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The Money Monitor

The only document that tracks the costs of bills as they pass the House

Week of September 24-28, 2007



Five-year cost of authorizations passed by the House *this week*: \$6,142,000,000.00

H.R. 1520	Hudson-Fulton-Champlain Quadricentennial	
	Commemoration Act	\$5.0 million
H.R. 1389	Star-Spangled Banner and War of 1812 Bicentennial	
	Commission Act	\$7.0 million
H.R. 1664	To authorize grants for contributions toward the	
	establishment of the Woodrow Wilson Presidential Library	\$4.0 million
H.R. 3540	Federal Aviation Administration Extension Act	\$3,091.0 million
H.R. 1199	Drug Endangered Children Act	\$40.0 million
H.R. 1400	Iran Counter-Proliferation Act	\$499.0 million
H.R. 1943	Stop AIDS in Prison Act	\$12.0 million
H.R. 3375	To extend the trade adjustment assistance program	
	under the Trade Act of 1974 for 3 months	\$4.0 million
H.R. 2693	Popcorn Workers Lung Disease Prevention Act	\$1.0 million
H.R. 3121	Flood Insurance Reform and Modernization Act	\$2,371.0 million
H.R. 3567	Small Business Investment Expansion Act	\$108.0 million

Five-year cost of authorizations passed by the House *this year*: \$893,615,870,000.00*

TOTAL FIVE-YEAR COST OF THIS WEEK'S AUTHORIZATIONS

\$6,142.0 million

^{*} This figure does not include the authorizations contained in:

H.R. 1538 (Wounded Warrior Assistance Act), which passed the House the week of March 26th;

- S. 1701 (A bill to provide for the extension of transitional medical assistance and the abstinence education program through the end of fiscal year 2007), or H.R. 2669 (College Cost Reduction Act), both of which passed the House the week of July 9th;
- **H.R. 2419** (Farm Bill Extension Act), which passed the House the week of July 23rd;
- ➤ H.R. 3221 (New Direction for Energy Independence, National Security, and Consumer Protection Act), which passed the House the week of July 30th;
- ➤ H.R. 2786 (Native American Housing Assistance and Self-Determination Reauthorization Act), which passed the House the week of September 3rd; or
- ➤ H.R. 3528 (To provide authority to the Peace Corps to provide separation pay for host country resident personal services contractors of the Peace Corps) or H.R. 1852 (Expanding American Homeownership Act), both of which passed the House the week of September 17th.

When final cost estimates become available, the RSC will update *The Money Monitor* accordingly.

Five-year change in mandatory spending passed by the House *this* <u>week</u>: $\$0.00^{\#}$

Five-year change in mandatory spending passed by the House *this year*: \$25,476,250,000.00##

- ▶ H.R. 2669 (College Cost Reduction Act), which passed the House the week of July 9th;
- ▶ H.R. 2419 (Farm Bill Extension Act), which passed the House the week of July 23rd; or
- ➤ H.R. 3668 (To provide for the extension of transitional medical assistance (TMA), the abstinence education program, and the qualifying individuals (QI) program), which passed the House the week of September 24th.

When final cost estimates become available, the RSC will update *The Money Monitor* accordingly.

One-year cost of appropriations passed by the House *this* <u>week</u>:

Fiscal Year 2006: \$0.00 Fiscal Year 2007: \$0.00 Fiscal Year 2008: \$0.00 Fiscal Year 2009: \$0.00

One-year cost of appropriations passed by the House this <u>year</u>:

Fiscal Year 2006: \$0.00

Fiscal Year 2007: \$587,786,000,000.00 Fiscal Year 2008: \$976,325,000,000.00 Fiscal Year 2009: \$21,300,000,000.00

Five-year change in revenue passed by the House *this* <u>week</u>:

[#] This figure does not include the mandatory spending contained in **H.R. 3668** (To provide for the extension of transitional medical assistance (TMA), the abstinence education program, and the qualifying individuals (QI) program), which passed the House the week of September 24th.

^{##} This figure does not include the mandatory spending contained in:

\$3,000,000.00^

H.R. 1400	Iran Counter-Proliferation Act	-\$2.0 million
H.R. 3121	Flood Insurance Reform and Modernization Act	\$5.0 million
TOTAL:		Φ2.0 '11' Α

TOTAL FIVE-YEAR CHANGE IN REVENUE THIS WEEK

\$3.0 million^

Five-year change in revenue passed by the House *this year*: \$30,502,000,000.00^^

^ This figure does not include the revenue implications of **S. 1983** (Pesticide Registration Improvement Renewal Act), which passed the House the week of September 24th.

^^ This figure does not include the revenue implications of:

- ▶ H.R. 2419 (Farm Bill Extension Act), which passed the House the week of July 23rd; or
- > S. 1983 (Pesticide Registration Improvement Renewal Act), which passed the House the week of September 24th.

When final revenue estimates become available, the RSC will update *The Money Monitor* accordingly.

GLOSSARY OF KEY TERMS IN THE MONEY MONITOR

<u>Authorization</u>: An authorization (otherwise known as "discretionary spending") explicitly <u>allows</u>, but does not actually provide, funding for a certain program, and/or directs a federal agency to take a certain action. Authorizations express the House's <u>intent</u> to spend, however, actual funding is provided through the annual appropriations process. Think of an authorization like your credit card's credit limit. If it's \$10,000, that doesn't mean you've spent \$10,000, but it does mean that you're *allowed* to spend \$10,000. Further action by you is needed for the money to actually be spent.

<u>Mandatory Spending</u>: Mandatory spending (otherwise known as "direct spending") directly provides for funding. No subsequent action is required for the money to be spent. Think of mandatory spending like signing up for an automatic-bill-payment program. The very act of signing up provides for the payments from your credit card or bank account without further action from you.

<u>Appropriation</u>: An appropriation is an amount of money that Congress orders to be set aside for a certain purpose, function, or entity. The "appropriations process" commonly refers to passing the composite bills that provide discretionary funds to various federal agencies (see "Authorization" above). Think of an appropriation like an individual purchase on your credit card.

<u>Revenue</u>: Revenue refers to the amount of money that the federal government receives in taxes, fees, sales of property, and other sources of *incoming* funds. Think of revenue like the income from your job, the sale of your car, etc.

NOTES ON PROCEDURES & ASSUMPTIONS IN THE MONEY MONITOR

Neither the costs of conference reports nor the costs of bills that have already been recorded under substantively similar House-passed legislation this year are recorded here. "The Money Monitor," which operates as an annual document, only accounts for the costs of bills as they <u>first</u> pass the House (unless the prior bills related to such reports and bills have not come to the floor during this calendar year or unless they contain significant cost changes BEFORE going to the Senate).

In short, "The Money Monitor" primarily tracks the House's original monetary intent each calendar year.

Authorizations with no <u>net</u> cost, bills that would result in no significant <u>net</u> change in mandatory spending or federal revenue, and private-sector costs from federal mandates are not reported here.

The figures for revenue changes are from "static" estimates by the Joint Committee on Taxation or the Congressional Budget Office. That is, they do not take into account the stimulative effects that certain tax cuts and certain other revenue reductions have on the national economy.

All numbers in "The Money Monitor" are positive unless otherwise indicated.

Most estimates are provided by the Congressional Budget Office (CBO), though some are provided by the Joint Committee on Taxation (JCT), the referring House committee, or RSC staff calculations.

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