



Protecting our Nation's Waters: Using the Environmental Information Exchange Network

June 15, 2004









Electronic Submission of Wastewater Discharge Monitoring Reports

Presented by: Michael Beaulac Michigan Department of Environmental Quality

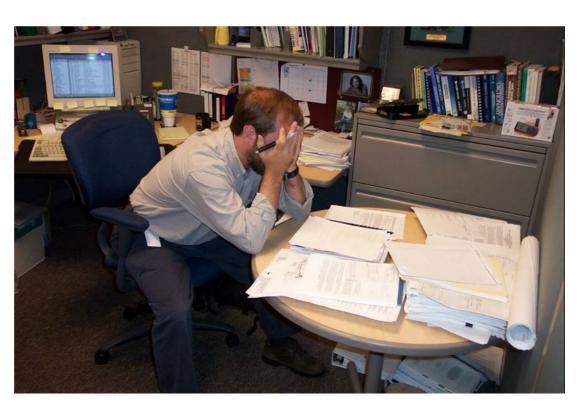


Why did MI pursue e-Discharge Monitoring Reporting?



Inefficient mail-based DMR submission process

- Mailed DMRs required manual data coding
- Duplicative manual data coding increased errors
- 3-year backlog of daily wastewater reports
- Engineers didn't have good data access





Problem Solution



- Use a new technology, called e<u>X</u>tensible <u>M</u>arkup
 <u>L</u>anguage (XML), for electronic DMR submissions
- Develop a prototype national standard for this new technology
- Get like-minded states & EPA to work together, with financial resources, to test:
 - prototype e-DMR XML schema
 - State Node
 - EPA's Central Data Exchange (CDX)
 - Security protocols and authentication process
- Get beyond testing to implementation of e-DMRs with facilities



E-DMR Project Partners

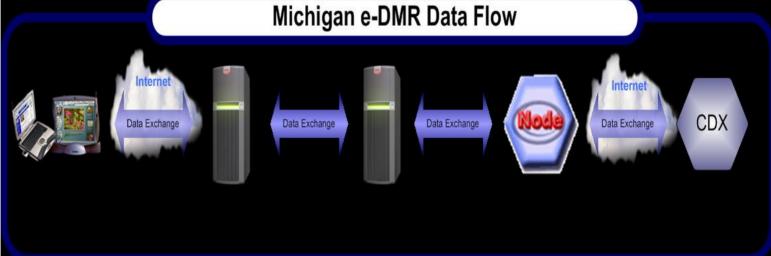


- Pre-project schema development team included:
 - MI (lead), FL, WI, PA
 - financial backing 20 states
 - ECOS, Ross & Associates, enfoTech
 - EPA
- Challenge Grant Project States:
 - MI (lead), FL, WI, PA, IN, MN, TX, NY & RI
- EPA Headquarters, Region II, III & V
- enfoTech & Consulting, Inc.

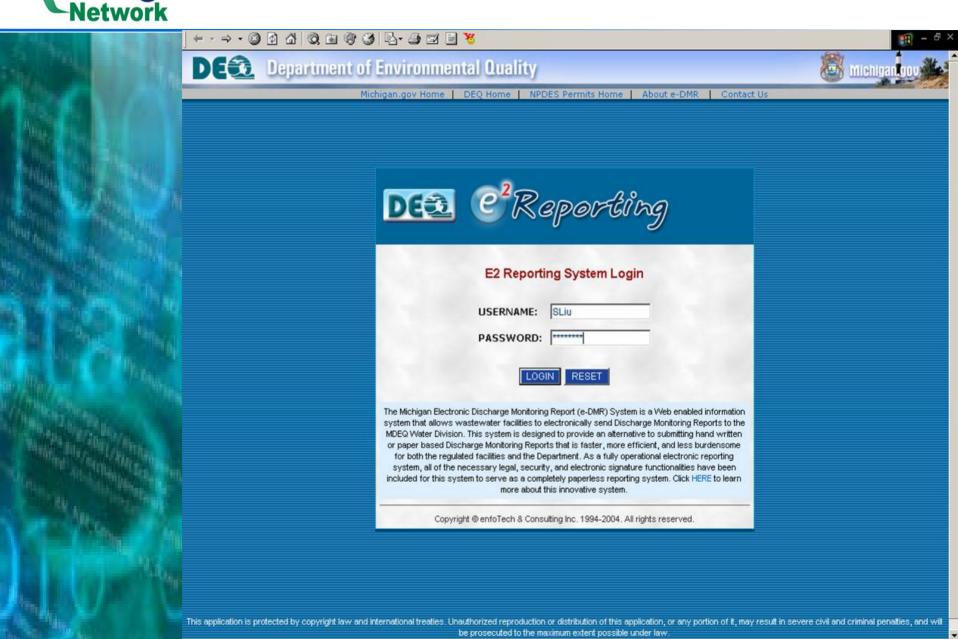


Data Flow Facility to State to EPA



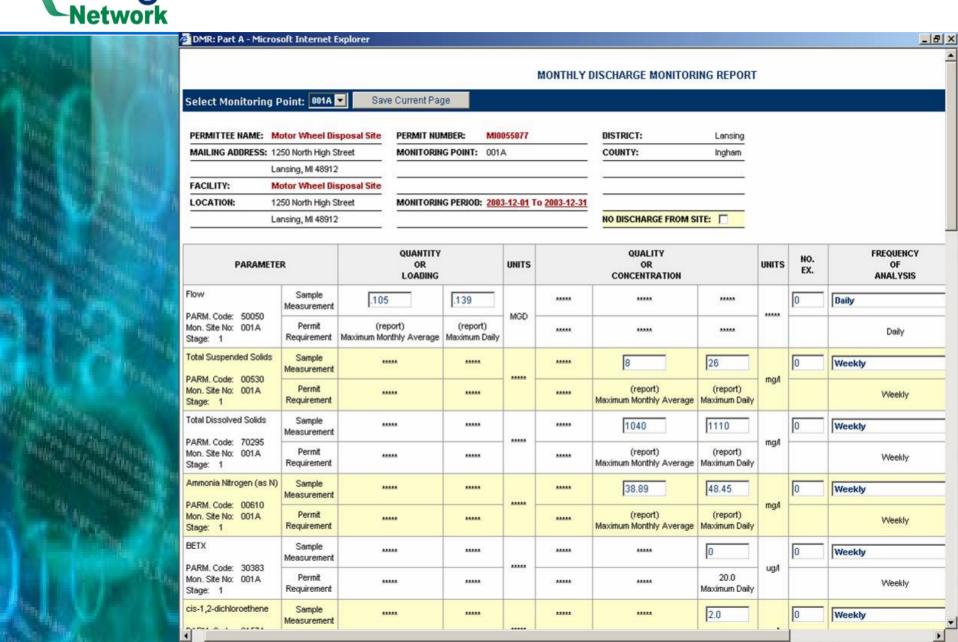


E-DMR Log In Screen



exchange

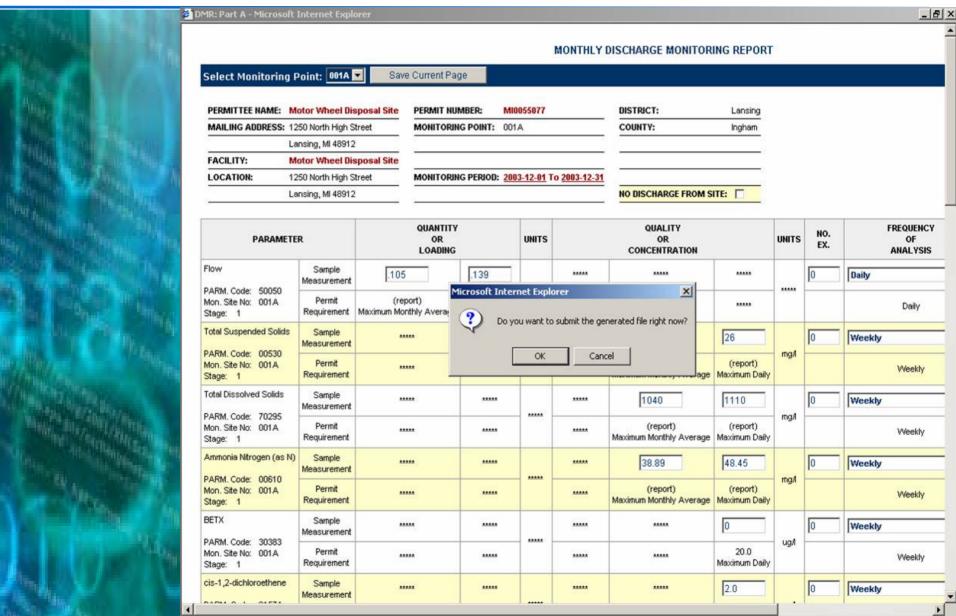
Completed DMR



Environmental Information

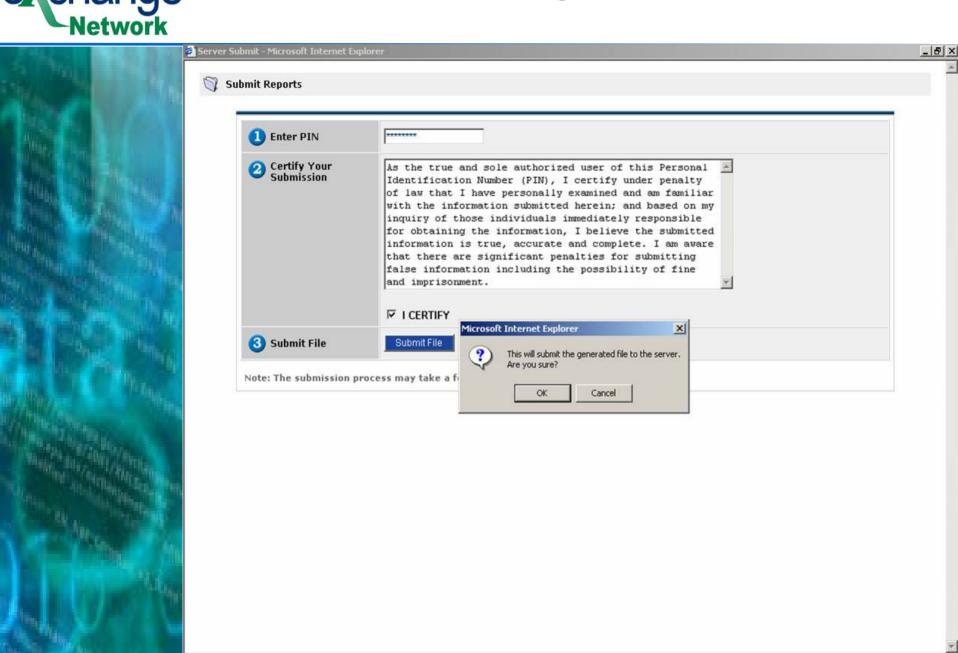


Completed DMR - Ready to Send



Environmental Information

Electronic Signature





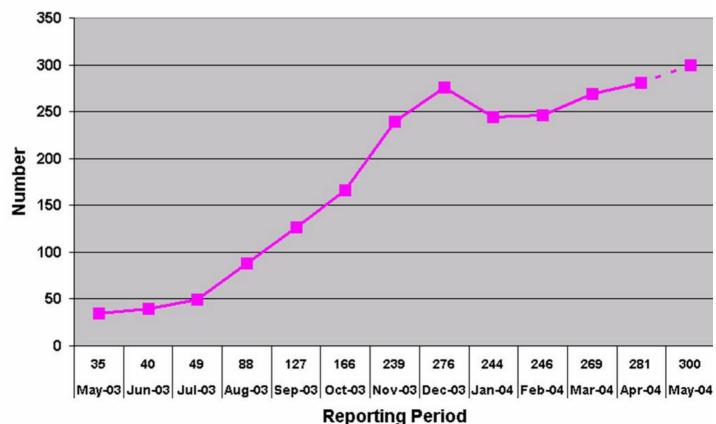
Michigan Results



By May 2004:

- 300+ facilities per month submitted DMRs online
- ~ 27 percent of MI's facilities

Tracking e-DMR Submissions





Wisconsin and Florida Results



Other States Successes!

- Wisconsin:
 - 2-3 dozen facilities use e-DMRs
 - Expect 80% compliance by 3-4 years
- Florida:
 - 46 authorized to submit e-DMRs
 - Over 75 facilities applied to submit e-DMRs
 - Major users: Cape Canaveral Air Station (NASA & USAF), City of Orlando



Benefits



State Water Divisions

- Eliminate resources Data entry by state staff
- Improve <u>data</u> quality: lab => facility => State => EPA (eliminates data coding errors)
- Improve response to environmental issues
- Improve Michigan Wastewater program effectiveness (shift focus to Compliance & Enforcement)

Public

- Increase public access to environmental information
- Increase Water Division staff resources to respond to public/US EPA's inquiries



Benefits



Comments from our Permitted Facilities

- "Saves my compliance admin costs ...
 streamlines the DMR reporting process"
- "... provides immediate feedback of compliance status for proper actions"
- "... will increase the amount of data accessible for trend analysis"
- "... data entry errors are reduced ..."
- "Time saver ... more traceable than paper ... immediate confirmation of receipt"



Michigan Annual Cost Savings



State Government Cost Savings
 (at full implementation - 1180 facilities)

\$250,000 - \$500,000

Facility Cost Savings

(at least \$2,000 saved per facility)

\$2,360,000*

*(... and this may be low)





Laboratory Drinking Water Data Exchange

Presented by:
Frank Catanese
New Hampshire Office of Information
Technology



Current Problem.....



- The nation's drinking water quality is assessed by the sampling of its drinking water supplies.
- Laboratories analyze samples for chemical and microbial contaminants.
- Laboratories report these analytical results to States to evaluate drinking water quality.
- Typically, these laboratory results come to States as paper laboratory reports.
 - Mailed and faxed receipt causes delays in reviewing the data.
 - Manual data entry into state and/or EPA drinking water data systems may result in inaccurate data and time delays that could compromise public safety.
- Reports and data are not standardized.



nange The Challenge.....



Challenge: To develop and implement an electronic data flow directly from laboratories to state drinking water programs with the ultimate goal to expand the process to other regulatory programs.





Challenge Partners



Active Participants

- New Hampshire
 Department of
 Environmental Services
- Maine Department of Health Services
- New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection
- Rhode Island Department of Health
- Vermont Department of Environmental Conservation
- EPA Region I and Headquarters

Advisory Committee

- Private Laboratories
- Utility Laboratories
- Public Works Operators
- New England Water Works Association
- SDWIS (EPA Federal Drinking Water System)
 Data Sharing Committee
- State/EPA Data
 Standards Council



Approach to Challenge



Objectives

- Implement electronic flow from laboratories to States
 - Generic template
 - Electronic Signature/Registration
 - Submittal Procedures
 - Validation Procedures
 - Feedback Process
- Develop tools and guidance to share with other states



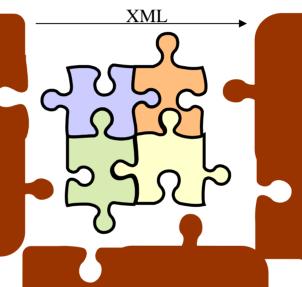
Approach to the Challenge



 Develop XML Schema to flow Drinking Water Data from Labs to States and to EPA

Laboratories & Water Systems

Data Standards
Embedded in
XML Schema

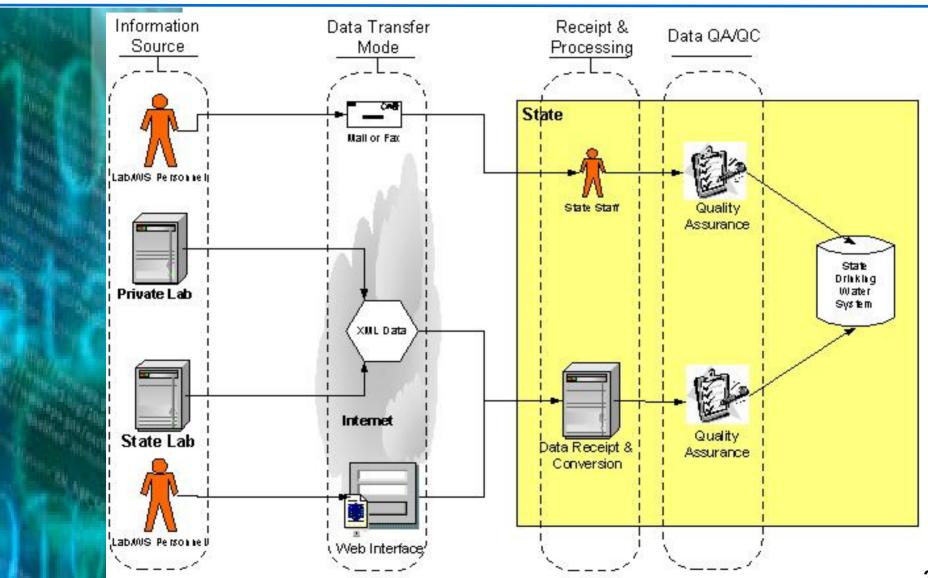


State
Drinking
Water
Systems

XML

EPA Drinking
Water
Systems
(SDWIS)

e change Approach to Challenge





Benefits...



- Schema to be shared by many states.
- Schema may be shared among other environmental programs.
- One reporting format for labs.
- Eliminate duplicate data entry.
- Minimize errors in data entry.
- Rapid availability of data to stakeholders and decision makers.
- Secure and comprehensive process that is not burdensome to laboratories, water systems, or agency staff.





Pacific Northwest Water Quality Data Exchange

Presented by: Mitch West Oregon Dept of Environmental Quality



Qe The Problem



- ~30% of water monitoring data ever sees the light of day (electronic/discoverable/searchable).
- Many failed efforts had focused on data consolidation, technology standards, and always, a big database.
- Large investments in competing technologies.
- Cost of participation was too high for small organizations.



Network "Challenge"



EPA Region 10 states received a 2002 EPA Network Challenge Grant to implement

Project Agencies

- Alaska Dept.
 Environmental
 Conservation
- Idaho Dept.
 Environmental Quality
- Oregon Dept.
 Environmental Quality
- U.S. EPA Region 10
- Washington Dept. Ecology

Active Partners

- Idaho Soil Conservation Commission
- Nestucca-Neskowin Watersheds Council
- Northwest Indian
 Fisheries Commission
- U. of Idaho Water Resources Research Institute



Challenge Grant Objectives

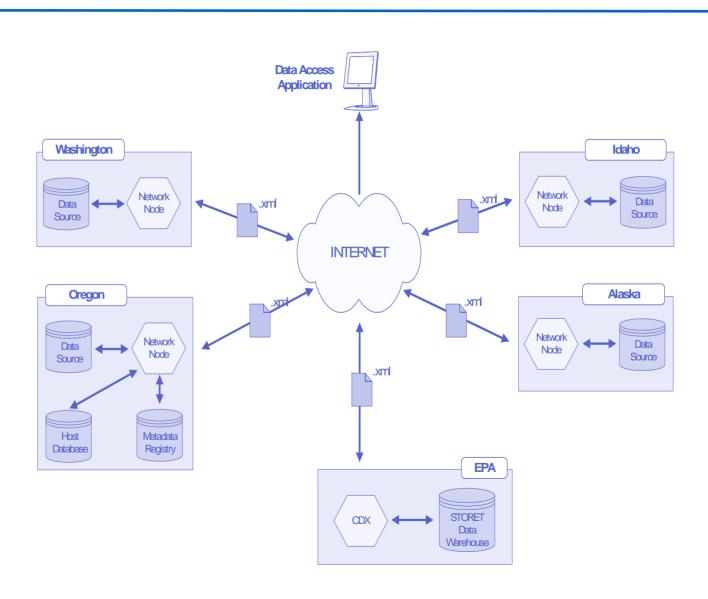


- Provide one-stop access to PNW water quality monitoring data from many sources
- Enable wide range of participation
- Design data exchange to support
 - Partner needs
 - Eventual upload to EPA STORET
- Follow National Exchange guidelines
 - Develop data exchange formats
 - Implement Internet "nodes"



hange Exchange Data Flow Model







nge Where Are We Now?



- Data exchange templates, schema, and data flow model finalized
- Oregon, and Washington network nodes and host database operational.
- Idaho data served from the "host database"
- Demonstration data access tool functional
- Ready for business (data and data consumers)

Environmental Information



e change Data Access Tool Demo





http://www.windsorsolutions.biz/pnwwqxdemo/

Environmental Information

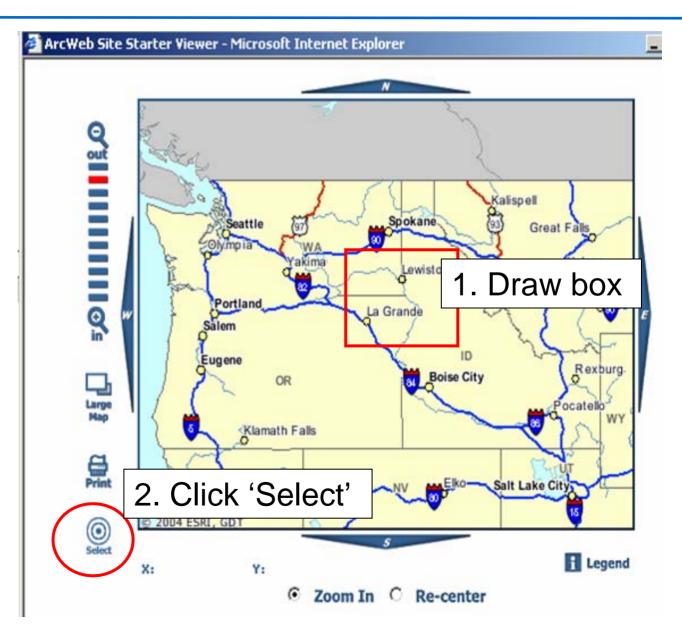
e Change Search Page Network



Projects	
Data Source:	☐ Idaho (Ready) ☐ 1. Pick data sources
Data Provider:	▼ Washington (Ready) contains ▼
Project Name:	contains
Project Organization:	contains 🔻
Project Date Range:	After: Before:
Locations	
Responsible Organization:	contains
Station Name:	contains 🔻
Station Type:	2. Click 'Select from Map'
Station Location:	Select from Map
	Latitude: to Longitude: to
Location Context:	Select a Context to Search
Location Description:	
Results	
Sampling Organization:	contains 🔻
Sampling Date Range:	After: Before:
Taxon Name:	Acarina Ambloplites rupestris Ameiurus melas

e change Map Search

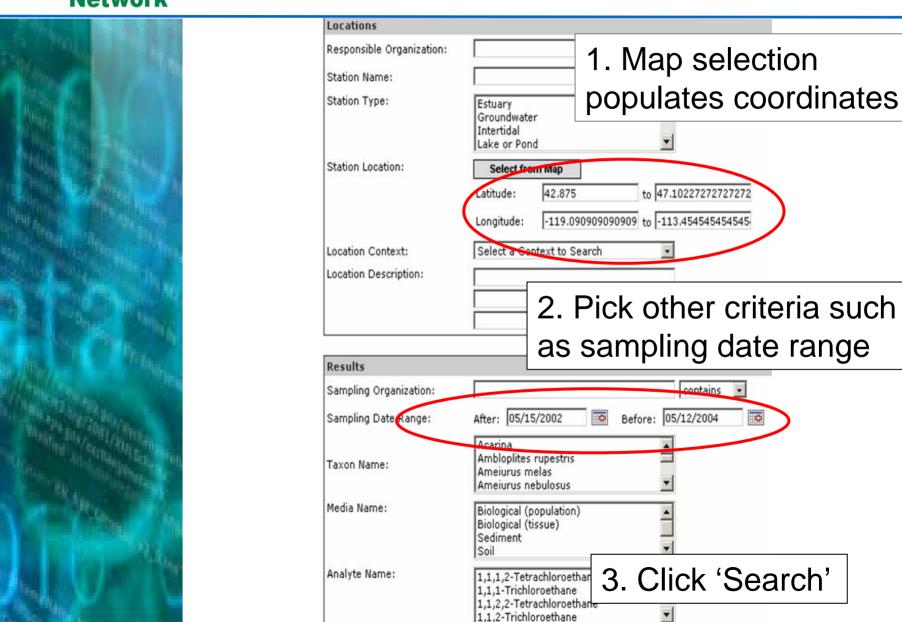




Environmental Information



Return to Search Page



e change Data Providers Summary List

Pacific Northwest Water Quality Exchange

Home Demonstration Version

Organization Identifier	Name	Contact	Telephone Number
Idaho-DEQ	State of Idaho, Department of Environmental Quality 1410 North Hilton, Boise, Idaho 83706	Jake Duplessie	208-373-0161
OregonDEQ	Oregon Department of Environmental Quality 811 SW 6th Ave, Portland, OR 97204	Curtis Cude	503-229-6086
WADOE	Washington State Department of Ecology P.O. Box 47600, Olympia, WA 98504-7600	Chris Neumiller / EIM Data Coordinator	360-407-6258

Projects (3)		Locations (27)	Results (900)	Refine Search New Search		
				Page 1 (< 1 >		
Provider	Identifier	Project Organization	Project Name	Start Date	End Date	
WADOE	380770	Washington State Department of Ecology	Effectiveness Monitoring on Alpowa, Deadman, & Pataha creeks	4/23/2002	12/17/2002	
OregonDEQ	441	Oregon Department of Environmental Quality	LQ Landfill - Baker Landfill	10/15/2002	10/15/2002	
Idaho-DEQ	SDWIS/Idaho	State of Idaho, Department of Environmental Quality - Drinking Water Program	Safe Drinking Water Information System- For Idaho	1/1/1993	1/1/0001	



Projects Summary List

Pacific Northwest Water Quality Exchange

Home Demonstration Version

Data Sources					
Organization Identifier	Name	Contact	Telephone Number		
Idaho-DEQ	State of Idaho, Department of Environmental Quality 1410 North Hilton, Boise, Idaho 83706	Jake Duplessie	208-373-0161		
OregonDEQ	Oregon Department of Environmental Quality 811 SW 6th Ave, Portland, OR 97204	Curtis Cude	503-229-6086		
WADOE	Washington State Department of Ecology P.O. Box 47600, Olympia, WA 98504-7600	Chris Neumiller / EIM Data Coordinator	360-407-6258		

Projects (3)		Locations (27) Results (900)			Refine Search New Search		
					Page 1 of 1 < < 1 > >		
Provider	ldentifier	Project Organization	Project Name	Start Date	End Date		
WADOE	380770	Washington State Department of Ecology	Effectiveness Monitoring on Alpowa, Deadman, & Pataha creeks	4/23/2002	12/17/2002		
OregonDEQ	441	Oregon Department of Environmental Quality	LQ Landfill Baker Landfill	10/15/2002	10/15/2002		
Idaho-DEQ	SDWIS/Idaho	State of Idaho, Department of Environmental Quality - Drinking Water Program	Safe Drinking Water Information System- For Idaho	1/1/1993	1/1/0001		



Pacific Northwest Water Quality Exchange

Home Demonstration Version

Data Sources						
Organization Identifier	Name	Contact	Telephone Number			
OregonDEQ	Oregon Department of Environmental Quality 811 SW 6th Ave, Portland, OR 97204	Curtis Cude	503-229-6086			
Idaho-DEQ	State of Idaho, Department of Environmental Quality 1410 North Hilton, Boise, Idaho 83706	Jake Duplessie	208-373-0161			
WADOE	Washington State Department of Ecology P.O. Box 47600, Olympia, WA 98504-7600	Chris Neumiller / EIM Data Coordinator	360-407-6258			

Refine Search | New Search

Projects (3)		(3) Locations (27)			Results (500)			Refille Search New Search		
								Pag < < 1 2345678	ge 1 of 18 9 10 > >	
Provider	Project ID	Station ID	Start Date	Media	Method	QA Code	Analyte	Result Value	Qual	
Idaho-DEQ	SDWIS/Idaho	ID10113	5/15/2002	Water		E	NITRATE (AS N)	0 MG/L	*	
Idaho-DEQ	SDWIS/Idaho	ID10113	5/15/2002	Water		E	NITRITE (AS N)	0 MG/L	*	
WADOE	380770	4154911	5/21/2002	Water	83218	E	Ammonia	0.049 mg/L		
WADOE	380770	4154911	5/21/2002	Water	50757	E	Phosphorus	0.079 mg/L		
WADOE	380770	4154911	5/21/2002	Water	1008	E	Total Persulfate Nitrogen	0.897 mg/L		
WADOE	380770	4154911	5/21/2002	Water	34	E	Total Suspended Solids	24 mg/L		
WADOE	380770	3033911	5/21/2002	Water	83218	E	Ammonia	0.027 mg/L		
WADOE	380770	3033911	5/21/2002	Water	50757	E	Phosphorus	0.156 mg/L		
WADOE	380770	3033911	5/21/2002	Water	1008	E	Total Persulfate Nitrogen	0.588 mg/L		
WADOE	380770	3033911	5/21/2002	Water	34	E	Total Suspended Solids	24 mg/L		
WADOE	380770	8534911	5/21/2002	Water	323	E	Fecal Coliform	180 #col/100ml		
WADOE	380770	8534911	5/21/2002	Water	83218	E	Ammonia	0.021 mg/L		
WADOE	380770	8534911	5/21/2002	Water	50757	E	Phosphorus	0.064 mg/L		
WADOE	380770	8534911	5/21/2002	Water	1008	E	Total Persulfate Nitrogen	0.609 mg/L		
WADOE	380770	8534911	5/21/2002	Water	34	E	Total Suspended Solids	18 mg/L		
WADOE	380770	4154911	5/21/2002	Water	323	E	Fecal Coliform	3900 #col/100ml		
WADOE	380770	6482911	5/21/2002	Water	21453	E	Temperature, water	12 deg C	*	





- Data that would have taken weeks to collect can be downloaded in minutes.
- Low cost of entry for new participants will bring in data never before available.
- Easy data "discovery" can fuel new lines of inquiry—is there data to test this hypothesis?"
- The data service can supply multiple new analytical tools (example: Region 10 RAINS)
- There is a straight-forward path to move data from the Exchange to STORET
- We believe this to very "repeatable"—we have received numerous inquiries.





Beach Data Flow

Presented by:
Sherry Driber
New Jersey Department of Environmental
Protection
and
Tim Gormley
Earth 911





BEACH Program Data Flow

- Data Share Coastal/Great Lake States with US EPA via Exchange Network
- Water Quality Information for Recreational Beaches
- Weekly Sampling and Public Postings for Advisories/Closures
- 5 State Collaborative Effort (NJ, CA, DE, NC, GA)
- Earth 911 provides national Public Notification Web Portal for water quality and other environmental information





Opportunities:

- Significantly improve data management.
- Increase quality and quantity of information shared - States to EPA sharing was limited to annual end of year survey.
- Eliminate/reduce redundancy of data input at all govt. levels.
- Provide automated public notification Past notification was disparate phone hotlines, websites, and posting of signs at beaches





Outcomes:

- States implemented XML schema for data sharing with PrAWN.
- Implemented Trading Partner Agreement
- Delaware successfully exchanged between State node and CDX
- NJDEP/Earth 911 developed a completely paperless solution from point of sampling through EPA reporting.
- Earth 911 demonstrates Network Node capability to assist NJ and others
- Results/Solutions available to all States
- BEACH data is now available to EPA as often as weekly.



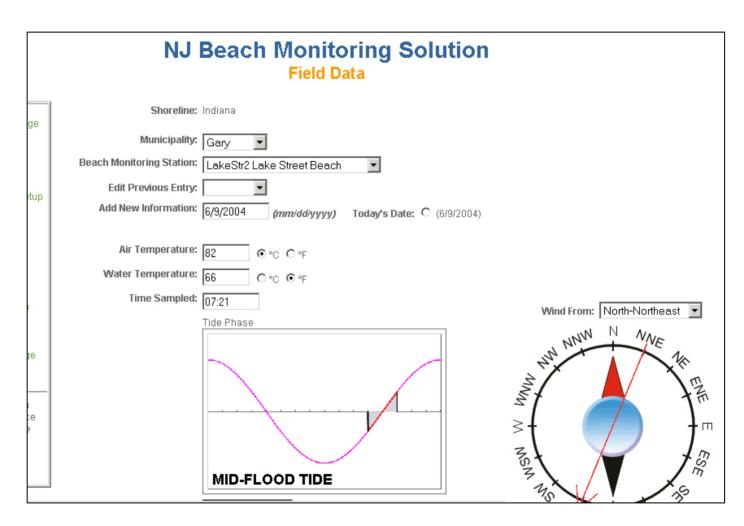


New Jersey Beach Monitoring Solution (NJBMS)

- System allows local coordinators to upload sampling results into system via the Internet
- Laboratories add sample results to data records
- System recommends action for agency officials (e.g. closures) from results
- Posting determinations are immediately available on NJDEP and Earth 911 websites
- Citizens, lifeguards, media, resorts, other stakeholders receive immediate email alerts of closures/advisories via "opt-in"
- Results are immediately available for BEACH Data Flow

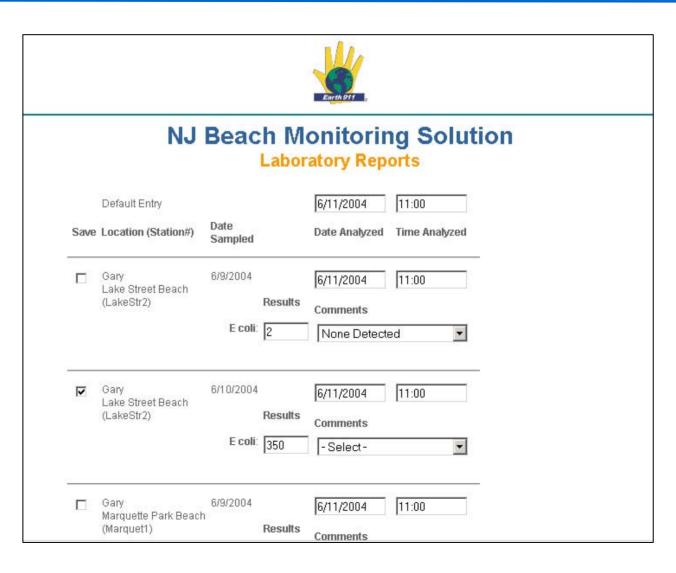


















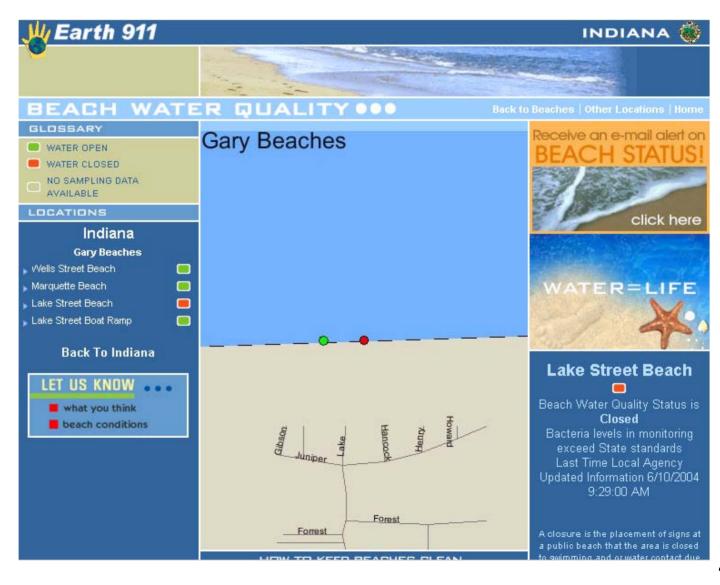
















NJDEP BEACH Program Solution

- Data collectors this year will use PDA's for wireless input at point of data collection – forms are on PDA.
- A complete paperless system collection to reporting.
- System will be Oracle to accommodate other database platforms.
- NJBMS is being offered to any state at no cost.
- Illinois, Indiana and other states are looking to apply application to meet their needs.
- Counties love the new system and want the PDA's.





Summary Benefits:

- Use of state-of-the-art technology to reduce workload and streamline data management at all levels of govt.
- Government-to-Government and Government-to-Public information exchange through one seamless network.
- Ability to instantaneously disseminate public information.
- Leverage of a national public/private partnership (Earth 911) to offset cost of sustaining public notification requirements.
- Ability to disseminate information to a broader audience (e.g. Gannet, Clear Channel, Yahoo, etc.) through their web sites, publications and broadcast content.





Protecting our Nation's Waters: Using the Environmental Information Exchange Network

June 15, 2004



