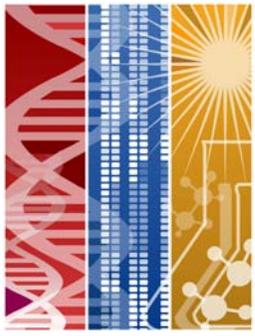
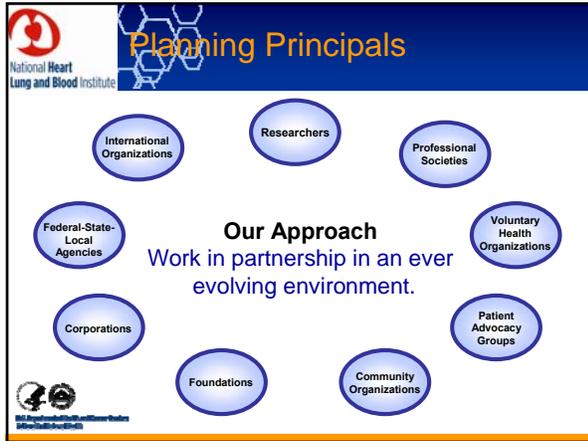


NHLBI Strategic Plan: Future Opportunities for Lung Research



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 April 30, 2007

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
 National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute



- ## NHLBI Strategic Plan Objectives
- Develop a scientific blueprint for the next decade.
- A living, working plan from an inclusive and participatory process.
 - Identify strategic priorities where NHLBI:
 - Initiates – *does not happen unless the Institute takes a lead*
 - Catalyzes – *Institute facilitates the outcome*
 - Supports – *investigator-initiated research*
- U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
 National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute

- ## NHLBI Strategic Plan Goals
- Goal 1** Improve understanding of the molecular and physiological basis of health and disease and use that understanding to develop improved approaches to disease diagnosis, treatment, and prevention. *Form → Function*
 - Goal 2** Improve understanding of the clinical mechanisms of disease and thereby enable better prevention, diagnosis, and treatment. *Function → Cause*
 - Goal 3** Generate an improved understanding of the processes involved in translating research into practice and use that understanding to enable improvements in public health and to stimulate further scientific discovery. *Cause → Cures*
- U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
 National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute



Need to Transform Medical Research in the 21st Century

20 th Century	21 st Century
Treat disease when symptoms appear and normal function is lost	Intervene before symptoms appear and preserve normal function for as long as possible
Did not understand the molecular and cellular events that lead to disease	Understanding preclinical molecular events and ability to detect patients at risk
Expensive in financial and disability costs	Orders of magnitude more effective

The Future Paradigm: Transform Medicine from Curative to Preemptive

Predictive ↔ Personalized ↔ Preemptive

↓

Participatory

Path to Earlier Diagnosis, Better Prognosis, and Personalized Management

Barrier: Lack of well-defined pre-clinical lung phenotype

Asthma-specific SNP chip, co-developed with Affymetrix, will be validated by screening 5,000 Asthma samples.

Gene Expression Profiling reveals unique patterns which will

- Expedite Diagnosis
- Predict Response to Treatment
- Determine Likelihood of Exacerbation

Molecular Phenotype

Phenotypic Predictors for Prognosis and Choosing Therapies

- Young children with recurrent wheeze are a treatment dilemma
 - Just 1/3 have persistent asthma after age 6
 - Would daily therapy be appropriate for these children?
 - How can you identify and avoid unnecessary treatments for the remaining 2/3?
- API identifies phenotypic characteristics of those at highest risk

Asthma Predictive Index (API)

Identifies high risk children ages 2 & 3:

- ≥ 4 wheezing episodes in the past year (at least one must be MD diagnosed)

PLUS

One major criteria	OR	Two minor criteria
Parent with asthma		Food sensitivity
Atopic dermatitis		Peripheral eosinophilia (≥4%)
Aero-allergen sensitivity		Wheezing not related to infection

Prevention and Personalized Medicine for ARDS

Can ventilation settings be personalized?
Marini and others

Will earlier alterations in ventilation prevent ARDS?
Gajic and colleagues

Molecular Prognosis/Diagnosis for ARDS?

Genotype	ARDS (%)	Septic Shock (%)
54AA	~30	~50
54AB	~30	~45
54BB	~70	~80

Biomarkers

Genomics

Crit Care Med 35: 48, 2007 Gong et al

Phenotypic Predictors for Disease Diagnosis

SubPopulations and InteRmediate Outcome Measures In COPD Study (SPIROMICS)

A planned, multicenter observational study to:

- Phenotype 3000 patients with COPD
- Classify subpopulations by molecular & clinical characteristics
- Validate intermediate outcome measures

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PLD Clinical Research Networks Excel in Translational Research

Variations in Drug Response

Different Responses

All patients:
 • Same diagnosis,
 • Same drug

Outcomes:
 • No Benefit + Toxicity
 • + Benefit + Toxicity
 • + Benefit No Toxicity
 • No Benefit No Toxicity

Targeted Drug Strategies to Prevent Disease Progression

Nat Rev Drug Discov. 2004 Oct;3(10):831-44.

Personalized Medicine: Asthma as a Prototype

- Identification of b-adrenergic receptor polymorphisms
- Demonstration that different haplotype combinations affect agonist response and adverse effects in some patients
- Prospective studies which evaluate treatment response at the genetic level
- Therapeutic regimen based on individual genotype and phenotype

Genetic Predictors of Response

Am J Respir Crit Care Med 2002;162:75-80

The Effect of Polymorphisms of the β_2 -Adrenergic Receptor on the Response to Regular Use of Albuterol in Asthma

Am J Respir Crit Care Med 2006;173:519-26

β_2 -Adrenergic Receptor Polymorphisms and Response to Salmeterol

Michael E. Wechsler, Erik Lehman, Stephen C. Lazarus, Robert E. Lemanske, Jr., Homer A. Boulay, Aaron Shapiro, John V. Fahy, Christine A. Sorokan, Vernon M. Chavakis, Timothy J. Craig, Emily Edrington, Monica Kraft, Frank Lounis, Richard J. Martin, Stephen P. Peters, Stanley J. Szefler, Wenshi Liu, and Elliot Israel, for the National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute's Asthma Clinical Research Network

Secretary's Advisory Committee

Realizing the Promise of Pharmacogenomics: Opportunities and Challenges

Draft Report of the Secretary's Advisory Committee on Genetics, Health, and Society

Available for Public Comment
March 23 - June 1, 2007

http://www4.od.nih.gov/oba/SACGHS/public_comments.htm

Strategies to Prevent Asthma

Potential Preventive Strategies

- Diet: probiotics
- Pharmacologics: leukotriene modifiers
- Immunomodulators: CpG oligodeoxynucleotides
- Protective exposures: dirt!

Training of New Clinical Investigators

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Participatory Research

National Asthma Education and Prevention Program

Guidelines Development and Utilization	Partnership Activities	Community Targeted Activities	FLGA Collaborations
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Update 2002 Update 2006 Pregnancy Guidelines HP 2010 Progress Review HEDIS RAND Policy Report Asthma 2003 Conference Pt. Education Booklet 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Guidelines Implementation Working Group Asthma Managed Care Initiative: Respiratory Therapists Emergency Department Approaches to Care MDI Transition Initiative Physician Asthma Care Program Physician Asthma Care Education Program Screening for Asthma in Children Project 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Asthma Coalitions Contracts Coalition Outreach and Support School Based Initiative World Asthma Day Reducing Asthma Disparities Workshop AHRQ State Leader Manual 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Congressional Report and Inventory DHHS Action Against Asthma Data Fact sheet JOSH Special Issue School Lessons Learned Public Housing Initiative HUD/NHLBI Cross-Agency Collaborations (CDC/NIAID, CMS, HRSA/EPA)

Participatory Research

- Integrate campaign into organizational activities
- Provide distribution vehicle
- Set up Web link
- Offer spokespeople

