Table 3. Average annual cancer incidence rates* and percent site distribution for the $\mathbf{1 0}$ most frequent cancers by sex and age, SEER and NPCR areas $\dagger$, United States, 1995-1999.

| All Ages | Male and Female Rate | Male Rate | Female Rate | Male and Female Percent | Male <br> Percent | Female Percent |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All Sites | 475.1 | 559.5 | 420.1 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Breast | 72.7 | 1.3 | 131.9 | 15.2 | 0.2 | 30.7 |
| Prostate | 68.9 | 160.6 | $\pm$ | 14.5 | 28.6 | $\ddagger$ |
| Lung and Bronchus | 68.5 | 91.5 | 52.0 | 14.4 | 16.3 | 12.5 |
| Colon and Rectum | 56.9 | 67.4 | 49.0 | 11.9 | 11.7 | 12.2 |
| Urinary Bladder | 21.6 | 38.0 | 9.9 | 4.5 | 6.6 | 2.5 |
| Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma | 19.1 | 23.0 | 15.9 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 3.8 |
| Melanomas of the Skin | 14.2 | 17.9 | 11.5 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 2.7 |
| Corpus and Uterus, NOS | 13.9 | $\ddagger$ | 25.2 | 2.9 | $\pm$ | 5.9 |
| Leukemias | 12.0 | 15.6 | 9.3 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 2.3 |
| Kidney and Renal Pelvis | 11.6 | 15.9 | 8.2 | 2.4 | 2.9 | 1.9 |
| Other | 115.7 | 128.3 | 107.2 | 24.5 | 23.4 | 25.6 |
|  | Male and Female | Male | Female | Male and Female | Male | Female |
| Ages < 20 | Rate | Rate | Rate | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| All Sites | 16.0 | 16.7 | 15.1 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Leukemias | 4.1 | 4.6 | 3.6 | 26.0 | 27.7 | 24.1 |
| Brain and Other Nervous System | 2.8 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 17.6 | 17.8 | 17.4 |
| Hodgkin Lymphoma | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 7.8 | 7.5 | 8.1 |
| Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma | 1.1 | 1.4 | 0.7 | 6.7 | 8.5 | 4.5 |
| Soft Tissue including Heart | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 5.7 | 5.5 | 6.0 |
| Bones and Joints | 0.9 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 5.6 | 5.9 | 5.4 |
| Kidney and Renal Pelvis | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.8 | 4.4 | 3.6 | 5.2 |
| Other Endocrine including Thymus | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 3.3 | 3.8 | 2.7 |
| Thyroid | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.9 | 3.2 | 1.1 | 5.8 |
| Testis | 0.5 | 0.9 | $\pm$ | 3.0 | 5.6 | + |
| Other | 2.7 | 2.2 | 3.1 | 16.6 | 13.0 | 20.8 |

[^0]Table 3 (continued). Average annual cancer incidence rates* and percent site distribution for the $\mathbf{1 0}$ most frequent cancers by sex and age, SEER and NPCR areas $\dagger$, United States, 1995-1999.

|  | Male and Female | Male | Female | Male and Female | Male | Female |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ages 20-49 | Rate | Rate | Rate | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| All Sites | 145.5 | 111.8 | 178.5 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Breast | 35.9 | 0.3 | 70.6 | 24.4 | 0.2 | 39.2 |
| Melanomas of the Skin | 10.6 | 10.0 | 11.2 | 7.4 | 9.0 | 6.4 |
| Colon and Rectum | 9.1 | 9.7 | 8.5 | 6.2 | 8.5 | 4.8 |
| Lung and Bronchus | 8.9 | 9.9 | 8.0 | 6.0 | 8.6 | 4.4 |
| Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma | 8.3 | 10.7 | 6.0 | 5.8 | 9.7 | 3.4 |
| Thyroid | 7.7 | 3.2 | 12.2 | 5.4 | 2.9 | 7.0 |
| Cervix | 6.5 | $\pm$ | 13.0 | 4.6 | $\pm$ | 7.4 |
| Testis | 5.1 | 10.2 | $\pm$ | 3.6 | 9.5 | $\pm$ |
| Ovary | 4.9 | $\ddagger$ | 9.8 | 3.4 | $\pm$ | 5.5 |
| Oral Cavity and Pharynx | 4.4 | 6.3 | 2.5 | 3.0 | 5.5 | 1.4 |
| Other | 44.1 | 51.5 | 36.7 | 30.3 | 46.0 | 20.6 |
|  | Male and Female | Male | Female | Male and Female | Male | Female |
| Ages 50-64 | Rate | Rate | Rate | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| All Sites | 864.8 | 934.2 | 802.8 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Breast | 156.7 | 2.3 | 299.3 | 18.0 | 0.3 | 37.1 |
| Prostate | 134.6 | 281.8 | $\ddagger$ | 15.7 | 30.3 | $\ddagger$ |
| Lung and Bronchus | 129.0 | 157.2 | 103.2 | 15.0 | 16.8 | 13.0 |
| Colon and Rectum | 85.4 | 101.8 | 70.4 | 9.9 | 10.9 | 8.8 |
| Corpus and Uterus, NOS | 33.9 | $\pm$ | 65.1 | 3.9 | + | 8.1 |
| Urinary Bladder | 32.5 | 51.7 | 14.9 | 3.8 | 5.5 | 1.9 |
| Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma | 31.3 | 36.5 | 26.4 | 3.6 | 3.9 | 3.3 |
| Melanomas of the Skin | 26.2 | 33.4 | 19.6 | 3.0 | 3.6 | 2.4 |
| Oral Cavity and Pharynx | 25.3 | 38.7 | 12.9 | 2.9 | 4.1 | 1.6 |
| Kidney and Renal Pelvis | 24.2 | 33.1 | 15.9 | 2.8 | 3.5 | 2.0 |
| Other | 185.7 | 197.7 | 175.1 | 21.4 | 21.1 | 21.8 |

* Rates are per 100,000 and are age-adjusted to the 2000 U.S. standard population.
$\dagger$ Source: SEER and NPCR areas reported by NAACCR as meeting high data quality standards: California, Colorado, Connecticut,
Delaware, Georgia: Atlanta area, Hawaii, Idaho, Illinois, Iowa, Kentucky, Louisiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, New Jersey,
New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Utah, Washington: Seattle area, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Wyoming.
$\ddagger$ category not applicable or less than 25 cases.

Table 3 (continued). Average annual cancer incidence rates* and percent site distribution for the $\mathbf{1 0}$ most frequent cancers by sex and age, SEER and NPCR areas $\dagger$, United States, 1995-1999.


* Rates are per 100,000 and are age-adjusted to the 2000 U.S. standard population.
$\dagger$ Source: SEER and NPCR areas reported by NAACCR as meeting high data quality standards: California, Colorado, Connecticut,
Delaware, Georgia: Atlanta area, Hawaii, Idaho, Illinois, Iowa, Kentucky, Louisiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, New Jersey,
New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Utah, Washington: Seattle area, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Wyoming.
$\ddagger$ category not applicable or less than 25 cases.


[^0]:    * Rates are per 100,000 and are age-adjusted to the 2000 U.S. standard population.
    $\dagger$ Source: SEER and NPCR areas reported by NAACCR as meeting high data quality standards: California, Colorado, Connecticut,
    Delaware, Georgia: Atlanta area, Hawaii, Idaho, Illinois, Iowa, Kentucky, Louisiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, New Jersey,
    New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Utah, Washington: Seattle area, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Wyoming.
    $\ddagger$ category not applicable or less than 25 cases.

