

Table 1.A2. Other Non-Renewable Net Electricity Generation by Energy Use Sector and Energy Source, 2002-2006
 (Thousand Kilowatthours)

Sector and Source	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Total	13,526,909	14,044,507	14,483,429	12,468,282	13,977,436
Commercial	603,377	593,868	781,136	756,334	783,056
MSW Non-Biogenic ^a	513,855	586,572	773,846	749,250	751,407
Other Non-Renewable ^b	89,522	7,296	7,290	7,084	31,648
Industrial	3,832,069	4,843,169	5,138,985	4,750,563	6,049,257
MSW Non-Biogenic ^a	57,784	29,452	25,636	29,435	26,470
Other Non-Renewable ^b	3,774,285	4,813,717	5,113,349	4,721,128	6,022,787
Electric Power ^c	9,091,464	8,607,470	8,563,308	6,961,385	7,145,123
MSW Non-Biogenic ^a	6,215,295	6,179,847	5,871,342	5,770,023	5,882,212
Other Non-Renewable ^b	2,876,169	2,427,623	2,691,966	1,191,362	1,262,911

^a Includes glass, steel, aluminum, other nonferrous metals, plastic, rubber, other materials, and miscellaneous inorganic wastes.

^b Tires and other (nonspecified).

^c The electric power sector comprises electricity-only and combined-heat-power (CHP) plants within North American Classification System (NAICS) 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public.

*=Less than 500 billion Btu.

MSW=Municipal solid waste.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Details of EIA's analysis that revised MSW consumption are found in the Energy Information Administration (EIA) report, Methodology for Allocating Municipal Solid Waste to Biogenic and Non-Biogenic Energy (Washington, DC, May 2007).

Sources: EIA, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-920, "Combined Heat and Power Plant Report."