

# Long Island Breast Cancer Study and the GIS-H (Health)







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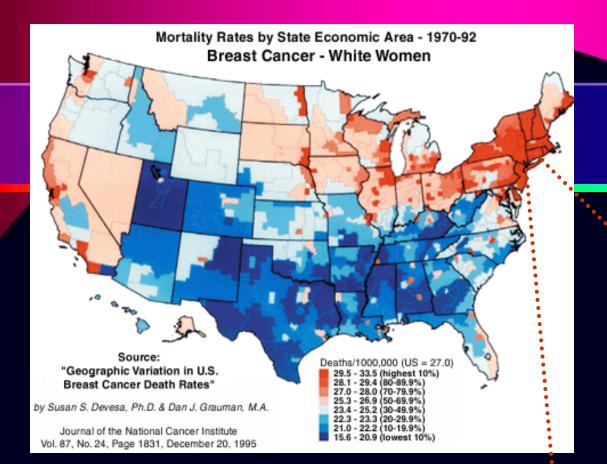
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COMPREHENSIVE APPROACHES TO CANCER CONTROL September, 2003 Atlanta, GA





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The northeastern United States has had high rates of breast cancer.

The Long Island Breast
Cancer Study Project
(LIBCSP) focuses on Long
Island (Nassau and Suffolk
counties) in New York.







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## Long Island Breast Cancer Study Project

Grew out of community's concern



- A multistudy investigation of environmental factors and breast cancer
- NCI developed the GIS-H in response to a law passed in 1993







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# Public Law 103-43 June 10, 1993

- "The director of the NCI...shall conduct a case-control study [of] factors contributing to the incidence of breast cancer in:
  - >> The counties of Nassau and Suffolk, and
  - The 2 counties in the northeastern U.S. [that] had the highest age-adjusted mortality rate of such cancer..."







## Public Law 103-43, GIS Requirement

- Certain elements of the study ... shall include the use of a geographic system to evaluate the current and past exposure of individuals, including direct monitoring and cumulative estimates of exposure, to:
  - 1. contaminated drinking water
  - 2. sources of indoor and ambient air pollution, including emissions from aircraft
  - 3. electromagnetic fields
  - 4. pesticides, and other toxic chemicals
  - 5. hazardous and municipal waste
  - 6. other factors as appropriate.

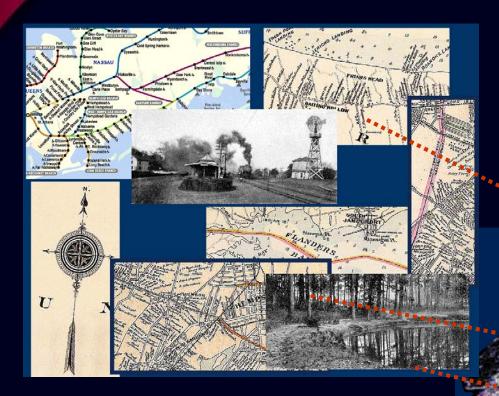






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## A Tool for Studying Environment & Breast Cancer



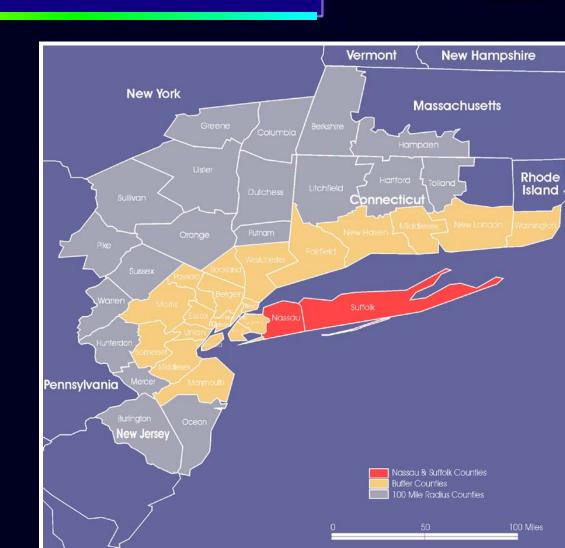


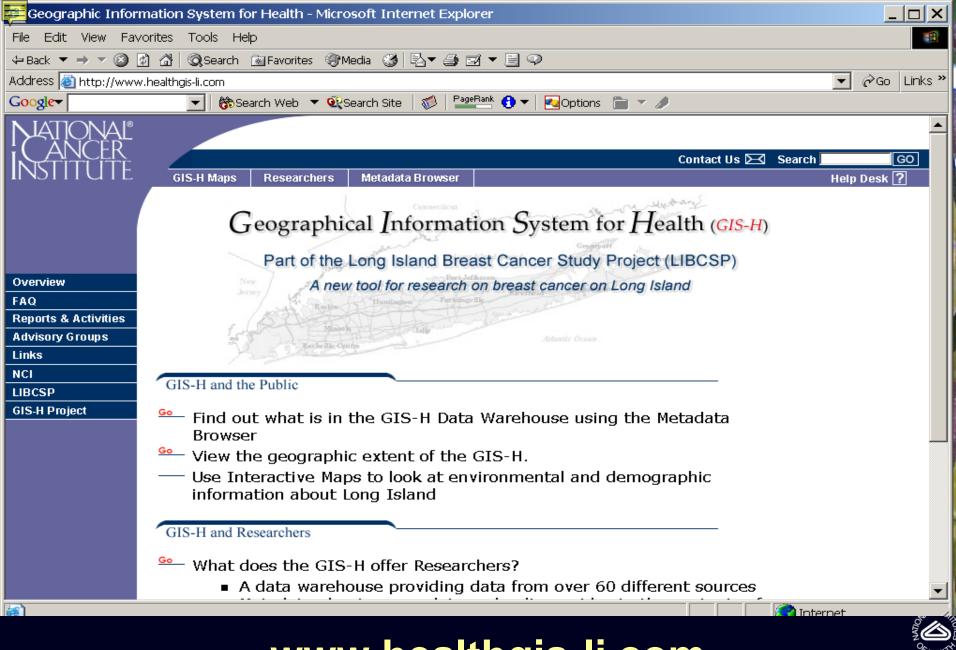


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## Geographic Extent

- Nassau and Suffolk counties (red) detailed health, demographic, environmental data.
- Buffer counties within 50 km additional environmental data (less precision, detail)
- Extended area within100 miles of mid-point of counties' boundary line (limited data)





#### www.healthgis-li.com







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## Website

- Two Sections
  - >> Public Use
  - >> Researcher's Use











## Levels of Access

- Public
  - >> Public data
- Secure (for researchers)
  - >> All public data
  - >>> Protocol restricted data
    - Requires approval for each researcher and project





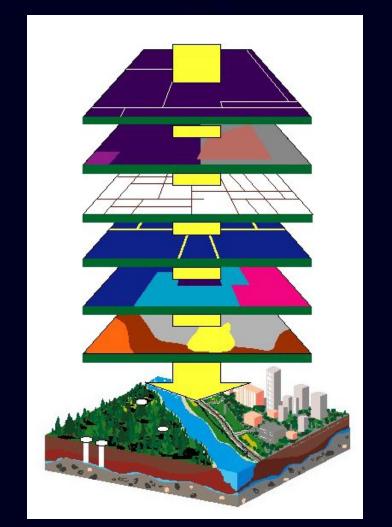




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### Public Use

- ArcExplorer allows the public to:
  - create their own maps using publicly available data
  - interactive features and flexibility, including unique combinations of layers









#### Public Use

- ▶ 16 interactive maps with up to 9 environmental exposure layers.
- ▶ Each will be on the public website.
- Map topics and exposures numbers reflect the interests and concerns of community members.









#### For Researchers

#### Enable researchers to:

- Explore and synthesize available information on potential exposures
- Generate hypotheses
- Identify spatial and temporal clusters of disease
- >> Evaluate risk factors for breast cancer and other health outcomes (with your addition of data)
- >> Address methodological issues
- >> Identify gaps in available information









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# What Questions Can Be Addressed?

- What are the rates of breast cancer in the community (overall, in smaller areas)?
- Can we identify clusters of cases, or areas with significantly higher rates?
- Where might exposures of interest (to scientists, to the community) come from?
- Are there correlations -- spatial relationships -- between disease and potential exposures?
- More sophisticated: Are potential environmental exposures linked with breast cancer, taking other factors into account?

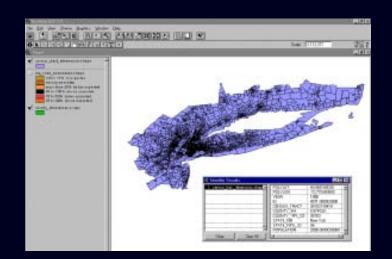






#### Data Included in the GIS-H

- Geospatial
- Demographic and Behavioral
- Health
- Environmental













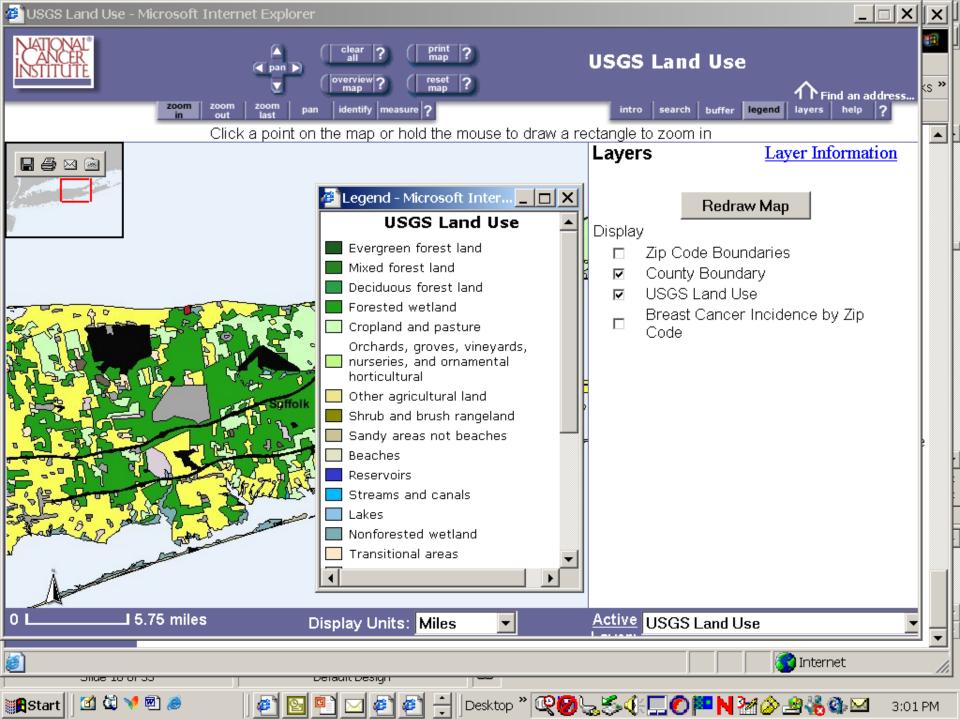
#### Base Maps:

- Cadastral\* data (tax lots, parcels)
- Political boundaries
- Roads
- Railroads
- Hydrology (water supply, rivers, streams)
- Aerial photography and satellite imagery





<sup>\*</sup> Showing property boundaries, subdivision lines, etc.





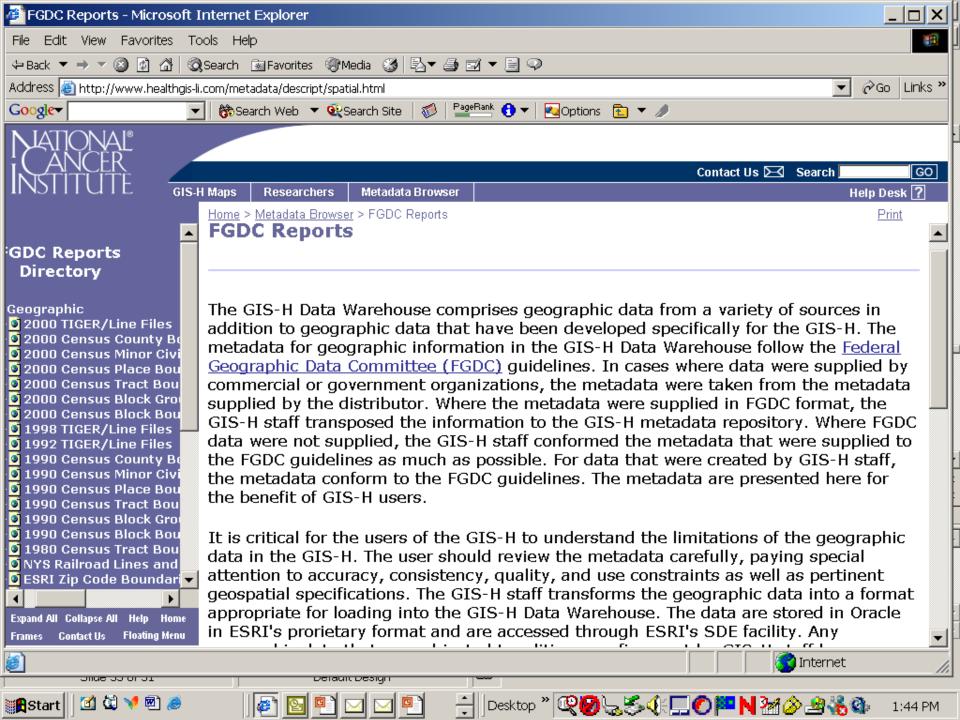


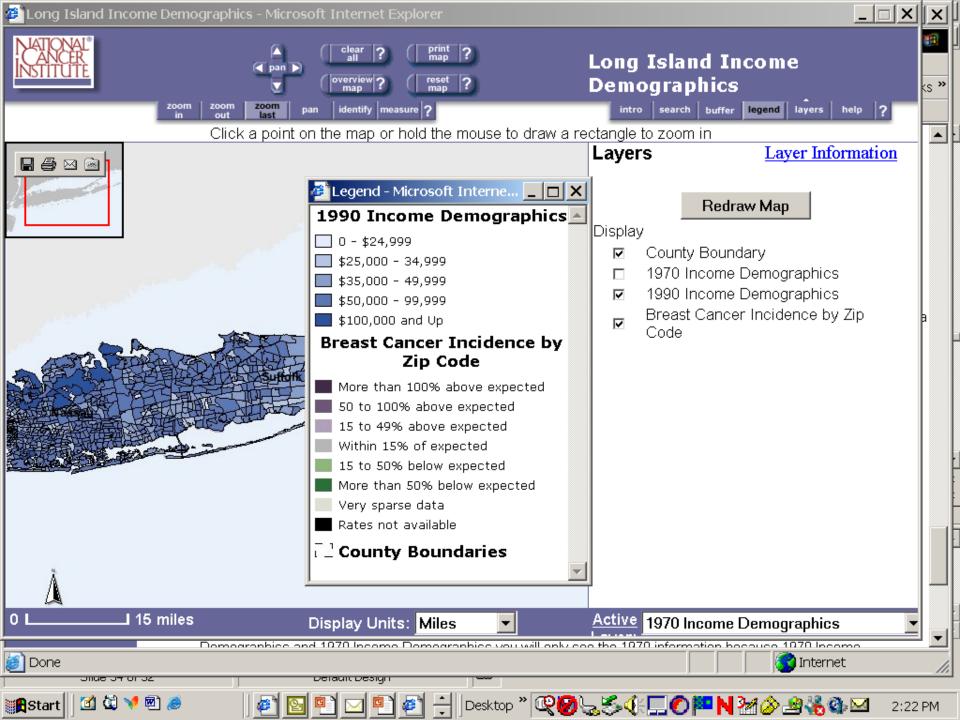


- Census Data:
  - >> Counts of the population
  - >> Descriptive information about individuals
    - Age, Race, Gender, Income groupings
  - Households
    - Type and age of housing
    - Rural or urban
- National Nutritional Health and Lifestyle Survey





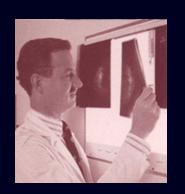






### Health

- Medical outcomes
  - >> State Cancer Registry (yes and no)
    - Rates by zip available for 1993-97
    - Others available from registry
  - **Medicare**
  - >> Hospital discharges
- Medical facilities









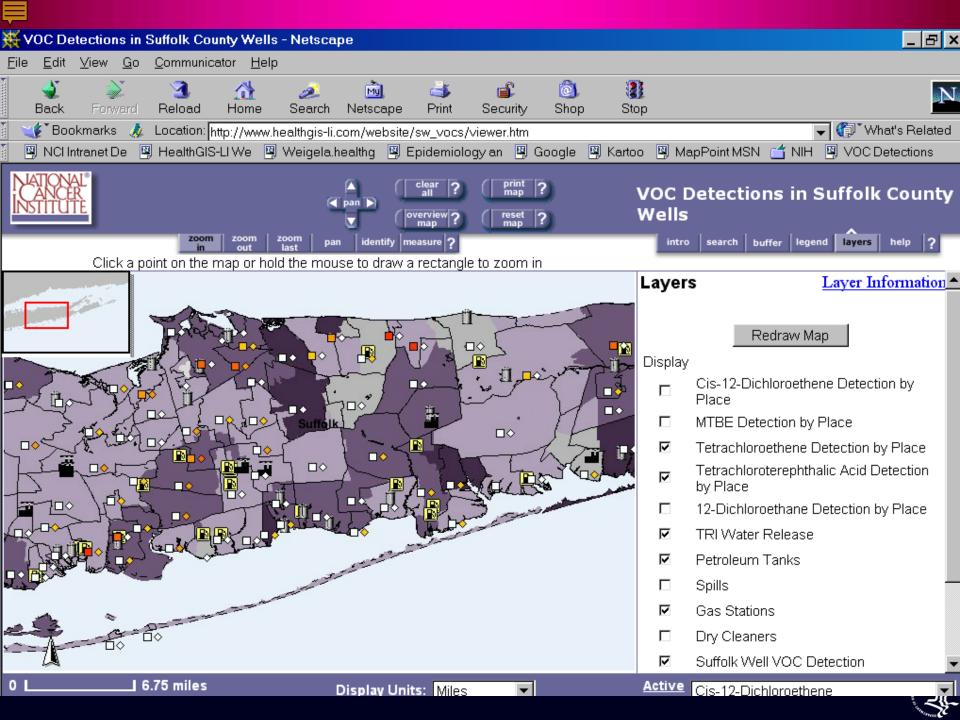


#### Environmental

- Air quality monitoring results
- Drinking water analysis and water use
- Industrial sites, industrial releases and hazardous materials
- Radioactive sites or materials
- Land use and land cover
- Traffic volume
- Weather and climate information
- Other: weather, satellite image maps









#### Data Sources

- County Water Authorities and Departments of Health
- State Departments of Environmental Conservation, Health, Labor, and Public Service
- Federal Centers for Disease Control, National Center for Health Statistics, Environmental Protection Agency, Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Geological Survey, Census, Department of Agriculture







### Metadata

- Need to understand data limitations
- ▶ For each dataset, information on...
  - **Identification**
  - Data quality
  - >> Spatial data organization
  - >> Spatial reference information
  - >> Entity and attribute overview
  - **Distribution**





#### Metadata Browser

#### **FGDC Reports Directory** □ Geographic 1998 TIGER/Line Files 1992 TIGER/Line Files 1990 Census County Boundaries 1990 Census Minor Civil Division Boundaries 1990 Census Place Boundaries 1990 Census Tract Boundaries 1990 Census Block Group Boundaries 1990 Census Block Boundaries 1980 Census Tract Boundaries NYS Railroad Lines and Stations ESRI Zip Code Boundaries ESRI Zip Code Centroids **ESRI Golf Courses** ESRI Cemeteries US Geologic Survey (USGS) 1:100K Digital Line Graphs(DLG) USGS 1:24K Digital Line Graph (DLG) USGS Digital Elevation Models (DEM) USGS Land Use/Land Cover (C) CAP Land Cover Suffolk County Water Authority (SCWA) Pipelines SCWA Pressure Zones NCDC Daily Weather Summaries Nassau County Base Maps Suffolk County Base Maps Long Island Traffic Counts + Imagery

#### Source Datasets Directory → Demographic Medical Facility Behavioral Surveys Air Quality - Water Quality and Water Use EPA Permit Compliance System (PCS) USGS Relation of Ground-water Quality to Land Use USGS Pesticides in Surface Waters USGS Pesticides in Wells of Suffolk County USGS State Water Use Suffolk County Sewage Treatment Facilities Suffolk County Water Quality for Community Supply Suffolk County Water Quality for Non-community Supply 🔃 Suffolk County Distribution Drinking Water Suffolk County Carbamate Pesticide Study Suffolk County Private Well Database 📺 🦳 Industrial Sites and Hazardous Materials Radioactive Sites or Materials ∰ Miscellaneous







#### Researcher's Toolbox

- ArcView, Spatial Analyst and 3D Analyst
- Extensions developed especially for GIS-H
  - **▶** Add Database Theme and Table Tools
  - >> Case File Formatter
  - Data query wizard
  - Disease Rate Calculator (graphic)
  - ▶ Areal Interpolator (graphic)
  - Cluster Analysis Tool (to facilitate using SaTScan)
  - >> Empirical Bayes Tool
  - >> Geographic masking









#### Researcher's Toolbox

- Additional software for researchers' use
  - Adobe Photoshop
  - **→** ArcInfo
  - **SAS**
  - **⇒** S-Plus
  - **WinBUGS**
- User's guide



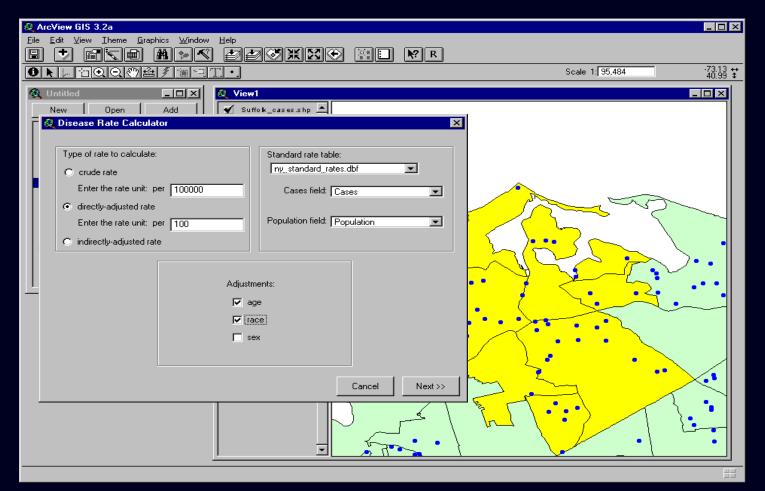




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#### Disease Rate Calculator

#### Calculating directly-adjusted rate for selected census tracts.



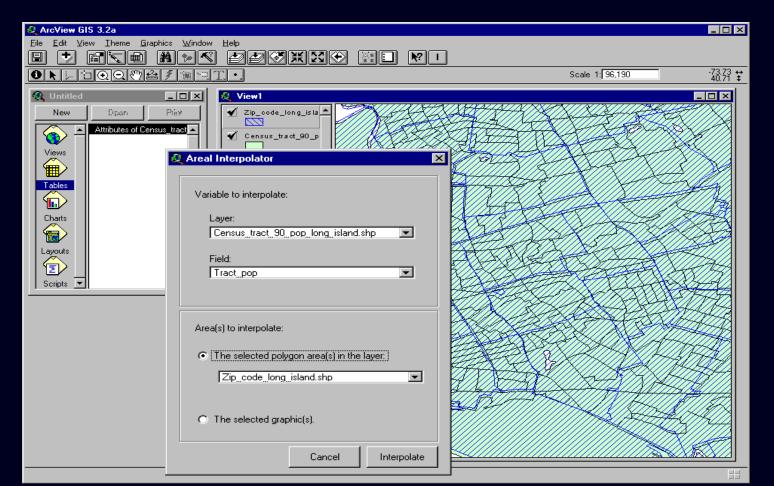






## Areal Interpolator

Interpolating zip code population from census tract population.



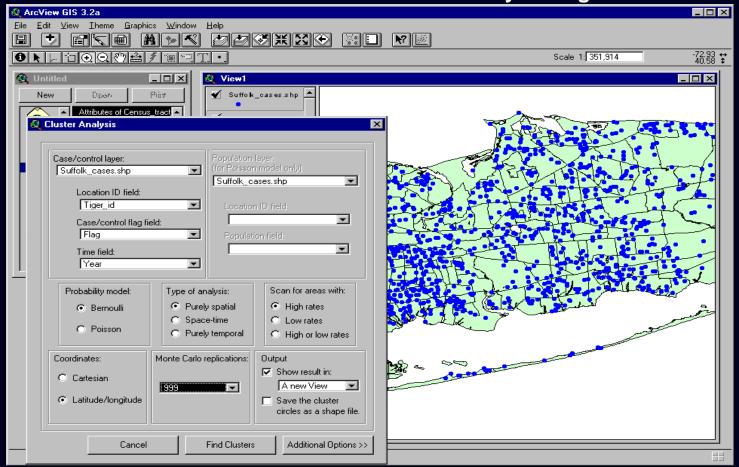




## Cluster Analysis

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Checking for clusters of sample cases uses SatScan software as cluster analysis engine.









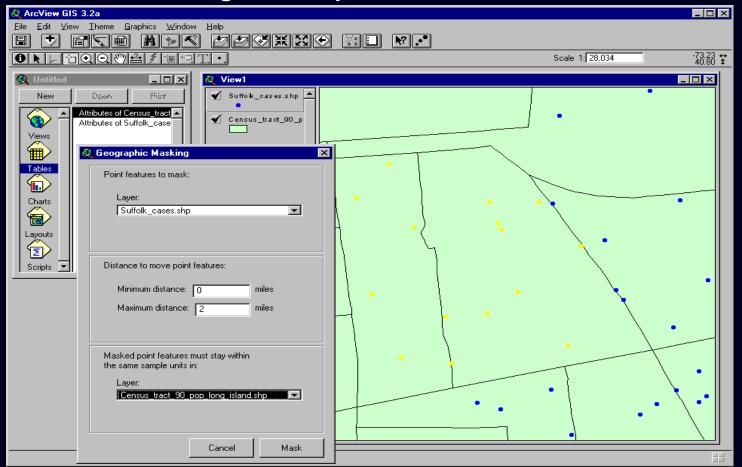


## Geographic Masking

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Masking selected (in yellow) sample cases using random perturbation method.





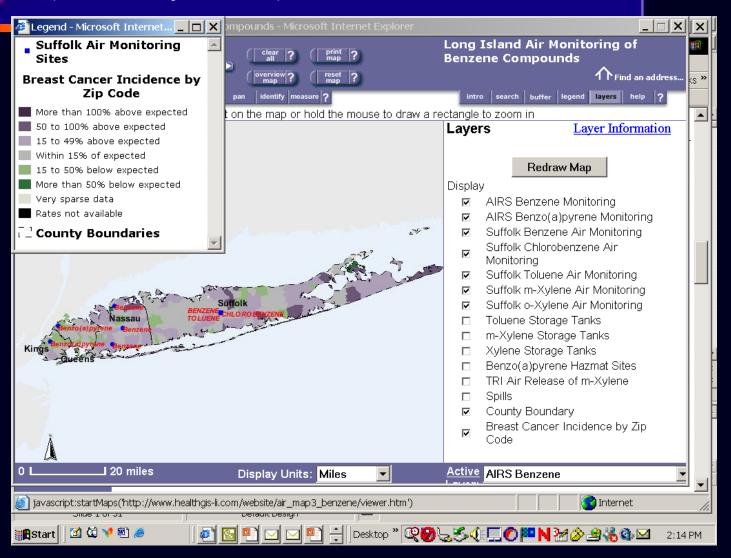






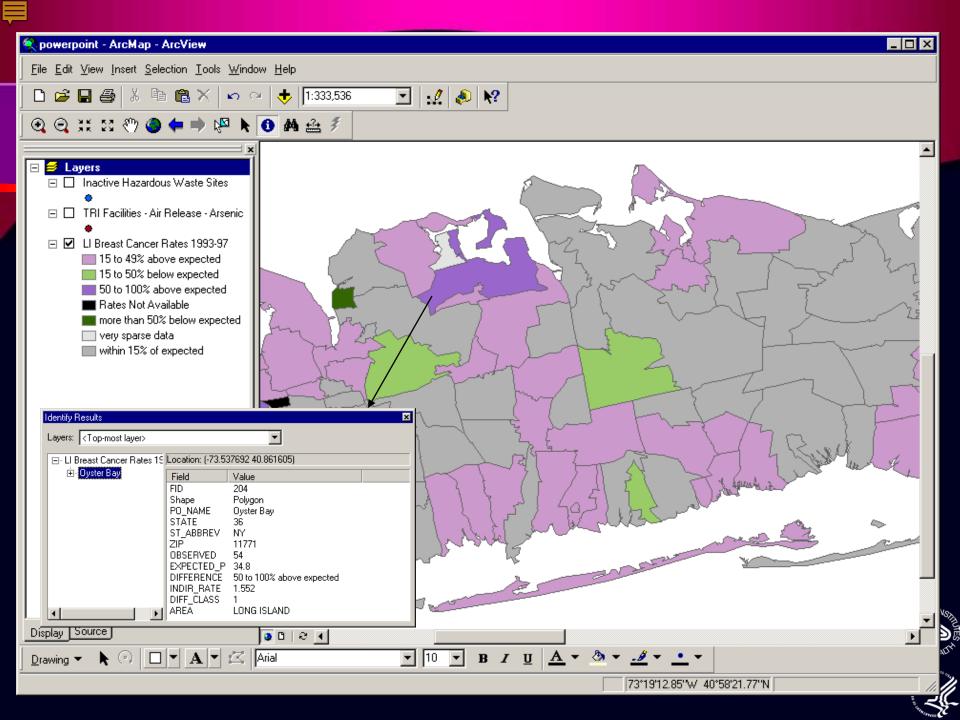
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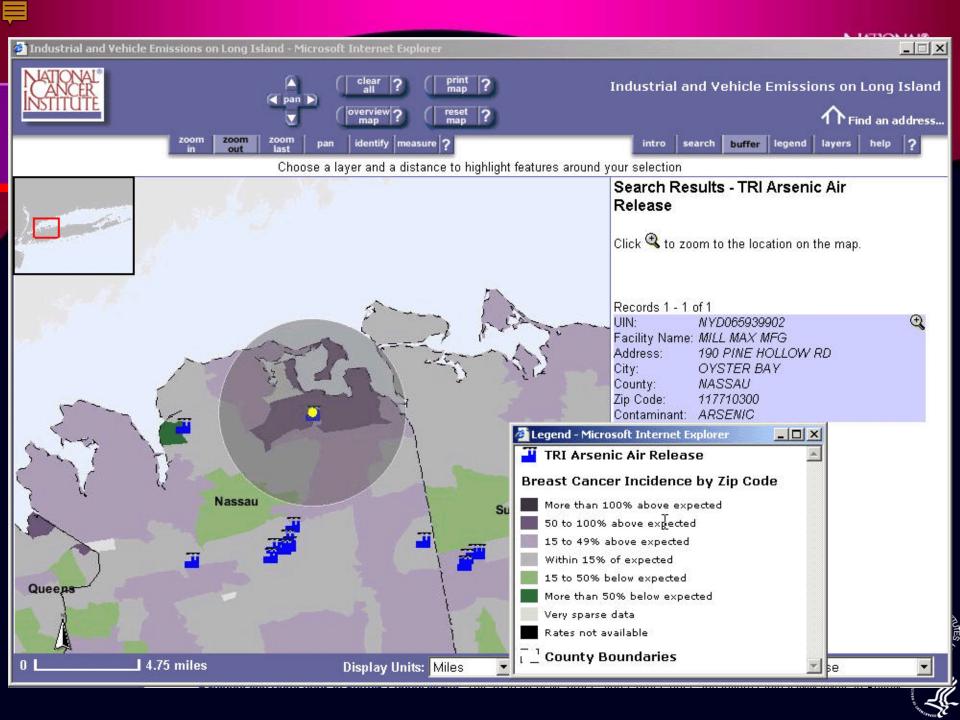
## Examples of Maps

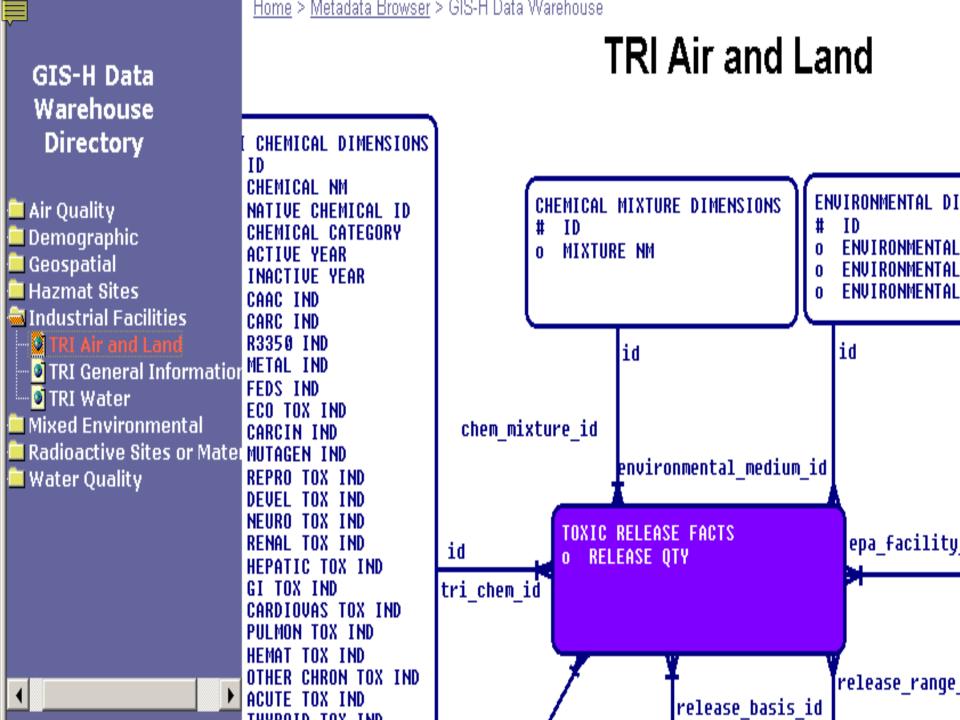


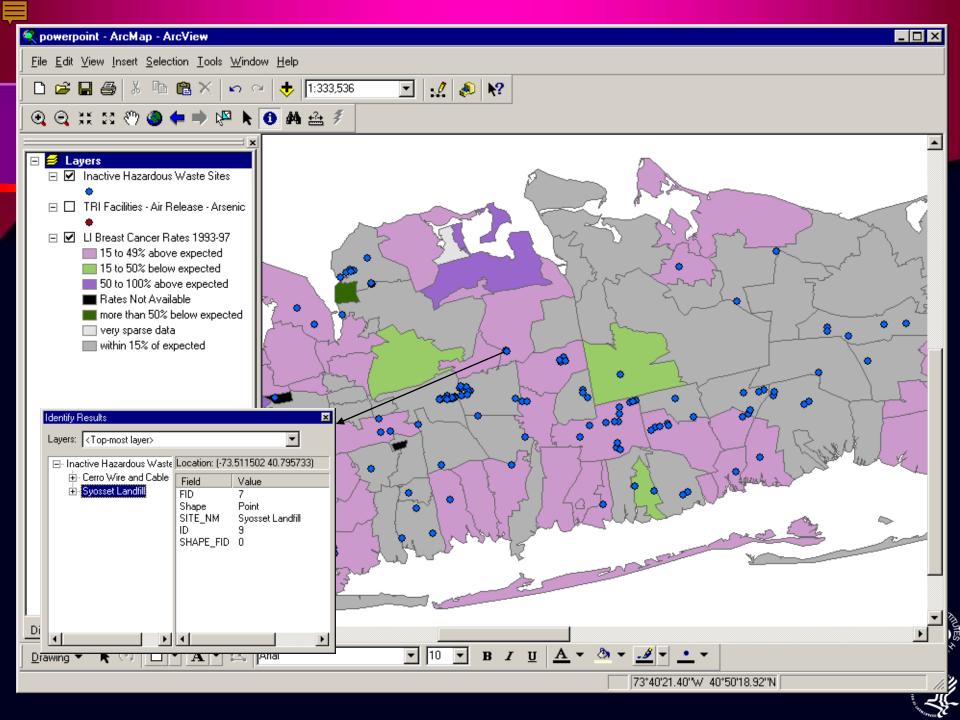


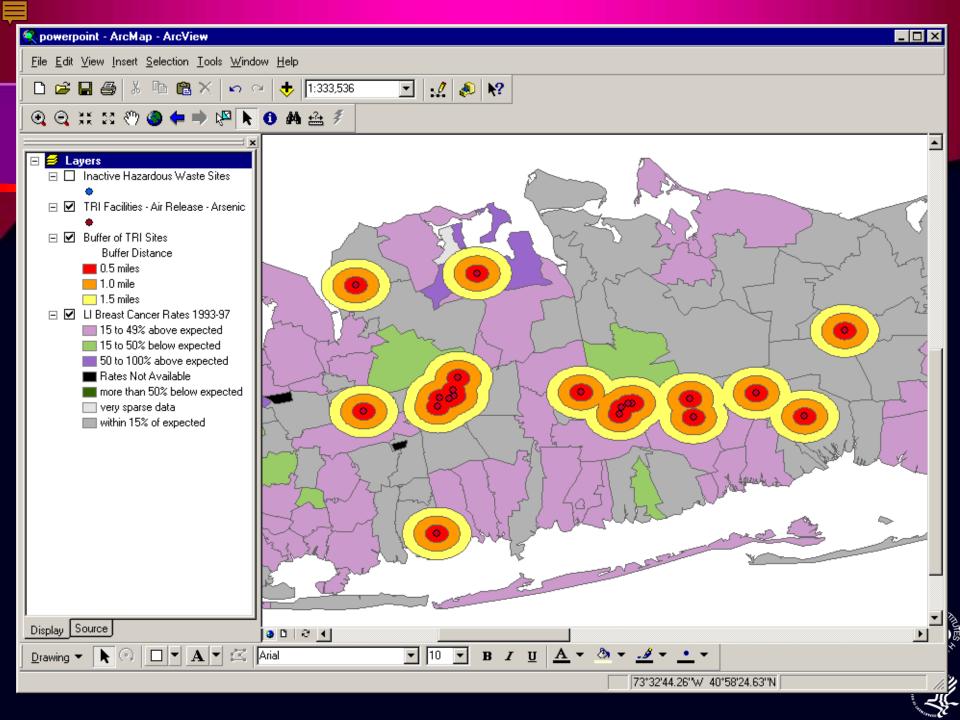


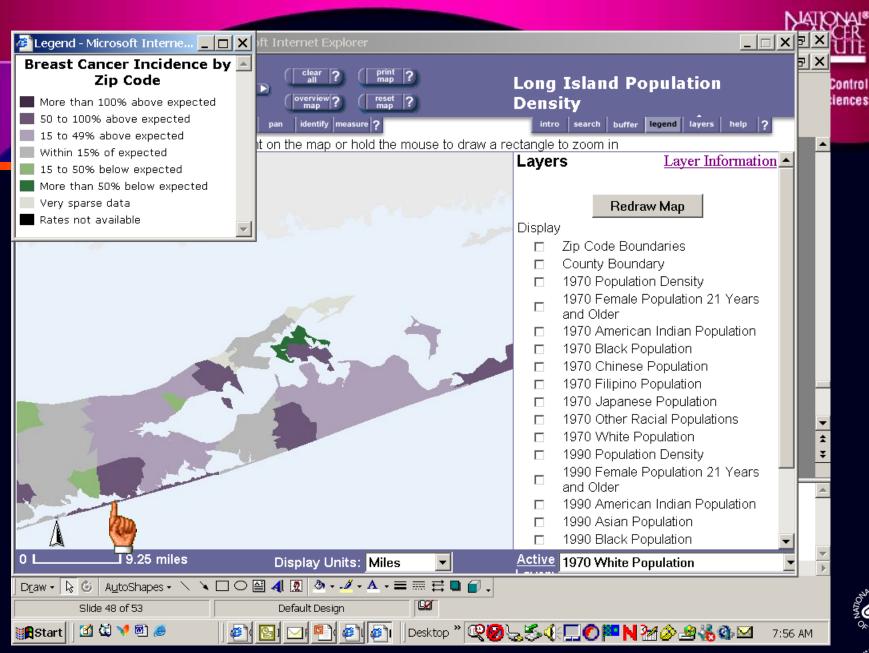






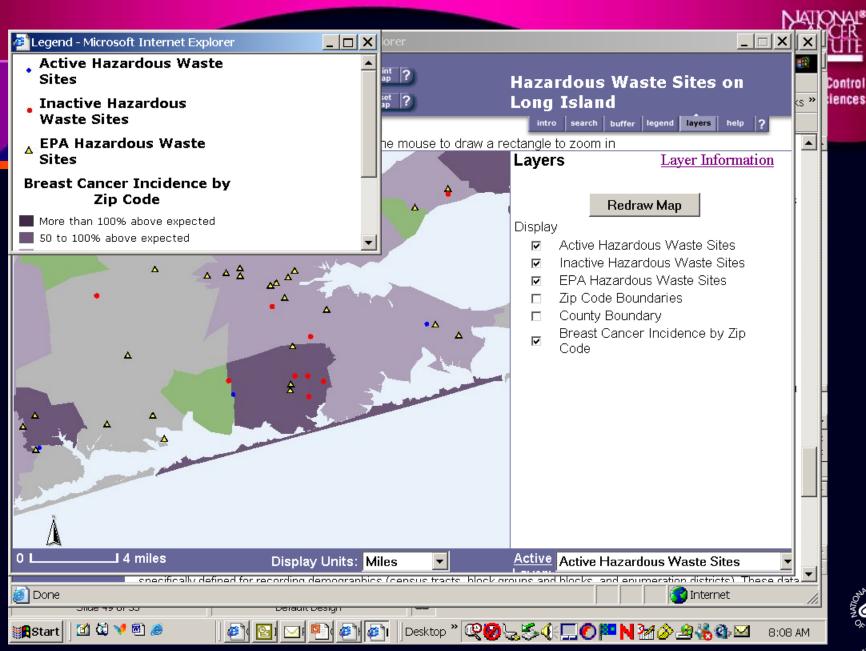








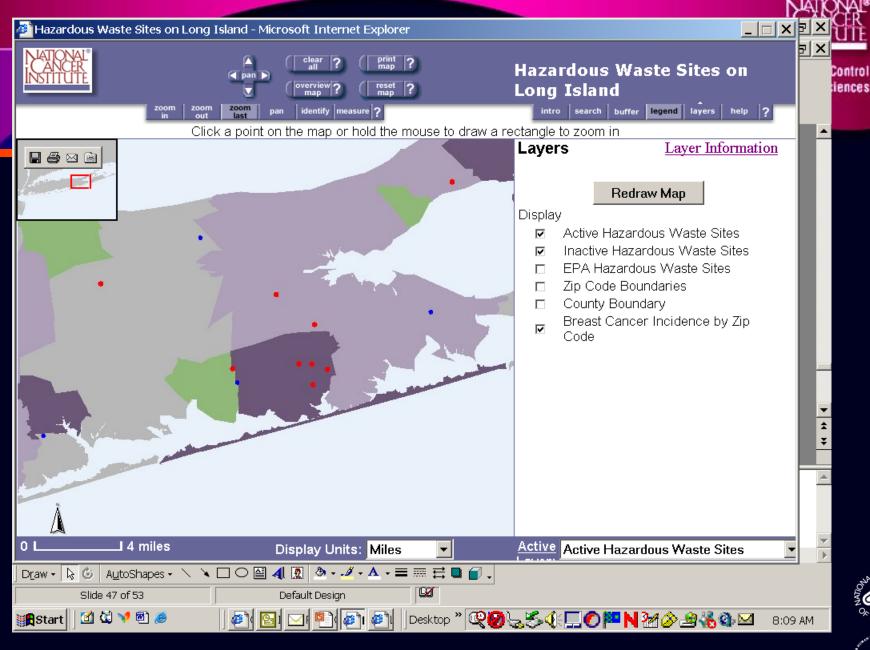






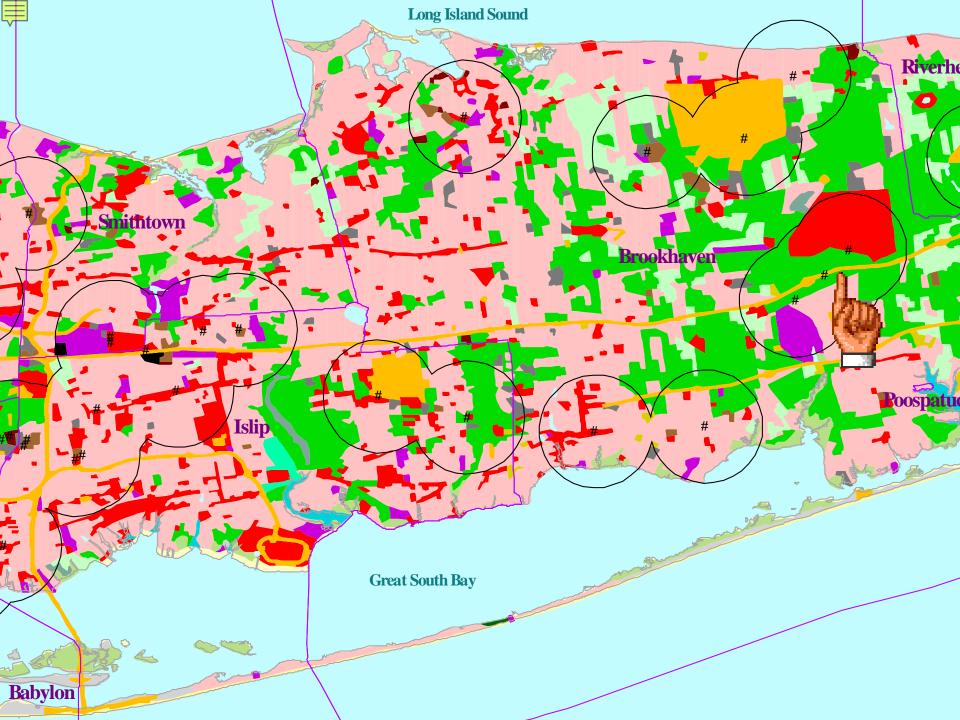














### What is Availability of GIS-H?

- Available now to researchers with approved projects
- Public mapping features available soon





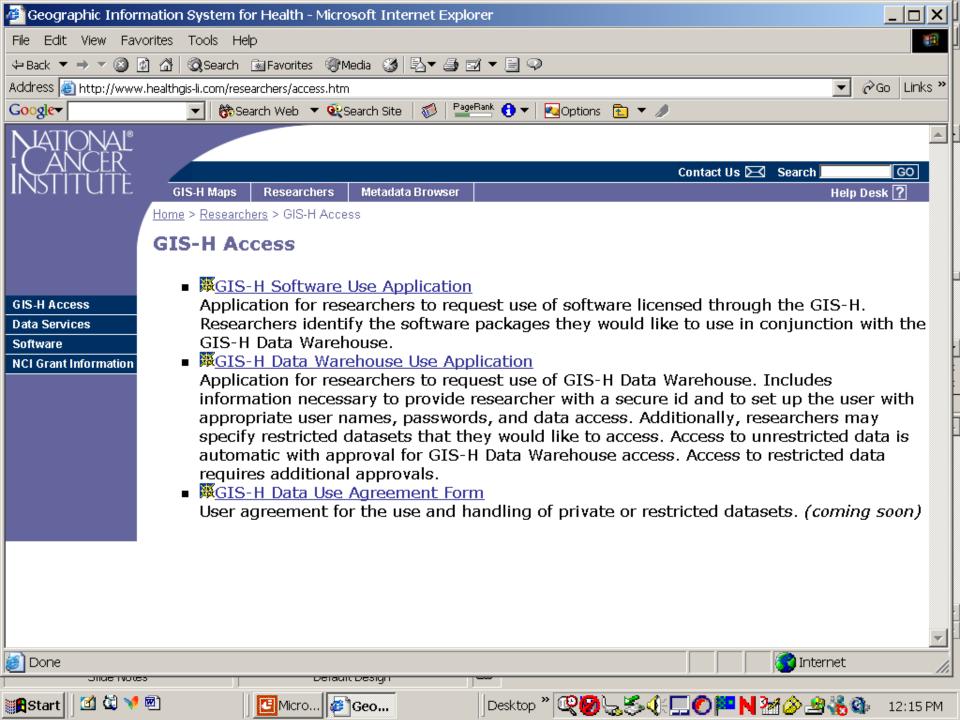


#### Important Issues

- Data are imperfect
  - >> Examples: addresses, sparse data, data collected for other purposes
  - Potential exposure not necessarily actual exposure
  - >> Time frame and latency of cancer
  - Substitutions and additions may be recommended as we go along
- The website will not include software to keep
- ▶ The eye is not a good analytic tool
- Confidentiality





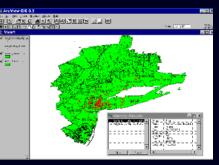






## In Summary, the GIS-H is...

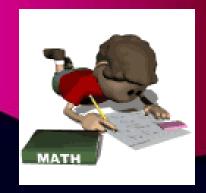
- Comprehensive, integrated data warehouse (> 80 datasets)
- Flexible and expandable
- Can integrate external datasets
- Sophisticated researcher's toolbox
- Community input and access
- Systematic attempt to include high quality data, comprehensive metadata
- ► A prototype and resource for future studies







# Apply!



- Access to researcher site is limited to investigators with approved protocols
- For additional information, visit GIS-H website

www.healthgis-li.com

### Inquiries may be directed to:

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