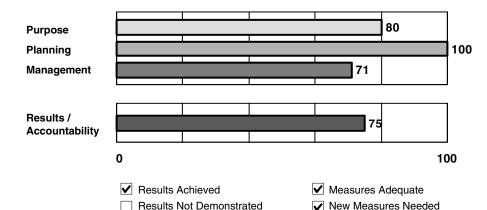
Program: Recruiting

Agency: Department of Defense--Military **Bureau:** Operation and Maintenance



Key Performance Measures

Year Target Actual

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Long-term Measure: Number of personnel required to meet military needs In addition to exceeding the required number of recruits, quality goals have been met over the past three years.	1999	200,000	193,000
	2000	205,000	206,000
	2001	211,000	212,000
	2002	210,000	212,000
Budget/Short-term Measure: Average cost of recruiting a new member into the Armed Forces (The numbers in this table represent the total cost of the program divided by the number of recruits. This measure is not currently used as a performance goal - it is only a measure of the expected cost of the program. The Administration recommends this performance measure.)	2002		\$13,252
	2003	\$13,662	
	2004	\$14,162	
Program efficiency metrics currently under development			

Rating: Moderately Effective

Program Type: Direct Federal

Program Summary:

The recruiting program of the Department of Defense (DoD) is designed to attract large numbers of high quality young men and women to serve in the armed forces. The program is multifaceted, using military members, advertising, and bonuses to attract young men and women to military service. The goal of DoD recruiting is to ensure that sufficient numbers of qualified young Americans enlist in the armed services.

The assessment found that the program was highly effective, but since there were no measures of program efficiency, the overall rating is only moderately effective. DoD has met its goals for both quality and quantity of recruits for the past two years. During this period, costs did increase, with the Services adding production recruiters, expanding and refining their enlistment incentive programs, reenergizing advertising with performance incentives written into their contracts, embracing high technology with laptop computers and cell phones, exploiting the Internet with cyber-recruiting initiatives, and adopting proven business practices in recruiter selection and training. The Services continue to refine their recruiting programs, with the Army and Navy actually able to reduce the number of recruiters as the investments in the recruiting process come to fruition. When viewed in constant dollars, the cost-per-recruit has stabilized at the 2002 level in the 2004 Budget Request. However, the program does not have management information systems in place to allow for better decision making. There is currently no way to gauge the effectiveness of specific new tools and determine whether the recruiters are more effective.

In response to these findings, the Administration will:

- 1. Recommend the Department of Defense create better information systems to allow more management information flow to the program managers. This new system should support separating out and measuring fixed and variable costs, measures of management efficiency, and performance information for the results of particular inputs. Such a system would increase the information available to the program mangers about the effectiveness of each of the elements of the program, allowing them to take a broader look at the available resources and apply them more efficiently.
- 2. Create a quarterly execution report to track program performance and program efficiency.

Program Funding Level (in millions of dollars)

2002 Actual	2003 Estimate	2004 Estimate	
2,644	2,688	2,805	