### OFFICE OF PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT

#### Federal Funds

#### General and special funds:

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF TRUST FUNDS)

For necessary expenses to carry out functions of the Office of Personnel Management pursuant to Reorganization Plan Numbered 2 of 1978 and the Civil Service Reform Act of 1978, including services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109; medical examinations performed for veterans by private physicians on a fee basis; rental of conference rooms in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; hire of passenger motor vehicles; not to exceed \$2,500 for official reception and representation expenses; advances for reimbursements to applicable funds of the Office of Personnel Management and the Federal Bureau of Investigation for expenses incurred under Executive Order No. 10422 of January 9, 1953, as amended; and payment of per diem and/or subsistence allowances to employees where Voting Rights Act activities require an employee to remain overnight at his or her post of duty, [\$99,636,000] \$134,404,000, of which [\$3,200,000] \$24,000,000 shall remain available until expended for the cost of the governmentwide human resources data network project, and \$2,500,000 shall remain available until expended for the cost of leading the government-wide initiative to modernize federal payroll systems and service delivery; and in addition [\$115,928,000] \$126,591,000 for administrative expenses, to be transferred from the appropriate trust funds of the Office of Personnel Management without regard to other statutes, including direct procurement of printed materials, for the retirement and insurance programs, of which [\$21.777.000] \$27.640.000 shall remain available until expended for the cost of automating the retirement recordkeeping systems: Provided, That the provisions of this appropriation shall not affect the authority to use applicable trust funds as provided by sections 8348(a)(1)(B), 8909(g), and 9004(f)(1)(A) and (2)(A) of title 5, United States Code: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be available for salaries and expenses of the Legal Examining Unit of the Office of Personnel Management established pursuant to Executive Order No. 9358 of July 1, 1943, or any successor unit of like purpose: Provided further, That the President's Commission on White House Fellows, established by Executive Order No. 11183 of October 3, 1964, may, during fiscal year [2002] 2003, accept donations of money, property, and personal services in connection with the development of a publicity brochure to provide information about the White House Fellows, except that no such donations shall be accepted for travel or reimbursement of travel expenses, or for the salaries of employees of such Commission. (Independent Agencies Appropriations Act, 2002; additional authorizing legislation required.)

Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

Identific	ation code 24-0100-0-1-805	2001 actual	2002 est.	2003 est.
0	bligations by program activity:			
	Direct program:			
00.01	Merit systems oversight and effectiveness	22	22	22
00.02	Employment service	28	29	29
00.03	Retirement and insurance service	127	165	139
00.04	Workforce compensation and performance service	8	8	8
00.05	Investigations service	3	3	3
00.06	Workforce relations	5	5	5
00.07	Executive resources	2	3	3
80.00	Administrative services	29	31	61
00.09	Executive and other services	14	15	15
09.01	Reimbursable program	24	24	24
10.00	Total new obligations	262	305	309
В	udgetary resources available for obligation:			
21.40	Unobligated balance carried forward, start of year	14	7	
22.00	New budget authority (gross)	262	305	309
22.10	Resources available from recoveries of prior year obli-			
	gations			
23.90	Total budgetary resources available for obligation	270	312	309

23.95 23.98 24.40	Total new obligations	-262 -1 7		
N	lew budget authority (gross), detail:			
40.00	Discretionary: Appropriation	99	105	134
68.00	Spending authority from offsetting collections: Offset-	33	100	101
00.00	ting collections (cash)	163	200	175
70.00	Total new budget authority (gross)	262	305	309
	change in obligated balances:			
72.40	Obligated balance, start of year	-24	11	11
73.10	Total new obligations	262	305	309
73.20	Total outlays (gross)	-253	-305	-309
73.40	Adjustments in expired accounts (net)	26		
73.45	Recoveries of prior year obligations	6		
74.10	Change in uncollected customer payments from Fed-			
	eral sources (expired)	-6		
74.40	Obligated balance, end of year	11	11	11
	lutlays (gross), detail:			
86.90	Outlays from new discretionary authority	251	292	292
86.93	Outlays from discretionary balances	2	13	16
87.00	Total outlays (gross)	253	305	309
0	Iffsets:			
	Against gross budget authority and outlays:			
88.00	Offsetting collections (cash) from: Federal sources	-163	<b>-200</b>	− 175
N	let budget authority and outlays:			
89.00	Budget authority	99	105	134
90.00	Outlays	90	105	134

Budget Authority and Outlays Excluding Full Funding for Federal Retiree Costs (in millions of dollars)

		2001 actual	2002 est.	2003 est.
89.00	et budget authority and outlays: Budget authority Outlays	94 85	100 100	129 129

The Office of Personnel Management (OPM) is responsible for personnel management functions which include the following activities:

Merit systems oversight and effectiveness.—This activity includes: (a) evaluating human resources management (HRM) in Federal agencies through various methods, including onsite reviews and special studies; (b) administering classification appeals, Fair Labor Standards Act, and Intergovernmental Personnel programs to ensure that agencies adhere to the statutory requirements; (c) helping agencies develop merit-based HRM accountability systems to support mission accomplishment; (d) assessing the effectiveness of Governmentwide HRM policies and programs and serving as a clearinghouse for best practices; (e) testing and evaluating innovative HRM practices and systems, including demonstration projects under 5 U.S.C. Chapter 47; (f) providing readily accessible statistics on the Federal workforce; (g) providing electronic transfer of other human resources data throughout the Federal sector; and (h) administering parts of the Voting Rights Act of 1965.

Program performance.—The activity's performance measures are designed to assess the value-added outcomes which oversight reviews, accountability and demonstration projects, and workforce information have on the Federal HRM community and employees. Client feedback is solicited on each re-

#### General and special funds-Continued

SALARIES AND EXPENSES—Continued (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF TRUST FUNDS)—Continued

view, product, and service. For example, clients rate the overall value of the oversight work as 4.0 or above of a 5-point scale. The quality of data that is provided to clients is regularly assessed, and is used in reviews, studies, and projects. Of each agency's records entered into the Central Personnel Data File, at least 97 percent are correct on all core elements. The Merit System Principles Survey, used to collect employee perceptions of the merit system principles, is content valid and reliable. OPM conducts 15 to 17 nationwide agency oversight reviews each year to ensure compliance with Federal Civil Service merit principles.

Employment Service.—The Employment Service performs core human resources (HR) leadership functions. These functions include developing, implementing, and monitoring employment policies for agencies in the areas of workforce planning, recruiting, selecting, promoting, reassigning, downsizing and reshaping. The Service monitors and reports on governmentwide diversity and veterans efforts, provides technical assistance on a variety of staffing issues, and operates the personnel program for the Administrative Law Judges. Additionally, the Service provides HR best practice information to Federal agencies, offers automated staffing solutions, and operates the Federal job information system USAJOBS. In 2002 and 2003, the Service will focus on improving the Federal hiring process, enhancing the image of the public service, conducting occupational studies of homeland security and executive succession planning, and expanding the Government's ability to recruit, develop, and retain computer security professionals.

Program performance.—The Employment Service establishes annual performance goals and objectives designed to accomplish long-term goals identified in OPM's Strategic Plan. Progress is monitored through a mix of outcome and output measures, including results of oversight reviews, qualitative feedback on the usefulness of policies and information processes, customer satisfaction with services, cost-comparison analyses, workload accomplishment data, and quality and timeliness of information.

The Employment Service provided employment information to over 20.7 million people in 2001 through a nationwide system available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, by telephone, fax, and internet. USAJOBS averages more than 56,000 visits daily. This is an increase from the previous year and is expected to continue to grow.

The Employment Service conducts a recertification and training program for all agency Delegated Examining Units to ensure that agencies are carrying out their delegated responsibilities in accordance with law and regulation, and accomplished all scheduled recertifications.

In 2001, Employment Service published several regulations such as the Career Intern Interim regulations and final regulations for the Student Loan Repayment program and continued to assist employees with outplacement assistance and selection priority for other jobs. The Service also helped advance the President's Strategic Management of Human Capital initiative by proposing legislation to streamline the hiring process, which was included in the Administration's Managerial Flexibility Act of 2001, and providing technical assistance and tools to help agencies conduct a workforce analysis and develop a restructuring plan.

Retirement and Insurance.— This Activity encompasses administration of Earned Employee Benefits—the retirement and insurance programs—for Federal employees, retired Federal employees, and their families. These programs include the Civil Service Retirement System, the Federal Employees Retirement System, the Federal Employees Group Life Insur-

ance Program, and the Federal Employees and Retired Employees Health Benefits Programs. The Long-Term Care Security Act (P.L. 106–265) authorizes OPM to offer group long term care insurance for Federal employees and retirees, their spouses, parents, and parents-in-law. In addition, this Activity includes OPM's efforts designed to stay abreast of, and respond to, developments in non-Federal fringe benefits practices.

Program performance.—The Retirement Systems Modernization (RSM) Project is OPM's central strategy to meet its long term customer service, financial management and business goals for the Retirement Program. To achieve these strategic goals, OPM will move from a paper-based record keeping system to program-wide electronic data and transactions. The project will be implemented in phases, with full results achieved in 2008. Close coordination with another OPM initiative, the Human Resources Data Network, will minimize the data agencies must send to OPM. OPM is developing universal tools that use electronic data, and has already introduced a prototype Benefits Calculator and a Benefits Booklet for retiring employees. The calculator, used by OPM to process FERS claims, reduced claims processing times by 45 percent. The benefits booklet provides personalized benefits information, contributing to improved customer satisfaction. During FY 2002, OPM will complete two applications that will provide immediate benefits. A Retirement Data Exchange Gateway will allow OPM and agencies to eliminate obsolete technology and reduce the delay some retiring employees experience in receiving their first benefit payment. A Coverage Determination Application will improve the accuracy of retirement coverage decisions made by agencies. During FY 2003, OPM will begin to convert member data, currently stored in paper form at the Retirement Operations Center and at Federal agencies, to electronic media. This will contribute to improved benefits counseling and case development by agencies, reduced benefit claims processing time and elimination of paper record storage and management. In addition, OPM will pilot, with the USPS, a non-HR-DN data capture capability, and will develop web-enabled selfservice for retirement benefits, i.e., on line applications. RSM results in more efficient and effective retirement claims processing, record keeping, benefits counseling and financial management. Ninety-three percent of customers reported that they were generally satisfied to very satisfied with OPM's delivery of retirement services. This continues a five-year trend of satisfaction levels in the 90 percent range. In addition, the American Customer Satisfaction Index (ASCI) measured the satisfaction federal retirees and survivor annuitants had with the retirement services delivered, and the level of satisfaction improved from 73 in 2000, to 78 in 2001.

OPM continues to improve its telecommunication services. Toll-free telephone access is provided to all call centers, interactive features are available through the telephone system, and hours of operation have been extended until 8:00 PM.E.S.T. In addition, to better serve customers, OPM has enhanced its ability to meet their needs by adding on-line features for our Spanish-speaking customers, and translating often-used benefits material into Spanish. The volume of telephone inquiries handled increased by 8 percent during FY 2001. Customer satisfaction levels regarding the courtesy, clarity, and timeliness of telephone services remain high at 90 percent.

The volume of new annuity claims remained steady. OPM has received and processed an average of 170,000 Civil Service and Federal Employees Retirement Systems annuity and survivor claims annually over the past 5 years. The average processing time for interim annuity payments in 2001 was reduced from 5 days to 3 days. More than 48% of interim payments were authorized within one day. The time needed to calculate and begin paying retirees their final annuity was

reduced by more than 30% from an average of 115 days in 2000 to 78 days in 2001. OPM increased its claims processing capacity and efficiency through the use of enhanced technical platforms. Customer satisfaction with the timeliness of the first annuity payment has remained at or near 80 percent since FY 1997 and is much improved over the 73 percent observed in FY 1995.

OPM also maintained its leadership in the direct deposit program, an efficient means of ensuring that customers receive their annuity payment each month. Customer satisfaction levels with receipt of annuity checks are at 97 percent, continuing another long-standing trend. During 1998, OPM implemented a direct mail campaign to inform annuitants and survivors of the convenience and desirability of direct deposit. As a result, participation rose from 79 percent at the start of 1998, to nearly 93 percent today. OPM will expand the direct deposit program to our overseas customers by participating in the International Direct Deposit Program beginning mid-FY 2002.

The FEHBP continues to be a hallmark for employer sponsored health insurance programs. To maintain this recognition, OPM will ensure that customers are enrolled in highly rated health plans that deliver quality care in a cost-effective manner. During FY 2003, OPM will continue to address patient safety, collaborating with others in the health care industry to develop the "Five Steps to Patient Safety." These "Steps" have been widely adopted both in and out of Government. Participating health plans have already adopted some patient safety initiatives and are working with participating providers to articulate and disseminate information about the safety initiatives that they have put in practice. Health plans have also updated provider directories, where appropriate, to inform their membership of important safety measures. These initiatives include such practices as the use of automated entry systems for prescription drugs, referring patients to recognized Centers of Excellence, and staffing appropriately for Intensive Care Units. Other consumer protections and quality initiatives now provided by FEHBP plans include, but are not limited to: transitional care for those with chronic or disabling conditions; the right to review medical records and to correct inaccurate ones; and direct access to women's health care providers.

OPM continues to build and maintain strong relationships with the National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA), the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations (JCAHO), the National Quality Forum, the Quality Interagency Coordination (QuIC) Taskforce, the Washington Business Group on Health, the Leapfrog Group, the Health Care Financing Administration and other components of the Department of Health and Human Services. These partnerships have been instrumental in promoting the use of health care quality outcome measures by the Federal government and health care purchasers and providers throughout the nation.

OPM is taking initial steps to standardize and centralize data on health plan performance in a data repository. This will enable staff to more easily analyze the information, begin benchmarking, and provide feedback to plans for quality improvement.

The Long Term Care Security Act, which was passed in FY 2000, authorizes OPM to offer long term care insurance to approximately 20 million people by October 2002. OPM plans to offer a flexible long term care product, including provisions for nursing home care, assisted living, home health care and adult day care. Insurance will be offered to civil service, postal and uniformed services personnel, government retirees and specified relatives, such as spouses, parents, inlaws and stepparents. OPM estimates that 300,000 to 600,000 individuals will enroll during the first sign-up period in FY 2003. Enrollees will pay the full cost of insurance premiums

at group rates that are expected to be lower than rates for comparable coverage sold privately on an individual basis. OPM will draft regulations for the new program and will oversee an education campaign to explain long-term care options to employees and retirees. OPM will assure that consumer materials and guidance are readily accessible to help individuals make informed choices about purchasing the long-term care product(s) that will be available to them.

In late FY 2000, legislation was enacted to provide relief to employees who were placed in the wrong retirement system. The Federal Erroneous Retirement Coverage Corrections Act (FERCCA) allows most of these employees a choice in retirement plans. OPM's implementation strategy is to provide a consistent high level of customer service to everyone who is eligible for relief so that affected individuals can make informed decisions. OPM developed a web page www.opm.gov/benefits/correction with information about the Act. To date, about 6,300 affected individuals have been registered in our database. OPM began the review of records to determine eligibility in September 2001 and affected individuals will receive counseling beginning January 2002. The process of identifying affected individuals and providing counseling services is expected to be completed by the end of 2002.

Workforce compensation and performance.—This activity includes; (a) developing and implementing pay and leave administration policy and evaluating the effectiveness of alternative compensation systems; (b) developing classification policies and systems and designing flexible alternatives to current systems; and (c) developing Governmentwide policy concerning performance management.

Program performance.—The workforce compensation and performance program area uses a variety of measures to identify its level of success. Overall customer service is measured through OPM's Customer Satisfaction Survey, surveys of attendees at conferences, workshops, and/or seminars, and feedback from users of our website and email. The 2000 HR Directors' Customer Satisfaction Survey showed that the percentage of human resources directors who were satisfied with policy leadership in WCPS program areas were as follows; 87 percent in pay and leave administration, 78 percent in performance management, 68 percent in position classification and position management, and 62 percent in the Federal Wage System. In 2001 the organization staged the second Strategic Compensation Conference. On a five-point scale, the average overall rating of the Conference was 4.33, an increase from 4.14 for the 1999 Conference, and 4.23 for the 2000 Conference. The overall improvement in perception of outcomes in WCPS program areas is demonstrated by the increase in positive responses in a national survey of more than 20,000 Federal employees. Favorable responses increased in one year from 26 percent to 31 percent on the question "are you clear about how good performance is defined in your organization?" On the issue "recognition and rewards are based on merit," positive responses increased from 30 to 34 percent.

Investigations.—This activity focuses on assuring applicant and appointee fitness and suitability, and oversight of the investigative contract company.

Workforce relations.—This activity includes: (a) developing governmentwide policies, issuing guidance, and providing assistance to agencies on employee relations issues, including actions based on misconduct and unacceptable performance, as well as alternative dispute resolution; (b) Promoting and supporting Federal work/life and wellness programs; (c) providing leadership and policy guidance in support of agency human resource development programs and training initiatives; and (d) providing guidance, information, and assistance to agencies on collective bargaining and labor-management

#### General and special funds-Continued

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES—Continued

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF TRUST FUNDS)—Continued

relations to help them develop effective labor relations programs.

Program performance.—OPM's workforce relations performance measures are designed to determine the value added by OPM's policy leadership and guidance on employee and labor-management relations issues, work/life programs, and human resource development programs. The Office of Workforce Relations (OWR) uses a variety of measures to identify its level of success. For instance, surveys at regular intervals assess the extent to which our customers feel that their needs are met by OWR products and services such as printed and electronic materials, conferences, seminars, and workshops, as well as by legislative and regulatory proposals coming from OWR.

*Executive resources.*—This activity provides Government-wide program leadership, policy direction and technical assistance on all aspects of the Senior Executive Service personnel system and comparable executive systems.

Administrative services.—This activity includes: OPM personnel and equal employment opportunity, security, facilities, telecommunications, publishing, acquisitions, and information resources management to support all OPM programs.

Executive and other services.—This activity includes: executive direction, policy development, legal advice and representation, public affairs, legislative activities, financial management, and the operating expenses of the President's Commission on White House Fellows.

Reimbursable programs.—OPM performs reimbursable work at the request of other agencies. OPM also provides administrative, information resources management, and executive services to other OPM accounts on a reimbursable basis.

#### Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identifi	cation code 24-0100-0-1-805	2001 actual	2002 est.	2003 est.
	Direct obligations:			
	Personnel compensation:			
11.1	Full-time permanent	106	109	111
11.3	Other than full-time permanent	5	5	5
11.5	Other personnel compensation	4	4	4
11.9	Total personnel compensation	115	118	120
12.1	Civilian personnel benefits	35	37	38
21.0	Travel and transportation of persons	3	3	3
23.1	Rental payments to GSA	17	17	17
23.3	Communications, utilities, and miscellaneous			
	charges	10	10	10
24.0	Printing and reproduction	2	2	2
25.2	Other services	47	85	86
26.0	Supplies and materials	3	3	3
31.0	Equipment	5	5	5
99.0	Direct obligations	237	280	284
99.0	Reimbursable obligations	25	25	25
99.9	Total new obligations	262	305	309

#### Personnel Summary

Identification code 24-0100-0-1-805	2001 actual	2002 est.	2003 est.
Direct:			
1001 Total compensable workyears: Full-time equivalent employment	1,922	2,067	2,028
Reimbursable:			
2001 Total compensable workyears: Full-time equivalent employment	130	141	141

# OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL SALARIES AND EXPENSES

#### (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF TRUST FUNDS)

For necessary expenses of the Office of Inspector General in carrying out the provisions of the Inspector General Act, as amended, including services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, hire of passenger motor vehicles, [\$1,498,000] \$1,498,000; and in addition, not to exceed [\$10,016,000] \$11,366,000 for administrative expenses to audit, investigate, and provide other oversight of the Office of Personnel Management's retirement and insurance programs, to be transferred from the appropriate trust funds of the Office of Personnel Management, as determined by the Inspector General: Provided, That the Inspector General is authorized to rent conference rooms in the District of Columbia and elsewhere. (Independent Agencies Appropriations Act, 2002; additional authorizing legislation required.)

Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

Identific	ation code 24-0400-0-1-805	2001 actual	2002 est.	2003 est.
0	bligations by program activity:			
10.00	Total new obligations	12	12	12
В	udgetary resources available for obligation:			
22.00	New budget authority (gross)	12	12	12
23.95	Total new obligations	-12	-12	- 12
N	ew budget authority (gross), detail:			
	Discretionary:			
40.00	Appropriation	1	1	1
68.00	Spending authority from offsetting collections: Offset-			
	ting collections (cash)	11	11	11
70.00	Total new budget authority (gross)	12	12	12
	hange in obligated balances:			
72.40	Obligated balance, start of year	-2	6	
73.10	Total new obligations	12	12	12
73.10	Total outlays (gross)	- 12	- 12	
74.10	Change in uncollected customer payments from Fed-	12	12	12
74.10	eral sources (expired)	_1	6	
74.40	Obligated balance, end of year			
	utlays (gross), detail:			
86.90	Outlays from new discretionary authority	12	12	12
0	ffsets:			
	Against gross budget authority and outlays:			
88.00	Offsetting collections (cash) from: Federal sources	-11	-11	-11
N	et budget authority and outlays:			
89.00	Budget authority	1	1	1
90.00	Outlays	3	ī	-
55.00		3	1	

## Budget Authority and Outlays Excluding Full Funding for Federal Retiree Costs (in millions of dollars)

	2001 actual	2002 est.	2003 est.
Net budget authority and outlays:	1 3	1	1
89.00 Budget authority		1	1

This appropriation provides agency-wide audit, investigative, evaluation, inspection, and administrative sanction functions to identify management and administrative deficiencies that may create conditions for fraud, waste, and mismanagement. The audits function provides internal agency audit, insurance audit, contract audit, and information systems audit services. Contract audits provide professional advice to agency contracting officials on accounting and financial matters regarding the negotiation, award, administration, repricing, and settlement of contracts. Internal agency audits review and evaluate all facets of agency operations, including financial statements. Insurance audits review the operations of health and life insurance carriers, health care providers, and insurance subscribers. Information systems audits review

both general controls and application controls for the agency's systems and programs. The investigative function provides for the detection and investigation of improper and illegal activities involving programs, personnel, and operations. Administrative sanctions debar from participation in the health insurance program those health care providers whose conduct may pose a threat to the financial integrity of the program itself or to the well-being of insurance program enrollees. These Inspector General activities resulted in positive financial impacts of approximately \$242 million, 22 criminal convictions, and 4,032 administrative sanctions in 2001.

#### Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identific	cation code 24-0400-0-1-805	2001 actual	2002 est.	2003 est.
	Direct obligations:			
11.1	Personnel compensation: Full-time permanent	6	6	6
12.1	Civilian personnel benefits	3	3	3
23.1	Rental payments to GSA	1	1	1
25.2	Other services	1	1	1
99.0	Direct obligations	11	11	- 11
99.5	Below reporting threshold	1	1	1
99.9	Total new obligations	12	12	12

#### Personnel Summary

Identification code 24-0400-0-1-805	2001 actual	2002 est.	2003 est.
Direct: 1001 Total compensable workyears: Full-time equivalent employment	92	106	106
Reimbursable: 2001 Total compensable workyears: Full-time equivalent employment	02	1	1
Chiployment		-	1

# GOVERNMENT PAYMENT FOR ANNUITANTS, EMPLOYEES HEALTH BENEFITS

For payment of Government contributions with respect to retired employees, as authorized by chapter 89 of title 5, United States Code, and the Retired Federal Employees Health Benefits Act (74 Stat. 849), as amended, such sums as may be necessary. (Independent Agencies Appropriations Act, 2002; additional authorizing legislation required.)

#### Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

Identific	ation code 24-0206-0-1-551	2001 actual	2002 est.	2003 est.
0	bligations by program activity:			
00.01	Government contribution for annuitants benefits (1959 Act)	5,528	6,127	11,026
00.02	Government contribution for annuitants benefits (1960 Act)	2	2	2
10.00	Total new obligations (object class 13.0)	5,530	6,129	11,028
В	udgetary resources available for obligation:			
22.00	New budget authority (gross)	5,530	6,129	11,028
23.95	Total new obligations	-5,530	-6,129	-11,028
N	ew budget authority (gross), detail: Mandatory:			
60.00	Appropriation	5,530	6,129	11,028
C	hange in obligated balances:			
72.40	Obligated balance, start of year	437	551	596
73.10	Total new obligations	5,530	6.129	11,028
73.20	Total outlays (gross)	-5,417	-6,083	-11.624
74.40	Obligated balance, end of year	551		
0	utlays (gross), detail:			
86.97	Outlays from new mandatory authority	4.980	5.533	10.418
86.98	Outlays from mandatory balances	437	551	1,206
87.00	Total outlays (gross)	5,417	6,083	11,624
N 89.00	et budget authority and outlays: Budget authority	5,530	6.129	11.028

90.00	Outlavs	5.417	6.083	11.624
		- /	.,	, .

Budget Authority and Outlays Excluding Full Funding for Federal Retiree Costs (in millions of dollars)

	2001 actual	2002 est.	2003 est.
Net budget authority and outlays: 89.00 Budget authority	5,530	6,129	6,613
	5,417	6,083	6,599

For 2001 and 2002, this appropriation covers: (1) the Government's share of the cost of health insurance for annuitants as defined in sections 8901 and 8906 of title 5, United States Code; (2) the Government's share of the cost of health insurance for annuitants (who were retired when the Federal employees health benefits law became effective), as defined in the Retired Federal Employees Health Benefits Act of 1960; and (3) the Government's contribution for payment of administrative expenses incurred by the Office of Personnel Management in administration of the Act.

The budget authority for this account recognizes the amounts being remitted by the U.S. Postal Service (USPS) to finance a portion of its post-1971 annuitants' health benefit costs.

For 2003, this appropriation covers the annual appropriations necessary to provide for the liquidation of the Government's unfunded liability as of September 30, 2001, for postretirement health benefits, as part of the "Accrual Funding of Post-retirement Health Benefits Costs for Federal Employees" subtitle in the President's Managerial Flexibility Act.

The Act would require OPM to determine the current liability of the Government for post-retirement costs under FEHB, excluding the Postal Service liability for post-June 30, 1971, for the period prior to enactment. OPM would then establish an amortization schedule to liquidate the liability over 40 years beginning in fiscal year 2003 and continuing through 2042. In addition, the Act would require OPM to determine the supplemental unfunded liability of the Fund as of the close of each fiscal year for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2001, and provide for liquidation of such liability over the succeeding 30 years. This would provide for liquidation of any unfunded liability that may accrue after enactment.

	ZUU1 actuai	2002 est.	2003 est.
Annuitants:	1 075 010	1 000 000	1 040 000
FEHB	1,8/5,912	1,923,000	1,948,000
(USPS non-add)	432,561	418,000	416,000
REHB	3,598	2,980	2,480
Total, annuitants	1,879,510	1,925,980	1,950,480

## GOVERNMENT PAYMENT FOR ANNUITANTS, EMPLOYEE LIFE INSURANCE

For payment of Government contributions with respect to employees retiring after December 31, 1989, as required by chapter 87 of title 5, United States Code, such sums as may be necessary. (Independent Agencies Appropriations Act, 2002.)

Identific	ation code 24-0500-0-1-602	2001 actual	2002 est.	2003 est.
0	bligations by program activity:			
10.00	Total new obligations (object class 25.2)	32	34	34
В	ludgetary resources available for obligation:			
22.00	New budget authority (gross)	32	34	34
23.95	Total new obligations	-32	-34	-34

#### General and special funds-Continued

# GOVERNMENT PAYMENT FOR ANNUITANTS, EMPLOYEE LIFE INSURANCE—Continued

Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)—Continued

Identific	ation code 24-0500-0-1-602	2001 actual	2002 est.	2003 est.
N	ew budget authority (gross), detail:			
	Mandatory:			
60.00	Appropriation	32	34	34
C	hange in obligated balances:			
72.40	Obligated balance, start of year	3	3	3
73.10	Total new obligations	32	34	34
73.20	Total outlays (gross)	- 32	- 34	- 34
74.40	Obligated balance, end of year	3	3	3
0	utlays (gross), detail:			
86.97	Outlays from new mandatory authority	29	31	31
86.98	Outlays from mandatory balances	3	3	3
87.00	Total outlays (gross)	32	34	34
N	et budget authority and outlays:			
89.00	Budget authority	32	34	34
90.00	Outlays	31	34	34

This appropriation finances the Government's share of premiums, which is one-third the cost, for Basic life insurance for annuitants retiring after December 31, 1989, and who are less than 65 years old.

#### PAYMENT TO CIVIL SERVICE RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY FUND

For financing the unfunded liability of new and increased annuity benefits becoming effective on or after October 20, 1969, as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 8348, and annuities under special Acts to be credited to the Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund, such sums as may be necessary: *Provided*, That annuities authorized by the Act of May 29, 1944, as amended, and the Act of August 19, 1950, as amended (33 U.S.C. 771–775), may hereafter be paid out of the Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund. (*Independent Agencies Appropriations Act, 2002; additional authorizing legislation required.*)

Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

Identific	ation code 24-0200-0-1-805	2001 actual	2002 est.	2003 est.
0	bligations by program activity:			
00.02 00.03	Payment of Government share of retirement costs Transfers for interest on unfunded liability and pay-	9,236	9,455	16,340
00.00	ment of military service annuities	12.338	12,619	12,995
00.05	Spouse equity payment	65	65	6
10.00	Total new obligations	21,639	22,139	29,400
В	udgetary resources available for obligation:			
22.00	New budget authority (gross)	21,639	22,139	29,400
23.95	Total new obligations	-21,639	-22,139	- 29,400
N	ew budget authority (gross), detail:			
	Mandatory:			
	Appropriation:			
60.00	Appropriation	12,338	12,619	19,990
60.00	Appropriation	9,301	9,520	9,410
62.50	Appropriation (total mandatory)	21,639	22,139	29,400
C	hange in obligated balances:			
73.10	Total new obligations	21,639	22,139	29,400
73.20	Total outlays (gross)	-21,639	- 22,139	- 29,400
0	utlays (gross), detail:			
86.97	Outlays from new mandatory authority	21,639	22,139	29,400
N	et budget authority and outlays:			
89.00	Budget authority	21,639	22,139	29,400
90.00	Outlays	21,639	22,139	29,400

Budget Authority and Outlays Excluding Full Funding for Federal Retiree Costs (in millions of dollars)

		2001 actual	2002 est.	2003 est.
89.00	et budget authority and outlays: Budget authority Outlays	21,639 21,639	22,139 22,139	22,405 22,405

Payment of Government share of retirement costs.—In 2001 and 2002, this payment amortizes increases in the static unfunded liability created since October 20, 1969 by any statute which authorizes new or liberalized benefits, an extension of retirement coverage, or pay increases. Beginning in 2003, this payment would liquidate the current unfunded liability by 2042, as provided by the "Accrual Funding of Pensions and Retirement Pay" subtitle of the President's Managerial Flexibility Act.

The Act would require OPM to determine, as of September 30, 2001, the unfunded liability that is attributable to benefits payable under chapter 83 of Title 5 U.S.C., and to determine an appropriate amortization schedule, providing for the liquidation of that liability by October 1, 2041.

Transfers for interest on unfunded liability and payment of military service annuities.—In 2001 and 2002, this transfer covers interest on the static unfunded liability and annuity disbursements attributable to military service. In 2003, these transfers would be eliminated and replaced by the annual payment to liquidate the unfunded liability as discussed above.

Payments for spouse equity.—This payment provides survivor annuities to eligible former spouses of annuitants who died between September 1978 and May 1986 and who did not elect survivor coverage.

Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identifi	cation code 24-0200-0-1-805	2001 actual	2002 est.	2003 est.
12.1 13.0	Civilian personnel benefits	9,301 12,338	9,520 12,619	16,405 12,995
99.9	Total new obligations	21,639	22,139	29,400

#### EMPLOYEES HEALTH BENEFITS FUND

#### Unavailable Collections (in millions of dollars)

Identific	ation code 24-5002-0-2-551	2001 actual	2002 est.	2003 est.
01.99	Balance, start of year			
R	teceipts:			
02.00	DC Government contributions			88
02.20	Employee contributions			3,786
02.21	Annuitant contributions			3,459
02.22	Postal Service annuitant contributions			1,019
02.40	General fund payment			11,622
02.41	Agency contributions			12,387
02.42	Postal Service agency contributions			4,017
02.43	Interest			772
02.99 A	Total receipts and collectionsppropriations:			37,150
05.00	Employees health benefits fund			- 25,454
05.99	Total appropriations			- 25,454
07.99	Balance, end of year			11,696

Identification code 24–5002–0–2–551	2001 actual	2002 est.	2003 est.
0bligations by program activity: 00.01 Benefit payments			25,181 250 24

10.00	Total new obligations		 25,454
R	udgetary resources available for obligation:		
21.40	Unobligated balance carried forward, start of year		4,936
22.00	New budget authority (gross)		25,454
22.00	New budget authority (gross)		 23,434
23.90	Total budgetary resources available for obligation		 30,390
23.95	Total new obligations		-25,454
24.40	Unobligated balance carried forward, end of year		4,936
	hda.s.kkh.s.rik. () dakai!		
N	ew budget authority (gross), detail: Discretionary:		
40.20	Appropriation (special fund)		24
40.20	Mandatory:		 L-
60.20	Appropriation (special fund)		37,126
60.45	Portion precluded from obligation		-11,696
00.40	Tortion procladed from obligation		 
62.50	Appropriation (total mandatory)		 25,430
70.00	Total new budget authority (gross)		 25,454
-	hange in obligated balances:		
72.40	Obligated balance, start of year		2.339
73.10	Total new obligations		25,454
73.20	Total outlays (gross)		- 25.351
74.40	Obligated balance, end of year	•••••	 2,442
74.40	Obligated balance, end of year		 2,442
0	utlays (gross), detail:		
86.90	Outlays from new discretionary authority		24
86.97	Outlays from new mandatory authority		21,984
86.98	Outlays from mandatory balances		 3,343
07.00	T. I. II. ( )		 05.051
87.00	Total outlays (gross)		 25,351
N	et budget authority and outlays:		
89.00	Budget authority		 25,454
90.00	Outlays		25,351
	·		· · ·
	lemorandum (non-add) entries:		
92.01	Total investments, start of year: Federal securities:		
	Par value		 7,293
92.02	Total investments, end of year: Federal securities:		10.001
	Par value		 19,091
			 _

This presentation displays the new Employees Health Benefits Fund. In addition to the existing components of the current Employees Health Benefits Fund, this new Special Fund incorporates the proposed requirement for each agency to fund the accruing actuarial cost of Government contributions for post-retirement health benefits for its current participating employees. This new presentation is consistent with the "Accrual Funding of Post-retirement Health Benefits Costs for Federal Employees" subtitle in the President's Managerial Flexibility Act.

The additional agency contributions to pre-fund the cost of post-retirement health benefits for current employees would come from the appropriations or fund used to pay the participant's salary. For 2003, these additional agency contributions would be approximately \$5.6 billion. The lines in these schedules labeled "agency contributions" reflect both this additional contribution and the standard agency contribution toward the payment of annual premiums. The practice of using cash accounting to fund the Postal Service liability attributable to civilian service performed after June 30, 1971, under title 5 U.S.C. 8906(g)(2) would remain unchanged under this proposal.

For additional information on the Employees Health Benefits Fund, please see the presentation of the Employees and Retired Employees Health Benefits Funds located at the end of this OPM chapter.

#### Status of Funds (in millions of dollars)

Identific	cation code 24-5002-0-2-551	2001 actual	2002 est.	2003 est.
l	Inexpended balance, start of year:			
0100	Uninvested balance			5
0101 0102	Par value Unrealized discounts			7,293 23

0199	Total balance, start of year		7,275
	Cash income during the year:	 	,,,,,
_	Current law:		
	Receipts:		
1200	DC Government contributions, Employees health		
	benefits fund	 	88
	Offsetting receipts (proprietary):		
1220	Employee contributions, Employees health bene-		
	fits fund	 	3,786
1221	Annuitant contributions, Employees health bene-		-,
	fits fund	 	3,459
1222	Postal Service agency contributions for annu-		.,
	itants, Employees health benefits fund	 	1,019
	Offsetting receipts (intragovernmental):		,
1240	General fund payment, Employees health bene-		
	fits fund	 	11,622
1241	Agency contributions, Employees health benefits		
	fund	 	12,387
1242	Postal Service agency contributions for employ-		
	ees, Employees health benefits fund	 	4,017
1243	Interest, Employees health benefits fund	 	772
1299	Income under present law	 	37,150
(	Cash outgo during year:		
	Current law:		
4500	Employees health benefits fund	 	-25,351
l	Inexpended balance, end of year:		
8700	Uninvested balance	 	5
	Federal securities:		
8701	Par value	 	19,091
8702	Unrealized discounts	 	-23
8799	Total balance, end of year	 	19,074

#### Intragovernmental funds:

#### REVOLVING FUND

bligations by program activity:			
DOD testing	7	8	8
Employment service	35	40	41
Investigations	229	262	234
	35	39	39
Executive resources	30	32	34
Total new obligations	336	381	356
udgetary resources available for obligation:			
Unobligated balance carried forward, start of year	48	33	33
New budget authority (gross)	320	381	356
Total budgetary resources available for obligation	368	414	389
Total new obligations	-336	-381	- 356
Unobligated balance carried forward, end of year	33	33	33
ew budget authority (gross), detail:			
Spending authority from offsetting collections:			
	353	381	356
Federal sources (unexpired)			
Spending authority from offsetting collections			
(total discretionary)	320	381	356
hange in obligated balances:			
Obligated balance, start of year	13	1	1
Total new obligations	336	381	356
Total outlays (gross)	-380	-381	- 356
	33		
Obligated balance, end of year	1	1	1
utlays (gross), detail-			
	320	381	356
Outlays from discretionary balances	60		
Total outlays (gross)	380	381	356
ffsets:			
Against gross budget authority and outlays:			
Offsetting collections (cash) from: Federal sources	-353	-381	- 356
	Total new obligations  Indepetary resources available for obligation: Unobligated balance carried forward, start of year New budget authority (gross)  Total budgetary resources available for obligation Total new obligations Unobligated balance carried forward, end of year  Inobligated balance carried forward, end of year  Inobligated authority (gross), detail: Spending authority from offsetting collections: Discretionary: Offsetting collections (cash) Change in uncollected customer payments from Federal sources (unexpired)  Spending authority from offsetting collections (total discretionary)  Inange in obligated balances: Obligated balance, start of year Total new obligations Total outlays (gross)  Change in uncollected customer payments from Federal sources (unexpired) Obligated balance, end of year  Intlays (gross), detail: Outlays from new discretionary authority Outlays from discretionary balances  Total outlays (gross)  Total outlays (gross)  Total outlays (gross)  Total outlays (gross)  Total outlays (gross)	Total new obligations	Total new obligations   336   381

#### Intragovernmental funds—Continued

#### REVOLVING FUND—Continued

#### Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)—Continued

Identific	ration code 24–4571–0–4–805	2001 actual	2002 est.	2003 est.
88.95	Against gross budget authority only: Change in uncollected customer payments from Federal sources (unexpired)	33		
89.00 90.00	let budget authority and outlays: Budget authority Outlays	27		

DOD testing.—OPM conducts military entrance exams for the Department of Defense (DOD) as a cost-effective and reliable provider. The Employment Service continued to provide testing for the Department of Defense in FY 2001, conducting approximately 14,509 student test sessions and 24,112 enlistment sessions.

Employment service.—OPM delivers employment information, examining services, automated staffing, and related human resource management services to Federal agencies nationwide. In 2001, we maintained contracts for a wide array of human resource products and services with the Executive, Legislative, and Judicial branches.

*Investigations*.—Through a contract with a private company, OPM conducts National Agency Check and Inquiry cases and background security investigations for Federal agencies on a reimbursable basis. To the extent that OPM is required to pay a fee to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for name and fingerprint checks, agencies are required to reimburse OPM for such fees through the revolving fund.

Workforce relations.—Through the Training and Management Assistance (TMA) program, OPM provides assistance to government agencies in managing the development of training and human resources management solutions that meet their specific short-term and long-range objectives. This is accomplished through an expedited contracting process, which is managed by an experienced team of HR and contracting professionals.

Program performance.—The TMA performance indicators are designed to measure the financial stability of the program and customer satisfaction. The financial indicator measures if program costs are met. The customer satisfaction indicator assures that TMA services are meeting the needs and objectives of client agencies.

Executive resources.—OPM conducts residential and nonresidential programs for Federal executives and managers to improve the effectiveness and efficiency of Federal programs.

#### **WORKLOAD COUNT**

	2001 actual	2002 est.	2003 est.
Participant training days	95,377	100,568	103,980
Background security investigations processed	74,096	86,000	74,250
National and special agency check and inquiry cases	745,944	1,500,000	1,115,000

## Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identifi	cation code 24-4571-0-4-805	2001 actual	2002 est.	2003 est.
	Personnel compensation:			
11.1	Full-time permanent	21	22	23
11.3	Other than full-time permanent	5	5	5
11.5	Other personnel compensation	2	2	2
11.9	Total personnel compensation	28	29	30
12.1	Civilian personnel benefits	10	11	13
21.0	Travel and transportation of persons	2	3	3
23.1	Rental payments to GSA	7	7	7
23.3	Communications, utilities, and miscellaneous charges	5	5	5
24.0	Printing and reproduction	1	1	1
25.2	Other services	272	308	275
26.0	Supplies and materials	4	7	10
31.0	Equipment	7	10	12

99.9	Total new obligations	336	381	356
	Personnel Summary			
Identific	ation code 24-4571-0-4-805	2001 actual	2002 est.	2003 est.
2001	Total compensable workyears: Full-time equivalent employment	652	669	669

#### Trust Funds

#### CIVIL SERVICE RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY FUND

#### Unavailable Collections (in millions of dollars)

Identific	ation code 24-8135-0-7-602	2001 actual	2002 est.	2003 est.
01.99	Balance, start of year	508,104	538,520	568,608
R	eceipts:			
02.00	Employee contributions	4,157	4,041	3,998
02.01	District of Columbia contributions	66	62	50
02.02	Employee deposits, redeposits and other contributions	436	456	476
02.40	Agency contributions	10,072	10,612	14,233
02.41	Postal Service agency contributions	2,845	2,938	3,031
02.42	Postal Service supplemental contributions	3,755	3,842	3,901
02.43	Federal Financing Bank interest	1,342	1,338	1,338
02.44	Treasury interest	33,611	34,712	37,041
02.45	General fund payment to the Civil Service Retirement			
	and Disability fund	21,639	22,139	29,400
02.46	Re-employed annuitants salary offset	26	27	27
02.99	Total receipts and collections	77,949	80,167	93,495
04.00	Total: Balances and collections	586,053	618,687	662,103
Α	ppropriations:			
	Appropriations:			
05.00	Civil service retirement and disability fund	-47,533	-50,079	-52,849
05.00	Proposed legislation, subject to PAYGO			-3
05.99	Total appropriations	- 47,533	- 50,079	- 52,852
07.99	Balance, end of year	538,520	568,608	609,251
07.99	Balance, end of year	538,520	568,608	609,2

Identific	ation code 24-8135-0-7-602	2001 actual	2002 est.	2003 est.
0	bligations by program activity:			
00.01	Annuities	47,101	49,637	52,406
00.02	Refunds and death claims	322	311	309
00.03	OPM Administration	108	128	131
00.04	Transfer to MSPB	2	3	3
10.00	Total new obligations	47,533	50,079	52,849
В	udgetary resources available for obligation:			
22.00	New budget authority (gross)	47,533	50,079	52,849
23.95	Total new obligations	-47,533	- 50,079	<b>- 52,849</b>
N	ew budget authority (gross), detail:			
	Discretionary:			
40.26	Appropriation (trust fund)	86	103	108
	Mandatory:			
60.26	Appropriation (trust fund)	77,863	80,064	82,211
60.45	Portion precluded from obligation	<u>- 30,416</u>	- 30,088	
62.50	Appropriation (total mandatory)	47,447	49,976	52,741
70.00	Total new budget authority (gross)	47,533	50,079	52,849
C	hange in obligated balances:			
72.40	Obligated balance, start of year	3,943	4,119	4,356
73.10	Total new obligations	47,533	50,079	52,849
73.20	Total outlays (gross)	-47,356	-49,840	-52,619
74.40	Obligated balance, end of year	4,119	4,356	4,586
	utlays (gross), detail:			
86.90	Outlays from new discretionary authority	86	103	108
86.97	Outlays from new mandatory authority	43,328	45,383	47,926
86.98	Outlays from mandatory balances	3,942	4,356	4,586
87.00	Total outlays (gross)	47,356	49,840	52,619

89.00 90.00	et budget authority and outlays: Budget authority Outlays	47,533 47,356	50,079 49,840	52,849 52,619
M	lemorandum (non-add) entries:			
92.01	Total investments, start of year: Federal securities: Par value	512,038	542,611	572,962
92.02	Total investments, end of year: Federal securities: Par value	542,611	572,962	613,833
	Summary of Budget Authority	and Outlays		
	(in millions of dollars)	•		
Bud	d/requested: get Authorityays	2001 actual 47,533 47,356	2002 est. 50,079 49,842	2003 est. 52,849 52,620
	tive proposal subject to PAYGO.			
Legisla Bud	tive proposal, subject to PAYGO: get Authorityays			3

This fund: (1) pays annuities to retired employees or their survivors; (2) makes refunds to separated employees for amounts withheld and to beneficiaries of employees who died before retirement or before annuities equaled the amount withheld; and (3) pays expenses of the Office of Personnel Management and the Merit Systems Protection Board for administering the program. The fund covers two Federal civilian retirement systems: the Civil Service Retirement System (CSRS) and the Federal Employees' Retirement System (FERS).

CSRS is basically a defined benefit plan, covering Federal employees hired prior to 1984. CSRS participants do not participate in the Social Security system. FERS is a three-tiered pension program that uses Social Security as a base, provides an additional basic benefit, and includes a thrift savings plan. FERS covers employees hired after 1983 and formerly CSRS-covered employees who elected to join FERS.

For CSRS employees in 2003, as provided by the "Accrual Funding of Pensions and Retirement Pay" subtitle of the President's Managerial Flexibility Act, agencies would contribute the full accruing cost of pension benefits.

Status of Funds (in millions	of dollars)			
Total, annuitants	2,379,753	2,411,181	2,454,722	
Employees	, ,,,,,	1,770,761 640,420	1,807,542 647,180	
Active employees	2001 actual 2,655,450	2002 est. 2,654,477	2003 est. 2,653,597	

Status of Funus (III IIIIIIIIIIII)					
Identific	cation code 24-8135-0-7-602	2001 actual	2002 est.	2003 est.	
ι	Inexpended balance, start of year:				
0100	Treasury balance	11	31	8	
0101	Par value	512,041	542,611	572,962	
0102	Unrealized discounts		-3		
0199 C	Total balance, start of year	512,047	542,639	572,964	
	Current law:				
	Receipts:				
1200	Employee contributions, Civil Service Retirement				
	and Disability Fund	4,157	4,041	3,998	
1201 1202	District of Columbia contributions Employee deposits, redeposits, and voluntary	66	62	50	
	contributions	436	456	476	
	Offsetting receipts (intragovernmental):				
1240	Agency contributions, Civil Service Retirement				
	and Disability Fund	10,072	10,612	14,233	
1241	Postal Service agency contributions, Civil Service				
	Retirement and Disability Fund	2,845	2,938	3,031	
1242	Postal Service supplemental contributions, Civil				
	Service Retirement and Disability Fund	3,755	3,842	3,901	
1243	Federal Financing Bank interest, Civil Service				
	Retirement and Disability Fund	1,342	1,338	1,338	
	•				

1244	Treasury interest, Civil Service Retirement and			
	Disability Fund	33,611	34,712	37,041
1245	General fund payment to the Civil Service Re-			
	tirement and Disability Fund	21,639	22,139	29,400
1246	Re-employed annuitant salary offset, Civil Serv-			
	ice Retirement and Disability Fund	26	27	27
1299	Income under present law	77,949	80,167	93,495
Ca	ash outgo during year:			
	Current law:			
4500	Cash outgo during the year ( – ):	- 39.397	- 41.538	42.002
4500 4500	Payment of claims to retired employees			
	Payment of alternative annuity refunds	- 7.533	- 4 - 7.859	
4500 4500	Payment of claims to survivor annuitants Lump sum payments to estates or beneficiaries	- 7,555	- 7,839	— <b>6</b> ,209
4300	of deceased annuitants and employees	1/15	- 154	164
4500	Refunds to living separated employees		- 154 - 156	
4500	Administration		- 130 - 131	
4599	Outgo under current law ( – )	- 47.356		
4000	Proposed legislation:	47,550	43,040	32,013
5500	Proposed legislation, subject to PAYGO			-3
3300	Troposca legislation, subject to Tritao			
6599	Total cash outgo ( – )	<b>-47.356</b>	-49,840	-52,622
Ur	nexpended balance, end of year:	,	.,.	,
8700	Uninvested balance	31	8	8
	Federal securities:			
8701	Par value	542,611	572,962	613,833
8702	Unrealized discounts	-3	<b>-4</b>	<b>-4</b>
8799	Total balance, end of year	542,639	572,964	613,837

#### Object Classification (in millions of dollars)

Identific	cation code 24-8135-0-7-602	2001 actual	2002 est.	2003 est.
25.2 42.0 44.0	Other services Insurance claims and indemnities Refunds and death claims	110 47,101 322	131 49,637 311	134 52,406 309
99.9	Total new obligations	47,533	50,079	52,849

## CIVIL SERVICE RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY FUND (Legislative proposal, subject to PAYGO)

#### Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

Identific	cation code 24-8135-4-7-602	2001 actual	2002 est.	2003 est.
	Obligations by program activity:			
00.01	Annuities			
10.00	Total new obligations (object class 42.0)			
	Budgetary resources available for obligation:			
22.00	8, (8,			
23.95	Total new obligations			_
N	lew budget authority (gross), detail:			
60.26	Mandatory: Appropriation (trust fund)			
0	Change in obligated balances:			
73.10	Total new obligations			
73.20	Total outlays (gross)			_
(	Outlays (gross), detail:			
86.97	Outlays from new mandatory authority			
	let budget authority and outlays:			
	Budget authority			
89.00				

The Administration has proposed legislation to simplify the computation of annuities under the Civil Service Retirement System for individuals with part-time service. The change would eliminate an unintended adverse effect on employees who perform part-time service at the end of their careers, and provide agencies increased flexibility to recruit and retain personnel.

# EMPLOYEES LIFE INSURANCE FUND Unavailable Collections (in millions of dollars)

Identification code 24-8424-0-8-602	2001 actual	2002 est.	2003 est.
01.99 Balance, start of year			
02.80 Employees life insurance fund, offsetting collections Appropriations:	3,384	3,407	3,486
05.00 Employees life insurance fund			
05.99 Total appropriations		<u>-3,407</u>	
07.99 Balance, end of year			

#### Program and Financing (in millions of dollars)

Identific	ration code 24—8424—0—8—602	2001 actual	2002 est.	2003 est.
0	bligations by program activity:			
09.01	Regular program premiums	1,276	1,401	1,42
09.02	Optional program premiums	837	939	1,02
09.03	Beneficial program premiums	1	2	,
09.04	Administration	2	2	
09.05	Long Term Care Administration	2	20	
10.00	Total new obligations (object class 25.2)	2,118	2,364	2,45
R	ludgetary resources available for obligation:			
21.40	Unobligated balance carried forward, start of year	21,852	23,133	24,21
22.00	New budget authority (gross)	3,400	3,441	3,48
00.00				07.00
23.90	Total budgetary resources available for obligation	25,252	26,574	27,69
23.95	Total new obligations	-2,118	- 2,364	- 2,45
24.40	Unobligated balance carried forward, end of year	23,133	24,210	25,23
N	lew budget authority (gross), detail: Discretionary:			
68.00	Spending authority from offsetting collections: Off-			
	setting collections (cash)	2	2	
	Mandatory:	2.200	2.405	2.40
69.00	Offsetting collections (cash)	3,382	3,405	3,48
69.10	Change in uncollected customer payments from Federal sources (unexpired)	16	34	_
	reueral sources (unexpireu)			
69.90	Spending authority from offsetting collections			
	(total mandatory)	3,398	3,439	3,48
70.00	<del>-</del>			
70.00	Total new budget authority (gross)	3,400	3,441	3,48
C	hange in obligated balances:			
72.40	Obligated balance, start of year	111	132	19
73.10	Total new obligations	2,118	2,364	2,45
73.20	Total outlays (gross)	-2,081	-2,266	-2,43
74.00	Change in uncollected customer payments from Fed-			
	eral sources (unexpired)	-16	-34	
74.40	Obligated balance, end of year	132	196	22
0	lutlays (gross), detail:			
86.90	Outlays from new discretionary authority	2	2	
86.97	Outlays from new mandatory authority	2,079	2,264	2,43
07.00				0.40
87.00	Total outlays (gross)	2,081	2,266	2,43
0	Iffsets:			
	Against gross budget authority and outlays:			
	Offsetting collections (cash) from:			
88.00	Agency contributions	- 409	- 443	- 45
88.20	Interest on Federal securities	-1,426	-1,430	-1,41
88.40	Non-Federal sources:	cao	C72	co
	Regular program	- 638	- 673	- 69
88.40	Optional program	<u>- 911</u>	<u>- 861</u>	<u> </u>
88.90	Total, offsetting collections (cash)	-3,384	-3,407	-3,48
	Against gross budget authority only:			
88.95	Change in uncollected customer payments from Federal sources (unexpired)	-16	-34	
	let budget authority and outlays:			
N 89.00 90.00	let budget authority and outlays: Budget authority Outlays	- 1,303		— 1,05

Memorandum (non-add) entries:

Par value ....

92.01 Total investments, start of year: Federal securities:

22.372

23.690

26,236

92.02	Total investments,	end of	year:	Federal	securities:			
	Par value					23,690	26,236	27,292

This fund finances payments to private insurance companies for Federal employees' group life insurance and expenses of the Office of Personnel Management in administering the program.

Budget program.—The status of the basic (regular and optional) life insurance program on September 30 is as follows:

Life insurance in force (in billions of dollars): On active employees On retired employees	2001 actual 528 53	2002 est. 538 55	2003 est. 548 57
Total	581	593	605
Number of participants (in thousands):			
Active employees	2,305	2,282	2,262
Annuitants	1,600	1,605	1,610
Total	3,905	3,887	3,872

Financing.—Non-Postal Service employees and all retirees under 65 pay two-thirds of the premium costs for Basic coverage; agencies pay the remaining third. Optional and certain post-retirement Basic coverages are paid entirely by enrollees. The status of the reserves at the end of the year is as follows:

Status of Reserves	2001 actual	2002 est.	2003 est.
Held in reserve (in millions of dollars):			
Contingency reserve	65	65	65
Beneficial association program reserve	1	1	1
U.S. Treasury reserve	23,690	26,236	27,292
Total reserves	23,756	26,302	27,358

## EMPLOYEES AND RETIRED EMPLOYEES HEALTH BENEFITS FUNDS

#### Unavailable Collections (in millions of dollars)

Identification code 24–9981–0–8–551	2001 actual	2002 est.	2003 est.
01.99 Balance, start of year			
02.80 Employees and retired employees health benefits fund, offsetting collections	21,454	23,900	2
05.00 Employees and retired employees health benefits fund	-21,454		
05.99 Total appropriations		-23,900	
07.99 Balance, end of year			

Identific	ation code 24-9981-0-8-551	2001 actual	2002 est.	2003 est.
0	bligations by program activity:			
09.01	Benefit payments	20,999	23,250	
09.02	Payments from OPM contingency reserve	118	240	
09.03	Government payment for annuitants (1960 Act)	2	2	2
09.04	Administration	23	24	
10.00	Total new obligations (object class 25.6)	21,143	23,516	2
В	sudgetary resources available for obligation:			
21.40	Unobligated balance carried forward, start of year	4,086	4,445	
22.00	New budget authority (gross)	21,502	24,007	2
23.90	Total budgetary resources available for obligation	25,588	28,452	2
22.05	Total new obligations	-21,143	-23,516	-2
23.95		4.445	4.000	

	Discretionary:			
68.00	Spending authority from offsetting collections: Off-			
	setting collections (cash)	23	24	
	Mandatory:			
69.00	Offsetting collections (cash)	21,431	23,876	2
69.10	Change in uncollected customer payments from			
	Federal sources (unexpired)	48	107	

	02.002	01 470	Spending authority from offsetting collections	69.90
	23,983	21,479	(total mandatory)	
	24,007	21,502	Total new budget authority (gross)	70.00
			hange in obligated balances:	
		1,893	Obligated balance, start of year	72.40
	23,516	21,143	Total new obligations	73.10
_	-23,279	-20,779	Total outlays (gross)	73.20 74.00
	107	-48		74.00
		2,209	eral sources (unexpired)	74.40
			utlana (avasa), datail	
	24	23	utlays (gross), detail: Outlays from new discretionary authority	86.90
	22,358	19,907	Outlays from new mandatory authority	86.97
	897	849	Outlays from mandatory balances	86.98
	22 270	20.770	•	87.00
	23,279	20,779	Total outlays (gross)	87.00
			ffsets:	0
			Against gross budget authority and outlays: Offsetting collections (cash) from:	
	10.051	0.000	Federal sources:	00.00
		-8,886	Agency contributions	88.00
				88.00
	-7,027	- 6,346	Government contributions for annuitants	
	-319	- 367	Interest on Federal securities Non-Federal sources:	88.20
_	-319 -3,364	- 367 - 3,002	Interest on Federal securities	88.40
	-319 -3,364 -3,057	- 367 - 3,002 - 2,786	Interest on Federal securities Non-Federal sources:	
	-319 -3,364 -3,057	- 367 - 3,002	Interest on Federal securities	88.40
	-319 -3,364 -3,057	- 367 - 3,002 - 2,786	Interest on Federal securities	88.40 88.40
	-319 -3,364 -3,057 -82	-367 -3,002 -2,786 -67	Interest on Federal securities	88.40 88.40 88.40 88.40
	-319 -3,364 -3,057 -82 -23,900	-367 -3,002 -2,786 -67	Interest on Federal securities	88.40 88.40 88.40
	-319 -3,364 -3,057 -82 -23,900	-367 -3,002 -2,786 -67 -21,454	Interest on Federal securities	88.40 88.40 88.40 88.90
	-319 -3,364 -3,057 -82 -23,900 -107	-367 -3,002 -2,786 -67 -21,454 -48	Interest on Federal securities	88.40 88.40 88.40 88.90 88.95
	-319 -3,364 -3,057 -82 -23,900 -107	-367 -3,002 -2,786 -67 -21,454 -48	Interest on Federal securities	88.40 88.40 88.40 88.90
	-319 -3,364 -3,057 -82 -23,900 -107	- 367 - 3,002 - 2,786 - 67 - 21,454 - 48	Interest on Federal securities	88.40 88.40 88.40 88.90 88.95
	-319 -3,364 -3,057 -82 -23,900 -107	- 367 - 3,002 - 2,786 - 67 - 21,454 - 48	Interest on Federal securities	88.40 88.40 88.40 88.90 88.95 <b>N</b> 89.00 90.00
	-319 -3,364 -3,057 -82 -23,900 -107	- 367 - 3,002 - 2,786 - 67 - 21,454 - 48	Interest on Federal securities	88.40 88.40 88.40 88.90 88.95 <b>N</b> 89.00 90.00
	-319 -3,364 -3,057 -82 -23,900 -107	- 367 - 3,002 - 2,786 - 67 - 21,454 - 48	Interest on Federal securities	88.40 88.40 88.40 88.90 88.95 <b>N</b> 89.00 90.00

# Budget Authority and Outlays Excluding Full Funding for Federal Retiree Costs (in millions of dollars)

	2001 actual	2002 est.	2003 est.
Net budget authority and outlays:	676	001	775
90.00 Outlays	− 676	−621	− 775

#### Status of Funds (in millions of dollars)

dentification code 24-9981-0-8-551	2001 actual	2002 est.	2003 est.
Unexpended balance, start of year:			
0100 Treasury balance	12	16	
U.S. Securities:			
0101 Par value		.,	
0102 Unrealized discounts	24	- 14	
Olgo Total balance, start of year	5,979	6,654	
Cash income during the year:			
Current law:			
Offsetting collections:			
Offsetting governmental receipts:			
280 Contributions from Employing Agencies		6,302	
Contributions from Postal Service for A		0.750	
Employees		3,750	
Contributions from Postal Service for A		0.42	
itants		943	
1280 Government Payment for Annuitant H		C 002	2
Benefits	. ,	.,	Ζ
1280 Contributions from DC Government			
1280 Contributions from Active Employees			
1280 Contributions from Annuitants			
1299 Income under present law	,	23.900	2
Cash outgo during year:	21,757	23,300	_
Current law:			
Cash outgo during the year ( — ):			
1500 Benefit Payments ( – )	20,638	-23,015	-2
• • •	,	,	

4500	Payments to Carriers from OPM Contingency Re-			
	serves ( – )	-118	-240	
4500	Administration ( — )	-23	<b>- 24</b>	
4599	Outgo under current law ( – )	-20,779	-23,279	-2
l	Jnexpended balance, end of year:			
8700	Uninvested balance	16	5	
	Federal securities:			
8701	Par value	6,651	7,293	
8702	Unrealized discounts	-14	-23	
8799	Total balance, end of year	6,654	7,275	

For 2001 and 2002, this display combines the Federal Employees Health Benefits (FEHB) fund and the Retired Employees Health Benefits (REHB) fund.

For 2003, this display presents only the REHB fund. The FEHB fund estimates have moved to Employees Health Benefits Fund presentation located at an earlier point in this OPM chapter.

The FEHB fund provides for the cost of health benefits for: (1) active employees; (2) employees who retired after June 1960, or their survivors; (3) those annuitants transferred from the REHB program as authorized by Public Law 93–246; and (4) the related expenses of the Office of Personnel Management (OPM) in administering the program.

The REHB fund, created by the Retired Federal Employees Health Benefits Act of 1960, provides for: (1) the cost of health benefits for retired employees and survivors who enroll in a Government-sponsored uniform health benefits plan; (2) the contribution to retired employees and survivors who retain or purchase private health insurance; and (3) expenses of OPM in administering the program.

Budget program.—The balance of the FEHB fund is available for payments without fiscal year limitation. Numbers of participants at the end of each fiscal year are as follows:

Active employees	2001 actual 2.198.895	2002 est. 2.198.000	2003 est. 2.197.000
Annuitants	1,875,912	1,923,000	1,948,000
Total	4,074,807	4,121,000	4,145,000

In determining a biweekly subscription rate to cover program costs, one percent is added for administrative expenses and three percent is added for a contingency reserve held by OPM for each carrier. OPM is authorized to transfer unused administrative reserve funds to the contingency reserve.

The REHB fund is available without fiscal year limitation. The amounts contributed by the Government are paid into the fund from annual appropriations. The number of participants at the end of each fiscal year are as follows:

Uniform plan	2001 actual 911	2002 est. 750	2003 est. 630
Private plans	2,687	2,230	1,850
Total	3,598	2,980	2,480

Financing.—The funds are financed by: (1) withholdings from active employees and annuitants; (2) agency contributions for active employees; (3) Government contributions for annuitants appropriated to OPM; and (4) contributions made by the United States Postal Service in accordance with the provisions of Public Law 101–508 and Public Law 103–66.

Operating results.—Funds made available to carriers but not used to pay claims in the current period are carried forward as special reserves for use in subsequent periods.

OPM maintains a contingency reserve, funded by employee and Government contributions, that may be used to defray future cost increases or provide increased benefits. OPM makes payments to carriers from this reserve whenever carrier-held reserves fall below levels prescribed by OPM regulations or when carriers can demonstrate good cause such as unexpected claims experience or variations from expected community rates.