	. 3,397	_	6,992	20,383	-	_	_	-	-
Seattle, WA	. 171,297	156,629	123,634	81,854	90,498	26,521	9.4	17.3	23.0
Northern Total	1,536,425	673,119	1,045,235	1,131,238	1,646,979	850,288	128.3	-1.7	6.8
Chicago, IL		44	66,829	329,778	238,592	208,021	150.0	-85.3	-56.8
Detroit, MI	371,471	389,010	415,127	388,678	615,262	275	-4.5	-11.8	122.8
Duluth, MN	. 18,279	17,591	_	416	291,346	211	3.9	-49.9	64.2
Pembina, ND	1,146,565	264,164	560,779	410,509	501,778	641,781	334.0	22.9	6.6
Milwaukee, WI		2,310	2,500	1,857	_	_	_	_	_
Total	12,512,623	9,089,333	8,723,683	7,486,776	8,115,265	3,389,792	37.7	11.4	15.6

* Data round to zero.

NM Not meaningful as value is greater than 500 percent.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report IM 145."

Table 37. U.S. Receipts of Imported Coal by Country of Origin and Destination State, 1991, 1996-2000

Country of Origin and Destination State	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change 1999-2000
Australia Total	107,313	161,480	92,676	155,632	147,204	_	-33.5
Florida	_	62,910		_	_	_	-100.0
Hawaii	107,313	98,570	92,676	155,632	147,204	-	8.9
Canada Total	1,429,623	762,804	1,424,942	893,900	1,332,243	26,920	87.4
Illinois	121,008	29,963	60,627	147,967	215,959	_	303.8
Indiana	700,904	193,342	976,153	474,369	735,342	-	262.5
Michigan	368,156	355,377	355,100	229,464	361,458	-	3.6
Ohio	-	-	_	652	1,454	-	-
Utah	199,443	145,727	_	_	-	-	36.9
Washington	40,112	38,395	33,062	41,448	18,030	26,920	4.5
Colombia Total	5,967,223	2,582,799	2,710,318	2,958,645	2,285,840	1,582,600	131.0
Alabama	3,652,281	692,072	169,344	214,251	160,675	_	427.7
Florida	1,587,830	1,119,310	1,909,354	1,385,340	1,417,220	1,582,600	41.8
Maine	-	-	_	-	45,220	-	_
Maryland	-	29,000	_	-	-	_	-100.0
Massachusetts	-	_	467,100	1,077,600	630,400	-	_
Mississippi	720,453	701,300	_	-	-	_	2.7
New Hampshire	_	_	34,680	35,360	32,325	-	_
New York	-	36,300	34,800	147,050	-	-	-100.0
Ohio	6,659	-			-	-	-
Texas	-	-	84,119	99,044	-	-	-
Washington	-	-	10,921	-	-	-	-
West Virginia	_	4,817	_	-	_	_	-100.0
Indonesia Total	47,840	387,627	899,517	782,035	833,706	24,253	-87.6
Florida	47,840	387,627	596,979	741,264	807,803	24,253	-87.6
Louisiana	_	_	302,538	_	_	_	_
New Hampshire	-	_	_	40,771	25,903	-	_
Mexico Total	46,169	68,809	_	_	15,561	_	-32.9
Minnesota	38,892	_	_	_	,	_	_
Texas	7,277	68,809	_	_	15,561	_	-89.4
Poland Total	_	3,970	_	_	_	_	-100.0
New Jersey	-	3,970	_	-	-	_	-100.0
Venezuela Total	1,852,435	2,111,492	2,415,581	1,409,628	1,861,504	333,027	-12.3
Connecticut	-	35,000	106,000	35,000	28,000	-	-100.0
Florida	94,315	493,806	235,155	58,643	298,200	42,200	-80.9
Georgia	466,567	434,220	414,490	279,139	209,907		7.4
Maine	105,390	35,532	_	2,708	13,966	_	196.6
Massachusetts	4,703	_	471,600	382,900	1,135,500	83,700	_
Mississippi	_	15,560	173,670	_	_	_	-100.0
New Hampshire	554,860	506,894	331,371	228,969	96,033	207,127	9.5
New Jersey	-	980	39,000	_	_	-	-100.0
New York	626,600	589,500	558,800	350,400	_	_	6.3
Pennsylvania	-		. –	71,869	79,898	_	_
Texas	_	_	85,495	. –	-	-	-
Total	9,450,603	6,078,981	7,543,034	6,199,840	6,476,058	1,966,800	55.5
Alabama	3,652,281	692,072	169,344	214,251	160,675	_,,	427.7
Connecticut	-	35,000	106,000	35,000	28,000	_	-100.0
Florida	1,729,985	2,063,653	2,741,488	2,185,247	2,523,223	1,649,053	-16.2
Georgia	466,567	434,220	414,490	279,139	209,907	-	7.4
Hawaii	107,313	98,570	92,676	155,632	147,204	_	8.9
Illinois	121,008	29,963	60,627	147,967	215,959	_	303.8
Indiana	700,904	193,342	976,153	474,369	735,342	_	262.5
Louisiana	_	_	302,538	_	_	_	_
Maine	105,390	35,532	_	2,708	59,186	_	196.6
Maryland	_	29,000	_			_	-100.0
Massachusetts	4,703	_	938,700	1,460,500	1,765,900	83,700	_
Michigan	368,156	355,377	355,100	229,464	361,458	_	3.6
Minnesota	38,892	_	-	-	, -	_	_
Mississippi	720,453	716,860	173,670	_	_	_	.5
New Hampshire	554,860	506,894	366,051	305,100	154,261	207,127	9.5
New Jersey	-	4,950	39,000	_	, -	-	-100.0
				107.150			
New York	626,600	625,800	593,600	497,450	_	_	.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 37. U.S. Receipts of Imported Coal by Country of Origin and Destination State, 1991, 1996-2000 (Continued)

Country of Origin and Destination State	2000	1999	1999 1998		1996	1991	Percent Change 1999-2000	
otal (Continued)								
Pennsylvania	_	_	_	71,869	79,898	_	_	
Texas	7,277	68,809	169,614	99,044	15,561	_	-89.4	
Utah	199,443	145,727	_	_	_	_	36.9	
Washington	40,112	38,395	43,983	41,448	18,030	26,920	4.5	
West Virginia	_	4,817	_	_	_	_	-100.0	

Notes: Data for 1991 are only for receipts at electric utilities. Data for 1996 through 2000 are for receipts at electric utilities, manufacturing plants and coke plants. See Table 38 and Table 39 for related data. See Technical Note 1 for the difference between receipts of imported coal and U.S. coal imports.

Sources: 1991: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

1996-2000: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3A, "Annual Coal Quality Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5A, "Annual Coal Quality Report - Coke Plants"; and FERC, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table 38. Imported Coal Received at Electric Utilities by Country of Origin and Destination State, 1991, 1996-2000

Country of Origin	2000	2000 1999 1998 1997	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change	Average Annual Percent Change		
and Destination State							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
Australia Total	_	62,910	_	_	_	_	-100.0	_	_
Florida	-	62,910	-	-	-	-	-100.0	-	-
Canada Total	_	_	_	9,590	18,030	26,920	_	-100.0	-100.0
Washington	-	-	-	9,590	18,030	26,920	-	-100.0	-100.0
Colombia Total	5,769,303	2,438,953	2,530,053	2,744,394	2,079,945	1,582,600	136.5	29.0	15.4
Alabama	3,461,020	553,043	_	_	_	_	NM	_	_
Florida	1.587.830	1,119,310	1.909.354	1.385,340	1,417,220	1,582,600	41.8	2.9	*
Maryland	_	29,000	_	_		-,,	-100.0		_
Massachusetts	_	2,,000	467,100	1,077,600	630,400	_	-	-100.0	_
Mississippi	720,453	701,300	107,100	1,077,000	050,100	_	2.7	100.0	_
11	720,433	701,300	34.680	35,360	32,325	_	2.7	-100.0	_
New Hampshire	_	26 200	- ,	,	32,323	_	-100.0	-100.0	_
New York		36,300	34,800	147,050	_	_	-100.0	_	_
Texas	_	-	84,119	99,044	-	_	_	_	_
Indonesia Total	47,840	387,627	899,517	782,035	833,706	24,253	-87.6	-51.0	7.8
Florida	47,840	387,627	596,979	741,264	807,803	24,253	-87.6	-50.7	7.8
Louisiana	_	_	302,538	_	_	_	_	_	_
New Hampshire	_	_	_	40,771	25,903	-	-	-100.0	-
Poland Total	_	3,970	_	_	_	_	-100.0	_	_
New Jersey	-	3,970	-	-	-	-	-100.0	-	-
Venezuela Total	1,742,342	2,075,960	2,415,581	1,335,051	1,767,640	333,027	-16.1	3	20.2
Connecticut		35,000	106,000	35,000	28,000	-	-100.0	-100.0	
Florida	94.315	493,806	235,155	58,643	298,200	42,200	-80.9	-25.0	9.3
	- ,			,	,	42,200		-23.0 22.1	9.3
Georgia	466,567	434,220	414,490	279,139	209,907		7.4		100.0
Massachusetts	_	-	471,600	382,900	1,135,500	83,700	-	-100.0	-100.0
Mississippi		15,560	173,670				-100.0		
New Hampshire	554,860	506,894	331,371	228,969	96,033	207,127	9.5	55.0	11.6
New Jersey	_	980	39,000	_	_	_	-100.0	_	_
New York	626,600	589,500	558,800	350,400	_	_	6.3	_	_
Texas	_	_	85,495	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	7,559,485	4,969,420	5,845,151	4,871,070	4,699,321	1,966,800	52.1	12.6	16.1
Alabama	3,461,020	553,043	_	_	_	_	NM	_	_
Connecticut	_	35,000	106,000	35,000	28,000	_	-100.0	-100.0	_
Florida	1,729,985	2,063,653	2,741,488	2,185,247	2,523,223	1,649,053	-16.2	-9.0	.5
Georgia	466,567	434,220	414,490	279,139	209,907		7.4	22.1	_
Louisiana	´ _	· _	302,538	_	· _	_	_	_	_
Maryland	_	29,000	_	_	_	_	-100.0	_	_
Massachusetts	_	25,000	938,700	1,460,500	1,765,900	83,700	-	-100.0	-100.0
Mississippi	720.453	716,860	173,670	-,100,500	-,705,700	- 05,700	.5	-	-
New Hampshire	554,860	506,894	366,051	305,100	154,261	207,127	9.5	37.7	11.6
New Jersey	334,800	4,950	39,000	303,100	137,201	207,127	-100.0	51.7	- 11.0
New York	626,600			497,450	_	_	-100.0 .1	_	_
	020,000	625,800	593,600	,	_	_	.1	_	_
Texas	_		169,614	99,044	10.022	26.022	_	100.0	100.0
Washington	_	_	_	9,590	18,030	26,920	_	-100.0	-100.0

* Data round to zero.

NM Not meaningful as value is greater than 500 percent.

Source: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table 39. Imported Coal Received at Manufacturing and Coke Plants by Country of Origin and Destination State, 1998-2000

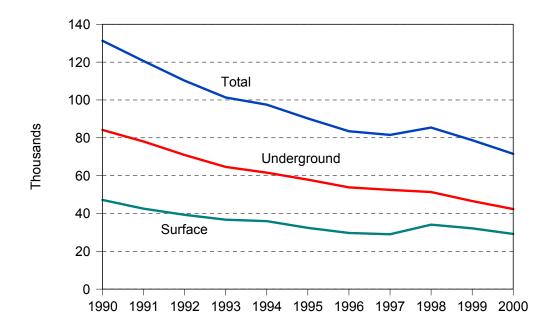
Country	M	anufacturing		(Coke Plants		Total				
of Origin and Destination State	2000	1999	1998	2000	1999	1998	2000	1999	1998	Percent Change 1999-2000	
Australia Total	. 107,313	98,570	92,676	_	_	_	107,313	98,570	92,676	8.9	
Hawaii	. 107,313	98,570	92,676	-	-	-	107,313	98,570	92,676	8.9	
Canada Total	40,112	38,395	33,062	1,389,511	724,409	1,391,880	1,429,623	762,804	1,424,942	87.4	
Illinois	. –	_	_	121,008	29,963	60,627	121,008	29,963	60,627	303.9	
Indiana	. –	_	_	700,904	193,342	976,153	700,904	193,342	976,153	262.5	
Michigan	_	_	_	368,156	355,377	355,100	368,156	355,377	355,100	3.6	
Ohio		_	_	· –	_	_	_	_	· –	_	
Utah	_	_	_	199,443	145,727	_	199,443	145,727	_	36.9	
Washington		38,395	33,062	_	_	-	40,112	38,395	33,062	4.5	
Colombia Total	. 197,920	143,846	180,265	_	_	_	197,920	143,846	180,265	37.6	
Alabama		139,029	169,344	_	_	_	191,261	139,029	169,344	37.6	
Maine		_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	
Ohio		_	_	_	_	_	6,659	_	_	_	
Washington		_	10,921	_	_	_	-,	_	10,921	_	
West Virginia		4,817	-	-	-	-	-	4,817	-	-100.0	
Mexico Total	46,169	68,809	_	_	_	_	46,169	68,809	_	-32.9	
Minnesota		-	_	_	_	_	38,892	00,007	_	32.7	
Texas	,	68,809	_	_	_	_	7,277	68,809	_	-89.4	
Venezuela Total	. 110,093	35,532	_	_	_	_	110,093	35,532	_	209.8	
Maine		35,532	_	_	_	_	105,390	35,532	_	196.6	
Massachusetts		33,332	_	_	_	_	4,703	33,332	_	170.0	
Pennsylvania		_	_	_	_	_	4,703	_	_	_	
Total	501,607	385,152	306,003	1,389,511	724,409	1,391,880	1,891,118	1,109,561	1,697,883	70.4	
Alabama	,	139,029	169,344	1,367,311	724,409	1,371,000	191,261	139,029	169,344	37.6	
Hawaii	, .	98,570	92,676	_	_	_	107,313	98,570	92,676	8.9	
Illinois	,	98,370	92,070	121.008	29,963	60,627	107,313	29,963	60,627	303.9	
				,	- ,		,	. ,	,		
Indiana			_	700,904	193,342	976,153	700,904	193,342	976,153	262.5	
Maine	,	35,532	_	_	_	_	105,390	35,532	_	196.6	
Massachusetts	,	_					4,703				
Michigan		_	-	368,156	355,377	355,100	368,156	355,377	355,100	3.6	
Minnesota		_	_	_	_	_	38,892	_	_	_	
Ohio		_	_	_	_	_	6,659	_	_	_	
Pennsylvania		-	_	_	-	_			_	- 00.4	
Texas		68,809	_	-	-	_	7,277	68,809	_	-89.4	
Utah		_	_	199,443	145,727	_	199,443	145,727	-	36.9	
Washington		38,395	43,983	_	_	_	40,112	38,395	43,983	4.5	
West Virginia	. –	4,817	_	_	_	_	_	4,817	_	-100.0	

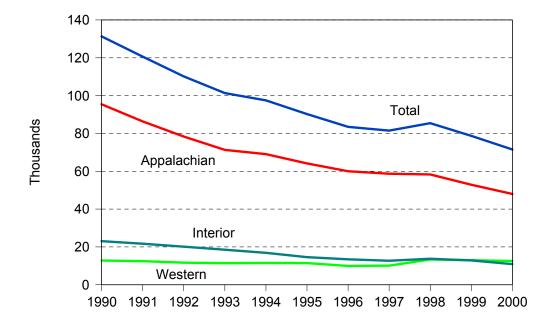
Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3A, "Annual Coal Quality Report - Manufacturing Plants"; and Form EIA-5A, "Annual Coal Quality Report - Coke Plants."

Employment and Productivity

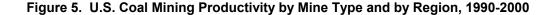
Employment

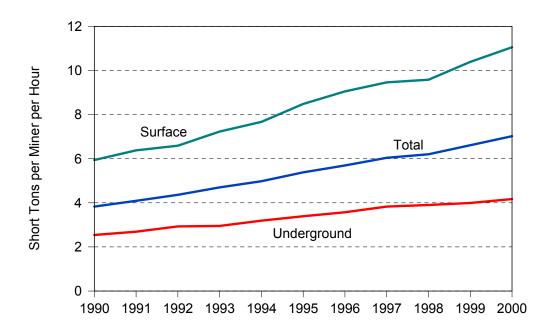


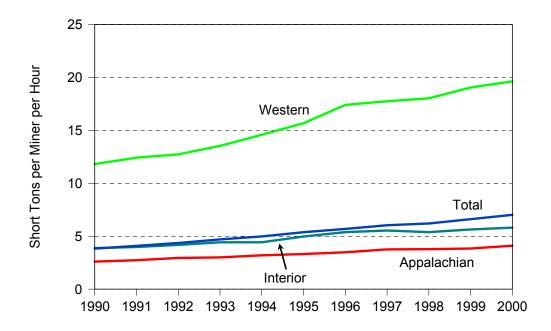




Notes: Scale has been enlarged to show detail in the short tons per miner per hour by type of mining plot. Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared; excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite; excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons of coal during the year and preparation plants with less than 5,000 employee hours; includes all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, shop or yard work at mining operations; excludes office workers; includes mining operations management and all technical and engineering personnel. Short tons produced per miner per hour is calculated by dividing total coal production by the direct labor hours worked by all mine employees.







Notes: Scale has been enlarged to show detail in the short tons per miner per hour by type of mining plot. Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared; excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite; excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons of coal during the year and preparation plants with less than 5,000 employee hours; includes all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, shop or yard work at mining operations; excludes office workers; includes mining operations management and all technical and engineering personnel. Short tons produced per miner per hour is calculated by dividing total coal production by the direct labor hours worked by all mine employees.

Table 40. Average Number of Employees/Miners by State, 1991, 1996-2000

Coal-Producing	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
State and Region							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
Alabama	3,303	4,183	4,875	4,928	5,031	6,314	-21.0	-10.0	-6.9
Alaska	119	120	122	99	102	99	8	3.9	2.1
Arizona	718	732	747	676	651	900	-1.9	2.5	-2.5
Arkansas	_	4	4	2	_	14	-100.0	_	_
California	_	_	_	_	_	8	_	_	_
Colorado	1,835	1,863	1,845	1,362	1,332	2,037	-1.5	8.3	-1.1
Illinois	3,454	4,323	4,297	4,612	5,174	9,102	-20.1	-9.6	-10.2
Indiana	2.031	2,633	2,930	2,712	2,579	3,919	-22.9	-5.8	-7.0
Iowa	_	_	_	_	_	97	_	_	_
Kansas	8	18	19	67	54	92	-55.5	-37.9	-23.8
Kentucky Total	15,500	17,211	18,927	18,937	18,826	26,642	-9.9	-4.7	-5.8
Eastern	12,990	14,287	15,417	15,422	15,130	21,129	-9.1	-3.7	-5.3
Western	2,510	2,924	3,510	3,515	3,696	5,513	-14.1	-9.2	-8.4
Louisiana	172	176	176	114	111	103	-2.3	11.6	5.9
Maryland	455	449	454	458	469	524	1.3	8	-1.5
3	108	45	-	436	409	324	140.0	6	-1.5
Missouri	43	57	76	51	80	312	-24.6	-14.4	-19.8
	867	927	925	708	705	794	-24.6 -6.5	-14.4 5.3	1.0
Montana									
New Mexico	1,600	1,687	1,734	1,339	1,347	1,650	-5.1	4.4	3
North Dakota	896	925	928	657	640	814	-3.1	8.8	1.1
Ohio	2,688	3,069	3,415	3,124	3,232	5,293	-12.4	-4.5	-7.3
Oklahoma	179	205	197	269	233	410	-12.7	-6.4	-8.8
Pennsylvania Total	7,905	9,318	9,915	9,575	9,021	13,506	-15.2	-3.2	-5.8
Anthracite	1,070	1,326	1,281	1,287	1,171	1,161	-19.3	-2.2	9
Bituminous	6,835	7,992	8,634	8,288	7,850	12,345	-14.5	-3.4	-6.3
Tennessee	465	566	533	707	756	1,242	-17.8	-11.4	-10.3
Texas	2,435	2,464	2,523	1,363	1,550	2,149	-1.2	11.9	1.4
Utah	1,645	1,837	2,072	1,922	1,804	2,277	-10.4	-2.3	-3.5
Virginia	5,203	5,450	5,887	6,235	6,241	10,055	-4.5	-4.4	-7.0
Washington	512	513	548	577	589	638	2	-3.4	-2.4
West Virginia Total	15,012	15,536	17,822	18,245	20,121	28,310	-3.4	-7.1	-6.8
Northern	3,712	3,906	4,268	4,980	5,279	9,468	-5.0	-8.4	-9.9
Southern	11,300	11,630	13,554	13,265	14,842	18,842	-2.8	-6.6	-5.5
Wyoming	4,369	4,412	4,447	2,777	2,814	3,301	-1.0	11.6	3.2
Appalachian Total ¹	48,021	52,858	58,318	58,694	60,001	86,373	-9.1	-5.4	-6.3
Interior Total ¹	10,940	12,849	13,732	12,705	13,477	21,711	-14.8	-5.1	−7.3
Western Total ¹	12,561	13,016	13,368	10,117	9,984	12,518	-3.5	5.9	*
East of Miss. River	56,124	62,783	69,055	69,533	71,450	104,907	-10.6	-5.8	-6.7
West of Miss. River	15,398	15,940	16,363	11,983	12,012	15,695	-3.4	6.4	2
U.S. Total	71,522	78,723	85,418	81,516	83,462	120,602	-9.1	-3.8	-5.6

¹ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

^{*} Data round to zero.

Notes: Includes all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, shop or yard work at mining operations, including office workers for 1998 forward. For 1997 and prior years, includes mining operations management and all technical and engineering personnel, excluding office workers. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons and preparation plants with less than 5,000 employee hours, which are not required to provide data.

Table 41. Average Number of Employees/Miners at Underground Mines by State, 1991, 1996-2000

Coal-Producing	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
State and Region							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
Alabama	2,775	3,366	3,911	4,014	4,145	4,473	-17.5	-9.5	-5.2
Colorado	1,246	1,246	1,230	923	918	1,530	_	7.9	-2.3
Illinois	3,105	3,895	3,798	4,044	4,256	7,056	-20.3	-7.6	-8.7
Indiana	511	412	401	411	457	447	24.0	2.8	1.5
Kentucky Total	10,888	11,623	12,687	12,947	12,876	18,481	-6.3	-4.1	-5.7
Eastern	8,828	9,314	9,924	10,369	10,275	14,878	-5.2	-3.7	-5.6
Western	2,060	2,309	2,763	2,578	2,601	3,603	-10.8	-5.7	-6.0
Maryland	296	312	292	304	308	309	-5.1	-1.0	5
Montana		_		_	18	_	_	_	_
New Mexico	_	15	32	_	_	63	-100.0	_	_
Ohio	1,526	1,645	1.796	1,759	1,706	2,359	-7.2	-2.7	-4.7
Oklahoma	40	51	44	36	26	31	-21.6	11.4	2.9
Pennsylvania Total	5,281	6,191	6,404	6,202	5,599	8,751	-14.7	-1.4	-5.4
Anthracite	201	229	205	174	147	123	-12.2	8.1	5.6
Bituminous	5.080	5,962	6,199	6,028	5,452	8,628	-14.8	-1.8	-5.7
Tennessee	278	300	280	390	467	988	-7.3	-12.2	-13.1
Utah	1.645	1.771	2.045	1,922	1.803	2,277	-7.1	-2.3	-3.5
Virginia	3,715	4,161	4,748	5.101	5.098	8.515	-10.7	-7.6	-8.8
West Virginia Total	10,996	11,504	13,565	14.329	16,003	22,512	-4.4	-8.9	-7.6
Northern	3,316	3,405	3,707	4,551	4,764	8,509	-2.6	-8.7	-9.9
Southern	7.680	8,099	9,858	9,778	11,239	14,003	-5.2	-9.1	-6.4
Wyoming	50	79	92	105	116	258	-36.7	-19.0	-16.7
Appalachian Total ¹	33,695	36,793	40,920	42,468	43,601	62,785	-8.4	-6.2	-6.7
Interior Total 1	5,716	6,667	7,006	7,069	7,340	11,137	-14.3	-6.1	-7.1
Western Total ¹	2,941	3,111	3,399	2,950	2,855	4,128	-5.5	.7	-3.7
East of Miss. River	39,371	43,409	47,882	49,501	50,915	73,891	-9.3	-6.2	-6.8
West of Miss. River	2,981	3,162	3,443	2,986	2,881	4,159	-5.7	.8	-3.6
U.S. Total	42,352	46,571	51,325	52,487	53,796	78,050	-9.0	-5.8	-6.6

 $^{1\ \ \,}$ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: Includes all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, shop or yard work at mining operations, including office workers for 1998 forward. For 1997 and prior years, includes mining operations management and all technical and engineering personnel, excluding office workers. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons and preparation plants with less than 5,000 employee hours, which are not required to provide data.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; State Mining Agency Coal Production Reports; and/or U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table 42. Average Number of Employees/Miners at Surface Mines by State, 1991, 1996-2000

Coal-Producing	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
State and Region							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
Alabama	528	817	964	914	886	1,841	-35.4	-12.1	-12.9
Alaska	119	120	122	99	102	99	8	3.9	2.1
Arizona	718	732	747	676	651	900	-1.9	2.5	-2.5
Arkansas	_	4	4	2	-	14	-100.0	_	_
California	_	_	_	_	_	8	-	_	_
Colorado	589	617	615	439	414	507	-4.5	9.2	1.7
Illinois	349	428	499	568	918	2,046	-18.4	-21.5	-17.8
Indiana	1,520	2,221	2,529	2,301	2,122	3,472	-31.6	-8.0	-8.8
Iowa					_	97	_	_	_
Kansas	8	18	19	67	54	92	-55.5	-37.9	-23.8
Kentucky Total	4,612	5,588	6,240	5,990	5,950	8,161	-17.5	-6.2	-6.1
Eastern	4,162	4,973	5,493	5,053	4,855	6,251	-16.3	-3.8	-4.4
Western	450	615	747	937	1,095	1,910	-26.8	-19.9	-14.8
Louisiana	172	176	176	114	111	103	-2.3	11.6	5.9
Maryland	159	137	162	154	161	215	16.0	3	-3.3
Mississippi	108	45		_	_		140.0	_	_
Missouri	43	57	76	51	80	312	-24.6	-14.4	-19.8
Montana	867	927	925	708	687	794	-6.5	6.0	1.0
New Mexico	1,600	1.672	1,702	1,339	1,347	1.587	-4.3	4.4	.1
North Dakota	896	925	928	657	640	814	-3.1	8.8	1.1
Ohio	1,162	1.424	1,619	1,365	1,526	2.934	-18.4	-6.6	-9.8
Oklahoma	139	154	153	233	207	379	-9.7	-9.5	-10.5
Pennsylvania Total	2,624	3,127	3,511	3,373	3,422	4,755	-16.1	-6.4	-6.4
Anthracite	869	1.097	1.076	1.113	1.024	1.038	-20.8	-4.0	-1.9
Bituminous	1.755	2,030	2,435	2,260	2,398	3,717	-13.5	-7.5	-8.0
Tennessee	187	2,030	253	317	2,398	254	-13.3 -29.7	-10.3	-3.3
Texas	2,435	2,464	2.523	1.363	1.550	2.149	-1.2	11.9	1.4
Utah	2,433	2,404	2,323	1,303	1,330	2,149	-100.0	11.9	1.4
	1.488	1.289	1.139	1.134	1.143	1.540	15.4	6.8	4
Virginia	512	513	548	1,134 577	589	638	2	-3.4	4 -2.4
Washington	4,016	4,032	4,257	3,916	4,118	5,798	2 4	-3.4 6	-2.4 -4.0
West Virginia Total		,		,	,	- ,			
Northern	396	501	561	429	515	959 4.839	-20.9	-6.3	-9.4 -3.2
Southern	3,620 4,319	3,531	3,696	3,487	3,603	4,839 3,043	2.5	.1 12.5	-3.2 4.0
Wyoming	4,319	4,333	4,355	2,672	2,698	3,043	3	12.5	4.0
Appalachian Total ¹	14,326	16,065	17,398	16,226	16,400	23,588	-10.8	-3.3	-5.4
Interior Total ¹	5,224	6,182	6,726	5,636	6,137	10,574	-15.5	-3.9	−7.5
Western Total ¹	9,620	9,905	9,969	7,167	7,129	8,390	-2.9	7.8	1.5
East of Miss. River	16,753	19,374	21,173	20,032	20,535	31,016	-13.5	-5.0	-6.6
West of Miss. River	12,417	12,778	12,920	8,997	9,131	11,536	-2.8	8.0	.8
U.S. Total	29,170	32,152	34,093	29,029	29,666	42,552	-9.3	4	-4.1

¹ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

producing less than 10,000 short tons and preparation plants with less than 5,000 employee hours, which are not required to provide data.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; State Mining Agency Coal Production Reports; and/or U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Notes: Includes all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, shop or yard work at mining operations, including office workers for 1998 forward. For 1997 and prior years, includes mining operations management and all technical and engineering personnel, excluding office workers. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10 000 short tons and preparation plants with less than 5 000 employee hours, which are not required to provide data

Table 43. Average Number of Employees by State and Mine Production Range, 2000

Coal-Producing				e Production Ra ousand short tor				T-4-1
State and Region	1,000 and over	500 to 1,000	200 to 500	100 to 200	50 to 100	10 to 50	Zero ¹	Total
Alabama	2,514	_	188	168	106	78	249	3,303
Alaska	119	_	_	_	_	_	_	119
Arizona	682	_	_	_	_	_	36	718
Colorado	1,675	_	49	72	_	_	39	1,835
Illinois	3,167	173	_	_	16	_	98	3,454
Indiana	1,394	319	117	62	16	85	38	2,031
Kansas	_	-	8	_	-	_	-	8
Kentucky Total	4,204	2,899	2,656	1,711	1,077	1,057	1,896	15,500
Eastern	2,568	2,535	2,564	1,572	1,077	1,048	1,626	12,990
Western	1,636	364	92	139	_	9	270	2,510
Louisiana	133	39	_	_	_	_	_	172
Maryland	203	60	104	_	31	24	33	455
Mississippi	_	108	_	_	_	_	_	108
Missouri	_	_	35	8	_	_	_	43
Montana	857	_	10	_	_	_	_	867
New Mexico	1,600	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,600
North Dakota	896	_	_	_	_	_	_	896
Ohio	1,491	374	357	185	80	91	110	2,688
Oklahoma	-,.,,	41	68	43	16	11	_	179
Pennsylvania Total	3,568	689	1,177	620	357	447	1,047	7.905
Anthracite	5,500	11	194	115	108	185	457	1,070
Bituminous	3,568	678	983	505	249	262	590	6,835
Tennessee	3,306	0/8	246	46	53	54	66	465
Texas	2,377	_	19	39	_	_	-	2,435
	1,323	191	100	39	_	_	31	1.645
Utah	484	852			378	- 579		,
Virginia			1,459	615			836	5,203
Washington	512	2.006	2.002	1.016	-	-	1 072	512
West Virginia Total	6,721	2,096	2,093	1,016	552	661	1,873	15,012
Northern	2,075	565	372	119	166	120	295	3,712
Southern	4,646	1,531	1,721	897	386	541	1,578	11,300
Wyoming	4,228	79	48	_	_	14	_	4,369
Appalachian Total ²	17,549	6,606	8,188	4,222	2,634	2,982	5,840	48,021
Interior Total ²	8,707	1,044	339	291	48	105	406	10,940
Western Total ²	11,892	270	207	72	-	14	106	12,561
East of Miss. River	23,746	7,570	8,397	4,423	2,666	3,076	6,246	56,124
West of Miss. River	14,402	350	337	162	16	25	106	15,398
U.S. Total	38,148	7,920	8,734	4,585	2,682	3,101	6,352	71,522

¹ Includes all employees at preparation plants and tipples not co-located with a mine, including office workers.

For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Notes: Includes all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, shop or yard work at mining operations of the state o tions, including office workers. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons and preparation plants with less than 5,000 employee hours, which are not required to provide data.

Table 44. Average Number of Employees at Underground Mines by State and Mine Production Range, 2000

Coal-Producing				e Production Ra				
State and Region	1,000 and over	500 to 1,000	200 to 500	100 to 200	50 to 100	10 to 50	Zero ¹	Total
Alabama	2.514	_	_	33	24	20	184	2.775
Colorado	1.119	_	16	72	_	_	39	1.246
Illinois	2,950	68	_	-	_	_	87	3,105
Indiana	352	_	37	33	_	68	21	511
Kentucky Total	2.898	1.928	1.897	1.228	829	734	1.374	10.888
Eastern	1,337	1,770	1.854	1,171	829	734	1,133	8,828
Western	1,561	158	43	57	_	_	241	2,060
Maryland	203	60	_	_	_	_	33	296
Ohio	1,349	48	55	18	_	_	56	1,526
Oklahoma	_	_	40	_	_	_	_	40
Pennsylvania Total	3,568	416	408	259	52	85	493	5.281
Anthracite	_	_	_	44	_	40	117	201
Bituminous	3,568	416	408	215	52	45	376	5,080
Tennessee	_	_	113	46	53	19	47	278
Utah	1,323	191	100	_	_	_	31	1,645
Virginia	406	588	1,074	465	285	435	462	3,715
West Virginia Total	4,614	1,503	1,761	784	471	502	1,361	10,996
Northern	1,960	531	335	80	109	70	231	3,316
Southern	2,654	972	1,426	704	362	432	1,130	7,680
Wyoming	50	-	_	_	-	_	_	50
Appalachian Total ²	13,991	4,385	5,265	2,776	1,714	1,795	3,769	33,695
Interior Total ²	4,863	226	120	90	´ –	68	349	5,716
Western Total ²	2,492	191	116	72	-	-	70	2,941
East of Miss. River	18,854	4,611	5,345	2,866	1,714	1,863	4,118	39,371
West of Miss. River	2,492	191	156	72	-	-	70	2,981
U.S. Total	21,346	4,802	5,501	2,938	1,714	1,863	4,188	42,352

Includes all employees at preparation plants and tipples not co-located with a mine, including office workers.

For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report." Notes: Includes all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, shop or yard work at mining operations, including office workers. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons and preparation plants with less than 5,000 employee hours, which are not required to provide data.

Table 45. Average Number of Employees at Surface Mines by State and Mine **Production Range, 2000**

Coal-Producing				e Production Ran ousand short ton	_			
State and Region	1,000 and over	500 to 1,000	200 to 500	100 to 200	50 to 100	10 to 50	Zero ¹	Total
Alabama	_	_	188	135	82	58	65	528
Alaska		_	_	_	_	_	_	119
Arizona		_	_	_	_	_	36	718
Colorado		_	33	_	_	_	_	589
Illinois		105	_	_	16	_	11	349
Indiana		319	80	29	16	17	17	1,520
Kansas	,	-	8		-	_	_	8
Kentucky Total	•••	971	759	483	248	323	522	4.612
Eastern	,	765	710	401	248	314	493	4,162
Western		206	49	82	240	9	29	450
Louisiana		39	-	-	_	_	2)	172
Maryland		-	104	_	31	24	_	159
Mississippi		108	104	_	_	_	_	108
		108	35	8	_	_	_	43
Missouri		_	10	0	_	_	_	867
Montana New Mexico		_	10	_	_	_	_	
	,	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,600
North Dakota		326	302	- 167	80	91	- 54	896
		320 41	28	43	16	11		1,162 139
Oklahoma							-	
Pennsylvania Total		273	769	361	305	362	554	2,624
Anthracite		11	194	71	108	145	340	869
Bituminous		262	575	290	197	217	214	1,755
Tennessee		-	133	_	-	35	19	187
Texas			19	39				2,435
Virginia		264	385	150	93	144	374	1,488
Washington				. 				512
West Virginia Total		593	332	232	81	159	512	4,016
Northern		34	37	39	57	50	64	396
Southern		559	295	193	24	109	448	3,620
Wyoming	4,178	79	48	_	-	14	_	4,319
Appalachian Total ²	3,558	2,221	2,923	1,446	920	1,187	2,071	14,326
Interior Total ²	3,844	818	219	201	48	37	57	5,224
Western Total ²	9,400	79	91	-	_	14	36	9,620
East of Miss. River		2,959	3,052	1,557	952	1,213	2,128	16,753
West of Miss. River	11,910	159	181	90	16	25	36	12,417
U.S. Total	16,802	3,118	3,233	1,647	968	1,238	2,164	29,170

Includes all employees at preparation plants and tipples not co-located with a mine, including office workers.

For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Notes: Includes all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, shop or yard work at mining operations of the production tions, including office workers. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons and preparation plants with less than 5,000 employee hours, which are not required to provide data.

Table 46. Average Number of Employees by State, Mine Type, and Union Type, 2000

				<u> </u>	
Coal-Producing State and Region	UMWA	Other Unions	Union Total	Nonunion	Total
Uchama	2,601		2 601	702	3,303
labama		_	2,601		,
Underground	2,587	_	2,587	188	2,775
Surface	14	_	14	514	528
laska	_	_	_	119	119
Surface	_	-	_	119	119
rizona	718	_	718	_	718
Surface	718	_	718	_	718
Colorado	595	156	751	1,084	1,835
Underground	467	_	467	779	1,246
Surface	128	156	284	305	589
linois	1,623	327	1,950	1,504	3,454
	1,547	179	,	1,379	3,105
Underground	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1,726	,	,
Surface	76	148	224	125	349
ndiana	301	_	301	1,730	2,031
Underground	_	_	_	511	511
Surface	301	_	301	1,219	1,520
ansas	_	_	_	8	8
Surface	_	_	_	8	8
entucky Total	1,326	_	1,326	14,174	15,500
	1,320 1,254	_	1,320 1,254	9,634	10,888
Underground		_	,		,
Surface	72	_	72	4,540	4,612
Eastern	127	_	127	12,863	12,990
Underground	111	_	111	8,717	8,828
Surface	16	-	16	4,146	4,162
Western	1,199	_	1,199	1,311	2,510
Underground	1,143	_	1,143	917	2,060
Surface	56		56	394	450
	36	_	30		
ouisiana	_	_	_	172	172
Surface	_	_	_	172	172
Iaryland	_	_	_	455	455
Underground	_	_	_	296	296
Surface	_	_	_	159	159
Iississippi	_	_	_	108	108
Surface	_	_	_	108	108
	_	_	_		
lissouri	_	_	_	43	43
Surface				43	43
Iontana	283	445	728	139	867
Surface	283	445	728	139	867
lew Mexico	525	803	1,328	272	1,600
Surface	525	803	1,328	272	1,600
Forth Dakota	142	135	277	619	896
Surface	142	135	277	619	896
Ohio	1,400	155	1,400	1,288	2,688
		_		,	
Underground	1,189	_	1,189	337	1,526
Surface	211	_	211	951	1,162
klahoma	_	_	_	179	179
Underground	-	_	_	40	40
Surface	_	_	_	139	139
ennsylvania Total	3,800	15	3,815	4,090	7,905
Underground	3,337	6	3,343	1,938	5,281
Surface	463	9	472	2,152	2,624
	403 409	3	412	658	1,070
Anthracite	409	3	414		,
Underground		-		201	201
Surface	409	3	412	457	869
Bituminous	3,391	12	3,403	3,432	6,835
Underground	3,337	6	3,343	1,737	5,080
Surface	54	6	60	1,695	1,755
ennessee	_	_	_	465	465
	=	_	_	278	278
Underground	_	_	_		
Surface	-	, . .		187	187
exas	-	1,622	1,622	813	2,435
Surface	-	1,622	1,622	813	2,435
tah	487	112	599	1,046	1,645
Underground	487	112	599	1,046	1,645
	585	175	760	4,443	5,203
irginia				,	,
Underground	584	125	709	3,006	3,715
Surface	1	50	51	1,437	1,488
Vashington	-	512	512	_	512
Surface	_	512	512	_	512
Vest Virginia Total	5,846	47	5,893	9,119	15,012
	-,				
	A 715	7	4.777		
Underground	4,715 1,131	7 40	4,722 1,171	6,274 2,845	10,996 4,016

Table 46. Average Number of Employees by State, Mine Type, and Union Type, 2000 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State and Region	UMWA	Other Unions	Union Total	Nonunion	Total
Northern	1,935	_	1,935	1,777	3,712
Underground	1,935	_	1,935	1,381	3,316
Surface	_	_	_	396	396
Southern	3,911	47	3,958	7,342	11,300
Underground	2,780	7	2,787	4,893	7,680
Surface	1,131	40	1,171	2,449	3,620
Wyoming	290	437	727	3,642	4,369
Underground	_	_	_	50	50
Surface	290	437	727	3,592	4,319
Appalachian Total 1	14,359	237	14,596	33,425	48,021
Underground	12,523	138	12,661	21,034	33,695
Surface	1,836	99	1,935	12,391	14,326
nterior Total ¹	3,123	1,949	5,072	5,868	10,940
Underground	2,690	179	2,869	2,847	5,716
Surface	433	1,770	2,203	3,021	5,224
Western Total ¹	3,040	2,600	5,640	6,921	12,561
Underground	954	112	1,066	1,875	2,941
Surface	2,086	2,488	4,574	5,046	9,620
East of Miss. River	17,482	564	18,046	38,078	56,124
Underground	15,213	317	15,530	23,841	39,371
Surface	2,269	247	2,516	14,237	16,753
Vest of Miss. River	3,040	4,222	7,262	8,136	15,398
Underground	954	112	1,066	1,915	2,981
Surface	2,086	4,110	6,196	6,221	12,417
J.S. Total	20,522	4,786	25,308	46,214	71,522
Underground	16,167	429	16,596	25,756	42,352
Surface	4,355	4.357	8.712	20.458	29,170

¹ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: Includes all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, shop or yard work at mining operations, including office workers. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons and preparation plants with less than 5,000 employee hours, which are not required to provide data. See Glossary for listing of other unions.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table 47. U.S. Coal Mine Injuries, 1991, 1996-2000

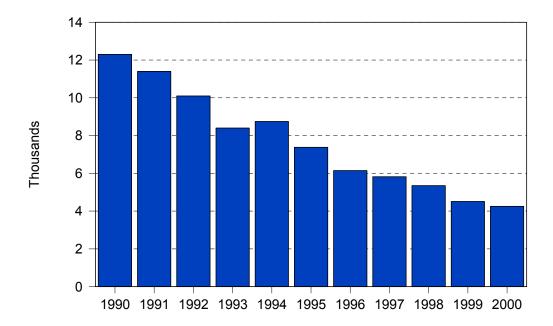
	2000	1000	1000						Percent	Average Annual	Percent Change
Injury Type	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Change 1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000		
Injuries Total ¹	4,254	4,513	5,349	5,818	6,148	11,386	-15.6	-11.6	-10.6		
Fatal	28	29	25	30	39	61	16.0	-11.4	-8.7		
Nonfatal ²	4,226	4,484	5,324	5,788	6,109	11,325	-15.8	-11.6	-10.6		
Injuries per 200,000											
Employee-Hours Total	5.41	5.54	6.04	5.39	5.66	7.90	-8.3	-4.4	-3.9		
Fatal	.04	.04	.03	.03	.04	.04	33.3	_	_		
Nonfatal ²	5.37	5.50	6.01	5.35	5.62	7.86	-8.5	-4.4	-3.9		

¹ Includes contractors, preparation plants and independent shops and yards.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Mine Injuries and Worktime, Quarterly, various issues.

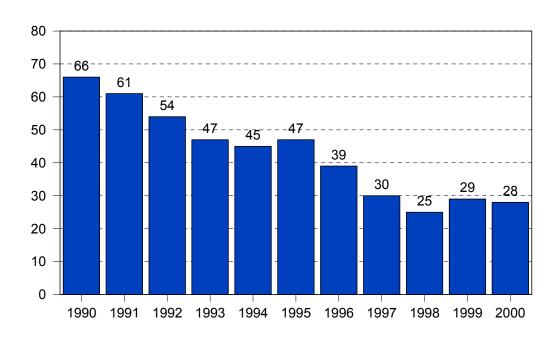
² Includes only non-fatal injuries that resulted in absence from work. Note: Calculations of growth rate are based using unrounded values.

Figure 6. U.S. Coal Mine Injuries, 1990-2000



Sources: U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, *Mine Injuries and Worktime, Quarterly,* various issues.

Figure 7. U.S. Coal Mine Fatalities, 1990-2000



Sources: U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, *Mine Injuries and Worktime, Quarterly,* various issues.

Productivity

Table 48. Coal Mining Productivity by State, 1991, 1996-2000

(Short Tons of Coal Produced per Employee/Miner per Hour)

Coal-Producing	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
State and Region							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
Alabama	2.75	2.25	2.31	2.39	2.20	2.17	22.2	5.7	2.7
Alaska	6.05	5.56	4.65	6.41	6.81	6.82	8.9	-2.9	-1.3
Arizona	7.15	6.61	6.53	6.79	6.30	6.64	8.1	3.2	.8
Arkansas	_	1.89	1.95	1.94	_	2.27	-100.0	_	_
California	_	_	_	_	_	11.31	_	_	_
Colorado	7.64	7.93	7.89	7.68	7.32	5.05	-3.6	1.1	4.7
Illinois	4.32	4.19	4.17	4.20	4.18	3.18	3.2	.8	3.5
Indiana	5.67	5.42	5.17	5.33	4.98	4.02	4.6	3.3	3.9
Iowa	_	_	_	_	_	1.29	_	_	_
Kansas	11.10	8.58	7.49	3.82	2.17	2.15	29.4	50.4	20.0
Kentucky Total	3.96	3.89	3.79	3.94	3.80	3.01	1.9	1.0	3.1
Eastern	3.86	3.74	3.70	3.83	3.68	2.90	3.2	1.2	3.2
Western	4.46	4.57	4.16	4.38	4.29	3.37	-2.3	1.0	3.2
Louisiana	10.30	8.49	8.82	10.94	10.86	12.56	21.3	-1.3	-2.2
Maryland	4.41	4.20	4.12	3.93	4.13	3.11	5.1	1.7	4.0
Mississippi	3.84	.19		_	_	_	NM	_	_
Missouri	4.17	2.89	2.72	3.19	3.49	2.69	44.2	4.6	5.0
Montana	22.85	22.84	22.96	23.56	21.88	18.99	*	1.1	2.1
New Mexico	8.50	8.30	7.92	9.37	8.45	6.25	2.4	.2	3.5
North Dakota	17.63	17.26	16.77	17.82	17.20	17.64	2.2	.6	*
Ohio	3.55	3.19	3.50	4.02	3.95	2.67	11.3	-2.6	3.2
Oklahoma	3.49	3.15	3.30	2.51	2.61	2.30	10.6	7.5	4.8
Pennsylvania Total	4.32	3.81	3.77	3.63	3.36	2.43	13.4	6.5	6.6
Anthracite	1.97	1.76	2.04	1.76	1.92	1.39	12.0	.6	3.9
Bituminous	4.68	4.12	4.00	3.89	3.56	2.52	13.5	7.1	7.1
Tennessee	2.85	2.75	2.71	2.37	2.20	1.88	3.7	6.7	4.7
Texas	9.71	10.08	9.66	10.24	10.13	7.17	-3.6	-1.0	3.4
Utah	7.68	6.84	6.16	6.34	7.23	4.80	12.2	1.5	5.4
Virginia	3.14	3.09	2.82	2.77	2.72	2.23	1.7	3.7	3.9
Washington	3.14	3.95	4.24	3.59	3.97	3.97	-2.6	8	3
9	4.92	4.77	4.62	4.46	3.91	3.97	3.2	6 5.9	3 5.2
West Virginia Total									
Northern	4.77	4.63	4.67	4.48	4.05	2.84	3.0	4.1	5.9
Southern	4.97	4.81	4.61	4.46	3.86	3.26	3.2	6.5	4.8
Wyoming	38.29	37.29	35.98	34.55	32.06	21.87	2.7	4.5	6.4
Appalachian Total 1	4.10	3.84	3.78	3.76	3.48	2.74	6.7	4.1	4.6
Interior Total ¹	5.81	5.64	5.39	5.54	5.39	3.98	3.0	1.9	4.3
Western Total ¹	19.63	19.05	18.03	17.75	17.41	12.42	3.0	3.0	5.2
East of Miss. River	4.19	3.97	3.89	3.89	3.63	2.86	5.5	3.6	4.3
West of Miss. River	17.67	17.18	16.27	16.04	15.66	10.79	2.8	3.0	5.6
U.S. Total	7.02	6.61	6.20	6.04	5.69	4.09	6.1	5.4	6.2

For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: Productivity is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, shop or yard work at mining operations, including office workers for 1998 forward. For 1997 and prior years, includes mining operations management and all technical and engineering personnel, excluding office workers. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

^{*} Data round to zero.

NM Not meaningful as value is greater than 500 percent.

Table 49. Underground Coal Mining Productivity by State, 1991, 1996-2000

(Short Tons of Coal Produced per Employee/Miner per Hour)

Coal-Producing	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change	Average Annual Percent Change	
State and Region							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
Alabama	2.68	2.09	2.16	2.21	1.95	1.90	28.1	8.3	3.8
Colorado	7.84	8.13	7.73	7.44	6.67	4.23	-3.6	4.1	7.1
Illinois	4.30	4.29	4.20	4.07	4.10	2.88	.2	1.2	4.5
Indiana	3.28	3.44	3.63	3.74	3.09	2.97	-4.8	1.5	1.1
Kentucky Total	3.51	3.55	3.51	3.64	3.53	2.71	-1.1	2	2.9
Eastern	3.32	3.32	3.36	3.47	3.37	2.66	*	4	2.5
Western	4.20	4.36	3.97	4.15	4.05	2.86	-3.6	.9	4.4
Maryland	4.76	5.22	5.18	5.17	4.82	3.73	-8.7	3	2.7
Montana	_	_	_	_	3.50	_	_	_	_
New Mexico	_	2.10	4.01	_	_	.71	-100.0	_	_
Ohio	3.45	3.02	3.48	4.18	4.19	2.55	14.2	-4.7	3.4
Oklahoma	2.52	1.50	2.18	2.32	1.75	.52	68.5	9.5	19.2
Pennsylvania Total	4.97	4.31	4.22	4.05	3.74	2.38	15.4	7.4	8.5
Anthracite	.63	.65	.95	1.03	.94	.51	-3.4	-9.5	2.3
Bituminous	5.12	4.43	4.30	4.13	3.81	2.40	15.5	7.7	8.8
Tennessee	2.80	2.50	2.39	1.83	1.76	1.72	11.9	12.3	5.5
Utah	7.68	7.15	6.22	6.34	7.24	4.80	7.3	1.5	5.4
Virginia	3.12	2.87	2.64	2.56	2.44	2.12	8.4	6.3	4.4
West Virginia Total	4.30	4.31	4.29	4.03	3.50	2.83	2	5.3	4.8
Northern	4.58	4.58	4.69	4.35	3.98	2.80	1	3.6	5.6
Southern	4.18	4.19	4.12	3.90	3.29	2.84	3	6.2	4.4
Wyoming	11.61	10.29	9.14	10.13	9.18	4.17	12.8	6.0	12.1
Appalachian Total ¹	3.85	3.64	3.62	3.55	3.24	2.54	5.7	4.4	4.8
Interior Total ¹	4.16	4.23	4.06	4.07	4.01	2.87	-1.7	.9	4.2
Western Total ¹	7.81	7.58	6.84	6.88	7.09	4.56	3.1	2.4	6.2
East of Miss. River	3.90	3.74	3.69	3.63	3.36	2.59	4.2	3.8	4.6
West of Miss. River	7.73	7.45	6.76	6.82	7.03	4.53	3.7	2.4	6.1
U.S. Total	4.17	3.99	3.90	3.83	3.57	2.69	4.4	3.9	5.0

¹ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: Productivity is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, shop or yard work at mining operations, including office workers for 1998 forward. For 1997 and prior years, includes mining operations management and all technical and engineering personnel, excluding office workers. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to

^{*} Data round to zero.

Table 50. Surface Coal Mining Productivity by State, 1991, 1996-2000

(Short Tons of Coal Produced per Employee/Miner per Hour)

Coal-Producing	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change		nual Percent inge
State and Region							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
Alabama	. 3.16	2.98	2.93	3.21	3.50	2.84	6.1	-2.5	1.2
Alaska	. 6.05	5.56	4.65	6.41	6.81	6.82	8.9	-2.9	-1.3
Arizona	. 7.15	6.61	6.53	6.79	6.30	6.64	8.1	3.2	.8
Arkansas	. –	1.89	1.95	1.94	_	2.27	-100.0	_	_
California	. –	_	_	_	_	11.31	_	_	_
Colorado	. 7.26	7.53	8.22	8.17	8.76	6.51	-3.6	-4.6	1.2
Illinois	. 4.47	3.36	3.98	5.11	4.67	4.30	33.2	-1.1	.4
Indiana	. 6.38	5.81	5.41	5.59	5.34	4.17	9.7	4.5	4.8
Iowa	. –	_	_	_	_	1.29	_	_	_
Kansas	. 11.10	8.58	7.49	3.82	2.17	2.15	29.4	50.4	20.0
Kentucky Total	. 4.99	4.60	4.37	4.57	4.35	3.66	8.5	3.4	3.5
Eastern	. 4.91	4.50	4.30	4.47	4.23	3.43	9.1	3.8	4.1
Western	. 5.78	5.50	4.93	5.26	5.02	4.42	5.1	3.6	3.0
Louisiana	. 10.30	8.49	8.82	10.94	10.86	12.56	21.3	-1.3	-2.2
Maryland	. 3.76	1.90	2.10	2.02	2.56	2.23	97.4	10.0	5.9
Mississippi	. 3.84	.19	_	_	_	_	NM	_	_
Missouri		2.89	2.72	3.19	3.49	2.69	44.2	4.6	5.0
Montana	. 22.85	22.84	22.96	23.56	22.34	18.99	*	.6	2.1
New Mexico	. 8.50	8.39	7.98	9.37	8.45	6.31	1.3	.2	3.4
North Dakota	. 17.63	17.26	16.77	17.82	17.20	17.64	2.2	.6	*
Ohio	. 3.69	3.40	3.52	3.81	3.69	2.76	8.4	*	3.3
Oklahoma	. 3.75	3.72	3.62	2.55	2.73	2.42	.6	8.3	5.0
Pennsylvania Total		2.72	2.91	2.86	2.72	2.53	8.9	2.1	1.7
Anthracite		1.99	2.23	1.87	2.06	1.51	12.7	2.2	4.5
Bituminous	. 3.32	3.10	3.18	3.28	2.97	2.80	7.1	2.8	1.9
Tennessee	. 2.92	3.04	2.96	3.02	2.91	2.45	-4.1	.1	1.9
Texas		10.08	9.66	10.24	10.13	7.17	-3.6	-1.0	3.4
Virginia		3.73	3.51	3.69	3.79	2.95	-14.3	-4.2	.9
Washington		3.95	4.24	3.59	3.97	3.97	-2.6	8	3
West Virginia Total		5.97	5.56	5.71	5.18	4.18	7.8	5.5	4.9
Northern		4.99	4.49	5.54	4.72	3.16	28.8	8.0	8.2
Southern		6.09	5.71	5.73	5.24	4.38	5.6	5.2	4.4
Wyoming		37.78	36.57	35.42	32.84	23.11	2.2	4.1	5.9
Appalachian Total ¹	. 4.64	4.29	4.11	4.26	4.05	3.24	8.3	3.5	4.1
Interior Total ¹	. 7.62	7.17	6.78	7.11	6.89	5.08	6.2	2.5	4.6
Western Total ¹		22.65	21.91	21.78	20.96	15.33	2.8	2.6	4.7
East of Miss. River	4.84	4.48	4.31	4.49	4.25	3.49	8.0	3.3	3.7
West of Miss. River	. 20.06	19.57	18.82	18.63	17.89	12.36	2.5	2.9	5.5
U.S. Total	11.05	10.39	9.58	9.46	9.05	6.38	6.4	5.1	6.3

¹ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: Productivity is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, shop or yard work at mining operations, including office workers for 1998 forward. For 1997 and prior years, includes mining operations management and all technical and engineering personnel, excluding office workers. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to

^{*} Data round to zero.

NM Not meaningful as value is greater than 500 percent.

Table 51. Coal Mining Productivity by State and Mine Type, 2000

Coal-Producing State and Region	Number of Mining Operations ¹	Average Number of Employees Working Daily ²	Average Production per Employee per Hour (short tons) ³	
Jahama	55	3,303	2.75	
Underground	17	2,775	2.68	
Underground				
Surface	38	528	3.16	
laska	1	119	6.05	
Surface	1	119	6.05	
rizona	3	718	7.15	
Surface	3	718	7.15	
olorado	14	1,835	7.64	
Underground	10	1,246	7.84	
Surface	4	589	7.26	
linois	23	3,454	4.32	
Underground	16	3,105	4.30	
Surface	7	349	4.47	
diana	37	2,031	5.67	
Underground	9	511	3.28	
Surface	28	1,520	6.38	
ansas	1	8	11.10	
Surface	Ī.	8	11.10	
entucky Total	488	15,500	3.96	
Underground	293	10,888	3.51	
	195	4,612	4.99	
Surface		,		
Eastern	451	12,990	3.86	
Underground	273	8,828	3.32	
Surface	178	4,162	4.91	
Western	37	2,510	4.46	
Underground	20	2,060	4.20	
Surface	17	450	5.78	
ouisiana	2	172	10.30	
Surface	2	172	10.30	
Iaryland	13	455	4.41	
Underground	3	296	4.76	
Surface	10	159	3.76	
lississippi	1	108	3.84	
Surface	ī	108	3.84	
lissouri	2	43	4.17	
Surface	$\frac{2}{2}$	43	4.17	
		867	22.85	
Iontana	6			
Surface	6	867	22.85	
ew Mexico	6	1,600	8.50	
Surface	6	1,600	8.50	
orth Dakota	4	896	17.63	
Surface	4	896	17.63	
hio	61	2,688	3.55	
Underground	14	1,526	3.45	
Surface	47	1,162	3.69	
klahoma	7	179	3.49	
Underground	1	40	2.52	
Surface	6	139	3.75	
ennsylvania Total	293	7,905	4.32	
Underground	89	5,281	4.97	
Surface	204	2,624	2.96	
	98	2,024 1,070	2.96 1.97	
Anthracite	9 8 24	201		
Underground	24		.63	
Surface	/4	869	2.24	
Bituminous	195	6,835	4.68	
Underground	65	5,080	5.12	
Surface	130	1,755	3.32	
ennessee	25	465	2.85	
Underground	15	278	2.80	
Surface	10	187	2.92	
exas	14	2,435	9.71	
Surface	14	2,435	9.71	
tah	15	1,645	7.68	
Underground	15	1,645	7.68	
irginia	186	5,203	3.14	
	121	3,715	3.14	
Underground				
Surface	65	1,488	3.20	
Vashington	1	512	3.85	
Surface	1	512	3.85	
Vest Virginia Total	378	15,012	4.92	
Underground	252	10,996	4.30	
Surface	126	4,016	6.43	

Table 51. Coal Mining Productivity by State and Mine Type, 2000 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State and Region	Number of Mining Operations ¹	Average Number of Employees Working Daily ²	Average Production per Employee per Hour (short tons) ³
Northern	78	3,712	4.77
Underground	48	3,316	4.58
Surface	30	396	6.43
Southern	300	11,300	4.97
Underground	204	7,680	4.18
Surface	96	3,620	6.43
yoming	21	4,369	38.29
Underground	1	50	11.61
Surface	20	4,319	38.60
ppalachian Total ⁴	1,462	48,021	4.10
Underground	784	33,695	3.85
Surface	678	14,326	4.64
terior Total ⁴	124	10,940	5.81
Underground	46	5,716	4.16
Surface	78	5,224	7.62
Vestern Total ⁴	71	12,561	19.63
Underground	26	2,941	7.81
Surface	45	9,620	23.27
ast of Miss. River	1,560	56,124	4.19
Underground	829	39,371	3.90
Surface	731	16,753	4.84
Vest of Miss. River	97	15,398	17.67
Underground	27	2,981	7.73
Surface	70	12,417	20.06
.S. Total	1,657	71,522	7.02
Underground	856	42,352	4.17
Surface	801	29,170	11.05

¹ Mining operations that consist of a mine and preparation plant, or a preparation plant only processing both underground and surface coal

tion Report."

Notes: Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons of coal during the year, and preparation plants with less than 5,000 employee hours, which are not required to provide data.

will be counted as two operations.

2 Includes all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, shop or yard work at mining op-

erations, including office workers.

3 Calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, shop or yard work at mining operations, including office workers.

⁴ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.
Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Produc-

Table 52. Underground Coal Mining Productivity by State and Mining Method, 2000

(Short Tons of Coal Produced per Employee per Hour)

Coal-Producing State and Region	Continuous 1	Conventional ²	Longwall ³	Other ⁴	Total
Alabama	1.22	-	2.72	_	2.68
Colorado	3.62	_	8.53	5.53	7.84
llinois	4.28	_	4.33	_	4.30
ndiana	3.28	_	_	_	3.28
Kentucky Total	3.43	2.60	4.49	1.89	3.51
Eastern	3.31	2.60	5.11	1.89	3.32
Western	4.04	_	4.48	_	4.20
Maryland	3.57	_	5.10	_	4.76
Ohio	3.96	_	3.30	_	3.45
Oklahoma	2.52	_	-	_	2.52
Pennsylvania Total	3.11	.59	5.68	.63	4.97
Anthracite	.64	.59	_	.63	.63
Bituminous	3.25	_	5.68	_	5.12
Tennessee	2.80	_	_	_	2.80
Jtah	3.79	_	8.66	_	7.68
Virginia	2.55	_	7.33	2.08	3.12
West Virginia Total	3.86	3.43	5.22	3.39	4.30
Northern	3.42	_	5.36	_	4.58
Southern	3.95	3.43	5.08	3.39	4.18
Wyoming	-	-	11.60	-	11.60
Appalachian Total ⁵	3.37	2.68	4.67	2.74	3.85
nterior Total ⁵	4.04	_	4.38	_	4.16
Vestern Total ⁵	3.76	-	8.67	5.53	7.81
East of Miss. River	3.49	2.68	4.62	2.74	3.90
West of Miss. River	3.63	-	8.67	5.53	7.73
J.S. Total	3.52	2.68	5.10	3.57	4.17

¹ Mines that produce greater than 50 percent of coal by continuous mining method.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report." Notes: For each State, stand alone preparation plant hours are distributed across the mining methods by the proportion of production for all stand alone mines. Productivity is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, shop or yard work at mining operations, including office workers. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons of coal during the year, and preparation plants with less than 5,000 employee hours, which are not required to provide data.

² Mines that produce greater than 50 percent of coal by conventional mining method.

³ Mines that have any production from longwall mining method. A typical longwall mining operation uses 80 percent longwall mining and 20 percent continuous mining.

continuous mining.

4 Mines that produce coal using shortwall, scoop loading, hand loading, or other mining methods or a 50/50 percent continuous/conventional split in mining method, or mines that produce less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

⁵ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

U.S. Coal Mining Productivity by Coalbed Thickness and Mining Method, 2000 Table 53. (Short Tons of Coal Produced per Employee per Hour)

Coalbed Thickness		Under				
(inches)	Continuous 1	Conventional ²	Longwall ³	Other ⁴	Surface	Total
7	_	_	_	_	2.41	2.41
-12	_	_	_	_	5.06	5.06
3-18	_	_	_	_	5.61	5.61
9-24	2.06	1.80	_	_	6.12	6.04
5-30	2.35	2.46	_	_	5.77	5.43
1-36	3.18	3.11	_	1.80	5.62	4.72
7-42	3.98	5.83	_	_	6.34	5.41
3-48	3.71	_	3.54	1.96	5.32	4.47
9-54	4.33	4.04	3.42	2.52	7.15	5.48
5-60	4.63	3.93	4.23	_	10.44	7.44
1-66	3.68	_	5.76	_	7.42	5.90
7-72	4.59	1.38	5.89	_	8.36	6.55
3-78	4.56	1.34	5.19	3.87	5.48	5.11
9-84	3.97	1.31	5.66	_	7.01	6.16
5-90	5.47	_	6.37	_	9.02	8.12
1-96	4.55	_	4.20	_	7.99	6.40
7-102	8.30	_	15.45	_	6.57	7.77
03-108	5.66	_	9.79	5.53	9.36	8.68
09-114	11.28	_	_	_	9.48	9.63
15-120	7.22	_	9.26	_	7.68	7.92
120	3.40	1.55	6.99	-	20.83	19.37
.S. Total ⁵	3.52	2.68	5.10	3.57	11.05	7.02

Mines that produce greater than 50 percent of coal by continuous mining method.

Notes: Productivity is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, shop or yard work at mining operations, including office workers. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons and preparation plants with less than 5,000 employee hours, which are not required to provide data.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Mines that produce greater than 50 percent of coal by conventional mining method.

Mines that have any production from longwall mining method. A typical longwall mining operation uses 80 percent longwall mining and 20 percent

continuous mining.

4 Mines that produce coal using shortwall, scoop loading, hand loading, or other mining methods or a 50/50 percent continuous/conventional split in mining method, or mines that produce less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

Includes stand alone preparation plants.

Table 54. Coal Mining Productivity by State, Mine Type, and Mine Production Range, 2000

(Short Tons of Coal Produced per Employee per Hour)

Coal-Producing	Mine Production Range (thousand short tons)							
State and Region	1,000 and over	500 to 1,000	200 to 500	100 to 200	50 to 100	10 to 50	Total ¹	
Alabama	2.88	_	3.67	3.19	3.55	1.87	2.75	
Underground	2.88	_	_	1.75	1.62	.69	2.68	
Surface	_	_	3.67	3.54	4.16	2.39	3.16	
Alaska	6.05	_	_	_	_	_	6.05	
Surface	6.05	_	_	_	_	_	6.05	
Arizona	7.42	_	_	_	_	_	7.15	
Surface	7.42	_	_	_	_	_	7.15	
Colorado	8.06	_	6.13	2.65	_	_	7.64	
Underground	8.42	_	7.67	2.65	_	_	7.84	
Surface	7.37	_	5.25	2.05	_	_	7.26	
llinois	4.38	5.69	5.25	_	5.72	_	4.32	
Underground	4.39	6.22	_	_	-	_	4.30	
Surface	4.22	5.35	_	_	5.72	_	4.47	
Indiana	5.91	6.58	5.41	1.70	6.53	1.95	5.67	
	3.84	0.50	4.45	1.28	0.33	.94	3.28	
Underground	6.52	6.58	6.01	2.31	6.53		6.38	
Surface	0.32	0.38		2.31	0.33	5.36		
Xansas	_	_	11.10	_	_	-	11.10	
Surface	- 5 40	4.05	11.10	2.15	-	254	11.10	
Kentucky Total	5.48	4.95	3.94	3.17	2.89	2.74	3.96	
Underground	4.78	4.44	3.77	2.82	2.60	2.42	3.51	
_ Surface	7.01	5.90	4.33	4.17	3.77	3.27	4.99	
Eastern	5.76	4.90	3.90	3.09	2.89	2.71	3.86	
Underground	4.69	4.44	3.77	2.76	2.60	2.42	3.32	
Surface	6.90	5.89	4.23	4.16	3.77	3.22	4.91	
Western	5.01	5.34	4.86	4.28	_	5.20	4.46	
Underground	4.85	4.45	3.92	4.34	_	-	4.20	
Surface	10.29	5.94	5.55	4.24	-	5.20	5.78	
Louisiana	10.32	10.22	_	-	_	_	10.30	
Surface	10.32	10.22	_	-	_	_	10.30	
Maryland	5.80	3.90	4.34	_	2.15	2.68	4.41	
Underground	5.80	3.90	_	_	_	_	4.76	
Surface	_	_	4.34	_	2.15	2.68	3.76	
Mississippi	_	3.84	_	_	_	_	3.84	
Surface	_	3.84	_	_	_	_	3.84	
Missouri	_	_	2.82	11.53	_	_	4.17	
Surface	_	_	2.82	11.53	_	_	4.17	
Montana	22.91	_	18.25	-	_	_	22.85	
Surface	22.91	_	18.25	_	_	_	22.85	
New Mexico	8.50	_	10.25	_	_	_	8.50	
Surface	8.50	_	_	_	_	_	8.50	
North Dakota	17.63	_	_	_	_	_	17.63	
Surface	17.63	_	_	_	_	_	17.63	
	3.45	4.87	4.37	3.44	1.42	2.00	3.55	
Ohio					1.42	2.00		
Underground	3.47	6.65	4.33	3.91	1 42	2.00	3.45	
Surface	3.23	4.70	4.37	3.39	1.42	2.00	3.69	
Oklahoma	-	4.31	3.59	3.63	2.44	.54	3.49	
Underground	-	4.21	2.52	2.62		_	2.52	
Surface	-	4.31	4.93	3.63	2.44	.54	3.75	
Pennsylvania Total	6.03	3.74	3.94	3.59	2.99	2.74	4.32	
Underground	6.03	3.28	4.25	3.06	1.66	1.87	4.97	
Surface	_	4.36	3.79	3.94	3.26	2.88	2.96	
Anthracite	_	29.85	3.89	2.14	2.76	2.46	1.97	
Underground	-	-	_	1.75	-	1.47	.63	
Surface	-	29.85	3.89	2.42	2.76	2.67	2.24	
Bituminous	6.03	3.33	3.96	3.88	3.07	2.97	4.68	
Underground	6.03	3.28	4.25	3.34	1.66	2.43	5.12	
Surface	_	3.41	3.75	4.24	3.50	3.03	3.32	
Tennessee	_	_	3.69	3.44	2.40	1.74	2.85	
Underground	_	_	4.00	3.44	2.40	1.26	2.80	
Surface	_	_	3.45	-		1.99	2.92	
Texas	9.89	_	6.29	1.91	_	-	9.71	
Surface	9.89	_	6.29	1.91	_	_	9.71	
Jtah	8.88	3.61	4.28	1.91	_	_	7.68	
	8.88	3.61	4.28	_	_	_	7.68	
Underground				2.95	2 44	2.04		
Virginia	7.32	3.91	3.45		2.44		3.14	
Underground Surface	7.33 7.24	3.45 4.83	3.14 4.30	2.83 3.39	2.27 3.10	1.93 2.48	3.12 3.20	
		/I X 3	71.301			7.48		

Table 54. Coal Mining Productivity by State, Mine Type, and Mine Production Range, 2000 (Continued)

(Short Tons of Coal Produced per Employee per Hour)

Coal-Producing				Mine Production Range (thousand short tons)							
State and Region	1,000 and over	500 to 1,000	200 to 500	100 to 200	50 to 100	10 to 50	Total ¹				
Washington	3.85	_	_	_	_	_	3.85				
Surface	3.85	_	_	_	_	-	3.85				
West Virginia Total	6.50	5.52	4.44	3.65	2.93	2.58	4.92				
Underground	5.69	4.81	4.22	3.34	2.73	2.38	4.30				
Surface	8.07	7.29	5.64	4.80	4.08	3.00	6.43				
Northern	5.65	5.00	3.86	3.72	2.73	3.20	4.77				
Underground	5.30	4.48	3.85	3.82	2.30	3.74	4.58				
Surface	11.18	14.98	3.92	3.53	3,55	2.96	6.43				
Southern	6.87	5.69	4.56	3.64	3.04	2.40	4.97				
Underground	5.99	4.97	4.29	3.28	2.88	2.23	4.18				
Surface	7.89	6.95	5.84	5.12	5.80	3.03	6.43				
Vyoming	39.23	4.91	8.10	_	_	1.45	38.29				
Underground	11.61	-	-	_	_	_	11.61				
Surface	39.57	4.91	8.10	_	_	1.45	38.60				
Appalachian Total ²	5.56	4.84	3.98	3.31	2.79	2.48	4.10				
Underground	5.02	4.35	3.84	2.97	2.50	2.17	3.85				
Surface	7.46	5.76	4.22	3.93	3.26	2.80	4.64				
nterior Total ²	6.25	5.75	4.73	3.32	4.23	1.75	5.81				
Underground	4.51	5.02	3.60	2.74	_	.94	4.16				
Surface	8.47	5.93	5.37	3.56	4.23	2.41	7.62				
Vestern Total ²	20.55	3.88	6.25	2.65	_	1.45	19.63				
Underground	8.73	3.61	4.82	2.65	_	_	7.81				
Surface	23.64	4.91	8.15	_	-	1.45	23.27				
East of Miss. River	5.39	4.95	4.01	3.30	2.82	2.48	4.19				
Underground	4.89	4.38	3.84	2.96	2.50	2.13	3.90				
Surface	7.13	5.78	4.28	3.91	3.32	2.83	4.84				
Vest of Miss. River	18.68	4.54	5.36	3.13	2.44	.96	17.67				
Underground	8.73	3.61	4.18	2.65	_	_	7.73				
Surface	20.73	5.92	6.35	3.46	2.44	.96	20.06				
J.S. Total	10.06	4.93	4.06	3.30	2.82	2.46	7.02				
Underground	5.30	4.35	3.85	2.95	2.50	2.13	4.17				
Surface	16.19	5.79	4.39	3.88	3.30	2.76	11.05				

¹ Includes stand alone preparation plants.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report." Notes: Productivity is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, shop or yard work at mining operations, including office workers. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons and preparation plants with less than 5,000 employee hours, which are not required to provide data.

For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Table 55. Coal Mining Productivity by State, Mine Type, and Union Type,2000 (Short Tons of Coal Produced per Employee per Hour)

Coal-Producing					
State and Region	UMWA	Other Unions	Union Total	Nonunion	Total
Alabama	2.81	_	2.81	2.53	2.75
Underground	2.82	_	2.82	.55	2.68
Surface	_	_	_	3.25	3.16
Alaska	_	_	_	6.05	6.05
Surface	_	_	_	6.05	6.05
Arizona	7.15	_	7.15	_	7.15
Surface	7.15	_	7.15	_	7.15
Colorado	8.67	6.74	8.29	7.21	7.64
Underground	9.12	_	9.12	7.06	7.84
Surface	7.09	6.74	6.91	7.55	7.26
Illinois	3.87	4.06	3.91	4.83	4.32
Underground	3.92	4.38	3.98	4.69	4.30
Surface	2.91	3.66	3.41	6.11	4.47
Indiana	6.05	_	6.05	5.61	5.67
Underground	_	_	_	3.28	3.28
Surface	6.05	_	6.05	6.45	6.38
Kansas	-	_	_	11.10	11.10
Surface	-	_	_	11.10	11.10
Kentucky Total	3.88	_	3.88	3.97	3.96
Underground	3.91	_	3.91	3.45	3.51
Surface	3.51	_	3.51	5.01	4.99
Eastern	2.41	_	2.41	3.87	3.86
Underground	2.82	_	2.82	3.33	3.32
Surface	_	_	_	4.93	4.91
Western	4.03	_	4.03	4.85	4.46
Underground	4.00	_	4.00	4.44	4.20
Surface	4.62	_	4.62	5.96	5.78
Louisiana	_	_	_	10.30	10.30
Surface	_	_	_	10.30	10.30
Maryland	_	_	_	4.41	4.41
Underground	_	_	_	4.76	4.76
Surface	-	_	_	3.76	3.76
Mississippi	-	_	_	3.84	3.84
Surface	-	_	_	3.84	3.84
Missouri	-	_	_	4.17	4.17
Surface	-	_	_	4.17	4.17
Montana	19.66	18.94	19.23	41.61	22.85
Surface	19.66	18.94	19.23	41.61	22.85
New Mexico	6.48	9.51	8.38	9.06	8.50
Surface	6.48	9.51	8.38	9.06	8.50
North Dakota	9.84	20.42	14.68	18.83	17.63
Surface	9.84	20.42	14.68	18.83	17.63
Ohio	3.30	_	3.30	3.82	3.55
Underground	3.34	_	3.34	3.83	3.45
Surface	3.06	_	3.06	3.81	3.69
Oklahoma	-	_	_	3.49	3.49
Underground	-	_	_	2.52	2.52
Surface	-	_	_	3.75	3.75
Pennsylvania Total	3.92	.72	3.90	4.72	4.32
Underground	4.35	_	4.34	5.99	4.97
Surface	1.06	1.40	1.07	3.44	2.96
Anthracite	.82	4.92	.84	2.83	1.97
Underground		.		.63	.63
Surface	.82	4.92	.84	3.79	2.24
Bituminous	4.33	_	4.31	5.03	4.68
Underground	4.35	_	4.34	6.49	5.12
Surface	3.04	_	2.67	3.35	3.32
Tennessee	_	_	_	2.85	2.85
Underground	-	_	_	2.80	2.80
Surface	-	_	_	2.92	2.92
Texas	-	9.61	9.61	9.91	9.71
Surface	-	9.61	9.61	9.91	9.71
Utah	9.10	3.71	7.84	7.60	7.68
Underground	9.10	3.71	7.84	7.60	7.68
Virginia	3.48	3.54	3.49	3.07	3.14
Underground	3.48	2.77	3.34	3.06	3.12
Surface	_	5.40	5.28	3.10	3.20
Washington	_	3.85	3.85	-	3.85
Surface	-	3.85	3.85	_	3.85
			4.55	E 15	4.02
West Virginia Total	4.58	_	4.55	5.17	4.92
	4.58 4.20	-	4.55 4.20	4.39	4.92 4.30

Table 55. Coal Mining Productivity by State, Mine Type, and Union Type,2000 (Continued)

(Short Tons of Coal Produced per Employee per Hour)

Coal-Producing State and Region	UMWA	Other Unions	Union Total	Nonunion	Total
Northern	5.32	_	5.32	4.09	4.77
Underground	5.32	_	5.32	3.37	4.58
Surface	_	_	_	6.43	6.43
Southern	4.22	_	4.16	5.42	4.97
Underground	3.39	_	3.38	4.67	4.18
Surface	6.02	_	5.82	6.74	6.43
Wyoming	7.78	8.30	8.11	43.69	38.29
Underground	_	_	_	11.61	11.61
Surface	7.78	8.30	8.11	44.14	38.60
Appalachian Total ¹	3.90	2.70	3.88	4.20	4.10
Underground	3.83	2.48	3.81	3.88	3.85
Surface	4.36	3.02	4.29	4.70	4.64
Interior Total ¹	4.15	8.59	5.82	5.79	5.81
Underground	3.96	4.38	3.99	4.34	4.16
Surface	5.32	9.07	8.29	7.16	7.62
Western Total ¹	8.94	9.62	9.25	27.99	19.63
Underground	9.11	3.71	8.41	7.49	7.81
Surface	8.86	9.95	9.44	35.75	23.27
East of Miss. River	3.95	3.46	3.93	4.32	4.19
Underground	3.85	3.51	3.85	3.94	3.90
Surface	4.54	3.39	4.43	4.92	4.84
West of Miss. River	8.94	9.62	9.33	25.02	17.67
Underground	9.11	3.71	8.41	7.37	7.73
Surface	8.86	9.81	9.49	30.53	20.06
J.S. Total	4.65	8.78	5.41	7.92	7.02
Underground	4.14	3.56	4.12	4.20	4.17
Surface	6.50	9.39	7.89	12.38	11.05

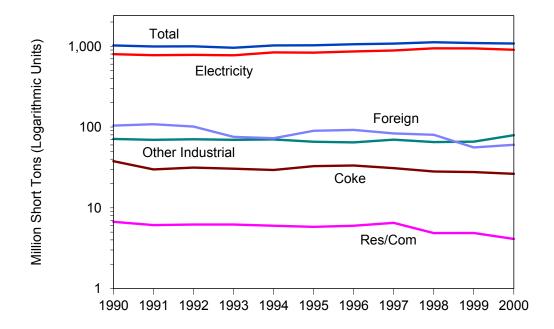
¹ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: Productivity is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, shop or yard work at mining operations, including office workers. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons and preparation plants with less than 5,000 employee hours, which are not required to provide data. See Glossary for listing of other unions.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Distribution

Figure 8. Coal Distribution, 1990-2000



Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report."

Distribution of U.S. Coal by State of Origin, 1996-2000 Table 56.

(Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	Percent Change	Average Annual Percent Change
State and Region						1999-2000	1996-2000
Alabama	20,293	19,297	23,046	23,921	24,636	5.2	-4.7
Alaska	1,580	1,573	1,341	1,424	1,473	.5	1.8
Arizona	12,986	12,623	12,169	11,044	10,970	2.9	4.3
Arkansas	11	22	23	9	7	-52.4	11.2
Colorado	29,413	30,017	29,294	26,968	25,405	-2.0	3.7
Illinois	,	40,167	39,754	41,220	47,076	-19.3	-8.9
Indiana		34,215	36,774	34,810	29,674	-17.3	-1.2
Kansas	,	408	440	434	245	-50.7	-4.8
Kentucky Total		138,632	153,102	152,746	152.891	-3.5	-3.3
Eastern	,	108,922	120,227	119,196	117,404	-1.7	-2.3
Western	,	29,710	32,876	33,550	35,487	-10.2	-6.9
Louisiana		2,952	3,331	3,545	3,222	25.5	3.5
Maryland	,	3,875	4.066	4.116	4,199	22.3	3.1
Mississippi		18	-1,000	-,,110	-1,177	-41.9	_
Missouri		392	296	401	846	11.2	-15.3
Montana		41,332	42.674	40,942	38,288	-7.2	*
New Mexico	,	28,450	28.026	27,377	25,043	-4.6	2.0
North Dakota	,	30,938	30,557	29,172	30.025	-4.0 .7	.9
Ohio	- , -	23,074	27,166	29,434	28,881	-2.7	-6.1
Oklahoma	,	1,657	1,731	1,688	2,216	-4.2	-8.0
Pennsylvania Total	,	75.669	80.525	73,725	69,128	-1.0	2.0
Anthracite	,	4,580	4,887	5,062	4,836	-6.6	-3.0
Bituminous	,	71.089	75,637	68,664	64,291	-0.0 6	-3.0 2.4
		3,155	2,741	3,080	3,052	6 -15.5	-3.3
Tennessee Texas	,	53,075	52,935	53,463	49,655	-13.3 -7.9	-3.3 4
	,					-7.9 8.7	4 4.0
Utah		25,715	26,765	26,272	23,868	8.7 8.1	4.0 -1.4
Virginia		31,634	33,539	35,577	36,208		
Washington		4,074	4,622	4,495	4,569	4.8	-1.7 -1.2
West Virginia Total	,	157,730	172,612	172,236	169,200	2.4	
Northern	,	39,512	44,784	46,316	46,436	3	-4.0
Southern	,	118,219	127,828	125,920	122,764	3.3	1
Wyoming	339,129	337,027	314,891	280,795	279,117	.6	5.0
Appalachian Total ¹		423,357	463,922	461,287	452,707	1.0	-1.4
Interior Total ¹		162,616	168,160	169,119	168,427	-12.5	-4.1
Western Total ¹	511,960	511,748	490,339	448,490	438,758	*	3.9
East of Miss. River	515,176	527,467	573,325	570,866	564,944	-2.3	-2.3
West of Miss. River	566,777	570,254	549,096	508,030	494,948	6	3.4
U.S. Total	1,081,954	1,097,721	1,122,421	1,078,896	1,059,892	-1.4	.5

 $^{1\ \ \,}$ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report."

^{*} Data round to zero.

* Data round to zero.

Notes: See Technical Note 1 for the difference between production and distribution. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent

Table 57. Domestic and Foreign Distribution of U.S. Coal by State of Origin, 1996-2000 (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	Percent Change	Average Annua Percent Chang
State and Region						1999-2000	1996-2000
				Domestic			
labama	15,486	15,990	18,245	18,108	19,772	-3.1	-5.9
laska	847	1,036	970	743	697	-18.3	5.0
rizona	12,986	12,623	12,169	11,044	10,970	2.9	4.3
kansas	11	22	23	9	7	-52.4	11.2
olorado	28,314	28,198	27,541	25,445	23,990	.4	4.2
inois	32,424	40,102	39,447	40,447	45,190	-19.1	-8.0
diana	28,285	34,215	36,774	34,805	29,664	-17.3	-1.2
ansas	201	408	440	434	245	-50.7	-4.8
entucky Total Eastern	129,374 102,794	133,997 104,287	146,171 113,842	145,526 112,496	143,748 108,927	-3.4 -1.4	-2.6 -1.4
Western	26,580	29,710	32,329	33,030	34,821	-1.4 -10.5	-1.4 -6.5
ouisiana	3,704	2,952	3,331	3,545	3,222	25.5	3.5
aryland	4,535	3,875	4,058	3,880	3,555	17.0	6.3
lississippi	11	18	-,050	5,660	5,555	-41.9	0.5
issouri	436	392	296	401	846	11.2	-15.3
ontana	37,735	40,649	41,860	40,363	37,770	-7.2	*
ew Mexico	27,136	28,450	28,026	27,352	25,035	-4.6	2.0
orth Dakota	31,148	30,938	30,557	29,172	30,025	.7	.9
hio	22,350	23,068	26,503	29,024	28,609	-3.1	-6.0
klahoma	1,588	1,657	1,731	1,688	2,136	-4.2	-7.1
ennsylvania Total	67,079	68,703	72,616	65,027	59,882	-2.4	2.9
Anthracite	4,051	4,365	4,445	4,575	4,330	-7.2	-1.6
Bituminous	63,027	64,338	68,172	60,452	55,552	-2.0	3.2
ennessee	2,615	3,151	2,741	3,080	3,052	-17.0	-3.8
exas	48,821	52,903	52,913	53,463	49,538	-7.7	4
tah	24,883	23,402	24,229	22,857	18,563	6.3	7.6
irginia	24,785	22,865	20,728	22,736	22,776	8.4	2.1
ashington	4,270	4,074	4,622	4,481	4,526	4.8	-1.4
est Virginia Total	138,240	134,882	135,082	133,777	127,156	2.5	2.1
Northern	36,379	37,259	40,410	41,494	40,398	-2.4	-2.6
Southern	101,861	97,624	94,671	92,284	86,757	4.3	4.1
yoming	334,349	333,253	311,162	278,255	276,723	.3	4.8
1 1 m (1	255 005	25.020	202.014	200.420	252 520		
ppalachian Total 1	377,885	376,820	393,814	388,130	373,728	.3	.3
nterior Total ¹	142,060	162,379	167,285	167,821	165,668	-12.5	-3.8
Vestern Total ¹	501,667	502,623	481,137	439,713	428,297	2	4.0
ast of Miss. River	465,185	480,866	502,364	496,412	483,402	-3.3	-1.0 3.5
	556,427	560,957	539,872	499,252	484,291	8	
.S. Total	1,021,612	1,041,823	1,042,236	995,664	967,693	-1.9	1.4
				Foreign			
abama	4,807	3,307	4,801	5,813	4,864	45.3	-0.3
laska	734	537	371	680	776	36.7	-1.4
olorado	1,099	1,819	1,754	1,523	1,415	-39.6	-6.1
linois	_	65	307	773	1,886	-100.0	-
diana	-			5	11		_
entucky Total	4,382	4,636	6,931	7,220	9,143	-5.5	-16.8
Eastern	4,283	4,636	6,385	6,700	8,477	-7.6	-15.7
Western	99	_	546	520	666	- ND (-38.0
aryland	203	* CO2	9	236	645	NM	-25.1
ontana	608	682	814	579 25	518	-10.9	4.1
ew Mexico	111	-	-	25	9		20.1
1io	111	6	663	410	271	NM	-20.1
klahoma	7 922	-	7 000	9.600	80	12.2	4.1
nnsylvania Total	7,823 225	6,966 216	7,908 443	8,698 486	9,246 506	12.3 4.0	-4.1 -18.4
	7,598	6,750	7,466		8,740	4.0 12.6	-18.4 -3.4
	7,398 50	6,750	7,400	8,212	0,740	12.6 NM	-3.4
Bituminous			22	_	117	-67.3	-16.7
Bituminous			22	3,414	5,305	-67.3 32.9	-16.7 -12.8
Bituminous	56	172 2 313	2 525		2,203	34.7	-12.0
Bituminous	56 3,073	2,313	2,535 12,810		13 432		_8 5
Bituminous	56		2,535 12,810	12,841	13,432	7.3	-8.5
Bituminous	56 3,073 9,406	2,313 8,770	12,810	12,841 14	43	7.3	_
Bituminous ennessee exas tah irginia fashington fest Virginia Total	56 3,073 9,406 - 23,212	2,313 8,770 - 22,848	12,810 - 37,531	12,841 14 38,459	43 42,044	7.3 - 1.6	- -13.8
Bituminous	56 3,073 9,406 - 23,212 3,010	2,313 8,770 - 22,848 2,253	12,810 - 37,531 4,374	12,841 14 38,459 4,822	43 42,044 6,038	7.3 - 1.6 33.6	-13.8 -16.0
Anthracite Bituminous ennessee exas tah iriginia 'ashington 'est Virginia Total Northern Southern	56 3,073 9,406 - 23,212 3,010 20,202	2,313 8,770 - 22,848 2,253 20,595	12,810 - 37,531 4,374 33,157	12,841 14 38,459 4,822 33,637	43 42,044 6,038 36,006	7.3 - 1.6 33.6 -1.9	-13.8 -16.0 -13.4
Bituminous	56 3,073 9,406 - 23,212 3,010	2,313 8,770 - 22,848 2,253	12,810 - 37,531 4,374	12,841 14 38,459 4,822	43 42,044 6,038	7.3 - 1.6 33.6	-13.8 -16.0

Domestic and Foreign Distribution of U.S. Coal by State of Origin, 1996-2000 (Continued) (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing State and Region	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	Percent Change 1999-2000	Average Annual Percent Change
				Foreign			
Interior Total ¹	155	237	875	1,298	2,759	-34.5	-51.3
Western Total ¹	10,294	9,125	9,202	8,777	10,460	12.8	4
East of Miss. River	49,992	46,601	70,961	74,455	81,542	7.3	-11.5
West of Miss. River	10,350	9,297	9,225	8,777	10,657	11.3	7
U.S. Total	60,342	55,898	80,185	83,232	92,199	7.9	-10.1

¹ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report."

Table 58. Major U.S. Coal Distributors, 2000

	Company Name
	Top Ten Distributors
AEI Resources, Inc.	Massey Energy
Arch Minerial Corp.	Peabody Energy Corp.
BHP Minerials Intl.	RAG American Coal
Consol Energy Inc.	Texas Utilities Co.
Kennecott Energy Co.	Vulcan Holding
	Other Major Distributors
AEP Service Corp.	James River Cola Co.
Alliance Resources	K T Mining Co.
Aluminum Co. of America	KCP Inc.
American Metals & Coal	MDU Resources Group
AMVEST Minerals	Mincorp Inc.
Andalex Resources Inc.	Minnesota Pwr & Light Co.
Black Hills Corp.	North American Coal Co.
Bluegrass Coal Develop.	Pacificorp
Chevron Corp.	Pacton Corp.
Coal Resources Inc.	Pen Holdings
Coastal Corp.	Pittston Co.
Deseret Generation	Quaker Coal Co.
DTE Energy Co.	Rencoal Inc.
Electric Fuels Corp.	Teco Coal
Entech Inc.	Utilicorp United
Exxon Mobil Coal USA Inc.	Walter Industries
Florida Progress Corp.	West Va Indiana Coal Co.
Freeman Energy	Western Fuels Assoc.
Great River Energy	Westmoreland Resources Inc.
Independence Coal Co.	Williams Fork Co.

Notes: The top 10 distribution companies accounted for 54 percent of the total distribution. Companies are listed in alphabetical order to ensure nondisclosure of company data.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report."

 $^{^{\}ast}$ Data round to zero. $^{\mbox{NM}}$ Not meaningful as value is greater than 500 percent.

Table 59. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division and State, 1996-2000 (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	Percent Change 1999-2000	Average Annual Percent Change
and State							1996-2000
Appalachian Total	377,885	376,820	393,814	388,130	373,728	0.3	0.3
Alabama	15,486	15,990	18,245	18,108	19,772	-3.1	-5.9
Middle Atlantic	206	157	_	365	579	31.4	-22.8
Pennsylvania	206	157	_	365	579	31.4	-22.8
East North Central	540	1,374	129	_	108	-60.7	49.5
Illinois	340	1,574	71	_	-	00.7	47.5
	540	1.302	58	_	- 57	506	75.3
Indiana	340	1,502	36	_		-58.6	13.3
Ohio	_		_	-	51		-
Wisconsin	_	72	_	_	_	-100.0	_
West North Central	_	_	_	_	*	_	_
Minnesota	_	_	_	_	*	_	_
Missouri	_	_	_	_	*	_	_
South Atlantic	132	194	98	77	385	-31.7	-23.4
Florida	_	_	24	26	8	_	_
Georgia	132	194	74	50	373	-31.7	-22.8
North Carolina	132	1)4	7-7	50	4	31.7	22.0
	14.415	14.106	17.004	17.504		-	_
East South Central	14,415	14,106	17,904	17,594	18,628	2.2	-6.2
Alabama	14,414	14,024	17,831	17,489	18,503	2.8	-6.0
Kentucky	_	_	_	_	15	_	_
Mississippi	_	35	73	105	110	-100.0	_
Tennessee	1	47	_	_	1	-97.6	11.6
West South Central	193	113	78	47	39	71.4	49.6
Arkansas	192	113	78	47	39	71.0	49.5
Oklahoma	*	_	-	_	_	_	_
Kentucky, Eastern	102,794	104,287	113,842	112,496	108,927	-1.4	-1.4
New England	1,192	521	896	1,884	1,337	128.8	-2.8
Connecticut	660		460	755	659	120.0	*
Maine	150	168	194	412	271	-10.5	-13.8
Massachusetts	371	353	243	717	407	5.0	-2.3
New Hampshire	11						.
Middle Atlantic	1,526	1,939	2,584	2,754	3,977	-21.3	-21.3
New Jersey	226	10	_	91	29	NM	66.6
New York	638	1,216	1,818	1,494	1,227	-47.5	-15.1
Pennsylvania	663	714	766	1,169	2,721	-7.1	-29.8
East North Central	15,737	20,031	20,641	21,644	20,340	-21.4	-6.2
Illinois	466	1,236	661	2,327	1,478	-62.3	-25.1
Indiana	1,747	2,942	2,753	2,065	1,962	-40.6	-2.9
							-2.9 -3.3
Michigan	5,823	6,040	7,413	6,759	6,671	-3.6	
Ohio	7,037	9,083	9,074	9,711	9,490	-22.5	-7.2
Wisconsin	664	730	740	781	738	-9.1	-2.6
West North Central	325	671	499	543	889	-51.5	-22.2
Iowa	30	268	234	259	439	-88.6	-48.7
Minnesota	233	142	89	136	135	63.8	14.7
Missouri	62	261	170	145	315	-76.4	-33.5
Nebraska	*	201			_	70	
North Dakota	_	*	_	_	_	-100.0	_
			7	3	_	-100.0	_
South Dakota		- 61 700			62.554	2.0	_
South Atlantic	63,435	61,708	66,795	65,034	63,554	2.8	*
Delaware	121	69	92	_	-	75.3	_
District of Columbia	5	3	_	_	-	71.1	_
Florida	10,865	13,804	13,902	14,342	14,015	-21.3	-6.2
Georgia	17,272	16,450	16,507	15,913	14,689	5.0	4.1
Maryland	853	108	349	139	105	NM	68.7
North Carolina	13,613	13,457	17,179	15,840	17,240	1.2	-5.7
South Carolina	13,507	11,724	13,060	12,100	11,417	15.2	4.3
Virginia							3.5
č	6,488	5,668	5,336	6,449	5,662	14.5	
West Virginia	710	425	370	250	426	67.0	13.6
East South Central	19,847	18,964	22,110	20,070	18,182	4.6	2.2
Alabama	1,755	415	1,039	727	727	323.4	24.7
Kentucky	10,701	9,921	10,740	8,645	9,326	7.9	3.5
Mississippi	795	1,042	977	1,219	928	-23.7	-3.8
Tennessee	6,596	7,587	9,355	9,480	7,202	-13.1	-2.2
West South Central	182	235	38	116	7,202	-22.4	26.6
				110			20.0
Arkansas	- 21	20	-	-	-	-100.0	_
Louisiana	31	16	11	78	44	93.8	-8.0
Oklahoma	25	46	27	*	2	-46.7	101.1
Texas	126	153	_	38	26	-17.4	49.1
10.140							

Table 59. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division and State, 1996-2000 (Continued) (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division and State	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	Percent Change	Average Annual Percent Change
						1999-2000	1996-2000
Kentucky, Eastern (Continued)							
Arizona	163	_	_	_	_	_	_
Nevada	_	11	_	_	_	-100.0	_
Pacific	5	7	14	16	24	-37.3	-33.6
Oregon	5	7	14	16	24	-37.3	-33.6
M11	4.525	2.075	4.050	2 000	2 555	17.0	62
Maryland	4,535	3,875	4,058	3,880	3,555	17.0	6.3
New England Connecticut	14 14	_	_	_	3 3	_	44.9 47.9
Massachusetts	-	_	_	_	*	_	47.9
Middle Atlantic	5	2	16	24	4	182.2	6.8
New Jersey	5	_	_	_	_	_	_
Pennsylvania	_	2	16	24	4	-100.0	_
East North Central	_	_	-	_	19	_	_
Michigan	-	_	_	_	15	_	-
Wisconsin	-	_	-	-	3	-	-
South Atlantic	4,509	3,873	4,022	3,847	3,518	16.4	6.4
Delaware	97	139	96	-	130	-30.0	-7.0
Maryland	1,340	677	909	955	1,147	97.9	4.0
Virginia	431	2.056	40	163	27	12.6	99.2
West Virginia	2,640	3,056	2,978	2,730	2,213	-13.6	4.5
Ohio	22,350	23,068	26,503	29,024	28,609	-3.1	-6.0
New England		7	,	,		-100.0	_
Connecticut	_	*	_	_	_	-100.0	_
New Hampshire	_	7	_	_	_	-100.0	_
Middle Atlantic	590	394	457	770	1,168	49.8	-15.7
New Jersey	-	16	-	-	-	-100.0	-
New York	10	20	12	18	125	-48.9	-46.5
Pennsylvania	579	358	445	752	1,043	61.8	-13.7
East North Central	20,129	20,851	23,486	25,162	25,201	-3.5	-5.5 1.7
Illinois	5 150	91	93	337	5		1.7 -24.6
Indiana Michigan	256	239	302	303	464 246	65.8 7.2	-24.6 1.1
Ohio	19,717	20,521	23,091	24,521	24,478	-3.9	-5.3
Wisconsin	*	*	*	21,521	21,170	-76.1	-72.3
West North Central	_	5	14	7	_	-100.0	-
Minnesota	_	5	14	7	_	-100.0	_
South Atlantic	1,538	1,651	1,670	2,323	2,036	-6.8	-6.8
Florida	137	_	_	_	_	-	-
Georgia	-	42	-	-	-	-100.0	-
West Virginia	1,401	1,609	1,670	2,323	2,036	-12.9	-8.9
East South Central	74 *	154	851	636	137	-51.6	-14.1
Alabama		31	4	69 567	103	-99.2	-77.9 24.8
Kentucky	74 *	123	848	567	30	-39.7 -	24.8
Mississippi Tennessee	_	_	_	_	4	_	_
Temiessee					4		
Pennsylvania,							
Anthracite	4,051	4,365	4,445	4,575	4,330	-7.2	-1.6
New England	24	26	29	35	31	-9.2	-6.8
Connecticut	4	6	7	7	5	-40.2	-8.9
Maine	3	2	3	4	4	12.5	-6.7
Massachusetts	9	10	10	14	14	-3.8	-9.2
New Hampshire	4	4	5	5	4	-6.3	2.3
Rhode Island	2	2 2	2 2	3 2	3 2	51.3	-7.2
Vermont	3,498	3,866	4,086		3,985	-22.7 -9.5	-4.0 -3.2
Middle Atlantic	3,498 14	3,800 10	4,086	4,236 15	3,985 14	-9.5 34.3	-3.2 .3
New York	41	79	92	130	151	-47.8	-27.6
Pennsylvania	3,443	3,776	3,980	4,091	3,821	-8.8	-2.6
East North Central	51	82	44	41	41	-37.1	6.0
Illinois	3	17	11	15	7	-80.4	-17.6
Indiana	15	44	15	7	6	-65.8	24.7
Michigan	1	2	1	1	3	-29.7	-19.8
Ohio	24	11	11	13	19	114.0	5.1
Wisconsin	8	8	6	6	5	*	12.9
West North Central	21	60	55	52	64	-65.4	-24.5

Table 59. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division and State, 1996-2000 (Continued) (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division and State	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	Percent Change 1999-2000	Average Annual Percent Change
							1996-2000
Pennsylvania,							
Anthracite (Continued)							
Iowa	16	36	35	43	54	-54.6	-25.8
Kansas	1	1	1	1	*	-9.8	56.8
Minnesota	*	6	7	4	7	-96.2	-57.8
Missouri	2	9	*	*	*	-76.8	212.5
Nebraska	1	8	11	4	1 2	-86.1	4.8
North Dakota	228	1 210	116	97	56	-48.3 8.6	-38.4 42.2
South Atlantic	1	7	7	8	10	-90.6	-49.1
District of Columbia	_	*	*	*	*	-100.0	-49.1 -
Florida	*	*	4	7	6	2.2	-51.0
Georgia	*	3	2	*	*	-93.0	-12.4
Maryland	112	100	2	3	1	11.2	214.3
North Carolina	5	*	1	*	*	NM	322.0
South Carolina	49	49	54	31	*	2	280.3
Virginia	4	3	3	6	6	44.7	-9.1
West Virginia	57	48	42	41	32	20.2	15.7
East South Central	36	32	50	31	50	12.8	-8.0
Alabama	*	11	11	4	2	-99.4	-57.8
Kentucky	36	19	23	18	22	86.3	13.2
Mississippi	*	*	*	*	*	-57.3	-3.2
Tennessee	*	2	16	9	26	-97.3	-79.3
West South Central	14	6	9	11	8	113.2	13.8
Arkansas	2	1	2	*	*	136.2	75.4
Louisiana	*	*	*	8	6	NM 15.0	-75.2
Oklahoma	12	•	7	3		15.8	-20.0 73.6
Texas Mountain	12	6 23	21	26	1 21	111.7 -21.1	-3.0
	16	23 *	3	3	1	-21.1 242.6	-3.0 -18.0
Arizona Colorado	14	18	18	20	16	-23.8	-18.0 -3.2
Idaho	_	-	-	20	*	25.0	5.2
Montana	2	3	_	_	2	-30.7	3.4
Nevada	_	_	_	_	*	-	-
New Mexico	*	*	*	_	*	-47.4	-12.4
Utah	*	_	*	3	*	_	-29.3
Wyoming	1	2	*	2	1	-1.6	2.1
Pacific	4	18	15	14	12	-76.0	-23.3
Alaska	*	_	_	_	_	_	_
California	*	*	*	1	*	-49.4	-27.0
Hawaii	*	_	_	_	-	-	_
Oregon	4	17	15	13	12	-76.5	-23.3
Washington	-	_	-	*	-	-	_
ennsylvania,						• •	
Bituminous	63,027	64,338	68,172	60,452	55,552	-2.0	3.2
New England	958	763	1,034	1,214	1,021	25.5	-1.6
Connecticut	83 27	80 12	176 7	1 7	227	2.7 121.6	-22.3
Maine	168	115	74	497	202	46.3	-4.5
Massachusetts New Hampshire	680	556	778	710	592	22.4	3.5
Vermont	*	550	776	*	392	22.4	1.1
Middle Atlantic	36,226	38,879	43,477	41,194	40,063	-6.8	-2.5
New Jersey	780	446	534	567	538	74.8	9.7
New York	4,949	5,296	5,006	3,884	4,125	-6.6	4.7
Pennsylvania	30,497	33,136	37,937	36,743	35,400	-8.0	-3.7
East North Central	9,641	9,761	12,534	10,238	8,460	-1.2	3.3
Illinois	15	97	50			-84.1	_
Indiana	67	283	296	548	559	-76.4	-41.2
Michigan	3,318	3,340	4,025	2,876	2,075	6	12.4
Ohio	5,294	5,042	6,021	4,756	4,463	5.0	4.4
Wisconsin	947	999	2,141	2,058	1,362	-5.2	-8.7
West North Central	148	254	240	178	248	-41.7	-12.1
Iowa	148	243	240	178	225	-39.2	-9.9
Minnesota	*	_	_	_	23	-	-82.0
North Dakota	-	11				-100.0	
South Atlantic Delaware	12,597 487	11,438 425	9,508 1,210	5,783 655	3,968	10.1 14.4	33.5 -2.0
				655	528		

Table 59. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division and State, 1996-2000 (Continued) (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division and State	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	Percent Change 1999-2000	Average Annual Percent Change
				252.			1996-2000
Pennsylvania,							
Bituminous (Continued)							
District of Columbia	_	_	2	_	_	_	_
Florida	662	256	213	_	_	158.6	_
Georgia	-	688	-	_	_	-100.0	_
Maryland	2,895	3,076	3,029	1,921	1,602	-5.9	15.9
South Carolina	_	26	_	_	_	-100.0	_
Virginia	546	633	402	226	5	-13.7	220.5
West Virginia	8,007	6,334	4,651	2,982	1,833	26.4	44.6
East South Central	3,314	1,826	931	1,302	1,144	81.5	30.5
Alabama	495	306	51	95	6	61.9	204.0
Kentucky	1,955	589	196	344	500	232.1	40.6
Tennessee	864	932	684	864	639	-7.3	7.8
West South Central	13	68	42	11	195	-80.5	-48.9
Louisiana	13	68	42	11	195	-80.6	-48.9
Texas	*	*	*	1	*	_	-39.7
Mountain	32	1,226	153	199	230	-97.4	-39.1
Colorado	3	1,096	_	-	_	-99.7	_
Utah	29	82	153	199	230	-65.1	-40.6
Wyoming		47	_	_		-100.0	_
Pacific	*	_	_	_	_	_	_
Oregon	*	_	_	_	_	_	_
Washington	*	_	_	_	_	_	_
Геnnessee	2,615	3,151	2,741	3,080	3,052	-17.0	-3.8
Middle Atlantic	23	11		_		112.0	_
New York	4	_	_	_	_	_	_
Pennsylvania	19	11	_	_	_	73.8	_
East North Central	2	*	_	*	*	NM	83.8
Ohio	2	*	_	*	*	NM	83.8
South Atlantic	1,232	1,530	1,305	485	141	-19.5	71.8
Delaware	_	13	_	_	_	-100.0	_
Florida	_	30	209	_	_	-100.0	_
Georgia	860	811	693	403	141	6.0	57.2
North Carolina	17	354	22	45	1	-95.2	127.8
South Carolina	350	289	381	37	_	21.4	-
Virginia	4		_	_	_		_
West Virginia	i	33	_	_	_	-98.1	_
East South Central	1,292	1,601	1,435	2,593	2,902	-19.3	-18.3
Alabama	78	49	5	743	331	60.2	-30.4
Kentucky	114	87	7	743	23	30.7	49.9
Tennessee	1,100	1,465	1,422	1,850	2,548	-24.9	-18.9
West South Central	41	1,403	1,422	1,030	2,346	-24.9	-16.9
	41	_	_	_	_	_	_
Arkansas		_	_	_	_	_	_
Pacific Oregon	3	_	_	_	_	_	_
/irginia	24,785	22,865	20,728	22,736	22,776	8.4	2.1
New England	18	22,003	20,728	15	18	0.4	.4
	4	_	1 —	5	10	_	.4
Connecticut	14	_	1	3	8	_	16.6
	14	_	1			_	10.0
New Hampshire	1 406	1 177	- 008	10	10	27.1	7.5
Middle Atlantic	1,496	1,177	908	3,469	2,045	27.1	-7.5
New Jersey	599	734	700	805	601	-18.4	1 0.5
New York	98	93	4	13	146	4.5	-9.5
Pennsylvania	799 2 5 6 5	350	204	2,651	1,299	128.5	-11.4
East North Central	3,565	2,735	2,563	3,484	3,237	30.4	2.4
Illinois	25	1 720	176	677	583	482.8	-54.4
Indiana	2,551	1,739	1,526	1,587	2,290	46.7	2.7
Michigan	60	· *		1 220	25	NM	24.4
Ohio	846	991	861	1,220	331	-14.6	26.4
Wisconsin	83				9		73.8
South Atlantic	16,015	15,754	13,999	12,147	13,507	1.7	4.3
Delaware	193	182	146	179	166	6.1	3.9
Florida	162	590	866	451	549	-72.6	-26.3
	5,216	4,475	2,893	1,860	1,785	16.5	30.8
Georgia							
Georgia Maryland North Carolina	24 806	1 700	* 735	* 840	1 1,883	NM 15.1	149.1 -19.1

Table 59. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division and State, 1996-2000 (Continued) (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division and State	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	Percent Change	Average Annua Percent Change
						1999-2000	1996-2000
Virginia (Continued)							
South Carolina	490	1,138	1,342	1,492	1,605	-57.0	-25.7
Virginia	8,739	8,355	7,602	6,854	7,231	4.6	4.8
West Virginia	386	314	415	471	287	23.1	7.7
East South Central	3,433	3,120	3,138	3,286	3,581	10.0	-1.0
Alabama	507	601	857	1,057	1,036	-15.6	-16.4
Kentucky	53	_	3	18	3	_	113.4
Mississippi	2.072	2.510	18	8	13	-	- 22
Tennessee	2,873	2,519	2,260 41	2,203	2,529	14.1 204.0	3.2 30.4
West South Central	38 25	12	19	14	13	204.0	50.4
Texas	12	12	21	14	13	.1	-1.2
Mountain	119	58	27	298	332	103.9	-22.6
Utah	119	58	27	298	332	103.9	-22.6
Pacific	-	_		*	-	-	
California	-	-	-	*	-	-	_
Vest Virginia, Northern	36,379	37,259	40,410	41,494	40,398	-2.4	-2.6
New England	863	794	914	1,161	1,070	8.6	-5.2 2.5
Connecticut	783	614	667	687	683	27.5	3.5
Maine	_	3	- 40	1 132	13 53	-100.0	_
Massachusetts	80	177	208	340	322	-100.0 -54.9	-29.4
New Hampshire	12,895	11,453	14,400	14,973	14,276	-34.9 12.6	-29.4 -2.5
New Jersey	1,299	1,379	1,463	1,365	1,530	-5.8	-4.0
New York	2,958	2,565	4,018	4,708	4,140	15.3	-8.1
Pennsylvania	8,638	7,510	8,918	8,900	8,606	15.0	.1
East North Central	7,475	6,768	6,267	5,513	5,410	10.4	8.4
Illinois	_	4	88	_	9	-100.0	_
Indiana	1,491	338	485	157	479	340.7	32.8
Michigan	427	568	704	679	640	-25.0	-9.6
Ohio	5,482	5,764	4,630	4,155	3,966	-4.9	8.4
Wisconsin	76	94	360	522	317	-18.9	-30.0
West North Central	-	3	34	-	*	-100.0	_
Missouri	_	3	34	-		-100.0	_
North Dakota		_	_		*	_	_
South Atlantic	11,752	16,359	16,983	17,631	17,820	-28.2	-9.9 12.0
Delaware	247	193	513	442 3	449	28.3	-13.9
District of Columbia	1,349	855	664	610	6 551	57.7	25.1
Maryland	3,663	4,787	4,146	4,862	4,773	-23.5	-6.4
North Carolina	5,005	4,767	4,140	4,802	13	-23.3	-0.4
South Carolina	_	106	_	_	3	-100.0	_
Virginia	629	421	738	635	66	49.2	75.6
West Virginia	5,865	9,996	10,921	11,080	11,959	-41.3	-16.3
East South Central	3,221	1,692	1,602	1,866	1,522	90.4	20.6
Alabama	131	250	396	442	419	-47.6	-25.2
Kentucky	3,087	1,441	1,206	1,424	1,026	114.2	31.7
Mississippi	3	_	-	-	_	-	-
Tennessee		-			78		
West South Central	90	174	102	282	203	-48.4	-18.4
Louisiana	90	155	101	282	203	-41.9	-18.4
Oklahoma Texas	_	* 19	- 1	_	_	-100.0 -100.0	
Vest Virginia,							
Southern	101,861	97,624	94,671	92,284	86,757	4.3	4.1
New England	392	1,005	2,515	1,909	1,853	-61.0	-32.2
Connecticut	10	101	76	135	24	-90.3	-20.4
Maine	_	*	_	*	13	-100.0	_
Massachusetts	377	870	2,430	1,774	1,792	-56.7	-32.3
New Hampshire	5	34	8	_	24	-85.0	-32.2
Rhode Island	-	-	_	*	_	_	_
Vermont		*	*	-		-100.0	.
Middle Atlantic	10,861	8,560	9,006	8,702	7,391	26.9	10.1
New Jersey	647	212	214	492	216	204.4	31.6
New York	1,415	1,217	1,477	1,560	1,545	16.2	-2.2
Pennsylvania	8,799	7,130	7,315	6,651	5,630	23.4	11.8

Table 59. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division and State, 1996-2000 (Continued) (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	Percent Change 1999-2000	Average Annual Percent Change
and State							1996-2000
West Virginia,							
Southern (Continued)							
East North Central	33,841	34,921	30,360	29,392	30,404	-3.1	2.7
Illinois	2,141	1,545	1,753	1,807	1,841	38.6	3.8
Indiana	6,829	7,146	5,882	5,773	4,809	-4.4	9.2
Michigan	5,550	5,375	5,150	5,415	4,869	3.3	3.3
Ohio	18,899	20,737	17,514	16,057	18,770	-8.9	.2
Wisconsin	422	118	60	340	115	256.4	38.2
West North Central	250	3,931	304	245	113	-93.6	22.0
Iowa	120	3,531	160	119	44	-96.6	28.6
Minnesota	42	94	116	87	32	-55.0	7.1
Missouri	87	305	23	39	36	-71.4	25.2
Nebraska	_	_	5	_	_	_	_
South Dakota	-	-	_	-	1	_	_
South Atlantic	46,375	39,228	42,145	42,166	37,986	18.2	5.1
Delaware	518	332	376	450	551	55.8	-1.5
District of Columbia	2	6	6	37	17	-74.3	-45.0
Florida	2,556	1,760	1,570	1,896	1,123	45.2	22.8
Georgia	2,306	3,713	4,782	4,969	4,064	-37.9	-13.2
Maryland	3,837	4,245	2,735	2,607	3,132	-9.6	5.2
North Carolina	14,631	10,266	9,780	9,740	8,274	42.5	15.3
South Carolina	391	840	815	100	347	-53.4	3.1
Virginia	5,335	4,249	4,552	4,306	3,217	25.6	13.5
West Virginia	16,799	13,817	17,529	18,061	17,261	21.6	7
East South Central	8,413	9,571	9,676	9,269	8,677	-12.1	8
Alabama	1,373	1,906	2,268	3,078	2,922	-27.9	-17.2
Kentucky	6,299	7,352	6,991	5,540	4,250	-14.3	10.3
Mississippi	37	140	38	20	24	-73.3	11.7
Tennessee	703	173	378	631	1,482	306.8	-17.0
West South Central	47	161	148	66	81	-70.5	-12.5
Louisiana	40	_	27	18	_	_	_
Oklahoma	_	13	121	47	77	-100.0	_
Texas	7	148	_	2	4	-95.0	13.0
Mountain	277	173	181	229	18	59.8	96.9
Idaho	-	-	20	-	-	_	_
Nevada	-	*	36	_	_	-100.0	_
Utah	277	173	125	229	18	59.8	96.9
Pacific	8	19	_	10	28	-56.1	-25.6
Oregon	8	19	_	10	2	-56.1	53.2
Washington	-	-	-	-	26	-	-
Interior Total	142,060	162,379	167,285	167,821	165,668	-12.5	-3.8
Arkansas	11	22	23	´ 9	7	-52.4	11.2
West North Central	9	16	19	1	_	-45.0	_
Missouri	9	16	19	1	_	-45.0	_
South Atlantic	_	_	1	_	_	_	_
Maryland	_	_	1	_	_	_	_
West South Central	2	6	3	8	7	-71.0	-28.0
Arkansas	_	4	_	4	7	-100.0	_
Texas	2	3	3	4	_	-26.0	_
Illinois	32,424	40,102	39,447	40,447	45,190	-19.1	-8.0
New England	*	_	_	_	_	_	_
Connecticut	*		_	_	_	_	-
Middle Atlantic	_	63	_	*	*	-100.0	-
New Jersey	_		_	_	*	_	-
New York	_	63	_	-	*	-100.0	-
Pennsylvania	-	*	-	*	*	-100.0	-
East North Central	14,997	23,589	21,808	23,224	25,316	-36.4	-12.3
Illinois	10,722	17,592	16,652	18,085	16,052	-39.0	-9.6
Indiana	4,006	5,162	4,184	4,272	8,178	-22.4	-16.3
Michigan		_		_	59	_	
Ohio	120	_	2	_	18	-	60.7
	149	835	969	868	1,008	-82.1	-38.0
Wisconsin							
WisconsinWest North Central	2,900	4,404	3,767	3,934	5,347	-34.2	-14.2
Wisconsin		4,404 2,061	949	731	694	-34.2 -48.4	-14.2 11.3
WisconsinWest North Central	2,900	,					

Table 59. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division and State, 1996-2000 (Continued) (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division and State	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	Percent Change 1999-2000	Average Annual Percent Change
							1996-2000
Illinois (Continued)							
Missouri	1,735	2,271	2,674	2,897	4,403	-23.6	-20.8
North Dakota	-	4.914	* C 041	6.612	7.255	26.0	-2.0
South AtlanticFlorida	6,685 6,683	4,300	6,941 6,265	6,612 5,585	7,255 6,052	36.0 55.4	-2.0 2.5
Georgia	0,003	614	676	1,027	1,204	-100.0	2.5
North Carolina	_	-	-	*		_	_
Virginia	_	-	-	_	*	_	-
West Virginia	2	_	*	_	-	_	-
East South Central	6,303	6,314	5,795	5,600	7,130	2	-3.0
Alabama	1,426	1,338	809	1,348	2,155	6.6	-9.8 252.4
Kentucky Mississippi	145 1,463	395 1,472	686 1,538	152 1,228	1 1,749	-63.3 6	252.4 -4.4
Tennessee	3,270	3,109	2,762	2,872	3,225	5.2	-4.4
West South Central	1,481	1	1,125	1,055	86	NM	103.6
Arkansas	_	_	12	67	76	_	_
Louisiana	1,479	_	1,113	987	_	_	_
Oklahoma	1	1	-	1	10	58.6	-39.8
Mountain	34	_	_	_	40	_	-4.2
Colorado	_ 24	_	_	_	40	_	_
Wyoming	34	_	_	_	_	_	_
Indiana	28,285	34,215	36,774	34,805	29,664	-17.3	-1.2
New England	-	-	-	-	*	-	_
Connecticut	_	-	-	_	*	_	-
East North Central	27,002	32,114	35,079	32,267	26,318	-15.9	.6
Illinois	70	1,004	1,807	1,920	1,444	-93.0	-53.0
Indiana	26,660	30,742	32,872	29,916	24,309	-13.3	2.3
Michigan Ohio		68 72	148 7	162 4	181 34	-100.0 -100.0	_
Wisconsin	272	228	245	265	350	19.0	-6.1
West North Central	78	198	478	359	655	-60.3	-41.2
Iowa	10	109	259	347	638	-90.8	-64.6
Minnesota	62	83	67	4	_	-25.4	-
Missouri	7	6	152	8	17	14.7	-19.6
South Atlantic	_	_	41	_	_	_	_
Florida	1 100	1 007	41	2 1 4 9	2 (77	26.0	10.2
East South Central	1,190	1,887	1,139	2,148	2,677	-36.9	-18.3
Alabama Kentucky	1,190	1,887	1,093	2,148	26 2,610	-36.9	-17.8
Tennessee	1,170	- 1,007	47	2,140	41	-	-
West South Central	*	1	1	2	6	-92.5	-67.3
Oklahoma	*	1	1	*	4	-92.5	-63.9
Texas	-	-	-	2	2	-	-
¥7	201	400	440	42.4	245	-0 -	4.0
West North Central	201 201	408 408	440 440	434 434	245 233	−50.7 −50.7	-4.8 −3.7
Kansas	201	406	366	354	164	-50.7 -50.5	-3.7 5.2
Missouri	201	2	74	80	69	-100.0	-
West South Central	_	_	_	_	12	_	_
Oklahoma	_	_	_	_	12	_	-
Kentucky, Western	26,580	29,710	32,329	33,030	34,821	-10.5	-6.5
New England Maine		_	55 55	_	_	_	_
Middle Atlantic	*	_	26	_	_	_	_
New Jersey	*	_	26	_	_	-	_
East North Central	853	479	772	575	1,016	78.0	-4.3
Illinois	171	155	324	103	119	10.0	9.5
Indiana	426	45	270	257	680	NM	-11.0
Michigan	-	-	14	_	_	_	-
Ohio	63	58	164	30	31	9.3	19.9
West North Central	193 162	221 148	164 719	185 350	187 237	-12.7 9.5	.9 -9.1
Iowa	147	122	504	320	211	20.7	-9.1 -8.6
Minnesota	15	15	4	-	22	1.3	-8.1
Missouri	_	11	211	30	5	-100.0	-
South Atlantic	1,900	1,414	3,319	3,806	3,254	34.4	-12.6

Table 59. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division and State, 1996-2000 (Continued) (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division and State	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	Percent Change 1999-2000	Average Annual Percent Change
							1996-2000
Kentucky, Western (Continued)							
Florida	1,900	1,414	2,255	3,804	3,254	34.4	-12.6
Maryland	*	_	_	2	_	_	-
Virginia	-	*	1,064	*	*	-100.0	_
East South Central	23,660	27,155	26,770	28,155	29,605	-12.9	-5.4 22.2
Alabama Kentucky	1,151 15,323	1,873 16,019	1,816 18,950	1,798 14,169	3,142 16,375	-38.6 -4.3	-22.2 -1.6
Mississippi	13,323	78	16,930	14,109	10,373	-100.0	-1.0
Tennessee	7,187	9,185	6,000	12,188	9,981	-21.8	-7.9
West South Central	_	262	661	112	657	-100.0	_
Arkansas	_	_	_	4	11	_	_
Louisiana	-	262	661	108	646	-100.0	_
Louisiana	3,704	2,952	3,331	3,545	3,222	25.5	3.5
West South Central	3,704	2,952	3,331	3,545	3,222	25.5	3.5
Louisiana Oklahoma	3,696 9	2,952	3,331	3,545	3,222	25.2	3.5
Mississippi	11	18	_	_	_	-41.9	-
East South Central	11	18	_	_	_	-41.9	-
Mississippi	11	18	_	_	_	-41.9	_
Missouri	436	392	296	401	846	11.2	-15.3
West North Central	436	392	281	389	846	11.2	-15.3
Kansas	188	1	1	40	345	NM	-14.1
Missouri	249	391	281	349	501	-36.3	-16.0
West South Central	_	_	15 15	9 9	_	_	_
Oklahoma	1,588	1,657	1,731	1,688	2,136	-4.2	- 7.1
West North Central Kansas	134 133	82 82	153 153	110 110	63 63	64.7 63.6	21.1 20.9
Missouri	133	- 62	133	-	-	-	20.9
West South Central	1,453	1,575	1,570	1,568	2,066	-7.7	-8.4
Arkansas	43	66	71	160	170	-34.1	-29.0
Oklahoma	1,306	1,453	1,411	1,260	1,712	-10.1	-6.5
Texas	104	56	88	148	184	85.0	-13.2
Texas	48,821	52,903	52,913	53,463	49,538	-7.7	4
Middle Atlantic	44	-	_	_	_	_	-
New York	8	_	_	_	_	_	-
Pennsylvania	36	-	_	_	_	-	_
East North Central	18 4	46 12	_	_	_	-59.9 -63.1	
Michigan	_	23	_	_	_	-100.0	_
Ohio	12	7	_	_	_	81.9	_
Wisconsin	2	4	_	_	-	-62.9	-
South Atlantic	25	-	_	_	-	_	-
Georgia	25	-	-		-	-	
West South Central Louisiana	48,733	52,855	52,913 144	53,463	49,538	-7.8	4
Texas	48,733	52,855	52,769	53,463	49,538		_ 4
Western Total	E01 667	502 623	491 127	420 712	428 207	2	4.0
Western TotalAlaska	501,667 847	502,623 1,036	481,137 970	439,713 743	428,297 697	2 -18.3	4.0 5.0
Pacific	847	1,036	970	743	697	-18.3	5.0
Alaska	847	1,036	970	743	697	-18.3	5.0
Arizona	12,986	12,623	12,169	11,044	10,970	2.9	4.3
Mountain	12,986	12,623	12,169	11,044	10,970	2.9	4.3
Arizona	8,275	8,129	7,680	6,646	6,499	1.8	6.2
Nevada	4,711	4,494	4,489	4,398	4,470	4.8	1.3
Colorado	28,314	28,198	27,541	25,445	23,990	.4	4.2
New England	_			107		_	_
Vermont	_	_	_	107	_	_	_
East North Central	1,994	606	2,680	1,873	1,366	228.8	9.9
Illinois	1,947	330	2,433	1,196	640	489.4	32.1

Table 59. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division and State, 1996-2000 (Continued) (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	Percent Change	Average Annual Percent Change
and State						1999-2000	1996-2000
Colorado (Continued)	25						
Indiana	35	- 55	51 176	- 10	_	-100.0	_
Michigan Wisconsin	12	221	20	667	- 726	-100.0 -94.5	-64.1
West North Central	2,817	2,849	1,994	2,879	3,218	-1.1	-3.3
Iowa	393	475	595	644	591	-17.3	-9.7
Kansas	719	587	1,289	1,264	1.493	22.3	-16.7
Missouri	1,579	1.766	14	907	1,077	-10.6	10.0
Nebraska	126	20	97	65	56	NM	22.7
South Atlantic	_	_	_	_	136	_	_
Florida	_	-	_	_	136	_	_
East South Central	4,138	6,968	4,453	3,349	3,817	-40.6	2.0
Alabama	-	-	427	-	_	-	-
Kentucky	2,464	2,946	1,962	190	260	-16.4	75.4
Mississippi	554	1,101		35	519	-49.7	1.6
Tennessee	1,121	2,920	2,064	3,125	3,038	-61.6	-22.1
West South Central	2,530	2,961	3,314	2,296	2,443	-14.6	.9
Arkansas	121	10	5	29	_	NM	_
Oklahoma	70	2.051	2 200	2 267	2 442	20.0	-
Texas	2,338 16,633	2,951 14,796	3,309 15,004	2,267 14,792	2,443 12,861	-20.8 12.4	-1.1 6.6
Mountain	1,076	645	13,004	74 74	355	66.7	31.9
Colorado	13,462	12,294	11,993	12,307	10,704	9.5	5.9
Montana	15,402	12,294	6	12,307	10,704	9.5	J.9 —
Nevada	_	_	20	69	132	_	_
New Mexico	99	99	131	99	88	.5	3.1
Utah	1.849	1.610	2,238	2,111	1,204	14.8	11.3
Wyoming	147	148	149	131	378	5	-21.0
Pacific	136	10	85	138	131	NM	.9
California	136	10	78	47	_	NM	_
Oregon	_	_	_	67	94	_	_
Washington	-	-	7	24	37	-	_
Montana	37,735	40,649	41,860	40,363	37,770	-7.2	*
East North Central	13,533	13,681	13,719	16,361	15,814	-1.1	-3.8
Illinois	2,552	1,769	1,679	1,545	2,162	44.3	4.2
Indiana	1,011	1,308	126	1,259	869	-22.7	3.9
Michigan	9,239	9,952	9,861	10,866	9,806	-7.2	-1.5
Ohio	153	168	-	42	26	-9.2	56.1
Wisconsin	578	482	2,053	2,649	2,950	19.9	-33.5
West North Central	12,380	13,121	13,289	11,372	11,622	-5.6	1.6
Iowa	-	-	136	105	_	-	_
Kansas	1,464	1,319	379	104	-	11.0	_
Minnesota	10,771	9,429	10,477	8,847	9,791	14.2	2.4
Nebraska	- 145	- 877	81	47 402	113 417	- -83.4	22.1
North Dakota	143	1,496	517 1,698	1,867	1,301	-83.4 -100.0	-23.1
South Dakota East South Central	151	1,926	2,833	3,235	2,226	-100.0 -92.2	-49.0
Mississippi	151	1,926	2,833	3,235	2,226	-92.2 -92.2	-49.0 -49.0
Mountain	9,986	10,415	10,516	9,052	7,995	-92.2 -4.1	5.7
Arizona	198	69	94	7,032	7,775	185.3	5.7
Colorado	-	_	_	_	26	-	_
Montana	9,723	10,346	10,360	9,019	7,844	-6.0	5.5
Wyoming	64	_	62	34	125	_	-15.3
Pacific	1,685	1,507	1,503	333	113	11.8	96.7
Oregon	_	1,507	_	_	-	-100.0	_
Washington	1,685	-	1,503	333	113	-	96.7
New Mexico	27,136	28,450	28,026	27,352	25,035	-4.6	2.0
East North Central	51	216	466	523	732	-76.5	-48.7
Wisconsin	51	216	466	523	732	-76.5	-48.7
West North Central	15 15	_	_	68	92	_	-36.2
Kansas	15	_	_	- 68	92	_	_
Nebraska West South Central	624	- 459	591	482	334	36.1	16.9
Arkansas	024	459	391	482	334 1	30.1	10.9
Oklahoma	105	64	119	108	17	63.5	57.3
	105	04					

Table 59. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division and State, 1996-2000 (Continued) (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	Percent Change	Average Annual Percent Change
and State						1999-2000	1996-2000
New Mexico (Continued)							
Mountain	26,383	27,770	26,968	26,279	23,877	-5.0	2.5
Arizona	9,900	11,346	11,138	10,492	8,860	-12.8	2.8
Colorado	9,900	11,540	11,138	10,492	9	-100.0	2.0
New Mexico	16,483	16,423	15,819	15,786	15,009	-100.0 .4	2.4
		6	15,619	13,760	13,009	NM	2.4
Pacific	63 63	6	_	_	_	NM NM	
North Dakota	31,148	30,938	30,557	29,172	30,025	.7	.9
West North Central	31,147	30,938	30,557	29,172	30.025	.7	.9
North Dakota	31,147	30,938	30,557	29,172	30,025	.7	.9
Mountain	1	30,936	30,337	29,172	30,023	.1	.9
Montana	1	_	_	_	_	_	_
	24 992	22 402	24 220	22.957	19.5(2	62	7.6
Utah	24,883	23,402	24,229	22,857	18,563	6.3	7.6
New England	_	_	_	90	_	_	_
Massachusetts	_	_	*	90	_	_	-
Middle Atlantic	80	_	*	_	_	_	_
New Jersey	22	_	- *	_	_	_	_
Pennsylvania	58		•				- -
East North Central	827	1,507	2,266	1,518	2,650	-45.1	-25.3
Illinois	772	1,507	2,266	1,446	2,473	-48.8	-25.3
Indiana	20	_	_	-	-	-	-
Michigan	_	_	_	-	44	-	-
Wisconsin	34	-	-	72	133	-	-28.7
West North Central	348	102	10	140	330	241.4	1.4
Kansas	-	*	*	_	_	-100.0	-
Missouri	327	99	10	140	330	230.2	2
Nebraska	21	3	-	_	_	NM	_
North Dakota	_	*	_	_	_	-100.0	_
South Atlantic	130	_	_	_	_	_	_
Maryland	13	_	_	_	_	_	_
Virginia	118	_	_	_	_	_	_
East South Central	1,305	1,142	996	1,521	1,421	14.3	-2.1
Tennessee	1,305	1,142	996	1,521	1,421	14.3	-2.1
West South Central	278	105		-,		165.7	
Texas	278	105	_	_	_	165.7	_
Mountain	16,077	14,909	16,090	16,710	11,791	7.8	8.1
Arizona	28		10,050	78	69	7.0	-19.8
Colorado	3	3	3	3	2	5.3	9.1
Idaho	233	66	121	39	65	252.5	37.6
Montana	233	4	3	27	03	-100.0	37.0
Nevada	3,483	3,857	3,431	2,626	2,265	-100.0 -9.7	11.3
New Mexico	3,403	3,637	3,431	2,020	2,203	-9.7 -	11.3
	12 220	10.070	12.521	12 026	0.290		7.0
Utah	12,329	10,979	12,531	13,936	9,389	12.3	7.0
Wyoming	£ 000	· ·	4 927	2.965	2266	NM	2.1
Pacific	5,828	5,628	4,837	2,865	2,366	3.6	25.3
California	5,492	5,130	4,711	2,718	2,240	7.0	25.1
Hawaii	-	- 421	34	21	*	45.7	202.0
Oregon Washington	234 103	431 67	1 92	7 119	125	-45.7 53.4	382.9 -4.8
_							
Washington	4,270	4,074	4,622	4,481	4,526	4.8	-1.4
Pacific	4,270	4,074	4,622	4,481	4,526	4.8	-1.4
Oregon	_	-	_	*	3	_	_
Washington	4,270	4,074	4,622	4,480	4,523	4.8	-1.4
Wyoming	334,349	333,253	311,162	278,255	276,723	.3	4.8
New England	27	. –	33	. –		-	-
Connecticut	10	_	33	_	_	_	_
New Hampshire	17	_	_	_	_	_	_
Middle Atlantic	4,336	_	_	_	_	_	_
New York	20	_	_	_	_	_	_
Pennsylvania	4,316	_	_	_	_	_	_
East North Central	81,049	75,706	72,475	65,944	62,041	7.1	6.9
Illinois	28,567	23,311	20,866	20,528	17,734	22.5	12.7
	-0,507				,		
Indiana	15,938	14,315	17,282	16,451	18,079	11.3	-3.1

Table 59. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division and State, 1996-2000 (Continued) (Thousand Short Tons)

Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	Percent Change	Average Annual Percent Change
and State						1999-2000	1996-2000
Wyoming (Continued)							
Ohio	2,697	3,840	2,435	1,481	37	-29.8	193.0
Wisconsin	24,038	23,778	19,956	17,925	17,640	1.1	8.0
West North Central	88,245	95,949	94,146	81,627	82,593	-8.0	1.7
Iowa	19,173 13,600	24,100	20,690	17,593	18,121 11,772	−20.4 −1.1	1.4 3.7
Kansas Minnesota	10,879	13,751 8,968	14,373 8,568	11,759 9,224	8,569	21.3	6.1
Missouri	32,300	35,958	38,358	33,300	33,312	-10.2	8
Nebraska	11,041	12,226	11,661	9,198	10,464	-9.7	1.3
North Dakota	208	-	65	144	*	-	NM
South Dakota	1,046	947	430	410	355	10.5	31.0
South Atlantic	11,628	8,372	7,069	6,705	7,409	38.9	11.9
Florida	104	416	1,064	971	591	-75.0	-35.2
Georgia	6,928	6,805	5,950	5,688	6,818	1.8	.4
North Carolina	152	28	-	40	_	438.3	_
South Carolina	247	1,122	-	-	-	-78.0	-
Virginia	_	_	55	_	-	_	-
West Virginia	4,198			7			
East South Central	16,549	15,210	10,235	7,826	4,010	8.8	42.5
Alabama	11,334	10,679	6,017	5,205	3,686	6.1	32.4
Kentucky	1,618	1,789	-	- 201	-	-9.5	-
Mississippi	306 3,291	2.742	468	291	26	20.0	85.0
Tennessee	3,291 92,117	2,743 94,975	3,750 88,046	2,330 80,727	298 86,413	-3.0	82.4 1.6
Arkansas	13,699	94,973 15,167	13,353	11,600	14,614	-3.0 -9.7	-1.6
Louisiana	11,058	11,130	10,346	9,628	9,209	-9.7 6	4.7
Oklahoma	18,014	21,063	19,258	18.462	19,751	-14.5	-2.3
Texas	49,346	47,614	45,089	41,037	42,839	3.6	3.6
Mountain	34,198	40,727	37,068	34,418	33,363	-16.0	.6
Arizona	1,898	142	368	57	-	NM	_
Colorado	9,165	11,077	8,132	6,692	6,124	-17.3	10.6
Idaho	215	249	392	324	268	-13.8	-5.4
Montana	729	724	457	572	513	.7	9.2
Nevada	-	_	_	17	204	_	_
Utah	260	15	*	*	1	NM	287.0
Wyoming	21,931	28,519	27,719	26,756	26,253	-23.1	-4.4
Pacific	1,845	2,311	2,063	996	894	-20.2	19.8
California	_	189	-	29	-	-100.0	-
Oregon	1,845	2,040	2,062	966	894	-9.6	19.9
Washington	*	83	1	1	1	-99.7	-23.4
J.S. Total	1,021,612	1,041,823	1,042,236	995,664	967,693	-1.9	1.4
New England	3,487	3,116	5,478	6,414	5,334	-1.9 11.9	-10.1
Connecticut	1,566	801	1,418	1,590	1.602	95.4	6
Maine	180	182	258	423	301	-1.4	-12.1
Massachusetts	940	1,351	2,798	3,225	2,475	-30.5	-21.5
New Hampshire	798	777	1,000	1,064	951	2.6	-4.3
Rhode Island	2	2	2	3	3	51.3	-7.2
Vermont	1	2	2	110	2	-22.5	-4.0
Middle Atlantic	71,785	66,499	74,961	76,487	73,489	7.9	6
New Jersey	3,590	2,807	2,952	3,334	2,927	27.9	5.2
New York	10,141	10,550	12,427	11,807	11,459	-3.9	-3.0
Pennsylvania	58,054	53,143	59,582	61,345	59,103	9.2	4
East North Central	231,305	244,466	245,289	237,757	228,473	-5.4	.3
Illinois	47,461	48,583	48,838	49,647	44,547	-2.3	1.6
Indiana	61,487	65,457	65,893	62,630	62,741	-6.1	5
Michigan	34,483	36,125	39,731	36,629	33,186	-4.5	1.0
Ohio	60,346	66,294	63,646	61,990	61,713	-9.0	6 1.2
Wisconsin	27,528	28,007 153,530	27,180 147,000	26,860 131,862	26,285 136,573	−1.7 −9.1	1.2
West North Central	139,619	153,530		131,862 20,339	136,573	-9.1 -31.8	.5 .1
Kansas	21,102 16,320	30,946 16,147	23,803 16,601	13,761	21,017 13,987	-31.8 1.1	3.9
Minnesota	22,104	18,814	19,447	18,485	18,679	17.5	4.3
	36,358	41,098	42,019	37,897	40,064	-11.5	-2.4
		71,070	12,017				
Missouri		12.257	11.855	9.382	10.726	-8.7	1.1
MissouriNebraska	11,189	12,257 31.826	11,855 31,139	9,382 29.717	10,726 30,444	-8.7 -1.0	1.1 .9
Missouri		12,257 31,826 2,443	11,855 31,139 2,135	9,382 29,717 2,281	10,726 30,444 1,657	-8.7 -1.0 -57.2	1.1 .9 –10.9

Table 59. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division and State, 1996-2000 (Continued)

Coal-Producing Region and State, and Destination Census Division	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	Percent Change	Average Annua Percent Chang
and State						1999-2000	1996-2000
U.S. Total (Continued)							
Delaware	1.664	1.362	2.440	1.734	1,834	22.2	-2.4
District of Columbia	7	9	2,110	40	23	-27.6	-27.3
Florida	24,418	23,426	27,078	27,692	26,285	4.2	-1.8
Georgia	32,739	33,795	31,576	29,910	29,074	-3.1	3.0
Maryland	12,737	12,996	11.171	10.489	10.762	-2.0	4.3
North Carolina	29,224	24,805	27,717	26,505	27,414	17.8	1.6
South Carolina	15,034	15,293	15.651	13,761	13.373	-1.7	3.0
Virginia	22,294	19,328	19,792	18,638	16,214	15.3	8.3
West Virginia	40,065	35,632	38,576	37,945	36,047	12.4	2.7
East South Central	107,353	111.684	109,919	108.483	105,708	-3.9	.4
Alabama	32,665	31,482	31,530	32,056	33,057	3.8	3
Kentucky	43,059	42,567	42,704	33,215	34,438	1.1	5.7
Mississippi	3,319	5.812	5,949	6,141	5,702	-42.9	-12.7
Tennessee	28,311	31,822	29,736	37,071	32,510	-11.0	-3.4
West South Central	151,542	156,923	152.028	143,816	145,394	-3.4	1.0
Arkansas	14,099	15,380	13,536	11,921	14,918	-8.3	-1.4
Louisiana	16,408	14,584	15,776	14,663	13,526	12.5	4.9
Oklahoma	19,555	22,642	20.957	19,879	21,584	-13.6	-2.4
Texas	101,480	104,316	101,759	97,353	95,367	-2.7	1.6
Mountain	116,905	122,731	118,198	113,046	101,497	-4.8	3.6
Arizona	21,538	20,332	19,751	17,351	15,785	5.9	8.1
Colorado	22,646	24,490	20.158	19.022	16,920	-7.5	7.6
Idaho	448	315	533	363	333	42.0	7.7
Montana	10,455	11,077	10,825	9,617	8,359	-5.6	5.8
Nevada	8,195	8,363	7,976	7,110	7,072	-2.0	3.8
New Mexico	16,582	16,521	15,950	15,886	15,097	.4	2.4
Utah	14,863	12,918	15,074	16,775	11,175	15.1	7.4
Wyoming	22,178	28,715	27,930	26,922	26,757	-22.8	-4.6
Pacific	14,693	14,616	14,108	9,596	8,790	.5	13.7
Alaska	847	1,036	970	743	697	-18.3	5.0
California	5,691	5,335	4,789	2,794	2,240	6.7	26.2
Hawaii	*	_	34	21	_	_	_
Oregon	2,098	4,021	2,092	1,079	1,028	-47.8	19.5
Washington	6,058	4,224	6,224	4,958	4,825	43.4	5.8

* Data round to zero.

NM Not meaningful as value is greater than 500 percent.

Note: Destination State totals may not sum to the Coal-Producing State totals due to unknown or unavailable Destination State(s), and as a result U.S.

Total may not equal sum of Destination State(s). Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report."

Table 60. Foreign Distribution of U.S. Coal by Major Coal-Exporting States and Destination, 1996-2000

and Destination Alabama Argentina Belgium & Luxembourg Brazil Bulgaria Egypt France	4,807 220 640	3,307				Percent Change 1999-2000	
Argentina Belgium & Luxembourg Brazil Bulgaria Egypt France	220 640	3,307				2222 2000	1996-2000
Argentina Belgium & Luxembourg Brazil Bulgaria Egypt France	640		4,801	5,813	4,864	45.3	-0.3
Brazil		52	305	259	216	325.9	.4
Brazil		880	701	898	703	-27.3	-2.3
BulgariaEgyptFrance	1,036	821	570	901	566	26.3	16.3
EgyptFrance	219	-	145	244	208	20.5	1.2
France	279	_	113		200		1.2
	69	_	_	_	_	_	_
		_				_	
Germany, FR	212		103	224	184	-	3.5
Italy	193	376	417	491	659	-48.5	-26.4
Japan	101	199	349	459	861	-49.3	-41.5
Netherlands	396	258	345	303	73	53.7	52.5
Romania	_	_	552	274	170	_	_
South Africa, Rep of	_	_	_	_	57	_	_
Spain	424	77	248	200	52	449.7	69.0
Turkey	696	111	211	408	326	NM	20.9
United Kingdom	321	534	855	1,151	789	-39.8	-20.1
Maska Parublia of	734	537	371 271	680	776	36.7	-1.4
Korea, Republic of	734	537	371	662 18	776 -	-100.0	_
UIKIIOWII	/34	_	_	10	_	_	_
Colorado	1,099	1,819	1,754	1,523	1,415	-39.6	-6.1
China (Taiwan)	. –	. –	· –	75	219	_	_
Israel	_	_	_	_	30	_	_
Japan	1,099	467	422	296	343	135.5	33.8
Korea, Republic of	1,0//	_		2,0	65	-	_
Mexico	_	1,352	1,332	1,152	758	-100.0	_
Kentucky	4,382	4,636	6,931	7,220	9,143	-5.5	-16.8
Belgium & Luxembourg	_	_	44	54	67	_	_
Canada	1,630	1,497	1,459	739	1,178	8.9	8.5
China (Taiwan)	_	691	1,867	2,292	1,978	-100.0	_
Finland	_	_	_	_	4	_	_
France	48	121	422	569	548	-60.6	-45.7
Germany, FR	48	31	71	_	_	54.9	_
Iceland	87	53	62	107	119	64.1	-7.5
	23	15	02	107	117	56.1	7.5
India			201	192	1 745		26.2
Italy	518	379	291	182	1,745	36.6	-26.2
Jamaica		-	=	56	17	_	
Japan	228	_	627	223	93	_	25.2
Korea, Republic of	-	-	_	795	1,876	-	-
Netherlands	977	794	1,096	1,364	581	23.0	13.9
Norway	46	96	138	198	140	-52.4	-24.3
Portugal	_	_	_	_	229	_	_
Saudi Arabia	_	_	42	48	22	_	_
	_	36	4 2	-		-100.0	_
Spain	20			_	_		_
Sweden		142	33			-85.7	- 0.4
United Kingdom	757	780	781	592	548	-2.9	8.4
Pennsylvania	7,823	6,966	7,908	8,698	9,246	12.3	-4.1
Belgium & Luxembourg	_	, <u> </u>	84	146	´ -	_	_
Brazil	321	437	382	715	261	-26.7	5.3
Canada	2,874	2,552	2,286	2,612	1,050	12.6	28.6
Croatia	90	_,552	2,200	2,012	- 1,030	- 2.0	20.0
Denmark	90	_	672	467	801	_	_
	_	_				_	_
Dominican Republic		_	76	64	50	_	_
Finland	_	-	_	229	283	_	
France	687	_	86		89	_	66.9
Germany, FR	732	788	775	135	256	-7.1	30.1
Greece	_	_	_	_	491	_	_
Ireland	601	1,040	1,203	1,116	1,067	-42.2	-13.4
Israel	75	723	800	861	1,068	-89.5	-48.4
Italy	89	723	85	-	89	57.5 —	-48.4
Jamaica	27	_	-	_	-	_	. <i>.</i> .
		212	272		1.057	47.7	42.0
Japan	111	213	373	903	1,057	-47.7	-43.0
Korea, Republic of	-	40	74	175	195	-100.0	-
Morocco	861	_	75	118	173	_	49.4
Netherlands Norway	641	527	104	482	732	21.6	-3.3

Table 60. Foreign Distribution of U.S. Coal by Major Coal-Exporting States and Destination, 1996-2000 (Continued)

Coal-Exporting State	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	Percent Change	Average Annua Percent Chang
and Destination						1999-2000	1996-2000
ennsylvania (Continued)							
Peru	15	12	71	13	_	28.4	_
Portugal	465	451	275	261	592	2.9	-5.9
South Africa, Rep of	83	179	366	384	112	-53.6	-7.2
Spain	=	_	16	_	- -	_	
United Kingdom	147	_	101	_	851	_	-35.5
Venezuela	4	4	4	5	1	-1.7	37.6
ah	3,073	2,313	2,535	3,414	5,305	32.9	-12.8
Chile	_	_	_	38	445	_	_
China (Taiwan)	183	406	117	597	648	-54.8	-27.1
Ecuador	_	_	_	38	_	_	_
Japan	2,890	1,907	2,418	2,499	4,058	51.5	-8.1
Korea, Republic of	_	_	_	242	154	_	_
rginia	9,406	8,770	12,810	12,841	13,432	7.3	-8.5
Algeria	179	323	400	299	206	-44.6	-3.4
Belgium & Luxembourg	431	474	948	945	1,078	-9.1	-20.5
Brazil	1,744	1,296	2,273	1,347	1,228	34.6	9.2
Canada	280	734	719	508	387	-61.9	-7.8
China (Taiwan)	280	144	179	180	367	-100.0	7.0
Egypt	426	296	548	178	835	44.2	-15.5
Finland	117	290	J+0	55	-	44.2	-13.3
France	1,759	1,342	1,964	984	910	31.1	17.9
Germany, FR	1,739	1,342	1,904	93	910	J1.1 —	17.9
Italy	1,529	1,123	1,817	2,318	2,198	36.1	-8.7
Japan	31	135	218	1,508	2,300	-77.2	-65.9
Korea, Republic of	1,756	1,570	1,361	1,272	2,300 466	11.8	39.3
Netherlands	139	273	455	650	1,193	-49.3	-41.6
Portugal	139	2/3	433	62	1,193	-49.3	-41.0
Romania	_	_	51	72	32	_	_
South Africa, Rep of	_		J1 _	-	76		
Spain	699	915	1,581	1,361	1,370	-23.6	-15.5
Sweden	099	913	1,561	1,501	185	-23.0	-13.5
Turkey	176	_	_	81	24	_	63.9
United Kingdom	140	144	296	928	798	-3.1	-35.3
est Virginia	23,212	22,848	37,531	38,459	42,044	1.6	-13.8
Algeria	158	48	-	-	-	229.2	-
Belgium & Luxembourg	416	298	774	1,463	2,182	39.6	-33.9
Brazil	1,780	1,829	3,378	3,929	4,256	-2.7	-19.6
Bulgaria	675	438	857	1,008	1,214	53.9	-13.7
Canada	9,145	9,474	10,500	8,291	7,222	-3.5	6.1
Chile	· –	35	48	25	195	-100.0	_
China (Taiwan)	111	_	139	188	353	_	-25.1
Denmark	_	_	_	70	-	_	_
Egypt	148	_	413	807	303	_	-16.3
Finland	211	188	455	324	507	12.0	-19.7
France	1,982	1,939	2,740	2,579	3,676	2.2	-14.3
Germany, FR	122	98	349	453	943	24.9	-40.0
India	_	_	_	_	11	_	_
Israel	_	_	101	211	375	_	_
Italy	1,953	1,950	2,948	3,879	4,965	.2	-20.8
Jamaica	_	_	30	8	36	_	_
Japan	519	1,375	2,975	2,585	2,062	-62.3	-29.2
Korea, Republic of	74	270	879	829	1,050	-72.5	-48.4
Mexico	_	_	256	25	_	_	_
Morocco	122	_	67	96	1,111	_	-42.5
Netherlands	1,458	1,039	2,152	2,425	1,636	40.4	-2.8
Peru	_	5	_	_	_	-100.0	_
Portugal	190	288	450	889	1,128	-34.2	-35.9
Romania	425	172	491	1,737	1,315	147.6	-24.6
South Africa, Rep of	310	260	992	706	947	19.4	-24.3
Spain	899	659	758	758	887	36.4	.3
Sweden	534	420	740	657	882	27.1	-11.8
Turkey	501	465	1,322	1,295	1,655	7.7	-25.8

Table 60. Foreign Distribution of U.S. Coal by Major Coal-Exporting States and Destination, 1996-2000 (Continued)

Coal-Exporting State	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	Percent Change	Average Annual Percent Change
and Destination	2000	1,7,7		2,7,		1999-2000	1996-2000
Wyoming	4,780	3,774	3,729	2,541	2,395	26.6	18.9
Canada	2,852	2,951	1,931	818	443	-3.4	59.3
Mexico	_	_	12	_	<u> </u>	_	-
Netherlands					63		_
Spain	1,929	823	1,786	1,723	1,889	134.4	.5
Major States Total	50 215	54,969	70 271	01 100	99 (20	7.9	-9.5
Major States TotalAlgeria	59,315 337	34,969 371	78,371 400	81,189 299	88,620 206	-9.2	- 9.5 13.1
Argentina	220	52	305	259	216	325.9	.4
Belgium & Luxembourg	1,487	1,652	2,552	3,506	4,030	-10.0	-22.1
Brazil	4,881	4,383	6,603	6,892	6,310	11.4	-6.2
Bulgaria	893	438	1,002	1,252	1,422	103.7	-11.0
Canada	16,781	17,209	16,895	12,967	10,280	-2.5	13.0
Chile	10,701	35	48	64	640	-100.0	13.0
China (Taiwan)	294	1,240	2,301	3,332	3,197	-76.3	-44.9
Croatia	90	1,210	2,501	5,552	5,177	70.5	
Denmark	_	_	672	538	801	_	_
Dominican Republic	_	_	76	64	50	_	_
Ecuador	_	_	-	38	_	_	_
Egypt	854	296	961	985	1,138	188.9	-6.9
Finland	328	188	455	609	794	74.4	-19.8
France	4,545	3,403	5,212	4,132	5,223	33.6	-3.4
Germany, FR	1,114	917	1,298	906	1,383	21.5	-5.3
Greece	-	-	1,270	_	491		-
Iceland	87	53	62	107	119	64.1	-7.5
India	23	15	-	-	11	56.1	19.2
Ireland	601	1.040	1,203	1,116	1.067	-42.2	-13.4
Israel	75	723	901	1,071	1,473	-89.5	-52.4
Italy	4,283	3,829	5,558	6,869	9,656	11.9	-18.4
Jamaica	27		30	64	53	-	-15.6
Japan	4,978	4,296	7,382	8,473	10,774	15.9	-17.5
Korea, Republic of	1,830	2,417	2,684	3,974	4,582	-24.3	-20.5
Mexico		1,352	1,599	1,177	758	-100.0	
Morocco	983		141	214	1,284	_	-6.5
Netherlands	3,611	2,892	4,152	5,224	4,278	24.9	-4.1
Norway	46	96	138	210	169	-52.4	-27.9
Peru	15	17	71	13	_	-7.7	
Portugal	654	740	725	1,212	2.094	-11.5	-25.2
Romania	425	172	1,093	2,083	1,517	147.6	-27.3
Saudi Arabia	_	_	42	48	22	_	_
South Africa, Rep of	394	439	1,359	1,090	1,192	-10.4	-24.2
Spain	3,950	2,509	4,389	4,042	4,197	57.4	-1.5
Sweden	554	562	773	657	1,066	-1.4	-15.1
Turkey	1,374	576	1,533	1,784	2,005	138.3	-9.0
United Kingdom	2,843	3,055	5,750	5,894	6,119	-6.9	-17.4
Venezuela	4	4	4	5	1	-1.7	37.6
Unknown	734	_	_	18	_	_	_
Other States Total	1,027	929	1,815	2,043	3,579	10.6	-26.8
Belgium & Luxembourg	_	_	_	_	76	_	-
Brazil	-	-	-	_	1	-	-
Canada	742	762	1,018	438	319	-2.6	23.5
Denmark	_	-	_	_	364	_	_
Germany, FR	_	_	_	56	325	_	_
Ireland	_	92	20		80	-100.0	_
Japan	_	_	99	80	66	-	_
Mexico	10	8	2	_		20.4	_
Morocco	_	_	_	_	103	_	_
Netherlands	_	_	_	_	120	_	_
Sweden	_	_	200	-	25	_	-
United Kingdom	-	_	208	662	805	-	_
Unknown	275	67	468	806	1,294	311.2	-32.1
II C Total	60.242	EE 000	QA 105	92.222	02 100	7.0	10.1
U.S. Total	60,342	55,898	80,185	83,232	92,199	7.9	-10.1
Algeria	337	371	400	299	206	-9.2	13.1
Argentina	220	52	305	259	216	325.9	.4
Belgium & Luxembourg	1,487 4,881	1,652 4,383	2,552 6,603	3,506 6,892	4,106 6,312	-10.0 11.4	-22.4 -6.2
Brazil							

Table 60. Foreign Distribution of U.S. Coal by Major Coal-Exporting States and Destination, 1996-2000 (Continued)

Coal-Exporting State	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	Percent Change	Average Annua Percent Change
and Destination						1999-2000	1996-2000
S. Total (Continued)							
Bulgaria	893	438	1.002	1,252	1.422	103.7	-11.0
Canada		17,971	17,913	13,405	10,599	-2.5	13.4
Chile	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	35	48	64	640	-100.0	13.4
China (Taiwan)		1,240	2,301	3,332	3,197	-76.3	-44.9
Croatia		1,240	2,301	3,332	3,197	-70.3	-44 .9
Denmark		_	672	538	1.165	_	_
		_	76	64	50	_	_
Dominican Republic		_	/6 _	38	50	_	_
Ecuador		- 296	961	38 985	1.138	188.9	-6.9
Egypt			,		,		
Finland		188	455	609	794 5 222	74.4	-19.8
France	,	3,403	5,212	4,132	5,223	33.6	-3.4
Germany, FR	,	917	1,298	962	1,708	21.5	-10.1
Greece		_	_	-	491		
Iceland		53	62	107	119	64.1	-7.5
India		15	-	-	11	56.1	19.2
Ireland		1,131	1,224	1,116	1,147	-46.8	-14.9
Israel		723	901	1,071	1,473	-89.5	-52.4
Italy	4,283	3,829	5,558	6,869	9,656	11.9	-18.4
Jamaica		_	30	64	53	-	-15.6
Japan	4,978	4,296	7,481	8,553	10,840	15.9	-17.7
Korea, Republic of	1,830	2,417	2,684	3,974	4,582	-24.3	-20.5
Mexico	. 10	1,361	1,601	1,177	758	-99.3	-66.0
Morocco	983	_	141	214	1,388	_	-8.3
Netherlands	3,611	2,892	4,152	5,224	4,398	24.9	-4.8
Norway	46	96	138	210	169	-52.4	-27.9
Peru		17	71	13	_	-7.7	_
Portugal	654	740	725	1.212	2.094	-11.5	-25.2
Romania		172	1.093	2,083	1,517	147.6	-27.3
Saudi Arabia			42	48	22	_	
South Africa, Rep of		439	1.359	1.090	1.192	-10.4	-24.2
Spain		2,509	4,389	4,042	4,197	57.4	-1.5
Sweden	,	562	773	657	1.091	-1.4	-15.6
Turkey		576	1,533	1,784	2,005	138.3	-9.0
United Kingdom	,	3.055	5.957	6,556	6,925	-6.9	-19.9
Venezuela	,	3,033	3,937	5	0,923	-0.9 -1.7	37.6
Unknown	·	4 67	468	825	1,294	NM	-6.0
UIIKIIUWII	1,009	07	406	823	1,294	INIVI	-0.0

NM Not meaningful as value is greater than 500 percent.

Notes: Major coal-exporting States are those with total coal exports of over 500,000 short tons in 2000. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Values shown for destinations other than Canada and Mexico are estimates based upon information reported on Energy Information Administration Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report," and coal export data presented in King's COALBASE (King Publishing Corporation, Knoxville, Tennesson). See the Evaluation Notes for a complete description of the methodology used to develop these estimates. Values shown for Canada and Mexico see). See the Explanatory Notes for a complete description of the methodology used to develop these estimates. Values shown for Canada and Mexico

Table 61. Foreign Distribution of U.S. Metallurgical Coal by Major Coal-Exporting States and Destination, 1996-2000

Coal-Exporting State	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	Percent Change	Average Annua Percent Chang
and Destination						1999-2000	1996-2000
labama	4,721	3,307	4,743	5,699	4,523	42.7	1.1
Argentina	220	52	305	259	216	325.9	.4
Belgium & Luxembourg	640	880	701	898	703	-27.3	-2.3
Brazil	1,036	821	570	901	566	26.3	16.3
Bulgaria	219	- 021	145	244	208	20.5	1.2
		_	143	244	200		1.2
Egypt	279					_	_
France	69	_	_		_	_	
Germany, FR	212	_	103	224	184	-	3.5
Italy	193	376	417	377	318	-48.5	-11.7
Japan	101	199	349	459	861	-49.3	-41.5
Netherlands	310	258	345	303	73	20.3	43.4
Romania	_	_	552	274	170	_	_
South Africa, Rep of	_	_	_		57	_	_
	424	77	248	200	52	449.7	69.0
Spain							
Turkey	696	111	211	408	326	NM	20.9
United Kingdom	321	534	797	1,151	789	-39.8	-20.1
olorado	_	-	_	-	30	-	-100.0
Japan	_	_	_	_	30	_	_
entucky	4,382	3,907	5,042	4,762	5,303	12.2	-4.7
Belgium & Luxembourg	´ -	´ -	44	54	67	_	_
Canada	1,630	1,459	1,459	739	1,178	11.7	8.5
China (Taiwan)	-,050	1,107	87	181	- 1,170		-
	48	121			5.10	60.6	157
France		121	422	569	548	-60.6	-45.7
Germany, FR	48	31	71	_	_	54.9	
Iceland	87	53	62	107	119	64.1	-7.5
India	23	15	_	_	_	56.1	_
Italy	518	379	291	_	132	36.6	40.8
Japan	228	_	518	223	93	_	25.2
Korea, Republic of		_	-	795	1,876	_	20.2
Netherlands	977	794	1.096	1,255	581	23.0	13.9
			,	,			
Norway	46	96	138	198	140	-52.4	-24.3
Saudi Arabia	_	_	42	48	22	-	_
Spain	_	36	_	_	_	-100.0	_
Sweden	20	142	33	_	_	-85.7	_
United Kingdom	757	780	781	592	548	-2.9	8.4
Ç							
ennsylvania	931	1,985	1,912	2,105	1,642	-53.1	-13.2
Brazil	318	436	381	713	258	-27.1	5.3
Canada	-	20	17	-	250	-100.0	5.5
	_	20	17		89	-100.0	
France			-			-	_
Germany, FR	419	758	598			-44.8	
Japan	111	213	373	903	920	-47.7	-41.0
Korea, Republic of	_	40	74	106	101	-100.0	_
Netherlands	_	339	102	_	162	-100.0	_
South Africa, Rep of	83	179	366	384	112	-53.6	-7.2
tah	_	_	_	97	187	_	-100.0
Japan	_	_	_	97	187	_	_
-							
irginia	9,406	8,036	12,649	12,288	12,760	17.0	-7.3
Algeria	179	323	400	299	206	-44.6	-3.4
Belgium & Luxembourg	431	474	948	945	1,078	-9.1	-20.5
	1,744	1,296	2,273	1,347	1,228		9.2
Brazil	,	1,270				34.6	
Canada	280		719	508	387	-	-7.8
China (Taiwan)		144	179	180		-100.0	_
Egypt	426	296	548	178	835	44.2	-15.5
Finland	117	_	_	55	_	_	_
France	1,759	1,342	1,964	984	910	31.1	17.9
Germany, FR	-	-,		93	_	_	_
	1,529	1,123	1,655	1,776	1,696	36.1	-2.6
Italy							
Japan	31	135	218	1,508	2,300	-77.2	-65.9
Korea, Republic of	1,756	1,570	1,361	1,272	466	11.8	39.3
Netherlands	139	273	455	650	1,193	-49.3	-41.6
Portugal	_	_	_	62	_	_	_
Romania	_	_	51	72	32	_	_
South Africa, Rep of	_	_	_	, 2	76	_	_
Spain	699	915	1,581	1,350	1,370	-23.6	-15.5

Table 61. Foreign Distribution of U.S. Metallurgical Coal by Major Coal-Exporting States and Destination, 1996-2000 (Continued)

Coal-Exporting State	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	Percent Change	Average Annua Percent Chang
and Destination						1999-2000	1996-2000
irginia (Continued)							
Sweden	-	_	_	-	185	-	-
Turkey	176	-	-	81	-	-	-
United Kingdom	140	144	296	928	798	-3.1	-35.3
est Virginia	18,565	20,120	32,224	30,327	31,717	-7.7	-12.5
Algeria	158	48	602	822	1 261	229.2	27.9
Belgium & Luxembourg	342	298	602		1,261	15.0	-27.8
Brazil	1,780	1,829	3,378	3,927	4,247	-2.7 53.0	-19.5
Bulgaria	675 5,974	438 7,547	857 8,945	1,008 6,956	1,152 6,907	53.9 -20.8	-12.5 -3.6
Chile	3,974	7,547	0,943	0,930	43	-20.8	-3.0
China (Taiwan)	- 111	_	120	188		_	-25.1
China (Taiwan)		_	139		353	_	
Egypt	148	100	413	807	303	12.0	-16.3
Finland	211	188 1.939	455	324	507	12.0	-19.7
France	1,914	,	2,740	2,286	2,859	-1.3	-9.5
Germany, FR	64	98	349	419	584	-34.4	-42.4
India	1.052	1.050	2 226	2.004	11	_	-
Italy	1,953	1,950	2,326	2,084	2,361	.2	-4.6
Japan	519	1,323	2,975	2,585	2,062	-60.8	-29.2
Korea, Republic of	74	270	879	829	1,050	-72.5	-48.4
Mexico	-	-		25	_	_	
Netherlands	890	850	1,979	1,977	1,223	4.7	-7.6
Portugal	190	288	245	118	164	-34.2	3.7
Romania	425	172	491	1,737	1,315	147.6	-24.6
South Africa, Rep of	310	260	992	706	947	19.4	-24.3
Spain	899	642	758	681	818	39.9	2.4
Sweden	534	420	740	657	882	27.1	-11.8
Turkey	501	465	1,322	1,295	1,643	7.7	-25.7
United Kingdom	893	1,095	1,637	897	1,024	-18.4	-3.4
Iajor States Total	38,005	37,355	56,569	55,278	56,162	1.7	-9.3
Algeria	337	371	400	299	206	-9.2	13.1
Argentina	220	52	305	259	216	325.9	.4
Belgium & Luxembourg	1,413	1,652	2,296	2,719	3,109	-14.5	-17.9
Brazil	4,879	4,382	6,602	6,888	6,298	11.3	-6.2
Bulgaria	893	438	1,002	1,252	1,361	103.7	-10.0
Canada	7,884	9,026	11,140	8,203	8,472	-12.6	-1.8
Chile	-	_	_	_	43	_	_
China (Taiwan)	111	144	404	549	353	-22.6	-25.1
Egypt	854	296	961	985	1,138	188.9	-6.9
Finland	328	188	455	379	507	74.4	-10.3
France	3,790	3,403	5,126	3,839	4,406	11.4	-3.7
Germany, FR	743	887	1,121	736	769	-16.3	9
Iceland	87	53	62	107	119	64.1	-7.5
India	23	15	_	_	11	56.1	19.2
Italy	4,194	3,829	4,690	4,238	4,507	9.5	-1.8
Japan	989	1,870	4,433	5,775	6,453	-47.1	-37.4
Korea, Republic of	1,830	1,880	2,313	3,001	3,493	-2.7	-14.9
Mexico	_	_	-	25	_		_
Netherlands	2,315	2,514	3,977	4,185	3,233	-7.9	-8.0
Norway	46	96	138	198	140	-52.4	-24.3
Portugal	190	288	245	179	164	-34.2	3.7
Romania	425	172	1,093	2,083	1,517	147.6	-27.3
Saudi Arabia	-		42	48	22	-	
South Africa, Rep of	394	439	1,359	1,090	1,192	-10.4	-24.2
Spain	2,021	1,670	2,587	2,231	2,240	21.0	-2.5
Sweden	554	562	773	657	1,066	-1.4	-15.1
Turkey	1,374	576	1,533	1,784	1,969	138.3	-8.6
United Kingdom	2,111	2,553	3,512	3,568	3,160	-17.3	-9.6
S. Total	20 005	27 255		EE 270	EC 163	1.7	0.2
S. Total	38,005	37,355	56,569	55,278	56,162	1.7	-9.3
Algeria	337	371	400	299	206	-9.2	13.1
Argentina	220	52	305	259	216	325.9	.4
Belgium & Luxembourg	1,413	1,652	2,296	2,719	3,109	-14.5	-17.9
Brazil	4,879	4,382	6,602	6,888	6,298	11.3	-6.2
Bulgaria	893	438	1,002	1,252	1,361	103.7	-10.0
Canada	7,884	9,026	11,140	8,203	8,472	-12.6	-1.8

Table 61. Foreign Distribution of U.S. Metallurgical Coal by Major Coal-Exporting States and Destination, 1996-2000 (Continued)

Coal-Exporting State	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	Percent Change	Average Annua Percent Change
and Destination						1999-2000	1996-2000
J.S. Total (Continued)							
Chile	_	_	_	_	43	_	_
China (Taiwan)	111	144	404	549	353	-22.6	-25.1
Egypt	854	296	961	985	1,138	188.9	-6.9
Finland	328	188	455	379	507	74.4	-10.3
France	3,790	3,403	5,126	3,839	4,406	11.4	-3.7
Germany, FR	743	887	1,121	736	769	-16.3	9
Iceland	87	53	62	107	119	64.1	-7.5
India	23	15	_	_	11	56.1	19.2
Italy	4,194	3,829	4,690	4,238	4,507	9.5	-1.8
Japan	989	1,870	4,433	5,775	6,453	-47.1	-37.4
Korea, Republic of	1,830	1,880	2,313	3,001	3,493	-2.7	-14.9
Mexico	_	_	_	25	_	_	_
Netherlands	2,315	2,514	3,977	4,185	3,233	-7.9	-8.0
Norway	46	96	138	198	140	-52.4	-24.3
Portugal	190	288	245	179	164	-34.2	3.7
Romania	425	172	1,093	2,083	1,517	147.6	-27.3
Saudi Arabia	_	_	42	48	22	-	_
South Africa, Rep of	394	439	1,359	1,090	1,192	-10.4	-24.2
Spain	2,021	1,670	2,587	2,231	2,240	21.0	-2.5
Sweden	554	562	773	657	1,066	-1.4	-15.1
Turkey	1,374	576	1,533	1,784	1,969	138.3	-8.6
United Kingdom	2,111	2,553	3,512	3,568	3,160	-17.3	-9.6

 $^{^{\}hbox{\scriptsize NM}}$ Not meaningful as value is greater than 500 percent.

Notes: Major coal-exporting States are those with total coal exports of over 500,000 short tons in 2000. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Values shown for destinations other than Canada and Mexico are estimates based upon information reported on Energy Information Administration Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report," and coal export data presented in King's COALBASE (King Publishing Corporation, Knoxville, Tennessee). See the Explanatory Notes for a complete description of the methodology used to develop these estimates. Values shown for Canada and Mexico are based upon Form EIA-6A.

Table 62. Foreign Distribution of U.S. Steam Coal by Major Coal-Exporting States and Destination, 1996-2000

Coal-Exporting State	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	Percent Change	Average Annual Percent Change
and Destination						1999-2000	1996-2000
Alabama	86	_	59	114	341	_	-29.1
Italy		_	-	114	341	_	-
Netherlands		-	_	-	_	-	-
United Kingdom	–	_	59	_	_	_	_
Alaska	734	537	371	698	776	36.7	-1.4
Korea, Republic of		537	371	662	776 776	-100.0	-1. 4
Unknown		-	-	37	-	-	-
Colorado	1,099	1,819	1,754	1,523	1,385	-39.6	-5.6
China (Taiwan)	–	-	-	75	219	-	-
Israel		_	-	-	30	-	-
Japan		467	422	296	314	135.5	36.8
Korea, Republic of					65		-
Mexico	–	1,352	1,332	1,152	758	-100.0	_
Kentucky		728	1,889	2,458	3,841	-100.0	-100.0
Canada		38		-	-	-100.0	_
China (Taiwan)		691	1,780	2,111	1,978	-100.0	_
Finland		_	_	102	1.612	_	_
Italy		_	_	182	1,613	_	_
Jamaica Japan		_	109	56	17	_	_
Netherlands		_	109	109	_	_	_
Portugal		_	_	-	229	_	_
Pennsylvania	6,892	4,981	5,996	6,593	7,604	38.3	-2.4
Belgium & Luxembourg		_	84	146	´ –	_	_
Brazil		1	1	2	3	104.7	.2
Canada	2,874	2,533	2,269	2,612	1,050	13.5	28.6
Croatia	90	_	-	-	-	-	-
Denmark		_	672	467	801	-	_
Dominican Republic		_	76	64	50	_	-
Finland		_	-	229	283	_	_
France		30	86 177	135	256	NM	5.2
Germany, FR	313	50	1//	155	491	INIVI	3.2
Ireland		1,040	1,203	1,116	1,067	-42.2	-13.4
Israel		723	800	861	1,068	-89.5	-48.4
Italy		-	85	-	89	-	.3
Jamaica		_	_	_	_	_	_
Japan		_	_	_	136	_	_
Korea, Republic of	–	-	_	70	94	-	_
Morocco	861	_	75	118	173	_	49.4
Netherlands		188	1	482	570	240.6	3.0
Norway		_	_	11	30	_	_
Peru		12	71	13	-	28.4	_
Portugal		451	275	261	592	2.9	-5.9
Spain		_	16	-	951	_	25.5
United KingdomVenezuela		4	101 4	- 5	851 1	-1.7	-35.5 37.6
		•	•				
Utah Chile	3,073	2,313	2,535	3,317 38	5,118 445	32.9	-12.0
China (Taiwan)	183	406	117	597	648	-54.8	-27.1
Ecuador		_	_	38	-		
Japan Korea, Republic of		1,907	2,418	2,402 242	3,871 154	51.5	-7.0 -
, 1		F2.4	160			100.0	400.0
Virginia Canada		734 734	162	553	671	−100.0 −100.0	-100.0 -
Italy		-	162	542	502	-	_
Portugal		_	-	-	145	_	_
Spain		_	_	11	_	_	_
Turkey		-	-	_	24	_	-
West Virginia	4,647	2,728	5,307	8,132	10,327	70.3	-18.1
Belgium & Luxembourg		, =	172	641	921	_	-46.9
Brazil				2	10		

Table 62. Foreign Distribution of U.S. Steam Coal by Major Coal-Exporting States and Destination, 1996-2000 (Continued)

Coal-Exporting State	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	Percent Change	Average Annua Percent Change
and Destination	2000	1,7,7				1999-2000	1996-2000
Vest Virginia (Continued)							
Bulgaria	2 172	1.027	1.555	1 225	62	-	70.1
Canada	3,172	1,927	1,555	1,335	315	64.6	78.1
Chile	_	35	48	25	152	-100.0	_
Denmark	-	_	_	70	-	_	-
France	68	_	_	293	817	_	-46.2
Germany, FR	58	_		35	358	_	-36.5
Israel	_	_	101	211	375	-	_
Italy	_	_	621	1,794	2,604	-	_
Jamaica	_		30	8	36		_
Japan	_	52		-	-	-100.0	_
Mexico		_	256			-	
Morocco	122	_	67	96	1,111	_	-42.5
Netherlands	569	189	173	448	413	200.6	8.4
Peru	-	5	-	-	_	-100.0	_
Portugal	_	_	206	771	964	-	-
Spain	_	17	_	77	69	-100.0	-
Turkey	_	_	_	_	12	_	_
United Kingdom	585	503	2,079	2,326	2,109	16.3	-27.4
Vyoming	4,780	3,774	3,729	2,541	2,395	26.6	18.9
Canada	2,852	2,951	1,931	818	443	-3.4	59.3
Mexico	_	_	12	_	_	_	_
Netherlands	_	_	_	_	63	_	_
Spain	1,929	823	1,786	1,723	1,889	134.4	.5
*	21 210	4= <4.4	21.002	25.020	22 450	21.0	40.0
Aajor States Total	21,310	17,614	21,802	25,929	32,458	21.0	-10.0
Belgium & Luxembourg	73	_	256	787	921	-	-46.9
Brazil	3	1	1	4	12	104.7	-32.1
Bulgaria	-	-	_	-	62	-	_
Canada	8,897	8,183	5,754	4,764	1,808	8.7	48.9
Chile	_	35	48	64	597	-100.0	_
China (Taiwan)	183	1,096	1,897	2,783	2,845	-83.3	-49.6
Croatia	90	-	-	-	_	-	_
Denmark	-	-	672	538	801	-	_
Dominican Republic	_	_	76	64	50	_	_
Ecuador	_	_	_	38	_	_	_
Finland	_	_	_	229	287	_	_
France	755	_	86	293	817	_	-1.9
Germany, FR	371	30	177	170	614	NM	-11.8
Greece	_	_	_	_	491	_	_
Ireland	601	1.040	1,203	1,116	1.067	-42.2	-13.4
Israel	75	723	901	1,071	1,473	-89.5	-52.4
Italy	89	-	868	2,632	5,149	-	-63.7
Jamaica	27	_	30	64	53	_	-15.6
Japan	3,989	2,426	2,949	2,698	4,321	64.4	-2.0
Korea, Republic of	5,767	537	371	973	1,089	-100.0	2.0
Mexico	_	1,352	1,599	1,152	758	-100.0 -100.0	_
Morocco	983	1,334	1,399	214	1,284	100.0	-6.5
Netherlands	1,296	377	175	1,039	1,046	243.3	5.5
	1,290	311			1,046	243.3	3.3
Norway	15	17	- 71	11	30	-	_
Peru	15	17	71	13	1.020	-7.7	-
Portugal	465	451	481	1,032	1,930	2.9	-29.9
Spain	1,929	840	1,802	1,811	1,957	129.7	4
Turkey	_	-	_		37		
United Kingdom	732	503	2,238	2,326	2,959	45.5	-29.5
Venezuela	4	4	4	5	1	-1.7	37.6
Unknown	734	_	_	37	_	_	_
ther States Total	1,027	929	1,815	2,043	3,579	10.6	-26.8
Belgium & Luxembourg	1,027	<i>,,,,</i>	1,013	2,043	3,379 76	-	-20.0
	_	_	_	_	1	_	_
Brazil						2.6	
Canada	742	762	1,018	438	319	-2.6	23.5
Denmark	_	_	_	_	364	_	_
Germany, FR	_	_	_	56	325	-	_
Ireland	_	92	20	_	80	-100.0	_
Japan	_	_	99	80	66	-	_
Mexico	10	8	2	_	_	20.4	

Table 62. Foreign Distribution of U.S. Steam Coal by Major Coal-Exporting States and Destination, 1996-2000 (Continued)

Coal-Exporting State	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	Percent Change	Average Annua Percent Change
and Destination						1999-2000	1996-2000
Other States Total (Continued)							
Morocco	_	_	_	_	103	_	_
Netherlands		_	_	_	120	_	_
Sweden		_	_	_	25	_	_
United Kingdom		_	208	662	805	_	_
Unknown		67	468	806	1,294	311.2	-32.1
J.S. Total	22,337	18,543	23,616	27,972	36,037	20.5	-11.3
Belgium & Luxembourg	73	_	256	787	997	_	-47.9
Brazil	3	1	1	4	14	104.7	-33.8
Bulgaria		_	_	_	62	_	_
Canada	9,639	8,945	6,772	5,202	2,127	7.8	45.9
Chile	_	35	48	64	597	-100.0	_
China (Taiwan)	183	1,096	1,897	2,783	2,845	-83.3	-49.6
Croatia	90	_	_	_	_	_	_
Denmark		_	672	538	1,165	_	_
Dominican Republic	_	_	76	64	50	_	_
Ecuador	_	_	_	38	_	_	_
Finland	_	_	_	229	287	_	_
France	755	_	86	293	817	_	-1.9
Germany, FR	371	30	177	226	939	NM	-20.7
Greece	_	_	_	_	491	_	_
Ireland	601	1,131	1,224	1,116	1,147	-46.8	-14.9
Israel	75	723	901	1,071	1,473	-89.5	-52.4
Italy	89	_	868	2,632	5,149	_	-63.7
Jamaica		_	30	64	53	_	-15.6
Japan	3,989	2,426	3,048	2,778	4,387	64.4	-2.3
Korea, Republic of	· –	537	371	973	1,089	-100.0	_
Mexico		1,361	1,601	1,152	758	-99.3	-66.0
Morocco		_	141	214	1,388	_	-8.3
Netherlands		377	175	1,039	1,165	243.3	2.7
Norway	,	_	_	11	30	_	_
Peru		17	71	13	_	-7.7	_
Portugal		451	481	1,032	1,930	2.9	-29.9
Spain		840	1,802	1,811	1,957	129.7	4
Sweden		_	_	_	25	_	_
Turkey		_	_	_	37	_	_
United Kingdom		503	2,446	2,988	3,765	45.5	-33.6
Venezuela		4	4	5	1	-1.7	37.6
Unknown		67	468	843	1,294	NM	-6.0

NM Not meaningful as value is greater than 500 percent.

Sources: Values shown for destinations other than Canada and Mexico are estimates based upon information reported on Energy Information Administration Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report," and coal export data presented in King's COALBASE (King Publishing Corporation, Knoxville, Tennessee). See the Explanatory Notes for a complete description of the methodology used to develop these estimates. Values shown for Canada and Mexico are based upon Form EIA-6A.

Notes: Major coal-exporting States are those with total coal exports of over 500,000 short tons in 2000. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 2000

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
	1		ORIGIN: ALABAMA	1	
labama	11,761	266	2,334	53	14,414
Railroad	,	94	339	=	6,054
River	· ·		337	_	4,912
	,	172	1.995	53	,
Truck		172	,	55	3,448
rkansas		_	192	_	192
Railroad		_	176	_	176
Truck	_	_	17	_	17
eorgia	132	_	_	_	132
Railroad	132	_	_	_	132
diana		540	_	_	540
Railroad		540	_	_	540
klahoma		340	*		J40 *
		_	*	_	*
Railroad		_	*	_	
ennsylvania	_	206	_	_	206
Railroad	_	206	_	_	206
ennessee	_	_	1	_	1
Truck		_	1	_	1
nknown State		_	_	_	1 0
Unknown		=	=	_	1 0
UIIKIIUWII	_	_	_	_	. 0
4 7D 4 1	44.003	4.044	2 = 20	5 2	1 4 = 40 =
ate Total	,	1,012	2,528	53	¹ 15,486
Railroad	5,754	840	515	_	7,108
River	4,912	_	_	_	4,912
Truck	1,228	172	2,013	53	3,466
Unknown	-,		_,-,	_	1 0
Olikilowii					O
			ORIGIN: ALASKA		
laska	324		ORIGIN: ALASKA	523	847
		_	_		
Railroad		_	_	462	616
Truck	170	_	_	61	231
ate Total	324	_	_	523	847
Railroad	154	_	_	462	616
Truck	170	-	-	61	231
			ODICIN, ADIZONA		
			ORIGIN: ARIZONA		
rizona	8,275	_		_	8,275
Railroad	8,275	_	_	_	8,275
evada	4,711	_	_	_	4,711
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	4,711	_	_	_	4,711
,,, and breary repende minimum	-,,				.,,,11
ate Total	12,986	_	_	_	12,986
	,	_	_	_	,
Railroad		_	_	_	8,275
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	4,711	-	_	-	4,711
			ORIGIN: ARKANSA	S	
lissouri			9	_	9
Truck	_	_	9	_	9
	_	_	2	_	9
exas	_	_	_	_	2
Truck	-	_	2	_	2
ate Total	_	-	11	_	11
Truck	-	-	11	-	11
			ORIGIN: COLORAD	0	
				*	4.0=-
rizona		_	150	*	1,076
Railroad	926	_	150	_	1,076
Truck	_	_	_	*	*
rkansas		_	121	_	121
					121
	_				
Railroad		_	121	_	
	117	-	121 19 19	-	136 136

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
		ORIG	IN: COLORADO (Con	ntinued)	
Colorado	12,348		1,040	74	13,462
Railroad	9,224		836	66	10.127
	,	_			- ,
Truck	3,123	-	204	8	3,335
Ilinois	1,505	_	442	_	1,94
Railroad	804	_	442	_	1,245
River	702	_	_	-	702
ndiana	35	_	_	_	35
Railroad	23	_	_	_	23
River	12	_	_	_	12
owa	393	_	_	_	393
Railroad	393	_	_	_	393
Kansas	708	_	11	_	719
Railroad	708	_	11	_	719
			11		
Kentucky	2,464	_	_	_	2,464
Railroad	2,464	_	_	_	2,464
Mississippi	544	_	10	_	554
Railroad	544	_	10	_	554
Missouri	1,363	_	216	_	1,579
Railroad	689	-	-	_	689
River	674	_	216	_	890
Nebraska	6	_	120	_	126
Railroad	6	_	120	_	126
New Mexico	23	_	76	*	99
Truck	23		76 76	*	90
	23	_			
Oklahoma	_	_	70	_	70
Railroad		_	70	_	70
Tennessee	1,121	_	_	_	1,121
Railroad	584	-	_	_	584
River	536	_	_	_	536
Fexas	1,450	_	889	_	2,338
Railroad	1,450	_	889	_	2,338
Utah	1,531	319	_	_	1,849
Railroad	1,531	319	_	_	1,849
Wisconsin	12	517	_	_	1,04
	12	_	_	_	12
Railroad	12	_	147	-	
Wyoming	_	_	147	_	147
Truck	_	_	147	_	147
Unknown State	_	_	_	-	1 66
Unknown	_	_	-	-	1 66
State Total	24,545	319	3,309	75	1 28,314
State Total			,		-)-
Railroad	19,474	319	2,668	66	22,526
River	1,925	_	216	_	2,140
Truck	3,147	-	426	9	3,581
Unknown	-	-	-	-	1 66
_			ORIGIN: ILLINOI	S	
Alabama	1,426		-		1,426
Railroad	534	-	-	_	534
River	578	-	-	_	578
Tidewater	314	_	_	_	314
Connecticut	_	_	*	_	2
Truck	_	_	*	_	1
lorida	6,683	_	_	_	6,683
River	6,683	_	_	_	6,683
llinois	7,692	_	2,860	170	10,722
	,	_			,
Railroad	4,818	-	1,248	1	6,067
River	220	_	76	19	316
Truck	2,653	-	1,527	149	4,329
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	_	_	10	_	10
ndiana	4,005	_	_	2	4,000
Railroad	2,894	_	_	_	2,894
River	736	_	_	2	737
		_	_	2	
Truck	375	_		- 93	375
owa	303	_	678	83	1,064
Railroad	21	_	254	_	276
River	282	_	215	83	580
			208	at a	208

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
		OR	GIN: ILLINOIS (Cont	inued)	
Kentucky	145	_	_	_	145
Railroad	143	_	_	_	143
Truck	2	_	_	_	2
ouisiana	1.479	_	_	_	1,479
River	1,479	_	_	_	1,479
/innesota	101	_	_	_	101
River	101	_	_	_	10
/Ississippi	1,357	_	106	_	1,463
River	147	_	106	_	253
Tidewater	1,210		100		1,210
/lissouri	1,214		369	152	1,735
Railroad	580	_	307	132	580
River	478	_	_	_	478
	155	_	369	152	
Truck		_		152	677
)hio	113	_	7	_	120
River	113	_	_	_	113
Truck	_	_	7	_	
Oklahoma	_	_	1	_	1
River	_	_	1	_	
ennessee	3,270	_	-	_	3,270
Railroad	119	_	-	_	119
River	3,151	_	-	_	3,15
Vest Virginia	2	_	_	_	2
River	2	_	_	_	2
Visconsin	2	-	147	_	149
Railroad	2	_	117	_	119
Great Lakes	_	_	31	_	31
Vyoming	34	_	_	_	34
Railroad	34	_	_	_	34
Jnknown State	_	_	_	_	1 25
Unknown	-	-	-	-	1 25
tate Total	27,824	_	4,169	406	1 32,424
Railroad	9,145	_	1,619	1	10,765
River	13,970	_	399	104	14,472
Great Lakes	13,970		31	104	31
Tidewater	1,524		51		1,524
	3,186	_	2,111	302	5,599
Truck	3,180	_		302	
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	_	_	10	_	10 1 25
Unknown	_	_	_	_	1 23
			ORIGIN: INDIANA	1	
llinois	60	_	10	*	70
Railroad	_	_	10	_	10
River	55	_	<u>-</u>	_	55
Truck	5	_	_	*	5
ndiana	23,927	_	2,463	270	26,660
Railroad	15,408	_	277	*	15,685
River	13,408	_	1,167	_	1,180
Truck	7,758	_	1,019	270	9,047
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	7,738	_	- 1,017		748
	/40	_	10	_	10
Railroad	_	_	10 10	_	10
	1 100	_	10	_	
Centucky	1,190	_	_	_	1,190
Railroad	981	_	_	_	981
Truck	209	_	_	_	209
finnesota	62	_	-	_	62
Railroad	62	_	-	_	62
	7	_	-	_	3
	7	_	_	_	7
Aissouri	,		*	_	1
Railroad	_	_			
/issouri Railroad	- -	_	*	_	×,
Railroad Dklahoma		- - -	* 52	_ _	272
Railroad	- -	- - -	* 52 52	- - -	
Railroad Oklahoma River Visconsin		- - - -		- - - -	272 272 1 14

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
	I	ORI	GIN: INDIANA (Conti	inued)	
-					
state Total	25,465	_	2,535	270	1 28,285
Railroad	16,677	_	349	*	17,026
River	68	-	1,167	_	1,236
Truck	7,973	-	1,019	270	9,262
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	748	-	-	_	748
Unknown	_	_	_	_	1 14
			ORIGIN: KANSAS		
Kansas	201	-	_	-	201
Truck	201	-	-	-	201
tate Total	201	_	_	_	201
Truck	201	-	-	-	201
_		OF	RIGIN: KENTUCKY, T	TOTAL	
labama	2,632	4	270		2,906
Railroad	2,010	4	98	_	2,112
River	622	_	130	_	752
Truck		_	41	_	41
rizona	163	_	_	_	163
River	163	_	_	_	163
Connecticut	660	_	_	_	660
Tidewater	660	_	_	_	660
elaware	111	_	10	_	121
Railroad	111	_	10	_	121
istrict of Columbia	_	_	_	5	5
Railroad	_	_	_	5	5
lorida	12,067	_	689	9	12,765
Railroad	9,939	_	646	_	10,585
River	1,900	_	_	_	1,900
Tidewater	227	_	_	_	227
Truck	-	-	43	9	52
eorgia	16,117	-	1,155	*	17,272
Railroad	16,117	-	989	*	17,106
River	-	-	25	_	25
Truck	-	-	142	_	142
linois	313	-	264	60	637
Railroad	154	-	40	_	194
River	83	-	213	60	356
Great Lakes	-	-	2	_	2
Truck	75	-	10	-	85
ndiana	1,198	11	963	1	2,173
Railroad	308	11	644	-	963
River	699	-	282	-	980
Truck	192	-	38	1	230
owa	16	-	26	136	177
River	16		26	136	177
entucky	20,379	434	5,021	170	2 26,024
Railroad	5,823	432	371	_	6,627
River	5,302	_	2,450	_	7,752
Truck	9,253	2	2,200	170	11,625
Unknown	-	_	_	-	2 20
ouisiana	_	_	31	-	31
River	_	_	31	_	31
Iaine	-	_	150	_	150
Railroad	-	_	58	_	58
Tidewater	- 010	_	92	-	92
laryland	818	_	34	1	853
Railroad	699	_	_	1	700
River	119	_	34	_	153
lassachusetts	319	_	53	-	371
Railroad	319	_	53	_	371
lichigan	4,742	_	1,073	8	5,823
Railroad	4,092	-	609	8	4,709
River	112	_	14	_	126

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
1	I.	ORIGIN:	KENTUCKY, TOTAL	(Continued)	
Michigan —					
Great Lakes	463	_	438	_	903
Truck	75	_	12	*	87
Minnesota	76	_	172	*	248
Railroad	4	_	4	_	;
River	72	_	91	*	163
Great Lakes	_	_	77	_	7'
Truck	_	_	_	*	3
Mississippi	795	_	_	_	79:
Railroad	795	_	_	_	79:
/lissouri	10	_	43	9	62
Railroad	2	_	_	_	2
River	8	_	43	9	60
Nebraska	*	_	_	_	
Railroad	*	_	_	_	3
New Hampshire	11	_	_	_	1:
Tidewater	11	_	_	_	1
New Jersey	225	_	1	_	220
Railroad	225	_	1	_	220
Truck	_	_	*	_	
New York	125	_	467	45	638
Railroad	110	_	456	_	560
River	_	_	-	45	4:
Tidewater	15	_	_	=	1:
Truck	-	_	12	_	12
North Carolina	12,149	_	1,439	25	13,613
Railroad	11,760	_	1,247	25	13,032
River	375	_	1,247	23	375
Truck	15	_	192	*	207
Ohio	5,219	136	1,623	122	7,10
Railroad	1,217	136	441	122	1,795
		130		87	
River	3,864	_	180	87	4,13
Great Lakes	120	_	13	- 24	1.16
Truck	138	_	988	34	1,16
Oklahoma	_	_	25	_	2:
Railroad	_	_	8	_	
River	_	_	16	_	10
Oregon	_	_	5	_	5
Railroad	_	-	5	Ξ	
Pennsylvania	142	171	343	7	663
Railroad	105	23	85	2	214
River	2	148	247	4	40
Truck	36	_	11	*	43
South Carolina	11,812	-	1,695	-	13,50′
Railroad	11,812	-	1,615	-	13,42
Truck		-	80	-	- 80
Геппеsseе	12,026	-	1,647	110	13,78
Railroad	6,761	-	1,148	-	7,909
River	5,264	-	178	76	5,513
Truck	*	_	321	34	350
Texas	20	_	106	_	120
Railroad	20	_	106	_	120
Virginia	3,714	_	2,749	25	6,488
Railroad	3,556	_	941	*	4,49
Truck	158	_	1,808	25	1,99
Vest Virginia	117	_	590	3	710
Railroad	65	_	109	2	170
River	32	_	397	_	429
Truck	20	_	83	1	105
Visconsin	201	_	505	151	85
Railroad	105	_	287	33	420
River	19	_	4	117	141
Great Lakes	76	_	214		29
Unknown State	/ U —	_	-	_	1 380
Unknown State Unknown	_	_	_	_	1 386
UIKIIOWII	_	_	_	_	- 360
State Total	106,176	757	21,149	886	3 129,374
	100,170	151	41,17/	000	147,37

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total			
-	l	ORIGIN: KENTUCKY, TOTAL (Continued)						
State Total	10.550	1.40	1000	70 6	22 505			
River	18,652	148	4,362	536	23,697			
Great Lakes	540	_	744	_	1,284			
Tidewater	913	_	92		1,000			
Truck	9,963	2	5,981	275	16,22			
Unknown	-	-	-	-	3 400			
_		ORI	GIN: KENTUCKY, EA	STERN				
.labama	1,482	4	270	_	1,755			
Railroad	1,481	4	98	_	1,583			
River	1	_	130	_	13:			
Truck	_	_	41	_	4			
rizona	163	_	_	_	16.			
River	163	_	_	_	163			
	660	_	=	_	660			
Connecticut		_	_	_				
Tidewater	660	_	-	_	660			
Delaware	111	_	10	_	12:			
Railroad	111	-	10	_	12			
District of Columbia	-	_	-	5	:			
Railroad	-	-	-	5	:			
Iorida	10,167	_	689	9	10,86			
Railroad	9,939	_	646	_	10,58			
Tidewater	227	_	_	_	22			
Truck	_	_	43	9	52			
eorgia	16,117	_	1,155	*	17,27			
Railroad	16,117	_	989	*	17,100			
River	10,117	_	25		2			
	_	_		_				
Truck	-	-	142	_	14:			
llinois	171	_	235	60	460			
Railroad	154	-	40	_	19-			
River	_	_	193	60	25:			
Great Lakes	-	-	2	_				
Truck	17	_	*	_	1'			
ndiana	805	11	930	1	1,747			
Railroad	149	11	611	_	77			
River	626	_	282	_	908			
Truck	30	_	38	1	6			
owa	50	_	18	13	30			
			18		30			
River		434		13 169	2 10,70			
Centucky	5,180		4,898	109				
Railroad	2,884	432	371	_	3,688			
River	585	_	2,397		2,982			
Truck	1,711	2	2,130	169	4,012			
Unknown	-	-	-	_	2 2			
ouisiana	_	_	31	_	3:			
River	-	_	31	_	3			
Iaine	_	_	150	_	150			
Railroad	_	_	58	_	58			
Tidewater	_	_	92	_	92			
Iaryland	818	_	34	1	85.			
Railroad	699	_	_	1	700			
River	119	_	34	_	153			
	319 319	_	54 53	_				
Iassachusetts		_		_	371			
Railroad	319	_	53	_	37.			
lichigan	4,742	-	1,073	8	5,82			
Railroad	4,092	_	609	8	4,709			
River	112	-	14	_	120			
Great Lakes	463	_	438	_	90			
Truck	75	_	12	*	8′			
/innesota	61	_	172	*	233			
Railroad	4	_	4	_	235			
	57	_	91	*	148			
River	31	_		**				
Great Lakes	_	_	77	-	77			
Truck	_	_	_	*	,			

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total			
	ORIGIN: KENTUCKY, EASTERN (Continued)							
Mississippi	795	_	_	_	795			
Railroad	795	_	_	_	795			
Missouri	10	_	43	9	62			
Railroad	2	_	_	_	2			
River	8	_	43	9	60			
Nebraska	*	_	-13		*			
Railroad	*	_	_	_	*			
New Hampshire	11				11			
Tidewater	11	_	_	_	11			
	225	_	1	_	226			
New Jersey		_		_				
Railroad	225	_	1	_ 45	226			
New York	125	_	467	45	638			
Railroad	110	-	456	_	566			
River	-	-	_	45	45			
Tidewater	15	-	-	-	15			
Truck	-	_	12	-	12			
North Carolina	12,149	_	1,439	25	13,613			
Railroad	11,760	-	1,247	25	13,032			
River	375	_		_	375			
Truck	15	_	192	*	207			
Ohio	5,156	136	1,623	122	7,037			
Railroad	1,217	136	441	-	1,795			
River	3,800	130	180	87	4,068			
	3,800	_	13	87	4,000			
Great Lakes	120	_		24				
Truck	138	_	988	34	1,161			
Oklahoma	_	_	25	_	25			
Railroad	-	-	8	_	8			
River	-	-	16	_	16			
Oregon	-	-	5	_	5			
Railroad	-	-	5	_	4			
Pennsylvania	142	171	343	7	663			
Railroad	105	23	85	2	214			
River	2	148	247	4	401			
Truck	36	_	11	*	48			
South Carolina	11,812	_	1,695	_	13,507			
Railroad	11,812	_	1,615	_	13,427			
Truck	11,012		80	_	80			
	4.925	_	1,561	110	6,596			
Γennessee	, .	_		110	,			
Railroad	4,914	_	1,148	-	6,062			
River	11	_	111	76	198			
Truck	*	-	302	34	336			
Гехаs	20	_	106	-	126			
Railroad	20	-	106	-	126			
Virginia	3,714	_	2,749	25	6,488			
Railroad	3,556	_	941	*	4,497			
Truck	158	_	1,808	25	1,991			
West Virginia	117	_	590	3	710			
Railroad	65	_	109	2	176			
River	32	_	397	_	429			
Truck	20	_	83	1	105			
Wisconsin	187	_	326	151	664			
	105	_	107	33				
Railroad		_			246			
River	5	_	4	117	127			
Great Lakes	76	_	214	_	291			
J nknown State Unknown	-			_ _	1 382 1 382			
State Total	80,184	757	20,689	762	3 102,794			
Railroad	70,634	607	9,757	76	81,074			
River	5,896	148	4,213	413	10,670			
Great Lakes	540	_	744	-	1,284			
Tidewater	913	_	92	_	1,006			
		2		272	,			
Truck	2,201	2	5,883	273	8,359			
Unknown	-	_	_	_	3 4			

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
		ORIO	GIN: KENTUCKY, WE	STERN	
\labama	1,151	_	_	_	1,151
Railroad	530	_	_	-	530
River	621	_	_	_	621
Torida	1,900	_	_	_	1,900
River	1,900	_	_	_	1,900
	141		30		
llinois		_		_	171
River	83	_	20	_	103
Truck	58	_	9	_	68
ndiana	393	_	33	_	426
Railroad	159	_	33	_	192
River	73	_	_	_	73
Truck	161	_	_	_	161
	16		8	123	147
0Wa		_			
River	16	_	8	123	147
Kentucky	15,199	_	123	2	15,323
Railroad	2,939	-	_	_	2,939
River	4,717	_	54	-	4,771
Truck	7,542	_	69	2	7,613
Maryland	*	_	_	-	**
Railroad	*				de
	· ·	_	_	_	4.5
Minnesota	15	_	_	_	15
River	15	_	_	_	15
New Jersey	_	_	*	_	*
Truck	_	_	*	_	ale
Ohio	63	_	_	_	63
River	63	_	_	_	63
Tennessee	7,100	_	86	*	7,187
	,	_	80		,
Railroad	1,847	_	-	_	1,847
River	5,254	-	67	_	5,320
Truck	_	_	19	*	19
Visconsin	14	_	179	_	193
Railroad	_	_	179	_	179
River	14	_	_	_	14
Jnknown State	_	_	_	_	1 4
	_	_	_	_	1 4
Unknown	_	_	_	_	- 4
S	25.002		450	40.5	1 2 5 500
State Total	25,992	_	459	125	1 26,580
Railroad	5,474	_	212	_	5,687
River	12,755	_	149	123	13,027
Truck	7,762	_	98	2	7,862
Unknown	_	_	_	_	1 4
			ORIGIN: LOUISIANA	1	
Louisiana	3,696	_	_	_	3,696
Truck	770	-	_	_	770
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	2,926	_	_	-	2,926
Oklahoma	_	_	9	_	, 9
River	_	_	9	_	9
State Total	3 606		a		2 704
	3,696	_	9	_	3,704
River		-	9	_	_ 9
Truck	770	-	_	_	770
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	2,926	_	-	-	2,926
_			ORIGIN: MARYLAN	D	
Connecticut	14				14
Tidewater	14	_	_	_	14
		_	_	_	
Delaware	97	_	_	_	97
Railroad	97	-	_	_	97
// Aaryland	1,089	_	248	4	1,340
Railroad	224	_	_	_	224
Truck	865	_	248	4	1,116
New Jersey	5	_	270	-	5,110
Tidewater		_	_	_	
LIGOVOTOR	5	_	_	_	5

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total			
	ORIGIN: MARYLAND (Continued)							
Virginia	. 431				431			
Truck		_	_	_	431			
West Virginia		_	_	_	2,640			
Truck		_	_	_	2,640			
Jnknown State	. –	_	_	_	1 :			
Unknown	. –	-	-	-	1 8			
tate Total	. 4,275	_	248	4	1 4,535			
Railroad		-	_	_	32			
Tidewater		-	-	_	18			
Truck		-	248	4	4,187			
Unknown	. –	_	_	_	1 8			
			ORIGIN: MISSISSIP	PI				
Mississippi		_	_	-	11			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	. 11	_	_	_	11			
State Total		-	-	-	11			
ramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	. 11				11			
			ORIGIN: MISSOUR	RI				
Kansas		-	-	-	188 188			
Truck		_	28	*	249			
Truck		_	28	*	249			
State Total	. 408	_	28	*	430			
Truck		-	28	*	430			
	-		ORIGIN: MONTAN	A				
Arizona	. 198	_	_	_	198			
Railroad		_	_	_	198			
llinois	. 2,552	_	_	_	2,552			
Railroad	. 2,552	_	_	_	2,552			
ndiana		-	_	_	1,011			
Railroad		-	-	_	1,01			
Kansas		-	-	_	1,464			
Railroad		_	_	_	1,464			
Aichigan		-	116	_	9,239			
Railroad		_	*	_	2,855			
Great Lakes		_	116	-	6,384			
Minnesota	,	_	22	_	10,771			
Railroad		_	22	_	10,771			
Mississippi		_	_	_	151 151			
Railroad		_	505		9,723			
Railroad	,	_	303		13			
Truck		_	64	2	413			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline		_	441	_	9,173			
North Dakota		_	-	79	14			
Railroad		_	_	79	145			
)hio		_	152		15.			
Great Lakes		_	152	_	153			
Vashington		_	_	_	1,685			
Railroad		_	_	-	1,685			
Visconsin	. 578	-	_	-	578			
Railroad		-	-	-	578			
Vyoming		-	-	64	64			
Railroad	. –	_	_	64	64			
tate Total		-	794	146	37,735			
Railroad		-	22	143	21,613			
Great Lakes		-	268	_	6,530			
Truck		-	64	2	413			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	. 8,731	_	441	_	9,173			

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total			
	ORIGIN: NEW MEXICO							
Arizona	9,441		459		9,900			
Railroad	9,441	_	459	_	9,900			
California	9,441	_		_				
	_	-	63	_	63			
Railroad	_	_	63	_	63			
ansas	_	-	15	_	15			
Railroad	_	_	15	_	15			
ew Mexico	16,474	_	_	5	2 16,483			
Railroad	9,423	_	_	_	9,423			
Truck	_	_	_	5	5			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	7,051	_	_	_	7.051			
Unknown	_	_	_	_	2 2			
klahoma	_	_	105	_	105			
Railroad	_	_	105	_	105			
	_	_		_				
exas	_	-	519	_	519			
Railroad	_	_	519	_	519			
/isconsin	51	_	_	_	51			
Railroad	51	_	_	_	51			
					•			
tate Total	25,965	_	1,161	5	2 27,136			
Railroad	18,915	_	1,161	_	20,076			
Truck	· –	_	· <u>-</u>	5	5			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	7,051	_	_	_	7.051			
Jnknown	-,001	_	_	_	7,03			
C.11.10.7.11					•			
-	ORIGIN: NORTH DAKOTA							
Iontana			1					
Railroad	_	_	1	_	1			
orth Dakota	24,965	_	6,127	55	31.147			
	,	_	0,127	-	- ,			
Railroad	447	-	_		447			
Truck	4,372	_	- 125	55	4,427			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	20,146	_	6,127	_	26,273			
tate Total	24,965	_	6,128	55	31,148			
Railroad	447	_	1	_	448			
Truck	4,372	_	_	55	4,427			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	20,146	-	6,127	-	26,273			
-	ORIGIN: OHIO							
Jabama	*		ORIGIN. OIIIO		n n			
	*	_	_	<u>-</u>	*			
River	· ·	_	-	_				
lorida	134	_	3	_	137			
River	134	_	_	_	134			
Truck	-	-	3	_	3			
linois	5	_	_	_	5			
Truck	5	_	_	_	5			
ndiana	95	_	55	_	150			
Railroad	2	_	_	_	2			
River	59	_	_	_	59			
	34	_	_	_	89			
Truck		_	55	_				
entucky	74	_	平 	_	74			
River	74	_	*	_	74			
lichigan	217	-	35	4	250			
Truck	217	-	35	4	256			
Iississippi	_	_	*	_	1			
River	_	_	*	_	1			
ew York	10	_	1	_	10			
River	10	_	_	_	10			
	10	=	1	_	10			
Truck	19 502	_	1 040	-				
hio	18,582	_	1,049	86	19,717			
Railroad	2,478	_	_	_	2,478			
River	3,582	_	_	_	3,582			
Truck	6,038	_	1,049	86	7,173			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	6,484	_	<u> </u>	_	6,484			
	427	_	152	*	579			
ennsylvania		_	154	*				
Railroad	22	_	_	_	22			
River	280	-	_	_	280			
Truck	126		152	4	278			

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total				
		ORIGIN: OHIO (Continued)							
West Virginia	1,401		_		1,401				
River	1,401	_	_	_	1,401				
Visconsin	, -	_	*	_	,				
Great Lakes	_	_	*	_	1				
Jnknown State	_	_	_	_	1 20				
Unknown	-	-	-	-	1 20				
State Total	20.045		1 204	90	1 22,350				
Railroad	20,945 2,502	_	1,296	90	2,502				
River	5,539		1		5,540				
Great Lakes	5,559	_	*	_	3,340				
Truck	6,420	_	1,295	90	7,805				
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	6,484	_		_	6,484				
Unknown	_	-	-	-	1 20				
-	ORIGIN: OKLAHOMA								
Arkansas	_	_	43	_	43				
Truck	_	_	43	_	43				
Kansas	13	_	109	11	133				
Truck	13	-	109	11	133				
/lissouri	_	_	1	-	1				
Truck	-	-	1	-	1				
Oklahoma	1,165	_	140	_	1,300				
Truck	1,165	_	140		1,300				
Texas	-	_	104	_	104				
Truck	_	_	104	-	104				
State Total	1,178	_	398	11	1,588				
Truck	1,178	_	398	11	1,588				
_		ODI	CITAL DESAINGNER STANIES	mom A I					
	4=0		GIN: PENNSYLVANIA *	, IUIAL	40.				
Mabama	479	16	* *	-	490				
Railroad	479	16	*	_	495				
River	4/9	10	*	_	49.				
Alaska	_	_	*	_	1				
Railroad			*		:				
Arizona	_	_	1	_	1				
Railroad			i		1				
Arkansas	_	_	2	_					
Railroad	_	_	*	_	,				
Truck	_	_	2	_	2				
California	_	_	*	_	-				
Truck	_	_	*	_					
Colorado	3	_	11	3	17				
Railroad	_	_	11	3	14				
River	3	_	_	-	3				
Truck	-	-	*	*	3				
Connecticut	83	-	_	4	80				
Railroad	83	-	_	-	83				
Truck	-	_	-	4	4				
Delaware	374	_	113	1	488				
Railroad	374	-	112		487				
Truck	-	-	*	1	1				
lorida	650	_	12	*	663				
Railroad	480	_	*	-	481				
River	170	_	- 12		170				
Truck	_	_	12	*	12				
Georgia	_	_	*	_	4				
Railroad Truck	_	-	sk	_					
	_	_	~ •	_	3				
	_	_	*	_	4				
Iawaii									
Iawaii Tidewater	-	_	10	*	10				
Hawaii Tidewater Ilinois	-		19	*	19				
Iawaii Tidewater	- - -	_ _ _	19 3 15	*	19 3 15				

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
	I.	ORIGIN: PI	 ENNSYLVANIA, TOTA	L (Continued)	
[ndiana	67	_	12	3	82
Railroad	_	_	*	_	*
River	67	_	_	_	67
Truck	_	_	12	3	15
[owa	_	_	164	*	164
Railroad	_	_	16	_	16
River	_	_	148	*	148
Kansas	_	_	1	_	1
Railroad	_	_	ī	_	1
Kentucky	1.899	_	92	*	1,991
Railroad	60	_	2	_	61
River	1,840	_	56	_	1,895
Truck	1,040	_	34	*	34
	13	_	34	•	
Louisiana	13	_	*	*	13
Railroad	12	_		_	10
River	13	_	_	_	13
Truck	_	_	-	*	3
Maine	_	_	27	3	30
Railroad	-	-	*	*	*
Truck	_	_	27	3	30
Maryland	2,719	_	250	38	3,007
Railroad	2,498	_	109	*	2,608
Truck	221	-	140	38	399
Massachusetts	139	-	29	9	177
Railroad	125	_	_	3/4	125
Tidewater	14	_	_	_	14
Truck	_	_	29	9	38
Michigan	2,951	62	306	1	3,319
Railroad	2,418	_	118	_	2,535
River	533	_	_	_	533
Great Lakes	_	62	188	_	250
Truck	_	_	*	1	
Minnesota	_	_	*	*	4
Railroad	_	_	*	_	*
Truck	_	_	*	*	*
Mississippi	_	_	*	_	*
Railroad	_	_	*	_	
	_	_	*	2	
Missouri	_	_	*	2	4
Railroad	_	_	~	_	2
Truck	_	_	_	2	_
Montana	_	_	2	_	2
Railroad	_	_	2	_	2
Nebraska	-	_	1	_	1
Railroad		_	1	-	. 1
New Hampshire	680	_	*	4	684
Railroad	680	-	-	*	680
Truck	-	_	*	4	4
New Jersey	780	_	9	5	794
Railroad	643	_	*	*	643
Tidewater	137	_	_	_	137
Truck	_	_	9	5	14
New Mexico	_	_	*	_	*
Truck	_	_	*	_	*
New York	4,330	_	617	43	4,990
Railroad	3,967	_	429	1	4,397
River	37	_	-	i	38
Truck	326	_	188	41	555
North Carolina	520	_	5	*	555
Railroad	_	_	*		4
	_	_	5	*	
Truck	_	_	3	*	3
North Dakota	_	_	_	* *	٠
Truck	-	-	-	*	*
Ohio	4,848	162	303	5	5,318
Railroad	1,085	160	*	_	1,246
River	3,553	-	49	2	3,604
Great Lakes	149	_	_	_	149
Truck	61	1	254	3	319

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
		ORIGIN: PI	ENNSYLVANIA, TOTA	AL (Continued)	
Oklahoma			*		*
Railroad	_	_	*	_	*
Oregon	_	_	4	*	4
Railroad	_	_	4	_	_
Truck	_	_		*	
Pennsylvania	28,750	1,319	3,119	710	2 33,940
	10,461	20	,	1	10,847
Railroad			366 74	•	5,002
River	3,611	1,299		18	,
Truck	13,977	_	2,612	692	17,281
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	702	_	66	_	768 2 42
Unknown	_	_	_	_	
Rhode Island	_	_	_	2	
Truck	_	_		2	
outh Carolina	_	_	49	_	49
Railroad	-	_	24	-	24
Truck	-	-	25	-	25
ennessee	864	_	*	*	864
Railroad	-	_	*	-	3
River	864	-	_	_	864
Truck	_	_	_	*	2
Texas	_	_	12	*	13
Railroad	_	_	3	_	3
Truck	_	_	9	*	Ġ
Jtah	_	20	9	*	29
Railroad	_	20	_	_	20
Truck	_	_	9	*	- (
Vermont	_		_	1	1
Railroad				*	1
Truck	_	_	_	1	,
	- 510	_	39	1	550
Virginia	510	_	39	1 *	550
Railroad	29	_	*	*	29
Truck	481	_	39	1	521
Washington	-	_	_	*	•
Truck	-	_	_	*	*
West Virginia	7,529	-	532	3	8,064
Railroad	11	-	2	_	13
River	7,402	-	414	_	7,816
Truck	116	_	116	3	235
Visconsin	925	_	19	11	955
Railroad	296	_	3	_	299
River	6	_	_	11	17
Great Lakes	623	_	11	_	634
Truck	_	_	5	*	
Vyoming	_	_	ĭ	_	1
Railroad	_	_	1	_	
Jnknown State	_	_	_	_	1 250
Unknown	_	_	_	_	1 250
UIKIIOWII	_	_	_	_	- 230
State Total	58,593	1,578	5,759	850	3 67,079
State Total	,	,	1,209		,
Railroad	23,209	200	,	5	24,623
River	18,578	1,315	757	32	20,682
Great Lakes	773	62	199	_	1,033
Tidewater	152	-	2.720	-	152
Truck	15,180	1	3,528	813	19,523
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	702	_	66	-	768
Unknown	-	-	-	-	3 298
_		ORIGIN:	PENNSYLVANIA, AN	NTHRACITE	
Alabama	_	_	*	_	1
Railroad	_	_	*	_	1
Truck	_	_	*	_	
	_	_	*	_	
Alaska	_	_	*	_	4
Railroad	_	_	4	_	
Arizona	-	_	1	_	1
Railroad	_	_	1	_	7

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total		
	ORIGIN: PENNSYLVANIA, ANTHRACITE (Continued)						
Arkansas	_	_	2	_	2		
Railroad	_	_	*	_	*		
Truck	_	_	2	_	2		
California	_	_	*	_	*		
Truck	_	_	*	_	*		
Colorado	_	_	11	3	14		
Railroad	_	_	11	3	14		
Truck	_	_	*	*	*		
Connecticut	_	_	_	4	4		
Truck	_	_	_	4	4		
Delaware	_	_	*	i	i		
Railroad		_	*	_	*		
Truck			*	1	1		
	_	_	*	*	*		
Florida	_	_	*	*	*		
Railroad	_	_	*	- *	*		
Truck	_	_		***	·		
Georgia	_	_	*	_	·		
Railroad	_	_	*	_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Truck	-	_	*	_	*		
Hawaii	-	_	*	_	*		
Tidewater	-	_	*	-	*		
llinois	_	_	3	*	3		
Railroad	-	_	3	_	3		
Truck	-	_	*	*	*		
ndiana	_	_	12	3	15		
Railroad	_	_	*	_	*		
Truck	_	_	12	3	15		
owa	_	_	16	_	16		
Railroad	_	_	16	_	16		
Kansas	_	_	1	_	1		
Railroad	_	_	1	_	1		
Kentucky	_	_	36	*	36		
Railroad	_	_	2	_	2		
Truck	_	_	34	*	34		
Louisiana	_	_	*	*	*		
Railroad		_	*	_	*		
Truck			_	*	*		
	_	_	*	3	3		
Maine	_	_	*	3 *	3		
Railroad	_	_	•	3	3		
Truck	_	_	-	•	-		
Maryland	_	_	109	2	112		
Railroad	_	_	109	*	109		
Truck	-	_	_	2	2		
Massachusetts	-	_	_	9	9		
Railroad	-	_	-	*	*		
Truck	-	-	_	9	9		
Michigan	-	-	1	1	1		
Railroad	_	-	*	_	*		
Truck	-	-	*	1	1		
/linnesota	_	_	*	*	*		
Railroad	-	-	*	_	*		
Truck	_	_	*	*	*		
/lississippi	_	_	*	_	*		
Railroad	_	_	*	_	*		
Aissouri	_	_	*	2	2		
Railroad	_	_	*	_	*		
Truck	_	_	_	2	2		
Montana	_	_	- 2	<u>-</u>	2		
	_	_	2	<u>-</u>	2		
Railroad	_	_	<u> </u>	_	2		
Nebraska	_	_	1	_	1		
Railroad	-	_	1	_	1		
New Hampshire	-	_	-	4	4		
Railroad	_	-	_	*	*		
Truck	-	-	-	4	4		
New Jersey	-	-	9	5	14		
Railroad	_	_	*	*	*		
Truck	_	_	9	5	14		

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
		ORIGIN: PENN	SYLVANIA, ANTHRA	CITE (Continued)	
New Mexico	_	_	*	_	*
Truck	_	_	*	_	*
New York	*	_	7	35	41
Railroad	_	_	*	1	1
Truck	*	_	7	34	40
North Carolina	_	_	5	*	5
Railroad	_	_	*	_	*
Truck	_	_	5	*	5
North Dakota	_	_	_	*	*
Truck	_	_	_	*	*
Ohio	_	1	19	3	24
Railroad	_	_	*	_	*
Truck	_	1	19	3	24
Oklahoma	_	_	*	_	*
Railroad	_	_	*	_	*
Oregon	_	_	4	_	4
Railroad	_	_	4	_	4
Pennsylvania	2,722	_	293	427	3,443
Railroad	188	_	24	1	212
Truck	2,534	_	270	426	3,230
Rhode Island	_	_		2	2
Truck	_	_	_	2	2
South Carolina	_	_	49	=	49
Railroad	_	_	24	_	24
Truck	_	_	25	_	25
Fennessee	_	_	*	*	*
Railroad	_	_	*	_	*
Truck	_	_	_	*	*
Texas	_	_	12	_	12
Railroad	_	_	3	_	3
Truck	_	_	9	_	9
Utah	_	_	_	*	*
Truck	_	_	_	*	*
Vermont	_	_	_	1	1
Railroad	_	_	_	*	*
Truck				1	1
Virginia	_	_	3	1	4
Railroad	_	_	*	*	*
Truck	_	_	3	1	4
West Virginia			55	2	57
Railroad	_	_	2	_	2
Truck	_	_	54	2	56
	_	_		2 *	
Wisconsin	-	_	8	**	8
Railroad	-	_	3	*	5
Truck	_	_	5	*	-
Wyoming	_	-	1	_	1
Railroad	_	-	1	_	1 4
Unknown State	-	_	_	-	1 157
Unknown	_	-	_	_	1 157
7		٠		=00	1
State Total	2,722	1	662	508	1 4,051
Railroad	188	-	208	5	401
Tidewater	_	-	*	-	*
Truck	2,534	1	454	503	3,493
Unknown	_	_	_	-	1 157
_		ORIGIN	: PENNSYLVANIA, BI	TUMINOUS	
Alabama	479	16			495
	479 479		_	_	495
River		16	_	_	
Colorado	3	_	_	_	3
River	3	_	_	_	3
Connecticut	83	_	_	_	83
Railroad	83	-	-	_	83
Delaware	374	_	113	*	487
Railroad	374	-	112	-	487
Truck	_	_	*	*	*

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total	
-	ORIGIN: PENNSYLVANIA, BITUMINOUS (Continued)					
Florida	650	_	12	_	662	
Railroad	480	_	_	_	480	
River	170	_	_	_	170	
Truck	_	_	12	_	12	
llinois	_	_	15	_	15	
River	_	_	15	_	15	
ndiana	67	_	_	_	67	
River	67	_	_	_	67	
owa	_	_	148	*	148	
River	_	_	148	*	148	
Kentucky	1,899	_	56	_	1,955	
Railroad	60		50	_	60	
	1,840	_	56	_	1,895	
River	1,040	_	30	_	,	
Louisiana	13	_	_	_	13	
River	15	_	_ 27	_	13	
Maine	_	-	27	_	27	
Truck	2.510	_	27	-	27	
Maryland	2,719	_	140	36	2,895	
Railroad	2,498	_	_	_	2,498	
Truck	221	-	140	36	397	
Massachusetts	139	-	29	*	168	
Railroad	125	-	_	_	125	
Tidewater	14	_	_	_	14	
Truck	-	-	29	*	29	
Michigan	2,951	62	306	_	3,318	
Railroad	2,418	_	117	_	2,535	
River	533	_	_	_	533	
Great Lakes	_	62	188	_	250	
Minnesota	_	_	_	*	4	
Truck	_	_	_	*	*	
New Hampshire	680	_	*	*	680	
Railroad	680	_	_	_	680	
Truck	_	_	*	*	*	
New Jersey	780	_	_	_	780	
Railroad	643	_	_	_	643	
Tidewater	137	_	_	_	137	
New York	4,330	_	611	8	4,949	
Railroad	3,967	_	429	_	4,396	
River	37	_	727	1	38	
Truck	326	_	182	7	515	
		160		2		
Ohio	4,848	160	284	2	5,294	
Railroad	1,085	160	-	2	1,245	
River	3,553	-	49	2	3,604	
Great Lakes	149	_	-	_	149	
Truck	61	_	234		295	
Oregon	_	_	_	aje	4	
Truck	-	-	-	*	2 20 40-	
Pennsylvania	26,027	1,319	2,825	283	2 30,497	
Railroad	10,272	20	342	_	10,635	
River	3,611	1,299	74	18	5,002	
Truck	11,442	-	2,342	266	14,050	
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	702	-	66	_	768	
Unknown	-	-	_	-	2 42	
Геnnessee	864	-	_	_	864	
River	864	_	_	-	864	
Texas	-	-	_	*	*	
Truck	_	-	_	*	*	
Jtah	_	20	9	_	29	
Railroad	_	20	_	_	20	
Truck	_		9	_	9	
Vermont	_	_	_	*	4	
Truck	_	_	_	*	*	
	510	_	36	•	546	
/irginia		_	30	_		
Railroad	29	_	-	_	29	
Truck	481	_	36	_	517	
Washington	_	_	_	*	4	
Truck	-	-	_	*	*	

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70	ORIGIN: PEN	NSYLVANIA, BITUMIN 477	1 1 11 11 342 32 310 	8,007 11 7,816 179 947 296 16 634 1 99 1 99 3 63,027 24,222 20,682 1,033 152 16,033 768 3 141 78 41 866 850 10 114 114 4	
11 02 16 225 996 6 223 70 21 78 73 52 446 002	200 1,315	- 414 62 11 11 11 5,097 1,001 757 199 - 3,074 66 ORIGIN: TENNESSE 78 70 8 41 41 174 164 10 2 2 4		111 7,816 179 947 296 17 634 1 99 1 99 1 99 2 4,222 20,682 1,033 152 16,036 768 3 141 78 41 866 850 10 114 41 114	
11 02 16 225 996 6 223 70 21 78 73 52 446 002	200 1,315	- 414 62 11 11 11 5,097 1,001 757 199 - 3,074 66 ORIGIN: TENNESSE 78 70 8 41 41 174 164 10 2 2 4		111 7,816 179 947 296 17 634 1 99 1 99 1 99 2 4,222 20,682 1,033 152 16,036 768 3 141 78 41 866 850 10 114 41 114	
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96 6 6 23 - - 70 21 78 73 73 52 46 002 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	200 1,315		342 	296 17 634 1 99 1 99 2 4,222 20,682 1,033 152 16,030 768 3 141 78 41 41 86 850 10 114 41 114	
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	200 1,315	75,097 1,001 757 199 - 3,074 66 - 0RIGIN: TENNESSE 78 70 8 41 41 174 164 10 2 2 4	32 - 310 - - - - - - - - - -	1 95 1 99 3 63,027 24,222 20,683 1,033 152 16,030 768 3 141 78 41 41 866 850 10	
	200 1,315	1,001 757 199 - 3,074 66 - ORIGIN: TENNESSE 78 70 8 41 41 174 164 10 2 2 4	32 - 310 - - - - - - - - - -	78 41 46 856 10 114 44 44	
21 78 73 552 46 002 - - - - - - - 86 86 86	200 1,315	1,001 757 199 - 3,074 66 - ORIGIN: TENNESSE 78 70 8 41 41 174 164 10 2 2 4	32 - 310 - - - - - - - - - -	3 63,027 24,222 20,682 1,033 152 16,030 768 3 141 78 44 860 850 10 114 44	
21 78 73 552 46 002 - - - - - - - 86 86 86	200 1,315	1,001 757 199 - 3,074 66 - ORIGIN: TENNESSE 78 70 8 41 41 174 164 10 2 2 4	32 - 310 - - - - - - - - - -	24,222 20,688 1,033 152 16,030 768 3 141 78 41 41 866 850 10	
78 73 73 74 75 76 77 77 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78	1,315	757 199 - 3,074 66 ORIGIN: TENNESSE 78 70 8 41 41 174 164 10 2 2 4	= 310 = - = - = - = - = - = - = - = -	20,682 1,033 152 16,030 768 3 141 78 6 41 41 486 850 10 114	
73 52 46 002 - - - - - - - 86 86 - 05	,	199 - 3,074 66 - ORIGIN: TENNESSE 78 70 8 41 41 174 164 10 2 2 4	= 310 = - = - = - = - = - = - = - = -	7,033 152 16,036 768 3 141 78 70 8 41 41 860 850 10	
52 46 02 - - - - - - - 86 86 - 05	62	3,074 66 - ORIGIN: TENNESSE 78 70 8 41 41 174 164 10 2 2 4	E	152 16,030 768 3 141 78 70 8 41 41 866 850 10 114	
46 02 - - - - - - - 86 86 - 05	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	66 - ORIGIN: TENNESSE 78 70 8 41 41 174 164 10 2 2 4	E	16,030 768 3 141 78 70 8 41 41 866 850 10 114	
02 - - - - - - - 86 86 - 05	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	66 - ORIGIN: TENNESSE 78 70 8 41 41 174 164 10 2 2 4	E	768 3 141 78 70 8 41 41 86 850 10 114	
02 - - - - - - - 86 86 - 05	- - - - - - - - * *	66 - ORIGIN: TENNESSE 78 70 8 41 41 174 164 10 2 2 4	E	768 3 141 78 70 8 41 41 86 850 10 114	
 86 86 	- - - - - - - * *	- ORIGIN: TENNESSE 78 70 8 41 41 174 164 10 2 2 4	- - - - - - -	78 76 76 8 41 44 866 856 10 114 44	
86 - 05	- - - - - - * *	78 70 8 41 41 174 164 10 2 2 4	- - - - - - -	70 8 41 41 866 850 110 114	
86 - 05	- - - - - - * *	70 8 41 41 174 164 10 2 2 4	- - - - - - - 7 7	70 8 41 41 86 0 850 10 11 114	
86 - 05	- - - - - * *	8 41 41 174 164 10 2 4	- - - - - - 7 7	850 114 860 850 10 114 114	
86 - 05	- - - - - * *	8 41 41 174 164 10 2 4	- - - - - 7 7	850 114 860 850 10 114 114	
86 - 05	- - - * * -	41 41 174 164 10 2 2 4	- - - - 7 7	41 41 866 850 10 114	
86 - 05	- - - * * - -	41 174 164 10 2 2 4	- - - 7 7	41 860 850 10 11 4 114	
86 - 05	- - * * - -	174 164 10 2 2 4	- - 7 7 -	860 850 10 114 114	
86 - 05	- * * - -	164 10 2 2 4	- 7 7 -	850 10 11 4 114	
_ 05	- * - -	10 2 2 4	- 7 7 -	10 11 4 114 4	
	* * - -	2 2 4	7 7 - -	11 4 114 4	
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_	_	3	_	3	
_	_	19	_	19	
_ 25	-	19	-	19	
35	-	15	-	350	
35	-	15	-	350	
36	_	463	*	1,100	
47	_	373	-	720	
89	-	90	*	380	
_	_	4	-	4	
_	_	4	-	4	
-	-	1	-	1	
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-	-	-	-	1 24	
-	_	-	_	1 24	
62	*	821	8	1 2,615	
	_	707	_	2,076	
	*	114	8	516	
_	-	_	_	1 24	
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25				25	
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25 25 -	- - -	- - 4		4	
(62 68 94	68 – 94 *	.68	- 707 - 94 * 114 8	

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total			
		OI	RIGIN: TEXAS (Contin	nued)				
lew York	8				8			
Truck	8	_	_	_	8			
Ohio	_	_	12	_	12			
River	_	_	12	_	12			
Pennsylvania	36	_	12	_	36			
Railroad	14	_	_	_	14			
Truck	22	_	_	_	22			
'exas	45,866	_	2,868	_	48,733			
Railroad	21,716	_	101	_	21,817			
	12,986	_	339	_	13,325			
Truck		_		_	,			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	11,164	_	2,427	_	13,591			
Visconsin	2 2	_	_		2 2			
toto Total	45 026		2 884		40 021			
tate Total	45,936 21,755	_	2,884 101	_	48,821 21,856			
Railroad	21,755	_	101	_	21,830			
River		_	339	_				
Truck	13,016 11,164	_	2,427	_	13,355 13,591			
		ORIGIN: UTAH						
rizona	25		4		28			
Railroad	25 25	_	-	_	25 25			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	23	_	4	_	4			
California	3,635	_	1,833	24	5,492			
	,	_	,	*	,			
Railroad	3,635	_	1,831	24	5,466			
Truck	_	_	1	24	25			
Colorado	_	_	_	3	3			
Truck	_	_	210	3	3			
daho	_	_	218	15	233			
Railroad	_	_	150	-	150			
Truck	_	_	68	15	83			
llinois	772	_	_	_	772			
Railroad	772	_	_	_	772			
ndiana	20	-	_	_	20			
Railroad	20	_	-	_	20			
Iaryland	13	_	_	_	13			
Railroad	13	_	_	_	13			
Iissouri	327	_	_	_	327			
Railroad	327	_	_	_	327			
lebraska	21	_	_	_	21			
Truck	21	_	_	_	21			
levada	3,142	_	341	*	3,483			
Railroad	3,142	_	321	_	3,463			
Truck	_	_	20	*	20			
lew Jersey	22	_	_	_	22			
Railroad	22	_	_	_	22			
lew Mexico	_	_	_	*	*			
Truck	_	_	_	*	*			
Oregon	179	_	54	*	234			
Railroad	179	_	54	_	234			
Truck		_	_	*	*			
'ennsylvania	_	_	58	_	58			
Railroad	_	_	58	_	58			
'ennessee	1,305	_	_	_	1,305			
Railroad	1,305	_	_	_	1,305			
exas	278	_	_	_	278			
Railroad	278	_	_	_	278			
tah	11,441	_	830	59	12,329			
Railroad	3,158	_	230	_	3,388			
Truck	4,291	_	600	59	4,950			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	3,991	_	-	_	3,991			
3. 3.	2,221	_	118	_	118			
Virginia Railroad	_	-		_				
n annuall	_	_	118	- -	118			
			02					
VashingtonRailroad	_	-	83 83	20 20	103 102			

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total			
	ORIGIN: UTAH (Continued)							
Visconsin	34				34			
Railroad	34	_	_	_	34			
Vyoming	_	_	*	*	*			
Truck	-	_	*	*	*			
nknown State	_	_	_	_	1 9			
Unknown	-	-	-	-	1 9			
tate Total	21,214	_	3,539	121	1 24,883			
Railroad	12,910	-	2,846	20	15,776			
Truck	4,313	-	689	101	5,103			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline Unknown	3,991	_	4	_	3,995 1 g			
_	·							
.labama	10	298	ORIGIN: VIRGINIA		507			
Railroad	10	298 298	200	_	507			
Connecticut	-	290	4	_	307			
Railroad	_	_	4	_	_			
elaware	193	_	_	_	193			
Railroad	193	_	_	_	193			
lorida	150	_	11	_	162			
Railroad	150	_	11	_	162			
eorgia	4,781	_	426	8	5,216			
Railroad	4,781	_	426	8	5,216			
linois	-	24	1	_	25			
Railroad	-	24	_	_	24			
River	-	-	1	_	1			
ndiana	813	811	927	_	2,551			
Railroad	24	811	675	_	1,511			
River	789	_	252		1,040			
Centucky	53	_	-	*	53			
Railroad	11	_	_	_	11			
River	42	_	_	_	42			
Truck		_	_	*	24			
faryland Railroad	24 24	_	_	_	24			
Truck	2 4			*	24			
Assachusetts			7	7	14			
Railroad	_	_	7	7	14			
lichigan	58	_	*	2	60			
Railroad	45	_	_	2	46			
River	13	_	_	_	13			
Truck	_	_	*	*	*			
lew Jersey	599	_	_	_	599			
Tidewater	599	_	_	_	599			
lew York	_	98	_	-	98			
Railroad	-	98	-	-	98			
orth Carolina	458	-	312	35	806			
Railroad	458	-	280	34	772			
Truck		-	32	1	_33			
Ohio	507	335	4	-	846			
Railroad	_	335	-	-	335			
River	507	-	4	_	511			
Oklahoma	_	_	25 25	-	25			
Railroad	110	-	25	_ _	25 79 9			
ennsylvania	119 17	661	14 14	5	799 693			
Railroad Truck	102	661	_	5	106			
outh Carolina	102 124	_	365	<i>J</i>	490			
Railroad	12 4 124	-	357		481			
Truck	-	_	8	_	401			
ennessee	1,878	_	994	$\frac{-}{2}$	2,873			
Railroad	1,878	_	935	_	2,813			
Truck	- 1,070	_	58	2	2,813			
exas	_	_	_	12	12			
Railroad	_	_	_	12	12			
Truck				*	12			

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
	<u> </u>	ORI	GIN: VIRGINIA (Cont	tinued)	
Jtah	_	119	_	_	119
Railroad	_	119	_	_	119
/irginia	6,506	996	1,121	41	² 8,739
Railroad	4,580	_	1,019	32	5,631
Truck	1,926		89	9	2,023
	1,920	-		9	
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	_	996	13	_	1,009
Unknown	_	_		_	2 76
Vest Virginia	16	43	326	1	386
Railroad	_	43	326	*	370
River	16	_	_	_	16
Truck	_	_	_	1	1
Visconsin	83	_	_	_	83
Railroad	83	_	_	_	83
River	*	_	_	_	*
					¹ 101
Jnknown State	_	_	_	_	1 101
Unknown	_	_	_	_	1 101
W 4 75 4 1	17.252	2.205	4 = 20	442	3 24=0-
State Total	16,372	3,385	4,738	113	3 24,785
Railroad	12,378	2,390	4,280	96	19,143
River	1,367	_	257	_	1,624
Tidewater	599	_	_	_	599
Truck	2,028	_	188	17	2,233
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	· · ·	996	13	<u>-</u>	1,009
Unknown	_	_	_	_	3 177
_			ORIGIN: WASHINGT	ON	
Vashington	4,270				4,270
Vashington Conveyor and Sharry Direction		_	_	_	
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	4,270	_	_	_	4,270
W - M - 1	4.250				4.250
state Total	4,270	-	_	_	4,270
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	4,270	_	_	_	4,270
_		OPIC	SIN: WEST VIRGINIA	TOTAL	
	217			i, IOIAL	1.504
Alabama	217	1,116	171	_	1,504
Railroad	39	1,021	47	_	1,107
River	178	_	2	_	180
Truck	_	96	121	_	217
Connecticut	793	_	_	*	793
Railroad	111	_	_	_	111
Tidewater	682	_	_	_	682
	*			*	*
Truck		_		ng.	
Delaware	490	_	275	_	765
Railroad	453	-	275	_	728
River	37	-	_	_	37
District of Columbia	-	_	_	2	2
Railroad	_	-	_	2	2
lorida	3,694	_	211	_	3,905
Railroad	1.469	_	54	_	1,523
River	70	_	157	_	227
		_	137	_	
Tidewater	2,155	_	45	_	2,155
Georgia	2,261	_	45	_	2,306
Railroad	2,261	_	45	_	2,306
llinois	-	1,444	696	*	2,141
Railroad	_	1,215	287	_	1,502
Tun oud	_	128	335	*	463
		102	75	_	177
River	_		184	_	8,320
River	1 802			_	
River Truckndiana	- 1,892	6,244			6,696
River Truck ndiana Railroad	951	6,244 5,603	142	_	2 2 - 1
River	,	6,244	142 43		1,624
River	951	6,244 5,603	142	- - 42	1,624 120
River	951	6,244 5,603	142 43	- 42 -	
River	951	6,244 5,603	142 43 78	- 42 - 42	120 21
River	951 940 - - -	6,244 5,603 641	142 43 78 21 58	42	120 21 100
River	951 940 - - - 6,983	6,244 5,603 641 - - - 752	142 43 78 21 58 1,639	-	120 21 100 9,386
River	951 940 - - - 6,983 902	6,244 5,603 641	142 43 78 21 58 1,639 125	- 42 12 -	120 21 100 9,386 1,778
River	951 940 - - - 6,983	6,244 5,603 641 - - - 752	142 43 78 21 58 1,639	42	120 21 100 9,386

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
	II.	ORIGIN: W	EST VIRGINIA, TOTA	AL (Continued)	
ouisiana	130			_	130
River	130	_	_	_	130
Maryland	7,187	_	272	41	7,500
Railroad	5,926	_	197	_	6,12
River		_	9	_	~,
Tidewater	1,243	_	_	_	1,24
Truck	18	_	66	41	12
Aassachusetts	290	_	87	*	37
Railroad		_	85	_	8:
Tidewater	290	_	=	_	29
Truck		_	2	*	
/lichigan	4.051	1.467	459	_	5,97
Railroad	3,243	7	305	_	3,55
River	222	<u>.</u>	_	_	22
Great Lakes	571	1,460	154	_	2,18
Truck	15	1,100	157	_	2,10
Minnesota	-	_	42	_	42
River	_	_	42	_	42
/lississippi	_	_	40	_	4
Railroad	_	_	37	_	3′
River	_	_	3	_	3
Missouri	5	_	6 9	13	8
River	5	_	69	13	8
New Hampshire	85	_	_	_	8:
Railroad	85 85				8:
New Jersey	1,945	_	_	_	1,94
Railroad	1,242	_	_	_	1,24
	703	_	_	_	70:
Tidewater	3,463	763	134	13	4,37
New York	,	674	134	13	,
Railroad	3,457		154	11	4,26
River	6	10	_		2'
Truck	14.471	80	100	2	8:
North Carolina	14,471	_	108	52	14,63
Railroad	14,411	_	108	22	14,54
River	50	_	_	-	51
Truck	11	-	-	30	4
Ohio	22,174	723	1,480	4	24,38
Railroad	3,412	585	635	_	4,632
River	17,987	138	491	-	18,610
Truck	775	_	353	4	1,132
Oregon	-	_	8	_	
Railroad			8	_	
Pennsylvania	11,112	5,361	958	7	17,43
Railroad	4,529	2,844	846	_	8,22
River	5,817	2,517	24	_	8,35
Tidewater		-	15	=	1:
Truck	766	-	72	7	84:
South Carolina	371	-	21	_	39
Railroad	371	-	21	_	39
Cennessee	606	-	97	_	70
Railroad	45	-	6	_	5
River	561	-	79	_	64
Truck	-	_	13	-	1:
Texas	7	-	-	_	,
River	7	-	-	_	•
Jtah	-	252	25	_	27
Railroad	_	252	25	_	27
/irginia	4,317	39	1,592	16	5,96
Railroad	3,621	_	1,564	16	5,200
River	· –	_	1	_	
Tidewater	220	_	_	_	220
Truck	476	_	27	1	500
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	_	39		_	39
Vest Virginia	17,896	1,108	3,441	210	2 22,66
Railroad	8,461	403	669	_	9,53
River	7,014	704	303	176	8,19
	2,420	/ U 1	1,958	34	4,412
Truck Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	4,440	_	1,958 511	34	4,41. 51
					31

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total		
l		ORIGIN: W	EST VIRGINIA, TOTA	AL (Continued)			
Visconsin	233	_	265	*	498		
Railroad	174	_	190	_	363		
River	5	_	170	*	6		
		_					
Great Lakes	54	_	75	_	129		
nknown State	_	-	_	_	1 1,479		
Unknown	_	_	_	_	1 1,479		
tate Total	104,672	19,270	12,398	412	3 138,240		
Railroad	55,162	13,355	5,826	39	74,383		
River	39,011	4,138	2.121	255	45,524		
Great Lakes	625	1,460	229	255	2,314		
		1,400		_			
Tidewater	5,293	_	15		5,308		
Truck	4,582	277	3,696	118	8,673		
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	_	39	511	_	550		
Unknown	-	-	-	-	3 1,488		
	ORIGIN: WEST VIRGINIA, NORTHERN						
.labama	110	_	21	_	131		
Railroad	_	_	21	_	21		
River	110	_		_	110		
		_	_	-			
Connecticut	783	_	_	**	783		
Railroad	101	_	_	_	101		
Tidewater	682	_	_	_	682		
Truck	*	_	_	*	*		
Oelaware	247	_	_	_	247		
Railroad	247	_	_	_	247		
lorida	1,349	_	_	_	1,349		
Railroad	1,349				1,349		
		_	_	_			
ndiana	1,491	_	_	_	1,491		
Railroad	839	_	_	_	839		
River	652	_	_	_	652		
Centucky	2,578	509	_	_	3,087		
Railroad	_	509	_	_	509		
River	2,578		_	_	2,578		
ouisiana	90				2,370		
		_	_	_			
River	90	_			90		
Saryland	3,398	_	224	41	3,663		
Railroad	2,645	_	158	_	2,804		
Tidewater	735	_	_	_	735		
Truck	18	_	66	41	124		
Aichigan	419	_	7	_	427		
Railroad	419	_	<i>'</i>	_	419		
	+17	_	7	_	419		
Great Lakes	_	_	,	_	7		
fississippi	-	-	3	_	3		
River	-	_	3		3		
lew Hampshire	80	_	_	_	80		
Railroad	80	_	_	_	80		
lew Jersey	1,299	_	_	_	1,299		
Railroad	790	_	_	_	790		
	508	_	_	_			
Tidewater		201	-	_	508		
lew York	2,672	281	3	2	2,958		
Railroad	2,672	281	3	_	2,956		
Truck	-	-	-	2	2		
Phio	5,249	_	233	_	5,482		
Railroad	2,017	_	233	_	2,249		
River	3,207	_		_	3,207		
Truck	25	_	1	_	26		
		_		_			
ennsylvania	8,423	_	209	7	8,638		
Railroad	2,270	_	154		2,423		
River	5,554	_	_	_	5,554		
Truck	599	_	55	7	661		
/irginia	628	_	1	· <u>-</u>	629		
	184	=	1	_			
Railroad	104	_	- 1	_	184		
River	-	_	1	_	1		
Truck	444	_	_	_	444		

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
		ORIGIN: WES	ST VIRGINIA, NORTH	IERN (Continued)	
West Virginia	. 5,565		291	9	2 5,865
Railroad			3		289
River		_	4	_	3,112
Truck			256	9	2,436
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline		_	27		2,430
Unknown		_	27	_	2 (
Visconsin			75		70
Railroad		_	73	_	′`
		_	- 75	_	76
Great Lakes		_	73	_	75 1 8 3
Jnknown State		_	_	_	1 83
Unknown	. –	_	_	_	1 83
toto Total	. 34,380	789	1 069	59	3 36,379
			1,068	39	
		789	572	_	15,262
		_	8	_	15,30
		_	82	_	82
		_	_	_	1,925
Truck		-	378	59	3,693
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	. –	-	27	_	27
mway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	. –	-	-	-	3 83
		OBJOY	I. MECE MECENIA	COLUMNICA	
Johanna	107		N: WEST VIRGINIA, S	SOUTHERN	1.27
		1,116 1,021	150 26	_	1,37 3
		1,021		_	,
		-	2	_	71
		96	121	_	217
		-	_	_	10
		_	_	-	10
Delaware	. 242	-	275	_	518
Railroad	. 206	-	275	_	481
River	. 37	-	_	_	37
District of Columbia	. –	_	_	2	2
Railroad	. –	_	_	2	2
Torida	. 2,345	_	211	_	2,550
		_	54	_	174
		_	157	_	227
		_	_	_	2,155
Georgia		_	45	_	2,300
ě .	,		45		2,306
Railroad		1 444		_	,
llinois		1,444	696	**	2,141
Railroad		1,215	287	-	1,502
River		128	335	*	463
Truck		102	75	_	177
ndiana		6,244	184	_	6,829
Railroad	. 112	5,603	142	_	5,857
River	. 289	641	43	_	972
owa	. –	_	78	42	120
Railroad		_	21	_	2
River		_	58	42	100
Kentucky		243	1,639	12	6,299
Railroad		243	125	_	1,270
River		213	506	12	3,920
Truck		*	1,008	-	1,110
		•	1,000	_	1,110 40
Jouisiana		_	_	_	
River		_	40	_	4(
Aaryland		_	48	_	3,837
Railroad		_	39	_	3,320
River		_	9	_	9
Tidewater		_	-	_	509
lassachusetts	. 290	-	87	*	377
Railroad	. –	-	85	_	85
Tidewater		_	_	_	290
Truck		_	2	*	2
Aichigan		1,467	452	_	5,550
Railroad		7	305	_	3,136
River		,	303	_	222
		1 460	1.47	_	
Great Lakes		1,460	147	_	2,178
Truck	15	_	_	_	15

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total	
		ORIGIN: WES	T VIRGINIA, SOUTH	IERN (Continued)		
//innesota	_	_	42	_	42	
River	_	_	42	_	42	
Iississippi	-	-	37	_	37	
Railroad	-	-	37	_	37	
Aissouri	5	-	69	13	87	
River	5	-	69	13	87	
New Hampshire	5	-	-	_	5	
Railroad	5	_	_	_	5	
lew Jersey	647	_	_	_	647	
Railroad	452	_	-	_	452	
Tidewater	195	-	-	-	195	
lew York	791	483	131	11	1,415	
Railroad	785	393	131	_	1,308	
River	6	10	_	11	27	
Truck	14.471	80	100	- 53	80	
orth Carolina	14,471	_	108	52	14,631	
Railroad	14,411	_	108	22	14,541	
River	50	_	_	30	50	
Truck	11 16,926	723	1 247	30 4	41 18,899	
Phio Railroad	1,395	585	1,247 403	4	2,383	
_ :	1,393	138	403 491	_	2,363 15,409	
River Truck	750	136	353	4	1,107	
Pregon	730	_	8	4	1,107	
Railroad			8		8	
Pennsylvania	2,690	5,361	749		8,799	
Railroad	2,260	2,844	692	_	5,796	
River	263	2,517	24	_	2,804	
Tidewater	205	2,517	15	_	15	
Truck	167	_	17	_	184	
outh Carolina	371	_	21	_	391	
Railroad	371	_	21	_	391	
'ennessee	606	_	97	_	703	
Railroad	45	_	6	_	51	
River	561	_	79	_	640	
Truck	_	_	13	_	13	
`exas	7	_	_	_	7	
River	7	_	_	_	7	
Jtah	_	252	25	_	277	
Railroad	_	252	25	_	277	
'irginia	3,689	39	1,591	16	5,335	
Railroad	3,437	_	1,564	16	5,016	
Tidewater	220	_	· -	_	220	
Truck	32	_	27	1	60	
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	_	39	_	_	39	
Vest Virginia	12,331	1,108	3,151	201	² 16,799	
Railroad	8,175	403	666	_	9,245	
River	3,906	704	299	176	5,085	
Truck	249	_	1,702	25	1,976	
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	-	-	483	_	483	
Unknown	-	-	-	_	2 9	
Visconsin	232	_	190	*	422	
Railroad	173	_	190	_	362	
River	5	_	_	*	6	
Great Lakes	54	_	_	_	54	
nknown State	-	_	_	-	1 1,396	
Unknown	_	-	_	-	1 1,396	
4.4 T 4.1	50.202	40.404	44.000	252	3 404.0	
tate Total	70,293	18,481	11,330	353	3 101,861	
Railroad	41,262	12,566	5,254	39	59,121	
River	23,711	4,138	2,113	255	30,217	
Great Lakes	625	1,460	147	-	2,232	
Tidewater	3,369	-	15	_	3,384	
Truck	1,326	277	3,318	59	4,980	
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	_	39	483	-	523	
Unknown	_	_	_	_	3 1,405	

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
			ORIGIN: WYOMING	<u> </u>	
Alabama	11,334				11,334
Railroad	11,334	_	Ξ		11,334
Arizona	1,898	_	_	_	1.898
		_	_	_	,
Railroad	1,898	_	_	_	1,898
Arkansas	13,699	_	_	_	13,699
Railroad	13,699	-	_	_	13,699
Colorado	9,117	_	48	_	9,165
Railroad	9,117	_	48	_	9,165
Connecticut	10	_	_	_	10
Railroad	10	_	_	_	10
Florida	104	_	_	_	104
Railroad	104	_	_	_	104
Georgia	6,928		_	_	6,928
	,	_	_	_	,
Railroad	6,928	_	210	=	6,928
daho	_	_	210	5	215
Railroad	_	_	184	_	184
Truck	-	_	26	5	31
llinois	28,527	_	40	_	28,567
Railroad	27,025	_	40	_	27,066
River	1,501	_	_	_	1,501
ndiana	15,732	_	206	_	15,938
Railroad	8,123	_	_	_	8.123
	7,609	_	206	_	-, -
River		_		_	7,815
owa	18,296	_	877	_	19,173
Railroad	18,296	_	877	_	19,173
Kansas	13,600	-	_	_	13,600
Railroad	13,600	_	_	_	13,600
Kentucky	1,618	_	_	_	1,618
Railroad	895	_	_	_	895
River	723	_	_	_	723
Louisiana	11,058		_	_	11.058
	,	_	_	_	,
Railroad	11,058	_	_	_	11,058
Michigan	9,809	_	_	_	9,809
Railroad	9,718	_	_	_	9,718
Great Lakes	91	-	_	_	91
Minnesota	10,192	_	682	5	10,879
Railroad	9,670	_	185	5	9,859
Great Lakes	522	_	497	_	1,019
Mississippi	306	_	_	_	306
Railroad	306				306
		_	_	_	
Missouri	32,300	_	_	_	32,300
Railroad	32,300	_		-	32,300
Montana	660	_	68	*	729
Railroad	660	_	68	_	729
Truck	_	_	_	*	*
Nebraska	10,832	_	209	_	11,041
Railroad	10,832	_	209	_	11,041
New Hampshire	17	_	==-	_	17,017
Railroad	17	_	_	_	17
	20	_	_	_	20
New York		_	_	_	
Railroad	20	_	_	_	20
North Carolina	152	-	_	_	152
Railroad	152	_	_	_	152
North Dakota	142	-	65	_	208
Railroad	142	_	65	_	208
Ohio	2,697	_	<u> </u>	_	2,697
Railroad	2,697	_	_	_	2,697
Oklahoma	18,009	_	5	_	18,014
		_		_	
Railroad	18,009	_	5	_	18,014
Oregon	1,822	_	23	_	1,845
Railroad	1,822	_	23	_	1,845
Pennsylvania	4,316	_	_	_	4,316
Railroad	4,316	_	_	_	4,316
South Carolina	247	_	_	_	247
Railroad	247	_	_	_	247
		_	264	_ 1	
South Dakota	780	_	264	1	1,046
Railroad	590	_	_	_	590
Truck	190	_	264	1	455

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total		
		ORIO	GIN: WYOMING (Con	tinued)			
ennessee	3,138	_	153	_	3,291		
Railroad	3,138	_	153	_	3,291		
exas	49,181	_	165	_	49,346		
	49,181	_	165	_	49,346		
Railroad		_	163	_			
tah	260	_	_	*	260		
Railroad	260	-	_	-	260		
Truck	_	_	_	*	36		
Vashington	_	_	_	*	*		
Railroad	_	_	_	*	*		
Vest Virginia	4,198	_	_	_	4,198		
Railroad	4.198	_	_	_	4.198		
Visconsin	23,516	_	521	_	24,038		
Railroad	23,516	_	521	_	24.038		
	19,982		1,876	73	21,931		
yoming		_			,		
Railroad	7,316	_	1,322	29	8,667		
Truck	1,244	-	554	44	1,842		
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	11,423	-	-	_	11,423		
nknown State	-	_	_	_	1 4,353		
Unknown	-	_	_	-	1 4,353		
tate Total	324,497	_	5,414	84	1 334,349		
Railroad	301,195	_	3,866	34	305,095		
River	9,833	_	206	_	10,039		
Great Lakes	613	_	497		1,111		
		_	844	51			
Truck	1,434	_	844	31	2,329		
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	11,423	-	_	-	11,423		
Unknown	_	_	_	_	1 4,353		
	ORIGIN: U.S. TOTAL						
labama	27,860	1,700	3,052	53	32,665		
Railroad	19,549	1,416	753	=	21,718		
	6,770	16	133		6,918		
River		10	133	_	,		
Tidewater	314	2.50	-	-	314		
Truck	1,228	268	2,166	_53	3,715		
laska	324	_	*	523	847		
Railroad	154	_	*	462	616		
Truck	170	_	_	61	231		
rizona	20,925	_	613	*	21,538		
Railroad	20,762	_	610	_	21,371		
River	163	_	-	_	163		
	103			*	103		
Truck	_	_		**			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	12 (00	_	4	_	14.000		
rkansas	13,699	-	400	_	14,099		
Railroad	13,699	_	338	_	14,037		
Truck	_	_	62	_	62		
alifornia	3,752	_	1,915	24	5,691		
Railroad	3,752	_	1,913	*	5,665		
Truck		_	2	24	25		
olorado	21,468	_	1,099	80	22,646		
	18,341	=	895	69	,		
Railroad		_	893	09	19,306		
River	3	_	-	_	2.22		
Truck	3,123	-	204	11	3,338		
onnecticut	1,559	_	4	4	1,566		
Railroad	203	_	4	_	207		
Tidewater	1,355	_	_	_	1,355		
Truck	*	_	*	4	4		
elaware	1,265	_	398	i	1,664		
Railroad	1,229	_	398	_	1,627		
	,	_	370	_	,		
River	37	_	-	-	37		
Truck	-	_	*	1	1		
istrict of Columbia	-	-	_	7	7		
Railroad	_	_	_	7	7		
lorida	23,483	_	926	9	24,418		
Railroad	12,143	_	711	_	12,854		
	8,958	_	157	_	,		
River		_	137	_	9,114		
Tidewater	2,382	-	- 58	9	2,382		
Truck					67		

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
L		ORIO	GIN: U.S. TOTAL (Con	tinued)	
Georgia	30,930		1,801	9	32,739
Railroad	30,930	_	1,624	9	32,563
River	50,750	_	25		25
Truck	_	_	151	_	151
Hawaii	_	_	*	_	131
Tidewater	_	_	*	_	3
[daho	_		429	20	448
Railroad	_	_	334	_	334
Truck	_	_	95	20	114
Illinois	41,426	1,469	4,337	230	47,461
	36,126	1,239	2,069	1	39,435
Railroad River	,	1,239	,	79	
	2,561	128	645 2	19	3,413
Great Lakes	2.720	102		150	_
Truck	2,739	102	1,612	150	4,602
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	40.705	7.00	10	255	10
ndiana	48,795	7,606	4,811	275	61,487
Railroad	28,765	6,966	1,738		37,469
River	10,923	641	1,950	2	13,514
Truck	8,359	-	1,124	274	9,756
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	748	-	-	-	748
owa	19,007	_	1,834	261	21,102
Railroad	18,710	-	1,179	_	19,889
River	297	-	446	261	1,005
Truck		_	208	*	208
Kansas	16,173	_	136	11	16,320
Railroad	15,771	_	26	_	15,798
Truck	401	-	109	11	522
Kentucky	34,910	1,186	6,753	190	2 43,059
Railroad	11,279	1,184	498	_	12,960
River	13,960	_	3,012	12	16,985
Truck	9,671	2	3,244	178	13,094
Unknown	_	_	_	_	2 20
Louisiana	16,377	_	31	*	16,408
Railroad	11,058	_	*	_	11,058
River	1,623	_	31	_	1,654
Truck	770	_	_	*	770
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	2,926	_	_	_	2,926
Maine	2,720	_	177	3	180
Railroad	_	_	58	*	58
Tidewater	_	_	92	_	92
Truck	_	_	27	3	30
Maryland	11,849		804	84	12,737
Railroad	9,383	_	307	1	9.691
	9,383 119	_	43	1	. ,
River		-	43	_	162
Tidewater	1,243	_	454	- 02	1,243
Truck	1,103	_	454 175	83	1,640
Massachusetts	748	_	175	16	940
Railroad	443	-	145	7	596
Tidewater	304	-	_	-	304
Truck	-	-	30	9	40
Michigan	30,952	1,529	1,989	14	34,483
Railroad	22,370	7	1,032	9	23,419
River	880	-	14	-	894
Great Lakes	7,394	1,522	896	-	9,811
Truck	308	-	47	5	359
Minnesota	21,180	-	918	5	22,104
Railroad	20,485	_	210	5	20,700
River	173	-	133	*	307
Great Lakes	522	-	574	-	1,096
Truck	_	_	*	*	*
Mississippi	3,163	_	156	_	3,319
Railroad	1,795	_	47	_	1,842
River	147	_	109	_	256
Tidewater	1,210	_		_	1,210
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	1,210	_	_	_	1,210
Missouri	35,447	_	735	176	36,358
		_	/35 *	1/0	
Railroad	33,905	_	•	22	33,905
River	1,166	_	328	22	1,516
Truck	376	_	407	154	937

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
L		ORIO	GIN: U.S. TOTAL (Cor	ntinued)	
Montana	9,876		576	3	10,455
Railroad	798	_	71	- -	869
Truck	347	_	64	3	414
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	8,731	_	441	_	9,173
Nebraska	10,859	_	330	_	11,189
Railroad	10,838	_	330	_	11,168
Truck	21	_	550	_	21
Nevada	7,853		341	*	8,195
Railroad	3,142	_	321		3,463
Truck	3,142		20	*	20
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	4,711	_	20		4,711
	794	_	*	4	798
New Hampshire	783	_	•	*	783
	11	_	_	•	11
Tidewater	11	_	- *	4	11 4
Truck	3,575	_	10	5	3,590
New Jersey	,	_		3	,
Railroad	2,131	_	1	*	2,132
Tidewater	1,444	_	_	_	1,444
Truck	-	-	9	5	2 16 502
New Mexico	16,497	-	76	6	2 16,582
Railroad	9,423	-		-	9,423
Truck	23	_	76	6	105
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	7,051	_	_	_	7,051
Unknown	_	-	_	_	2 4
New York	7,955	861	1,223	101	10,141
Railroad	7,553	771	1,023	1	9,349
River	53	10	_	58	121
Tidewater	15		- -		15
Truck	334	80	201	43	657
North Carolina	27,230	_	1,881	113	29,224
Railroad	26,780	-	1,652	82	28,514
River	425	_	_	_	425
Truck	25	_	229	32	286
North Dakota	25,174	_	6,193	134	31,500
Railroad	656	_	65	79	800
Truck	4,372	_	_	55	4,427
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	20,146	_	6,127	_	26,273
Ohio	54,142	1,356	4,632	216	60,346
Railroad	10,890	1,216	1,078		13,184
River	29,605	138	737	89	30,570
Great Lakes	150	136	165	-	316
	7,012	1	2,652	127	9.792
Truck		1	2,032	127	- ,
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	6,484	_	- 201	_	6,484
Oklahoma	19,175	_	381	_	19,555
Railroad	18,009	_	214	_	18,223
River	-	_	26	-	26
Truck	1,165	_	140	-	1,306
Oregon	2,001	-	97	*	2,098
Railroad	2,001	_	97	-	2,098
Truck	-	-	-	*	*
Pennsylvania	44,903	7,719	4,661	728	2 58,054
Railroad	19,464	3,755	1,387	2	24,609
River	9,709	3,964	346	22	14,041
Tidewater	_	_	15	-	15
Truck	15,028	_	2,848	704	18,580
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	702	_	66	_	768
Unknown	_	_	- · · · · ·	_	2 42
Rhode Island	_	_	_	2	2
Truck	_	_	_	2	2
South Carolina	12,889	_	2,145	_	15.034
Railroad	12,889	_	2,032	_	14,921
Truck	12,009	_	113	_	14,921
	- 780	_		1	
South Dakota		_	264	1	1,046
Railroad	590	_	-	-	590
Truck	190	-	264	1	455
Γennessee	24,843	_	3,356	112	28,311
Railroad	14,176	-	2,615	-	16,791
River	10,377	_	257	76	10,710
Truck	289	_	484	36	809

Table 63. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin State, Consumer, Destination and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

State of Destination by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
,	1	ORI	GIN: U.S. TOTAL (Con	tinued)	
Гехаs	96,802	_	4,665	13	101,480
Railroad	72,645	_	1,784	12	74,441
River	7	_		_	7
Truck	12,986	_	454	*	13,440
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	11,164	_	2,427	_	13,591
Utah	13,231	709	864	59	14,863
Railroad	4.949	709	255	_	5,913
Truck	4.291	707	608	59	4,959
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	3,991	_	008	39	3,991
Vermont	3,991	_	_	- 1	3,991 1
	_	_	_	*	1
Railroad	_	_	_	*	1
Truck	15 477	1.025	- 5 (22	1	² 22,294
Virginia	15,477	1,035	5,623	83	,
Railroad	11,785	_	3,641	48	15,475
River		-	1	_	. 1
Tidewater	220	_	_	-	220
Truck	3,471	_	1,967	35	5,473
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	-	1,035	13	_	1,048
Unknown	-	-	_	_	2 76
Washington	5,955	_	83	20	6,058
Railroad	1,685	_	83	20	1,787
Truck	_	_	_	1	1
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	4,270	_	_	_	4,270
West Virginia	33,798	1.151	4.890	216	2 40,065
Railroad	12,736	447	1.107	2	14.291
River	15,866	704	1.114	176	17.861
Truck	5,196	-	2.158	39	7,393
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	5,170	_	511		511
Unknown	_	_	311	_	2 9
Wisconsin	25,857		1,509	162	27,528
Railroad	25,071	_	1,169	33	26,274
	32	_	1,109	129	,
River		_	•	129	165
Great Lakes	753	_	331	*	1,084
Truck	-	_	5	•	5
Wyoming	20,016	-	2,024	138	22,178
Railroad	7,350	_	1,323	93	8,766
Truck	1,244	-	701	45	1,989
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	11,423	-	_	-	11,423
Unknown State	-	-	-	-	1 6,741
Unknown	_	_	_	_	1 6,741
U.S. Total	904,970	26,321	79,317	4,112	3 1,021,612
Railroad	607,196	17,711	35,138	942	660,988
River	113,855	5,601	9,511	926	129,893
Great Lakes	8,819	1,522	1,968	_	12,309
Tidewater	8,499	_	107	_	8,606
Truck	84,243	453	22,993	2,244	109,932
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	82,358	1,035	9,599	-,	92,992
Unknown	02,000	1,000	,,,,,		3 6,892

¹ Includes distribution to unknown consumers.

² Includes distribution to the transportation sector.

³ Includes distribution to both the transportation sector and unknown consumers.

^{*} Quantity is less than 500 short tons or percent is less than .05.

Note: Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report."

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 2000

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
	I.	Ι	DESTINATION: ALABA	AMA	
labama	11,761	266	2,334	53	14,414
Railroad	5,621	94	339	-	6,054
River	4,912	7-	337	_	4,912
Truck	1,228	172	1,995	53	3,448
inois	1,426	1/2	1,993	-	1,426
	534	_	_	_	
Railroad	578	_	_	_	534 578
River	314	_	_	_	
Tidewater		4	270	_	314
entucky Total	2,632	•	270	_	2,906
Railroad	2,010	4	98	_	2,112
River	622	_	130	_	752
Truck	-	-	41	_	41
Eastern	1,482	4	270	_	1,755
Railroad	1,481	4	98	_	1,583
River	1	_	130	_	131
Truck	_	_	41	_	41
Western	1,151	_	_	_	1,151
Railroad	530	_	_	_	530
River	621	_	_	_	621
hio	*	_	_	_	*
River	*	_	_	_	*
	479	16	*	_	496
ennsylvania Total	4/7	10	*	_	490
Railroad	- 479	16	**	_	495
River	479	16	Ī.	_	495
Truck	_	_	*	_	*
Anthracite	-	_	*	_	*
Railroad	_	-	*	_	*
Truck	_	_	*	_	*
Bituminous	479	16	_	_	495
River	479	16	_	_	495
ennessee	_	_	78	_	78
Railroad	_	_	70	_	70
Truck	_	_	8	_	8
irginia	10	298	200	_	507
Railroad	10	298	200	_	507
	217	1,116	171	_	1,504
Vest Virginia Total	39	1,021	47	_	,
Railroad		1,021		_	1,107
River	178	-	2	_	180
Truck	_	96	121	_	217
Northern	110	-	21	_	131
Railroad	_	_	21	_	21
River	110	-	_		110
Southern	107	1,116	150	_	1,373
Railroad	39	1,021	26	_	1,086
River	68	. –	2	_	71
Truck	_	96	121	_	217
voming	11,334	_	_	_	11,334
Railroad	11,334	_	_	_	11,334
	11,337				11,554
ate Total	27,860	1,700	3,052	53	32,665
Railroad	19,549	1,416	753	_	21,718
	,	,		_	,
River	6,770	16	133	_	6,918
Tidewater	314	260	2.166	_	314
Truck	1,228	268	2,166	53	3,715
		<u></u>	DESTINATION: ALAS	SKA	
laska	324	_	_	523	847
Railroad	154	_	_	462	616
Truck	170	_	_	61	231
ennsylvania Total	_	_	*	_	*
Railroad	_	_	*	_	*
	_	_	sk	-	·
Anthracite	_	_	·*	_	*
Railroad	_	_	*	_	*
ate Total	324	_	*	523	847
Railroad	154	_	*	462	616
Truck	170	_	_	61	231
11UVK	170	_	_	01	231

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
]	DESTINATION: ARIZO)NA	
rizona -	8 275			_	8,275
Railroad		_	_	_	8,275
olorado		_	150	埭	1,076
		_	150	_	1,076
	720	_	-	*	1,076
	163	_	_	_	163
		_	_	_	163
		_	_	_	163
		_	_	_	163
					198
					198
			459		9,900
	,	_	459 459	_	9,900
	9,441	_		_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	_	_	1	_	1
	_	_	1	_	
	_	_	1	_	1
	_	_	1	_	1
		_	4	_	28
Railroad	25	-	-	_	25
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	_	_	4	_	4
Vyoming	,	-	_	_	1,898
Railroad	1,898	-	-	_	1,898
tate Total	20,925	-	613	*	21,538
Railroad	20,762	_	610	_	21,371
River	163	_	_	_	163
Truck	September Sept	_	_	*	*
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	_	_	4	*	4
dabama	-	-	192	-	192
	-	_	176	_	176
	_	_	17	_	17
	-	_	121	_	121
	_	_	121	_	121
	_	_	43	_	43
	_	_	43	_	43
ennsylvania Total	_	_	2	_	2
Railroad	_	_	*	_	*
Truck	_	_	2	_	2
Anthracite	-	-	2	_	2
Railroad	-	-	*	_	4
Truck	-	-	2	_	2
'ennessee	-	-	41	_	41
Railroad	-	-	41	_	41
Rumoud					12 (00
Vyoming		_	_	_	13,699
		_	_ _		13,699
Vyoming			- -	-	
Vyoming	13,699	- - -	- - 400	_ _ _	
Vyoming Railroad	13,699 13,699	= = =	- 400 338	- - -	13,699
/yoming	13,699 13,699	- - - -		- - - -	13,699 14,09 9
Vyoming	13,699 13,699	- - - -	338	= = =	13,699 14,099 14,037
Vyoming	13,699 13,699	- - - - DI	338	- - - - - -	13,699 14,099 14,037
Vyoming Railroad tate Total Railroad Truck	13,699 13,699 13,699 -	- - - - DI	338 62 ESTINATION: CALIFO 19		13,699 14,099 14,037 62
Vyoming. Railroad. Railroad. Railroad. Truck. Colorado Railroad.	13,699 13,699 13,699 -	- - - - DI	338 62 ESTINATION: CALIFO 19 19		13,699 14,099 14,037 62 136
Vyoming. Railroad. tate Total Railroad. Truck Colorado Railroad. Railroad. (sew Mexico.	13,699 13,699 13,699 -	- - - - DI	338 62 ESTINATION: CALIFO 19 19 63		13,699 14,099 14,037 62 136 136 63
Railroad	13,699 13,699 13,699 -	- - - - DI	338 62 ESTINATION: CALIFO 19 19		13,699 14,099 14,037 62 136
Vyoming Railroad Railroad Truck Colorado Railroad Railroad	13,699 13,699 13,699 -	- - - - - - - - -	338 62 ESTINATION: CALIFO 19 19 63		13,699 14,099 14,037 62 136 136 63
Vyoming Railroad tate Total Railroad Truck Colorado Railroad ew Mexico Railroad ennsylvania Total Truck	13,699 13,699 13,699 -	- - - - DI - - - - -	338 62 ESTINATION: CALIFO 19 19 63		13,699 14,099 14,037 62 136 136 63
Vyoming. Railroad. tate Total Railroad. Truck Colorado Railroad. lew Mexico Railroad. rennsylvania Total Truck Anthracite	13,699 13,699 13,699 -	- - - - - - - - - - -	338 62 ESTINATION: CALIFO 19 19 63		13,699 14,099 14,037 62 136 136 63
Vyoming Railroad tate Total Railroad Truck Colorado Railroad Railroad Railroad Railroad Ew Mexico Railroad ennsylvania Total Truck	13,699 13,699 13,699	- - - - - - - - - - -	338 62 ESTINATION: CALIFO 19 19 63		13,699 14,099 14,037 62 136 136 63
Vyoming. Railroad. tate Total Railroad. Truck Colorado Railroad. lew Mexico Railroad. rennsylvania Total Truck Anthracite	13,699 13,699 13,699	- - - - - - - - - - - -	338 62 ESTINATION: CALIFO 19 19 63	- - - - - - -	13,699 14,099 14,037 62 136 136 63
Vyoming. Railroad. tate Total Railroad. Truck. Colorado Railroad. iew Mexico Railroad. eennsylvania Total Truck Anthracite Truck Truck	13,699 13,699 13,699 - 117 117 3,635	- - - - - - - - - - - - -	338 62 ESTINATION: CALIFO 19 19 63 63 8 * *	- - - - - - -	13,699 14,099 14,037 62 136 63 63 8

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total		
	I.	DESTINA	ATION: CALIFORNIA	(Continued)			
State Total	3,752	_	1,915	24	5,691		
Railroad	3,752	_	1,913	*	5,665		
Truck	3,732	_	2	24	25		
Truck				24			
		D	ESTINATION: COLOR	RADO			
Colorado	12,348	_	1,040	74	13,462		
Railroad	9,224	_	836	66	10,127		
Truck	3,123	-	204	8	3,335		
ennsylvania Total	3	-	11	3	17		
Railroad	_	_	11	3	14		
River	3	_	_	_	3		
Truck	_	_	*	*	**		
Anthracite	_	_	11	3	14		
Railroad	_	_	11	3	14		
Truck	_	_	*	*	*		
Bituminous	3	_	_	_	3		
River	3	_	_	_	3		
Jtah	_	_	_	3	3		
	_	_	_	3	3		
Truck	0.117	_	40	3			
Vyoming	9,117	_	48	-	9,165		
Railroad	9,117	_	48	_	9,165		
tate Total	21,468	_	1,099	80	22,646		
Railroad	18,341	_	895	69	19,306		
River	3	_	_	_	3		
	3,123	_	204	11	3,338		
ruck							
		DE	STINATION: CONNEC	CTICUT			
llinois	_	_	*	_	*		
Truck	660	_	•	_	660		
Kentucky Total		_	_	_	660		
Tidewater	660	_	_	_	660		
Eastern	660	_	_	_	660		
Tidewater	660	_	_	_	660		
Iaryland	14	_	_	_	14		
Tidewater	14	_	_	_	14		
ennsylvania Total	83	-	_	4	86		
Railroad	83	_	_	_	83		
Truck	_	_	_	4	4		
Anthracite	_	_	_	4	4		
Truck	_	_	_	4	4		
Bituminous	83	_	_	_	83		
Railroad	83	_	_	_	83		
/irginia	-	_	4	_	0.3 A		
Railroad		_	→ 1		4		
	- 793	_	4		793		
Vest Virginia Total		_	_	**			
Railroad	111	_	_	_	111		
Tidewater	682	_	_	-	682		
Truck	*	-	_	*	*		
Northern	783	-	_	*	783		
Railroad	101	-	-	_	101		
Tidewater	682	-	-	_	682		
Truck	*	-	_	*	*		
Southern	10	-	_	_	10		
Railroad	10	_	_	_	10		
Vyoming	10	_	_	_	10		
Railroad	10	_	_	-	10		
tate Total	1,559	_	4	4	1,566		
		_	4	4			
Railroad	203	_	4	_	207		
Tidewater	1,355	_			1,355		
Truck	*	_	*	Λ	4		

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total		
-		D	ESTINATION: DELAW	VARE			
Kentucky Total	111	_	10	_	121		
Railroad	111	_	10	_	12		
Eastern	111	_	10	_	12		
Railroad	111	_	10	_	12		
/Aryland	97	_	=	_	9		
Railroad	97	_	_	_	9'		
Pennsylvania Total	374	_	113	1	488		
Railroad	374	_	112	_	48′		
Truck	374		*	1	40		
Anthracite			*	1			
Railroad	_	_	*	_			
Truck	_	_	*	1			
Bituminous	374	_	113	1	48'		
	37 4 374	_		•			
Railroad	3/4	_	112	_	48′		
Truck	102	_	*	**	10		
/irginia	193	_	_	_	193		
Railroad	193	_	_	_	193		
Vest Virginia Total	490	_	275	_	765		
Railroad	453	_	275	_	728		
River	37	_	-	_	37		
Northern	247	_	_	_	24'		
Railroad	247	_	_	_	24		
Southern	242	_	275	_	518		
Railroad	206	_	275	_	481		
River	37	_	_	_	37		
tate Total	1,265	_	398	1	1,664		
Railroad	1,229	_	398	_	1,627		
River	37	_	570	_	37		
Truck	_	_	*	1	1		
-							
_		DESTINA	ATION: DISTRICT OF	COLUMBIA			
Kentucky Total	-	_	_	5	5		
Railroad	_	-	_	5	4		
Eastern	_	_	_	5	5		
Railroad	_	_	_	5	4		
Vest Virginia Total	_	_	_	2	2		
Railroad	_	_	_	2	2		
Southern	_	_	_	2	2		
Railroad	-	-	-	2	2		
tate Total	_	_	_	7	7		
Railroad	-	-	_	7			
_			DESTINATION: FLOR	IDA			
_	6,683			_	6,683		
linois					6,683		
llinois	6,683	_	_	_	0,00.		
River	6,683 12,067		689	- 9	,		
River		_ _ _	- 689 646	- 9 -	12,765		
River	12,067	- - - -		- 9 - -	12,76 5 10,585		
River	12,067 9,939 1,900	- - - -		- 9 - -	12,765 10,585 1,900		
River	12,067 9,939	- - - -	646 _ _	- 9 - - - 9	12,765 10,585 1,900 227		
River	12,067 9,939 1,900 227	- - - - -	646 - - - 43	- - -	12,765 10,585 1,900 227		
River entucky Total Railroad River Tidewater Truck Eastern	12,067 9,939 1,900 227 - 10,167	- - - - - -	646 - - 43 689	_ _ _ _ 9	12,765 10,585 1,900 227 52 10,865		
River entucky Total Railroad River Tidewater Truck Eastern Railroad	12,067 9,939 1,900 227 - 10,167 9,939	- - - - - - - -	646 - - - 43	_ _ _ _ 9	12,765 10,585 1,900 227 52 10,865 10,585		
River	12,067 9,939 1,900 227 - 10,167	-	646 - - 43 689 646 -	- - - 9 9 - -	12,76: 10,58: 1,900 22: 5: 10,86: 10,58: 22'		
River	12,067 9,939 1,900 227 - 10,167 9,939 227	-	646 - - 43 689	_ _ _ _ 9	12,76: 10,58: 1,900 22: 52: 10,86: 10,58: 22: 52:		
River	12,067 9,939 1,900 227 — 10,167 9,939 227 — 1,900	- - - - - - - - - -	646 - - 43 689 646 -	- - - 9 9 - -	12,765 10,585 1,900 22' 52 10,866 10,585 22' 5,1,900		
River	12,067 9,939 1,900 227 — 10,167 9,939 227 — 1,900 1,900	- - - - - - - - - -	646 - - 43 689 646 - 43 -	- - - 9 9 - -	12,768 10,588 1,900 22' 52 10,868 10,588 22' 52 1,900 1,900		
River	12,067 9,939 1,900 227 - 10,167 9,939 227 - 1,900 1,900 134	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	646 - - 43 689 646 -	- - - 9 9 - -	12,76: 10,58: 1,900 22' 5: 10,86: 10,58: 22' 5: 1,900 1,900		
River	12,067 9,939 1,900 227 - 10,167 9,939 227 - 1,900 1,900 134 134	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	646 - 43 689 646 - 43 - 3	- - - 9 9 - -	12,765 10,585 1,900 22' 52 10,865 10,585 22' 52 1,900 1,900 13'		
River	12,067 9,939 1,900 227 - 10,167 9,939 227 - 1,900 1,900 134 134	-	646 - 43 689 646 - 43 - - 3	- - - 9 9 - -	12,768 10,588 1,900 22' 55 10,866 10,588 22' 55 1,900 1,900 13' 13'		
River	12,067 9,939 1,900 227 - 10,167 9,939 227 - 1,900 1,900 134 134 - 650	-	646 - 43 689 646 - 43 - 3	- - - 9 9 - -	12,768 10,588 1,900 227 55 10,868 10,588 227 55 1,900 1,900 133 134 666		
River	12,067 9,939 1,900 227 - 10,167 9,939 227 - 1,900 1,900 134 134 - 650 480	-	646 - 43 689 646 - 43 - - 3	- - - 9 9 - -	12,765 10,585 1,900 22' 55 10,865 10,585 22' 57 1,900 1,900 13' 666 48		
Kentucky Total Railroad River Tidewater Truck Eastern Railroad Tidewater Truck Western River River Chio River Truck River Chio River Truck River Chio River Chio River Chio River Changle Chan	12,067 9,939 1,900 227 - 10,167 9,939 227 - 1,900 1,900 134 134 - 650	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	646 - 43 689 646 - 43 - - 3	- - - 9 9 - -	12,765 10,585 1,900 227 55 10,865 10,585 227 57 1,900 1,337 134 663 481 170		

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
	II.	DESTI	NATION: FLORIDA (Continued)	
Anthracite			*	*	1
Railroad	_	_	*	_	
Truck	_	_	*	*	
Bituminous	650	_	12	_	662
Railroad	480	_	-	_	480
River	170	_	_	_	170
Truck	-	_	12	_	12
irginia	150	_	11	_	162
Railroad	150	_	11	_	162
Vest Virginia Total	3,694	_	211	_	3,905
Railroad	1,469	_	54	_	1,523
River	70	_	157	_	227
Tidewater	2,155	_	_	_	2,155
Northern	1,349	_	_	_	1,349
Railroad	1,349	_	_	_	1,349
Southern	2,345	_	211	_	2,556
Railroad	120	_	54	_	174
River	70	_	157	_	227
Tidewater	2,155	_	-	_	2,155
Vyoming	104	_	_	_	104
Railroad	104	_	_	_	104
	101				10-
tate Total	23,483	_	926	9	24,418
Railroad	12,143	_	711	_	12,854
River	8,958	_	157	_	9,114
Tidewater	2,382	_	_	_	2,382
Truck	_,	_	58	9	67
labama Railroad	132 132	_	_	-	132 132
Centucky Total	16,117	_	1,155	*	17,272
Railroad	16,117	_	989	*	17,106
River	-	_	25	_	25
Truck	-	-	142	_	142
Eastern	16,117	_	1,155	*	17,272
Railroad	16,117	-	989	*	17,106
River	-	-	25	_	25
Truck	-	-	142	_	142
ennsylvania Total	-	-	*	_	*
Railroad	-	-	*	-	*
Truck	-	-	*	-	*
Anthracite	-	_	*	-	4
Railroad	-	-	*	-	*
Truck		-	*	-	*
'ennessee	686	-	174	-	860
Railroad	686	-	164	_	850
Truck	_	_	10	-	10
'exas	25	-	_	-	25
Railroad	25 4 - 25	_	_	_	25
irginia	4,781	_	426	8	5,216
Railroad	4,781	_	426	8	5,216
Vest Virginia Total	2,261	_	45	_	2,300
Railroad	2,261	_	45	_	2,306
Southern	2,261	_	45	_	2,306
Railroad	2,261	_	45	_	2,306
yoming	6,928	_	_	_	6,928
Railroad	6,928	-	_	-	6,928
tate Total	30,930	_	1,801	9	32,739
Railroad	30,930	_	1,624	9	32,733
River	50,950	_	25	<i>-</i>	25
Truck	_	_	151	_	151
			151		

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
	I.		DESTINATION: HAW	AII	
ennsylvania Total			*		*
Tidewater	_	_	*	_	*
Anthracite	_	_	*	_	*
Tidewater	_	_	*	_	*
1 de water					
tate Total	_	_	*	_	*
Tidewater	_	_	*	_	*
1100 / 4001					
_			DESTINATION: IDAI	HO	
					222
Jtah	_	_	218	15	233
Railroad	_	_	150	.=	150
Truck	-	-	68	15	83
Vyoming	-	-	210	5	215
Railroad	-	_	184	_	184
Truck	-	_	26	5	31

tate Total	-	_	429	20	448
Railroad	-	_	334	_	334
Truck	-	-	95	20	114
-					
_]	DESTINATION: ILLIN	IOIS	
Colorado	1,505	-	442	-	1,947
Railroad	804	-	442	_	1,245
River	702	-	_	_	702
llinois	7,692	_	2,860	170	10,722
Railroad	4,818	_	1,248	1	6,067
River	220	_	76	19	316
Truck	2,653	_	1,527	149	4,329
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	_	_	10	_	10
ndiana	60	_	10	*	70
Railroad	_	_	10	_	10
River	55	_	_	_	55
Truck	5	_	_	*	5
Kentucky Total	313	_	264	60	637
Railroad	154	_	40	_	194
River	83	_	213	60	356
Great Lakes	_	_	2	=	2
Truck	75	_	10	_	85
Eastern	171	_	235	60	466
Railroad	154	_	40	_	194
River	151	_	193	60	253
Great Lakes	_	_	2	-	233
Truck	17	_	*	_	17
Western	141	_	30		171
River	83	_	20		103
Truck	58	_	20 0	_	68
	2,552	_	9	_	
Iontana Railroad	2,552 2,552	_	_	_	2,552 2,552
		_	_	_	
Ohio	5	_	_	_	5
Truck	5	_	10	_ •	5
ennsylvania Total	_	_	19	*	19
Railroad	_	_	3	_	3
River	-	-	15	-	15
Truck	_	_	*	*	*
Anthracite	_	_	3	*	3
Railroad	-	_	3	_	3
Truck	-	-	*	*	*
Bituminous	-	-	15	_	15
River	-	_	15	_	15
'exas	_	-	4	_	4
River	_	_	4	_	4
tah	772	_	_	_	772
Railroad	772	_	_	_	772
/irginia		24	1	_	25
		24	-		24
Railroad	_				

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
		DESTI	NATION: ILLINOIS (O	Continued)	
West Virginia Total		1,444	696	*	2,141
Railroad	_	1,215	287	_	1,502
	_	128	335	*	463
River	_				
Truck	_	102	75	-	177
Southern	_	1,444	696	*	2,14
Railroad	_	1,215	287	_	1,502
River	_	128	335	*	463
Truck	_	102	75	_	177
Wyoming	28,527	_	40	_	28,56
Railroad	27,025	_	40	_	27,066
River	1,501		40		1,50
NIVEI	1,501	_	_	_	1,50
tate Total	41,426	1,469	4,337	230	47,461
Railroad	36,126	1.239	2.069	1	39,435
River	2,561	128	645	79	3,413
Great Lakes	2,301	120	2	,,	3,113
	2 720	102		150	
Truck Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	2,739	102	1,612 10	150	4,602 10
riamway, conveyor, and Sturry ripenne					
_		1	DESTINATION: INDIA	ANA	
Mabama	-	540	-	-	540
Railroad	_	540	_	_	540
Colorado	35	_	_	_	35
Railroad	23	_	_	_	23
River	12	_	_	_	12
	4,005			2	4,000
llinois		_	_	2	,
Railroad	2,894	_	_	_	2,894
River	736	_	_	2	737
Truck	375	_	_	_	375
ndiana	23,927	_	2,463	270	26,660
Railroad	15,408	_	277	*	15,685
River	13	_	1.167	_	1,180
Truck	7,758	_	1.019	270	9,047
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	7,736		1,017	270	748
		11	062	-	
Kentucky Total	1,198	11	963	1	2,173
Railroad	308	11	644	_	963
River	699	_	282	_	980
Truck	192	_	38	1	230
Eastern	805	11	930	1	1,747
Railroad	149	11	611	_	[′] 771
River	626		282	_	908
	30	_		- 1	
Truck		_	38	1	68
Western	393	-	33	_	420
Railroad	159	_	33	_	192
River	73	_	_	_	73
Truck	161	_	_	_	163
Montana	1,011	_	_	_	1,011
Railroad	1,011	_	_	_	1,01
Ohio	95	_	55	_	150
	2	_	33	_	150
Railroad		_	_	-	
River	59	_	_	_	59
Truck	34	-	55	_	89
ennsylvania Total	67	_	12	3	82
Railroad	-	-	*	_	3
River	67	_	_	_	67
Truck	_	_	12	3	15
Anthracite	_	_	12	3	15
Railroad	_	_	*	_	1
	_	_		_	
Truck	-	_	12	3	15
Bituminous	67	-	_	_	67
River	67	-	_	_	67
Jtah	20	_	_	_	20
Railroad	20	_	_	_	20
/irginia	813	811	927	_	2,551
	24	811	675		1,511
Railroad		011		_	
River	789	_	252	_	1,040

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
		DESTI	NATION: INDIANA (C	Continued)	
Vest Virginia Total	. 1,892	6,244	184		8,320
Railroad		5,603	142	_	6,696
		,	43	_	1,624
River		641	43	_	
Northern		_	_	_	1,491
Railroad		_	_	_	839
River		_	_	_	652
Southern		6,244	184	_	6,829
Railroad		5,603	142	_	5,857
River		641	43	_	972
Vyoming	,	_	206	_	15,938
Railroad		-	_	_	8,123
River	. 7,609	_	206	_	7,815
ate Total	. 48,795	7,606	4,811	275	61,487
Railroad	. 28,765	6,966	1,738	*	37,469
River	. 10,923	641	1,950	2	13,514
Truck	. 8,359	_	1,124	274	9,756
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline		-	· =	-	748
			DESTINATION: IOW	/A	
olorado		_		-	393
Railroad		-	-	_	393
llinois	. 303	-	678	83	1,064
Railroad	. 21	_	254	_	276
River	. 282	_	215	83	580
Truck	. –	_	208	*	208
ıdiana	. –	_	10	_	10
Railroad		_	10	_	10
entucky Total		_	26	136	177
River	. 16	_	26	136	177
Eastern		_	18	13	30
River		_	18	13	30
Western		_	8	123	147
River		_	8	123	147
ennsylvania Total		_	164	*	164
Railroad		_	16	_	164
		_	148	*	148
River		_		**	
Anthracite		_	16	_	16
Railroad		_	16		16
Bituminous		_	148	16 	148
River		_	148	*	148
Vest Virginia Total		_	78	42	120
Railroad		-	21	_	21
River		-	58	42	100
Southern	. –	_	78	42	120
Railroad	. –	_	21	_	21
River	. –	_	58	42	100
Vyoming	. 18,296	_	877	_	19,173
Railroad		-	877	-	19,173
tate Total	. 19,007	_	1,834	261	21,102
Railroad		_	1,179	_	19,889
River		_	446	261	1,005
Truck		-	208	*	208
			DESTINATION: KANS	SAS	
olorado	. 708		11		719
Railroad		_	11	_	719
ansas		_	_	_	201
Truck		_	_	_	201
Iissouri		_	_	_	188
Truck		_	_	_	188
Iontana		_	_	<u>-</u>	1,464
Railroad	,	_	_	_	1, 46 4
	1 464		_		

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
		DESTI	NATION: KANSAS (C	ontinued)	
New Mexico	–	_	15	_	15
Railroad		_	15	_	15
Oklahoma		_	109	11	133
Truck		_	109	11	133
Pennsylvania Total		_	1	_	1
Railroad	–	_	1	_	1
Anthracite		_	1	_	1
Railroad		_	1	_	1
Vyoming		_	_	_	13,600
Railroad	13,600	_	_	_	13,600
State Total	16,173	-	136	11	16,320
Railroad	15,771	_	26	_	15,798
Truck	401	_	109	11	522
	-				
		D	ESTINATION: KENTU	JCKY	
Colorado	,	_	-	-	2,464
Railroad		-	-	_	2,464
llinois		-	-	_	145
Railroad		-	-	_	143
Truck		-	-	_	2
ndiana		-	-	-	1,190
Railroad		-	-	_	98
Truck	209	_	_	_	209
Kentucky Total	20,379	434	5,021	170	1 26,024
Railroad	5,823	432	371	_	6,627
River	5,302	-	2,450	_	7,752
Truck	9,253	2	2,200	170	11,625
Unknown		-	-	_	1 20
Eastern	5,180	434	4,898	169	l 10,701
Railroad	2,884	432	371	_	3,688
River	585	_	2,397	_	2,982
Truck	1,711	2	2,130	169	4,012
Unknown	–	-	_	_	1 20
Western	15,199	_	123	2	15,32
Railroad	2,939	_	_	_	2,939
River	4,717	-	54	_	4,771
Truck	7,542	_	69	2	7,613
Ohio	74	_	*	_	74
River	74	-	*	_	74
Pennsylvania Total	1,899	-	92	*	1,991
Railroad	60	_	2	_	6.
River	1,840	_	56	_	1,895
Truck		_	34	*	34
Anthracite	–	_	36	*	30
Railroad		_	2	_	- 1
Truck		_	34	*	34
Bituminous		_	56	-	1,95
Railroad	60	_	_	-	60
River		_	56	_	1,893
Tennessee		*	2	7	114
Truck		*	2	7	114
/irginia	53	_	_	*	53
Railroad	11	_	-	_	11
River		_	_	-	42
Truck		_	-	*	3
Vest Virginia Total		752	1,639	12	9,380
Railroad		751	125	-	1,778
River		_	506	12	6,498
Truck	102	*	1,008	_	1,110
Northern		509	· –	_	3,08
Railroad	· ·	509	_	_	509
River		_	_	_	2,578
Southern		243	1,639	12	6,299
Railroad		243	125		1,270
River			506	12	3,920
Truck		*	1,008		1,110

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total		
	DESTINATION: KENTUCKY (Continued)						
Wyoming	1,618	_	_	_	1,618		
Railroad		_	_	_	895		
River	723	-	-	-	72:		
State Total	34,910	1,186	6,753	190	1 43,059		
Railroad	,	1,184	498	-	12,96		
River		1,104	3,012	12	16,98		
Truck	,	2	3,244	178	13,09		
Unknown		_	-	-	1 20		
		D	ESTINATION: LOUIS	IANA			
llinois	1,479		_	_	1,479		
River	,	_	_	_	1,47		
Kentucky Total		_	31	_	3:		
River		_	31	_	31		
Eastern		_	31	_	3		
River		_	31	_	3:		
ouisiana		_	_	_	3,69		
Truck		_	_		770		
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline		_	_	_	2,920		
Pennsylvania Total		_	*	*	2,920		
Railroad		_	*		1.		
River		_	_	_	13		
Truck		_	_	*	1.		
Anthracite		_	*	*			
Railroad		_	*	· _			
Truck		_	_	*	:		
Bituminous		_	_	_	1.		
River		_	_	_	13		
Vest Virginia Total					130		
River		_	_	_	13		
		_	_	_			
Northern		_	_	_	9 9		
Southern		_	_	_	40		
		_	_	_	40		
River		_	_	_	11,05		
Nyoming Railroad	,	_	_	_	11,058		
W	44.000		24		4 < 404		
State Total	,	_	31	*	16,40		
Railroad		_	*	_	11,058		
River	,	-	31	-	1,654		
Truck		_	_	*	770		
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	2,926	_	_	_	2,920		
			DESTINATION: MAI	NE			
Kentucky Total		_	150	-	150		
Railroad		-	58	-	51		
Tidewater		-	92	-	92		
Eastern		_	150	-	150		
Railroad		-	58	_	51		
Tidewater		-	92 27	_	92		
Pennsylvania Total		_	27	3	30		
Railroad		-	~	* 2	3		
Truck		_	27	3	30		
Anthracite		_	*	3			
Railroad		_	*	2			
Truck		_	-	3	2		
Truck			27 27		27 27		
				_			
tate Total		-	177	3	180		
Railroad		-	58	*	58		
Tidewater		-	92	-	92		
Truck			27	3	30		

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
		DF	STINATION: MARYI	LAND	
Kentucky Total	818		34	1	853
Railroad	699	_	_	1	700
River	119	_	34	_	153
Eastern	818	_	34	1	853
Railroad	699	_	=	1	700
River	119	_	34	_	153
Western	*	_	_	_	*
Railroad	*				*
Varyland	1,089		248	4	1,340
Railroad	224		246		224
	865	_	248	4	
Truck		_	248	38	1,116
Pennsylvania Total	2,719	_	250	38 *	3,007
Railroad	2,498	_	109	•	2,608
Truck	221	_	140	38	399
Anthracite	-	_	109	2	112
Railroad	-	_	109	*	109
Truck	_	_	_	2	2
Bituminous	2,719	_	140	36	2,895
Railroad	2,498	_	_	_	2,498
Truck	221	_	140	36	397
Jtah	13	_	_	_	13
Railroad	13	_	_	_	13
Virginia	24	_	_	*	24
Railroad	24	_	_	_	24
	24	_	_	*	24 *
Truck	7 107	_	272	•	7.500
West Virginia Total	7,187	_	272	41	7,500
Railroad	5,926	_	197	_	6,123
River		-	9	_	9
Tidewater	1,243	_	_	_	1,243
Truck	18	-	66	41	124
Northern	3,398	-	224	41	3,663
Railroad	2,645	-	158	_	2,804
Tidewater	735	_	_	_	735
Truck	18	_	66	41	124
Southern	3.789	_	48	_	3,837
Railroad	3,281	_	39	_	3,320
River	-	_	9	_	9
Tidewater	509	_	Ĺ	_	509
34-4- T-4-1	11 040		904	84	10 727
State Total	11,849	_	804		12,737
Railroad	9,383	-	307	1	9,691
River	119	_	43	_	162
Tidewater	1,243	_		-	1,243
Truck	1,103	_	454	83	1,640
_		DEST	INATION: MASSACH	USETTS	
Kentucky Total	319	_	53	_	371
Railroad	319	_	53	_	371
Eastern	319	_	53	_	371
Railroad	319	_	53	_	371
Pennsylvania Total	139	_	29	_ o	177
Railroad	125	_	47	9 *	
	123	_	_	•	125
Tidewater	14	_	20	9	14
Truck	_	_	29		38
Anthracite	_	_	-	9	9
Railroad	_	-	-	*	*
Truck	-	-	-	9	9
Bituminous	139	-	29	*	168
Railroad	125	_	_	_	125
Tidewater	14	_	_	_	14
Truck	_	_	29	*	29
/irginia	_	_	7	7	14
Railroad	_	_	7	7	14
	290	_	87	*	377
West Virginia Total	490	_		**	
Railroad	-	_	85	_	85
Tidewater	290	_		-	290
Truck	_	_	2	*	2

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total			
1	I.	DESTINATI	ON: MASSACHUSET	ΓS (Continued)				
Southern	290		87	*	377			
Railroad	200	_	85	_	85			
Tidewater	290		-	_	290			
Truck	290	_	2	*	290			
TTUCK	_	_	2	·	4			
tate Total	748	_	175	16	940			
Railroad	443	_	145	7	596			
Tidewater	304	_	-	<u>,</u>	304			
Truck	504		30	9	40			
11404			50	,	-10			
_	DESTINATION: MICHIGAN							
Kentucky Total	4,742		1,073	8	5,823			
Railroad	4,092	_	609	8	4,709			
River	112	_	14	8				
Great Lakes	463	_	438	_	126 901			
		_		*				
Truck	75 4.742	_	12	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	87 5 823			
Eastern	4,742	_	1,073	8	5,823			
Railroad	4,092	_	609	8	4,709			
River	112	_	14	_	126			
Great Lakes	463	_	438	_	901			
Truck	75	_	12	ale	87			
Iontana	9,123	_	116	_	9,239			
Railroad	2,855	_	*	-	2,855			
Great Lakes	6,268	_	116	-	6,384			
Ohio	217	_	35	4	256			
Truck	217	_	35	4	256			
Pennsylvania Total	2,951	62	306	1	3,319			
Railroad	2,418	-	118	_	2,535			
River	533	_	_	_	533			
Great Lakes	_	62	188	_	250			
Truck	_	_	*	1	1			
Anthracite	_	_	1	1	1			
Railroad	_	_	**	_	*			
Truck	_	_	**	1	1			
Bituminous	2,951	62	306	_	3,318			
Railroad	2,418	_	117	_	2,535			
River	533	_	_	_	533			
Great Lakes	_	62	188	_	250			
'irginia	58	- 02	*	2	60			
Railroad	45		_	$\frac{2}{2}$	46			
	13	_	_	2	13			
River Truck	13	_	*	*	13			
	4 051	1 447	459	**	5,977			
Vest Virginia Total	4,051	1,467		-	,			
Railroad	3,243	/	305	_	3,555			
River	222	1.460	154	_	222			
Great Lakes	571	1,460	154	_	2,185			
Truck	15	_	_	-	15			
Northern	419	_	7	_	427			
Railroad	419	_	_	-	419			
Great Lakes			7	_	7			
Southern	3,631	1,467	452	_	5,550			
Railroad	2,824	7	305	_	3,136			
River	222	_	-	_	222			
Great Lakes	571	1,460	147	_	2,178			
Truck	15	_	_	_	15			
/yoming	9,809	-	_	-	9,809			
Railroad	9,718	_	-	_	9,718			
Great Lakes	91	-	-	-	91			
tate Total	30,952	1,529	1,989	14	34,483			
Railroad	22,370	7	1,032	9	23,419			
River		,	1,032	7				
	880	1 522		_	894			
Great Lakes	7,394	1,522	896	_	9,811			
Truck	308	-	47	5	359			

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
1	I.	Di	ESTINATION: MINNE	SOTA	
Olinois	101	_	_	_	101
River	101	_	_	_	101
Indiana	62	_	_	_	62
Railroad	62	_	_	_	62
Kentucky Total	76	_	172	*	248
Railroad	4	_	4	_	- 1
River	72	_	91	*	163
Great Lakes	-	_	77	_	77
Truck	_	_	,, <u>,</u>	*	*
Eastern	61	_	172	*	233
Railroad	4	_	4	_	235
	57	_	91	*	148
River	37	_		•	77
Great Lakes	_	_	77	*	/ /
Truck	-	_	_	*	1.5
Western	15	_	_	_	15
River	15	_	_	_	15
Montana	10,750	_	22	_	10,771
Railroad	10,750	_	22	-	10,771
Pennsylvania Total	-	_	*	*	*
Railroad	-	-	*	_	*
Truck	-	-	*	*	*
Anthracite	_	_	*	*	1
Railroad	_	_	*	_	*
Truck	_	_	*	*	*
Bituminous	_	_	_	*	al al
Truck	_	_	_	*	*
West Virginia Total	_	_	42	_	42
River	_	_	42	_	42
Southern	_	_	42	_	42
River	_	_	42	_	42
Wyoming	10,192		682	5	10,879
Railroad	9,670	_	185	5	9,859
Great Lakes	522	_	497	_	1,019
S4-4- T-4-1	21 100		010	-	22 104
State Total	21,180	_	918	5	22,104
Railroad	20,485	_	210	5	20,700
River	173	_	133	*	307
Great Lakes	522	_	574	-	1,096
Truck	_	_	*	*	al a
		D	ESTINATION: MISSIS	SIPPI	
Colorado	544	_	10	_	554
Railroad	544	_	10	_	554
Illinois	1,357	_	106	_	1,463
River	147	_	106	_	253
Tidewater	1,210	_	_	_	1,210
Kentucky Total	795	_	_	_	795
Railroad	795 795	_	_	_	795
	795	_	_	_	795 795
Eastern		_	_	_	
Railroad	795	_	_	_	795
Mississippi	11	_	_	_	11
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	11	_	_	_	11
Montana	151	_	-	_	151
Railroad	151	_	_	_	151
Ohio	-	_	*	_	*
River	-	-	*	_	*
Pennsylvania Total	-	_	*	_	al al
Railroad	_	_	*	_	*
Anthracite	_	_	*	_	*
Railroad	_	_	*	_	*
West Virginia Total	_	_	40	_	40
	_	_	37	_	37
Railroad	_	_	37	_	31
River	_	_	-	_	
Northern	_	_	3	_	3
River			3		3

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
l	I	DESTINA	ATION: MISSISSIPPI ((Continued)	
Southern	_		37		37
Railroad	_	_	37	_	37
Vyoming	306	_	_	_	300
Railroad	306		_	_	300
Kamoau	300	_	_	_	300
tate Total	3,163	_	156	_	3,319
		_	47	_	1.842
Railroad	1,795	_	109	_	, -
River	147	_	109	_	256
Tidewater	1,210	_	_	_	1,210
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	11				11
		Г	DESTINATION: MISSO	URI	
rkansas	_	_	9	_	9
Truck	_	_	9	_	ç
olorado	1,363	_	216	_	1,579
Railroad	689	_	410	<u>-</u>	689
		_	216	_	890
River	674	-	216	152	
linois	1,214	_	369	152	1,735
Railroad	580	-	-	_	580
River	478	-	-	_	478
Truck	155	-	369	152	677
diana	7	-	-	_	7
Railroad	7	_	_	_	7
entucky Total	10	_	43	9	62
Railroad	2	-	_	_	2
River	8	-	43	9	60
Eastern	10	_	43	9	62
Railroad	2	_	_	_	2
River	8	_	43	9	60
lissouri	220	_	28	*	249
Truck	220	_	28	*	249
klahoma		_	1	_	1
Truck	_	_	1	_	1
ennsylvania Total	_	_	*	2	2
Railroad	_		*	_	*
Truck				2	2
Anthracite	_	_	*	$\frac{2}{2}$	2
	_	_	*	4	*
Railroad	_	_	*	_	
Truck	-	_	_	2	-
tah	327	_	_	_	327
Railroad	327	-	_	_	327
Vest Virginia Total	5	-	69	13	87
River	5	-	69	13	87
Southern	5	_	69	13	87
River	5	-	69	13	87
yoming	32,300	_	_	_	32,300
Railroad	32,300	-	_	-	32,300
ate Total	35,447	_	735	176	36,358
Railroad	33,905	-	*	_	33,905
River	1,166	_	328	22	1,516
Truck	376	_	407	154	937
-		D	ESTINATION: MONT	ANA	
[ontana	9,216		505	2	9,723
Railroad	137	_	_	_	137
Truck	347	_	64	2	413
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	8,731	_	441	_	9,173
	0,/31	_		_	
orth Dakota	_	_	1	_	1
Railroad	_	_	1	_	1
ennsylvania Total	-	-	2	_	2
Railroad	-	-	2	_	2
Anthracite	_	_	2	_	2
Railroad	_	_	2	_	2

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total			
		DESTIN	JATION: MONTANA (Continued)				
Vyoming	660	_	68	*	729			
Railroad		_	68	_	729			
Truck	-	-	-	*	*			
ate Total	9,876	_	576	3	10,455			
Railroad		_	71	_	869			
Truck		_	64	3	414			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline		_	441	-	9,173			
		D	ESTINATION: NEBRA	SKA				
olorado	6	_	120	_	126			
Railroad	6	_	120	_	126			
entucky Total	*	-	_	_	1			
Railroad	*	_	_	_	*			
Eastern	*	_	_	_	*			
Railroad	*	_	_	_	*			
ennsylvania Total		_	1	_	1			
Railroad		_	1	_	ī			
Anthracite		_	i	_	i			
Railroad		_	ī	_	1			
tah		_	_	_	21			
Truck		_	_	_	21			
yoming			209		11,041			
Railroad	,	_	209	_	11,041			
	10.050		220		11 100			
tate Total		_	330	_	11,189			
Railroad	.,	_	330	_	11,168			
Truck	21 – – 21							
			DESTINATION: NEVA	ADA				
rizona		_	-	-	4,711			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	4,711	_	_	_	4,711			
tah		_	341	*	3,483			
Railroad	3,142	_	321	_	3,463			
Truck	-	-	20	*	20			
tate Total	7,853	_	341	*	8,195			
Railroad	3,142	_	321	_	3,463			
Truck		_	20	*	20			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline		-	_	-	4,711			
		DEST	TINATION: NEW HAM	IPSHIRE				
entucky Total		_	_	-	11			
Tidewater		_	_	_	11			
Eastern		_	_	_	11			
Tidewater		_	_	_	11			
ennsylvania Total		_	₹	4	684			
Railroad		_	-	ale.	680			
Truck		_	*	4	4			
Anthracite		-	_	4	4			
Railroad		_	_	*	1			
Truck		_	_	4	4			
Bituminous		-	*	*	680			
Railroad	680	_	-	_	680			
Truck	-	_	*	*	al al			
est Virginia Total	85	_	_	_	85			
Railroad		_	_	_	85			
Northern		_	_	_	80			
Railroad		_	_	_	80			
Southern		_	_	_	5			
Railroad		_	_	_	5			
		_	_		17			
Vyoming Railroad		_	_	_	17			

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
	1	DESTINAT	ION: NEW HAMPSHII	RE (Continued)	
State Total	794		*	4	798
Railroad		_	•	*	783
		_	_		
Tidewater		_	_	_	11
Truck	–	_	*	4	4
		DI	STINATION: NEW JE	CRSEY	
Centucky Total	225	_	1	_	226
Railroad	225	_	1	_	226
Truck	–	_	*	_	*
Eastern		_	1	_	226
Railroad		_	ī	_	226
Western			*		220
		_	*	_	
Truck		_	~	_	-
[aryland		_	_	_	5
Tidewater		_	-	_	5
ennsylvania Total		_	9	5	794
Railroad		-	*	*	643
Tidewater	137	-	_	_	137
Truck		_	9	5	14
Anthracite		_	9	5	14
Railroad		_	*	*	*
Truck		_	9	5	14
Bituminous			_	_	780
		_	_	_	643
Railroad		_	_	_	
Tidewater		_	_	_	137
tah		_	_	_	22
Railroad		-	_	_	22
irginia		_	_	_	599
Tidewater	599	-	_	_	599
Vest Virginia Total	1,945	_	_	_	1,945
Railroad	1,242	_	_	_	1,242
Tidewater	703	_	_	_	703
		_	_	_	1,299
	. ,	_	_	_	790
		_	_	_	508
		_	_	_	647
		_	_	_	452
11dewater	195	_	_	_	195
tate Total	3,575	_	10	5	3,590
Railroad	,	_	1	*	2,132
		_	_	_	1,444
Truck		_	9	5	14
nia ewater Virginia Total		TAT	CTINIATIONI. NICES N	EVICO	
Colorado	23	DE	STINATION: NEW M	*	99
Truck		_	76	*	99
ew Mexico		_	70	5	1 16,483
		_	_	3	,
Railroad		_	_	_	9,423
Truck		_	_	5	7.051
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline		_	_	_	7,051
Unknown		_	-	_	1 4
ennsylvania Total		_	*	_	*
Truck		-	*	_	*
Anthracite	–	_	*	_	10
Truck	–	_	*	_	*
tah		_	_	*	*
Truck		-	_	*	*
toto Total	16 407		74	4	1 16,582
tate Total		_	76	O	
Railroad	,	_		_	9,423
Truck		_	76	6	105
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	,	_	_	_	7,051
Unknown	–	_	_	_	1 4

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total		
	DESTINATION: NEW YORK						
Kentucky Total	125	_	467	45	638		
Railroad	110	_	456	_	566		
River	_	_	_	45	45		
Tidewater	15	_	_	_	15		
Truck	_	_	12	_	12		
Eastern	125	_	467	45	638		
Railroad	110	_	456	-	566		
River	110	_	430	45	45		
	15	_	_	43	15		
Tidewater	13	_	12	_			
Truck	10	_	12	_	12 10		
Ohio		_	1	_			
River	10	_	-	_	10		
Truck	_	_	1		1		
ennsylvania Total	4,330	-	617	43	4,990		
Railroad	3,967	_	429	1	4,397		
River	37	_	_	1	38		
Truck	326	-	188	41	555		
Anthracite	*	_	7	35	41		
Railroad	-	_	*	1	1		
Truck	*	_	7	34	40		
Bituminous	4,330	_	611	8	4,949		
Railroad	3,967	_	429	_	4,396		
River	37	_	<u>-</u>	1	38		
Truck	326	_	182	7	515		
Cennessee	_	_	4	<u>-</u>	4		
Railroad	_	_	4	_	4		
exas	8	_		_	8		
	8				8		
Truck	o	98	_	_	98		
/irginia	_		_	_			
Railroad	2.462	98	124	-	98		
Vest Virginia Total	3,463	763	134	13	4,373		
Railroad	3,457	674	134		4,264		
River	6	10	_	11	27		
Truck	_	80	_	2	82		
Northern	2,672	281	3	2	2,958		
Railroad	2,672	281	3	_	2,956		
Truck	_	_	_	2	2		
Southern	791	483	131	11	1,415		
Railroad	785	393	131	_	1,308		
River	6	10	_	11	27		
Truck	_	80	_	_	80		
Vyoming	20	_	_	_	20		
Railroad	20	_	_	_	20		
	20				20		
tate Total	7,955	861	1,223	101	10,141		
Railroad	7,553	771	1,023	101	9,349		
	7,333 53	10	1,043	58	9,349		
River	53 15	10	_	36			
Truck	334	80	201	43	15 657		
_		DEST	INATION: NORTH CA	AROLINA			
Kentucky Total	12,149	_	1,439	25	13,613		
Railroad	11,760	_	1,247	25	13,032		
River	375	_		_	375		
Truck	15	_	192	*	207		
Eastern	12,149	_	1,439	25	13,613		
Railroad	11.760	=	1,247	25 25	13,032		
	,	_	1,24/	23			
River	375	_	100	_	375		
Truck	15	-	192	*	207		
ennsylvania Total	-	_	5	*	5		
Railroad	-	-	*	_	*		
Truck	-	_	5	a)s	5		
Anthracite	_	_	5	*	5		
Railroad	_	_	*	_	*		
Truck	_	_	5	*	5		

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
		DESTINATI	ON: NORTH CAROLI	NA (Continued)	
ennessee			17	*	17
Railroad		_	17	_	17
Truck		_	_	*	*
/irginia			312	35	806
Railroad		_	280	33 34	772
		_		1	
Truck		_	32	•	33
Vest Virginia Total		_	108	52	14,631
Railroad		_	108	22	14,541
River		_	_	_	50
Truck		_	-	30	41
Southern		-	108	52	14,631
Railroad		_	108	22	14,541
River	50	_	_	_	50
Truck		_	_	30	41
Vyoming	152	_	_	_	152
Railroad	152	_	_	_	152
tate Total	27,230	_	1,881	113	29,224
Railroad	,	_	1,652	82	28,514
River	,	_	-	-	425
Truck		_	229	32	286
		DES	FINATION: NORTH E		
Montana		-	-	79	145
Railroad		_	_	79	145
Vorth Dakota		_	6,127	55	31,147
Railroad		_	_	_	447
Truck	4,372	_	_	55	4,427
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	20,146	_	6,127	_	26,273
ennsylvania Total	–	_	_	*	*
Truck	–	_	_	*	*
Anthracite	–	_	_	*	*
Truck		_	_	*	*
Vyoming		_	65	_	208
Railroad		_	65	_	208
state Total	25,174	_	6,193	134	31,500
Railroad	,	_	65	79	800
Truck		_	-	55	4,427
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline		_	6,127	-	26,273
			DESTINATION, OIL	10	
Uinois	113		DESTINATION: OH	10	120
llinois		_	<i>i</i> –	_	113
Truck		_	7	_	7
Kentucky Total		136	1,623	122	7,101
Railroad		136	1,023 441	-	1,795
River	,	-	180	87	4,131
	,	_		0/	
Great Lakes	138	_	13 988	34	13
Truck		126		5.	1,161
Eastern		136	1,623	122	7,037
Railroad	,	136	441	_	1,795
River	,	-	180	87	4,068
Great Lakes		_	13	_	13
Truck		_	988	34	1,161
Western		-	_	_	63
River	63	_	_	_	63
Iontana	1	_	152	_	153
Great Lakes	1	_	152	_	153
Ohio		_	1,049	86	19,717
Railroad		_	-,	_	2,478
River		_	_	_	3,582
Truck		_	1,049	86	7,173
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline		_	- 1,077	_	6,484
riamway, Conveyor, and Sturry ripenite	0,404	=	_	_	0,404

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
	I.	DEST	TINATION: OHIO (Co	ntinued)	
Pennsylvania Total	4,848	162	303	5	5,318
Railroad	1,085	160	*	=	1,246
River	3,553	_	49	2	3,604
Great Lakes	149	_		_	149
Truck	61	1	254	3	319
Anthracite	-	i	19	3	24
Railroad	_	_	*	_	*
Truck	_	1	19	3	24
	4,848	160	284	2	
Bituminous			204	2	5,294
Railroad	1,085	160	-	_	1,245
River	3,553	_	49	2	3,604
Great Lakes	149	_	_	_	149
Truck	61	_	234	_	295
Cennessee	_	_	2	*	2
Railroad	_	_	2	_	2
Truck	_	_	_	*	*
Texas	_	_	12	_	12
River	_	_	12	_	12
/irginia	507	335	4	_	846
Railroad		335	_	_	335
River	507	_	4	_	511
Vest Virginia Total	22.174	723	1,480	4	24.381
	3,412	585	,	4	,
Railroad			635	_	4,632
River	17,987	138	491	-	18,616
Truck	775	_	353	4	1,132
Northern	5,249	-	233	_	5,482
Railroad	2,017	-	233	_	2,249
River	3,207	_	_	_	3,207
Truck	25	_	1	_	26
Southern	16,926	723	1,247	4	18,899
Railroad	1,395	585	403	_	2,383
River	14,780	138	491	_	15,409
Truck	750	_	353	4	1.107
Vyoming	2,697	_	333	<u> </u>	2,697
Railroad	2,697	_	_	_	2,697
State Total	54,142	1,356	4,632	216	60,346
	,	,	,	210	,
Railroad	10,890	1,216	1,078	_	13,184
River	29,605	138	737	89	30,570
Great Lakes	150		165		316
Truck	7,012	1	2,652	127	9,792
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	6,484	_	-	-	6,484
-		Di	ESTINATION: OKLAH	НОМА	
Alabama	_	_	*	_	*
Railroad	_	_	*	_	*
Colorado	_	_	70	_	70
Railroad	_	_	70	_	70
llinois	_	_	1	_	1
River	_	_	1		1
	_	_	l sk	_	1 *
ndiana	_	_	**	-	*
River	_	_	25	_	25
Kentucky Total	_	_	25	_	25
Railroad	_	_	8	_	8
River	-	_	16	_	16
Eastern	_	-	25	_	25
Railroad	-	_	8	_	8
River	-	-	16	_	16
ouisiana	_	_	9	_	9
River	-	_	9	_	9
New Mexico	_	_	105	_	105
	_	_	105	_	105
Railroad	1.165	_	140	_	1.306
Railroad Oklahoma	1,165			_ _	1,306
Railroad	1,165 1,165	- - -	140 140 *	=	1,306 1,306 *

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
,		DESTINA	ATION: OKLAHOMA	(Continued)	
Anthracite	_	_	*	_	*
Railroad	-	_	*	_	*
irginia	-	_	25	_	25
Railroad	-	-	25	_	25
Vyoming	18,009	_	5	_	18,014
Railroad	18,009	_	5	-	18,014
tate Total	19,175	_	381	_	19,555
Railroad	18,009	_	214	_	18,223
River	-	_	26	_	26
Truck	1,165	_	140	-	1,306
_]	DESTINATION: OREG	GON	
Kentucky Total	_	_	5	_	5
Railroad	-	-	5	-	5
Eastern	-	_	5	-	5
Railroad	-	-	5	-	5
Pennsylvania Total	-	_	4	*	4
Railroad	-	-	4	-	4
Truck	-	_	_	*	*
Anthracite	_	_	4	-	4
Railroad	_	_	4	*	4
Bituminous	_	_	_	sk	*
Truck ennessee	_	_	3		3
Railroad	_	_	3	_	3
tah	179	_	54	*	234
Railroad	179	_	54	_	234
Truck	-	_	_	*	*
Vest Virginia Total	_	_	8	_	8
Railroad	_	_	8	_	8
Southern	_	_	8	_	8
Railroad	_	_	8	_	8
Vyoming	1,822	_	23	_	1,845
Railroad	1,822	-	23	-	1,845
tate Total	2,001	_	97	*	2,098
Railroad	2,001	_	97	_	2,098
Truck	-	-	-	*	*
_		DES	TINATION: PENNSY	LVANIA	
Alabama	-	206	-	-	206
Railroad	_	206	_	_	206
Kentucky Total	142	171	343	7	663
Railroad	105	23	85	2	214
River	2	148	247	4	401
Truck	36 143	171	11	* =	48
Eastern Railroad Railroad	142 105	171 23	343 85	2	663 214
River	103	23 148	85 247	<u> </u>	401
Truck	36	140	11	*	48
Phio	427	_	152	*	57 9
Railroad	22	_	_	_	22
River	280	_	_	_	280
Truck	126	_	152	*	278
ennsylvania Total	28,750	1,319	3,119	710	1 33,940
Railroad	10,461	20	366	1	10,847
River	3,611	1,299	74	18	5,002
Truck	13,977	_	2,612	692	17,281
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	702	_	66	_	768
Unknown	-	_	_	-	1 42
Anthracite	2,722	-	293	427	3,443
D = 11 = = 4	188	_	24	1	212
Railroad	100		2.1	•	212

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
	П.	DESTINAT	TON: PENNSYLVANIA	(Continued)	
Bituminous	26,027	1,319	2,825	283	1 30,497
Railroad	10,272	20	342		10,635
River	3,611	1,299	74	18	5,002
	11,442	1,2	2,342	266	14,050
Truck		_	,	200	
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	702	_	66	_	768
Unknown	_	_	_	_	1 42
Cennessee	_	_	19	_	19
Railroad	_	_	19	_	19
Texas	36	_	_	_	36
Railroad	14	_	_	_	14
Truck	22	_	_	_	22
Jtah	22		58		58
	_	_		_	
Railroad	_	_	58		58
irginia	119	661	14	5	799
Railroad	17	661	14	_	693
Truck	102	_	_	5	106
West Virginia Total	11,112	5,361	958	7	17,438
Railroad	4,529	2,844	846	_	8,220
River	5,817	2,517	24	_	8,358
	3,017	4,311		_	
Tidewater	700	_	15	_	15
Truck	766	-	72	7	845
Northern	8,423	-	209	7	8,638
Railroad	2,270	_	154	_	2,423
River	5,554	_	_	_	5,554
Truck	599	_	55	7	661
Southern	2,690	5,361	749	<u>-</u>	8,799
Railroad	2,260	2.844	692	_	5,796
	,	,-		_	
River	263	2,517	24	_	2,804
Tidewater	_	_	15	_	15
Truck	167	_	17	_	184
Wyoming	4,316	_	_	_	4,316
Railroad	4,316	_	_	_	4,316
State Total	44,903	7,719	4,661	728	1 58,054
Railroad	19.464	3,755	1,387	2	24,609
	. , .	,	,		,
River	9,709	3,964	346	22	14,041
Tidewater		_	15		15
Truck	15,028	_	2,848	704	18,580
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	702	_	66	_	768
Unknown	_	_	_	_	1 42
_		DES	TINATION: RHODE IS	SLAND	
Pennsylvania Total	_	_	_	2	2
Truck	_	_	_	2	2
Anthracite	_	_	_	$\frac{2}{2}$	2
	_	_	_	2	2
Truck	_	_	_	2	
State Total	_			2 2	2 2
		DEST	INATION: SOUTH CA	ROLINA	
Kentucky Total	11,812	_	1,695		13,507
Railroad	11,812	_	1,615	_	13,427
Truck		_	80	_	80
	11,812	=	1,695	_	
Eastern	,	_	,	_	13,507
Railroad	11,812	_	1,615	_	13,427
Truck	-	-	80	_	80
Pennsylvania Total	_	_	49	_	49
Railroad	_	_	24	_	24
Truck	_	_	25	_	25
	_	_	49	_	49
Anthracite	_	_		_	
Railroad	_	_	24	_	24
Truck	_	_	25	_	25
Cennessee	335 335	_	15 15	_	350 350

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total			
		DESTINATI	ON: SOUTH CAROLI	NA (Continued)				
/irginia	124		365		490			
Railroad	124	_	357	_	481			
Truck	_	_	8	_				
Vest Virginia Total	371	_	21	_	39			
Railroad	371	_	21	_	39			
Southern	371	_	21	_	39:			
Railroad	371	_	21	_	39.			
Vyoming	247	_	21	_	24'			
Railroad	247	_			247			
tate Total	12,889	_	2,145	_	15,034			
Railroad	12,889	_	2,032	_	14,921			
Truck	12,007	_	113	_	113			
			113		11,			
	DESTINATION: SOUTH DAKOTA							
Vyoming	780	_	264	1	1,046			
Railroad	590	_	_	_	590			
Truck	190	_	264	1	455			
tate Total Railroad	780 590	_	264	1	1,046 590			
Truck	190	-	264	_ 1	455			
Truck		D	ESTINATION: TENNE	SSEE				
Alabama			1	_	1			
Truck	_	_	1	_	1			
Colorado	1,121	_	_	_	1,121			
Railroad	584	_	_	_	584			
River	536	_	_	_	536			
linois	3,270				3,270			
Railroad	119	_	_	_	119			
		_	_	_				
River	3,151	_	1 (47	110	3,151			
Kentucky Total	12,026	_	1,647	110	13,783			
Railroad	6,761	_	1,148	_	7,909			
River	5,264	_	178	76	5,518			
Truck	4.025	_	321	34	356			
Eastern	4,925	_	1,561	110	6,596			
Railroad	4,914	_	1,148	_	6,062			
River	11	_	111	76	198			
Truck	*	-	302	34	336			
Western	7,100	-	86	ak.	7,187			
Railroad	1,847	-	=	_	1,847			
River	5,254	_	67	-	5,320			
Truck	-	_	19	*	19			
Pennsylvania Total	864	-	*	*	864			
Railroad	-	-	*	_	*			
River	864	-	-	_	864			
Truck	-	-	_	**	4			
Anthracite	-	-	*	**	4			
Railroad	-	-	*	_	4			
Truck	_	_	_	*	*			
Bituminous	864	_	_	_	864			
River	864	-	_	_	864			
'ennessee	636	-	463	*	1,100			
Railroad	347	-	373	_	720			
Truck	289	_	90	*	380			
tah	1,305	_	_	-	1,305			
Railroad	1,305	_	_	_	1,305			
'irginia	1,878	_	994	2	2,873			
Railroad	1,878	_	935	_	2,813			
		_	58	2	2,613			
Truck	606	_	9 7	_	70 3			
Vest Virginia Total	45	_	6	_	51			
Railroad		_		_				
River	561	_	79	_	640			
Truck	_	_	13	_	13			

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
	I	DESTINA	ATION: TENNESSEE (Continued)	
Southern	606		97		703
Railroad	45	_	6	_	51
		_	79	_	
River	561	_		_	640
Truck	_	_	13	_	1.
Vyoming	3,138	-	153	_	3,29
Railroad	3,138	-	153	-	3,29
tate Total	24,843	_	3,356	112	28,311
Railroad	14,176	_	2,615	_	16,79
River	10,377	_	257	76	10,710
Truck	289	-	484	36	809
=			DESTINATION: TEX	AS	
rkansas	_	_	2	_	2
Truck	_	_	2	_	2
Colorado	1,450	_	889	_	2,338
Railroad	1,450	_	889	_	2,338
	20		106		120
Kentucky Total		_		-	
Railroad	20	_	106	_	120
Eastern	20	-	106	_	120
Railroad	20	-	106	_	120
ew Mexico	-	_	519	_	519
Railroad	_	-	519	_	519
Oklahoma	_	_	104	_	104
Truck	_	_	104	_	104
ennsylvania Total	_		12	*	12
Railroad	_	_	3		3
	_	_	9	_	
Truck	_	_		*	9
Anthracite	_	_	12	_	12
Railroad	_	_	3	_	3
Truck	_	-	9	_	Ģ
Bituminous	_	_	_	*	
Truck	_	_	_	*	
'exas	45,866	_	2,868	_	48,733
Railroad	21,716	_	101	_	21,81
Truck	12,986		339		13,325
	,	_		_	,
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	11,164	_	2,427	_	13,591
tah	278	-	_	_	278
Railroad	278	_	_	_	278
'irginia	_	_	_	12	12
Railroad	_	_	_	12	12
Truck	_	_	_	*	1
Vest Virginia Total	7	_	_	_	
River	7	_	_	_	-
	7	_	_	_	
Southern		_	_	_	7
River	7	_		_	10.01
Vyoming	49,181	_	165	-	49,346
Railroad	49,181	_	165	_	49,346
tate Total	96,802	_	4,665	13	101,480
Railroad	72,645	_	1,784	12	74,441
River	72,013	_	-,,,,,,		7-1,111
		_	454	*	13,440
Truck	12,986	_		***	
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	11,164		2,427		13,591
_			DESTINATION: UTA	Н	
Colorado	1,531	319	_	_	1,849
Railroad	1,531	319	_	_	1,849
ennsylvania Total	,	20	9	*	29
Railroad	_	20	_	_	20
	_	20	_	_	20
Truck	_	_	9	*	
Anthracite	_	_	_	*	*
Truck	-	_	_	*	*
Bituminous	_	20	9	_	29
Railroad	_	20	_	_	20
Truck	_		9	_	9

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
		DEST	INATION: UTAH (Co	ntinued)	
	11,441		830	59	12,329
Railroad	3,158	_	230	39	3,388
		_		-	
Truck		-	600	59	4,950
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	3,991	_	_	_	3,991
irginia	_	119	_	_	119
Railroad	_	119	_	_	119
/est Virginia Total	_	252	25	_	277
Railroad	_	252	25	_	277
Southern	_	252	25	_	277
Railroad	_	252	25	_	277
yoming	260			*	260
		_	_		
Railroad	260	-	_	_	260
Truck	_	_	_	*	*
. m . l	12.221	=00	064	=0	1100
ate Total		709	864	59	14,863
Railroad	4,949	709	255	_	5,913
Truck	4,291	_	608	59	4,959
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	3,991	_	_	_	3,991
_	3,991				•
			ESTINATION: VERM		
ennsylvania Total	_	_	_	1	1
Railroad	-	-	_	*	*
Truck	_	-	_	1	1
Anthracite	_	_	_	1	1
Railroad	_	_	_	*	*
Truck	_	_	_	1	1
Bituminous	_		_	*	*
Truck	_	_	_	*	*
toto Total				1	1
	_	_	_	1 *	1
Railroad	_	_	_	1	1
-			NECTIVA PLON. VIDO	DW 1	
- Controlly, Total	2.714	1	DESTINATION: VIRG		£ 400
entucky Total		-	2,749	25	6,488
Railroad	,	_	941	· ·	4,497
Truck	158	_	1,808	25	1,991
Eastern	3,714	_	2,749	25	6,488
Railroad	3,556	_	941	*	4,497
Truck	158	_	1,808	25	1,991
[aryland	431	_	´ =	_	431
Truck		_	_	_	431
		_	_	_	
			20		
ennsylvania Total		_	39	1	550
ennsylvania Total	29		*	1 * •	29
ennsylvania Total	29	_ _ _	* 39	1 * 1	29 521
ennsylvania Total	29	- - -	*	1 * 1 1	29
ennsylvania Total	29	- - - -	* 39	1 * 1 1 *	29 521
ennsylvania Total	29	- - - - -	* 39	1 1 1 *	29 521
ennsylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck	29 481 - - -	- - - - -	* 39 3 *	1 1 1 * 1	29 521 4 *
ennsylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck Bituminous	29 481 - - -	- - - - -	* 39 3 * 3	1 1 1 * 1 -	29 521 4 *
ennsylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck Bituminous Railroad	29 481 - - 510 29	- - - - -	* 39 3 * 3 6 -	1 1 1 * 1 - -	29 521 4 * 4 546 29
ennsylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck Bituminous Railroad Truck	29 481 - - - 510	- - - - - -	* 39 3 * 3 6 - 36	1 1 1 * 1 - -	29 521 4 * 4 546 29 517
ennsylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck Bituminous Railroad Truck ennessee	29 481 - - 510 29	- - - - - - - -	* 39 3 * 3 36 - 36 4	1 1 1 * 1 - - -	29 521 4 * 546 29 517 4
ennsylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck Bituminous Railroad Truck Ennessee Truck	29 481 - - 510 29	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	* 39 3 * 3 36 - 36 4 4	1 * 1 * 1 - - - -	29 521 4 * 546 29 517 4
ennsylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck Bituminous Railroad Truck ennessee Truck	29 481 - - 510 29	- - - - - - - -	* 39 3 * 3 36 - 36 4 4 118	1 1 1 * 1 - - - - -	29 521 4 * 4 546 29 517 4 4
ennsylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck Bituminous Railroad Truck Ender and	29 481 - - 510 29	- - - - - - - - - -	* 39 3 * 3 36 - 36 4 4	1 1 1 * 1 - - - - -	29 521 4 * 4 546 29 517 4 4 118
Pansylvania Total	29 481 - - 510 29	- - - - - - - - - - 996	* 39 3 * 3 36 - 36 4 4 118	1 * 1 1 * 1 - - - - - - - - -	29 521 4 * 4 546 29 517 4 4
Innsylvania Total	29 481 - 510 29 481 - - 6,506	- - - - - - - - - - 996	* 39 3 * 3 36 - 36 4 4 118 118	* 1 1	29 521 4 4 546 29 517 4 118 118
ennsylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck Bituminous Railroad Truck Ennessee Truck Paniad Truck Ennessee Truck Iah Railroad Truck Railroad Truck Paniad Truck Truck Paniad Truck Truck Paniad Truck Tru	29 481 - - 510 29 481 - - - 6,506 4,580	- - - - - - - - - - 996	* 39 3 * 3 36 - 36 4 4 118 1,121 1,019	* 1 1 1 32	29 521 4 4 546 29 517 4 4 118 118 1 8,739 5,631
ennsylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck Bituminous Railroad Truck ennessee Truck tah Railroad Truck tah Railroad Railroad Truck	29 481 - 510 29 481 - - 6,506		* 39 3 * 36 - 36 4 4 118 118 1,121 1,019 89	* 1 1	29 521 4 4 546 29 517 4 118 118 1 8,739 5,631 2,023
ennsylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck Bituminous Railroad Truck	29 481 - - 510 29 481 - - - 6,506 4,580	- - - - - - - - - 996	* 39 3 * 3 36 - 36 4 4 118 1,121 1,019	* 1 1 1 32	29 521 4 4 546 29 517 4 4 118 118 1 8,739 5,631 2,023
ennsylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck Bituminous Railroad Truck ennessee Truck tah Railroad Railroad Truck ennessee Truck tah Truck tah Truck tah Truck Truck Truck Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline Unknown	29 481 510 29 481 6,506 4,580 1,926	996 -	* 39 3 * 36 36 4 4 118 118 1,121 1,019 89 13	* 1 1 1 41 32 9	29 521 4 * 546 29 517 4 118 118 1 8,739 5,631 2,023 1,009
ennsylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck Bituminous Railroad Truck ennessee Truck tah Railroad iriginia Railroad Truck Unknown Vest Virginia Total	29 481 510 29 481 6,506 4,580 1,926 4,317		* 39 3 * 3 36 - 36 4 4 118 1181 1,019 89 13 - 1,592	* 1 1 1 41 32 9 16	29 521 4 * 546 29 517 4 4 118 1 8,739 5,631 2,023 1,009 1 76 5,964
ennsylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck Bituminous Railroad Truck ennessee Truck tah Railroad irginia Railroad Truck Cramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline Unknown Vest Virginia Total Railroad Railroad	29 481 510 29 481 6,506 4,580 1,926	996 -	* 39 3 * 36 36 4 4 118 118 1,121 1,019 89 13	* 1 1 1 41 32 9	29 521 4 * 546 29 517 4 118 118 1 8,739 5,631 2,023 1,009
ennsylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck Bituminous Railroad Truck ennessee Truck tah Railroad iriginia Railroad Truck Unknown Vest Virginia Total	29 481 510 29 481 6,506 4,580 1,926 4,317	996 -	* 39 3 * 3 36 - 36 4 4 118 1181 1,019 89 13 - 1,592	* 1 1 1 41 32 9 16	29 521 4 * 546 29 517 4 4 118 1 8,739 5,631 2,023 1,009 1 76 5,964
ennsylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck Bituminous Railroad Truck ennessee Truck tah Railroad irginia Railroad Truck Cramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline Unknown Vest Virginia Total Railroad Railroad	29 481 510 29 481 6,506 4,580 1,926 4,317	996 -	* 39 3 * 36 - 36 4 4 118 1,121 1,019 89 13 - 1,592	* 1 1 1 41 32 9 16	29 521 4 4 546 29 517 4 4 118 1 8,739 5,631 2,023 1,009 1 76 5,964 5,200
ennsylvania Total Railroad Truck Anthracite Railroad Truck Bituminous Railroad Truck ennessee Truck tah Railroad Railroad Truck tah Railroad Truck tah Railroad Truck tah Railroad Truck Truck Truck tah Railroad Truck Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline Unknown	29 481	996 -	* 39 3 * 36 - 36 4 4 118 1,121 1,019 89 13 - 1,592	* 1 1 1 41 32 9 16	29 521 4 4 546 529 517 4 4 118 11 8,739 5,631 1,009 1 76 5,964 5,200

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total			
		DESTIN	NATION: VIRGINIA (Continued)				
Northern	628	_	1	_	629			
Railroad	184	_	_	_	184			
River	_	_	1	_	1			
Truck	444	_	_	_	444			
Southern	3,689	39	1,591	16	5,335			
Railroad	3,437	_	1,564	16	5,016			
Tidewater	220		1,504	-	220			
Truck	32		27	1	60			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	-	39	_	_	39			
tate Total	15,477	1,035	5,623	83	1 22,294			
Railroad	11.785	´ =	3.641	48	15,475			
River	_	_	1	_	1			
Tidewater	220	_	_	_	220			
Truck	3,471	_	1,967	35	5,473			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	-	1,035	13	=	1,048			
Unknown	-	-	-	-	1 76			
_		P.P.	COUNTAIN THAN 1814 CANA	ICTON				
- Loutono	1 605	DE	STINATION: WASHIN	GTON	1 (05			
Montana	1,685	_	_	_	1,685			
Railroad	1,685	_	_	_	1,685			
ennsylvania Total	_	_	_	ক ታ	78			
Truck	-	_	_	*	4			
Bituminous	-	_	_	*	*			
Truck	-	_		*	*			
tah	-	_	83	20	103			
Railroad	-	_	83	20	102			
Truck	-	_	_	1	1			
Vashington	4,270	_	_	_	4,270			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	4,270	-	_	_	4,270			
Vyoming	-	-	_	*	*			
Railroad	_	-	-	*	*			
tate Total	5,955	_	83	20	6,058			
Railroad	1,685	_	83	20	1,787			
Truck	_	_	_	1	1			
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	4,270	_	_	-	4,270			
_	DESTINATION: WEST VIRGINIA							
llinois	2	_	_	_	2			
River	2	_	_	_	2			
Centucky Total	117	-	590	3	710			
Railroad	65	_	109	2	176			
River	32	_	397	_	429			
Truck	20	_	83	1	105			
Eastern	117	_	590	3	710			
Railroad	65	_	109	2	176			
River	32	_	397	_	429			
Truck	20	_	83	1	105			
Iarvland	2,640	_	_	-	2,640			
Truck	2,640	_	_	_	2,640			
hio	1,401	_	_	_	1,401			
River	1,401	_	_	_	1,401			
ennsylvania Total	7,529	_	532	3	8,064			
Railroad	1, 329 11	_	2	3 _	0,004			
		_		_				
River	7,402	_	414	_	7,816			
Truck	116	_	116	3	235			
Anthracite	_	_	55	2	57			
Railroad	-	_	2	_	2			
Truck	_	_	54	2	56			
Bituminous	7,529	_	477	1	8,007			
Railroad	11	-	_	_	11			
River	7,402	_	414	_	7,816			
Truck	116		62		179			

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
		DESTINAT	ION: WEST VIRGINI	A (Continued)	
'ennessee	_	_	1	_	1
Railroad	_	-	1	_	1
/irginia	16	43	326	1	386
Railroad	_	43	326	*	370
River	16	_	_	_	16
Truck	_	_	_	1	1
Vest Virginia Total	17,896	1,108	3,441	210	1 22,664
Railroad	8,461	403	669	_	9,534
River	7,014	704	303	176	8,197
Truck	2,420	_	1,958	34	4,412
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	_	_	511	_	511
Unknown	_	_	_	_	1 9
Northern	5,565	_	291	9	1 5,865
Railroad	286	_	3	_	289
River	3,108	_	4	_	3,112
Truck	2,171	_	256	9	2,436
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	<u>-,1/1</u>	_	27	_	2,430
Unknown	_	_		_	1 0
Southern	12,331	1,108	3,151	201	¹ 16,799
		1,108 403	,	201	
Railroad	8,175		666 299	176	9,245
River	3,906	704		176	5,085
Truck	249	-	1,702	25	1,976
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	_	_	483	_	483 1 g
Unknown	-	_	_	_	
Vyoming	4,198	-	_	_	4,198
Railroad	4,198	_	_	_	4,198
tate Total	33,798	1,151	4.890	216	1 40,065
Railroad	12,736	447	1.107	2	14.291
River	15,866	704	1.114	176	17,861
Truck	5,196	, , ,	2,158	39	7,393
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	5,170	_	511	37	511
Unknown	_	_	511	_	1 9
_					
		DE	STINATION: WISCO	NSIN	
olorado	12	_	_	_	12
Railroad	12	_	-	_	12
linois	2	-	147	_	149
Railroad	2	_	117	_	119
Great Lakes		_	31	_	31
ndiana	219	_	52	_	272
Railroad	219	_	52	-	272
Centucky Total	201	_	505	151	857
Railroad	105	_	287	33	426
River	19	_	4	117	141
Great Lakes	76	_	214	_	291
Eastern	187	-	326	151	664
Railroad	105	-	107	33	246
River	5	_	4	117	127
Great Lakes	76	_	214	_	291
Western	14	_	179	_	193
Railroad	_	_	179	_	179
River	14	_	_	_	14
Iontana	578	_	_	_	578
Railroad	578	_	_	_	578
ew Mexico	51	_	_	_	51
Railroad	51	_	_	_	51
hio	_	_	*	_	*
Great Lakes		_	*	_	*
	925	-	10	11	955
ennsylvania Total		_	19	11	
Railroad	296	_	3	_ 11	299
River	6	-	_	11	17
Great Lakes	623	-	11	-	634
Truck	-	-	5	*	5
Anthracite	-	-	8	*	8
Railroad	-	-	3 5	_	3 5

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
		DESTINA	ATION: WISCONSIN	(Continued)	
Bituminous	925	_	11	11	947
Railroad	296	_	_	_	296
River	6	_	_	11	17
Great Lakes	623	_	11	-	634
	2	_	11	_	2
exas	-	_	_	_	
River	2	_	_	_	2
tah	34	_	_	_	34
Railroad	34	_	_	_	34
irginia	83	_	_	_	83
Railroad	83	_	_	-	83
River	*	-	_	_	*
Vest Virginia Total	233	_	265	*	498
Railroad	174	_	190	_	363
River	5	_	_	*	6
Great Lakes	54	_	75	_	129
Northern	1	_	75	_	76
Railroad	1	_	_	_	1
Great Lakes	_	_	75	_	75
	232	_		**	
Southern		_	190	*	422
Railroad	173	_	190	_	362
River	5	_	_	*	6
Great Lakes	54	_	_	_	54
Vyoming	23,516	_	521	_	24,038
Railroad	23,516	_	521	_	24,038
tate Total	25,857	_	1,509	162	27,528
Railroad	25.071	_	1.169	33	26,274
River	32	_	4	129	165
Great Lakes	753	_	331	_	1,084
Truck	733	_	5	*	1,00
colorado	_		ESTINATION: WYON 147	_	147
Truck	-	_	147	_	147
linois	34	_	_	_	34
Railroad	34	_	_	_	34
Iontana	_	_	_	64	64
Railroad	_	_	_	64	64
ennsylvania Total	_	_	1	_	1
Railroad	_		1	_	1
	_	_	1	_	1
Anthracite	_	_	1	_	1
Railroad	_	_	l 	_	1
tah	-	_	*		10
Truck		_	*	*	*
Vyoming	19,982	_	1,876	73	21,931
Railroad	7,316	_	1,322	29	8,667
Truck	1,244	-	554	44	1,842
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	11,423	_	_	_	11,423
.,,	,				,
tate Total	20,016	_	2,024	138	22,178
Railroad	7,350	_	1,323	93	8,766
Truck	1,244	_	701	45	1,989
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	11,423	_	-	-	11,423
	11,423				11,423
<u> </u>			ESTINATION: U.S. TO		
labama	11,893	1,012	2,528	53	² 15,486
Railroad	5,754	840	515	_	7,108
River	4,912	_	_	_	4,912
Truck	1,228	172	2,013	53	3,466
Unknown	_	_		_	2 0
laska	324	_	_	523	847
Railroad	154	_	_	462	616
	170	=	=		231
Truck		_	_	61	
rizona	12,986	_	_	_	12,986
Railroad	8,275	_	_	_	8,275
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	4,711				4,711

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
		DESTINA	ATION: U.S. TOTAL (Continued)	
helzancac			11		11
Arkansas Truck		_	11 11	_	11
Colorado		319	3,309	75	2 28,314
	,	319	2,668	66	22,526
Railroad		319		00	2,140
River		_	216	_	,
Truck		_	426	9	3,581
Unknown		_	_	-	2 66
llinois		_	4,169	406	2 32,424
Railroad		_	1,619	1	10,765
River	- /	-	399	104	14,472
Great Lakes		_	31	_	3.
Tidewater		_	_	_	1,524
Truck	. 3,186	-	2,111	302	5,599
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	. –	_	10	_	_ 10
Unknown	. –	_	_	_	2 25
ndiana		_	2,535	270	2 28,285
Railroad		_	349	*	17,026
River		_	1,167	_	1,230
Truck		_	1,019	270	9,262
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline		_	-,017		748
Unknown		_	_	_	2 12
Cansas		_	_	_	201
Truck		_	_	_	201
Kentucky Total		757	21,149	886	3 129,374
	,	607	9,969	76	86,76
Railroad		148			
River		146	4,362	536	23,697
Great Lakes		_	744	_	1,284
Tidewater		_	92	-	1,006
Truck		2	5,981	275	16,221
_Unknown					3 406
Eastern		757	20,689	762	3 102,794
Railroad	. 70,634	607	9,757	76	81,074
River	. 5,896	148	4,213	413	10,670
Great Lakes	. 540	_	744	_	1,284
Tidewater	. 913	_	92	_	1,000
Truck	2,201	2	5,883	273	8,359
Unknown		_	_	_	3 402
Western		_	459	125	2 26,580
Railroad	,	_	212	_	5,687
River		_	149	123	13,027
Truck		_	98	2	7,862
Unknown		_	76	_	2 2
ouisiana			9		3,704
		_	9	_	3,70
River		_	9	_	
Truck		_	_	_	770
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline		_	-	_	2,920
Aaryland		_	248	4	2 4,535
Railroad		_	_	-	32.
Tidewater		_	-	-	18
Truck		_	248	4	4,187
Unknown		-	-	_	2 8
Aississippi		-	-	-	11
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline		_	_	-	11
/lissouri	. 408	_	28	*	430
Truck	. 408	_	28	*	430
Iontana	36,795	_	794	146	37,735
Railroad		_	22	143	21,613
Great Lakes		_	268	_	6,536
Truck		_	64	2	413
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline		_	441	_	9,173
New Mexico		_	1,161	5	1 27,130
Railroad	,	_	1,161	<i>3</i>	20,076
Truck		_	1,101	5	20,076
		_	_	3	
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline		_	_	-	7,051
Unknown		_	-		1 4
North Dakota	,	_	6,128	55	31,148
Railroad		-	1	_	448
Truck		_	-	55	4,427
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	. 20,146	_	6,127	_	26,273

Table 64. Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Origin and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total
		DESTIN	ATION: U.S. TOTAL (Continued)	
	20.045				2 22,350
Ohio	20,945	_	1,296	90	,
Railroad	2,502	_	_	_	2,502
River	5,539	_	1	_	5,540
Great Lakes		-	*		N
Truck	6,420	_	1,295	90	7,805
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	6,484	_	_	_	6,484
Unknown	_	_	_	_	2 20
Oklahoma	1,178	_	398	11	1,588
Truck	1.178	_	398	11	1,588
Pennsylvania Total	58,593	1,578	5,759	850	3 67,079
Railroad	23,209	200	1,209	5	24,623
River	18,578	1,315	757	32	20,682
	773	62	199	32	1,033
Great Lakes		02	199	_	,
Tidewater	152		· ·	_	152
Truck	15,180	1	3,528	813	19,523
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	702	_	66	_	768
Unknown	-	_	-	_	3 298
Anthracite	2,722	1	662	508	2 4,051
Railroad	188	_	208	5	401
Tidewater	_	_	*	<u>-</u>	*
Truck	2,534	1	454	503	3,493
Unknown	2,334	_	-151	-	2 157
	55,870	1,577	5,097	342	3 63,027
Bituminous				342	
Railroad	23,021	200	1,001	-	24,222
River	18,578	1,315	757	32	20,682
Great Lakes	773	62	199	_	1,033
Tidewater	152	_	_	_	152
Truck	12,646	_	3,074	310	16,030
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	702	_	66	_	768
Unknown	_	_	_	_	3 141
Cennessee	1,762	*	821	8	2 2,615
Railroad	1,368	_	707		2.076
Truck	394	*	114	8	516
	394		114	8	2 24
Unknown	45.026	_	2.004	_	
Texas	45,936	_	2,884	_	48,821
Railroad	21,755	-	101	_	21,856
River	2	_	17	_	18
Truck	13,016	_	339	_	13,355
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	11,164	_	2,427	_	13,591
Jtah	21,214	_	3,539	121	2 24,883
Railroad	12,910	_	2,846	20	15,776
Truck	4,313	_	689	101	5,103
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	3,991		4	101	3,995
	3,991	_	4	_	2 0
Unknown	16 252	2 205	4 720	112	
/irginia	16,372	3,385	4,738	113	3 24,785
Railroad	12,378	2,390	4,280	96	19,143
River	1,367	_	257	_	1,624
Tidewater	599	_	-	_	599
Truck	2,028	_	188	17	2,233
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	-	996	13	_	1,009
Unknown	_	_	_	_	3 177
Vashington	4,270	_	_	_	4.270
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	4,270	_	_	_	4,270
		10.270	12 200	412	3 138,240
Vest Virginia Total	104,672	19,270	12,398	412	
Railroad	55,162	13,355	5,826	39	74,383
River	39,011	4,138	2,121	255	45,524
Great Lakes	625	1,460	229	_	2,314
Tidewater	5,293	-	15	_	5,308
Truck	4,582	277	3,696	118	8,673
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	· –	39	511	_	550
Unknown	_	_	_	_	3 1,488
Northern	34,380	789	1,068	59	3 36,37 9
Railroad		7 89 789	572	39	15,262
	13,900	109		_	
River	15,299	_	8	_	15,307
Great Lakes	_	_	82	_	82
Tidewater	1,925	-	_	_	1,925
Truck	3,255	_	378	59	3,693
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	_	_	27	_	27
Unknown	_				3 83

Domestic Distribution of U.S. Coal by Destination State, Consumer, Table 64. Origin and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State of Origin by Method of Transportation	Electricity Generation	Coke Plants	Industrial Plants (Except Coke)	Residential and Commercial	Total						
	DESTINATION: U.S. TOTAL (Continued)										
Southern	70,293	18,481	11,330	353	3 101,861						
Railroad	41,262	12,566	5,254	39	59,121						
River	23,711	4,138	2,113	255	30,217						
Great Lakes	625	1,460	147	_	2,232						
Tidewater	3,369	_	15	_	3,384						
Truck	1,326	277	3,318	59	4,980						
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	-	39	483	_	523						
Unknown	_	_	_	_	3 1,405						
Vyoming	324,497	_	5,414	84	2 334,349						
Railroad	301,195	_	3,866	34	305,095						
River	9,833	_	206	_	10,039						
Great Lakes	613	_	497	_	1,111						
Truck	1,434	_	844	51	2,329						
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	11,423	_	_	_	11,423						
Unknown	-	_	-	-	2 4,353						
J.S. Total	904,970	26,321	79,317	4,112	3 1,021,612						
Railroad	607,196	17,711	35,138	942	660,988						
River	113,855	5,601	9,511	926	129,893						
Great Lakes	8,819	1,522	1,968	_	12,309						
Tidewater	8,499	, _	107	_	8,606						
Truck	84,243	453	22,993	2,244	109,932						
Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	82,358	1,035	9,599	_	92,992						
Unknown	_	,	· –	_	3 6,892						

Includes distribution to the transportation sector.

Note: Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report."

Includes distribution to unknown consumers.

³ Includes distribution to both the transportation sector and unknown consumers.

 $[\]ensuremath{^{*}}$ Quantity is less than 500 short tons or percent is less than .05.

Table 65. Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin, Destination, and Method of Transportation, 2000

			v	Vater			Tramway,		
Origin State and Destination State	Railroad	River	Great Lakes	Tidewater	Total	Truck	Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	Unknown	Total
Alabama	7,108	4,912	_	4,807	9,718	3,466	_	*	20,293
Alabama	6,054	4,912	_	_	4,912	3,448	_	_	14,414
Arkansas	176	_	-	_	-	17	-	-	192
Georgia	132	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	132
Indiana	540	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	540
Oklahoma	*	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	*
Pennsylvania	206	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	206
Tennessee	_	_	_	-	-	1	-	-	1
Unknown State	_	_	_		=	_	-	*	*
Foreign	_	_	_	4,807	4,807	_	_	_	4,807
Alaska	616	-	-	734	734	231	-	-	1,580
Alaska	616	_	_	724	724	231	_	_	847
Foreign	_	_	_	734	734	_	_	_	734
Arizona	8,275	_	-	-	-	_	4,711	-	12,986
Arizona	8,275	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	8,275
Nevada	_	_	_	-	_	_	4,711	-	4,711
Arkansas	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	-	11
Missouri	_	-	-	_	-	9	-	_	9
Texas	_	_	_	_	_	2	_	-	2
Colorado	22,526 1,076	2,140	_	1,099	3,239	3,581	-	66	29,413 1,076
Arkansas	121	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	121
California	136	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	136
Colorado	10,127	_	_	_	_	3,335	_	_	13,462
Illinois	1,245	702	_	_	702	-	_	_	1,947
Indiana	23	12	_	_	12	_	_	_	35
Iowa	393	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	393
Kansas	719	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	719
Kentucky	2,464	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,464
Mississippi	554	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	554
Missouri	689	890	_	_	890	_	_	_	1,579
Nebraska	126	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	126
New Mexico	_	_	_	_	-	99	_	_	99
Oklahoma	70	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	70
Tennessee	584	536	_	_	536	_	_	_	1,121
Texas	2,338	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,338
Utah	1,849	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,849
Wisconsin	12	_	_	_	_	=	_	_	12
Wyoming	_	_	_	-	-	147	-		147
Unknown State	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	66	66
Foreign	_	_	_	1,099	1,099	_	-	-	1,099
Illinois	10,765	14,472	31	1,524	16,026	5,599	10	25	32,424
Alabama	534	578	_	314	892	*	_	_	1,426
Connecticut	_	-	_	_	-	*	_	_	
Florida	-	6,683	_	_	6,683	4 220	-	_	6,683
Illinois	6,067	316	_	_	316	4,329	10	_	10,722
Indiana	2,894	737	-	_	737	375	_	_	4,006
Iowa	276	580	_	_	580	208	_	_	1,064
Kentucky	143	1 470	_	_	1 470	2	_	_	145
Louisiana	_	1,479 101	_	_	1,479 101	_	_	_	1,479
Minnesota	_	253	_	1,210	1,463	_	_	_	101 1,463
Mississippi	580	478	_	1,210	478	- 677	_	_	1,735
Ohio	360	113	_	_	113	7	_	_	120
Oklahoma	_	113	_	_	113	_	_	_	120
Tennessee	119	3,151	_	_	3,151	_	_	_	3,270
West Virginia	-	2	_	_	2	_	_	_	2
Wisconsin	119	_	31	_	31	_	_	_	149
Wyoming	34	-	-	_	-	-	_	_	34
Unknown State	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	25	25
Indiana	17,026	1,236	-	-	1,236	9,262	748	14	28,285

Table 65. Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin, Destination, and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

			V	Vater			Tramway,		
Origin State and Destination State	Railroad	River	Great Lakes	Tidewater	Total	Truck	Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	Unknown	Total
Indiana (Continued)						_			
Illinois Indiana	10 15,685	55 1,180	_	_	55 1,180	5 9,047	- 748	_	70 26,660
Iowa	10	-	_	_	-		-	_	10
Kentucky	981	_	_	_	_	209	_	_	1,190
Minnesota	62	_	-	_	_	-	-	-	62
Missouri	7	_	_	-	_	-	_	-	7
Oklahoma	_	*	_	_	*	-	_	_	*
Wisconsin	272	_	_	_	_	_	_	- 14	272
Unknown State	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	14	14
Kansas	_	_	_	_	_	201	_	_	201
Kansas	_	_	_	_	_	201	_	_	201
Kentucky	87,785	23,960	1,625	3,757	29,342	16,224	-	406	133,756
Alabama	2,112	752	_	_	752	41	_	-	2,906
Arizona	_	163	_	-	163	_	_	_	163
Connecticut Delaware	121	_	_	660	660	_	_	_	660 121
District of Columbia	121 5	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	121
Florida	10,585	1,900	_	227	2,127	52	_	_	12,765
Georgia	17,106	25	_		25	142	_	_	17,272
Illinois	194	356	2	_	358	85	_	_	637
Indiana	963	980	_	_	980	230	_	_	2,173
Iowa	_	177	_	_	177	_	_	_	177
Kentucky	6,627	7,752	_	_	7,752	11,625	_	20	26,024
Louisiana	_	31	_	-	31	_	_	_	31
Maine	58	_	_	92	92	_	_	_	150
Maryland	700	153	-	-	153	_	_	-	853
Massachusetts	371	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	371
Michigan	4,709	126	901	_	1,027	87	_	_	5,823
Minnesota	8	163	77	_	241	*	_	_	248
Mississippi	795	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	795
Missouri	2	60	_	_	60	_	_	_	62
New Hampshire	_	_	_	11	11	_	_	_	11
New Hampshire	226	_	_	-	11	*	_	_	226
New York	566	45	_	15	60	12	_	_	638
North Carolina	13,032	375	_	_	375	207	_	_	13,613
Ohio	1,795	4,131	13	_	4,145	1,161	_	_	7,101
Oklahoma	8	16	_	_	16	, -	_	_	25
Oregon	5	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	5
Pennsylvania	214	401	_	_	401	48	_	_	663
South Carolina	13,427	_	_	-	_	80	_	_	13,507
Tennessee	7,909	5,518	_	_	5,518	356	_	_	13,783
Texas	126	-	_	_		_	-	-	126
Virginia	4,497		_	_		1,991	-	-	6,488
West Virginia	176	429	_	-	429	105	_	_	710
Wisconsin	426	141	291	-	431	-	_	-	857
Unknown State	1.024	262	241	2.752	2 255	- 2	_	386	386
Foreign	1,024	262	341	2,752	3,355	3	_	_	4,382
Kentucky, Eastern	82,098	10,933	1,625	3,659	16,216	8,362	_	402	107,077
Alabama	1,583	131	-	-	131	41	_	-	1,755
Arizona	_	163	_	_	163	_	_	_	163
Connecticut	_	_	_	660	660	_	_	_	660
Delaware	121	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	121
District of Columbia	5	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	5
Florida	10,585	-	_	227	227	52	-	-	10,865
Georgia	17,106	25	_	_	25	142	_	-	17,272
Illinois	194	253	2	_	255	17	_	_	466
Indiana	771	908	_	_	908	68	_	-	1,747
Iowa	2.600	30	_	_	30	4.010	_	-	10.701
Kentucky	3,688	2,982	_	_	2,982	4,012	_	20	10,701
Louisiana	- 58	31	_	92	31 92	_	_	_	31 150
Maryland	58 700	153	_	92	153	_	_	_	150 853
Massachusetts	700 371	133	_	_	133		_	_	853 371
1*10.550CHU5CH5	3/1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	3/1

Table 65. Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin, Destination, and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

Origin State and Destination State	Railroad		Great			Truck	Conveyor,	Unknown	Total
	Kam vau	River	Lakes	Tidewater	Total	Truck	and Slurry Pipeline	Unknown	Total
Kentucky, Eastern (Continued)									
Michigan	4,709	126	901	_	1,027	87	-	_	5,823
Minnesota	8	148	77	_	225	*	_	_	233
Mississippi	795	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	795
Missouri		60	_	_	60	_	_	_	62
Nebraska		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	3
New Hampshire		_	_	11	11	_	_	_	11
New Jersey		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	220
New York		45	_	15	60	12	_	_	638
North Carolina		375	_	-	375	207	_	_	13,613
Ohio		4,068	13	_	4,081	1,161	_	_	7,03
						1,101	_	_	,
Oklahoma		16	_	_	16	_	_	_	25
Oregon		-	_	_	-	-	_	_	
Pennsylvania		401	_	_	401	48	-	_	663
South Carolina	13,427	_	_	_	_	80	-	-	13,507
Tennessee		198	_	_	198	336	_	-	6,596
Texas	126	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	126
Virginia		_	_	_	_	1,991	_	_	6,488
West Virginia		429	_	_	429	105	_	_	710
Wisconsin		127	291	_	417	-	_	_	664
Unknown State		-		_		_	_	382	382
Foreign		262	341	2,653	3,256	3	_	-	4,283
	,-			,	-,				,
Kentucky, Western		13,027	-	99	13,126	7,862	-	4	26,678
Alabama		621	_	_	621	_	_	-	1,151
Florida	_	1,900	_	_	1,900	_	-	-	1,900
Illinois	_	103	_	_	103	68	_	_	171
Indiana	192	73	_	_	73	161	_	_	426
Iowa		147	_	_	147	_	_	_	147
Kentucky		4,771	_	_	4,771	7,613	_	_	15,323
Maryland		-1,7,71	_	_	-1,7,71	7,015	_	_	**
Minnesota		15	_	_	15	_	_	_	15
		13	_	_	13	*	_	_	1.3
New Jersey			_	_			_	_	
Ohio		63	_		63	-			63
Tennessee		5,320	_	_	5,320	19	_	_	7,187
Wisconsin		14	_	_	14	_	_	_	193
Unknown State	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	4	4
Foreign	_	-	_	99	99	-	_	_	99
Louisiana	_	9	_	_	9	770	2,926	_	3,704
Louisiana		_	_	_	_	770	2,926	_	3,696
Oklahoma		9			9	770	2,920		3,090
Oktanonia		,			,				,
Maryland	321	-	-	221	221	4,187	-	8	4,738
Connecticut	_	_	_	14	14	_	_	_	14
Delaware	97	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	97
Maryland		_	_	_	_	1,116	_	_	1,340
New Jersey		_	_	5	5	, -	_	_	5
Virginia		_	_	_	_	431	_	_	431
West Virginia		_	_	_	_	2,640	_	_	2,640
Unknown State		_	_		_	2,040		8	2,040
Foreign		_	_	203	203	_	_	0	203
1 Of Cigii	_	_	_	203	203	_	_	_	203
Mississippi	_	_	_	_	_	_	11	_	11
Mississippi	_	_	_	_	_	-	11	_	11
3.60						126			427
Missouri		_	_	_	_	436	_	_	436
Kansas		_	_	_	_	188	_	_	188
Missouri	_	_	_	_	_	249	_	_	249
Montana		-	6,536	_	6,536	413	9,173	_	38,343
Arizona		-	_	_	_	-	_	_	198
Illinois		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,552
Indiana		_	_	_	_	_	_	-	1,011
	1,464	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	1,464
Kansas	1,707								
Michigan		_	6,384	_	6,384	_	_	_	9,239
	2,855	_	6,384		6,384	_	_	_	9,239 10,771

Table 65. Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin, Destination, and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

0.11.61.4			V	Vater			Tramway,		
Origin State and Destination State	Railroad	River	Great Lakes	Tidewater	Total	Truck	Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	Unknown	Total
Montana (Continued)									
Montana	137 145	_	_	_	_	413	9,173	_	9,72
North Dakota	143	_	153	_	153	_	_	_	14: 15:
Washington	1.685	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	1,68
Wisconsin	578	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	57
Wyoming	64	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	6
Foreign	608	-	-	_	-	-	_	_	60
New Mexico	20,076	_	_	_	_	5	7,051	4	27,13
Arizona	9,900	_	_	_	-	-	_	-	9,90
California	63	_	-	_	-	_	-	-	6
Kansas	15	_	_	_	_	_			1
New Mexico	9,423	_	_	_	_	5	7,051	4	16,48
Oklahoma	105 519	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	10 51
Texas Wisconsin	51	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	5
I d D I d	440					4 405	26.252		21.14
Montana	448 1	_	_	_	_	4,427	26,273	_	31,14
North Dakota	447	-	-	-	-	4,427	26,273	-	31,14
Ohio	2,604	5,540	6	2	5,548	7,805	6,484	20	22,46
Alabama	_	*	_	_	*	_	_	_	
Florida	_	134	_	_	134	3	_	_	13
Illinois	_	_	_	-	_	5	-	_	
Indiana	2	59	_	_	59	89	_	_	15
Kentucky	_	74	_	_	74	256	_	-	7
Michigan	_	*	_	_	- *	256	_	_	25
Mississippi New York	_	10	_	_	10	1	_	_	1
Ohio	2,478	3,582	_	_	3,582	7,173	6,484	_	19,71
Pennsylvania	22	280	_	_	280	278	-	_	57
West Virginia.		1,401	_	_	1,401		_	_	1,40
Wisconsin	_	. –	*	_	*	_	_	_	
Unknown State	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	20	2
Foreign	103	-	6	2	8	-	-	_	11
Oklahoma	_	_	_	_	_	1,588	_	_	1,58
Arkansas	_	_	_	_	_	43	_	_	4
Kansas	_	_	_	_	_	133	_	_	13
Missouri	_	_	_	-	_	1	-	_	1.00
Oklahoma	_	_	_	_	_	1,306	_	_	1,30
Texas	_	_	_	_	_	104	_	-	10
Pennsylvania	25,417	21,501	2,197	5,174	28,872	19,546	768	298	74,90
Alabama	*	495	_	_	495	*	_	_	49
Alaska	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Arkansas	1 *	_	_	_	_	2	_	_	
California	_	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	
Colorado	14	3	_	_	3	*	_	_	1
Connecticut	83	_	_	_	_	4	_	_	8
Delaware	487	_	_	_	_	1	_	_	48
Florida	481	170	_	_	170	12	_	_	60
Georgia	*	_	-	-	_	*	-	_	
Hawaii	_	-	-	*	*	-	_	_	
Illinois	3	15	_	_	15	*	_	_	1
Indiana		67	_	_	67	15	_	_	14
Iowa	16	148	_	_	148	-	_	_	16
Kansas	1 61	1,895	_	_	1,895	34	_	_	1,99
KentuckyLouisiana	81	1,895	_	Ξ	1,895	34 *	_	_	1,9
Louisiana	*	13	_	_	13	30	_	_	
Maine		**	_		•	399	_	_	3,00
Maine Maryland	2.608	_	_	_	_		_	_	
Maryland	2,608 125	_	_	- 14	- 14	38	_	_	17
	,	- - 533	- 250		14 783		_ _ _	_ _ _	

Table 65. Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin, Destination, and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

Origin State and			v	Vater			Tramway, Conveyor,		
Destination State	Railroad	River	Great Lakes	Tidewater	Total	Truck	and Slurry Pipeline	Unknown	Total
ennsylvania (Continued)									
Mississippi	*	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Missouri	*	_	_	_	_	2	_	_	
Montana	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Nebraska	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
New Hampshire	680	_	_	_	_	4	_	_	6
New Jersey	643	_	_	137	137	14	_	_	7
New Mexico	_	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	
New York	4,397	38	_	_	38	555	_	_	4,9
North Carolina	*	_	_	_	_	5	_	_	,-
North Dakota	_	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	
Ohio	1,246	3,604	149	_	3,753	319	_	_	5,3
Oklahoma	*	5,001	-	_	5,755	517	_	_	5,5
Oregon	4	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	
Pennsylvania	10,847	5,002	_	_	5,002	17,281	768	42	33,9
Rhode Island	10,647	3,002			3,002	2	700	42	33,9
	24	_	_	_	_	25	_	_	
South Carolina	24 *	061	_	_	061	25	_	_	c
Tennessee		864	_	_	864		_	_	8
Texas	3	_	_	_	_	9	_	_	
Utah	20	_	_	_	_	9	_	_	
Vermont	*	_	-	_	_	1	_	-	
Virginia	29	_	-	-	_	521	-	_	
Washington	_	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	
West Virginia	13	7,816	_	_	7,816	235	_	_	8,0
Wisconsin	299	17	634	_	651	5	_	_	9
Wyoming	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Unknown State	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	256	2
Foreign	794	819	1,164	5,022	7,005	23	_		7,8
. 0.0.g	,,,	017	1,10.	2,022	7,000	20			,,,
ennsylvania Anthracite	591	_	_	12	12	3,516	_	157	4.2
Alabama	*	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	,
Alaska	*	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Arizona	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Arkansas	*					2			
						*			
California	1.4	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	
Colorado	14	_			_		_	_	
Connecticut	-	_	_	_	_	4	_	_	
Delaware	*	_	_	_	_	1	_	_	
Florida	*	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	
Georgia	*	_	_	-	_	*	-	_	
Hawaii	_	_	-	*	*	_	-	-	
Illinois	3	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	
Indiana	*	_	_	_	_	15	_	_	
Iowa	16	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Kansas	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Kentucky	2	_	_	_	_	34	_	_	
Louisiana	*	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	
Maine	*	_	_	_	_	3	_	_	
	109	_	_	_	_	2	_	_	
Maryland	109	_	_	_	_		_	_	
Massachusetts	*	_	_	_	_	9	_	_	
Michigan	*	_	_	_	_	1	_	_	
Minnesota	*	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	
Mississippi	*	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	
Missouri	*	_	_	-	_	2	_	_	
Montana	2	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	
Nebraska	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
New Hampshire	*	_	_	_	_	4	_	_	
New Jersey	*	_	_	_	_	14	_	_	
New Mexico	_	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	
New York	1	_	_	_	_	40	_	_	
	*	_	_	_	_	5	_	_	
	•••	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	
North Carolina	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	
North Carolina North Dakota			_	_	_	24	_	_	
North Carolina North Dakota Ohio	*	_				_	_		
North Carolina	*	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	
North Carolina	* 4	- - -	-	_	_	-	_	_	
North Carolina	*	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	3,230		_ _ _	3,
North Carolina	* 4	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	-	_ _ _	- - -	3,

Table 65. Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin, Destination, and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

0.11.51.4			V	Vater			Tramway,		ı
Origin State and Destination State	Railroad	River	Great Lakes	Tidewater	Total	Truck	Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	Unknown	Total
Pennsylvania Anthracite (Continued)									
Tennessee	*	_	_	_	_	*	-	_	,
Texas	3	_	_	_	_	9	_	_	1
Utah	*	_	_	_	_	1	_	_	
Vermont	*	_	_	_	_	4	_	_	
West Virginia	2					56			:
Wisconsin	3	_	_	_	_	5	_	_	
Wyoming	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Unknown State	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	157	1.
Foreign	190	_	-	12	12	23	-	-	2
ennsylvania Bituminous	24,826	21,501	2,197	5,162	28,860	16,030	768	141	70,6
Alabama	_	495	_	-	495	_	_	-	4
Colorado	_	3	_	_	3	_	_	_	
Connecticut	83	_	_	_	_		_	_	
Delaware	487	170	_	_	170	*	_	_	4
Florida	480	170	_	_	170	12	_	_	6
Illinois	_	15	_	_	15	-	_	_	
Indiana	_	67 148	_	_	67 148	_	_	_	1
Iowa		1,895	_	_	148 1,895	_	_	_	1
KentuckyLouisiana	60	1,693	_	_	1,693	_	_	_	1,9
Maine	_	13	_	_	13	27	_	_	
Maryland	2,498	_	_	_	_	397	_	_	2,8
Massachusetts	125	_	_	14	14	29	_	_	2,0
Michigan	2,535	533	250	_	783		_	_	3,3
Minnesota	2,000	-		_	-	*	_	_	0,0
New Hampshire	680	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	6
New Jersey	643	_	_	137	137	_	_	_	7
New York	4,396	38	_	_	38	515	_	_	4,9
Ohio	1,245	3,604	149	_	3,753	295	_	_	5,2
Oregon	_	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	
Pennsylvania	10,635	5,002	-	_	5,002	14,050	768	42	30,4
Tennessee	_	864	_	_	864	_	_	_	8
Texas		_	_	_	_	*	_	_	
Utah	20	_	_	_	_	9	_	-	
Vermont	-	_	_	_	_		_	_	_
Virginia	29	_	_	_	_	517	_	_	5
Washington	-	7 916	_	_	7 016		_	_	9.0
West Virginia	11 296	7,816 17	634	_	7,816 651	179	_	_	8,0
Unknown State	290	17	034	_	031	_	_	99	>
Foreign	604	819	1,164	5,010	6,994	_	_	-	7,5
ennessee	2,098	_	_	27	27	516	_	24	2,6
Alabama	70	_	_			8	_		-,\
Arkansas	41	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Georgia	850	_	_	_	_	10	_	_	8
Kentucky	_	_	_	_	_	114	_	_	1
New York	4	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	
North Carolina	17	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	
Ohio	2	_	_	_	_	*	-	_	
Oregon	3	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	
Pennsylvania	19	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	
South Carolina	350	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	
Tennessee	720	-	_	_	_	380	_	_	1,1
Virginia		_	_	_	_	4	_	_	
West Virginia	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	24	
Unknown State	22	_	_	27	_ 27	_	_	24	
_	21,866	22	_	43	64	13,355	13,591	_	48,8
Georgia	21, 300 25	-	_	-	-	13,333	13,371	_	40,0
Hlinois	-	4	_	_	4	_	_	_	
New York	_	-	_	_	-	8	_	_	
Ohio	_	12	_	_	12	_	_	_	
	14	-			-	22			

Table 65. Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin, Destination, and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

			V	Vater			Tramway,		
Origin State and Destination State	Railroad	River	Great Lakes	Tidewater	Total	Truck	Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	Unknown	Total
Cexas (Continued)	••••								
Texas	21,817	_	_	_	_	13,325	13,591	_	48,73
Wisconsin	10	2 3	_	43	2 46	*	_	_	5
_							• • • •		
J tah Arizona	15,776 25	_	_	3,073	3,073	5,103	3,995 4	9	27,95
California	5,466	_	_	_	_	25	_	_	5,49
Colorado	_	_	_	_	_	3	_	_	
Idaho	150	-	-	-	-	83	-	-	23
Illinois	772	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	77
Indiana	20	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	- 1
Maryland	13	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	1
Missouri	327	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	32
Nebraska	2.462	_	_	_	_	21	_	_	2.4
Nevada	3,463 22	_	_	_	_	20	_	_	3,48
New Jersey	22	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	
New Mexico	234	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	2:
Oregon Pennsylvania	234 58	_	_	_	_	4	_	_	2.
Tennessee	1,305	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,30
Texas	278					_		_	2
Utah	3,388		_		_	4,950	3,991	_	12,3
Virginia	118					4,930	3,991	_	12,3
Washington	102					1			1
Wisconsin	34		_			1			1
Wyoming	_	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	
Unknown State	_		_			_		9	
Foreign	_		_	3,073	3,073			_	3,0
1 oreign				3,073	3,073				5,0
irginia	19,256	1,625	166	9,725	11,516	2,233	1,009	177	34,1
Alabama	507	_	_	_	_	, -	_	_	50
Connecticut	4	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Delaware	193	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	19
Florida	162	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	1
Georgia	5,216	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	5,2
Illinois	24	1	_	-	1	_	_	-	
Indiana	1,511	1,040	_	_	1,040	_	_	_	2,5
Kentucky	11	42	_	_	42	*	_	_	
Maryland	24	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	
Massachusetts	14	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	
Michigan	46	13	_	_	13	*	_	_	
New Jersey	_	_	_	599	599	-	-	-	5
New York	98	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	
North Carolina	772	_	_	_	_	33	_	_	80
Ohio	335	511	_	_	511	-	_	_	84
Oklahoma	25	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	
Pennsylvania	693	_	-	_	_	106	-	-	7
South Carolina	481	_	-	_	_	8	-	-	4
Tennessee	2,813	-	-	_	_	60	-	-	2,8
Texas	12	_	-	_	_	*	_	_	
Utah	119	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	1
Virginia	5,631	_	_	-	-	2,023	1,009	76	8,7
West Virginia	370	16	_	_	16	1	_	-	3
Wisconsin	83	*	_	_	*	_	_	-	
Unknown State	112	- 1	166	0.126	0.202	-	_	101	0.4
Foreign	113	1	166	9,126	9,293	_	_	_	9,4
Vashington	_	_		_	_	_	4,270 4,270	_	4,2 ′ 4,2′
_	75,483	45,542	9,476	20,240	75,258	8,673	550	1,488	161,4
Vest Virginia	1,107	180	2,470 -	40,440	180	217	-	1,400	1,5
	,	100	_	682	682	21/ *	_	_	
Connecticut	111 728	37	_	002	37	**	_	_	7: 7:
	140	31	_	_	31	_	_	_	/
Delaware									
District of Columbia	2 1,523	_ 227	-	2,155	2,382	_	-	_	3,9

Table 65. Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin, Destination, and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

0.11 6			v	Vater]	Tramway, Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	Unknown	
Origin State and Destination State	Railroad	River	Great Lakes	Tidewater	Total	Truck			Total
Vest Virginia (Continued)									
Illinois		463	_	_	463	177	-	_	2,14
Indiana		1,624	_	_	1,624	-	_	_	8,3
Iowa		100	_	_	100	-	_	_	1
Kentucky		6,498	_	_	6,498	1,110	_	_	9,3
Louisiana		130	_	1 242	130	124	_	_	1
Maryland	,	9	_	1,243	1,252	124	_	_	7,5
Massachusetts		222	2,185	290	290 2,407	2 15	_	_	5,9
Minnesota		42	2,103	_	42	15	_	_	3,9
Mississippi		3	_	_	3	_	_	_	
Missouri		87	_	_	87	_	_	_	
New Hampshire		-	_	_	-	_	_	_	
New Jersey		_	_	703	703	_	_	_	1,9
New York		27	_	-	27	82	_	_	4,3
North Carolina	, -	50	_	_	50	41	_	_	14,6
Ohio		18,616	_	_	18,616	1,132	_	_	24,3
Oregon		-	_	_	_		_	_	,-
Pennsylvania		8,358	_	15	8,373	845	_	_	17,4
South Carolina	,	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	3
Tennessee		640	_	_	640	13	_	_	7
Texas		7	_	_	7	_	_	_	
Utah	. 277	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2
Virginia		1	_	220	221	503	39	_	5,9
West Virginia		8,197	_	_	8,197	4,412	511	9	22,6
Wisconsin		6	129	_	135	· –	_	_	
Unknown State		_	_	_	_	_	_	1,479	1,4
Foreign	1,101	17	7,162	14,932	22,111	-	-	_	23,2
Vest Virginia, Northern	15,390	15,307	1,457	3,431	20,196	3,693	27	83	39,3
Alabama	,	110	_	_	110	_	_	_	1
Connecticut	. 101	_	_	682	682	*	_	_	7
Delaware		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2
Florida	1,349	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	1,3
Indiana	. 839	652	_	_	652	_	_	_	1,4
Kentucky	. 509	2,578	_	_	2,578	_	_	_	3,0
Louisiana	_	90	_	_	90	_	_	_	
Maryland	2,804	_	_	735	735	124	-	_	3,6
Michigan	419	_	7	_	7	_	_	-	4
Mississippi		3	-	-	3	-	_	-	
New Hampshire		_	-	_	_	_	_	-	
New Jersey		_	_	508	508	_	_	_	1,2
New York		_	_	_	_	2	_	_	2,9
Ohio	,	3,207	_	_	3,207	26	_	_	5,4
Pennsylvania		5,554	-	_	5,554	661	_	-	8,6
Virginia		1	_	_	1	444	_	_	6
West Virginia		3,112		_	3,112	2,436	27	*	5,8
Wisconsin		-	75	_	75	-	_		
Unknown State		_	1 275	1.507	- 2.002	_	_	83	2.0
Foreign	. 129	-	1,375	1,507	2,882	_	-	-	3,0
Vest Virginia, Southern		30,234	8,019	16,809	55,062	4,980	523	1,405	122,0
Alabama	1,086	71	_	_	71	217	-	_	1,3
Connecticut		_	_	_	_	-	_	_	
Delaware		37	_	_	37	-	_	_	-
District of Columbia		_	_		_	-	_	_	
Florida		227	_	2,155	2,382	-	_	_	2,5
Georgia		-	_	_	-	-	_	_	2,3
Illinois		463	_	_	463	177	_	_	2,1
Indiana		972	_	_	972	-	_	_	6,8
Iowa		100	_	_	100		_	_	1
Kentucky		3,920	_	_	3,920	1,110	_	_	6,2
Louisiana		40	_	_	40	-	_	_	
Maryland		9	_	509	517	_	_	_	3,8
Massachusetts				290	290	2	_	_	3
Michigan		222	2,178	_	2,400	15	_	_	5,5
Minnesota		42	_	_	42	-	_	_	
Mississippi	. 37	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	

Table 65. Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin, Destination, and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

Origin State and		ļ	V	Vater		ļ	Tramway, Conveyor,		
Destination State	Railroad	River	Great Lakes	Tidewater	Total	Truck	and Slurry Pipeline	Unknown	Total
West Virginia, Southern (Continued)									
Missouri		87	_	_	87	-	_	_	:
New Hampshire		_	-	-	_	_	_	_	
New Jersey	452	_	_	195	195	_	_	_	6
New York		27	_	_	27	80	_	-	1,4
North Carolina		50	_	_	50	41	_	_	14,6
Ohio		15,409	_	_	15,409	1,107	_	-	18,8
Oregon		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Pennsylvania		2,804	_	15	2,819	184	_	_	8,7
South Carolina			_	_			_	_	3
Tennessee		640	_	_	640	13	_	_	7
Texas		7	_	_	7	_	_	_	
Utah		_	_					_	2
Virginia			_	220	220	60	39	_	5,3
West Virginia		5,085		_	5,085	1,976	483	9	16,7
Wisconsin		6	54	_	60	-	_	_	4
Unknown State		_	-	-	-	-	_	1,396	1,3
Foreign	972	17	5,787	13,425	19,229	-	_	_	20,2
Vyoming	306,253	10,039	2,804	1,929	14,772	2,329	11,423	4,353	339,1
Alabama	,	-	2,004	1,929		_,529	-11,723	4 ,555	11,3
Arizona		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,8
Arkansas		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	13,6
Colorado	,	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	9.
Connecticut		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	,,,
Florida		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1
Georgia		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	6,9
Idaho		_	_	_	_	31	_	_	2
Illinois		1,501	_	_	1,501	_	_	_	28,5
Indiana		7,815	_	_	7,815	_	_	_	15,9
Iowa		7,015	_	_	7,015	_	_	_	19,1
Kansas	,	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	13,6
Kentucky		723	_	_	723	_	_	_	1,6
Louisiana		-	_	_	-	_	_	_	11,0
Michigan	,	_	91	_	91	_	_	_	9,8
Minnesota		_	1,019	_	1,019	_	_	_	10,8
Mississippi		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	3
Missouri		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	32,3
Montana		_	_	_	_	*	_	_	,-
Nebraska		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	11,0
New Hampshire		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	,
New York		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
North Carolina		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
North Dakota		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Ohio		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,
Oklahoma		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	18,
Oregon		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,3
Pennsylvania	,	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	4,
South Carolina		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
South Dakota		_	_	_	_	455	_	_	1,0
Tennessee	3,291	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	3,
Texas		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	49,
Utah		_	_	_	_	*	_	_	1
Washington		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
West Virginia		_	_	_	_	-	_	-	4,
Wisconsin	24,038	_	-	_	-	-	_	_	24,0
Wyoming	8,667	_	_	_	_	1,842	11,423	_	21,9
Unknown State	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	4,353	4,3
Foreign		-	1,693	1,929	3,622	-	-	-	4,7
S Total	665,920	130,996	22,841	52,354	206,191	109,959	92,992	6,892	1,081,9
J.S. Total		6,918	44,841	52,354 314	7,232	3,715	94,994	0,892	32,6
Alaska		0,710	_	J14 _	1,232	231	_	_	32,0
Arizona		163	_	_	163	231 *	4	_	21,5
Arkansas		103	_	_	103	62	4	_	14,0
California		_	_	_	_	25	_	_	
Colorado		3	_	_	3	3,338	_	_	5,6 22,6
Connecticut		3	_	1,355		3,336 4	_	_	
Connecticut	207	_	_	1,333	1,355	4	_	_	1,5

Table 65. Distribution of U.S. Coal by Origin, Destination, and Method of Transportation, 2000 (Continued)

			V	Vater			Tramway,		
Origin State and Destination State	Railroad	River	Great Lakes	Tidewater	Total	Truck	Conveyor, and Slurry Pipeline	Unknown	Total
U.S. Total (Continued)									
Delaware	1.627	37	_	_	37	1	_	_	1.664
District of Columbia	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	7,007
Florida		9.114	_	2,382	11,497	67	_	_	24,418
Georgia	,	25		2,362	25	151			32,739
Hawaii	,	_	_	*	*	-	_	_	32,733
Idaho				_	_	114			448
Illinois		3,413	2	_	3,415	4,602	10	_	47,461
Indiana	,	13,514	_	_	13,514	9,756	748	_	61,487
Iowa	,	1.005	_	_	1,005	208	746	_	21,102
Kansas	,	1,005	_	_	1,005	522	_	_	16,320
			_						- ,-
Kentucky		16,985	-	_	16,985	13,094	2.026	20	43,059
Louisiana	,	1,654	_	_	1,654	770	2,926	_	16,408
Maine		-	_	92	92	30	_	_	180
Maryland	,	162	_	1,243	1,405	1,640	_	-	12,737
Massachusetts				304	304	40	_	_	940
Michigan		894	9,811	_	10,705	359	_	_	34,483
Minnesota		307	1,096		1,403	*		_	22,104
Mississippi		256	_	1,210	1,466	_	11	_	3,319
Missouri	,	1,516	_	_	1,516	937	_	_	36,358
Montana		_	_	_	_	414	9,173	_	10,455
Nebraska		_	_	-	_	21	-	_	11,189
Nevada	-,	-	-	-	-	20	4,711	-	8,195
New Hampshire		_	-	11	11	4	_	_	798
New Jersey	2,132	_	_	1,444	1,444	14	_	_	3,590
New Mexico	9,423	_	_	_	_	105	7,051	4	16,582
New York	9,349	121	_	15	135	657	_	_	10,141
North Carolina	28,514	425	_	_	425	286	_	_	29,224
North Dakota	800	_	_	_	_	4,427	26,273	_	31,500
Ohio	13,184	30,570	316	_	30,886	9,792	6,484	_	60,346
Oklahoma	18,223	26	_	_	26	1,306	_	_	19,555
Oregon	2,098	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	2,098
Pennsylvania	24,609	14,041	_	15	14,056	18,580	768	42	58,054
Rhode Island		_	_	_	_	2	_	_	2
South Carolina		_	_	_	_	113	_	_	15,034
South Dakota		_	_	_	_	455	_	_	1,046
Tennessee		10,710	_	_	10,710	809	_	_	28,311
Texas	,	7	_	_	7	13,440	13,591	_	101,480
Utah	,		_	_	· _	4,959	3,991	_	14,863
Vermont		_	_	_	_	1,737	3,771	_	14,000
Virginia		1	_	220	221	5,473	1,048	76	22,294
Washington		_	_	220	221	3,473	4,270	70	6.058
West Virginia	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	17,861	_	_	17,861	7,393	4,270 511	9	40.065
Wisconsin	, ,	17,861	1,084	_	1,249	7,393	311	9	27,52
		103	1,064	_	1,249	1,989	11,423	_	22,178
Wyoming Unknown State	,	_	_	_	_	1,989	11,423	6,741	6,741
		1.104	10.522	43,747	55,383	26	_	0,741	60,342
Foreign	4,933	1,104	10,532	45,747	33,363	20	_	_	00,342

^{*} Data round to zero.

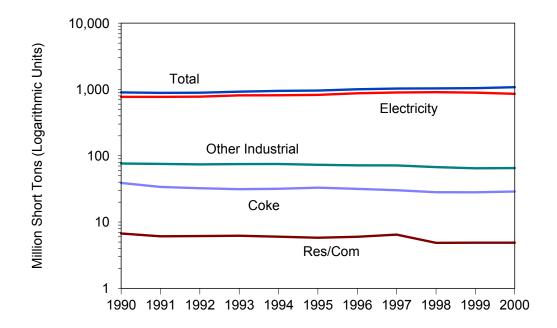
Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report."

Demand

Domestic Markets

Figure 9. U.S. Coal Consumption, 1990-2000



Note: Total consumption does not include coal consumed by other power producers. Sources: Energy Information Administration, • Electric Utilities: Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report." • Coke Plants: Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report – Quarterly." • Other Industrial: Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants" and Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report." • Residential and Commercial: Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report."

Table 66. Major U.S. Coal Consumers, 2000

Rank	Company Name	Plant Locations
		Electric Utilities
	Tennessee Valley Authority	(AL) (KY) (TN)
	Texas Utilities Electric Company	(TX)
	Georgia Power Company	(GA)
	Pacificorp	(UT) (WA) (WY)
	Alabama Power Company	(AL)
	Detroit Edison Company (The)	(MI)
	Ameren UE	(MO)
	Reliant Energy Basin Electric Power	(TX) (ND) (WY)
)	PSI Energy, Inc	(IN)
	Duke Power Company	(NC) (SC)
	Ohio Power Company	(OH) (WV)
1	Virginia Electric & Power Company	(VA) (WV)
Į.	Northern States Power Company	(MN) (WI)
i	Monongahela Power Company	(WV)
i	Southwestern Electric Power Company	(AR)(TX)
'	Appalachian Power Company	(VA)(WV)
	Midamerican Energy	(IA)
)	Arkansas Power & Light Company	(AR)
	Carolina Power & Light Company	(NC) (SC)
!	Indiana Michigan Power Company	(IN)
	Arizona Public Service Company Wisconsin Electric Power Company	(AZ) (NM) (MI) (WI)
<u>'</u>	KPL - Western Resources	(KS)
	Salt River Project	(AZ)
•	Cincinnati Gas Electric Company	(KY) (OH)
,	Public Service Company of Colorado	(CO)
;	Oklahoma Gas & Electric Company	(OK)
)	Kansas City Power & Light Company	(KS) (MO)
)	Southwestern Public Service Company	(TX)
	Northern Indiana Public Service Company	(IN)
!	Associated Electric Coop	(MO)
	Consumers Power Company	(MI)
	Dayton Power & Light Company (The)	(OH)
:	Indianapolis Power & Light Company	(IN)
i '	Kentucky Utilities Company Cooperative Power Association	(KY) (ND)
}	Tampa Electric Company	(FL)
, 1	Wisconsin Power & Light Company	(NI)
)	South Carolina Public Service Authority	(SC)
	Louisville Gas & Electric Company	(KY)
!	Lower Colorado River Authority	(TX)
1	Central Illinois Public Service Company	(IL)
Ļ	Public Service Company of New Mexico	(NM)
i	Pennsylvania Power & Light Company	(PA)
i	Scana Corporation	(SC)
'	Tri-State G & T Association Inc	(CO)
	Ohio Edison Company	(OH)
)	Central Louisiana Electric Company	(LA)
)	San Antonio Public Service Board Nebraska Public Power Dististribution	(TX)
}	Potomac Electric Power Company	(NE) (MD) (VA)
	Florida Power Corporation	(FL)
<u> </u>	Los Angeles (City of)	(UT)
	Mississippi Power Company	(MS)
i	I E S Utilities Company	(IA)
	Electric Energy Inc	(IL)
;	Columbus Southern Power Company	(OH)
)	Southern California Edison Company	(NV)
)	Otter Tail Power Co	(MN)(ND)(SD)
	Omaha Public Power District	(NE)
	Cardinal Operating Co	(OH)
	Minnkota Power Coop Inc	(ND)
	Indiana-Kentucky Electric Corporation	(IN)
	Minnesota Power Inc	(MN)
i	Grand River Dam Authority	(OK)
,	Hoosier Energy Rural	(IN)
1	Public Service Co. of Oklahoma	(OK)
))	East Kentucky Power Coop Gulf Power Company	(KY) (FL)
	Pennsylvania Pwr & Light Co.	(PL) (PA)

Table 66. Major U.S. Coal Consumers, 2000 (Continued)

Company Name	Plant Location
Тор	Ten Manufacturers
Aluminum Company of America	(IN) (OH) (TN) (TX)
Archer Daniels Midland	(IA) (IL) (MN)
Champion International Corp	(AL) (FL) (ME) (MI) (MN) (NC) (NY) (OH)
Dakota Gasification Co	(ND)
E I Du Pont De Nemours & Co	(DE) (MS) (NC) (SC) (TN) (VA) (WV)
Eastman Chemical Company	(AR) (NY) (SC) (TN) (TX)
Hoechst AG	(SC) (TX) (VA)
Holnam Inc	(AL) (CO) (IA) (MI) (MO) (MS) (SC) (UT) (WA)
Inland Steel Industries Inc	(IN)
Westvaco Corporation	(MD) (PA) (SD) (VA)
Other M	Major Manufacturers
A E Staley Manufacturing Co	(IL) (IN) (TN)
American Crystal Sugar Co	(MN) (ND)
Applied Energy Services Inc	(PA)
Ash Grove Cement Company	(AR) (KS) (MT) (NE) (OR) (TX) (UT)
Blue Circle Inc	(AL) (GA) (NY) (OK) (SC)
Cargill Incorporated	(GA) (IA) (MI) (MN) (NC) (OH) (TN) (VA)
Consolidated Papers Inc	(WI)
Dravo Corporation	(AL)(KY)
Elkem A/S	(OH) (WV)
Florida Crushed Stone	(FL)
Fort James Corporation	(GA) (OK) (WI)
FMC Corporation	(NC) (WV) (WY)
General Chemical Corporation	(WY)
General Motors Corporation	(AL) (IL) (IN) (MI) (MO) (OH) (WI)
Georgia-Pacific Corp	(AR) (GA) (MI) (VA)
International Paper Company	(AL) (LA) (PA) (SC) (WI)
Jefferson Smurfit Corp	(AL) (FL) (IL) (IN) (OH) (PA)
Kerr-McGee Corporation	(CA)
Kimberly Clark Corporation	(AL) (MI) (PA) (WI)
Lafarge Corporation	(IA) (IL) (KS) (MI) (MO) (PA)
Lone Star Industries, Inc	(FL) (IL) (IN) (MO) (OK) (TX)
Mead Corporation	(MI) (OH) (TN)
Monsanto Company	(AL) (IA) (ID) (IL) (MA) (WV)
P H Glatfelter Co	(NC) (PA)
PPG Industries Inc	(WV)
Societe Des Ciments Français	(IN) (MD) (PA)
Solvay Minerals, Inc.	(OH) (TN) (WY)
Southdown Inc	(CA) (CO) (FL) (OH) (TN)
Stone Container Corporation	(AZ) (FL) (MI) (SC) (VA)
Union Camp Corporation	(AL) (GA) (SC) (VA)
Тор Т	en Coke Producers
AK Steel Corp	(KY) (OH)
Bethlehem Steel Corp	(IN) (MD) (NY) (PA)
Citizens Gas & Coke Utility	(IN)
Drummond Company Inc	(AL)
Indiana Harbor Coke Co, LP	(IN)
LTV Steel Company Inc	(IL) (IN) (OH) (PA)
National Steel Corp.	(IL) (MI)
Sun Coal Co	(VA)
USX Corporation	(IN) (PA)
Wheeling Pittsburgh Steel Corp	(WV)

Note: Major electric utility coal consumers are companies that consumed more than 3.5 million short tons of coal in 2000. Major manufacturers are the top 40 coal consumers in the manufacturing sector. Major coke producers are the top 10 coal consumers in the coke plant sector. Electric utilities are ranked by consumption and manufacturers and coke producers are listed in alphabetical order.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, • Electric Utilities: Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report." • Manufacturers: Form EIA-3,

"Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants." • Coke Plants: Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly."

Table 67. Coal Consumption by Census Division and State, 1991, 1996-2000 (Thousand Short Tons)

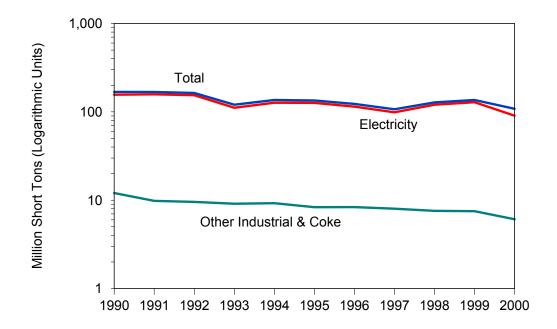
Census Division and State	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change		Annual Change
							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
New England	2,420	1,969	5,400	7,967	7,024	7,012	22.9	-23.4	-11.1
Connecticut	4	5	596	1,065	931	856	-23.3	-74.6	-45.1
Maine	222	119	141	194	234	374	86.2	-1.2	-5.6
Massachusetts	513	497	3,189	4,891	4,477	4,451	3.3	-41.8	-21.3
New Hampshire	1,677	1,344	1,469	1,705	1,377	1,315	24.7	5.0	2.7
Rhode Island	2	2	2	3	3	4	51.3	-7.2	-5.8
Vermont	1	2	2	110	2	12	-21.6	-4.0	-21.0
Middle Atlantic	32,636	55,343	69,310	73,325	70,965	70,594	-41.0	-17.6	-8.2
New Jersey	2,280	2,596	2,372	2,867	2,402	2,326	-12.2	-1.3	2
New York	4,479	7,335	12,435	11,784	11,337	13,338	-38.9	-20.7	-11.4
Pennsylvania	25,877	45,412	54,504	58,673	57,226	54,931	-43.0	-18.0	-8.0
East North Central	215,154	229,361	234,060	233,883	229,034	208,583	-6.2	-1.5	.3
Illinois	23,018	42,171	44,662	47,637	44,431	34,677	-45.4	-15.2	-4.4
Indiana	70,583	66,157	66,300	66,051	64,021	60,790	6.7	2.5	1.7
Michigan	36,298	38,273	38,024	35,887	36,727	33,879	-5.2	3	.8
Ohio	59,348	57,500	60,356	58,821	59,835	58,578	3.2	2	.1
Wisconsin	25,907	25,260	24,718	25,487	24,019	20,659	2.5	1.9	2.5
West North Central	150,849	145,081	144,652	138,303	137,081	116,707	4.0	2.4	2.9
Iowa	24,341	23,459	23,143	21,672	21,170	18,741	3.8	3.5	2.9
Kansas	20,845	19,004	17,736	17,673	19,084	14,881	9.7	2.2	3.8
Minnesota	20,736	19,085	19,958	19,086	19,703	16,993	8.6	1.3	2.2
Missouri	38,301	37,977	38,549	36,860	34,382	25,773	.8	2.7	4.5
Nebraska	11,910	11,625	11,889	11,211	10,379	8,859	2.4	3.5	3.3
North Dakota	31,902	31,282	31,060	29,360	30,511	28,597	2.0	1.1	1.2
South Dakota	2,815	2,650	2,316	2,442	1,852	2,863	6.2	11.0	2
South Atlantic	176,920	173,356	173,488	170,655	165,546	144,073	2.0	1.7	2.3
Delaware	1,644	1,393	1,773	1,866	1,956	2,186	18.0	-4.3	-3.1
District of Columbia	7	6	6	40	23	66	8.9	-27.2	-22.7
Florida	28,788	27,287	28,827	28,719	28,443	26,004	5.5	.3	1.1
Georgia	35,150	33,495	32,721	32,693	31,158	26,957	4.9	3.0	3.0
Maryland	8,635	11,776	11,790	11,240	11,367	10.709	-26.7	-6.6	-2.4
North Carolina	29,800	28,411	28,917	29,556	27,624	20,877	4.9	1.9	4.0
South Carolina	16,947	15,767	14,649	14,109	13,852	11,451	7.5	5.2	4.4
Virginia	16,951	15,803	15,857	15,273	14,983	13,980	7.3	3.1	2.2
West Virginia	39,000	39,418	38,949	37,160	36,140	31,843	-1.0	1.9	2.3
East South Central	112,634	108,419	107,809	112,977	110,450	90,785	3.9	.5	2.4
Alabama	39,797	38,100	36,328	36,607	37,052	29,349	4.4	1.8	3.4
Kentucky	37,586	37,495	38,798	41,889	40,862	34,517	.2	-2.1	.9
Mississippi	6,388	6,207	5,897	6,273	5,791	3,812	2.9	2.5	5.9
Tennessee	28,862	26,617	26,786	28,208	26,744	23,107	8.4	1.9	2.5
West South Central	147,239	150,486	147,133	150,374	146,472	133,635	-2.1	.1	1.1
Arkansas	15,250	15,299	14,563	14,068	14,815	12,261	-2.1 3	.1 .7	2.4
Louisiana	10,016	13,299	13,891	13,874	12,534	12,261	3 -28.3	-5.4	-2.4 -2.8
	,	,		,		,			
Oklahoma	20,394	19,075	19,582	21,128	20,125	16,345	6.9	.3	2.5
Texas	101,579	102,152	99,098	101,304	98,998	92,064	6	.6	1.1
Mountain	112,314	116,983	118,343	111,482	107,228	105,177	- 4.0	1.2	.7
Arizona	21,129	19,711	19,014	18,205	16,792	16,805	7.2	5.9	2.6
Colorado	19,314	18,235	18,072	17,908	17,222	16,218	5.9	2.9	1.9
Idaho	622	431	479	361	397	673	44.5	11.9	8
Montana	486	10,369	10,776	9,474	8,032	10,549	-95.3	-50.4	-29.0
Nevada	8,865	8,067	8,216	7,447	7,604	8,091	9.9	3.9	1.0
New Mexico	16,585	16,303	15,963	15,887	15,297	12,858	1.7	2.0	2.9
Utah	16,897	16,190	17,052	16,105	15,237	14,834	4.4	2.6	1.4
Wyoming	28,416	27,678	28,772	26,096	26,647	25,150	2.7	1.6	1.4
Pacific	7,428	10,846	11,155	9,576	10,282	11,055	-31.5	-7.8	-4.3
Alaska	694	694	693	739	706	802	*	4	-1.6
California	2,015	2,064	2,001	2,805	2,591	2,816	-2.4	-6.1	-3.6
Hawaii	110	117	146	166	169	37	-6.3	-10.3	12.9
Oregon	2,241	2,154	2,074	917	1,134	1,940	4.0	18.5	1.6
Washington	2,369	5,818	6,241	4,948	5,682	5,461	-59.3	-19.6	-8.9
Other Power Producers	123,285	52,693	26,941	21,603	22,224	11,446	133.9	53.5	30.2
U.S. Total	1,080,880	1,044,538	1,038,292	1,030,145	1,006,306	899,067	3.5	1.8	2.1

 $[\]ast$ Data round to zero.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly"; Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-867, "Annual Non-utility Power Producer Report" for 1997 and prior years; and for 1998 forward, Form EIA-860B, "Annual Electric Generation Report - Non-utility."

Figure 10. U.S. Consumer Coal Stocks, 1990-2000



Notes: Each increment represents end-of-year data. Industrial stocks reflect manufacturing plants and coke plants.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, • Electric Utilities: Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report." • Industrial: Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly" and Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants."

Table 68. Year-End Consumer Coal Stocks by Census Division and State, 1991, 1996-2000 (Thousand Short Tons)

Census Division and State	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change		Annual Change
							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
New England	264	340	665	816	1,297	1,134	-22.4	-32.8	-14.9
Connecticut	_	_	134	66	173	173	_	_	_
Maine	w	w	78	51	51	5	w	w	w
Massachusetts	w	w	175	400	713	584	w	w	w
New Hampshire	w	_ w	278	298	359	373	w	w	w
Middle Atlantic	1,796	R 5,891	11,231	10,376	10,895	18,246	-69.5	-36.3	-22.7
New Jersey	w	w	664	567	825	687	w	w	w
New York	w	w	1,511	1,151	1,213	2,013	w	w	w
Pennsylvania	w	w	9,057	8,658	8,857	15,546	w	w	w
East North Central	25,072	35,769	36,808	30,794	30,815	43,179	-29.9	-5.0	-5.9
Illinois	w	w	7,225	5,353	5,159	7,693	w	w	w
Indiana	w	w	8,989	6,643	7,955	11,387	w	w	w
Michigan	w	w	9,450	8,047	7,814	9,016	w	w	w
Ohio	w	w	6,175	6,324	5,428	10,618	w	w	w
Wisconsin	w	w	4,969	4,427	4,459	4,466	w	w	w
West North Central	16,732	22,336	19,029	14,833	18,327	21,332	-25.1	-2.3	-2.7
Iowa	w	w	4,261	2,944	4,612	5,133	w	w	w
Kansas	w	w	3,187	2,298	2,984	3,321	w	w	w
Minnesota	w	w	2,394	1,994	1,738	2,693	w	w	w
Missouri	w	w	5,159	3,851	5,317	5,667	w	w	w
Nebraska	w	w	2,109	1,622	1,728	2,014	w	w	w
North Dakota	w	w	1,689	1,879	1,787	2,171	w	w	w
South Dakota	w	w	230	244	160	332	w	w	w
South Atlantic	14,927	23,691	21,834	17,009	19,577	29,952	-37.0	-6.5	-7 .4
Delaware	w	W	471	323	333	460	w	w	w
Florida	w	w	4,649	3,508	3,438	4,880	w	w	w
Georgia	w	w	3,566	2,407	3,848	5,419	w	w	w
Maryland	w	w	1,178	1,204	1,377	2,258	w	w	w
North Carolina	w	w	3,751	2,024	2,671	4,866	w	w	w
South Carolina	w	w	2,743	2,021	2,177	2,241	w	w	w
Virginia	w	w	1,490	1,301	1,143	1,891	w	w	w
West Virginia	w	w	3,988	4,222	4,590	7,937	w	w	w
East South Central	7,594	12,975	11,650	10,087	9,306	15,026	-41.5	- 4.9	−7.3
Alabama	7,574 W	W W	3,577	2,971	2,858	4,671	w	w	W
Kentucky	w	w	4.891	4,663	4,322	6,038	w	w	w
Mississippi	w	w	835	627	626	950	W	w	W
Tennessee	w	w	2,347	1,826	1,500	3,367	W	w	W
West South Central	17,765	21,967	14,750	11,344	19,886	18,318	-19.1	-2.8	3
Arkansas	17,703 W	21,907 W	1,124	954	2,719	2,165			
	w W	w	2,181	1,258	2,719	2,103	W	w w	w w
Louisiana			3,438	2,592	4,210	2,919	W		
Oklahoma Texas	w w	w w	8,007	6,540	10,477	10,932	W	w	W
							W 5.2	W	W 5 1
Mountain	11,564	12,209	10,803	9,978	11,602	18,490	-5.3	1	-5.1
Arizona	W	w	1,925	1,414	2,024	4,229	w	W	W
Colorado	w	w	2,862	2,476	3,054	3,487	w	w	W
Idaho	w	w	126	105	77 520	79	w	w	W
Montana	w	w	343	419	520	778	w	w	W
Nevada	W	w	888	817	1,244	1,420	w	W	W
New Mexico	W	w	793	797	817	1,403	W	W	W
Utah	w	W	2,546	2,395	1,597	4,259	W	W	W
Wyoming	W	w 1.255	1,320	1,555	2,267	2,835	W	w 21.5	W
Pacific	483	1,375	1,301	1,163	1,274	2,034	-64.9	-21.5	-14.8
Alaska	W	W	-	*	1	8	W	W	w
California	w	W	188	118	150	139	W	w	w
Hawaii	w	W	42	67	45	18	w	w	w
Oregon	w	W	196	96	221	677	w	w	w
Washington	W	W	875	882	857	1,194	W	W	W
Other Power Producers	11,765	7,496	-	_	-	-	56.9	-	_
U.S. Total	107,961	144,049	128,072	106,401	122,979	167,711	-24.6	-3.1	-4.8

^{*} Data round to zero.

W Withheld to avoid

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

R Revised Data.

Notes: Stocks for the residential and commercial sector are not included. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly"; Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; and the Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels.

Table 69. Coal Consumption at Electric Utility Plants by Census Division and State, 1991, 1996-2000

Census Division and State	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
				İ			1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
New England Total	2,115	1,768	5,183	7,583	6,701	6,421	19.6	-25.0	-11.6
Connecticut	–	_	590	1,058	925	840	_	_	_
Massachusetts	442	427	3,128	4,826	4,406	4,339	3.7	-43.7	-22.4
New Hampshire	1,673	1,341	1,465	1,699	1,369	1,242	24.7	5.1	3.4
Middle Atlantic Total	18,538	41,551	54,738	54,179	51,718	52,617	-55.4	-22.6	-10.9
New Jersey		2,583	2,357	2,851	2,387	2,081	-12.2	-1.3	.9
New York		4,411	9,410	8,726	8,254	9,874	-63.5	-33.6	-18.3
Pennsylvania		34,557	42,971	42,603	41,076	40,662	-57.6	-22.7	-10.7
East North Central Total		200,289	204,721	204,251	198,900	173,718	-7.1	-1.6	.8
Illinois	,	35,996	38,255	41,017	38,090	27,754	-53.3	-18.5	-5.4
Indiana	,	55,105	55,086	54,845	52,855	47,720	4.8	2.2	2.1
Michigan	,	33,615	34.021	31,928	32,175	29,896	-1.7	.7	1.1
Ohio		52,123	54,455	52,893	53,543	49,577	4.5	.4	1.0
Wisconsin	- , -	23,450	22,903	23,568	22,236	18,771	2.6	2.0	2.8
West North Central Total		130,536	130,374	123,968	122,419	104,246	4.5	2.8	3.0
Iowa		20.071	20.031	18,195	17.864	15.846	5.5	4.3	3.3
Kansas	,	18,889	17,627	17,534	18,853	14,732	3.3 9.6	2.4	3.8
Minnesota		17,114	17,902	17,334	17,459	16,114	8.9	1.6	1.6
Missouri	,	36,546	37,165	35,193	33,059	24,286	1.7	3.0	4.8
Nebraska		11,219	11,505	10,796	10,091	8,524	2.5	3.3	3.4
		24,538	24,278	22,754	23,640	22,174	2.3	3.3 1.4	3. 4 1.4
North Dakota	- ,				- ,	, .			
South Dakota		2,159	1,866	2,005	1,453	2,570	2.4	11.1	-1.6
South Atlantic Total		158,467	157,764	155,499	149,354	123,729	2.2	2.0	3.0
Delaware	,	1,244	1,592	1,686	1,787	1,958	17.7	-4.9	-3.2
Florida		26,091	27,542	27,372	27,172	24,870	5.5	.3	1.1
Georgia		31,508	30,731	30,631	29,171	24,848	5.2	3.2	3.3
Maryland	,	10,931	10,968	10,417	10,540	8,632	-29.2	-7.4	-1.2
North Carolina		26,508	26,834	27,206	25,083	18,078	5.3	2.7	4.9
South Carolina		13,667	12,664	12,096	11,833	9,218	10.0	6.2	5.6
Virginia		12,427	12,300	11,605	10,994	8,568	8.8	5.3	5.2
West Virginia		36,092	35,132	34,487	32,775	27,557	-1.2	2.1	2.9
East South Central Total	,	97,378	96,320	99,620	96,809	77,917	4.9	1.3	3.0
Alabama		33,429	31,474	30,840	31,216	23,700	6.1	3.3	4.6
Kentucky		34,711	35,842	38,281	37,072	31,432	.9	-1.4	1.2
Mississippi		6,022	5,684	6,035	5,558	3,570	3.5	2.9	6.4
Tennessee	,	23,216	23,320	24,464	22,964	19,216	9.4	2.5	3.1
West South Central Total		144,991	141,671	144,218	140,493	127,908	-2.3	.2	1.1
Arkansas	,	14,974	14,277	13,772	14,467	11,978	7	.7	2.4
Louisiana	9,959	13,924	13,850	13,807	12,450	12,406	-28.5	-5.4	-2.4
Oklahoma	19,679	18,352	18,883	20,101	19,386	15,668	7.2	.4	2.6
Texas	97,077	97,740	94,661	96,537	94,189	87,856	7	.8	1.1
Mountain Total	105,724	111,141	111,787	105,216	101,507	98,400	-4.9	1.0	.8
Arizona	20,409	19,025	18,316	17,503	16,117	16,116	7.3	6.1	2.6
Colorado	18,807	17,704	17,663	17,116	16,841	15,416	6.2	2.8	2.2
Montana	317	10,198	10,627	9,286	7,897	10,223	-96.9	-55.2	-32.0
Nevada	8,634	7,763	7,961	7,261	7,424	7,892	11.2	3.8	1.0
New Mexico	16,504	16,223	15,883	15,802	15,215	12,809	1.7	2.0	2.8
Utah	14,688	14,590	14,664	14,252	13,584	12,829	.7	2.0	1.5
Wyoming	,	25,638	26,674	23,997	24,430	23,115	2.8	1.9	1.5
Pacific Total		8,000	8,309	5,827	6,780	7,313	-42.1	-9.1	-4.9
Alaska		140	162	235	229	298	21.7	-7.2	-6.0
Oregon		2,153	2,037	821	1,044	1,831	4.0	21.0	2.3
Washington	,	5,706	6,111	4,770	5,507	5,184	-61.0	-20.3	-9.0
U.S. Total	859,335	894,120	910,867	900,361	874,681	772,268	-3.9	4	1.2

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

Table 70. Year-End Coal Stocks at Electric Utility Plants by Census Division and State, 1991, 1996-2000

Census Division and State	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
New England Total	w	w	575	754	1,236	1,128	w	w	w
Connecticut	_	_	134	66	173	173	_	_	_
Massachusetts	w	w	163	389	704	583	w	w	w
New Hampshire	w	w	278	298	359	373	w	w	w
Middle Atlantic Total	960	R 4,855	10,232	9,175	9,606	16,638	-80.2	-43.8	-27.2
New Jersey		w	663	566	824	681	w	w	w
New York	w	w	1,128	819	905	1,546	w	w	w
Pennsylvania		w	8,441	7,790	7,878	14,412	w	w	w
East North Central Total		33,073	34,128	28,051	27,618	39,394	-30.6	-4.5	-5.8
Illinois		w	6,572	4.828	4,578	6,977	w	w	w
Indiana		w	8,198	5,822	7,103	9,953	w	w	w
Michigan		w	8,776	7,222	6,530	8,099	w	w	w
Ohio		w	5,902	6,066	5,229	10,213	w	w	w
Wisconsin		w	4,679	4.113	4.178	4,151	w	w	w
West North Central Total		21,199	17,961	13,707	17,107	20,169	-25.8	-2.1	-2.7
Iowa		21,1)) W	3,788	2,447	4,042	4,499	25.6 W	W.	w w
Kansas		w	3,168	2,282	2,968	3,310	w	w	w
Minnesota		w	2,093	1,737	1,461	2,616	w	w	w
Missouri		w	5,032	3,670	5,159	5,458	w	w	w
Nebraska		w	2,096	1,596	1.691	1.976	w	w	w
North Dakota		W	1,580	1,755	1,642	1,999	w	w	w
South Dakota		w	204	219	143	312	w	w	w
South Atlantic Total		22,924	20,938	16,141	18,662	28,746	-38.2	-6. 7	-7. 6
Delaware		22,924 W	47 0	319	322	458	-36.2 W	- 0. 7	-7. 0 W
		w		3,441	3,349				w
Florida			4,565 3,424	2,279	3,727	4,781 5,251	W	w	
Georgia		w		,	1,346	,	W	w	w
Maryland		w w	1,157	1,188 1.912	2,559	2,220 4.657	W	w	w
North Carolina		••	3,622	1,912	1,979	,	W	w	w
South Carolina		w	2,539	,	,	1,988	W	W	w
Virginia		w	1,370	1,152	1,010	1,685	W	W	w
West Virginia		W	3,791	4,042	4,370	7,707	w 42.5	W	w
East South Central Total	,	12,154	10,808	9,329	8,514	14,210	-42.5	-4.8	-7.6
Alabama		W	3,195	2,609	2,526	4,247	w	w	w
Kentucky		w	4,668	4,475	4,119	5,881	w	w	W
Mississippi		w	820	614	602	933	w	w	w
Tennessee		w	2,124	1,630	1,266	3,148	w	w	W
West South Central Total	,	21,626	14,396	11,050	19,525	17,694	-19.2	-2.7	1
Arkansas		w	1,107	934	2,701	2,150	w	w	w
Louisiana		w	2,157	1,248	2,470	2,235	w	w	w
Oklahoma		w	3,349	2,516	4,067	2,835	w	W	W
Texas		w	7,784	6,352	10,287	10,474	w	w	w
Mountain Total		11,797	10,404	9,667	11,304	18,086	-4.1	*	-5.1
Arizona	W	w	1,855	1,386	1,992	4,177	w	W	w
Colorado		W	2,840	2,458	3,027	3,466	w	w	W
Montana		w	335	410	508	741	w	w	w
Nevada	W	W	881	812	1,239	1,412	w	w	W
New Mexico	w	w	789	795	815	1,399	w	w	w
Utah	w	w	2,461	2,309	1,526	4,123	w	w	w
Wyoming	w	w	1,243	1,498	2,197	2,767	w	w	w
Pacific Total	w	w	1,060	952	1,052	1,812	w	w	w
Alaska	w	w	· –	*	1	8	w	w	w
Oregon		w	196	83	203	660	w	w	w
Washington		w	864	868	848	1,145	w	w	w
U.S. Total	90,115	129,042	120,501	98,826	114,623	157,876	-30.2	-5.8	-6.0

^{*} Data round to zero.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

R Revised Data.

Table 71. Coal Consumption at Other Industrial Plants by Census Division and State, 1991, 1996-2000

Census Division and State	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
New England Total	w	w	w	333	268	507	w	w	w
Connecticut		_	_	_	w	w	_	_	_
Maine	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Massachusetts	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
New Hampshire		_	_	_	w	w	_	_	_
Vermont		_	_	107	_	w	_	_	_
Middle Atlantic Total		5,118	5,179	w	w	w	0.3	w	w
New Jersey	,	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
New York		w	1,584	1,484	1,449	1,959	w	w	w
Pennsylvania		3,587	3,584	4,492	4,466	4,049	-2.5	-5.9	-1.6
East North Central Total		14,750	15,745	16,896	17,146	18,670	-3.9	-4.6	-3.0
Illinois	,	3,635	3,846	3,880	3,740	4,426	-3.9	-1.7	-2.6
Indiana		4,145	4,399	5,096	4,987	4,404	3.6	-3.6	3
Michigan	,	1,945	2,129	2,413	2,948	3,149	-5.5	-11.1	-5.8
	,	3,371	3,684	3,751	3,794	4,813	-15.2	-6.8	-5.6
Ohio		1,653	1,687		1,678	1,878	2.4	-6.8 .2	-3.6 -1.1
West North Control Total	,			1,757					
West North Central Total	,	13,780	13,673	13,329	13,853	11,741	.1	1 −1.5	1.8 .9
Iowa		2,999	2,832	3,103	3,085	2,672	-3.2		
Kansas		108	109	137	154	148	23.2	-3.4	-1.2
Minnesota		1,956	2,014	1,490	2,088	785	6.9	*	11.5
Missouri		1,205	1,218	1,401	1,118	1,235	-21.9	-4.2	-3.0
Nebraska		W	W	W	W	W	w	W	W
North Dakota		w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
South Dakota		490	450	436	398	290	23.0	10.9	8.5
South Atlantic Total	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	W	w
Delaware	W	W	w	w	W	w	w	W	W
Florida		1,190	1,279	1,347	1,270	1,133	4.6	5	1.0
Georgia	1,990	1,971	1,978	2,046	1,985	2,101	1.0	.1	6
Maryland	810	799	769	768	785	1,040	1.5	.8	-2.7
North Carolina	1,762	1,753	1,883	2,158	2,336	2,702	.5	-6.8	-4.6
South Carolina	1,912	1,863	1,962	2,012	2,000	2,212	2.6	-1.1	-1.6
Virginia	2,348	2,230	2,368	2,500	2,613	4,301	5.3	-2.6	-6.5
West Virginia	1,564	1,600	1,913	1,690	1,630	2,310	-2.3	-1.0	-4.2
East South Central Total		w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Alabama		2,340	2,442	2,738	2,545	2,468	-4.1	-3.1	-1.0
Kentucky	1,095	1,108	1,392	1,912	2,321	2.044	-1.2	-17.1	-6.7
Mississippi		w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Tennessee		3,303	3,441	3,613	3,670	3,702	1.4	-2.3	-1.1
West South Central Total		5,485	5,448	5,865	5,978	5,716	2.9	-1.4	1
Arkansas	,	325	287	296	348	283	17.7	2.4	3.4
Louisiana		w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Oklahoma		w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Texas		4,403	4,422	4,766	4,808	4.198	2.0	-1.7	.8
Mountain Total	,	w	w	4,795	4,142	4,954	w	w	w
Arizona		685	698	702	675	689	5.1	1.6	.5
Colorado		429	391	728	368	738	5	3.8	-5.9
Idaho		W	W	330	369	604	w	w	w
Montana		w		330 W	309 W		w	w	w
			w			w			
Nevada		W	W	W	W	W	W	w	w
New Mexico		W 745	W 1.204	700	W 512	W 500	W 56.5	w 22.0	w 0.7
Utah	1,166	745	1,304	709	512	508	56.5	22.9	9.7
Wyoming		1,936	1,939	1,959	1,835	1,896	-1.2	1.0	.1
Pacific Total	,	2,250	2,186	3,116	2,827	3,113	-1.0	-5.8	-3.6
Alaska		w	W	W	2 414		w	-15.3	_
California		2,036	1,885	2,697	2,414	2,771	-2.2	-4.7	-3.6
Hawaii		w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Oregon		_	W	w	w	w	_	_	_
Washington	W	W	W	156	152	197	W	W	W
U.S. Total	65,208	64,738	67,439	71,515	71,689	75,405	.7	-2.3	-1.6

^{*} Data round to zero.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Regional totals for 1991 may not sum to the U.S. total due to distribution of coal to unknown State

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; and Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report."

Table 72. Year-End Coal Stocks at Other Industrial Plants by Census Division and State, 1991, 1996-2000

Census Division and State	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
New England Total	w	w	w	62	60	6	w	w	w
Maine	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Massachusetts	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Middle Atlantic Total	441	477	416	w	w	w	-7.5	w	w
New Jersey	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
New York	w	w	252	255	192	296	w	w	w
Pennsylvania	209	230	163	220	231	282	-9.0	-2.5	-3.3
East North Central Total	1,299	1,741	1,730	1,926	1,862	2,583	-25.4	- 8.6	-7.3
Illinois	240	312	290	237	252	422	-23.2	-1.3	-6.1
	181	290	306	379	384	764	-23.2 -37.7	-1.3 -17.1	-14.8
Indiana									
Michigan	543	716	674	825	827	891	-24.2	-10.0	-5.3
Ohio	97	110	171	170	118	190	-11.5	-4.7	-7.2
Wisconsin	238	313	290	314	281	315	-23.9	-4.0	-3.0
West North Central Total	995	1,137	1,069	1,126	1,220	1,163	-12.5	-5.0	-1.7
Iowa	448	522	473	497	570	635	-14.1	-5.8	-3.8
Kansas	23	22	19	16	16	10	1.8	9.3	9.4
Minnesota	296	243	301	257	277	78	21.5	1.6	16.0
Missouri	72	126	127	182	158	210	-42.5	-17.8	-11.1
Nebraska	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
North Dakota	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
South Dakota	25	33	27	24	17	20	-25.6	9.4	2.2
South Atlantic Total	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	yt W	w
	w	w	w	w	w	w			w
Delaware		••		•••		•••	w	w	••
Florida	117	90	84	67	89	99	29.6	6.9	1.8
Georgia	124	127	142	128	121	167	-2.6	.5	-3.3
Maryland	17	23	21	16	30	37	-26.4	-13.8	-8.3
North Carolina	117	96	128	112	112	209	21.3	.9	-6.3
South Carolina	160	159	203	212	198	253	1.1	-5.1	-4.9
Virginia	103	120	120	149	133	206	-13.8	-6.1	-7.4
West Virginia	92	116	125	116	136	131	-20.2	-9.3	-3.8
East South Central Total	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Alabama	134	162	188	174	135	131	-16.9	1	.3
Kentucky	67	83	76	86	83	123	-19.2	-5.1	-6.5
Mississippi	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Tennessee	195	265	223	196	234	219	-26.5	-4.5	-1.3
West South Central Total	301	341	354	294	361	603	-20.3 - 11.7	- 4.4	-7.4
Arkansas	29	29	17	20	18	15	.3	12.6	7.6
Louisiana	W	w	w	w	w	w	w	W	W
Oklahoma	w	w	w	w	W	W	w	W	W
Texas	173	192	223	188	190	437	-10.2	-2.4	-9.8
Mountain Total	w	w	w	228	231	307	\mathbf{w}	w	w
Arizona	44	49	70	28	32	52	-10.8	7.9	-1.9
Colorado	15	19	23	18	27	21	-22.3	-14.2	-3.6
Idaho	w	w	w	105	77	79	w	w	w
Montana	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Nevada	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
New Mexico	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Utah	3	5	5	3	5	39	-35.3	-11.6	-24.0
	52	69	3 77	57	71	68	-33.3 -25.4	-11.6 -7.6	-24.0 -3.0
Wyoming									
Pacific Total	171	242	241	212	222	222	-29.4	-6.4	-2.9
California	131	192	188	118	150	139	-31.8	-3.3	6
Hawaii	w	w	w	w	w	W	W	W	W
Oregon	_	_	W	w	w	w	_	_	_
Washington	w	w	w	14	8	49	W	W	W
U.S. Total	4,587	5,569	5,545	5,597	5,688	7,061	-17.6	-5.2	-4.7

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: Other industrial plants include manufacturing plants only. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants."

Table 73. Coal Carbonized at Coke Plants by Census Division and State, 1991, 1996-2000

Census Division and State	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change		Average Annual Percent Change	
							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000	
Middle Atlantic Total	8,129	7,799	8,401	w	w	w	4.2	w	w	
New York	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	
Pennsylvania	w	w	w	10,334	10,689	8,812	w	w	w	
East North Central Total	13,971	13,404	12,322	11,366	11,414	14,742	4.2	5.2	-0.6	
Illinois	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	
Indiana	w	w	w	5,715	5,823	8,234	w	w	w	
Michigan	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	
Ohio	w	w	w	1,848	1,842	3,698	w	w	w	
South Atlantic Total	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	
Maryland	_	_	_	_	_	w	_	_	_	
Virginia	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	
West Virginia	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	
East South Central Total	3,290	3,584	3,736	w	w	w	-8.2	w	w	
Alabama	w	w	w	2,956	3,247	3,166	w	w	w	
Kentucky	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	
Tennessee	_	_	_	_	_	w	_	_	_	
Mountain Total	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	
Utah	w	W	W	w	W	W	W	W	W	
U.S. Total	28,939	28,108	28,189	30,203	31,706	33,854	2.9	-2.3	-1.7	

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly."

Table 74. Year-End Coal Stocks at Coke Plants by Census Division and State, 1991, 1996-2000

(Thousand Short Tons)

Census Division and State	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
Middle Atlantic Total	395	559	584	w	w	w	-29.3	w	w
New York	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Pennsylvania	w	w	w	648	748	852	w	w	w
East North Central Total	814	954	951	817	1,335	1,203	-14.7	-11.6	-4.3
Illinois	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Indiana	w	w	w	442	469	669	w	w	w
Michigan	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Ohio	w	w	w	87	81	215	w	w	w
South Atlantic Total	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Maryland	_	_	_	_	_	w	_	_	_
West Virginia	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
East South Central Total	197	302	341	w	w	w	-34.8	w	w
Alabama	w	w	w	188	197	293	w	w	w
Kentucky	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
West South Central Total	_	_	_	_	_	21	_	_	_
Texas	_	_	_	_	_	21	_	_	_
Mountain Total	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Utah	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
U.S. Total	1,494	1,943	2,026	1,978	2,667	2,773	-23.1	-13.5	-6.6

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly."

Table 75. Coal Consumption by Residential and Commercial Sector, by Census Division and State, 1991, 1996-2000

Census Division and State	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
New England Total	w	w	w	51	55	84	w	w	w
Connecticut	4	5	6	w	w	w	-23.3	w	w
Maine	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Massachusetts	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
New Hampshire	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Rhode Island	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Vermont	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Middle Atlantic Total	834	875	993	1,504	1,285	1,698	-4.6	-10.2	-7.6
New Jersey	w	w	w	w	w w	w w	w	w	w
New York	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Pennsylvania	w	w	w	1,244	995	1,408	w	w	w
East North Central Total	897	918	1,272	1,370	1,574		-2.3	-13.1	-5.2
Illinois				,		1,433 W			
	w	W	w	w 395	W 256		W	w	w
Indiana	W	w	w		356	433	w	W	w
Michigan	w	w	W	w 220	W	W	w	W	W
Ohio	w	w	W	329	656		w	W	W
Wisconsin	W	W	W	W	W	W	w	W	W
West North Central Total	w	w	W	w	w	w	w	w	w
Iowa	261	389	279	374	222	223	-32.9	4.1	1.8
Kansas	11	7	*	2	78		71.9	-38.1	47.5
Minnesota	5	15	42	105	156	94	-63.7	-57.1	-27.4
Missouri	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Nebraska	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
North Dakota	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
South Dakota	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
South Atlantic Total	521	755	640	598	803	490	-30.9	-10.2	.7
Delaware	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
District of Columbia	7	6	6	40	23	66	8.9	-27.2	-22.7
Florida	9	6	6	-	1	*	44.0	75.2	56.1
Georgia	9	17	11	17	3	8	-48.1	29.4	.9
Maryland	w					w			w W
•		W 150	w 200	w 102	W 206		W 24.5	W 12.0	1.7
North Carolina	113	150	200	192	206		-24.5	-13.8	1.7
South Carolina	_	237	23	1	19	22	_	_	_
Virginia	W	W	W	W	W	W	w	W	W
West Virginia	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
East South Central Total	355	522	266	557	272	376	-32.0	6.9	6
Alabama	W	W	W	73	44	17	W	W	W
Kentucky	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Mississippi	_	W	W	*	-	W	_	_	-
Tennessee	W	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
West South Central Total	13	11	15	291	1	12	18.1	105.5	.8
Arkansas	_	*	*	*	_	*	_	_	_
Louisiana	w	w	w	*	w	*	w	w	57.0
Oklahoma	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Texas	13	8	14	*		11	49.9		1.8
Mountain Total	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Arizona	*	*	*	*	*	*	-53.6	-38.7	-23.8
Colorado	80	102	18	65	13	65	-21.8	-56.5	2.4
		55		30					
Idaho	20		58		28	68	-64.5	-8.7	-13.0
Montana	3	3	4	83	4		-2.6	-10.1	-26.3
Nevada	w	w	W	w	w		W	W	w
New Mexico	W	W	W	W	W	W	w	W	W
Utah	w	w	w	W	w	w	w	w 22.5	w
Wyoming	138	104	159	140	382	138	32.2	-22.5	1
Pacific Total	567	597	659	634	675		-5.0	-4.3	-1.2
Alaska	523	553	530	503	474	504	-5.4	2.5	.4
California	24	28	115	109	177	44	-14.3	-39.5	-6.8
Hawaii	w	w	w	w	w		w	w	w
Oregon	w	w	w	w	w		w	w	w
Washington	20	17	14	22	23	80	22.8	-3.3	-14.1
U.S. Total	4,112	4,879	4,856	6,463	6,006	6,094	-15.7	-9.0	-4.3

^{*} Data round to zero.

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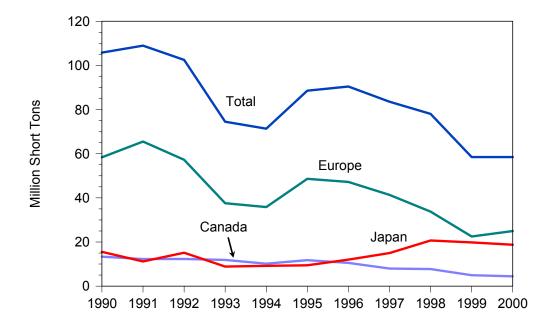
Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report."

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Regional totals for 1991 may not sum to the U.S. total due to distribution of coal to unknown State.

Foreign Markets

Figure 11. U.S. Coal Exports, 1990-2000



Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report EM-545."

Table 76. U.S. Coal Exports by Destination, 1991, 1996-2000

Continent and Country of Destination	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change	_	nual Percent ange
of Destination							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
North America Total	19,612	21,244	22,316	16,947	13,609	11,454	-7.7	9.6	6.1
Canada ¹	18,769	19,826	20,654	14,975	12,029	11,178	-5.3	11.8	5.9
Mexico	819	1,411	1,543	1,899	1,509	92	-41.9	-14.2	27.5
Other ²	24	7	119	73	72	184	228.4	-23.8	-20.1
South America Total	4,823	4,521	7,034	8,214	7,505	7,661	6.7	-10.5	-5.0
Argentina	204	3	324	325	304	429	NM	-9.4	-7.9
Brazil	4,536	4,442	6,475	7,455	6,540	7,052	2.1	-8.7	-4.8
Chile	53	43	51	146	574	135	21.7	-45.0	-9.9
Other ²	30	32	185	288	87	45	-5.3	-23.4	-4.3
Europe Total	24,969	22,508	33,773	41,331	47,193	65,520	10.9	-14.7	-10.2
Belgium & Luxembourg	2,890	2,073	3,195	4,319	4,569	7,464	39.4	-10.8	-10.0
Bulgaria	919	522	989	1,114	1,387	946	75.9	-9.8	3
Denmark	77	_	274	350	1,316	4,658	_	-50.8	-36.6
Finland	317	233	463	662	704	530	36.2	-18.0	-5.5
France	3.044	2,522	3,192	3,398	3,852	9,509	20.7	-5.7	-11.9
Germany, FR	976	573	1,247	870	1,055	1,742	70.3	-1.9	-6.2
Hungary	72	_		*	_	-,	_	_	_
Iceland	53	51	39	54	62	45	4.1	-3.6	1.9
Ireland	502	868	1,150	637	765	1,313	-42.1	-10.0	-10.1
Italy	3.711	4.014	5,317	7.019	9.204	11,274	-7.5	-20.3	-11.6
Netherlands	2,623	3,432	4,516	4,825	7.058	9,625	-23.5	-21.9	-13.4
Norway	130	86	93	96	85	200	50.1	11.1	-4.7
Portugal	596	745	746	1,470	1,803	1.629	-20.0	-24.2	-10.6
Romania	489	322	1.097	2,244	1,512	1,147	52.0	-24.6	-9.0
Spain	2,686	2,472	3,156	4,134	4,093	4,694	8.6	-10.0	-6.0
Sweden	708	638	757	834	1,070	1,239	10.8	-9.8	-6.0
	1,809	795	1,592	2,092	2,167	2,186	127.6	-9.8 -4.4	-0.0 -2.1
Turkey	3,294			,		6,171	4.2	-4.4 -14.6	-2.1 -6.7
United Kingdom Yugoslavia, FR	3,294 73	3,162	5,947	7,185	6,196	979	4.2	-14.0	-6.7 -25.1
Other ²	*	1	3	29	296	169	-82.3	-84.1	-23.1 -53.0
Asia Total	6,702	9,157	12,311	14,498	17,980	21,788	-26.8	-21.9	-12.3
China (Taiwan)	386	1,215	1,519	2,241	2,441	4,547	-68.3	-36.9	-24.0
Israel	62	603	527	593	1,202	651	-89.8	-52.4	-24.0 -23.0
	4,446		7,734	7,974	10,529	12,269	-89.8 -10.2	-32.4 -19.4	-23.0 -10.7
Japan	, -	4,953		. ,	,	,			
Korea, Republic of Other ²	1,768 40	2,365 21	2,453 78	3,489 201	3,773 36	3,711 611	-25.2 91.7	-17.3 3.0	-7.9 -26.1
Oceania & Australia Total	*	*	5	1	1	*	216.2	-27.4	7.4
Other ²	*	*	5	1	1	*	216.2	-27.4 -27.4	7.4
Africa Total	2,383	1,046	2,609	2,554	4,184	2,545	127.9	-13.1	7
Algeria	296	317	343	264	177	522	-6.6	13.8	-6.1
Egypt	753	260	891	1,130	1,038	769	189.8	-7.7	2
Morocco	909		68	142	1,650	1,013	_	-13.8	-1.2
South Africa, Rep of	424	469	1,299	987	1,320	239	-9.5	-24.7	6.6
Other ²	1	*	8	31	-	2	NM	-	-13.2
Total	58,489	58,476	78,048	83,545	90,473	108,969	*	-10.3	-6.7

¹ Based on the U.S. - Canada Free Trade Agreement, as of January 1990, the U.S. Department of Commerce began reporting statistics on U.S. exports to Canada based on information on imports provided monthly by the Canadian government.

2 Includes countries with exports less than or equal to 50,000 short tons in 2000.

^{*} Data round to zero.

NM Not meaningful as value is greater than 500 percent.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report EM 545."

Table 77. U.S. Metallurgical Coal Exports by Destination, 1991, 1996-2000 (Thousand Short Tons)

Continent and Country of Destination	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
of Destination							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
North America Total	4,251	4,277	4,947	5,355	6,500	4,060	-0.6	-10.1	0.5
Canada ¹	3,859	4,277	4,927	4,891	6,030	4,019	-9.8	-10.5	4
Mexico	391	1	20	463	470	41	NM	-4.5	28.6
Other ²	*	*	-	-	-	*	-43.9	-	-6.9
South America Total	4,714	4,424	6,822	7,641	6,814	7,416	6.5	-8.8	-4.9
Argentina	203	_	303	277	291	428	_	-8.6	-8.0
Brazil	4.512	4.418	6,458	7,364	6,445	6,958	2.1	-8.5	-4.7
Chile	*	-,	-,	_	78	30		-85.4	-52.7
Other ²	*	6	60	-	*	-	-98.3	-16.0	-
Europe Total	20,029	18,313	26,002	28,802	28,253	38,544	9.4	-8.2	-7.0
Belgium & Luxembourg	2,583	2,020	2,925	3,372	3,445	5,531	27.9	-6.9	-8.1
Bulgaria	919	522	989	1,114	1,214	946	75.9	-6.7	-3.1 3
Denmark	919	322	989	1,114	1,214	568	73.9	-0.7	3
		233	463	501	540	389	36.2	-12.4	-2.2
Finland	317			501					
France	2,421	2,491	3,103	3,056	3,084	5,851	-2.8	-5.9	-9.3
Germany, FR	461	136	380	650	538	561	238.5	-3.8	-2.1
Hungary	72	_	_	*	_	_	_	_	_
Iceland	53	51	39	54	54	40	4.1	4	3.3
Ireland	_	_	_	121	_	-	_	_	_
Italy	3,635	3,998	4,554	4,581	5,293	6,489	-9.1	-9.0	-6.2
Netherlands	1,912	2,569	4,115	4,114	4,142	4,598	-25.6	-17.6	-9.3
Norway	47	86	86	90	61	101	-45.9	-6.5	-8.2
Portugal	218	369	278	214	174	74	-40.8	5.8	12.7
Romania	489	322	1,097	2,148	1,512	1.003	52.0	-24.6	-7.7
Spain	2,197	1.676	2,398	2,251	2,103	3,402	31.1	1.1	-4.7
Sweden	708	638	757	834	987	1,231	10.8	-8.0	-6.0
Turkey	1,747	794	1,589	2,087	2,027	2,066	120.1	-3.6	-1.8
United Kingdom	2,250	2,407	3,228	3,615	3,081	4,657	-6.5	-7.5	-7.8
E	2,230	2,407	3,228	3,013	3,081	,	-0.3		-7.8
Yugoslavia, FR Other ²	_	_	_	_	_	869 168	_	_	_
	2.260	4000	< ■00	- 0-0	0.014	12.004	40.0	40.4	4= 4
Asia Total	2,360	4,068	6,788	7,978	8,814	12,894	-42.0	-28.1	-17.2
China (Taiwan)	128	126	345	555	376	459	1.3	-23.6	-13.2
Israel	61	_	73	137	265	109	_	-30.7	-6.2
Japan	939	2,217	4,329	4,791	5,552	9,395	-57.6	-35.9	-22.6
Korea, Republic of	1,208	1,713	2,029	2,472	2,597	2,931	-29.5	-17.4	-9.4
Other ²	24	12	12	23	24	-	100.6	.8	-
Oceania & Australia Total	_	_	3	_	_	_	_	_	-
Other ²	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Africa Total	1,473	1,046	2,532	2,379	2,570	1,731	40.8	-13.0	-1.8
Algeria	296	317	343	264	177	522	-6.6	13.8	-6.1
Egypt	752	260	890	1,128	1,037	768	189.5	-7.7	2
Morocco	_	_	_	_	37	202	_	_	_
South Africa, Rep of	424	469	1,299	987	1,320	239	-9.5	-24.7	6.6
Other ²	*	-	-,	-	-	-	_	-	-
Total	32,826	32,128	47,093	52,154	52,950	64,645	2.2	-11.3	-7.3

¹ Based on the U.S. - Canada Free Trade Agreement, as of January 1990, the U.S. Department of Commerce began reporting statistics on U.S. exports

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report EM 545."

to Canada based on information on imports provided monthly by the Canadian government.

2 Includes countries with exports less than or equal to 50,000 short tons in 2000.

^{*} Data round to zero.

NM Not meaningful as value is greater than 500 percent.

Table 78. U.S. Steam Coal Exports by Destination, 1991, 1996-2000

Continent and Country of Destination	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change 1999-2000	Average Annual Percent Change	
								1996-2000	1991-2000
North America Total	15,362	16,967	17,368	11,592	7,110	7,394	-9.4	21.2	8.5
Canada ¹	14,910	15,549	15,727	10,084	5,999	7,159	-4.1	25.5	8.5
Mexico	428	1,410	1,522	1,435	1,039	52	-69.7	-19.9	26.5
Other ²	24	7	119	73	72	184	229.9	-23.8	-20.1
South America Total	108	96	213	573	691	245	12.3	-37.1	-8.7
Argentina	2	3	21	48	13	1	-52.6	-41.3	5.1
Brazil	24	24	17	90	95	94	.5	-28.9	-13.9
Chile	53	43	51	146	496	105	21.6	-42.9	-7.4
Other ²	30	26	124	288	87	45	16.2	-23.4	-4.4
Europe Total	4,941	4,195	7,771	12,530	18,940	26,975	17.8	-28.5	-17.2
Belgium & Luxembourg	307	53	270	947	1,125	1,933	480.3	-27.7	-18.5
Bulgaria	_	_		_	173	-	_		_
Denmark	77	_	274	350	1,316	4,090	_	-50.8	-35.7
Finland	_	_		160	164	142	_	_	_
France	622	30	89	342	769	3,658	NM	-5.1	-17.9
Germany, FR	515	437	867	221	517	1.181	17.9	1	-8.8
Iceland	*		- 007		8	5	-	-76.8	-45.6
Ireland	502	868	1.150	516	765	1.313	-42.1	-10.0	-10.1
Italy	76	15	764	2,438	3,911	4,785	401.0	-62.6	-36.8
Netherlands	711	862	401	711	2,917	5,027	-17.5	-02.0 -29.7	-30.8 -19.5
	83	802	7	711	2,917	3,027	-17.5	-29.7 36.5	-19.3 -1.9
Norway		377					.3		
Portugal	378		468	1,256	1,628	1,555	.5	-30.6	-14.5 -
Romania	400	706	750	96		144		20.6	
Spain	489	796	758	1,883	1,990	1,292	-38.5	-29.6	-10.2
Sweden	-	_	_	_	83	8	-	10.2	- 7.0
Turkey	62	1	3	5	140	120	NM	-18.3	-7.0
United Kingdom	1,044	755	2,719	3,570	3,115	1,514	38.3	-23.9	-4.0
Yugoslavia, FR Other ²	73	- 1	3	29	296	110 1	-82.3	-84.1	-4.5 -16.1
Outer									
Asia Total	4,342	5,089	5,523	6,520	9,166	8,894	-14.7	-17.0	-7.6
China (Taiwan)	258	1,089	1,174	1,686	2,066	4,088	-76.3	-40.5	-26.4
Israel	*	603	454	456	936	542	-99.9	-85.9	-55.5
Japan	3,507	2,736	3,406	3,183	4,976	2,874	28.2	-8.4	2.2
Korea, Republic of	560	652	424	1,017	1,175	779	-14.0	-16.9	-3.6
Other ²	16	9	66	178	12	611	79.6	6.8	-33.3
Oceania & Australia Total	*	*	2	1	1	*	216.2	-27.4	7.4
Other ²	*	*	2	1	1	*	216.2	-27.4	7.4
Africa Total	910	*	77	175	1,615	814	NM	-13.3	1.2
Egypt	1	_	1	2	1	1	_	.9	-1.4
Morocco	909	-	68	142	1,614	811	_	-13.4	1.3
Other ²	*	*	8	31	, –	2	75.0	-	-26.0
Total	25,662	26,347	30,954	31,390	37,522	44,323	-2.6	-9.1	-5.9

¹ Based on the U.S. - Canada Free Trade Agreement, as of January 1990, the U.S. Department of Commerce began reporting statistics on U.S. exports

* Data round to zero.

NM Not meaningful as value is greater than 500 percent.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report EM 545."

to Canada based on information on imports provided monthly by the Canadian government.

2 Includes countries with exports less than or equal to 50,000 short tons in 2000.

Coal Exports by Customs District, 1991, 1996-2000 Table 79.

Customs District	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change 1999-2000	Average Annual Percent Change	
								1996-2000	1991-2000
Eastern Total	37,515	32,444	48,667	52,806	58,161	69,185	15.6	-10.4	-6.6
Boston, MA	25	_	_	22	_	_	_	_	_
Baltimore, MD	6,099	4,834	6,576	6,297	11,221	9,790	26.2	-14.1	-5.1
Portland, ME	95	396	400	1	*	_	-76.0	481.4	_
Buffalo, NY	8,963	3,118	5,144	3,594	2,263	773	187.5	41.1	31.3
New York City, NY	2	1	9	3	6	5	12.2	-29.1	-11.8
Ogdensburg, NY	271	117	85	92	116	110	130.6	23.6	10.5
Philadelphia, PA	64	167	202	265	406	639	-62.0	-37.1	-22.6
Norfolk, VA	21,997	23,810	36,252	42,533	44,148	57,868	-7.6	-16.0	-10.2
St. Albans, VT	*	*	-	1	1	*	21.7	-13.3	8
Southern Total	8,242	7,091	11,261	15,327	16,077	25,667	16.2	-15.4	-11.9
Mobile, AL	6,050	2,683	4,537	5,379	5,897	8,743	125.5	.6	-4.0
Savannah, GA	*	1	2	37	· _	*	-91.8	_	-5.5
Miami, FL		1	2	1	2	2	102.3	1.8	1
Tampa, FL	*	_	*	*	_	11	_	_	-49.5
New Orleans, LA	1,277	2,923	4,848	7,639	8,669	15,494	-56.3	-38.0	-24.2
Wilmington, NC		*	*	*	*	_	2.1	93.3	_
San Juan, PR		28	40	83	*	*	_	_	_
Charleston, SC		3	*	164	154	1.161	-59.9	-69.1	-52.6
El Paso, TX		_	_	*	_	*	_	_	72.8
Houston-Galveston, TX		74	299	560	297	206	52.3	-21.6	-6.5
Laredo, TX		1,377	1,533	1,463	1,057	49	-42.7	-7.1	36.1
Western Total	4,216	3,698	3,793	4,771	6,832	4,430	14.0	-11.4	5
Anchorage, AK	560	618	343	740	784	777	-9.4	-8.1	-3.6
Nogales, AZ		*	*	_	*	_	_	_	_
Los Angeles, CA		3,049	3,440	3,785	5,899	2,840	19.6	-11.3	2.8
San Diego, CA		12	3	*		2	-92.4	_	-8.9
San Francisco, CA		*	3	104	1	33	NM	72.5	-17.8
Great Falls, MT		3	3	1	*	_	-42.8	35.5	_
Portland, OR	–	15	_	41	_	576	_	_	_
Seattle, WA	2	1	1	100	147	202	41.5	-66.2	-40.4
Northern Total	8,479	15,220	14,291	10,616	9,358	9,635	-44.3	-2.4	-1.4
Chicago, IL		5		21	_	*	NM	_	109.2
Detroit, MI		1,974	2,485	2,283	3,804	520	-39.0	-25.0	9.8
Duluth, MN	518	3,319	1,093	128	247	130	-84.4	20.3	16.6
Pembina, ND	58	59	63	1	1	*	-2.9	200.6	60.6
Cleveland, OH		9,863	10,651	8,183	5,306	8,985	-32.9	5.7	-3.3
Milwaukee, WI		_	*		. –	-	-	-	-
Other Ports	38	23	35	25	45	51	63.4	-4.2	-3.3
Total	58,489	58,476	78,048	83,545	90,473	108,969	*	-10.3	-6.7

* Data round to zero.

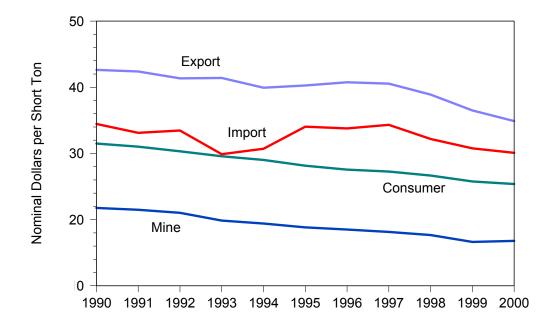
NM Not meaningful as value is greater than 500 percent.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report EM 545."

Coal Prices

Figure 12. Coal Prices, 1990-2000



Notes: Average mine prices exclude mines producing less than 10,000 short tons of coal during the year. Mine Price is calculated by dividing the total free on board (f.o.b.) mine value of the coal produced by the total production. Consumer Price is based on the cost including insurance and freight (C.I.F. cost) for electric utilities, and insurance, freight and taxes for manufacturing and coke plants, and does not include the residential and commercial sector. Export Price is based on the free alongside ship (f.a.s.) value. Import Price is based on the customers import value.

Sources: • Mine Price: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; State Mining Agency Coal Production Reports; and/or U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report." • Consumer Prices: Federal Regulatory Commission (FERC), FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report on Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; EIA, Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report – Quarterly" and Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report – Manufacturing Plants." • Export Prices: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report EM 545." • Import Prices: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report IM 145."

Mine Prices

Table 80. Average Price of Coal by State, 1991, 1996-2000

(Nominal Dollars per Short Ton)

Coal-Producing State and Region	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change 1999-2000	Average Annual Percent Change	
								1996-2000	1991-2000
Alabama	\$33.37	\$35.29	\$37.23	\$38.48	\$39.48	\$41.14	-5.4	-4.1	-2.3
Alaska	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Arizona	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Arkansas	_	w	w	w	_	w	w	_	w
California	_	_	_	_	_	w	_	_	_
Colorado	\$17.27	\$17.23	\$17.30	\$18.46	\$17.94	\$22.18	.2	9	-2.7
llinois	22.78	22.90	22.86	21.44	22.74	28.35	5	*	-2.4
ndiana	19.79	19.99	19.68	19.62	20.24	23.58	-1.0	5	-1.9
owa	_	_	_	_	_	w	_	_	_
Cansas	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Kentucky Total	\$23.80	\$23.50	\$23.82	\$23.72	\$23.91	\$25.45	1.3	1	7
Eastern	24.58	24.14	24.59	24.65	24.98	26.37	1.8	4	8
Western	20.69	21.15	21.01	20.49	20.38	22.88	-2.2	.4	-1.1
_ouisiana	20.07 W	21.13 W	21.01 W	20.49 W	20.30 W	22.00 W	W.	w	w
Maryland	\$23.01	\$23.27	\$24.35	\$23.26	\$24.40	\$25.73	-1.1	-1.4	-1.2
Vississippi	φ23.01 W	φ23.27 W	\$24.33	\$23.20	\$24.40	\$23.73 -	-1.1 W	-1.4	-1.2
Aissouri	w	w W	20.78	16.87	23.31	w	w W	w	w
	\$8.87	\$8.82	8.25	9.84	9.96	\$10.76	.6	-2.9	-2.1
Montana									-2.1 -1.2
New Mexico	20.87	20.97	20.68	21.83	24.66	23.25	5	-4.1	-1.2 .7
North Dakota	8.35	8.01	8.01	8.06	8.01	7.84	4.3	1.0	
Ohio	38.30	28.18	27.56	23.66	24.85	27.75	35.9	11.4	3.6
Oklahoma	25.21	26.70	26.02	26.32	26.54	28.52	-5.6	-1.3	-1.4
Pennsylvania Total	23.84	24.14	25.87	25.98	25.78	29.40	-1.2	-1.9	-2.3
Anthracite	40.90	35.13	42.91	35.12	36.78	36.34	16.4	2.7	1.3
Bituminous	22.77	23.43	24.75	25.41	24.98	29.06	-2.8	-2.3	-2.7
Tennessee	27.04	29.24	28.69	27.03	27.79	26.74	-7.5	7	.1
Гехаs	13.00	12.46	12.47	12.15	12.17	12.21	4.3	1.7	.7
Jtah	17.56	17.33	18.47	17.61	21.63	22.59	1.3	-5.1	-2.8
Virginia	25.95	26.30	28.69	28.24	28.45	27.45	-1.3	-2.3	6
Washington	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	W	W
West Virginia Total	\$25.37	\$25.57	\$27.07	\$26.64	\$26.58	\$28.62	8	-1.2	-1.3
Northern	22.64	22.98	25.62	25.86	24.86	30.16	-1.5	-2.3	-3.1
Southern	26.22	26.39	27.57	26.90	27.21	27.93	6	9	7
Wyoming	5.50	5.38	5.41	6.00	6.41	8.09	2.4	-3.7	-4.2
Appalachian Total ¹	25.99	25.58	26.85	26.55	26.78	28.69	1.6	7	-1.1
nterior Total ¹	18.37	18.52	18.45	17.91	18.41	21.86	8	*	-1.9
Western Total ¹	8.73	8.59	8.76	9.52	10.03	11.71	1.7	-3.4	-3.2
East of Miss. River	25.16	24.77	25.78	25.39	25.70	27.97	1.6	5	-1.2
West of Miss. River	9.22	9.07	9.25	9.92	10.40	12.06	1.7	-2.9	-2.9
J.S. Total	16.78	16.63	17.67	18.14	18.50	21.49	.9	-2.4	-2.7

¹ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: For 1997 and prior years, average mine price is calculated by dividing the total free on board (f.o.b.) mine value of the coal produced by the total production. For 1998 and forward, average mine price is calculated by dividing the total free on board (f.o.b.) rail/barge value of the coal sold by the total coal sold. A measure of dispersion of the 2000 average prices at the State level (interquartile range) is given in Appendix D, Table D1. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; State Mining Agency Coal Production Reports; and/or U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

^{*} Data round to zero.

w Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Table 81. Average Real Price of Coal by State, 1991, 1996-2000 (Real Dollars per Short Ton)

Coal-Producing State and Region		1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change 1999-2000	Average Annual Percent Change	
	2000							1996-2000	1991-2000
Alabama	\$31.21	\$33.68	\$36.07	\$37.74	\$39.48	\$45.88	-7.3	-5.7	-4.2
Alaska	W	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Arizona	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	W	w
Arkansas	_	w	w	w	_	w	w	_	w
California	_	_	_	_	_	w	_	_	_
Colorado	\$16.15	\$16.45	\$16.76	\$18.11	\$17.94	\$24.74	-1.8	-2.6	-4.6
Illinois	21.31	21.86	22.15	21.03	22.74	31.62	-2.5	-1.6	-4.3
Indiana	18.51	19.08	19.06	19.24	20.24	26.30	-3.0	-2.2	-3.8
Iowa	_	_	_	_	_	w	_	_	_
Kansas	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Kentucky Total	\$22.26	\$22.43	\$23.07	\$23.26	\$23.91	\$28.39	8	-1.8	-2.7
Eastern	22.99	23.04	23.82	24.18	24.98	29.41	2	-2.0	-2.7
Western	19.35	20.19	20.35	20.10	20.38	25.52	-4.1	-1.3	-3.0
Louisiana		w w	w	w w	w	W W	w	w	w
Maryland	\$21.52	\$22.21	\$23.59	\$22.81	\$24.40	\$28.69	-3.1	-3.1	-3.1
Mississippi		Ψ22.21 W	Ψ23.37	Ψ22.01	Ψ21.10	Ψ20.09	w	_	-
Missouri	w	w	20.13	16.55	23.31	w	w	w	w
Montana	\$8.29	\$8.41	8.00	9.66	9.96	\$12.00	-1.4	-4.5	-4.0
New Mexico	19.52	20.02	20.03	21.41	24.66	25.94	-2.5	-5.7	-3.1
North Dakota	7.81	7.64	7.76	7.91	8.01	8.74	2.2	-5.7 6	-1.2
Ohio	35.82	26.90	26.70	23.21	24.85	30.95	33.2	0 9.6	1.6
Oklahoma		25.48	25.21	25.82	26.54	31.81	-7.5	-2.9	-3.3
	22.30	23.46	25.07	25.48	25.78	32.79	-7.3 -3.2	-2.9 -3.6	-3.3 -4.2
Pennsylvania Total			41.57	34.44			-3.2 14.1	-3.6 1.0	-4.2 6
Anthracite	38.26 21.29	33.53		24.92	36.78	40.53	-4.8	-3.9	6 -4.5
Bituminous		22.36	23.98		24.98	32.41			-4.5 -1.8
Tennessee	25.29	27.91	27.80	26.51	27.79	29.82	-9.4	-2.3	
Texas	12.16	11.89	12.08	11.92	12.17	13.62	2.2		-1.2
Utah	16.42	16.54	17.89	17.27	21.63	25.20	7	-6.6	-4.6
Virginia	24.27	25.11	27.79	27.70	28.45	30.62	-3.3	-3.9	-2.5
Washington		W	W	W	w	W	w	w	w
West Virginia Total	\$23.73	\$24.40	\$26.23	\$26.13	\$26.58	\$31.92	-2.8	-2.8	-3.2
Northern		21.94	24.82	25.37	24.86	33.64	-3.4	-3.9	-5.0
Southern	24.52	25.19	26.71	26.38	27.21	31.15	-2.6	-2.6	-2.6
Wyoming	5.15	5.13	5.24	5.89	6.41	9.03	.3	-5.3	-6.0
Appalachian Total ¹	24.30	24.42	26.01	26.04	26.78	32.00	5	-2.4	-3.0
Interior Total 1	17.18	17.68	17.88	17.57	18.41	24.39	-2.8	-1.7	-3.8
Western Total ¹	8.17	8.20	8.49	9.34	10.03	13.06	3	-5.0	-5.1
East of Miss. River	23.53	23.64	24.98	24.91	25.70	31.20	5	-2.2	-3.1
West of Miss. River	8.63	8.66	8.96	9.73	10.40	13.45	4	-4.6	-4.8
U.S. Total	15.69	15.87	17.12	17.79	18.50	23.97	-1.1	-4.0	-4.6

¹ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: Real prices are in 1996 dollars, calculated using implicit Gross Domestic Product price deflators. See Appendix D, Table D2. For 1997 and prior years, average mine price is calculated by dividing the total free on board (f.o.b.) mine value of the coal produced by the total production. For 1998 and forward, average mine price is calculated by dividing the total free on board (f.o.b.) rail/barge value of the coal sold by the total coal sold. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; State Mining Agency Coal Production Reports; and/or U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

^{*} Data round to zero.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Table 82. Average Price of Coal by State and Mine Type, 2000 (Dollars per Short Ton)

Coal-Producing State and Region	Underg	round	Surface		Total	
	Nominal	Real ¹	Nominal	Real ¹	Nominal	Real ¹
Alabama	\$33.97	\$31.77	\$30.75	\$28.76	\$33.37	\$31.21
Alaska	-	-	W	W	W	w
Arizona	_	-	W	W	W	w
Colorado	W	W	W	W	\$17.27	\$16.15
llinois	\$22.65	\$21.19	\$23.79	\$22.25	22.78	21.31
ndiana	w	W	W	W	19.79	18.51
Kansas	_	_	W	W	W	w
Kentucky Total	\$24.31	\$22.74	\$22.97	\$21.48	\$23.80	\$22.26
Eastern	25.32	23.68	23.59	22.06	24.58	22.99
Western	21.42	20.03	17.91	16.75	20.69	19.35
_ouisiana	_		W	W	W	w
Maryland	w	w	w	w	\$23.01	\$21.52
Mississippi			w	w	W	ψ21.32 W
Missouri			w	w	w	w
Montana	_	_	\$8.87	\$8.29	\$8.87	\$8.29
	_	_	20.87	19.52	20.87	19.52
New Mexico	_	_				
North Dakota	-	- 0.47 62	8.35	7.81	8.35	7.81
Ohio	\$50.92	\$47.63	23.17	21.67	38.30	35.82
Oklahoma	W	W	W	W	25.21	23.57
Pennsylvania Total	\$22.85	\$21.37	\$27.30	\$25.54	23.84	22.30
Anthracite	34.27	32.05	41.32	38.65	40.90	38.26
Bituminous	22.80	21.32	22.63	21.17	22.77	21.29
Tennessee	W	W	W	W	27.04	25.29
Гехаs	-	-	\$13.00	\$12.16	13.00	12.16
Jtah	\$17.56	\$16.42	_	-	17.56	16.42
Virginia	26.10	24.41	25.61	23.95	25.95	24.27
Washington	_	_	W	w	W	w
West Virginia Total	25.79	24.12	\$24.67	\$23.07	\$25.37	\$23.73
Northern	22.55	21.09	23.26	21.75	22.64	21.18
Southern	27.39	25.61	24.81	23.20	26.22	24.52
Wyoming	w	w	w	w	5.50	5.15
Appalachian Total ²	26.65	24.92	24.76	23.15	25.99	24.30
Interior Total ²	22.13	20.70	16.04	15.00	18.37	17.18
Western Total ²	17.02	15.92	7.84	7.34	8.73	8.17
East of Miss. River	25.89	24.22	23.83	22.29	25.16	23.53
West of Miss. River	17.08	15.98	8.46	7.92	9.22	8.63
U.S. Total	24.73	23.13	12.46	11.66	16.78	15.69

¹ Real prices are in 1996 dollars, calculated using implicit Gross Domestic Product price deflators. See Appendix D, Table D2.

Notes: Average mine price is calculated by dividing the total free on board (f.o.b.) rail/barge value of the coal sold by the total coal sold. A measure of dispersion of these average nominal prices at the State level (interquartile range) is given in Appendix D, Table D2. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to

² For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

W Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Table 83. Average Price of Coal by State and Underground Mining Method, 2000 (Nominal Dollars per Short Ton)

Coal-Producing State and Region	Continuous 1	Conventional ²	Longwall ³	Other ⁴	Total
labama	\$34.55	_	\$33.96	_	\$33.97
olorado	20.34	_	14.52	w	w
linois	22.89	_	22.35		\$22.65
ıdiana	W	_	_	_	w
entucky Total	\$24.48	\$21.58	23.63	\$39.72	\$24.31
Eastern	25.39	21.58	26.50	39.72	25.32
Western	20.40	_	22.97	_	21.42
faryland	w	_	W	_	w
hio	\$20.42	_	\$62.70		\$50.92
klahoma	w	_	-		w
ennsylvania Total	\$21.56	35.00	23.03	43.56	\$22.85
Anthracite	32.80	35.00	-	43.56	34.27
Bituminous	21.31	_	23.03	_	22.80
ennessee	W	_	_	_	W
tah	\$14.18	_	17.95	_	\$17.56
irginia	25.48	_	27.50	26.26	26.10
Vest Virginia Total	26.43	24.63	24.94	24.66	25.79
Northern	22.75	_	22.46	_	22.55
Southern	27.19	24.63	28.12	24.66	27.39
/yoming	-	-	W	-	w
ppalachian Total ⁵	25.48	22.66	28.07	25.72	26.65
nterior Total ⁵	21.83	_	22.60	_	22.13
estern Total ⁵	15.44	-	16.55	34.30	17.02
ast of Miss. River	24.78	22.66	27.27	25.72	25.89
est of Miss. River	16.37	-	16.55	34.30	17.08
S. Total	24.61	22.66	24.79	29.85	24.73

¹ Mines that produce greater than 50 percent of coal by continuous mining method.

² Mines that produce greater than 50 percent of coal by conventional mining method, or mines that produce less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

3 Mines that have any production from longwall mining method. A typical longwall mining operation uses 80 percent longwall mining and 20 percent

³ Mines that have any production from longwall mining method. A typical longwall mining operation uses 80 percent longwall mining and 20 percent continuous mining.

⁴ Mines that produce coal using shortwall, scoop loading, hand loading, or other mining methods or a 50/50 percent continuous/conventional split in mining method.

⁵ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: Average mine price is calculated by dividing the total free on board (f.o.b.) rail/barge value of the coal sold by the total coal sold. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

Table 84. Coal Disposition, Number of Mines, and Average Price, by State and County, 2000

Coal-Producing State and County	Number of Mines	Disposition	Average Price
Alabama	38	19,062	33.37
Bibb	1	66	w
Cullman	1	17	W
Fayette	1	2,612	w
Jefferson	7	7,265	\$42.03
Marion	2	88	w
Shelby	1	25	w
Tuscaloosa	7	6,655	\$27.65
Walker	16	2,007	30.03
Winston	2	329	W
\laska	1	1,580	w
Yukon River	1	1,580	W
Arizona	2	12,986	w
Navajo	2	12,986	w
	12	29,867	17.27
Colorado	12		
Delta	1	5,057	w
Fremont	1	227	W
Garfield	1	303	W
Gunnison	2	5,654	W
La Plata	1	200	W
Moffat	2	7,222	W
Montrose	1	364	w
Rio Blanco	1	1,531	W
Routt	2	9,309	W
llinois	18	33,551	22.78
Gallatin	3	4,222	W
Jackson	2	896	w
Jefferson	1	2,805	w
	2	4,543	
Macoupin	1		W
McDonough	1	539	W
Montgomery	1	2,078	W
Perry	1	76	W
Randolph	1	2,401	W
Saline	2	9,212	W
Sangamon	1	1,841	W
Vermilion	1	995	W
Wabash	1	1,525	W
White	1	2,418	W
ndiana	30	28,057	19.79
Clay	1	18	W
Daviess	1	3,666	w
	7		\$18.74
Gibson	2	7,122	
Greene	2	1,611	W
Knox	6	5,561	\$20.29
Owen	1	74	W
Parke	1	135	W
Pike	4	3,506	W
Sullivan	1	1,367	W
Vigo	1	3,903	w
Warrick	2	1,095	W
Kansas	1	201	w
Linn	1	201	w
Kentucky	356	132,570	23.80
Bell	18	3,068	\$25.76
	4		23.87
Breathitt Butler	1	1,042	
	•	17	W
Christian	1	194	W
Daviess	1	674	W #22.07
Floyd	22	2,815	\$23.97
Harlan	39	10,227	25.61
Henderson	1	1,147	W
Hopkins	7	6,432	\$18.87
Johnson	4	491	23.54
Knott	42	12,703	21.97
Knox	9	352	35.61
Laurel	1	29	33.01 W
	2	112	
Lawrence	-		W \$25.04
Leslie	10	7,367	\$25.04
Letcher	39	9,700	24.78
Martin	21	11,020	24.30
11241	1	36	

Table 84. Coal Disposition, Number of Mines, and Average Price, by State and County, 2000 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State and County	Number of Mines	Disposition	Average Price
Kentucky (Continued)			
Muhlenberg	6	3,336	\$16.94
Ohio	3	292	w
Owsley	1	22	W
Perry	22	12,485	\$23.40
Pike	93	34,278	25.48
	2	5,870	
Union	3		w
Webster		8,696	W
Whitley	3	166	W
Louisiana	2	3,696	W
De Soto	1	2,926	W
Red River	1	770	W
Maryland	12	4,541	23.01
Allegany	7	1,206	\$23.56
Garrett	5	3,335	22.81
Mississippi	ĭ	11	W
	1		
Choctaw	1	11	W
Missouri	2	438	W
Bates	2	438	W
Montana	6	38,425	8.87
Big Horn	3	26,196	W
Richland	1	380	w
Rosebud	2	11,848	W
New Mexico	6	27,123	20.87
Colfax	1	1,191	w
	2	10,567	w
McKinley San Juan	3	15,365	
		· ·	w 0.25
North Dakota	4	31,092	8.35
McLean	1	7,732	W
Mercer	2	18,946	W
Oliver	1	4,415	W
Ohio	49	22,610	38.30
Athens	2	629	W
Belmont	6	5,475	\$19.55
Carroll	2	47	w
	2	489	
Columbiana			W
Coshocton	2	57	W
Gallia	1	203	W
Guernsey	1	18	W
Harrison	7	3,364	\$21.28
Holmes	1	165	W
Jackson	2	1,425	W
Jefferson	6	675	\$22.06
Meigs	2	4,306	W
0	1	1,081	
Morgan	1		W
Muskingum	1	679	W
Noble	1	369	w
Perry	3	965	W
Stark	3	681	W
Tuscarawas	4	783	\$18.80
Vinton	2	1,199	w
Oklahoma	7	1,585	25.21
Craig	1	166	W
Haskell	1	522	w
Latimer	•		
	1 2	16 712	W \$27.14
Le Flore	3	713	\$27.14
Rogers	1	168	W
Pennsylvania	205	74,397	23.84
Allegheny	1	15	w
Armstrong	19	3,869	\$22.30
Beaver	1	292	W
Butler	3	338	w
	10	1,057	\$23.90
Clarian			
Clarion	5	586	24.21
Clearfield	24	3,353	24.39
Columbia	3	303	w
Dauphin	1	18	W
Elk	4	476	\$19.90
Fayette	5	166	23.62
Greene	11	42,977	22.60
Indiana	17	2,400	22.48

Table 84. Coal Disposition, Number of Mines, and Average Price, by State and County, 2000 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State and County	Number of Mines	Disposition	Average Price
Pennsylvania (Continued)			
Jefferson	14	1,111	\$23.71
Lackawanna	1	102	W
Lawrence	2	87	W
Luzerne	8	1,252	\$19.16
Lycoming	1	263	W
Northumberland	4	915	\$72.79
Schuylkill	35	1,785	43.46
Somerset	22	4,350	19.99
Sullivan	2	37	W
Venango	1	85	W
Washington	7	7,960	\$24.96
Westmoreland	4	600	21.25
Cennessee	17	2,652	27.04
Anderson	1/	2,032 41	
	1		W #20.81
Campbell	6	904	\$29.81
Claiborne	5	1,345	24.30
Cumberland	1	269	W
Fentress	1	12	W
Morgan	2	21	W
Scott	1	59	w
exas	14	48,747	13.00
Atascosa	1	3,426	W
Freestone	ī	4,265	W
Harrison	2	3,713	w
Hopkins	1	2,306	w
Leon	1	8,166	
	1		w
Milam	1	5,425	W
Panola	2	6,214	W
Robertson	1	1,801	W
Rusk	1	6,886	W
Titus	2	6,310	W
Webb	1	236	W
Jtah	12	27,773	17.56
Carbon	6	7,997	\$19.60
Emery	3	12,709	W
Sevier	3	7,067	W
/irginia	139	33,311	25.95
			\$26.24
Buchanan	46	11,395	
Dickenson	27	4,456	29.24
Lee	4	918	23.20
Russell	2	153	W
Tazewell	6	1,572	\$28.26
Wise	54	14,817	24.72
Vashington	1	4,270	W
Lewis	1	4,270	w
Vest Virginia	270	160,206	25.37
Barbour	5	633	\$22.81
Boone	31	32,060	25.32
	31 1	1,892	
Brooke	1 #		W \$26.42
Clay	5	5,574	\$26.43
Fayette	7	3,761	28.98
Grant	4	565	27.62
Greenbrier	5	584	28.28
Harrison	12	7,680	24.77
Kanawha	14	14,847	24.68
Lincoln	2	734	w
Logan	$\frac{2}{2}$	7,619	\$23.08
Marion	1	24	\$23.00 W
Marshall	2	10,868	w W
			\$29.04
McDowell	46	5,748	
Mineral	1 20	46	w ••••••••
Mingo	30	21,101	\$26.36
Monongalia	8	6,702	21.71
Nicholas	8	5,059	24.25
Preston	5	1,199	26.54
Raleigh	17	10,019	29.46
Tucker	2	210	W
Upshur	10	2,878	\$21.31
Wayne	7	6,034	27.09
Webster	6	5,499	22.95
Wyoming	19	8,874	28.27

Table 84. Coal Disposition, Number of Mines, and Average Price, by State and County, 2000 (Continued)

Coal-Producing State and County	Number of Mines	Disposition	Average Price
Vyoming	21	338,941	5.50
Campbell	12	299,600	\$4.99
Carbon	3	1,985	w
Converse	2	23,600	w
Lincoln	1	3,726	w
Sheridan	1	44	W
Sweetwater	2	9,986	W
J.S. Total	1,226	1,077,693	16.78

 $^{^{\}mathbf{w}}$ Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Notes: Average mine price is calculated by dividing the total free on board (f.o.b.) rail/barge value of the coal sold by the total coal sold. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data. Coal production excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Table 85. Average Price by State and Coal Rank, 2000

Coal-Producing State and Region	Bituminous	Subbituminous	Lignite	Anthracite	Total
	***				***
Alabama	\$33.37	_	-	_	\$33.37
Alaska	-	w	-	_	W
Arizona	W		-	_	W
Colorado	\$16.59	\$19.40	-	_	\$17.27
llinois	22.78	_	-	_	22.78
ndiana	19.79	_	_	_	19.79
Cansas	W	_	-	_	W
Kentucky Total	\$23.80	_	-	_	\$23.80
Eastern	24.58	_	-	-	24.58
Western	20.69	_	-	-	20.69
ouisiana	_	_	w	_	W
Maryland	23.01	_	-	_	\$23.01
Aississippi	-	_	W	_	W
Aissouri	W	_	-	_	W
Montana	-	w	W	_	\$8.87
lew Mexico	W	w	-	_	20.87
Vorth Dakota	-	_	\$8.35	_	8.35
Ohio	\$38.30	_	_	_	38.30
klahoma	25.21	_	_	_	25.21
ennsylvania Total	22.77	_	_	\$40.90	23.84
Anthracite	_	_	_	40.90	40.90
Bituminous	22.77	_	-	_	22.77
'ennessee	27.04	_	_	_	27.04
exas	W	_	W	_	13.00
Jtah	\$17.56	_	_	_	17.56
/irginia	25.95	_	_	_	25.95
Vashington	-	w	-	_	w
Vest Virginia Total	25.37	_	_	_	\$25.37
Northern	22.64	_	_	_	22.64
Southern	26.22	_	_	-	26.22
Vyoming	w	w	-	-	5.50
ppalachian Total 1	25.83	_	_	40.90	25.99
nterior Total ¹	21.33	_	13.24	w	18.37
Vestern Total ¹	18.31	7.12	8.38	-	8.73
ast of Miss. River	25.02	_	14.35	40.90	25.16
Vest of Miss. River	18.55	7.12	11.41	W	9.22
.S. Total	24.15	7.12	11.41	40.90	16.78

 $^{1\ \ \,}$ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: Average mine price is calculated by dividing the total free on board (f.o.b.) rail/barge vaule of the coal sold by the total coal sold. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

Table 86. Average Price of U.S. Coal by Mine Production Range and Mine Type, 2000 (Nominal Dollars per Short Ton)

Mine Production Range (thousand short tons)	Underground	Surface	Total	
Over 1,000	\$24.75	\$10.60	\$14.84	
00 to 1,000	24.88	23.40	24.22	
000 to 500	24.55	24.43	24.50	
00 to 200	24.30	25.17	24.67	
0 to 100	25.22	24.01	24.67	
0 to 50	25.20	23.53	24.22	
J.S. Total	24.73	12.46	16.78	

Notes: Average mine price is calculated by dividing the total free on board (f.o.b.) rail/barge value of the coal sold by the total coal sold. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report" and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table 87. Average Price of U.S. Coal by Coalbed Thickness and Mine Type, 2000 (Nominal Dollars per Short Ton)

Coalbed Thickness (inches)	Underground	Surface	Total	
< 7		\$32.79	\$32.79	
7-12	_	22.08	22.08	
13-18	_	21.42	21.42	
19-24	\$23.69	19.31	19.42	
25-30	23.99	21.58	21.89	
31-36	26.06	22.87	24.47	
37-42	26.16	23.01	24.68	
43-48	25.02	23.81	24.57	
49-54	35.98	22.64	31.15	
55-60	25.34	10.91	16.84	
61-66	22.90	22.18	22.71	
67-72	23.34	20.45	22.62	
73-78	26.32	23.26	26.06	
79-84	22.39	20.46	21.37	
85-90	23.89	17.56	21.05	
91-96	22.09	15.52	18.79	
97-102	17.97	23.24	20.16	
103-108	16.93	14.59	16.42	
109-114	20.55	23.62	23.14	
115-120	18.69	20.72	19.89	
> 120	18.15	7.64	8.03	
U.S. Total	24.73	12.46	16.78	

Notes: Average mine price is calculated by dividing the total free on board (f.o.b.) rail/barge value of the coal sold by the total coal sold. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

Table 88. Average Price of Coal by State and Productivity Range, 2000

Coal-Producing State and Region	Productivity Range (short tons per miner per hour)						
	> = 16	8 to 16	4 to 8	2 to 4	0 to 2	Total	
Alabama	_		\$30.44	\$33.70	\$33.68	\$33.37	
Alaska	_	_	\$30.44 W	\$33.70	\$33.06	\$33.37 W	
Arizona	_		W			w	
Colorado	_	w	\$19.19	w	_	\$17.27	
llinois	_	w	22.17	\$24.27	w	22.78	
ndiana	\$17.76	w	20.01	21.96	W	19.79	
Vansas	\$17.70	w	20.01	21.90	w	19.79 W	
	_	\$22.81	23.56	24.71	_	\$23.80	
Kentucky Total Eastern	W		24.56	25.03	w w	\$23.80 24.58	
Western	w	w w	20.77	21.49	w _	20.69	
_ouisiana	_	w W	20.77	Z1. 4 7	_	20.09 W	
Maryland	_	w _	23.18	22.43	\$24.99	\$23.01	
3	_	_	23.16	22.43			
Mississippi	_		_		w	w	
Missouri		W	_	W	_	w	
Montana	W	W		_	_	\$8.87	
New Mexico	_	W	W	_	_	20.87	
North Dakota	W	W	- #20.20	- 076 00	- 000.76	8.35	
Ohio	_	\$18.93	\$20.38	\$76.22	\$22.76	38.30	
Oklahoma	- 054.57	21.02	W #22.22	28.63	W #20.10	25.21	
Pennsylvania Total	\$54.57	21.93	\$22.32	25.26	\$39.10	23.84	
Anthracite	55.21	7.54	26.99	30.29	51.74	40.90	
Bituminous	10.25	22.34	22.23	25.03	26.81	22.77	
Tennessee	-	-	26.77	27.37	25.90	27.04	
Texas	11.01	13.32	W	w	_	13.00	
Jtah	16.23	17.70	\$18.18	\$17.77	-	17.56	
Virginia	_	W	W	26.50	26.49	25.95	
Washington	-	-	-	W	-	w	
West Virginia Total	W	W	\$24.99	\$26.62	24.70	\$25.37	
Northern	_	W	21.56	27.28	W	22.64	
Southern	W	\$25.84	26.42	26.32	W	26.22	
Wyoming	\$4.96	16.53	10.40	_	\$15.20	5.50	
Appalachian Total 1	41.17	24.43	24.14	30.61	30.45	25.99	
nterior Total 1	11.03	14.61	19.82	23.76	21.21	18.37	
Vestern Total ¹	5.69	16.62	20.80	23.99	15.20	8.73	
East of Miss. River	41.01	24.00	23.42	29.72	30.25	25.16	
West of Miss. River	5.78	15.71	19.22	24.55	16.91	9.22	
J.S. Total	6.02	19.64	22.72	29.36	30.15	16.78	

 $[\]begin{tabular}{ll} 1 \\ \hline \end{tabular}$ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: Average mine price is calculated by dividing the total free on board (f.o.b.) rail/barge value of the coal sold by the total coal sold. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

Table 89. Average Price of Underground Coal by State and Productivity Range, 2000 (Nominal Dollars per Short Ton)

Coal-Producing	Productivity Range (short tons per miner per hour)						
State and Region	> = 16	8 to 16	4 to 8	2 to 4	0 to 2	Total	
Jabama	_	_	_	\$33.96	\$34.55	\$33.97	
olorado	_	\$14.55	\$18.55	ψ33.70 W	ψ3 1 .33	ψ33.77 W	
linois	_	\$14.55	21.98	\$24.53	_	\$22.65	
ndiana	_	_	21.96 W	\$24.33 W	21.66	\$22.03 W	
Lentucky Total	_	22.37	\$23.95	\$24.91	27.81	\$24.31	
•	w	22.37	\$25.93 25.37	25.25	27.81	25.32	
Eastern	W	22.37	25.37		27.81		
Western	_	_		W #10.00	_	21.42	
laryland	_	_	W	\$18.98	_	W	
Ohio	_	_	\$19.70	99.60	_	\$50.92	
Oklahoma	_		.	W		W	
ennsylvania Total	-	22.45	22.30	\$25.96	30.76	\$22.85	
Anthracite	_	_	_	_	34.27	34.27	
Bituminous	-	W	W	25.96	29.65	22.80	
'ennessee	-	-	W	26.34	25.76	W	
Jtah	\$16.23	W	\$18.18	W	_	\$17.56	
/irginia	_	\$27.48	24.31	\$26.53	26.64	26.10	
Vest Virginia Total	W	W	25.20	26.87	25.05	25.79	
Northern	_	W	21.54	27.65	W	22.55	
Southern	w	\$27.11	27.84	26.53	w	27.39	
Vyoming	-	W	-	-	-	w	
ppalachian Total ¹	20.90	24.73	24.28	31.89	27.84	26.65	
nterior Total ¹	_	_	21.66	23.73	21.66	22.13	
Vestern Total ¹	16.23	16.40	18.41	18.47	-	17.02	
ast of Miss. River	20.90	24.73	23.69	30.80	27.65	25.89	
Vest of Miss. River	16.23	16.40	18.41	19.21	-	17.08	
J.S. Total	16.30	21.28	23.38	30.34	27.65	24.73	

 $[\]ensuremath{1}$ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: Average mine price is calculated by dividing the total free on board (f.o.b.) rail/barge value of the coal sold by the total coal sold. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

Table 90. Average Price of Surface Coal by State and Productivity Range, 2000 (Nominal Dollars per Short Ton)

Coal-Producing State and Region	Productivity Range (short tons per miner per hour)						
	> = 16	8 to 16	4 to 8	2 to 4	0 to 2	Total	
Mahama			¢20.44	¢21.10	\$20.52	¢20.75	
Alabama Alaska	_	_	\$30.44	\$31.18	\$29.53	\$30.75	
Arizona	_	_	w w	_	-	w	
Colorado	_	_	W	_	_	w	
llinois	_	w	\$25.72	w	_	\$23.79	
ndiana	\$17.76	w W	\$23.72 W	\$19.59	_	\$23.79 W	
Vansas	\$17.70	w	W	\$17.37	_	w	
	20.80	\$22.84	\$22.94	23.72	22.07	\$22.97	
Kentucky Total		+	T			23.59	
Western	20.80	23.50 17.05	23.62 18.10	23.98 18.68	22.07	23.39 17.91	
	_		18.10	10.00	-		
Louisiana	_	W	21.44			W	
Maryland	_	_	21.44	24.86	W	W	
Aississippi		_	_	_	W	W	
Missouri	-	w ear	_	W	_	W	
Montana	8.94	\$7.00	2405	_	_	\$8.87	
New Mexico	-	18.85	24.95	_	_	20.87	
North Dakota	8.13	10.71	_	_	_	8.35	
Ohio	-	18.93	21.09	\$29.58	\$22.76	23.17	
Oklahoma			W	W	21.52	W	
Pennsylvania Total	54.57	13.12	\$22.38	\$24.62	45.59	\$27.30	
Anthracite	55.21	7.54	26.99	30.29	56.49	41.32	
Bituminous	10.25	18.55	21.88	24.10	21.39	22.63	
Tennessee	-	_	W	28.92	W	W	
Texas	11.01	13.32	\$13.04	29.58	-	\$13.00	
/irginia	_	27.75	25.09	26.40	\$25.51	25.61	
Washington	_	_	_	W	_	W	
West Virginia Total	32.12	24.77	24.49	\$24.55	21.56	\$24.67	
Northern	_	22.98	23.42	24.81	20.00	23.26	
Southern	32.12	25.05	24.50	24.40	22.67	24.81	
Wyoming	4.96	16.32	W	_	w	W	
Appalachian Total ¹	41.63	24.13	23.88	25.85	35.33	24.76	
nterior Total ¹	11.03	14.61	17.80	23.92	18.67	16.04	
Vestern Total ¹	5.57	16.79	21.64	28.65	15.20	7.84	
East of Miss. River	41.47	23.35	22.93	25.53	35.25	23.83	
Vest of Miss. River	5.67	15.41	19.42	28.65	16.91	8.46	
J.S. Total	5.90	18.63	21.84	26.07	34.84	12.46	

 $^{1\ \ \,}$ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: Average mine price is calculated by dividing the total free on board (f.o.b.) rail/barge value of the coal sold by the total coal sold. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

Table 91. Average Price by State and Disposition, 2000

Coal-Producing State and Region	Open Market ¹	Captive ²	Total
Alabama	w	W	33.37
Alaska	W	=	W
Arizona	W	_	w
Colorado	W	W	17.27
llinois	22.78	_	22.78
ndiana	19.79	_	19.79
Kansas	W	_	W
Kentucky Total		24.42	23.80
Eastern		W	24.58
Western		w	20.69
_ouisiana		- -	w
Varyland		w	23.01
Vississippi		- -	23.01 W
Vissouri		_	w
Montana		w	8.87
New Mexico.		W	20.87
North Dakota		W	8.35 38.30
Ohio		81.87	
Oklahoma		21.70	25.21
Pennsylvania Total		31.78	23.84
Anthracite		46.47	40.90
Bituminous		20.96	22.77
Γennessee		_	27.04
Гехаs		W	13.00
Jtah	W	W	17.56
Virginia	26.18	21.83	25.95
Washington		W	w
West Virginia Total	25.17	29.68	25.37
Northern	21.92	47.03	22.64
Southern	26.21	26.46	26.22
Wyoming	5.29	9.34	5.50
Appalachian Total ³	25.02	46.01	25.99
Interior Total ³		w	18.37
Western Total ³	W	w	8.73
East of Miss. River	24.34	45.98	25.16
West of Miss. River	8.65	13.06	9.22
J.S. Total	16.48	19.93	16.78

¹ Open Market includes all coal sold on the open market to other coal companies or consumers.

Notes: Average mine price is calculated by dividing the total free on board (f.o.b.) rail/barge value of the coal sold by the total coal sold. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

² Captive includes all coal used by the producing company or sold to affiliated or parent companies.

³ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Consumer Prices

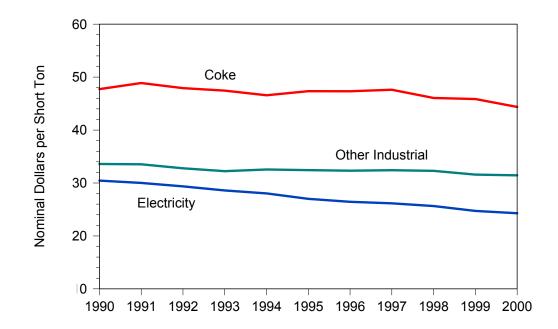


Figure 13. U.S. Coal Prices by Sector, 1990-2000

Sources: • Electric Utilities: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants." • Coke Plants: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report – Quarterly." • Industrial: Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report – Manufacturing Plants."

Table 92. Average Price of Coal Delivered to Electric Utilities by Census Division and State, 1991, 1996-2000

Census Division and State	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change	_	nual Percent ange
				İ			1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
New England Total	\$40.16	\$41.22	\$42.94	\$43.67	\$43.55	\$47.13	-2.6	-2.0	-1.8
Connecticut	–	45.85	47.59	50.02	50.05	57.35	-	_	-
Massachusetts	45.89	45.63	42.30	42.72	42.64	45.33	.5	1.8	.1
New Hampshire	38.94	39.79	42.35	42.62	42.23	46.20	-2.1	-2.0	-1.9
Middle Atlantic Total		33.48	34.33	34.39	35.08	38.99	-6.9	-2.9	-2.4
New Jersey		38.23	41.71	45.94	45.53	47.76	-4.1	-5.3	-2.9
New York		37.77	37.44	37.32	37.15	41.19	3.5	1.3	6
Pennsylvania		32.61	33.28	33.28	34.06	38.05	-10.7	-3.8	-2.9
East North Central Total		26.60	27.51	27.68	28.29	32.63	9	-1.8	-2.3
Illinois		27.47	30.22	30.41	32.14	36.76	-18.8	-8.7	-5.4
Indiana		23.58	23.63	24.35	24.67	28.41	-2.8	-1.8	-2.4
Michigan		27.39	28.19	28.93	29.34	35.20	8	-1.9	-2.4 -2.8
		32.47	32.52	31.41	32.31	35.33			-2.8 3
Ohio							6.1	1.6 -1.2	
Wisconsin		18.66	19.97	20.43	19.55	26.19	1 •		-3.7
West North Central Total		14.58	14.91	15.39	15.53	19.44	.8	-1.4	-3.1
Iowa		14.09	15.12	16.23	16.30	19.62	1	-3.6	-3.6
Kansas		16.47	17.06	17.91	17.51	22.06	3.7	6	-2.8
Minnesota		19.47	19.00	19.47	18.99	22.18	1.9	1.1	-1.2
Missouri		16.56	16.40	16.80	17.31	27.65	-1.2	-1.4	-5.7
Nebraska		9.42	10.07	10.06	12.37	12.73	2.5	-6.0	-3.0
North Dakota	9.45	9.56	10.01	10.21	9.72	9.37	-1.2	7	.1
South Dakota	16.81	16.16	16.19	15.99	16.94	13.65	4.0	2	2.3
South Atlantic Total	34.81	34.84	35.58	36.34	36.68	42.18	1	-1.3	-2.1
Delaware	39.54	41.12	40.52	41.05	41.51	46.51	-3.8	-1.2	-1.8
Florida	38.69	39.08	40.03	41.82	42.40	45.87	-1.0	-2.3	-1.9
Georgia	35.65	36.29	36.31	37.28	36.54	42.95	-1.8	6	-2.0
Maryland	34.44	35.69	37.63	38.75	38.49	41.83	-3.5	-2.7	-2.1
North Carolina		35.80	35.66	35.35	36.87	44.49	8	9	-2.5
South Carolina		36.29	37.05	37.21	37.54	41.37	-2.5	-1.5	-1.7
Virginia		34.11	34.73	34.98	35.73	38.87	*	-1.2	-1.4
West Virginia		29.22	30.06	30.68	30.93	37.93	1.2	-1.1	-2.7
East South Central Total		28.03	29.10	28.70	29.35	33.93	-2.7	-1.8	-2.4
Alabama		32.36	36.28	35.58	36.39	43.82	-4.6	-4.0	-3.8
Kentucky		24.52	24.52	24.20	24.43	27.19	-3.2	7	-1.5
,		34.34	32.51	32.44	33.31	41.92	2.4	1.4	-1.9 -1.9
Mississippi		26.32	26.39	26.67	27.64	30.48	-2.3	-1.8	-1.9 -1.9
West South Central Total		18.86	19.34	19.69	20.13	22.98	-2.3 1.2	-1.3	-1.9 - 2.0
								-1.3 -1.4	-2.0 -1.3
Arkansas		25.19	25.53	28.56	26.15	27.90	-2.0		- 10
Louisiana		22.79	23.15	23.97	24.74	27.09	-8.1	-4.1	-2.8
Oklahoma		15.73	15.74	15.87	16.79	23.17	4.7	5	-3.7
Texas		18.01	18.61	18.69	19.26	21.66	2.9	-1.0	-1.7
Mountain Total		20.69	20.83	21.52	21.82	22.22	2.1	8	5
Arizona		27.21	27.12	28.95	29.55	29.16	-6.9	-3.8	-1.5
Colorado		19.20	19.41	19.93	20.24	21.49	-5.5	-2.7	-1.9
Montana	12.12	12.26	11.36	11.52	11.90	11.44	-1.2	.4	.6
Nevada		29.13	29.07	31.10	30.44	31.28	-2.7	-1.8	-1.1
New Mexico	25.38	24.27	23.72	24.23	26.04	25.02	4.5	6	.1
Utah	23.66	23.96	25.97	25.22	24.66	27.40	-1.2	-1.0	-1.6
Wyoming		13.39	13.83	14.16	14.30	14.55	2.5	-1.0	6
Pacific Total		23.77	23.07	25.19	23.96	23.16	-2.8	9	*
Oregon		19.34	18.92	19.95	18.81	18.28	-4.6	5	.1
Washington		25.65	24.44	26.15	24.91	24.86	9.3	3.0	1.3
U.S. Total	24.28	24.72	25.64	26.16	26.45	30.02	-1.8	-2.1	-2.3

Note: Average prices are based on the cost including insurance and freight.

Source: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table 93. Average Real Price of Coal Delivered to Electric Utilities by Census Division and State, 1991, 1996-2000

(Real Dollars per Short Ton)

Census Division and State	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
New England Total	\$37.56	\$39.34	\$41.60	\$42.84	\$43.55	\$52.57	-4.5	-3.6	-3.7
Connecticut		43.76	46.10	49.07	50.05	63.96	-	_	-
Massachusetts	42.92	43.56	40.98	41.90	42.64	50.56	-1.5	.2	-1.8
New Hampshire	36.42	37.98	41.02	41.80	42.23	51.53	-4.1	-3.6	-3.8
Middle Atlantic Total	29.15	31.96	33.26	33.73	35.08	43.48	-8.8	-4.5	-4.3
New Jersey	34.29	36.49	40.41	45.07	45.53	53.26	-6.0	-6.8	-4.8
New York		36.05	36.27	36.61	37.15	45.94	1.4	4	-2.5
Pennsylvania	27.23	31.12	32.24	32.65	34.06	42.44	-12.5	-5.4	-4.8
East North Central Total		25.39	26.66	27.15	28.29	36.40	-2.9	-3.4	-4.2
Illinois	20.86	26.22	29.27	29.83	32.14	41.00	-20.4	-10.2	-7.2
Indiana	21.43	22.51	22.89	23.88	24.67	31.68	-4.8	-3.5	-4.3
Michigan		26.15	27.31	28.38	29.34	39.26	-2.8	-3.5	-4.7
Ohio	32.22	30.99	31.50	30.81	32.31	39.41	4.0	1	-2.2
Wisconsin		17.81	19.35	20.04	19.55	29.22	-2.1	-2.8	-5.6
West North Central Total		13.91	14.45	15.09	15.53	21.68	-1.3	-3.0	-4.9
Iowa		13.45	14.65	15.92	16.30	21.89	-2.1	-5.2	-5.5
Kansas		15.72	16.53	17.56	17.51	24.60	1.6	-2.3	-4.7
Minnesota		18.58	18.41	19.10	18.99	24.74	1	6	-3.1
Missouri		15.81	15.88	16.48	17.31	30.84	-3.2	-3.0	-7.5
Nebraska		8.99	9.75	9.87	12.37	14.20	.5	-7.5	-4.9
North Dakota		9.13	9.69	10.01	9.72	10.45	-3.1	-2.3	-1.8
South Dakota		15.43	15.68	15.68	16.94	15.22	1.9	-1.8	.4
South Atlantic Total		33.25	34.47	35.64	36.68	47.04	-2.1	-2.9	-4.0
Delaware		39.25	39.25	40.27	41.51	51.87	-5.8	-2.8	-3.7
Florida		37.30	38.78	41.02	42.40	51.16	-3.0	-3.9	-3.8
Georgia		34.64	35.18	36.57	36.54	47.91	-3.7	-2.3	-3.9
Maryland		34.07	36.45	38.01	38.49	46.65	-5.4	-4.3	-4.0
North Carolina		34.17	34.55	34.68	36.87	49.62	-2.7	-2.6	-4.3
South Carolina		34.63	35.90	36.50	37.54	46.14	-4.5	-3.1	-3.6
Virginia		32.56	33.65	34.31	35.73	43.35	-2.0	-2.8	-3.3
West Virginia		27.89	29.12	30.09	30.93	42.31	8	-2.8 -2.8	-3.5 -4.6
East South Central Total		26.75	28.19	28.15	29.35	37.84	6 - 4.6	-3.4	-4.0 - 4.3
Alabama		30.89	35.14	34.90	36.39	48.88	-6.5	-5.6	-5.7
Kentucky		23.40	23.76	23.74	24.43	30.33	-5.1	-2.3	-3.4
Mississippi		32.78	31.50	31.82	33.31	46.75	-3.1	-2.3 3	-3.4
Tennessee		25.12	25.57	26.16	27.64	33.99	-4.2	-3.4	-3.8 -3.8
West South Central Total		18.00	18.73	19.31	20.13	25.63	-4.2 9	-3.4 -3.0	-3.6 - 3.9
		24.04	24.73	28.01	26.15	31.11	- 4 .0	-3.1	-3.3 -3.3
Arkansas		24.04	24.73	23.51	24.74	30.22	-4.0 -9.9	-5.1 -5.7	-3.3 -4.7
Louisiana		15.01	15.25	15.57	24.74 16.79	25.85	-9.9 2.6	-3.7 -2.1	-4.7 -5.6
Oklahoma		17.19	18.03	18.34	16.79	25.85		-2.1 -2.6	-3.6 -3.6
Texas Mountain Total		17.19 19.75	18.03 20.18	18.34 21.11	19.26 21.82	24.16 24.78	.8	-2.6 - 2.4	-3.6 - 2.5
Arizona		25.97 18.33	26.27 18.80	28.39 19.55	29.55 20.24	32.52 23.97	-8.8 -7.4	-5.4 -4.3	-3.5 -3.8
Colorado						12.76	-7.4 -3.2	-4.3 -1.2	
Montana		11.70	11.01	11.30	11.90				-1.3 -3.0
Nevada		27.80	28.17	30.50	30.44	34.89	-4.6 2.4	-3.4	
New Mexico		23.17	22.98	23.77	26.04	27.91	2.4	-2.3	-1.8
Utah		22.87	25.16	24.73	24.66	30.55	-3.2	-2.7	-3.5
Wyoming		12.78	13.40	13.89	14.30	16.22	.4	-2.7	-2.6
Pacific Total		22.69	22.35	24.71	23.96	25.83	-4.8	-2.6	-2.0
Oregon		18.46	18.33	19.57	18.81	20.39	-6.5	-2.1	-1.8
Washington	26.24	24.48	23.67	25.65	24.91	27.73	7.1	1.3	6
U.S. Total	22,71	23.60	24.84	25.66	26.45	33.49	-3.7	-3.7	-4.2

^{*} Data round to zero.

Source: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Notes: Real prices are in 1996 dollars, calculated using implicit Gross Domestic Product price deflators. See Appendix D, Table D2. Average prices are based on the cost including insurance and freight.

Table 94. Average Price of Coal Delivered to Other Industrial Plants By Census Division and State, 1991, 1996-2000

Census Division and State	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change	_	nual Percent ange
							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
New England Total	w	w	w	\$63.46	\$57.36	\$66.74	w	w	w
Maine	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Massachusetts	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Middle Atlantic Total	\$35.65	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
New Jersey	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
New York	w	w	w	\$41.52	\$40.11	\$43.79	w	w	w
Pennsylvania	\$34.08	\$33.63	\$34.33	34.20	33.84	35.89	1.3	0.2	-0.6
East North Central Total	33.33	33.34	33.22	33.53	34.44	35.98	*	- .8	- .8
Illinois	28.44	29.62	29.46	29.76	29.69	30.81	-3.9	-1.1	9
Indiana	30.44	30.33	30.21	29.75	31.76	33.01	.3	-1.0	9
		40.05	40.40	41.94		43.69		-1.0 6	9 9
Michigan	40.30				41.28		.6		
Ohio	36.45	34.44	33.52	34.05	35.28	34.85	5.8	.8	.5
Wisconsin	39.20	38.99	40.42	40.03	40.02	43.31	.5	5	-1.1
West North Central Total	19.07	18.78	18.72	19.02	19.05	18.34	1.5	*	.4
Iowa	28.69	28.22	28.19	28.92	29.32	29.15	1.7	5	2
Kansas	37.67	33.01	31.08	31.93	32.46	30.81	14.1	3.8	2.3
Minnesota	30.51	31.02	29.70	31.03	28.85	36.26	-1.6	1.4	-1.9
Missouri	31.19	29.87	30.48	30.06	31.37	31.28	4.4	1	*
Nebraska	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
North Dakota	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
South Dakota	\$26.01	\$25.71	\$23.99	\$23.36	\$24.90	\$16.62	1.2	1.1	5.1
South Atlantic Total	Ψ20.01 W	ψ23.71 W	ψ23.>> W	ψ23.30 W	Ψ21.70 W	Ψ10.02 W	w	w	w
Delaware	w	w	w	w	w	W	w	w	w
	\$43.66	\$42.62				\$47.42	2.4		9
Florida			\$44.62	\$45.13	\$45.69			-1.1	
Georgia	42.73	44.12	44.54	44.84	44.21	44.95	-3.2	8	6
Maryland	32.00	32.00	32.41	32.62	32.52	33.71	•	4	6
North Carolina	41.63	41.68	42.72	43.14	43.36	43.05	1	-1.0	4
South Carolina	43.20	44.13	44.03	44.23	44.08	43.19	-2.1	5	*
Virginia	41.91	42.93	43.60	43.85	43.51	40.53	-2.4	9	.4
West Virginia	33.42	37.86	48.24	35.31	33.37	32.08	-11.7	*	.4
East South Central Total	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Alabama	\$39.30	\$39.81	\$39.49	\$40.20	\$40.15	\$40.43	-1.3	5	3
Kentucky	41.69	42.72	43.66	44.71	44.02	46.54	-2.4	-1.3	-1.2
Mississippi	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Tennessee	\$33.94	\$35.26	\$36.62	\$36.33	\$35.21	\$35.66	-3.7	9	5
West South Central Total	22.99	22.87	22.91	22.42	21.79	23.31	.5	1.3	1
Arkansas	43.55	43.08	41.58	42.38	43.24	45.09	1.1	.2	4
Louisiana	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	w	w
Oklahoma	W	w	w	W	W	W	w	w	w
Texas	\$20.52	\$21.01	\$21.05	\$20.13	\$18.99	\$18.61	-2.3	1.9	1.1
Mountain Total	w	w	27.30	27.14	26.70	29.60	w	w	w
Arizona	\$41.26	\$39.88	38.67	38.81	39.27	40.09	3.4	1.2	.3
Colorado	24.11	23.99	23.75	25.13	23.17	29.27	.5	1.0	-2.1
Idaho	W	W	34.31	34.57	36.39	33.91	-7.4	W	W
Montana	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Nevada	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
New Mexico	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Utah	\$25.11	\$21.53	\$19.05	\$19.28	\$19.10	\$26.43	16.6	7.1	6
Wyoming	24.87	24.26	24.10	23.68	22.32	25.19	2.5	2.7	1
Pacific Total	40.51	41.08	43.12	43.24	42.45	45.75	-1.4	-1.2	-1.3
	39.48	39.82	41.02	40.14	39.54	44.79	-1.4 9	-1.2	-1.3 -1.4
California									
Hawaii	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	w
Oregon	_	w	W	w	w	W	_	_	_
Washington	W	W	\$56.51	\$59.80	\$58.81	\$59.16	W	W	W
U.S. Total	\$31.44	\$31.59	32.30	32.41	32.32	33.54	5	- .7	7

* Data round to zero.

w Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: Price data are for manufacturing plants only. Average prices are based on the cost including insurance, freight, and taxes. Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption - Manufacturing Plants."

Table 95. Average Real Price of Coal Delivered to Other Industrial Plants by Census Division and State, 1991, 1996-2000

(Real Dollars per Short Ton)

Census Division and State	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
New England Total	w	w	w	\$62.24	\$57.36	\$74.44	w	w	w
Maine	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Massachusetts	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Middle Atlantic Total	\$33.35	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
New Jersey	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
New York	w	w	w	\$40.72	\$40.11	\$48.84	w	w	w
Pennsylvania	\$31.87	\$32.10	\$33.26	33.54	33.84	40.03	-0.7	-1.5	-2.5
East North Central Total	31.17	31.83	32.18	32.89	34.44	40.13	-2.1	-2.5	-2.8
Illinois	26.60	28.27	28.54	29.19	29.69	34.36	-5.9	-2.7	-2.8
Indiana	28.47	28.95	29.27	29.18	31.76	36.81	-1.7	-2.7	-2.8
Michigan	37.69	38.23	39.14	41.14	41.28	48.73	-1.4	-2.2	-2.8
Ohio	34.09	32.87	32.47	33.39	35.28	38.86	3.7	8	-1.4
								6 -2.2	-3.0
Wisconsin	36.67	37.21	39.16	39.26	40.02	48.30	-1.5		
West North Central Total	17.84	17.93	18.14	18.66	19.05	20.45	5	-1.6	-1.5
Iowa	26.83	26.93	27.31	28.37	29.32	32.51	4	-2.2	-2.1
Kansas	35.23	31.51	30.11	31.32	32.46	34.36	11.8	2.1	.3
Minnesota	28.53	29.61	28.77	30.44	28.85	40.44	-3.6	3	-3.8
Missouri	29.17	28.51	29.53	29.49	31.37	34.88	2.3	-1.8	-2.0
Nebraska	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
North Dakota	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	W	W
South Dakota	\$24.33	\$24.54	\$23.24	\$22.91	\$24.90	\$18.54	8	6	3.1
South Atlantic Total	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Delaware	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Florida	\$40.83	\$40.68	\$43.23	\$44.27	\$45.69	\$52.89	.4	-2.8	-2.8
Georgia	39.96	42.12	43.15	43.98	44.21	50.14	-5.1	-2.5	-2.5
	29.93	30.55	31.40	31.99	32.52	37.60	-2.0	-2.0 -2.0	-2.5 -2.5
Maryland	38.93	39.78	41.39	42.31	43.36	48.01	-2.0 -2.1	-2.6	-2.3 -2.3
North Carolina									
South Carolina	40.41	42.12	42.65	43.38	44.08	48.17	-4.0	-2.1	-1.9
Virginia	39.20	40.98	42.24	43.01	43.51	45.20	-4.3	-2.6	-1.6
West Virginia	31.26	36.13	46.74	34.63	33.37	35.78	-13.5	-1.6	-1.5
East South Central Total	W	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Alabama	\$36.76	\$38.00	\$38.26	\$39.43	\$40.15	\$45.10	-3.3	-2.2	-2.2
Kentucky	38.99	40.78	42.30	43.85	44.02	51.91	-4.4	-3.0	-3.1
Mississippi	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Tennessee	\$31.74	\$33.66	\$35.48	\$35.64	\$35.21	\$39.78	-5.7	-2.5	-2.5
West South Central Total	21.51	21.83	22.20	21.99	21.79	26.00	-1.5	3	-2.1
Arkansas	40.73	41.12	40.28	41.57	43.24	50.29	9	-1.5	-2.3
Louisiana	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Oklahoma	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Texas	\$19.19	\$20.05	\$20.39	\$19.74	\$18.99	\$20.75	-4.3	.3	9
Mountain Total	w	Ψ20.03 W	26.45	26.62	26.70	33.02	w	w	w
Arizona	\$38.59	\$38.06	37.47	38.06	39.27	44.72	1.4	4	-1.6
Colorado	22.55	22.90	23.01	24.65	23.17	32.65	-1.5	7	-4.0
	22.33 W	22.90 W	33.24	33.91	36.39	37.82	-9.3	/ W	-4.0 W
Idaho									
Montana	W	w	w	w	W	W	w	W	W
Nevada	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	W	W
New Mexico	W	W	w	W	W	w	w	w	w
Utah	\$23.48	\$20.55	\$18.45	\$18.91	\$19.10	\$29.47	14.3	5.3	-2.5
Wyoming	23.26	23.15	23.35	23.23	22.32	28.09	.5	1.0	-2.1
Pacific Total	37.89	39.21	41.78	42.42	42.45	51.03	-3.4	-2.8	-3.3
California	36.92	38.01	39.74	39.38	39.54	49.96	-2.8	-1.7	-3.3
Hawaii	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Oregon	_	w	w	w	w	w	_	_	_
Washington	W	w	\$54.74	\$58.66	\$58.81	\$65.99	w	W	W
U.S. Total	\$29.41	\$30.15	31.30	31.79	32.32	37.40	-2.5	-2.3	-2.6

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: Price data are for manufacturing plants only. Real prices are in 1996 dollars, calculated using implicit Gross Domestic Product price deflators. See Appendix D, Table D2. Average prices are based on the cost including insurance, freight, and taxes.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption - Manufacturing Plants."

Table 96. Average Price of Coal Delivered to Coke Plants by Census Division and State, 1991, 1996-2000

Census Division and State	2000	1999 1998	1998	1997	1996	1991 CI	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
Middle Atlantic Total	\$42.90	\$44.33	w	w	w	w	-3.2	w	w
New York	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Pennsylvania	w	w	\$42.38	\$46.20	\$45.16	\$46.86	w	w	w
East North Central Total	\$45.59	\$47.74	48.39	49.12	49.54	50.70	-4.5	-2.0	-1.2
Illinois	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Indiana	w	w	\$49.37	\$50.75	\$51.93	\$53.31	w	w	w
Michigan	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Ohio	w	w	\$45.72	\$46.89	\$44.98	\$46.15	w	w	w
South Atlantic Total	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Maryland	-	_	_	_	_	w	_	_	_
Virginia	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
West Virginia	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
East South Central Total	\$44.74	\$45.28	w	w	w	w	-1.2	w	w
Alabama	w	w	\$48.73	\$50.04	\$49.37	\$48.35	w	w	w
Kentucky	w	w	w	w	W	w	w	w	w
Tennessee	_	_	_	_	_	w	_	_	_
Mountain Total	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Utah	w	W	w	w	w	w	W	W	W
U.S. Total	\$44.37	\$45.85	\$46.06	\$47.61	\$47.33	\$48.88	-3.2	-1.6	-1.1

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Note: Average prices are based on the cost including insurance, freight, and taxes.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly."

Table 97. Average Real Price of Coal Delivered to Coke Plants by Census Division and State, 1991, 1996-2000

(Real Dollars per Short Ton)

Census Division and State	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change	Average Annual Percent Change	
							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
Middle Atlantic Total	\$40.12	\$42.31	w	w	w	w	-5.2	w	w
New York	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Pennsylvania	w	w	\$41.06	\$45.32	\$45.16	\$52.26	w	w	w
East North Central Total	\$42.64	\$45.57	46.88	48.18	49.54	56.55	-6.4	−3.7	-3.1
Illinois	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Indiana	w	w	\$47.83	\$49.78	\$51.93	\$59.46	w	w	w
Michigan	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	W
Ohio	w	w	\$44.30	\$45.99	\$44.98	\$51.47	w	w	w
South Atlantic Total	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Maryland	_	_	_	_	_	w	_	_	_
Virginia	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
West Virginia	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
East South Central Total	\$41.84	\$43.22	w	w	w	w	-3.2	w	w
Alabama	w	w	\$47.21	\$49.08	\$49.37	\$53.92	w	w	w
Kentucky	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Tennessee	_	_	_	_	_	w	_	_	_
Mountain Total	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Utah	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	W	w
U.S. Total	\$41.50	\$43.76	\$44.62	\$46.70	\$47.33	\$54.52	-5.2	-3.2	-3.0

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: Real prices are in 1996 dollars, calculated using implicit Gross Domestic Product price deflators. See Appendix D, Table D2. Average prices are based on the cost including insurance, freight, and taxes.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly."

Import/Export Prices

Average Price of U.S. Coal Imports by Continent and Country of Table 98. Origin, 1991, 1996-2000

Continent and Country	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change		Annual Percent Change	
of Origin							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000	
North America Total	\$38.05	\$34.23	\$35.38	\$38.11	\$36.51	\$25.10	11.1	1.0	4.7	
Canada	38.10	35.03	35.40	38.11	36.52	25.10	8.8	1.1	4.7	
Mexico	22.68	21.93	20.87	-	33.43	-	3.4	-9.2	-	
South America Total	27.17	29.98	31.16	32.49	31.53	34.64	-9.4	-3.6	-2.7	
Colombia	26.25	29.17	31.21	32.11	31.90	32.87	-10.0	-4.7	-2.5	
Venezuela	30.58	31.99	31.09	33.26	30.87	40.87	-4.4	2	-3.2	
Europe Total	_	29.48	36.80	49.22	_	_	_	_	_	
Norway	-	-	-	49.45	_	_	_	-	-	
Spain	-	_	36.48	_	_	_	_	_	-	
Switzerland	-	_	_	41.20	_	_	_	_	-	
United Kingdom	-	29.48	42.03	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Asia Total	43.45	43.14	34.13	33.05	32.45	_	.7	7.6	_	
China (Mainland)	51.03	42.65	_	_	_	_	19.6	_	_	
Indonesia	43.38	43.15	34.13	32.82	32.45	_	.5	7.5	-	
Vietnam	-	-	-	49.09	-	-	-	-	-	
Oceania & Australia Total	28.88	27.26	31.89	33.47	33.41	37.97	5.9	-3.6	-3.0	
Australia	28.88	27.26	31.89	33.47	33.41	37.97	5.9	-3.6	-3.0	
Total ¹	29.71	31.50	32.19	33.50	32.67	32.34	-5.7	-2.3	9	
U.S. Total ²	30.10	30.77	32.18	34.32	33.78	33.12	-2.2	-2.8	-1.0	

The average prices presented in this table, with the exception of U.S. Total, are considered to be representative prices for coal imports and fall within the range of \$20 to \$55 per short ton, inclusively.
 U.S. Total is the average price of all coal imports.
 Notes: Average price is based on the customs import value. Coal imports include coal to Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands.
 Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report IM 145."

Table 99. Average Price of U.S. Coal Exports by Destination, 1991, 1996-2000 (Nominal Dollars per Short Ton)

Continent and Country	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
of Destination							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
North America Total	\$29.71	\$28.74	\$28.48	\$30.57	\$33.09	\$33.30	3.4	-2.6	-1.3
Canada ¹	29.25	27.69	27.65	29.16	32.23	33.14	5.6	-2.4	-1.4
Mexico	40.62	43.13	38.61	41.31	39.70	43.83	-5.8	.6	8
Other ²	24.74	36.16	37.38	38.08	38.03	37.24	-31.6	-10.2	-4.4
South America Total	34.39	39.31	42.82	43.94	43.81	46.20	-12.5	-5.9	-3.2
Argentina	23.93	40.80	44.67	47.69	46.36	45.59	-41.3	-15.2	-6.9
Brazil	34.94	39.41	42.85	44.12	44.67	46.44	-11.3	-6.0	-3.1
Chile	27.26	28.18	28.67	32.24	32.37	39.48	-3.3	-4.2	-4.0
Other ²	36.71	42.14	42.07	40.81	39.19	31.44	-12.9	-1.6	1.7
Europe Total	37.96	41.10	43.28	43.02	42.10	43.15	-7.6	-2.5	-1.4
Belgium & Luxembourg	38.37	43.86	46.38	45.71	45.73	44.82	-12.5	-4.3	-1.7
Bulgaria	39.94	41.63	44.57	46.42	44.26	41.67	-4.0	-2.5	5
Denmark	25.08	-	34.02	31.72	29.30	32.56	-	-3.8	-2.8
Finland	39.82	37.00	40.50	41.63	42.11	44.77	7.6	-1.4	-1.3
France	37.27	42.71	46.07	45.96	44.94	40.39	-12.7	-4.6	9
Germany, FR	29.66	31.64	35.49	44.59	41.08	39.33	-6.2	-7.8	-3.1
Hungary	40.34	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Iceland	52.05	54.30	55.88	59.33	57.49	56.30	-4.1	-2.4	9
Ireland	27.37	29.92	36.38	37.99	37.35	39.80	-8.5	-7.5	-4.1
Italy	44.50	46.28	46.53	45.54	45.05	45.70	-3.8	3	3
Netherlands	37.90	39.93	45.26	44.97	41.36	43.18	-5.1	-2.2	-1.4
Norway	48.16	54.50	55.80	58.38	57.05	34.57	-11.6	-4.1	3.8
Portugal	29.73	32.96	38.03	36.76	36.53	40.87	-9.8	-5.0	-3.5
Romania	42.11	39.26	42.31	44.58	46.95	46.74	7.3	-2.7	-1.1
Spain	36.91	39.05	42.89	37.01	37.56	45.47	-5.5	4	-2.3
Sweden	43.70	45.26	47.16	48.19	47.50	47.72	-3.4	-2.1	-1.0
Turkey	34.63	38.50	44.92	46.07	44.33	46.84	-10.0	-6.0	-3.3
United Kingdom	36.72	40.74	39.01	39.30	38.90	46.41	-9.9	-1.4	-2.6
Yugoslavia, FR	26.26	-	_	-	_	44.22	_	_	-5.6
Other ²	41.05	40.00	34.93	34.59	33.96	49.16	2.6	4.8	-2.0
Asia Total	34.15	36.33	39.37	39.73	39.57	43.13	-6.0	-3.6	-2.5
China (Taiwan)	33.87	34.44	36.29	36.75	36.86	41.73	-1.6	-2.1	-2.3
Israel	26.03	31.81	33.50	36.81	36.40	39.87	-18.1	-8.0	-4.6
Japan	33.01	35.79	38.59	39.00	39.41	43.19	-7.7	-4.3	-2.9
Korea, Republic of	37.14	39.48	44.79	43.98	42.72	45.95	-5.9	-3.4	-2.3
Other ²	48.52	50.10	45.76	36.33	48.89	38.63	-3.2	2	2.6
Oceania & Australia Total	40.61	_	48.03	40.79	40.71	_	_	1	_
Other ²	40.61	-	48.03	40.79	40.71	-	-	1	_
Africa Total	38.04	48.53	45.52	48.50	44.36	41.49	-21.6	-3.8	-1.0
Algeria	44.71	42.78	43.77	46.64	50.23	46.98	4.5	-2.9	5
Egypt	43.93	56.23	43.59	51.29	53.37	45.69	-21.9	-4.7	4
Morocco	26.69	-	31.57	30.67	33.93	33.73	-	-5.8	-2.6
South Africa, Rep of	47.24	48.15	48.13	48.66	49.55	48.92	-1.9	-1.2	4
Other ²	20.31	-	38.85	39.27	-	40.81	-	-	-7.5
Total ³	34.48	35.91	38.55	40.24	40.53	42.31	-4.0	-3.9	-2.2
U.S. Total ⁴	34.90	36.50	38.89	40.55	40.76	42.39	-4.4	-3.8	-2.1

¹ Based on the U.S. - Canada Free Trade Agreement, as of January 1990, the U.S. Department of Commerce began reporting statistics on U.S. exports to Canada based on information on imports provided monthly by the Canadian government.

Note: Average price is based on the free alongside ship (f.a.s.) value.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report EM 545."

Includes countries with exports less than or equal to 50,000 short tons in 2000.

The average prices presented in this table, with the exception of U.S. Total, are considered to be representative prices for coal exports and fall within the range of \$20 to \$60 per short ton, inclusively.

4 U.S. Total is the average price of all coal exports.

Table 100. Average Real Price of U.S. Coal Exports by Destination, 1991, 1996-2000

(Real Dollars per Short Ton)

Continent and Country	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change	_	nual Percent ange
of Destination							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
North America Total	\$27.80	\$27.42	\$27.60	\$29.98	\$33.09	\$37.12	1.4	-4.3	-3.2
Canada ¹	27.36	26.43	26.80	28.59	32.23	36.95	3.5	-4.0	-3.3
Mexico	38.00	41.16	37.41	40.50	39.70	48.86	-7.7	-1.1	-2.8
Other ²	23.14	34.50	36.22	37.33	38.03	41.51	-32.9	-11.7	-6.3
South America Total	32.17	37.51	41.49	43.08	43.81	51.50	-14.2	-7.4	-5.1
Argentina	22.38	38.93	43.28	46.76	46.36	50.83	-42.5	-16.6	-8.7
Brazil	32.68	37.60	41.52	43.26	44.67	51.78	-13.1	-7.5	-5.0
Chile	25.50	26.89	27.78	31.61	32.37	44.02	-5.2	-5.8	-5.9
Other ²	34.34	40.21	40.76	40.01	39.19	35.05	-14.6	-3.2	2
Europe Total	35.51	39.21	41.94	42.18	42.10	48.11	-9.4	-4.2	-3.3
Belgium & Luxembourg	35.89	41.85	44.94	44.81	45.73	49.97	-14.2	-5.9	-3.6
Bulgaria	37.36	39.72	43.19	45.51	44.26	46.46	-5.9	-4.1	-2.4
Denmark	23.46	_	32.96	31.10	29.30	36.30	_	-5.4	-4.7
Finland	37.25	35.31	39.24	40.82	42.11	49.91	5.5	-3.0	-3.2
France	34.86	40.75	44.64	45.06	44.94	45.03	-14.4	-6.1	-2.8
Germany, FR	27.75	30.19	34.39	43.72	41.08	43.85	-8.1	-9.3	-4.9
Hungary	37.73	30.19	34.39	45.72	41.00	45.65	-0.1	-9.5	-4.9
Iceland	48.69	51.82	54.15	58.17	57.49	62.76	-6.0	-4.1	-2.8
	25.60	28.55		37.25		44.38		-4.1 -9.0	-2.8 -5.9
Ireland			35.25		37.35		-10.3		
Italy	41.63	44.16	45.09	44.64	45.05	50.95	-5.7	-1.9	-2.2
Netherlands	35.45	38.10	43.85	44.09	41.36	48.14	-7.0	-3.8	-3.3
Norway	45.05	52.00	54.07	57.23	57.05	38.54	-13.4	-5.7	1.7
Portugal	27.81	31.46	36.85	36.04	36.53	45.56	-11.6	-6.6	-5.3
Romania	39.40	37.46	41.00	43.71	46.95	52.11	5.1	-4.3	-3.1
Spain	34.53	37.26	41.56	36.28	37.56	50.69	-7.3	-2.1	-4.2
Sweden	40.88	43.19	45.69	47.25	47.50	53.20	-5.3	-3.7	-2.9
Turkey	32.40	36.74	43.53	45.17	44.33	52.22	-11.8	-7.5	-5.2
United Kingdom	34.35	38.87	37.80	38.53	38.90	51.74	-11.6	-3.1	-4.4
Yugoslavia, FR	24.57	_	_	_	_	49.29	-	_	-7.4
Other ²	38.40	38.17	33.85	33.92	33.96	54.81	.6	3.1	-3.9
Asia Total	31.95	34.67	38.15	38.95	39.57	48.08	-7.8	-5.2	-4.4
China (Taiwan)	31.68	32.86	35.17	36.03	36.86	46.52	-3.6	-3.7	-4.2
Israel	24.35	30.35	32.46	36.09	36.40	44.45	-19.8	-9.5	-6.5
Japan	30.88	34.15	37.39	38.24	39.41	48.15	-9.5	-5.9	-4.8
Korea, Republic of	34.74	37.67	43.41	43.12	42.72	51.23	-7.8	-5.0	-4.2
Other ²	45.39	47.81	44.34	35.62	48.89	43.06	-5.1	-1.8	.6
Oceania & Australia Total	37.99	_	46.54	39.99	40.71	_	_	-1.7	_
Other ²	37.99	-	46.54	39.99	40.71	-	-	-1.7	-
Africa Total	35.58	46.30	44.10	47.55	44.36	46.26	-23.2	-5.4	-2.9
Algeria	41.82	40.82	42.42	45.73	50.23	52.38	2.4	-4.5	-2.5
Egypt	41.09	53.65	42.24	50.28	53.37	50.94	-23.4	-6.3	-2.3
Morocco	24.97	_	30.59	30.07	33.93	37.60	_	-7.4	-4.4
South Africa, Rep of	44.19	45.95	46.64	47.71	49.55	54.53	-3.8	-2.8	-2.3
Other ²	19.00	-	37.64	38.50	-	45.50	-	_	-9.2
Total ³	32.26	34.27	37.35	39.45	40.53	47.17	-5.8	-5.5	-4.1
U.S. Total ⁴	32.65	34.83	37.69	39.76	40.76	47.26	-6.3	-5.4	-4.0

¹ Based on the U.S. - Canada Free Trade Agreement, as of January 1990, the U.S. Department of Commerce began reporting statistics on U.S. exports to Canada based on information on imports provided monthly by the Canadian government.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report EM 545."

² Includes countries with exports less than or equal to 50,000 short tons in 2000.

3 The average prices presented in this table, with the exception of U.S. Total, are considered to be representative prices for coal exports and fall within the range of \$20 to \$60 (nominal) per short ton, inclusively.

U.S. Total is the average price of all coal exports.

Notes: Real prices are in 1996 dollars, calculated using implicit Gross Domestic Product price deflators. See Appendix D, Table D2. Average prices are based on the free alongside ship (f.a.s.) value.

Table 101. Average Price of U.S. Metallurgical Coal Exports by Destination, 1991, 1996-2000

Continent and Country	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
of Destination							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
North America Total	\$32.70	\$32.63	\$34.44	\$35.39	\$36.79	\$38.57	0.2	-2.9	-1.8
Canada ¹	32.31	32.63	34.38	34.10	35.99	38.46	-1.0	-2.7	-1.9
Mexico	36.55	49.80	50.28	49.86	47.36	49.20	-26.6	-6.3	-3.2
South America Total	34.46	39.42	42.96	44.32	44.61	46.44	-12.6	-6.2	-3.3
Argentina	23.88	_	44.93	48.88	46.87	45.62		-15.5	-6.9
Brazil	34.94	39.41	42.86	44.15	44.73	46.48	-11.3	-6.0	-3.1
Chile			.2.00		30.26	49.78	-	_	_
Other ²	-	44.51	44.46	-	50.76	-	-	-	-
Europe Total	40.69	44.14	46.84	47.60	47.68	46.89	-7.8	-3.9	-1.6
Belgium & Luxembourg	39.96	44.00	47.34	48.34	48.68	47.52	-9.2	-4.8	-1.9
Bulgaria	39.94	41.63	44.57	46.42	43.36	41.67	-9.2 -4.0	-4.8 -2.0	-1.9 5
Denmark	39.9 4 -	41.03	44 .37 -	40.42	43.30	28.36	-4.0 -	-2.0 -	<i>5</i> -
Finland	39.82	37.00	40.50	43.37	44.21	46.21	7.6	-2.6	-1.6
France	40.09	42.76	46.35	47.20	47.13	43.96	-6.2	-4.0	-1.0
Germany, FR	33.44	42.59	46.41	47.84	49.87	48.55	-21.5	-9.5	-4.0
Hungary	40.34	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Iceland	52.05	54.30	55.88	59.33	57.43	57.22	-4.1	-2.4	-1.0
Ireland	_	_	_	37.42	_	_	_	_	_
Italy	44.86	46.28	48.02	48.85	47.90	48.64	-3.1	-1.6	9
Netherlands	41.24	43.46	46.88	47.10	47.29	47.11	-5.1	-3.4	-1.5
Norway	52.18	54.50	55.70	58.38	57.05	55.56	-4.2	-2.2	7
Portugal	34.96	41.64	45.49	44.31	45.20	48.11	-16.0	-6.2	-3.5
Romania	42.11	39.26	42.31	45.31	46.95	47.33	7.3	-2.7	-1.3
Spain	39.29	46.61	48.62	49.23	50.92	48.80	-15.7	-6.3	-2.4
Sweden	43.70	45.26	47.16	48.19	48.20	47.76	-3.4	-2.4	-1.0
Turkey	34.63	38.50	44.93	46.08	44.54	46.87	-10.0	-6.1	-3.3
United Kingdom	41.85	44.68	47.74	48.49	49.08	48.46	-6.3	-3.9	-1.6
Yugoslavia, FR	_	_	_	_	_	46.70	_	_	_
Other ²	-	-	-	-	-	49.23	-	-	-
Asia Total	40.11	42.25	43.59	43.64	43.45	46.00	-5.1	-2.0	-1.5
China (Taiwan)	35.38	37.19	42.54	42.95	45.24	46.80	-4.9	-5.9	-3.0
Israel	25.95	37.19	35.69	39.79	40.91	42.18	-4.9	-10.8	-5.3
	38.09	40.33	42.29	41.68	42.19	45.52	-5.6	-10.8 -2.5	-3.3 -2.0
Japan	42.65		46.75	47.68	46.08	47.54	-5.0 -5.2	-2.3 -1.9	-2.0 -1.2
Korea, Republic of Other ²	52.45	45.00 56.93	57.72	57.41	59.36	47.34	-3.2 -7.9	-1.9 -3.0	-1.2
Oceania & Australia Total		_	55 11						
Other ²	_	_	55.11 55.11	-	-	_	-	_	_
Africa Total	45.04	48.53	45.92	49.69	50.87	45.23	-7.2	-3.0	*
Algeria	44.71	42.78	43.77	46.64	50.23	46.98	4.5	-2.9	5
Egypt	43.94	56.23	43.60	51.31	53.38	45.70	-21.8	-4.7	4
Morocco	43.94	50.25	-5.00	51.51	30.30	34.54	-21.6	-4.7	4
South Africa, Rep of	47.24	48.15	48.13	48.66	49.55	48.92	-1.9	-1.2	4
Other ²	20.31	-0.13	-0.13	-0.00	-	-40.92	-	-	-
Total ³	38.91	41.86	44.48	45.36	45.40	46.09	-7.0	-3.8	-1.9
U.S. Total ⁴	38.99	41.91	44.58	45.45	45.49	46.15	-7.0	-3.8	-2.0

¹ Based on the U.S. - Canada Free Trade Agreement, as of January 1990, the U.S. Department of Commerce began reporting statistics on U.S. exports to Canada based on information on imports provided monthly by the Canadian government.

Note: Average price is based on the free alongside ship (f.a.s.) value.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report EM 545."

² Includes countries with exports less than or equal to 50,000 short tons in 2000.
3 The average prices presented in this table, with the exception of U.S. Total, are considered to be representative prices for coal exports and fall within the range of \$20 to \$60 per short ton, inclusively.
4 U.S. Total is the average price of all coal exports.

^{*} Data round to zero.

Table 102. Average Real Price of U.S. Metallurgical Coal Exports by Destination, 1991, 1996-2000

(Real Dollars per Short Ton)

Continent and Country	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change	_	nual Percent ange
of Destination							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
North America Total	\$30.59	\$31.13	\$33.37	\$34.69	\$36.79	\$43.00	-1.8	-4.5	-3.7
Canada ¹	30.22	31.13	33.32	33.43	35.99	42.88	-2.9	-4.3	-3.8
Mexico	34.19	47.52	48.72	48.88	47.36	54.85	-28.0	-7.8	-5.1
South America Total	32.24	37.61	41.63	43.45	44.61	51.77	-14.3	−7.8	-5.1
Argentina	22.34	-	43.54	47.92	46.87	50.85	-	-16.9	-8.7
Brazil	32.68	37.60	41.53	43.28	44.73	51.81	-13.1	-7.5	-5.0
Chile	_	_	_	_	30.26	55.50	_	_	_
Other ²	-	42.47	43.08	-	50.76	-	-	-	-
Europe Total	38.06	42.12	45.39	46.67	47.68	52.27	-9.6	-5.5	-3.5
Belgium & Luxembourg	37.38	41.98	45.87	47.39	48.68	52.98	-10.9	-6.4	-3.8
Bulgaria	37.36	39.72	43.19	45.51	43.36	46.46	-5.9	-3.6	-2.4
Denmark	-	-	-	-	-	31.61	_	-	-
Finland	37.25	35.31	39.24	42.52	44.21	51.52	5.5	-4.2	-3.5
France	37.50	40.80	44.91	46.28	47.13	49.01	-8.1	-5.5	-2.9
Germany, FR	31.28	40.64	44.97	46.90	49.87	54.12	-23.0	-11.0	-5.9
Hungary	37.73	-10.01		-10.50	17.07	51.12	23.0	-	
Iceland	48.69	51.82	54.15	58.17	57.43	63.79	-6.0	-4.0	-2.9
Ireland	10.07	51.02	54.15	36.69	57.15	03.77	-	-	2.7
Italy	41.96	44.16	46.53	47.90	47.90	54.22	-5.0	-3.3	-2.8
Netherlands	38.58	41.47	45.43	46.18	47.29	52.52	-6.9	-5.0	-2.6 -3.4
	48.81	52.00	53.97	57.23	57.05	61.94		-3.8	-3.4 -2.6
Norway							-6.1		
Portugal	32.70	39.73	44.08	43.44	45.20	53.63	-17.7	-7.8	-5.3
Romania	39.40	37.46	41.00	44.42	46.95	52.77	5.1	-4.3	-3.2
Spain	36.76	44.48	47.11	48.27	50.92	54.41	-17.3	-7.8	-4.3
Sweden	40.88	43.19	45.69	47.25	48.20	53.24	-5.3	-4.0	-2.9
Turkey	32.39	36.74	43.54	45.17	44.54	52.25	-11.8	-7.6	-5.2
United Kingdom	39.15	42.64	46.26	47.54	49.08	54.02	-8.2	-5.5	-3.5
Yugoslavia, FR	_	_	_	_	_	52.07	_	_	_
Other ²	-	-	-	-	-	54.88	-	_	_
Asia Total	37.52	40.32	42.24	42.78	43.45	51.28	-6.9	-3.6	-3.4
China (Taiwan)	33.10	35.49	41.22	42.11	45.24	52.17	-6.7	-7.5	-4.9
Israel	24.27	_	34.58	39.01	40.91	47.03	_	-12.2	-7.1
Japan	35.63	38.49	40.98	40.86	42.19	50.75	-7.4	-4.1	-3.8
Korea, Republic of	39.89	42.94	45.30	46.75	46.08	53.00	-7.1	-3.5	-3.1
Other ²	49.06	54.32	55.93	56.28	59.36	-	-9.7	-4.6	-
Ossania 8 Assatusiis Tetal			52.40						
Oceania & Australia Total Other ²	_	_	53.40 53.40	_	_	_	_	_	_
Africa Total	42.13	46.30	44.49	48.72	50.87	50.42	-9.0	-4.6	-2.0
Africa Total	41.82	40.82	42.42	45.73	50.23	52.38	-9.0 2.4	- 4.6 -4.5	-2.5
Algeria	41.82								-2.5 -2.3
Egypt	41.10	53.65	42.24	50.30	53.38	50.94 38.50	-23.4	-6.3	-2.3
Morocco	44.19	45.95	46.64	47.71	30.30 49.55		-3.8	-2.8	-2.3
South Africa, Rep of Other ²	19.00	45.95	46.64	47./1	49.55	54.53	-3.8	-2.8	-2.3 -
	26.40	20.04	42 10	44.47	45 40	E1 20	9.0	5 A	20
Total ³	36.40	39.94	43.10	44.47	45.40	51.38	-8.9	-5.4	-3.8
U.S. Total ⁴	36.47	40.00	43.19	44.56	45.49	51.45	-8.8	-5.4	-3.8

¹ Based on the U.S. - Canada Free Trade Agreement, as of January 1990, the U.S. Department of Commerce began reporting statistics on U.S. exports to Canada based on information on imports provided monthly by the Canadian government.

Includes countries with exports less than or equal to 50,000 short tons in 2000.

The average prices presented in this table, with the exception of U.S. Total, are considered to be representative prices for coal exports and fall within 4 ILS Total is the every series of the following the range of \$20 to \$60 (nominal) per short ton, inclusively.

U.S. Total is the average price of all coal exports.

Notes: Real prices are in 1996 dollars, calculated using implicit Gross Domestic Product price deflators. See Appendix D, Table D2. Average prices are based on the free alongside ship (f.a.s.) value.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report EM 545."

Table 103. Average Price of U.S. Steam Coal Exports by Destination, 1991, 1996-2000

Continent and Country	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change	_	nual Percent ange
of Destination							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
North America Total	\$28.86	\$27.72	\$26.76	\$28.26	\$29.41	\$30.27	4.1	-0.5	-0.5
Canada ¹	28.43	26.28	25.51	26.64	28.06	30.01	8.2	.3	6
Mexico	44.65	43.13	38.48	38.67	36.21	39.58	3.5	5.4	1.3
Other ²	24.74	36.16	37.38	38.08	38.03	37.24	-31.6	-10.2	-4.4
South America Total	30.88	33.67	37.82	38.78	34.94	38.25	-8.3	-3.0	-2.3
Argentina	40.82	40.80	40.80	40.79	40.53	35.95	*	.2	1.4
Brazil	34.47	39.00	40.81	42.12	40.57	43.64	-11.6	-4.0	-2.6
Chile	27.26	28.18	28.67	32.24	32.76	36.59	-3.3	-4.5	-3.2
Other ²	36.71	41.07	40.83	40.81	39.16	31.44	-10.6	-1.6	1.7
Europe Total	25.91	27.09	31.22	32.52	33.71	37.76	-4.3	-6.4	-4.1
Belgium & Luxembourg	24.93	38.47	35.91	36.34	36.69	37.08	-35.2	-9.2	-4.3
Bulgaria	24.93	30.47	33.91	30.34	50.55	37.08	-33.2	-9.2	-4.3
		_	24.02				_		
Denmark	25.08		34.02	31.72	29.30	33.14		-3.8	-3.0
Finland	26.27	20.22	-	36.20	35.23	40.82	-	_ 7.6	-
France	26.27	38.23	36.14	34.84	36.14	34.68	-31.3	-7.6	-3.0
Germany, FR	26.40	28.22	30.70	35.04	31.92	34.95	-6.4	-4.6	-3.1
Iceland	_	_	_	_	57.93	50.77	-	_	_
Ireland	27.37	29.92	36.38	38.13	37.35	39.80	-8.5	-7.5	-4.1
Italy	27.52	46.39	37.66	39.30	41.20	41.71	-40.7	-9.6	-4.5
Netherlands	25.64	27.16	27.91	32.52	32.94	39.59	-5.6	-6.1	-4.7
Norway	35.46	_	56.66	_	_	32.11	_	_	1.1
Portugal	26.71	24.48	33.60	35.48	35.60	40.52	9.1	-6.9	-4.5
Romania			_	29.17	_	42.64	_	_	_
Spain	21.51	21.40	22.43	22.38	22.14	32.96	.5	7	-4.6
Sweden	21.01				39.21	41.64		-	_
Turkey	34.82	40.80	40.78	42.02	41.28	46.38	-14.7	-4.2	-3.1
United Kingdom	25.65	28.16	28.64	29.99	28.82	40.11	-8.9	-2.9	-4.8
		26.10	20.04	29.99	20.02	25.26	-6.9	-2.9	
Yugoslavia, FR Other ²	26.26 41.05	40.00	34.93	34.59	33.96	40.79	2.6	4.8	.4 .1
Ouler	41.03	40.00	34.93	34.39	33.90	40.79	2.0	4.0	.1
Asia Total	30.89	31.59	34.18	34.94	35.84	38.97	-2.2	-3.6	-2.5
China (Taiwan)	33.12	34.12	34.46	34.71	35.33	41.16	-2.9	-1.6	-2.4
Israel	40.66	31.81	33.15	35.92	35.12	39.41	27.8	3.7	.3
Japan	31.65	32.10	33.88	34.97	36.31	35.59	-1.4	-3.4	-1.3
Korea, Republic of	24.61	24.95	35.43	35.01	35.32	39.97	-1.3	-8.6	-5.2
Other ²	39.13	39.54	43.53	33.56	38.26	38.63	-1.0	.6	.1
Oceania & Australia Total	40.61	_	37.25	40.79	40.71	_	_	1	_
Other ²	40.61	_	37.25	40.79	40.71	_	-	1	-
Africa Total	26.70	_	32.38	32.31	34.02	33.56	_	-5.9	-2.5
Egypt	38.79	_	39.88	40.73	40.78	40.81	_	-1.2	6
Morocco	26.69	_	31.57	30.67	34.01	33.53	_	-5.9	-2.5
Other ²		_	38.85	39.27	-	40.81	_	-3.9	-2.3
Total ³	28.60	28.41	29.34	31.61	33.51	36.72	.7	-3.9	-2.7
U.S. Total ⁴	29.67	29.91	30.24	32.42	34.09	36.91	8	-3.4	-2.4

¹ Based on the U.S. - Canada Free Trade Agreement, as of January 1990, the U.S. Department of Commerce began reporting statistics on U.S. exports to Canada based on information on imports provided monthly by the Canadian government.

Notes: Average price is based on the free alongside ship (f.a.s.) value. Steam coal includes bituminous, subbituminous, lignite, and anthracite. Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report EM 545."

² Includes countries with exports less than or equal to 50,000 short tons in 2000.

³ The average prices presented in this table, with the exception of U.S. Total, are considered to be representative prices for coal exports and fall within the range of \$20 to \$60 per short ton, inclusively.

4 U.S. Total is the average price of all coal exports.

 $[\]boldsymbol{*}$ Data round to zero.

Table 104. Average Real Price of U.S. Steam Coal Exports by Destination, 1991, 1996-2000

(Real Dollars per Short Ton)

Continent and Country	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
of Destination							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
North America Total	\$27.00	\$26.45	\$25.93	\$27.70	\$29.41	\$33.75	2.1	-2.1	-2.4
Canada ¹	26.60	25.08	24.72	26.12	28.06	33.46	6.0	-1.3	-2.5
Mexico	41.77	41.16	37.29	37.92	36.21	44.13	1.5	3.6	6
Other ²	23.14	34.50	36.22	37.33	38.03	41.51	-32.9	-11.7	-6.3
South America Total	28.88	32.13	36.64	38.02	34.94	42.64	-10.1	-4.6	-4.2
Argentina	38.19	38.93	39.53	39.99	40.53	40.07	-1.9	-1.5	5
Brazil	32.25	37.22	39.54	41.29	40.57	48.65	-13.3	-5.6	-4.5
Chile	25.50	26.89	27.78	31.61	32.76	40.79	-5.2	-6.1	-5.1
Other ²	34.34	39.18	39.56	40.01	39.16	35.05	-12.3	-3.2	2
Europe Total	24.24	25.85	30.25	31.89	33.71	42.09	-6.2	-7.9	-5.9
Belgium & Luxembourg	23.32	36.71	34.80	35.63	36.69	41.33	-36.5	-10.7	-6.2
Bulgaria	25.52	50.71	J-1.00	55.05	50.55	41.55	50.5	-	-
Denmark	23.46	_	32.96	31.10	29.30	36.95	_	-5.4	-4.9
	23.40	_	32.90	35.49	35.23	45.51	_	-3.4	-4.9
Finland								-9.2	- 10
France	24.58	36.48	35.02	34.16	36.14	38.66	-32.6		-4.9
Germany, FR	24.70	26.93	29.75	34.35	31.92	38.96	-8.3	-6.2	-4.9
Iceland	-	-	-	-	57.93	56.61	-	_	-
Ireland	25.60	28.55	35.25	37.38	37.35	44.38	-10.3	-9.0	-5.9
Italy	25.74	44.26	36.49	38.53	41.20	46.50	-41.8	-11.1	-6.4
Netherlands	23.98	25.91	27.05	31.89	32.94	44.13	-7.4	-7.6	-6.5
Norway	33.18	_	54.90	_	_	35.80	_	_	8
Portugal	24.98	23.35	32.56	34.78	35.60	45.17	7.0	-8.5	-6.4
Romania	-	_	_	28.59	_	47.53	-	_	-
Spain	20.12	20.42	21.73	21.94	22.14	36.74	-1.5	-2.4	-6.5
Sweden	_	_	_	_	39.21	46.42	_	_	_
Turkey	32.57	38.93	39.51	41.20	41.28	51.71	-16.3	-5.8	-5.0
United Kingdom	24.00	26.87	27.75	29.40	28.82	44.72	-10.7	-4.5	-6.7
Yugoslavia, FR	24.57	_	_	_	_	28.16	_	_	-1.5
Other ²	38.40	38.17	33.85	33.92	33.96	45.48	.6	3.1	-1.9
Asia Total	28.90	30.15	33.12	34.25	35.84	43.45	-4.1	-5.2	-4.4
China (Taiwan)	30.98	32.55	33.39	34.03	35.33	45.88	-4.8	-3.2	-4.3
Israel	38.04	30.35	32.12	35.22	35.12	43.93	25.3	2.0	-1.6
Japan	29.61	30.63	32.83	34.28	36.31	39.67	-3.3	-5.0	-3.2
Korea, Republic of	23.02	23.81	34.33	34.32	35.32	44.56	-3.3	-10.1	-7.1
Other ²	36.60	37.73	42.18	32.90	38.26	43.06	-3.0	-1.1	-1.8
Oceania & Australia Total	37.99	_	36.10	39.99	40.71	_	_	-1.7	_
Other ²	37.99	-	36.10	39.99	40.71	-	-	-1.7	-
Africa Total	24.98	_	31.38	31.68	34.02	37.41	_	-7.4	-4.4
Egypt	36.28	_	38.64	39.93	40.78	45.50	_	-2.9	-2.5
Morocco	24.97	_	30.59	30.07	34.01	37.38	_	-7.4	-4.4
Other ²	-	-	37.64	38.50	-	45.50	-	-	_
Total ³	26.76	27.11	28.43	30.99	33.51	40.93	-1.3	-5.5	-4.6
U.S. Total ⁴	27.75	28.54	29.30	31.79	34.09	41.15	-2.8	-5.0	-4.3

¹ Based on the U.S. - Canada Free Trade Agreement, as of January 1990, the U.S. Department of Commerce began reporting statistics on U.S. exports to Canada based on information on imports provided monthly by the Canadian government.

Notes: Real prices are in 1996 dollars, calculated using implicit Gross Domestic Product price deflators. See Appendix D, Table D2. Average prices are based on the free alongside ship (f.a.s.) value. Steam coal includes bituminous, subbituminous, lignite, and anthracite.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report EM 545."

Includes countries with exports less than or equal to 50,000 short tons in 2000.

The average prices presented in this table, with the exception of U.S. Total, are considered to be representative prices for coal exports and fall within the range of \$20 to \$60 (nominal) per short ton, inclusively.

U.S. Total is the average price of all coal exports.

Coal Quality

Table 105. Estimate of Recoverable Reserves of Coal by Sulfur Range, State, and Mine Type

(Million Short Tons Remaining as of January 1, 1997)

State and Type of Mining			Sulfur (pounds of sulfur	Content r per million Btu	u)		Total
	< = 0.40	0.41 - 0.60	0.61 - 0.83	0.84 - 1.67	1.68 - 2.50	> 2.50	
Alabama	_	403	367	2,010	190	_	2,970
Surface	_	253	267	1,664	136	_	2,320
Underground	_	150	100	347	54	_	650
Alaska, Southern	251	94	_	-	_	-	2,544
Surface	383	41	-	_	_	_	424
Underground	2,067	53	_	_	_	_	2,120
Alaska, Northern	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Surface	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Underground	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Arizona	_	98	_	_	_	_	98
Surface	_	47	_	_	_	_	47
Underground	_	51	_	_	_	_	51
Arkansas ¹	_	8	163	44	6	7	228
Surface	_	2	73	24	1	1	101
Underground	_	7	90	20	5	6	127
Colorado ¹	3,646	2,298	3,681	324	95	_	10,045
Surface	264	116	3,325	41	14	_	3,759
Underground	3,382	2,183	357	283	81	_	6,286
Georgia	1	1	*	*	*	*	2
Surface	*	*	*	*	*	*	1
Underground	*	*	*	*	*	*	1
Idaho	*	1	1	1	_	_	2
Surface	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Underground	*	1	1	1	_	_	2
Illinois	46	188	407	1,540	1,588	34,437	38,206
Surface	-	-	3	203	339	9,561	10,106
Underground	46	188	404	1,337	1,249	24,876	28,099
Indiana	-10	308	183	667	1,116	2,014	4,287
Surface	_	60	26	101	141	290	618
Underground	_	248	157	566	975	1,724	3,669
Iowa		240	157	500	407	720	1,127
	_	_	_	_	320	720	320
Surface	_	_	_	_	320 87	720	807
Underground	_	_	_	_	226	457	683
Kansas	_	_	_	_			
Surface	_	_	_	_	226	457	683
Underground	160	2.011	1 200	1.712	922	-	- -
Kentucky, Eastern	169	2,011	1,388	1,713	833	636	6,750
Surface	138	1,637	1,130	1,394	678	518	5,495
Underground	32	374	258	318	155	118	1,255
Kentucky, Western	_	_	_	155	2,706	6,366	9,227
Surface	_	_	_	124	919	1,267	2,310
Underground	_	_	_	31	1,787	5,099	6,917
Louisiana	_	_	_	343	_	_	343
Surface	_	_	_	343	-	_	343
Underground	_				.	_	
Maryland	_	31	56	116	201	_	403
Surface	_	3	8	13	31	_	54
Underground	_	28	49	103	169	_	349
Michigan	_	_	8	23	16	11	59
Surface	_	_	1	2	1	*	3
Underground	_	_	8	21	16	11	55
Missouri	_	_	-	_	170	3,680	3,850
Surface	_	_	-	_	150	3,011	3,161
Underground	_	-	_	_	20	670	689
Montana	33,529	16,816	16,761	4,811	2,022	1,371	75,310
Surface	17,966	6,983	9,484	2,440	1,609	905	39,387
Underground	15,563	9,833	7,277	2,371	413	466	35,923
New Mexico ¹	60	2,429	1,601	3,048	_	_	7,138
Surface	36	1,045	1,096	2,099	_	_	4,276
Underground	25	1,384	505	949	_	_	2,863
North Carolina	_	_	*	2	2	1	5
Surface	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Underground	_	_	*	2	2	1	5
North Dakota	432	744	1,364	3,410	850	366	7,167
Surface	432	744	1,364	3,410	850	366	7,167
Underground	432	/ 11	1,504	J, + 10	-	500	7,107
Ohio	- 81	168	334	1,045	2,626	7,418	11,672
	20	96	167	413			
Surface					858	2,291	3,846
Underground	61	73	167	632	1,767	5,127	7,826

Table 105. Estimate of Recoverable Reserves of Coal by Sulfur Range, State, and **Mine Type (Continued)**

(Million Short Tons Remaining as of January 1, 1997)

State and Type of Mining			Sulfur (pounds of sulfur	Content per million Btu	n)		Total
	< = 0.40	0.41 - 0.60	0.61 - 0.83	0.84 - 1.67	1.68 - 2.50	> 2.50	
Oklahoma	_	219	123	178	113	180	813
Surface	_	65	25	33	33	80	237
Underground	_	154	98	144	80	100	576
Oregon	4	1	3	_	1	1	9
Surface	1	*	1	_	*	*	2
Underground	3	1	2	_	1	1	7
Pennsylvania, Anthracite	180	467	96	17	2	*	762
Surface	85	262	61	11	1	*	422
Underground	95	205	35	6	1	_	341
Pennsylvania, Bituminous	_	280	798	4,949	4.109	1,500	11,635
Surface	_	22	62	295	219	130	728
Underground	_	258	736	4.654	3,890	1,370	10,907
South Dakota	_	_	104	1	172	_	277
Surface	_	_	104	1	172	_	277
Underground	_	_	_	_		_	
Tennessee	_	105	61	221	97	_	484
Surface	_	38	23	92	40	_	193
Underground	_	67	38	129	58	_	291
Texas	_	_	584	5,623	3,375	373	9,954
Surface	_	_	584	5,623	3,375	372	9,954
Underground	_	_	_		-	-	-,,,,,,
Utah	372	666	544	850	221	296	2,949
Surface	8	32	19	85	35	34	212
Underground	363	634	525	765	186	262	2.737
Virginia ¹	184	598	382	126	-	202	1,290
Surface	42	190	156	44	_		432
Underground	143	408	227	82	_		858
Washington	63	92	92	473	_		720
Surface	-	<i>,,</i>	6	39	_		45
	63	92	86	434	_		675
Underground West Virginia	639	6,358	2,682	3,975	2,489	3,179	19,322
9	112	1,414	550	436	2, 469 177	106	2,794
Surface	528	4,945	2,131	3,539	2,312	3.073	16,528
Underground			,	,		- ,	
Wyoming	6,654	17,325	10,065	7,396	1,158 517	2,216	44,813
Surface	4,303	8,563 8,762	4,015	2,274		2,184	21,855
Underground	2,351	8,762	6,050	5,122	640	33	22,959
U.S. Total	48,512	51,708	41,847	43,060	24,788	65,229	275,143
Surface	23,790	21,612	22,549	21,203	10,842	21,575	121,570
Underground	24,722	30,096	19,298	21,857	13,946	43,654	153,573

¹ Data include minor amounts of anthracite (all occurring in heat content categories greater than 23.00 million short tons) as follows: Arkansas 52.2, Colorado 13.4, New Mexico 1.2, and Virginia 70.5, expressed in million short tons.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Source: Energy Information Administration, *U.S. Coal Reserves: A Review and Update* (DOE/EIA-0529(95)), August, 1996, and further updates.

^{*} Data round to zero.

Table 106. Average Quality of Coal Received at Electric Utilities by Census Division and State, 1991, 1996-2000

Census Division and State	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
and Quality $^{ m I}$							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
New England			·		•				
Btu		13,147	12,810	12,756	12,793	13,176	*	1	*
Sulfur		1.22	.87	.86	.85	1.17	3.6	10.5	0.9
Ash Connecticut	. 6.40	6.48	7.85	7.79	7.75	7.52	-1.2	-4.7	-1.8
Btu	. –	13,541	13,138	13,132	13,100	13,238	_	_	_
Sulfur		.61	.53	.54	.54	.55	_	_	_
Ash		4.85	6.80	7.20	7.14	6.07	_	_	_
Massachusetts									
Btu	. 13,137	13,160	12,617	12,571	12,633	13,141	*	1	*
Sulfur		.86	.72	.72	.71	1.22	10.4	7.5	-2.7
Ash	. 7.12	7.22	8.52	8.24	8.07	8.14	-1.3	-3.1	-1.5
New Hampshire	12.114	12 122	12 122	12.054	12.146	12.247	*	*	*
Btu		13,133 1.35	13,133 1.40	13,054 1.42	13,146 1.56	13,247 1.43	9	-3.8	7
SulfurAsh		6.31	6.71	6.88	7.02	6.43	9 9	-3.8 -2.9	7 3
Asii	. 0.23	0.31	0.71	0.00	7.02	0.43	9	-2.9	3
Middle Atlantic	12.502	12 520	12 150	10.405	12.460	10.455			*
Btu Sulfur		12,638 2.04	12,478 2.07	12,436 2.05	12,460 2.01	12,455 2.04	1 -2.3	1 3	3
Ash		10.81	11.84	12.03	11.80	12.28	-2.5 -8.6	3 -4.3	3 -2.4
New Jersey	. 9.00	10.01	11.04	12.03	11.60	12.26	-0.0	-4.5	-2.4
Btu	. 13,153	13,150	13,113	13,084	12,993	13,402	*	*	*
Sulfur		1.14	1.13	1.24	1.36	1.27	7	-4.5	-1.3
Ash		8.64	8.70	8.54	9.02	7.31	-1.9	-1.6	1.6
New York									
Btu	- , .	13,034	13,052	13,105	13,013	12,923	1	*	*
Sulfur		1.67	1.75	1.80	1.80	1.77	-32.8	-11.1	-4.9
Ash	. 7.11	7.52	7.79	7.63	7.91	8.88	-5.4	-2.6	-2.4
Pennsylvania Btu	. 12,670	12,552	12,323	12,279	12,321	12,302	1	1	*
Sulfur		2.15	2.19	2.13	2.09	2.14	5.2	1.9	.6
Ash		11.37	12.86	13.03	12.72	13.30	-7.6	-4.7	-2.6
East North Central									
Btu	. 10,641	10,562	10,589	10,588	10,611	10,971	1	*	*
Sulfur		1.28	1.33	1.35	1.36	1.82	-1.8	-1.8	-4.0
Ash		8.02	8.12	8.22	8.07	8.75	.3	*	9
Illinois									
Btu		9,560	9,700	9,781	9,878	10,721	1	*	-1
Sulfur		1.03	1.10	1.17	1.16	2.00	8.3	-1.2	-6.3
Ash	. 6.84	6.76	6.91	7.04	6.98	8.54	1.1	5	-2.4
Indiana Btu	. 10,604	10,620	10,517	10,461	10,357	10,570	*	1	*
Sulfur	,	1.58	1.63	1.61	1.59	1.98	-4.1	-1.2	-2.9
Ash		7.84	7.94	7.90	7.76	8.45	-2.6	4	-1.1
Michigan									
Btu	. 10,425	10,487	10,563	10,566	10,504	11,052	-1	*	-1
Sulfur		.62	.67	.67	.63	.70	-4.3	-1.6	-1.8
Ash	. 6.19	6.49	6.41	6.65	6.59	6.58	-4.6	-1.6	7
Ohio	11.022	11.010	11.012	11.001	12.056	11.045	,	*	*
Btu		11,918	11,913	11,891	12,056	11,945	-1 2 e		
Sulfur Ash		1.98 11.31	2.01 11.45	2.01 11.53	2.08 11.01	2.63 11.39	-2.8 1.7	-1.9 1.1	-3.4 .1
Wisconsin	. 11.49	11.51	11.43	11.55	11.01	11.59	1.7	1.1	.1
Btu	. 9,165	9,115	9,299	9,375	9,222	9,643	1	*	-1
Sulfur		.39	.46	.50	.46	.81	-10.7	-6.4	-8.9
Ash	. 5.26	5.42	5.55	5.74	5.74	6.20	-3.0	-2.2	-1.8
West North Central									
Btu	. 8,343	8,347	8,388	8,394	8,430	8,665	*	*	*
Sulfur	42	.45	.47	.51	.53	.92	-5.7	-5.6	-8.2
Ash	. 6.12	6.18	6.15	6.31	6.38	7.23	9	-1.0	-1.8
Iowa				0					
Btu		8,581	8,636	8,662	8,658	8,890	129	*	*
SulfurAsh		.40 5.54	.44 5.57	.45 5.53	.45 5.61	.67 5.99	-12.8 -3.8	-5.8 -1.3	-6.9 -1.3

Table 106. Average Quality of Coal Received at Electric Utilities by Census Division and State, 1991, 1996-2000 (Continued)

Census Division and State	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
and Quality ¹							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
Kansas									
Btu	8,672	8,628	8,696	8,766	8,827	8,998	1	*	*
Sulfur	.42	.43	.45	.48	.49	.59	-3.4	-4.2	-3.8
Ash	5.25	5.35	5.45	5.52	5.52	5.63	-1.9	-1.2	8
Minnesota Btu	8,929	8,883	8,883	8,895	8.914	8,802	1	*	*
Sulfur	.43	.44	.44	.45	.45	.48	5	9	-1.0
Ash	6.24	6.27	6.29	6.32	6.32	7.08	6	3	-1.4
Missouri									
Btu	8,913	8,948	8,938	8,994	9,063	10,298	*	*	-2
Sulfur Ash	.30 5.00	.34 5.04	.37 5.18	.47 5.32	.58 5.62	1.84 8.00	-10.9 8	-15.0 -2.9	-18.3 -5.1
Nebraska	3.00	3.04	3.16	3.32	3.02	8.00	0	-2.9	-5.1
Btu	8,632	8,498	8,584	8,595	8,599	8,542	2	*	*
Sulfur	.30	.30	.27	.32	.34	.35	1.0	-3.2	-1.8
Ash	4.92	5.06	4.77	4.79	5.11	4.97	-2.8	9	1
North Dakota						0 -			
Btu	6,528	6,547	6,566	6,559	6,597	6,606	* 4.5	*	* 1.6
Sulfur Ash	.72 9.49	.75 9.39	.76 9.10	.77 9.38	.72 9.32	.83 9.17	-4.5 1.1	.1 .4	-1.6 .4
South Dakota	2.42	9.39	9.10	9.36	9.32	9.17	1.1	.+	.4
Btu	8,464	8,630	8,728	8,687	9,034	6,025	-2	-2	4
Sulfur	.31	.60	.72	.63	.52	.87	-48.8	-12.2	-11.0
Ash	5.28	8.67	9.12	8.88	6.66	9.04	-39.1	-5.6	-5.8
Couth Atlantia									
South Atlantic Btu	12,259	12,344	12,296	12,311	12,285	12,425	-1	*	*
Sulfur	1.10	1.26	1.26	1.29	1.27	1.51	-12.1	-3.5	-3.4
Ash	9.75	9.83	9.92	10.05	9.75	9.94	8	*	2
Delaware									
Btu	12,995	12,935	12,962	13,062	13,020	13,053	*	*	*
Sulfur	1.01	.97	.98	.99	1.01	.96	4.2	*	.5
Ash Florida	8.75	9.26	8.93	8.65	8.72	8.66	-5.5	.1	.1
Btu	12,330	12,299	12,144	12,122	12,193	12,351	*	*	*
Sulfur	1.59	1.53	1.55	1.59	1.55	1.73	3.8	.5	9
Ash	8.18	8.06	8.01	8.40	7.96	8.42	1.6	.7	3
Georgia									
Btu	11,559	11,740	11,750	11,755	11,581	11,936	-2 5.1	*	*
Sulfur Ash	.76 9.06	.80 9.30	.85 9.40	.84 9.42	.83 8.84	1.63 10.00	-5.1 -2.5	-2.2 .6	-8.1 -1.1
Maryland	9.00	9.50	9.40	9.42	0.04	10.00	-2.3	.0	-1.1
Btu	12,945	12,943	12,914	12,913	12,879	12,796	*	*	*
Sulfur	1.18	1.12	1.17	1.14	1.11	1.34	5.3	1.5	-1.4
Ash	9.16	9.30	9.04	9.42	9.49	10.46	-1.4	8	-1.5
North Carolina									
Btu	12,448	12,450	12,398	12,368	12,422	12,506	* -2.9	*	*
SulfurAsh	.82 10.59	.85 10.39	.89 10.53	.90 10.50	.89 10.16	.94 9.96	-2.9 1.9	-2.0 1.1	-1.5 .7
South Carolina	10.57	10.57	10.55	10.50	10.10	7.70	1.7	1.1	.,
Btu	12,727	12,809	12,805	12,855	12,757	12,724	-1	*	*
Sulfur	1.08	1.16	1.20	1.20	1.21	1.19	-6.6	-2.8	-1.1
Ash	8.56	8.78	8.90	8.70	8.90	9.09	-2.5	9	7
Virginia	12.014	10.700	12 (02	10.554	10.507	12.760		*	*
Btu	12,814	12,702	12,603	12,554	12,597	12,768	24.5		2
Sulfur	.98 10.06	1.30 9.62	.97 9.96	1.01 11.58	.99 11.02	1.00 9.79	-24.5 4.5	1 -2.3	2 .3
West Virginia	10.00	7.02	7.70	11.50	11.02	7.17	1.5	2.3	.5
Btu	12,281	12,361	12,305	12,398	12,378	12,505	-1	*	*
Sulfur	1.42	1.84	1.86	1.95	1.93	1.92	-23.0	-7.4	-3.3
Ash	12.04	11.78	12.17	11.88	11.78	11.41	2.2	.5	.6
Fact South Control									
East South Central Btu	11,393	11,376	11,543	11,584	11,714	11,924	*	-1	-1
		1.60	1.71	1.83	1.86	2.01	-3.9	-4.6	-2.9
Sulfur	1.54	1.00	1.//						-2.9

Table 106. Average Quality of Coal Received at Electric Utilities by Census Division and State, 1991, 1996-2000 (Continued)

Census Division and State	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
and Quality ¹							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
Alabama									
Btu	10,952	10,963	11,519	11,584	11,794	12,107	*	-2	-1
Sulfur	.91	1.02	1.13	1.13	1.24	1.40	-11.2	-7.4	-4.6
Ash	8.51	9.32	10.45	10.49	10.71	11.77	-8.7	-5.6	-3.5
Kentucky									
Btu	11,604	11,582	11,579	11,571	11,536	11,552	*	*	*
Sulfur	2.29	2.27	2.37	2.50	2.47	2.53	1.0	-1.8	-1.1
Ash	12.25	12.35	12.66	12.46	12.15	11.80	8	.2	.4
Mississippi Btu	11.549	11.062	10,569	10,486	11.023	12,555	4	1	-1
Sulfur	.85	.74	.75	.68	.93	1.56	14.4	-2.3	-6.6
Ash	8.15	6.85	6.03	6.13	6.44	8.09	19.0	6.1	.1
Tennessee	0.10	0.02	0.05	0.10	0	0.05	17.0	0.1	••
Btu	11,629	11,635	11,733	11,855	12,062	12,169	*	-1	-1
Sulfur	1.53	1.58	1.69	1.90	1.87	2.04	-3.3	-4.9	-3.1
Ash	8.68	8.82	8.89	9.17	8.89	8.59	-1.6	6	.1
West South Central									
Btu	7,857	7,836	7,837	7,766	7,798	7,662	*	*	*
Sulfur	.56	.56	.60	.64	.60	.65	.2	-2.0	-1.6
Ash	9.20	9.16	9.12	9.35	9.19	10.42	.4	*	-1.4
Arkansas									
Btu	8,681	8,651	8,671	8,707	8,703	8,734	*	*	*
Sulfur	.27	.27	.29	.33	.33	.32	.8	-4.4	-1.8
Ash	4.64	4.75	4.90	5.12	5.20	5.14	-2.3	-2.8	-1.1
Louisiana	7,933	8,149	8,097	8,102	8,171	8,223	-3	-1	*
Btu Sulfur	.63	.58	.56	.64	.57	.49	-3 7.8	2.5	2.9
Ash	8.45	7.40	7.76	7.22	7.13	7.24	14.2	4.3	1.7
Oklahoma	0.43	7.40	7.70	7.22	7.13	7.24	14.2	4.5	1.7
Btu	8,728	8,620	8,651	8,641	8,600	8,792	1	*	*
Sulfur	.27	.31	.30	.30	.33	.44	-12.6	-5.0	-5.3
Ash	4.82	5.18	4.87	4.85	4.93	5.27	-7.1	6	-1.0
Texas									
Btu	7,548	7,506	7,509	7,423	7,440	7,225	1	*	*
Sulfur	.65	.65	.71	.75	.71	.75	.5	-2.1	-1.5
Ash	10.86	10.90	10.82	11.09	10.98	12.56	4	3	-1.6
Mountain									
Btu	9,936	9,755	9,708	9,723	9,741	9,777	2	*	*
Sulfur	.52	.55	.55	.56	.55	.53	-4.1	-1.1	2
Ash	10.91	11.14	11.24	11.40	11.37	10.90	-2.1	-1.0	*
Arizona	10.220	10.055	10.105	10.150	10.222	10.255	*	*	*
Btu	10,229	10,257	10,186	10,159	10,232	10,356			•
Sulfur	.56 12.06	.55 12.67	.55 12.70	.54 12.73	.55 12.41	.51	2.9 -4.8	.5 7	1.0 4
Ash Colorado	12.00	12.07	12.70	12.73	12.41	12.49	-4.8	7	4
Btu	9,797	9,749	9,834	9,872	9,858	9,888	*	*	*
Sulfur	.38	.38	.38	.38	.39	.37	-2.2	8	.1
Ash	6.75	6.67	6.73	6.92	6.94	6.76	1.2	7	*
Montana									
Btu	6,618	8,435	8,433	8,426	8,439	8,522	-22	-6	-3
Sulfur	.52	.73	.72	.72	.68	.65	-27.9	-6.3	-2.4
Ash	8.65	9.71	9.49	9.32	9.00	8.81	-11.0	-1.0	2
Nevada									
Btu	11,211	11,257	11,199	11,169	11,140	11,121	*	*	*
Sulfur	.47	.46	.47	.50	.49	.50	2.1	7	5
Ash	9.45	9.35	9.68	9.80	9.71	9.80	1.1	7	4
New Mexico	0.206	0.122	0.002	0.060	0.116	0.002	1	*	sk
Btu Sulfur	9,206 .80	9,132 .80	9,082 .80	9,069 .81	9,116 .80	9,092 .80	.3	*	1
Ash	22.40	22.86	22.80	22.71	22.78	22.26	-2.0	4	1 .1
Utah	22.40	22.60	22.00	22.11	22.10	22.20	-2.0	4	.1
Btu	11,678	11,620	11,310	11,330	11,513	11,469	*	*	*
Sulfur	.45	.46	.46	.48	.47	.46	-2.9	-1.0	1
Sullul									

Table 106. Average Quality of Coal Received at Electric Utilities by Census Division and State, 1991, 1996-2000 (Continued)

Census Division and State	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change	"	nual Percent ange
and Quality ¹							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
Wyoming									
Btu	8,803	8,784	8,794	8,787	8,716	8,756	*	*	*
Sulfur	.50	.51	.53	.54	.52	.51	-2.0	-1.3	-0.3
Ash	7.51	7.62	7.52	7.61	8.12	7.64	-1.4	-1.9	2
Pacific									
Btu	8,479	8,444	8,332	8,153	8,066	8,122	*	1	*
Sulfur	.55	.64	.52	.58	.64	.57	-15.0	-3.8	5
Ash	8.71	10.39	10.42	12.43	13.62	12.22	-16.2	-10.6	-3.7
Oregon									
Btu	8,636	8,961	8,685	8,757	8,782	8,429	-4	*	*
Sulfur	.38	.39	.32	.33	.26	.32	-3.0	9.6	2.0
Ash	6.10	6.41	5.19	5.41	4.79	4.60	-4.8	6.2	3.2
Washington									
Btu	8,310	8,224	8,215	8,043	7,936	8,014	1	1	*
Sulfur	.73	.75	.59	.62	.71	.66	-3.2	.7	1.0
Ash	11.49	12.08	12.14	13.71	15.24	14.88	-4.9	-6.8	-2.8
U.S. Total									
Btu	10,115	10,163	10,241	10,275	10,263	10,378	*	*	*
Sulfur	.93	1.01	1.06	1.11	1.10	1.30	-8.1	-4.2	-3.7
Ash	8.84	9.01	9.18	9.36	9.22	9.76	-1.9	-1.0	-1.1

¹ Quality units are: Btu (per pound); sulfur (percent by weight); and ash (percent by weight).

Source: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

^{*} Data round to zero.

Table 107. Average Quality of Coal Received at Manufacturing and Coke Plants by Census Division and State, 1996-2000

Census Division and State and Quality $^{\rm l}$	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	Percent Change 1999-2000
New England						
Btu		13,236	13,264	13,326	13,028	-1.2
Sulfur	.83	.80	.79	.85	1.03	3.6
Ash	7.04	6.03	7.55	7.33	7.35	16.7
Maine						
Btu	12,961	13,041	13,174	13,218	12,935	6
Sulfur	.86	.82	.80	.87	1.08	4.9
Ash	7.06	6.26	7.60	7.34	7.31	12.8
Massachusetts	10.505	10.750	10.575	10.746	10.50	
Btu	13,535	13,768	13,675	13,746	13,697	-1.7
Sulfur	.70	.75 5.41	.73	.76	.74 7.65	-5.8
Ash	6.95	5.41	7.35	7.29	7.05	28.6
Middle Atlantic	12.404	10 (11	12.700	12.505	12.700	
Btu	12,484	12,611	12,790	12,797	12,780	-1.0
Sulfur		1.21	1.19	1.19	1.20	-5.5
Ash	7.88	7.19	7.16	6.99	7.12	9.5
New Jersey	12,750	12 650	12 615	12,497	12,474	.7
Btu Sulfur	12,750	12,659 1.35	12,615 1.72	.64	1.36	-23.8
Ash		1.35	12.55	.04 11.56	10.98	-23.8 -10.5
New York ²	11.47	12.02	12.33	11.50	10.96	-10.5
Btu	13,147	12,318	13,183	13,262	13,168	6.7
Sulfur		1.32	1.18	1.36	1.41	-1.5
Ash	6.25	6.52	6.73	6.82	6.84	-4.2
Pennsylvania ²	0.23	0.32	0.73	0.62	0.04	-4.2
Btu	12,238	12,722	12,633	12,640	12.658	-3.8
Sulfur	,	1.18	1.19	1.16	1.16	-6.4
Ash		7.36	7.26	7.02	7.17	12.2
East North Central						
Btu	11,909	11,972	11,939	12,013	11,990	5
Sulfur	1.30	1.41	1.48	1.56	1.52	-7.5
Ash	7.16	7.27	7.59	7.55	7.34	-1.5
Illinois ²						
Btu	11,276	11,365	11,346	11,351	11,332	8
Sulfur	1.87	1.91	1.97	1.95	1.89	-2.0
Ash	7.63	7.67	7.67	7.45	7.41	5
Indiana ²						
Btu	11,933	11,997	11,941	11,867	11,826	5
Sulfur	1.04	1.15	1.28	1.35	1.32	-9.3
Ash	7.10	7.00	7.32	7.07	7.02	1.5
Michigan ²						
Btu	12,456	12,490	12,439	12,506	12,440	3
Sulfur	.87	.86	.99	1.04	.96	.6
Ash	6.72	6.57	7.47	7.67	6.80	2.2
Ohio ²	12 100	12.252	12.210	12 2 40	10.415	
Btu	12,408	12,363	12,310	12,348	12,415	.4
Sulfur		1.83	1.68	1.80	1.82	-16.5
Ash	7.22	7.76	8.17	8.52	8.27	-6.9
Wisconsin	11.040	11 027	11.076	10.452	12.220	
Btu	11,849	11,837	11,876	12,453	12,330	.1
SulfurAsh	1.59 6.81	1.51 7.95	1.37 7.40	1.68 7.45	2.05 7.72	5.7 -14.3
	0.01	1.55	7.40	7.43	7.72	14.5
West North Central	0.712	0.621	9.737	0.716	0.702	^
Btu		8,631	8,626	8,716	8,702	.9
Sulfur	.92	.94	.95	.87	.87	-2.1
Ash	6.51	6.34	6.34	6.44	6.40	2.7
Iowa Bru	10.400	10.140	10.202	10.261	10 272	2 5
Btu	,	10,140	10,292	10,261	10,373	3.5
SulfurAsh		.97	1.01 6.38	.95 6.25	1.04 6.40	25.1 5.2
	0.09	6.36	0.30	6.25	0.40	3.2
Kansas Btu	12,078	12,354	12,344	12,287	12,243	-2.2
Sulfur	12,078	3.74	3.11	3.12	3.07	-2.2 -50.8
Ash	11.39	8.83	9.61	10.75	10.36	-30.8 29.0
4 1011	11.37	0.03	7.01	10.73	10.50	∠ 7. U

Table 107. Average Quality of Coal Received at Manufacturing and Coke Plants by Census Division and State, 1996-2000 (Continued)

Census Division and State and Quality ¹	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	Percent Change 1999-2000
Minnesota	•	,	"	,		•
Btu	9,647	9,656	9,626	9,910	10,051	-0.1
Sulfur	.41	.50	.58	.46	.61	-16.7
Ash	5.14	5.15	5.47	5.24	5.08	1
Missouri ²	11.564	11.250	11 207	11 470	11.541	1.0
Btu Sulfur	11,564 2.02	11,359 2.23	11,287 2.25	11,470 2.23	11,541 2.02	1.8 -9.8
Ash	8.75	8.90	7.92	8.39	8.31	-9.8 -1.7
Nebraska	6.73	0.90	1.92	0.39	0.51	-1.7
Btu	10,254	9,962	10,375	10,201	10,622	2.9
Sulfur	.45	.50	.52	.32	.36	-10.3
Ash	7.26	6.43	6.46	8.12	8.92	13.0
North Dakota						
Btu	7,114	7,133	7,138	7,135	7,136	3
Sulfur	.72	.76	.78	.62	.61	-5.0
Ash	6.15	6.02	6.02	6.10	5.97	2.3
South Dakota				. =		
Btu	10,434	10,184	9,884	9,786	9,849	2.5
Sulfur	1.23	.92 7.24	.81 8.47	.81 7.38	.83 7.55	33.9 12.2
Ash	8.12	1.24	0.47	7.36	7.33	12.2
South Atlantic						
Btu	13,008	13,049	13,035	12,988	12,972	3
Sulfur	1.08	1.08	1.06	1.10	1.09	2
Ash	8.07	7.96	7.95	8.39	8.11	1.4
Delaware						
Btu	13,059	13,076	13,452	13,450	13,381	1
Sulfur	1.60	1.77	1.17	1.73	1.75	-9.8
Ash	8.00	7.56	6.94	7.01	7.01	5.8
Florida						
Btu	12,875	12,988	13,022	12,834	12,903	9
Sulfur	.88	.89	.86	.91	.87	-2.1
Ash	8.12	8.07	7.56	8.38	8.07	.7
Georgia Btu	12,821	12,925	12,828	12,756	12,873	8
Sulfur	1.06	1.04	.98	1.11	12,873	8 1.8
Ash	8.89	8.39	8.30	8.80	8.79	6.0
Maryland ²	0.07	0.57	0.50	0.00	0.77	0.0
Btu	12,536	12,650	12,656	12,653	12,411	9
Sulfur	1.84	1.84	1.79	1.96	1.92	1
Ash	14.36	13.75	13.98	14.06	14.19	4.5
North Carolina						
Btu	13,246	13,195	13,193	13,234	13,243	.4
Sulfur	1.00	.92	.93	.98	.93	8.6
Ash	7.15	7.48	7.56	7.53	7.10	-4.4
South Carolina	10.105	10.174	12.105	10.150	10.05	
Btu	13,135	13,174	13,106	13,179	13,076	3
Sulfur	1.04	1.02	1.03	1.00	1.02	1.2
Ash Virginia ²	7.64	7.87	7.87	8.24	8.09	-2.9
Btu	13,193	13,228	13,204	13,081	12,982	3
Sulfur	.98	1.01	1.02	1.05	1.04	-2.9
Ash	7.44	7.48	7.75	8.06	7.97	4
West Virginia ²	7	7.10	,,,,	0.00		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Btu	12,871	12,855	12,885	12,782	12,809	.1
Sulfur	1.14	1.17	1.14	1.18	1.14	-3.1
Ash	7.38	7.02	7.04	7.78	7.24	5.1
East South Central						
Btu	12,947	12,997	12,848	12,750	12,916	4
Sulfur	.93	.90	.99	1.02	1.06	3.5
AshAlabama ²	6.12	6.30	7.45	7.34	7.20	-2.8
	12.725	12.042	12 729	12.520	12 622	1.7
Btu Sulfur	12,725 .89	12,942 .95	12,738 .92	12,539 .98	12,632 .98	-1.7 -6.6
Ash	6.15	6.41	7.12	7.18	6.90	-0.0 -4.0
Kentucky ²	0.13	0.41	1.12	7.10	0.50	-4.0
Btu	13,204	13,120	12,735	12,831	13,072	.6
Sulfur	.58	.61	.97	1.01	1.05	-3.8
Ash	2.98	3.33	6.88	6.55	6.59	-10.6

Table 107. Average Quality of Coal Received at Manufacturing and Coke Plants by Census Division and State, 1996-2000 (Continued)

Census Division and State and Quality ¹	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	Percent Change 1999-2000
Mississippi		'				1
Btu	11,961	11,856	11,907	11,977	11,911	0.9
Sulfur	1.38	2.05	2.06	1.55	1.41	-32.6
Ash	7.09	7.86	9.33	9.60	9.73	-9.9
Tennessee ²						
Btu	13,044	13,052	13,013	12,910	13,103	1
Sulfur	1.22	.98	1.03	1.07	1.14	24.3
Ash	8.25	8.07	8.19	8.01	7.94	2.3
Vest South Central						
Btu	8,705	8,652	12,111	9,155	9,176	.6
Sulfur	1.02	1.25	1.16	1.07	1.06	-18.3
Ash	10.78	11.45	12.16	11.39	11.36	-5.8
Arkansas						
Btu	12,577	12,732	12,545	12,369	12,474	-1.2
Sulfur	1.51	2.09	2.03	1.98	2.03	-27.7
Ash	10.22	11.37	11.06	10.25	10.27	-10.1
Louisiana						
Btu	12,251	11,742	12,534	12,395	12,627	4.3
Sulfur	1.14	1.21	1.23	1.33	1.27	-5.4
Ash	9.67	9.45	10.47	10.25	10.23	2.4
Oklahoma						
Btu	9,941	9,890	9,970	9,974	9,835	.5
Sulfur	.69	2.32	1.02	.93	.89	-70.4
Ash	5.85	6.42	6.79	6.18	5.97	-8.9
Texas ²						
Btu	8,140	8,126	12,410	8,789	8,757	.2
Sulfur	1.03	1.01	1.12	1.02	1.01	2.0
Ash	11.62	12.29	13.08	12.15	12.37	-5.4
Mountain Btu	10,670	10,679	10,683	10,851	10,699	1
Sulfur	.69	.69	.73	.72	.67	1 8
Ash	6.80	7.46	7.44	7.09	7.79	o -8.9
Arizona	0.80	7.40	7.44	7.09	1.19	-6.9
Btu	11,080	10,978	10,850	12,250	10,603	.9
Sulfur	.60	.60	.59	.76	.53	-1.0
Ash	12.18	13.00	13.73	10.48	13.15	-6.4
Colorado	12.10	13.00	13.73	10.40	13.13	-0.4
Btu	10,853	11,241	11,219	11,293	11,308	-3.4
Sulfur	.71	.77	.79	.55	.54	-7.0
Ash	8.33	8.13	7.94	8.03	7.79	2.4
Idaho	0.55	0.13	7.54	8.03	1.19	2.4
Btu	11,030	10,525	9,860	10,131	10,148	4.8
Sulfur	.69	.79	.84	.72	.72	-12.2
Ash	6.60	7.00	5.31	6.46	6.40	-12.2 -5.7
Montana	0.00	7.00	3.31	0.40	0.40	-3.7
Btu	8,008	8,548	11,688	8,689	8,695	-6.3
Sulfur	.57	.53	.49	.44	.44	7.2
Ash	7.61	6.59	6.14	5.27	5.31	15.4
Nevada	7.01	0.59	0.14	3.21	5.51	13.4
_	11.640	11 555	11.405	11 576	11 522	.7
Btu Sulfur	11,640 .44	11,555 .45	11,495 .51	11,576 .50	11,533 .51	-1.9
Ash	8.51	8.76	8.90	8.76	8.80	-1.9 -2.8
New Mexico	0.51	0.70	0.90	8.70	0.00	-2.0
Btu	12,606	12,557	12,383	12,507	12,302	.4
Sulfur	.84	.93	.92	.74	.82	-9.7
Ash	8.09	9.08	10.45	10.36	11.67	-10.9
Utah ²	0.09	2.00	10.43	10.50	11.07	-10.9
	11,605	11,684	11,775	11,552	11,589	7
Sulfur						9.3
Sulfur	.67 5.78	.61 8.01	.74	.79 8 10	.82	
Ash	3.78	8.01	8.18	8.10	8.01	-27.9
Wyoming	10.059	10.006	10.159	10.110	10.265	4
Btu Sulfur	10,058	10,096	10,158	10,119	10,365	4 -2.9
	.76 5.02	.78	.76	.73	.70	
Ash	5.02	4.87	4.61	4.66	4.68	3.1

Table 107. Average Quality of Coal Received at Manufacturing and Coke Plants by Census Division and State, 1996-2000 (Continued)

Census Division and State and Quality $^{\mathrm{l}}$	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	Percent Change 1999-2000
Pacific						
Btu	11,750	11,673	11,564	11,513	11,677	0.7
Sulfur	.52	.56	.57	.57	.56	-5.7
Ash	8.67	8.84	9.14	8.96	9.15	-1.9
California						
Btu	11,895	11,871	11,814	11,759	11,899	.2
Sulfur	.52	.55	.57	.57	.55	-5.5
Ash	8.47	8.66	8.99	8.72	8.72	-2.2
Hawaii						
Btu	9,759	8,237	7,928	8,704	9,157	18.5
Sulfur	.54	.55	.49	.52	.53	-1.8
Ash	12.45	12.71	12.85	13.22	14.99	-2.0
Oregon						
Btu	11,810	11,655	11,001	10,989	11,159	1.3
Sulfur	.61	.59	.65	.65	.65	3.1
Ash	6.62	7.15	7.00	6.96	7.03	-7.4
Washington						
Btu	11,166	11,076	11,651	11,818	11,622	.8
Sulfur	.55	.68	.58	.58	.65	-19.5
Ash	9.85	9.70	8.10	8.70	10.00	1.5
J.S. Total						
Btu	11,218	11,245	11,583	11,407	11,405	2
Sulfur	1.08	1.13	1.15	1.17	1.17	-5.0
Ash	7.44	7.42	7.71	7.62	7.58	.2

Quality units are: Btu (per pound); sulfur (percent by weight); and ash (percent by weight). Includes sulfur and ash data for coke plants.

Notes: Btu data are for manufacturing plants only. The national average of coke plant data ranges from .51 to 1.70 for sulfur and 2.6 to 10.1 for ash.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3A, "Annual Coal Quality Report - Manufacturing Plants"; and Form EIA-5A, "Annual Coal Quality Report - Manufacturing Plants"; nual Coal Quality Report - Coke Plants."

Appendix A

Major Coal Producing States

Appendix A

Major Coal Producing States

Table A1. Alabama Coal Statistics, 1991, 1996-2000

Category	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991 ¹	Percent Change		Annual Change
							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
Supply (thousand short tons)									
Recoverable Reserves	368,274	436,207	373,714	374,421	451,760	470,434	-15.6	-5.0	-2.7
Productive Capacity ¹	22,283	22,290	27,891	29,081	32,159	NA	*	-8.8	NA
Production Total	19,324	19,504	23,013	24,468	24,637	27,269	9	-5.9	-3.8
Underground	15,895	14,799	17,316	18,505	18,217	17,070	7.4	-3.3	8
Surface	3,430	4,705	5,697	5,963	6,420	10,199	-27.1	-14.5	-11.4
Capacity Utilization ² Ratio of Recoverable	86.66	87.42	82.45	84.05	76.57	NA	9	3.1	NA
Reserves to Production	19.1	22.4	16.2	15.3	18.3	17.3	-14.8	1.0	1.1
Number of Employees/Miners	3,303	4,183	4,875	4,928	5,031	6,314	-21.0	-10.0	-6.9
Productivity Total ²	2.75	2.25	2.31	2.39	2.20	2.17	22.2	5.7	2.7
Underground	2.68	2.09	2.16	2.21	1.95	1.90	28.1	8.3	3.8
Surface	3.16	2.98	2.93	3.21	3.50	2.84	6.1	-2.5	1.2
Producer/Distributor Stocks	932	2,172	1,636	1.289	1,031		-57.1	-2.5	-
Imports ³	3,652	692	169	214	161	-	427.7	118.3	-
Distribution (thousand short tons)									
Distribution Total	20,293	19,297	23,046	23,921	24,636	NA	5.2	-4.7	NA
Domestic Distribution Total	15,486	15,990	18,245	18,108	19,772	NA	-3.1	-5.9	NA
Within State	14,414	14,024	17,831	17,489	18,503	NA	2.8	-6.0	NA
To Other States	1,072	1,966	414	619	1,269	NA	-45.5	-4.1	NA
Foreign Distribution Total	4,807	3,307	4,801	5,813	4,864	NA	45.3	3	NA
Metallurgical	4.721	3,307	4,743	5,699	4,523	NA	42.7	1.1	NA
Steam	86	_	59	114	341	NA	_	-29.1	NA
Overseas Total ⁴	4,807	3,307	4,801	5,813	4,864	NA	45.3	3	NA
Metallurgical	4,721	3,307	4,743	5,699	4,523	NA	42.7	1.1	NA
Steam	86	, <u> </u>	59	114	341	NA	-	-29.1	NA
Demand (thousand short tons)									
Consumption Total	39,797	38,100	36,328	36,607	37,052	29,349	4.4	1.8	3.4
Electric Utility	35,482	33,429	31,474	30,840	31,216	23,700	6.1	3.3	4.6
Other Industrial	2,243	2,340	2,442	2,738	2,545	2,468	-4.1	-3.1	-1.0
Coke	w	w	w	2,956	3,247	3,166	w	w	w
Residential/Commercial	w	w	w	73	44	17	w	w	w
Consumer Stocks Total	w	w	3,577	2,971	2,858	4,671	w	w	w
Electric Utility	w	w	3,195	2,609	2,526	4,247	w	w	w
All Other	281	358	381	362	332	424	-21.4	-4.0	-4.4
Coal Prices (nominal dollars per shor	,								
Mine Total	\$33.37	\$35.29	\$37.23	\$38.48	\$39.48	\$41.14	-5.4	-4.1	-2.3
Underground	33.97	35.58	37.69	39.54	40.75	40.19	-4.5	-4.4	-1.9
Surface Consumer	30.75	34.40	35.89	35.15	35.87	42.72	-10.6	-3.8	-3.6
Electric Utility	\$30.88	\$32.36	\$36.28	35.58	36.39	43.82	-4.6	-4.0	-3.8
Other Industrial	39.30	39.81	39.49	40.20	40.15	40.43	-1.3	5	3
Coke	w	w	w	50.04	49.37	48.35	w	w	w

¹ For 1991, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result

it is not releasable.

2 Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productive capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total productive capacity by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in producity (short tons per miner per hour) is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, and shop or yard work at mining operations.

3 Imports for 1996 through 2000 include imports to electric utilities, manufacturing plants and coke plants. Imports for 1991 include only imports to elec-

tric utilities.

⁴ Includes Mexico.

^{*} Data round to zero.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly''; Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report''; Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report''; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report''; and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table A2. Arizona Coal Statistics, 1991, 1996-2000

Category	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991 ¹	Percent Change	Average Percent	
							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
Supply (thousand short tons)									
Recoverable Reserves	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Productive Capacity ¹	w	w	w	w	w	NA	w	w	NA
Production Total	13,111	11,787	11,315	11,723	10,442	13,203	11.2	5.8	-0.1
Surface	13,111	11,787	11,315	11,723	10,442	13,203	11.2	5.8	1
Capacity Utilization ²	w	w	w	w	w	NA	w	w	NA
Ratio of Recoverable									
Reserves to Production	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Number of Employees/Miners	718	732	747	676	651	900	-1.9	2.5	-2.5
Productivity Total ²	7.15	6.61	6.53	6.79	6.30	6.64	8.1	3.2	.8
Surface	7.15	6.61	6.53	6.79	6.30	6.64	8.1	3.2	.8
Producer/Distributor Stocks	1.354	1,229	2.077	2,911	2,232	0.04	10.2	-11.8	.0
Troducer/Distributor Stocks	1,334	1,229	2,077	2,911	2,232		10.2	-11.0	
Distribution (thousand short tons)									
Distribution Total	12,986	12,623	12,169	11,044	10,970	NA	2.9	4.3	NA
Domestic Distribution Total	12,986	12,623	12,169	11,044	10,970	NA	2.9	4.3	NA
Within State	8,275	8,129	7,680	6,646	6,499	NA	1.8	6.2	NA
To Other States	4,711	4,494	4,489	4,398	4,470	NA	4.8	1.3	NA
Demand (thousand short tons)									
Consumption Total	21.129	19,711	19.014	18,205	16,792	16,805	7.2	5.9	2.6
Electric Utility	20,409	19.025	18,316	17,503	16,117	16,116	7.3	6.1	2.6
Other Industrial	720	685	698	702	675	W W	5.1	1.6	w
Residential/Commercial	*	*	*	*	*	w	-53.6	-38.7	w
Consumer Stocks Total	w	w	1,925	1.414	2.024	4,229	w	w	w
Electric Utility	w	w	1.855	1,386	1,992	4,177	w	w	w
All Other	44	w 49	70	28	32	4,177 W	-10.8	7.9	w
All Olici	77	49	70	28	32	W	-10.6	1.9	W
Coal Prices (nominal dollars per shor	t ton)								
Mine Total	W	w	\mathbf{w}	W	w	w	w	w	w
Surface	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Consumer									
Electric Utility	\$25.33	\$27.21	\$27.12	\$28.95	\$29.55	\$29.16	-6.9	-3.8	-1.5
Other Industrial	41.26	39.88	38.67	38.81	39.27	40.09	3.4	1.2	.3

¹ For 1991, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result it is not releasable.

² Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productivity (short tons per miner per hour) is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, and shop or yard work at mining operations.

^{*} Data round to zero

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

NA Not available.

Notes: Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly"; Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table A3. Colorado Coal Statistics, 1991, 1996-2000

Category	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991 ¹	Percent Change		Annual Change
							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
Supply (thousand short tons)									
Recoverable Reserves	584,439	616,548	540,199	567,538	641,615	617,752	-5.2	-2.3	-0.6
Productive Capacity ¹	41,546	41,098	36,658	35,466	29,330	NA	1.1	9.1	NA
Production Total	29,137	29,989	29,631	27,449	24,886	17,834	-2.8	4.0	5.6
Underground	19,982	20,478	19,705	17,820	15,581	9,601	-2.4	6.4	8.5
Surface	9,155	9,511	9,926	9,628	9,305	8,233	-3.7	4	1.2
Capacity Utilization ²	70.13	72.97	80.83	77.39	84.85	NA	-3.9	-4.6	NA
Ratio of Recoverable									
Reserves to Production	20.1	20.6	18.2	20.7	25.8	34.6	-2.4	-6.1	-5.9
Number of Employees/Miners	1,835	1,863	1,845	1,362	1,332	2,037	-1.5	8.3	-1.1
Productivity Total ²	7.64	7.93	7.89	7.68	7.32	5.05	-3.6	1.1	4.7
Underground	7.84	8.13	7.73	7.44	6.67	4.23	-3.6	4.1	7.1
Surface	7.26	7.53	8.22	8.17	8.76	6.51	-3.6	-4.6	1.2
Producer/Distributor Stocks	1,252	1,661	1,594	1,364	494	_	-24.6	26.2	_
Distribution (thousand short tons)									
Distribution Total	29,413	30,017	29,294	26,968	25,405	NA	-2.0	3.7	NA
Domestic Distribution Total	28,314	28,198	27,541	25,445	23,990	NA	.4	4.2	NA
Within State	13,462	12,294	11,993	12,307	10,704	NA	9.5	5.9	NA
To Other States	14,852	15,904	15,547	13,138	13,286	NA	-6.6	2.8	NA
Foreign Distribution Total	1,099	1,819	1,754	1,523	1,415	NA	-39.6	-6.1	NA
Metallurgical	_	_	_	_	30	NA	_	-100.0	NA
Steam	1,099	1,819	1,754	1,523	1,385	NA	-39.6	-5.6	NA
Overseas Total ³	1,099	1,819	1,754	1,523	1,415	NA	-39.6	-6.1	NA
Metallurgical	· –	· –		, <u> </u>	30	NA	_	_	NA
Steam	1,099	1,819	1,754	1,523	1,385	NA	-39.6	-5.6	NA
Demand (thousand short tons)									
Consumption Total	19,314	18,235	18,072	17,908	17,222	16,218	5.9	2.9	1.9
Electric Utility	18,807	17,704	17,663	17,116	16,841	15,416	6.2	2.8	2.2
Other Industrial	427	429	391	728	368	738	5	3.8	-5.9
Residential/Commercial	80	102	18	65	13	w	-21.8	56.5	w
Consumer Stocks Total	w	w	2,862	2,476	3,054	w	w	w	w
Electric Utility	w	w	2,840	2,458	3,027	3,466	w	w	w
All Other	15	19	23	18	27	w	-22.3	-14.2	w
Coal Prices (nominal dollars per sho	rt ton)								
Mine Total	\$17.27	\$17.23	\$17.30	\$18.46	\$17.94	\$22.18	.2	9	-2.7
Underground	16.19	16.30	16.38	18.50	17.73	24.09	7	-2.2	-4.3
Surface	19.71	19.27	16.99	18.40	18.28	19.96	2.3	1.9	1
Consumer									
Electric Utility	\$18.14	\$19.20	\$19.41	19.93	20.24	21.49	-5.5	-2.7	-1.9
Other Industrial	24.11	23.99	23.75	25.13	23.17	29.27	.5	1.0	-2.1

¹ For 1991, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result it is not releasable.

² Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productivity (short tons per miner per hour) is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, and shop or yard work at mining operations.

3 Includes Mexico.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

NA Not available.

Notes: Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly''; Form EIA-6A, 'Coal Distribution Report''; Form EIA-7A, 'Coal Production Report''; Form EIA-759, 'Monthly Power Plant Report''; and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, 'Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report.''

Table A4. Illinois Coal Statistics, 1991, 1996-2000

Category	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991 1	Percent Change		Annual Change
							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
Supply (thousand short tons)									
Recoverable Reserves	716,098	780,453	743,592	744,512	891,109	1,256,524	-8.2	-5.3	-6.0
Productive Capacity ¹	39,027	48,783	47,625	51,523	61,727	NA	-20.0	-10.8	NA
Production Total	33,444	40,417	39,732	41,159	46,656	60,258	-17.3	-8.0	-6.3
Underground	29,642	36,758	35,251	34,824	38,948	43,134	-19.3	-6.6	-4.1
Surface	3,802	3,659	4,482	6,334	7,707	17,124	3.9	-16.2	-15.4
Capacity Utilization ²	85.70	82.85	83.43	79.87	75.58	NA	3.4	3.2	NA
	21.4	10.2	10.7	10.1	10.1	20.0	10.0	2.0	2
Reserves to Production	21.4	19.3	18.7	18.1	19.1	20.8	10.9	2.9	.3
Number of Employees/Miners	3,454	4,323	4,297	4,612	5,174	9,102	-20.1	-9.6	-10.2
Productivity Total ²	4.32	4.19	4.17	4.20	4.18	3.18	3.2	.8	3.5
Underground	4.30	4.29	4.20	4.07	4.10	2.88	.2	1.2	4.5
Surface	4.47	3.36	3.98	5.11	4.67	4.30	33.2	-1.1	.4
Producer/Distributor Stocks	956	1,049	952	1,358	1,190	_	-8.9	-5.3	-
Imports ³	121	30	61	148	216	-	303.8	-13.5	_
Distribution (thousand short tons)									
Distribution Total	32,424	40,167	39,754	41,220	47,076	NA	-19.3	-8.9	NA
Domestic Distribution Total	32,424	40,102	39,447	40,447	45,190	NA	-19.1	-8.0	NA
Within State	10,722	17,592	16,652	18,085	16,052	NA	-39.0	-9.6	NA
To Other States	21,702	22,511	22,795	22,362	29,137	NA	-3.6	-7.1	NA
Foreign Distribution Total	_	65	307	773	1,886	NA	-100.0	-100.0	NA
Steam	_	65	307	773	1,886	NA	-100.0	-100.0	NA
Overseas Total ⁴	_	65	307	773	1,886	NA	-100.0	_	NA
Steam	-	65	307	773	1,886	NA	-100.0	-	NA
Demand (thousand short tons)									
Consumption Total	23,018	42,171	44,662	47,637	44,431	34,677	-45.4	-15.2	-4.4
Electric Utility	16,807	35,996	38,255	41,017	38,090	27,754	-53.3	-18.5	-5.4
Other Industrial	3,491	3,635	3,846	3,880	3,740	4,426	-3.9	-1.7	-2.6
Coke	w	w	w	w	w	2,240	w	w	w
Residential/Commercial	w	w	w	w	w	257	w	w	w
Consumer Stocks Total	w	w	w	w	w	7,693	w	w	w
Electric Utility	w	w	6,572	4,828	4,578	6,977	w	w	w
All Other	w	w	w	w	w	716	w	w	w
Coal Prices (nominal dollars per shor	rt ton)								
Mine Total	\$22.78	\$22.90	\$22.86	\$21.44	\$22.74	\$28.35	5	*	-2.4
Underground	22.65	22.84	22.96	22.22	23.12	29.05	8	5	-2.7
Surface	23.79	23.56	22.07	17.12	20.86	26.59	1.0	3.3	-1.2
Consumer	23.19	23.30	22.07	17.12	20.00	20.39	1.0	5.5	1.2
Electric Utility	\$22.31	\$27.47	\$30.22	30.41	32.14	36.76	-18.8	-8.7	-5.4
Other Industrial	28.44	29.62	29.46	29.76	29.69	30.76	-18.8 -3.9	-8.7 -1.1	-3.4 9
		29.62 W				48.79	-3.9 W		
Coke	W	W	w	w	W	40.79	W	w	w

¹ For 1991, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result it is not releasable.

2 Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productive

² Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productivity (short tons per miner per hour) is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, and shop or yard work at mining operations.

tion, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, and shop or yard work at mining operations.

3 Imports for 1996 through 2000 include imports to electric utilities, manufacturing plants and coke plants. Imports for 1991 include only imports to electric utilities.

⁴ Includes Mexico.

W Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

NA Not available.

Notes: Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly"; Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table A5. Indiana Coal Statistics, 1991, 1996-2000

Category	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991 ¹	Percent Change		Annual Change
							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
Supply (thousand short tons)									
Recoverable Reserves	317,520	290,640	313,382	393,357	386,063	419,790	9.2	-4.8	-3.0
Productive Capacity ¹	34,275	41,355	42,190	36,999	35,564	NA	-17.1	9	NA
Production Total	27,965	34,004	36,803	35,497	29,670	31,468	-17.8	-1.5	-1.3
Underground	3,688	3,553	3,445	3,530	2,963	2,832	3.8	5.6	3.0
Surface	24,277	30,451	33,359	31,967	26,707	28,636	-20.3	-2.3	-1.8
Capacity Utilization ²	81.59	82.22	87.19	95.94	83.42	NA	8	5	NA
Ratio of Recoverable									
Reserves to Production	11.3	8.5	8.5	11.1	13.0	13.3	32.8	-3.3	-1.8
Number of Employees/Miners	2.031	2,633	2,930	2,712	2,579	3,919	-22.9	-5.8	-7.0
Productivity Total ²	5.67	5.42	5.17	5.33	4.98	4.02	4.6	3.3	3.9
Underground	3.28	3.44	3.63	3.74	3.09	2.97	-4.8	1.5	1.1
Surface	6.38	5.81	5.41	5.59	5.34	4.17	9.7	4.5	4.8
Producer/Distributor Stocks	310	521	672	698	574		-40.5	-14.3	-1.0
Imports ³	701	193	976	474	735	-	262.5	-1.2	_
Distribution (thousand short tons)									
Distribution Total	28,285	34.215	36,774	34.810	29,674	NA	-17.3	-1.2	NA
Domestic Distribution Total	28,285	34,215	36,774	34,805	29,664	NA	-17.3	-1.2	NA
Within State	26,660	30,742	32,872	29,916	24,309	NA	-13.3	2.3	NA
To Other States	1,625	3,473	3,902	4,889	5,354	NA	-53.2	-25.8	NA
Foreign Distribution Total	-,	_	-	5	11	NA	_	-100.0	NA
Steam	_	_	_	5	11	NA	_	-100.0	NA
Overseas Total ⁴	_	_	_	5	11	NA	_	-	NA
Steam	-	-	-	5	11	NA	_	_	NA
Demand (thousand short tons)									
Consumption Total	70,583	66,157	66,300	66,051	64,021	60,790	6.7	2.5	1.7
Electric Utility	57,741	55,105	55,086	54,845	52,855	47,720	4.8	2.2	2.1
Other Industrial	4,296	4.145	4,399	5,096	4,987	4,404	3.6	-3.6	3
Coke	w	w	w	5,715	5,823	8.234	w	w	w
Residential/Commercial	w	w	w	395	356	433	w	w	w
Consumer Stocks Total	w	w	8,989	6,643	7,955	11,387	w	w	w
Electric Utility	w	w	8,198	5,822	7,103	9,953	w	w	w
All Other	619	811	791	821	853	1,434	-23.6	_7.7	-8.9
Coal Prices (nominal dollars per short	t ton)								
Mine Total	\$19.79	\$19.99	\$19.68	\$19.62	\$20.24	\$23.58	-1.0	5	-1.9
Underground	Ψ12.72 W	Ψ17.77 W	w	Ψ17.02 W	Ψ20.21 W	ψ23.36 W	w	w	W
Surface	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Consumer	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**
Electric Utility	\$22.91	\$23.58	\$23.63	\$24.35	\$24.67	\$28.41	-2.8	-1.8	-2.4
Other Industrial	30.44	30.33	30.21	29.75	31.76	33.01	-2.8	-1.0	-2. 4 9
Coke	30. 11	30.33 W	30.21 W	50.75	51.93	53.31	 w	-1.0 W	9 W

¹ For 1991, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result it is not releasable.

² Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productivity (short tons per miner per hour) is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, and shop or vard work at mining operations.

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3 Imports for 1996 through 2000 include imports to electric utilities, manufacturing plants and coke plants. Imports for 1991 include only imports to electric utilities.

⁴ Includes Mexico.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

NA Not available.

Notes: Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly"; Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table A6. Kentucky Coal Statistics, 1991, 1996-2000

Category	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991 ¹	Percent Change		Annual Change
							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
Supply (thousand short tons)									
Recoverable Reserves	948,081	1,119,287	1,179,662	1,330,702	1,255,351	1,632,076	-15.3	-6.8	-5.8
Productive Capacity ¹	164,401	182,633	187,582	195,453	189,225	NA	-10.0	-3.4	NA
Production Total	130,688	139,626	150,295	155,853	152,425	158,980	-6.4	-3.8	-2.1
Underground	80,177	86,150	92,832	96,302	94,306	97,332	-6.9	-4.0	-2.1
Surface	50,511	53,476	57,462	59,551	58,119	61,647	-5.5	-3.4	-2.2
Capacity Utilization ²	79.31	76.32	79.98	79.62	80.38	NA	3.9	3	NA
Ratio of Recoverable									
Reserves to Production	7.3	8.0	7.8	8.5	8.2	10.3	-9.5	-3.1	-3.8
Number of Employees/Miners	15,500	17,211	18,927	18,937	18,826	26,642	-9.9	-4.7	-5.8
Productivity Total ²	3.96	3.89	3.79	3.94	3.80	3.01	1.9	1.0	3.1
Underground	3.51	3.55	3.51	3.64	3.53	2.71	-1.1	2	2.9
Surface	4.99	4.60	4.37	4.57	4.35	3.66	8.5	3.4	3.5
Producer/Distributor Stocks	3,334	5,510	4,651	5,376	4,460	-	-39.5	-7.0	-
Distribution (thousand short tons)									
Distribution Total	133,756	138,632	153,102	152,746	152,891	NA	-3.5	-3.3	NA
Domestic Distribution Total	129,374	133,997	146,171	145,526	143,748	NA	-3.4	-2.6	NA
Within State	26,024	25,939	29,690	22,813	25,700	NA	.3	.3	NA
To Other States	103,350	108,057	116,481	122,713	118,047	NA	-4.4	-3.3	NA
Foreign Distribution Total	4,382	4,636	6,931	7,220	9,143	NA	-5.5	-16.8	NA
Metallurgical	4,382	3,907	5,042	4,762	5,303	NA	12.2	-4.7	NA
Steam	_	728	1,889	2,458	3,841	NA	-100.0	-100.0	NA
Canada Total	1,630	1,497	1,459	739	1,178	NA	8.9	8.5	NA
Metallurgical	1,630	1,459	1,459	739	1,178	NA	11.7	8.5	NA
Steam	-	38	_	_	-	NA	-100.0	_	NA
Overseas Total ³	2,752	3,138	5,472	6,481	7,966	NA	-12.3	-23.3	NA
Metallurgical	2,752	2,448	3,583	4,023	4,125	NA	12.4	-9.6	NA
Steam	-	691	1,889	2,458	3,841	NA	-100.0	-	NA
Demand (thousand short tons)									
Consumption Total	37,586	37,495	38,798	41,889	40,862	34,517	.2	-2.1	.9
Electric Utility	35,031	34,711	35,842	38,281	37,072	31,432	.9	-1.4	1.2
Other Industrial	1,095	1,108	1,392	1,912	2,321	2,044	-1.2	-17.1	-6.7
Coke	w	w	w	W	W	W	w	w	w
Residential/Commercial	w	w	w	W	W	W	w	w	w
Consumer Stocks Total	w	w	w	W	W	W	w	w	w
Electric Utility	w	W	4,668	4,475	4,119	5,881	w	w	w
All Other	W	W	W	W	w	W	W	W	W
Coal Prices (nominal dollars per shor									
Mine Total	\$23.80	\$23.50	\$23.82	\$23.72	\$23.91	\$25.45	1.3	1	7
Underground	24.31	23.82	24.23	24.73	24.66	25.92	2.1	4	7
Surface Consumer	22.97	22.97	23.16	22.08	22.68	24.70	_	3	8
Electric Utility	\$23.74	\$24.52	\$24.52	24.20	24.43	27.19	-3.2	7	-1.5
Other Industrial	41.69	42.72	43.66	44.71	44.02	46.54	-2.4	-1.3	-1.2
			.5.50	, 1	52	.0.51		1.5	

¹ For 1991, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result

² Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productivity (short tons per miner per hour) is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, and shop or yard work at mining operations.

3 Includes Mexico

Includes Mexico.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

NA Not available.

R Revised Data.

Notes: Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly''; Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table A7. Montana Coal Statistics, 1991, 1996-2000

Category	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991 ¹	Percent Change		Annual Change
							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
Supply (thousand short tons)									
Recoverable Reserves	1,103,587	1,146,570	1,191,240	1,167,892	1,308,793	1,392,795	-3.7	-4.2	-2.5
Productive Capacity ¹	54,682	54,882	55,882	56,140	56,175	NA	4	7	NA
Production Total	38,352	41,102	42,840	41,005	37,891	38,237	-6.7	.3	*
Underground	_	_	_	8	147	3	_	_	_
Surface	38,352	41,102	42,840	40,997	37,744	38,235	-6.7	.4	*
Capacity Utilization ²	70.14	74.89	76.66	73.03	67.45	NA	-6.3	1.0	NA
Ratio of Recoverable									
Reserves to Production	28.8	27.9	27.8	28.5	34.5	36.4	3.1	-4.5	-2.6
Number of Employees/Miners	867	927	925	708	705	794	-6.5	5.3	1.0
Productivity Total ²	22.85	22.84	22.96	23.56	21.88	18.99	*	1.1	2.1
Underground	22.03	22.04	22.70	25.50	3.50	10.55	_	-	2.1
Surface	22.85	22.84	22.96	23.56	22.34	18.99	*	.6	2.1
Producer/Distributor Stocks	439	603	745	682	580	10.99	-27.2	-6.7	2.1
Producer/Distributor Stocks	439	603	743	082	380	_	-21.2	-0.7	_
Distribution (thousand short tons)									
Distribution Total	38,343	41,332	42,674	40,942	38,288	NA	-7.2	*	NA
Domestic Distribution Total	37,735	40,649	41,860	40,363	37,770	NA	-7.2	*	NA
Within State	9,723	10,346	10,360	9,019	7,844	NA	-6.0	5.5	NA
To Other States	28,012	30,303	31,500	31,345	29,926	NA	-7.6	-1.6	NA
Foreign Distribution Total	608	682	814	579	518	NA	-10.9	4.1	NA
Steam	608	682	814	579	518	NA	-10.9	4.1	NA
Canada Total	608	682	814	438	316	NA	-10.9	17.8	NA
Steam	608	682	814	438	316	NA	-10.9	17.8	NA
Overseas Total ³	_	_	_	141	202	NA	_	_	NA
Steam	-	-	-	141	202	NA	-	-	NA
Demand (thousand short tons)									
Consumption Total	486	10.369	10.776	9,474	8.032	10,549	-95.3	-50.4	-29.0
Electric Utility	317	10,369	10,776	9,474	7,897	10,349	-95.5 -96.9	-55.2	-29.0 -32.0
Other Industrial	166	168	10,027	105	130	281	-1.3	6.2	-5.7
Residential/Commercial	3	3	143	83	4	45	-1.5 -2.6	-10.1	-3.7 -26.3
Consumer Stocks Total	W	W	w 225	W	w 500	W	W	W	W
Electric Utility	W	w	335	410	508	741	w	w	W
All Other	W	W	w	W	W	W	W	W	W
Coal Prices (nominal dollars per shor	rt ton)								
Mine Total	\$8.87	\$8.82	\$8.25	\$9.84	\$9.96	\$10.76	.6	-2.9	-2.1
Underground	_	-	_	_	9.68	_	_	_	_
Surface	\$8.87	\$8.82	\$8.25	9.84	9.97	10.76	.6	-2.9	-2.1
Consumer									
Electric Utility	\$12.12	\$12.26	\$11.36	11.52	11.90	11.44	-1.2	.4	.6
Other Industrial	w	W	W	w	w	w	w	w	w

¹ For 1991, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result it is not releasable.

Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productivity (short tons per miner per hour) is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, and shop or yard work at mining operations.
Includes Mexico

³ Includes Mexico.

^{*} Data round to zero.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

NA Not available.

Notes: Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly"; Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table A8. New Mexico Coal Statistics, 1991, 1996-2000

Category	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991 ¹	Percent Change		Annual Change
							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
Supply (thousand short tons)									
Recoverable Reserves	1,323,434	1,384,562	1,384,761	1,415,028	1,436,359	1,608,287	-4.4	-2.0	-2.1
Productive Capacity ¹	33,118	32,797	32,790	31,604	32,695	NA	1.0	.3	NA
Production Total	27,323	29,156	28,597	27,025	24,067	21,518	-6.3	3.2	2.7
Underground	4	106	203	_	· –	25	-96.4	_	-19.0
Surface	27,320	29,051	28,394	27,025	24,067	21,492	-5.9	3.2	2.7
Capacity Utilization ²	82.49	88.90	87.21	85.51	73.61	NA	-7.2	2.9	NA
Ratio of Recoverable									
Reserves to Production	48.4	47.5	48.4	52.4	59.7	74.7	2.0	-5.1	-4.7
Number of Employees/Miners	1,600	1,687	1,734	1,339	1,347	1,650	-5.1	4.4	3
Productivity Total ²	8.50	8.30	7.92	9.37	8.45	6.25	2.4	.2	3.5
Underground	_	2.10	4.01	_	_	.71	-100.0	_	_
Surface	8.50	8.39	7.98	9.37	8.45	6.31	1.3	.2	3.4
Producer/Distributor Stocks	2,326	2,528	1,916	1,023	1,890	-	-8.0	5.3	-
Distribution (thousand short tons)									
Distribution Total	27.136	28.450	28.026	27,377	25.043	NA	-4.6	2.0	NA
Domestic Distribution Total	27,136	28,450	28,026	27,352	25,035	NA	-4.6	2.0	NA
Within State	16,483	16,423	15,819	15,786	15,009	NA	.4	2.4	NA
To Other States	10,653	12,028	12,206	11,566	10,026	NA	-11.4	1.5	NA
Foreign Distribution Total	_	_	_	25	9	NA	_	-100.0	NA
Steam	_	_	_	25	9	NA	_	-100.0	NA
Overseas Total ³	_	_	_	25	9	NA	_	_	NA
Steam	-	-	-	25	9	NA	-	-	NA
Demand (thousand short tons)									
Consumption Total	16,585	16,303	15.963	15.887	15,297	12.858	1.7	2.0	2.9
Electric Utility	16,504	16,223	15,883	15,802	15,215	12,809	1.7	2.0	2.8
Other Industrial	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Residential/Commercial	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Consumer Stocks Total	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Electric Utility	w	w	 789	795	815	1,399	w	w	w
All Other	3	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Coal Prices (nominal dollars per shor	rt ton)								
Mine Total	\$20.87	\$20.97	\$20.68	\$21.83	\$24.66	\$23.25	5	-4.1	-1.2
Underground	\$20.87 W	\$20.97 W	\$8.10	\$21.83 W	\$24.00 W	\$23.23 W	5 W	-4.1 W	-1.2 W
Surface	w	w	20.38	w	w	w	w	W	w
Consumer	vv	W	20.30	w	w	w	vv	vv	w
Electric Utility	\$25.38	\$24.27	23.72	\$24.23	\$26.04	\$25.02	4.5	6	.1
Other Industrial	\$23.36 W	\$24.27 W	23.72 W	Ф24.23 W	\$20.04 W	\$23.02 W	4.3 W	–.0 W	w W

¹ For 1991, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result it is not releasable.

2 Capacity util

² Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productivity (short tons per miner per hour) is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production. tion, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, and shop or yard work at mining operations.

3 Includes Mexico.

Includes Mexico.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Not available.

Notes: Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly"; Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table A9. North Dakota Coal Statistics, 1991, 1996-2000

Category	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991 ¹	Percent Change	Average Percent	Annual Change
							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
Supply (thousand short tons)									
Recoverable Reserves	1,237,012	1,188,258	1,169,618	1,210,828	1,301,400	1,385,624	4.1	-1.3	-1.3
Productive Capacity ¹	32,961	32,610	32,484	32,568	32,184	NA	1.1	.6	NA
Production Total	31,270	31,135	29,912	29,580	29,861	29,530	.4	1.1	.6
Surface	31,270	31,135	29,912	29,580	29,861	29,530	.4	1.1	.6
Capacity Utilization ² Ratio of Recoverable	94.87	95.48	92.08	90.82	92.78	NA	6	.5	NA
Reserves to Production	39.6	38.2	39.1	40.9	43.6	46.9	3.6	-2.4	-1.9
Number of Employees/Miners	896	925	928	657	640	814	-3.1	8.8	1.1
Productivity Total ²	17.63	17.26	16.77	17.82	17.20	17.64	2.2	.6	*
Surface	17.63	17.26	16.77	17.82	17.20	17.64	2.2	.6	*
Producer/Distributor Stocks	2,710	2,561	2,364	1,965	1,574	-	5.8	14.5	-
Distribution (thousand short tons)									
Distribution Total	31,148	30,938	30,557	29,172	30,025	NA	.7	.9	NA
Domestic Distribution Total	31,148	30,938	30,557	29,172	30,025	NA	.7	.9	NA
Within State	31,147	30,938	30,557	29,172	30,025	NA	.7	.9	NA
To Other States	1	-	-	-	-	NA	-	-	NA
Demand (thousand short tons)									
Consumption Total	31,902	31,282	31,060	29,360	30,511	28,597	2.0	1.1	1.2
Electric Utility	25,048	24,538	24,278	22,754	23,640	22,174	2.1	1.4	1.4
Other Industrial	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Residential/Commercial	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Consumer Stocks Total	w	W	W	w	w	w	w	w	w
Electric Utility	w	W	1,580	1,755	1,642	1,999	w	w	w
All Other	W	W	W	w	w	w	w	w	W
Coal Prices (nominal dollars per sho	rt ton)								
Mine Total	\$8.35	\$8.01	\$8.01	\$8.06	\$8.01	\$7.84	4.3	1.0	.7
Surface	\$8.35	\$8.01	\$8.01	8.06	8.01	7.84	4.3	1.0	.7
Consumer									
Electric Utility	\$9.45	\$9.56	\$10.01	10.21	9.72	9.37	-1.2	7	.1
Other Industrial	W	W	W	W	W	w	w	w	w

For 1991, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result it is not releasable.
 Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productive

² Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productiv ity (short tons per miner per hour) is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, and shop or yard work at mining operations.

^{*} Data round to zero.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

NA Not available.

Notes: Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly"; Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table A10. Ohio Coal Statistics, 1991, 1996-2000

Category	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991 ¹	Percent Change		Annual Change
							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
Supply (thousand short tons)									
Recoverable Reserves	336,341	382,519	356,132	318,428	414,759	590,604	-12.1	-5.1	-6.1
Productive Capacity ¹	26,701	30,617	33,691	33,443	37,584	NA	-12.8	-8.2	NA
Production Total	22,269	22,480	28,048	29,154	28,572	30,569	9	-6.0	-3.4
Underground	11,933	11,431	14,604	16,949	15,912	12,237	4.4	-6.9	3
Surface	10,336	11,048	13,444	12,205	12,660	18,333	-6.4	-4.9	-6.2
Capacity Utilization ²	83.25	73.10	83.13	87.07	75.88	NA	13.9	2.3	NA
Ratio of Recoverable									
Reserves to Production	15.1	17.0	12.7	10.9	14.5	19.3	-11.2	1.0	-2.7
Number of Employees/Miners	2,688	3,069	3,415	3,124	3,232	5,293	-12.4	-4.5	-7.3
Productivity Total ²	3.55	3,009	3,413	4.02	3,232	2.67	11.3	-2.6	3.2
Underground	3.33 3.45	3.02	3.48	4.02	3.93 4.19	2.55	14.2	-2.6 -4.7	3.4
								-4.7 *	3.4
Surface	3.69	3.40	3.52	3.81	3.69	2.76	8.4		
Producer/Distributor Stocks	677	800	1,276	774	532	-	-15.4	6.2	_
Imports ³	7	_	-	1	1	-	-	46.3	_
Distribution (thousand short tons)									
Distribution Total	22,461	23,074	27,166	29,434	28,881	NA	-2.7	-6.1	NA
Domestic Distribution Total	22,350	23,068	26,503	29,024	28,609	NA	-3.1	-6.0	NA
Within State	19,717	20,521	23,091	24,521	24,478	NA	-3.9	-5.3	NA
To Other States	2,633	2,547	3,412	4,502	4,131	NA	3.4	-10.6	NA
Foreign Distribution Total	111	6	663	410	271	NA	NM	-20.1	NA
Steam	111	6	663	410	271	NA	NM	-20.1	NA
Canada Total	109	4	204	_	3	NA	NM	151.3	NA
Steam	109	4	204	_	3	NA	NM	151.3	NA
Overseas Total ⁴	2	2	459	410	269	NA	10.7	-70.7	NA
Steam	2	2	459	410	269	NA	10.7	-70.7	NA
Demand (thousand short tons)									
Consumption Total	59,348	57,500	60,356	58,821	59,835	58,578	3.2	2	.1
Electric Utility	54.464	52,123	54,455	52.893	53,543	49,577	4.5	2 .4	1.0
Other Industrial	2,859	3,371	3,684	3,751	3,794	4,813	-15.2	-6.8	-5.6
Coke	2,639 W	3,371 W	,	1.848	1.842	3,698	-13.2 W	-0.8 W	
			w	329	, -	- ,			W
Residential/Commercial	W	w	W		656	489	W	W	W
Consumer Stocks Total	W	W	6,175	6,324	5,428	10,618	w	w	W
Electric Utility	w	w	5,902	6,066	5,229	10,213	w	w	W
All Other	138	212	273	257	199	405	-34.8	-8.7	-11.3
Coal Prices (nominal dollars per short									
Mine Total	\$38.30	\$28.18	\$27.56	\$23.66	\$24.85	\$27.75	35.9	11.4	3.6
Underground	50.92	31.50	28.48	25.16	25.98	31.52	61.7	18.3	5.5
Surface	23.17	24.52	26.61	21.57	23.43	25.22	-5.5	3	9
Consumer									
Electric Utility	\$34.45	\$32.47	\$32.52	31.41	32.31	35.33	6.1	1.6	3
Other Industrial	36.45	34.44	33.52	34.05	35.28	34.85	5.8	.8	.5
Coke	w	w	w	46.89	44.98	46.15	w	w	w

¹ For 1991, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result

it is not releasable.

Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productive ity (short tons per miner per hour) is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, and shop or yard work at mining operations.

3 Imports for 1996 through 2000 include imports to electric utilities, manufacturing plants and coke plants. Imports for 1991 include only imports to elec-

tric utilities.

⁴ Includes Mexico.

^{*} Data round to zero.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

NM Not meaningful as value is greater than 500 percent.

NA Not available.

Notes: Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly''; Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table A11. Pennsylvania Coal Statistics, 1991, 1996-2000

Category	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991 ¹	Percent Change		Annual Change
							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
Supply (thousand short tons)									
Recoverable Reserves	506,483	657,416	774,883	905,320	796,035	985,784	-22.9	-10.7	-7.1
Productive Capacity ¹	90,934	93,770	94,581	87,527	81,684	NA	-3.0	2.7	NA
Production Total	74,619	76,399	81,036	76,198	67,942	65,381	-2.3	2.4	1.5
Underground	57,959	59,211	59,553	54,829	47,247	40,953	-2.1	5.2	3.9
Surface	16,659	17,188	21,483	21,369	20,694	24,429	-3.1	-5.3	-4.2
Capacity Utilization ² Ratio of Recoverable	81.69	81.06	85.28	86.46	82.53	NA	.8	3	NA
Reserves to Production	6.8	8.6	9.6	11.9	11.7	15.1	-21.1	-12.8	-8.5
Number of Employees/Miners	7,905	9,318	9,915	9,575	9,021	13,506	-15.2	-3.2	-5.8
Productivity Total ²	4.32	3.81	3.77	3.63	3.36	2.43	13.4	6.5	6.6
Underground	4.97	4.31	4.22	4.05	3.74	2.38	15.4	7.4	8.5
Surface	2.96	2.72	2.91	2.86	2.72	2.53	8.9	2.1	1.7
Producer/Distributor Stocks	1,527	2,134	2,682	2,507	3,113	_	-28.4	-16.3	_
Imports ³	_	_	_	72	80	-	-	-100.0	_
Distribution (thousand short tons)									
Distribution Total	74,901	75,669	80,525	73,725	69,128	NA	-1.0	2.0	NA
Domestic Distribution Total	67,079	68,703	72,616	65,027	59,882	NA	-2.4	2.9	NA
Within State	33,940	36,912	41,917	40,834	39,222	NA	-8.0	-3.5	NA
To Other States	33,139	31,791	30,700	24,193	20,660	NA	4.2	12.5	NA
Foreign Distribution Total	7,823	6,966	7,908	8,698	9,246	NA	12.3	-4.1	NA
Metallurgical	931	1,985	1,912	2,105	1,642	NA	-53.1	-13.2	NA
Steam	6,892	4,981	5,996	6,593	7,604	NA	38.3	-2.4	NA
Canada Total	2,874	2,552	2,286	2,612	1,050	NA	12.6	28.6	NA
Metallurgical	-	20	17		-	NA	-100.0	-	NA
Steam	2,874	2,533	2,269	2,612	1,050	NA	13.5	28.6	NA
Overseas Total ⁴	4,949	4,414	5,623	6,087	8,196	NA	12.1	-11.8	NA
Metallurgical	931	1,965	1,895	2,105	1,642	NA	-52.6	-13.2	NA
Steam	4,018	2,449	3,728	3,981	6,554	NA	64.1	-11.5	NA
Demand (thousand short tons)	25.077	45 410	54.504	50.672	57.006	54.021	42.0	10.0	0.0
Consumption Total	25,877	45,412	54,504	58,673	57,226 41.076	54,931 40,662	-43.0 -57.6	-18.0 -22.7	-8.0 -10.7
Electric Utility	14,663 3,498	34,557	42,971	42,603 4,492	4,466	4,049	-37.6 -2.5	-22.7 -5.9	-10.7 -1.6
Other Industrial	,	3,587	3,584	10,334	10,689	8,812			
Residential/Commercial	w w	w w	w w	1,244	995	1,408	w w	w w	w w
Consumer Stocks Total	w	w	9,057	8,658	8,857	15,546	w	w	w
Electric Utility	w	w	8.441	7,790	7.878	14,412	w	w	w
All Other	515	637	616	868	980	1.135	-19.2	-14.9	-8.4
		037	010	000	900	1,133	-19.2	-14.9	-0.4
Coal Prices (nominal dollars per short Mine Total	rt ton) \$23.84	\$24.14	\$25.79	\$25.98	\$25.78	\$29.40	-1.2	-1.9	-2.3
Underground	22.85	23.86	25.40	26.30	25.79	31.72	-4.2	-3.0	-2.5 -3.6
Surface	27.30	25.07	27.02	25.13	25.76	25.42	8.9	1.5	.8
Consumer									
Electric Utility	\$29.11	\$32.61	\$33.28	33.28	34.06	38.05	-10.7	-3.8	-2.9
Other Industrial	34.08	33.63	34.33	34.20	33.84	35.89	1.3	.2	6
Coke	W	W	W	46.20	45.16	46.86	W	W	W

¹ For 1991, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result it is not releasable.

2 Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productive

² Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productiv ity (short tons per miner per hour) is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, and shop or yard work at mining operations.

³ Imports for 1996 through 2000 include imports to electric utilities, manufacturing plants and coke plants. Imports for 1991 include only imports to electric utilities.

⁴ Includes Mexico.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

NA Not available.

Notes: Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly"; Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table A12. Texas Coal Statistics, 1991, 1996-2000

Category	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991 ¹	Percent Change		Annual Change
							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
Supply (thousand short tons)									
Recoverable Reserves	794,327	755,506	791,111	921,939	878,486	1,225,124	5.1	-2.5	-4.7
Productive Capacity ¹	51,779	54,705	54,475	54,614	59,604	NA	-5.3	-3.4	NA
Production Total	49,498	53,072	52,583	53,328	55,164	53,825	-6.7	-2.7	9
Surface	49,498	53,072	52,583	53,328	55,164	53,825	-6.7	-2.7	9
Capacity Utilization ² Ratio of Recoverable	95.59	97.02	96.53	97.64	92.55	NA	-1.5	.8	NA
Reserves to Production	16.0	14.2	15.0	17.3	15.9	22.8	12.7	.2	-3.8
Number of Employees/Miners	2,435	2,464	2,523	1,363	1,550	2.149	-1.2	11.9	1.4
Productivity Total ²	9.71	10.08	9.66	10.24	10.13	7.17	-3.6	-1.0	3.4
Surface	9.71	10.08	9.66	10.24	10.13	7.17	-3.6	-1.0	3.4
Producer/Distributor Stocks	2,132	1,187	1,319	1,506	1,254	-	79.5	14.2	_
Imports ³	7	69	170	99	16	-	-89.4	-17.3	_
Distribution (thousand short tons)									
Distribution Total	48,877	53,075	52,935	53,463	49,655	NA	-7.9	4	NA
Domestic Distribution Total	48,821	52,903	52,913	53,463	49,538	NA	-7.7	4	NA
Within State	48,733	52,855	52,769	53,463	49,538	NA	-7.8	4	NA
To Other States	87	48	144	_	-	NA	82.9	-	NA
Foreign Distribution Total	56	172	22	_	117	NA	-67.3	-16.7	NA
Steam	56	172	22	_	117	NA	-67.3	-16.7	NA
Canada Total	3	72	_	_	_	NA	-95.2	_	NA
Steam	3	72	_	_	_	NA	-95.2	_	NA
Overseas Total ⁴	53	100	22	_	117	NA	-47.2	-18.0	NA
Steam	53	100	22	-	117	NA	-47.2	-18.0	NA
Demand (thousand short tons)									
Consumption Total	101,579	102,152	99,098	101,304	98,998	92,064	6	.6	1.1
Electric Utility	97,077	97,740	94,661	96,537	94,189	87,856	7	.8	1.1
Other Industrial	4,490	4,403	4,422	4,766	4,808	4,198	2.0	-1.7	.8
Residential/Commercial	13	8	14	*	-	w	49.9	-	w
Consumer Stocks Total	w	w	8,007	6,540	10,477	w	w	w	w
Electric Utility	w	w	7,784	6,352	10,287	10,474	w	w	w
All Other	173	192	223	188	190	w	-10.2	-2.4	w
Coal Prices (nominal dollars per sho	,								
Mine Total	\$13.00	\$12.46	\$12.47	\$12.15	\$12.17	\$12.21	4.3	1.7	.7
Surface	\$13.00	\$12.46	\$12.47	12.15	12.17	12.21	4.3	1.7	.7
Consumer									
Electric Utility	\$18.53	\$18.01	\$18.61	18.69	19.26	21.66	2.9	-1.0	-1.7
Other Industrial	20.52	21.01	21.05	20.13	18.99	18.61	-2.3	1.9	1.1

¹ For 1991, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result it is not released by

it is not releasable.

2 Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productivity (short tons per miner per hour) is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, and shop or yard work at mining operations.

3 Imports for 1006 theorem 2000 include important to the resulting the control of the resulting production.

³ Imports for 1996 through 2000 include imports to electric utilities, manufacturing plants and coke plants. Imports for 1991 include only imports to electric utilities.

⁴ Includes Mexico.

^{*} Data round to zero.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

NA Not available.

Notes: Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly"; Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table A13. Utah Coal Statistics, 1991, 1996-2000

Category	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991 ¹	Percent Change		Annual Change
							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
Supply (thousand short tons)									
Recoverable Reserves	429,210	424,045	433,354	432,777	284,433	508,872	1.2	10.8	-1.9
Productive Capacity ¹	35,091	32,158	33,838	30,281	30,230	NA	9.1	3.8	NA
Production Total	26,656	26,373	26,075	26,683	27,507	21,945	1.1	8	2.2
Underground	26,656	26,373	26.075	26,683	27,507	21,945	1.1	8	2.2
Capacity Utilization ²	75.94	81.98	77.06	88.09	90.97	NA	-7.4	-4.4	NA
Ratio of Recoverable									
Reserves to Production	16.1	16.1	16.6	16.2	10.3	23.2	.1	11.7	-4.0
Number of Employees/Miners	1.645	1,837	2.072	1.922	1,804	2,277	-10.4	-2.3	-3.5
Productivity Total ²	7.68	6.84	6.16	6.34	7.23	4.80	12.2	-2.3 1.5	-3.3 5.4
Underground	7.68	7.15	6.22	6.34	7.23	4.80	7.3	1.5	5.4
			1.809		1,337	4.80	-38.9	1.5 5	5.4
Producer/Distributor Stocks	1,311	2,147	,	2,112					_
Imports ³	199	146	-	-	-	-	36.9	_	_
Distribution (thousand short tons)									
Distribution Total	27,956	25,715	26,765	26,272	23,868	NA	8.7	4.0	NA
Domestic Distribution Total	24,883	23,402	24,229	22,857	18,563	NA	6.3	7.6	NA
Within State	12,329	10,979	12,531	13,936	9,389	NA	12.3	7.0	NA
To Other States	12,553	12,423	11,699	8,922	9,174	NA	1.0	8.2	NA
Foreign Distribution Total	3,073	2,313	2,535	3,414	5,305	NA	32.9	-12.8	NA
Metallurgical	_	_	_	97	187	NA	_	-100.0	NA
Steam	3,073	2,313	2,535	3,317	5,118	NA	32.9	-12.0	NA
Overseas Total ⁴	3,073	2.313	2,535	3,414	5,305	NA	32.9	-12.8	NA
Metallurgical	· _	_	_	97	187	NA	_	_	NA
Steam	3,073	2,313	2,535	3,317	5,118	NA	32.9	-12.0	NA
Demand (thousand short tons)									
Consumption Total	16,897	16,190	17,052	16,105	15,237	14.834	4.4	2.6	1.4
Electric Utility	14,688	14,590	14,664	14,252	13,584	12,829	.7	2.0	1.5
Other Industrial	1.166	745	1,304	709	512	508	56.5	22.9	9.7
Coke	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Residential/Commercial	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Consumer Stocks Total	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Electric Utility	w	w	2.461	2.309	1.526	4.123	w	w	w
All Other	w	w	2,401 W	2,309 W	1,320 W	4,123 W	w	w	w
Coal Prices (nominal dollars per shor Mine Total	t ton) \$17.56	\$17.33	\$18.47	\$17.61	\$21.63	\$22.59	1.3	-5.1	-2.8
Underground	\$17.56 \$17.56	\$17.33 \$17.33	\$18.47 \$18.47	\$17.61 17.61	\$21.63 21.63	\$22.59 22.59	1.3	-5.1 -5.1	-2.8 -2.8
Consumer	\$17.30	\$17.55	\$10.47	17.01	21.03	22.39	1.3	-3.1	-2.8
	¢22.66	\$22.06	¢25.07	25.22	24.66	27.40	1.2	1.0	1.0
Electric Utility	\$23.66	\$23.96	\$25.97	25.22	24.66	27.40	-1.2	-1.0	-1.6
Other Industrial	25.11	21.53	19.05	19.28	19.10	26.43	16.6	7.1	6
Coke	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W

¹ For 1991, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result it is not releasable.

² Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productivity (short tons per miner per hour) is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, and shop or yard work at mining operations.

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3 Imports for 1996 through 2000 include imports to electric utilities, manufacturing plants and coke plants. Imports for 1991 include only imports to electric utilities.

⁴ Includes Mexico.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

NA Not available.

Notes: Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly"; Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table A14. Virginia Coal Statistics, 1991, 1996-2000

Category	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991 ¹	Percent Change		Annual Change
							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
Supply (thousand short tons)									
Recoverable Reserves	246,482	220,268	190,061	207,765	188,344	411,849	11.9	6.9	-5.5
Productive Capacity ¹	39,085	39,729	39,064	43,023	41,593	NA	-1.6	-1.5	NA
Production Total	32,834	32,294	33,747	35,837	35,590	41,954	1.7	-2.0	-2.7
Underground	23,181	22,562	25,212	26,929	25,568	34,138	2.7	-2.4	-4.2
Surface	9,654	9,732	8,535	8,907	10,022	7,816	8	9	2.4
Capacity Utilization ²	83.86	81.09	86.13	83.09	85.34	NA	3.4	4	NA
Ratio of Recoverable	03.00	01.07	00.15	03.07	05.54	1471	5.4	• •	1171
Reserves to Production	7.5	6.8	5.6	5.8	5.3	9.8	10.0	9.1	-2.9
Number of Employees/Miners	5,203	5,450	5,887	6,235	6,241	10,055	-4.5	-4.4	-7.0
					,	,			
Productivity Total ²	3.14	3.09	2.82	2.77	2.72	2.23	1.7	3.7	3.9
Underground	3.12	2.87	2.64	2.56	2.44	2.12	8.4	6.3	4.4
Surface	3.20	3.73	3.51	3.69	3.79	2.95	-14.3	-4.2	.9
Producer/Distributor Stocks	818	2,240	2,565	2,328	1,644	-	-63.5	-16.0	_
Distribution (thousand short tons)									
Distribution Total	34,190	31,634	33,539	35,577	36,208	NA	8.1	-1.4	NA
Domestic Distribution Total	24,785	22,865	20,728	22,736	22,776	NA	8.4	2.1	NA
Within State	8,739	8,355	7,602	6,854	7,231	NA	4.6	4.8	NA
To Other States	16,045	14,510	13,126	15,882	15,545	NA	10.6	.8	NA
Foreign Distribution Total	9,406	8,770	12,810	12,841	13,432	NA	7.3	-8.5	NA
Metallurgical	9,406	8,036	12,649	12,288	12,760	NA	17.0	-7.3	NA
Steam	_	734	162	553	671	NA	-100.0	-100.0	NA
Canada Total	280	734	719	508	387	NA	-61.9	-7.8	NA
Metallurgical	280	-	719	508	387	NA	-	-7.8	NA
Steam		734	_	_	_	NA	-100.0	-	NA
Overseas Total ³	9.126	8.036	12.091	12.333	13.044	NA	13.6	-8.5	NA
Metallurgical	9,126	8,036	11,929	11,780	12,373	NA NA	13.6	-7.3	NA NA
Steam	9,120	8,030	162	553	671	NA NA	13.0	-7.3	NA NA
Steam	_	_	102	333	0/1	INA	_	_	INA
Demand (thousand short tons)	16.051	15 002	15.057	15.050	14.002	12.000	7.2	2.1	2.2
Consumption Total	16,951	15,803	15,857	15,273	14,983	13,980	7.3	3.1	2.2
Electric Utility	13,524	12,427	12,300	11,605	10,994	8,568	8.8	5.3	5.2
Other Industrial	2,348	2,230	2,368	2,500	2,613	4,301	5.3	-2.6	-6.5
Coke	W	W	W	W	w	w	W	w	w
Residential/Commercial	W	W	W	W	W	w	W	w	W
Consumer Stocks Total	W	W	W	w	W	w	w	w	w
Electric Utility	w	w	1,370	1,152	1,010	1,685	w	w	w
All Other	W	w	w	W	w	W	W	W	w
Coal Prices (nominal dollars per shor	t ton)								
Mine Total	\$25.95	\$26.30	\$28.69	\$28.24	\$28.45	\$27.45	-1.3	-2.3	6
Underground	26.10	26.73	29.55	29.07	29.46	27.76	-2.4	-3.0	7
Surface	25.61	24.21	26.21	25.74	25.88	26.12	5.8	3	2
Consumer	25.01	21.21	20.21	23.74	25.50	20.12	5.0	.5	.2
Electric Utility	\$34.09	\$34.11	\$34.73	34.98	35.73	38.87	*	-1.2	-1.4
Other Industrial	41.91	42.93	43.60	43.85	43.51	40.53	-2.4	-1.2 9	-1. 4
Coke	41.91 W	42.93 W	43.00 W	45.65 W	43.31 W	40.33 W	-2.4 W	–.9 W	. 4 W
CORC	w	W	W	w	W	W	W	w	W

¹ For 1991, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result it is not releasable.

² Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productivity (short tons per miner per hour) is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, and shop or yard work at mining operations.

Includes Mexico

Includes Mexico.

^{*} Data round to zero.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

NA Not available.

Revised Data.

Notes: Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly''; Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table A15. West Virginia Coal Statistics, 1991, 1996-2000

Category	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991 ¹	Percent Change		Annual Change
			22.2				1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
Supply (thousand short tons)									
Recoverable Reserves	1,562,437	1,464,660	1,911,052	1,736,836	1,731,154	2,122,087	6.7	-2.5	-3.3
Productive Capacity ¹	205,618	195,128	203,816	203,006	217,409	NA	5.4	-1.4	NA
Production Total	158,257	157,978	171,145	173,743	170,433	167,352	.2	-1.8	6
Underground	98,439	103,727	117,191	116,523	115,585	119,821	-5.1	-3.9	-2.2
Surface	59.818	54,251	53,955	57,220	54,848	47,530	10.3	2.2	2.6
Capacity Utilization ²	76.90	80.89	83.91	85.50	78.32	NA	-4.9	4	NA
Ratio of Recoverable	70.70	00.07	03.71	05.50	70.32	1171	4.7		11/1
Reserves to Production	9.9	9.3	11.2	10.0	10.2	12.7	6.5	7	-2.7
Number of Employees/Miners	15,012	15,536	17,822	18,245	20,121	28,310	-3.4	-7.1 5.0	-6.8
Productivity Total ²	4.92	4.77	4.62	4.46	3.91	3.11	3.2	5.9	5.2
Underground	4.30	4.31	4.29	4.03	3.50	2.83	2	5.3	4.8
Surface	6.43	5.97	5.56	5.71	5.18	4.18	7.8	5.5	4.9
Producer/Distributor Stocks	4,684	6,697	6,008	5,504	4,947	_	-30.0	-1.3	_
Imports ³	_	5	-	-	-	-	-100.0	-	_
Distribution (thousand short tons)									
Distribution Total	161,452	157,730	172,612	172,236	169,200	NA	2.4	-1.2	NA
Domestic Distribution Total	138,240	134,882	135,082	133,777	127,156	NA	2.5	2.1	NA
Within State	22,664	23,813	28,451	29,141	29,220	NA	-4.8	-6.1	NA
To Other States	115,577	111,069	106,631	104,636	97,936	NA	4.1	4.2	NA
Foreign Distribution Total	23,212	22,848	37,531	38,459	42,044	NA	1.6	-13.8	NA
Metallurgical	18,565	20,120	32,224	30,327	31,717	NA	-7.7	-12.5	NA
Steam	4,647	2,728	5,307	8,132	10,327	NA	70.3	-18.1	NA
Canada Total	9,145	9,474	10,500	8,291	7,222	NA	-3.5	6.1	NA
Metallurgical	5,974	7,547	8,945	6,956	6,907	NA	-20.8	-3.6	NA
Steam	3,172	1.927	1,555	1,335	315	NA	64.6	78.1	NA
Overseas Total ⁴	14,066	13,374	27,031	30,168	34,822	NA	5.2	-20.3	NA
Metallurgical	12,592	12,574	23,279	23,370	24.810	NA	.1	-15.6	NA
Steam	1.475	800	3,752	6.798	10.012	NA	84.3	-38.0	NA
	-,		2,122	2,1.2.2	,				
Demand (thousand short tons)									
Consumption Total	39,000	39,418	38,949	37,160	36,140	31,843	-1.0	1.9	2.3
Electric Utility	35,651	36,092	35,132	34,487	32,775	27,557	-1.2	2.1	2.9
Other Industrial	1,564	1,600	1,913	1,690	1,630	2,310	-2.3	-1.0	-4.2
Coke	w	W	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Residential/Commercial	w	W	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Consumer Stocks Total	w	W	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Electric Utility	w	w	3,791	4,042	4,370	7,707	w	w	w
All Other	W	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Coal Prices (nominal dollars per short	rt ton)								
Mine Total	\$25.37	\$25.57	\$27.07	\$26.64	\$26.58	\$28.62	8	-1.2	-1.3
Underground	25.79	26.21	28.25	27.64	27.31	29.63	-1.6	-1.4	-1.5
Surface	24.67	22.39	24.50	24.60	25.04	26.08	10.2	4	6
Consumer	27.07	22.37	24.50	27.00	23.04	20.00	10.2	.7	.0
Electric Utility	\$29.57	\$29.22	\$30.06	30.68	30.93	37.93	1.2	-1.1	-2.7
Other Industrial	33.42	37.86	48.24	35.31	33.37	32.08	-11.7	-1.1	-2.7 .4
Coke		37.80 W	46.24 W	33.31 W	33.37 W	32.08 W	-11.7 W	w	.4 W
CUKC	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W

¹ For 1991, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result

it is not releasable.

2 Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productive capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productive capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total productive capacity by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. ity (short tons per miner per hour) is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in produc-

tion, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, and shop or yard work at mining operations.

3 Imports for 1996 through 2000 include imports to electric utilities, manufacturing plants and coke plants. Imports for 1991 include only imports to electric utilities.

4 Includes Mexico.

^{*} Data round to zero.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

NA Not available.

Notes: Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly''; Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table A16. Wyoming Coal Statistics, 1991, 1996-2000

Category	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991 ¹	Percent Change		Annual Change
							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
Supply (thousand short tons)									
Recoverable Reserves	6,864,050	7,093,750	7,220,356	6,464,670	6,591,293	6,336,075	-3.2	1.0	0.9
Productive Capacity ¹	396,172	407,977	379,380	366,680	350,908	NA	-2.9	3.1	NA
Production Total	338,900	337,119	314,409	281,881	278,440	193,854	.5	5.0	6.4
Underground	1,210	1,673	1,723	2,846	2,641	2,418	-27.7	-17.7	-7.4
Surface	337,691	335,446	312,686	279,035	275,799	191,437	.7	5.2	6.5
Capacity Utilization ² Ratio of Recoverable	85.54	82.63	82.87	76.87	79.35	NA	3.5	1.9	NA
Reserves to Production	20.3	21.0	23.0	22.9	23.7	32.7	-3.7	-3.8	-5.2
Number of Employees/Miners	4,369	4,412	4,447	2,777	2,814	3,301	-1.0	11.6	3.2
Productivity Total ²	38.29	37.29	35.98	34.55	32.06	21.87	2.7	4.5	6.4
Underground	11.61	10.29	9.14	10.13	9.18	4.17	12.8	6.0	12.1
Surface	38.60	37.78	36.57	35.42	32.84	23.11	2.2	4.1	5.9
Producer/Distributor Stocks	5,767	5,917	3,873	2,036	1,504	-	-2.5	39.9	_
Distribution (thousand short tons)									
Distribution Total	339,129	337,027	314,891	280,795	279,117	NA	.6	5.0	NA
Domestic Distribution Total	334,349	333,253	311,162	278,255	276,723	NA	.3	4.8	NA
Within State	21,931	28,519	27,719	26,756	26,253	NA	-23.1	-4.4	NA
To Other States	312,418	304,734	283,443	251,499	250,470	NA	2.5	5.7	NA
Foreign Distribution Total	4,780	3,774	3,729	2,541	2,395	NA	26.6	18.9	NA
Steam	4,780	3,774	3,729	2,541	2,395	NA	26.6	18.9	NA
Canada Total	2,852	2,951	1,931	818	443	NA	-3.4	59.3	NA
Steam	2,852	2,951	1,931	818	443	NA	-3.4	59.3	NA
Overseas Total ³	1,929	823	1,798	1,723	1,952	NA	134.4	3	NA
Steam	1,929	823	1,798	1,723	1,952	NA	134.4	3	NA
Demand (thousand short tons)									
Consumption Total	28,416	27,678	28,772	26,096	26,647	25,150	2.7	1.6	1.4
Electric Utility	26,366	25,638	26,674	23,997	24,430	23,115	2.8	1.9	1.5
Other Industrial	1,913	1,936	1,939	1,959	w	w	-1.2	w	w
Residential/Commercial	138	104	159	140	382	w	32.2	-22.5	w
Consumer Stocks Total	w	w	1,320	1,555	2,267	w	w	w	w
Electric Utility	w	w	1,243	1,498	2,197	2,767	w	w	w
All Other	52	69	77	57	71	w	-25.4	-7.6	w
Coal Prices (nominal dollars per sho									
Mine Total	\$5.50	\$5.38	\$5.41	\$6.00	\$6.41	\$8.09	2.4	-3.7	-4.2
Underground	w	W	w	w	w	w	w	w	W
Surface	w	W	w	W	w	w	w	w	w
Consumer									
Electric Utility	\$13.72	\$13.39	\$13.83	\$14.16	\$14.30	\$14.55	2.5	-1.0	6
Other Industrial	24.87	24.26	24.10	23.68	22.32	25.19	2.5	2.7	1

¹ For 1991, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result it is not releasable.

Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productive

ity (short tons per miner per hour) is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, and shop or yard work at mining operations.

3 Includes Mexico.

Includes Mexico.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

NA Not available.

Notes: Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly''; Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table A17. All Other States Coal Statistics, 1991, 1996-2000

Category	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991 ¹	Percent Change		Annual Change
							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
Supply (thousand short tons)									
Recoverable Reserves	639,016	583,316	361,383	416,535	427,163	577,615	9.5	10.6	1.1
Productive Capacity ¹	26,537	22,500	23,132	24,996	23,441	NA	17.9	3.1	NA
Production Total	19,963	17,996	18,353	19,349	19,674	22,807	10.9	.4	-1.5
Underground	4,893	4,968	4,618	4,909	5,227	5,717	-1.5	-1.6	-1.7
Surface	15,070	13,027	13,734	14,440	14,447	17,089	15.7	1.1	-1.4
Capacity Utilization ²	75.00	79.65	79.06	77.22	83.55	NA	-5.8	-2.7	NA
Ratio of Recoverable									
Reserves to Production	32.0	32.4	19.7	21.5	21.7	25.3	-1.2	10.2	2.6
Number of Employees/Miners	2,061	2,153	2,129	2,344	2,394	3,539	-4.3	-3.7	-5.8
Productivity Total ²	4.42	4.00	4.15	3.78	3.73	3.09	10.4	4.3	4.0
Underground	3.80	3.66	3.87	3.29	2.94	2.27	3.8	6.7	5.9
Surface	4.66	4.15	4.25	3.98	4.13	3.52	12.5	3.1	3.2
Producer/Distributor Stocks	467	518	389	539	292	_	-9.7	12.5	_
Imports ³	4,763	4,944	6,167	5,192	5,267	1,967	-3.7	-2.5	10.3
Distribution (thousand short tons)									
Distribution Total	19,193	18,108	18,592	19,191	19,828	NA	6.0	8	NA
Domestic Distribution Total	18,218	17,585	18,212	18,261	18,285	NA	3.6	1	NA
Within State	32	10	29	24	28	NA	234.7	3.4	NA
To Other States	18,186	17,576	18.184	18,236	18,257	NA	3.5	1	NA
Foreign Distribution Total	986	541	380	931	1,544	NA	82.3	-10.6	NA
Metallurgical	_	-	_	48	-	NA	-	-	NA
Steam	986	541	380	882	1,544	NA	82.3	-10.6	NA
Canada Total	22	4	_	*	*	NA	454.4	271.8	NA
Steam	22	4	_	*	*	NA	454.4	271.8	NA
Overseas Total ⁴	964	537	380	931	1,544	NA	79.5	-11.1	NA
Metallurgical	70-	-	560	48	1,544	NA	77.5	-	NA
Steam	964	537	380	882	1,544	NA	79.5	-11.1	NA
Demand (thousand short tons)									
Consumption Total	409,126	407,870	415,791	412,092	400,796	351,883	.3	.5	1.7
Electric Utility	376,758	374,024	382.587	376,543	365,146	314,762	.7	.8	2.0
Other Industrial	28,136	27,666	28,177	29,946	303,140 W	314,702 W	1.7	w	2.0 W
Coke	28,130 W	27,000 W	20,177 W	2,677	2,686	2.806	1.7 W	w	w
Residential/Commercial	w	w	w	2,925	2,497	2,360	w	w	w
Consumer Stocks Total	w	w	63,195	48,790	60,121	71,836	w	w	w
Electric Utility	w	w	59,476	45,078	55,817	67,654	w	w	w
All Other	3,163	3,786	3,719	3,712	4,304	4,182	-16.4	-7.4	-3.0
Coal Prices (nominal dollars per shor	t ton)								
Mine Total	\$5.50	\$24.51	\$24.09	\$23.50	\$24.06	\$25.57	7	-4.9	-4.9
Underground	\$5.50 \$5.50	\$24.31 \$24.30	\$24.09 \$25.19	\$23.30 24.26	25.78	26.50	7	-4.9 -1.5	-4.9 -1.0
Surface	\$5.50 \$5.50	\$24.59	\$23.70	23.24	23.76	25.26	-11.0	-1.3 -1.4	-1.0 -1.4
Consumer	φ3.30	φ24.37	φΔ3.70	23.24	43.44	43.40	-11.0	-1.4	-1.4
	\$25.31	\$25.58	\$26.38	27.39	27.46	32.31	-1.0	-2.0	-2.7
Electric Utility	\$25.31 36.93		\$26.38 37.96						
Other Industrial		37.11		38.47	38.22	39.70	5	8	8
Coke	W	W	W	49.16	51.21	56.62	w	w	w

¹ For 1991, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result it is not releasable.

it is not releasable.

2 Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productivity (short tons per miner per hour) is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, and shop or yard work at mining operations.

³ Imports for 1996 through 2000 include imports to electric utilities, manufacturing plants and coke plants. Imports for 1991 include only imports to electric utilities.

⁴ Includes Mexico.

^{*} Data round to zero.

W Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

NA Not available.

Notes: Other States include Alaska, Arkansas, California, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maryland, Missouri, Oklahoma, Tennessee, and Washington. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly"; Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table A18. Total U.S. Coal Statistics, 1991, 1996-2000

Category	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991 ¹	Percent Change	Average Percent	Annual Change
, ·							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
Supply (thousand short tons)									
Recoverable Reserves	18,339,009	18,919,666	19,322,240	19,164,398	19,427,980	21,998,540	-3.1	-1.4	-2.0
Productive Capacity ¹		1,345,632	1,337,679	1,325,604	1,324,712	NA	-2.8	3	NA
Production Total	1,073,612	1,100,431	1,117,535	1,089,932	1,063,856	995,984	-2.4	.2	.8
Underground	373,659	391,790	417,728	420,657	409,849	407,225	-4.6	-2.3	9
Surface	,	708,642	699,807	669,274	654,007	588,759	-1.2	1.7	1.9
Capacity Utilization ²	82.04	81.70	83.47	82.13	80.21	NA	.4	.6	NA
Ratio of Recoverable	02.01	01.70	03.17	02.13	00.21	1111	• •	.0	1111
Reserves to Production	17.1	17.2	17.3	17.6	18.3	22.1	6	-1.6	-2.8
Number of Employees/Miners	71.522	78,723	85.418	81,516	83,462	120,602	-9.1	-3.8	-5.6
Productivity Total ²		6.61	6.20	6.04	5.69	4.09	6.1	5.4	6.2
Underground		3.99	3.90	3.83	3.57	2.69	4.4	3.9	5.0
Surface	11.05	10.39	9.58	9.46	9.05	6.38	6.4	5.1	6.3
Imports ³		6,079	7,543	6,200	6,476	1,967	55.5	9.9	19.0
imports ³	9,431	0,079	7,343	6,200	0,470	1,907	33.3	9.9	19.0
Distribution (thousand short tons)									
Distribution Total	1,081,954	1,097,721	1,122,421	1,078,896	1,059,892	NA	-1.4	.5	NA
Domestic Distribution Total	1,021,612	1,041,823	1,042,236	995,664	967,693	NA	-1.9	1.4	NA
Within State	324,995	348,389	367,564	356,763	340,005	NA	-6.7	-1.1	NA
To Other States	696,617	693,434	674,672	638,901	627,688	NA	.5	2.6	NA
Foreign Distribution Total	60,342	55,898	80,185	83,232	92,199	NA	7.9	-10.1	NA
Metallurgical	38,005	37,355	56,569	55,326	56,162	NA	1.7	-9.3	NA
Steam	22,337	18,543	23,616	27,906	36,037	NA	20.5	-11.3	NA
Canada Total	17,523	17,971	17,913	13,405	10,599	NA	-2.5	13.4	NA
Metallurgical	7,884	9,026	11,140	8,203	8,472	NA	-12.6	-1.8	NA
Steam	9,639	8,945	6,772	5,202	2,127	NA	7.8	45.9	NA
Overseas Total ⁴	42,819	37,928	62,273	69,827	81,600	NA	12.9	-14.9	NA
Metallurgical	30,121	28,329	45,429	47,124	47,690	NA	6.3	-10.8	NA
Steam	12,698	9,598	16,844	22,704	33,910	NA	32.3	-21.8	NA
Demand (thousand short tons)									
Consumption Total	1.080.880	1.044.538	1.038.292	1.030.145	1.006,306	899,067	130.5	52.8	31.1
Electric Utility	859,335	894,120	910.867	900,361	874,681	772,268	-3.9	4	1.2
Other Industrial	/	64,738	67,439	71,515	71,689	75,405	.7	-2.3	-1.6
Coke	28,939	28,108	28.189	30,203	31,706	33.854	2.9	-2.3	-1.7
Residential/Commercial	4.112	4.879	4.856	6.463	6,006	6.094	-15.7	-2.3 -9.0	-4.3
Other Power Producers	123,285	52,693	26,941	21,603	22,224	11,446	133.9	53.5	30.2
Consumer Stocks Total	96,196	136,553	128,072	106,401	122,979	167,711	-29.5	-5.9	-6.0
Electric Utility	90,115	129,042	120,501	98,826	114,623	157,876	-30.2	-5.8	-6.0
All Other	6,081	7,511	7,571	7,576	8,355	9,835	-30.2 -19.0	-3.6 -7.6	-5.2
	,	.,	.,.,.	.,	-,	-,			
Coal Prices (nominal dollars per sho		\$16.62	\$17.67	¢10 14	¢10 50	¢21.40	0	2.4	2.7
Mine Total	\$16.78	\$16.63	\$17.67	\$18.14	\$18.50	\$21.49	.9	-2.4	-2.7
Underground	24.73	24.33	25.64	25.68	25.96	28.56	1.6	-1.2	-1.6
Surface Consumer	12.46	12.37	12.92	13.39	13.82	16.60	.7	-2.6	-3.1
Electric Utility	\$24.28	\$24.72	\$25.64	26.16	26.45	30.02	-1.8	-2.1	-2.3
Other Industrial	31.44	31.59	32.30	32.41	32.32	33.54	-1.6 5	-2.1 7	-2.3 7
	44.37	45.85	46.06	47.61	47.33	48.88	-3.2	/ -1.6	/ -1.1
Coke	44.37	45.65	40.00	47.01	47.33	40.08	-3.2	-1.0	-1.1

¹ For 1990, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result

it is not releasable.

2 Capacity utilization (percent) is the ratio of total production to annual productive capacity as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Productive capacity utilizate takes being a productive capacity as reported by all amployees pagaged in productive capacity. ity (short tons per miner per hour) is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, and shop or yard work at mining operations.

3 Imports for 1995 through 1999 include imports to electric utilities, manufacturing plants and coke plants. Imports for 1990 include only imports to elec-

tric utilities.

4 Includ

Includes Mexico.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

NA Not available.

R Revised Data.

Notes: Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly''; Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; and U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Appendix B

Metric Tables

In response to requests from international users of U.S. coal statistics, certain summary data have been converted from the customary short tons to metric. This enables U.S. statistics to be compared with data published by countries using the metric system. The

conversion to metric tons is made by multiplying short tons by 0.907185.

The data converted to metric tons are from Tables ES3, 1, 16, 25, 35, 48, 67, 68, 76, 80, 92, 94, 96, 98, and 99.

Table B1. Trends in U.S. Coal Production, Imports, Consumption, Exports, and Stocks, 1991, 1996-2000

(Million Metric Tons)

Activity	2000	1999	1999 1998		1996	1991	Percent Change	Average Annual Percent Change		
							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000	
Production	974	998	1,014	989	965	904	-2.4	0.2	0.8	
Imports	11	8	8	7	7	3	37.7	11.4	15.6	
Producer and Distributor Stocks ¹	29	36	33	31	26	_	-19.2	2.7	_	
Consumption	869	900	917	915	893	805	-3.4	7	.8	
Exports	53	53	71	76	82	99	*	-10.3	-6.7	
Consumer Stocks ¹	87	124	116	97	112	152	-29.5	-5.9	-6.0	

¹ Reported as of the last day of the quarter.

Sources: • Production: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report"; and State Mining Agency Coal Production Reports: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report IM 145." • Producer and Distributor Stocks: EIA, Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report." • Exports: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report EM 545."

^{*} Data round to zero.

Note: Consumption does not include coal consumed by other power producers.

[•] Consumption and Consumer Stocks: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form EIA-3, Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly"; and Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report."

Coal Production by State, 1991, 1996-2000 Table B2.

(Thousand Metric Tons)

Coal-Producing	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
State and Region							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
Alabama	17,531	17,694	20,877	22,197	22,351	24,738	-0.9	-5.9	-3.8
Alaska	1,489	1,420	1,220	1,315	1,343	1,303	4.8	2.6	1.5
Arizona	11,894	10,693	10,265	10,635	9,473	11,977	11.2	5.8	1
Arkansas	11	20	22	17	19	47	-47.3	-13.7	-15.3
California	_	_	_	_	_	51	_	_	_
Colorado	26,433	27,206	26,881	24,901	22,576	16,179	-2.8	4.0	5.6
Illinois	,	36,666	36,045	37,338	42,325	54,665	-17.3	-8.0	-6.3
Indiana	,	30,848	33,387	32,203	26,916	28,547	-17.8	-1.5	-1.3
Iowa			_	,		312	_	_	_
Kansas		371	309	326	211	377	-50.8	-3.5	-7.8
Kentucky Total		126,667	136,345	141,388	138,278	144,224	-6.4	-3.8	-2.1
Eastern	,	99,830	105,827	109,695	106,096	106,340	-4.7	-2.7	-1.2
Western	,	26,837	30,518	31,693	32,182	37,884	-12.8	-7.7	-5.2
Louisiana		2,679	2,918	3,216	2,922	2,858	25.3	3.5	1.8
Maryland	,	3,481	3,683	3,774	3,713	3,423	18.5	2.7	2.1
Mississippi	,	17	5,065	3,774	3,713	3,423	NM	2.7	2.1
Missouri		356	337	364	644	2,090	11.3	-11.4	-16.9
Montana		37,287	38,864	37,199	34,374	34,688	-6.7	-11.4	-10.9
New Mexico	,	26,450	25,943	24,517	21,834	19,520	-6.3	3.2	2.7
North Dakota		28,245	27,136	26,834	27,089	26,790	-0.3 .4	1.1	.6
Ohio	,	20,393		,	25,920	27,732	9	-6.0	-3.4
	-, -	,	25,445	26,449	,	,			
Oklahoma	, -	1,507	1,507	1,470	1,543	1,670	-4.4	-1.7	-1.6
Pennsylvania Total	,	69,308	73,515	69,126	61,636	59,313	-2.3	2.4	1.5
Anthracite	,	4,312	4,746	4,244	4,310	3,125	-3.8	9	3.2
Bituminous	,-	64,996	68,769	64,882	57,325	56,188	-2.2	2.6	1.4
Tennessee	,	2,755	2,446	2,994	3,312	3,892	-12.1	-7.5	-5.1
Texas	,	48,146	47,703	48,378	50,044	48,829	-6.7	-2.7	9
Utah	,	23,925	23,655	24,206	24,954	19,908	1.1	8	2.2
Virginia	,	29,297	30,615	32,511	32,286	38,060	1.7	-2.0	-2.7
Washington	,	3,721	4,208	4,078	4,142	4,666	4.1	-1.6	-2.0
West Virginia Total	,	143,316	155,260	157,617	154,614	151,819	.2	-1.8	6
Northern		35,188	40,477	38,829	41,649	47,314	-3.1	-4.9	-3.6
Southern		108,128	114,783	118,788	112,965	104,504	1.2	8	.5
Wyoming	307,445	305,830	285,227	255,718	252,597	175,862	.5	5.0	6.4
Appalachian Total ¹	380,491	386,073	417,668	424,361	409,928	415,317	-1.4	-1.8	-1.0
Interior Total ¹	130,209	147,445	152,746	155,005	156,805	177,280	-11.7	-4.5	-3.4
Western Total ¹	463,264	464,777	443,398	409,404	398,381	310,945	3	3.8	4.5
East of Miss. River	,	480,440	517,618	525,595	511,351	536,413	-4.2	-2.6	-1.7
West of Miss. River	513,552	517,855	496,194	463,175	453,763	367,129	8	3.1	3.8
U.S. Total	973,964	998,295	1,013,811	988,770	965,114	903,542	-2.4	.2	.8

 $[\]begin{array}{ll} 1 & \text{For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.} \\ * \, \text{Data round to zero.} \\ \hline \text{NM} & \text{Not meaningful as value is greater than 500 percent.} \\ \end{array}$

Notes: Coal production excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Totals may not equal

sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; State Mining Agency Coal Production Reports; and/or U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Table B3. Productive Capacity of Coal Mines by State, 1991, 1996-2000

(Thousand Metric Tons)

Coal-Producing State and Region	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991 ¹	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
State and Region							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
Alabama	20,215	20,221	25,302	26,382	29,174	NA	*	-8.8	NA
Alaska	w	w	w	w	w	NA	w	w	NA
Arizona	w	w	w	w	w	NA	w	w	NA
Arkansas	w	w	w	9	w	NA	w	w	NA
California	–	_	_	_	_	NA	_	_	NA
Colorado	37,690	37,284	33,256	32,174	26,608	NA	1.1	9.1	NA
Illinois	35,404	44,255	43,205	46,741	55,998	NA	-20.0	-10.8	NA
Indiana	31.094	37,517	38,274	33,565	32,263	NA	-17.1	9	NA
Iowa		_	_	_	_	NA	_	_	NA
Kansas		w	w	w	w	NA	w	w	NA
Kentucky Total		165,682	170,172	177,312	171,662	NA	-10.0	-3.4	NA
Eastern	,	129,149	132,585	138,510	132,169	NA	-6.2	-2.1	NA
Western		36,533	37,587	38,802	39,493	NA	-23.4	-8.3	NA
Louisiana		w	w	w	w	NA	w	w	NA
Maryland		3,832	3,856	4,430	4,477	NA	9.8	-1.5	NA
Mississippi	,	18		.,	_	NA	NM	-	NA
Missouri		520	807	626	949	NA	w	w	NA
Montana		49.788	50,695	50,930	50,961	NA	4	7	NA
New Mexico	. ,	29,753	29,747	28,670	29,660	NA	1.0	.3	NA
North Dakota		29,583	29,469	29,545	29,197	NA	1.1	.6	NA
Ohio	. ,	27,775	30,564	30,339	34,096	NA	-12.8	-8.2	NA
Oklahoma		2,341	1.797	2,223	1,797	NA	-5.2	5.4	NA
Pennsylvania Total	,	85,067	85,803	79,404	74,102	NA	-3.0	2.7	NA
Anthracite		6,008	6,194	4,993	4,993	NA	-2.3	4.1	NA NA
Bituminous		79,060	79,609	74,411	69,109	NA	-2.3 -3.1	2.6	NA NA
Tennessee		3,381	3,759	3,719	3,637	NA NA	-3.1 14.4	1.6	NA NA
Texas	. ,	49,627	49,419	49,545	54,072	NA NA	-5.3	-3.4	NA NA
Utah		29,174	30,697	27,470	27,424	NA NA	-3.3 9.1	3.8	NA NA
	. , ,	36,041	35,438	39.029	37,733	NA NA	-1.6	-1.5	NA NA
Virginia	,			,-	37,733 W	NA NA	-1.0 W	-1.5 W	NA NA
Washington		W 177 017	W 194 900	W 194 164			5.4		
West Virginia Total		177,017	184,899	184,164	197,230	NA		-1.4	NA
Northern		43,058	44,231	46,034	49,534	NA	-6.0	-4.9	NA
Southern	,	133,959	140,668	138,130	147,696	NA	9.0	3	NA
Wyoming	359,401	370,110	344,168	332,647	318,338	NA	-2.9	3.1	NA
Appalachian Total ²	478,156	482,482	502,204	505,978	512,618	NA	9	-1.7	NA
Interior Total ²	150,859	174,693	174,926	175,740	188,385	NA	-13.6	-5.4	NA
Western Total ²	557,093	563,561	536,392	520,850	500,757	NA	-1.1	2.7	NA
East of Miss. River	575,361	600,806	621,271	625,085	640,372	NA	-4.2	-2.6	NA
West of Miss. River	610,748	619,931	592,251	577,483	561,387	NA	-1.5	2.1	NA
U.S. Total	1,186,108	1,220,737	1,213,522	1,202,568	1,201,759	NA	-2.8	3	NA

¹ For 1991, the Form EIA-7A solicited data on "Annual Productive Capacity." However, that data was not verified with the respondents and as a result it is not releasable.

2 For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: Productive capacity is the maximum amount of coal that can be produced as reported by mining companies on Form EIA-7A. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report."

^{*} Data round to zero.

W Withheld to avoid

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.
 NM Not meaningful as value is greater than 500 percent.

NA Not available.

Table B4. Recoverable Coal Reserves at Producing Mines by State, 1991, 1996-2000 (Million Metric Tons)

Coal-Producing	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
State and Region							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
Alabama	334	396	339	340	410	427	-15.6	-5.0	-2.7
Alaska	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Arizona	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Arkansas	_	_	_	_	w	w	-	_	-
California	_	_	_	_	_	w	-	_	-
Colorado	530	559	490	515	582	560	-5.2	-2.3	6
Illinois	650	708	675	675	808	1,140	-8.2	-5.3	-6.0
Indiana	288	264	284	357	350	381	9.2	-4.8	-3.0
Iowa	_	_	_	_	_	w	_	_	_
Kansas	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Kentucky Total	860	1,015	1,070	1,207	1,139	1,481	-15.3	-6.8	-5.8
Eastern	607	648	689	875	742	983	-6.3	-4.9	-5.2
Western	253	368	381	332	396	497	-31.2	-10.6	-7.2
Louisiana	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Maryland	68	72	58	61	64	78	-5.6	1.4	-1.5
Mississippi	w	196	_	_	_	_	4	_	_
Missouri	w	2	3	1	2	w	w	w	w
Montana	1,001	1.040	1,081	1,059	1,187	1,264	-3.7	-4.2	-2.5
New Mexico	1,201	1,256	1,256	1,284	1,303	1,459	-4.4	-2.0	-2.1
North Dakota	1,122	1,078	1,061	1,098	1,181	1,257	4.1	-1.3	-1.3
Ohio	305	347	323	289	376	536	-12.1	-5.1	-6.1
Oklahoma	31	32	17	21	17	36	-2.3	16.1	-1.8
Pennsylvania Total	459	596	703	821	722	894	-22.9	-10.7	-7.1
Anthracite	29	69	80	109	81	69	-57.1	-22.4	-9.0
Bituminous	430	528	623	712	641	825	-18.5	-9.5	-7.0
Tennessee	34	13	24	51	54	51	167.7	-10.9	-4.4
Texas	721	685	718	836	797	1.111	5.1	-2.5	-4.7
Utah	389	385	393	393	258	462	1.2	10.8	-1.9
Virginia	224	200	172	188	171	374	11.9	6.9	-5.5
Washington	W	w	w	w	W	W	w	w	w
West Virginia Total	1,417	1,329	1,734	1,576	1,570	1,925	6.7	-2.5	-3.3
Northern	524	501	777	648	673	939	4.5	-6.1	-6.3
Southern	894	828	957	928	898	986	8.0	-0.1 1	-0.3 -1.1
Wyoming	6,227	6,435	6,550	5,865	5,980	5,748	-3.2	1.0	-1.1 .9
w youning	0,227	0,433	0,330	3,803	3,980	3,746	-3.2	1.0	.9
Appalachian Total ¹	3,448	3,600	4,042	4,202	4,110	5,268	-4.2	-4.3	-4.6
Interior Total ¹	2,259	2,377	2,203	2,351	2,501	3,370	-5.0	-2.5	-4.3
Western Total ¹	10,929	11,187	11,284	10,833	11,014	11,319	-2.3	2	4
East of Miss. River	4,835	5,136	5,383	5,566	5,665	7,286	-5.9	-3.9	-4.4
West of Miss. River	11,802	12,028	12,146	11,820	11,960	12,671	-1.9	3	8
U.S. Total	16,637	17,164	17,529	17,386	17,625	19,957	-3.1	-1.4	-2.0

For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C. Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; State Mining Agency Coal Production Reports; and/or U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Notes: Recoverable reserves represent the quantity of coal that can be recovered (i.e., mined) from existing coal reserves at reporting mines. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Table B5. U.S. Coal Imports by Continent and Country of Origin, 1991, 1996-2000 (Metric Tons)

Continent and Country		1000	1000	100-	100 5		Percent Change	Average Percent	
of Origin	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	1999- 2000	1996- 2000	1991- 2000
North America Total	1,750,962	954,639	1,059,919	1,099,428	1,583,086	848,646	83.4	2.5	8.4
Canada	1,744,910	887,977	1,058,137	1,099,108	1,576,456	848,646	96.5	2.6	8.3
Mexico	6,052	66,662	1,782	320	6,630	-	-90.9	-2.3	_
South America Total	8,777,441	6,027,258	5,407,158	4,201,364	4,234,575	2,192,038	45.6	20.0	16.7
Argentina		210	, , , <u> </u>	12	· · · -	, , , <u> </u>	_	_	_
Brazil	77	30	_	_	_	_	156.7	_	_
Colombia		4,130,785	3,155,356	2,827,805	2,745,687	1,706,814	67.7	26.0	16.8
Venezuela	1,849,542	1,896,233	2,251,802	1,373,547	1,488,888	485,224	-2.5	5.6	16.0
Europe Total	1,315	65,894	39,529	24,163	2,369	5	-98.0	-13.7	85.7
Belgium & Luxembourg		9,665	3,614	5,458	2,243	_	_	_	_
Czechoslovakia		_	_	_	, _	5	_	_	_
Germany, FR	–	_	_	18	_	_	_	_	_
Italy		1	33	_	_	_	_	_	_
Norway		_	_	18,491	_	_	_	_	_
Russia		857	_		_	_	28.3	_	_
Spain		_	33,051	_	90	_	_	_	_
Switzerland	–	_	, –	182	_	_	_	_	_
Turkey	–	_	_	_	36	_	-	_	-
United Kingdom	215	55,371	2,831	14		-	-99.6	-	-
Asia Total	669,504	1,051,436	1,284,831	1,324,946	1,392,520	6,254	-36.3	-16.7	68.1
China (Mainland)		18,361	2,329	1,820	· · · -	183	-2.9	_	66.3
Hong Kong		· –	9		1	_	_	_	_
India		523	_	_	_	_	-64.4	_	_
Indonesia	651,495	1,032,444	1,282,492	1,293,569	1,392,517	6,025	-36.9	-17.3	68.3
Japan			1	· · · -	2	1	_	_	_
Korea, Republic of	–	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Syria	–	107	_	_	_	_	-	_	-
Thailand	–	_	_	_	_	45	-	-	-
Vietnam	–	-	_	29,557	_	-	-	_	_
Oceania & Australia Total	152,040	146,480	122,560	141,988	149,498	28,219	3.8	.4	20.6
Australia	152,040	146,480	84,060	104,789	149,498	28,219	3.8	.4	20.6
New Zealand		´ -	38,500	37,199	· –		-	-	-
Total	11,351,263	8,245,707	7,913,997	6,791,889	7,362,048	3,075,162	37.7	11.4	15.6

Note: Coal imports include coal to Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands. Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report IM 145."

Table B6. Coal Mining Productivity by State, 1991, 1996-2000

(Metric Tons of Coal Produced per Employee/Miner per Hour)

Coal-Producing	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
State and Region							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
Alabama	2.50	2.04	2.09	2.17	2.00	1.97	22.2	5.7	2.7
Alaska	5.49	5.04	4.21	5.82	6.18	6.19	8.9	-2.9	-1.3
Arizona	6.49	6.00	5.92	6.16	5.72	6.03	8.1	3.2	.8
Arkansas	_	1.72	1.77	1.76	_	2.06	-100.0	_	_
California	_	_	_	_	_	10.26	_	_	_
Colorado	6.93	7.19	7.15	6.97	6.64	4.58	-3.6	1.1	4.7
Illinois	3.92	3.80	3.78	3.81	3.79	2.89	3.2	.8	3.5
Indiana	5.14	4.92	4.69	4.84	4.52	3.65	4.6	3.3	3.9
Iowa	_	_	_	_	_	1.17	_	_	_
Kansas	10.07	7.78	6.79	3.46	1.97	1.95	29.4	50.4	20.0
Kentucky Total	3.59	3.53	3.44	3.58	3.45	2.73	1.9	1.0	3.1
Eastern	3.50	3.39	3.36	3.48	3.34	2.63	3.2	1.2	3.2
Western	4.05	4.14	3.77	3.97	3.89	3.05	-2.3	1.0	3.2
Louisiana	9.35	7.70	8.00	9.93	9.86	11.40	21.3	-1.3	-2.2
Maryland	4.01	3.81	3.73	3.56	3.74	2.82	5.1	1.7	4.0
Mississippi	3.48	.17	3.73	5.50	3.74	2.02	NM	-	7.0
Missouri	3.78	2.62	2.46	2.89	3.16	2.44	44.2	4.6	5.0
Montana	20.73	20.72	20.83	21.37	19.85	17.23	**	1.1	2.1
New Mexico	7.71	7.53	7.18	8.50	7.66	5.67	2.4	.2	3.5
North Dakota	15.99	15.65	15.22	16.17	15.61	16.00	2.4	.6	*
									3.2
Ohio	3.22	2.90	3.17	3.65	3.59	2.43	11.3	-2.6	
Oklahoma	3.17	2.86	2.99	2.28	2.37	2.08	10.6	7.5	4.8
Pennsylvania Total	3.92	3.46	3.42	3.29	3.05	2.21	13.4	6.5	6.6
Anthracite	1.78	1.59	1.85	1.60	1.74	1.26	12.0	.6	3.9
Bituminous	4.24	3.74	3.63	3.53	3.23	2.29	13.5	7.1	7.1
Tennessee	2.58	2.49	2.46	2.15	1.99	1.71	3.7	6.7	4.7
Texas	8.81	9.14	8.76	9.29	9.19	6.50	-3.6	-1.0	3.4
Utah	6.97	6.21	5.59	5.75	6.56	4.35	12.2	1.5	5.4
Virginia	2.85	2.80	2.56	2.51	2.46	2.02	1.7	3.7	3.9
Washington	3.49	3.58	3.84	3.26	3.60	3.60	-2.6	8	3
West Virginia Total	4.46	4.32	4.20	4.05	3.55	2.82	3.2	5.9	5.2
Northern	4.33	4.20	4.23	4.06	3.68	2.57	3.0	4.1	5.9
Southern	4.50	4.36	4.18	4.04	3.50	2.95	3.2	6.5	4.8
Wyoming	34.73	33.83	32.64	31.34	29.08	19.84	2.7	4.5	6.4
Appalachian Total ¹	3.72	3.48	3.42	3.41	3.16	2.48	6.7	4.1	4.6
Interior Total ¹	5.27	5.11	4.89	5.02	4.89	3.61	3.0	1.9	4.3
Western Total ¹	17.81	17.28	16.36	16.10	15.79	11.27	3.0	3.0	5.2
East of Miss. River	3.80	3.60	3.53	3.53	3.30	2.60	5.5	3.6	4.3
West of Miss. River	16.03	15.59	14.76	14.55	14.21	9.79	2.8	3.0	5.6
U.S. Total	6.37	6.00	5.63	5.48	5.16	3.71	6.1	5.4	6.2

For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: Productivity is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all employees engaged in production, preparation, processing, development, maintenance, repair, shop or yard work at mining operations, including office workers for 1998 forward. For 1997 and prior years, includes mining operations management and all technical and engineering personnel, excluding office workers. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; State Mining Agency Coal Production Reports; and/or U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

^{*} Data round to zero.

NM Not meaningful as value is greater than 500 percent.

Table B7. Coal Consumption by Census Division and State, 1991, 1996-2000 (Thousand Metric Tons)

Census Division and State	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change	_	Annual Change
							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
New England	2,196	1,786	4,899	7,228	6,372	6,361	22.9	-23.4	-11.1
Connecticut	4	5	541	966	845	777	-23.3	-74.6	-45.1
Maine	202	108	128	176	212	339	86.2	-1.2	-5.6
Massachusetts	466	451	2,893	4,437	4,062	4,038	3.3	-41.8	-21.3
New Hampshire	1,521	1,219	1,333	1,547	1,249	1,193	24.7	5.0	2.7
Rhode Island	2	1	2	3	3	4	51.3	-7.2	-5.8
Vermont	1	2	2	99	2	11	-21.6	-4.0	-21.0
Middle Atlantic	29,607	50,207	62,877	66,519	64,378	64,042	-41.0	-17.6	-8.2
New Jersey	2,068	2,355	2,152	2,601	2,179	2,110	-12.2	-1.3	2
New York	4,063	6,654	11,280	10,691	10,284	12,100	-38.9	-20.7	-11.4
Pennsylvania	23,475	41,197	49,445	53,228	51,915	49,832	-43.0	-18.0	-8.0
East North Central	195,184	208,073	212,336	212,175	207,776	189,223	-6.2	-1.5	.3
Illinois	20,882	38,257	40,517	43,216	40,307	31,459	-45.4	-15.2	-4.4
Indiana	64,032	60,016	60,146	59,921	58,079	55,148	6.7	2.5	1.7
Michigan	32,929	34,721	34,495	32,556	33,319	30,734	-5.2	3	.8
Ohio	53,840	52,163	54,754	53,362	54,281	53,141	3.2	2	.1
Wisconsin	23,502	22,916	22,424	23,121	21,790	18,741	2.5	1.9	2.5
West North Central	136,848	131,616	131,226	125,467	124,358	105,875	4.0	2.4	2.9
Iowa	22,082	21,282	20,995	19,660	19,205	17,001	3.8	3.5	2.9
Kansas	18,910	17,240	16,090	16,033	17,313	13,500	9.7	2.2	3.8
Minnesota	18,811	17,314	18,106	17,315	17,874	15,416	8.6	1.3	2.2
Missouri	34,746	34,452	34,971	33,439	31,191	23,381	.8	2.7	4.5
Nebraska	10,805	10,546	10,786	10,170	9,415	8,037	2.4	3.5	3.3
North Dakota	28,941	28,379	28,178	26,635	27,679	25,943	2.0	1.1	1.2
South Dakota	2,553	2,404	2,101	2,215	1,680	2,598	6.2	11.0	2
South Atlantic	160,499	157,266	157,386	154,816	150,181	130,701	2.0	1.7	2.3
Delaware	1,491	1,264	1,609	1,692	1,775	1,983	18.0	-4.3	-3.1
District of Columbia	6	5	6	36	21	60	8.9	-27.2	-22.7
Florida	26,116	24,755	26,151	26,054	25,803	23,590	5.5	.3	1.1
Georgia	31,888	30,386	29,684	29,659	28,266	24,455	4.9	3.0	3.0
Maryland	7,833	10,683	10,695	10,196	10,312	9,715	-26.7	-6.6	-2.4
North Carolina	27,034	25,774	26,233	26,812	25,060	18,940	4.9	1.9	4.0
South Carolina	15,374	14,303	13,289	12,799	12,566	10,388	7.5	5.2	4.4
Virginia	15,377	14,336	14,385	13,856	13,592	12,682	7.3	3.1	2.2
West Virginia	35,380	35,759	35,334	33,711	32,785	28,887	-1.0	1.9	2.3
East South Central	102,180	98,356	97,802	102,491	100,198	82,359	3.9	.5	2.4
Alabama	36,104	34,563	32,956	33,209	33,613	26,625	4.4	1.8	3.4
Kentucky	34,098	34,015	35,197	38,001	37,069	31,313	.2	-2.1	.9
Mississippi	5,795	5,631	5,350	5,691	5,254	3,458	2.9	2.5	5.9
Tennessee	26,184	24,147	24,300	25,590	24,262	20,962	8.4	1.9	2.5
West South Central	133,573	136,519	133,477	136,417	132,877	121,232	-2.1	.1	1.1
Arkansas	13,835	13,879	13,212	12,763	13,440	11,123	3	.7	2.4
Louisiana	9,086	12,665	12,601	12,586	11,371	11,762	-28.3	-5.4	-2.8
Oklahoma	18,501	17,304	17,764	19,167	18,257	14,828	6.9	.3	2.5
Texas	92,151	92,670	89,900	91,901	89,809	83,519	6	.6	1.1
Mountain	101,890	106,125	107,359	101,134	97,275	95,415	-4.0	1.2	.7
Arizona	19,168	17,881	17,249	16,515	15,234	15,245	7.2	5.9	2.6
Colorado	17,521	16,542	16,394	16,246	15,624	14,713	5.9	2.9	1.9
Idaho	565	391	434	327	360	610	44.5	11.9	8
Montana	441	9,407	9,776	8,594	7,286	9,570	-95.3	-50.4	-29.0
Nevada	8,042	7,318	7,453	6,756	6,898	7,340	9.9	3.9	1.0
New Mexico	15,046	14,790	14,482	14,412	13,877	11,664	1.7	2.0	2.9
Utah	15,329	14,688	15,470	14,610	13,823	13,457	4.4	2.6	1.4
Wyoming	25,778	25,109	26,102	23,674	24,173	22,815	2.7	1.6	1.4
Pacific	6,739	9,840	10,120	8,687	9,328	10,029	-31.5	-7.8	-4.3
Alaska	630	629	629	670	640	728	*	4	-1.6
California	1,828	1,872	1,815	2,545	2,351	2,554	-2.4	-6.1	-3.6
Hawaii	99	106	132	151	154	33	-6.3	-10.3	12.9
Oregon	2,033	1,954	1,882	832	1,029	1,760	4.0	18.5	1.6
Washington	2,149	5,278	5,662	4,489	5,155	4,954	-59.3	-19.6	-8.9
Other Power Producers	111,842	47,802	24,440	19,598	20,162	10,384	133.9	53.5	30.2
U.S. Total	980,557	947,589	941,923	934,532	912,906	815,620	3.5	1.8	2.1

^{*} Data round to zero.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly"; and Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-867, "Annual Non-utility Power Producer Report" for 1997 and prior years; and for 1998 forward, Form EIA-860B, "Annual Electric Generation Report - Non-utility."

Table B8. Year-End Consumer Coal Stocks by Census Division and State, 1991, 1996-2000 (Thousand Metric Tons)

Census Division and State	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change		Annual Change
							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
New England	239	308	603	740	1,176	1,029	-22.4	-32.8	-14.9
Connecticut	_	_	122	60	157	157	_	_	_
Maine	w	w	71	47	46	4	w	w	w
Massachusetts	w	W	159	363	647	529	W	w	w
New Hampshire	w	w	252	271	326	338	w	w	w
Middle Atlantic	1,629	R 5,344	10,189	9,413	9,884	16,553	-69.5	-36.3	-22.7
New Jersey	w	w	602	514	748	623	w	w	w
New York	w	w	1,370	1,044	1,100	1,826	w	w	w
Pennsylvania	w	w	8,217	7,855	8,035	14,104	w	w	w
East North Central	22,745	32,449	33,392	27,936	27,955	39,172	-29.9	-5.0	-5.9
Illinois	22,748 W	W W	6,555	4,856	4,680	6,979	2 5.5	w	W
Indiana	w	w	8,154	6,026	7,217	10,330	W	w	W
			,			,			
Michigan	w	w	8,573	7,301	7,089	8,179	w	W	w
Ohio	W	w	5,602	5,737	4,924	9,632	W	W	w
Wisconsin	W	W	4,508	4,016	4,045	4,051	w	w	w
West North Central	15,179	20,262	17,263	13,456	16,626	19,352	-25.1	-2.3	-2.7
Iowa	W	W	3,865	2,671	4,184	4,657	W	W	W
Kansas	W	W	2,891	2,085	2,707	3,012	W	w	W
Minnesota	W	W	2,172	1,809	1,577	2,443	W	W	W
Missouri	w	w	4,680	3,494	4,824	5,141	w	w	w
Nebraska	w	w	1,913	1,472	1,567	1,827	w	w	w
North Dakota	w	W	1,533	1,705	1,622	1,969	W	w	w
South Dakota	w	w	209	221	145	301	w	w	w
South Atlantic	13,541	21,492	19,808	15,431	17,760	27,172	-37.0	-6.5	-7.4
Delaware	w	w	427	293	302	417	w	w	w
Florida	w	w	4,218	3,182	3,119	4,427	w	w	w
Georgia	w	w	3,235	2,184	3,491	4,916	w	w	w
Maryland	w	w	1,068	1,092	1,249	2,049	w	w	W
North Carolina	w	w	3,402	1,836	2,423	4,415	w	w	
South Carolina	w		,	,	1,975	,			W
		w	2,488	1,833		2,033	W	W	w
Virginia	W	W	1,352	1,180	1,037	1,716	W	W	w
West Virginia	W	W	3,617	3,830	4,164	7,200	W	w	w
East South Central	6,889	11,771	10,569	9,151	8,443	13,631	-41.5	-4.9	-7.3
Alabama	W	W	3,245	2,696	2,593	4,237	W	w	W
Kentucky	W	W	4,437	4,230	3,921	5,477	W	w	W
Mississippi	W	W	758	569	568	862	w	w	W
Tennessee	W	W	2,129	1,657	1,361	3,055	W	w	W
West South Central	16,116	19,928	13,381	10,291	18,040	16,617	-19.1	-2.8	3
Arkansas	w	w	1,020	865	2,467	1,964	W	w	w
Louisiana	w	w	1,979	1,141	2,250	2,087	w	w	w
Oklahoma	w	w	3,119	2,352	3,819	2,648	w	w	w
Texas	w	w	7,263	5,933	9,504	9,917	w	w	w
Mountain	10,491	11,076	9,801	9,052	10,525	16,773	-5.3	- .1	-5.1
Arizona	W	w w	1,746	1,283	1,836	3,837	w	w	w
Colorado	w	w	2,597	2,246	2,771	3,163	w	w	W
			,	96	70	,			
Idaho	w	w	114 312	381	472	71 706	W	w	W
Montana	W	w					W	W	w
Nevada	W	W	806	741	1,129	1,288	W	w	w
New Mexico	w	W	719	723	742	1,273	W	w	w
Utah	w	w	2,309	2,172	1,449	3,863	w	w	w
Wyoming	w	w	1,198	1,411	2,057	2,571	w	w	W
Pacific	438	1,247	1,180	1,055	1,156	1,846	-64.9	-21.5	-14.8
Alaska	w	w	_	*	1	7	w	w	w
California	w	w	171	107	136	126	w	w	w
Hawaii	w	w	38	61	41	16	w	w	w
Oregon	w	w	178	87	201	614	w	w	w
Washington	w	w	794	800	777	1,083	w	w	w
Other Power Producers	10,673	6,800	_	_	_	_	56.9		
	ŕ	,			-	-		-	-
U.S. Total	97,941	130,679	116,185	96,526	111,564	152,145	-24.6	-3.1	-4.8

^{*} Data round to zero.

W Withheld to avoid

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Stocks for Residential and Commercial Sector are not included. Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly"; and Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; and the Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.
 Revised Data.

Table B9. U.S. Coal Exports by Destination, 1991, 1996-2000

(Thousand Metric Tons)

Continent and Country of Destination	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
of Destination							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
North America Total	17,792	19,272	20,245	15,374	12,346	10,391	-7.7	9.6	6.1
Canada ¹	17,027	17,986	18,737	13,586	10,912	10,140	-5.3	11.8	5.9
Mexico	743	1,280	1,399	1,722	1,369	84	-41.9	-14.2	27.5
Other ²	22	7	108	66	66	167	228.4	-23.8	-20.1
South America Total	4,375	4,101	6,381	7,452	6,808	6,950	6.7	-10.5	-5.0
Argentina	185	3	294	295	276	390	NM	-9.4	-7.9
Brazil	4,115	4,030	5,874	6,763	5,933	6,397	2.1	-8.7	-4.8
Chile	48	39	46	132	521	123	21.7	-45.0	-9.9
Other ²	27	29	167	262	79	40	-5.3	-23.4	-4.3
Europe Total	22,652	20,419	30,638	37,495	42,813	59,439	10.9	-14.7	-10.2
	2,622	1,880	2,898	3,918	4,145	6,771	39.4	-14.7 -10.8	-10.2 -10.0
Belgium & Luxembourg	833	1,880 474	2,898 898	1,011	1,258	858	39.4 75.9	-10.8 -9.8	-10.0 3
Bulgaria				,	,				
Denmark	70		249	318	1,194	4,225		-50.8	-36.6
Finland	288	211	420	600	638	481	36.2	-18.0	-5.5
France	2,761	2,288	2,895	3,083	3,495	8,626	20.7	-5.7	-11.9
Germany, FR	886	520	1,131	789	957	1,581	70.3	-1.9	-6.2
Hungary	65	_	_	*	_	_	_	_	_
Iceland	48	46	35	49	56	41	4.1	-3.6	1.9
Ireland	456	787	1.043	578	694	1.191	-42.1	-10.0	-10.1
Italy	3,367	3,641	4,824	6,368	8,350	10,227	-7.5	-20.3	-11.6
Netherlands	2,380	3,113	4,097	4,377	6,403	8,732	-7.5 -23.5	-20.3 -21.9	-13.4
				,	,	,			
Norway	118	78	85	87	77	181	50.1	11.1	-4.7
Portugal	541	676	677	1,334	1,635	1,478	-20.0	-24.2	-10.6
Romania	443	292	995	2,035	1,372	1,040	52.0	-24.6	-9.0
Spain	2,437	2,242	2,863	3,750	3,713	4,258	8.6	-10.0	-6.0
Sweden	642	579	686	756	970	1,124	10.8	-9.8	-6.0
Turkey	1,641	721	1,444	1,898	1,966	1,983	127.6	-4.4	-2.1
United Kingdom	2,989	2,869	5,395	6,518	5,621	5,598	4.2	-14.6	-6.7
Other ²	66	_,	_		-,	888	_	_	-25.1
Other ²	*	1	2	26	268	153	-82.3	-84.1	-53.0
Asia Total	6,080	8,307	11,168	13,152	16,311	19,766	-26.8	-21.9	-12.3
China (Taiwan)	350	1,102	1,378	2,033	2,215	4.125	-68.3	-36.9	-24.0
* /	56	547	478	538	1.090	591	-89.8	-52.4	-23.0
Israel					,				
Japan	4,033	4,494	7,017	7,234	9,551	11,130	-10.2	-19.4	-10.7
Korea, Republic of	1,604	2,145	2,225	3,165	3,423	3,366	-25.2	-17.3	-7.9
Other ²	37	19	70	182	32	554	91.8	3.0	-26.1
Oceania & Australia Total	*	*	4	1	1	*	218.0	-27.5	7.4
Other ²	*	*	4	1	1	*	218.0	-27.5	7.4
Africa Total	2,162	949	2,366	2,317	3,796	2,309	127.9	-13.1	7
Algeria	269	288	311	240	160	474	-6.6	13.8	-6.1
Egypt	683	236	808	1,025	941	698	189.8	-7.7	2
Morocco	825	_	62	129	1,497	919	_	-13.8	-1.2
South Africa, Rep of	385	425	1,178	895	1,197	217	-9.5	-24.7	6.6
Other ²	1	*	7	28	-	2	NM		-13.1
Total	53,060	53,048	70,804	75,791	82,075	98,855	*	-10.3	-6.7

¹ Based on the U.S. - Canada Free Trade Agreement, as of January 1990, the U.S. Department of Commerce began reporting statistics on U.S. exports to Canada based on information on imports provided monthly by the Canadian government.

2 Includes countries with exports less than or equal to 50,000 short tons (45,359 metric tons) in 2000.

^{*} Data round to zero.

NM Not meaningful as value is greater than 500 percent.

Note: Total may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report EM 545."

Table B10. Average Price of Coal by State, 1991, 1996-2000

Coal-Producing							Percent	Average Annual	l Percent Change	
State and Region	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Change 1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000	
Alabama	\$36.78	\$38.90	\$41.04	\$42.41	\$43.52	\$45.34	-5.4	-4.1	-2.3	
Alaska	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	
Arizona	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	
Arkansas	_	w	w	w	_	w	w	_	w	
California	_	_	_	_	_	w	_	_	_	
Colorado	\$19.03	\$19.00	\$19.07	\$20.35	\$19.77	\$24.45	.2	9	-2.7	
llinois	25.11	25.24	25.20	23.63	25.07	31.25	5	*	-2.4	
ndiana	21.82	22.04	21.69	21.62	22.31	26.00	-1.0	5	-1.9	
owa	_	_	_	_	_	w	_	_	_	
Kansas	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	
Kentucky Total	\$26.24	\$25.91	\$26.25	\$26.14	\$26.36	\$28.05	1.3	1	7	
Eastern	27.10	26.61	27.10	27.17	27.54	29.07	1.8	4	8	
Western	22.81	23.31	23.16	22.59	22.47	25.22	-2.2	.4	-1.1	
_ouisiana	22.01 W	23.31 W	23.10 W	W W	22.47 W	23.22 W	W.	w	w	
Maryland	\$25.36	\$25.65	\$26.84	\$25.63	\$26.90	\$28.36	-1.1	-1.4	-1.2	
Mississippi	w	w	-	420.00	Ψ 2 0.>0	42 0.50	w	_	_	
Aissouri	w	w	22.91	18.60	25.70	w	w	w	w	
Montana	\$9.77	\$9.72	9.10	10.85	10.98	\$11.86	.6	-2.9	-2.1	
New Mexico	23.01	23.12	22.79	24.06	27.18	25.63	5	-4.1	-1.2	
North Dakota	9.21	8.83	8.83	8.89	8.83	8.64	4.3	1.0	.7	
Ohio	42.22	31.06	30.37	26.08	27.39	30.59	35.9	11.4	3.6	
Oklahoma	27.78	29.43	28.68	29.02	29.25	31.44	-5.6	-1.3	-1.4	
Pennsylvania Total	26.28	26.61	28.52	28.64	28.42	32.40	-1.2	-1.9	-2.3	
Anthracite	45.09	38.72	47.30	38.71	40.54	40.05	16.4	2.7	1.3	
Bituminous	25.10	25.83	27.28	28.01	27.54	32.03	-2.8	-2.3	-2.7	
Tennessee	29.81	32.23	31.63	29.80	30.63	29.48	-7.5	-2.3 7	-2.7	
Texas	14.33	13.74	13.74	13.40	13.41	13.46	4.3	1.7	.7	
							1.3	-5.1	-2.8	
Jtah	19.36 28.61	19.10 29.00	20.35 31.62	19.41	23.85	24.91 30.26	-1.3	-3.1 -2.3		
Virginia				31.13	31.36				6	
Washington	w \$27.96	w \$28.18	w \$29.84	w \$29.37	\$29.30	\$31.55	w 8	w −1.2	−1.3	
West Virginia Total			,							
Northern	24.96	25.33	28.24	28.51	27.41	33.24	-1.5	-2.3	-3.1	
Southern	28.90	29.09	30.39	29.65	30.00	30.78	6	9	7	
Wyoming	6.07	5.93	5.97	6.62	7.06	8.92	2.4	-3.7	-4.2	
ppalachian Total ¹	28.64	28.20	29.60	29.26	29.52	31.63	1.6	7	-1.1	
nterior Total 1	20.25	20.42	20.34	19.75	20.29	24.10	8	*	-1.9	
Western Total ¹	9.63	9.46	9.66	10.50	11.06	12.91	1.7	-3.4	-3.2	
East of Miss. River	27.73	27.31	28.42	27.99	28.33	30.84	1.6	5	-1.2	
West of Miss. River	10.17	10.00	10.19	10.93	11.46	13.29	1.7	-2.9	-2.9	
J.S. Total	18.50	18.33	19.48	19.99	20.39	23.69	.9	-2.4	-2.7	

¹ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

Notes: Average mine price is calculated by dividing the total free on board (f.o.b.) mine value of the coal produced by the total production for 1997 and prior years. For 1998 and forward, average mine price is calculated by dividing the total free on board (f.o.b.) rail/barge value of the coal sold by the total coal sold. A measure of dispersion of the 2000 average prices at the State level (interquartile range) is given in Appendix D, Table D1. Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons, which are not required to provide data.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; State Mining Agency Coal Production Reports; and/or U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

^{*} Data round to zero.

W Withhold to avoid

w Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Table B11. Average Price of Coal Delivered to Electric Utilities by Census Division and State, 1991, 1996-2000

Census Division and State	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
New England Total		\$45.43	\$47.33	\$48.14	\$48.01	\$51.95	-2.6	-2.0	-1.8
Connecticut		50.54	52.46	55.14	55.17	63.21	_	_	_
Massachusetts		50.30	46.63	47.09	47.00	49.97	.5	1.8	.1
New Hampshire	42.92	43.86	46.68	46.98	46.55	50.93	-2.1	-2.0	-1.9
Middle Atlantic Total	34.35	36.91	37.84	37.91	38.67	42.97	-6.9	-2.9	-2.4
New Jersey		42.14	45.98	50.65	50.18	52.64	-4.1	-5.3	-2.9
New York		41.64	41.27	41.14	40.95	45.41	3.5	1.3	6
Pennsylvania	32.09	35.94	36.69	36.69	37.55	41.94	-10.7	-3.8	-2.9
East North Central Total	29.04	29.32	30.33	30.52	31.18	35.97	9	-1.8	-2.3
Illinois	24.59	30.28	33.31	33.52	35.43	40.52	-18.8	-8.7	-5.4
Indiana	25.26	26.00	26.04	26.84	27.20	31.31	-2.8	-1.8	-2.4
Michigan	29.97	30.20	31.07	31.89	32.34	38.80	8	-1.9	-2.8
Ohio	37.98	35.79	35.84	34.62	35.61	38.95	6.1	1.6	3
Wisconsin	20.55	20.57	22.01	22.52	21.55	28.87	1	-1.2	-3.7
West North Central Total		16.07	16.44	16.96	17.12	21.43	.8	-1.4	-3.1
Iowa	15.52	15.54	16.67	17.89	17.96	21.63	1	-3.6	-3.6
Kansas	18.83	18.15	18.81	19.74	19.30	24.31	3.7	6	-2.8
Minnesota	21.86	21.46	20.94	21.47	20.94	24.45	1.9	1.1	-1.2
Missouri	18.03	18.26	18.07	18.52	19.08	30.48	-1.2	-1.4	-5.7
Nebraska	10.65	10.39	11.10	11.09	13.64	14.03	2.5	-6.0	-3.0
North Dakota		10.54	11.03	11.25	10.71	10.32	-1.2	7	.1
South Dakota	18.54	17.81	17.84	17.62	18.67	15.04	4.0	2	2.3
South Atlantic Total		38.41	39.22	40.05	40.43	46.49	1	-1.3	-2.1
Delaware		45.33	44.66	45.25	45.76	51.27	-3.8	-1.2	-1.8
Florida		43.07	44.12	46.10	46.74	50.56	-1.0	-2.3	-1.9
Georgia		40.00	40.03	41.09	40.28	47.35	-1.8	6	-2.0
Maryland		39.35	41.48	42.71	42.43	46.11	-3.5	-2.7	-2.1
North Carolina		39.46	39.31	38.97	40.65	49.04	8	9	-2.5
South Carolina		40.00	40.84	41.02	41.38	45.60	-2.5	-1.5	-1.7
Virginia		37.60	38.29	38.56	39.38	42.85	*	-1.2	-1.4
West Virginia		32.21	33.14	33.82	34.09	41.81	1.2	-1.1	-2.7
East South Central Total		30.90	32.07	31.64	32.35	37.40	-2.7	-1.8	-2.4
Alabama		35.67	39.99	39.22	40.11	48.31	-4.6	-4.0	-3.8
Kentucky		27.03	27.03	26.68	26.93	29.98	-3.2	7	-1.5
Mississippi		37.86	35.84	35.76	36.71	46.21	2.4	1.4	-1.9
Tennessee		29.02	29.10	29.40	30.46	33.59	-2.3	-1.8	-1.9
West South Central Total		20.79	21.31	21.70	22.19	25.33	1.2	-1.3	-2.0
Arkansas		27.77	28.14	31.48	28.83	30.75	-2.0	-1.4	-1.3
Louisiana		25.12	25.51	26.42	27.27	29.86	-8.1	-4.1	-2.8
Oklahoma		17.34	17.35	17.50	18.51	25.55	4.7	5	-3.7
Texas		19.85	20.51	20.61	21.24	23.88	2.9	-1.0	-1.7
Mountain Total		22.81	22.96	23.72	24.05	24.49	2.1	- .8	5
Arizona		30.00	29.89	31.91	32.57	32.14	-6.9	-3.8	-1.5
Colorado		21.17	21.39	21.97	22.31	23.69	-5.5	-2.7	-1.9
Montana		13.52	12.53	12.69	13.12	12.61	-1.2	.4	.6
Nevada		32.11	32.05	34.28	33.55	34.48	-1.2 -2.7	-1.8	-1.1
New Mexico		26.76	26.15	26.71	28.71	27.58	4.5	-1.6 6	-1.1
Utah		26.70	28.63	27.80	27.18	30.20	-1.2	0 -1.0	-1.6
Wyoming		14.76	15.25	15.61	15.76	16.03	2.5	-1.0 -1.0	-1.6 6
Pacific Total		26.20	25.43	27.77	26.42	25.53	-2.3 -2.8	-1.0 - .9	0
Oregon		21.32	20.85	21.77	20.73	20.15	-4.6	- .9 5	.1
Washington		28.28	26.94	28.82	27.46	27.41	9.3	3.0	1.3
U.S. Total	26.77	27.25	28.26	28.83	29.16	33.10	-1.8	-2.1	-2.3

Note: Average prices are based on the cost including insurance and freight.

Source: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table B12. Average Price of Coal Delivered to Other Industrial Plants by Census Division and State, 1991, 1996-2000

Census Division and State	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change		nual Percent inge
							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
New England Total	w	w	w	\$69.95	\$63.22	\$73.57	w	w	w
Maine	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Massachusetts	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Middle Atlantic Total	\$39.30	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
New Jersey	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
New York	w	w	w	\$45.77	\$44.21	\$48.27	w	w	w
Pennsylvania		\$37.08	\$37.84	37.69	37.30	39.57	1.3	0.2	-0.6
East North Central Total		36.76	36.62	36.96	37.96	39.66	*	8	8
Illinois		32.65	32.47	32.80	32.72	33.96	-3.9	-1.1	9
Indiana		33.44	33.30	32.80	35.01	36.38	.3	-1.0	9
Michigan		44.15	44.54	46.23	45.50	48.16	.6	6	9
Ohio		37.96	36.94	37.53	38.89	38.41	5.8	.8	.5
		42.98				47.74			
Wisconsin			44.55	44.12	44.12		.5 1.5	5 *	-1.1
West North Central Total		20.71	20.64	20.97	21.00	20.21	1.5		.4
Iowa		31.10	31.08	31.88	32.32	32.13	1.7	5	2
Kansas		36.39	34.26	35.20	35.78	33.96	14.1	3.8	2.3
Minnesota		34.19	32.74	34.21	31.80	39.97	-1.6	1.4	-1.9
Missouri		32.92	33.60	33.14	34.58	34.48	4.4	1	*
Nebraska	W	W	w	w	w	w	w	W	w
North Dakota	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	W	w
South Dakota	\$28.67	\$28.34	\$26.45	\$25.74	\$27.45	\$18.32	1.2	1.1	5.1
South Atlantic Total		w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Delaware	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Florida		\$46.98	\$49.18	\$49.75	\$50.36	\$52.27	2.4	-1.1	9
Georgia		48.64	49.10	49.42	48.73	49.55	-3.2	8	6
Maryland		35.28	35.72	35.95	35.85	37.16	*	4	6
North Carolina		45.95	47.09	47.55	47.80	47.45	1	-1.0	4
South Carolina		48.64	48.53	48.75	48.59	47.43	-2.1	-1.0 5	4
		47.33	48.07	48.33	47.96	44.67	-2.1 -2.4	9	.4
Virginia								9 *	
West Virginia		41.73	53.18	38.92	36.78	35.37	-11.7		.4
East South Central Total		w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Alabama		\$43.88	\$43.53	\$44.31	\$44.26	\$44.57	-1.3	5	3
Kentucky		47.09	48.13	49.28	48.52	51.30	-2.4	-1.3	-1.2
Mississippi		w	w	W	W	w	w	W	W
Tennessee		\$38.87	\$40.37	\$40.05	\$38.82	\$39.31	-3.7	9	5
West South Central Total	25.35	25.21	25.26	24.71	24.02	25.70	.5	1.3	1
Arkansas	48.01	47.49	45.83	46.71	47.67	49.71	1.1	.2	4
Louisiana	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Oklahoma	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Texas		\$23.15	\$23.20	\$22.19	\$20.93	\$20.51	-2.3	1.9	1.1
Mountain Total		w	30.09	29.91	29.44	32.63	w	w	w
Arizona		\$43.96	42.63	42.78	43.29	44.20	3.4	1.2	.3
Colorado		26.45	26.18	27.70	25.54	32.27	.5	1.0	-2.1
Idaho		20.13 W	37.82	38.10	40.11	37.38	-7.4	w	W.
Montana		w	37.02 W	30.10 W	40.11 W	37.30 W	v	w	w
		W	w		w	W	w	w	w
Nevada				w					
New Mexico		W \$22.72	W \$21.00	W \$21.25	W \$21.06	\$20.12	W 16.6	W 7.1	W
Utah		\$23.73	\$21.00	\$21.25	\$21.06	\$29.13	16.6	7.1	6
Wyoming		26.74	26.57	26.11	24.61	27.76	2.5	2.7	1
Pacific Total		45.28	47.53	47.67	46.79	50.43	-1.4	-1.2	-1.3
California		43.89	45.21	44.25	43.58	49.37	9	*	-1.4
Hawaii		w	w	w	w	w	w	W	w
Oregon		w	w	w	w	w	-	_	-
Washington	w	w	\$62.29	\$65.92	\$64.83	\$65.22	w	W	W
U.S. Total	\$34.66	\$34.83	35.61	35.72	35.63	36.97	5	7	7

* Data round to zero.

w Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: Price data are for manufacturing plants only. Average prices are based on the cost including insurance, freight, and taxes. Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption - Manufacturing Plants."

Table B13. Average Price of Coal Delivered to Coke Plants by Census Division and State, 1991, 1996-2000

Census Division and State	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change	Average Annual Percent Change	
							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
Middle Atlantic Total	\$47.28	\$48.87	w	w	w	w	-3.2	w	w
New York	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Pennsylvania	w	w	\$46.72	\$50.93	\$49.79	\$51.65	w	w	w
East North Central Total	\$50.25	\$52.63	53.34	54.15	54.61	55.89	-4.5	-2.0	-1.2
Illinois	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Indiana	w	w	\$54.42	\$55.94	\$57.25	\$58.77	w	w	w
Michigan	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Ohio	w	w	\$50.40	\$51.69	\$49.58	\$50.87	w	w	w
South Atlantic Total	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Maryland	_	_	_	_	_	w	_	_	_
Virginia	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
West Virginia	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
East South Central Total	\$49.31	\$49.91	w	w	w	w	-1.2	w	w
Alabama	w	w	\$53.71	\$55.16	\$54.42	\$53.29	w	w	w
Kentucky	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Tennessee	_	_	_	_	_	w	_	_	_
Mountain Total	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
Utah	W	w	W	w	w	W	W	W	W
U.S. Total	\$48.91	\$50.54	\$50.77	\$52.48	\$52.17	\$53.88	-3.2	-1.6	-1.1

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Note: Average prices are based on the cost including insurance, freight, and taxes. Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly."

Table B14. Average Price of U.S. Coal Imports by Continent and Country of Origin, 1991, 1996-2000

(Nominal Dollars per Metric Ton)

Continent and Country	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change	Average Annual Percent Change	
of Origin							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
North America Total	\$41.94	\$37.74	\$39.00	\$42.01	\$40.24	\$27.67	11.1	1.0	4.7
Canada	42.00	38.61	39.02	42.01	40.26	27.67	8.8	1.1	4.7
Mexico	25.00	24.17	23.01	-	36.85	-	3.4	-9.2	-
South America Total	29.95	33.05	34.35	35.81	34.76	38.19	-9.4	-3.6	-2.7
Colombia	28.94	32.15	34.40	35.40	35.16	36.24	-10.0	-4.7	-2.5
Venezuela	33.71	35.27	34.27	36.66	34.03	45.06	-4.4	2	-3.2
Europe Total	_	32.50	40.56	54.25	_	_	_	_	_
Norway	_	_	_	54.51	_	_	-	_	-
Spain	_	_	40.21	_	_	_	_	_	_
Switzerland	_	_	_	45.51	_	_	_	_	_
United Kingdom	-	32.50	46.33	-	-	-	-	-	-
Asia Total	47.90	47.56	37.62	36.43	35.77	_	.7	7.6	_
China (Mainland)	56.25	47.02	-	_	_	_	19.6	-	-
Indonesia	47.82	47.57	37.62	36.18	35.77	_	.5	7.5	-
Vietnam	-	-	-	54.11	-	-	-	-	-
Oceania & Australia Total	31.84	30.05	35.15	36.89	36.83	41.86	5.9	-3.6	-3.0
Australia	31.84	30.05	35.15	36.89	36.83	41.86	5.9	-3.6	-3.0
Total 1	32.75	34.72	35.48	36.93	36.02	35.65	-5.7	-2.3	9
U.S. Total ²	33.18	33.92	35.48	37.83	37.23	36.51	-2.2	-2.8	-1.0

¹ The average prices presented in this table, with the exception of U.S. Total, are considered to be representative prices for coal imports and fall within the range of \$20 to \$55 per short ton (\$18.14 to \$49.90 per metric ton), inclusively. U.S. Total is the average price of all coal imports.

Notes: Average price is based on the customs import value. Coal imports include coal to Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report IM 145."

Table B15. Average Price of U.S. Coal Exports by Destination, 1991, 1996-2000

Continent and Country	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1991	Percent Change		nual Percent ange
of Destination							1999-2000	1996-2000	1991-2000
North America Total	\$32.75	\$31.68	\$31.40	\$33.70	\$36.48	\$36.71	3.4	-2.6	-1.3
Canada ¹	32.24	30.53	30.48	32.15	35.53	36.54	5.6	-2.4	-1.4
Mexico	44.78	47.55	42.56	45.53	43.77	48.31	-5.8	.6	8
Other ²	27.27	39.85	41.20	41.97	41.92	41.05	-31.6	-10.2	-4.4
South America Total	37.91	43.33	47.20	48.44	48.29	50.92	-12.5	-5.9	-3.2
Argentina	26.38	44.98	49.24	52.57	51.11	50.26	-41.3	-15.2	-6.9
Brazil	38.51	43.44	47.24	48.64	49.25	51.20	-11.3	-6.0	-3.1
Chile	30.05	31.06	31.61	35.54	35.69	43.52	-3.3	-4.2	-4.0
Other ²	40.47	46.46	46.37	44.98	43.19	34.65	-12.9	-1.6	1.7
Europe Total	41.84	45,30	47.71	47.42	46.41	47.57	-7.6	-2.5	-1.4
-	42.29	48.34	51.12		50.41	49.40	-12.5	-4.3	-1.7
Belgium & Luxembourg				50.38					
Bulgaria	44.03	45.89	49.13	51.17	48.79	45.94	-4.0	-2.5	5
Denmark	27.65	-	37.50	34.97	32.29	35.89		-3.8	-2.8
Finland	43.90	40.79	44.64	45.89	46.42	49.35	7.6	-1.4	-1.3
France	41.08	47.08	50.78	50.66	49.53	44.52	-12.7	-4.6	9
Germany, FR	32.70	34.88	39.12	49.15	45.28	43.36	-6.2	-7.8	-3.1
Hungary	44.46	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Iceland	57.38	59.86	61.60	65.40	63.38	62.06	-4.1	-2.4	9
Ireland	30.17	32.99	40.10	41.88	41.17	43.88	-8.5	-7.5	-4.1
Italy	49.05	51.02	51.29	50.19	49.66	50.37	-3.8	3	3
Netherlands	41.77	44.02	49.89	49.57	45.59	47.60	-5.1	-2.2	-1.4
Norway	53.08	60.07	61.51	64.35	62.89	38.11	-11.6	-2.2 -4.1	3.8
-						45.05	-11.0 -9.8	-4.1 -5.0	-3.5
Portugal	32.77	36.34	41.93	40.52	40.26				
Romania	46.42	43.28	46.64	49.14	51.76	51.53	7.3	-2.7	-1.1
Spain	40.69	43.05	47.28	40.79	41.41	50.12	-5.5	4	-2.3
Sweden	48.17	49.89	51.98	53.13	52.36	52.60	-3.4	-2.1	-1.0
Turkey	38.18	42.44	49.52	50.78	48.86	51.63	-10.0	-6.0	-3.3
United Kingdom	40.47	44.90	43.00	43.32	42.88	51.16	-9.9	-1.4	-2.6
Yugoslavia, FR	28.95	_	_	_	_	48.74	-	_	-5.6
Other ²	45.29	44.11	38.50	38.13	37.43	54.19	2.7	4.9	-2.0
Asia Total	37.65	40.05	43.40	43.79	43.62	47.54	-6.0	-3.6	-2.5
China (Taiwan)	37.33	37.96	40.01	40.51	40.63	46.00	-1.6	-2.1	-2.3
Israel	28.70	35.06	36.93	40.58	40.12	43.95	-18.1	-8.0	-4.6
Japan	36.39	39.45	42.54	42.99	43.44	47.61	-7.7	-4.3	-2.9
Korea, Republic of	40.94	43.52	49.38	48.48	47.10	50.65	-5.9	-3.4	-2.3
Other ²	53.47	55.23	50.44	40.05	53.89	42.58	-3.2	2	2.6
Oceania & Australia Total	44.82	_	52.95	44.93	44.89	_	_	*	
Other ²	44.82	_	52.95	44.93	44.89	_	_	*	_
Act T-4-1	44.02	F3 40	E0 15	53.4 6	40.00	45.54	21.6	3.0	1.0
Africa Total	41.93	53.49	50.17	53.46	48.90	45.74	-21.6	-3.8	-1.0
Algeria	49.28	47.15	48.25	51.41	55.37	51.79	4.5	-2.9	5
Egypt	48.43	61.98	48.05	56.54	58.83	50.36	-21.9	-4.7	4
Morocco	29.42	-	34.80	33.81	37.40	37.18	-	-5.8	-2.6
South Africa, Rep of	52.07	53.08	53.05	53.64	54.61	53.92	-1.9	-1.2	4
Other ²	22.38	-	42.82	43.29	-	44.99	-	-	-7.5
Total ³	38.01	39.58	42.49	44.36	44.67	46.64	-4.0	-3.9	-2.2
U.S. Total ⁴	38.47	40.24	42.87	44.70	44.93	46.73	-4.4	-3.8	-2.1

¹ Based on the U.S. - Canada Free Trade Agreement, as of January 1990, the U.S. Department of Commerce began reporting statistics on U.S. exports to Canada based on information on imports provided monthly by the Canadian government.

Note: Average price is based on the free alongside ship (f.a.s.) value. Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, ''Monthly Report EM 545.''

² Includes countries with exports less than or equal to 50,000 short tons in 2000.

3 The average prices presented in this table, with the exception of U.S. Total, are considered to be representative prices for coal exports and fall within the range of \$20 to \$60 per short ton (\$18.14 to \$54.43 per metric ton), inclusively.

4 U.S. Total is the average price of all coal exports.

 $[\]boldsymbol{*}$ Data round to zero.

Appendix C

References

Figure C1. Coal-Bearing Areas of the United States

Coal-Producing Regions

Appalachian

Alabama, Georgia, Eastern Kentucky, Maryland, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Virginia, West Virginia.

Table C1. Classification of Coals by Rank

Interior

Arkansas, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Western Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, Oklahoma, Texas.

Western

Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Montana, New Mexico, North Dakota, Utah, Washington, Wyoming.

Coal Reports and Feature Articles

Coal Reports

- Weekly Coal Production, DOE/EIA-0218 (2001-17).
- Coal Data: A Reference, DOE/EIA-0064 (93), February 1995.
- State Coal Profiles, DOE/EIA-0576, January 1994.
- Quarterly Coal Report, DOE/EIA-0121(2000/4Q).
- The Changing Structure of the U.S. Coal Industry: An Update, DOE/EIA-0513(93), July 1993.
- U.S. Coal Reserves: A Review and Update DOE/EIA-0529(95), August 1996.
- Annual Energy Outlook 2001, DOA/EIA-0383(2000), December 2000.
- Energy Policy Transportation Rate Study: Final Report on Coal Transportation DOE/EIA-0597, October 2000.
- *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226(2001/03), April 2001.
- Electric Power Annual, DOE/EIA-0348(99), Vol. 2, February 2000.
- Longwall Mining, DOE/EIA-TR-0588 March 1995.
- Monthly Energy Review, DOE/EIA-0035(2001/05) May 2001.

- Short-Term Energy Outlook: Quarterly Projections January 2001, DOE/EIA-0202(2001/2Q), April 2001.
- Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants 1999, DOE/EIA-0191(99), May 2000.

Feature Articles

- "U.S. Coal Supply and Demand: 2000 Review," *Mining Engineering*, May 2001, Vol.53,No.5, May 2000, pp.47-54.
- "Carbon Dioxide Emission Factors for Coal," Quarterly Coal Report, DOE/EIA-0121 (94/1Q), August 1994.
- "Federal and Indian Coal Lands: A Growing Source of Energy and Revenue," *Coal Production* 1992, DOE/EIA-0118(92), October 1993.
- "Wyoming Coal: An Overview," Coal Production 1991, DOE/EIA-0118(91), October 1992.
- "Profile of New Coal Mines in the 1980's," Coal Production 1990, DOE/EIA-0118), September 1991.
- "The Comparability of Resource and Reserve Data for Crude Oil, Natural Gas, Coal, and Uranium," *Quarterly Coal Report October-December 1994*, DOE/EIA-0121 (94/4Q) May 1995.
- "Coal Geology, Reserves and Production in Northern and Central Appalachia," *Mining Engineering*, Special Edition, December 1995.

Appendix D

Explanatory Notes

Data Sources

All data in this report were collected by the Energy Information Administration (EIA), U.S. Department of Energy (DOE), except: import and export data, which were collected by the Bureau of the Census (Census Bureau), U.S. Department of Commerce; supplemental export data which were collected by King's Corporation, Knoxville, Publishing Tennessee: Federal and Indian land leasing data which were collected by the U.S. Department of the Interior (Bureau of Land Management and Minerals Management Service); and miner injury and fatality data which were collected by the U.S. Department of Labor (Mine Safety and Health Administration).

Coal Surveys

As early as the 1880's, the U.S. Geological Survey began collecting coal data under a voluntary reporting system. The responsibility for gathering this information was transferred to the Bureau of Mines in the 1920's, initially under the U.S. Department of Commerce and later under the U.S. Department of the Interior, which published the data in its *Minerals Yearbook*. Except for a brief period from 1937 to 1943, when bituminous coal data were collected under the mandatory authority of the Bituminous Coal Act, the Bureau of Mines continued to conduct voluntary coal surveys until the Department of Energy was created.

Coal Production Report (Form EIA-7A)

The Energy Information Administration (EIA) began collecting annual coal production data on October 1, 1977. The 1998 coal production and identification data in this report were collected on Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report," and the U.S. Department of Labor's Mine Safety and Health Administration's Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report" from companies that produced, processed or prepared coal in 1998. All other data collected on Form EIA-7A are reported for only those companies that owned a mining operation that produced, prepared or processed 10,000 short tons or more of coal in 1998 and preparation plants with 5,000 or more employee hours.

So that the EIA may fulfill its data collection functions as specified in the Federal Energy Administration Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-275), response to this survey is mandatory. EIA compares respondents to this survey with lists of mining operations maintained by various State coal mining/licensing agencies and the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA), U.S. Department of Labor, to identify new respondents. No sampling procedures are used. In 1998, there were 1,773 mining operations that produced, processed, or prepared 10,000 or more short tons of coal. All of the data were collected by mail and were edited to ensure that they were complete and accurate.

As in all surveys, data from Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report," are subject to various sources of error: (1) coverage (the list of respondents may not be complete or, on the other hand, there may be double counting), (2) nonresponse (all units that are surveyed may not respond or may not provide all the information requested), (3) respondents (respondents may commit errors in reporting the data), (4) processing (the data collection agency may lose or incorrectly transcribe the submissions), (5) concept (the data collection elements may not measure the items they were intended to measure), and (6) adjustment (errors may be made in estimating values for missing data).

Because the annual coal production survey (Form EIA-7A) is not a sample survey, the estimates shown in this report are not subject to sampling error. ¹ It is

¹ Sampling error is a measure of the variation that occurs by chance because a sample rather than a complete enumeration of units is surveyed.

not possible to present estimates of nonsampling error, but precautionary steps were taken at each stage of the survey design to minimize the possible occur-

rence of these errors. These steps are described as follows.

The forms are logged within 24 hours of receipt and assigned to a team of data editors consisting of Coal

Table D1. Interquartile Range and Average Mine Price by State and Mine Type, 2000 (Dollars per Short Ton)

Coal-Producing State and Region	Underground		Surface		Total	
	Average Mine Price	Interquartile Range	Average Mine Price	Interquartile Range	Average Mine Price	Interquartile Range
Alabama	\$33.97	\$22.54	\$30.75	\$4.36	\$33.37	\$11.09
Alaska	-	-	W	W	W	W
Arizona	-	-	W	W	W	W
Colorado	W	W	W	W	\$17.27	\$6.40
Illinois	\$22.65	\$2.98	\$23.79	\$3.07	22.78	2.76
Indiana	W	W	W	W	19.79	3.31
Kansas	_	-	W	W	W	W
Kentucky Total	\$24.31	\$3.46	\$22.97	\$4.14	\$23.80	\$3.97
Eastern	25.32	2.09	23.59	3.53	24.58	3.10
Western	21.42	1.85	17.91	2.17	20.69	4.47
Louisiana	_	_	w	w	w	w
Maryland	w	w	w	w	\$23.01	\$2.40
Mississippi	_	_	w	W	w	w
Missouri	_	_	w	W	W	w
Montana	_	_	\$8.87	\$4.02	\$8.87	\$4.02
New Mexico	_	_	20.87	1.31	20.87	1.31
North Dakota	_	_	8.35	.38	8.35	.38
Ohio	\$50.92	\$90.51	23.17	5.43	38.30	10.14
Oklahoma	w	w	w	w	25.21	2.02
Pennsylvania Total	\$22.85	\$1.45	\$27.30	\$6.52	23.84	1.64
Anthracite	34.27	2.09	41.32	62.56	40.90	55.20
Bituminous	22.80	1.45	22.63	5.25	22.77	1.48
Tennessee	w	w	w	w	27.04	.61
Texas	_		\$13.00	\$3.41	13.00	3.41
Utah	\$17.56	\$7.13	_	_	17.56	7.13
Virginia	26.10	1.46	25.61	4.95	25.95	3.76
Washington	20.10	_	w w	w	W	w
West Virginia Total	25.79	5.67	\$24.67	\$2.51	\$25.37	\$5.03
Northern	22.55	6.96	23.26	1.05	22.64	6.31
Southern	27.39	3.04	24.81	2.42	26.22	4.00
Wyoming	w	w	w	W	5.50	1.16
Appalachian Total ¹	\$26.65	\$5.28	\$24.78	\$4.59	25.99	4.61
Interior Total ¹	22.13	2.22	16.04	5.83	18.37	8.10
Western Total ¹	17.02	5.62	7.84	3.29	8.73	7.77
East of Miss. River	25.89	4.24	23.83	5.29	25.16	4.68
West of Miss. River	17.08	5.62	8.46	5.57	9.22	8.94
U.S. Total	24.73	6.17	12.46	15.11	16.78	18.31

¹ For a definition of coal-producing regions, see Appendix C.

team personnel. The editors screen the forms for legibility, completeness, and consistency. Names and address changes are updated in the files. The reported data are compared with data from previous years. Inconsistencies are identified and the respondents contacted for clarification. Computer edits are generated to identify keypunch errors, errors made by coders, out-of-range codes, and unlikely data combinations. Errors are corrected to conform to the data on the submissions or revised after telephone conversations with the company representatives. All changes to reported data are documented. EIA maintains data

from the Form EIA-7A on an automated database at its computing facility in Washington, D.C. The survey forms are filed by EIA indetification number organized by State and county.

The survey forms were sent via regular mail in January with a due date of April 2, 2001. Nonresponse letters were mailed April 11 to those mining operations that had not submitted their forms. Subsequent to the letter, attempts were made to contact, by telephone, those nonrespondents whose reported 2000 production was 100,000 short tons or more.

Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Note: Excludes silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons of coal during the year. Average Price is calculated by dividing the total free on board (f.o.b) mine value of the coal produced by the total production.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; and/or U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production Report."

Some forms could not be delivered. Where possible, address corrections were obtained. Some mining operations that had reported in earlier surveys or operated only in 2000 were no longer in business.

Since 1992, California has not reported coal production as the courts determined that the product mined in that State did not meet the standard classification for coal.

Missing coalbed classification, coalbed thickness, and coal rank/group data were estimated using State mining agency production reports, geological data, and previous years' reports for these mines.

When a mine had a missing disposition value, its disposition was multiplied by the county-level average mine price to estimate the value. County-level average mine prices were calculated by dividing the total value for the appropriate disposition (open/captive) and the type of mining (underground or surface) by the corresponding total disposition. All missing disposition was classified as open market unless information was available to classify it as captive. Of those mines whose production was 10,000 or more short tons, value data were estimated for 129 mines, representing 1.2 percent (13.4 million short tons) of the disposition total.

When an underground mine had unreported *mining method*, it was assumed that the mining method was conventional.

Missing recoverable coal reserves data were estimated by using the mine's 1999 recoverable reserves minus the mine's 2000 production. If this calculation could not be made, the mine's projected production for 2001 was used. If recoverable coal reserves for 1999 and 2000 and projected production for 2001 were all missing, no estimate was made. In 2000, recoverable reserves were reported by or estimated for 1,045 mines, representing 1,056 million short tons, or 98.3 percent of the mines whose production exceeded 10,000 or more short tons.

Missing recovery percentage data were estimated by using 2000 recovery percentage averages at the State level for the appropriate type of mining (underground or surface).

Missing productive capacity data were estimated by assuming productive capacity was equal to 2000 production. If productive capacity was reported as less than annual production, productive capacity was equated to 2000 production. There were 312 in-scope mines with production of 144.3 million short tons for which 2000 production was used as a proxy for productive capacity, resulting in 100 percent capacity utilization.

These mines included those with productive capacity less than 1999 production, and mines that did not report productive capacity and could not be contacted. If these mines were excluded from the calculation of percent utilization, the U.S. total becomes 79.28 versus 82.04, when those mines are included.

In 2000, there were 13 mines that produced 2.3 million short tons of refuse bituminous and subbituminous coal. Those operations are not included in this report.

In order to protect the confidentiality of individual respondent's data, a policy was implemented to ensure that the reporting of survey data on mine prices and recoverable reserves in this publication would not associate those data with a particular company. The final phase in the data quality assurance and control procedures is determining which data must be suppressed (withheld) during publication to provide the necessary confidentiality for mines or companies that represent a significant portion of a reported data cell. All withholding analysis is done based upon production volumes. These procedures are performed as follows:

- Primary Withholding Based on the Number of Respondents in a Cell -- All cells with three or fewer active coal mining operations are suppressed.
- Residual Withholding Dominance Rule Phase 1
 All cells containing between 4 and 10 active coal
 mining operations are examined. A cell is sup pressed if any single respondent accounts for 75
 percent or more of the volume for all respondents
 included in that cell.
- Residual Withholding Dominance Rule Phase 2
 All cells in which two active coal mining operations represent 90 percent or more of the volume for all respondents included in that cell are suppressed.
- 4. Complementary Suppression -- All tables are reviewed to identify cells which should have data withheld to prevent disclosure of already suppressed cells. An example of cells to be withheld during complementary suppression is underground price, if the surface price is withheld during primary or residual suppression. Because the total price is published, if the underground price is not withheld, the surface price could be calculated using the total price, the underground price, and the underground, surface, and total volumes.
- 5. Most complementary suppression involves type of mining considerations. Other complementary suppression is based on regional level data. A State or region must be withheld during complementary suppression because an already withheld State could be calculated using other States and the regional total. Cells are also selected for complementary suppression that represent the smallest volumes or that were withheld in prior years.
- 6. Inter-table effects are also examined regarding complementary suppression. For example, States that are withheld in one State table can influence the complementary suppression of an associated State table. This analysis is very similar to that done at the regional level, except that two tables are involved rather than one. Finally, similar tables are reviewed to ensure that all like suppressed cells are consistently withheld (suppressed) in all tables in which they appear.

The withholding/suppression of data is performed as an adjunct to the quality assurance (QA) procedures. The work is performed by survey editors, and the QA staff and is reviewed by the survey manager before being submitted to division-level QA review.

All sensitive cells identified in withholding analysis are denoted with the symbol/letter "w." The use of the symbol/letter applies to primary, complementary and inter-table suppressions as well as all withheld data. The symbol/letter "w" is footnoted as follows: "w Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data."

The interquartile range is a measure of dispersion of State-level average mine prices. Two States may have the same average mine price, but the spread about this price may be totally different. For a fixed average mine price, a larger interquartile range suggests a broader distribution of coal prices than a smaller interquartile range. The summary statistics (Table D2) given in this publication are weighted by production. The interquartile range (weighted by production) is computed in the following manner:

- Each cell is sorted according to average mine price, from the lowest to the highest.
- For each cell, the corresponding mine's production according to increasing average mine price is divided by that particular cell's total production and multiplied by 100. These percentages are then added as a cumulative percentage of production.
- The first quartile (Q1) is the associated mine price for which the cumulative percentage of production first passes 25 percent. Thus, at least 25 percent of that cell's total production is identified with prices at or lower than Q1.
- The third quartile (Q3), is the associated mine price for which the cumulative percentage of production first passes 75 percent. Thus, at least 75 percent of that cell's total production is identified with prices at or lower than Q3.

The interquartile range is Q3-Q1.

Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants (Form EIA-3)

Form EIA-3 is used to survey U.S. manufacturers that consume 1,000 tons or more of coal per year for all uses other than coke production. These data were collected on a monthly basis until 1980, when the reporting cycle was revised to a quarterly schedule. Data on manufacturers' coal stocks, receipts, prices, and consumption are reported.

Through the end of 1988, all manufacturers that consumed coal were required to file Form EIA-3. Beginning with the first quarter of 1989, only those manufacturers that consumed 1,000 or more tons in the past year were required to report. In 2000, 552 manufacturers responded to the EIA-3 survey. The response rate for the year was 100 percent. In order to identify undercoverage problems, the data from this

survey are compared with shipments to *manufacturers* reported on EIA's "Coal Distribution Report," Form EIA-6A. At present, the coal receipts reported by *manufacturers* on Form EIA-3 cover approximately 99 percent of the coal shipments to *manufacturers* on Form EIA-6A. Consequently, the coal consumption data gathered on the Form EIA-3 do not represent the total consumption at manufacturing plants. See Technical Note 5 for data adjustment procedures for coal consumption for the other industrial sector.

Current year data from this survey are preliminary and unrevised in the January - March, April - June, and July - September issues of the *Quarterly Coal Report* (DOE/EIA-0121). In the October - December issue, any revisions necessary for the entire year are applied and the data are considered final.

The respondent list of manufacturers for Form EIA-3 is compared with lists of coal-consuming manufacturing plants from State Air Quality and Energy Offices. When new respondents are found, they are added to the survey mailing list.

Annual Coal Quality Report - Manufacturing Plants (Form EIA-3A)

Form EIA-3A contains questions on the origin of coal (State or Country), the quantity of coal receipts, the Btu, sulfur and ash content of the coal receipts, and the basis used to determine the coal quality data. The threshold for the annual collection will be the same as for the EIA-3: manufacturing plants that consume in excess of 1,000 short tons of coal per per year. In 2000, 552 manufacturers responded to the EIA-3A survey. The response rate for the year was 100 percent.

Coke Plant Report (Form EIA-5)

Form EIA-5, a quarterly report of coal receipts, carbonization, and stocks, and of coke and breeze production, distribution, and stocks, is used to survey all U.S. coke plants.

Coke plants were surveyed monthly and a supplemental survey was taken annually until 1981, when the reporting cycle was revised to a quarterly schedule with an annual supplemental survey. In 1985, collection of the annual supplement was ended.

In 2000, there were 23 respondents to the EIA-5 survey, and the response rate was 100 percent. The respondent list for this survey is updated by continuous monitoring of the industry literature.

Current year data from this survey are preliminary and unrevised in the January - March, April - June, and July - September issues of the *Quarterly Coal Report* (DOE/EIA-0121). In the October - December issue, any revisions necessary for the entire year are applied and the data are considered final.

Annual Coal Quality Report - Coke Plants (Form EIA-5A)

This form contains questions on the origin of coal (State or country), the quantity of coal receipts, the volatile matter, sulfur and ash content, and the basis used to determine the coal quality data. There is no threshold for this form. In 2000, there were 23 respondents to the EIA-5A survey, and the response rate was 100 percent.

Coal Distribution Report (Form EIA-6A)

Form EIA-6A is used to survey all U.S. companies (producers and/or distributors) that own or purchase and distribute more than 50,000 short tons annually.² Data on coal production and purchases, distribution by consumer category, and method of transportation are reported.

In 2000, there were about 920 respondents to the EIA-6A survey. Until the end of 1988, coal distribution companies were required to report production on a Bureau of Mines district basis. For the year 1989, respondents were required to report on a BOM district/State basis. Beginning with the first quarter of 1990, respondents were required to report on a State basis. The response rate for the current quarter was 100 percent. The annual production total reported on Form EIA-6A exceeds 99 percent of total production as reported by all mines on Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report," due to the difference in reporting thresholds. The data gathered on the Form EIA-6A only represent the domestic coal distributed; therefore, imported coal distributed during the quarters is not included.

Current year data from this survey are preliminary and unrevised in the January - March, April - June, and July - September issued of the *Quarterly Coal Report* (DOE/EIA-0121). In the October - December issue, any revisions necessary for the entire year are applied and the data are considered final.

The respondent list for this survey is updated by comparing it with lists of coal producers from the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA), U.S. Department of Labor, and from similar lists maintained by various State agencies. Also, new respondents are frequently identified on Form EIA-6A itself when other companies are named as sources of coal purchases.

Electric Utility Surveys

Coal data appear in this report from three surveys of electric utilities --from all generating electric utilities and from fossil-fueled plants.

The Census Bureau collected and published the results of a census taken every 5 years from 1902 to 1937 on the electric light and power industries and some data on industrial production of electric energy. The U.S. Geological Survey collected data on capacity and generation of electric utilities from 1920 to 1936, when this activity was turned over to the Federal Power Commission (FPC).

All data are presented as reported on the surveys. No estimates or other adjustments are made for missing data. The data are maintained in a computer system and are edited to ensure that they are reasonable, consistent, and complete. For additional information from these surveys and for other electric utility data, see the EIA publication, *Electric Power Monthly* (DOE/EIA-0226).

Monthly Power Plant Report (Form EIA-759)

Form EIA-759 (which, until 1982, was called FPC Form 4) is used to survey all generating electric utilities. The Federal Power Act and FPC Order Number 141 define the legislative authority to collect power production data. Consumption and stocks of coal and other fuels at each plant are reported. The respondents to Form EIA-759, approximately 700 plants, accounted for 100 percent of total electric utility generation.

Beginning with the 1996 data collection, the Form EIA-759 is a cutoff model sample of approximately 360 electric utilities drawn from the frame of all operators of electric utility plants (approximately 700 electric utilities) that generate electric power for public use. Data will be collected on an annual basis from the remaining operators of electric utiltiy plants. The new monthly data collection is from all utilities with at least one plant with a name- plate capacity of 25 megawatts or more. (Note: includes all nuclear units). However, the few utilities that generate electricity by using renewable fuel sources other than hydroelectric are all included in the sample. The Form EIA-759 is used to collect monthly data on net generation; consumption of coal, petroleum, and natural gas; and end-of-the-month stocks of coal and petroleum for each plant by fuel-type combination.

Current year data from this survey are considered final.

² For the States of Arkansas, Maryland, Oklahoma, and the anthracite portion of Pennsylvania, the threshold is 10,000 tons.

Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants (FERC Form 423)

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) Form 423 is used to survey all fossil-fueled plants with a total steam-generating capacity of 50 megawatts or more. It is submitted by approximately 230 electric utilities. (Before 1983, this form was called FPC Form 423, and all fossil-fueled plants with a total generating capacity of 25 megawatts or more were surveyed.) In 1972, the FPC issued Order Number 453, which included the legislative authority to create FERC Form 423. Cost, quality, and source of fuels (by State or country of origin), including coal, are reported. Current year data from this survey are considered final.

Annual Nonutility Power Producer Report (Form EIA-867)

The Form EIA-867 is a restricted-universe census used to collect annual data from all existing and planned nonutility power producers in the United States during the years 1993 through 1997. In 1992, the reporting threshold of the Form EIA-867 was lowered to include all facilities with a combined nameplate capacity of 1 or more megawatts. Previously data were collected every 3 years from facilities with a nameplate capacity between 1 and 5 megawatts. For the purpose of this data collection, a nonutility power producer is an enterprise that has electric generating capacity and is not an electric utility. They include qualifying cogenerators, qualifying small power producers, and other nonutility generators (including independent power producers) without a designated franchised service area. The form is used to collect data on the installed capacity, energy consumption, generation, and electric energy sales to electric utilities from approximately 2,000 facilities.

Annual Electric Generator Report -Nonutility (Form EIA-860B)

The Form EIA-860B is a mandatory survey of all existing and planned nonutility electric generating facilities in the United States with a total generator nameplate capacity of 1 or more megawatts. The form is used to collect data on the installed capacity, energy consumption, generation, and electric energy sales to electric utilities and other nonutilities by facility. Additionally, the form is used to collect data on the quality of fuels burned and the types of environmental equipment used by the respondent. These data are aggregated to provide geographic totals for selected States and at the Census division and national levels.

Export and Import Data

Export and import data (except imports to electric utilities, manufacturing plants and coke plants, which are reported on the FERC Form 423, EIA-3A, and EIA-5A, respectively.) are obtained from the Census Bureau--export data from the monthly EM 545 (formerly EM 522) report, import data from the monthly IM 145 report. The Census Bureau compiles these data monthly from documents filed with the U.S. Customs Service as required by law. They include shippers' export declaration forms, import entry forms, and warehouse withdrawal forms. No sampling procedures are used. The Census Bureau publication Guide to Foreign Trade Statistics describes the foreign trade statistics program, including the EM 545 and IM 145 monthly reports. Data from these surveys are considered final at the time of publication.

Foreign distribution of U.S. coal, major exporting State, and destination, along with foreign distribution of metallurgical and steam coal (Tables 60, 61, and 62, respectively), was determined using EIA-6A distribution data by origin State, and coal export data from King's COALBASE (King Publishing Corporation, Knoxville, Tennessee) which gives the metallurgical and steam breakdown as well as the country destination data. The percentage of metallurgical and steam coal for each country of destination are applied to the EIA-6A export figures for each State of origin to derive coal distribution data that link State of origin to countries of destination by type of coal. The King's destination country data are considered to be more accurate than the Census country-of-destination data because it account for transhipments through intermediate countries to final destination countries, whereas the Census data would designate the destination as the intermediate country.

Copies of the survey forms and instructions used to collect data appearing in this publication can be obtained by calling EIA's National Energy Information Center at (202) 586-8800.

Technical Notes

1. Differences in Related Coal Data

Coal Production versus Coal Distribution. Coal production represents newly mined coal. Coal distribution represents shipments of newly mined coal and coal from producer/distributor stockpiles (previously mined coal).

Coal Distribution versus Coal Receipts. Differences in coal distribution data and coal receipts data are due to the time lag between distribution and receipt of coal shipments, and due to the survey threshold differences. In addition, coal distributed includes only domestic coal, whereas receipts include imported coal

Foreign Distribution of U.S. Coal versus U.S. Coal Exports. Foreign distribution of U.S. coal does not equal U.S. coal exports because there are differences in reporting time and survey thresholds.

Receipts of Imported Coal versus U.S. Coal Imports. Receipts of imported coal at electric utilities and manufacturing and coke plants does not equal U.S. coal imports due to reporting time differences. In addition, it does not include receipts at independent power producers.

2. Other Industrial Plants and Manufacturing

The *other industrial plants* end-use sector includes the *manufacturing*, agriculture, forestry and fishing, mining, and construction industries. Manufacturing accounts for approximately 97 percent of the coal receipts and consumption and 100 percent of the coal stocks in the *other industrial plants* sector as reported herein. Data sources for the *other industrial plants* sector and the *manufacturing* sector are Forms EIA-6A and EIA-3, respectively. The source statement in each table identifies the survey used to collect coal data for the *other industrial plants* sector, and the following technical notes describe the methodology used for deriving data.

3. Residential and Commercial

To reduce the reporting burden to coal users, the EIA does not conduct any survey of coal data from residential and commercial users of coal. Shipments of coal to this sector, reported by producers and distributors of coal on Form EIA-6A, are equated to coal receipts and consumption by the *residential and commercial* sector, assuming no stock changes.

4. Consumer Prices

Prices are derived for each end-use sector as follows:

Electric Utilities. Prices are reported for each plant in cents-per-million Btu on FERC Form 423. The price per ton of coal is calculated at each plant using cents-per-million Btu and the average Btu content per pound of coal for the appropriate rank of coal. The average prices appearing in the tables (e.g., across all States) are calculated by summing the dollar value at each plant (short tons of coal multiplied by price per short ton) and dividing by the corresponding total tons. For more information about prices of coal at electric utilities, see the EIA publication, Electric Power Monthly (DOE/EIA-0226).

Coke Plants. Respondents are asked to report the number of tons of coal received (or coke distributed) on Form EIA-5 and the total value of that coal (or coke) in dollars. Average prices are calculated by summing the reported values (e.g., across all States) and dividing by the corresponding total tons.

Other Industrial Plants. Respondents (manufacturing plants only) are asked to report the number of tons of coal received on Form EIA-3 and the total value of that coal in dollars. Average prices are calculated by summing the reported values across all States and dividing by the corresponding total tons.

Residential and Commercial. Data are not collected. See Technical Note 3.

5. Consumption

Annual Data

Annual coal consumption data are sums of quarterly or monthly data described below except for nonutility power producers whose coal consumption is not included in this report. These data are however, reported on Form EIA-867 and published in the *Electric Power Annual* (DOE/EIA-0348).

Electric Utilities. Consumption is reported on Form EIA-759.

Nonutility Electric Generating Facilities. For 1997 and prior years, consumption is reported on Form EIA-867. For 1998 and forward years, consumption data is reported on the Form EIA-860B.

Coke Plants. Consumption is reported on Form EIA-5.

Other Industrial Plants. In deriving a quarterly estimate for coal consumption for the other industrial plants sector, the first step is to equate consumption to beginning stocks plus receipts minus ending stocks. In terms of an equation, consumption can be expressed as C = Sb + R - Se, where Sb = beginning stocks, R = receipts, and Se = ending stocks.

Therefore, consumption is C = (Sb - Se (change instocks)) + R. Next, stock change at the State level is equated to the stock change for that State as reported on Form EIA-3, receipts at the State level are derived as described in Section 3, and a computed consumption is derived using the same equation for each State. Finally, the quarterly consumption (C) at the State level is equated to the maximum of the computed consumption at the State level, as previously described, and the quarterly consumption for that State as reported on Form EIA-3. This process ensures that State-level consumption for the other industrial *plants* sector is always greater than or equal to the manufacturing sector consumption for that State. Total quarterly consumption for the *other industrial plants* sector is computed by summing the quarterly State-level consumption figures.

Residential and Commercial. Shipments to the **residential and commercial** sector as reported on Form EIA-6A are defined as consumption as well as receipts for this end-use sector.

EIA publishes monthly estimates of coal consumption in the *Monthly Energy Review* (DOE/EIA-0035).

Monthly coal consumption at electric utility plants is derived directly from Form EIA-759. Prior to 1980, monthly coal consumption at coke plants was derived directly from Form EIA-5. For 1981 through 1987, it was derived from the quarterly coal consumption reported on Form EIA-5, using the ratios of monthly to quarterly consumption in 1979, the last year that coke plant data were collected monthly on Form EIA-5. These ratios by month (January - December)

are 0.3377, 0.3200, 0.3423; 0.3529, 0.3462, 0.3009; 0.3364, 0.3347, 0.3289; and 0.3273, 0.3301, 0.3426.

Starting with 1988, monthly coal consumption at coke plants is derived from quarterly coal consumption reported on Form EIA-5, using ratios derived from monthly data on raw steel production published by the American Iron and Steel Institute (AISI) on Form AIS7. The ratio is the proportion of monthly raw steel production from open hearth and basic oxygen process furnaces to the quarterly raw steel production from those furnace types.

Prior to 1978, coal consumption for the *other industrial plants* sector (i.e., industrial users minus coke plants) was derived by using monthly data reported on Form EIA-3 to modify baseline coal consumption figures from the most recent Census of Manufactures or Annual Survey of Manufactures, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce. For 1978 through 1987, data from Forms EIA-3 and EIA-6A are used to compute monthly coal consumption for the *other industrial plants* sector.

Given the quarterly consumption for the *other industrial plants* sector (C), the monthly consumption for the sector (Cm) is estimated for each month in the quarter as Cm = (Cm3/C3) x C where Cm3/C3 is the ratio of monthly to quarterly coal consumption as reported on Form EIA-3. For the 1978 coal consumption figures, the ratios used are based on 1978 EIA-3 data. For 1979 through 1987, the ratios used are based on the 1979 EIA-3 data. These 1979 ratios by month (January - December) are 0.3593, 0.3264, 0.3143; 0.3485, 0.3332, 0.3183; 0.3317, 0.3407, 0.3276; and 0.3045, 0.3253, 0.3702.

Starting with 1988, monthly coal consumption for the other industrial plants sector is derived from quarterly coal consumption reported on Form EIA-3 using monthly ratios derived from the industrial production indices published by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. Six major industry groups' indices are used as the basis for calculating the monthly ratios. These groups are food manufacturing (North American Industry Classification System (NAICS 311), paper manufacturing (NAICS 322), chemicals manufacturing (NAICS 325), petroleum and coal products (NAICs 324), nonmetallic mineral products (NAICS 327) and primary metal manufacturing (NAICS 331).

The monthly ratios are computed as the monthly sum of weighted indices as a proportion of the quarterly sum of weighted indices, using the 1985 proportion as the weight.

Prior to 1980, monthly coal consumption for the *residential and commercial* sector was derived by using monthly data reported on Form EIA-2, "Monthly Coal Report -- Retail Dealers and Upper Lake Docks," to modify baseline coal consumption figures developed by the Bureau of Mines, U.S. Department of the Interior.

For 1980, the quarterly coal consumption figures in the *residential and commercial* sector are converted

to monthly coal consumption figures using the ratios of monthly to quarterly coal deliveries to this sector in 1979 as reported on Form EIA-2. These 1979 ratios by month (January-December) are 0.4002, 0.3502, 0.2496; 0.4805, 0.2901, 0.2294; 0.3126, 0.2952, 0.3922; and 0.2931, 0.3101, 0.3968. The 1981 and 1982 monthly coal consumption figures were derived using the 1979 ratios but were also modified according to heating/cooling degree-days. For 1983 through 1987, coal consumption figures are converted to monthly coal consumption figures using only the ratios of monthly to quarterly coal deliveries to this sector in 1979.

Starting with 1988, monthly coal consumption figures are derived using the monthly national average population weighted heating/cooling degree-days obtained from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. The ratio is the proportion of the monthly national sum of heating and cooling degree-days to the quarterly sum.

6. Stocks

Annual stocks are calculated at the end of the year or the end of the fourth quarter. Coal stocks are derived for each end-use sector as follows:

Electric Utilities. Stocks are reported on Form EIA-759.

Coke Plants. Stocks are reported on Form EIA-5.

Other Industrial Plants. Stocks are reported on Form EIA-3, i.e., stocks at manufacturing plants only. Technical Note 2 discusses the difference between other industrial plants and manufacturing plants.

Residential and Commercial. Data are not available. See Technical Note 3.

Producer and Distributor. Stocks are reported on Form EIA-6A.

7. Methods of Transportation

Rail: Shipments of coal moved to consumers by rail, either private or public/commercial. Included is coal hauled to or away from a railroad siding by truck.

Water Transportation: Shipments of coal moved by one of the three methods--river, Great Lakes, or tidewater piers and coastal ports. Included in these shipments is coal hauled to or from water loading facilities by other means of transportation.

River: Shipments of coal moved to consumers via river by barge, except shipments to Great Lakes

coal loading docks or tidewater piers or coastal ports.

Great Lakes: Shipments of coal moved to consumers via the Great Lakes. These shipments are moved via the Great Lakes coal loading docks, which are identified by name and locations as follows: Superior Midwest Energy Terminal, Superior, Wisconsin; Bessemer & Lake Erie Coal Storage & Transfer Facility, Conneaut, Ohio; B&O Railroad Coal Loading Dock, Lorain, Ohio; C&O Railroad Presque Isle Docks, Toledo, Ohio; Lakefront Dock & Railroad Terminal Company Coal Loading Dock, Toledo, Ohio; N&W Sandusky Coal Pier No. 3, Sandusky, Ohio; ConRail Coal Transfer Facilities, Ashtabula, Ohio; Rail to Water Transfer Corporation Dock, Chicago, Illinois.

Tidewater Piers and Coastal Ports: Shipments of coal moved to tidewater piers and coastal ports for further shipments to consumers via coastal water or ocean. The tidewater piers are identified by name and location as follows: B&O Curtis Bay Coal Piers, Baltimore, Maryland; C&O Coal Piers Nos. 14 & 15, Newport News, Virginia; N&W Lamberts Point Coal Piers Nos. 5 & 6, Norfolk, Virginia; Alabama State Docks Bulk Handling Plant, Mobile, Alabama; Alabama State Docks/McDuffie Terminals, Mobile, Alabama; Canton Coal Piers, Baltimore Harbor on the Chesapeake Bay; Greenwich Coal Pier, Greenwich Point, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on Delaware River; Port Richmond Pier, Pier 18 Port Richmond, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on the Delaware River; Galveston Regional Coal Distribution Center, Pelican Island, Galveston, Texas; International Marine Terminals/Plaguemines Parish Terminal, Mile 57 AHP-Mississippi River, approximately 30 miles south of New Orleans; Energy Terminals of Houston, Inc., a Subsidiary of Soros Associates, Houston, Texas. Coastal Ports are those located at Charleston, South Carolina; New York, New York; San Diego, California; Los Angeles, California; and Seattle, Washington.

Truck: Shipments of coal moved to consumers by truck.

Tramway, Conveyor, or Slurry Pipeline: Shipments of coal moved to consumers by tramway, conveyor, or slurry pipeline.

8. Census Export and Import Data

Export and import data are obtained from the Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce, where they are compiled monthly from documents filed with the U.S. Customs Service, as required by law.

Each coal shipment is reported in short tons with corresponding total dollar values. EIA converts all value data obtained from the Census Bureau to average price data by dividing the dollar value by the quantity.

Based on an analysis and sample validation of the Census Bureau import and export data conducted by the EIA, it was determined that some of the coal and coke data collected from the Census Bureau may be misleading or incorrect (particularly those data associated with very small quantities or very high prices). Because of this, a methodology was developed to edit the Census Bureau price data.

Prior to 1989, certain data cells had been suppressed for publication purposes only: (1) average import coal prices of \$50.00 or more per short ton; (2) average export coal prices of \$60.00 or more per short ton; (3) average coke prices of \$200.00 or more per short ton; (4) all percent changes of 500 percent or more.

Beginning with 1989, coal export data were categorized as metallurgical coal and steam coal, rather than as bituminous steam coal, lignite, anthracite, and bituminous metallurgical coal.

In addition, coal export tables were revised to present those countries to which the United States exported more than 50,000 short tons in the prior calendar year. The remaining countries in each continent were aggregated in an "other" category. This reduces the number of empty cells and highlights the major importers of U.S. coal. All coke export and import, and coal import countries and quantities are displayed.

The following methodology was used to derive the typical average prices as presented in the price tables. For all coal, a price distribution was derived from the prior calendar year export price data. Since extreme price variations in the Census Bureau data are the exception rather than the rule, the price distribution was used to identify a typical price range. The price distribution, from low to high, along with the frequency of each price (quantity) was analyzed to determine the representative prices. The extreme prices at both ends of the distribution were eliminated to arrive at a price range that covered at least 90 percent of the exports. This price range was considered to include typical or representative prices. Considering the records that fell within the typical price range, the weighted average price was calculated by country of destination and type of coal.

The same procedure was used to determine the typical average prices of coal imports. In addition to the average prices based on the above methodology, a U.S. total row is presented in the price tables, which represents the average price using all the Census Bureau data.

For reporting purposes, the month of exportation reflects the month in which the shipment leaves the United States. The month of importation generally is based on the month in which the U.S. Customs Service releases the merchandise to the importer. For both sets of data, however, there can exist a small carry-over from the actual month of exportation or importation to a subsequent month, usually the succeeding month. A number of factors in processing account for this, e.g., late receipt of a document for an end-of-month shipment, or rejection of a shipment by

the computer due to failure to meet established edit criteria. These limitations should be considered when making comparisons.

Based on the U.S. - Canada Free Trade Agreement, as of January 1990, the U.S. Department of Commerce began reporting statistics on U.S. exports to Canada based on information on imports provided monthly by the Canadian government.

Comparing Census reported imported coal figures in Table 35 with EIA reported imported coal receipts at electric utilities, manufacturers, and coke plants for 1997 shows a difference of about 1.3 million short tons. The main reason for this is that the EIA receipts data do not cover imported coal received by nonutility power producers who are not in the manufacturing sector.

The import data for the years 1994 through 1996 have been revised. These revisons were done because of a missed "Harmonized Tariff Schedule" code for a category of coal.

9. Revisions

All data published in this report are considered final. The Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels has adopted the following policy with respect to the revision and correction of recurrent data in energy publications:

- 1. Annual survey data collected by this office are published either as preliminary or final when first appearing in a data report. Data initially released as preliminary will be so noted in the report. These data will be revised, if necessary, and declared final in the next publication of the data.
- 2. All monthly and quarterly survey data collected by this office are published as preliminary. These data are revised only after the completion of the 12-month cycle of the data. No revisions are made to the published data before this.
- 3. After data are published as final, corrections will be made only in the event of a greater than one percent difference at the national level. Corrections for differences that are less than the 1-percent threshold are left to the discretion of the Office Director.

10. Price Data and Taxes

F.O.B. mine coal prices and prices of coal delivered to or received by end-use consumers (electric utility plants, manufacturing plants, and coke plants) as reported in this publication include relevant local, State and Federal excise and sales taxes.

Table D2. Implicit Price Deflator, 1991-2000

Year	Implicit Price Deflator (1996 = 100)
1991	89.7
1992	91.8
1993	94.1
1994	96.0
1995	98.1
1996	100.0
1997 ^R	102.0
1998 ^R	103.2
1999 ^R	104.8
2000	106.9

R Revised.
Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, Survey of Current Business.

Glossary

Agglomerating Character: Agglomeration describes the caking properties of coal. Agglomerating character is determined by examination and testing of the residue when a small powdered sample is heated to 950 degrees centigrade under specified conditions. If the sample is "agglomerating," the residue will be coherent, show swelling or cell structure, and be capable of supporting a 500-gram weight without pulverizing.

Anthracite: A hard, black lustrous coal, often referred to as hard coal, containing a high percentage of fixed carbon and a low percentage of volatile matter. Comprises three groups classified according to the following ASTM Specification D388-91a, on a dry mineral-matter-free (mmf) basis:

Fixed Carbon Volatile Limits Matter GE LT GT LE 98 -- 2 2 8 Meta-Anthracite Anthracite 92 98 86 92 Semianthracite GE = Greater than or equal to LT = Less than GT = Greater than LE = Less than or equal to Anthracite coal is non-agglomerating. If agglomerating, semianthracite is classified in the low-volatile group of the bituminous class.

Ash: Impurities consisting of silica, iron, alumina, and other incombustible matter that are contained in coal. Ash increases the weight of coal, adds to the cost of handling, and can affect the burning characteristics. Ash content is measured as a percent by weight of coal on an "as received" or a "dry" (moisture-free, usually part of a laboratory analysis) basis.

Auger Mine: A surface mine where coal is recovered through the use of a large-diameter drill driven into a coalbed in a hillside. It usually follows contour surface mining, particularly when the overburden is too costly to excavate.

Average Annual Percent Change:

$$\sqrt[n]{\frac{V_n}{V_0}} - 1 \tag{1}$$

Where: V_0 = the value for the base period. V_n = the value for the n^{th} period.

n =the number of periods.

Average Mine Price: The ratio of the total value of the coal produced at the mine to the total production tonnage. (See F.O.B. mine price and F.O.B rail/barge price.)

Average Number of Miners: The arithmetic mean number of miners working each day at a mining operation. Includes maintenance as well as production work performed.

Average Production per Miner per Hour: The ratio of the total production at a mining operation to the total direct labor hours worked at the operation.

Average Quality of Coal: Refers to individual measurements such as heat value, fixed carbon, moisture, ash, sulfur, phosphorus, major, minor, and trace elements, coking properties, petrologic properties, and particular organic constituents. The individual quality elements may be aggregated in various ways to classify coal for such special purposes as metallurgical, gas, petrochemical, and blending usages.

Average Recovery Percentage: Average recovery percentage represents the percentage of coal that can be recovered from coal reserves at reporting mines, averaged for all mines in the reported geographic area.

Bituminous Coal: The most common coal. It is dense and black (often with well-defined bands of bright and dull material). Its moisture content is usually less than 20 percent. It is used for generating electricity, making coke, and for space heating. Comprises five groups classified according to ASTM Specification D-388-91a, on a dry mineral-matter-free mmf basis for fixed-carbon and volatile matter and a moist mmf basis for calorific value. Coals having 69 percent or more fixed carbon on the dry, mineralmatter-free basis shall be classified according to fixed carbon, regardless of calorific (heating) value. Highvolatile C bituminous coal is agglomerating, but other bituminous coals are commonly agglomerating. However, it is recognized that there may be nonagglomerating varieties in these groups of the bituminous class, and there are notable exceptions in the high-volatile C bituminous group. Coals with less than 69 percent fixed carbon, but with 14,000 or more Btu per pound, are classified as high-volatile A bituminous.

	Fixed		Vo]	Volatile		Calorific	
	Carbon		Mat	Matter		Value	
	Limits		Lir	Limits		Limits	
						Btu/lb.	
	GE	LT	GT	LT	GE	LE	
lv	78	86	14	22	-	-	
mv	69	78	22	31	_	_	
hvA	-	69	31	-	14000	-	
hvB	-	-	-	-	13000	14000	
hvC	-	-	-	-	10500	13000	
lv	= L	ow-vola	tile bi	tuminou	ıs coal		
mν	= M	edium-v	olatile	bitumi	inous coa	al	
hvA	= H	igh-vol	atile A	bitumi	nous coa	al	
hvB	= H	igh-vol	atile B	bitumi	nous coa	al	
hvC	= H	igh-vol	atile C	bitumi	nous coa	al	
GE = Greater than or equal to							
LT = Less than							
GT =	Grea	ter tha	n				
LE =	Less	than o	r equal	to			

Btu (**British thermal unit**): The amount of heat needed to raise the temperature of 1 pound of water by 1 degree Fahrenheit. The Btu is a convenient measure by which to compare the energy content of various fuels.

Cannel Coal: A variety of bituminous coal that is noncaking, contains a high percentage of volatile matter, ignites easily, and burns with a luminous smokey flame.

Capacity Utilization: Capacity utilization is computed by dividing production by productive capacity and multiplying by 100.

Captive Coal: Coal produced and consumed by the mine operator, a subsidiary, or parent company (for example, steel companies and electric utilities).

Carbon Dioxide: CO_2 A colorless, odorless, incombustible gas formed during combustion in fossil-fuel electric generation plants.

Census Divisions: The nine geographic divisions of the United States established by the Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce for statistical analysis. The boundaries of Census divisions coincide with State boundaries. In some cases, the Pacific Division is subdivided into the Pacific Contiguous and Pacific Noncontiguous areas.

CIF: See Cost, Insurance, Freight.

Coal Carbonized: The amount of coal decomposed into solid coke and gaseous products by heating in a coke oven in a limited air supply or in the absence of air.

Coal (Coke): See Coke (coal).

Coal Mining Productivity: Coal mining productivity is calculated by dividing total coal production by the total direct labor hours worked by all mine employees.

Coal Preparation: The process of sizing and cleaning coal to meet market specifications by removing impurities such as rock, sulfur, etc. May include crushing, screening, or mechanical cleaning.

Coal-Producing Regions: A geographic classification of coal-producing States. The States in the Appalachian Region are Alabama, Georgia, eastern Kentucky, Maryland, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Virginia, and West Virginia. The States in the Interior Region are Arkansas, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, western Kentucky, Louisiana, Missouri, Oklahoma, and Texas. The States in the Western Region are Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Montana, New Mexico, North Dakota, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming.

Coal-Producing States: The States where mined and/or purchased coal originates are defined as follows: Alabama, Alaska, Arizona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky Eastern, Kentucky Western, Louisiana, Maryland, Missouri, Montana, New Mexico, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania anthracite, Pennsylvania bituminous, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia Northern, West Virginia Southern, and Wyoming. The following Coal-Producing States are split in origin of coal, as defined below:

- Kentucky, Eastern All mines located in counties other than the Western Kentucky counties.
- Kentucky, Western All mines in the following counties in Western Kentucky: Butler, Caldwell, Christian, Crittenden, Daviess, Edmonson, Grayson, Hancock, Henderson, Hopkins, Logan, McLean, Muhlenberg, Ohio, Simpson, Todd, Union, Warren, and Webster.
- Pennsylvania Anthracite All mines in the following counties: Carbon, Columbia, Dauphin, Lackawanna, Lebanon, Luzerne, Northumberland, Schuylkill, Sullivan, and Susquehanna. All anthracite mines in Bradford County.
- Pennsylvania Bituminous All mines located in counties other than the Pennsylvania anthracite counties and all bituminous mines in Bradford County.
- West Virginia, Northern All mines in the following counties (formerly defined as Coal-Producing Districts 1, 3, & 6): Barbour, Brooke, Braxton, Calhoun, Doddridge, Gilmer, Grant, Hancock, Harrison, Jackson, Lewis, Marion, Marshall, Mineral, Monongalia, Ohio, Pleasants, Preston, Randolph, Ritchie, Roane, Taylor, Tucker, Upshur, Webster, Wetzel, Wirt, and Wood.
- West Virginia, Southern All mines in the following counties (formerly defined as Coal-Producing Districts 7 & 8): Boone, Cabell, Clay, Fayette, Greenbrier, Kanawha, Lincoln, Logan, Mason, McDowell, Mercer, Mingo, Monroe, Nicholas, Pocahontas, Putnam, Raleigh, Summers, Wayne, and Wyoming.

Coal Rank/Group: A classification of coal based on fixed carbon, volatile matter, calorific (heating) value, and agglomerating character. Coal is ranked progressively from lignite (least carbonaceous) to anthracite (most carbonaceous). The rank of coal can also deter-

mined by measuring the reflectance of vitrinite, one of several organic components of coal. The lower rank coal can be classified based on heat content. The heat content of the higher rank coals is generally above 14 thousand Btu per pound for each coal rank group (except for meta-anthracite, which trends slightly lower), and heat content ranges vary within a relatively narrow range. Since heat content is not a dependable criterion for these higher rank coals, their rank categories are instead described by degree of metamorphism, or "coalification," a property that is measured by fixed carbon content. Finally, the agglomerating character of bituminous coals is a critical attribute for certain coal consumers, and thus agglomerating character has come to define the distinctions between certain adjacent coal groups. Some high-volatile C bituminous and subbituminous A coals can be distinguished only on the basis of agglomerating character. Percentages are based on dry mineral-matter-free coal. Volatile matter (not shown) is the complement of fixed carbon; that is, the percentages of fixed carbon and volatile matter sum to 100 percent. As fixed carbon percentage decreases, therefore, volatile matter percentage increases by the same amount.

Coal Stocks: The supply of coal at a mine, plant, or utility at the end of the reporting period.

Coalbed: A bed or stratum of coal. Also called a coal seam.

Cogenerator: A generating facility that produces electricity and another form of useful thermal energy (such as heat or steam) used for industrial, commercial, heating, and cooling purposes. To receive status as a qualifying facility (QF) under the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act (PURPA), the facility must produce electric energy and "another form of useful thermal energy through the sequential use of energy," and meet certain ownership, operating, and efficiency criteria established by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC). (See the Code of Federal Regulation, Title 18, Part 292.)

Coke (coal): In general, coke is made from bituminous coal (or blends of bituminous coal) from which the volatile constituents are driven off by baking in an oven at temperatures as high as 2,000 degrees Fahrenheit, so that the fixed carbon and ash are fused together. Coke is hard and porous, has a gray, submetallic luster, and is strong enough to support a load of iron ore in a blast furnace. It is used both as a fuel and a reducing agent in smelting iron ore in a blast furnace. Coke has a heating value of 24.8 million Btu per short ton.

Coke Plants: Plants where coal is carbonized in slot or beehive ovens for the manufacture of coke.

Continuous Mining: A form of room-and-pillar mining in which a continuous mining machine extracts and removes coal from the working face in one operation; no blasting is required.

Conventional Mining: The oldest form of room-and-pillar mining which consists of a series of operations

that involve cutting the coalbed so it breaks easily when blasted with explosives or high-pressure air, and then loading the broken coal.

Cost, Insurance, Freight (CIF): A type of sale in which the buyer of the product agrees to pay a unit price that includes the F.O.B. value of the product at the point of origin plus all costs of insurance and transportation. This type of transaction differs from a "delivered" purchase in that the buyer accepts the quantity as determined at the loading port (as certified by the Bill of Loading and Quality Report) rather than pay on the basis of the quantity and quality ascertained at the unloading port. It is similar to the terms of an F.O.B. sale, except that the seller, as a service for which he is compensated, arranges for transportation and insurance.

Crude Oil: A mixture of hydrocarbons that exists in liquid phase in underground reservoirs and remains liquid at atmospheric pressure after passing through surface-separating facilities. Included are lease condensate and liquid hydrocarbons produced from tar sands, gilsonite and oil shale. Drip gases are also included, but topped crude (residual oil) and other unfinished oils are excluded. Liquids produced at natural gas processing plants and mixed with crude oil are likewise excluded where identifiable. Crude oil is considered as either domestic or foreign, according to the following: or from its "outer continental shelf" as defined in 43 U.S.C. 1331. States. Imported Athabasca hydrocarbons are included.

Culm: Waste from Pennsylvania anthracite preparation plants, consisting of coarse rock fragments containing as much as 30 percent small-sized coal; sometimes defined as including very fine coal particles called silt. Its heat value ranges from 8 to 17 million Btu per short ton.

Customs District: Customs districts, as defined by the Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce, "Monthly Report EM 545," are as follows

- Eastern: Bridgeport, CT, Washington, DC, Boston, MA, Baltimore, MD, Portland, ME, Buffalo, NY, New York City, NY, Ogdensburg, NY, Philadelphia, PA, Providence, RI, Norfolk, VA, St. Albans, VT.
- Southern: Mobile, AL, Savannah, GA, Miami, FL, Tampa, FL, New Orleans, LA, Wilmington, NC, San Juan, PR, Charleston, SC, Dallas-Fort Worth, TX, El Paso, TX, Houston-Galveston, TX, Laredo, TX, Virgin Islands.
- Western: Anchorage, AK, Nogales, AZ, Los Angeles, CA, San Diego, CA, San Francisco, CA, Honolulu, HI, Great Falls, MT, Portland, OR, Seattle, WA.
- Northern: Chicago, IL, Detroit, MI, Duluth, MN, Minneapolis, MN, St. Louis, MO, Pembina, ND, Cleveland, OH, Milwaukee, WI.

Customs Import Value: The value of imports as appraised by the U.S. Customs Service in accordance with the legal requirements of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended. This value is generally defined as the

price actually paid or payable for merchandise when sold for exportation to the United States, excluding U.S. import duties, freight, insurance, and other charges incurred in bringing the merchandise to the United States.

Demonstrated Reserve Base: A collective term for the sum of coal in both measured and indicated resource categories of reliability which represents 100 percent of the coal in these categories in place as of a certain date. Includes beds of bituminous coal and anthracite 28 inches or more thick and beds of subbituminous coal 60 inches or more thick that occur at depths to 1 thousand feet. Includes beds of lignite 60 inches or more thick that can be surface mined. Includes also thinner and/or deeper beds that presently are being mined or for which there is evidence that they could be mined commercially at this time. Represents that portion of the identified coal resource from which reserves are calculated.

Depletion: The subtraction of both the tonnage produced and the tonnage lost to mining from identified resources to determine the remaining tonnage as of a certain time.

Depletion Factor: The multiplier applied to the tonnage produced to compute depletion. This multiplier takes into account both the tonnage recovered and the tonnage lost due to mining. The depletion factor is the reciprocal of the recovery factor in relation to a given quantity of production.

Direct Labor Hours: Direct labor hours worked by all mining employees at a mining operation during the year. Includes hours worked by those employees engaged in production, preparation, development, maintenance, repair, shop or yard work, management, and technical or engineering work. Excludes office workers. Excludes vacation and leave hours.

Distillate Fuel Oil: A general classification for one of the petroleum fractions produced in conventional distillation operations. Included are products known as No.1, No.2, and No.4 fuel oils and No.1, No.2, and No.4 diesel fuels. It is used primarily for space heating, on-and-off-highway diesel engine fuel (including railroad engine fuel and fuel for agricultural machinery), and electric power generation.

Dredge Mining: A method of recovering coal from rivers or streams.

Drift Mine: An underground mine that has a horizontal entry dug to a coalbed in a hillside.

Dry (Coal) Basis: Coal quality data calculated to a theoretical basis in which no moisture is associated with the sample. This basis is determined by measuring the weight loss of a sample when its inherent moisture is driven off under controlled conditions of low temperature air-drying followed by heating to just above the boiling point of water (104 to 110 degrees centigrade).

Electricity: A form of energy generated by friction, induction, or chemical change that is caused by the

presence and motion of elementary charged particles of which matter consists.

Electricity Generation: The process of producing electric energy or transforming other forms of energy into electric energy. Also the amount of electric energy produced or expressed in watthours (Wh).

Electricity Generation, Gross: The total amount of electric energy produced by the generating station or stations, measured at the generator terminals.

Electricity Generation, Net: Gross generation less electricity consumed at the generating plant for station use. Electricity required for pumping at pumped-storage plants is regarded as plant use and is deducted from gross generation.

Electric Power Plant: A station containing prime movers, electric generators, and auxiliary equipment for converting mechanical, chemical, and/or fission energy into electric energy.

Electric Utility: A corporation, person, agency, authority, or other legal entity or instrumentality that owns and/or operates facilities within the United States, its territories, or Puerto Rico for the generation, transmission, distribution, or sale of electric energy primarily for use by the public and files forms listed in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 18, Part 141. Facilities that qualify as cogenerators or small power producers under the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act (PURPA) and exempt wholesale generators under Energy Policy Act of 1992 are not considered electric utilities. See definition of nonutility power producer.

Electric Utility Sector: The electric utility sector consists of privately and publicly owned establishments that generate, transmit, distribute, or sell electricity primarily for use by the public and that meet the definition of an electric utility. Nonutility power producers are not included in the electric utility sector.

Emissions: The pollutants discharged into the atmosphere in exhaust gases. For coal-burning plants, these emissions are primarily Carbon Dioxide (CO_2) , Nitrogen Oxide (NO_x) , and Sulfur Dioxide (SO_2) .

Energy: The capacity for doing work as measured by the capability of doing work (potential energy) or the conversion of this capability to motion (kinetic energy). Energy has several forms, some of which are easily convertible and can be changed to another form useful for work. Most of the world's convertible energy comes from fossil fuels that are burned to produce heat that is then used as a transfer medium to mechanical or other means in order to accomplish tasks. Electrical energy is usually measured in kilowatt hours, while heat energy is usually measured in British thermal units.

Energy Consumption: The use of energy as a source of heat or power or as an input in the manufacturing process.

Exports: Shipments of goods from the 50 States and the District of Columbia to foreign countries, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and other U.S. possessions and territories.

Fahrenheit: A temperature scale on which the boiling point of water is at 212 degrees above zero on the scale and the freezing point is at 32 degrees above zero at standard atmospheric pressure.

F.A.S. Value: Free alongside ship value. The value of a commodity at the port of exportation, generally including the purchase price plus all charges incurred in placing the commodity alongside the carrier at the port of exportation in the country of exportation.

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC):

A quasi-independent regulatory agency within the Department of Energy having jurisdiction over interstate electricity sales, wholesale electric rates, hydroelectric licensing, natural gas pricing, oil pipeline rates, and gas pipeline certification.

Federal Coal Lease: A lease granted to a mining company to produce coal from land owned and administered by the Federal Government in exchange for royalties and other revenues.

Federal Power Act: Enacted in 1920, and amended in 1935, the Act consists of three parts. The first part incorporated the Federal Water Power Act administered by the former Federal Power Commission, whose activities were confined almost entirely to licensing non-Federal hydroelectric projects. Parts II and III were added with the passage of the Public Utility Act. These parts extended the Act's jurisdiction to include regulating the interstate transmission of electrical energy and rates for its sale as wholesale in interstate commerce. The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission is now charged with the administration of this law.

Federal Power Commission: The predecessor agency of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. The Federal Power Commission (FPC) was created by an Act of Congress under the Federal Water Power Act on June 10, 1920. It was charged originally with regulating the electric power and natural gas industries. The FPC was abolished on September 20, 1977, when the Department of Energy was created. The functions of the FPC were divided between the Department of Energy and the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.

FERC: The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.

Fixed Carbon: The nonvolatile matter in coal minus the ash. Fixed carbon is the solid residue other than ash obtained by prescribed methods of destructive distillation of a coal. Fixed carbon is the part of the total carbon that remains when coal is heated in a closed vessel until all volatile matter is driven off.

Flue Gas Desulfurization Unit (Scrubber): Equipment used to remove sulfur oxides from the combustion gases of a boiler plant before discharge to the

atmosphere. Chemicals, such as lime, are used as the scrubbing media.

Flue Gas Particulate Collectors: Equipment used to remove fly ash from the combustion gases of a boiler plant before discharge to the atmosphere. Particulate collectors include electrostatic precipitators, mechanical collectors (cyclones), fabric filters (baghouses), and wet scrubbers.

F.O.B. Mine Price: The free on board mine price. This is the price paid for coal at the mining operation site. It excludes freight or shipping and insurance costs.

F.O.B. Rail/Barge Price: The free on board price of coal at the point of first sale. It excludes freight or shipping and insurance costs.

Foreign-Controlled Firms: Foreign-controlled firms are U.S. coal producers with more than 50 percent of their stock or assets owned by a foreign firm.

Fossil-Fuel Electric Generation: Electric generation in which the prime mover is a turbine rotated by high-pressure steam produced in a boiler by heat from burning fossil fuels.

Geothermal Energy: Energy from the internal heat of the earth, which may be residual heat, friction heat, or a result of radioactive decay. The heat is found in rocks and fluids at various depths and can be extracted by drilling and/or pumping.

Greenhouse Effect: The increasing mean global surface temperature of the earth caused by gases in the atmosphere (including carbon dioxide, methane, nitrous oxide, ozone, and chlorofluorocarbon). The greenhouse effect allows solar radiation to penetrate but absorbs the infrared radiation returning to space.

Gross Domestic Product (GDP): The total value of goods and services produced by labor and property in the United States. As long as the labor and property are located in the United States, the supplier (that is, the workers and, for property, the owners) may be either U.S. residents or residents of foreign countries.

Hand Loading: An underground loading method by which coal is removed from the working face by manual labor through the use of a shovel for conveyance to the surface. Though rapidly disappearing, it is still used in very small-tonnage mines.

Highwall: the unexcavated face of exposed overburden and coal in a surface mine.

High-Volatile A Bituminous Coal: See Bituminous coal.

High-Volatile B Bituminous Coal: See Bituminous coal.

High-Volatile C Bituminous Coal: See Bituminous coal.

High-Volatile (specific sub-group unknown): See Bituminous coal.

Hydroelectric Power: The harnessing of flowing water to produce mechanical or electrical energy.

Implicit Price Deflator: The implicit price deflator, published by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, is used to convert nominal figures to real figures.

Imports: Receipts of goods into the 50 States and the District of Columbia from foreign countries and from Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and other U.S. possessions and territories.

Indian Coal Lease: A lease granted to a mining company to produce coal from Indian lands in exchange for royalties and other revenues; obtained by direct negotiation with the Indians, but subject to approval and administration by the U.S. Department of the Interior.

Industrial Sector: The industrial sector comprises manufacturing industries which make up the largest part of the sector, along with mining, construction, agriculture, fisheries, and forestry. Establishments in the sector range from steel mills, to small farms, to companies assembling electronic components. The NAICS codes used to classify establishments as industrial are 331 through 339.

Interquartile Range: The interquartile range is the range within which the middle 50 percent of observations are concentrated. See Appendix D, Section "Interquartile Range."

Jet Fuel: The term includes kerosene-type jet fuel and naphtha-type jet fuel. Kerosene-type jet fuel is a kerosene-quality product used primarily for commercial turbojet and turboprop aircraft engines. Naphthatype jet fuel is a fuel in the heavy naphtha range used primarily for military turbojet and turboprop aircraft engines.

Lease Condensate: A natural gas liquid recovered from gas well gas (associated and non-associated) in lease separators or natural gas field facilities. Lease condensate consists primarily of pentane and heavier hydrocarbons.

Lignite: A brownish-black coal of low rank with high inherent moisture and volatile matter (used almost exclusively for electric power generation). Similar coal in Europe and Australia are also referred to as brown coal. Lignite comprises two groups classified according to the following ASTM Specification D-388-91a for calorific values on a moist mineral-matter-free basis:

Limits Btu/lb.

GE LT

Lignite A 6300 8300

Lignite B - 6300

GE = Greater than or equal to

LT = Less than

Lignite is non-agglomerating.

Lignite A: See Lignite.

Lignite B: See Lignite.

Longwall Mining: A form of underground coal mining which is gaining in importance in the United States and can be used at greater depths than room-and-pillar mining. In longwall mining, a cutting machine is pulled back and forth across a panel of coal 300 to 600 feet wide and as much as a mile long, with the broken coal moved by conveyor. Longwall mining is done under movable roof supports that are advanced as the bed is cut. The roof in the mined-out area is allowed to fall as the mining advances.

Low-Volatile Bituminous Coal: See Bituminous Coal.

Major Coal-Producing States: Any State that produces more than 12 million short tons of coal during the year.

Manufacturing (except coke plants): Those industrial users/plants, not including coke plants, that are engaged in the mechanical or chemical transformation of materials or substances into new (i.e., finished or semifinished) products. Includes coal used for gasification/liquefaction.

Medium-Volatile Bituminous Coal: See Bituminous Coal.

Merchant Coke Plant: A coke plant where coke is produced primarily for sale on the commercial (open) market.

Meta-Anthracite: See Anthracite.

Metallurgical Coal: Coal that meets the requirements for making coke. It must be low in ash and sulfur and form a coke that is capable of supporting the charge of iron ore and limestone in a blast furnace. A blend of two or more bituminous coals is usually required to make coke.

Metric Ton: A unit of weight equal to 2,204.6 pounds.

Mine Type: See Surface Mine and Underground Mine.

Mineral-Matter-Free Basis: Mineral matter in coal is the parent material in coal from which ash is derived, and which comes from minerals present in the original plant materials that formed the coal, or from extraneous sources such as sediments and precipitates from mineralized water is called the mineral matter. Mineral matter in coal cannot be analytically determined and is commonly calculated using data on ash and ash-forming constituents. Coal analyses are calculated to the mineral-matter-free basis by adjusting formulas used in calculations in order to deduct the weight of mineral matter from the total coal.

Moist (Coal) Basis: "Moist" coal contains its natural inherent or bed moisture, but does not include water adhering to the surface. Coal analyses expressed on a moist basis are performed or adjusted so as to describe the data when the coal contains only that moisture which exists in the bed in its natural state of deposition, and when the coal has not lost any moisture due to drying.

NAICS: See North American Industry Classification System

Naphtha: A genetic term applied to a petroleum fraction with an approximate boiling range between 122 and 400 degrees Fahrenheit.

Natural Gas: A mixture of hydrocarbons and small quantities of various nonhydrocarbons existing in the gaseous phase or in solution with crude oil in underground reservoirs.

Natural Gas (Dry): The marketable portion of natural gas production, which is obtained by subtracting extraction losses, including natural gas liquids removed at natural gas processing plants, from total production.

Natural Gas Plant Liquids (NGPL): Natural gas liquids recovered from natural gas in processing plants and, in some situations, from natural gas field facilities, as well as those extracted by fractionators. Natural gas plant liquids are defined according to the published specifications of the Gas Processors Association and the American Society for Testing and Materials as follows: ethane, propane, normal butane, isobutane, pentane plus, and other products from natural gas processing plants (i.e., products meeting the standards for finished petroleum products produced at natural gas processing plants, such as finished motor gasoline, finished aviation gasoline, special naphtha, kerosene, distillate fuel oil, and miscellaneous products).

Nitrogen Oxide: NO_x . A gas formed in high-temperature environments when nitrogen and oxygen are present together. This typically occurs in a combustion chamber such as those in fossil-fuel burning electric utilities. Nitrogen oxide emissions are a contributor to acid rain.

Nominal Price: The price paid for a product or service at the time of the transaction. The nominal price, which is expressed in current dollars, is not adjusted to remove the effect of changes in the purchasing power of the dollar.

Nonutility Power Producers: A corporation, person, agency, authority, or other legal entity or instrumentality that owns electric generating capacity and is not an electric utility. Nonutility power producers include qualifying cogenerators, qualifying small-power producers, and other nonutility generators (including independent power producers) without a designated franchised service area and which do not file forms listed in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 18, Part 141. (See Electric Utility.)

North American Industry Classification System (NAICS): A standardized set of codes which categorizes industries into groups with similar economic activities, used by the U.S., Canada, and Mexico. The NAICS codes replace the SIC codes.

Nuclear Electric Power: Electricity generated by an electric power plant whose turbines are driven by steam generated in a reactor by heat from the fissioning of nuclear fuel.

Number of Mines: The number of mines, or mines collocated with preparation plants or tipples, located in a particular geographic area (State or region). If a mine is mining coal across two counties within a State, or across two States, then it is counted as two operations. This is done so that EIA can separate production by State and county.

Number of Mining Operations: The number of mining operations includes preparation plants with greater than 5,000 total direct labor hours. Mining operations that consist of a mine and preparation plant or a preparation plant only will be counted as two operations, if the preparation plant processes both underground and surface coal. Excluded are silt, culm, refuse bank, slurry dam, and dredge operations except for Pennsylvania anthracite. Excludes mines producing less than 10,000 short tons of coal during the year, and preparation plants with less than 5,000 employee hours.

Open Market Coal: Coal sold in the open market, i.e., coal sold to companies other than the reporting company's parent company or an operating subsidiary of the parent company.

Operating Subsidiary: A company which is controlled through the ownership of voting stock, or a corporate joint venture in which a corporation is owned by a small group of businesses as a separate and specific business or project for the mutual benefit of the members of the group.

Other Industrial Plant: Industrial users, not including coke plants, engaged in the mechanical or chemical transformation of materials or substances into new products (manufacturing); and companies engaged in the agriculture, mining, or construction industries.

Other Power Producers: This sector is comprised of coal-burning facilities that generate power but are not covered by the EIA survey form EIA-759.

Other Unions: See Union Type.

Overburden: Any material, consolidated or unconsolidated, that overlies a coal deposit.

Parent Company: A company which solely or jointly owns the reporting company and which is not itself a subsidiary of, or owned by, another company.

Percent Utilization: The ratio of total production to productive capacity, times 100.

Petroleum: Petroleum includes residential and distillate fuel oils, crude oil, and all other petroleum fuels, excluding petroleum coke.

Petroleum Coke: A residue that is the final product of the condensation process in cracking. The product is either marketable petroleum coke or catalyst petroleum coke.

Petroleum Products: Products obtained from the processing of crude oil (including lease condensate), natural gas, and other hydrocarbon compounds. Petroleum products include unfinished oils, liquefied petroleum gases, pentane plus, aviation gasoline, motor gasoline, naphtha-type jet fuel, kerosene-type jet fuel, kerosene, distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, petrochemical feedstocks, special naphtha, lubricants, waxes, petroleum coke, asphalt, road oil, still gas, and miscellaneous products.

Photovoltaic and Solar Thermal Energy (as used at electric utilities): Energy radiated by the sun as electromagnetic waves (electromagnetic radiation) that is converted at electric utilities into electricity by means of solar (photovoltaic) cells or concentrating (focusing) collectors.

Preparation Plant: A mining facility at which coal is crushed, screened, and mechanically cleaned.

Producer and Distributor Coal Stocks: Producer and distributor coal stocks consist of coal held in stock by producers/distributors at the end of a reporting period.

Productive Capacity: The maximum amount of coal that a mining operation can produce or process during a period with the existing mining equipment and/or preparation plant in place, assuming that the labor and materials sufficient to utilize the plant and equipment are available, and that the market exists for the maximum production.

Quadrillion Btu: 10¹⁵ Btu.

Real Price: A price that has been adjusted to remove the effect of changes in the purchasing power of the dollar. Real prices, which are expressed in constant dollars, usually reflect buying power relative to a base year.

Recoverable Coal Reserves at Mines: The quantity of coal that can be recovered (i.e., mined) from existing coal reserves, as reported on Form EIA-7A.

Recoverable Reserves of Coal: An estimate of the amount of coal that can be recovered (mined) from the accessible reserves of the demonstrated reserve base.

Recovery Percentage: The percentage of coal that can be recovered from the coal deposits at existing mines.

Refuse Bank: A repository for waste material generated by the coal cleaning process.

Refuse Mine: A surface mine where coal is recovered from previously mined coal. It may also be known as a silt bank, culm bank, refuse bank, slurry dam, or dredge operation.

Report Year: The calendar year beginning at 12:00 a.m. January 1 and ending at 11:59 p.m. December 31.

Residential and Commercial Sector: Housing units; wholesale and retail businesses (except coal wholesale dealers); health institutions (hospitals); social and educational institutions (schools and universities); and Federal, State, and local governments (military installations, prisons, office buildings).

Residual Fuel Oil: The heavier oils that remain after the distillate fuel oils and lighter hydrocarbons are distilled away in refinery operations and that conform to ASTM Specifications D396 and 975. Included are No. 5, a residual fuel oil of medium viscosity; Navy Special, for use in steam-powered vessels in government service and in shore power plants; and No. 6, which includes Bunker C fuel oil and is used for commercial and industrial heating, electricity generation, and to power ships. Imports of residual fuel oil include imported crude oil burned as fuel.

Room-and-Pillar Mining: The most common method of underground mining in which the mine roof is supported mainly by coal pillars left at regular intervals. Rooms are places where the coal is mined; pillars are areas of coal left between the rooms. Room-and-pillar mining is done either by conventional or continuous mining.

Royalties: Payments, in money or kind, of a stated share of production from mineral deposits, by the lessee to the lessor. Royalties may be an established minimum, a sliding-scale, or a step-scale. A step-scale royalty rate increases by steps as the average production on the lease increases. A sliding-scale royalty rate is based on average production and applies to all production from the lease.

Sales Volume: The reported output from Federal and/or Indian lands, the basis of royalties. It is approximately equivalent to production, which includes coal sold, and coal added to stockpiles.

Scoop Loading: An underground loading method by which coal is removed from the working face by a tractor unit equipped with a hydraulically operated bucket attached to the front; also called a front-end loader.

Semianthracite: See Anthracite.

Shaft Mine: An underground mine that reaches the coalbed by means of a vertical shaft. In addition to the passages providing entry to the coalbed, a network of

other passages are also dug, some to provide access to various parts of the mine and some for ventilation.

Short Ton: A unit of weight equal to 2,000 pounds.

Shortwall Mining: A form of underground mining that involves the use of a continuous mining machine and movable roof supports to shear coal panels 150 to 200 feet wide and more than half a mile long. Although similar to longwall mining, shortwall mining is generally more flexible because of the smaller working area. Productivity is lower than with longwall mining because the coal is hauled to the mine face by shuttle cars as opposed to conveyors.

SIC: See Standard Industrial Classification.

Silt: Waste from Pennsylvania anthracite preparation plants, consisting of coarse rock fragments containing as much as 30 percent small-sized coal; sometimes defined as including very fine coal particles called silt. Its heat value ranges from 8 to 17 million Btu per short ton. Synonymous with culm.

Silt, Culm Refuse Bank, or Slurry Dam Mining: A mining operation producing coal from these sources of coal. (See refuse mine.)

Slope Mine: An underground mine in which the entry is driven at an angle to reach the coal deposit.

Slurry Dam: A repository for the silt or culm from a preparation plant.

Solar Energy: The radiant energy of the sun, which can be converted into other forms of energy, such as heat or electricity.

Solar Thermal Collector: A devise designed to receive solar radiation and convert it into thermal energy. Normally, a solar thermal collector includes a frame, glazing, and an absorber, together with appropriate insulation. The heat collected by the solar thermal collector may be used immediately or stored for later use.

Standard Industrial Classification (SIC): A set of codes developed by the Office of Management and Budget which categorizes industries to groups with similar economic activities. The SIC codes have been replaced by the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

Steam Coal: All noncoking coal.

Stocks: The supply of coal or coke at a mine, plant, or utility at the end of the reporting period.

Strategic Petroleum Reserve (SPR): Petroleum stocks maintained by the Federal Government for use during periods of major supply interruption.

Strip (**Surface**) **Mining**: A method used on flat terrain to recover coal by mining long strips successively. The material excavated from the strip being mined is deposited in the strip previously mined.

Subbituminous Coal: A dull black coal of rank intermediate between lignite and bituminous, consisting of subbituminous A coal, subbituminous B coal, and subbituminous C coal, classified according to the following ASTM Specification D-388-91a on a moist mineral-matter-free basis:

	Calorific			
	Value			
	Limits			
	Btu/lb.			
	GE	$_{ m LT}$		
Subbituminous A Coal	10500	11500		
Subbituminous B Coal	9500	10500		
Subbituminous C Coal	8300	9500		
GE = Greater than or	equal to			
LT = Less than				
Subbituminous coal i	s non-agglo	omerating.		

Subbituminous A Coal: See Subbituminous Coal.

Subbituminous B Coal: See Subbituminous Coal.

Subbituminous C Coal: See Subbituminous Coal.

Sulfur: One of the elements present in varying quantities in coal that contributes to environmental degradation when coal is burned. In terms of sulfur content by weight, coal is generally classified as low (less than or equal to 1 percent), medium (greater than 1 percent and less than or equal to 3 percent), and high (greater than 3 percent). Sulfur content is measured as a percent by weight of coal on an "as received" or a "dry" (moisture-free, usually part of a laboratory analysis) basis.

Sulfur Dioxide: SO_2 . A caustic, corrosive gas that is a by-product of combustion and emissions from fossil-fuel burning electric utility plants. The primary agent in the production of acid rain.

Supplemental Gaseous Fuels: Any gaseous substance that, introduced into or commingled with natural gas, increases the volume available for disposition. Such substances include, but are not limited to, propane-air, refinery gas, coke oven gas, still gas, manufactured gas, biomass gas, or air or inert gases added for Btu stabilization.

Surface Mine: A coal-producing mine that is usually within a few hundred feet of the surface. Earth and rock above or around the coal (overburden) is removed to expose the coalbed, which is then mined with surface excavation equipment such as draglines, power shovels, bulldozers, loaders, and augers. It may also be known as an area, contour, open-pit, strip, or auger mine.

Tipple: A central facility used in loading coal for transportation by rail or truck.

Transportation Sector: The transportation sector consists of private and public vehicles that move people and commodities. Included are automobiles, trucks. buses, motorcycles, railroads and railways (including streetcars), aircraft, ships, barges, and natural gas pipelines.

Underground Mine: A mine where coal is produced by tunneling into the earth to the coalbed, which is then mined with underground mining equipment such as cutting machines and continuous, longwall, and shortwall mining machines. Underground mines are classified according to the type of opening used to reach the coal, i.e., drift (level tunnel), slope (inclined tunnel), or shaft (vertical tunnel).

Unfinished Oils: All oils requiring further refinery processing, except those requiring only mechanical blending. Includes naphtha and lighter oils, kerosene and light gas oils, heavy gas oils, and residuum.

Union Type: Union type consists of United Mine Workers of America (UMWA), and the following "Other Union" types: Southern Labor Union (SLU), Appalachian Miners of America (AMA), Scotia Employees Association (SEA), International Union of Operating Engineers (IUOE), Utility Workers of America (UWA), Progressive Mine Workers Association (PMWA), International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers (IBEW), International Chemical Workers Union (ICWU), Redstone Workers Association (RWA), Chariton Valley Independent Union (CVIU), American Federation of Labor - Congress of Industrial Organization (AFL-CIO), Labors International (LABO), Crow Hollow Miners (CROW), Coal Strippers (COAL), United Steel Workers (USW), Independent Miners Association (IMA), Independent Union (INUN), Independence Miners, Brokers, and Truckers Association (IMBT), Council of Southern Mountains (CSM), International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Chauffeurs, Warehousemen and Helpers Union (TEAM), Thompson Creek Workers Association (TCWA), United Brotherhood of Clay Workers (UBCW), Wilmot Employees Independent Union (WEIU), Independent Strip Miners Union (ISMU), Independent Miners (IM), Independent Workers (IW), Coal Strippers Union (CSU), Independent Miners Union (IMU), Independent Coal Workers (ICW),

Independent Strip Mining Workers (ISMW), Independent Strip Union (ISU), Association of Bituminous Contractors (ABC), Arch Minerals Employees Association (AMEA), United Paperworkers International Union (UPIU), Welch Miners Union (WMU), Falcon Coal Employees Association (FCEA), Justus Employees Association (JEA), International Construction Union (ICU), Brotherhood of Miners (BOM), Western Energy Workers (WEW), Carlin Independent Union (CIU), International Association of United Workers Union (IAWU), and Stove, Furnace and Allied Appliance Workers International Union of N. A. (SFAW).

U.S. Coal Exports: Amount of U.S. coal shipped to foreign destinations, as reported in the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census, "Monthly Report EM 545."

U.S. Coal Imports: Amount of foreign coal shipped to the United States, as reported in the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report IM 145."

Wind Energy (as used at electric utilities): The kinetic energy of wind converted at electric utilities into mechanical energy by wind turbines (i.e., blades rotating from the hub) that drive generators to produce electricity for distribution.

Wood and Waste (as used at electric utilities): Wood energy, garbage, bagasse, sewerage gas, and other industrial, agricultural, and urban refuse used to generate electricity for distribution.

Volatile Matter: Those products, exclusive of moisture, given off by a material as gas or vapor. Volatile matter is determined by heating the coal to 950 degrees centigrade under carefully controlled conditions and measuring the weight loss, excluding weight of moisture driven off at 105 degrees Centigrade.