

**LEGISLATIVE SCORECARD**  
**109<sup>th</sup> Congress**

**National Cancer Institute**

**Prepared by NCI Office of Policy Analysis and Response**

<b>BILL NUMBER/TITLE</b>	<b>SPONSOR</b>	<b>OVERVIEW</b>	<b>STATUS</b>
<b>APPROPRIATIONS FY 2007</b>			
<b>H J RES 100</b>	Rep. Jerry Lewis (R-CA)	The second Continuing Resolution (CR) making further continuing appropriations for FY 2007 through Dec. 8, 2006. Funding rate for NIH would have remained at current FY 2006 level.	Resolution passed House and Senate on Nov. 15, and was signed into law (P.L. 109-369) by the President on Nov. 17
<b>H CON RES 376/S CON RES 83</b> FY 2007 Congressional Budget Resolution	SCR 83 was introduced by Sen. Judd Gregg (R-NH) Rep. Jim Nussle (R-IA) introduced HCR 376	Sets forth the congressional budget for the federal government for FY 2007, including appropriate budgetary levels for FY 2006 and FY 2008-FY 2011. SCR 83 includes specific language about NIH that assumes an “increase of \$1b over President’s request for a total budget of \$29.6b, allowing NIH to keep pace with biomedical inflation”	SCR passed Senate on March 16, 2006. HCR passed the House on May 18, 2006

<p><b>H.R. 5631 FY 2007</b> Department of Defense Appropriations</p>	<p>Rep. C.W. Bill Young (R-FL)</p>	<p>Conference report for the FY 2007 Dept. of Defense Appropriations Act, including the first stopgap funding resolution for FY 2007</p>	<p>Passed the House on Sept. 26, 2006, and the Senate on Sept. 29, 2006. President signed the bill on Sept. 29, 2006.</p>
<p><b>H.R. 5647/S. 3708</b> FY 2007 Labor Health and Human Services and Education Appropriations</p>	<p>Rep. Ralph Regula (R-OH) and Sen. Arlen Specter (R-PA)</p>	<p>NCI would receive \$4,753,609,000 under the House bill and \$4,799,063 under the Senate version.</p>	<p>In the House, the bill was referred to the Committee on Appropriations and in the Senate it was referred to the Committee on Appropriations. In the House it was referred to the committees on Veteran's Affairs and the Judiciary. In the Senate it was referred to the Committee on Appropriations. Approved through appropriation provided through continuing resolution.</p>
<p><b>Appropriations FY 2006</b></p>			
<p><b>H CON RES 95/S CON RES 18</b> Fiscal 2006 Congressional Budget Resolution</p>	<p>Rep. John Nussle (R-IA) and Sen. Judd Gregg (R-NH)</p>	<p>For the House, a CR that allowed members to develop procedural tools to enforce the budget. In the</p>	<p>On April 28, the 2006b budget resolution was adopted by Congress – cutting entitlement</p>

		Senate, markup on the spending blueprint that called for \$843b in discretionary spending occurred. Conference agreement called for House and Senate authorizing committees to make \$34.7b in mandatory spending cuts over fiscal year 2006-10	programs for the first time since 1997 and expediting \$70b in tax cuts.
<b>H J RES 68 – PL 109-77</b> Fiscal Year 2006 Appropriations	Rep. Jerry Lewis (R-CA)	Makes continuing appropriations for FY 2006	Introduced Sept. 27, 2005 and signed into law on Sept. 30, 2005
<b>H J RES 72 – PL 109-105</b>	Rep. Jerry Lewis (R-CA)	Further continuing appropriations for FY 2006 and for other purposes	Introduced Nov. 17 2005 and signed into law on Sept. 30, 2005
<b>H.R. 3010 – PL 109-149</b> Labor Health and Human Services and Education Appropriations	Rep. Ralph Regula (R-OH)	Makes appropriations for the Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services for fiscal year ending Sept. 30, 2006. NCI level provided by the House Committee on Appropriations is \$4,841,774,000; \$16,515,000 above fiscal year 2005 level, and the same as the President's budget increase. House passed Labor, Health, and Human Services, and	On Dec. 21, 2005, Conference Report 109-337 passes the Senate with unanimous consent. The bill was presented to the President on Dec. 28, 2005, and signed on Dec. 30, 2005.

		Education bill on June 24, 2005. In the Senate, the Appropriations Committee provided \$4,960,828,000 for NCI. Senate's version passed on Nov. 3, 2005. Conference Report (109-300) designated \$4,841,774,000 for NCI but was rejected by the House. The House adopted conference report 109-337 adding funding for rural health.	
<b>AUTHORIZATIONS</b>			
<b>H.R. 312/S. 37 – P.L. 109-100</b> 2 Year Extension of Postage Stamp for Breast Cancer Research	Rep. Joe Baca (D-CA) in the House and Sens. Dianne Feinstein (D-CA) and Kay Bailey Hutchinson (R-TX)	Reauthorize stamp until the end of 2007. Stamp costs \$.45 and is deemed as a \$.37 stamp. The additional 8% is directed toward research programs at NIH (70%) and Department of Defense (30%).	Passed the Senate on Sept. 27, 2005. Passed the House by unanimous consent on Oct. 27, 2005. Presented to and signed by President on Nov. 11, 2005.
<b>H.R. 2945</b> Prostate Cancer Research and Prevention Act	Introduced by Rep. Frank Lobiondo (R-NJ)	Bill would renew NCI's prostate cancer research authorization of appropriations section for such sums as necessary through FY 2010.	Bill was referred to the House Committee on Energy and Commerce on June 16, 2005. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.

<p><b>H.R. 5472/S. 1687</b> National Breast and Cervical Cancer Early Detection Program Reauthorization Act</p>	<p>HR 5472 introduced by Rep. Myrick (R-NC); S. 1687 introduced by Sen. Barbara Mikulski (D-MD)</p>	<p>Amends the Public Health Service Act to allow the Secretary of Health and Human Services to waive, for two-year periods, requirements of awarding breast and cervical cancer grants to states if certain conditions are met, including that granting such a waiver will not reduce the number of women in the state receiving examinations and screenings for breast or cervical cancer or the quality of such services.</p>	<p>HR 5472 was reported out of the House Committee on Energy and Commerce and H.Rept. 109-705 was filed. S. 1687 was referred to the Senate Committee on Health, Education, Labor and Pensions. When the 109<sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.</p>
<p><b>H.R. 6164 – P.L. 109-482</b> The National Institutes of Health Reform Act of 2006</p>	<p>Introduced by Rep. Joe Barton (R-TX).</p>	<p>Introduced on Sept. 25, 2006 and passed the next day (414-2). Bill revises Title IV of the PHS Act and creates the Division of Program Coordination, Planning, and Strategic Initiatives, to be supported by the Common Fund. The bill authorizes NIH \$29,747,874,000 for FY 2007; \$31,235,628,000 for FY 2008; and \$32,797,032,000 for FY</p>	<p>Received in Senate and referred to Committee on Health, Education, Labor and Pensions. Passed the Senate on Dec. 8, 2006, with unanimous consent. Presented to the President on Jan. 3, 2007. Signed by President and became Public Law 109-482 on Jan. 15, 2007.</p>

		2009. The bill calls for the establishment of a Scientific Management Review Board to review the structure of NIH every seven years. It also authorizes the NIH Director to award grants for demonstration projects for research bridging the biological sciences with the physical, chemical, mathematical, and computational sciences; and authorizes the establishment of demonstration programs that award grants, contracts, or engage in other transactions for high-impact, cutting-edge research demonstration programs.	
<b>ACCESS TO CARE</b>			
<b>H.R. 56</b> Health Empowerment Zone Act of 2005	Introduced by Rep. Donna M. Christensen (D-VI)	Directs the Secretary of Health and Human Services to establish health empowerment zone programs in communities that disproportionately experience disparities in health status and health	Introduced on Jan. 4, 2005, and referred to the House Committee on Energy and Commerce, then referred to the Subcommittee on Health on Feb. 4, 2005.

		care.	When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 1426</b> Consumer Assurance of Radiologic Excellence Act	Rep. Charles W. Pickering (R-MS)	Introduced on March 17, 2005, this bill would amend the title XIX of the Social Security Act to provide public access to quality medical imaging procedures and radiation therapy procedures.	Referred to the House Committee on Energy and Commerce, March 17, 2005, and subsequently referred to the Subcommittee on Health. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 1812/S. 898 – P.L. 109-18</b> Patient Navigator Outreach and Chronic Disease Prevention Act of 2005	Introduced on April 25, 2005, by Rep. Robert Menendez (D-NJ); introduced in the Senate on April 25, 2005, by Sen. Kay Bailey Hutchinson (R-TX)	The bill amends the Public Health Service Act to authorize a demonstration grant program to provide patient navigator services to reduce barriers and improve health care outcomes. Authorize \$25 million over five years for grants to help patients navigate the health system. Authorization includes \$2 million for fy 2006; \$5 million for fy 2007; \$8 million for fy 2008; \$6.5 million for fy 2009; and \$3.5 million for	Passed the House with a 2/3 majority on June 13, 2005. In the Senate, the bill was referred to the Senate Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions upon introduction. The Committee Report (S. Rept. 109-73) was filed on May 25, 2005. HR 1812 passed Senate on June 22, 2005, and sent to the President on June 4, 2005. Signed by President and became

		fy 2010. Grants would support programs that help patients understand insurance policies, treatment options and the overall health care system, alert patients to government aid for which they might qualify, help them apply for financial assistance, and make patients aware of clinical trials for which they may be eligible. Grants are prohibited from covering fees resulting from legal disputes.	PL 109-18 on June 30, 2005.
<b>H.R. 3561/S. 1580</b> Healthcare Equality and Accountability Act	Introduced in the Senate by Daniel Akaka (D-HI) and in the House by Rep. Mike Honda (D-CA)	Improve the health of minority individuals.	Introduced in the Senate on July 29, 2005, and referred to Senate Finance Committee. Introduced in the House on July 28, 2005, and referred to the House Committee on Ways and Means, the House Committee on Resources, and the House Committee on the Judiciary. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned,



			this measure died.
<b>H.R. 4098/S. 2340</b> Community Cancer Care and Preservation Act of 2006	H.R. 4098 – Rep. Jim Ramstad (R-MN); S. 2340 – Arlen Specter (R-PA)	Amends title XVIII (Medicare) of the Social Security Act to subject to quarterly reconciliation any payments to physicians for drugs or biologicals made according to average sales price payment methodology in order to assure that they do not exceed or fall short of the actual average sales price during any preceding period. Requires the Secretary of Health and Human Services to review all such payments in the preceding quarter and compare them to the verified average sales price reported by the manufacturer for such quarter. Removes prompt pay discounts from the calculation of the manufacturer's average sales price. Requires the Secretary to make an additional 2% drug administration services	Referred to the House Energy and Commerce Committee and subsequently to the Subcommittee on Health. Also referred to the House Ways and Means Committee. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.

		<p>payment to physicians for overhead and related costs. Directs the Secretary to develop indicators for the evaluation of the quality of oncology services provided in the physician office setting. Requires the Director of the National Cancer Institute to develop a strategic plan to increase the number cancer patients who enroll in clinical trials.</p>	
<p><b>H.R. 4927/S. 2375/S. 2393</b> Conquer Childhood Cancer Act of 2006</p>	<p>Introduced in the House by Rep. Deborah Pryce (R-OH) and in the Senate by Sen. Norm Coleman (R-MN) – both on March 9, 2006.</p>	<p>S. 2375 and S. 2393 are the same bill. The bill amends the Public Health Service Act to require the Director of the NIH, acting through NCI, to establish programs of research excellence in the area of pediatric cancers. Requires the Secretary of Health and Human Services to develop a grant mechanism for the establishment of Research Fellowships in Pediatric Cancer; award a grant for the operation of a population-based national childhood cancer database;</p>	<p>On March 9, 2006, in the Senate, the bill was referred to the Committee on Health , Education, Labor, and Pensions. In the House it was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce and then referred to the Subcommittee on Health. When the 109<sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.</p>

		and requires the Secretary to award grants to recognized childhood cancer professionals and advocacy organizations.	
<b>ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE</b>			
<b>H.R. 428/S. 585</b> Rocky Flats Special Exposure Cohort Act	House – Rep. Mark Udall (D-CO) Senate – Ken Salazar (D-CO)	Introduced in the House on Jan. 26, 2005, and in the Senate on March 9, 2005. It would provide better compensation for certain persons injured in the course of employment at the Rocky Flats Site in Colorado.	In the House, the bill was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary and the Committee on Education and the Workforce. In the Senate the bill was referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 987</b> Annie Fox Act	Rep. Lynn Woolsey (D-CA)	Would provide funding for programs at the National Institute of Environmental Health Services regarding breast cancer in younger women.	Introduced on Feb. 17, 2005, and referred to the House Energy and Commerce Committee. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 1194</b>	Rep. Jim Matheson (D-UT)	Protect the public health	Introduced on March 9,

<p>Safety for Americans from Nuclear Weapons Testing Act</p>		<p>and safety, should testing of nuclear weapons by the United States be resumed.</p>	<p>2005, and referred to the House Committees on Resources, Energy, and Commerce, and Armed Services. When the 109<sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.</p>
<p><b>H.R. 1360/S. 3274</b> Fairness in Asbestos Injury Resolution Act of 2006 or the FAIR Act of 2006</p>	<p>House – Rep. Mark Steven Kirk (R-IL) Senate – Sen. Arlen Specter (R-PA)</p>	<p>Establishes the Office of Asbestos Disease Compensation to be headed by an administrator who is responsible for processing claims for asbestos-related illnesses and paying compensation to eligible claimants.</p>	<p>HR 1360 was introduced in the House on March 17, 2005, and referred to the House Subcommittee on Capital Markets, Insurance, and Government Enterprise on May 19, 2005. S. 3274 was introduced in the Senate on May 26, 2006, and referred to the Committee on Judiciary where hearings were held on June 7, 2006. When the 109<sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.</p>
<p><b>H.R. 2231/S. 757</b> Breast Cancer and Environmental Research</p>	<p>House – Rep. Nita Lowey (D-NY)</p>	<p>Amend the Public Health Service Act to authorize the</p>	<p>H.R. 2231 was introduced on May 10,</p>

Act of 2005	Senate – Sen. Lincoln Chafee (R-RI)	Director of the National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences to make grants for the development and operation of research centers regarding environmental factors that may be related to the etiology of breast cancer.	2005, and referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce. It was referred to the Subcommittee on Health, May 23, 2005. S. 757 was introduced on April 11, 2005, and referred to the Senate HELP Committee on July 24, 2006, and placed on the Senate Legislative Calendar. Introductory remarks made Sept. 29, 2006. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 2910</b> Including Guam in Affected Areas for Testing	Rep. Madeleine Bordallo (D-GU)	Amend the Radiation Exposure Compensation Act to include the Territory of Guam in the list of affected areas with respect to which claims relating to atmospheric nuclear testing should be allowed.	Introduced on June 15, 2005, and referred to the House Committee on the Judiciary. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 3209</b> For Those Exposed to Agent Orange	Rep. Joe Bradley (R-NH)	Amend title 38, United States Code, to add nasopharyngeal cancer to the statutorily prescribed	Introduced on July 12, 2005, and referred to the House Committee on Veteran’s Affairs on

		presumptive diseases associated with exposure to Agent Orange during military service in Vietnam	July 12, 2005, and to the Subcommittee on Disability Assistance and Memorial Affairs, July 20, 2005. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 3481</b> Occupational Illness for Energy Employees	Rep. Thomas Reynolds (R-NY)	Amends the Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act of 2000 to include certain former nuclear weapons program workers in the Special Exposure Cohort under the energy employees occupational illness compensation program.	Introduced on July 27, 2005, and referred to House committees on the Judiciary, and Education and the Workforce. On Oct. 12, 2005, referred to Subcommittee on Workforce Protection. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 5021/S. 2439</b> Nevada Test Site Veterans' Compensation Act of 2006	House - Rep. Shelley Berkley (D-NV) Senate – Sen. Harry Reid (D-NV)	Amends the Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act of 2000 to set forth criteria for the inclusion of certain nuclear weapons program workers in the special exposure cohort under the energy	House – Introduced March 28, 2006 and referred to House Committee on the Judiciary. Senate – Introduced March 16, 2006, and referred to the Senate HELP Committee.

		employees' occupational illness compensation program.	When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H. RES. 703</b> Chernobyl Nuclear Disaster	Rep. Elton Gallegly (R-CA)	Recognizes the 20 <sup>th</sup> anniversary of the Chernobyl nuclear disaster; calls upon national and international health organizations to focus research on the public health consequences of the Chernobyl disaster; and supports U.S. continued assistance to the Chernobyl Shelter Fund, the Shelter Implementation Plan, construction of a facility to store spent nuclear fuel, and other efforts to mitigate the consequences of the Chernobyl nuclear disaster.	Introduced on March 1, 2006, and passed the House by 2/3 majority on April 4, 2006. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>S. 852</b> Fairness in Asbestos Injury Resolution Act of 2005	Sen. Arlen Specter (R-PA)	Establishes a trust fund to compensate victims of asbestos exposure. Includes a provision requiring NIH to enter into a contract with the IOM to conduct a study on the causal link between asbestos exposure and other cancers.	Introduced on April 19, 2005. Referred to Senate Committee on the Judiciary and reported without written report on June 16, 2005. On June 30, 2005, the bill was reported from the full Senate

			<p>Committee on the Judiciary (S. Rept. 109-97). During a floor debate in the Senate, a motion to waive a point of order brought against the bill fails and the bill is re-referred to the Senate Committee on the Judiciary on Feb. 14, 2006.</p> <p>When the 109<sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.</p>
<p><b>S. 977</b> Montana Cemetery Act of 2005</p>	<p>Sen. Conrad Burns (R-MT)</p>	<p>This bill would include claims for injuries and death due to exposure during certain time periods from fallout emitted during the Government's above-ground nuclear tests in Nevada that exposed individuals who lived in the downwind affected area in Montana.</p>	<p>Introduced on May 9, 2005, and referred to Senate HELP Committee.</p> <p>When the 109<sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.</p>
<p><b>S. 998</b> A bill to include the State of Idaho as an affected area under the Radiation Exposure Compensation Act (42 U.S.C. 2210)</p>	<p>Sen. Mike Crapo (R-ID)</p>	<p>Would include the State of Idaho as an affected area under the Radiation Exposure Compensation Act (42 U.S.C. 2210)</p>	<p>Introduced on May 11, 2005, and referred to the Senate Committee on the Judiciary on May 11, 2005.</p>



			When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>S. 1199</b> Prompt Disability Payment to Mesothelioma Victims Act of 2005	Sen. Conrad Burns (R-MT)	Amends title II of the Social Security Act to shorten the waiting period for social security disability benefits for individuals with mesothelioma.	Introduced on June 8, 2005, and referred to the Senate Committee on Finance. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>S. 1221</b> Federal Firefighters Fairness Act of 2005	Sen. Mark Dayton (R-MN)	Would amend chapter 81 of title 5, United States Code, to create a presumption that a disability or death of a Federal employee in fire protection activities caused by any of certain diseases is the result of the performance of such employee's duty.	Introduced on June 9, 2005, and referred to the Senate Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>S. 1506</b> Amendment of the Special Exposure Cohort under the Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program of 2000	Sen. Hillary Rodham Clinton (D-NY)	Amends the Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act of 2000 to include certain former nuclear weapons program workers in the Special Exposure Cohort under the energy employees	Introduced on July 27, 2005, and referred to the Senate HELP committee. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.

		occupational illness compensation program.	
<b>S. Res 402</b> National Asbestos Awareness Day	Sen. Harry Reid (D-NV)	Designates April 1, 2006, as “National Asbestos Awareness Day.”	Introduced and passed by unanimous consent on March 16, 2006.
<b>FEDERAL GOVERNMENT</b>			
<b>H.R. 6 – P.L. 109-58</b> Energy Policy Act of 2005	Rep. Joe Barton (R-TX)	The conference report on the bill (109-190) authorizes funding increases for the Department of Energy’s Office of Science totaling approximately \$14 billion over three years. The head of the Office of Science is designated as an Under Secretary within the department and is a presidential appointment to be confirmed by the Senate. The report directs the DoE secretary to invest in nuclear sciences research and related fields including health physics, nuclear engineering, and radiochemistry. The Secretary is also directed to conduct a study of direct and significant health impacts to persons resulting	Became P.L. 109-58 on Aug. 8, 2005.

		from living in proximity to petrochemical and oil refinery facilities.	
<b>H.R. 839</b> Restoring Scientific Integrity to Federal Research and Policymaking Act	Rep. Henry A. Waxman (D-CA)	Protects scientific integrity in Federal Research and Policymaking.	Introduced on February 16, 2005, and referred to the House Committee on Science and the House Committee on Government Reform and House Committee on Science. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 867/ S. 394</b> Openness Promotes Effectiveness in our National Government Act of 2005 or the OPEN Government Act of 2005	House – Rep. Lamar Smith (R-TX) Senate – John Cornyn (R-TX)	Promotes accessibility, accountability, and openness in government by strengthening section 55s of Title 5, United States Code, commonly referred to as the Freedom of Information Act.	House – Introduced Feb. 16, 2005, and referred to the House Committee on Government Reform. The Subcommittee on Government Management, Finance, and Accountability held its markup of H.R. 867 on Sept. 27, 2006, and sent the amended bill to the full Committee. Senate – Introduced on Feb. 16, 2005, and referred to the

			<p>Subcommittee on Terrorism, Technology, and Homeland Security which held a hearing on March 15, 2005. The Judiciary committee held its markup on Sept. 21, 2006, and reported the bill to the full Senate that same day. When the 109<sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.</p>
<p><b>H.R. 1283/S. 1018</b> Federal Transit Benefit Act</p>	<p>House – Rep. James Moran (R-VA) Senate – Paul Sarbanes (D-MD)</p>	<p>Would provide transit pass transportation fringe benefits to all qualified Federal employees in the National Capitol Region</p>	<p>House – Introduced on March 14, 2005, and referred to House Committee on Government Reform, Subcommittee on Federal Workforce and Agency Organization. On June 16, 2005, the full Committee on Government Reform reported the bill to the House with an amendment that would exclude the U.S. Postal Service from the requirement to provide</p>

			<p>tax-free transportation benefits to its employees.</p> <p>Senate – Introduced on May 12, 2005, and referred to the Senate Committee on Homeland Security and Government Affairs.</p> <p>When the 109<sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.</p>
<p><b>H.R. 3078</b> Cancer and Terminal Illness Patient Health Care Act</p>	Rep. Ron Paul (R-TX)	<p>Would amend the Internal Revenue Code to waive the employee portion of the Social Security tax for any period in which a taxpayer has been certified by a physician as having cancer or a terminal illness or is the primary caregiver for a spouse, parent, or child with cancer or a terminal disease.</p>	<p>Introduced on June 27, 2005, and referred to the House Committee on Ways and Means.</p> <p>When the 109<sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.</p>
<p><b>H.R. 3276</b> Government Reorganization and Improvement Performance Act</p>	Rep. Jon Porter (R-NV)	<p>Authorizes the President to:</p> <p>(1) propose establishment in the executive branch of one or more Results Commissions to improve the overall effectiveness,</p>	<p>Introduced on July 14, 2005, and referred to the House Committee on Government Reform and the House Rules Committee. On Sept.</p>

		efficiency, or accountability of executive branch operations through reorganization; and (2) transmit such proposal to Congress for expedited consideration.	27, 2005, was referred to the Subcommittee on Federal Workforce and Agency Organization. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 3277</b> Federal Agency Performance Review and Sunset Act	Rep. Kevin Brady (R-TX)	Authorizes the President to submit to Congress a schedule for reviewing the performance of, and need for, executive branch agencies and programs at least once every 10 years.	Introduced on July 14, 2005, and referred to the House Committee on Government Reform where hearings were held on Sept. 27, 2005. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 5060</b> Amendment to the Federal Financial Assistance Management Act of 1999	Reps. Roy Blunt (R-MO) and Tom Davis (R-VA)	Instructs the Director of OMB to work with the Administrator of General Services and other agencies to make available data regarding federal financial assistance in accordance with the Federal Financial Assistance and Management Act of 1999 and the E-Government Act of 2002.	Introduced on March 30, 2006, and referred to the House Committee on Government Reform. Passed the House on June 21, 2006, by a 2/3 majority vote and was received in the Senate where it was referred to the Senate Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs.

			When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>S. 589</b> Faster FOIA Act of 2005	Sen. John Cornyn (R-TX)	Would establish an advisory commission, made up of government and non-governmental representatives to study ways to help reduce delays in processing FOIA requests.	Introduced on March 10, 2005, and reported by the Senate Committee on the Judiciary on March 17, 2005. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>S. 2590</b> Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act	Sen. Tom Coburn (R-OK)	Would require OMB to create a publicly-available website that includes information on all Federal grants and contracts over \$25,000 awarded to public and private organizations.	Introduced on April 6, 2006. A legislative report (S. Rept 109-329) was issued by the Senate Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs on Sept. 8, 2006, after the Senate passed by the bill by unanimous consent on Sept. 7, 2006. The House passed the measure by voice vote on Sept. 14, 2006. It became P.L. 109-282 on Sept. 26, 2006, upon the President's

			signature.
<b>S. 2695</b> Public Access to Federally Funded Research Results	Sen. John Cornyn (R-TX)	Would require every Federal agency with an annual extramural research budget of \$100 million or more to implement a public access policy that is consistent with and advances the purpose of the Federal agency.	Introduced on May 2, 2006, and referred to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>S. 2718</b> Website for American Taxpayers to Check and Help Deter Out-of-control Government Spending Act or “Watchdogs Act”	Sen. John Ensign (R-NV)	Would require full disclosure by entities receiving Federal funds that account for greater than ten percent of their budget.	Introduced on May 4, 2006, and referred to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>HEALTH/PATIENT INFORMATION</b>			
<b>H.R. 747</b> National Health Information Incentive Act of 2005	Rep. Charlie Gonzalez (D-TX)	Would amend the title XI of the Social Security Act to achieve a national health information infrastructure, and to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to establish a refundable credit for expenditures of health care providers implementing such infrastructure.	Introduced on Feb. 10, 2005 and referred to the House Committees on Ways and Means and Energy and Commerce. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.



<p><b>H.R. 944/S. 258</b> Training and Research in Urology Act of 2005</p>	<p>House - Rep. James Leach (R-IA) Senate – Mike DeWine (R-OH)</p>	<p>Amends the Public Health Service Act to enhance research, training, and health information dissemination with respect to urologic diseases</p>	<p>House bill referred to the House Committee on Energy and Commerce. Senate bill referred to the Senate HELP Committee. When the 109<sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.</p>
<p><b>H.R. 1227/S. 306</b> Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2005</p>	<p>House – Rep. Judy Biggert (R-IL) Senate – Sen. Olympia Snowe (R-ME)</p>	<p>Prohibits discrimination on the basis of genetic information with respect to health insurance and employment.</p>	<p>House – Introduced on March 10, 2005, and referred to the House Committees on Ways and Means; Energy and Commerce; and Education and the Workforce. Reported favorably by the Energy and Commerce Committee on July 27, 2005. Senate – Introduced on Feb. 7, 2005, and referred to the Senate HELP Committee. Passed the Senate on February 17, 2005, and sent to House. When the 109<sup>th</sup></p>

			Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 3205</b> Patient Safety and Quality Improvement Act	Rep. Michael Billrakis (R-FL)	Legislation that encourages health care providers to report medical errors by ensuring the data could not be used against them in liability cases.	Introduced on July 12, 2005, and referred to the House Committee on Energy and Commerce that reported the bill on July 27, 2005. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 3607</b> Computerized Medical Records	Rep. John Sweeney (R-NY)	Would improve the quality of health care through the implementation of computerized provider order entry systems in hospitals and skilled nursing facilities that will result in a reduction in the rate of medication errors and in redundancies and will create more efficiency.	Introduced on July 18, 2005, and referred to the House Committee on Energy and Commerce. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 4157</b> Health Information Technology Promotion Act of 2005	Rep. Nancy Johnson (R-CT)	Establishes within the Department of Health and Human Services an Office of the National Coordinator for Health Information Technology.	Introduced on Oct. 27, 2005, and referred to the House Committee on Ways and Means, and the House Energy and Commerce

			Committee. The House passed the bill on July 27, 2006, and sent to the Senate. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 4726</b> Wired for Health Care Quality Act	Rep. Darrell Issa (R-CA)	Amends the Public Health Service Act to establish the Office of the National Coordinator of Health Information Technology to develop a nationwide interoperable health information technology infrastructure.	Introduced on Feb. 8, 2006, and referred to the Senate Committee on Energy and Commerce where it was referred to the Subcommittee on Health on Feb. 19, 2006. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 5559</b> Independent Health Record Bank of 2006	Rep. Paul Ryan (R-WI)	This bill would improve the exchange of health information by encouraging the creation, use, and maintenance of lifetime electronic health records in independent health record banks.	Introduced on June 8, 2006, and referred to the House Committee on Ways and Means. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>S. 4</b> Health America Act of 2005	Sen. Bill Frist (R-TN)	A bill to reduce healthcare costs, expand access to	Introduced on July 27, 2005, and referred to

		affordable healthcare coverage, and improve healthcare and strengthen the healthcare safety net.	the Senate Committee on Finance. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>S. 347</b> Advance Directives Improvement and Education Act of 2005	Sen. Bill Nelson (D-FL)	Amends title XVIII (Medicare) of the Social Security Act, as amended by the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, to provide for Medicare coverage of end-of-life planning consultations. Amends the Public Health Service Act to provide for grant programs to increase awareness of advance directive planning issues.	Introduced on Feb. 10, 2005, and referred to the Senate Committee on Finance. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>S. 470</b> Fair Access to Clinical Trials Act of 2005 (FACT ACT)	Sen. Christopher Dodd (D-CT)	Create a publicly available national databank of clinical trial information, including a registry and results database.	Introduced on Feb. 18, 2005, and referred to the Senate HELP Committee. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>S. 544 – P.L. 109-41</b> The Patient Safety and Quality Improvement	Sen. James Jeffords (I-VT)	Establishes procedures for voluntary confidential	Introduced March 9, 2005, and referred to

Act of 2005		reporting of medical errors to independent patient safety organizations, which would submit the information to a national database for recommendations on reducing medical errors. Requires studies be conducted by the HHS Secretary and GAO.	the Senate HELP Committee. It was signed by the President on July 29, 2005, and became P.L. 109-41.
<b>S. 1223</b> Information Technology for Health Care Quality Act	Sen. Christopher Dodd (D-CT)	Amends the Public Health Service Act to improve the quality and efficiency of health care delivery through improvements in health care information technology.	Introduced on June 9, 2005, and referred to the Senate HELP Committee. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>S. 1227</b> Health Information Technology Act of 2005	Sen. Debbie Stabenow (D-MI)	Would improve quality in health care by establishing a 5-year, \$4 billion competitive grant program for hospitals, physicians, skilled nursing facilities, community health centers and community mental health centers to offset investments in new technologies and information services.	Introduced on June 13, 2005, and referred to the Senate Committee on Finance. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.

<p><b>S. 1262</b> Health Technology to Enhance Quality Act of 2005 or the Health TEQ Act of 2005</p>	<p>Sen. Bill Frist (R-TN)</p>	<p>Would codify the Office of National Coordinator for Information Technology; set up a collaborative process for identifying and adopting content, communication, and security standards for interoperability; establish mandatory standards across federal government programs and voluntary private sector.</p>	<p>Introduced on June 16, 2005, and referred to the Senate HELP Committee. When the 109<sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.</p>
<p><b>S. 1355</b> Better Healthcare through Information Technology Act</p>	<p>Sen. Michael Enzi (R-WY)</p>	<p>Enhances the adoption of health information technology and improve the quality and reduce the costs of healthcare in the United States.</p>	<p>Introduced on June 30, 2005, and referred to the Senate HELP Committee. Incorporated into S. 1418 on July 20, 2005. When the 109<sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.</p>
<p><b>S. 1418</b> Wired for Health Care Quality Act</p>	<p>Sen. Michael Enzi (R-WY)</p>	<p>This bill aims to increase the use of technology for health information while assuring patient privacy.</p>	<p>Introduced on July 18, 2005, and referred to the Senate HELP Committee. Passed the Senate unanimously on July 27, 2005. When the 109<sup>th</sup></p>

			Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>S. 3454</b> Independent Health Record Bank of 2006	Sen. Sam Brownback (R-KS)	Would amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to improve the exchange of healthcare information through the use of technology, to encourage the creation, use and maintenance of lifetime electronic health records that may contain health plan and debit card functionality in independent health record banks, to use such records to build a nationwide health information technology infrastructure, and to promote participation in health information exchange by consumers through tax incentives	Introduced on June 6, 2006, and referred to the Senate Committee on Finance. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>S.Res. 506</b> National Health I.T. Week	Sen. Debbie Stabenow (D-MI)	A resolution to recognize June 5 June 8 as “National Health I.T. Week.”	Introduced and passed by the full Senate on June 8, 2006. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.

<b>HOSPITALS AND MEDICAL FACILITIES</b>			
<b>H.R. 2065/S. 36</b> United States Military Cancer Institute Act of 2005	House – Rep. Bill Young (R-FL) Senate – Sen. Daniel Inouye (D-HI)	Would formally establish the United States Military Cancer Institute and require the institute to promote the health of members of the Armed Forces and their dependents by enhancing cancer research and treatment.	House – Introduced on May 3, 2005, and referred to the House Committee on Armed Services Senate – Introduced on Jan. 24, 2005, and referred to the Committee on Armed Services. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 2124</b> Clinical Research Act of 2005	Rep. David Weldon (R-FL)	Would amend the Public Health Service Act to provide for clinical research support grants, clinical research infrastructure grants, and a demonstration program on partnerships in clinical research.	Introduced on May 5, 2005. Referred to the House Committee on Energy and Commerce. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 2308</b> Clinical Research Act of 2005	Rep. David Weldon (R-FL)	Identical to HR 2124, except this one is sponsored by Rep. Mike Doyle (D-PA)	Introduced on May 11, 2005, and referred to the House Committee on Energy and Commerce. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure



			died.
<b>S. 1543</b> Clinical Research Act of 2005	Sen. Rick Santorum (R-PA)	Requires the Director of NIH to award clinical investigator advancement grants to eligible academic health centers meeting certain criteria	Introduced on July 18, 2005, and referred to the Senate HELP Committee. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>INSURANCE COVERAGE FOR CANCER TREATMENT</b>			
<b>H.R. 437</b> Women's Health Coverage and Cancer Rights Conforming Amendments of 2005	Rep. Sue Kelly (R-NY)	Would amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 by inserting language that would require group health plans, that provide medical and surgical benefits with respect to a mastectomy, to provide coverage for breast reconstruction and physical complications of mastectomy, including lymphedemas	Introduced on Feb. 1, 2005, and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 1849/S. 910</b> Breast Cancer Patient Protection Act of 2005	House – Rep. Sue Kelly (R-NY) Senate – Olympia Snowe (R-ME)	Requires that health plans provide coverage for a minimum hospital stay for mastectomies, lumpectomies, and lymph node dissection for the treatment of breast cancer	House – Introduced on April 26, 2005, and referred to the House Committee on Education and Workforce, House Committee on Energy

		and coverage for secondary consultations.	and Commerce, and House Committee on Ways and Means. Senate – Introduced also on April 26, 2005, and referred to the Senate HELP Committee. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 2761</b> Screening Mammography Act of 2005	Rep. Robert Andrews (D-NJ)	Amends the Public Health Service Act an Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 to require that group and individual health insurance coverage and group health plans provide coverage for annual screening mammography for any class of covered individuals if the coverage or plans include coverage for diagnostic mammography for such class and to amend title XIX of the Social Security Act to provide for coverage of annual screening mammography under the	Introduced on June 7, 2005, and referred to the House Committee on Education and the Workforce, and the House Committee on Energy and Commerce. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.

		Medicaid Program.	
<b>H.R. 2812</b> Cancer Screening Coverage Act	Rep. Carolyn Maloney (D-NY)	Amends the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, Public Health Service Act, and the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to require that group and individual health insurance coverage and group health plans provide coverage of screening for breast, prostate, and colorectal cancer.	Introduced on June 8, 2005, and referred to the House Committee on Government Reform, the House Committee on Energy and Commerce, and the House Committee on Education and the Workforce. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 5465</b> Comprehensive Cancer Care Improvement Act	Rep. Lois Capps (D-CA)	Provides for the establishment of a new Medicare service which would develop a treatment plan at the beginning of cancer therapy and a cancer care summary and follow-up care plan for cancer survivors. Additionally, this bill encourages a strong investment in palliative care research at NIH and would authorize a program of grants to establish model programs that would	Introduced on May 24, 2006, and referred to the House Ways and Means Committee. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.

		integrate palliative care, symptom management, and active treatment.	
<b>H.R. 5615</b> Dean Gallo Cancer Patient Compassion Act of 2006	Rep. Frank Pallone (D-NJ)	Would amend the Social Security Act to waive the 12 month waiting period for Medicare coverage of individuals disabled with distant stage cancer.	Introduced on June 14, 2006, and referred to the House Committee on Ways and Means. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH</b>			
<b>H.R. 370</b> Biomedical Research Assistance Voluntary Option Act	Rep. Michael Billrakis (R-FL)	Would amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to allow taxpayers to designate that part or all of any income tax refund be paid over for use in biomedical research conducted through the National Institutes of Health.	Introduced on Jan. 26, 2005, and referred to the House Committee on Ways and Means, and House Committee on Energy and Commerce. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 5545</b> <i>Not Yet Titled</i>	Rep. Gene Green (D-TX)	Amends the Public Health Service Act to direct the Secretary of Health and Human Services to require that applications for a National Institutes of Health (NIH) loan, grant, contract, or cooperative	Introduced on June 7, 2006, and referred to the House Energy and Commerce Committee and the House Committee on Education and Workforce. When the

		agreement for any project include reasonable assurance that all laborers and mechanics employed by contractors or subcontractors in the performance of construction or modernization on the project will be paid wages at rates not less than those prevailing on similar work in the locality as determined by the Secretary of Labor.	109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>S. 302</b> Foundation for National Institutes of Health Improvement Act	Sen. Kennedy (D-MA)	Authorize funding of at least \$500,000 from the National Institutes of Health for administrative and operating expenses of the Foundation for the National Institutes of Health	Introduced on Feb. 7, 2005, and referred to the Senate HELP Committee. Senate passed the bill by unanimous consent on July 27, 2005, and the House received the bill the next day. It was referred to the House Committee on Energy and Commerce. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>PROMOTION AND AWARENESS</b>			
<b>H. Con. Res. 174</b>	Rep. Sue Myrick (R-NC)	Calls for NIH to encourage	Introduced on June 8,

Fertility Preservation Options for Cancer Patients		research that will strengthen fertility preservation technologies for cancer patients, continue to consider ways to improve access to fertility preservation options for cancer patients, and to endeavor to raise awareness about the fertility side effects and fertility preservation options for cancer patients	2005, and referred to House Committee on Energy and Commerce. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H. Con. Res. 210</b> 2015 Goal	Rep. Clay Shaw (R-FL)	Supports the goal of eliminating suffering and death due to cancer by the year 2015	Introduced on July 18, 2005. Considered in the House under a suspension of the rules and passed by a 2/3 majority on Sept. 19, 2006.
<b>H. Con. Res. 368</b> Alex's Lemonade Stand Days	Rep. Jim Gerlach (R-PA)	Honors the goals and ideals of Lemonade Stand Days (designated as the second weekend in June by the Alex's Lemonade Stand Foundation, which was established in the memory of Alexandra Scott, a pediatric cancer patient).	Passed the House by a 2/3 majority vote on June 12, 2006, and was received in the Senate where it was referred to the Senate Committee on the Judiciary.
<b>H. Con. Res. 473</b> Supporting the goals and ideals of Gynecologic	Rep. Darrell Issa (R-CA)	Supports the goals and ideals of Gynecologic	Introduced on Sept. 14, 2006. Considered in the

Cancer Awareness Month		Cancer Awareness Month	House under Suspension of the Rules on Sept. 28, 2006, and passed by 2/3 majority.
<b>H.R. 1245/S. 1172</b> Gynecologic Cancer Education and Awareness Act of 2005 or Johanna's Law	House - Rep. Darrell Issa (R-CA) Senate – Arlen Specter (R-PA)	Directs the Secretary of Health and Human Services to carry out a national campaign to increase the awareness and knowledge of women with respect to gynecologic cancers.	House - Introduced on March 10, 2005, and referred to the House Committee on Energy and Commerce. Passed the House on Nov. 14, 2006. Senate – Introduced on June 6, 2005, and referred to the Senate HELP Committee. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H. Res. 169/S. Res 167</b> Importance of Sun Safety	House – Introduced by Rep. Michael Bilirakis (R-FL) Senate – Introduced by Sen. John McCain	Resolution recognizing the importance of sun safety.	House – Introduced on March 17, 2005, and passed on June 7, 2005. Senate – Introduced on June 9, 2005, and passed the same day.
<b>H. Res 250/S. Res 117</b> National Hepatitis B Awareness Week	House – Introduced by Rep. Tim Murphy (R-PA) Senate – Introduced by Sen. Dianne Feinstein (D-CA)	Would designate the week of May 9, 2005, as “National Hepatitis B Awareness Week.”	House – Introduced on April 28, 2005, and agreed to on May 5, 2005. Senate – Introduced on April 20, 2005, and

			agreed to by unanimous consent on April 29, 2005.
<b>H. Res. 276</b> Pancreatic Cancer Awareness Month	Rep. Todd Platts (R-PA)	Supports the goals and ideals of Pancreatic Cancer Awareness Month.	Passed the House by a 2/3 majority on Oct. 6, 2005.
<b>H. Res 323/S. Res 182</b> Childhood Cancer Awareness	House – Rep. Deborah Pryce (R-OH) Senate – Sen. Norm Coleman (R-MN)	Contains declarations that limited resources for childhood cancer research can hinder the recruitment of investigators and physicians to pediatric oncology and that peer-reviewed clinical trials are the standard of care for pediatrics and have improved cancer survival rates. Calls for increased research, policies that encourage medical trainees and investigators to enter pediatric oncology, and policies that encourage participation in clinical trials.	House – Introduced on June 15, 2005, and referred to the House Committee on Energy and Commerce. Passed on June 22, 2006, by 2/3 majority vote. Senate – Introduced on June 28, 2005, and referred to the Senate HELP Committee.
<b>H. Res 739/S. Res. 408</b> Declare Lung Cancer a Public Health Priority	House – Rep. Clay Shaw (R-FL) Senate – Sen. Chuck Hagel (R-NE)	Calls for greater recognition of lung cancer as a major public health concern; urges the President to declare it a public health priority; calls for increased funding of	House – Introduced on March 28, 2006, and referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce. Senate – Introduced on



		lung cancer research; and creation of the Lung Cancer Scientific and Medical Advisory Committee and a National Lung Cancer Public Health Policy Board	March 28, 2006, and referred to the Senate HELP Committee. Passed the Senate by unanimous consent on May 2, 2006.
<b>H. Res 745</b> Pancreatic Cancer Awareness Month	Rep. Todd Platts (R-PA)	Supports the goals and ideals of Pancreatic Cancer Awareness Month	Introduced on March 29, 2006, and referred to the House Committee on Government Reform. Considered under Suspension of the Rules on Sept. 25, 2006, and passed by 2/3 majority.
<b>H. Res 785</b> Honoring Christopher and Dana Reeve	Rep. Jim Langevin (D-RI)	Honors the lives and achievements of Christopher and Dana Reeve.	Introduced on April 27, 2006, and referred to the House Committee on Energy and Commerce. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>S. 628</b> Health Promotion Program Funding	Sen. Richard Lugar (R-IN)	Provides for increased planning and funding for health promotion programs of DHHS.	Introduced on March 15, 2006, and referred to the Senate HELP Committee. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.

<p><b>S. Res 218</b> National Prostate Cancer Awareness Month</p>	<p>Sen. Jeff Sessions (R-AL)</p>	<p>Would designate Sept. 2005 and Sept. 2006 as “National Prostate Cancer Awareness Month.”</p>	<p>Introduced on July 18, 2005, and referred to the Senate Judiciary Committee. When the 109<sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.</p>
<p><b>S. Res 560</b> A resolution supporting efforts to increase childhood cancer awareness, treatment, and research</p>	<p>Sen. Norm Coleman (R-MN)</p>	<p>Calls for Congressional support for investments in cancer research, training for investigators, participation in clinical trials, and drug development.</p>	<p>Introduced on Sept. 7, 2006. Considered in the House and passed by unanimous consent on Sept. 7, 2006.</p>
<p><b>S. Res 578</b> A resolution recognizing the epidemic of prostate cancer in African American men</p>	<p>Sen. John Kerry (D-MA)</p>	<p>Recognizes that the occurrence of prostate cancer in African American men has reached epidemic proportions and urges federal agencies to address that health crisis by designating funds for education, awareness, outreach, and research specifically focused on how that disease affects African American men.</p>	<p>Introduced on Sept. 21, 2006, and referred to Senate HELP Committee. When the 109<sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.</p>
<p><b>S. Res 620</b> A resolution designating November 2006 as National Lung Cancer Awareness Month</p>	<p>Sen. Saxby Chambliss (R-GA)</p>	<p>Reaffirms the Senate commitment to (1) advance lung cancer research and early detection, and</p>	<p>Introduced on November 16, 2006 and passed by unanimous consent.</p>

		particularly the Lung Cancer Alliance of Georgia's goal of significantly increasing the 5-year survival rate of individuals diagnosed with lung cancer in the United States to 50 percent within 10 years and (2) work with all federal agencies involved in cancer research to develop a coordinated roadmap for accomplishing that goal.	
<b>S. Res 578</b> A resolution recognizing S. Res. 620	Sen. John Kerry (D-MA)	Reaffirms the Senate's commitment to the education, research, advocacy, and treatment of lung cancer	Introduced on Nov. 16, 2006, and passed by unanimous consent.
<b>SCIENCE/RESEARCH AND TECHNOLOGY</b>			
<b>H.R. 2308/S. 1543</b> Clinical Research Act of 2005	House – Rep. Dave Weldon (R-FL) Senate – Sen. Rick Santorum (R-PA)	Requires the following: Director of the National Institutes of Health to award clinical investigator advancement grants to eligible academic health centers; award clinical research infrastructure grants to eligible health centers; and allows the	House – Introduced on May 11, 2005, and referred to the House Energy and Commerce Committee. Senate – Introduced on July 28, 2005, and referred to the Senate HELP Committee. When the 109 <sup>th</sup>

		Secretary of HHS to make up to five grants to eligible academic health centers to form partnerships with health care providers for carrying out clinical human subject research to demonstrate how academic research centers may collaborate with the practicing health care community.	Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 2943/S. 1263</b> Save Biotechnology Innovative Research Act of 2005 or SABIR Act	House – Rep. Sam Graves (R-MO) Senate – Sen. Chris Bond (R-MO)	Amends provisions of the Small Business Act relating to the Small Business Innovation Research Program by setting criteria for which businesses may be considered under the SBIR program.	House – Introduced on June 15, 2005, and referred to the House Committee on Small Business, and the Committee on Science. Senate – Introduced on June 15, 2005, and referred to the Committee on Small Business and Entrepreneurship. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 5008/S. 1908</b> Nanoscience to Commercialization Institutes Act of 2006	House – Rep. Greg Walden (R-OR) Senate – Sen. Gordon	Authorizes the Under Secretary of Technology of the Department of	House – Introduced on March 16, 2006, and referred to the House

	Smith (R-OR)	Commerce to award grants to eligible entities to establish up to eight Nanoscience to Commercialization Institutes throughout the U.S.; and sets criteria for how an entity can be eligible for such an endeavor.	Committee on Science and the House Committee on Energy and Commerce. Senate – Introduced on October 21, 2005, and referred to the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>S. 975</b> Bioshield II Act of 2005	Sen. Joseph Lieberman	Provides incentives to increase research by private sector entities to develop medical countermeasures to prevent, detect, identify, contain, and treat illnesses, including those associated with biological, chemical, nuclear, or radiological weapons attack or an infectious disease outbreak. Also creates an IC level Center that would oversee, enhance, and coordinate the NIH technology transfer program. Amends the National Cancer Act, and	The Subcommittee on Bioterrorism and Public Health Preparedness held a hearing on July 21, 2005. NCI was not a participant. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.

		all other ICs authorities as well, to state the purpose of NCI is to support the development of healthcare technologies.	
<b>S. 1956</b> Access, Compassion, Care, and Ethics for Seriously Ill Patients Act (ACCESS Act)	Sen. Sam Brownback (R-KS)	Amends the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act to create a new three-tiered approval system for drugs, biological products, and other devices that is responsive to the needs of seriously ill patients.	Introduced on Nov. 3, 2005 and referred to the Senate HELP Committee. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>S. 2104</b> American Center for Cures Act of 2005	Sen. Harry Reid (D-NV)	Amends the Public Health Service Act to establish the American Centers for Cures to accelerate the development of public and private research efforts towards tools and therapies for human diseases with the goal of early disease detection, prevention, and cure.	Introduced on Dec. 14, 2005 and referred to the Senate HELP Committee. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>SCREENING AND PREVENTION</b>			
<b>H.R. 1401</b> Colorectal Cancer Mortality Prevention Act of 2005	Rep. Patrick J. Kennedy (D-RI)	Establishes a program of grants for the detection and control of colorectal cancer.	Introduced on March 17, 2005 and referred to the House Committee on Energy and Commerce. When the 109 <sup>th</sup>

			Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 1632/S. 1010</b> Colon Cancer Screen for Life Act of 2005	House – Rep. Phil English (R-PA) Senate – Sen. Rick Santorum (R-PA)	Improves patient access to, and utilization of, the colorectal cancer screening benefit under the Medicare program.	House – Introduced on April 14, 2005 and referred to the House Committee on Ways and Means and the House Committee on Energy and Commerce. Senate – Introduced on May 12, 2005, and referred to the Senate Finance Committee. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 2240</b> Urban and Rural Disease Prevention and Health Promotion Act of 2005	Rep. Bernard Sanders (I-VT)	Provides assistance for the development of indoor disease prevention and health promotion centers in urban and rural areas throughout the U.S.	Introduced on May 10, 2005, and referred to the House Committee on Energy and Commerce and the House Committee on Education and the Workforce. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 2945</b>	Rep. Frank A. LoBiondo	Amends the Public Health	Introduced on June 16,

Prostate Cancer Research and Prevention Act	(R-NJ)	Service Act to authorize appropriations for FY2006-FY 2010 for (1) the Secretary of HHS, acting through the Director of the CDC to make grants to states and local health departments to carry out preventive health measures related to prostate cancer; and (2) the Director of NCI to expand, intensify, and coordinate prostate cancer research activities.	2005, and referred to the House Committee on Energy and Commerce. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 3640</b> Minority Health Care	Rep. Maxine Waters (D-CA)	Establishes a program to provide screenings and treatment for cancer to minority or underserved populations.	Introduced on July 29, 2005, and referred to the House Committee on Energy and Commerce. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 5472/S. 1687</b> National Breast and Cervical Cancer Early Detection Program Reauthorization Act of 2006	House – Rep. Sue Myrick (R-NC) Senate – Sen. Barbara Mikulski (D-MD)	Allows the Secretary of HHS to waive requirements for awarding breast and cervical cancer grants to states if certain conditions are met, including that the Secretary finds that granting such a waiver will	House – Introduced on May 24, 2006 and referred to the House Committee on Energy and Commerce, who ordered the bill to be reported to the full House on Sept. 27,



		not reduce the number of women in the state receiving examinations and screening for breast and cervical cancers nor the quality of such services.	2006 (H.Rept. 109-705). Senate – Introduced on Sep. 12, 2005 and referred to the Senate HELP Committee, who has not acted on the bill. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 5514</b> Medicare Lung Cancer Screening Benefit Act of 2006	Rep. Clay Shaw (R-FL)	Amends the Social Security Act to provide coverage for lung cancer screening tests for certain high risk individuals under the Medicare Program.	Introduced on May 25, 2006, and referred to the House Committee on Energy and Commerce and the House Committee on Ways and Means. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 6135</b> Prostate Cancer Screening and Treatment	Rep. Jim Marshall (D-GA)	Amends the Public Health Service Act and title XIX of the Social Security Act to provide for a screening and treatment program for prostate cancer in the same manner as is provided for breast and cervical cancer.	Introduced on Sept. 21, 2006, and referred to the House Committee on Energy and Commerce. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.

<p><b>H. Res. 863</b> Advanced Imaging for Prostate Cancer</p>	<p>Rep. Elijah Cummings (D-MD)</p>	<p>Expresses the sense of the House that there needs to be an increase in federal government commitment to supporting development of innovative advanced imaging technologies for prostate cancer detection and treatment.</p>	<p>Introduced on June 12, 2006, and referred to the House Energy and Commerce Committee. When the 109<sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.</p>
<p><b>S. 1074</b> Healthy Lifestyles and Prevention (HeLP) America Act</p>	<p>Sen. Tom Harkin (D-IA)</p>	<p>Reorients the Nation’s health care system toward prevention, wellness, and self-care.</p>	<p>Introduced on May 18, 2005 and referred to the Senate Committee on Finance. When the 109<sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.</p>
<p><b>S. 2915</b> To Improve Colorectal Screening Benefits for TRICARE Beneficiaries</p>	<p>Sen. Joe Biden (D-DE)</p>	<p>Members and former members of the uniformed services who are 50 years of age or older are entitled to colorectal screening tests regardless of risk or previous diagnosis.</p>	<p>Introduced on May 19, 2006, and referred to the Senate Committee on Armed Services. When the 109<sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.</p>
<p><b>S. Res. 154</b> National Mammography Day</p>	<p>Sen. Joe Biden (D-DE)</p>	<p>Designates October 21, 2005, as “National Mammography Day.”</p>	<p>Introduced on May 25, 2005, and referred to the Senate Judiciary Committee. Passed the Senate by unanimous consent on June 28,</p>

			2005.
<b>S. Res 508</b>	Sen. Joe Biden (D-DE)	Designates October 21, 2006, as “National Mammography Day.”	Introduced on June 13, 2006, and referred to the Senate Committee on the Judiciary. Passed the Senate on July 12, 2006.
<b>STEM CELLS/CLONING</b>			
<b>H. Con. Res 166</b> Not Yet Titled	Rep. Jay Israel (D-NY)	A concurrent resolution expressing the sense of the Congress that the Federal Government should not infringe on State or private programs that fund embryonic stem cell research.	Introduced on May 24, 2005, and referred to the House Committee on Energy and Commerce. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 162</b> Stem Cell Replenishment Act of 2005	Rep. Millender-McDonald (D-CA)	Authorizes the use of federal funds for research on human embryonic stem cells irrespective of the date on which such stem cells were derived. The Director of NIH would be required to review the guidelines and notices published by NIH with respect to human embryonic stem cell research and revise these guidelines and notices to ensure the availability of	Introduced on Jan. 4, 2005, and referred to the House Committee on Energy and Commerce. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.

		not less than 60 stem cell lines that are scientifically fit for distribution for research purposes.	
<b>H.R. 596/S. 681</b> Cord Blood Stem Cell Act of 2005	House -Rep. Christopher Smith (R-NJ) Senate – Sen. Orrin Hatch (R-UT)	Establishes a National Cord Blood Stem Cell Bank Network to prepare, store and distribute human umbilical cord blood stem cells for the treatment of patients and to support peer reviewed research using such cells.	House – Introduced on Feb. 2, 2005 and referred to the House Committee on Energy and Commerce. Senate – Introduced on March 17, 2005, and referred to the Senate HELP Committee. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 810/S. 471</b> Stem Cell Research Enhancement Act of 2005	House – Rep. Mike Castle (R-DE) Senate – Sen. Arlen Specter (R-PA)	Provides for human embryonic stem cell research, including use federal funds to be used in research.	House – Introduced on Feb. 16, 2005 and referred to the House Energy and Commerce Committee. Passed the House (238-194) on May 24, 2005. Senate – Introduced on Feb. 18, 2005, and referred to the Senate HELP Committee. Passed the Senate (63-37) on July 18, 2006. Vetoed by President on

			July 19, 2006. House failed to get 2/3 majority required to over ride the veto.
<b>H.R. 1357/S. 658</b> Human Cloning Prohibition Act of 2005	House – Rep. Dave Weldon (R-FL) Senate – Sen. Sam Brownback (R-KS)	Prohibits human cloning.	House – Introduced on March 17, 2005 and referred to the House Committee on the Judiciary. Senate – Introduced on March 17, 2005, and referred to Senate HELP Committee. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 1650</b> Stem Cell Research Investment Act of 2005	Rep. Nancy Johnson (R-CT)	Amends the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to allow tax credits to holders of stem cell research bonds.	Introduced on April 14, 2005, and referred to House Committee on Ways and Means. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 2520 – P.L. 109-129</b> Stem Cell Therapeutic and Research Act of 2005	Rep. Christopher H. Smith (R-NJ)	Creates a federal program to collect and store umbilical cord blood stem cells. Reauthorizes and expands the current bone marrow registry program to	Introduced in House on May 23, 2005. House passed the bill by 3/4 <sup>th</sup> majority on May 24, 2005. Sen. Orrin Hatch (R-UT) amended H.R.

		both bone-marrow and cord-blood transplants.	2520 on Dec. 16, 2005, by striking all text and adding the text from S. 1317. Bill passed the Senate and House with amendment. Presented to and signed by the President on Dec. 20, 2005.
<b>H.R. 2541</b> Joe Testaverde Adult Stem Cell Research Act of 2005	Rep. Peter King (R-NY)	Provides for the expansion, intensification, and coordination of the activities of the NIH regarding qualifying adult stem cell research.	Introduced on May 23, 2005, and referred to House Committee on Energy and Commerce. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 2574</b> Respect for Life Embryonic Stem Cell Act of 2005	Rep. Roscoe Bartlett (R-MD)	Provides for a program at the NIH to conduct and support research on animals to develop techniques for the extraction of stem cells from embryos that do not harm the embryos.	Introduced on May 24, 2005, and referred to the House Committee on Energy and Commerce. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 3144</b> Pluripotent Stem Cell Research	Rep. Roscoe Bartlett (R-MD)	Provides for a program at the NIH to conduct and support research in the derivation and use of human pluripotent stem	Introduced on June 30, 2005, and referred to House Committee on Energy and Commerce. When the 109 <sup>th</sup>

		cells by means that do not harm human embryos, and for other purposes.	Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 3444</b> Cures Can Be Found Act of 2005	Rep. Ron Paul (R-TX)	Amends the Internal Revenue Code to allow tax credits for donations to stem cell research or storage facilities; of umbilical cord blood. Allows credits only for donations to facilities that do not engage in research on stem cells derived from human embryos.	Introduced on July 26, 2005, and referred to the House Committee on Ways and Means. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 5526/S. 2754</b> Alternative Pluripotent Stem Cell Therapies Enhancement Act	House – Rep. Roscoe Bartlett (R-MD) Senate – Sen. Rick Santorum (R-PA)	Requires NIH to fund peer-reviewed research to develop techniques for the isolation and production of pluripotent stem cells, without deriving such cells from human embryos.	House – Introduced on June 6, 2006, and referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce. Senate – Introduced on May 5, 2006, and referred to Senate HELP Committee. Failed to pass the House (273-154) on July 18, 2006.
<b>S. 1317</b> Bone Marrow and Cord Blood Therapy and Research Act of 2005	Sen. Orrin Hatch (R-UT)	Creates a national network for cord blood donations, coordinate that program with the national bone marrow donation program	Introduced on June 27, 2005, and referred to the Senate HELP Committee where it was reported from on July

		and establish a database to collect and maintain the treatment outcomes of patients receiving stem cell therapeutic products.	11, 2005. Text from S. 1317 was inserted into HR 2520 which became law (PL 109-129) on Dec. 20, 2005.
<b>S. 1557</b> Respect for Life Pluripotent Stem Cell Act of 2005	Sen. Tom Coburn (R-OK)	Provides for a program at NIH to conduct and support research in the derivation and use of human pluripotent stem cells by means that do not harm human embryos, and for other purposes.	Introduced on July 29, 2005, and referred to Senate HELP Committee. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>SURVIVORSHIP</b>			
<b>H.R. 5390</b> Cancer Survivorship Research and Quality of Life Act of 2006	Rep. Roger F. Wicker (R-MS)	Provides for the expansion and coordination of activities of the NIH and the CDC with respect to research and programs on cancer survivorship.	Introduced on May 16, 2006, and referred to the House Committee on Energy and Commerce. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>TOBACCO</b>			
<b>H.R. 1376/S. 666</b> FDA Tobacco Regulation/ Family Smoking Prevention and Tobacco Control Act	House – Rep. Thomas Davis (R-VA) Senate – Sen. Mike DeWine (R-OH)	Provides the FDA with certain authority to regulate tobacco products.	House – Introduced on March 17, 2005, and referred to the House Committee on Energy and Commerce. Senate – Introduced on March 17, 2005, and



			referred to the Senate HELP Committee. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 2813</b> Nonmailability of certain tobacco products	Rep. John McHugh (R-NY)	Makes cigarettes and other certain tobacco products nonmailable.	Introduced on June 8, 2005, and referred to House Committee on Government Reform. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>H.R. 3593</b> Tobacco Vending Machines	Rep. Steven R. Rothman (D-NJ)	Prohibits the use of vending machines to sell tobacco products in all locations other than in locations in which the presence of minors is not permitted.	Introduced on July 18, 2005, and referred to House Committee on Energy and Commerce. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.
<b>S. 3915</b> Smoke Free Mothers and Babies Act of 2006	Sen. Tom Harkin (D-IA)	Amends title XIX of the Social Security Act to encourage States to provide pregnant women enrolled in the Medicaid program with access to comprehensive tobacco cessation services.	Introduced on Sept. 20, 2006, and referred to the Senate Committee on Finance. When the 109 <sup>th</sup> Congress adjourned, this measure died.