

ADVANCE APPROPRIATIONS

An advance appropriation is one made to become available one year or more beyond the year for which the appropriations act is passed. Advance appropriations in 2009 appropriations acts will become available for programs in 2010 or beyond. Since these appropriations are not available until after 2009, the amounts will not be included in the 2009 totals, but will be reflected in the totals for the year for which they are requested.

The Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (31 U.S.C. 1105(a)(17)) requires inclusion in the budget of "information on estimates of appropriations for the fiscal year following the fiscal year for which the budget is submitted for grants, contracts, and other payments under each program for which there is an authorization of appropriations for that following fiscal year when the appropriations are authorized to be included in an appropriation law for the fiscal year before the fiscal year in which the appropriation is to be available for obligation." In fulfillment of this requirement, the accompanying table lists those accounts that have either received discretionary or mandatory advance appropriations since 2007 or will request, in 2009, advance appropriations for 2010 and beyond and cites the applicable authorizing statute.

Advance Appropriations by Agency in the 2009 Budget

(Budget authority in millions of dollars)

Agency/Program	Pre-Cancellation Enacted Levels			2010 Request
	2007	2008	2009	
Discretionary One-year Advances:				
Department of Education (20 U.S.C. 1223 and 29 U.S.C. 703):				
Education for the Disadvantaged	7,383	7,383	7,935	7,935
Special Education	5,424	5,424	6,856	7,647
Career, Technical, and Adult Education	791	791	791
School Improvement Programs	1,435	1,435	1,435	1,435
Department of Health and Human Services:				
Children and Families Services Programs (42 U.S.C. 9834)	1,389	1,389	1,389	1,389

Department of Housing and Urban Development (42 U.S.C. 1437 et seq):				
Tenant-Based Rental Assistance	4,200	4,193	4,158	4,000
2008 Enacted Cancellation (P.L. 110-161)		-723		
Project-Based Rental Assistance				400
Department of Labor:				
Training and Employment Services (29 U.S.C. 2801 et seq.)	2,463	2,463	1,772	1,772
Office of Job Corps (29 U.S.C. 2881 et seq) ¹	(691)	(691)	691	691
Postal Service:				
Payment to Postal Service fund (39 U.S.C. 2401)	73	80	89	83
Discretionary Two-year Advances:				
Corporation for Public Broadcasting (47 U.S.C. 396)	400	400	400	420
2009 and 2010 Cancellation Proposal			-200	-220
Subtotal, Discretionary Advance Appropriations	23,558	22,835	25,316	25,552
Project BioShield Advance:				
Department of Homeland Security:				
Biodefense Countermeasures (P.L. 108-90)			2,175
Mandatory:				
Department of Health and Human Services:				
Grants to States for Medicaid (42 U.S.C. 1396)	62,784	65,258	67,293	71,700
Payments to States for Child Support Enforcement and Family Support (24 U.S.C. Ch. 9)	1,200	1,000	1,000	1,000
Payments to States for Foster Care and Adoption Assistance (P.L. 96-272)	1,730	1,810	1,776	1,800
Department of Labor:				
Special Benefits for Disabled Coal Miners (30 U.S.C. 921)	74	68	62	56
Social Security Administration:				
Supplemental Security Income Program (42 U.S.C. 1381)	11,110	16,810	14,800	15,500
Total, Advance Appropriations	100,456	107,781	112,422	115,608

¹ The 2006 Labor, Health and Human Services, Education, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act (Public Law 109-149) mandated the establishment of the Office of Job Corps in the Office of the Secretary, but provided the 2007 advance appropriation in the Training and Employment Services account. The Revised Continuing Appropriations Resolution, 2007 (Public Law 110-5) continued this approach, providing the Job Corps appropriations in the Training and Employment Services account. The Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2008 (Public Law 110-161) appropriates Job Corps funding to the Office of Job Corps.