# U.S. Department of Health and Human Services National Institutes of Health

# **National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases (NIAID)**

# RFP-NIH-NIAID-DAIT-04-46 "Immune Tolerance Network – Clinical Site Monitoring Group"

1. OFFERORS ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR ROUTINELY CHECKING THE FOLLOWING WEBSITE FOR ANY SOLICITATION AMENDMENTS. NO ADDITIONAL NOTIFICATION OF ANY AMENDMENTS WILL BE PROVIDED BY THIS OFFICE. <a href="http://www.niaid.nih.gov/contract/default.htm">http://www.niaid.nih.gov/contract/default.htm</a>				
2. SECTION A – SOLICITATION/CONTRACT FORM PURCHASE AUTHORITY: FAR 1.602-1 NOTE: The issuance of this solicitation does not commit the government to an award.				
3. Issue Date: 4. Due Da	4. <b>Due Date:</b> February 24, 2004 <b>Time:</b> 3:00 PM, EST		5. Small Bus. Set-Aside: [ ]Yes [X] No 8(a) Set-Aside: [ ]Yes [X] No (See Part IV, Section L.)	
6. Just In Time:  [X] No  [ ] Yes (See Part IV, Section L.)	[X] No [X] Only 1 Award			8. Technical Proposal Page Limits: See Attachment entitled: "Proposal Submission: Number of Copies, Page Limitations and Electronic File Size"
9. Issued By:				
Barbara A. Shadrick Senior Contracting Officer  10. [X] We re		serve the right to make awards without discussion.		
Research Resources Contract Branch Contract Management Program, DEA	11. Options:	12. Period of Performance:		eriod of Performance:
NIH, NIAID 6700-B Rockledge Drive [ ] Yes (Se		Part IV, ion L.) 7 years beginning on or about September 30, 200		
13. Primary Point of Contact:		<b>Secondary Point of Contact:</b>		15. Protest Officer:
Name: David T. Lisle Phone: (301) 451-2617 Fax: (301) 402-0972 E-Mail: dlisle@niaid.nih.gov	Name: Barbara A. S Phone: (301) 496-72 Fax: (301) 402-0972 E-Mail: <u>bshadrick@</u>	288 Brenda J. Velez 2 Program Director, CMP		Program Director, CMP
16. COLLECT CALLS WILL NOT BE	ACCEPTED. FAC	SIMILE S	UBMI	SSIONS ARE NOT ACCEPTABLE.
17. Offers will be valid for 120 days unless a different period is specified by the Offeror on the form entitled "Proposal Summary and Data Record, NIH-2043" (See SECTION J – Attachments)				
18. DELIVERY ADDRESS INFORMATION				
Hand Delivery or Overnight Service: David T. Lisle Research Resources Contract Branch Contract Management Program, DEA NIAID, NIH 6700-B Rockledge Drive, Room 2230		U.S. Postal Service or an Express Delivery Service: David T. Lisle Research Resources Contract Branch Contract Management Program, DEA NIAID, NIH 6700-B Rockledge Drive, Room 2230, MSC 7612		
Bethesda, MD 20817 Bethesda, MD 20892-7612  19. The <u>Official Point of Receipt</u> for the purpose of determining timely delivery is the address provided in Block 18, above.				
The paper copy with original signatures is the official copy for recording timely receipt. If the paper copy of your proposal				

is not received by the Contracting Officer or Designee at the place and time specified, then it will be considered late and handled in accordance with HHSAR 352.215-70 entitled "Late Proposals and Revisions" located in this Solicitation.

Updated thru FAC 2001-14 (6/23/2003)

FACSIMILE SUBMISSION OF PROPOSALS IS NOT ACCEPTABLE.

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#### **BACKGROUND**

The Division of Allergy, Immunology and Transplantation (DAIT), National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases (NIAID), National Institutes of Health (NIH), is requesting proposals to establish a Clinical Site Monitoring Group (CSMG) to assess the quality and enhance performance of sites participating in clinical trials conducted by the Immune Tolerance Network (ITN). The ITN is an international consortium dedicated to the clinical evaluation of novel, tolerance-inducing therapies for autoimmune diseases, asthma and allergic diseases and to preventing the rejection of transplanted kidneys and pancreatic islets. The goal of these therapies is to "reeducate" the immune system to eliminate injurious immune responses and graft rejection while preserving protective immunity against infectious agents. An important aim of the ITN is to explore the immune mechanisms underlying efficacy (or lack of efficacy) of candidate drugs. The ITN membership includes approximately 80 basic and clinical scientists and physicians at more than 40 institutions in the United States, Canada, and Europe. Since its inception, the ITN has approved 21 clinical protocols for implementation and established more than 11 studies to explore immune mechanisms. These types of studies have been instrumental in assessing the development, maintenance, or loss of clinical tolerance. In addition, the ITN has established a variety of state-of-the-art core laboratories to develop diagnostic and biomarker assays to measure the induction, maintenance, and loss of tolerance in humans, e.g. microarray and PCR analyses of gene expression; quantitative assays of T cell reactivity; elispot assays of cytokines and other proteins; novel tissue morphology studies to analyze tissue changes due to disease progression and therapeutic efficacy.

The ITN is co-sponsored by the NIH National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive and Kidney Diseases (NIDDK) and the Juvenile Diabetes Research Foundation International (JDRF). The ITN is funded as a contract to DAIT. ITN administrative, regulatory, product acquisition and distribution and site monitoring functions are provided under contract number N01-AI-95382 with The EMMES Corporation. ITN site monitoring support is currently performed by PPD Pharmaco, Inc., under a subcontract to The EMMES Corporation.

The work to be performed under this contract includes:

- 1. Initiating and monitoring ITN-supported clinical studies at clinical sites and pharmacies in the U.S. and international locations.
- 2. Monitoring laboratory facilities and procedures for obtaining, testing, and storing clinical research specimens, when requested as a special assignment.
- 3. Training site personnel in Good Clinical Practice (GCP) and on the policies and procedures established by DAIT, the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA), the DHHS Office of Human Research Protections (OHRP), the National Institutes of Health (NIH), ITN.
- 4. Recruiting and training site monitors.
- 5. Providing reports on monitoring findings and training activities.
- 6. Collaborating with DAIT and the ITN.
- 7. Facilitating an orderly transition to a subsequent contractor or to the Federal Government.

#### STATEMENT OF WORK

Independently, and not as an agent of the Government, the Contractor shall furnish all the necessary services, qualified personnel, materials, equipment, and facilities, not otherwise provided by the Government, as needed to perform the work set forth below. In carrying out the tasks for the Immune Tolerance Network Clinical Site Monitoring Group, the Government anticipates the following:

- The number of ITN studies open to enrollment or in follow-up is expected to be 15 20 Phase I or Phase II trials.
- The ITN will initiate 5-6 new studies per year.
- The number of clinical sites per ITN study will range from 1-10, with the majority of studies conducted at 1-3 sites.
- The enrollment for ITN studies ranges between 10 and 200 subjects, with an average of approximately 40-50 subjects/study.
- The majority of clinical trial sites will be in the United States but as many as 5-8 sites may be in Europe or Canada.

Specifically, the Contractor shall:

### Task A: START-UP TASKS DURING FIRST 6 MONTHS

1. Develop and Submit Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) for Clinical Site Monitoring (see Task B)

By the end of <u>Week 6</u> of the contract, the Contractor shall develop and submit, for Project Officer approval, written SOPs for accomplishing the clinical site monitoring tasks specified in the Statement of Work. The Contractor shall periodically revise these SOPs, at the request of the Project Officer, to ensure an accurate reflection of the monitoring functions the Contractor is required to perform.



By the end of <u>Month 4</u>, the Contractor shall develop and submit, for Project Officer approval, written SOPs for accomplishing training tasks specified in the Statement of Work. The Contractor shall periodically revise these SOPs, at the request of the Project Officer, to ensure an accurate reflection of the training functions the Contractor is to perform.

- 3. Recruit and Train Clinical Site Monitors (See Task D)
  - a. By the end of <u>Month 2</u>, the Contractor shall recruit and train at least half of all monitoring staff needed for the initial group of trials being conducted or planned for immediate initiation, with all remaining monitors to be hired and trained by the end of <u>Month 4</u>. All site monitors shall meet the following qualifications:
    - 1) a Bachelor's degree or equivalent in nursing, pharmacy, biology, or other biomedical sciences;
    - 2) experience in clinical research, and preferably experience in site monitoring clinical trials, working on studies in transplantation, autoimmune diseases, and/or asthma and allergic diseases, working with community and hospital clinic staffs, teaching clinical staff, and performing quality assurance audits; and
    - 3) knowledge of the countries where ITN clinical trials will be conducted, including the health care systems and clinical research regulations, and proficiency in the languages of those countries if clinical records are not maintained in English.
  - b. By the end of <u>Month 2</u>, the Contractor shall develop and submit, for Project Officer approval, written SOPs for initial and ongoing training of monitors. The plan shall address the frequency of training, the mechanisms to be used (e.g., lectures, regional, training, written guidelines and on-the-job training) and the curriculum. Monitors shall be trained in the methods and procedures to be utilized in site monitoring.
  - c. By the end of <u>Month 3</u>, the Contractor shall provide its monitoring staff with laptop computers, printers, software and Internet mail access to facilitate communication with DAIT and the research groups.
  - d. By the end of <u>Month 6</u>, the Contractor shall develop and submit, for Project Officer approval, written SOPs for auditing the work of the site monitors to ensure quality, thoroughness and consistency, and to identify areas where additional training is needed.

- 4. Database of Results of Site Monitoring and Training (see Task E)
  - a. By the end of <u>Month 4</u>, the Contractor shall have a fully functioning database to store the results of site monitoring and training. The database shall be implemented using a widely-used, commercially available software package, with the following capabilities:
    - 1) data entry and validation
    - 2) documentation of data corrections
    - 3) routine maintenance and backup
    - 4) data reporting and exporting

# Task B: MONITOR CLINICAL SITES, PHARMACIES, AND LABORATORIES

- 1. Subject to the request of the Project Officer and the requirements of the individual clinical sites, monitors shall visit sites that are conducting active protocols as follows:
  - a. Monitor all active sites every three months (it is expected that each visit may require 2-3 working days to complete all monitoring activities).
  - b. Conduct additional site visits as directed by the Project Officer, e.g., to sites experiencing significant problems conducting research, carrying an unusually high subject load or performing complex or high-priority protocols.
  - c. The Contractor shall be required to provide equipment and software (e.g., laptop computers) to the site monitors to communicate with DAIT and the ITN while traveling on site visits. Microsoft Word is the word processing software used by DAIT and the ITN. The site monitors must be able to send and receive e-mail and upload and/or download Word documents through the Internet.
- 2. The monitors shall review subject records in accordance with monitoring assignments. These monitoring assignments shall be developed quarterly by the Contractor with input from DAIT and the ITN, and shall reflect the scientific and regulatory needs of the protocols. The Contractor must ensure that assignments are clear and feasible. The Project Officer will review and approve each assignment prior to its implementation.
- 3. Site visits shall include the following routine tasks:
  - a. <u>Full chart reviews</u>: For a sample of subjects on active protocols, verify that all reportable data have been accurately captured on case report forms (CRFs) and serious adverse event (SAE) forms as appropriate, and that adequate source documentation is maintained.
  - b. <u>Special protocol assignments</u>: Review specified subject records to verify endpoints, adverse events or other specific data items, as requested by the assignment.
  - c. Assess site compliance with protocol requirements and maintenance of clinical records including:
    - 1) adherence to inclusion and exclusion criteria,
    - 2) reporting of serious adverse events,
    - 3) reporting of protocol violations,
    - 4) registry of protocol exemptions approved by the protocol team,
    - 5) documentation of objective findings such as clinical endpoints and adverse reactions,
    - 6) adequacy of source documents, the recording of data onto Case Report Forms (CRFs), and accurate entry of data into the central computer database.
  - d. Assess site compliance with the policies and procedures of DAIT and Federal and international regulatory authorities.

- e. Assess the various components of the implementation of the clinical studies including:
  - 1) procedures for requesting and obtaining biological samples,
  - 2) procedures for requesting and obtaining laboratory and diagnostic reports and other clinical records,
  - 3) site personnel's knowledge of specific protocols being conducted at the site, and
  - 4) site personnel's knowledge of pharmacy procedures.
- f. Follow up to verify correct handling of past site visit issues or findings.
- 4. Monitors shall be responsible for the following additional specific tasks, that shall be incorporated into regularly scheduled site visits at the intervals specified at sites involved in active protocols:
  - a. <u>Annual Site Operations Assessment</u>: On an annual basis, prepare a written assessment of the various components of the operation and management of each clinical site including:
    - 1) site personnel and their roles, including staff responsible for day-to-day management of the site, oversight of subsites, outreach/recruitment, internal quality management, and maintenance of regulatory files,
    - 2) adequacy of the facilities and study equipment,
    - 3) availability of a secured area for storing confidential information (e.g., signed informed consents, research records), and compliance with specified procedures to protect confidentiality, and
    - 4) documentation of the site's implementation of periodic internal quality management activity.
  - b. <u>Semi-annual Specific-Protocol Oriented Investigational Drug Audit</u>: Subject to the request of the Project Officer and the requirements of the individual site, on a semi-annual basis, perform an audit of each site pharmacy or drug management activities for a sample of active protocols including, but not limited to, evaluation of:
    - 1) pharmacy's procedures to ensure that the treatment regimens are being dispensed in accordance with the protocol and DAIT guidelines
    - 2) subject records, treatment assignment lists and accountability documents, to ensure that their confidentiality is maintained
    - 3) proper management of the study to ensure that procedures are being followed to prevent diversion of investigational drugs. This includes performing inventories of investigational agents physically present and reconciliation with accountability records.
  - c. <u>Annual Regulatory Audits</u>: On an annual basis and more frequently as necessary, perform an audit to ensure that the site's regulatory-related procedures and files are in order. The site should have on file a current FDA Form 1572, the latest protocols and consents along with Institutional Review Board (IRB) approvals, current laboratory certifications, current investigator's brochures, documentation of annual IRB renewals, and all safety reports issued.
- 5. The monitors shall be responsible for performing the special duties specified below on an as-needed basis:
  - a. <u>Site Initiation Visits</u>: Prior to implementation of a clinical study at a new site, the monitors and a member of the DAIT project team shall conduct a one-day site visit to include:
    - 1) assessment of the adequacy of site facilities, e.g., the pharmacy, laboratories, specimen storage equipment, clinical unit, and record storage area,
    - 2) thorough review of the following Federal regulations with the site personnel:
      - 21 CFR 50.1-48, Informed Consent, and Involvement of Prisoners as Study Subjects:
      - 21 CFR 56, Institutional Review Boards;
      - 21 CFR 312.50-70, Responsibilities of Sponsors and Investigators; and
      - 45 CFR 46, Regulations for the Protection of Human Subjects.
    - 3) thorough review of any local/national regulations of the host country, where applicable,

- 4) thorough explanation of the policies and procedures of DAIT (including the maintenance of pharmacy accountability records), and good clinical practice guidelines, and
- 5) orientation of the pharmacist to the pharmacy guidelines manual, with special regard to drug accountability record procedures, location of investigational agent ordering forms, and pharmacy contact information at DAIT for further pharmacy training by telephone, as needed.
- b. <u>Site Closeout Visits</u>: For a site that will discontinue participation in ITN clinical studies, ascertain that the site has properly closed out all studies and has followed proper procedures for the storage of records and the disposition of remaining supplies of investigational agents.
- c. <u>Investigational Pharmacy Operations Assessment</u>: On an as-needed basis, whenever there is a site initiation visit, or when there has been a change of the Site Pharmacist of Record or change in pharmacy location, perform a full pharmacy audit evaluating to include:
  - 1) Organization and utilization of the pharmacy and staff including, but not limited to, the Pharmacist of Record and back-up personnel.
  - 2) Adequacy of the facilities and equipment.
  - 3) Communication between clinical staff and pharmacy staff including: mechanisms for receiving protocol update information from the clinical staff; adherence to DAIT's written policies for handling investigational drugs; frequency of internal audits for reconciliation of accountability records; and disposition of investigational agents from closed protocols.
  - 4) The monitor shall review the pharmacy's copy of the pharmacy establishment plan to determine if the operating procedures are in agreement with the written procedures in the pharmacy establishment plan.
  - 5) Investigational pharmacy operations assessment will be performed at the time of the site initiation visits or at the first regularly scheduled semi-annual pharmacy visit that occurs after there is a change in pharmacy personnel or pharmacy location.
  - 6) Investigational pharmacy operations assessment will be in addition to the specific-protocol oriented investigational drug audit performed at that visit.
  - 7) <u>Laboratory Audits</u>: As a special assignment, conduct audits to confirm adequate staff training and procedures regarding the collection, labeling, routing, and storage of laboratory specimens used as study endpoints. Determine the location of a sample of stored specimens to ensure that central database records are consistent with site specimen storage and clinical and laboratory site records. Ensure that the storage facilities are consistent with current guidelines with respect to temperature, specimen labeling, and specimen storage system, and that appropriate backup equipment is available.

# Task C: TRAIN SITE STAFF IN POLICIES, PROCEDURES, AND GOOD CLINICAL PRACTICES

- 1. The Contractor's staff shall conduct the training of both new and experienced clinical site personnel using mechanisms such as presentations at regular research group meetings, written training guides, and conference calls, as well as training during site visits. DAIT staff will review and approve training plans in advance of implementation.
- 2. The training provided to a site by the Contractor shall include, but is not limited to, training in:
  - a. Federal regulations and Good Clinical Practice guidelines for clinical research
  - b. policies and procedures of DAIT and the ITN, including DAIT Source Documentation Guidelines
  - c. development and implementation of the site's own Internal Quality Management Plan

### Task D: RECRUIT AND TRAIN SITE MONITORS

- 1. The Contractor shall recruit and train additional monitoring staff, as needed, for the trials being conducted. All monitors shall meet the requirements addressed in Task A.3., above.
- 2. Monitors shall be trained in the methods and procedures identified in the SOP for initial and ongoing training of monitors, as approved by the Project Officer.
- 3. The Contractor shall audit the work of the site monitors to ensure quality, thoroughness and consistency, and to identify areas where additional training is needed.

### Task E: PROVIDE REPORTS ON MONITORING FINDINGS AND TRAINING ACTIVITIES

- 1. Before generating each quarterly monitoring assignment, the Contractor shall link to the statistical center databases and retrieve files indicating the identification numbers of all subjects enrolled in each protocol and the dates of enrollment. These data shall be merged into the monitoring database and used to identify subjects to be monitored.
- 2. The Contractor shall provide for the entry of data from the site monitors' worksheets listing subject records reviewed, dates through which the reviews were performed, number of each type of error detected, and resolutions to such errors.
- 3. The Contractor shall generate reports, as requested by the Project Officer, summarizing information in the monitoring database.
- 4. Within three (3) weeks following completion of each site visit, the site monitor shall prepare a report that delineates the findings from the site visit. The site visit report shall include:
  - a. name and address of the site visited and the dates of the visit,
  - b. summary of the results of each monitoring and verification task performed,
  - c. separate detailed listing by protocol and subject identification number of all deficiencies as revealed by the site monitoring visit,
  - d. when appropriate, recommendations for corrective actions to be taken to resolve any problems and deficiencies noted,
  - e. description and assessment of any problems identified from previous visits that have not been corrected, the reasons why such problems have not been corrected, and recommendations for corrective actions when appropriate,
  - f. summary of the monitor's debriefing of the site staff, including the names and titles of the staff with whom all problems and deficiencies have been discussed, a description of the site's plans for corrective action, and the site personnel responsible for implementing corrective action,
  - g. brief description of improvements noted in site performance, and
  - h. when appropriate, a pharmacy audit report, a regulatory audit report, a laboratory audit report, a site initiation report, a site closeout report, and a report addressing training activities related to the site visit.
- 5. The Contractor shall promptly e-mail a copy of each Site Monitoring Report to the clinical site and appropriate DAIT staff as identified by the Project Officer.

# Task F: COLLABORATE WITH DAIT AND THE RESEARCH GROUPS

- Management and planning meetings at DAIT are expected to last one day and will be held in Bethesda, Maryland. The
  Contractor should plan on attending four (4) such meetings in Year 1 and three (3) meetings in each subsequent year of
  the contract. In addition, the Contractor shall participate in weekly conference calls with the Project Officer of
  approximately 60-90 minutes in duration.
- 2. The Contractor shall collaborate and communicate effectively with the Project Officer including, but not limited to:
  - a. identify any problems that sites are experiencing in implementing protocols and communicate this information in the site visit reports, quarterly progress reports, and weekly conference calls with the Project Officer, and recommend solutions as indicated, and
  - b. provide recommendations, using expertise gained from monitoring and training the sites, for the design and refinement of the SOPs that are pertinent to site management, protocol implementation, source documentation, and internal quality management.

#### Task G: FACILITATE AN ORDERLY TRANSITION

- 1. Six (6) months prior to completion of this contract, the Contractor shall develop a written transition plan, subject to Project Officer approval, to ensure the orderly transfer of all or part of this project to a subsequent contractor or back to the Federal Government.
- 3. The Contractor shall plan and conduct orientation sessions for the staff of the new contractor at the sites (if applicable).
- 4. The Contractor shall ensure that all written standard operating procedures pertaining to all aspects of the project are accurate, complete and up-to-date, and shall provide these to the new contractor or the Project Officer.
- 5. The Contractor shall affect a smooth transfer of all necessary information and material to the new location, along with the central monitoring database and its documentation.
- 6. The Contractor shall carry on contractual operations at full staffing levels agreed to by the Project Officer until the completion date of the contract.

[END OF STATEMENT OF WORK]

# REPORTING REQUIREMENTS and OTHER DELIVERABLES

In addition to those reports required by the other terms of this contract, the Contractor shall prepare and submit the following reports in the manner stated below and in accordance with ARTICLE F.1, DELIVERIES of this contract.

All reports shall contain a title page that includes:

- Contract number and title
- Type of report
- Period of performance being reported
- Contractor's name and address
- Author(s)
- Date of submission

# 1. <u>Technical Progress Reports</u>

### a. Quarterly Progress Report

The Quarterly Progress Report shall include, at a minimum, the following:

- 1) A brief description of the work performed during the reporting period. One summary must be a Table delineating the site, monitor, dates of visit, protocols monitored, number of charts reviewed per protocol, protocol training, semiannual pharmacy audits and laboratory audits.
- 2) A summary of problems encountered during the reporting period, their relationship to the negotiated Statement of Work, their resolution, and recommended solutions for problems that have yet to be resolved.
- 3) General plans for the next reporting period.
- 4) A Quarterly Report shall not be required for the period when the Annual or Final Report is due.

### b. Annual Progress Report

The Annual Progress Report shall include, at a minimum, the following:

- 1) An introduction covering the purpose and scope of the contract effort.
- 2) A description of overall progress and a separate description of progress with respect to each task on which effort was expended during the reporting period.
- 3) For each task listed in item 2), above, a summary of problems encountered during the reporting period, their relationship to the negotiated Statement of Work, their resolution and recommended solutions for problems that have yet to be resolved.
- 4) General plans for the next reporting period.
- 5) An Annual Report shall not be required for the period when the Final Report is due.

# c. Final Report and Summary of Salient Results

This report shall include a summation of the work performed and results obtained for the entire period of performance and shall be in sufficient detail to describe comprehensively the results achieved. The Contractor shall submit, with the Final Report, a summary of salient results achieved during the performance of the contract.

# 2. Other Deliverables

- a. Develop quarterly monitoring assignments
- b. Standard operating procedure for monitoring
- c. Standard operating procedure for initial and ongoing site monitor training
- d. Standard operating procedure for training
- e. Fully functional database of the results of site monitoring and training
- f. Standard operating procedure for auditing site monitor work
- g. Site monitoring reports
- h. Transition plan

# 3. <u>Technical Report Distribution</u>

Copies of the technical reports shall be submitted according to the schedule below. If the Contractor is unable to deliver the reports specified hereunder within the period of performance because of unforeseen difficulties, notwithstanding the exercise of good faith and diligent efforts in performance of the work, the Contractor shall give the Contracting Officer immediate written notice of anticipated delays, stating the reasons and providing the revised delivery date.

Item	Description	Quantity	Delivery Schedule
1.a.	Quarterly Progress Report	2 – Project Officer 1 – Contracting Officer 1 – Electronic copy *	Due the 30 <sup>th</sup> of the Month following each Quarterly period of performance. Not due when Annual or Final Report is due.
1.b.	Annual Progress Report	2 – Project Officer 1 – Contracting Officer 1 – Electronic copy *	Due the 30 <sup>th</sup> of the Month following each Anniversary date of the Contract. Not due when the Final Report is due.
1.c.	Final Report and Summary of Salient Results	2 – Project Officer 1 – Contracting Officer 1 – Electronic copy *	Due on/before the completion date of the contract.
2.a.	Quarterly Monitoring Assignments	1 – Project Officer	As directed by the Project Officer. Requires review/approval by PO prior to implementation.
2.b.	SOP for Monitoring	1 – Project Officer	Due by the end of Week 6 of the contract.
2.c.	SOP for Initial and Ongoing Site Monitor Training	1 – Project Officer	Due by the end of Month 2 of the contract.
2.d.	SOP for Training	1 – Project Officer	Due by the end of Month 4 of the contract.
2.e.	Fully functional database of the results of site monitoring and training.	1 – Project Officer	Due by the end of Month 4 of the contract.
2.f.	SOP for Auditing Site Monitor Work	1 – Project Officer	Due by the end of Month 6 of the contract.
2.g.	Site Monitoring Reports (submit by e-mail)	1 – Clinical Site 1 – DAIT staff identified by PO.	Within 3 weeks following completion of each site visit.
2.h.	Transition Plan	1 – Project Officer 1 – Contracting Officer	Due 6 months prior to the completion date of the contract.

RFP NIH-NIAID-DAIT-04-46

# 4. Addressees

Project Officer Division of Allergy, Immunology and Transplantation NIAID, NIH 6610 Rockledge Drive, Room 3055, MSC 6601 Bethesda, MD 20892-6601

Contracting Officer Research Resources Contracts Branch Contract Management Program, DEA NIAID, NIH 6700-B Rockledge Drive Room 2230, MSC 7612 Bethesda, MD 20892-7612

# **PART I - THE SCHEDULE**

# SECTIONS B - H -- UNIFORM CONTRACT FORMAT - GENERAL

A Sample Uniform Contract Format may be found at the following website:

 $\underline{http://rcb.cancer.gov/rcb-internet/wkf/sample-contract.htm}$ 

# PART II – CONTRACT CLAUSES

# **SECTION I - CONTRACT CLAUSES**

THE FOLLOWING PAGES CONTAIN A LISTING(S) OF GENERAL CLAUSES WHICH WILL BE APPLICABLE TO MOST CONTRACTS RESULTING FROM THIS RFP. HOWEVER, THE ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE OF THE SUCCESSFUL OFFEROR(S) WILL DETERMINE THE SPECIFIC GENERAL CLAUSES LISTING TO BE CONTAINED IN THE CONTRACT(S) AWARDED FROM THIS RFP.

# ARTICLE I.1. GENERAL CLAUSES FOR A COST-REIMBURSEMENT RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CONTRACT – FAR 52.252-2, CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE (FEBRUARY 1998)

This contract incorporates the following clauses by reference, with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available. Also, the full text of a clause may be accessed electronically at this URL: <a href="http://www.arnet.gov/far/">http://www.arnet.gov/far/</a>.

# a. FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION (FAR) (48 CHAPTER 1) CLAUSES

FAR <u>Clause No.</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Title</u>
52.202-1	Dec 2001	Definitions
52.203-3	Apr 1984	Gratuities (Over \$100,000)
52.203-5	Apr 1984	Covenant Against Contingent Fees (Over \$100,000)
52.203-6	Jul 1995	Covenant Against Contingent Fees (Over \$100,000)
52.203-7	Jul 1995	Anti-Kickback Procedures (Over \$100,000)
52.203-8	Jan 1997	Cancellation, Rescission, and Recovery of Funds for Illegal or Improper Activity (Over \$100,000)
52.203-10	Jan 1997	Price or Fee Adjustment for Illegal or Improper Activity (Over \$100,000)
52.203-12	Jun 1997	Limitation on Payments to Influence Certain Federal Transactions (Over \$100,000)
52.204-4	Aug 2000	Printing/Copying Double-Sided on Recycled Paper (Over \$100,000)
52.209-6	Jul 1995	Protecting the Governments Interests When Subcontracting With Contractors Debarred, Suspended, or Proposed for Debarment (Over \$25,000)
52.215-2	Jun 1999	Audit and Records - Negotiation (Over \$100,000)
52.215-8	Oct 1997	Order of Precedence – Uniform Contract Format
52.215-10	Oct 1997	Price Reduction for Defective Cost or Pricing Data
52.215-12	Oct 1997	Subcontractor Cost or Pricing Data (Over \$500,000)
52.215-14	Oct 1997	Integrity of Unit Prices (Over \$100,000)
52.215-15	Dec 1998	Pension Adjustments and Asset Reversions
52.215-18	Oct 1997	Reversion or Adjustment of Plans for Post-Retirement Benefits (PRB) Other Than Pensions
52.215-19	Oct 1997	Notification of Ownership Changes
52.215-21	Oct 1997	Requirements for Cost or Pricing Data or Information Other Than Cost or Pricing Data - Modifications
52.216-7	Dec 2002	Allowable Cost and Payment
52.216-8	Mar 1997	Fixed Fee

52.219-8	Oct 2000	Utilization of Small Business Concerns (Over \$100,000)
52.219-9	Jan 2002	Small Business Subcontracting Plan (Over \$500,000)
52.219-16	Jan 1999	Liquidated Damages - Subcontracting Plan (Over \$500,000)
52.222-2	Jul 1990	Payment for Overtime Premium (Over \$100,000) (NOTE: The dollar amount in paragraph (a) of this clause is \$0 unless otherwise specified in the contract.)
52.222-3	Aug 1996	Convict Labor
52.222-26	Apr 2002	Equal Opportunity
52.222-35	Dec 2001	Equal Opportunity for Special Disabled Veterans, Veterans of the Vietnam Era, and Other Eligible Veterans
52.222-36	Jun 1998	Affirmative Action for Workers with Disabilities
52.222-37	Dec 2001	Employment Reports on Special Disabled Veterans, Veterans of the Vietnam Era, and Other Eligible Veterans
52.223-6	May 2001	Drug-Free Workplace
52.223-14	Oct 2000	Toxic Chemical Release Reporting
52.225-1	May 2002	Buy American Act - Supplies
52.225-13	Jul 2000	Restrictions on Certain Foreign Purchases
52.227-1	Jul 1995	Authorization and Consent, Alternate I (Apr 1984)
52.227-2	Aug 1996	Notice and Assistance Regarding Patent and Copyright Infringement (Over \$100,000)
52.227-11	Jun 1997	Patent Rights - Retention by the Contractor (Short Form) (NOTE: In accordance with FAR 27.303 (a) (2), paragraph (f) is modified to include the requirements in FAR 27.303 (a) (2) (i) through (iv). The frequency of reporting in (i) is annual.
52.227-14	Jun 1987	Rights in Data – General
52-232-9	Apr 1984	Limitation on Withholding of Payments
52.232-17	Jun 1996	Interest (Over \$100,000)
52.232-20	Apr 1984	Limitation of Cost
52.232-23	Jan 1986	Assignment of Claims
52.232-25	Feb 2002	Prompt Payment
52.232-25 52.232-34	Feb 2002 May 1999	Prompt Payment, Alternate I (Feb 2002) Payment by Electronic Funds TransferOther Than Central Contractor Registration
52.233-1	July 2002	Disputes
52.233-3	Aug 1996	Protest After Award

52.242-1	Apr 1984	Notice of Intent to Disallow Costs
52.242-3	May 2001	Penalties for Unallowable Costs (Over \$500,000)
52.242-4	Jan 1997	Certification of Final Indirect Costs
52.242-13	Jul 1995	Bankruptcy (Over \$100,000)
52.243-2	Aug 1987	Changes - Cost Reimbursement, Alternate V (Apr 1984)
52.244-2	Aug 1998	Subcontracts, Alternate II (Aug 1998) *If written consent to subcontract is required, the identified subcontracts are listed in ARTICLE B., Advance Understandings.
52.244-5	Dec 1996	Competition in Subcontracting (Over \$100,000)
52.245-5	Jan 1986	Government Property (Cost-Reimbursement, Time and Material, or Labor Hour Contract)
52.246-23	Feb 1997	Limitation of Liability (Over \$100,000)
52.249-6	Sep 1996	Termination (Cost-Reimbursement)
52.249-14	Apr 1984	Excusable Delays

# b. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES ACQUISITION REGULATION (HHSAR) (48 CFR CHAPTER 3) CLAUSES

HHSAR Clause No.	<u>Date</u>	<u>Title</u>
352.202-1	Jan 2001	Definitions - with Alternate paragraph (h) (Jan 2001)
352.228-7	Dec 1991	Insurance - Liability to Third Persons
352.232-9	Apr 1984	Withholding of Contract Payments
352.233-70	Apr 1984	Litigation and Claims
352.242-71	Apr 1984	Final Decisions on Audit Findings
352.270-5	Apr 1984	Key Personnel
352.270-6	Jul 1991	Publication and Publicity

END OF GENERAL CLAUSES FOR A COST-REIMBURSEMENT RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CONTRACT – Rev. 4/2003]

#### ARTICLE I.2. AUTHORIZED SUBSTITUTIONS OF CLAUSES

Any authorized substitutions and/or modifications other than the General Clauses which will be based on the type of contract/Contractor will be determined during negotiations.

It is expected that the following clause(s) will be made part of the resultant contract:

ALTERNATE IV (OCTOBER 1997) of FAR Clause 52.215-21, REQUIREMENTS FOR COST OR PRICING DATA OR INFORMATION OTHER THAN COST OR PRICING DATA--MODIFICATIONS (OCTOBER 1997) is added.

ALTERNATE II (OCTOBER 2001) of FAR Clause 52.219-9, SMALL BUSINESS SUBCONTRACTING PLAN (JANUARY 2002) is added.

FAR Clause 52.232-20, LIMITATION OF COST, is deleted in its entirety and FAR Clause 52.232-22, LIMITATION OF FUNDS (APRIL 1984) is substituted therefor. [Note: When this contract is fully funded, FAR Clause 52.232-22, LIMITATION OF FUNDS will no longer apply and FAR Clause 52.232-20, LIMITATION OF COST will become applicable.]

#### ARTICLE I.3. ADDITIONAL CONTRACT CLAUSES

Additional clauses other than those listed below which are based on the type of contract/Contractor shall be determined during negotiations. Any contract awarded from this solicitation will contain the following:

This contract incorporates the following clauses by reference, (unless otherwise noted), with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available.

a. FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION (FAR) (48 CFR CHAPTER 1) CLAUSES

FAR 52.215-17, Waiver of Facilities Capital Cost of Money (OCTOBER 1997).

FAR 52.219-4, Notice of Price Evaluation Preference for HUBZone Small Business Concerns (JANUARY 1999).

- "(c) Waiver of evaluation preference.....
  - Offeror elects to waive the evaluation preference."
- FAR 52.219-23, Notice of Price Evaluation Adjustment for Small Disadvantaged Business Concerns (MAY 2001).
  - "(b) Evaluation adjustment. (1) The Contracting Officer will evaluate offers by adding a factor of 10 percent to the price of all offers, except-..."

ALTERNATE I (OCTOBER 1998), FAR Clause 52.219-23, Notice of Price Evaluation Adjustment for Small Disadvantaged Business Concerns (OCTOBER 1999).

FAR 52.219-25, Small Disadvantaged Business Participation Program--Disadvantaged Status and Reporting (OCTOBER 1999).

FAR 52.224-1, Privacy Act Notification (APRIL 1984).

FAR 52.224-2, Privacy Act (APRIL 1984).

FAR 52.227-14, Rights in Data - General (JUNE 1987)

FAR 52.227-17, Rights in Data--Special Works (JUNE 1987).

FAR 52.230-2, Cost Accounting Standards (APRIL 1998).

FAR 52.230-3, Disclosure and Consistency of Cost Accounting Practices (APRIL 1998).

FAR 52.230-4, Consistency in Cost Accounting Practices (AUGUST 1992).

FAR 52.230-6, Administration of Cost Accounting Standards (NOVEMBER 1999).

FAR 52.239-1, Privacy or Security Safeguards (AUGUST 1996).

FAR 52.242-3, Penalties for Unallowable Costs (OCTOBER 1995).

FAR 52.246-23, Limitation of Liability (FEBRUARY 1997).

FAR 52.247-63, Preference for U.S. Flag Air Carriers (JANUARY 1997).

FAR 52.251-1, Government Supply Sources (APRIL 1984).

b. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES ACQUISITION REGULATION/PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE ACQUISITION REGULATION (HHSAR)/(PHSAR) (48 CHAPTER 3) CLAUSES:

HHSAR 352.223-70, Safety and Health (JANUARY 2001)

HHSAR 352.270-8, Protection of Human Subjects (JANUARY 2001).

Note: The Office for Human Research Protections (OHRP), Office of the Secretary (OS), Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) is the office responsible for oversight of the Protection of Human subjects and should replace Office for Protection from Research Risks (OPRR), National Institutes of Health (NIH) wherever it appears in this clause.

c. NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH (NIH) RESEARCH CONTRACTING (RC) CLAUSES:

The following clauses are attached and made a part of this contract:

NIH (RC)-7, Procurement of Certain Equipment (APRIL 1984) (OMB Bulletin 81-16).

# ARTICLE I.4. ADDITIONAL FAR CONTRACT CLAUSES INCLUDED IN FULL TEXT

Additional clauses other than those listed below which are based on the type of contract/Contractor shall be determined during negotiations. Any contract awarded from this solicitation will contain the following:

This contract incorporates the following clauses in full text.

FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION (FAR)(48 CFR CHAPTER 1) CLAUSES:

# FAR Clause 52.244-6, SUBCONTRACTS FOR COMMERCIAL ITEMS (MAY 2002)

(a) **Definitions**. As used in this clause--

**Commercial item**, has the meaning contained in the clause at 52.202-1, Definitions.

**Subcontract**, includes a transfer of commercial items between divisions, subsidiaries, or affiliates of the Contractor or subcontractor at any tier.

- (b) To the maximum extent practicable, the Contractor shall incorporate, and require its subcontractors at all tiers to incorporate, commercial items or nondevelopmental items as components of items to be supplied under this contract.
- (c) (1) The Contractor shall insert the following clauses in subcontracts for commercial items:
  - (i) 52.219-8, Utilization of Small Business Concerns (OCT 2000) (15 U.S.C. 637(d)(2) and (3)), in all subcontracts that offer further subcontracting opportunities. If the subcontract (except subcontracts to small business concerns) exceeds \$500,000 (\$1,000,000 for construction of any public facility), the subcontractor must include 52.219-8 in lower tier subcontracts that offer subcontracting opportunities.
  - (ii) 52.222-26, Equal Opportunity (APR 2002) (E.O. 11246).
  - (iii) 52.222-35, Equal Opportunity for Special Disabled Veterans, Veterans of the Vietnam Era, and Other Eligible Veterans (DEC 2001) (38 U.S.C. 4212(a)).
  - (iv) 52.222-36, Affirmative Action for Workers with Disabilities (JUN 1998) (29 U.S.C. 793).
  - (v) 52.247-64, Preference for Privately Owned U.S.-Flag Commercial Vessels (JUN 2000) (46 U.S.C. Appx 1241) (flowdown not required for subcontracts awarded beginning May 1, 1996).
  - (2) While not required, the Contractor may flow down to subcontracts for commercial items a minimal number of additional clauses necessary to satisfy its contractual obligations.
- (d) The Contractor shall include the terms of this clause, including this paragraph (d), in subcontracts awarded under this contract.

# PART III - LIST OF DOCUMENTS, EXHIBITS AND OTHER ATTACHMENTS

# **SECTION J - LIST OF ATTACHMENTS**

The following Attachments are provided in full text with this Solicitation:

PROPOSAL SUBMISSION INSTRUCTIONS - see: http://www.niaid.nih.gov/contract/eproposal.htm

PROPOSAL SUBMISSION: NUMBER OF COPIES AND PAGE LIMITATIONS (Attached to this listing)

PROPOSAL INTENT RESPONSE SHEET (Attached to this listing)

[NOTE: Your attention is directed to the "Proposal Intent Response Sheet". If you intend to submit a proposal, you must complete this form and return it to this office via fax or e-mail on or before the date identified in the Attachment. The receipt of this form is critical as it contains information essential for CMP's coordination of the electronic submission and review of proposals.]

#### **RFP FORMS AND ATTACHMENTS:**

THE RFP FORMS/ATTACHMENTS LISTED BELOW ARE AVAILABLE IN A VARIETY OF FORMATS AND MAY BE VIEWED OR DOWNLOADED DIRECTLY FROM THIS SITE:

http://www.niaid.nih.gov/contract/ref.htm

# APPLICABLE TO TECHNICAL PROPOSAL (INCLUDE THESE DOCUMENTS/FORMS WITH YOUR TECHNICAL PROPOSAL):

- Technical Proposal Cover Sheet
- NIH-1688-1, Project Objectives
- Technical Proposal Cost Information
- Summary of Related Activities
- Government Notice for Handling Proposals

# APPLICABLE TO BUSINESS PROPOSAL (INCLUDE WITH YOUR BUSINESS PROPOSAL):

- NIH-2043, Proposal Summary and Data Record
- Small Business Subcontracting Plan Format [if applicable]
- Breakdown of Proposed Estimated Cost (plus fee) and Labor Hours
- Offeror's Points of Contact

# TO BECOME CONTRACT ATTACHMENTS (INFORMATION ONLY):

- NIH(RC)-4: Invoice/Financing Request and Contract Financial Reporting Instructions for NIH Cost-Reimbursement Type Contracts
- NIH(RC)-7: Procurement of Certain Equipment, (OMB Bulletin 81-16)
- Safety and Health, HHSAR Clause 352.223-70
- Privacy Act System of Records
- Disclosure of Lobbying Activities, OMB Form LLL

# PROPOSAL SUBMISSION: NUMBER OF COPIES, PAGE LIMITATIONS AND ELECTRONIC FILE SIZE

Please refer to <a href="http://www.niaid.nih.gov/contract/eproposal.htm">http://www.niaid.nih.gov/contract/eproposal.htm</a> for delivery instructions for the submission of both PAPER and ELECTRONIC COPIES of your proposal.

<u>PAPER SUBMISSION</u>: The paper copy is the official copy for recording timely receipt of proposals.

<u>ELECTRONIC SUBMISSION</u>: In addition to the paper submission, you are requested to submit your proposal electronically through the CRON (Contracts Review Online) in accordance with the instructions provided at the above-referenced weblink. You must certify that both the original paper and electronic versions of the proposal are identical.

The electronic submission is solely for the benefit of the Agency. Such submission is still in a "test" stage, and the electronic submissions may or may not be utilized, at the sole discretion of the Agency.

If you experience difficulty or are unable to transmit, you may submit your proposal on a CD-Rom or ZipDisk by an express delivery service. We can then upload your proposal into the electronic system.

SUBMISSION OF PROPOSALS BY FACSIMILE IS NOT ACCEPTABLE.

SUBMISSION OF ONLY ELECTRONIC PROPOSALS WITHOUT PAPER COPIES IS NOT ACCEPTABLE.

# **NUMBER OF COPIES:**

The number of copies required of each part of your proposal are as specified below.

Document	Number of Copies	Page Limits	File Size
Technical Proposal	One (1) unbound signed original.	Limited to not-to-exceed	Limited to not-to-exceed
	Five (5) unbound copies.	100 pages	5 mega-bytes
Business Proposal	One (1) unbound signed original.	Limited to not-to-exceed	Limited to not-to-exceed
	Five (5) unbound copies.	100 pages	5 mega-bytes
Representations and	One (1) Original required to be submitted		
Certifications	with the Original Business Proposal.	N/A	N/A
	(Extra copies are optional.)		
Proposal Appendices	Ten (10) unbound copies of all materials not available electronically (i.e. SOPs, Pertinent Manuals, Nonscannable Figures or Data, and Letters of Collaboration/Intent).	Included in page limits.	N/A

WARNING: You are advised to read and carefully follow the instructions listed in each RFP. Failure to adhere to these instructions and to the specified limitations for size of paper and electronic proposals may result in the rejection of your proposal.

# PROPOSAL INTENT RESPONSE SHEET

RFP No.: NIH-NIAID-DAIT-04-46

**RFP Title:** Immune Tolerance Network – Clinical Site Monitoring Group

Please review the attached Request for Proposal. Furnish the information requested below and return this page by <u>January 14, 2004</u>. Your expression of intent is not binding but will greatly assist us in planning for proposal evaluation.

Since your proposal will also be submitted electronically, please include the name and e-mail of the individual to whom the electronic proposal instructions, login code, and password should be provided.

[ ] DO INTEND TO SUBMIT A PROPOSAL [ ] DO NOT INTEND TO SUBMIT A PROPOSAL FOR THE FOLLOWING REASO	NS:
Company/Institution Name (print):	
Address (print):	
Project Director's Name (print):  Title (print):	
Signature/Date: Telephone Number and E-mail Address (print clearly):	
Telephone Number and E-mail Address (print clearly):	
*Name of individual to whom electronic proposal instructions should be sent:	
Name:	
Title:	
E-Mail Address:	
Names of Collaborating Institutions and Investigators (include Subcontractors an	d Consultants) (print):
(Continue list on a separate page if necessary)	

RETURN VIA FAX OR E-MAIL TO: RRCB, CMP, NIAID, NIH Room 2230 6700-B Rockledge Drive, MSC 7612 Bethesda, MD 20892-7612 Attn: David T. Lisle RFP-NIH-NIAID-DAIT-04-46

FAX# (301) 402-0972 Email: dlisle@niaid.nih.gov

# PART IV – REPRESENTATIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS

# SECTION K - REPRESENTATIONS, CERTIFICATIONS AND OTHER STATEMENTS OF OFFERORS

Representations, Certifications, and Other Statements of Offerors or Quoters (Negotiated).

1. REPRESENTATIONS AND CERTIFICATIONS

The Representations and Certifications required by this particular acquisition can be accessed electronically from the INTERNET at the following address:

http://rcb.cancer.gov/rcb-internet/forms/rcneg.pdf

If you are unable to access this document electronically, you may request a copy from the Contracting Officer identified on the cover page of this solicitation.

IF YOU INTEND TO SUBMIT A PROPOSAL, YOU MUST COMPLETE AND SUBMIT ONE ORIGINAL OF THE REPRESENTATIONS AND CERTIFICATIONS AND SUBMIT IT AS PART OF YOUR ORIGINAL BUSINESS PROPOSAL. ADDITIONALLY, A COMPLETED ORIGINAL MUST BE SUBMITTED FOR ANY PROPOSED SUBCONTRACTORS.

# SECTION L - INSTRUCTIONS, CONDITIONS, AND NOTICES TO OFFERORS

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

### a. INSTRUCTIONS TO OFFERORS-COMPETITIVE ACQUISITION [FAR Clause 52.215-1 (May 2001)]

(a) Definitions. As used in this provision--

*Discussions* are negotiations that occur after establishment of the competitive range that may, at the Contracting Officer's discretion, result in the offeror being allowed to revise its proposal.

"In writing", "writing", or "written" any worded or numbered expression that can be read, reproduced, and later communicated, and includes electronically transmitted and stored information.

"Proposal modification" is a change made to a proposal before the solicitation's closing date and time, or made in response to an amendment, or made to correct a mistake at any time before award.

"Proposal revision" is a change to a proposal made after the solicitation closing date, at the request of or as allowed by a Contracting Officer as the result of negotiations.

"*Time*," if stated as a number of days, is calculated using calendar days, unless otherwise specified, and will include Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays. However, if the last day falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, then the period shall include the next working day.

- (b) Amendments to solicitations. If this solicitation is amended, all terms and conditions that are not amended remain unchanged. Offerors shall acknowledge receipt of any amendment to this solicitation by the date and time specified in the amendment(s).
- (c) Submission, modification, revision, and withdrawal of proposals. (1) Unless other methods (e.g., electronic commerce or facsimile) are permitted in the solicitation, proposals and modifications to proposals shall be submitted in paper media in sealed envelopes or packages (i) addressed to the office specified in the solicitation, and (ii) showing the time and date specified for receipt, the solicitation number, and the name and address of the offeror. Offerors using commercial carriers should ensure that the proposal is marked on the outermost wrapper with the information in paragraphs (c)(1)(i) and (c)(1)(ii) of this provision.
  - (2) The first page of the proposal must show--
    - (i) The solicitation number;
    - (ii) The name, address, and telephone and facsimile numbers of the offeror (and electronic address if available);
    - (iii) A statement specifying the extent of agreement with all terms, conditions, and provisions included in the solicitation and agreement to furnish any or all items upon which prices are offered at the price set opposite each item;
    - (iv) Names, titles, and telephone and facsimile numbers (and electronic addresses if available) of persons authorized to negotiate on the offeror's behalf with the Government in connection with this solicitation; and
    - (v) Name, title, and signature of person authorized to sign the proposal. Proposals signed by an agent shall be accompanied by evidence of that agent's authority, unless that evidence has been previously furnished to the issuing office.
  - (3) Submission, modification, revision, and withdrawal of proposals. (i) Offerors are responsible for submitting proposals, and any modifications or revisions, so as to reach the Government office designated in the solicitation by the time specified in the solicitation. If no time is specified in the solicitation, the time for receipt is 4:30 p.m., local time, for the designated Government office on the date that proposal or revision is due.

- (ii) (A) Any proposal, modification, or revision received at the Government office designated in the solicitation after the exact time specified for receipt of offers is "late" and will not be considered unless it is received before award is made, the Contracting Officer determines that accepting the late offer would not unduly delay the acquisition; and--
  - (1) If it was transmitted through an electronic commerce method authorized by the solicitation, it was received at the initial point of entry to the Government infrastructure not later than 5:00 p.m. one working day prior to the date specified for receipt of proposals; or
  - (2) There is acceptable evidence to establish that it was received at the Government installation designated for receipt of offers and was under the Government's control prior to the time set for receipt of offers; or
  - (3) It is the only proposal received.
  - (B) However, a late modification of an otherwise successful proposal that makes its terms more favorable to the Government, will be considered at any time it is received and may be accepted.
- (iii) Acceptable evidence to establish the time of receipt at the Government installation includes the time/date stamp of that installation on the proposal wrapper, other documentary evidence of receipt maintained by the installation, or oral testimony or statements of Government personnel.
- (iv) If an emergency or unanticipated event interrupts normal Government processes so that proposals cannot be received at the office designated for receipt of proposals by the exact time specified in the solicitation, and urgent Government requirements preclude amendment of the solicitation, the time specified for receipt of proposals will be deemed to be extended to the same time of day specified in the solicitation on the first work day on which normal Government processes resume.
- (v) Proposals may be withdrawn by written notice received at any time before award. Oral proposals in response to oral solicitations may be withdrawn orally. If the solicitation authorizes facsimile proposals, proposals may be withdrawn via facsimile received at any time before award, subject to the conditions specified in the provision at 52.215-5, Facsimile Proposals. Proposals may be withdrawn in person by an offeror or an authorized representative, if the identity of the person requesting withdrawal is established and the person signs a receipt for the proposal before award.
- (4) Unless otherwise specified in the solicitation, the offeror may propose to provide any item or combination of items.
- (5) Offerors shall submit proposals in response to this solicitation in English, unless otherwise permitted by the solicitation, and in U.S. dollars, unless the provision at FAR 52.225-17, Evaluation of Foreign Currency Offers, is included in the solicitation.
- (6) Offerors may submit modifications to their proposals at any time before the solicitation closing date and time, and may submit modifications in response to an amendment, or to correct a mistake at any time before award.
- (7) Offerors may submit revised proposals only if requested or allowed by the Contracting Officer.
- (8) Proposals may be withdrawn at any time before award. Withdrawals are effective upon receipt of notice by the Contracting Officer.
- (d) Offer expiration date. Proposals in response to this solicitation will be valid for the number of days specified on the solicitation cover sheet (unless a different period is proposed by the offeror).

[Note: In accordance with HHSAR 352.215-1, the following paragraph (e) is substituted for the subparagraph (e) of the provision at FAR 52.215-1.]

(e) Restriction on disclosure and use of data. (1) The proposal submitted in response to this request may contain data (trade secrets; business data, e.g., commercial information, financial information, and cost and pricing data; and technical data) which the offeror, including its prospective subcontractor(s), does not want used or disclosed for any purpose other than for evaluation of the proposal. The use and disclosure of any data may be so restricted; provided, that the Government determines that the data is not required to be disclosed under the Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. 552, as amended, and the offeror marks the cover sheet of the proposal with the following legend, specifying the particular portions of the proposal which are to be restricted in accordance with the conditions of the legend. The Government's determination to withhold or disclose a record will be based upon the particular circumstances involving the record in question and whether the record may be exempted from disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act. The legend reads:

Unless disclosure is required by the Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. 552, as amended, (the Act) as determined by Freedom of Information (FOI) officials of the Department of Health and Human Services, data contained in the portions of this proposal which have been specifically identified by page number, paragraph, etc. by the offeror as containing restricted information shall not be used or disclosed except for evaluation purposes.

The offeror acknowledges that the Department may not be able to withhold a record (data, document, etc.) nor deny access to a record requested pursuant to the Act and that the Department's FOI officials must make that determination. The offeror hereby agrees that the Government is not liable for disclosure if the Department has determined that disclosure is required by the Act.

If a contract is awarded to the offeror as a result of, or in connection with, the submission of this proposal, the Government shall have right to use or disclose the data to the extent provided in the contract. Proposals not resulting in a contract remain subject to the Act.

The offeror also agrees that the Government is not liable for disclosure or use of unmarked data and may use or disclose the data for any purpose, including the release of the information pursuant to requests under the Act. The data subject to this restriction are contained in pages (insert page numbers, paragraph designations, etc. or other identification).

(2) In addition, the offeror should mark each page of data it wishes to restrict with the following statement:

"Use or disclosure of data contained on this page is subject to the restriction on the cover sheet of this proposal or quotation."

- (3) Offerors are cautioned that proposals submitted with restrictive legends or statements differing in substance from the above legend may not be considered for award. The Government reserves the right to reject any proposal submitted with a nonconforming legend.
- (f) Contract award. (1) The Government intends to award a contract or contracts resulting from this solicitation to the responsible offeror(s) whose proposal(s) represents the best value after evaluation in accordance with the factors and subfactors in the solicitation.
  - (2) The Government may reject any or all proposals if such action is in the Government's interest.
  - (3) The Government may waive informalities and minor irregularities in proposals received.
  - (4) The Government intends to evaluate proposals and award a contract without discussions with offerors (except clarifications as described in FAR 15.306(a)). Therefore, the offeror's initial proposal should contain the offeror's best terms from a cost or price and technical standpoint. The Government reserves the right to conduct discussions if the Contracting Officer later determines them to be necessary. If the Contracting Officer determines that the number of proposals that would otherwise be in the competitive range exceeds the number at which an efficient competition can be conducted, the Contracting Officer may limit the number of proposals in the competitive range to the greatest number that will permit an efficient competition among the most highly rated proposals.

- (5) The Government reserves the right to make an award on any item for a quantity less than the quantity offered, at the unit cost or prices offered, unless the offeror specifies otherwise in the proposal.
- (6) The Government reserves the right to make multiple awards if, after considering the additional administrative costs, it is in the Government's best interest to do so.
- (7) Exchanges with offerors after receipt of a proposal do not constitute a rejection or counteroffer by the Government
- (8) The Government may determine that a proposal is unacceptable if the prices proposed are materially unbalanced between line items or subline items. Unbalanced pricing exists when, despite an acceptable total evaluated price, the price of one or more contract line items is significantly overstated or understated as indicated by the application of cost or price analysis techniques. A proposal may be rejected if the Contracting Officer determines that the lack of balance poses an unacceptable risk to the Government.
- (9) If a cost realism analysis is performed, cost realism may be considered by the source selection authority in evaluating performance or schedule risk.
- (10) A written award or acceptance of proposal mailed or otherwise furnished to the successful offeror within the time specified in the proposal shall result in a binding contract without further action by either party.
- (11) The Government may disclose the following information in postaward debriefings to other offerors:
  - (i) The overall evaluated cost or price and technical rating of the successful offeror;
  - (ii) The overall ranking of all offerors, when any ranking was developed by the agency during source selection;
  - (iii) A summary of the rationale for award; and
  - (iv) For acquisitions of commercial items, the make and model of the item to be delivered by the successful offeror.

(End of Provision)

**Alternate I** (October 1997). As prescribed in 15.209(a)(1), substitute the following paragraph (f)(4) for paragraph (f)(4) of the basic provision:

(f) (4) The Government intends to evaluate proposals and award a contract after conducting discussions with offerors whose proposals have been determined to be within the competitive range. If the Contracting Officer determines that the number of proposals that would otherwise be in the competitive range exceeds the number at which an efficient competition can be conducted, the Contracting Officer may limit the number of proposals in the competitive range to the greatest number that will permit an efficient competition among the most highly rated proposals. Therefore, the offeror's initial proposal should contain the offeror's best terms from a price and technical standpoint.

#### b. NAICS CODE AND SIZE STANDARD

Note: The following information is to be used by the offeror in preparing its Representations and Certifications (See Section K of this RFP), specifically in completing the provision entitled, SMALL BUSINESS PROGRAM REPRESENTATION, FAR Clause 52.219-1.

- (1) The North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code for this acquisition is 541710.
- (2) The small business size standard is 500 employees.

THIS REQUIREMENT IS NOT SET-ASIDE FOR SMALL BUSINESS. However, the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) requires in every solicitation, (except for foreign acquisitions) the inclusion of the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) Code and corresponding size standard which best describes the nature of the requirement in the solicitation.

# c. NOTICE OF PRICE EVALUATION ADJUSTMENT FOR SMALL DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS CONCERNS

In accordance with FAR Clause 52.219-23, Notice of Price Evaluation Adjustment for Small Disadvantaged Business Concerns, incorporated in Section I.3., offerors will be evaluated by adding a factor of 10 percent to the price of all offers, except offers from small disadvantaged business concerns that have not waived the adjustment. (Note: A listing of other offerors who are excepted and will not have this evaluation factor added to their offer may be found in subparagraph (b) of FAR Clause 52.219-23.

A small disadvantaged business concern may elect to waive the adjustment, in which case the factor will be added to its offer for evaluation purposes. The agreements in paragraph (d) of FAR Clause 52.219-23 do not apply to offerors that waive the adjustment.

AN OFFEROR WHO ELECTS TO WAIVE THIS EVALUATION ADJUSTMENT MUST SPECIFICALLY INDICATE WITH A STATEMENT TO THIS EFFECT ON THE COVER PAGE OF ITS BUSINESS PROPOSAL.

### d. TYPE OF CONTRACT AND NUMBER OF AWARD(S)

It is anticipated that one award will be made from this solicitation and that the award will be made on/about September 30, 2004.

It is anticipated that the award from this solicitation will be a multiple-year, cost reimbursement, completion type contract with a period of performance of 7 years, and that incremental funding will be used [see Section L.2.c. Business Proposal Instructions].

# e. ESTIMATE OF EFFORT

It is expected that a completion type contract will be awarded as a result of this RFP. To assist you in the preparation of your proposal, the Government considers the effort to be approximately 9.1 total FTEs, estimated at 19,136 labor hours per year for the entire project. This information is furnished for the offeror's information only and is not to be considered restrictive for proposal purposes.

#### f. COMMITMENT OF PUBLIC FUNDS

The Contracting Officer is the only individual who can legally commit the Government to the expenditure of public funds in connection with the proposed procurement. Any other commitment, either explicit or implied, is invalid.

# g. COMMUNICATIONS PRIOR TO CONTRACT AWARD

Offerors shall direct all communications to the attention of the Contract Specialist or Contracting Officer cited on the face page of this RFP. Communications with the Project Officer or other officials may compromise the competitiveness of this acquisition and result in cancellation of the requirement.

#### h. RELEASE OF INFORMATION

Contract selection and award information will be disclosed to offerors in accordance with regulations applicable to negotiated acquisition. Prompt written notice will be given to unsuccessful offerors as they are eliminated from the competition, and to all offerors following award.

#### i COMPARATIVE IMPORTANCE OF PROPOSALS

You are advised that paramount consideration shall be given to the evaluation of technical proposals. All evaluation factors other than cost or price, when combined, are significantly more important than cost or price. The relative importance of the evaluation factors is specified in SECTION M of this solicitation. However, the Government reserves the right to make an award to the best advantage of the Government, cost and other factors considered.

### i. **CONCEPT REVIEW**

This project has not been reviewed by the Board of Scientific Counselors as required. Such review will occur prior to technical evaluation. Thus potential offerors are cautioned that cancellation of this RFP due to disapproval by the Board of Scientific Counselors is a possibility.

### k. PREPARATION COSTS

This RFP does not commit the Government to pay for the preparation and submission of a proposal.

### 1. **SERVICE OF PROTEST** (AUGUST 1996) - FAR 52.233-2

(a) Protests, as defined in section 33.101 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, that are filed directly with an agency, and copies of any protests that are filed with the General Accounting Office (GAO), shall be served on the Contracting Officer (addressed as follows) by obtaining written and dated acknowledgment of receipt from:

Contracting Officer: [See Block 15 of RFP Cover Page]
Address: [See Block 9 of RFP Cover Page]

(b) The copy of any protest shall be received in the office designated above within one day of filing a protest with the GAO.

(End of Provision)

### m. LATE PROPOSALS AND REVISIONS, HHSAR 352.215-70

Notwithstanding the procedures contained in FAR 52.215-1(c)(3) of the provision of this solicitation entitled Instructions to Offerors—Competitive Acquisition, a proposal received after the date specified for receipt may be considered if it offers significant cost or technical advantages to the Government; and it was received before proposals were distributed for evaluation, or within five calendar days after the exact time specified for receipt, whichever is earlier.

(End of provision)

# n. USE OF INTERNET WEB SITE ADDRESSES (URLs) IN PROPOSALS

Unless otherwise specified or required in NIAID solicitations, internet Web Site addresses (URLs) may not be used to provide information necessary to the conduct of the review of the proposal. Direct access to an internet site by a Reviewer who is examining and reviewing the proposal on behalf of the NIAID could compromise their anonymity during the review process. If a URL contains information pertinent to the proposal content, the offeror must provide access to the website via a temporary website portal which allow reviewers the capability to view and interact with the site.

The proposal must clearly identify the URLs to be accessed and the procedure for accessing the temporary website portal. Access must not require the identity of the individual.

### 2. INSTRUCTIONS TO OFFERORS

### a. GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

#### INTRODUCTION

The following instructions will establish the acceptable minimum requirements for the format and contents of proposals. Special attention is directed to the requirements for technical and business proposals to be submitted in accordance with these instructions.

# (1) Contract Type and General Clauses

It is contemplated that a cost-reimbursement, completion type contract will be awarded. (See General Information) Any resultant contract shall include the clauses applicable to the selected offeror's organization and type of contract awarded as required by Public Law, Executive Order, or acquisition regulations in effect at the time of execution of the proposed contract.

# (2) Authorized Official and Submission of Proposal

The proposal must be signed by an official authorized to bind your organization and must stipulate that it is predicated upon all the terms and conditions of this RFP. Your proposal shall be submitted in the number of copies, to the addressees, and marked as indicated in the Attachment entitled, PROPOSAL SUBMISSION: NUMBER OF COPIES AND PAGE LIMITATIONS, Part III, Section J, hereof. Proposals will be typewritten, paginated, reproduced on letter size paper and will be legible in all required copies. To expedite the proposal evaluation, all documents required for responding to the RFP should be placed in the following order:

#### I. COVER PAGE

Include RFP title, number, name of organization, identification of the proposal part, and indicate whether the proposal is an original or a copy.

### a. Project Objectives, NIH-1688-1

The Offeror shall insert a completed NIH Form 1688-1, Project Objective, as provided in Section J, Attachments, behind the Title Page of each copy of the proposal, along with the "Government Notice for Handling Proposals." The NIH Form 1688-1 is to be completed as follows:

- For an Institution of Higher Education: The form MUST be completed in its entirety.
- For OTHER than an Institution of Higher Education: The starred items (Department, Service, Laboratory or Equivalent, and Major Subdivision) should be left blank.

The information required under the "Summary of Objectives" portion of the form MUST meet the requirements set forth in the section of the form entitled, "<u>INSTRUCTIONS</u>:"

### II. TECHNICAL PROPOSAL

It is recommended that the technical proposal consist of a cover page, a table of contents, and the information requested in the Technical Proposal Instructions and as specified in SECTION J, List of Attachments.

### III. BUSINESS PROPOSAL

It is recommended that the business proposal consist of a cover page, a table of contents, and the information requested in the Business Proposal Instructions and as specified in SECTION J, List of Attachments.

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### (3) Proposal Summary and Data Record (NIH-2043)

The Offeror must complete the Form NIH-2043, attached, with particular attention to the length of time the proposal is firm and the designation of those personnel authorized to conduct negotiations. (See Section J, Attachment entitled, PROPOSAL SUMMARY AND DATA RECORD).

# (4) Separation of Technical and Business Proposals

The proposal must be prepared in two parts: a "Technical Proposal" and a "Business Proposal." Each of the parts shall be separate and complete in itself so that evaluation of one may be accomplished independently of, and concurrently with, evaluation of the other. The technical proposal must include direct cost and resources information, such as labor-hours and categories and applicable rates, materials, subcontracts, travel, etc., and associated costs so that the offeror's understanding of the project may be evaluated (See Attachment entitled, TECHNICAL PROPOSAL COST INFORMATION). However, the technical proposal should **not** include pricing data relating to individual salary information, indirect cost rates or amounts, fee amounts (if any), and total costs. The technical proposal should disclose your technical approach in as much detail as possible, including, but not limited to, the requirements of the technical proposal instructions.

# (5) Alternate Proposals

You may, at your discretion, submit alternate proposals, or proposals which deviate from the requirements; provided, that you also submit a proposal for performance of the work as specified in the statement of work. Such proposals may be considered if overall performance would be improved or not compromised and if they are in the best interests of the Government. Alternative proposals, or deviations from any requirements of this RFP, shall be clearly identified.

#### (6) Evaluation of Proposals

The Government will evaluate technical proposals in accordance with the criteria set forth in PART IV, SECTION M of this RFP.

# (7) Potential Award Without Discussions

The Government reserves the right to award a contract without discussions if the Contracting Officer determines that the initial prices are fair and reasonable and that discussions are not necessary.

### (8) Use of the Metric System of Measurement

It is the policy of the Department of Health and Human Services to support the Federal transition to the metric system and to use the metric system of measurement in all procurements, grants, and other business related activities unless such use is impracticable or is likely to cause significant inefficiencies.

The offeror is encouraged to prepare their proposal using either "Hard Metric," "Soft Metric," or "Dual Systems" of measurement. The following definitions are provided for your information:

**Hard Metric** - The replacement of a standard inch-pound size with an accepted metric size for a particular purpose. An example of size substitution might be: selling or packaging liquids by the liter instead of by the pint or quart (as for soft drinks), or instead of by the gallon (as for gasoline).

**Soft Metric** - The result of a mathematical conversion of inch-pound measurements to metric equivalents for a particular purpose. The physical characteristics are not changed.

**Dual Systems** - The use of both inch-pound and metric systems. For example, an item is designed, produced, and described in inch-pound values with soft metric values also shown for information or comparison purposes.

# (9) Human Subjects

IMPORTANT NOTE TO OFFERORS: The following two paragraphs [(9) and (10)] shall be addressed in a SEPARATE SECTION of the Technical Proposal entitled, "HUMAN SUBJECTS."

The following notice is applicable when contract performance is expected to involve risk to human subjects:

#### Notice to Offerors of Requirements of 45 CFR Part 46, Protection of Human Subjects (JANUARY 2001)

- a) Copies of the Department of Health and Human Services (Department) regulations for the protection of human subjects, 45 CFR Part 46, are available from the Office of Protection from Research Risks (OPRR), National Institutes of Health (NIH), Bethesda, Maryland 20892\*. The regulations provide a systematic means, based on established ethical principles, to safeguard the rights and welfare of individuals who participate as subjects in research activities supported or conducted by the Department.
- b) The regulations define a human subject as a living individual about whom an investigator (whether professional or student) conducting research obtains data through intervention or interaction with the individual, or identifiable private information. The regulations extend to the use of human organs, tissue and body fluids from individually identifiable human subjects as well as to graphic, written or recorded information derived from individually identifiable human subjects. The use of autopsy materials is governed by applicable State and local law and is not directly regulated by 45 CFR, Part 46.
- c) Activities in which the only involvement of human subjects will be in one or more of the categories set forth in 45 CFR 46.101(b)(1-6) are exempt from coverage.
- d) Inappropriate designations of the noninvolvement of human subjects or of exempt categories of research in a project may result in delays in the review of a proposal. The National Institutes of Health will make a final determination of whether the proposed activities are covered by the regulations or are in an exempt category, based on the information provided in the proposal. In doubtful cases, prior consideration with OPRR\*, (telephone: 301-496-7014\*), is recommended.
- e) In accordance with 45 CFR, Part 46, prospective Contractors being considered for award shall be required to file with OPRR\* an acceptable Assurance of Compliance with the regulations, specifying review procedures and assigning responsibilities for the protection of human subjects. The initial and continuing review of a research project by an institutional review board shall assure that the rights and welfare of the human subjects involved are adequately protected, that the risks to the subjects are reasonable in relation to the potential benefits, if any, to the subjects and the importance of the knowledge to be gained, and that informed consent will be obtained by methods that are adequate and appropriate. Prospective Contractors proposing research that involves human subjects shall be contacted by OPRR\* and given detailed instructions for establishing an institutional review board and filing an Assurance of Compliance.
- f) It is recommended that OPRR\* be consulted for advice or guidance concerning either regulatory requirements or ethical issues pertaining to research involving human subjects. (End of Provision)

http://www.access.gpo.gov/nara/cfr/waisidx 01/45cfr46 01.html.

<sup>\*</sup>Note: The Office for Human Research Protections (OHRP), Office of the Secretary (OS), Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) is the office responsible for oversight of the Protection of Human subjects and should replace Office for Protection from Research Risks (OPRR), National Institutes of Health (NIH) wherever it appears in this provision. The phone number to reach this office is 301-496-7014. For more information, the OHRP website may be accessed at <a href="http://ohrp.osophs.dhhs.gov/">http://ohrp.osophs.dhhs.gov/</a> Copies of the DHHS Regulations for the Protection of Human Subjects, 45 CFR Part 46, are also available on line at

### (10) Instructions to Offerors Regarding Protection of Human Subjects

Offerors must address the following human subjects protections issues if this contract will be for research involving human subjects (note: under each of the following points below, the offeror should indicate whether the information provided relates to the primary research site, or to a collaborating performance site(s), or to all sites:

#### (a) Risks to the subjects

Human Subjects Involvement and Characteristics:

- Describe the proposed involvement of human subjects in response to the solicitation.
- Describe the characteristics of the subject population, including their anticipated number, age range, and health status.
- Identify the criteria for inclusion or exclusion of any subpopulation. Explain the rationale for the involvement of special classes of subjects, such as fetuses, pregnant women, children, prisoners, institutionalized individuals, or others who are likely to be vulnerable populations.

### Sources of Materials:

 Identify the sources of research material obtained from individually identifiable living human subjects in the form of specimens, records, or data. Indicate whether the material or data will be obtained specifically for research purposes or whether use will be made of existing specimens, records, or data.

#### Potential Risks:

- Describe the potential risks to subjects (physical, psychological, social, legal, or other) and assess their likelihood and seriousness to the subjects.
- Describe alternative treatments and procedures, including the risks and benefits of the alternative treatments and procedures, to participants in the proposed research, where appropriate.

# (b) Adequacy of Protection Against Risks

#### Recruitment and Informed Consent:

Describe plans for the recruitment of subjects and the procedures for obtaining informed consent. Include a description of the circumstances under which consent will be sought and obtained, who will seek it, the nature of the information to be provided to prospective subjects, and the method of documenting consent. The informed consent document for the contractor and any collaborating sites should be submitted only if requested elsewhere in the solicitation. Be aware that an IRB-approved informed consent document for the contractor and any participating collaborative sites must be provided to the Government prior to patient accrual or participant enrollment.

# Protection Against Risk:

- Describe the procedures for protecting against or minimizing potential risks, including risks to confidentiality, and assess their likely effectiveness.
- Discuss provisions for ensuring necessary medical or professional intervention in the event of adverse effects to the subjects where appropriate.
- In studies that involve interventions, describe the provisions for data and safety monitoring of the research to ensure the safety of subjects.

- (c) Potential Benefits of the Proposed Research to the Subjects and Others
  - Discuss the potential benefits of the research to the subjects and others.
  - Discuss why the risks to subjects are reasonable in relation to the anticipated benefits to subjects and others.
  - Describe treatments and procedures that are alternatives to those provided to the participants by the proposed research, where appropriate.
- (d) Importance of the Knowledge to be Gained
  - Discuss the importance of the knowledge gained or to be gained as a result of the proposed research.
  - Discuss why the risks to subjects are reasonable in relation to the importance of the knowledge that may reasonably be expected to result.

**Note:** If a test article (investigational new drug, device, or biologic) is involved, name the test article and state whether the 30-day interval between submission of offeror's certification to the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and its response has elapsed or has been waived and/or whether the FDA has withheld or restricted use of the test article.

# Collaborating Site(s)

When research involving human subjects will take place at collaborating site(s) or other performance site(s), the offeror must provide in this section of its proposal a list of the collaborating sites and their assurance numbers. Further, if you are awarded a contract, you must obtain in writing, and keep on file, an assurance from each site that the previous points have been adequately addressed at a level of attention that is at least as high as that documented at your organization. Site(s) added after an award is made must also adhere to the above requirements.

### (11) Required Education in the Protection of Human Research Participants

NIH policy requires education on the protection of human subject participants for all investigators submitting NIH proposals for contracts for research involving human subjects. This policy announcement is found in the <a href="NIH Guide">NIH Guide</a> for Grants and Contracts Announcement dated June 5, 2000 at the following website: <a href="http://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-00-039.html">http://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-00-039.html</a>. Offerors should review the policy announcement prior to submission of their offers. The following is a summary of the Policy Announcement:

For any solicitation for research involving human subjects, the offeror shall provide in its technical proposal the following information: (1) a list of the names of the principal investigator and any other individuals proposed under the contract who are responsible for the design and/or conduct of the research; (2) the title of the education program completed (or to be completed prior to the award of the contract) for each named personnel; (3) a one sentence description of the program(s) listed in (2) above. This requirement extends to investigators and all individuals responsible for the design and/or conduct of the research who are working as subcontractors or consultants under the contract

Curricula that are readily available and meet the educational requirement include the NIH on-line tutorial, titled "Protection of Human Research Subjects: Computer-Based Training for Researchers," available at <a href="http://ohsr.od.nih.gov/cbt/">http://ohsr.od.nih.gov/cbt/</a>. You may download the information at this site at no cost and modify it, if desired. In addition, the University of Rochester has made its training program available for individual investigators. Completion of this program will also satisfy the educational requirement. The University of Rochester manual can be obtained through Centerwatch, Inc. at <a href="http://www.centerwatch.com/order/pubs profs protect.html">http://www.centerwatch.com/order/pubs profs protect.html</a>. If an institution already has developed educational programs on the protection of research participants, completion of these programs also will satisfy the educational requirement.

In addition, prior to the substitution of the principal investigator or any other individuals responsible for the design and/or conduct of the research under the contract, the contractor shall provide the contracting officer with the title of the education program and a one sentence description of the program that the replacement has completed.

# (12) Obtaining and Disseminating Biomedical Research Resources

As a public sponsor of biomedical research, the National Institutes of Health (NIH) has a dual interest in accelerating scientific discovery and facilitating product development. Intellectual property restrictions can stifle the broad dissemination of new discoveries and limit future avenues of research and product development. At the same time, reasonable restrictions on the dissemination of research tools are sometimes necessary to protect legitimate proprietary interests and to preserve incentives for commercial development. To assist NIH contractors achieve an appropriate balance, the NIH has provided guidance in the form of a two-part document, consisting of Principles setting forth the fundamental concepts and Guidelines that provide specific information to patent and license professionals and sponsored research administrators for implementation.

The purpose of these Principles and Guidelines is to assist NIH funding recipients in determining: 1) Reasonable terms and conditions for making NIH-funded research resources available to scientists in other institutions in the public and private sectors (disseminating research tools); and 2) Restrictions to accept as a conditions of receiving access to research tools for use in NIH-funded research (acquiring research tools). The intent is to help recipients ensure that the conditions they impose and accept on the transfer of research tools will facilitate further biomedical research, consistent with the requirements of the Bayh-Dole Act and NIH funding policy.

This policy, entitled, "Sharing Biomedical Research Resources: Principles and Guidelines for Recipients of NIH Research Grants and Contracts," (Federal Register Notice, December 23, 1999 [64 FR 72090] will be included in any contract awarded from this solicitation. It can be found at the following website: <a href="http://ott.od.nih.gov/NewPages/64FR72090.pdf">http://ott.od.nih.gov/NewPages/64FR72090.pdf</a>.

# (13) Specific Copyright Provisions Applicable to Software Development and/or Enhancements

Under the provisions of the Rights in Data General clause (52.227-14), contractors must seek permission to establish a copyright for software and associated data generated under a contract. As a general rule, permission is normally granted provided, a paid-up, world-wide, irrevocable, nonexclusive license to the government is provided. This is to advise offerors that for this project, the government intends to assert additional copyright permissions under this contract

The scope of the Government's interest in the copyright will be determined during negotiations.

# (14) Privacy Act (Treatment of Proposal Information)

The Privacy Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-579) requires that a Federal agency advise each individual whom it asks to supply information, the authority which authorizes the solicitation, whether disclosure is voluntary or mandatory, the principal purpose or purposes for which the information is intended to be used, the uses outside the agency which may be made of the information, and the effects on the individual, if any, of not providing all or any part of the requested information.

The NIH is requesting the information called for in this RFP pursuant to the authority provided by Sec. 301(a)(7) of the Public Health Service Act, as amended, and P.L. 92-218, as amended.

Providing the information requested is entirely voluntary. The collection of this information is for the purpose of conducting an accurate, fair, and adequate review prior to a discussion as to whether to award a contract.

Failure to provide any or all of the requested information may result in a less than adequate review.

In addition, the Privacy Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-579, Section 7) requires that the following information be provided when individuals are requested to disclose their social security number.

Provision of the social security number is voluntary. Social security numbers are requested for the purpose of accurate and efficient identification, referral, review and management of NIH contracting programs. Authority for requesting this information is provided by Section 301 and Title IV of the PHS Act, as amended.

The information provided by you may be routinely disclosed for the following purposes:

- to the cognizant audit agency and the General Accounting Office for auditing.
- to the Department of Justice as required for litigation.
- to respond to congressional inquiries.
- to qualified experts, not within the definition of Department employees, for opinions as a part of the review process.

### (15) Selection of Offerors

- a) The acceptability of the scientific and technical portion of each research contract proposal will be evaluated by a technical review committee. The committee will evaluate each proposal in strict conformity with the evaluation criteria of the RFP, utilizing point scores and written critiques. The committee may suggest that the Contracting Officer request clarifying information from an offeror.
- b) The business portion of each contract proposal will be subjected to a cost and price analysis, management analysis, etc.
- c) If award will be made without conducting discussions, offerors may be given the opportunity to clarify certain aspects of their proposal (e.g., the relevance of an offeror's past performance information and adverse past performance information to which the offeror has not previously had an opportunity to respond) or to resolve minor or clerical errors.
- d) If the Government intends to conduct discussions prior to awarding a contract-
  - (1) Communications will be held with offerors whose past performance information is the determining factor preventing them from being placed within the competitive range. Such communications shall address adverse past performance information to which an offeror has not had a prior opportunity to respond. Also, communications may be held with any other offerors whose exclusion from, or inclusion in, the competitive range is uncertain.
    - Such communications shall not be used to cure proposal deficiencies or omissions that alter the technical or cost elements of the proposal, and/or otherwise revise the proposal, but may be considered in rating proposals for the purpose of establishing the competitive range.
  - (2) The Contracting Officer will, in concert with program staff, decide which proposals are in the competitive range. The competitive range will be comprised of all of the most highly rated proposals. Oral or written discussions will be conducted with all offerors in the competitive range.
    - While it is this Institute's policy to conduct discussions with all offerors in the competitive range, the Institute reserves the right, in special circumstances, to limit the number of proposals included in the competitive range to the greatest number that will permit an efficient competition. All aspects of the proposals are subject to discussions, including cost, technical approach, past performance, and contractual terms and conditions. At the conclusion of discussions, each offeror still in the competitive range shall be given an opportunity to submit a written Final Proposal Revision (FPR) with the reservation of the right to conduct finalization of details with the selected sources in accordance with HHSAR 315.370.

- e) The process described in FAR 15.101-1 will be employed, which permits the Government to make tradeoffs among cost or price and non-cost factors and to consider award to other than the lowest price offeror or other than the highest technically rated offeror. This process will take into consideration the results of the technical evaluation, the past performance evaluation (if applicable) and the cost analysis.
- f) The Institute reserves the right to make a single award, multiple awards, or no award at all to the RFP. In addition, the RFP may be amended or canceled as necessary to meet the Institute's requirements. Synopses of awards exceeding \$25,000 will be published in the FedBizOpps.

# (16) Small Business Subcontracting Plan

If the proposed contract exceeds a total estimated cost of \$500,000 for the entire period of performance, the offeror shall be required to submit an acceptable subcontracting plan in accordance with the terms of the clause entitled "Small Business Subcontracting Plan," FAR Clause No. 52.219-9, incorporated herein by reference in the Solicitation [See Section J, Attachments, for an example of such a plan].

- a) THIS PROVISION DOES NOT APPLY TO SMALL BUSINESS OR NON-U.S. CONCERNS.
- b) The term "subcontract" means any agreement (other than one involving an employer-employee relationship) entered into by a Federal Government prime Contractor or subcontractor calling for supplies or services required for the performance of the original contract or subcontract. This includes, but is not limited to, agreements/purchase orders for supplies and services such as equipment purchase, copying services, and travel services.
- c) The offeror understands that:
  - (1) No contract will be awarded unless and until an acceptable plan is negotiated with the Contracting Officer which plan will be incorporated into the contract, as a material part thereof.
  - (2) An acceptable plan must, in the determination of the Contracting Officer, provide the maximum practicable opportunity for Small Businesses, Small Disadvantaged Businesses, Women-Owned Small businesses, HubZone Small Businesses, Veteran-Owned Small Businesses, and Service Disabled Veteran-Owned Small Businesses to participate in the performance of the contract.
  - (3) If a subcontracting plan acceptable to the Contracting Officer is not negotiated within the time limits prescribed by the contracting activity and such failure arises out of causes within the control and with the fault or negligence of the offeror, the offeror shall be ineligible for an award. The Contracting Officer shall notify the Contractor in writing of the reasons for determining a subcontracting plan unacceptable early enough in the negotiation process to allow the Contractor to modify the plan within the time limits prescribed.
  - (4) Prior compliance of the offeror with other such subcontracting plans under previous contracts will be considered by the Contracting Officer in determining the responsibility of the offeror for award of the contract.
  - (5) It is the offeror's responsibility to develop a satisfactory subcontracting plan with respect to Small Business Concerns, Small Disadvantaged Business Concerns, Women-Owned Small Business Concerns, HubZone Small Business Concerns, Veteran-Owned Small Business Concerns, and Service Disabled Veteran-Owned Small Business Concerns that each such aspect of the offeror's plan will be judged independent of the other.
  - (6) The offeror will submit, as required by the Contracting Officer, subcontracting reports in accordance with the instructions thereon, and as further directed by the Contracting Officer. Subcontractors will also submit these reports to the Government's Contracting Officer or as otherwise directed, with a copy to the prime Contractor's designated small and disadvantaged business liaison.

- d) Each plan must contain the following:
  - (1) Goals, expressed in terms of percentages of total planned subcontracting dollars, for the use of Small, Small Disadvantaged, Women-Owned, HUBZone, Veteran-Owned, and Service Disabled Veteran-Owned Small Business Concerns as subcontractors.
  - (2) A statement of total dollars planned to be subcontracted. A statement of total dollars to be subcontracted to each of the following type of small business concerns: Small, Small Disadvantaged, Women-Owned, HUBZone, Veteran-Owned, and Service Disabled Veteran-Owned Small Businesses.
  - (3) A description of the principal types of supplies and services to be subcontracted with an identification of which supplies and services are expected to be subcontracted to Small, Small Disadvantaged, Women-Owned, HUBZone, Veteran-Owned and/or Service Disabled Veteran-Owned Small Business Concerns.
  - (4) A description of the method used to develop the subcontracting goals.
  - (5) A description of the method used to identify potential sources for solicitation purposes.
  - (6) A statement as to whether or not indirect costs were included in establishing subcontracting goals. If they were, a description of the method used to determine the proportionate share of indirect costs to be incurred with Small, Small Disadvantaged, Women-Owned, HUBZone, Veteran-Owned, and Service Disabled Veteran-Owned Small Businesses.
  - (7) The name of the individual employed by the offeror who will administer the offeror's subcontracting program and a description of his/her duties.
  - (8) A description of the efforts the offeror will make to assure that Small, Small Disadvantaged, Women-Owned, HUBZone, Veteran-Owned, and Service Disabled Veteran-Owned Small Businesses have an equitable chance to compete for subcontracts.
  - (9) Assurances that the offeror will include in all subcontracts the contract clause "Utilization of Small Business Concerns." Assure that all subcontractors, other than small businesses, in excess of \$500,000 adopt a plan similar to the plan agreed upon by the offeror.
  - (10) Assurances that the offeror (and any required subcontractors) will cooperate in studies or surveys as required and submit required reports (SF 294 and SF 295) to the Government.
  - (11)List the types of records the offeror will maintain to demonstrate procedures that have been adopted to comply with the requirement and goals in the plan, including establishing source lists. Also, the offeror shall describe its efforts to locate Small, Small Disadvantaged, Women-Owned, HUBZone, Veteran-Owned, and Service Disabled Veteran-Owned Small Businesses and award subcontracts to them.

For additional information about each of the above elements required to be contained the subcontracting plan, see FAR Clause 52.219-9, Small Business Subcontracting Plan, and the Sample Subcontracting Plan which is provided as an Attachment to this RFP in SECTION J.

HHS expects each procuring activity to establish minimum subcontracting goals for all procurements. The anticipated minimum goals for this RFP are as follows:

- ➤ 23% Small Business
- > 5% Small Disadvantaged Business
- ➤ 3% Women-Owned Small Business
- ➤ 5% HUBZone Small Business
- > 3% Veteran-Owned Small Business
- ➤ 3% Service-Disabled Veteran-Owned Small Business

#### (17) **HUBZone Small Business Concerns**

Small Business offerors located in underutilized business zones, called "HUBZones," will be evaluated in accordance with FAR Clause 52.219-4, NOTICE OF PRICE EVALUATION PREFERENCE FOR HUBZONE SMALL BUSINESS CONCERNS, which is incorporated by reference in ARTICLE I.3. of this solicitation. Qualified HUBZone firms are identified in the Small Business Administration website at http://www.sba.gov/hubzone.

# (18) Extent of Small Disadvantaged Business Participation

In accordance with FAR Subpart 15.304(c)(4), the extent of participation of Small Disadvantaged Business (SDB) concerns in performance of the contract in the authorized NAICS Industry Subsectors shall be evaluated in unrestricted competitive acquisitions expected to exceed \$500,000 (\$1,000,000 for construction) subject to certain limitations (see FAR 19.1202-1 and 19.1202-2(b). The dollar amounts cited above include any option years/option quantities that may be included in this solicitation. The definition of a "small disadvantaged business" is cited in FAR 19.001.

The factor entitled "Extent of Small Disadvantaged Business Participation" as set forth under the Evaluation Criteria in Section M shall be used for evaluation purposes. Credit under this evaluation factor is not available to SDB concerns that receive a Price Evaluation Adjustment (PEA) under FAR 19.11. Therefore, an SDB will be evaluated on this factor only if that SDB concern waives the PEA. Waiver of the price evaluation adjustment shall be clearly stated in the proposal.

The Department of Commerce determines, on an annual basis, by Subsectors, as contained in the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) codes, and region, if any, the authorized SDB procurement mechanisms and applicable factors (percentages). The NAICS codes can be found at: <a href="http://www.sba.gov/size">http://www.sba.gov/size</a>

The Department of Commerce website for the annual determination is: http://www.arnet.gov/References/sdbadjustments.htm

Offerors shall include with their offers, SDB targets, expressed as dollars and percentages of total contract value, in each of the applicable, authorized NAICS Industry Subsector(s). The applicable authorized NAICS Industry Subsector(s) for this project is (are) identified elsewhere in this RFP. A total target for SDB participation by the prime contractor, that includes any joint ventures and team members, shall be provided as well as a total target for SDB participation by subcontractors. In addition, offerors must provide information that describes their plans for meeting the targets set forth in their proposal. This information shall be provided in one clearly marked section of the Business Proposal, which shall describe the extent of participation of SDB concerns in the performance of the contract.

If the evaluation factor in this solicitation includes an SDB evaluation factor or subfactor that considers the extent to which SDB concerns are specifically identified, the SDB concerns considered in the evaluation shall be listed in any resultant contract. Offerors should note that addressing the extent of small disadvantaged business participation **is not in any way intended to be a substitute** for submission of the subcontracting plan, if it is required by this solicitation. An <u>example</u> of the type of information that might be given (in addition to the narrative describing the plan for meeting the targets) follows:

# EXAMPLE

Targets for SDB Participation - NAICS Industry Subsector 223

	SDB Percentage of Total Contract Value	SDB Dollars
Total Contract Value- \$1,000,000	25%	\$250,000
SDB Participation by Prime	10%	\$100,000
(Includes joint venture partners and team arrangements)*		
SDB Participation by subcontractors	15%	\$150,000

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\*NOTE: FAR Subpart 9.6 defines "Contractor team arrangements" to include two or more companies forming a partnership or joint venture to act as a potential prime contractor, or a potential prime contractor who agrees with one or more companies to have them act as its subcontractors on a specific contract or acquisition program. For purposes of evaluation of the SDB participation factor, FAR 19.1202-4 requires that SDB joint ventures and teaming arrangements at the prime level be presented separately from SDB participation by subcontractors.

# (19) Reimbursement of Costs for Independent Research and Development Projects (Commercial Organizations Only)

The primary purpose of the Public Health Service (PHS) is to support and advance independent research within the scientific community. This support is provided in the form of contracts and grants totaling approximately 7 billion dollars annually. PHS has established effective, time tested and well recognized and accepted procedures for stimulating and supporting this independent research by selecting from multitudes of proposals those research projects most worthy of support within the constraints of its appropriations. The reimbursement of independent research and development costs not incidental to product improvement, through the indirect cost mechanism, would circumvent this competitive process.

To ensure that all research and development projects receive similar and equal consideration, all offerors may compete for direct funding for independent research and development projects they consider worthy of support by submitting those projects to the appropriate Public Health Service grant and/or contract office for review. Since these projects may be submitted for direct funding, the successful offeror agrees that no costs for any independent research and development project, including applicable indirect costs, will be claimed under any contract resulting from this solicitation.

# (20) Salary Rate Limitation in Fiscal Year 2004

NOTE: This award is intended to be made in Fiscal Year 2004. The current Fiscal Year 2003 Salary Rate Limitations should be adhered to in the preparation of your proposal. All costs associated with any resultant award will be required to be in compliance with the current Fiscal Year 2003 limitations and will be subject to change based on Fiscal Year 2004 Salary Rate Limitations.

Offerors are advised that pursuant to P.L. 108-7, no NIH Fiscal Year 2003 (October 1, 2002 - September 30, 2003) funds may be used to pay the direct annual salary of an individual through any contract awarded as a result of this solicitation at a rate in excess of the Executive Schedule, Level I (direct salary is exclusive of Overhead, Fringe Benefits and General and Administrative expenses, also referred to as "indirect cost" or "facilities and administrative (F&A) costs"). Direct salary has the same meaning as the term "institutional base salary." An individual's direct salary (or institutional base salary) is the annual compensation that the contractor pays for an individual's appointment whether that individual's time is spent on research, teaching, patent care or other activities. Direct salary (or institutional base salary) excludes any income that an individual may be permitted to earn outside of duties to the contractor.

This does not preclude the offeror from absorbing that portion of an employee's annual salary (plus the dollar amount for fringe benefits and associated indirect costs) that exceeds a rate of the Executive Schedule, Level I. The salary rate limitation set by P.L. 108-7 applies only to Fiscal Year 2003 funds, however, salary rate ceilings for subsequent years may be included in future DHHS appropriation acts. Multi-year contracts awarded pursuant to this solicitation may be subject to unilateral modifications by the Government if an individual's annual salary exceeds any salary rate ceiling established in future appropriations acts. The Executive Schedule, Level I annual salary rate limit also applies to individuals proposed under subcontracts, however it does not apply to consultants. P.L. 108-7 states in pertinent part:

"None of the funds appropriated in this Act for the National Institutes of Health, the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, and the Substance Abuse, and Mental Health Services Administration shall be used to pay the salary of an individual through a grant or extramural mechanism at a rate in excess of Executive Level I."

### LINK TO EXECUTIVE SCHEDULE SALARIES: <a href="http://www.opm.gov/oca/PAYRATES/index.htm">http://www.opm.gov/oca/PAYRATES/index.htm</a>

(click on "Executive Schedule" for the current Fiscal Year's salary rate or scroll down to the "General Schedule Salary Tables from Previous Years" to locate the Executive Level salary rates from previous years).

# (21) Institutional Responsibility Regarding Conflicting Interests of Investigators

#### EACH INSTITUTION MUST:

- (a) Maintain an appropriate written, enforced policy on conflict of interest that complies with 42 CFR Part 50 Subpart F and/or 45 CFR Part 94 as appropriate and inform each investigator of the Institution's policy, the Investigator's reporting responsibilities, and the applicable regulations. If the Institution carries out the NIH funded research through subgrantees, contractors or collaborators, the Institution must take reasonable steps to ensure that Investigators working for such entities comply with the regulations, either by requiring those investigators to comply with the Institution's policy or by requiring the entities to provide assurances to the Institution that will enable the Institution to comply with the regulations.
- (b) Designate an Institutional official(s) to solicit and review financial disclosure statements from each Investigator who is planning to participate in NIH-funded research.
- (c) Require that by the time an application/proposal is submitted to the NIH each investigator who is planning to participate in the NIH-funded research has submitted to the designated official(s) a listing of his/her known Significant Financial Interests (and those of his/her spouse and dependent children): (i) that would reasonably appear to be affected by the research for which the NIH funding is sought; and (ii) in entities whose financial interests would reasonably appear to be affected by the research. All financial disclosures must be updated during the period of the award, either on an annual basis or as new reportable Significant Financial Interests are obtained.
- (d) Provide guidelines consistent with the regulations for the designated official(s) to identify conflicting interests and take such actions as necessary to ensure that such conflicting interests will be managed, reduced, or eliminated.
- (e) Maintain records, identifiable to each award, of all financial disclosures and all actions taken by the institution with respect to each conflicting interest for: (1) in the case of grants, at least three years from the date of submission of the final expenditures report or, where applicable, from other dates specified in 45 CFR Part 74.53(b) and (2) in the case of contracts, 3 years after final payment or, where applicable, for the other time period specified in 48 CFR Part 4 Subpart 4.7, Contract Records Retention.
- (f) Establish adequate enforcement mechanisms and provide for sanctions where appropriate.
- (g) Certify, in each application/proposal for funding to which the regulations applies, that:
  - 1) there is in effect at the Institution a written and enforced administrative process to identify and manage, reduce or eliminate conflicting interests with respect to all research projects for which funding is sought from the NIH;
  - 2) prior to the Institution's expenditure of any funds under the award, the Institution will report to the awarding component the existence of a conflicting interest (but not the nature of the interest or other details) found by the Institution and assure that the interest has been managed, reduced or eliminated in accord with the regulations; and for any interest that the Institution identifies as conflicting subsequent to the expenditure of funds after award, the report will be made and the conflicting interest managed, reduced, or eliminated, at least on a temporary basis within sixty days of that identification;
  - 3) the Institution agrees to make information available, upon request, to the awarding component regarding all conflicting interests identified by the Institution and how those interested have been managed, reduced, or eliminated to protect the research from bias; and

4) the Institution will otherwise comply with the regulations.

### INSTITUTIONAL MANAGEMENT OF CONFLICTING INTERESTS

(a) The designated official(s) must: (1) review all financial disclosures; and (2) determine whether conflict of interest exists, and if so, determine what actions should be taken by the Institution to manage, reduce or eliminate such conflict of interest. A conflict of interest exists when the designated official(s) reasonably determines that a Significant Financial Interest could directly and significantly affect the design, conduct, or reporting of the NIH-funded research.

Examples of conditions or restrictions that might be imposed to manage actual or potential conflicts of interests include, but are not limited to:

- (i) public disclosure of significant financial interests;
- (ii) monitoring of research by independent reviewers;
- (iii) modification of the research plan;
- (iv) disqualification of the Investigator(s) from participation in all or a portion of the research funded by the awarding component;
- (v) divestiture of significant financial interests; or
- (vi) severance of relationships that create actual or potential conflicts of interests.
- (b) An Institution may require the management of other conflicting financial interests in addition to those described in paragraph (a) of this section, as the Institution deems appropriate.

# (22) Electronic and Information Technology Accessibility

Section 508 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794d), as amended by P.L.105-220 under Title IV (Rehabilitation Act Amendments of 1998) and the Architectural and Transportation Barriers Compliance Board Electronic and Information Technology (EIT) Accessibility Standards (36 CFR part 1194) require that all EIT acquired must ensure that:

- 1. Federal employees with disabilities have access to and use of information and data that is comparable to the access and use by Federal employees who are not individuals with disabilities; and
- 2. Members of the public with disabilities seeking information or services from an agency have access to and use of information and data that is comparable to the access to and use of information and data by members of the public who are not individuals with disabilities.

This requirement includes the development, maintenance, and/or use of EIT products/services, therefore, any proposal submitted in response to this solicitation must demonstrate compliance with the established EIT Accessibility Standards.

Further information about Section 508 is available via the Internet at http://www.section508.gov.

# (23) Solicitation Provisions Incorporated by Reference, FAR 52.252-1 (February 1998)

This Solicitation incorporates one or more solicitation provisions by reference, with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available. The offeror is cautioned that the listed provisions may include blocks that must be completed by the offeror and submitted with its quotation or offer. In lieu of submitting the full text provisions, the offeror may identify the provision by paragraph identifier and provide the appropriate information with its quotation or offer. Also, the full text of a solicitation provision may be accessed electronically at this address: <a href="http://www.arnet.gov/far/">http://www.arnet.gov/far/</a>.

### FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION (48 CFR CHAPTER 1):

a) Facilities Capital Cost of Money, FAR Clause 52.215-16, (October 1997).

- b) Order of Precedence-Uniform Contract Format, FAR Clause 52.215-8, (October 1997).
- c) Preaward On-Site Equal Opportunity Compliance Evaluation, (Over \$10,000,000), FAR Clause 52.222-24, (February 1999).

# (24) Prohibition on Contractor Involvement with Terrorist Activities

The Offeror/Contractor acknowledges that U. S. Executive Orders and Laws, including but not limited to E.O. 13224 and P.L. 107-56, prohibit transactions with, and the provision of resources and support to, individuals and organizations associated with terrorism. It is the legal responsibility of the contractor to ensure compliance with these Executive Orders and Laws. This clause must be included in all subcontracts issued under any resultant contract(s).

# (25) Office of Health and Safety - Laboratory Registration / Select Agent Transfer Program

The awardee is responsible for ensuring that all work under this grant, cooperative agreement, or contract complies with all Federal requirements related to select agents including CDC's that can be found at <a href="http://www.cdc.gov/od/ohs/lrsat.htm">http://www.cdc.gov/od/ohs/lrsat.htm</a> and NIH's OBA that can be found at <a href="http://grants1.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-02-052.html">http://grants1.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-02-052.html</a>.

### b. TECHNICAL PROPOSAL INSTRUCTIONS

A detailed work plan must be submitted indicating how each aspect of the statement of work is to be accomplished. Your technical approach should be in as much detail as you consider necessary to fully explain your proposed technical approach or method. The technical proposal should reflect a clear understanding of the nature of the work being undertaken. The technical proposal must include information on how the project is to be organized, staffed, and managed. Information should be provided which will demonstrate your understanding and management of important events or tasks.

# (1) Technical Discussions

The technical discussion included in the technical proposal should respond to the items set forth below:

### a) Statement of Work

### (1) Objectives

State the overall objectives and the specific accomplishments you hope to achieve. Indicate the rationale for your plan, and relation to comparable work in progress elsewhere. Review pertinent work already published which is relevant to this project and your proposed approach. This should support the scope of the project as you perceive it.

# (2) Approach

Use as many subparagraphs, appropriately titled, as needed to clearly outline the general plan of work. Discuss phasing of research and, if appropriate, include experimental design and possible or probable outcome of approaches proposed.

#### (3) Methods

Describe in detail the methodologies you will use for the project, indicating your level of experience with each, areas of anticipated difficulties, and any unusual expenses you anticipate.

# (4) Schedule

Provide a schedule for completion of the work and delivery of items specified in the statement of work. Performance or delivery schedules shall be indicated for phases or segments, as applicable, as well as for the overall program. Schedules shall be shown in terms of calendar months from the date of authorization to proceed or, where applicable, from the date of a stated event, as for example, receipt of a required approval by the Contracting Officer. Unless the request for proposal indicates that the stipulated schedules are mandatory, they shall be treated as desired or recommended schedules. In this event, proposals based upon the offeror's best alternative schedule, involving no overtime, extra shift or other premium, will be accepted for consideration.

# b) Personnel

Describe the experience and qualifications of personnel who will be assigned for direct work on this program. Information is required which will show the composition of the task or work group, its general qualifications, and recent experience with similar equipment or programs. Special mention shall be made of direct technical supervisors and key technical personnel, and the approximate percentage of the total time each will be available for this program.

OFFERORS SHOULD ASSURE THAT THE PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR, AND ALL OTHER PERSONNEL PROPOSED, SHALL NOT BE COMMITTED ON FEDERAL GRANTS AND CONTRACTS FOR MORE THAN A TOTAL OF 100% OF THEIR TIME. IF THE SITUATION ARISES WHERE IT IS DETERMINED THAT A PROPOSED EMPLOYEE IS COMMITTED FOR MORE THAN 100% OF HIS OR HER TIME, THE GOVERNMENT WILL REQUIRE ACTION ON THE PART OF THE OFFEROR TO CORRECT THE TIME COMMITMENT.

List the name of the Principal Investigator/Project Director responsible for overall implementation of the contract and key contact for technical aspects of the project. Even though there may be co-investigators, identify the Principal Investigator/Project Director who will be responsible for the overall implementation of any awarded contract. Discuss the qualifications, experience, and accomplishments of the Principal Investigator/Project Director. State the estimated time to be spent on the project, his/her proposed duties, and the areas or phases for which he/she will be responsible.

# (2) Other Investigators

List all other investigators/professional personnel who will be participating in the project. Discuss the qualifications, experience, and accomplishments. State the estimated time each will spend on the project, proposed duties on the project, and the areas or phases for which each will be responsible.

### (3) Additional Personnel

List names, titles, and proposed duties of additional personnel, if any, who will be required for full-time employment, or on a subcontract or consultant basis. The technical areas, character, and extent of subcontract or consultant activity will be indicated and the anticipated sources will be specified and qualified. For all proposed personnel who are not currently members of the offeror's staff, a letter of commitment or other evidence of availability is required. A resume does not meet this requirement. Commitment letters for use of consultants and other personnel to be hired must include:

- The specific items or expertise they will provide.
- Their availability to the project and the amount of time anticipated.
- Willingness to act as a consultant.
- How rights to publications and patents will be handled.

# (4) Resumes (Key Personnel)

Resumes of all key personnel are required. Each must indicate educational background, recent experience, specific or technical accomplishments, and a listing of relevant publications.

### (2) Technical Evaluation

Proposals will be technically evaluated in accordance with the factors, weights, and order of relative importance as described in the Technical Evaluation Criteria (SEE SECTION M).

# (3) Additional Technical Proposal Information

- a) Proposals which merely offer to conduct a program in accordance with the requirements of the Government's scope of work will not be eligible for award. The offeror must submit an explanation of the proposed technical approach in conjunction with the tasks to be performed in achieving the project objectives.
- b) The technical evaluation is conducted in accordance with the weighted technical evaluation criteria by an initial review panel. This evaluation produces a numerical score (points) which is based upon the information contained in the offeror's proposal only.

# (4) Other Considerations

Record and discuss specific factors not included elsewhere which support your proposal. Using specifically titled subparagraphs, items may include:

- a) Any agreements and/or arrangements with subcontractor(s). Provide as much detail as necessary to explain how the statement of work will be accomplished within this working relationship.
- b) Unique arrangements, equipment, etc., which none or very few organizations are likely to have which is advantageous for effective implementation of this project.

- c) Equipment and unusual operating procedures established to protect personnel from hazards associated with this project.
- d) Other factors you feel are important and support your proposed research.
- e) Recommendations for changing reporting requirements if such changes would be more compatible with the offeror's proposed schedules.

# (5) Information Technology Systems Security

If this project involves Information Technology, the proposal must present a detailed outline of its proposed Information Technology systems security program which complies with the requirements of the Statement of Work, the Computer Security Act of 1987 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-130, Appendix III, "Security of Federal Automated Information Systems," and the DHHS Automated Information Systems Security Program Handbook (Release 2.0, dated May, 1994). The proposal will also need to include similar information for any subcontract proposed.

NOTE: OMB A-130 is accessible via web site: http://www.whitehouse.gov/WH/EOP/OMB/html/circular.html

### c. BUSINESS PROPOSAL INSTRUCTIONS

# (1) Basic Cost/Price Information

The business proposal must contain sufficient information to allow the Government to perform a basic analysis of the proposed cost or price of the work. This information shall include the amounts of the basic elements of the proposed cost or price. These elements will include, as applicable, direct labor, fringe benefits, travel, materials, subcontracts, purchased parts, shipping, indirect costs and rate, fee, and profit.

# (2) Proposal Cover Sheet

The following information shall be provided on the first page of your pricing proposal:

- 1. Solicitation, contract, and/or modification number;
- 2. Name and address of Offeror;
- 3. Name and telephone number of point of contact;
- 4. Name, address, and telephone number of Contract Administration Office, (if available);
- 5. Name, address, and telephone number of Audit Office (if available);
- 6. Proposed cost and/or price; profit or fee (as applicable); and total;
- 7. The following statement: By submitting this proposal, the offeror, if selected for discussions, grants the contracting officer or an authorized representative the right to examine, at any time before award, any of those books, records, documents, or other records directly pertinent to the information requested or submitted.
- 8. Date of submission;
- 9. Name, title and signature of authorized representative;
- 10. Whether you will require the use of Government property in the performance of the contract, and, if so, what property;
- 11. Whether your organization is subject to cost accounting standards; whether your organization has submitted a CASB Disclosure Statement, and if it has been determined adequate; whether you have been notified that you are or may be in noncompliance with your Disclosure Statement or CAS, and, if yes, an explanation; whether any aspect of this proposal is inconsistent with your disclosed practices or applicable CAS, and, if so, an explanation; and whether the proposal is consistent with your established estimating and accounting principles and procedures and FAR Part 31, Cost Principles, and, if not, an explanation; and
- 12. The following statement: This proposal reflects our estimates and/or actual costs as of this date and conforms with the instructions in FAR 15.403-5(b)(1) and Table 15-2. By submitting this proposal, we grant the Contracting Officer and authorized representative(s) the right to examine, at any time before award, those records, which include books, documents, accounting procedures and practices, and other data, regardless of type and form or whether such supporting information is specifically referenced or included in the proposal as the basis for pricing, that will permit an adequate evaluation of the proposed price.

This cover sheet information is for use by offerors to submit information to the Government when cost or pricing data are not required but information to help establish price reasonableness or cost realism is necessary. Such information is not considered cost or pricing data, and shall not be certified in accordance with FAR 15.406-2.

### (3) Information Other than Cost or Pricing Data

a) The information submitted shall consist of data to permit the Contracting Officer and authorized representatives to determine price reasonableness or cost realism, e.g., information to support an analysis of material costs (when sufficient information on labor and overhead rates is already available), or information on prices and quantities at which the offeror has previously sold the same or similar items.

Any information submitted must support the price proposed. Include sufficient detail or cross references to clearly establish the relationship of the information provided to the price proposed. Support any information provided by explanations or supporting rationale as needed to permit the Contracting Officer and authorized representative to evaluate the documentation.

b) The information submitted shall be at the level of detail described below.

### 1. Direct Labor

Provide a time-phased (e.g., monthly, quarterly, etc.) breakdown of labor hours, rates, and cost by appropriate category. Key personnel will be separately estimated as above and identified. Give the basis for the estimates in each case.

#### 2. Materials

Provide a consolidated price summary of individual material quantities included in the various tasks, orders, or contract line items being proposed and the basis for pricing (vendor quotes, invoice prices, etc.).

#### 3. Subcontracted Items

Include parts, components, assemblies, and services that are to be produced or performed by others in accordance with offeror's design, specifications, or direction and that are applicable only to the prime contract. For each subcontract over \$550,000, the support should provide a listing by source, item, quantity, price, type of subcontract, degree of competition, and basis for establishing source and reasonableness of price, as well as the results of review and evaluation of subcontract proposals when required by FAR 15.404-3.

### 4. Raw Materials

Consists of material in a form or state that requires further processing. Provide priced quantities of items required for the proposal.

#### 5. Purchased Parts

Includes material items not covered above. Provide priced quantities of items required for the proposal.

# 6. Fringe Benefits

Show fringe benefits as a separate line item. Include the rate(s) and/or method of calculating fringe benefits. Provide a copy of your fringe benefit rate or institutional guidelines.

# 7. Indirect Costs

Indicate how offeror has computed and applied offeror's indirect costs, including cost breakdowns, and provide a basis for evaluating the reasonableness of proposed rates. Indicate the rates used and provide an appropriate explanation. Where a rate agreement exists, provide a copy.

# 8. Special Equipment

If direct charge, list any equipment proposed including description, price, quantity, total price, purchase or lease, and the basis for pricing.

### 9. Travel

Provide the cost of travel including destination, duration, purpose, per diem, transportation, and the basis for pricing.

#### 10. Other Costs

List all other costs not otherwise included in the categories described above (e.g., computer services, consultant services) and provide basis for pricing.

# (4) Cost and Pricing Data

### 1. General Instructions

- A. In submitting your proposal, you must include an index, appropriately referenced, of all the cost or pricing data and information accompanying or identified in the proposal. In addition, you must annotate any future additions and/or revisions, up to the date of agreement on price, or an earlier date agreed upon by the parties, on a supplemental index.
- B. As part of the specific information required, you must submit, with your proposal, cost or pricing data (that is, data that are verifiable and factual and otherwise as defined at FAR 15.401). You must clearly identify on your cover sheet that cost or pricing data are included as part of the proposal. In addition, you must submit with your proposal any information reasonably required to explain your estimating process, including--
  - (1) The judgmental factors applied and the mathematical or other methods used in the estimate, including those used in projecting from known data; and
  - (2) The nature and amount of any contingencies included in the proposed price.
- C. You must show the relationship between contract line item prices and the total contract price. You must attach cost-element breakdowns for each proposed line item, using the appropriate format prescribed in the "Formats for Submission of Line Item Summaries" section of this table. You must furnish supporting breakdowns for each cost element, consistent with your cost accounting system.
- D. When more than one contract line item is proposed, you must also provide summary total amounts covering all line items for each element of cost.
- E. Whenever you have incurred costs for work performed before submission of a proposal, you must identify those costs in your cost/price proposal.
- F. If you have reached an agreement with Government representatives on use of forward pricing rates/factors, identify the agreement, include a copy, and describe its nature.
- G. As soon as practicable after final agreement on price or an earlier date agreed to by the parties, but before the award resulting from the proposal, you must, under the conditions stated in FAR 15.406-2, submit a Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data.

# 2. Cost Elements

Depending on your system, you must provide breakdowns for the following basic cost elements, as applicable:

- A. Materials and services. Provide a consolidated priced summary of individual material quantities included in the various tasks, orders, or contract line items being proposed and the basis for pricing (vendor quotes, invoice prices, etc.). Include raw materials, parts, components, assemblies, and services to be produced or performed by others. For all items proposed, identify the item and show the source, quantity, and price. Conduct price analyses of all subcontractor proposals. Conduct cost analyses for all subcontracts when cost or pricing data are submitted by the subcontractor. Include these analyses as part of your own cost or pricing data submissions for subcontracts expected to exceed the appropriate threshold in FAR 15.403-4. Submit the subcontractor cost or pricing data as part of your own cost or pricing data as required in paragraph 2.A.(2) of this table. These requirements also apply to all subcontractors if required to submit cost or pricing data.
  - (1) Adequate Price Competition. Provide data showing the degree of competition and the basis for establishing the source and reasonableness of price for those acquisitions (such as subcontracts, purchase orders, material order, etc.) exceeding, or expected to exceed, the appropriate threshold set forth at FAR 15.403-4 priced on the basis of adequate price competition. For interorganizational transfers priced at other than the cost of comparable competitive commercial work of the division, subsidiary, or affiliate of the contractor, explain the pricing method (see FAR 31.205-26(e)).

- (2) All Other. Obtain cost or pricing data from prospective sources for those acquisitions (such as subcontracts, purchase orders, material order, etc.) exceeding the threshold set forth in FAR 15.403-4 and not otherwise exempt, in accordance with FAR 15.403-1(b) (i.e., adequate price competition, commercial items, prices set by law or regulation or waiver). Also provide data showing the basis for establishing source and reasonableness of price. In addition, provide a summary of your cost analysis and a copy of cost or pricing data submitted by the prospective source in support of each subcontract, or purchase order that is the lower of either \$10,000,000 or more, or both more than the pertinent cost or pricing data threshold and more than 10 percent of the prime contractor's proposed price. The Contracting Officer may require you to submit cost or pricing data in support of proposals in lower amounts. Subcontractor cost or pricing data must be accurate, complete and current as of the date of final price agreement, or an earlier date agreed upon by the parties, given on the prime contractor's Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data. The prime contractor is responsible for updating a prospective subcontractor's data. For standard commercial items fabricated by the offeror that are generally stocked in inventory, provide a separate cost breakdown, if priced based on cost. For interorganizational transfers priced at cost, provide a separate breakdown of cost elements. Analyze the cost or pricing data and submit the results of your analysis of the prospective source's proposal. When submission of a prospective source's cost or pricing data is required as described in this paragraph, it must be included along with your own cost or pricing data submission, as part of your own cost or pricing data. You must also submit any other cost or pricing data obtained from a subcontractor, either actually or by specific identification, along with the results of any analysis performed on that data.
- B. **Direct Labor**. Provide a time-phased (e.g., monthly, quarterly, etc.) breakdown of labor hours, rates, and cost by appropriate category, and furnish bases for estimates.
- C. **Indirect Costs**. Indicate how you have computed and applied your indirect costs, including cost breakdowns. Show trends and budgetary data to provide a basis for evaluating the reasonableness of proposed rates. Indicate the rates used and provide an appropriate explanation.
- D. Other Costs. List all other costs not otherwise included in the categories described above (e.g., special tooling, travel, computer and consultant services, preservation, packaging and packing, spoilage and rework, and Federal excise tax on finished articles) and provide bases for pricing.
- E. **Royalties**. If royalties exceed \$1,500, you must provide the following information on a separate page for each separate royalty or license fee:
  - (1) Name and address of licensor.
  - (2) Date of license agreement.
  - (3) Patent numbers.
  - (4) Patent application serial numbers, or other basis on which the royalty is payable.
  - (5) Brief description (including any part or model numbers of each contract item or component on which the royalty is payable).
  - (6) Percentage or dollar rate of royalty per unit.
  - (7) Unit price of contract item.
  - (8) Number of units.
  - (9) Total dollar amount of royalties.
  - (10) If specifically requested by the Contracting Officer, a copy of the current license agreement and identification of applicable claims of specific patents (see FAR 27.204 and 31.205-37).
- F. **Facilities Capital Cost of Money**. When you elect to claim facilities capital cost of money as an allowable cost, you must submit Form CASB-CMF and show the calculation of the proposed amount (see FAR 31.205-10).

#### 3. Formats for Submission of Line Item Summaries

The detailed breakdown shall be in the format as shown on the form **Breakdown of Proposed Estimated Cost** (plus fee) and Labor Hours (SECTION J, List of Attachments). For each separate cost estimate, the offeror must furnish a breakdown by cost element as indicated above. In addition, summary total amounts shall be furnished. In the event the RFP cites specific line items, by number, a cost breakdown for each line item must be furnished.

- 4. There is a clear distinction between submitting cost or pricing data and merely making available books, records, and other documents without identification. The requirement for submission of cost or pricing data is met when all accurate cost or pricing data reasonably available to the offeror have been submitted, either actually or by specific identification, to the Contracting Officer or an authorized representative. As later information comes into your possession, it should be submitted promptly to the Contracting Officer in a manner that clearly shows how the information relates to the offeror's price proposal. The requirement for submission of cost or pricing data continues up to the time of agreement on price, or an earlier date agreed upon between the parties if applicable.
- 5. By submitting your proposal, you grant the Contracting Officer or an authorized representative the right to examine records that formed the basis for the pricing proposal. That examination can take place at any time before award. It may include those books, records, documents, and other types of factual information (regardless of form or whether the information is specifically referenced or included in the proposal as the basis for pricing) that will permit an adequate evaluation of the proposed price.
- (5) Requirements for Cost or Pricing Data or Information Other than Cost and Pricing Data [FAR Clause 52.215-20 (October 1997)]
  - (a) Exceptions from cost or pricing data.
    - (1) In lieu of submitting cost or pricing data, offerors may submit a written request for exception by submitting the information described in the following subparagraphs. The Contracting Officer may require additional supporting information, but only to the extent necessary to determine whether an exception should be granted, and whether the price is fair and reasonable.
      - (i) Identification of the law or regulation establishing the price offered. If the price is controlled under law by periodic rulings, reviews, or similar actions of a governmental body, attach a copy of the controlling document, unless it was previously submitted to the contracting office.
      - (ii) Commercial item exception. For a commercial item exception, the offeror shall submit, at a minimum, information on prices at which the same item or similar items have previously been sold in the commercial market that is adequate for evaluating the reasonableness of the price for this acquisition. Such information may include--
        - (A) For catalog items, a copy of or identification of the catalog and its date, or the appropriate pages for the offered items, or a statement that the catalog is on file in the buying office to which the proposal is being submitted. Provide a copy or describe current discount policies and price lists (published or unpublished), e.g., wholesale, original equipment manufacturer, or reseller. Also explain the basis of each offered price and its relationship to the established catalog price, including how the proposed price relates to the price of recent sales in quantities similar to the proposed quantities;
        - (B) For market-priced items, the source and date or period of the market quotation or other basis for market price, the base amount, and applicable discounts. In addition, describe the nature of the market;
        - (C) For items included on an active Federal Supply Service Multiple Award Schedule contract, proof that an exception has been granted for the schedule item.

- (2) The offeror grants the Contracting Officer or an authorized representative the right to examine, at any time before award, books, records, documents, or other directly pertinent records to verify any request for an exception under this provision, and the reasonableness of price. For items priced using catalog or market prices, or law or regulation, access does not extend to cost or profit information or other data relevant solely to the offeror's determination of the prices to be offered in the catalog or marketplace.
- (b) Requirements for cost or pricing data. If the offeror is not granted an exception from the requirement to submit cost or pricing data, the following applies:
  - (1) The offeror shall prepare and submit cost or pricing data and supporting attachments in accordance with Table 15-2 of FAR 15.408.
  - (2) As soon as practicable after agreement on price, but before contract award (except for unpriced actions such as letter contracts), the offeror shall submit a Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data, as prescribed by FAR 15.406-2.

(End of provision)

### (6) Qualifications of the Offeror

You are requested to submit a summary of your "General Experience, Organizational Experience Related to this RFP, Performance History and Pertinent Contracts."

# a) General Experience

**General experience** is defined as general background, experience and qualifications of the offeror. A discussion of proposed facilities which can be devoted to the project may be appropriate.

### b) Organizational Experience Related to the RFP

**Organizational experience** is defined as the accomplishment of work, either past or on-going, which is comparable or related to the effort required by this RFP. This includes overall offeror or corporate experience, **but not** the experience and/or past performance of individuals who are proposed as personnel involved with the Statement of Work in this RFP.

# c) Performance History

<u>Performance history</u> is defined as meeting contract objectives within <u>delivery</u> and <u>cost schedules</u> on efforts, either past or on-going, which is comparable or related to the effort required by this RFP.

### d) Pertinent Contracts

**Pertinent contracts** is defined as a listing of each related contract completed within the last three years or currently in process. The listing should include: 1) the contract number; 2) contracting agency; 3) contract dollar value; 4) dates contract began and ended (or ends); 5) description of contract work; 6) explanation of relevance of work to this RFP; 7) actual delivery and cost performance versus delivery and cost agreed to in the contract(s). For award fee contracts, separately state in dollars the base fee and award fee available and the award fee actually received. The same type of organizational experience and past performance data should be submitted.

#### e) Pertinent Grants

List grants supported by the Government that involved similar or related work to that called for in this RFP. Include the grant number, involved agency, names of the grant specialist and the Science Administrator, identification of the work, and when performed.

You are cautioned that omission or an inadequate or inaccurate response to this very important RFP requirement could have a negative effect on the overall selection process. Experience and past performance are factors which are relevant to the ability of the offerors to perform and are considered in the source selection process.

### (7) Other Administrative Data

### a) **Property**

- (1) It is DHHS policy that Contractors will provide all equipment and facilities necessary for performance of contracts. Exception may be granted to furnish Government-owned property, or to authorize purchase with contract funds, only when approved by the Contracting Officer. If the offeror is proposing that the Government provide any equipment, other than that specified under Government Furnished Property in the RFP, the proposal must include comprehensive justification which includes:
  - (a) An explanation that the item is for a special use essential to the direct performance of the contract and the item will be used exclusively for the purpose. Office equipment such as desks, office machines, etc., will not be provided under a contract except under very exceptional circumstances.
  - (b) No practical or economical alternative exists (e.g., rental, capital investment) that can be used to perform the work.
- (2) The offeror shall identify Government-owned property in its possession and/or Contractor titled property acquired from Federal funds, which it proposes to use in the performance of the prospective contract.
- (3) The management and control of any Government property shall be in accordance with DHHS Publication (OS) 686 entitled, "Contractors Guide for Control of Government Property (1990)," a copy of which will be provided upon request.

# b) Submission of Electronic Funds Transfer Information with Offer, FAR Clause 52.232-38 (MAY 1999)

The offeror shall provide, with its offer, the following information that is required to make payment by electronic funds transfer (EFT) under any contract that results from this solicitation. This submission satisfies the requirement to provide EFT information under paragraphs (b)(1) and (j) of the clause at 52.232-34, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer--Other than Central Contractor Registration.

- (1) The solicitation number (or other procurement identification number).
- (2) The offeror's name and remittance address, as stated in the offer.
- (3) The signature (manual or electronic, as appropriate), title, and telephone number of the offeror's official authorized to provide this information.
- (4) The name, address, and 9-digit Routing Transit Number of the offeror's financial agent.
- (5) The offeror's account number and the type of account (checking, savings, or lockbox).
- (6) If applicable, the Fedwire Transfer System telegraphic abbreviation of the offeror's financial agent.
- (7) If applicable, the offeror shall also provide the name, address, telegraphic abbreviation, and 9-digit Routing Transit Number of the correspondent financial institution receiving the wire transfer payment if the offeror's financial agent is not directly on-line to the Fedwire and, therefore, not the receiver of the wire transfer payment.

### c) Financial Capacity

The offeror shall indicate if it has the necessary financial capacity, working capital, and other resources to perform the contract without assistance from any outside source. If not, indicate the amount required and the anticipated source.

# d) Incremental Funding

An incrementally funded cost-reimbursement contract is a contract in which the total work effort is to be performed over a multiple year period and funds are allotted, as they become available, to cover discernible phases or increments of performance. The incremental funding technique allows for contracts to be awarded for periods in excess of one year even though the total estimated amount of funds expected to be obligated for the contract are not available at the time of the contract award. If this requirement is specified elsewhere in this RFP, the offeror shall submit a cost proposal for each year. In addition, the following provisions are applicable:

# HHSAR 352.232-75, Incremental Funding (January 2001)

- (a) It is the Government's intention to negotiate and award a contract using the incremental funding concepts described in the clause entitled Limitation of Funds. Under the clause, which will be included in the resultant contract, initial funds will be obligated under the contract to cover the first year of performance. Additional funds are intended to be allotted to the contract by contract modification, up to and including the full estimated cost of the contract, to accomplish the entire project. While it is the Government's intention to progressively fund this contract over the entire period of performance up to and including the full estimated cost, the Government will not be obligated to reimburse the Contractor for costs incurred in excess of the periodic allotments, nor will the Contractor be obligated to perform in excess of the amount allotted.
- (b) The Limitation of Funds clause to be included in the resultant contract shall supersede the Limitation of Cost clause found in the General Provisions.

(End of provision)

# e) Facilities Capital Cost of Money, FAR 52.215-16, (October 1997)

(This is applicable if you are a commercial organization.)

- (a) Facilities capital cost of money [(see FAR 15.408(h))] will be an allowable cost under the contemplated contract, if the criteria for allowability in subparagraph 31.205-10(a)(2) of the Federal Acquisition Regulation are met. One of the allowability criteria requires the prospective Contractor to propose facilities capital cost of money in its offer.
- (b) If the prospective Contractor does not propose this cost, the resulting contract will include the clause Waiver of Facilities Capital Cost of Money.

(End of Provision)

If the offeror elects to claim this cost, the offeror shall specifically identify or propose it in the cost proposal for the contract by checking the appropriate box below.

[	]	The prospective	ve Co	ontract	or l	nas spe	cific	ally i	den	tifi	ed or propo	sed:	facilitie	es ca	pital cos	t of money	in its
		cost proposal	and	elects	to	claim	this	cost	as	an	allowable	cost	under	the	contract	. Submit	Form
		CASB-CMF (	see F	AR 31	.20	05-10).											

The prospective Contractor has not specifically identified or proposed facilities	capital o	cost o	f money
in its proposal and elects not to claim it as an allowable cost under the contract.			

#### (8) Subcontractors

If subcontractors are proposed, please include a commitment letter from the subcontractor detailing:

- a) Willingness to perform as a subcontractor for specific duties (list duties).
- b) What priority the work will be given and how it will relate to other work.

- c) The amount of time and facilities available to this project.
- d) Information on their cognizant field audit offices.
- e) How rights to publications and patents are to be handled.
- f) A complete cost proposal in the same format as the offeror's cost proposal.

Note: Organizations that plan to enter into a subcontract with an educational concern under a contract awarded under this RFP should refer to the following Web Site for a listing of clauses that are required to be incorporated in Research & Development (R&D) subcontracts with educational institutions:

http://ocm.od.nih.gov/contracts/rfps/FDP/PDPclausecover.htm

### (9) Proposer's Annual Financial Report

A copy of the organization's most recent annual report must be submitted as part of the business proposal.

### (10) Representations and Certifications

One copy of the Representations and Certifications attached as Section K shall be completed and be signed by an official authorized to bind your organization. Additionally, a completed copy of the Representations and Certifications shall be submitted from any proposed subcontractor.

# (11) Travel Costs/Travel Policy

#### a) Travel Costs - Commercial

Costs for lodging, meals, and incidental expenses incurred by Contractor personnel shall be considered to be reasonable and allowable to the extent they do not exceed on a daily basis the per diem rates set forth in the Federal Travel Regulations, General Services Administration (GSA). Therefore, if travel costs are applicable and proposed by offerors, please be advised that they shall be calculated using the per diem rate schedule as established by GSA. Reimbursement of travel costs under any contract awarded from this RFP shall be in accordance with FAR 31.205-46.

# b) Travel Policy

One copy of the offeror's (and any proposed subcontractor's) written travel policy shall be included in the business proposal (original only). If an offeror (or any proposed subcontractor) does not have a written travel policy, the offeror shall so state.

# (12) Certification of Visa's for Non-U.S. Citizens

Proposed personnel under research projects are not required to be citizens of the United States. However, if non-U.S. citizens are proposed under a contract to be performed in the United States and its territories, then the offeror must indicate in the proposal that these individuals have the required visas.

### (13) Guidance Regarding Federal Government Collaborations

In keeping with FAR 3.6 and recent legal decisions involving conflict of interest issues, it is the policy of the NIAID that any proposal either submitted by a Federal agency or submitted by an offeror that includes the collaboration of a Federal agency or Federal employee must include a letter describing the role and effort being provided by that government agency and/or employee and stating that: (1) no actual or potential conflict of interest exists with the proposed effort; and (2) the collaborator's supervisor is aware of and approves of the effort. This letter <u>must</u> be signed by <u>both</u> the agency's ethics official and the head of the agency (or his/her designate). The NIAID reserves the right to reject a proposal that includes effort by Federal government employees in order to avoid any actual or apparent conflict of interest.

# SECTION M - EVALUATION FACTORS FOR AWARD

#### 1. **GENERAL**

Selection of an offeror for contract award will be based on an evaluation of proposals against three factors. The factors, in order of importance, are: technical, cost and Small Disadvantaged Business (SDB) participation. Past performance is NOT an evaluation factor but will be considered in determining an offeror's responsibility in accordance with FAR 9.104-3(b) (Reference Section L). All evaluation factors other than cost/price, when combined, are significantly more important than cost or price. The trade-off process described in FAR 15.101-1 may be employed. This process permits tradeoffs among cost/price and non-cost factors and allows the Government to consider award to other than the lowest priced or highest technically rated offeror. In any event, the Government reserves the right to make an award to that offeror whose proposal provides the best overall value to the Government.

The evaluation will be based on the demonstrated capabilities of the prospective Contractors in relation to the needs of the project as set forth in the RFP. The merits of each proposal will be evaluated carefully. Each proposal must document the feasibility of successful implementation of the requirements of the RFP. Offerors must submit information sufficient to evaluate their proposals based on the detailed criteria listed below.

# 2. HUMAN SUBJECT EVALUATION

This research project involves human subjects. NIH Policy requires:

# (a) Protection of Human Subjects from Research Risks

The offeror's proposal must address the involvement of human subjects and protections from research risk relating to their participation, or provide sufficient information on the research subjects to allow a determination by Institute that a designated exemption is appropriate.

If you claim that this research should be considered exempt from coverage by the Federal Regulations at 45 CFR 46, the proposal should address why you believe it is exempt, and under which exemption it applies.

The reviewers will evaluate the proposal and provide a narrative with regard to four issues: Risks to Human Subjects, Adequacy of Protection Against Risks, Potential Benefits of the Proposed Research to the Subjects and Others, and Importance of the Knowledge to be Gained. See Section L for a complete discussion of what is required to be addressed for each of these issues. Based on the response to this criterion, this section of the proposal may be rated "unacceptable" (i.e., concerns are identified as to the protections described against risk to human subjects or no discussion is found regarding protections against risk to human subjects) or "acceptable".

If your discussion regarding the protection of human subjects from research risks is rated "unacceptable" and the Government includes your proposal in the competitive range (for competitive proposals), or if the Government holds discussions with the selected source (for sole source acquisitions), you will be afforded the opportunity to further discuss and/or clarify your position during such discussions and in your Final Proposal Revision (FPR). If, after discussions, your proposed plan for the protection of human subjects from research risks is still found unacceptable, your proposal may not be considered further for award.

#### 3. EXTENT OF SMALL DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS PARTICIPATION

**SDB participation will not be scored**, but the Government's conclusions about overall commitment and realism of the offeror's SDB Participation targets will be used in determining the relative merits of the offeror's proposal and in selecting the offeror whose proposal is considered to offer the best value to the Government.

The extent of the offeror's Small Disadvantaged Business Participation Targets will be evaluated before determination of the competitive range. Evaluation of SDB participation will be assessed based on consideration of the information presented in the offeror's proposal. The Government is seeking to determine whether the offeror has demonstrated a commitment to use SDB concerns for the work that it intends to perform.

Offers will be evaluated on the following sub-factors:

- (a) Extent to which SDB concerns are specifically identified
- (b) Complexity and variety of the work SDB concerns are to perform
- (c) Extent of participation of SDB concerns in terms of the value of the total acquisition.

#### 4. TECHNICAL EVALUATION CRITERIA

The evaluation criteria are used by the technical evaluation committee when reviewing the technical proposals. Proposals will be judged solely on the written material provided by the offeror. The criteria below are listed in the order of relative importance with weights assigned for evaluation purposes.

Weight

### a. TECHNICAL APPROACH

40 Points

- 1) Adequacy and feasibility of plans to monitor research studies supported by DAIT and conducted by the ITN by performing the following tasks within the time frames specified in the Statement of Work: (20 points)
  - a) Develop standard operating procedures for monitoring clinical sites and their pharmacies and laboratories, and training site staff in policies, procedures and good clinical practices.
  - b) Develop quarterly monitoring plans
  - c) Distribute monitors by geographic location and type of study.
  - d) Monitor domestic and international clinical sites, pharmacies and laboratories.
- 2) Adequacy and feasibility of plans to train site monitors and ensure the quality of the monitoring work in performing the following tasks with the time frames of the Statement of Work:

  (10 points)
  - a) Develop standard operating procedures for training site monitors and auditing their work.
  - b) Provide initial and ongoing training to site monitors.
  - c) Ensure the quality and consistency of the monitoring work.
- 3) Adequacy and feasibility of plans to provide site visit reports and maintain a database of monitoring and training activities to carry out the following tasks within the time frames specified in the Statement of Work:

  (10 points)
  - a) Provide a site visit report within three weeks of completion of each visit.
  - b) Provide appropriate notification of problems associated with protocol implementation and recommend solutions to problems identified.
  - c) Maintain a database to track monitoring and training activities and generate reports summarizing these efforts.

b. PERSONNEL 40 POINTS

1) Clinical Site Monitors

(20 points)

- a) Adequacy and feasibility of plans to recruit a full monitoring staff within four months of contract award.
- b) Adequacy of plans to ensure:
  - (1) All monitors have a Bachelor's degree or equivalent in nursing, pharmacy, biology or other biomedical sciences.
  - (2) All monitors have experience in clinical research. Not required but highly desirable additional experience includes: site monitoring of clinical trials; teaching clinical staff; and performing quality assurance audits.

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(3) A sufficient number of monitors will be recruited possessing the additional, special qualifications to monitor international sites (i.e. knowledgeable of the countries to be monitored, their health care systems, the local regulations, and the languages used by clinicians and patients if records are not in English).

# 2) Professional Staff Other Than Monitors

(20 points)

Adequacy of the proposed professional staff, including evidence of their expertise and evidence of sufficient time commitment, to effectively conduct the entire project, including:

- a) Coordinating efforts with DAIT and the ITN.
- b) Developing monitoring tools (e.g. manuals and worksheets) and quarterly monitoring plans.
- c) Recruiting and supervising the site monitors.
- d) Training the site monitors.
- e) Auditing the quality of the monitoring work.

Adequacy and training of Project Director and senior staff as evidenced by advanced degrees in the biomedical sciences, medicine, or nursing and experience appropriate to their roles.

#### c. ORGANIZATIONAL EXPERIENCE, FACILITIES AND LOGISTICS

20 POINTS

- 1) Adequacy of the documented evidence of successful organizational experience in providing monitoring services for multi-site clinical trials for projects of a similar size and complexity.
- 2) Adequacy of the documented organizational experience in monitoring international sites and practicality of the proposed approach to monitoring international sites in this project.
- 3) Availability of adequate facilities, equipment and other physical resources necessary to perform monitoring functions, including the availability of microcomputers, software, and Internet e-mail access needed for communication. Such facilities, equipment and resources must be available in domestic and international locations convenient for the purposes of fulfilling the contract's requirements.
- 4) Clarity and appropriateness of the lines of communication and authority for coordination and management of the contract. Additionally, if a multi-organization collaboration is proposed for the project, adequacy and feasibility of plans to ensure appropriate coordination, management and success.
- Adequacy and feasibility of provisions for transition involving predecessor and successor contractors.

TOTAL: 100 POINTS