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Roman J. Garcia (left), a Minority participant at Florida International University in Miami, performs research with his mentor Lidia Kos, Ph.D. Garcia recently received the 2004 PanAmerican Society for Pigment Cell Research Young Investigator Award. For more on student awards and activ ities, see the expanded online version of the *Minority Programs Update* at http://www.nigms.nih.gov/news/mpufall04.

USING INDIRECT COSTS

Effectively

BY SUSAN ATHEY, NIGMS

Need a piece of equipment to boost your university's research capabilities? Or maybe an administrative assistant to help keep your program and others' running smoothly? Are such costs allowable, and if so, how should they be charged to your grant?

These ex penses typically fall under the category of facilities and administration (F&A) costs and are of ten referred to as "indirect" costs. And yes, F&A funds can assist your university in purchasing equipment or hiring program support staff. But of ten, F&A costs are not spent correctly—or completely and unus ed mon ey ends up being return ed to the funding agency at the end of the grant period. So it serves you and your institution well to understand these costs and make the most of them during the lifetime of your grant.

F&A Costs "Unmasked"

Office of Management and Budget Circular A-21, "Cost Principles for Educational Institutions," spells out what is allowable in terms of costs applicable to Federal grants, con tracts, and other sponsored agreements with edu cational institutions. The circular delineates what can be char ged as direct costs and what should be char ged as indirect costs.

"Direct" costs are those that are directly tied to your specific project and can be clearly identified as such. These costs include expenses like faculty salaries, student stipends, and travel funds for scientific meetings.

F&A costs are incurred for common objectives of your university and therefore cannot be easily identified with your particular research project, instructional activity, or other institutional activity. Examples of F&A costs include student services, building operations and maintenance, building and equipment depreciation, library expenses, departmental secretarial assistance, office supplies, and administration.

Knowing what expenses to charge as direct costs and those to charge as F&A costs can be tricky. When you receive your grant award, you receive a set amount of money to get your program up and running (aka your direct costs). The award may also include an allowable percentage of your direct costs that are funded as F&A costs. For example, the Minority Access to Research Careers (MARC) Undergraduate Student Training in Academic Research program allows F&A costs at the rate of 8 percent of total allowable direct costs (less equipment and tuition). F&A costs on Support of Continuous Research Excellence (SCORE) grants are generally much

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Hagan Named NIGMS Associate Director for Extramural Activities

BY SUSAN ATHEY, NIGMS

Ann A. Hagan, Ph.D., was recently named NIGMS associate director for extramural activities. In this position, she oversees the fiscal management of the Institute's \$1.9 billion research and research training grant program in the basic biomedical sciences. She also advises the NIGMS director on the planning, development, and administration of Institute grant activities.

"Dr. Ha gan is an exceptional scientist-manager whose skills, ex perience, and personality make her a perfect fit for this pivotal position. Her talent in managing people and programs will lead NIGMS forward as it continues to support cutting-edge science in new and existing areas," said Jeremy M. Berg, Ph.D., NIGMS director.

Ha gan began her career as an assistant profess or of biology at Geor ge Williams Coll ege in Downers Grove, IL. She first came to NIH in 1979 as a staff fellow at the Nati onal Institute of Mental Health. In 1981, she returned to academia as an assistant professorof biology at American Univers i ty in Washington, DC. She rejoined NIH in 1987 as a health scientist administrator in the Grants Review Branch of the National Cancer In stitute. In 1989, Hagan moved to the National In stitute of Di a betes and Digestive and Kidney Diseases, where she rose through the ranks to become chief of the Review Branch. In 2000, Ha gan became dep uty associate director for ex tramural activities at NIGMS and served as acting assoc i a te director between November 2003 and May 2004.

Ha gan received B. S. and M.S. degrees in bi o logy education and a Ph.D. degree in physiology, all from the University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign.

MORE Director Celebrates Opening of American Indian Museum

BY SUSAN ATHEY, NIGMS

Clifton Poodry, Ph.D., director of the NIGMS Division of Minority Opportunities in Research (MORE), was amon g a number of NIH employees who participated in the opening ceremonies of the Nati onal Museum of the American Indian in Washington, DC, in Septem ber. Poodry, a mem ber of the Tonawanda Sen eca Indian tribe, walked in the procession on the Nati onal Mall with fellow members of the Am erican Indian Scien ce and Engin eering Society. Over 25,000 people participated in the procession, representing more than 400 Indian tribes.

"It was a spect acular day that bro u ght toget her people from many nations in celebration of a longanticipated event," Poodry said.

"There was a perva sive feeling of good will and hope, and of course a deep feeling of pride. The size and diversity of the procession was awe some." •



Clifton Poodry participates in the museum's opening procession alongside Debbie Sweitzer (center), a health program assistant with the National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute; and Becky Tudisco (right), the equal employment opportunity manager for the National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive and Kidney Diseases.

FROM THE MORE DIRECTOR

Reaching Out to the MORE Community

BY CLIFTON POODRY, PH.D., NIGMS

One of the most rewarding aspects of my job as MORE director is the opportunity to interact with grantees—to meet with you and learn about your programs and to hear your opinions and ideas. I especially appreciate the heartfelt ex pressions of su pport for the overall mission of MORE and the determination to make a significant difference.

Du ring this past summer and early part of the fall, the staff from MORE hel d a series of six outre ach visits with directors of MARC and MBRS programs a round the co un try. We brainstormed ways to achieve our goals. We listen ed to your concerns and we thought about ways to better our programs.

One specific goal of this year's outreach visits was to hear a broad community response to proposed changes to the MBRS SCORE program. For the first time, MORE staff solicited input from the subproject principal investigators, and they were not shy with their comments. As is to be expected, we got a range of input, some positive and some negative. Some participants offered suggestions for alternative approaches. We had expected many of the comments but some we did not anticipate, which means the outreach served its purpose.

A second objective of the outreach visits was to discuss the design of student development programs so they focus on their mission while being sensitive to the laws regarding non-discrimination. In particular, we emphasized that MORE

programs are not designed to exclude any particular ethnic group from participating—they are designed to include indivi duals who have been historically excluded from careers in biomedical research.

I want to thank all of the program directors who participated in these meetings. Your insight is invaluable to us as we plan future directions for MORE. If you were unable to attend one of our m eetings, please let us know and we will be happy to send you copies of the meeting presentations, as well as to receive your specific input on the outreach visit discussion topics.

As always, I welcome your feedback and comments.

Clifton Pood ry, Ph.D., pood ryc@nigms.nih.gov, Director, MORE Division, NIGMS, Room 2AS.37, 45 Center Drive MSC 6200, Bethesda, MD 20892-6200, 301-594-3900





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RESEARCH HIGHLIGHT

Health Disparities Research Along U.S.-Mexico Border Reveals Surprises

BY BERNICE WUETHRICH

Thorny shrubs and mesquite lend the landscape a rough cover along the Lower Rio Grande in Southern Texas, where life can be as tough as the bristling brush—particularly for Mexican immigrants striving to settle in a new country. But what impact does this life—and the stress of migration itself have on the mental health of immigrants?

To answer this question,
Elena Bastida, Ph.D., an MBRSsu pported researcher at the
Un ivers i ty of Texas-Pan
Am erican in Edinburg,
and co-investi-

and co-investigator Is rael
Cuellar,
Ph.D., who
is now at
Michigan State

University in East Lansing, conducted a study comparing the mental health of Mexican immigrants and native-born Mexican Americans living in the region.

Th eir study address edpast research indicating that recent Mexican immigrants tend to have bet ter mental health and be higherachievers than native-born Mexican Americans. In fact, the literature suggests that the longer Mexicans reside in the United States, the more likely they are to report detrimental mental health conditions, something that has become known as the "mental health paradox."

But Bastida and Cuellar's recent results challenge the paradox. They found that length of residency and immigrant status have no bearing on depression, health status, life satisfaction, or self-esteem in study participants. On the other hand, factors such as income, age, gender, and acculturation significantly predict well-being. Indeed, the scientists' results suggest that the longer an individual resides in the United States, the less likely he or she is to be depressed.

Bastida's results are based on data from the Border Epidemiologic Study of Aging (BESA), of which she is the principal investigator. Beginning in 1995, Ba s tida and her co lleagues intervi ewed a random sample of 1,370 Mexican-American households, some urban, some rural, all in the border region of Hidalgo and Starr counties in Texas. She grouped the respondents by age and has conducted follow-up interviews at 24-month intervals, collecting three waves of data, with a fourth under way. For the mental health and residency study, Bastida compared native-born Mexican Americans to Mexican immigrants who had lived in the United States for 15 years or less, 16-30 years, 31-45 years, and 46 years or more.

Bastida suggests that methodological differences—in population samples, mental health measures, and environmental factors—could partly explain the strikingly different re sults obtained by the BESA study. Specifically, she suggests that three factors may explain why length of stay or immigrant status had no effect on depression scores or well-being in her study.

First, previous studies were based on interviews with Hispanics who had been in the United States an average of 15 years or less, whereas BESA encompasses those who have been here three times as long.

Most previous work did not stu dy Mexican immigrants who had lived the majority of their lives in the United States, as did Bastida's stu dy.

"Maybe earlier studies were catching people in the most difficult time of their adjustment," she speculated.

Secondly, Bastida's study population was significantly older than those in other studies. The youngest person in the BESA study was 45 years old and the mean age was 62.

Finally, the BESA study participants all lived along the U.S.-Mexico border, where Spanish is commonly spoken and 85 to 95 percent of the general populationis of Mexican origin. Bastida suggests that these environmental conditions may greatly influence adjustment to living in the United States.

"In our border area, ties with Mexico are very strong," Bastida noted. The mental and physical proximity to Mexico may have a protective effect on immigrants' mental health, she believes.

To read more about Bastida's research findings, see the expanded online version of the Minority Programs Update at http://www.nigms.nih.gov/news/mpufall04.

Reference: Cuellar I, Bastida E, Braccio SM. Residency in the United States, subjective well-being, and depression in an older Mexican-origin sample. J Aging Health 2004;16:447-66.

continued from page 1

higher, sometimes as much as 40 to 60 percent depending on the negotiated rate. For example, if your SCORE research program receives \$300,000 in direct costs and the negotiated F&A rate is 40 percent (with no exclusions), the F&A portion of the award would be \$120,000.

F&A costs are there to help strengthen your institution's research environment and infrastru cture. Some investigators report that their institutions pass along some (or all) of the indirect costs to the departments or indivi duals that genera te them. This is not an appropriate use of the funds, which are intended to cover such hidden costs of doing research as campus con tracts and grants of fices, health safety of ficers, hazardous waste management, and institutional review boards. Proper use of F&A funds is an important contribution to the well-being of your institution, and by extension, to all who work and learn there.

For a copy of Circular A-21, see http://www.white house.gov/omb/circulars/a021/print/a021.html. For spe ci fics on F&A costs as they apply to your grant, contactToni Holland, NIGMS Grants Management Officer, at 301-594-5132.

DID YOU KNOW?

Former MARC trainee Jeanette L. Ducut Sigala was part of are search team that discovered a molecule found in nearly all cells that plays a vital role in kick-starting the production of key biological molecules involved in inflammation. The finding may lead to new strategies for blocking the devastating inflammation that lies at the heart of autoimmune disorders such as multiple sclerosis, arthritis, and lupus, as well as some cancers.

For more on NIGMS-funded research, see http://www.nigms.nih.gov/news/releases/funded research.html

Profile TANYA PORRAS-YAKUSHI



This section profiles former MORE participants who have excelled in their fields. We hope that the profiles will give students an idea of the types of careers available with science degrees and the paths others have taken to achieve those careers.

NIGMS Training Develops a Future Scientist

BY SUSAN ATHEY, NIGMS

In a quiet lab on the campus of the University of California, Los Angeles (UCLA), Tanya Porras-Yakushi studies how proteins are synthesized by the cell's protein-making mach in ery, the ribosome. Since pro teins are an intrinsic part of all lifeproæsses, these studies are of fundamental importance to understanding health and disease.

Porras-Yakushi has been supported by NIGMS at va rious points du ring her education, first as an undergraduate student p a rticipant in two NIGMS minority programs and now as a predoctoral trainee.

Porras-Yakushi has come a far way since high school, where she says her interthousands of trainees across the country. est in science was first sparked. She found she excelled in classes like chemistry and physics and because of this, she en rolled in a special summer program at California State University, Los Angeles, after graduating from high school. The program was geared toward stu dents interested in pursuing science careers.

"One of the instructors also happened to be a senior participant in the university's Minority Biomedical Research Support [MBRS] program," Porras-Yakushi explained, crediting the instructor with introducing her to the MBRS program and the opportunities it provided. In trigued, Porras-Yakushi applied and was admitted to the program. Later in her under graduate years, she became a MARC program train ee. The programs helped Porras-Yakushi with tuition, provi ded her with a sti pend, and gave her the opportunity to conduct research under the su pervision of a mentor.

Porras-Yakushi went on to earn a bach el or's degree in bi och em i stry in 2001 and is now pursuing a Ph.D. in bi och emistry and molecular biology at UCLA. As part of h er training, Porras-Yakushi is doing thesis research in the lab of S teven Clarke, Ph.D. The cellular and molecular biology predoctoral training grant that supports her is one of over 250 training grants that NIGMS awards, supporting

"The training grant enables me to work in a lab, travel to scientific meetings, attend special seminars that promote interdisciplinary research, and take other courses such as a required one on ethics in research," Porras-Yakushi said, adding that as a third-year predoctoral student,

she'll present her research to her fellow trainees and some faculty members l a ter this year.

Upon receiving her Ph.D., Porras-Yakushi hopes to return to California State University, Los Angeles, to teach undergraduate bi ochemistry and run her own research group.

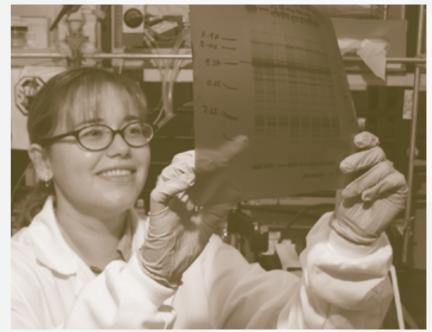
"My ideal job would also involve doing researchwith under graduates," she added.

If you know an outstanding form er MARC, MBRS, or Bridges participant who has excelled academically or professionally and you would like to nominate that person as a future Update profile su bject, pleaselet us know. Your suggestions are always welcome. NIGMS' training programs help to provide the most critical element of good research: well-prepared scientists. In recognition of the rapidly changing, interdisciplinary nature of biomedical research today, the Institute's training programs are flexible and stress approaches to biological problems that cut across disciplinary and departmental lines. NIGMS places special emphasis on the recruitment and retention of underrepresented minorities in its training programs.

The Institute supports promising predoctoral and postdoctoral students seeking research training in the basic biomedical sciences and related behavioral and clinical fields through institutional training grants and individual fellowships.

For more information about NIGMSsupported training activities, visit http://www.nigms.nih.gov/funding/ trnamech.html or contact:

John C. Norvell, Ph.D. **Assistant Director for Research Training National Institute of General Medical Sciences** 45 Center Drive MSC 6200 Bethesda, MD 20892-6200 301-594-0533 norvellj@nigms.nih.gov



Attention All Readers

Be sure to check out

the expanded online

Programs Update.

There you will find

additional news about

participants including

student presentations,

recent graduates, and

upcoming meetings.

gov/news/mpufall04

http://www.nigms.nih.

MORE activities and

version of the Minority

news and Notes

- Irene Eckstrand, Ph.D., the Bri d ges to the Future program director at NIGMS since 1999, left the program this past spring to manage a new Institute initia tive aimed at harnessing the nation's computing skills to enhance our ability to respond to disease ep i demics and bio terrorism. The initiative, called MIDAS (an acronym for Models of Infectious Disease Agent Study), will develop powerful computer modeling techniques to analyze and respond to infectious disease outbreaks, whether they occur naturally, such as SARS, or are released intentionally in a bio terrorist attack. Adolphus Toliver, Ph.D., has taken over as interim director of the Bri d ges program at NIGMS.
- MORE grantees Chellu S. Chetty, Ph.D., and Margaret Wern er-Washburne, Ph.D., were among the recipierts of this year's Presidential Awards for Excellence in Science, Mathematics, and Engineering Mentoring. The annual awards recognize influential individuals and institutions who have been leaders in encouraging minorities, women, and disabled persons to pursue careers in science and engineering.



Chellu S. Chetty

Chetty is a professor of biology at Savannah StateUn ivers i ty in Georgia, where he also serves as director of the school's MBRS program. He is acknowledged for mentoring under graduate and graduate students and for his efforts to

increase the number of individuals in science, mathematics, and engineering disciplines.

Wern er-Washburneis a professorof biology at the Universityof New Mexico in Albuquerque, where she is also a subproject investigator on the university's Initiative for Minority Student Development grant. She is credited with using a hands-onapproach for mentoring stu dents in the areas of biology, mathematics, computer science, and mechanical and chemical engineering.

Also hon ored was the American Physiological Society, which operates



Nargaret Werner-Washburne

NIGMS-fundededu cation and minority programs. The society was recognized for its programs for minority stu dents and te ach ers and its efforts to increase divers ity in the field of physiology.

A total of nine individuals and eight institutions received Presidential awards at a recent cerem ony in Washington, DC. The awards were establishedby the White House Office of Science and Technology Policy in 1996 and areadministered through the National Science Foundation. Award recipients receive a \$10,000 grant and a commemorative Presidential certificate.

- Juliette B. Bell, Ph.D., director of the MBRS program at Fayet teville State University in North Carolina, has been appointed dean of the newly formed College of Basic and Applied Sciences at the university. Bell, achemistry professor, also serves as the university's director of biomedical research. During her 12-year tenure with the university, Bell has received numerous awards, in cluding the Presidential Millennium Award for Excellence in Teaching in Mathematics, Science, Engineering, and Technology in 2000.
- MORE Di rector **Clifton Poodry, Ph.D.,** and several MORE program directors were among the recipients of 2004Distinguished Awards from the Society for Advancement of Chicanos and Native Americans in Science (SACNAS). The annual awards recognize individuals who have dedicated themselves to science, education, and men toring.

Pood ry was honored with the society's Professional Mentor Award. Otherhonorees included Laura J. Robles, Ph.D., a professor of biology and acting dean of graduate studies and research at California State University, Dominguez Hills, who received the Distinguished Under graduate Institution Mentor Award; Elma Gonzalez, Ph.D., a professor of biology at the University of California, Los Angeles, who received the Distinguished Scientist Award; and J. Dennis O'Malley, Ph.D., a chemistry instructor at Haskell Indian Nations University in Lawrence, KS, who received the Community/Tribal College Mentor Award.

The honorees received their awards at the 2004 SACNAS conference in Austin, Texas, in October.

- Janice Blum, Ph.D., a Bridges to the Doctorate facultymen tor and a professor of microbiology and immunology at the Indiana University-Purdue University School of Medicine in Indianapolis, received the 2004 Alvin S. By num Award for Excellence in Academic Mentoring. The award recognizes an outstanding faculty member who has demonstrated longstanding commitment to fostering an atmosphere of learning at the university.
- In recent months, we have received word about the following student participants in NIGMS minority programs. Jeanette L. Ducut Sigala, a former MARC under graduate student at California State University, Northridge, received her Ph.D. in the

biological sciences from the University of Califomia, San Diego, and is now a postdoctoral fellow at the Salk Institute for Biological Studies in La Jolla, CA. • Annet te Gabaldón, a former MBRS program participant at New Mexico State University in Las Cruces, completed her Ph.D. at the University of Califomia, Davis, and is now an assistant professor of biology at Colorado State University, Pueblo. • Parinda Parikh, a former MBRS program participant at Barry University in Miami Shores, FL, received an M.D. from Ross University School of Medicine in Edison, NJ, and is now an assistant professor of psychiatry at Weill Medical College of Corn ell University in New York City. •

We are always interested in hearing about NIGMS minority program faculty, alumni, and students. Photographs of your students, research labs, and activities are also welcomed and en couraged.

Please send information to:

Editor

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DID YOU KNOW?

NIGMS has science education materials available for use in your dass room. In addition to a set of publications on chemistry, genetics, structural biology, and pharmacology, the Institute produces the feature publication *Findings*, which highlights the research of selected NIGMS-funded scientists. In this publication, students can also read about recent, dinically relevant NIGMS-funded research studies and solve a crossword puzzle containing words used in the stories.

For more on NIGMS science edu cation re sources, see http://www.nigms.nih.gov/news/science_ed

SELECTED PUBLICATIONS

by MORE Faculty and Students (listed by institution)

BARRY UNIVERSITY

Bingham SM, Mudd LM, Lopez TF, Montague JR. Effects of ethanol on cultured em bryonic neu rons from the cerebral cortex of the rat. Alcohol 2004;32:129-35.

Lin YP, Petrino TR, Wallace RA. Fundulus h etero clitus gonado tropins.5: Sm a ll scale chromatographic fractionation of pituitary extracts into components with different steroi dogenic activi ties using homologous bi oa s s ays. **Rep rod Biol Endocrinol** 2004;2:14.

CITY UNIVERSITY OF NEW YORK, YORK COLLEGE

Dubrovs ky EB, Du brovskaya VA, Levin ger L, Schiffer S, March fel der A. Dro sophila RNase Z processes mitochon drial and nuclear pre-tRNA3' ends in vivo. Nucleic Acids Res 2004:32:255-62.

Levinger L, Oestreich I, Florentz C, Morl M. A pathogenesis-associated mutation in human mitoch on d rial tRNA Leu(UUR) leads to reduced 3'-end processing and CCA addition. J Mol Biol 2004;337:535-44.

Toompuu M, Levinger LL, Nadal A, Gomez J, Jacobs HT. The 7472insC mtDNA mut a ti on impairs 5' and 3' processing of tRNA^{Ser(UCN)}. **Bioch em** Biophys Res Com mun 2004;322:803-13.

CUYAHOGA COMMUNITY COLLEGE

Kwan ML, BattisteMA, Macala MK, Aybar SC, James NC, Haoui JJ. Diethylalu minum chloride media ted vinylsilane synthesis: comparisonof different solvent systems. Synthetic Comm 2004;34:1943-50.

FLORIDA INTERNATIONAL UNIVERSITY

Ma rtinez L, Almagro JC, Coll JL, Herrera RJ. Sequence variability in the fibroin-H intron of domesticated and wild silk moths. Insect Bi och em Mol Biol 2004;34:343-52.

Pereira-Simon S, Si erra-Montes JM, Ayesh K, Martinez L, Socorro A, Herrera RJ. Variants of U1 small nu clear RNA assemble into spliceo s omal complexes. Insect Mol Biol 2004;13:189-94.

JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY

Nguyen DM, Reynald RL, Gittis AG, Lattman EE. X-ray and thermodynamic studies of staphylococcal nuclease variants I92E and I92K: insights into polarity of the protein interior. J Mol Biol 2004;341:565-74.

MEHARRY MEDICAL COLLEGE

Hu L, Xu X, Valenzuela MS. Initiation sites for human DNA replication at a putative ribulose-5-phosphate 3ep i m erase gen e . Bi och em Bi ophys Res Com mun 2004;320:648-55.

Shi M, Yang H, Motley ED, Guo Z. Overexpression of Cu/Zn-su perox i de dismutase and/or catalase in mice inhibits a orta smooth mu s cle cell proliferation. Am J Hypertens 2004;17:450-6.

Worm ley DD, Ramesh A, Hood DB. Environmental contaminant-mixture ef fects on CNS devel opment, plasticity, and behavior. Toxicol Appl Pharmacol 2004;197:49-65.

MOREHOUSE SCHOOL OF MEDICINE

Bayorh MA, Ganafa AA, Socci RR, Silvestrov N, Abukhalaf IK. The role of oxidative stress in salt-induced hypertension. Am J Hypertens 2004;17:31-6.

Gharavi AE, Vega - Ostertag M, Espinola RG, Liu X, Cole L, Cox NT, Romagnoli P, Labat K, Pierangeli SS. In trauterine fetal death in mice caused by cytomegalovirusderived pepti de induced by aPL antibodies. Lupus 2004;13:17-23.

STANFORD UNIVERSITY

Lacayo CI, Theriot JA. Listeria monocytogenes actin-basedmotilityvaries

depending on subcellular location: a kinem a tic probe for cytoarchitecture. Mol Biol Cell 2004;15:2164-75.

STILLMAN COLLEGE

Neggers YH, Singh J. Effect of dietaryprotein, zinc, and carbon monoxide on fetal zinc concentration in mice. Biol Trace Elem Res 2004:98:171-9.

TEXAS A&M UNIVERSITY, KINGSVILLE

Bhattacharya A, Purohit VC, Beller NR. Benzoin condensation: monitoring a ch emical reacti on by high-pressure liquid ch romatogra phy. J Ch em Ed 2004;81:1020-22.

UNIVERSITY OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Nath N, PokhariaS, Eng G, Song X, Kumar A, Gielen M, Willem R, Biesemans M. New trimethyl tin (IV) derivatives of dipeptides: synthesis, characteris tic spectral studies and bi o logical activity. Appl Organometal Ch em 2004;18:460-70.

Song X, Duong Q, Mi trojorgji E, Zapata A, Nguyen N, Strickman D, Glass J, Eng G. Synthesis, structure characterization and larvicidal activity of some tris-(para-substituted ph enyl)tins. Appl Organometal Ch em 2004;18:363-8.

WAKE FOREST UNIVERSITY SCHOOL OF MEDICINE

Aileru AA, Logan E, Callahan M, Ferrario CM, Ganten D, Diz DI. Alterations in sympathetic ganglionic transmission in response to angiotensin II in (mRen2)27 tran sgenic rats. **Hypertension** 2004;43:270.

Send in your references for inclusion in Selected Publications. We would appreciate your contribution to this section in order to represent as many NIGMS minority programs as possible. Complete bibliographical citations can be phoned, faxed, mailed, or e-mailed to the Editor (see page 2).

RECENT

Awards and Fellowships

PREDOCTORAL FELLOWSHIPS FOR MINORITY STUDENTS (listed by fellow and

graduate institution)

Kimberly Barnett University of Maryland, Baltimore County

Katherine M. Butler University of Wisconsin,

Darian Cash

Madison

University of California, Los Angeles

Shawn M. Castro University of Texas Medical

Branch at Galveston

Adrienne M. Cottrell University of Georgia, Athens

Celso A. Espinoza University of Colorado at Boulder

Gerardo E. Fernandez University of California Los Angeles

Cerrone R. Foster

Fast Tennessee State University, Johnson City

Nestor E. Franco University of California, Los Angeles

Melva T. James

Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge

Andres A. Larrea University of Miami School

of Medicine, FL

Kimberly R. Marshall-Batty Georgetown University,

Washington, DC Zulimar Nevarez

University of California, Irvine

Lake N. Paul Purdue University. West Lafayette, IN

Javier G. Read De Alaniz Colorado State University, Fort Collins

Alicia M. Richarte

University of Texas Southwestern Medical Center at Dallas

Jacqueline F. Rivera University of Southern California, Los Angeles

Brenda Salerno Johns Hopkins University,

Baltimore, MD

Odeniel Sertil Albany Medical College, NY

Lavinia Sheets Oregon Health & Science

University, Portland Leonard S. Smith

Rockefeller University. New York, NY

BRIDGES TO THE FUTURE AWARDS

(listed by institution and principal investigator)

Bridges to the **Baccalaureate**

Daytona Beach Community College, FL Ram Navar

Fort Valley State University, GA Clinton Dixon

Harry S Truman College, Chicago, IL Joseph L. Kyle

Monroe Community College, Rochester, NY Paul Wakem

San Juan College Farmington, NM Eric T. Miller

University of Connecticut Health Center, Farmington Marja M. Hurley

Bridges to the Doctorate

University of Illinois at Chicago Nurtan A. Esmen

University of Texas at Arlington Mary L. Bond

University of Texas Medical Branch Galveston Cary W. Cooper

MBRS RISE AWARDS

(listed by institution and

principal investigator)

Morehouse College,

University of Texas at

Brownsville and Texas

Universidad del Este,

Carolina, Puerto Rico

University of Maryland,

Southmost College

Eldon L. Nelson

Lilliam Lizardi

Eastern Shore,

Princess Anne

at FI Paso

Huntsville Purushottam G. Kale

Joseph M. Okoh

University of Texas

Renato J. Aguilera

MBRS SCORE AWARD

principal investigator)

(listed by institution and

Alabama A&M University.

Atlanta, GA

Jann H. Adams

MBRS IMSD AWARDS (listed by institution and principal investigator

Louisiana State University **Grambling State** and A&M College, University, LA Baton Rouge Felix I. Ifeanvi Robert M. Strongin

Oklahoma State University, Stillwater Robert V. Miller

University of North Texas Health Science Center at Fort Worth Thomas Yorio

MARC U*STAR AWARDS (listed by institution and principal investigator)

California State University, **Bakersfield** Carl R. Kemnitz

Queens College, City University of New York, Flushing Zahra Zakeri

St. Augustine's College, Mark A. Melton

MARC ANCILLARY TRAINING ACTIVITIES AWARDS (listed by institution and

principal investigator) Brown University

Providence, RI Valerie P. Wilson

National Coalition of Ethnic Minority Nurse Associations, Culver City, CA Betty L. Williams

INSTITUTIONAL RESEARCH AND ACADEMIC CAREER **DEVELOPMENT AWARDS** (listed by institution and principal investigator)

University of Pittsburgh, PA Vanathi Gopalakrishnan

University of Texas Southwestern Medical Center at Dallas Marc Turcotte

Washington University, St. Louis, MO Robert Culverhouse

Yale University, New Haven, CT Rachel E. Mahaffy

ACRONYMS USED IN THIS ISSUE

BESA	Border Epidemiologic Study of Aging
F&A	Facilities and Administration
MARC	Minority Access to Research Careers
MBRS	Minority Biomedical ResearchSupport
MIDAS	Models of Infectious Disease Agent Study
MORE	Minority Opportunities in Research
NIGMS	National Institute of General Medical Sciences
NIH	National Institutes of Health
SACNAS	Society for Advancement of Chicanos and
	Native Americans in Science
SCORE	Support of Continuous Research Excellence
UCLA	University of California, Los Angeles



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FALL 2004

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