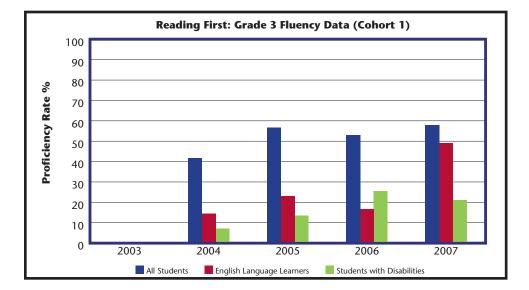
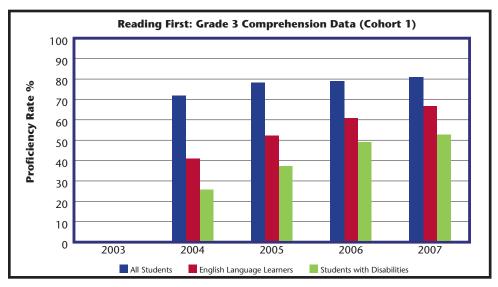
Reading First State Profile: **MONTANA**







Source: Annual Performance Report. These graphs represent the data that the state provided. Proficiency rates where the number of students tested is 10 or fewer or where the proficiency rate is 0% or 100% are not shown. In some instances, data were not provided by the state.

Fluency Assessments						
Grade	Assessment	Subtest	Benchmark	LEA Gains*		
Grade 1	DIBELS	Oral Reading Fluency	40 WPM	75.0%		
Grade 2	DIBELS	Oral Reading Fluency	90 WPM	88.9%		
Grade 3	DIBELS	Oral Reading Fluency	110 WPM	87.5%		

Comprehension Assessments						
Grade	Assessment	Subtest	Benchmark	LEA Gains*		
Grade 1	DIBELS	Retell Fluency	> 25% of Oral Reading Fluency	50.0%		
Grade 2	DIBELS	Retell Fluency	> 25% of Oral Reading Fluency	33.3%		
Grade 3	DIBELS	Retell Fluency	> 25% of Oral Reading Fluency	75.0%		

* LEA Gains indicates the percentage of LEAs that showed a gain of at least 5 percentage points from the state's first year of implementation to 2007.

Reading First State Profile: **MONTANA**



Online Resources Reading First Students by Race/Ethnicity Reading First Participation State Reading First Website American Indian/ 2006-2007: 5,469 students http://www.opi.mt.gov/ReadingFirst/index. Alaska Native 34.7% html **Funded Districts and Schools** White **Annual Performance Report Data** 60.3% http://www.ed.gov/programs/readingfirst/ Districts **Schools** Year data.html N/A 2003 N/A Asian Reading First Awards Database 0.6% 17 2004 11 http://readingfirstdataonline.org Hispanic 13 21 2005 Black 3.4% 1.1% 24 33 2007 State Evaluation Report 2006 http://www.ed.gov/programs/readingfirst/ 2007 24 33 Sources: Annual Performance Report and Common Core of Data. Actual 2006–2007 parevaluationreports/index.html ccD data for students enrolled in grades K–3 in Reading First Schools for 2006–2007. **Total Reading First Allocation Selected State Evaluation Findings** □ Both cohorts had statistically significant increases on DIBELS from fall 2006 to spring 2007. □ Total state funding to date: **\$19,609,368** U While there was a statistically significant increase in the percentages of students at benchmark from fall □ Amount of Yearly Funding 2006 to spring 2007 in Cohort 1, moving students out of the intensive category was somewhat more challenging. 2008 \$1,128,258 From fall 2006 to spring 2007, there were statistically significant increases in the percentages of Cohort 2 2007 \$2.651.939 students at benchmark. In three of four grades, the decreases in the percentages of students in intensive were also significant. 2006 \$3,018,802 Source: Northwest Regional Educational Laboratory 2005 \$3,180,392 2004 \$3,232,401 2003 \$3.358.325 2002 \$3,039,251 Source: U.S. Department of Education Budget Service