# Large Filing Separator Sheet

Case Number: 08-289-GA-BTX

Date Filed: 9/26/2008

Section: 3 of 4

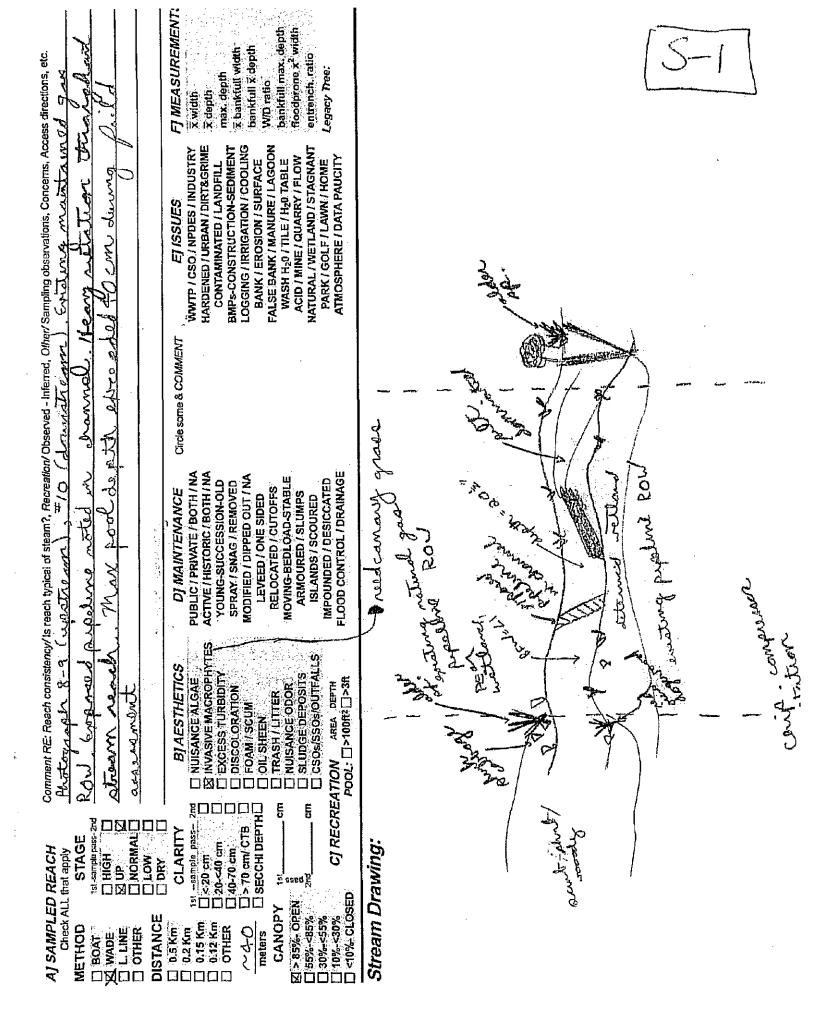
Number of Pages: 105

Description of Document: Application for certificate

## APPENDIX 07-1D

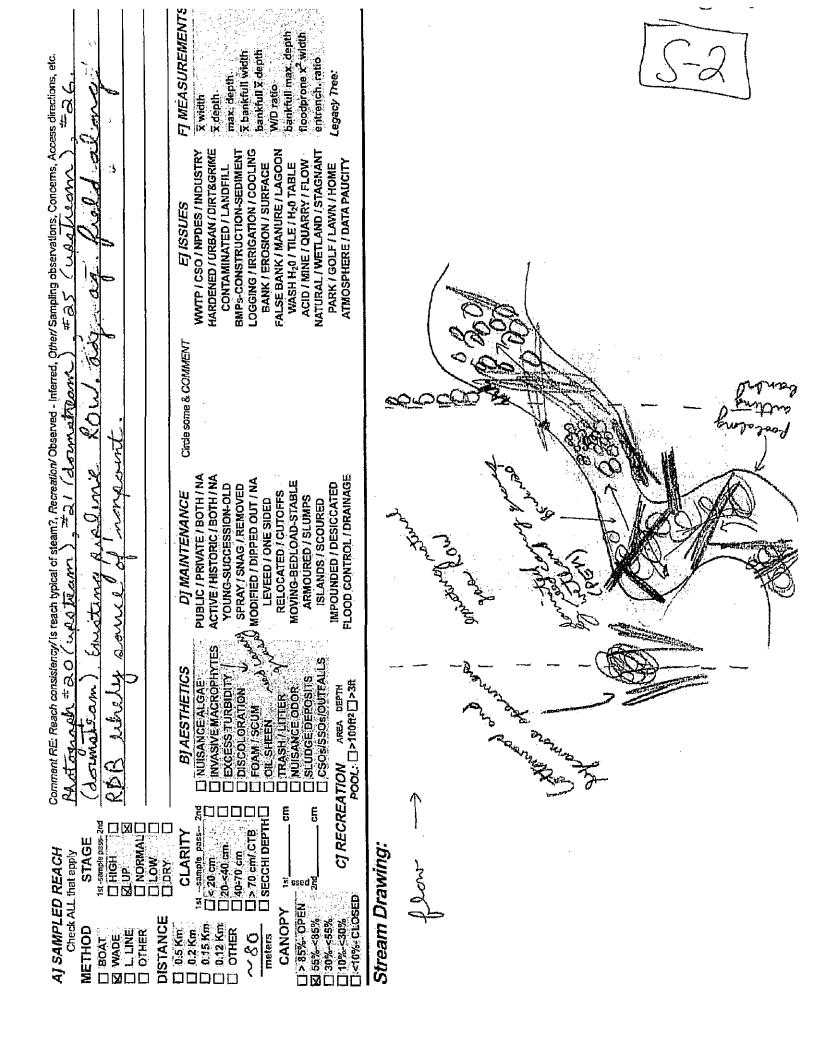
## SUPPLEMENTAL OHIO EPA QUALITATIVE HABITAT EVALUATION INDEX (QHEI) AND PRIMARY HEADWATER HABITAT EVALUATION INDEX (HHEI) STREAM ASSESSMENT FORMS FROM GAI FIELD SURVEYS

* mox depth lineeded tu mus	where means 107
and full according to Index	OHEI Score: 30.5
Stream & Location: S-1- UT Tor Chappente River RM:	Defected
	Date:04/15/08
DEO Junklin 20" Project Scorers Full Name & Affiliation: () River Code: - STORET #: Lat./ Long.: /18	
11 SUBSTRATE Check ONLY Two substrate TYPE BOXES;	location
estimate % or note every type present     Check ONE (Or	2 & average)
BEST TYPES POOL RIFFLE OTHER TYPES POOL RIFFLE ORIGIN	QUALITY
	MODERATE [-1] Substrat
SAND [6]       SAND STONE [0]       SAND STONE [0]         BEDROCK [5]       Score natural substrates; ignore       RIP/RAP [0]	MODERATE [-1]
NUMBER OF BEST TYPES: 4 or more [2] sludge from point-sources)	S NORMAL [0] 20
Commonife 凶(3 or less [0] 山 SHA归和 (3 or less [0]	
comments sell is over 80% aminant [COAL FINES 1:2]	
2] INSTREAM COVER Indicate presence 0 to 3: 0-Absent; 1-Very small amounts or if more common of ma quality; 3-Highest quality in moderate or greater amounts, but not of highest quality or in small amounts of high diameter log that is stable, well developed rootwad in deep / fast water, or deep, well-defined, functional pools. 	est Check ONE (Or 2 & average) □ EXTENSIVE >75% [11] □ MODERATE 25-75% [7] ⊠ SPARSE 5-525% [3] → manual ] ⊠ NEARLY ABSENT <5% [1]
	Cover
Comments majority of functional instreams cover is limited to	"agreatel Maximum 7
3] CHANNEL MORPHOLOGY Check ONE in each category (Or 2 & average)	
SINUOSITY DEVELOPMENT CHANNELIZATION STABILITY	
□ MODERATE [3] □ GOOD [5] □ RECOVERED [4] □ MODERATE [2] □ LOW [2] □ FAIR [3] □ RECOVERING [3] □ LOW [1]	
	Channel
Comments weating provenie Row with express practine in cho	mul Maximum D.D
Image: Second state with the second state with the second state s	B ☐ CONSERVATION TILLAGE [1] ☐ URBAN OR INDUSTRIALS[0] ☐ MINING / CONSTRUCTION [0] ificate predominant land use(s)
Commonte , t , A & A & A & D & D & D & A	
rising les mut hand board on maniforance	10
5] POOL / GLIDE AND RIFFLE / RUN QUALITY	
MAXIMUM DEPTH CHANNEL WIDTH CURRENT VELOCITY	Recreation Potential
Check ONE (ONLY!)       Check ONE (Or 2 & sverage)       Check ALL that apply            □ > 1m [6]          □ POOL WIDTH > RIFFLE WIDTH [2]          □ TORRENTIAL [-1]          SLOW [1]	Primary Contact
0.7-<1m [4]	[circle one and comment on back]
Ø 0.4-<0.7m [2] □ POOL WIDTH < RIFFLE WIDTH [0] □ FAST [1] □ INTERMITTENT [ 0.2-<0.4m [1] □ POOL WIDTH < RIFFLE WIDTH [0] □ FAST [1] □ POOL WIDTH [0] □ FAST [1] □ POOL WIDTH < RIFFLE WIDTH [0] □ FAST [1] □ POOL WIDTH < RIFFLE WIDTH [0] □ FAST [1] □ POOL WIDTH < RIFFLE WIDTH [0] □ FAST [1] □ POOL WIDTH < RIFFLE WIDTH [0] □ FAST [1] □ POOL WIDTH < RIFFLE WIDTH [0] □ FAST [1] □ POOL WIDTH < RIFFLE WIDTH [0] □ FAST [1] □ POOL WIDTH < RIFFLE WIDTH [0] □ FAST [1] □ POOL WIDTH < RIFFLE WIDTH [0] □ FAST [1] □ POOL WIDTH < RIFFLE WIDTH [0] □ FAST [1] □ POOL WIDTH < RIFFLE WIDTH [0] □ FAST [1] □ POOL WIDTH < RIFFLE WIDTH [0] □ POOL WIDTH < RIFFLE WIDTH [0] □ FAST [1] □ POOL WIDTH < RIFFLE WIDTH [0] □ POOL WIDTH < RIFFLE WIDTH < RIFFLE WIDTH [0] □ POOL WIDTH < RIFFLE WIDTH < RIFF	
□ o.2sv.4m[1] □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	Current
Comments	Maximum
Indicate for functional riffles; Best areas must be large enough to support a pop of riffle-obligate species: Check ONE (Or 2 & average). RIFFLE DEPTH RUN DEPTH RIFFLE / RUN SUBSTRATE RIFFLE /	
BEST AREAS > 10cm [2] MAXIMUM > 50cm [2] STABLE (e.g., Cobble, Boulder) [2]	
[metric=0]	
	Maximum 8
6] GRADIENT (~47 fl/mi) □ VERY LOW - LOW [2-4] %POOL: (16%) %GL	IDE: 5% Gradient
DRAINAGE AREA LI MODERATE [6-10]	
(~. 65 mi²) □ HIGH - VERY HIGH [10-6] %RUN: (80%)%RIF	FLE: 570
EPA 4520	06/16/06



perennial OEPA QDC #097
<b>OnioEPA</b> Qualitative Habitat Evaluation Index QHEI Score: (68.5)
Stream & Location: S-2-2. Wer Greek RM: Date: Date: 04/15/08
DEO Franklin 20" Royect_ Scorers Full Name & Affiliation: Jory Thm. Hack (GAT
River Code:STORET #:Lat./Long.:
1] SUBSTRATE Check ONLY Two substrate TYPE BOXES; estimate % or note every type present BEST TYPES POOL RIFFLE OTHER TYPES POOL RIFFLE ORIGIN QUALITY
Image: Description of the state of the
2] INSTREAM COVER Indicate predence 0 to 3: 0-Absent; 1-Very small amounts or if more common of marginal quality; 2-Moderate amounts, but not of highest quality or in small amounts of highest quality in moderate or greater amounts (e.g., very large boulders in deep or fast water, large diameter log that is stable, well developed rootwad in deep / fast water, or deep, well-defined, functional pools.       AMOUNT         I UNDERCUT BANKS [1]       POOLS > 70cm [2]       OKENOWS, BACKWATERS [1]       MODERATE 25-75% [1]         I OVERHANGING VEGETATION [1]       I ROOTWADS [1]       AQUATIC MACROPHYTES [1]       MODERATE 25-75% [3]         I SHALLOWS (IN SLOW WATER) [1]       BOULDERS [1]       OKENOWS (IN SLOW WATER) [1]       MODERATE [1]       MODERATE [1]
Comments moderate in-atream care, dominant macostities Maximum 20
3] CHANNEL MORPHOLOGY Check ONE(h each category (0 r 2 & diverge) SINUOSITY DEVELOPMENT CHANNELIZATION STABILITY Development Channelization Stability Development Channelization Stability Development Channelization Precoverence (a) Development (b) Development (channel (conservation of the conservation
Im [6]       M POOL WIDTH > RIFFLE WIDTH [2]       TORRENTIAL [-1] [2] SLOW [1]         Im [6]       M POOL WIDTH = RIFFLE WIDTH [1]       Image: Width = Riffle Width [2]       Image: Width = Riffle Width [2]         Im [0]       MODERATE [1]       Image: Width = Riffle Width [0]       Image:
Indicate for functional riffles; Best areas must be large enough to support a population of riffle-obligate species: RIFFLE DEPTH RUN DEPTH RIFFLE / RUN SUBSTRATE RIFFLE / RUN EMBEDDEDNESS BEST AREAS > 10cm [2] MAXIMUM > 50cm [2] STABLE (e.g., Cobble, Boulder) [2], BEST AREAS > 10cm [1] MAXIMUM > 50cm [1] MOD. STABLE (e.g., Cobble, Boulder) [2], BEST AREAS - 10cm [1] MAXIMUM > 50cm [1] MOD. STABLE (e.g., Cobble, Boulder) [2], BEST AREAS - 10cm [1] MAXIMUM > 50cm [1] MOD. STABLE (e.g., Cobble, Boulder) [2], BEST AREAS - 50cm [1] MAXIMUM > 50cm [1] MOD. STABLE (e.g., Fine Gravel, Sand) [0] MODERATE [0] Riffle / BEST AREAS - 5cm [metric=0] MODERATE [0] Riffle / MAXIMUM > 50cm [1] MAXIMUM > 50cm [1] MODERATE [0] Riffle / BEST AREAS - 5cm [metric=0] BEST AREAS - 5cm [metric=0] MODERATE [0] Riffle / MAXIMUM > 50cm [1] MAXIMUM > 50cm [1] MODERATE [0] Riffle / BEST AREAS - 5cm [metric=0] BEST AREAS - 5cm [metric=0] MODERATE [0] Riffle / BEST AREAS - 5cm [metric=0] MODERATE [0] Riffle / BEST AREAS - 5cm [metric=0] BEST AREAS - 5cm
6] GRADIENT (~34 ft/ml) UVERY LOW - LOW [2-4] %POOL: 20 %GLIDE: 6 Gradient (30 %GLIDE: 6 Gr
EPA 4520 06/16/06

19.2	-
129= - 3	2



Modified Class I ChicEPA Primary Headwater Habitat Evaluation Form HHEI Score (sum of metrics 1, 2, 3):	
SITE NAME/LOCATION_DEO FLATALUM SO" LATOPUL SOH-JEN-OL SITE NUMBER SZO_ RIVER BASIN DRAINAGE AREA (mi <sup>2</sup> ) LENGTH OF STREAM REACH (ft) <u>80</u> LATLONG RIVER CODE RIVER MILE DATE <u>4/15/08</u> SCORER JAU (SAT)COMMENTS <u>channel</u> <u>scale</u> <u>http://scale</u> <u>http://</u>	
TYPE       PERCENT       TYPE       PERCENT       BLDR SLABS [16 pts]       PERCENT       PERCENT<	HEI etric bints x = 40 8 + 8
evaluation. Avoid plunge pools from road culverts or storm water pipes)       (Check ONLY one box):       Ma         > 30 centimeters [20 pts]       >5 cm 10 cm [15 pts]       [A         > 22.5 - 30 cm [30 pts]       <5 cm [5 pts]	$\frac{1}{10000000000000000000000000000000000$
□ > 4.0 meters (> 13') [30 pts] □ > 10 m - 1.5 m (> 3' 3" - 4' 8") [15 pts] W	inktull /idth ax=30
This information must also be completed         RIPARIAN ZONE AND FLOODPLAIN QUALITY       ANOTE: River Left (L) and Right (R) as looking downstream fr         RIPARIAN WIDTH       FLOODPLAIN QUALITY       ANOTE: River Left (L) and Right (R) as looking downstream fr         L       R       (Per Bank)       L       R         I       O       Wide >10m       I       R       Conservation Tillage         Vide >10m       I       Mature Forest, Wetland       I       Conservation Tillage         Vide >10m       I       Immature Forest, Shrub or Old       I       Open Pasture, Row         Vide       Smartow <5m       I       Residential, Park, New Field       Open Pasture, Row         O       None       I       Fenced Pasture       Mining or Construction	
FLOW REGIME (At Time of Evaluation)       (Check ONLY one box):         Stream Flowing       Image: Stream Flowing         Subsurface flow with isolated pools (Interstitial)       Image: Stream Flowing         COMMENTS       Image: Stream Flowing	
SINUOSITY (Number of bends per 61 m (200 ft) of channel)       (Check ONLY one box):         None       1.0         0.5       1.5         STREAM GRADIENT ESTIMATE         Flat (0.5 (W100 m)         Flat (0.5 (W100 m)	

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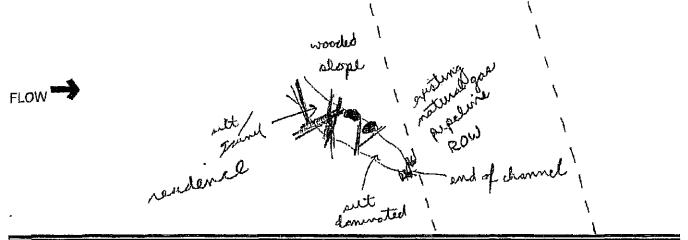
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ADDITIONAL STREAM INFORMATION (This Information Must Also be Completed):
QHEI PERFORMED? - DYes DNo QHEI Score (If Yes, Attach Completed QHEI Form)
Distance from Evaluated Stream
O CWH Name: Distance from Evaluated Stream
EWH Name: Distance from Evaluated Stream
MAPPING: ATTACH COPIES OF MAPS, INCLUDING THE ENTIRE WATERSHED AREA. CLEARLY MARK THE SITE LOCATION
USGS Quadrangle Name: Doyleston Odio NRCS Soll Map Page: NRCS Soll Map Stream Order
county: Wayne Township City: Clippenda
MISCELLANEOUS
Base Flow Conditions? (Y/N): Y Date of last precipitation: unknown Quantity: unknown
Photograph Information: #34 (upstream), #35 (downstream @ endof channel)
Elevated Turbidity? (Y/N): N Canopy (% open):
Were samples collected for water chemistry? (Y/N): (Note tab sample no. or id. and attach results) Lab Number:
Fletd Measures: Temp (°C) Dissolved Oxygen (mg/l) pH (S.U.) Conductivity (µmhos/cm)
Is the sampling reach representative of the stream (Y/N). Y If not, please explain:
Additional comments/description of pollution impacts;
BIOTIC EVALUATION
Performed? (Y/N): (If Yes, Record all observations. Voucher collections optional. NOTE: all voucher samples must be labeled with the site ID number. Include appropriate field data sheets from the Primary Headwater Habitat Assessment Manual)
Fish Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N) Salamanders Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N) Frogs or Tadpoles Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N) Aquatic Macroinvertebrates Observed? (Y/N)_P Voucher? (Y/N)
Comments Regarding Biology: No Iriota, deserved along stream reach.

### DRAWING AND NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION OF STREAM REACH (This must be completed):

Include important landmarks and other features of interest for site evaluation and a narrative description of the stream's location



Modufied Class ChieEPA Primary Headwater Habitat Evaluation Form HHEI Score (sum of metrics 1, 2, 3): [15]
SITE NAMELOCATION DEO Granhlim 20" (hoject         SOH-LFS-001       SITE NUMBER S-25         RIVER BASIN       DRAINAGE AREA (mi <sup>2</sup> ) <u>21</u> LENGTH OF STREAM REACH (ft) <u>250</u> LAT.       LONG.         RIVER CODE       RIVER MILE         DATE <u>4/15/08</u> SCORER JAV (GAI) COMMENTS <u>f. 1000</u> of <u>Actual</u> , <u>culvetting</u> NOTE: Complete All Items On This Form - Refer to "Field Evaluation Manual for Ohio's PHWH Streams" for Instructions         STREAM CHANNEL       NONE/NATURAL CHANNEL         DRECOVERED       RECOVERING         MODIFICATIONS:
1.       SUBSTRATE (Estimate percent of every type of substrate present. Check ONLY two predominant substrate TYPE boxes (Max of 32). Add total number of significant substrate types found (Max of 8). Final metric score is sum of boxes A & B.       HHEI         TYPE       BLOR SLABS. [16 pts]       PERCENT       TYPE       SILT [3 pt]       PERCENT       70%       Points         BUD BLOR SLABS. [16 pts]       PERCENT       Image: Silt [3 pt]       PERCENT       70%       Points       Substrate         BUD BLOR SLABS. [16 pts]       PERCENT       Image: Silt [3 pt]       PERCENT       Points       Substrate       Points       Substrate         BUD BLOR SLABS. [16 pts]       Image: Silt [3 pt]       Ima
2.       Maximum Pool Depth (Measure the maximum pool depth within the 61 meter (200 ft) evaluation reach at the time of evaluation. Avoid plunge pools from road culverts or storm water pipes) (Check ONLY one box):       Pool Depth (Max = 30         > 30 centimeters [20 pts]       > 5 cm ±10 cm [16 pts]       Max = 30         > 22.5 - 30 cm [30 pts]       > 5 cm ±10 cm [16 pts]       Max = 30         > 10 - 22.5 cm [25 pts]       S cm [5 pts]       Maximum Pool DEPTH (centimeters):         3.       BANK FULL WIDTH (Measured as the average of 3-4 measurements) (Check ONLY one box):       Bankfull         > 4.0 meters (> 13) [30 pts]       > 10 m + 15 m (> 3' 3'') [5 pts]       Width Max=30         > 1.5 m + 3.0 m (> 9' 7'' - 4' 8'') [20 pts]       Max=30       Max=30
COMMENTSAVERAGE BANKFULL WIDTH (meters)
This information must also be completed         RIPARIAN ZONE AND FLOODPLAIN QUALITY       ANOTE: River Left (L) and Right (R) as looking downstreams?         RIPARIAN WIDTH       FLOODPLAIN QUALITY       FLOODPLAIN QUALITY         L       R       (Per Bank)       L       R         O       Wide >10m       O       Mature Forest, Wetland       O       Conservation Tillage         Image: Solution of the state served s
FLOW REGIME (At Time of Evaluation)       (Check ONLY one box):         Stream Flowing       Image: Comparison of the solution of the soluticon of the solution of the soluticon of the solution of
O         SINUOSITY (Number of bends per 61 m (200 ft) of channel) (Check ONLY one box):         O <tho< th="">         O         O         O</tho<>
STREAM GRADIENT ESTIMATE

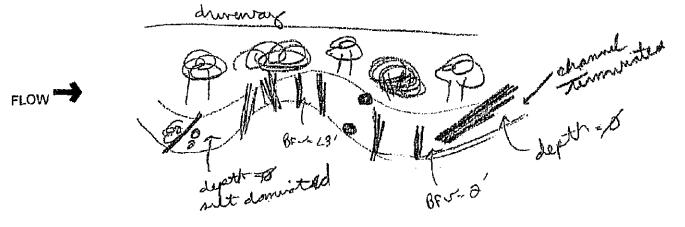
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ADDITIONAL STREAM INFORMATION (This information Must Also be Completed):	S-2b
ADDITIONAL STREAM INFORMATION (This Information Must Also be completed):	
QHEI PERFORMED? - CI Yes XNo QHEI Score (If Yes, Attach Completed QHEI Form)	
DOWNSTREAM DESIGNATED USE(S)	
WWH Name: Distance from Evaluated Stream	1
CWH Name: Distance from Evaluated Stream	
Distance from Evaluated Stream	·
MAPPING: ATTACH COPIES OF MAPS, INCLUDING THE ENTIRE WATERSHED AREA. CLEARLY MARK THE SITE	
USGS Quadrangle Name: Doylestown, Ohio_ NRCS Soll Map Page: NRCS Soll Map Str	eam Order
County: Wayne (Township/ City: Chippensa	
MISCELLANEOUS	
Base Flow Conditions? (Y/N): Y Date of last precipitation: untroom Quantity: untroom	×.
Photograph Information: #47 (downatream), #48 (upstream)	
Elevated Turbidity? (Y/N): H Canopy (% open): ~80 70	
Were samples collected for water chemistry? (Y/N): (Note lab sample no. or ld. and attach results) Lab Number:	
Field Measures: Temp (*C) Dissolved Oxygen (mg/i) pH (S.U.) Conductivity (µmhos/cm)	
is the sampling reach representative of the stream (Y/N) 1/2. If not, please explain: <u>culvetting and</u> within stream reach, channel ends within prople	V
Additional comments/description of pollution impacts:	<u></u>
BIOTIC EVALUATION	
Performed? (Y/N): (II Yes, Record all observations. Voucher collections optionalNOTE: all voucher samples must ID number. Include appropriate field data sheets from the Primary Headwater Habital Assessme	
Fish Observed? (Y/N) N Voucher? (Y/N) Salamanders Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N) Frags or Tadpoles Observed? (Y/N) N Voucher? (Y/N) Aquatic Macroinvertebrates Observed? (Y/N) N Voucher? (Y/N) Aquatic Macroinvertebrates Observed? (Y/N) N Voucher? (Y/N) N Voucher	

#### DRAWING AND NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION OF STREAM REACH (This must be completed):

Include Important landmarks and other features of interest for site evaluation and a narrative description of the stream's location 🕚



Class I OhigEPA Primary Headwater Habitat Evaluation Form HHEI Score (sum of metrics 1, 2, 3) : 23
SITE NAME/LOCATION DEO Franchin 20" Project.
SOH-JEN-002 SITE NUMBER S-2C RIVER BASIN DRAINAGE AREA (mi <sup>2</sup> )
LENGTH OF STREAM REACH (ft) ~100' LAT LONG RIVER CODE RIVER MILE
DATE 4/15/08 SCORER JAU (GAI) COMMENTS dry hannel ady. To existing DEO ROW
NOTE: Complete All Items On This Form - Refer to "Fleid Evaluation Manual for Ohio's PHWH Streams" for Instructions
MODIFICATIONS:
1.       SUBSTRATE (Estimate percent of every type of substrate present. Check ONLY two predominant substrate TYPE boxes (Max of 32). Add total number of significant substrate types found (Max of 8). Final metric score is sum of boxes A & B.       HHEI         TYPE       PERCENT       TYPE       PERCENT       Metric Points         BLDR SLABS [16 pts]       PERCENT       TYPE       PERCENT       O O         BUDR SLABS [16 pts]       PERCENT       TYPE       PERCENT       O O         BUDR SLABS [16 pts]       Q O       Q O       SILT [3 pt]       Q O         BEDROCK [16 pt]       Q O       PINE DETRITUS [3 pts]       O O         COBBLE (65-256 mm) [12 pts]       Q O       CLAY or HARDPAN [0 pt]       Max = 40
□ ⊠ GRAVEL (2-64 mm) [9 pts] _2≤% □ □ MUCK [0 pts]   8
Image: SAND (<2.mm) [6 pts]
Total of Percentages of $(A)$ Bidr Slabs, Boulder, Cobble, Bedrock $\sim 5\%$ $(A)$ $\downarrow$
SCORE OF TWO MOST PREDOMINATE SUBSTRATE TYPES:
2. Maximum Pool Depth (Measure the maximum pool depth within the 61 meter (200 ft) evaluation reach at the time of evaluation. Avoid plunge pools from road culverts or storm water pipes) (Check ONLY one box):          > 30 centimeters [20 pts]       > 5 cm -10 cm [15 pts]         > 22.5 - 30 cm [30 pts]       > 6 cm [5 pts]         > 10 - 22.5 cm [25 pts]       > NO WATERIOR MOIST CHANNEL [0] pts]         COMMENTS       A-4
□ > 4.0 meters (> 13') [30 pts] □ > 1.0 m < 15 m (> 3 30' - 4 8') [15 pts] Width
□ > 3.0 m - 4.0 m (> 9' 7" - 13') [25 pts] □ > 1.5 m - 3.0 m (> 9' 7" - 4' 6") [20 pts]
COMMENTSAVERAGE BANKFULL WIDTH (meters)
This information <u>must</u> also be completed
RIPARIAN ZONE AND FLOODPLAIN QUALITY ☆NOTE: River Left (L) and Right (R) as looking downstream☆ RIPARIAN WIDTH FLOODPLAIN QUALITY
L R (Per Bank) L R (Most Predominant per Bank) L R
Immature Forest, Wetland     Immature Forest, Shrup or Old     Immature Forest, Shrup or Old
Field
Ø Ø Narrow <5m     Ø-Ø Residential, Park, New Field     Open Pasture, Row     Crop
None     D     Fenced Pasture     D     Mining or Construction
COMMENTS
FLOW REGIME (At Time of Evaluation)       (Check ONLY one box):         Stream Flowing       Moist Channel, isolated pools, no flow (Intermittent)         Subsurface flow with isolated pools (Interstilial)       Dry channel, no water (Ephemeral)         COMMENTS       Kannel
SINUOSITY (Number of bends per 61 m (200 ft) of channel)         (Check ONLY one box):           None         1.0         2.0         3.0           0.5         1.5         2.5         >3
STREAM GRADIENT ESTIMATE

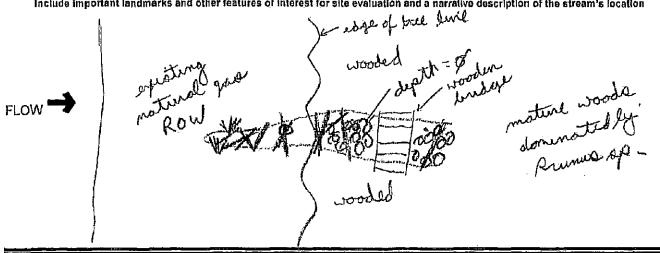
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ADDITIONAL STREAM INFORMATION (This Information Must Also be Completed):	5-20
QHEI PERFORMED? - DYes Ø No QHEI Score (If Yes, Attach (	Completed QHEI Form)
DOWNSTREAM DESIGNATED USE(S)	
	Distance from Evaluated Stream
CWH Name: [	Distance from Evaluated Stream
EWH Name:	Distance from Evaluated Stream
MAPPING: ATTACH COPIES OF MAPS, INCLUDING THE ENTIRE WATERSHED AR	-
USGS Quadrangle Name: Doy UALOWIC ODUO NRCS Soil Map Page	e: NRCS Soil Map Stream Order
USGS Quadrangle Name: Doyletow, Oho NRCS Soil Map Page County: Nayne Township/City: Chy	openta
MISCELLANEOUS	1
Base Flow Conditions? (Y/N): Z Date of last precipitation:	
Photograph Information: #63 (dormaticarn), #64 (upot	To am S
Elevated Turbidity? (Y/N); Canopy (% open):	
Were samples collected for water chemistry? (Y/N): (Note lab sample no, or Id. and	altach results) Lab Number:
Fleid Measures: Temp (°C) Dissolved Oxygen (mg/l) pH (S.U.)	Conductivity (µmhos/cm)
Is the sampling reach representative of the stream (Y/N) If not, please explain:	
Addillonal comments/description of pollution impacts:	
BIOTIC EVALUATION	
Performed? (Y/N): (II Yes, Record all observations. Voucher collections optional. ID number. Include appropriate field data sheets from the Prime	
Fish Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N) Salamanders Observed? (Y/N) Frogs or Tadpoles Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N) Aquatic Macroinvertebrates Comments Regarding Biology:	SObserved? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N)

DRAWING AND NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION OF STREAM REACH (This must be completed):

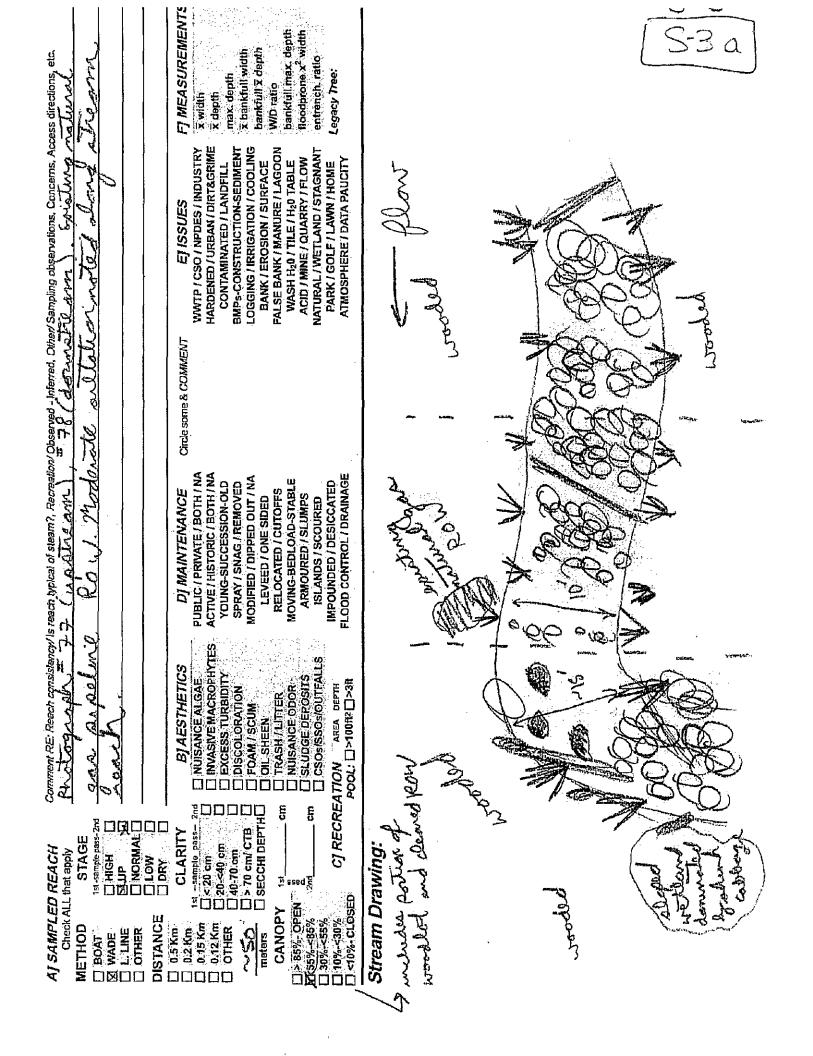
Include important landmarks and other features of interest for site evaluation and a narrative description of the stream's location



October 24, 2002 Revision

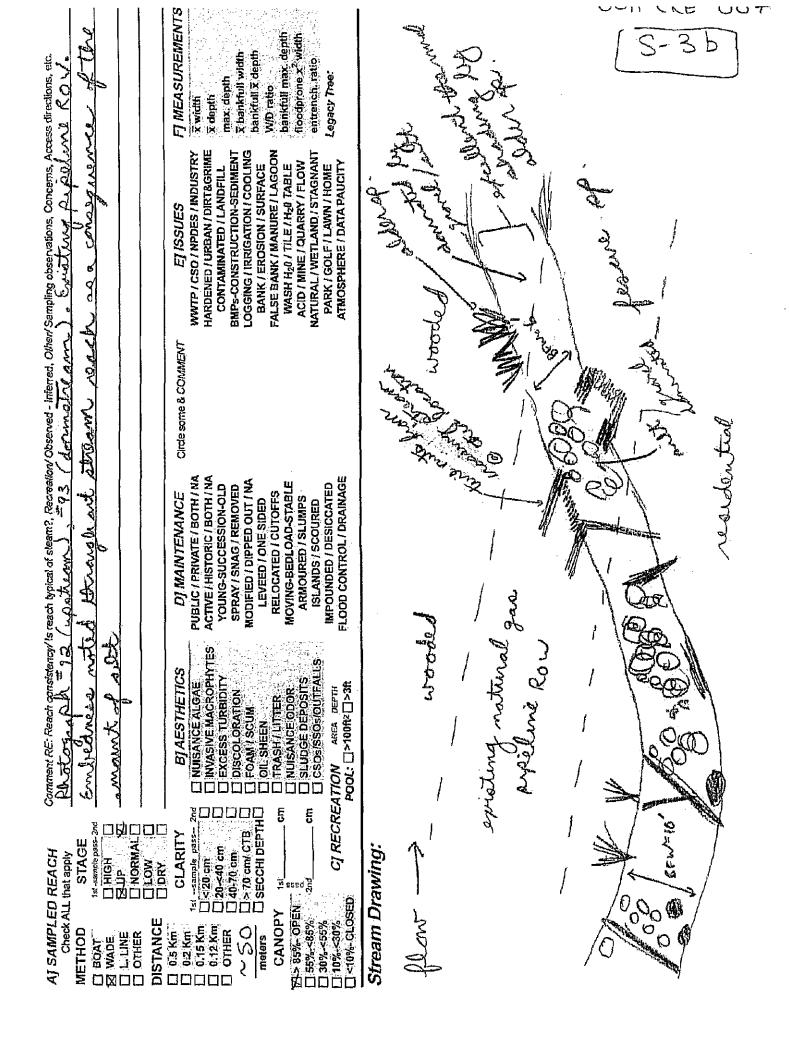
PHWH Form Page - 2

			Likely to	QDC #097 motent
	<b>OhicEPA</b>	Qualitative Habitat Evaluation In and Use Assessment Field Sh	idex and will	64
20	Stream & Location: <u>S-S</u>	- UT to Jude grawoo Res	vé/RM:Dateg	4/15/08
512	DEO Finantelin	20" Angle Scorers Full Name & Affilia		Maitr. (GA=
	River Code:	STORET#: Lat./Long.:	/ 18()	Office verified location
<b>u</b> g <i>i</i>	1] SUBSTRATE Check ONLY Two estimate % or not	substrate TYPE BOXES; a every type present	Check ONE (Or 2 & average)	
	BEST TYPES POOL RIFF	E OTHER TYPES POOL RIFFLE ORIGI	N QUALIT	TY
	[] [] BLDR /SLABS [10]X		日本語 (1997) 二字 日本語 (1997)	- Contraction of the second seco
		└ □ □ DETRITUS [3]		
	⊠ GRAVEL [7]			
	□□ SAND [6] <u>×</u> × □□ BEDROCK [5]	(Score natural substrates: Ionore DRIP/RAP [0	MODERAT	E [-1]
	NUMBER OF BEST TYPES;	4 or more [2] sludge from point-sources)		[0] 20
	Comments sughtly more	3 or less [0] LISHALE [-1] dominant than could COAL FINE	□ NONE [1]	
				<u> </u>
	ouality: 2	resence 0 to 3: 0-Absent; 1-Very small amounts or if more Moderate amounts, but not of highest quality or in small a	mounts of blohest	
	quality; 3-Highest quality in moderate	or greater amounts (e.g., very large boulders in deep or far ped rootwad in deep / fast water, or deep, well-defined, fur	st water, large Check ONE (Ur	
	UNDERCUT BANKS [1]	POOLS > 70cm [2] OXBOWS BAC	KWATERS [1] Z MODERATE 2	25-75% [7]
	OVERHANGING VEGETATION		ペンモン ほうえい シャンシャング 見た手 ショー・テラ きょうかい きょうかい シント・インタ	15% [3] ENT <5% [1]
	ROOTMATS [1]		A	Cover
	Comments moderate	notream cover outende,	of evening M	faximum 20
	-	Check ONE in each category (Or 2 & average)		
	SINUOSITY DEVELOPME			
	🔣 MODERATE [3] 🛛 🖾 GOOD [5]		ATE [2]	
	LOW [2] 🛛 FAIR [3]			Channel 🥂
	Comments	> portion of stream read	his an M	Maximum 13.5
$\searrow$		enange pupeling 14		20
	-	RIAN ZONE Check ONE in each calegory for EACH B. PARIAN WIDTH		
				TILLAGE I'I
		DERATE 10-50m [3] D SHRUB OR OLD FIELD [2	URBAN OR IND	USTRIAL [0]
		RROW 5-10m [2]   因 因 RESIDENTIAL, PARK, NEV RY NARROW < 5m [1] □ □ FENCED PASTURE [1] <sup>PD</sup>		
		RY NARROW < 5m [1] C FENCED PASTURE [1] NE [0] > along C The Control of Contr	(OP [0] past 100m riparian.	Riparian
	Comments	Rowu	Ň	faximum
	5] POOL / GLIDE AND RIFFL		منظر ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	
	MAXIMUM DEPTH C	HANNEL WIDTH CURRENT VELC		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		k ONE (Or 2 & average) Check ALL that a VIDTH > RIFFLE WIDTH [2] □ TORRENTIAL [-1] ⊠SL	Mandal State of States and State	41
	🗍 0.7-<1m [4] 🛛 🖾 POOL V	VIDTH = RIFFLE WIDTH [1] VERY FAST [1] IN1	ERSTITIAL [-1] (circle one and con	
	X 0.4-<0.7m [2]			
	□ 0.2 × 0.4 m [1] □ < 0.2 m [0]	Indicate for reach - pool	s and riffles.	Pool / Current
	Comments	,	A. A	Aaximum
		les; Best areas must be large enough to su	pport a population	
	of riffle-obligate species:	Check ONE (Or 2 & average).		RIFFLE [metric=0]
		IN DEPTH RIFFLE / RUN SUBSTRATE MUM > 50cm [2] STABLE (e.g., Cobble, Boulder) [2]		UNESS
	BEST AREAS 5-10cm [1] XMAX	MUM < 50cm [1] 🖂 MOD. STABLE (e.g., Large Gravel)	[1] 🔲 LÓŴ [1]	
	BEST AREAS < 5cm [metric=0]	UNSTABLE (e.g., Fine Gravel, Sand		Rifile / Z
	Comments			Maximum
	6] GRADIENT (>40 fl/mi)	VERY LOW - LOW [2-4] %POOL:	10%) %GLIDE:	Gradient
$\sim$	DRAINAGE ARÈA	MODERATE [6-10]	$=$ $\sim$ .	
		KHIGH - VERY HIGH [10-6] %RUN:	<u> \$%</u> )%RIFFLE:(75%)	10
	EPA 4520	·		06/16/05

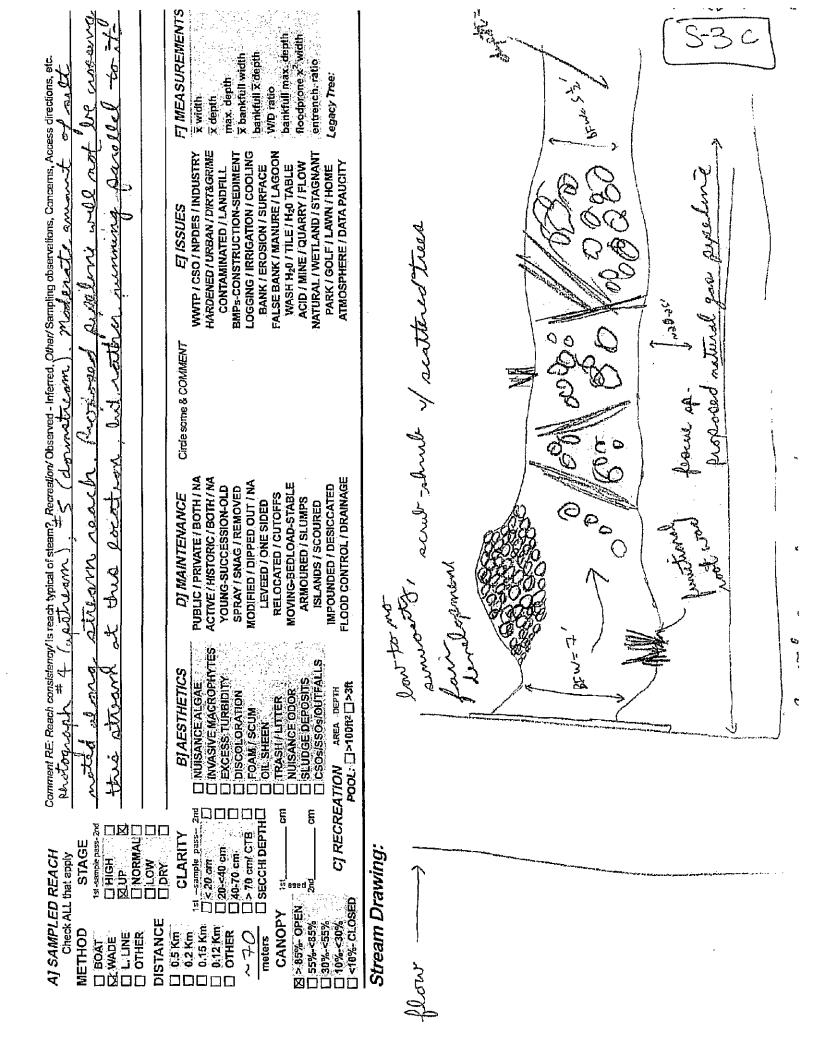


1	OF PA QUC FOY +
33	OnicEPA         Qualitative Habitat Evaluation Index and Use Assessment Field Sheet         QHEI Score: 47
	Stream & Location: SOH-CRE-007-UT to Juncaraway RIKM: Date 04/15/08
	DEO Franklin 20" Project Scorers Full Name & Affiliation: Joy Von Maik (GAI) River Code:STORET #: Lat./Long.: [18] Office verified location []
	1] SUBSTRATE Check ONLY Two substrate TYPE BOXES; estimate % or note every type present       Check ONE (Or 2 & everage)         BEST TYPES       OTHER TYPES       ORIGIN         QUALITY       HARDPAN [4]       CHECK ONE [1]
	Image: Boulder [9]       Image: Bo
	Image: Sand [6]
	2) INSTREAM COVER Indicate presence 0 to 3: 0-Absent; 1-Very small amounts or if more common of marginal quality; 2-Moderate amounts, but not of highest quality or in small amounts of highest quality; 3-Highest quality in moderate or greater amounts, but not of highest quality or in small amounts of highest check ONE (Or 2 & average) diameter tog that is stable, well developed rootwad in deep / fast water, or deep, well-defined, functional pools. 
	3] CHANNEL MORPHOLOGY Check ONE in each category (Or 2 & average) SINUOSITY DEVELOPMENT CHANNELIZATION STABILITY
	Image: Moderate [3]       Image: Good [5]       Image: Good [5]       Image: Good [6]
$\sim$	4] BANK EROSION AND RIPARIAN ZONE Check ONE in each category for EACH BANK (Or 2 per bank & average) River right locking downstream RIPARIAN WIDTH FLOOD PLAIN QUALITY
	EROSION       Image: Som [4]       Image: Som [
	Comments
	5] POOL / GLIDE AND RIFFLE / RUN QUALITY MAXIMUM DEPTH CHANNEL WIDTH CURRENT VELOCITY Check ONE (ONLY) Check ONE (Or 2 & average) Check ALL that apply > 1m [6] POOL WIDTH > RIFFLE WIDTH [2] TORRENTIAL [-1] SLOW [1] 0.7-<1m [4] POOL WIDTH = RIFFLE WIDTH [1] VERY FAST [1] INTERSTITIAL [-1] 0.4-<0.7m [2] POOL WIDTH < RIFFLE WIDTH [0] FAST [1] INTERMITTENT [-2]
	0.2:<0.4m [1]       MODERATE [1]       Pool /         -       0.2m [0]       Indicate for reach - pools and riffles.       Current         Comments       Maximum 12       12
	Indicate for functional riffles; Best areas must be large enough to support a population of riffle-obligate species: Check ONE (Or 2 & average). RIFFLE DEPTH RUN DEPTH RIFFLE / RUN SUBSTRATE RIFFLE / RUN EMBEDDEDNESS
	□ BEST AREAS > 10cm [2] □ MAXIMUM > 50cm [2] □ STABLE (e.g., Cobble, Bouider) [2] □ NONE [2] □ NONE [2] □ LOW [1] □
	Comments [metric=0] $\rightarrow \text{affle}/\text{ann Graphings} = EXTENSIVE[E1] Maximum  \text{Anne from Graphings} = Comments (Comments) (Comments$
×	6] $GRADIENT (>4.0 \text{ ft/ml})$ $\Box$ VERY LOW - LOW [2-4]%POOL: $20\%$ %GLIDE: %POOL: $20\%$ %GLIDE: %RUN: $40\%$ %RIFFLE: $40\%$ Gradient Maximum 10 $(\sim 1 + 2 \text{ ml}^2)$ $\Xi$ High - VERY High [10-6]%RUN: $40\%$ %RIFFLE: $40\%$ Gradient Maximum 10
	EPA 4520 06/16/06

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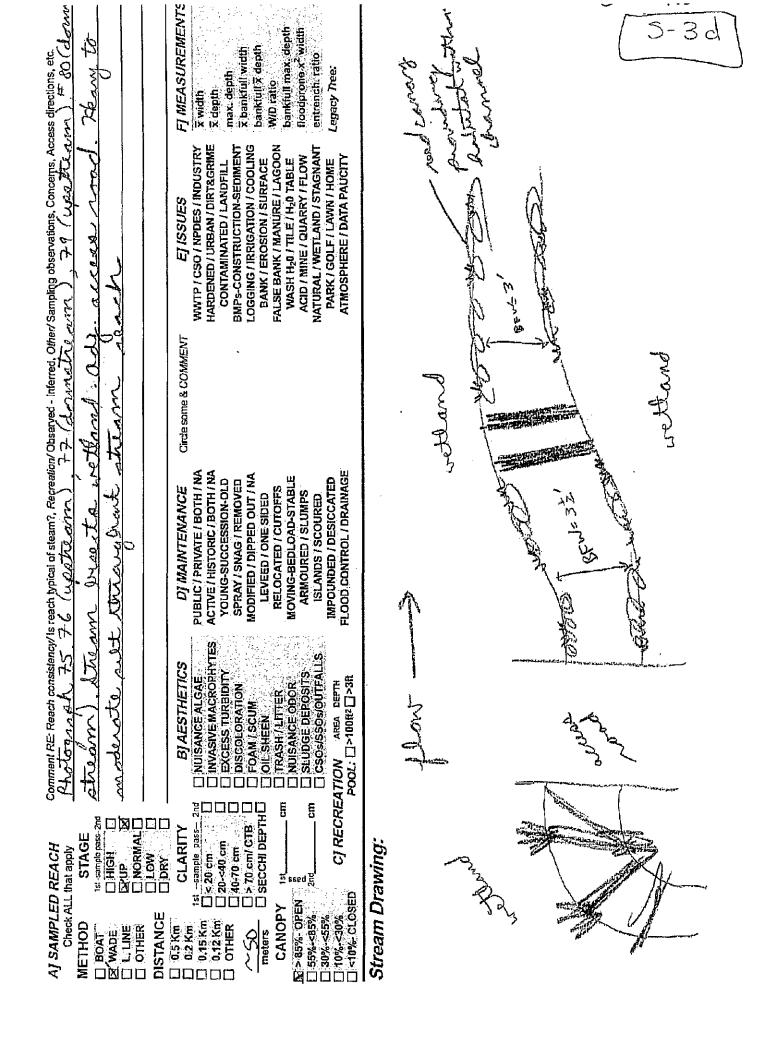
13	OFTA QUC A 077
2	<b>OhioEPA</b> Qualitative Habitat Evaluation Index and Use Assessment Field Sheet QHEI Score: (44.)
×	Stream & Location: SOH-CRE-007B-UT To Jude anawar RWERM: Date;04/1.6/08 DEO Finantum 20" Rioject Scorers Full Name & Affiliation: Onu Jan Shark (GAT) River Code: - STORET #: Lat./Long.: 18. Office verified NADE 3- doction []
	1) SUBSTRATE Check ONLY Two substrate TYPE BOXES; estimate % or note every type present       Check ONE (Or 2 & everage)         BEST TYPES BEST TYPES BOOL RIFFLE       OTHER TYPES OTHER TYPES POOL RIFFLE       CHECK ONE (Or 2 & everage)         BEST TYPES BOULDER [9]       Image: Check ONE (Or 2 & everage)       OULLITY Image: Check ONE (Or 2 & everage)         BOULDER [9]       Image: Check ONE (Or 2 & everage)       OULLITY Image: Check ONE (Or 2 & everage)         BOULDER [9]       Image: Check ONE (Or 2 & everage)       OULLITY Image: Check ONE (Or 2 & everage)         BOULDER [9]       Image: Check ONE (Or 2 & everage)       OULLITY Image: Check ONE (Or 2 & everage)         BOULDER [9]       Image: Check ONE (Or 2 & everage)       OULLITY Image: Check ONE (Or 2 & everage)         BOULDER [9]       Image: Check ONE (Or 2 & everage)       OULLITY Image: Check ONE (Or 2 & everage)         BEST TYPES: [2]       Image: Check ONE (Or 2 & everage)       Substrate Image: Check ONE (Or 2 & everage)         BEBROCK [5]       Image: Check ONE (Or 2 & everage)       Image: Check ONE (Or 2 & everage)         BEST TYPES: [2]       Image: Check ONE (Or 2 & everage)       Image: Check ONE (Or 2 & everage)         Comments       Image: Check ONE (Or 2 & everage)       Image: Check ONE (Or 2 & everage)         Image: Check ONE (Or 2 & everage)       Image: Check ONE (Or 2 & everage)       Image: Check ONE (Or 2 & everage)         Image: Ch
~~	3] CHANNEL MORPHOLOGY Check ONE in each category (Or 2 & average) SINUOSITY DEVELOPMENT CHANNELIZATION STABILITY functional HIGH [4] EXCELLENT [7] NONE [6] MODERATE [3] GOOD [5] RECOVERED [4] LOW [2] FAIR [3] RECOVERED [4] NONE [1] POOR [1] RECEVERING [3] SLOW [1] Comments AuguStream reach
	4] BANK EROSION AND RIPARIAN ZONE Check ONE in each category for EACH BANK (Or 2 per bank & everage)         Biver right looking downatroam       RIPARIAN WIDTH         FROSION       Biver right looking downatroam         BIVER right looking downatroam       RIPARIAN WIDTH         FROSION       Biver right looking downatroam         BIVER right looking downatroam       RIPARIAN WIDTH         FROSION       Biver right looking downatroam         BIVER right looking downatroam       RIPARIAN WIDTH         FROSION       Biver right looking downatroam         BIVER right looking downatroam       RIPARIAN WIDTH         FROSION       Biver right looking downatroam         BIVER right looking downatroam       RIPARIAN WIDTH         BIVER right looking downatroam       RIPARIAN WIDTH         BIVER right looking downatroam       Biver right looking downatroam         BIVER right looking downatroam       BIVER right looking downatroam <t< th=""></t<>
	5] POOL / GLIDE AND RIFFLE / RUN QUALITY         MAXIMUM DEPTH         Check ONE (ONLY)         Check ALL that apply         Check ALL that apply         Check ALL that apply         Check ALL that apply         MODE FASTE(1)         Check ALL that apply
	Indicate for functional riffles; Best areas must be large enough to support a population of riffle-obligate species:       □NO RIFFLE [metric=0]         RIFFLE DEPTH       RUN DEPTH       RIFFLE / RUN SUBSTRATE       RIFFLE / RUN EMBEDDEDNESS         □ BEST AREAS > 10cm [2]       □MAXIMUM > 50cm [2]       □STABLE (e.g., Cobble, Boulder) [2]       □NONE [2]         ☑ BEST AREAS 5-10cm [1]       ☑ MAXIMUM < 50cm [1]       ☑ MOD. STABLE (e.g., Large Gravel) [1]       □LOW [1]         □ BEST AREAS < 5cm [metric=0]       ☑ UNSTABLE (e.g., Fine Gravel, Sand) [0]       ☑ MODERATE[0]       RIffle / Run Maximum         Comments       ☑       ☑ STABLE (e.g., Fine Gravel, Sand) [0]       ☑ MODERATE[0]       Riffle / Run Maximum
	6] $GRADIENT_{(>} > 4 Oft/ml)$ $\cup$ VERY LOW - LOW [2:4] DRAINAGE AREA $\square$ MODERATE [6-10] $(\sim 1\frac{1}{2} mi^2)$ $\square$ HIGH - VERY HIGH [10-6] $(\sim 1\frac{1}{2} mi^2)$ $\square$ HIGH - VERY HIGH [10-6]
	EPA 4520 06/16/06



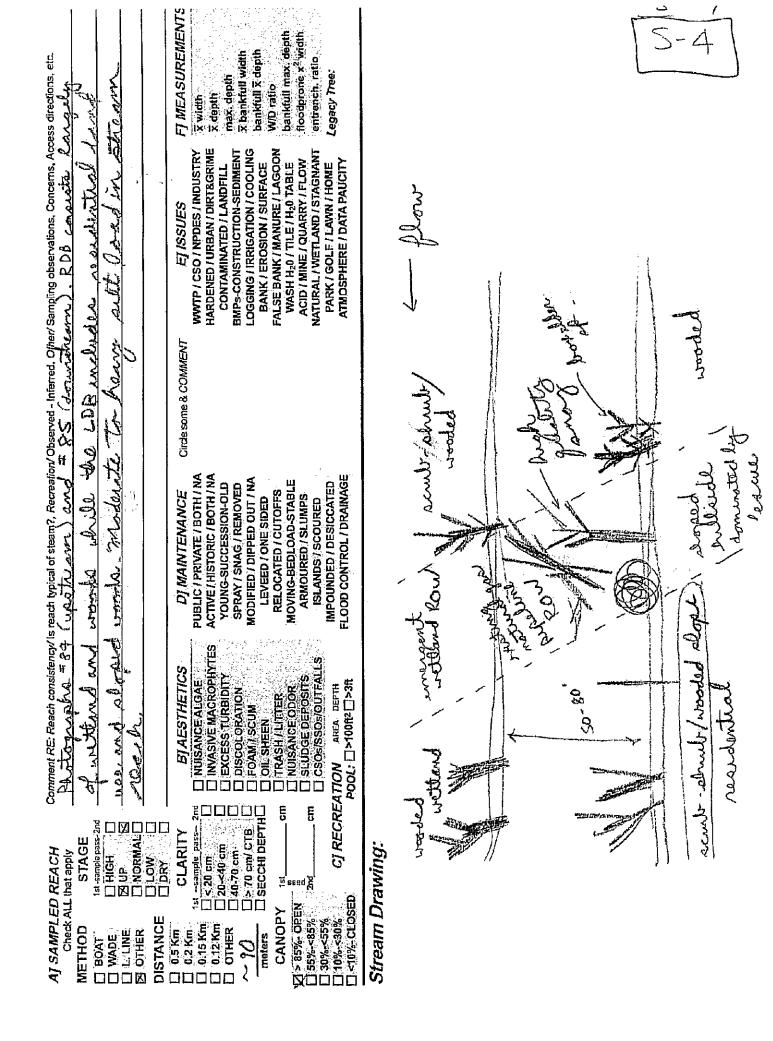
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	•••	$\sim \sim$	<u> </u>	1 /

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5,30	OnioEPA         Qualitative Habitat Evaluation Index and Use Assessment Field Sheet         QHEI Score: 47
$\mathbf{X}_{\mathbf{x}}$	Stream & Location: SOH-CRE-007C-UT To Suscensives RM: Date:04/16/08 DEO Franklin 20" Monlet Scorers Full Name & Affiliation: Joy Jan Alach (GAT River Code: STORET #: Lat./Long.: / 18. Office verified NAD 83-declimate: / 18. Office verified
	1] SUBSTRATE Check ONLYTwo substrate TYPE BOXES; estimate % or note every type present       Check ONE (Or 2 & average)         BEST TYPES       POOL RIFFLE       OTHER TYPES       ORIGIN       QUALITY         BLDR /SLABS [10]       HARDPAN [4]       HARDPAN [4]       HARDPAN [4]       HARDPAN [4]         BEST TYPES       DOL RIFFLE       ORIGIN       QUALITY         BLDR /SLABS [10]       DETRITUS [3]       HARDPAN [4]       HARDPAN [6]       HARDPAN [1]         BEST TYPES       DETRITUS [3]       HARDPAN [0]       SILT       MODERATE [-1]         BEST TYPES       MUCK [2]       HARDPAN [0]       Image: Silt [2]       Silt [2]       NORMAL [0]         BEST TYPES       MUCK [2]       HARDPAN [0]       FETENSIVE [-2]       MODERATE [-1]       NORMAL [0]         BEST TYPES:       ATTIFICIAL [0]       Sand [6]       HARDPAN [0]       FETENSIVE [-2]       MARDPAN [0]         BEDROCK [5]       Good function for more [2] sludge from point-sources       HARDPAN [0]       MODERATE [-1]       MODERATE [-1]         NUMBER OF BEST TYPES:       4 or more [2] sludge from point-sources       HARDPAN [0]       SINCH [0]       SINCH [0]       SINCH [0]       SINCH [1]         Orments       Si3 or less [0]       SHALE [-1]       NONE [1]       NONE [1]       NONE [1]
	dameter log that is stable, well developed rootwad in deep / fast water, or deep, well-defined, functional pools. O UNDERCUT BANKS [1] POOLS > 70cm [2] 2 (OXBOWS, BACKWATERS [1]] MODERATE 25-75% [7] 2 OVERHANGING VEGETATION [1] ROOTWADS [1] 2 AQUATIC MACROPHYTES [1] SPARSE 5 <25% [3] SHALLOWS (IN SLOW WATER) [1] 0 BOULDERS [1] 1 LOGS OR WOODY DEBRIS [1] NEARLY ABSENT <5% [1] ROOTMATS [1] 0 BOULDERS [1] 1 LOGS OR WOODY DEBRIS [1] NEARLY ABSENT <5% [1] ROOTMATS [1] 0 BOULDERS [1] 1 CONTAIN A MOMENTARY ABSENT <5% [1] ROOTMATS [1] 0 BOULDERS [1] 1 CONTAINAL, to Maximum Maximum 20 [4]
	3] CHANNEL MORPHOLOGY Check ONE in each category (Or 2 & average) location provides different of the second
	4] BANK EROSION AND RIPARIAN ZONE Check ONE in each category for EACH BANK (Or 2 per bank & average)         River right locking downstream       RIPARIAN WIDTH         L       RIPARIAN WIDTH         L </th
	5] POOL / GLIDE AND RIFFLE / RUN QUALITY MAXIMUM DEPTH Check ONE (ONLY)       CHANNEL WIDTH Check ONE (Or 2 & average)       CURRENT VELOCITY Check ALL that apply         □> 1m [6]       ☑ POOL WIDTH > RIFFLE WIDTH [2]       □ TORRENTIAL[-1]       ☑ SEOW[1]         □0.4-<0.7m [2]       □ POOL WIDTH < RIFFLE WIDTH [0]       □ FAST [1]       □ INTERSTITIAL [-1]         □ 0.2-<0.4m [1]       □ POOL WIDTH < RIFFLE WIDTH [0]       □ FAST [1]       □ INTERMITTENT [-2]         □ 0.2-<0.4m [1]       □ Corrent       □ INDERATE [1]       □ EDDIES [1]         □ corrents       □ ndicate for reach - pools and riffles.       0.5
	Indicate for functional riffles; Best areas must be large enough to support a population of riffle-obligate species: RIFFLE DEPTH RUN DEPTH RIFFLE / RUN SUBSTRATE RIFFLE / RUN EMBEDDEDNESS BEST AREAS > 10cm [2] MAXIMUM > 50cm [2] STABLE (e.g., Cobble, Boulder) [2] NONE [2] BEST AREAS > 10cm [1] MAXIMUM > 50cm [1] MOD. STABLE (e.g., Large Gravel) [1] DOW [1] BEST AREAS 5-10cm [1] MAXIMUM < 50cm [1] MOD. STABLE (e.g., Large Gravel) [1] DOW [1] BEST AREAS > 5cm NUN STABLE (e.g., Fine Gravel) Sand) [0] MODERATE [0] Riffle / MODERATE [0] Comments
$\subseteq$	6] $GRADIENT$ (~3) ft/mi) $\Box$ VERY LOW - LOW [2-4] DRAINAGE AREA (~) $\frac{1}{2}$ mi <sup>2</sup> ) $\Box$ HIGH - VERY HIGH.[10-6] EPA 4520 %POOL: $45$ %GLIDE: $\bigcirc$ Gradient $Naximum$ %RUN: $45$ %RIFFLE: $\Box$ $D6/16/06$



N	perennial and likety
SIN	OnioEPA         Qualitative Habitat Evaluation Index         WWMM MUH           and Use Assessment Field Sheet         QHEI Score: 610
/	Stream & Location: S-7- Juscanawae River RM: Daten 41, 16/08 DEO Franklin 20" Project Scorers Full Name & Affiliation: Joy 6n Shart (GAT)
$\sum_{i=1}^{n}$	River Code: - STORET #: Lat./Long.:
	1] SUBSTRATE Check ONLY Two substrate TYPE BOXES; estimate % or note every type present BEST TYPES POOL RIFFLE OTHER TYPES POOL RIFFLE BLOR /SLABS [10]       HARDPAN [4]     UIMESTONE [1] BOULDER [9]     DETRITUS [3]     UIMESTONE [1] BOULDER [9]     DETRITUS [3]     UIMESTONE [1] COBBLE [9]     DETRITUS [3]     UIMESTONE [1] GRAVEL [7]     DETRITUS [3]   UIMESTONE [0]   UIMEST
	2] INSTREAM COVER Indicate presence 0 to 3: 0-Absent; 1-Very small amounts or if more common of marginal quality; 2-Moderate amounts, but not of highest quality or in small amounts of highest quality; 3-Highest quality in moderate or greater amounts (e.g., very large boulders in deep or fast water, large diameter log that is stable, well developed rootwad in deep / fast water, or deep, well-defined, functional pools. O UNDERCUT BANKS [1] POOLS = 70cm [2] (OXBOWS, BACKWATERS [1]] OVERHANGING VEGETATION [1] ROOTWADS [1] O ADUATIC MACROPHYTES [1] I SHALLOWS (IN SLOW WATER) [1] BOULDERS [1] LOGS OR WOODY DEBRIS [1] ROOTMATS [1] BOULDERS [1] LOGS OR WOODY DEBRIS [1] NEARLY ABSENT <5% [1] of junct of junction 20 [1] Cover Maximum 20 [1] O J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J
	3] CHANNEL MORPHOLOGY Check ONE in each category (Or 2 & average) SINUOSITY DEVELOPMENT CHANNELIZATION STABILITY HIGH [4] EXCELLENT [7] NONE [6] MODERATE [3] GOOD [5] RECOVERED [4] MODERATE [2] LOW [2] FAIR [3] RECOVERING [3] Channel NONE [1] POOR [1] RECENT OR NO RECOVERY [1] Comments Low Summonly along this reach, summarity afylence to meruper
	4] BANK EROSION AND RIPARIAN ZONE Check ONE in each category for EACH BANK (Or 2 per bank & average)       Indicate predominant land use(s)         River right looking downstream       RIPARIAN WIDTH       FLOOD PLAIN QUALITY       Image: Conservation Tillage [1]         Image: River right looking downstream       RIPARIAN WIDTH       FLOOD PLAIN QUALITY       Image: Conservation Tillage [1]         Image: Resolution of the conservation tillage [1]       Image: Conservation Tillage [1]       Image: Conservation Tillage [1]         Image: Resolution of the conservation tillage [1]       Image: Conservation Tillage [1]       Image: Conservation Tillage [1]         Image: Resolution of the conservation tillage [1]       Image: Conservation Tillage [1]       Image: Conservation Tillage [1]         Image: Resolution of the conservation tillage [1]       Image: Conservation Tillage [1]       Image: Conservation Tillage [1]         Image: Resolution of the conservation till [2]       Image: Resolution of the conservation till [2]       Image: Resolution of the conservation [1]         Image: Resolution of the conservation o
	5] POOL / GLIDE AND RIFFLE / RUN QUALITY MAXIMUM DEPTH       CHANNEL WIDTH       CURRENT VELOCITY         Check ONE (ONLY!)       Check ONE (Or 2 & average)       Check ALL that apply         D > 1m [6]       POOL WIDTH > RIFFLE WIDTH [2]       TORRENTIAL [-1]       Distor (1)         [0.7-<1m [4]
	Indicate for functional riffles; Best areas must be large enough to support a population of riffle-obligate species;       □NO RIFFLE [metric=0]         RIFFLE DEPTH       RUN DEPTH       RIFFLE / RUN SUBSTRATE       RIFFLE / RUN EMBEDDEDNESS         BEST AREAS > 10cm [2]       □MAXIMUM > 50cm [2]       □NO. STABLE (e.g., Cobbie, Boulder) [2]       □NO. RIFFLE [metric=0]         BEST AREAS > 10cm [1]       □MAXIMUM > 50cm [2]       □MOD. STABLE (e.g., Cobbie, Boulder) [2]       □NONE [2]         BEST AREAS < 5cm [metric=0]       □MAXIMUM < 50cm [1]
36,400	6] $GRADIENT_{(\sim)\frac{1}{2}'}$ ft/mi) $\Box$ VERY LOW - LOW [2-4] DRAINAGE AREA $\Box$ MODERATE [6-10] ( $\sim'   0 O$ m <sup>2</sup> ) $\Box$ HIGH - VERY HIGH [10-6] WRUN: (452) %RIFFLE: [07] %RUN: (452) %RIFFLE: [07]
30,000	EPA 4520 06/16/06



Modified Clarks II ChieFPA Primary Headwater Habitat Evaluation Form HHEI Score (sum of metrics 1, 2, 3): 41
SITE NAMERLOCATION DED TRANKIN 20" MOI 2.1 SOM CRE-001 SITE NUMBER S-5 RIVER BASIN DRAINAGE AREA (mi?) 21 LENGTH OF STREAM REACH (ft) ~130 LAT. LONG. RIVER CODE RIVER MILE DATE 4/16/08 SCORER JAV (GAI) COMMENTS currenting and manual for Ohio's PHWH Streams" for Instructions NOTE: Complete All Items On This Form - Refer to "Field Evaluation Manual for Ohio's PHWH Streams" for Instructions STREAM CHANNEL NONE / NATURAL CHANNEL RECOVERED RECOVERING RECENT OR NO RECOVERY MODIFICATIONS:
1.       SUBSTRATE (Estimate percent of every type of substrate present. Check ONLY two predominant substrate TYPE boxes (Max of 32). Add total number of significant substrate types found (Max of 8). Final metric score is sum of boxes A & B.       HHEI         TYPE       BLDR SLABS [16 pts]       PERCENT       TYPE         BLDR SLABS [16 pts]       PERCENT       TYPE         BEDROCK [16 pt]       Image: Comparison of the state of t
2. Maximum Pool Depth (Measure the maximum pool depth within the 61 meter (200 h) evaluation reach at the time of evaluation. Avoid plunge pools from road culverts or storm water pipes) (Check ONLY one box): <ul> <li>&gt; 30 centimeters [20 pts]</li> <li>&gt; 22.5 - 30 cm [30 pts]</li> <li>&gt; 10 - 22.5 cm [25 pts]</li> </ul> > 5 cm - 10 cm [15 pts]   So centimeters [20 pts] > 5 cm - 10 cm [15 pts]   > 10 - 22.5 cm [25 pts] > 10 - 22.5 cm [25 pts]   COMMENTS MAXIMUM POOL DEPTH (centimeters):   3. BANK FULL WIDTH (Measured as the average of 3-4 measurements) (Check ONLY one box):   > 4.0 meters (> 13' [30 pts]
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$
This information must also be completed         RIPARIAN ZONE AND FLOODPLAIN QUALITY       ANOTE: River Left (L) and Right (R) as looking downstream A         RIPARIAN WIDTH       FLOODPLAIN QUALITY       ANOTE: River Left (L) and Right (R) as looking downstream A         L       R       (Per Bank)       L       R         O       Wide >10m       O       Mature Forest, Welland       O       Conservation Tillage         Ø       Ø       Moderate 5-10m       Ø       Ø       Immature Forest, Shrub or Old       O       Open Pasture, Row Crop         Ø       Narrow <5m       Ø       Ø       Residential, Park, New Field       O       Open Pasture, Row Crop         Ø       None       Ø       Ø       Fenced Pasture       O       Mining or Construction
FLOW REGIME (At Time of Evaluation)       (Check ONLY one box):         Stream Flowing       Image: Stream Flowing         Subsurface flow with isolated pools (Interstitiat)       Image: Dry channel, no water (Ephemeral)         COMMENTS       COMMENTS
SINUOSITY (Number of bends per 61 m (200 ft) of channel) (Check ONLY one box): None 1.0 2.0 0 3.0 STREAM GRADIENT ESTIMATE
Flat (0.5 (U100 ft)  Flat to Moderate Moderate (2 (U100 ft)  Flat (0.5 (U100 ft)  Severe  Severe (10 ft/100 ft)

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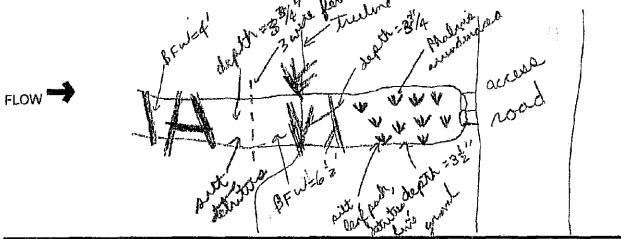
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ADDITIONAL STREAM INFORMATION (This Information Must Also be Completed):
QHEI PERFORMED? - O Yes No QHEI Score (If Yes, Altach Completed QHEI Form)
DOWNSTREAM DESIGNATED USE(S)
Distance from Evaluated Stream
CWH Name: Distance from Evaluated Stream
EWH Name: Distance from Evaluated Stream
MAPPING: ATTACH COPIES OF MAPS, INCLUDING THE ENTIRE WATERSHED AREA. CLEARLY MARK THE SITE LOCATION
USGS Quadrangle Name: Canal Fulton NRCS Soll Map Page: NRCS Soll Map Stream Order
county: Summit Township/ City: Frunklum
MISCELLANEOUS
Base Flow Conditions? (YIN): N Date of last precipitation: unhnown Quantity: unhnown
Photograph Information: #98 (upstramme) #99 (derzmatigam)
Elevated Turbidily? (Y/N): Y Canopy (% open): ~50% -> considere dered Row and
Were samples collected for water chemistry? (Y/N): (Note tab sample no. or id, and attach results) Lab Number:
Field Measures: Temp (°C) Dissolved Oxygen (mg/i) pH (S.U.) Conductivity (umhos/cm)
Is the sampling reach representative of the stream (Y/N) N If not, please explain: <u>cutiverting and representation</u>
removal within existing Row
Additional comments/description of pollution impacts:
BIOTIC EVALUATION
Performed? (Y/N): (If Yes, Record all observations. Volucher collections optional. NOTE: all volucher samples must be labeled with the site iD number. Include appropriate field data sheets from the Primary Headwater Habitat Assessment Manual)
Fish Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N) Salemanders Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N) Frogs or Tadpoles Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N) Aquatic Macroinvertebrates Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N)
Comments Regarding Blology: observed chipmonudae, caddie flip carry
water penny, variais mollisca
DRAMING AND NADDATIVE DESCRIPTION OF STREAM REACH (This must be completed)

## DRAWING AND NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION OF STREAM REACH (This must be completed):

Include Important landmarks and other features of interest for site evaluation and a narralive description of the stream's location  $M_{1}$ 



October 24, 2002 Revision

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PHWH Form Page - 2

Modified las	$\overline{\Box}$
OngEPA Primary Headwater Habitat Evaluation Form /	A REAL PROPERTY OF A READ PROPERTY OF A REAL PROPER
HHEI Score (sum of metrics 1, 2, 3) :	
SITE NAME/LOCATION DEO Franklin 20" August SOH-LFS-002 SITE NUMBER S-6 RIVER BASIN DRAINAGE AREA (MP) 21	
DATE 4/17/08 SCORER JAV (GAI) COMMENTS culnesting channel matter and NOTE: Complete All Items On This Form - Refer to "Field Evaluation Manual for Ohio's PHWH Streams" for Instruction	
NOTE: Complete All Items On This Form - Refer to "Field Evaluation Manual for Ohio's PHWH Streams" for Instruction	S
STREAM CHANNEL NONE / NATURAL CHANNEL RECOVERED RECOVERING RECOVERY	
MODIFICATIONS:	
1. SUBSTRATE (Estimate percent of every type of substrate present. Check ONLY two predominant substrate TYPE boxes (Max of 32). Add total number of significant substrate types found (Max of 8). Final metric score is sum of boxes A & B.	łEl
TYPE PERCENT TYPE PERCENT MC	tric
D         BOULDER (>256 mm) [16 pts]         D         LEAF PACK/WOODY DEBRIS [3 pts]         32	-
I FERRER AND A THE AND A T	strate = 40
GRAVEL (2-64 mm) [9 pts] [3 5 3/2 MUGK [0 pts]	
Image: Sand (<2 mm) [6 pts]	
Total of Percentages of (B) 3 (A) Bidr Slabs, Boulder, Cobble, Bedrock 02 (A) 3	B
SCORE OF TWO MOST PREDOMINATE SUBSTRATE TYPES:	
evaluation, Avoid plunge pools from road culverts or storm water pipes) (Check ONLY one box): Max	Depth = 30
□       > 30 centimeters [20 pts]         □       > 5 cm - 10 cm [15 pts]         □       > 22,5 - 30 cm [30 pts]	5
KJ > 10 - 22.5 cm [25 pts] [7 ]	١. M
□ > 4.0 meters (> 13') [30 pts] □ × 10 m <15 m (> 3 a' -4 8') [15 pts] W	•
	( <u>=30</u>
COMMENTS CONDICING OF THE ME AVERAGE BANKFULL WIDTH (meters)	
measurement, only the non-vegatited pottion in which	
This information <u>must</u> also be completed flow んゆ のしのののとの RIPARIAN ZONE AND FLOODPLAIN QUALITY おNOTE: River Last (L) and Right (R) as looking downstreamな	
RIPARIAN WIDTH       FLOODPLAIN QUALITY         L R (Per Bank)       L R (Most Predominant per Bank)       L R         I I Wide >10m       I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	
and Immature Forest Shrip or Old	
COMMENTS adj emergant wetland fringling historic prattine.	
FLOW REGIME (At Time of Evaluation) (Check ONLY one box):	
Subsurface flow with isolated pools (Interstitial) Dry channel, no water (Ephemeral)	
SINUOSITY (Number of bends per 61 m (200 ft) of channel) (Check ONLY one box):	
None     1.0     2.0     3.0       0.5     1.5     2.5     >3	
STREAM GRADIENT ESTIMATE	
A Flat (0.5 (W100 II) Flat to Moderate 🗍 Moderate (2 (W100 II) 🗍 Moderate to Severe 🗍 Severe (10 (W100 II)	

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ADDITIONAL STREAM INFORMATION (This information Must Also be Completed):
QHEI PERFORMED? - DYes XI No QHEI Score (If Yes, Atlach Completed QHEI Form)
DOWNSTREAM DESIGNATED USE(S)
WWH Name;
CWH Name: Distance from Evaluated Stream     EWH Name: Distance from Evaluated Stream
MAPPING: ATTACH COPIES OF MAPS, INCLUDING THE ENTIRE WATERSHED AREA. CLEARLY MARK THE SITE LOCATION
USGS Quadrangle Name: Canal Fulton NRCS Soll Map Page: NRCS Soll Map Stream Order
county: Summit Township / City: Franklin
MISCELLANEOUS
Base Flow Condillons? (Y/N): Y Date of last precipitation: untruction Quentity: untruction
Photographinformation: 24 (uppticam), #25 (dormaticam)
Elevated Turbidity? (Y/N): N Canopy (% open): 100%
Were samples collected for water chemistry? (Y/N): (Note lab sample no. or id. and attach results) Lab Number:
Field Measures: Temp (°C) Dissolved Oxygen (mg/l) pH (S.U.) Conductivity (µmhos/cm)
is the sampling reach representative of the stream (Y/N) N If not, please explain: Theam applicant to
be natural a non modified further upstream and domation
ortarde of study area Additional comments/description of pollution impacts:
Additional comments/desemption of policition impacts:
BIOTIC EVALUATION
Performed? (Y/N): (If Yes, Record all observations. Voucher collections optional. NOTE: all voucher samples must be labeled with the site
ID number. Include appropriate field data sheets from the Primary Headwater Habitat Assessment Manual)
Fish Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N) Salamanders Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N)
Frogs or Tadpoles Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N) Aquatic Macroinvertebrates Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N)
Conintents Regarding blobby:
DRAWING AND NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION OF STREAM REACH (This <u>must</u> be completed): من الم
Include important landmarks and other features of interest for site evaluation and a narrative description of the stream's location
mandress wheat
When WWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWW
FLOW WWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWW WWWWWWWWWWWWWWWW
- 24" and the
dependent 2
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to be discontrated
PHWH Form Page - 2

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October 24, 2002 Revision

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ChieFPA Primary Headwater Habitat Evaluation Form HHEI Score (sum of metrics 1, 2 SITE NAME/LOCATION DEO Franklun 20" Koject SOH ~ CRE - 009 SITE NUMBER S-70 RIVER BASIN DRAINAGE AN LENGTH OF STREAM REACH (II) ~ 250' LAT. LONG. RIVER CODE RIV DATE 5/22/08 SCORER JAV (G1A I) COMMENTS Accur antial with the mature NOTE: Complete All Items On This Form - Refer to "Field Evaluation Manual for Ohio's PHWH Stream	REA (mi <sup>2</sup> ) <u> </u>
SOH -CRE-009 SITE NUMBER S-70 RIVER BASIN DRAINAGE AF LENGTH OF STREAM REACH (II) ~250 LAT LONG RIVER CODE RI DATE 5/22/08 SCORER JAV (G1A I) COMMENTS Acany on Hallow add mature NOTE: Complete All Items On This Form - Refer to "Field Evaluation Manual for Ohio's PHWH Stream	VER MILE
LENGTH OF STREAM REACH (II) ~250 LATLONGRIVER CODERIVER CODE	VER MILE
DATE 5/22/08 SCORER JAV (GIA I) COMMENTS Acaret a station add mature While the source of the second station of	D garpapalma;
	ORNO RECOVERY
STREAM CHANNEL DINONE/NATURAL CHANNEL DRECOVERED RECOVERING RECENT MODIFICATIONS: Stream sail Wely since as a Mode stream at Izer flant conditions.	Notice of the second
1. SUBSTRATE (Estimate percent of every type of substrate present. Check ONLY two predominant substrate 7	YPE boxes
	CENT Metric
	SZ Points
	Substrate Max = 40
□ □ COBBLE (65-256 mm) [12 pts] <u>3%</u> □ □ CLAY or HARDPAN [0 pt] □ ☑ GRAVEL (2-64 mm) [9 pts] <u>13%</u> □ □ MUCK [0 pts]	
Image: SAND (<2 mm) [6 pts]	
Total of Percentages of (A) Bidr Stabs, Boulder, Cobble, Bedrock	(B) A + B
SCORE OF TWO MOST PREDOMINATE SUBSTRATE TYPES:	is: Line
<ol> <li>Maximum Pool Depth (Measure the maximum pool depth within the 61 meter (200 ft) evaluation reach at the levaluation. Avoid plunge pools from road culverts or storm water pipes) (Check ONLY one box):</li> </ol>	time of Pool Depth Max = 30
□       > 30 centimeters [20 pts]       ☑       > 5 cm - 10 cm [15 pts]         □       > 22.5 - 30 cm [30 pts]       □       < 5 cm [5 pts]	
□ > 10 - 22.5 cm [25 pts] □ NO WATER OR MOIST CHANNEL [0 pts]	
COMMENTS not base flow conditions MAXIMUM POOL DEPTH (centimeter	·s):
3. BANK FULL WIDTH (Measured as the average of 3-4 measurements) (Check ONLY one box):	Bankfull Width
<ul> <li>&gt; 3.0 m - 4.0 m (&gt; 9' 7" - 13') [25 pts]</li> <li>&gt; 1.5 m - 3.0 m (&gt; 9' 7" - 4' 8") [20 pts]</li> </ul>	Max=30
COMMENTSAVERAGE BANKFULL WIDTH (meter	K3315
	Hardensen
This information must also be completed           RIPARIAN ZONE AND FLOODPLAIN QUALITY         ☆NOTE: River Left (L) and Right (R) as looking dow	ர்streamな
RIPARIAN WIDTH       FLOODPLAIN QUALITY         L       R       (Per Bank)       L       R       (Most Predominant per Bank)       L       R	
Wide >10m D Mature Forest, Wetland D Conserva	ation Tillage
	Industrial
	sture, Row
Image: None     Image: Fenced Pasture     Image: Fenced Pasture     Image: Fenced Pasture       COMMENTS     Image: Fenced Pasture     Image: Fenced Pasture     Image: Fenced Pasture	Construction
FLOW REGIME (At Time of Evaluation)       (Check ONLY one box):         Image: Stream Flowing       Image: Stream Flowing         Image: Subsurface flow with isolated pools (Interstitial)       Image: Stream Flowing         Image: Subsurface flow with isolated pools (Interstitial)       Image: Stream Flowing         Image: Subsurface flow with isolated pools (Interstitial)       Image: Stream Flowing         Image: Stream Flowing	v (Intermittent) <u>adit</u> uons
SINUOSITY (Number of bends per 61 m (200 ft) of channel)         (Check ONLY one box):           None         1.0         2.0         3.0           0.5         1.5         2.5         >3	
STREAM GRADIENT ESTIMATE	Severe (10 10 100 11)

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	JUM-LIKE-UU
ADDITIONAL STREAM INFORMATION (This Information Must Also be Completed):	S-7a1
QHEI PERFORMED? - 🗂 Yes 🖾 No QHEI Score (If Yes, Allac	h Completed QHEI Form)
WWH Name:	
CWH Name:	
EWH Name:	Distance from Evaluated Stream
MAPPING: ATTACH COPIES OF MAPS, INCLUDING THE <u>ENTIRE</u> WATERSHED /	
USGS Quadrangle Name: Canal Fratton NRCS Soll Map Po	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
County: <u>Summit</u> (Township) City: 3	nanklin
MISCELLANEOUS	
Base Flow Conditions? (Y/N): N_ Date of last precipitation: 5/21/08	
Photograph Information: $\frac{\pi}{9} = 10$ , $\frac{\pi}{12}$ .	
Elevated Turbidity? (Y/N): Canopy (% open):	
Were samples collected for water chemistry? (Y/N): (Note lab sample no. or id. a	nd attach results) Lab Number;
Field Meesures: Temp (*C) Dissolved Oxygen (mg/l) pH (S.U.)	Conductivity (umhos/cm)
is the sempling reach representative of the stream (Y/N) Y If not, please explain:	
Additional comments/description of pollution impacts:	
BIOTIC EVALUATION	
Performed? (Y/N): <u>N</u> (II Yes, Record all observations. Voucher collections optional ID number. Include appropriate field data sheets from the Principle Content of the Pri	
Fish Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N) Salamanders Observed? (Y/N) Frogs or Tadpoles Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N) Aqualic Macroinvertebra	Voucher? (Y/N) tes Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N)
Comments Regarding Biology:	

DRAWING AND NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION OF STREAM REACH (This must be completed):

Include Important landmarks and other features of interest for site evaluation and a narrative description of the stream's location

FLOW ->	BFW=12 wit, morel, W BFW=12 wi	Let wetland model in an and
	PHWH Form Page - 2	atte an reac

	Qualitative Habitat and Use Assessm		QHEI Score: 5775
Stream & Location: SOH			1: Date:5 12210
		Full Name & Affiliation: Ju	그 좀 좀 좀 좀 봐. 그 ㅋ ㅋ ㅋ ㅋ ㅋ ㅋ ㅋ ㅋ ㅋ ㅋ ㅋ ㅋ ㅋ ㅋ ㅋ ㅋ ㅋ ㅋ
River Code:		Lat./Long.:	8Office veri Iočal
1] SUBSTRATE Check ONLY Tw estimate % or n	vo substrate TYPE BOXES; ple every type present	Check ONE (	Or 2 & average)
BEST TYPES POOL RIF	FLE OTHER TYPES POOL F		QUALITY
BLDR /SLABS [10]     BOULDER [9]	[] [] HARDPAN [4] [] [] DETRITUS [3] ;		HEAVY [-2]
$\Box \Box \Box COBBLE[6] \qquad \frac{20}{20} =$	<u>30</u> □ □ MUCK [2] <u>//0</u>	UWETLANDS [0]	
SAND [6]			DEO DEXTENSIVE [-2]
<b>NUMBER OF BEST TYPES:</b>	Score natural substrates A or more [2] sludge from point-s	ources) 🔲 LACUSTURINE [0] 🖬	SI NORMAL [0]
comments Silt, grav	[29] 3 or less [0]	☐ SHALE [-1] □ COAL FINES [-2]	
21 INSTREAM COVER Indicate			
quality	2-Moderate amounts, but not of high te or greater amounts (e.g., very large	est quality or in small amounts of hid	hest
diameter log that is stable, well deve UNDERCUT BANKS [1]	eloped rootwad in deep / fast water, or POOLS > 70cm [2]	r deep, well-defined, functional pools	EXTENSIVE >75% [11]
	N [1] ROOTWADS [1]	U AQUATIC MACROPHYTES [	1] SPARSE 5-<25% [3] 5)
SHALLOWS (IN SLOW WAT)	ER) [1] <u>0</u> BOULDERS [1]	LOGS OR WOODY DEBRIS	[1] □ NEARLY ABSENT <5% [ Cover
Comments			Meximum 20
3) CHANNEL MORPHOLOG	Check ONE in each category (Or 2	& average)	
SINUOSITY DEVELOPN	IENT CHANNELIZATION	I STABILITY	
☐ HIGH [4] ☐ EXCELLE ☐ MODERATE [3] ∅ GOOD [5],		□, HIGH [3] ☑ MODERATE [2]\	
□ LOW [2] □ FAIR [3] ( □ NONE [1] □ POOR [1]		図 LOW [1] しいり	Channel 6
Comments		2, 1	Maximum
4] BANK EROSION AND RI	PARIAN ZONE Check ONE in eac	h Category for EACH BANK (Or 2 pa	r bank & average)
River right looking downstream		FLOOD PLAIN QUALITY	R
	NODERATE 10-50m [3] 🛛 🖾 🛄 SHF	REST, SWAMP [3] CPEM) CRUB OR OLD FIELD [2]	URBAN OR INDUSTRIAL [0
☑ ☑ MODERATE [2] □ ☑ N □ □ HEAVY / SEVERE [1] □ □ 1	NARROW 5-10m [2]	SIDENTIAL, PARK, NEW FIELD [1] L	☐ MINING / CONSTRUCTION [ ndicate predominant land use(s)
$(z)$ $\Box \Box \chi$			ast 100m riparian. 🛛 Riparlan 👔
Comments (2,75)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Maximum [[[
		2	10 🖋
5] POOL / GLIDE AND RIFFI			
5] POOL / GLIDE AND RIFFI MAXIMUM DEPTH Check ONE (ONLYI) , Ch	CHANNEL WIDTH leck ONE (Or 2 & average)	CURRENT VELOCITY Check ALL that apply	Recreation Potential Primary Contact
5] POOL / GLIDE AND RIFFI MAXIMUM DEPTH Check ONE (ONLYI) Ch Check ONE (ONLYI) Ch	CHANNEL WIDTH eck ONE (Or 2 & average) L WIDTH > RIFFLE WIDTH [2] TC WIDTH = RIFFLE WIDTH [1] TYPE	CURRENT VELOCITY Check ALL that apply DRRENTIAL [-1] ETSLOW [1] RY FAST [1] DINTERSTITIAL	Recreation Potential Primary Contact Secondary Contact
5] POOL / GLIDE AND RIFFI MAXIMUM DEPTH Check ONE (ONLY!) Ch □ > 1m [6] ☑ POOL □ 0.7-<1m [4] □ POOL □ 0.4-<0.7m [2] □ POOL	CHANNEL WIDTH eck ONE (Or 2 & average) L WIDTH > RIFFLE WIDTH [2] TC WIDTH = RIFFLE WIDTH [1] VI L WIDTH < RIFFLE WIDTH [0] VI FA	CURRENT VELOCITY Check ALL: that apply DRRENTIAL [-1] [2] SLOW [1] RY FAST [1] [2] INTERSTITIAL ST [1] [2] [2] INTERMITTENT	Recreation Potential Primary Contact Secondary Contact (direle one and comment on back)
5] POOL / GLIDE AND RIFFI MAXIMUM DEPTH Check ONE (ONLY!) Ch □ > 1m [6] □ POOL □ 0.7-<1m [4] □ POOL □ 0.4-<0.7m [2] □ POOL □ 0.2-<0.4m [1] □ < 0.2m [0]	CHANNEL WIDTH eck ONE (Or 2 & average) L WIDTH > RIFFLE WIDTH [2] TC WIDTH = RIFFLE WIDTH [1] VE L WIDTH < RIFFLE WIDTH [0] WIFF WIDTH < RIFFLE WIDTH [0] WIFFLE WIFFLE WIDTH [0] WIFFLE WIFF	CURRENT VELOCITY Check ALL that apply RRENTIAL [-1] ESLOW [1] RY FAST [1] DINTERSTITIAL	Recreation Potential Primary Contact Secondary Contact (all (alrele one and comment on back) (2) Pool / Current
5] POOL / GLIDE AND RIFFI MAXIMUM DEPTH Check ONE (ONLY) Ch □> 1m [6] ☑ POOL □ 0.7-<1m [4] □ POOL □ 0.4-<0.7m [2] □ POOL □ 0.2-<0.4m [1] □ < 0.2m [0] Comments	CHANNEL WIDTH eck ONE (Or 2 & average) WIDTH > RIFFLE WIDTH [2] TC WIDTH = RIFFLE WIDTH [1] U WIDTH < RIFFLE WIDTH [0] MIFA WIDTH < RIFFLE WIDTH [0] MIFA	CURRENT VELOCITY Check ALL that apply DRRENTIAL [-1] SLOW [1] RY FAST [1] INTERSTITIAL SST [1] INTERMITTENT ODERATE [1] EDDIES [1] Indicate for reach - pools and rittles.	Recreation Potential Primary Contact Secondary Contact (arcle one aird comment on back) (2) Pool / Current Maximum 12
5] POOL / GLIDE AND RIFFI MAXIMUM DEPTH Check ONE (ONLY) Ch □ > 1m [6]	CHANNEL WIDTH eck ONE (Or 2 & average) WIDTH > RIFFLE WIDTH [2] TC WIDTH = RIFFLE WIDTH [1] U WIDTH < RIFFLE WIDTH [0] FA WIDTH < RIFFLE WIDTH [0] M M M M M M M M M M M M M M	CURRENT VELOCITY Check ALL that apply DRENTIAL [-1] SLOW [1] RY FAST [1] INTERSTITIAL SST [1] INTERMITTENT ODERATE [1] DEDDIES [1] Indicate for reach - pools and riffies. rge enough to support a po	Recreation Potential Primary Contact Secondary Contact [clinele one and comment on back] Pool / Current Maximum 12
5] POOL / GLIDE AND RIFFI MAXIMUM DEPTH Check ONE (ONLY) Ch D>1m [6] POOL 0.7-<1m [4] POOL 0.4-<0.7m [2] POOL 0.2-<0.4m [1] D<0.2-<0.4m [1] Comments Indicate for functional r. of riffle-obligate species RIFFLE DEPTH	CHANNEL WIDTH eck ONE (Or 2 & average) WIDTH > RIFFLE WIDTH [2] TC WIDTH = RIFFLE WIDTH [1] U L WIDTH < RIFFLE WIDTH [0] FA WIDTH < RIFFLE WIDTH [0] MIDTH = RIFFLE WIDTH [0] C FA WIDTH = RIFFLE WIDTH [0] C FA WIDTH = RIFFLE / F RUN DEPTH RIFFLE / F	CURRENT VELOCITY Check ALL that apply DRENTIAL [-1] SLOW [1] RY FAST [1] INTERSITIAL ST [1] INTERMITTENT ODERATE [1] EDDIES [1] Indicate for reach - pools and rittles. rge enough to support a por r 2 & average). RUN SUBSTRATE RIFFLE	Recreation Potential Primary Contact Secondary Contact (clicle one and comment on back) (clicle one and comment on back) Pool / Current Maximum 12 Poulation INO RIFFLE (met
5] POOL / GLIDE AND RIFFI MAXIMUM DEPTH Check ONE (ONLYI) Ch Dometric Context Check ONE (ONLYI) Ch Dometric Context Context Context Comments Commen	CHANNEL WIDTH eck ONE (Or 2 & average) WIDTH > RIFFLE WIDTH [2] TC WIDTH = RIFFLE WIDTH [1] U WIDTH < RIFFLE WIDTH [0] FA WIDTH < RIFFLE WIDTH [0] FA WIDTH < RIFFLE / FA Check ONE (OR RUN DEPTH RIFFLE / FA XIMUM > 50cm [2] STABLE (e.g XIMUM < 50cm [1] MOD, STABLE	CURRENT VELOCITY Check ALL that apply DRENTIAL [-1] SLOW [1] RY FAST [1] INTERSTITIAL ST [1] INTERMITTENT ODERATE [1] EDDIES [1] Indicate for reach - pools and rittles. rge enough to support a por r 2 & average). RUN SUBSTRATE RIFFLE ., Cobble, Boulder) [2] E (e.g., Large Gravel) [1]	Recreation Potential Primary Contact Secondary Contact (alrele one and comment on back) (current Maximum 12 Pool / Current Maximum 12 Pool / Current 12 Pool / Current 12 Pool / Current 12 Pool / Current 12 Pool / Current 12 Pool / Current 12 Pool / Current 12 Pool / Current 12 Pool / Pool / Current 12 Pool / Pool / Poool / Pool / Pool / Pool / Pool / P
5] POOL / GLIDE AND RIFFI MAXIMUM DEPTH Check ONE (ONLY) Ch Dometric Context Oncert of the context Oncert of the context Oncert of the context Comments Indicate for functional r of riffle-obligate species RIFFLE DEPTH DEST AREAS > 10cm [2] DMA	CHANNEL WIDTH eck ONE (Or 2 & average) WIDTH > RIFFLE WIDTH [2] TC WIDTH = RIFFLE WIDTH [1] U WIDTH < RIFFLE WIDTH [0] FA WIDTH < RIFFLE WIDTH [0] FA WIDTH < RIFFLE / FA Check ONE (OR RUN DEPTH RIFFLE / FA XIMUM > 50cm [2] STABLE (e.g XIMUM < 50cm [1] MOD, STABLE	CURRENT VELOCITY Check ALL that apply DRENTIAL [-1] SLOW [1] ERY FAST [1] INTERSTITIAL ST [1] INTERMITTENT ODERATE [1] DEDDIES [1] Indicate for reach - pools and riffies. rge enough to support a por r 2 & average). RUN SUBSTRATE RIFFLE Cobble: Houlder [2].	Recreation Potential Primary Contact Secondary Contact (direle one and comment on back) Pool / Current Maximum 12 Poulation NO RIFFLE (met / RUN EMBEDDEDNESS NONE [2] LOW [11] Kimone Rate (D) Riffle /
5] POOL / GLIDE AND RIFFI MAXIMUM DEPTH Check ONE (ONLYI) Ch Dometrial POOL 0.7-<1m [4] POOL 0.7-<1m [4] POOL 0.4-<0.7m [2] POOL 0.4-<0.7m [2] POOL 0.2-<0.4m [1] 0.2-<0.4m [1] 0.2-<0.4m [1] 0.2-<0.4m [1] Comments Indicate for functional r of riffle-obligate species RIFFLE DEPTH F BEST AREAS > 10cm [2] MAA BEST AREAS > 10cm [2] MAA BEST AREAS > 50cm	CHANNEL WIDTH eck ONE (Or 2 & average) WIDTH > RIFFLE WIDTH [2] TC WIDTH = RIFFLE WIDTH [1] U WIDTH < RIFFLE WIDTH [0] FA WIDTH < RIFFLE WIDTH [0] FA WIDTH < RIFFLE / FA Check ONE (OR RUN DEPTH RIFFLE / FA XIMUM > 50cm [2] STABLE (e.g XIMUM < 50cm [1] MOD, STABLE	CURRENT VELOCITY Check ALL that apply DRENTIAL [-1] SLOW [1] RY FAST [1] INTERSTITIAL ST [1] INTERMITTENT ODERATE [1] EDDIES [1] Indicate for reach - pools and rittles. rge enough to support a por r 2 & average). RUN SUBSTRATE RIFFLE ., Cobble, Boulder) [2] E (e.g., Large Gravel) [1]	Recreation Potential Primary Contact Secondary Contact (alrele one and comment on back) (current Maximum 12 Pool / Current Maximum 12 Pool / Current 12 Pool / Current 12 Pool / Current 12 Pool / Current 12 Pool / Current 12 Pool / Current 12 Pool / Current 12 Pool / Current 12 Pool / Pool / Current 12 Pool / Pool / Poool / Pool / Pool / Pool / Pool / P
5] POOL / GLIDE AND RIFFI MAXIMUM DEPTH Check ONE (ONLY) Ch Dometry Content Oncernicate (ONLY) Ch Dometry Content Dometry Content Comments Indicate for functional r of riffle-obligate species RIFFLE DEPTH F DBEST AREAS > 10cm [2] MA DBEST AREAS > 5cm [metric=0] Comments 6] GRADIENT (20.8 ft/mi)	CHANNEL WIDTH eck ONE (Or 2 & average) WIDTH > RIFFLE WIDTH [2] TC WIDTH = RIFFLE WIDTH [1] U WIDTH < RIFFLE WIDTH [0] E (1] FA WIDTH < RIFFLE WIDTH [0] E (1] FA WIDTH < RIFFLE / R Check ONE (0) CHANNEL (1) TABLE (0) (2) CHANNEL (1) TABLE (0) WIDTH > 50cm [2] STABLE (0) WINSTABLE (1) VERY LOW - LOW [2-4]	CURRENT VELOCITY Check ALL that apply DRENTIAL [-1] SLOW [1] RY FAST [1] INTERSITIAL ST [1] INTERMITTENT ODERATE [1] EDDIES [1] Indicate for reach - pools and riffles. rge enough to support a por 2 & average). RUN SUBSTRATE RIFFLE I, Cobble, Boulder) [2] E (e.g., Large Gravel) [1] E (e.g., Fine Gravel, Sand) [0]	Recreation Potential Primary Contact Secondary Contact (arcle one aird commention back) (arcle one aird commention back) (arcle one aird commention back) Pool / Current Maximum 12 Pool / Current Maximum B Pool / Current Maximum B Pool / Current Maximum B Pool / Current Maximum B Pool / Current Maximum B
5] POOL / GLIDE AND RIFFI MAXIMUM DEPTH Check ONE (ONLYI) Ch b 1m [6] POOL 0.7~1m [4] POOL 0.4~40.7m [2] POOL 0.2~40.7m [2] POO	CHANNEL WIDTH eck ONE (Or 2 & average) WIDTH > RIFFLE WIDTH [2] □ TC WIDTH = RIFFLE WIDTH [1] □ VE WIDTH < RIFFLE WIDTH [0] □ FA WIDTH < RIFFLE WIDTH [0] □ FA WIDTH < RIFFLE / RIFFLE / R RUN DEPTH RIFFLE / F XIMUM > 50cm [2] □ STABLE (e.g XIMUM < 50cm [1] ⊠ MOD, STABLE (e.g	CURRENT VELOCITY Check ALL that apply DRENTIAL [-1] [] SLOW [1] RY FAST [1] [] INTERSTITIAL AST [1] [] INTERMITTENT ODERATE [1] [] EDDIES [1] Indicate for reach - pools and riffies. rge enough to support a pool 2 & average). RUN SUBSTRATE RIFFLE . Cobble, Boulder) [2] E (e.g., Large Gravel) [1] . Cobble, Boulder) [2] E (e.g., Large Gravel) [1] . Cobble, Boulder) [2] . E (e.g., Large Gravel) [2] . E (e.g., E	Recreation Potential Primary Contact Secondary Contact (dictione and commention back) Pool / Current Maximum 12 Poulation NO RIFFLE (met) / RUN EMBEDDEDNESS NONE [2] LOW [1] MODERATE [0] Riffle / Run EXTENSIVE [1] Meximum B

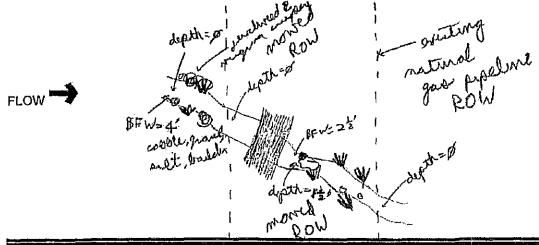
coess directions, etc.	FJ INEASUREMENTS FJ INEASUREMENTS E X depth 0, 25 ff max. depth 0, 5 ff x bankfull width /8 f bankfull max. depth 0,5 f WD ratio bankfull max. depth 25 f floodpronexs.width entrench. ratio Legacy Tree.		DOWNSTREAM		[S-7]
Sampling observations, Concerns, A	EJ ISSUES wwtp / CSO / NPDES / INDUSTRY HARDENED / URBAN / DIRT&GRIME CONTAMINATED / LANDFILL BMPs-CONSTRUCTION-SEDIMENT LOGGING / IRREGTION / COOLING BANK / EROSION / SURFACE FALSE BANK / MANURE / LAGODN WASH H <sub>2</sub> 0 / TLE / H <sub>2</sub> 0 TABLE ACID / MINE / QUARRY / FLOW NATURAL / WETLAND / STAGNANT PARK / GOLF / LAWN / HOME ATMOSPHERE / DATA PAUGITY		Dor	edity.	· Banks Slick with silly clay
Comment RE: Reach consistency/Is reach typical of steam?, Recreation/Observed - Interned, Other/Sampling observations, Concerns, Access directions, etc. <i>Phychon an 5/21/08</i> <i>FxDisciplation on 5/21/08</i> <i>FxDisci Discline, Outs Access Stream</i> <i>Heavy Sittertion in Dools</i> Althon an established R=0-M	DJ MAINTENANCE Circle some & COMMENT PUBLIC / PRIVATE / BOTH / NA ACTIVE / HISTORIC / BOTH / NA YOUNG-SUCCESSION-OLD SPRAY / SNAG / REMOVED MODIFIED / DIPPED OUT / NA LEVEED / ONE SIDED MODIFIED / DIPPED OUT / NA LEVEED / ONE SIDED RELOCATED / OUT SIDED RELOCATED / ONE SIDED RELOCATED / ONE SIDED RELOCATED / ONE SIDED RELOCATED / SILUMPS ISLANDS / SCOURED IMPOUNDED / SLUMPS ISLANDS / SCOURED IMPOUNDED / DESICCATED IMPOUNDED / DESICCATED IMPOUNDED / DESICCATED IMPOUNDED / DESICCATED	Rusted Open Frenched pipeline Exposed		Aparwase Knatured olong bank - Overhandernauty 10 to the edge of Stream but not a let math	mpostream
Reach consistency is react typical of steams in the the (1405+ream) or fattion on 5/21/08 d plibeline, outs across sittertion in pools an established R=0-W	l in start	-> Rusted Open Pres		mose knotweek olm	ted by Malan
	TY BJAESTH	ing:	UPSTREAM	to to	2
AJ SAMPLED REACH Check ALL that apply METHOD STAG BOAT <sup>1st semple</sup> METHOD STAG STAG STAG STAG STAG STAG STAG STAG		Stream Drawing:			-Jandopuls along banks of strem

<-8	<b>ChieEPA</b> Primary Headwater Habitat Evaluation Form HHEI Score (sum of metrics 1, 2, 3): 28
	SITE NAME/LOCATION DEO Prantilia 20" Project SOH-CRE-008 SITE NUMBER 5-8 RIVER BASIN DRAINAGE AREA (mi <sup>P</sup> ) 41 LENGTH OF STREAM REACH (ii) ~ 200' LAT LONG RIVER CODE RIVER MILE DATE 5/22/08 SCORER JAV (GAT) COMMENTS A COLOR ALLONG ROLLING ROLLI
	1.       SUBSTRATE (Estimate percent of every type of substrate present. Check ONLY two predominant substrate TYPE boxes (Max of 32). Add total number of significant substrate types found (Max of 8). Final metric score is sum of boxes A & B.       HHEI Metric Points         TYPE       BLDR SLABS [16 pts]       PERCENT       TYPE       PERCENT       SULT [3 pt]       30.9%         BOULDER (>256 mm) [16 pts]       3.7       D       LEAF PACKWOODY DEBRIS [3 pts]       59       Substrate Max = 40         BEDROCK [16 pt]       10 %       D       CLAY or HARDPAN [0 pt]       9ts]       Substrate Max = 40         SAND (<2 mm) [6 pts]
	<ul> <li>2. Maximum Pool Depth (Measure the maximum pool depth within the 61 meter (200 ft) evaluation reach at the time of evaluation. Avoid plunge pools from road culverts or storm water pipes) (Check ONL Y one box):</li> <li>&gt; 30 centimeters [20 pts]</li> <li>&gt; 22.5 - 30 cm [30 pts]</li> <li>&gt; 10 - 22.5 cm [25 pts]</li> <li>&gt; 10 - 22.5 cm [25 pts]</li> <li>&gt; 0 - 22.5 cm [25 pts]</li> <li>S - 10 cm [15 pts]</li> <li>&gt; 4.0 meters. (&gt; 13') [30 pts]</li> <li>&gt; 3.0 m - 4.0 m (&gt; 9'7' - 13') [25 pts]</li> <li>&gt; 10 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 20 -</li></ul>
	> 3.0 m (> 9' 7" - 4' 8") [20 pts]         COMMENTS
	This information must also be completed         RIPARIAN ZONE AND FLOODPLAIN QUALITY       ÀNOTE: River Left (L) and Right (R) as looking downstream à         RIPARIAN WIDTH       FLOODPLAIN QUALITY       ÀNOTE: River Left (L) and Right (R) as looking downstream à         L       R       (Per Bank)       L       R         D       Wide >10m       D       Mature Forest, Wetland       D       Conservation Tillage         Moderate 5-10m       Ø       Ø       Immature Forest, Shrub or Old       D       Open Pasture, Row         Ø       Narrow <5m       Ø       Ø       Residential, Park, New Field       Open Pasture, Row         Ø       None       D       Fenced Pasture       O       Mining or Construction
	COMMENTS
	SINUOSITY (Number of bends per 61 m (200 ft) of channel)       (Check ONLY one box);         None       1.0       2.0       3.0         0.5       2       2.5       >3
$\subseteq$	STREAM GRADIENT ESTIMATE

ADDITIONAL STREAM INFORMATION (This information Must Also be Completed):	S-8
QHEI PERFORMED? - 🗍 Yes 🕱 No. QHEI Score (If Yes, Atlach Completed	QHELForm)
DOWNSTREAM DESIGNATED USE(S)	
U WWH Name: Distance from the second s	
CWH Name: Distance fro	
EWH Name: Distance fro	m Evaluated Stream
MAPPING: ATTACH COPIES OF MAPS, INCLUDING THE ENTIRE WATERSHED AREA. CLEAN	RLY MARK THE SITE LOCATION
USGS Quadrangle Name: Canal Fulton_NRCS Soil Map Page:	NRCS Soll Map Stream Order
county: Aummit (Township) City: Frankl	ini
MISCELLANEOUS	
Base Flow Conditions? (Y/N): / Date of last precipitation: 5/21/08 Quantity:	unknom
Photograph Information:	
Elevated Turbidity? (Y/N): Canopy (% open):	
Were samples collected for water chemistry? (Y/N): (Note tab sample no. or id, and attach resi	ulis) Lab Number:
Field Measures: Temp (*C) Dissolved Oxygen (mg/l) pH (S.U.) Cond	luctivity (umhos/cm)
Is the sampling reach representative of the stream (Y/N) 🕺 If not, please explain;	
Additional comments/description of pollution impacts:	
BIOTIC EVALUATION	
Performed? (Y/N): (If Yes, Record all observations. Voucher collections optional. NOTE: all ve	nights complete must be labeled with the site
Periorined ( ( M), (if respondent data sheets from the Primary Headwa	
Fish Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N) Salamanders Observed? (Y/N) Voucher Frogs or Tadpoles Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N) Aquatic Macroinvertebrates Observed	? (Y/N) ? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N)
Comments Regarding Biology:	·
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

## DRAWING AND NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION OF STREAM REACH (This must be completed):

Include important landmarks and other features of interest for site evaluation and a narrative description of the stream's location



October 24, 2002 Revision

PHWH Form Page - 2

	<b>ChieEPA</b> Primary Headwater Habitat Evaluation Form HHEI Score (sum of metrics 1, 2, 3): 66
5-4	SITE NAME/LOCATION DED Framhun 20 " Maglet S-12 SITE NUMBER S-9 RIVER BASIN DRAINAGE AREA (mi²) LENGTH OF STREAM REACH (ft) <u>~200</u> LAT LONG RIVER CODE RIVER MILE DATE 5/22/08 SCORER JAV (GAT) COMMENTS LONG mattanal, gas. Rafeline ROW NOTE: Complete All Items On This Form - Refer to "Field Evaluation Mahual for Ohio's PHWH Streams" for Instructions STREAM CHANNEL NONE / NATURAL CHANNEL RECOVERED @RECOVERING RECENT OR NO RECOVERY MODIFICATIONS:
	1.       SUBSTRATE (Estimate percent of every type of substrate present, Check OWLY two predominant substrate TYPE boxes (Max of 32). Add total number of significant substrate types found (Max of 8). Final metric score is sum of boxes A & B.       HHEI         TYPE       BLDR SLABS [16 pts]       PERCENT       TYPE       PERCENT       ISZ         BOULDER (>256 mm) [16 pts]       5%       BLDR SLABS [16 pts]       SULT [3 pt]       SZ       Substrate         BEDROCK [16 pt]       5%       BLDR SLABS [16 pts]       SZ       Substrate       Substrate         BEDROCK [16 pt]       20%       CLAY or HARDPAN [0 pt]       SZ       Substrate         MUCK [0 pts]       SX       BLDR SLABS [16 pts]       SUBSTRATE       Substrate         Max = 40       SAND (<2 mm) [9 pts]       SS       SS       SUBSTRATE TYPES:       Artificial [3 pts]         Total of Percentages of       Sabs, Boulder, Cobble, Bedrock        SS       SS       Substrate TYPES:       SS         Score OF TWO MOST PREDOMINATE SUBSTRATE TYPES:       SI       TOTAL NUMBER OF SUBSTRATE TYPES:       A + B
	<ul> <li>2. Maximum Pool Depth (Measure the maximum pool depth within the 61 meter (200 ft) evaluation reach at the time of evaluation. Avoid plunge pools from road culverts or storm water pipes) (Check ONLY one box):</li> <li>&gt; 30 centimeters [20 pts]</li> <li>&gt; 22.5 - 30 cm [30 pts]</li> <li>&gt; 10 - 22.5 cm [25 pts]</li> <li>COMMENTS</li> <li>MAXIMUM POOL DEPTH (centimeters):</li> </ul>
)	3. BANK FULL WIDTH (Measured as the average of 3-4 measurements) (Check ONLY one box): > 4.0 meters (> 13') [30 pts] > 3.0 m - 4.0 m (> 9'7" - 13') [25 pts] > 1.5 m - 3.0 m (> 9'7" - 4' 8") [20 pts] COMMENTS BFW vorces subritantially along Tream neach from ~ 1' to ~ 7'
	This information must also be completed         RIPARIAN ZONE AND FLOODPLAIN QUALITY       ☆NOTE: River Left (L) and Right (R) as looking downstream ☆         RIPARIAN WIDTH       FLOODPLAIN QUALITY       ☆NOTE: River Left (L) and Right (R) as looking downstream ☆         L       R       (Per Bank)       L       R         D       Wide >10m       L       R       Conservation Tillage         Ø       Ø       Moderate 5-10m       Ø       Immature Forest, Shrub or Old       O       Orban or industrial         Ø       Narrow <5m
	FLOW REGIME (At Time of Evaluation)       (Check ONLY one box):         Stream Flowing       Moist Channel, isolated pools, no flow (Intermittent)         Subsurface flow with isolated pools (Interstitiet)       Dry channel, no water (Ephemeral)         COMMENTS       Comments
	SINUOSITY (Number of bends per 61 m (200 ft) of channel)       (Check ONLY one box):         None       1.0       2.0       3.0         0.5       1.5       2,5       >3
$\mathbf{i}$	STREAM GRADIENT ESTIMATE

ADDITIONAL STREAM INFORMATION (This Information Must Also be Completed):	[5-9]
QHEI PERFORMED? - O Yes INo QHEI Score (If Yes, Allac	h Completed QHEI Form)
DOWNSTREAM DESIGNATED USE(S)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
WWH Name:	_ Distance from Evaluated Stream
CWH Name:	
C EWH Name:	Distance from Evaluated Stream
MAPPING: ATTACH COPIES OF MAPS, INCLUDING THE ENTIRE WATERSHED	
USGS Quadrangle Name: Canal Fulton NRCS Soil Map P.	
County: Summit Township/ City: F	nanklin
MISCELLANEOUS	
Base Flow Conditions? (Y/N): N Date of last precipitation: 5/21/08	Quantity: withmore
Photograph Information: 100	······
Etevated Turbidity? (Y/N): Canopy (% open):	1
Were samples collected for water chemistry? (Y/N): (Note lab sample no. or id, a	and attach results) Lab Number:
Field Measures: Temp (°C) Dissolved Oxygen (mg/l) pH (S.U.)	Conductivity (µmhos/cm)
is the sampling reach representative of the stream (Y/N)_N if not, please explain:	tisting pipeline Row
Additional comments/description of pollution impacts:	
BIOTIC EVALUATION	·
— .	
Performed? (Y/N): (If Yes, Record all observations, Voucher collections optional ID number. Include appropriate field data sheets from the Pr	<ol> <li>NOTE: all voucher samples must be labeled with the site imary Headwater Habitat Assessment Manual)</li> </ol>
Fish Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N) Salamanders Observed? (Y/N) Frogs or Tadpoles Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N) Aquatic Macroinvertebra	Voucher? (Y/N) tes Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N)
Comments Regarding Biology:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

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DRAWING AND NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION OF STREAM REACH (This must be completed):

Include important landmarks and other features of interest for site evaluation and a narrative description of the stream's location

	BFW= 2 2' supth = 4" suit lommoited BFW= 7. gravel/ wooded wooded wooded brw= 7. gravel/ wooded brw= 7. gravel/ wooded brw= 7. gravel/ brw= 2 1	prietured pour population pour population pour population pour population pop	duptr = 3
October 24, 2002 Revisio	PHWH Form Page - 2		1 cooden

<u>SOH</u> Lengt Date	TH OF STREAM REACH (ft) <u>~250'</u> L 5/22/08 SCORER JAV (G	-100 RIVER BASINDRAINAGE AREA (mi <sup>2</sup> )] ATLONGRIVER CODERIVER MILE AT. COMMENTS and a cont, to LANDON RUDOLING ROLL O
STRE	E: Complete All items On This Form	- Refer to "Field Evaluation Manual for Chio's PHWH Streams" for Instructions
	(Max of 32). Add total number of significant products of significant pr	
2.	Maximum Pool Depth (Measure the max evaluation. Avoid plunge pools from road > 30 centimeters [20 pts] > 22.5 - 30 cm [30 pts] > 10 - 22.5 cm [25 pts] COMMENTS	ximum pool depth within the 61 meter (200 fl) evaluation reach at the time of culverts or storm water pipes)       Pool Dept         Some 10 cm [15 pts]       Max = 30         Some 5 cm [15 pts]       Some 5 cm [15 pts]         NO WATER OR MOIST CHANNEL [0 pts]       Some 10 cm [15 pts]         MAXIMUM POOL DEPTH (centimeters):       Max = 30
3. 0 0	BANK FULL WIDTH (Measured as the a > 4.0 meters (> 13') [30 pts] > 3.0 m - 4.0 m (> 9' 7" - 13') [25 pts] > 1.5 m - 3.0 m (> 9' 7" - 4' 8") [20 pts] COMMENTS	verage of 3-4 measurements) (Check OWLY one box): Solution (\$ 3'3' - 4'8') [15 pts] Solution (\$ 3'3'' - 4'8') [15 pts] AVERAGE BANKFULL WIDTH (meters)
<b>J</b>	RIPARIAN ZONE AND FLOODPL <u>RIPARIAN WIDTH</u> L R (Per Bank) I I Wide >10m I Moderate 5-10m I I Narrow <5m I I None COMMENTS	This information must also be completed         AIN QUALITY       \$\pm NOTE: River Left (L) and Right (R) as looking downstream\$\pm FLOODPLAIN QUALITY         L R       (Most Predominant per Bank)       L R         D       Mature Forest, Wetland       D       Conservation Tillage         I Mature Forest, Wetland       D       Urban or Industrial         I Residential, Park, New Field       D       Open Pasture, Row Crop         I Residential, Park New Field       D       Mining or Construction
	FLOW REGIME (At Time of Evalue) Stream Flowing Subsurface flow with isolated pools COMMENTS	s (Interstitial) , Dry channel, no water (Ephemeral)

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ADDITIONAL STREAM INFORMATION (This Information Must Also be Completed): QHEI PERFORMED? - Q Yes X No QHEI Score (If Yes, Atlach Completed QHEI Form) DOWNSTREAM DESIGNATED USE(S)	[S-10a
DOWNSTREAM DESIGNATED USE(S)	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
WWH Name: Distance from Evaluated	
CWH Name: Distance from Evaluated	
EWH Name: Distance from Evaluated	Stream
MAPPING; ATTACH COPIES OF MAPS, INCLUDING THE ENTIRE WATERSHED AREA. CLEARLY MARK T	HE SITE LOCATION
USGS Quedrangle Name: Canal Futton NRCS Soll Map Page: NRCS Soll	Map Stream Order
county: Summit (Township) City: Franklin	
MISCELLANEOUS	
Base Flow Conditions? (Y/N): / Date of last precipitation: 5/20/08 Quantity:	nom
Photograph Information:	e
Elevated Turb/dity? (Y/N); Canopy (% open):	
Were samples collected for water chemistry? (Y/N): $N_{1}$ (Note lab sample no. or ld, and attach results) Lab Nur	mber:
Field Measures: Temp (*C) Dissolved Oxygen (mg/i) pH (S.U.) Conductivity (µmi	nos/cm)
Is the sampling reach representative of the stream (Y/N) N If not, please explain: SOH-CRE-OC	56C-200
modified Class II stream	
Additional comments/description of pollution impacts:	····
BIOTIC EVALUATION	
Performed? (Y/N): (If Yes, Record all observations. Voucher collections optional. NOTE: all voucher sampl ID number. Include appropriate field data sheets from the Primary Headwater Habitat As	les must be labeled with the site ssessment Manual)
Fish Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N) Selamanders Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N) Frogs or Tadpoles Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N) Aquatic Macroinvertebrates Observed? (Y/N)	Voucher? (Y/N)

DRAWING AND NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION OF STREAM REACH (This must be completed):

include important landmarks and other features of interest for site evaluation and a narrative description of the stream's location

	wooded	wooded	
		St. downaiter	depth = # "
FLOW	λ	BFW=~2'	LT
FLOW 4	wooded		T
			BFW= 3'
			wisting
	depth = "" - natural	ROW	susting pupeline
	moting procher		Row

modified Class I

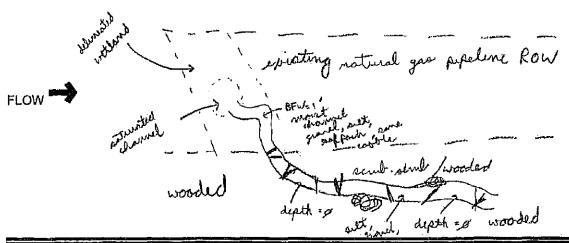
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- 1	<b>ChieEPA</b> Primary Headwater Habitat Evaluation Form HHEI Score (sum of metrics 1, 2, 3) :	2
c 10k	SITE NAME/LOCATION DEO Franklin 20° Ringert	
2-10	SOH-CRE-006 B_SITE NUMBER S-10 b_RIVER BASIN DRAINAGE AREA (mi2) 21	
ί.	LENGTH OF STREAM REACH (II) ~120 LAT. LONG. RIVER CODE RIVER MILE	
N	DATE 5/22/08 SCORER TAV (GAI) COMMENTS Willing on suboration of channel above	1 mon
	NOTE: Complete All Items On This Form - Refer to "Field Evaluation Manual for Ohio's PHWH Streams" for Instruct	lons
	STREAM CHANNEL ONONE / NATURAL CHANNEL OR RECOVERED OR RECOVERING BRECENT OR NO RECOVE	-RY
	MODIFICATIONS:	
		a de la del
	1. SUBSTRATE (Estimate percent of every type of substrate present, Check ONLY two predominant substrate TYPE boxes (Max of 32). Add total number of significant substrate types found (Max of 8). Final metric score is sum of boxes A & B.	HHEI
	TYPE PERCENT TYPE PERCENT	Metric
	D         BLDR SLABS [16 pts]         X         SILT [3 pt]         Sold         Sold<	Points
		lubstrate
	CLAY or HARDPAN [0 pt]	Max = 40
	□ □ GRAVEL (2-64 mm) [9 pts] <u>33%</u> □ □ MUCK [0 pts]	1-7
	Total of Percentages of (A) Bidr Slabs, Boulder, Cobble, Bedrock $\sim 7.7$ (A) [2]	A+B
	SCORE OF TWO MOST PREDOMINATE SUBSTRATE TYPES:	
		ool Depth
	evaluation. Avoid plunge pools from road culverts or storm water pipes) (Check ONLY one box): > 30 centimeters [20 pts]	<u>Max = 30</u>
	□       > 22.5 - 30 cm [30 pts]         □       > 6 cm [5 pts]         □       > 10 - 22.5 cm [25 pts]	б
	COMMENTS_saturated channel MAXIMUM POOL DEPTH (centimeters):	STREET, STREET
$\mathbf{i}$	3. BANK FULL WIDTH (Measured as the average of 3-4 measurements) (Check ONLY one box):	Bankfull
	□ > 4.0 meters (> 13') [30 pts]	Width
	□ > 1.5 m - 3.0 m (> 9'7* - 4' 8") [20 pts]	Max=30
	COMMENTS AVERAGE BANKFULL WIDTH (meters)	5
-	This information <u>must</u> also be completed	
-	RIPARIAN ZONE AND FLOODPLAIN QUALITY	
	L R (Per Bank) L R (Most Predominant per Bank) L R	
	a a minimature Earest Stinut ar Old	
	Field	
	Crop	
	None     COMMENTS     COMMENTS	
	FLOW REGIME (At Time of Evaluation) (Check ONLY one box): Stream Flowing	
	Subsurface flow with isolated pools (Interstitial) Dry channel, no water (Ephemeral) COMMENTS	
	SINUOSITY (Number of bends per 61 m (200 ft) of channel) (Check ONLY one box);	
$\overline{\ }$	□ Flat (0.5 M 100 m) □ Flat to Moderate □ Moderate (2.1//100 m) ☑ Moderate to Severe □ Severe (10 fl/100 m	l)

ADDITIONAL STREAM INFORMATION (This information Must Also be Completed):       S-10 D         QHEI PERFORMED? - Yes X No QHEI Score
DOWNSTREAM DESIGNATED USE(S)  Distance from Evaluated Stream NAPPING: ATTACH COPIES OF MAPS, INCLUDING THE ENTIRE WATERSHED AREA, CLEARLY MARK THE SITE LOCATION USGS Quadrangle Name: Canal Fullion NRCS Soil Map Page: NRCS Soil Map Stream Order County: Township/ City: Franklin MISCELLANEOUS
WWH Name: Distance from Evaluated Stream     Over Name: Distance from Evaluated Stream     Di
CWH Name: Distance from Evaluated Stream     Distance from Evaluated Str
EWH Name: Distance from Evaluated Stream MAPPING: ATTACH COPIES OF MAPS, INCLUDING THE ENTIRE WATERSHED AREA, CLEARLY MARK THE SITE LOCATION USGS Quadrangle Name: Canal Fulton NRCS Soil Map Page: NRCS Soil Map Stream Order County:
MAPPING: ATTACH COPIES OF MAPS, INCLUDING THE ENTIRE WATERSHED AREA. CLEARLY MARK THE SITE LOCATION USGS Quadrangle Name: <u>Canal Futton</u> NRCS Soil Map Page: NRCS Soil Map Stream Order County: <u>Lummit</u>
USGS Quadrangle Name: <u>Canal Futton</u> NRCS Soil Map Page: NRCS Soil Map Stream Order County: <u>Jummit</u> Township/ City: <u>Franklin</u> MISCELLANEOUS
County: <u>Jummit</u> Township/City: Franklin MISCELLANEOUS
MISCELLANEOUS
Base Flow Conditions? (Y/N): Y Date of last precipitation: 5/22/08 Quantity: unfunorm
Photograph Information:
Photograph Information:
Were samples collected for water chemistry? (Y/N): (Note tab sample no. or id, and attach results) Lab Number:
Field Measures: Temp (°C) Dissolved Oxygen (mg/l) pH (S.U.) Conductivity (µmhos/cm)
is the sampling reach representative of the stream (Y/N) N If not, please explain:
Additional comments/description of pollution impacts:
BIOTIC EVALUATION
Performed? (Y/N): (If Yes, Record all observations. Voucher collections optional. NOTE: all voucher samples must be labeled with the site ID number. Include appropriate field data sheets from the Primary Headwater Habitat Assessment Manual)
Fish Observed? (Y/N)       Voucher? (Y/N)       Voucher? (Y/N)         Frogs or Tedpoles Observed? (Y/N)       Voucher? (Y/N)       Voucher? (Y/N)
Comments Regarding Biology:

DRAWING AND NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION OF STREAM REACH (This must be completed):

Include Important landmarks and other features of interest for site evaluation and a narrative description of the stream's location



PHWH Form Page - 2 where

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October 24, 2002 Revision

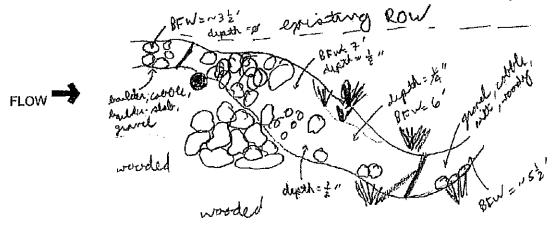
S-10C	Modifuld Classed 1         OMOREPA       Primary Headwater Habitat Evaluation Form         HHEI Score (sum of metrics 1, 2, 3):       59         SITE NAME/LOCATION DED Frankling A0" Project       59         Length of stream Reach (h) ~100' LAT.       LONG.       River code
	1.       SUBSTRATE (Estimate percent of every type of substrate present. Check ONLY two predominant substrate TYPE boxes (Max of 32). Add total number of significent substrate types found (Max of 8). Final metric score is sum of boxes A & B.       HHEI         TYPE       BLDR SLABS [16 pts]       SZ       Image: Site of Bit is is in the intervence of Bit is intervence bis intervence of Bit is intervence bit is i
	3.       BANK FULL WIDTH (Measured as the average of 3-4 measurements)       (Check ONLY one box):       Bankfull         > 4.0 meters (> 13') [30 pts]         > 1.0 m - 1.5 m (> 3'3" - 4'8") [15 pts]       Width         > 3.0 m - 4.0 m (> 9'7" - 13') [25 pts]         > 1.0 m (< 3'3") [5 pts]
	This information must also be completed         RIPARIAN ZONE AND FLOODPLAIN QUALITY       INOTE: River Left (L) and Right (R) as looking downstream fr         RIPARIAN WIDTH       FLOODPLAIN QUALITY       INOTE: River Left (L) and Right (R) as looking downstream fr         L       R       (Per Bank)       L       R       (Most Predominant per Bank)       L       R         I       O       Wide >10m       I       R       (Most Predominant per Bank)       L       R         I       O       Wide >10m       I       R       (Most Predominant per Bank)       L       R         I       O       Wide >10m       I       R       (Most Predominant per Bank)       L       R         I       O       Wide >10m       I       R       (Most Predominant per Bank)       L       R         I       O       Wide >10m       I       R       (Most Predominant per Bank)       L       R         I       Moderate 5-10m       I       R       (Most Predominant per Bank, New Field       I       Open Pasture, Row Crop         I       None       I       Residential, Park, New Field       I       Open Pasture, Row Crop       Mining or Construction         I       None       I
	FLOW REGIME (At Time of Evaluation)       (Check ONLY one box):         Stream Flowing       Moist Channel, Isolated pools, no flow (Intermittent)         Subsurface flow with isolated pools (Interstitiat)       Dry channel, no water (Ephemeral)         COMMENTS
	SINUOSITY (Number of bends per 61 m (200 ft) of channel)         (Check ONLY one box):           None         1.0         2.0         3.0           0         0.5         1.5         2.5         >3
	STREAM GRADIENT ESTIMATE

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ADDITIONAL STREAM INFORMATION (This Information Must Also be Completed):	
QHEI PERFORMED? - C Yes X No QHEI Score (If Yes, Atl	lach Completed QHEI Form)
DOWNSTREAM DESIGNATED USE(S)	12 12
WWH Name:	
CWH Name;      EWH Name;	
MAPPING: ATTACH COPIES OF MAPS, INCLUDING THE ENTIRE WATERSHE	
USGS Quadrangle Name: Conal Fulton NRCS Soll Map	Page: NRCS Soll Map Stream Order
USGS Quadrangle Name: Concl Fulton NRCS Soll Map County:	Tranklin
MISCELLANEOUS	
Base Flow Conditions? (Y/N): Y Date of last precipitation: $\frac{5/23}{08}$	auentity: untern
Photograph Information:	
Elevated Turbidity? (Y/N): Canopy (% open):	
Were samples collected for water chemistry? (Y/N): $\underline{N}$ (Note lab sample no. or id	I, and attach results) Lab Number
Field Measures: Temp (°C) Dissolved Oxygen (mg/l) pH (S.U.)	Conductivity (µmhos/cm)
is the sampling reach representative of the stream (Y/N) <u>N</u> . If not, please explain:	upstream portion of
Is the sampling reach representative of the stream (Y/N) <u>N</u> If not, please explain: <u>stream reach is a modified clas</u>	a I beadwater stream
Additional comments/description of pollution impacts:	
BIDTIC EVALUATION	
Performed? (Y/N): (If Yes, Record all observations. Voucher collections optic ID number. Include appropriate field data sheets from the	
Fish Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N) Salamanders Observed? (Y/N) Frogs or Tadpoles Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N) Aquatic Macroinvertet	Voucher? (Y/N) brates Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N)
Comments Regarding Blology:	

#### DRAWING AND NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION OF STREAM REACH (This must be completed):

Include important landmarks and other features of interest for site evaluation and a narrative description of the stream's location



S-10d	<b>ChieEPA</b> Primary Headwater Habitat Evaluation Form HHEI Score (sum of metrics 1, 2, 3):
	SITE NAME/LOCATION DE O Frankling 20" Project. SOM-JEN-003 SITE NUMBER S-100 RIVER BASIN DRAINAGE AREA (mi <sup>2</sup> ) <u>L</u> 1 LENGTH OF STREAM REACH (ft) <u>120</u> LATLONG: RIVER CODE RIVER MILE DATE <u>5/23/08</u> SCORER <u>JAV (GPAT)</u> COMMENTS <u>stream</u> is <u>utually reconstruction</u> <u>prostructure</u> NOTE: Complete All Items On This Form - Refer to "Field Evaluation Manual for Ohio's PHWH Streams" for Instructions STREAM CHANNEL NONE/NATURAL CHANNEL RECOVERED & RECOVERING RECENT OR NO RECOVERY MODIFICATIONS:
	1.       SUBSTRATE (Estimate percent of every type of substrate present: Check QNLY iwo predominant substrate TYPE boxes (Max of 32). Add total number of significant substrate types found (Max of 8). Final metric score is sum of boxes A & B.       HHEI Metric Points         TYPE       BLDR SLAGS [16 pts]       32%       IV       SILT [3 pt]       30%       BEDROCK [16 pt]       30%       IV       SUBSTRATE (Estimate percent of every type of substrate types found (Max of 8). Final metric score is sum of boxes A & B.       HHEI Metric Points         Image: Descent is the substrate percent is substrate types is the substrate type is in the substrate
	2.       Maximum Pool Depth (Measure the maximum pool depth within the 61 meter (200 ft) evaluation reach at the time of evaluation. Avoid plunge pools from road culverts or storm water pipes) (Check ONLY one box):       Pool Depth (Measure the maximum pool depth within the 61 meter (200 ft) evaluation reach at the time of evaluation. Avoid plunge pools from road culverts or storm water pipes) (Check ONLY one box):       Pool Depth (Measure the maximum pool depth within the 61 meter (200 ft) evaluation reach at the time of evaluation. Avoid plunge pools from road culverts or storm water pipes) (Check ONLY one box):       Pool Depth (Max ≈ 30         30 centimeters [20 pts]       S c cm (5 pts]       S c cm (5 pts]       Isometers (20 pts]         > 10 - 22.5 cm [25 pts]       NO WATER OR MOIST CHANNEL [0 pts]       Isometers (20 pts)         COMMENTS
	3. BANK FULL WIDTH (Measured as the average of 3-4 measurements) (Check ONLY one box): 4.0  meters (> 13') [30  pts] 3.0  m - 4.0  m (> 9'7" - 13') [25  pts] 3.0  m - 4.0  m (> 9'7" - 13') [25  pts] 3.0  m - 4.0  m (> 9'7" - 13') [25  pts] 3.0  m (> 9'7" - 4'.6") [20  pts] COMMENTS COMMENTS 4.0  m (> 9'7" - 4'.6") [20  pts] 4.0  m (> 9'7" - 4'.6") [20  pts] 5.0  m (> 3'.3") [5  pts] 5.0  m (> 3'.3") [5  pts] 5.0  m (> 3'.3") [5  pts]
-	This information must also be completed         RIPARIAN ZONE AND FLOODPLAIN QUALITY         RIPARIAN WIDTH       FLOODPLAIN QUALITY         L       R         (Per Bank)       L         Wide >10m       Immature Forest, Wetland         Moderate 5-10m       Immature Forest, Shrub or Old         Mature Sorest, Shrub or Old       Immature Forest, Shrub or Old         Moderate 5-10m       Immature Forest, Shrub or Old         Mature Some       Immature Forest, Shrub or Old         Mature Some       Immature Forest, Shrub or Old         Moderate 5-10m       Immature Forest, Shrub or Old         Mature Some       Immature Forest, Shrub or Old
	FLOW REGIME (Al Time of Evaluation)       (Check ONLY one box):         Stream Flowing       Image: Stream Flowing         Subsurface flow with isolated pools (Interstitial)       Image: Dry channel, isolated pools, no flow (Intermittent)         COMMENTS       COMMENTS
	SINUOSITY (Number of bends per 61 m (200 ft) of channel)         (Check ONLY one box):           None         1.0         2.0         3.0           0.5         1.5         2.5         3
$\smile$	STREAM GRADIENT ESTIMATE

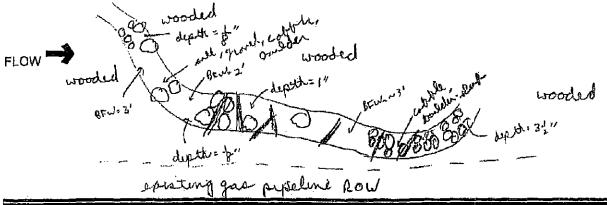
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ADDITIONAL STREAM INFORMATION (This Information Must Also be Completed):
QHEI PERFORMED? - QHEI Score (If Yes, Atlach Completed QHEI Form)
DOWNSTREAM DESIGNATED USE(S)
WWH Name: Distance from Evaluated Stream
CWH Name: Distance from Evaluated Stream
Distance from Evaluated Stream
MAPPING: ATTACH COPIES OF MAPS, INCLUDING THE ENTIRE WATERSHED AREA. CLEARLY MARK THE SITE LOCATION
USGS Quadrangle Name: Comal Sutton NRCS Soll Map Page: NRCS Soll Map Stream Order
USGS Quadrangle Name: <u>Canal Sutton</u> NRCS Soll Map Page: NRCS Soll Map Stream Order County: <u>Summit</u> Township/ City: <u>Franklin</u>
MISCELLANEOUS
Base Flow Conditions? (Y/N): / Date of last precipitation: 5/12/08 Quantily Unit memory
Photograph Information:
Elevated Turbidily? (Y/N): Canopy (% open):
Were samples collected for water chemistry? (Y/N): (Note lab sample no. or id. and attach results) Lab Number
Fleld Measures: Temp (°C) Dissolved Oxygen (mg/l) pH (S.U.) Conductivity (µmhos/cm)
Is the sampling reach representative of the stream (Y/N) / If not, please explain:
Additional comments/description of pollution impacts:
BIOTIC EVALUATION
Performed? (Y/N): (If Yes, Record all observations. Voucher collections optional. NOTE: all voucher samples must be labeled with the site ID number. Include appropriate field data sheets from the Primary Headwater Habitet Assessment Manual)
Fish Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N) Selamanders Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N) Frogs or Tadpoles Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N) Aqualic Macroinvertebrates Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N)
Comments Regarding Biology:

#### DRAWING AND NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION OF STREAM REACH (This must be completed):

include Important landmarks and other features of interest for site evaluation and a narrative description of the stream's location معيد طعميه



PHWH Form Page - 2

October 24, 2002 Revision

	SITE NAME/LOCATION DEO Franklum 20" Project         SITE NAME/LOCATION DEO Franklum 20" Project         SITE NUMBER_S-10         RIVER BASIN         DRAINAGE AREA (mi <sup>2</sup> ) // 1         LENGTH OF STREAM REACH (n) ~ 180' LAT.         LONG.         RIVER CODE         RIVER CODE         RIVER MILE         DATE         SCORER         JAU (GrAT)         COMMENTS         MOTE: Complete All Items On This Form - Refer to "Field Evaluation Manual for Ohio's PHWH Streams" for Instructions         STREAM CHANNEL       NONE / NATURAL CHANNEL
	MODIFICATIONS:         1.       SUBSTRATE (Estimate percent of every type of substrate present, Check ONLY two predominant substrate TYPE boxes (Max of 32). Add total number of significant substrate types found (Max of 8). Final metric score is sum of boxes A & B.         TYPE       PERCENT       TYPE         BLDR SLABS [16 pts]       2%       IIII SILT [3 pt]         BOULDER (>256 mm) [16 pts]       8*%       IIIII SILT [3 pt]       10%         BEDROCK (16 pt]       IIIII SILT [3 pt]       10%       Substrate Max = 40         Substrate (55-256 mm) [12 pts]       25%       IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII
	SCORE OF TWO MOST PREDOMINATE SUBSTRATE TYPES:       TOTAL NUMBER OF SUBSTRATE TYPES;       12         2.       Maximum Pool Depth (Measure the maximum pool depth within the 61 meter (200 H) evaluation reach at the time of evaluation. Avoid plunge pools from road culverts or storm water pipes)       (Check ONLY one box):       Pool Depth (Measure the maximum pool depth within the 61 meter (200 H) evaluation reach at the time of evaluation. Avoid plunge pools from road culverts or storm water pipes)       (Check ONLY one box):       Pool Depth (Measure the maximum pool depth within the 61 meter (200 H) evaluation reach at the time of evaluation. Avoid plunge pools from road culverts or storm water pipes)       (Check ONLY one box):       Pool Depth (Measure the maximum pool depth within the 61 meter (200 H) evaluation reach at the time of evaluation. Avoid plunge pools from road culverts or storm water pipes)       (Check ONLY one box):       Max = 30         > 30 centimeters [20 pts]       Storm (5 pts]       Storm (5 pts]       3C         > 10 - 22.5 cm [25 pts]       NOWATER OR MOIST CHANNEL [0 pts]       3C         COMMENTS <u>ALCLART AFT AFT AFT AFT AFT AFT AFT AFT AFT AF</u>
1	This Information must also be completed         RIPARIAN ZONE AND FLOODPLAIN QUALITY ☆NOTE: River Left (L) and Right (R) as looking downstream ☆         RIPARIAN WIDTH       FLOODPLAIN QUALITY       ☆NOTE: River Left (L) and Right (R) as looking downstream ☆         L       R       (Per Bank)       L       R       (Most Predominant per Bank)       L       R         L       R       (Per Bank)       L       R       (Most Predominant per Bank)       L       R         Imature Forest, Wetland       Imature Forest, Wetland       Imature Forest, Shrub or Old       Imature Forest, Shrub or Old       Imature, Forest, Shrub or Old       Imature, Forest, Row Crop         Moderate 5-10m       Imature Forest, Period       Imature Forest, New Field       Open Pasture, Row Crop         Matrow <5m       Matrow (Ford)       Fenced Pasture       Imature Forest, Mining or Construction         Moderate 5-10m       Fenced Pasture       Imature Forest, New Field       Open Pasture, Row Crop         Matrow <5m       Matrow (Ford)       Fenced Pasture       Imature Forest, Mining or Construction         FLOW REGIME (At Time of Evaluation)       (Check ONLY one box):
	Stream Flowing       Moist Channel, isolated pools, no flow (Intermittent)         Subsurface flow with isolated pools (Interstitial)       Dry channel, no water (Ephemeral)         COMMENTS       SiNUOSITY (Number of bends per 61 m (200 ft) of channel)       (Check ONLY one box):         None       1.0       2.0       3.0         STREAM GRADIENT ESTIMATE       STREAM GRADIENT ESTIMATE

DDITIONAL STREAM INFORMATION (This information Must Also be Completed);       3-10         QHEI FERFORMED? - [] Yes (K) to QHEI Score						
DOWNSTREAM DESIGNATED USE(S)       Distance from Evaluated Stream         DWH Name:       Distance from Evaluated Stream         DSGS Quadrangle Name:       Cancol Fullton         NRCS Soil Map Page:       NRCS Soil Map Stream Order         Double:       Commship City:         MiscelLaneOUS       Base Flow Conditions? (Y/N):         Det of last precipitation:       S/22/08       Quantity:         Were samples collocted for water chemistry? (Y/N):       Canopy (% open):       Conductivity (umhos/cm)         Eleveled Turbidity? (Y/N):       Canopy (% open):       Conductivity (umhos/cm)         Is the sampling reach representative of the stream (Y/N) N       If not, please explain:       Moduful dame(dame)         Additional comments/description of pollution impacts:       Distance from the Primary Headwater Habital Assessment Manuel)         Fetormed? (Y/N):       Nuclear propriate field data sheats from the Primary Headwater Habital Assessment Manuel)       Fiel Obsarved? (Y/N)       Voucher? (Y/N) <td>ADDITIONAL STREAM INFOR</td> <td>MATION (This Information M</td> <td>ust Also be Complet</td> <td><u>ed):</u></td> <td></td> <td>5-10</td>	ADDITIONAL STREAM INFOR	MATION (This Information M	ust Also be Complet	<u>ed):</u>		5-10
WWH Name:       Distance from Evaluated Stream         DWH Name:       Distance from Evaluated Stream         DEWH Name:       Distance from Evaluated Stream         DEWH Name:       Distance from Evaluated Stream         DEWH Name:       Distance from Evaluated Stream         Distance from Evaluated Stream       Distance from Evaluated Stream         MAPPING: ATTACH COPIES OF MAPS, INCLUDING THE ENTIRE WATERSHED AREA. CLEARLY MARK THE SITE LOCATION         JSGS Quadrangle Name:       Cancol Fullton         NRCS Soil Map Page:       NRCS Soil Map Stream Order         County:       Summit         MISCELLANEOUS       Base Flow Conditions? (YIN):       Date of last precipitation: $S/da/08$ Quantity: where         Photograph Information:       YA       Canopy (% open):       Elevated Turbidity? (YIN):       Canopy (% open):         Elevated Turbidity? (YIN):       Canopy (% open):       Conductivity (umbos/cm)       Elevated for water chemistry? (YIN)         Fleid Measures:       Temp (*C)       Dissolved Oxygen (mg/l)       pH (S.U.)       Conductivity (umbos/cm)         Is the sampling reach representative of the stream (YNN) N       If not,	QHEI PERFORMED	? - 🗍 Yes 🕅 No 🛛 QHEI Sco	re (If Ye	, Attach Completed QHEI	Form)	
Distance from Evoluated Stream         Distance from Evoluations         MisCELLANEOUS         Base Flow Conditions? (Y/N):         Canopy (% open):         Eleveted Turbidity? (Y/N):         Canopy (% open):						
DetWH Name:						
MAPPING: ATTACH COPIES OF MAPS, INCLUDING THE ENTIRE WATERSHED AREA. CLEARLY MARK THE SITE LOCATION         JSGS Quadrangle Name:       Concl. Fulton       NRCS Soil Map Page:       NRCS Soil Map Stream Order         County:       Summit       Converting Converted Co						
JSGS Quadrangle Name:       Canal: Fulton       NRCS Soil Map Page:       NRCS Soil Map Stream Order         County:       Aummit       County:       Franklim         MISCELLANEOUS       Base Flow Conditions? (Y/N):       Y       Date of last precipitation:       S/22/08       Quantity:       unfine with the subscription of point of						
MISCELLANEOUS         Base Flow Conditions? (Y/N):       Y       Date of last precipitation:          Quantity:        where we		<b>1 </b>				
MISCELLANEOUS         Base Flow Conditions? (Y/N):       Y       Date of last precipitation:          Quantity:        where we	County: Aumit	5	(ownship )Cily:	Franklin		
Photograph Information:	MISCELLANEOUS					
Elevated Turbidity? (Y/N): Canopy (% open): Were samples collected for water chemistry? (Y/N): (Note lab sample no. or id. and attach results) Leb Number: Field Measures: Temp (°C) Dissolved Oxygan (mg/l) pH (S.U.) Conductivity (µmhos/cm) is the sampling reach representative of the stream (Y/N) N If not, please explain: Orderful channel duretation 	Base Flow Conditions? (Y/N);	Date of last precipital	ion: 5/22/08	Quantity:	hram	
Were samples collected for water chemistry? (Y/N):	Photograph Information: 🔜 🛆	yes			<u></u>	
Fleid Measures:       Temp (°C)Dissolved Oxygen (mg/l)pH (S.U.)Conductivity (µmhos/cm)	Elevated Turbidity? (Y/N):	Canopy (% open):				
Is the sampling reach representative of the stream (Y/N) N If not, please explain: <u>modufied channel detector</u> <u>prelime comments/description of pollution impacts</u> : <u>Additional comments/description of pollution impacts</u> : <u>EIOTIC EVALUATION</u> Performed? (Y/N): (If Yes, Record all observations. Voucher collections optional. NOTE: all voucher samples must be labeled with the site ID number. Include appropriate field data sheats from the Primary Headwater Habitat Assessment Manuel) Fish Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N) Salamanders Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (	Were samples collected for w	aler chemistry? (Y/N):	(Note lab sample no.	or id, and atlach results) L	b Number:	
Additional comments/description of pollution impacts:         BIOTIC EVALUATION         Performed? (Y/N):       N         (If Yes, Record all observations, Voucher collections optional. NOTE: all voucher samples must be labeled with the site ID number. Include appropriate field data sheets from the Primary Headwater Habitet Assessment Manual)         Fish Observed? (Y/N)       Voucher? (Y/N)         Salamanders Observed? (Y/N)       Voucher? (Y/N)         Frogs or Tedpoles Observed? (Y/N)       Voucher? (Y/N)	Fleid Measures: Temp (°C	;) Dissolved Oxygen (m	1g/l) pH (\$	S.U.) Conductivity	/ (µmhos/cm)	
Additional comments/description of pollution impacts:         BIOTIC EVALUATION         Performed? (Y/N):       N         (If Yes, Record all observations, Voucher collections optional. NOTE: all voucher samples must be labeled with the site ID number. Include appropriate field data sheets from the Primary Headwater Habitet Assessment Manual)         Fish Observed? (Y/N)       Voucher? (Y/N)         Salamanders Observed? (Y/N)       Voucher? (Y/N)         Frogs or Tedpoles Observed? (Y/N)       Voucher? (Y/N)	is the sampling reach represe	nlative of the stream (Y/N) 🚫	lf noi, please expl	in: modefred c	hannel.	directo
Additional comments/description of pollution impacts:         BIOTIC EVALUATION         Performed? (Y/N):						
Performed? (Y/N):       Note: all youcher samples must be labeled with the site in number. Include appropriate field data sheats from the Primary Headwater Habitet Assessment Manuel)         Fish Observed? (Y/N)       Voucher? (Y/N)         Frogs or Tedpoles Observed? (Y/N)       Voucher? (Y/N)         Voucher? (Y/N)       Voucher? (Y/N)	, ,					
Performed? (Y/N):       Note: all youcher samples must be labeled with the site in number. Include appropriate field data sheats from the Primary Headwater Habitet Assessment Manuel)         Fish Observed? (Y/N)       Voucher? (Y/N)         Frogs or Tedpoles Observed? (Y/N)       Voucher? (Y/N)         Voucher? (Y/N)       Voucher? (Y/N)		ion of pollution impacts:	<u></u>		. <u>.</u>	
ID number. Include appropriate field data sheets from the Primary Headwater Habitet Assessment Manual) Fish Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N) Salamanders Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N) Frogs or Tedpoles Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N) Aquatic Macroinvertebrates Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N)	÷ • •	fon of pollution impacts:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Fish Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N) Salamanders Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N) Frogs or Tedpoles Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N) Aquatic Macroinvertebrates Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N)	Additional comments/descript	<u></u>				
Frogs or Tedpoles Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N) Aqualic Macroinvertebrates Observed? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N)	Additional comments/descript	ION (If Yes, Record all observation;	s. Voucher collections	optional. NOTE: all voucher	sampjes must be	
	Additional comments/descript	<u>ION</u> (If Yes, Record all observation: ID number, Include appropriat	s. Voucher collections e field data sheets from	optional. NOTE: all voucher I the Primary Headwater Hat	samples must be itët Assessment f	
	Additional comments/descript <u>BIOTIC_EVALUAT</u> Performed? (Y/N):	ION (If Yes, Record all observation: ID number, Include appropriat Voucher? (Y/N) Salam	s, Voucher collections e field data sheets from nanders Observed? (1	optional. NOTE: all voucher I the Primary Headwater Hat (/N) Voucher? (Y/N)	samples must be itët Assesement f	Manual)
	Additional comments/descript <u>BIOTIC_EVALUAT</u> Performed? (Y/N): Fish Observed? (Y/N) Frogs or Tedpoles Observed?	ION (If Yes, Record all observation; ID number, Include appropriat Voucher? (Y/N) Salam ? (Y/N) Voucher? (Y/N)	s, Voucher collections e field data sheets from nanders Observed? (1	optional. NOTE: all voucher I the Primary Headwater Hat (/N) Voucher? (Y/N)	samples must be itët Assesement f	Manual)
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October 24, 2002 Revision

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# APPENDIX 07-1E

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# SUPPLEMENTAL PROJECT PHOTOGRAPHS FROM GAI FIELD SURVEYS

# SUPPLEMENTAL PROJECT PHOTOGRAPHS FROM GAI FIELD SURVEYS



Photograph 1: Stream S-2a looking northeast.



Photograph 2: Stream S-2b looking southeast.



Photograph 3: Stream S-2c looking northeast.



Photograph 4: Wetland 7c looking northeast.



Photograph 4: Wetland 7d looking west.



Photograph 5: Wetland 9c looking north.



Photograph 6: Wetland 9d looking south.



Photograph 7: Wetland 10a looking west.



Photograph 8: Wetland 10b looking northeast.



Photograph 9: Wetland 10c looking north.



Photograph 10: Wetland 10d looking south.



Photograph 11: Wetland 11a looking north.

APPENDIX 07-2A

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INDIANA BAT HABITAT SURVEY REPORT



July 25, 2008

Corporate Headquarters	Mishelle L. Beercheck		
1500 North Mantua Street	Environmental Specialist		
P.O. Box 5193	GAI Consultants, Inc. 385 East Waterfront Drive		
Kent, OH 44240-5193	Homestead, Pennsylvania 15120		
330-673-5685	RE: Indiana Bat Consulting Services— Proposed Franklin 20-Inch Storage Pipeline		
Toll Free 1-800-828-8312	Project, Wayne and Summit Counties, Ohio		
FAX: 330-673-0860	Dear Ms. Beercheck:		

This letter and the enclosed photographs, map, and data table describe the potential habitat for the Indiana bat (*Myotis sodalis*) identified within the 8.8-mile proposed pipeline site located in Wayne and Summit Counties, Ohio.

David Riddell performed the site inspection on July 16, 21, and 22, 2008. Jessica Hickey and Ken Christensen provided technical oversight. Thirteen potential Indiana bat maternity roost trees were mapped. In addition, other habitat features, such as potential habitat trees, vegetation habitat quality, and potential flight corridors, were described.

#### STUDY AREA

The site is located within the Doylestown and Canal Fulton Quadrangles of the USGS Topographical 7.5-minute series maps starting west at Latitude: 40.9407°, Longitude: 81.6798° and concluding east at Latitude: 40.9292°, Longitude: 81.5327°. This site contains successional woods, upland old fields, agricultural fields, marsh and wet meadow, lawn and developed area, and disturbed roadside vegetation. The enclosed map depicts property boundaries and vegetation communities.

#### INDIANA BAT HABITAT SURVEY

#### **Potential Indiana Bat Maternity Roost Trees**

Potential Indiana bat maternity roost trees tend to be large-diameter, standing live, dead, and partially dead trees with direct exposure to sunlight. Generally, trees greater than 23 centimeters at breast height are surveyed. Typical characteristics of potential maternity roost trees include exfoliating bark, deadwood, crevices, and cavities.

Thirteen potential Indiana bat maternity roost trees were identified scattered throughout the site (Photographs 1–13). Each potential maternity roost tree was mapped using GPS technology. Table 1 provides a summary of data for each potential maternity roost tree. Refer to the attached maps for locations of these trees.

Mishelle L. Beercheck GAI Consultants, Inc. July 25, 2008 Page 2 of 3.

## Potential Indiana Bat Habitat Trees

Potential Indiana bat habitat trees and potential maternity roost trees can possess similar characteristics; however, potential habitat trees are utilized primarily by solitary male bats. Therefore, sunlight exposure and large amounts of exfoliating bark, crevices, or cavities are not as crucial to provide a suitable habitat tree.

There are potential habitat trees (Photograph 14) for the Indiana bat within the project site. The habitat trees located on-site were mostly dead trees and snags receiving minimal sunlight. Several potential habitat trees (Photograph 15) exist adjacent to the site and consist of mostly dead or declining trees with dead wood and crevices.

# Flight Corridors and Foraging Areas

The proposed pipeline runs parallel with an existing pipeline which provides a suitable flight corridor (Photograph 16). The adjacent forested parcels consist of successional woods with dense understory providing minimal flight and foraging corridors.

The proposed pipeline intersects the Tuscarawas River (Photograph 17) which provides foraging opportunities. The canopy on-site and directly adjacent is open, thus does not provide a quality enclosed flight corridor. Two additional streams are intersected by the proposed pipeline. These streams are narrow and have dense overhanging vegetation, providing minimal foraging and flight opportunities (Photograph 18).

## **Vegetation Communities**

The site contains successional woods, upland old fields, agricultural fields, marsh and wet meadow, lawn and developed area, and disturbed roadside vegetation. The successional woods (Photograph 19) contain mostly *Acer rubrum* (red maple), *Prunus serotina* (black cherry), *Liriodendron tulipifera* (tulip tree), and *Quercus rubra* (red oak). The successional woods within the proposed pipeline and on adjacent properties are dominated by young tree growth with moderate to dense understory vegetation (Photograph 20). Upland old fields, agricultural fields, lawn and developed area provide little to no habitat for the Indiana bat. A marsh and wet meadow was located east of Cleveland Massillon Road (Photograph 21). Disturbed roadside vegetation communities consist of saplings and thick shrub cover.

## **Surrounding Areas**

The proposed pipeline is surrounded by all of the same vegetation communities that encompass the site. Successional woods, lawn and developed area, and agricultural fields are the dominant vegetation communities adjacent to the site. The majority of the forested communities that were identified within the 2.5-mile radius consist of young growth trees with minimal potential Indiana bat habitat. An aerial photograph showing the site and surrounding areas is included with this letter.

Mishelle L. Beercheck GAI Consultants, Inc. July 25, 2008 Page 3 of 3.

#### **AVOIDANCE AND MINIMIZATION MEASURES**

Davey Resource Group does not believe that a mist-net survey of the entire line is necessary to gauge the impact of this project on potential Indiana bat habitat due to the limited amount of quality habitat and flight corridors present. Much of the pipeline will be located in presently cleared areas, along roadsides, and through agricultural fields, and the remaining line will travel through successional woods and dense shrubby vegetation. Thus, fragmentation of high-quality habitat will not occur.

Some of the identified potential Indiana bat maternity roost trees identified fall on the boundary of the right-of-way and these may be avoided during construction. These trees will be clearly marked prior to construction and future maintenance activities to avoid accidental removal. If it becomes necessary to remove the remaining trees, an emergence survey will be conducted prior to removal during the summer survey dates of May 15 through August 15. If bats are not seen utilizing these trees, USFWS will be contacted and these trees will be removed within 24 hours of the conclusion of the survey. Additional tree clearing along this project area will occur in most areas between September 30 and April 1. However, it may be necessary to clear some forested areas during the summer dates due to scheduling. If this occurs, USFWS will be contacted and a study plan will be prepared and sent to USFWS for review and approval. It is the opinion of Davey Resource Group that this project will not likely adversely affect the Indiana bat.

If you have any questions or need additional information regarding the proposed project, please contact me at 800-828-8312, ext. 27 or via e-mail at jhickey@davey.com.

Sincerely

Jessica Hickey, Project Manager/Biologist Natural Resource Consulting

Enclosures

cf: Sheri L. Franz, Consulting Engineer, Dominion Gas Environmental Services

- Tree Number	Tree Species	DBH (inches)	Condition	Available Sun	Canopy Cover (%)	Roost Tree Characteristics
1	dead tree (unknown)	18	dead	Fair sun	40	dead wood, crevices, cavities
2	Prunus serotina	16	poor	Fair sun	40	dead wood, cavities, crevices
3	Robinia pseudoacacia	13	critical	Good sun	20	dead wood, crevices
4	Prunus serotina	44	critical	Good sun	20	cavities, deadwood
5 (group of 3)	Liriodendron tulipifera	24 (average)	critical	Good sun	30	dead wood, crevices
6	Salix sp.	16	critical	Full sun	<10	dead wood, exfoliating bark, crevices
7	dead tree (unknown)	22	dead	Full sun	< 10	dead wood, cavities, crevices
8	dead tree (unknown)	24	dead	Good sun	20	dead wood, exfoliating bark, crevices
9	dead tree (unknown)	18	dead	Good sun	20	dead wood, cavities
10	Fraxinus pennsylvanica	38	dead	Good sun	30	dead wood, crevices
11 (group of 3)	Fraxinus pennsylvanica	12 (average)	poor	Fair sun	40	dead wood, crevices
12	Quercus rubra	26	critica	Good Sun	30	dead wood, crevices, exfoliating bark
13	Quercus palustris	28	critical	Good sun	30	dead wood, cavities, crevices

# Table 1. Summary of Maternity Roost Tree Data



Photograph 1 (7-16-08). Tree 1 is a dead tree which exhibits dead wood, crevices, and cavities.



Photograph 2 (7-16-08). Tree 2 is a *Prunus serotina* (black cherry), in poor condition, and exhibiting dead wood, cavities, and crevices.



**Photograph 3 (7-16-08).** Tree 3 is a *Robinia pseudoacacia* (black locust) receiving good sun and exhibiting dead wood and crevices.



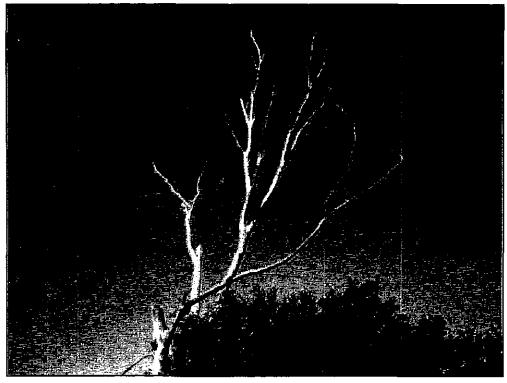
Photograph 4 (7-21-08). Tree 4 is a *Prunus serotina* (black cherry) exhibiting cavities and dead wood.



**Photograph 5 (7-21-08).** Tree 5 is a group of three *Liriodendron tulipifera* (tulip tree) with dead wood and crevices.



**Photograph 6 (7-21-08).** Tree 6 is a *Salix* sp. (willow sp.) with crevices, dead wood, and exfoliating bark.



Photograph 7 (7-21-08). Tree 7 is a dead tree with crevices, dead wood, and cavities.



Photograph 8 (7-21-08). Tree 8 is a dead tree with crevices, dead wood, and exfoliating bark.



**Photograph 9 (7-21-08).** Tree 9 is a dead tree with crevices and dead wood and receiving good sunlight.



Photograph 10 (7-21-08). Tree 10 is a *Fraxinus pennsylvanica* (green ash) exhibiting dead wood and crevices.



Photograph 11 (7-21-08). Tree 11 is a group of three dead *Fraxinus* pennsylvanica (green ash) exhibiting dead wood and crevices.



Photograph 12 (7-21-08). Tree 12 is a *Quercus rubra* (red oak) receiving good sunlight and exhibiting dead wood, crevices, and exfoliating bark.



Photograph 13 (7-22-08). Tree 13 is a *Quercus palustris* (pin oak) with dead wood, cavities, and crevices.



**Photograph 14 (7-16-08).** Potential habitat trees were identified within the project area. This dead snag does not receive adequate sunlight to support a maternity colony.



**Photograph 15 (7-21-08).** Potential habitat and maternity trees were identified on adjacent properties. These dead trees were identified north of the proposed pipeline in an upland old field.



**Photograph 16 (7-22-08).** Limited areas within the existing gas line have adequate canopy cover and create a suitable flight corridor.



**Photograph 17 (7-21-08).** The proposed pipeline intersects the Tuscarawas River. This portion of the river is surrounded by dense understory, lawn, and successional woods dominated by saplings. Canopy cover over the river is sparse.



Photograph 18 (7-22-08). This small stream is densely covered by overhanging vegetation, preventing a good flight pathway.



Photograph 19 (7-22-08). The adjacent forested communities consisted of successional woods. *Acer rubrum* (red maple) and *Prunus serotina* (black cherry) were the dominant species.



Photograph 20 (7-21-08). The understory is dense and vines cover most of the trees within the successional woods.



Photograph 21 (7-22-08). A marsh and wet meadow was identified east of Cleveland-Massillon Road.

APPENDIX 07-2B

INDIANA BAT EMERGENCE SURVEY REPORT



August 19, 2008

	Mishelle L. Beercheck				
Corporate Headquarters	Environmental Specialist				
1500 North Mantua Street	GAI Consultants, Inc.				
	385 East Waterfront Drive				
P.O. Box 5193	Homestead, Pennsylvania 15120				
Kent, Ohio 44240-5193	RE: Indiana Bat Emergence Survey—Proposed Franklin 20-Inch Storage Pipeline				
330.673.5685	Project, Wayne and Summit Counties, Ohio				
Toll Free 1.800.828.8312	Dear Ms. Beercheck:				
Fax 330.673.0860					

Davey Resource Group completed an emergence survey on August 13 and 14, 2008 on trees identified along the proposed Franklin 20-inch pipeline project in Wayne and Summit Counties, Ohio. Thirteen potential maternity roost trees were identified in total along this corridor during a recent habitat study that Davey Resource Group conducted. Of these thirteen trees, only 8 trees (1,2,3,4,5,9,11, and 12) were determined to be impacted by this project. After discussion of the results with Angela Boyer of U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service, it was determined that an emergence survey of trees to be impacted would be sufficient to determine if removal of those trees would result in an adverse impact to bat populations in the area.

Davey Resource Group biologists sat at their designated trees and watched for bat emergence for at least 1.5 hours. This time-span included at least .5 hour prior to sunset and 1 to 1.5 hours after sunset. During this time, bat activity in the area was noted. Weather conditions on Wednesday were clear to partly cloudy and 67°F. Weather conditions on Thursday were mostly cloudy and 63°F. A recent large storm had passed through the project area on Thursday, but no rain or heavy wind affected the study.

Bats were seen foraging with the open fields and existing gas line around 8:35 pm on Wednesday night by numerous biologists. On Thursday night, bats were seen flying around 8:14 pm. After two days of study, no bats were seen emerging from or interested in the marked maternity roost trees. After contacting USFWS to alert them of the study results, the marked trees were removed on Friday by The Davey Tree Expert Company which was within 24 hours of the study.

Upon review of this information, please let me know if you have any questions. Thank you.

Sincerely

Jessica Hickey, Project Manager/Biologist Natural Resource Consulting

APPENDIX 07-2C

EASTERN MASSASAUGA AND EASTERN HELLBENDER HABITAT SURVEY REPORT

1



Mishelle L. Beercheck Environmental Specialist GAI Consultants, Inc. 385 East Waterfront Drive Homestead, PA 15120

28 July 2008

Re: Surveys of potential habitat for the Eastern Massasauga and Eastern Hellbender along proposed Dominion East Ohio Gas, Franklin 20-inch Storage Pipeline Corridor.

Dear Ms. Beercheck:

This letter is in response to your request for a proposal to conduct habitat assessments for the Eastern Massasauga and the Eastern Hellbender along a proposed pipeline corridor in Ohio. The surveys have been requested by the US Fish and Wildlife Service and Ohio Department of Natural Resources, respectively, as indicated in letters forwarded in your e-mails of 11 June 2008. The project is located within Wayne and Summit counties in Ohio, and consists of a construction corridor extending 30 ft. in either direction from the proposed pipeline centerline.

# Methods for Eastern Massasauga habitat assessment

The Eastern Massasauga (*Sistrurus catenatus catenatus*) is a small, stoutbodied rattlesnake that rarely exceeds 3 feet in length. The subspecies ranges from southern Canada, east to New York and Pennsylvania and west to Iowa and Missouri. In Ohio, Massasaugas have been documented throughout the glaciated portion of the state, although populations are disjunct and uncommon.

Massasaugas are tied to open wetland habitats, such as bogs, fens, marshes, wet prairies, and pond margins. Here they hibernate in underground burrows, such as those made by crayfish, and make use of the open canopy to thermoregulate in the spring and summer. Individuals may, however, widely disperse into adjacent upland and forested habitats during the summer months.

The Massasauga has experienced significant declines throughout its range, including in Ohio. The subspecies is listed as endangered by the Ohio Division of Wildlife, and the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service has named it as a candidate species for listing under the U.S. Endangered Species Act. Major causes of decline include habitat destruction, degradation, fragmentation, and succession; intentional killing, and over-collecting<sup>1</sup>.

Areas that could potentially harbor Eastern Massasaugas along the proposed pipeline corridor were first determined on a landscape scale using aerial photographs, topographic maps, and GIS layers of land use/land cover. The species is unlikely to be found in areas consisting entirely of intensive agriculture, urbanized land, or closed-canopy forests, and these areas were eliminated from further investigation. Landscape scale analysis focused on locating fallow fields, grasslands, and areas of shrub/scrub and adjacent wetlands that could potentially have suitable Massasauga habitat.

Visits to areas identified by the landscape analysis assessed the potential for Eastern Massasauga habitat by examination of the vegetation, hydrology, and structure of areas as they relate to the requirements of the species and their similarities to known occupied sites in the state. Areas supporting Massasaugas typically consist of grassy fields with a mosaic of small, early successional woody species, such as hawthorn (*Crataegus sp.*), dogwood (*Cornus sp.*), multiflora rose (*Rosa multiflora*) or raspberry (*Rubus sp*). Common herbaceous species associated with Massasaugas may include the sensitive fern (*Onoclea sensibilis*), goldenrod (*Solidago sp.*), partridge pea (*Cassia fasciculata*), cinquefoil (*Potentilla sp.*), strawberry (*Fragaria sp.*), and *Sphagnum*. At each site visited, the dominant vegetation was noted, as well as the presence/absence of suitable wetland areas for overwintering.

In addition to the assessment of the physical habitat, a review of the literature and documented and anecdotal accounts of Massasauga occurrence near the proposed corridor was also conducted.

## Methods for Eastern Hellbender habitat assessment

The Eastern Hellbender (*Cryptobranchus alleganiensis*) is one of the world's largest amphibian species, reaching a total length of up to 24 inches. This completely aquatic salamander inhabits well-oxygenated flowing waters where large rocks are available for shelter and nesting. In Ohio, Hellbenders are found only within the Ohio River drainage.

Hellbenders appear to be declining throughout their range, due in part to stream modifications (e.g., dams), collecting, excess siltation, introduced game fish, and pollution. In Ohio, documented occurrences of the species number only 200, and the species is listed as endangered by the Ohio Division of Wildlife. The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service recently sponsored a review of the status of the Hellbender to determine if "candidate species" listing is warranted<sup>2</sup>.

Areas that could potentially harbor Eastern Hellbenders along the proposed pipeline corridor were first determined on a landscape scale using aerial photographs, topographic maps, and GIS data layers. The species only inhabits perennial lotic water bodies, and only these areas were selected for further review. Visits to these selected areas were made to determine if appropriate habitat characteristics are present to make the site potentially suitable for supporting Hellbenders. At each site visited, turbidity, siltation, water velocity, and the availability of shelter rocks were qualitatively assessed.

In addition to the assessment of the physical habitat, a review of the literature and documented and anecdotal accounts of Hellbender occurrence near the proposed corridor were conducted.

#### Results of the Eastern Massasauga habitat assessment

The Eastern Massasauga has been documented to occur in Franklin Township, Wayne County<sup>3</sup>, and the species is occasionally reported from the Killbuck Marsh Wildlife Area, also located in the southwestern portion of Wayne county. No occurrences of the Eastern Massasauga are known from Chippewa Township in northeastern Wayne County or from Summit County.

One site along the proposed pipeline corridor was visited on 8 July 2008 (Fig. 1). This grassy area is a current pipeline corridor located between Hametown Road (CR 169) and Silver Creek (Rouge Hollow) in Chippewa Township, Wayne County. Reed Canary Grass (*Phalaris* sp.) is the dominant vegetation in this area. It is bordered on the west by an active agricultural field, on the east by a forested hillside, and on the north and south by residences. No areas of wetland vegetation were noted outside of the creek. This area does not appear to provide suitable habitat for the Eastern Massasauga.

#### Results of the Eastern Hellbender habitat assessment

The Eastern Hellbender has been documented to occur in the Tuscarawas River drainage south of the proposed pipeline corridor<sup>4</sup>. The area where the corridor crosses the Tuscarawas River was visited on 8 July 2008 (Fig. 2). The river at this location (Franklin Township, Summit County) is sluggish and silt-laden, with mud banks and no rocks visible. This site does not provide suitable habitat for the Eastern Hellbender. I appreciate the opportunity to provide my services to GAI Consultants, Inc. Should you have any questions, or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me by e-mail (GregLipps@aol.com) or by phone (419-376-3441). Thank you.

Sincerely,

VIA E-MAIL

Gregory Lipps, LLC

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Szymanski, J. 1998. Status assessment for the eastern massasauga (*Sistrurus c. catenatus*). U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Endangered Species Division, Fort Snelling, Minnesota, USA.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Mayasich, J., D. Grandmaison, and C. Phillips. 2003. Eastern hellbender status assessment report. Technical report to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, available at: www.fws.gov/midwest/Endangered/amphibians/eahe-sa.pdf

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Conant, R. 1938. The Reptiles of Ohio. American Midland Naturalist 20(1):1-200.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Seibert, H. C., 1989. Hellbender. In: Salamanders of Ohio. Eds: R. A. Pfingsten and F. L. Downs. Ohio Biological Survey Bulletin New Series Vol. 7 No. 2.





Figure 1. USGS 7.5' topographic map (top), OSIP aerial image (center), and photograph (bottom) of site located between Hametown Road and Silver Creek.

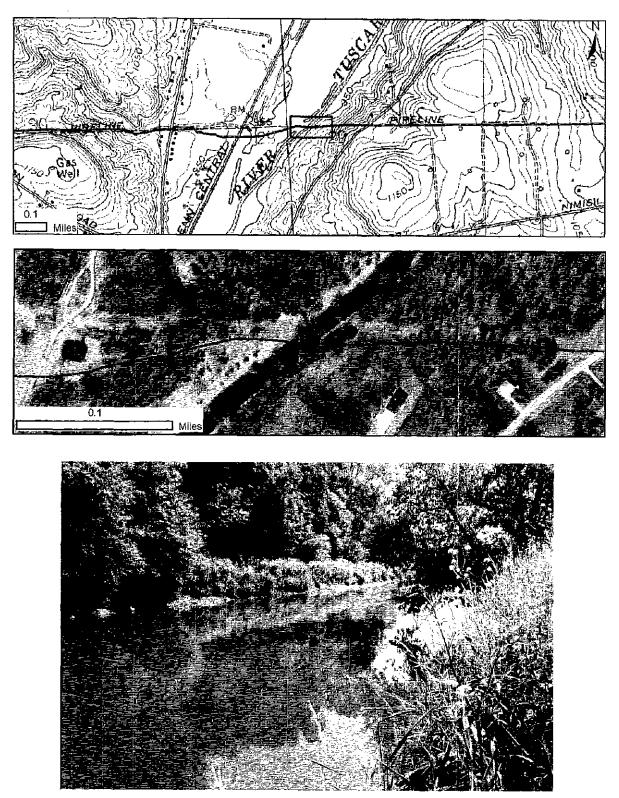


Figure 2. USGS 7.5' topographic map (top), OSIP aerial image (center), and photograph (bottom) of the Tuscarawas River at the proposed pipeline corridor crossing.

#### APPENDIX 07-2D

## HABITAT ASSESSMENT AND SPECIES SURVEY REPORT FOR THE NORTHERN MONKSHOOD AND THE EASTERN PRAIRIE FRINGED-ORCHID

## Habitat Assessment and Species Survey for the Northern Monkshood (*Aconitum noveboracense*) and the Eastern Prairie Fringed-Orchid (*Platanthera leucophaea*)

Dominion East Ohio Gas Franklin 20-Inch Storage Pipeline Project Wayne and Summit Counties, Ohio

> Project C070939.00/C080420.00 August 2008

Submitted By: Dominion East Ohio Gas 7015 Freedom Avenue, N.W. North Canton, Ohio 44720

Prepared By: GAI Consultants, Inc. Pittsburgh Office 385 East Waterfront Drive Homestead, Pennsylvania 15120-5005



## TABLE OF CONTENTS

#### <u>Page</u>

LIST OF FIGURES ii					
LIST OF PHOTOGRAPHS iii					
LIST OF APPENDICES					
1.0					
2.0	NORTHERN MONKSHOOD HABITAT AND LIFE HISTORY		2		
	2.1 2.2	DESCRIPTION AND LIFE HISTORY	2 2		
3.0 EASTE		ERN PRAIRIE FRINGED-ORCHID HABITAT AND LIFE HISTORY	3		
	3.1 3.2	DESCRIPTION AND LIFE HISTORY	3 3		
4.0	SURVEY METHODOLOGY		5		
	4.1 4.2 4.3	NORTHERN MONKSHOOD HABITAT CRITERIA EASTERN PRAIRIE FRINGED-ORCHID HABITAT CRITERIA GROUND-TRUTHING AND PRESENCE/ABSENCE SURVEYS	5 5 6		
5.0	RESULTS		7		
	5.1 5.2	SUMMIT COUNTY - NORTHERN MONKSHOOD 5.1.1 Habitat Assessment 5.1.2 Species Survey WAYNE COUNTY - EASTERN PRAIRIE FRINGED-ORCHID 5.2.1 Habitat Assessment 5.2.2 Species Survey	7 7 8 8 8 8		
6.0	CONCLUSIONS		9		
7.0	REFERENCES 10				
FIGURES					
PHOTOGRAPHS					

APPENDICES

## LIST OF FIGURES

<u>Number</u>	Title
1	Topographic Map of Habitat Assessment and Survey Area
2	Aerial Photography Map of Habitat Assessment and Survey Area
3	Aerial Photography Map of <i>P. Leucophaea</i> Presence/Absence Survey Area

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## LIST OF PHOTOGRAPHS

<u>Number</u>	Title
1	Forested habitat along existing ROW at Site A facing south.
2	Forested habitat along existing ROW at Site B facing southeast.
3	Forested habitat at Site B facing east.
4	Forested habitat at Site E facing east.
5	Rock habitat at Site A facing south. Photograph location is outside of Project area.
6	Rock habitat at Site A facing south. Photograph location is outside of Project area.
7	Rock habitat at Site A facing west. Photograph location is outside of Project area.
8	Rock habitat at Site A facing east. Photograph location is outside of Project area.
9	Meadow habitat surveyed for eastern prairie fringed-orchid. Site X facing west.
10	Meadow habitat at Site X surveyed for eastern prairie fringed-orchid.
11	Meadow habitat surveyed for eastern prairie fringed-orchid. Site X facing west.
12	Meadow habitat surveyed for eastern prairie fringed-orchid. Site X facing west.
13	Herbaceous roadside habitat surveyed for eastern prairie fringed-orchid. Site Y facing northwest.
14	Herbaceous roadside habitat surveyed for eastern prairie fringed-orchid. Site Z facing southeast.

### LIST OF APPENDICES

<u>Appendix</u>	Title			
А	United States Department of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service Correspondence			
В	Resumes of Survey Personnel			
С	Presence/Absence Survey Forms			

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### **1.0 INTRODUCTION**

Dominion East Ohio Gas (Dominion) proposes to install approximately 8.7 miles of 20-inch natural gas pipeline in Chippewa and Franklin Townships of Wayne and Summit Counties, Ohio (OH), respectfully. The proposed work (Project) will follow an existing, maintained pipeline right-of-way (ROW) for most of the Project length and disturbance associated with construction will be limited to 30 feet on either side of the centerline of the pipeline (Figures 1 and 2). The Project will be accessed using existing maintained access roads and the existing ROW.

In compliance with Federal Energy Regulatory Commission regulations, Dominion contacted the appropriate state and federal resource agencies concerning the potential presence of endangered and threatened species in the vicinity of the proposed Project (Endangered Species Act of 1973). Through this coordination process, the United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) identified that the Project lies within the range of five federally-listed threatened species or species of concern (letter dated May 6, 2008, Appendix A). This report considers two federally-listed threatened plant species. The USFWS indicated that Project elements within Summit County, OH overlap with the range of the northern monkshood (*Aconitum noveboracense*), while Project elements within Wayne County, OH overlap with the range of the eastern prairie fringed-orchid (*Platanthera leucophaea*).

The USFWS requested that Dominion conduct a habitat assessment to determine whether potential habitat for the northern monkshood and the eastern prairie fringed-orchid occurs within the Project area (letter dated May 6, 2008, Appendix A). If potentially suitable habitat for either species was found within the Project area, the USFWS requested that presence/absence surveys be conducted in coordination with the USFWS OH Field Office. Dominion retained GAI Consultants, Inc. (GAI) to conduct a habitat assessment and any necessary presence/absence surveys of the Project elements occurring within the range of both species. This report summarizes the results of those assessments and surveys.

#### 2.0 NORTHERN MONKSHOOD HABITAT AND LIFE HISTORY

#### 2.1 DESCRIPTION AND LIFE HISTORY

The northern monkshood (*Aconitum noveboracense*) is an understory perennial herb with blue hood-like flowers (Gleason and Cronquist, 1991). A member of the buttercup family (*Ranunculaceae*), the species has broad basal leaves with toothed lobes. Multiple flowers are arranged on a terminal raceme on stems that may reach up to 1.5 meters in height. Flowers are approximately 2.5 cm in length with the uppermost sepals distinctly helmet-shaped and the uppermost pair of petals clawed. Flowering occurs between June and September depending upon the geographic location of the population. Bumble bees (*Bombus* spp.) are considered the primary pollinators of the species (Brink, 1982).

Establishment of the species typically occurs by seed, however seed germination is poor and thought to be highly dependent upon cool microclimate conditions (discussed further in Section 2.2). In turn, gene flow between populations is extremely low due to the isolated nature of known populations (Cole and Kuchenreither, 2001; and Dixon and May, 1990). The probability of population expansion is considered highly unlikely throughout the range of the species (Read and Hale, 1983; and Windus and Cochrane, 2000). Propagation of the species has been relatively unsuccessful and transplant survivorship is extremely low (Read and Hale, 1983).

Population decline has predominately been attributed to a litany of common factors including loss of habitat, forest clearing, increased herbivore pressure, invasive species, hydrological shifts, soils and water contamination and scientific collecting (Read and Hale, 1983). Given the already highly specific habitat requirements of the species, it is likely that the negative effect of any additional stressor to population viability will be compounded.

## 2.2 HABITAT

The range of the northern monkshood spans throughout the southern great lakes region, however, documented populations are few. The greater range of the species runs from lowa and Wisconsin eastward through OH and into New York (Read and Hale, 1983). Within OH, only Hocking, Portage, and Summit Counties contain known populations (Andreas, 1983). The Hocking Hills Region of Hocking County is considered as the last remaining region within OH thought to potentially contain suitable habitat for the species (Windus and Cochrane, 2000). The species requires cool rocky locations. Typically the species is found growing in or near cracks in cliffs, rock outcrops, talus slopes and rock faces along wooded streams and low-light ravines. The species requires cool soil and air temperatures in order to maintain a low temperature high humidity microclimate. Therefore, the area must be highly protected from direct sun, be temperature regulated by cold air or water, and have constantly cool soil conditions (6 to 18° C).

## 3.0 EASTERN PRAIRIE FRINGED-ORCHID HABITAT AND LIFE HISTORY

## 3.1 DESCRIPTION AND LIFE HISTORY

The eastern prairie fringed-orchid (*Platanthera leucophaea*) is a long-lived (up to 30 years) perennial herb in the orchid (*Orchidaceae*) family (Gleason and Cronquist, 1991). This large and showy orchid species was historically found throughout the southern great lakes region extending east to west from Maine to Iowa, and found as far south as Oklahoma (USFWS, 1999). The species is characterized by a large single upright ramet capable of reaching approximately 100 cm in height. The inflorescence is typically 8 to 20 cm in length and forms a terminal raceme containing up to 40 creamy white flowers (Rhoads and Block, 2000). Leaves are alternate, elliptical to lance-shaped and sheath the stem, becoming progressively larger toward the base and reaching up to 20 cm in length. Flowers are characterized by a deeply three-lobed and fringed lip with small lance-shaped bracts (Rhoads and Block, 2000).

Flowers typically bloom in late June and early July. The species is pollinated by moths of the Sphingidae Family. Large sphinx moths are thought to be the primary pollinators, however, a handful of hawk moth species have also been documented as potential pollinators (Sheviak and Bowles, 1986). Flowering is sporadic and individual plants often producing only a single basal leaf over the course of a growing season. Dormancy is not uncommon and is thought to be initiated by the onset of drought conditions and terminated by wildfires; however, little definitive data exists to support or refute these assertions (Bowles, 1983). Establishment typically occurs by seed, as vegetative reproduction is rare. Disturbance and mycorrhizal associations are considered key elements necessary for successful colonization of new habitat patches (Hadley and Pegg, 1989; and Stoutamire, 1974).

Population decline has predominately occurred due to habitat conversion of one form or another. Historically, the conversion of prairie and meadow for intensive agricultural purposes is thought to have initiated widespread population decline (USFWS, 1989). More recently, the conversion of habitat due to development, wetland drainage, reforestation, and invasive species has continued to contribute to population decline (USFWS, 1999).

## 3.2 HABITAT

The eastern prairie fringed-orchid typically occurs in various mesic prairie, sedge meadow, shrub/prairie complex, roadside ditch, marsh, peat bog, and wet graminoid-dominated shrub and forest understory habitats (USFWS, 1999, and Sarena Selbo, USFWS, personal communication). The likelihood of the species occurring within these habitats varies primarily according to soil substrate conditions (Case, 1987). Overall, the species is highly dependent upon early- to mid-successional plant communities with moist, open, high-light conditions. These conditions may be maintained by natural disturbance regimes, significant groundwater flow maintaining grass-sedge patches, or grazing (USFWS, 1999).

The species prefers plant communities of small stature, presumably to promote the location of the inflorescence by potential pollinators (USFWS, 1999). Although habitat disturbance and fire, as previously mentioned, may play an important role in maintaining the long-term viability of these populations, additional disturbance such as herbivore damage or repeated mowing is thought to result in limited ramet production, dormancy, and mortality (Case, 1987).

Within OH, known populations are found in lake plain prairies, wet roadside ditches, sedge meadows, shrub/prairie complexes, and wet graminoid-dominated shrub and forest understories (USFWS, 1999; and Sarena Selbo, USFWS, personal communication). In Wayne County, known eastern prairie fringed-orchid populations occur near the Project area (USFWS, 1999; and Sarena Selbo, USFWS, personal communication). Within the Project area it is presumed that (1) wet prairies, (2) sedge meadows, (3) wet roadside ditches, (4) shrub/prairie complexes, and (5) wet graminoid-dominated shrub and forest understories are considered suitable local habitat based upon the geographic location, substrate type, and habitat characteristics of known populations within the vicinity.

## 4.0 SURVEY METHODOLOGY

The identification of potential habitat for the northern monkshood and the eastern prairie fringed-orchid and was conducted in June 2008. Initial identification of potential habitat was made based on review of aerial photography (Ohio Geographically Referenced Information Program, 2006) and United States Geologic Survey (USGS) quadrangles (USGS, 1978a and 1978b). Based on this review, specific areas of concern were then further evaluated based upon environmental data collection and photographs of each site obtained during previous environmental investigations conducted throughout 2007 and 2008. Additional field views of (1) areas identified as potential habitat based upon previously collected data and (2) areas with insufficient data to rule out the occurrence of either species were conducted on June 23 and 24, 2008.

## 4.1 NORTHERN MONKSHOOD HABITAT CRITERIA

Potential northern monkshood habitat within Summit County, OH was initially identified based upon the following criteria:

 Steep sloping forested areas were identified on aerial photography and topographic maps. Field data, including photographs, collected during previous environmental investigations were utilized to determine if rock outcrops, cliffs or talus slopes were present within the Project area. Open, cleared and gently sloping areas were not considered as potential habitat.

## 4.2 EASTERN PRAIRIE FRINGED-ORCHID HABITAT CRITERIA

Potential eastern prairie fringed-orchid habitat within Wayne County, OH was initially identified based upon the following criteria:

- <u>Mesic Prairie/Sedge-Dominated Meadows/Shrub-prairie Complexes</u>: Low, open areas not currently in row crop production were identified on aerial photography, topographic maps, and field photographs. These criteria were utilized to locate suitable mesic-prairie/sedge-dominated meadow/shrub-prairie habitat locations. Non-forested habitat within or downslope from documented (Ohio Department of Natural Resources, 2008; and USFWS, 2008) or delineated wetland habitat was also identified based upon the assumption that these areas are likely to be mesic- or wet-prairie communities as a result of the upslope wetland hydrology. Densely forested areas were removed from consideration. In addition, cleared non-woody plant communities dominated by herbaceous forb species (e.g. *Solidago* and *Aster* spp.) were also removed from consideration because the eastern prairie fringed-orchid is not found in habitats dominated by these tall, competitive species.
   Wet Roadside Ditches: Roadside ditches and all Project road crossings were
- <u>vvet Roadside Ditches</u>: Roadside ditches and all Project road crossings were identified from field visits and field photographs for further inspection to determine if roadside ditches present within the Project area constituted suitable habitat.

 <u>Graminoid-dominated Forest Understories</u>: Forested areas with a patchy or broken canopy cover were identified on aerial photography maps, topographic maps, and field photographs. Forested areas with patchy or broken canopies are the most likely to have a graminoid-dominated understory. Forested areas with a dense or contiguous canopy cover were removed from consideration because graminoid-dominated understories do not establish or survive long in these light-depauperate environments.

#### 4.3 GROUND-TRUTHING AND PRESENCE/ABSENCE SURVEYS

Based upon these criteria, each qualifying area was then further evaluated to determine if potential habitat was present within the Project area. Initial ground-truthing efforts were conducted as part of an overall environmental survey of the Project area, beginning in 2007. Where supplementary information was needed, additional site visits were used to confirm the presence of habitat for both species. If confirmed, the habitat location was mapped for future survey. Habitat assessments and species surveys were conducted by Mr. Henry B. Schumacher and Mr. Anthony J. Baumert of GAI, who were approved for habitat assessments and species surveys by the USFWS (Appendix A, phone log dated June 4, 2008).

All graminoid-dominated habitat identified in Wayne County was examined for the presence/absence of the eastern prairie fringed-orchid on July 9, 2008 by Mr. Schumacher and Mr. Baumert of GAI (Appendix B). All sites identified in the habitat assessment with potentially suitable habitat for the eastern prairie fringed-orchid were thoroughly searched for the presence/absence of the species (see Section 5.2). Surveyors systematically walked the proposed ROW, searching all of the area identified as potentially suitable habitat for the presence of eastern prairie fringed-orchids in flower.

### 5.0 RESULTS

This section discusses those areas that have been preliminarily identified as potential habitat for both the northern monkshood and the eastern prairie fringed-orchid based on review of aerial photography, mapping, and on-ground field views. Where necessary, this section also discusses presence/absence species surveys in the Project area.

### 5.1 SUMMIT COUNTY - NORTHERN MONKSHOOD

### 5.1.1 Habitat Assessment

The majority of the habitat traversed by the Project area in Summit County consists of open herbaceous fields and roadsides, croplands, residential lawns, and small woodlots across a gently sloping landscape (Figures 1 and 2). Five areas were identified from previous environmental field assessments and reviews of aerial photography and topographic maps to be sloping, wooded areas (Figures 1 and 2). These five areas were assessed by the surveyors to determine the suitability of the habitat for the northern monkshood (Figures 1 and 2, Sites A through E). No other Project areas within Summit County contained suitable habitat for the northern monkshood because all other Project areas were (1) open, herbaceous habitats, (2) flat or gently sloping areas, or (3) residential or agricultural areas (Figures 1 and 2). The overstory of the five sites identified was dominated by American beech (Fagus grandifolia), red oak (Quercus rubra), bitternut hickory (Carya cordiformis), sugar maple (Acer saccharum), and tulip poplar (Liriodendron tulipifera), while the mid-story/sapling layer was dominated by these same species in addition to ironwood (Carpinus caroliniana) and witch hazel (Hamamelis virginiana). The understory of these five sites was primarily comprised of poison ivy (Toxidendron radicans), garlic mustard (Alliara petiolata), Virginia creeper (Parthenocissus guinguefolia), spotted St. Johnswort (Hypericum punctatum), and dames rocket (Hesperis matronalis) in the higher light areas. The understory in the more shaded areas contained spicebush (Lindera benzoin), Trillium spp., hairy Solomon's seal (Polygonatum pubescens), hay-scented fern (Dennsteadia punctilobula), and may-apple (Podophyllum peltatum). Four of the five sites had a gently sloping topography (Figure 1, Sites B through E) with little deep shade and no large rock outcrops or talus slope (Photographs 2 through 4). These sites had relatively high light availability in the understory as a result of the prior removal of trees and woody vegetation along the existing ROW. Due to the gently sloping nature, high light availability, and lack of rocks or talus slopes, Sites B through E do not represent suitable habitat for the northern monkshood. At Site A there were no deeply shaded rock outcrops or steep talus slopes within the Project area, and the existing ROW was dominated by the herbaceous woodland species listed above (Photograph 1). However, to the south of the Project area, approximately 45 to 70 feet outside the existing ROW, there are large boulders along the forested hillside that may represent suitable habitat for the northern monkshood (Photographs 5 through 8). These boulders lay approximately 100 to 150 feet from the treeline to the south and there are no springs, seeps, or streams in the immediate vicinity. This area will not be affected by the Project. Based on this habitat assessment, potentially suitable habitat is not present within the Project area in Summit County, OH. Potentially

suitable habitat may be present in the vicinity of the Project area at Site A. However, this habitat is outside of the Project area, therefore, presence/absence surveys for the northern monkshood are not recommended.

#### 5.1.2 Species Survey

No species presence/absence surveys were conducted for the northern monkshood as potentially suitable habitat does not occur within the Project area.

#### 5.2 WAYNE COUNTY - EASTERN PRAIRIE FRINGED-ORCHID

#### 5.2.1 Habitat Assessment

In Wayne County, the open, herbaceous habitat in the Project area is primarily comprised of herbaceous grass/sedge meadow and residential, maintained lawns. The residential lawns do not provide suitable habitat and were excluded from further review. The meadow habitat (Photographs 9 through 14) was common throughout the majority of the existing ROW in Wayne County, had a maximum vegetation height ranging from 2.5 to 4.5 feet tall, and was dominated by graminoid species with frequent occurrences of forbs. The vegetation of the meadow consisted of an overstory dominated by orchard grass (Dactylis glomerata), Timothy grass (Phleum pratense), and reed canary grass (Phalaris arundinacea), with a subdominant overstory component of Canada goldenrod (Solidago canadensis), lance-leaved goldenrod (Euthamia graminifolia), rough-stemmed goldenrod (Solidado rugosa), common yarrow (Achillea millefolium), spotted joe-pye weed (Eupatorium maculatum), and multiflora rose (Rosa multiflora). The understory of the meadow habitat was comprised of poison ivy (Toxidendron radicans), tall buttercup (Ranunculus acris), soft rush (Juncus effusus), red clover (Trifolium pratense), oxeye daisy (Chrysanthemum leucanthemum), field hawkweed (Hieracium pratense), white ash (Fraxinus americanus) seedlings, English plantain (Plantago lanceolata), green bulrush (Scirpus atrovirens), fringed sedge (Carya crineda), shallow sedge (C. lurida), and fox sedge (C. vulpinoida). Graminoid-dominated meadows represent suitable habitat for the eastern prairie fringed-orchid (USFWS, 1999; and Sarena Selbo, USFWS, personal communication). The herbaceous grass/sedge meadow habitats surveyed represent potentially suitable habitat for the eastern prairie fringed-orchid (Photographs 9 through 14). Specifically, there are three sections of the Project area within Wayne County that were determined to warrant presence/absence surveys (Sites X, Y, and Z, Figures 1 and 2). These three sections cover approximately 1 mile of the ROW, with approximately 7.5 acres total survey area within the 60-foot wide ROW (Figure 3).

#### 5.2.2 Species Survey

A systematic walk-through survey of the entire survey area was conducted at Sites X, Y, and Z, totaling 7.5 acres (Figure 3). No individuals of the eastern prairie fringed-orchid were found in the Project area (Appendix C).

### 6.0 CONCLUSIONS

The results of this habitat assessment identified no potentially suitable habitat for the northern monkshood within the Project area in Summit County, OH. Potentially suitable habitat for the northern monkshood may exist in the vicinity of the Project area at Site A (Photographs 3 and 4, Figures 1 and 2), however, as the location of this habitat falls outside of the Project area, additional surveys for this species are not recommended.

Potentially suitable habitat for the eastern prairie fringed-orchid does exist within the Project area. Graminoid-dominated meadow habitat exists along the Project ROW at three sites in Wayne County (Figure 3, Photographs 9 through 14). As requested by the USFWS, presence/absence surveys were conducted for the eastern prairie fringed-orchid at these three sites on July 9, 2008, covering approximately 7.5 acres. No eastern prairie fringed-orchids were found during an intensive walk-through survey of Sites X, Y, and Z.

Based on the results of these habitat assessments and species surveys, no impacts to the northern monkshood or eastern prairie fringed-orchid are anticipated as a result of the Project. The scope of this survey is limited to the areas affected by the Project as described herein. USFWS review and concurrence is requested on the results and conclusions of this habitat assessment and presence/absence survey by the USFWS.

Should you have any questions or require additional information, please feel free to contact us at 412-476-2000.

Respectfully submitted, GAI Consultants, Inc.

Anthony J. Baumert Senior Environmental Specialist Henry B. Schumacher Senior Environmental Specialist

Stephen E. Gould, Q.E.P., G.I.S.P. Project Manager

AJB:HSB:SEG/hmm 0842000t001-hass-hbs/dominion d5

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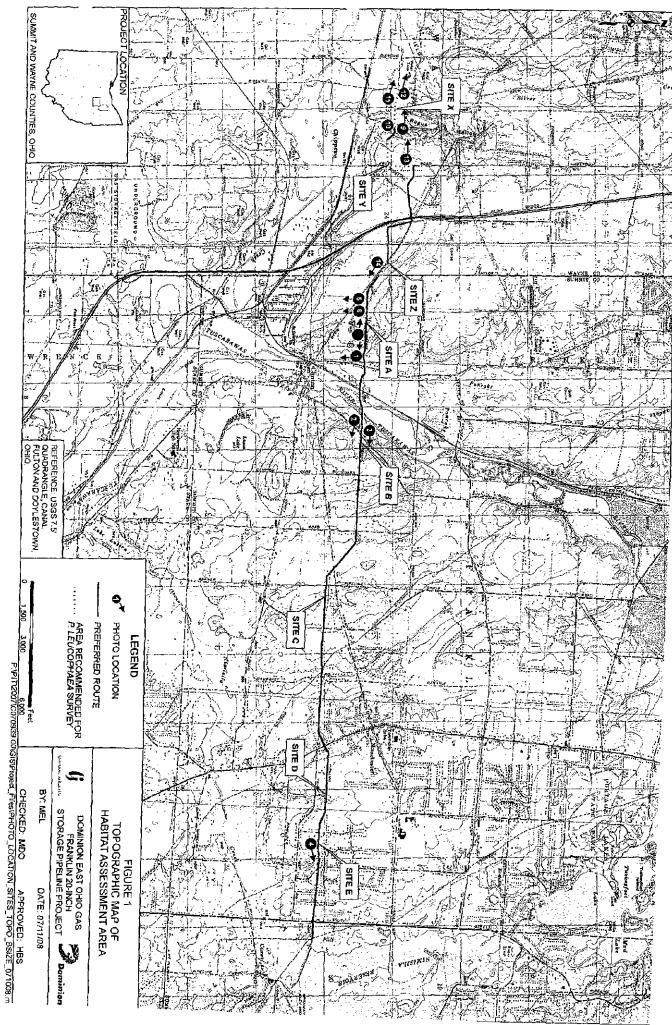
United States Geological Survey. 1978b. 7.5-Minute Quadrangle, Doylestown, Ohio.

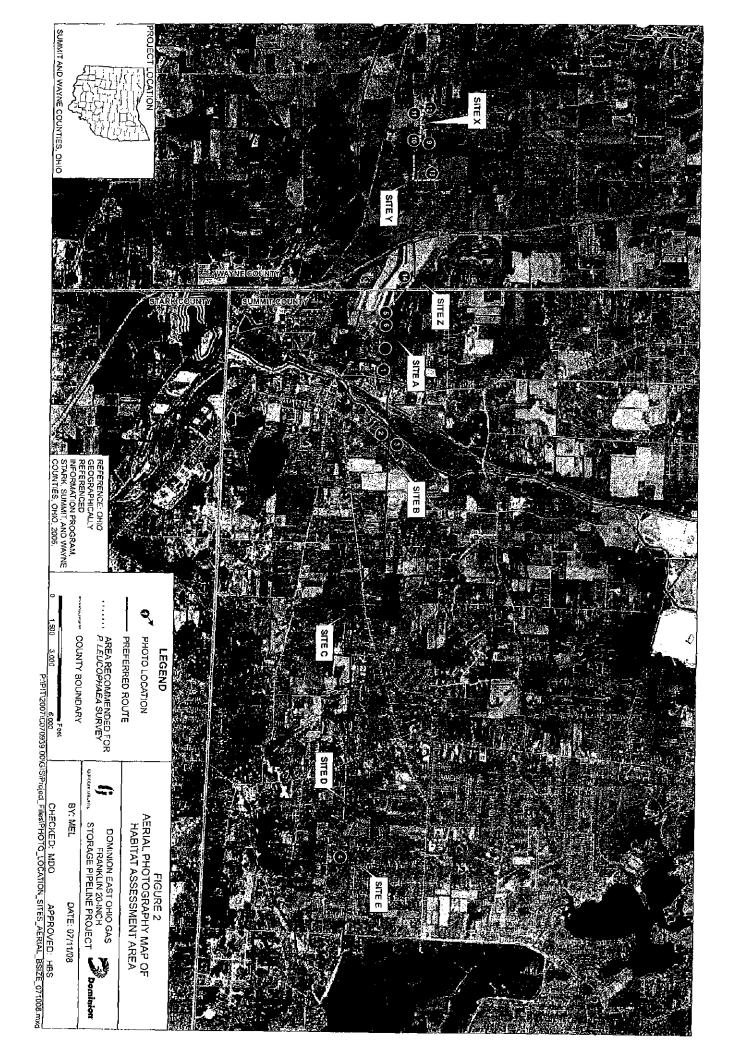
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FIGURES

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PHOTOGRAPHS

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Photograph 1. Forested habitat along existing ROW at Site A facing south.



Photograph 2. Forested habitat along existing ROW at Site B facing southeast.



Photograph 3. Forested habitat at Site B facing east.



Photograph 4. Forested habitat at Site E facing east.



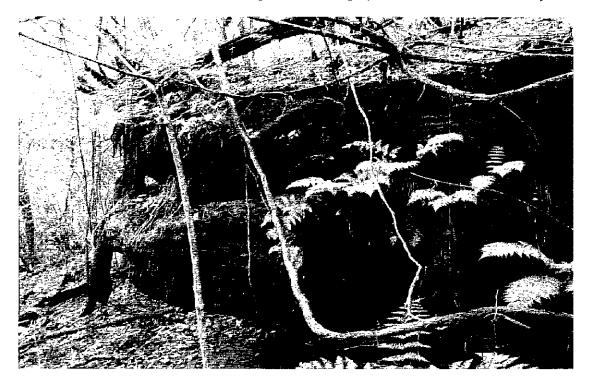
Photograph 5. Rock habitat at Site A facing south. Photograph location is outside of Project area.



Photograph 6. Rock habitat at Site A facing south. Photograph location is outside of Project area.



Photograph 7. Rock habitat at Site A facing west. Photograph location is outside of Project area.



Photograph 8. Rock habitat at Site A facing east. Photograph location is outside of Project area.



Photograph 9. Meadow habitat surveyed for eastern prairie fringed-orchid. Site X facing west.



Photograph 10. Meadow habitat at Site X surveyed for eastern prairie fringed-orchid.



Photograph 11. Meadow habitat surveyed for eastern prairie fringed-orchid. Site X facing west.



Photograph 12. Meadow habitat surveyed for eastern prairie fringed-orchid. Site X facing west.



Photograph 13. Herbaceous roadside habitat surveyed for eastern prairie fringed-orchid. Site Y facing northwest.



Photograph 14. Herbaceous roadside habitat surveyed for eastern prairie fringed-orchid. Site Z facing southeast.