Pollinator Friendly Practices... In Your Backyard



Pollinator Conservation can happen anywhere. From your workplace campus, landfill closure, or your own backyard. Follow these basic tips to get started.

Pollinator 101

- Foraging
 Plant native species for nectar value
- Reproduction
 Plant host plants, build bee blocks, leave wild corners in your yard
- Shelter
 Provide cover for nesting and shelter (bee blocks, shrub rows)
- Reduce Invasive
 Species
 Use chemicals wisely or manually remove
- Monitor
 Learn what pollinators
 are visiting
- Educate others about pollinators!



Here are some ideas for your Pollinator Friendly Backyard:

- Plant wildflowers and grasses that are native to your state
- Try to have at least one plant species in bloom from spring to fall to provide nectar sources as long as possible (example: beardtongue in May, coneflowers in summer, asters in fall)
- Provide cover from wind and elements by planting hedgerows of trees or shrubs
- Create basking areas with flat rocks for butterflies

- Remove exotic plant species manually or with spot treatments of herbicides
- Provide shallow water with sand, pebbles or moist areas for puddling
- Create areas for reproduction such as bee blocks for solitary bees
- If pesticides must be used, apply when pollinators are least active such as early morning and use only where needed with spot treatments

