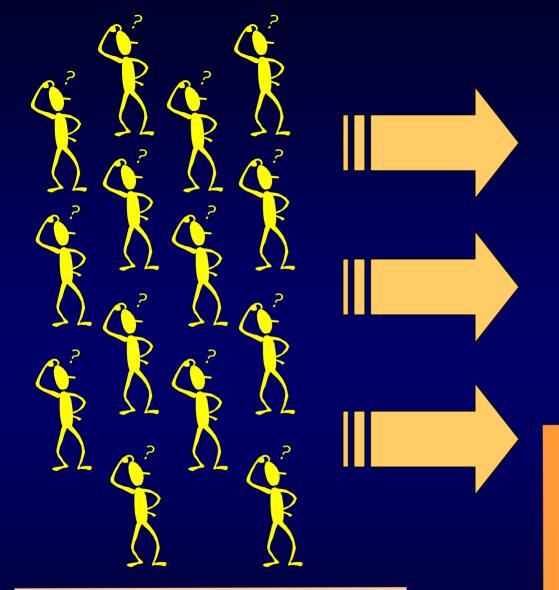
### Centers of Excellence in Cancer Communication Research (CECCR) Grantee Meeting

Why do we need evidence base in cancer communication?

## Cancer Prevention in the XXI Century: The Preventorium Concept



# THE REALITY



Extremely busy, illness-loaded, primary care system

They often use the emergency room...

People waiting for symptoms to appear

## THE BARRIERS

## Barriers That Underserved People Face When Seeking Medical Care

- ✓ Lack of Information
- ✓ Linguistic Isolation
- Living in Poverty
- Lack of Adequate Health Insurance Coverage

## Barriers That Underserved People Face When Seeking Medical Care

- Lack of ethnicallysensitive, culturallycompetent programs
- Lack of understanding of the medical system

## THE OBSCURITY

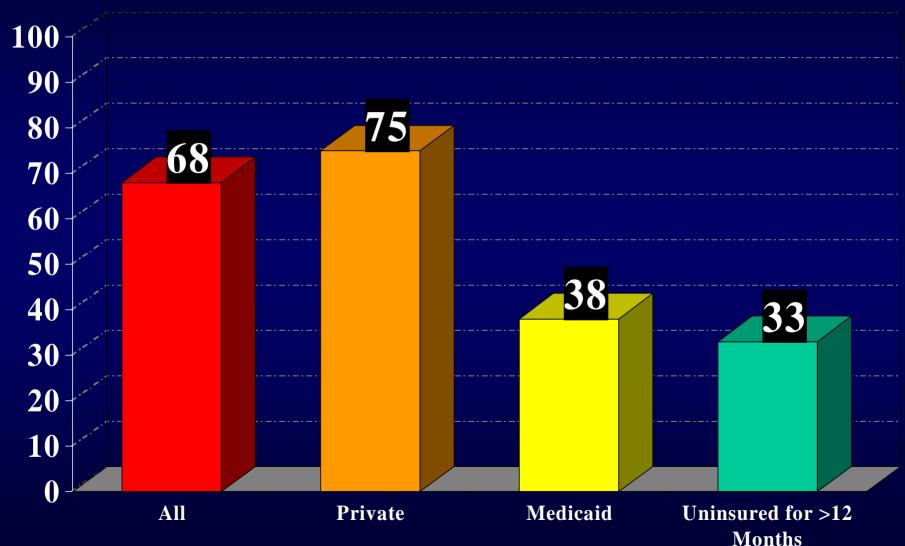
	YES
The risk of dying of cancer in the US is increasing	68%
Living in a polluted city is a greater risk for lung cancer than smoking a pack of cigarettes a day	39%
Some injuries can cause cancer later in life	37%
Electronic devices, such as cell phones, can cause cancer in the people that use them	30%
What someone does as a young adult has little effect on their chance of getting cancer later in life	25%
Long-time smokers cannot reduce their cancer risk by quitting smoking	16%
People who smoke low-tar cigarettes have less chance of developing lung cancer	15%

	TRUE	Don't know
Pain medications are not efective in reducing the amount of pain people have from cancer	19%	13%
All you need to beat cancer is a positive attitude, not treatment	7%	5%
Treating cancer with surgery can cause it to spread throughout the body	41%	13%
There is currently a cure for cancer but the medical industry won't tell the public about it because they make too much money treating cancer patients	27%	14%
Cancer is something that cannot be effectively treated	7%	6%

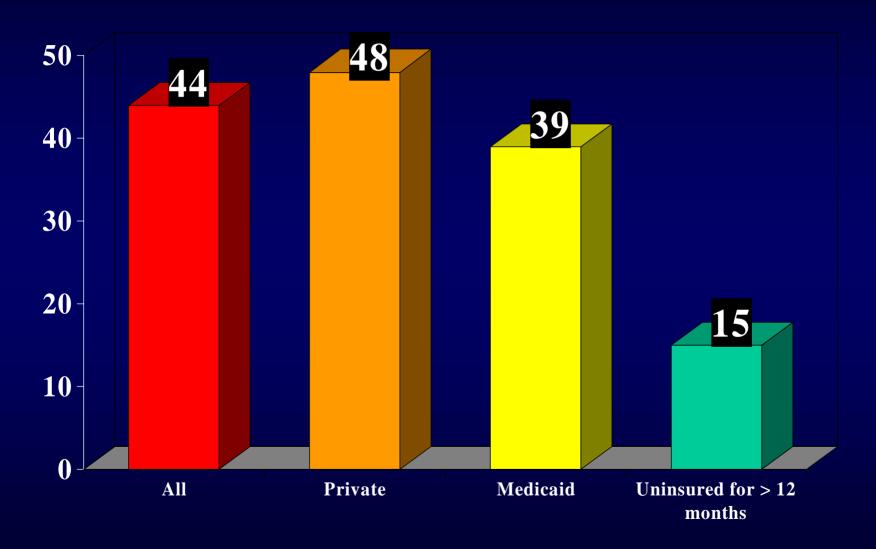
2005 National Health Interview Survey Gansler T. et al. Cancer 2005;104:653-60.

## THE CONSEQUENCES

### Percent of women 40-60 years who had a mammogram in the past 2 years.

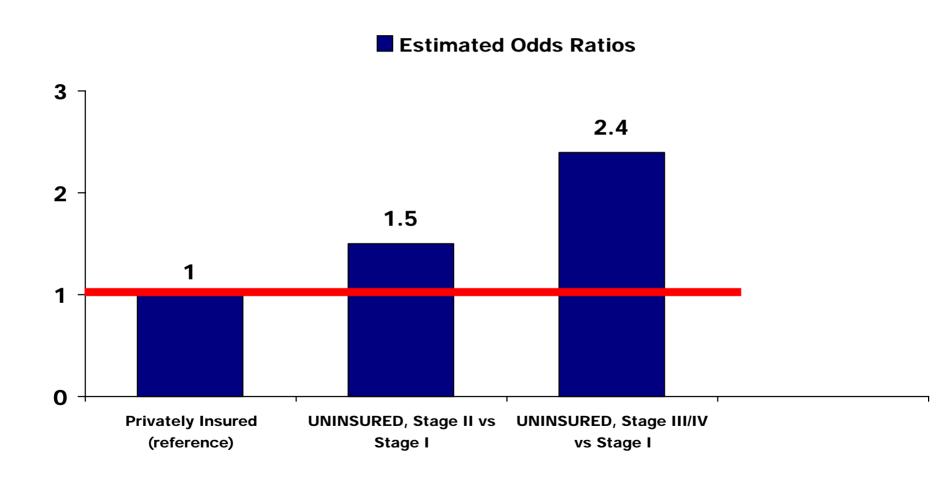


### Adults 50 to 64 years who had a colorectal cancer screening test



#### Insurance and Breast Cancer Stage

Uninsured patients were substantially more likely to be diagnosed at a larger stage of cancer than privately insured patients

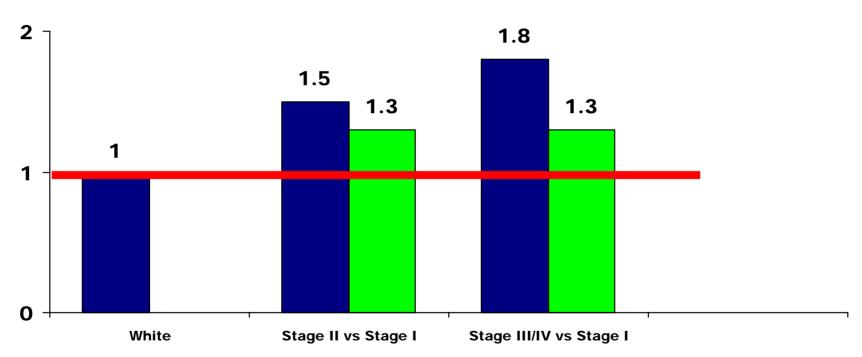


Halpern et al. Cancer 2007;110:403-11

#### Insurance and Breast Cancer Stage

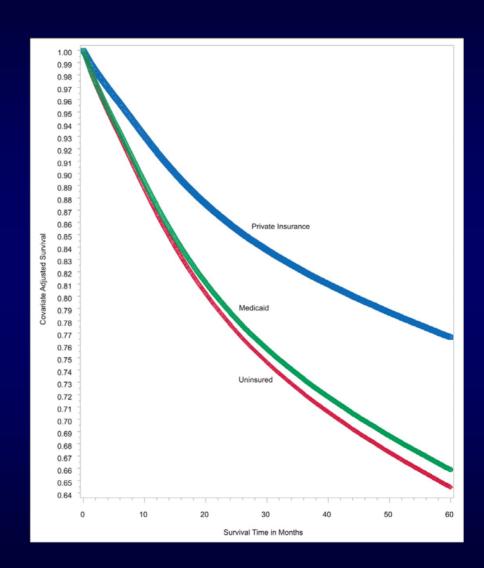
African American and Hispanic women were substantially more likely to be diagnosed at a larger stage of cancer than White women





#### Cancer Survival by Insurance Status

Patients who were uninsured and those who were Medicaidinsured at the time of diagnosis were 1.6 times as likely to die in 5 years as those with private insurance



## Changing the Paradigm

## We should not concentrate only on the study of the tumor ...

Thyrosinekinase

E*G*F p53



Oncogenes

**Apoptosis** 

Angiogenesis

## But also on the <u>person</u> with the tumor...





#### Language

Poverty

Fears

**Fatalism** 



Lack of medical insurance

False beliefs

Lack of information

**Knowledge** 

**Attitude** 

**Behavior** 

Although variations in health insurance coverage likely contribute to racial and ethnic disparities in cancer outcomes, disparities persist for several outcomes even when differences in insurance status are accounted for

Given that health insurance status is associated with other sociodemographic characteristics, such as race/ethnicity, immigration status/country of birth, and level of education, it is possible that differences in screening rates reflect differences in knowledge about cancer prevention, culture, or other barriers to care.

#### **CONCLUSION**

As our nation's investments in cancer research provide greater understanding of how to prevent cancer, detect it early, and treat it effectively, the design and delivery of consistent, evidence-based, health promotion programs become even more important in eliminating cancer as a major public health problem.





How can we convince people that an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure...?

I am convinced that coherent, consistent, media-based, public education programs need to be created

# Media?

#### CHARACTERISTICS OF MASS MEDIA

- SETS THE AGENDA
- LEGITIMIZES THE ISSUE

CHANGES BEHAVIOR

An ethnically-sensitive, culturally-relevant, mediabased community outreach program was progressively developed since 1989 following four basic principles:

1. Use the media CONSISTENTLY

- 2. Develop COMPREHENSIVE health education programs
- 3. Use all media channels available for the community
  - 4. Develop a TRUSTED MESSENGER

#### CONSISTENCY: EVERY DAY ...



Like weather







Like sports

#### COMPREHENSIVENESS: EVERY THEME ...



#### DIARFTES WARNING SIGNS

You or a family member might be one of the 108,000 GEORGIANS who has diabetes and doesn't

know

CONTACT A DOCTOR if you have any of these warning signs.

- Extreme thirst
- Blurry vision from time to time
- Frequent urination
- Unusual fatigue or drowsiness
- Unexplained weight loss

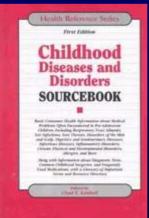
Source: Georgia Department of Human Resources
Courtesy: UGA College of Agricultural & Environmental Sciences Graphic by C. Esco

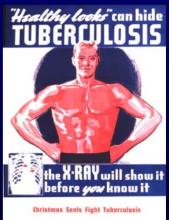












#### ALL CHANNELS: MULTIMEDIA...







Scott Barker Information School University of Washington Suite 370 Mary Gates Hall





#### TRUSTED MESSENGER...



#### Media Tools

#### A. RADIO

- 1. <u>Taking Care of Your Health</u>. Only daily, one-minute vignette produced and hosted by a Latino physician in the United States. (National/International)
- 2. <u>Cita con el Doctor</u>. Only daily, nationally syndicated, health program on Spanish-language radio in the United States. Two-hour daily call-in program.
- 3. <u>The Community Clinic of The Air</u> International Edition. Daily, 15-minute program to Peru.
- 4. <u>The Community Clinic of The Air International Edition.</u> Monthly, one-hour talk show (Bolivia)

#### Media Tools

#### B. TELEVISION

- 1. <u>Lets Talk About Health</u>. One hour, weekly call-in show. Distributed nationwide by WorldView Television.
- 2. <u>Taking Care of Your Health</u>. Two-minute, weekly segment in the newscast. Telemundo WZGS Washington DC
- 3. <u>Encounter With the Medicine</u>. Weekly segment with CNN en Espanol.

## Media Tools

C. INTERNET

www.prevencion.org

D. PRINT

Bimonthly health column in NEXOS, the inflight magazine of American Airlines

## After the public has been convinced to take preventive steps...

## They need a place to go...

# Creation of a "Cancer Preventorium"

#### SANATORIUM

NOUN: 1. An institution for the treatment of chronic diseases or for medically supervised recuperation. 2. A resort for improvement or maintenance of health, especially for convalescents Also called sanitarium.

ETYMOLOGY: From neuter of Late Latin sanatorius, curative, from Latin sanatus past participle of sanare, to heal, from sanus, healthy.



In 1884 in New York, "Little Red", the first TB Sanatorium in the country was opened.



Interior view of "Little Red" New York 1884

#### PREVENTORIUM

A non-existent word in the dictionary

### PREVENTORIUM

NOUN: 1. An institution for the prevention and early detection of chronic diseases or for medically supervised patient education. 2. A resort for maintenance of health, especially for people without evident illness.

... people of the future will visit "preventories" to receive health education, undergone cancer screening tests, and even engage in community activism...

> Michael Shimkin, MD ASCO Founding Member Preventive Medicine, June 1975

## The Preventorium has two main goals:

To find and treat early asymptomatic conditions (cancer, diabetes, high blood pressure)

✓ To find and manage risk factors for those chronic conditions

## The Washington Cancer Institute at Washington Hospital Center

**Cancer Preventorium** 

✓ Date Started: July 27, 1994

Patients Seen (as of 04/17/08):

21,926

## The Washington Cancer Institute at Washington Hospital Center

Cancer Preventorium

√GENDER:

Male: 6,181 (20%)

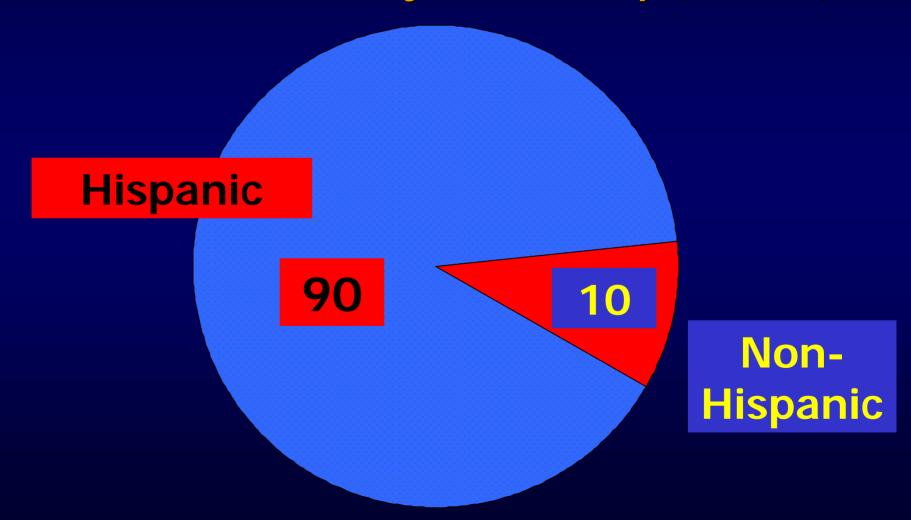
Female: 15,745 (80%)

Asymptomatic Patients:

80%

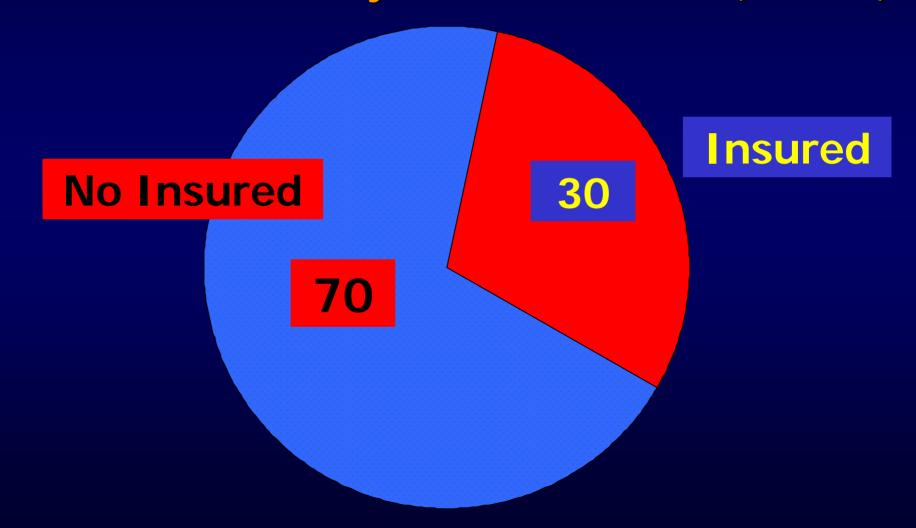
## The Washington Cancer Institute at Washington Hospital Center Cancer Preventorium

Patient Distribution by Ethnic Group (Percent)



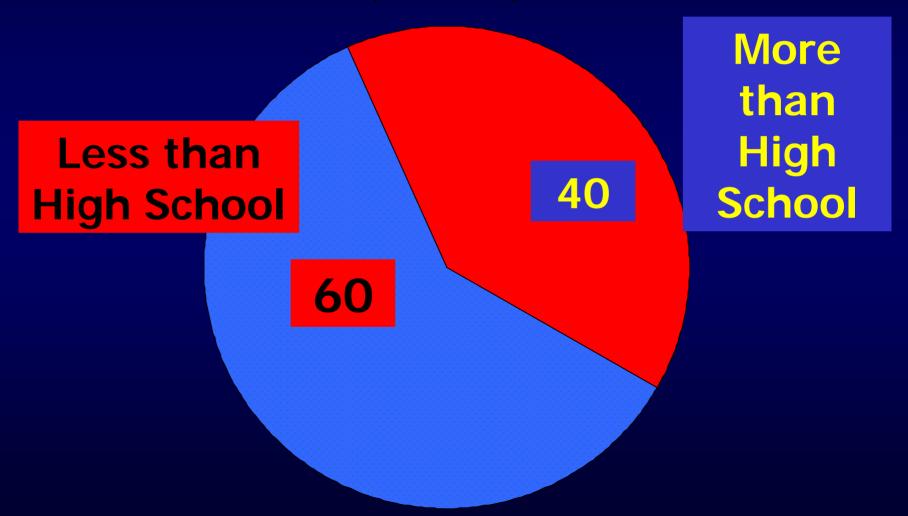
## The Washington Cancer Institute at Washington Hospital Center Cancer Preventorium

Patient Distribution by Medical Insurance (Percent)

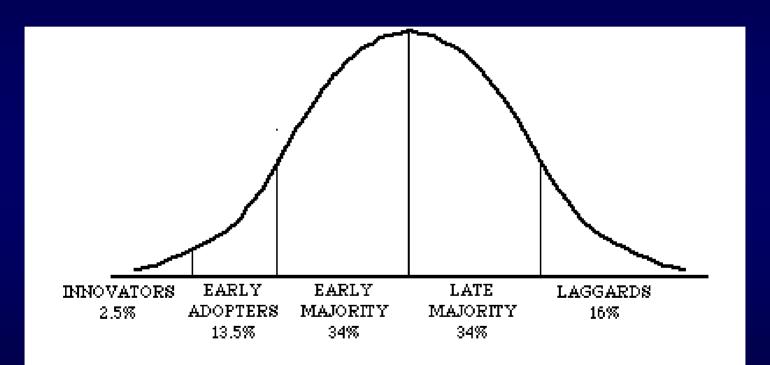


## The Washington Cancer Institute at Washington Hospital Center

Patient Distribution by Educational Attainment (Percent)

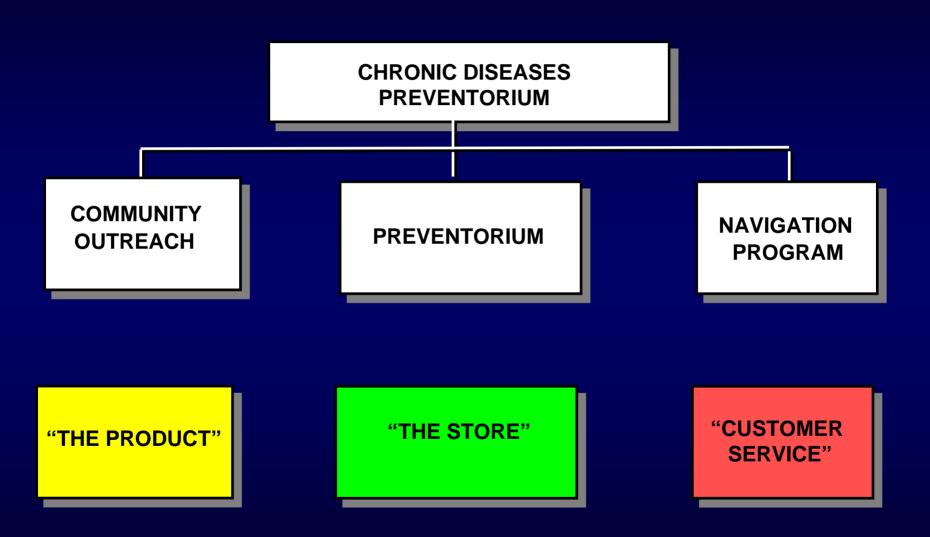


## The Cancer Preventorium Model has its Theoretical Frame on the Diffusion of Innovations Theory



<u>Figure 1.</u> Bell shaped curve showing categories of individual innovativeness and percentages within each category

#### **Preventorium Model**



#### **Preventorium Model**





Media outreach by trusted health professional

Culturally-appropriated, ethnically-sensitive health education messages





Revisit for continuous care







Preventorium

Affiliated to Health Center





Navigation process

Personalized follow-up for Diagnosis and Treatment

Registration and data collection



Health Management Tools



Examples of Interventions

Referal to primary care settings

Genetic Testing

Clinical trials recruitment

Lifestyle & Behavioral Change Interventions

## The Washington Cancer Institute at Washington Hospital Center

#### **Cancer Preventorium**

Number of cases of cancer found, 1994-2006

Organ	Number	
Breast	<b>25</b>	
Cervix	12	N=60
Prostate	3	
Colon	<b>5</b>	
Other	15	

Knowledge exists in two forms -lifeless, stored in books- and alive in the counciousness of men. The second form... is the essential one.

Albert Einstein

"On one side of the curtain [the glass curtain of the tight little world of medicine] is the gleaming, antiseptic world of medical excellence"

William H. Stewart U.S. Surgeon General 1965-1969

"Its wonders are plainly visible to those outside. But admission is by ticket only, and the line to the box office stretches out of sight"

William H. Stewart U.S. Surgeon General 1965-1969

