

**MERCURY SPECIATION TEST PROGRAM
RESULTS FROM
NEW YORK STATE ELECTRIC & GAS
CORPORATION'S MILLIKEN STATION
UNIT 2, LANSING, NEW YORK**

CARNOT

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DRAFT: DECEMBER 1996

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

To satisfy DOE's Clean Coal Technology Demonstration program requirements, NYSEG, through a competitive bidding process, selected Carnot to conduct a comprehensive measurement program to characterize the emissions of selected trace substances from Milliken Station's Unit 2 with the retrofit SO₂, NO_x, and particulate control systems in operation. In an effort to continue researching the viability and applicability of certain promising wet chemical techniques for the speciation of mercury in coal-fired utility boiler flue gas streams, Carnot, under an extended contract with NYSEG, and the Energy & Environmental Research Center (EERC) at the University of North Dakota, under a separate contract with EPRI, performed a full-scale field evaluation of the Ontario-Hydro and TRIS Buffer Mercury Speciation Sampling Methods at NYSEG's Milliken Station. The EERC also operated a mercury instrumental analyzer at the FGD outlet/stack location.

These methods, plus Frontier Geosciences' solid sorbent scrubber technique, have undergone and are currently undergoing an intensive bench-scale evaluation by the EERC at their University of North Dakota test center and also pilot-scale testing at DOE's High Sulfur Coal Test Center. The Ontario-Hydro method has seen only limited full-scale testing, while the TRIS Buffer technique has not been evaluated under full-scale conditions. The EERC has successfully demonstrated that the Ontario-Hydro and TRIS methods can accurately measure Hg(II) and Hg(0) in addition to total mercury in simulated coal-fired flue gas streams. The protocols for these methods developed by the EERC were used at NYSEG's Milliken Station in conjunction with the Unit 2 Post-Retrofit Chemical Emissions Characterization Program. This report presents the test results for the mercury speciation test program.

A summary of the mercury speciation results generated by this test program is given in Table ES-1. The total mercury mass balance results are summarized in Table ES-2. The following key observations were made in regards to this data:

- Although EPA Method 29 has been validated for total mercury in coal combustion flue gas, it is not an accepted method for mercury speciation. The method possess a high bias associated with measuring Hg(II), and therefore a low bias in measuring Hg(0), when in the presence of high levels of SO₂, which oxidizes the Hg(0) as it passes through the nitric acid/peroxide impingers. The EPA Method

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29 data from this test program for the FGD inlet is consistent with this phenomenon.

- Excellent agreement (less than 0.5-0.6 ug/Nm³ differences) to good agreement (between 0.6-1.0 ug/Nm³ differences) between the mercury speciation methods performed at the FGD outlet location was seen. Hg(0) results ranged from 2.40-2.94 ug/Nm³, Hg(II) results ranged from 0.15-0.62 ug/Nm³, and total mercury results ranged from 2.66-3.29 ug/Nm³.
- FGD removal efficiencies were consistently between 95-97% for Hg(II) (disregarding EPA Method 29 FGD inlet data) and 60-66% for total mercury.
- For the FGD inlet mercury speciation results, excellent agreement can be seen between valid Hg(0) measurements with values ranging between 2.28-2.70 ug/Nm³. The Frontier Geoscience method yielded Hg(II), and therefore total mercury results, that were 2.0-2.1 ug/Nm³ higher than average results from other comparable methods. The Frontier Geoscience method has been shown to possess a high bias for Hg(II) when sampling in the presence of high levels of SO₂ from the conversion of Hg(0) on the KCl/soda lime traps. This would mean, however, that Frontier's Hg(0) results should be biased low, which does not appear to be the case.

TRIS Buffer and Ontario-Hydro values are in good agreement for Hg(II); and TRIS, Ontario-Hydro, and EPA Method 29 are in excellent agreement for total mercury.

- The Frontier Geoscience and EPA Method 29 results for the ESP inlet location matched at 7.0 lb/10¹²Btu which amounts to 95% of the total mercury found in the coal. Boiler/ESP mass balance results using Frontier Geoscience, TRIS Buffer, Ontario-Hydro, and EPA Method 29 mercury values yielded 104%, 79%, 84%, and 86% agreement, respectively, between process streams.
- The Frontier Geoscience and EPA Method 29 results for the ESP inlet location matched at 7.0 lb/10¹²Btu which amounts to 94% of the total mercury found in the coal. These two methods are not expected to match, however, at this location because of the significant levels of solid mercury present, and the fact that the Frontier sample train is not designed to representatively collect it. Solid-phase mercury accounted for approximately 10% of the total mercury found in the EPA Method 29 sample trains, suggesting that the Frontier Geoscience ESP inlet results may be biased high by at least 10%. Agreement between ESP inlet and

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outlet mercury levels is expected for the Frontier method, which suggests that the ESP outlet results are also biased high by at least 10%. Given this and the excellent agreement among wet chemical ESP outlet mercury levels, it appears that the coal mercury result is also biased high by 10-20%.

- Boiler/ESP mass balance results using Frontier Geoscience, TRIS Buffer, Ontario-Hydro, and EPA Method 29 mercury values yielded 104%, 79%, 84%, and 86% agreement, respectively, between process streams. FGD mass balance results for the same order of methods were 79%, 99%, 90%, and 93%, respectively.
- Excellent FGD mass balance results for the wet chemical mercury speciation methods, and the agreement between all FGD outlet values supports the conclusion that the Frontier Geoscience ESP outlet/FGD inlet and coal mercury levels are biased high by 10-20%.

TABLE ES-1
SUMMARY OF MERCURY SPECIATION TEST RESULTS
NYSEG POST-RETROFIT TEST PROGRAM -- UNIT 2
AUGUST 1996

Mercury Species	Test Method	Emission Results, ug/Nm ³			ESP Removal Efficiency	FGD Removal Efficiency
		ESP Inlet	ESP Outlet/ FGD Inlet	FGD Outlet		
Hg(0) - Elemental						
	Frontier Geoscience	2.12	2.66	2.94	--	--
	TRIS Buffer	--	2.70	2.71	--	--
	Ontario-Hydro	--	2.28	2.45	--	--
	Semtech Hg 2000 Analyzer	--	NV	2.70	--	--
	EPA Method 29	0.80	1.49	2.40	--	--
Hg(II) - Oxidized						
	Frontier Geoscience	6.93	6.82	0.35	2%	95%
	TRIS Buffer	--	4.46	0.15	--	97%
	Ontario-Hydro	--	5.24	0.21	--	96%
	EPA Method 29	7.52	6.23	0.62	17%	90%
TOTAL Hg						
	Frontier Geoscience	9.11	9.56	3.29	--	66%
	TRIS Buffer	--	7.16	2.87	--	60%
	Ontario-Hydro	--	7.52	2.66	--	65%
	EPA Method 29	9.18	7.72	3.02	16%	61%

NV -- not valid. Tests performed at this location were deemed invalid due to detrimental ambient conditions (i.e. temperature and dust level) that were beyond instrument specifications.

TABLE ES-2A
SUMMARY OF TOTAL MERCURY MASS BALANCE RESULTS -- BOILER/ESP
NYSEG POST-RETROFIT TEST PROGRAM -- UNIT 2
AUGUST 1996

Test Method	Mass Balance Results, lb/10 ¹² Btu					Boiler/ESP Mass Balance ⁽¹⁾	ESP Mass Balance ⁽²⁾
	Coal	ESP Inlet	Bottom Ash	Fly Ash	ESP Outlet		
	7.40		0.01	0.57			
Frontier Geosciences		6.97			7.04	103%	109%
TRIS Buffer		NP			5.22	78%	
Ontario-Hydro		NP			5.58	83%	
EPA Method 29		6.96			5.74	85%	91%

Notes:

(1) Boiler/ESP Mass Balance, Output/Input = (Bottom Ash + Flyash + ESP Outlet)/Coal

(2) Mass Balance, ESP = (Flyash + ESP Outlet)/ESP Inlet

TABLE ES-2B
SUMMARY OF TOTAL MERCURY MASS BALANCE RESULTS -- FGD
NYSEG POST-RETROFIT TEST PROGRAM -- UNIT 2
AUGUST 1996

Test Method	Mass Balance Results, lb/10 ¹² Btu					FGD Mass Balance (Outputs/Inputs)
	INPUTS		OUTPUTS			
	FGD Inlet	Limestone	FGD Sludge	Gypsum	FGD Outlet	
		0.04	0.30	2.77		
Frontier Geosciences	7.04				2.49	79%
TRIS Buffer	5.22				2.14	99%
Ontario-Hydro	5.58				2.01	90%
EPA Method 29	5.74				2.31	93%

Note: No mercury was detected in FGD liquid streams.

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SECTION 1.0

INTRODUCTION

1.1 TEST PROGRAM BACKGROUND

The Clean Air Act Amendments (CAAA) of 1990 require the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) to conduct an assessment of health and environmental effects posed by the emissions of 189 trace chemicals from electric utility steam generating units. Although mercury is only one of the targeted trace chemicals potentially emitted to the atmosphere by utilities, EPA has singled it out for a separate emissions and risk assessment study.

Since 1990, the Electric Power Research Institute (EPRI) and the Department of Energy (DOE) have initiated programs to develop chemical emissions databases for the utility industry. More recently, however, both groups have focussed their efforts on developing a measurement technique for total and speciated mercury in utility combustion flue gas streams. Based on a formal validation study sponsored by EPRI, it was determined that EPA Method 29 can produce reliable measurements of total mercury concentrations in coal combustion flue gas. A major mercury speciation methods development program is currently being conducted by EPRI and DOE, in cooperation with EPA, that has involved intensive bench-scale and pilot-scale testing, in addition to limited full-scale evaluations, of certain promising measurement techniques.

As part of DOE's Clean Coal Technology Demonstration (CCTD) Program, New York State Electric & Gas (NYSEG) Corporation has installed and is operating a high-efficiency Flue Gas Desulfurization (FGD) system for SO₂ emissions control, low-NO_x burners for NO_x emissions control, and ESP and coal mill upgrades for particulate emissions control in an effort to demonstrate innovative emissions control technology. This demonstration program is being conducted at NYSEG's Milliken Station, Units 1 & 2, in the Town of Lansing, New York. The primary objective of this CCTD project is to show that a retrofit of energy-efficient SO₂, NO_x, and particulate control systems can be made without a significant impact on overall plant efficiency.

To satisfy DOE's CCTD program requirements, NYSEG, through a competitive bidding process, selected Carnot to conduct a comprehensive measurement program to characterize the emissions of selected trace substances from Milliken Station's Unit 2 with the retrofit SO₂, NO_x, and particulate control systems in operation. In an effort to continue researching the viability and applicability of certain promising wet chemical techniques for the speciation of mercury in

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coal-fired utility boiler flue gas streams, Carnot, under an extended contract with NYSEG, and the Energy & Environmental Research Center (EERC) at the University of North Dakota, under a separate contract with EPRI, performed a full-scale field evaluation of the Ontario-Hydro and TRIS Buffer Mercury Speciation Sampling Methods at NYSEG's Milliken Station. The EERC also operated a mercury instrumental analyzer at the FGD outlet/stack location.

These methods, plus Frontier Geosciences' solid sorbent scrubber technique, have undergone and are currently undergoing an intensive bench-scale evaluation by the EERC at their University of North Dakota test center and also pilot-scale testing at DOE's High Sulfur Coal Test Center. The Ontario-Hydro method has seen only limited full-scale testing, while the TRIS Buffer technique has not been evaluated under full-scale conditions. The EERC has successfully demonstrated that the Ontario-Hydro and TRIS methods can accurately measure Hg(II) and Hg(0) in addition to total mercury in simulated coal-fired flue gas streams. The protocols for these methods developed by the EERC were used at NYSEG's Milliken Station in conjunction with the Unit 2 Post-Retrofit Chemical Emissions Characterization Program. This report presents the test results for the mercury speciation test program.

1.2 TEST PROGRAM OBJECTIVES

The objectives of the NYSEG Milliken Unit 2 Mercury Speciation Test Program are:

- Perform a full-scale field evaluation of the Ontario-Hydro and TRIS Buffer Mercury Speciation Sampling Methods at NYSEG's Milliken Station.
- Operate the Semtech Hg 2000 analyzer, a real-time continuous emissions mercury analyzer, at the FGD outlet/stack sampling location.
- Compare daily and average Hg(0), Hg(II), and total Hg results from the Ontario-Hydro, TRIS Buffer, Semtech Hg 2000 analyzer, Frontier Geosciences' solid sorbent scrubber, and EPA Method 29 mercury measurement techniques.
- Provide ESP and FGD removal efficiencies for targeted mercury species.
- Calculate mercury material balances around the boiler, ESP and FGD process systems by examining the mercury distribution level across their various input and output process streams.

1.3 PROCESS DESCRIPTION

The NYSEG Milliken Station is composed of two identical tangentially-fired Combustion Engineering boilers with a designed generating capacity of 160 MW each and associated pollution abatement equipment. Unit 2 was evaluated in this program while it burns a 2.2-2.4% sulfur Western Pennsylvania bituminous coal. Low NO_x burners, an ESP, and an FGD provide Unit 2 with NO_x, particulate, and SO₂ emissions control, respectively. Up to 40% NO_x reduction is achieved using the low-NO_x burners, and the ESP and coal mills were recently upgraded reducing ESP outlet particulate levels by a factor of 10. The FGD uses a forced oxidation, formic acid-enhanced wet limestone system to reduce SO₂ emission by 90-98%. Commercial-grade gypsum and calcium chloride brine are marketable by-products of the FGD's zero wastewater discharge process. A detailed unit description can be found in Section 2.1.

1.4 SAMPLING APPROACH

Table 1-1 identifies the mercury speciation test program matrix. Representative samples were collected and analyzed for mercury from the targeted three flue gas streams, five solid streams, and three FGD liquid/sludge streams in triplicate (except for the FGD sludge) over the course of three days, August 7, 8, and 9, 1996. Mercury speciation was performed on the flue gas samples only, and solid/liquid/sludge process stream samples were analyzed for total mercury in an effort to show a mass balance around the boiler, ESP, and FGD process systems. Table 1-2 identifies which mercury speciation measurement procedures were performed at each of the three flue gas sampling locations.

1.5 PROGRAM ORGANIZATION

Carnot is the prime contractor for the NYSEG chemical emission field test program. The EERC, under a separate contract with EPRI, prepared, recovered, and performed the mercury speciation analysis of the Ontario-Hydro and TRIS sampling trains, in addition to operating the mercury instrumental analyzer. Zenon Environmental Laboratories was a major subcontractor to Carnot that provided a majority of the program's analytical services. Mr. Mehdi Rahimi and Mr. Walt Savichky are NYSEG's program managers for this study. EPRI serves as a technical consultant. The project team organization is identified in Figure 1-1.

TABLE 1-1
MERCURY SPECIATION TEST PROGRAM MATRIX
NYSEG POST-RETROFIT TEST PROGRAM
AUGUST 1996

Process Stream	Target Mercury Species		
	Hg(0) - Elemental	Hg(II) - Oxidized	Total Hg
Flue Gas Sample Streams			
ESP Inlet	X	X	X
ESP Outlet / FGD Inlet	X	X	X
FGD Outlet / Stack	X	X	X
Solid Sample Streams			
Coal Feed			X
Bottom Ash			X
ESP Flyash			X
Limestone Solids			X
Gypsum Solids			X
Liquid/Sludge Sample Streams			
PWRF Outlet			X
Brine Product			X
FGD Blowdown Sludge			X

TABLE 1-2
MERCURY SPECIATION MEASUREMENT METHODS
NYSEG POST-RETROFIT TEST PROGRAM
AUGUST 1996

Sample Location	Mercury Speciation Measurement Procedure
ESP Inlet	EPA Method 29 Frontier Geoscience -- MESA Method
ESP Outlet / FGD Inlet	EPA Method 29 Frontier Geoscience -- MESA Method Ontario-Hydro Mercury Speciation Method TRIS Buffer Mercury Speciation Method
FGD Outlet / Stack	EPA Method 29 Frontier Geoscience -- MESA Method Ontario-Hydro Mercury Speciation Method TRIS Buffer Mercury Speciation Method Semtech Hg 2000 Analyzer (elemental Hg only)

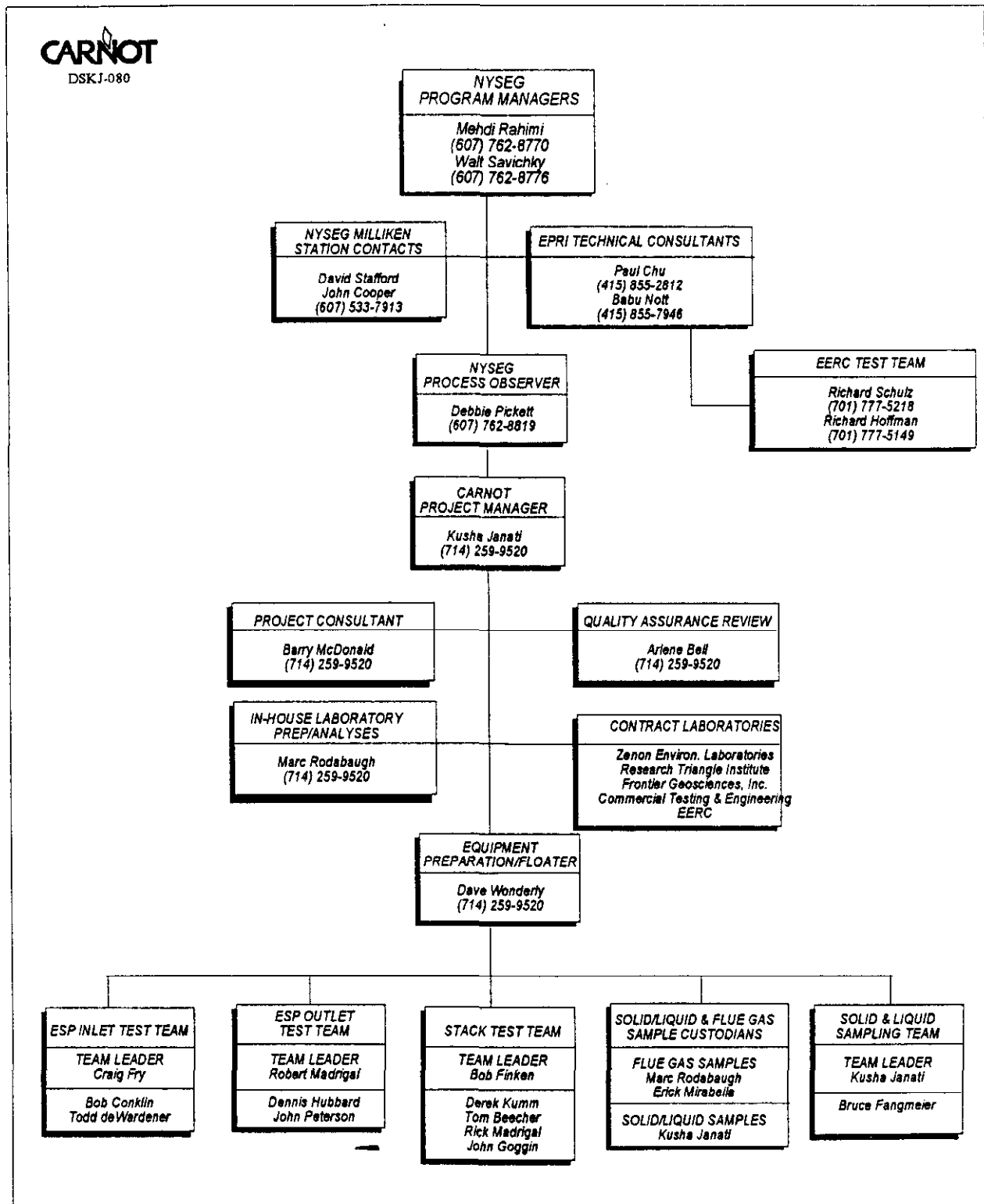


Figure 1-1. Project Team Organization Chart ((DSKJ-080))

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1.6 DATA USE AND DATA CONFIDENTIALITY

The data generated from this test program is intended for use by NYSEG, DOE and EPRI for assessment and planning purposes. All sampling and analyses were conducted according to Carnot's approved July 1996 final test plan (Report Number NYS1A-11476/R107G264.T), which was developed using EPRI's established FCEM PISCES protocol and included EERC's mercury speciation method protocols. Results generated by this field study will be targeted to meet "compliance" quality standards.

The information generated on this program is treated by Carnot and its subcontract laboratories, and the EERC as confidential. It will only be released to other parties at the expressed wishes of NYSEG.

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SECTION 2.0

TEST DESCRIPTION

This section presents a description of Milliken Station's Unit 2 and the different sample locations that will be used for the test program, followed by a review of the test schedule and process operation during testing.

2.1 UNIT DESCRIPTION

The Milliken Station is located in the Town of Lansing, New York and is owned and operated by the NYSEG Corporation. Milliken Station Unit 1 and 2 were built in the late 1950s. The units are Combustion Engineering designed tangentially-fired pulverized coal boilers. Unit 2 has a design capacity of 1,145,000 lbs/hr steam at 1900 psig and 1005°F with a capacity of approximately 160 MW. Unit 2 is typically operated at 150 MW. Up to 40% NO_x reduction is achieved using C-E LNCFS-III low-NO_x burners which were installed in 1994. The Unit 2 boiler is equipped with an ABB Heat Pipe air heater and two wide-plate spacing Research-Cottrell ESPs, which were also installed in 1994. In addition, a Saarberg-Holter Umwelttechnik GmbH (S-H-U) flue gas desulfurization (FGD) process was installed and began operating at Milliken Station Unit 2 in January, 1995. The process is a forced oxidation, formic acid-enhanced wet limestone scrubber designed to reduce SO₂ emissions by 90% to 98%. The exhaust gas is discharged to the atmosphere through a wet chimney. The plant has high dispatch priority and is generally base loaded. The capacity factor is typically >80%. This unit is among the most efficient in the United States.

The coal is delivered to Unit 2 from a common coal pile that serves both boilers. During this test program, Unit 2 burned a Western Pennsylvania bituminous coal containing 2.2% - 2.4% sulfur that was a 50/50 mix of raw and cleaned coal. The coal mills were upgraded in 1994 and produce no rejects.

Bottom ash is sluiced out to the bottom ash solids sedimentation basin where the solids are dewatered and removed from the plant site by truck. The bottom ash sluice water is recirculated in a closed loop. Make-up water from the lake intake is periodically added to maintain the liquid level of the sedimentation tank. The ESP flyash is pneumatically conveyed to a storage silo, then removed from the plant site by truck.

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Commercial-grade gypsum and calcium chloride brine are marketable by-products of the S-H-U FGD's zero wastewater discharge process. During this test program, however, the brine concentrator was not in operation so the unconcentrated brine product was discharged to the PWRF for disposal to the lake. Gypsum is transported by conveyor belt to a gypsum storage building for subsequent loading onto trucks. Heavy metals are removed from the scrubber water blowdown, producing a sludge that is trucked to disposal.

The Milliken Station process wastewater generated from Units 1 and 2 is treated at the PWRF before returning to the lake. The coal pile runoff is collected in an equalization basin located near the coal pile. The collected coal pile runoff is treated in the metals treatment plant located adjacent to the PWRF. The out-fall of the metals treatment plant discharges to the PWRF before returning to the lake. Sludge generated by the PWRF and metals treatment plant are removed from the station by truck for on-site disposal.

2.2 SAMPLE LOCATIONS AND COLLECTION PROCEDURES

Figure 2-1 is a process flow diagram for Unit 2 depicting the boiler/ESP/FGD system. Figure 2-2 provides a more detailed process flow description of the FGD/Stack system. Solid dots represent sampling locations for the flue gas, solids, and liquid/sludge sample streams.

2.2.1 Flue Gas Sample Streams

The primary sample streams of interest for the NYSEG Milliken Unit 2 test program were the flue gas streams entering and exiting the ESP and FGD air pollution control devices (APCDs). An objective of this research study was to determine the effectiveness of these APCDs at removing mercury released during coal combustion.

Tests requiring a full traverse of the sampling location (i.e. EPA Method 29) collected flue gas at each of the prescribed sampling points. The number and location of sampling points that were used at the ESP inlet and outlet were based on the ESP inlet sampling grid used for the May, 1994 baseline test program given currently existing port obstructions. The stack sampling grid was based on EPA Method 1 criteria. Tests conducted within a single port (either 1-3 sample points) alternated between the North and South ducts of the ESP inlet and outlet (i.e. Frontier Geoscience, Ontario-Hydro and TRIS Buffer). Frontier Geoscience replicates at the ESP inlet and outlet traversed the entire sample port. Ontario-Hydro and TRIS Buffer tests at the ESP outlet sampled at a single point. Stack single point tests (i.e. Frontier Geoscience, Ontario-Hydro, TRIS Buffer, and Semtech Hg analyzer) were performed at the same representative sampling point for each replicate.

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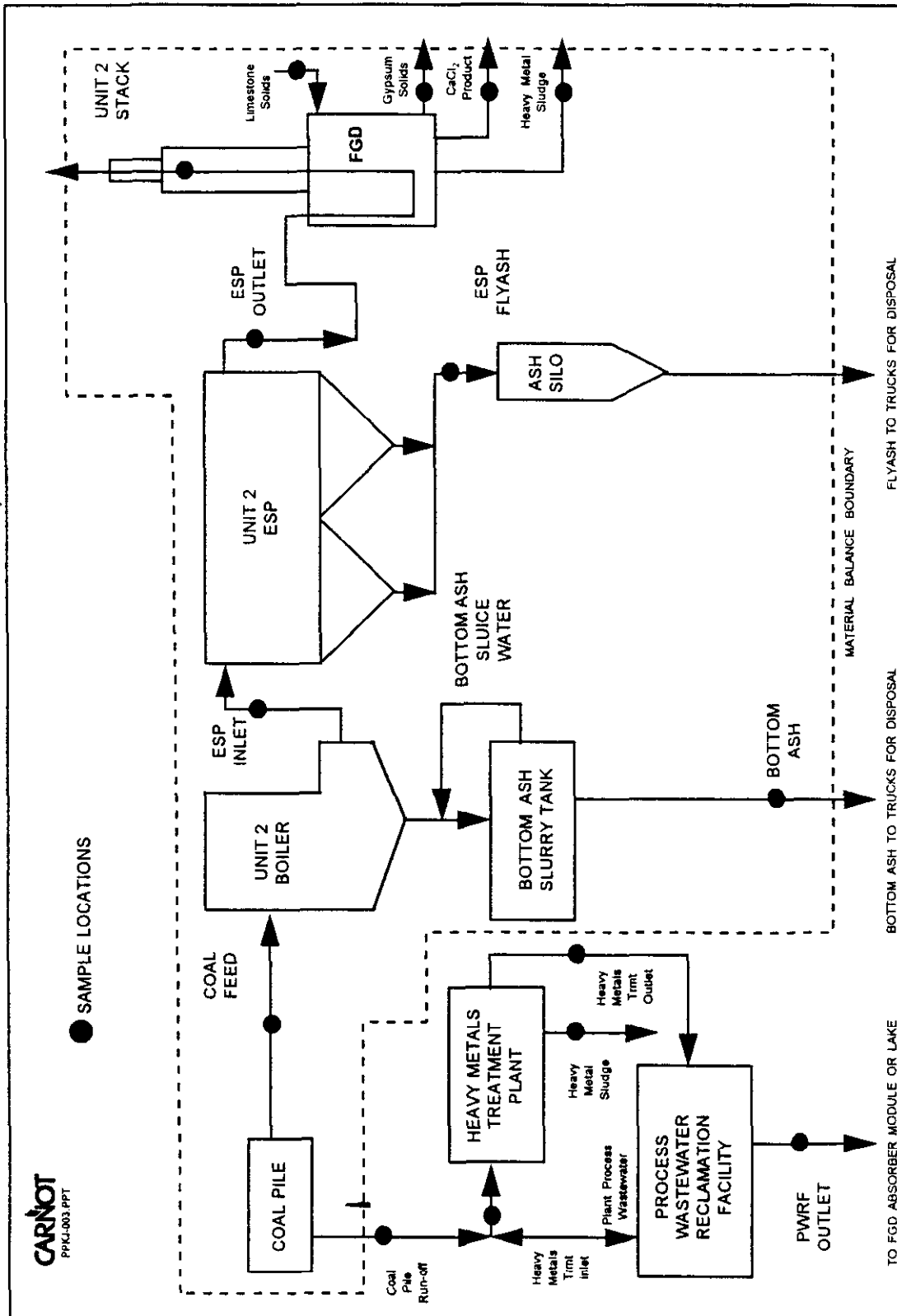


Figure 2-1. Process Flow Diagram and Sampling Locations for Milliken Power Station Unit 2

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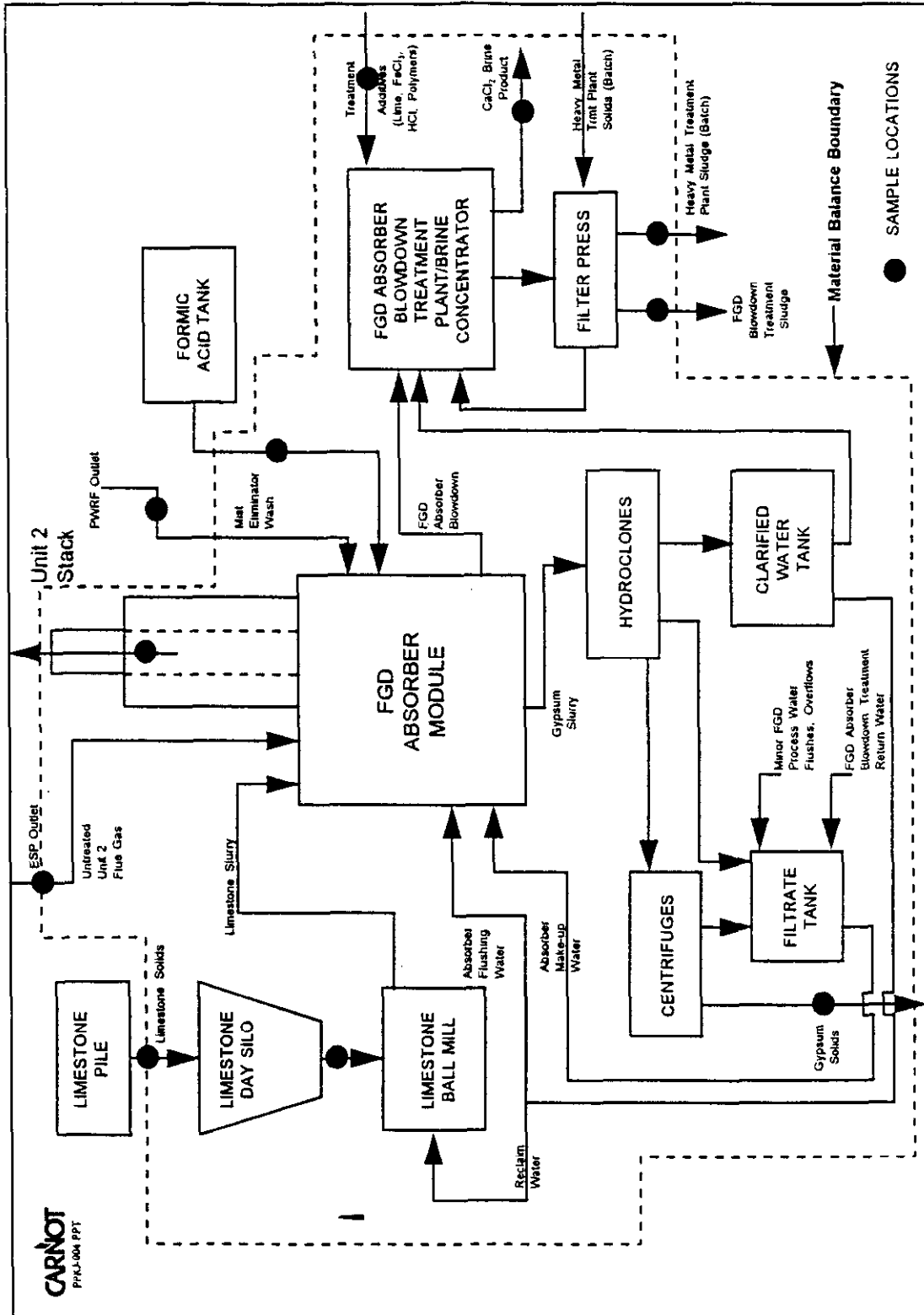


Figure 2-2. FGD/Stack Process Flow Diagram and Sample Locations

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One replicate was performed for each method daily at each flue gas sample location for three days, with the exception of Frontier Geoscience, in which two replicates were performed on the third day to make-up for an invalid test on the first day.

2.2.1.1 Unit 2 ESP Inlet

The ESP inlet location consists of two vertical ducts, each one 3'6" deep by 33'9" wide. The sample ports are located 80' (12.7 diameters) downstream and 40' (6.3 diameters) upstream of the nearest flow disturbances, satisfying EPA Method 1 minimum requirements for an acceptable sample location. Figure 2-3 presents a side-view of the ESP inlet sample location. There are 24 ports total, 12 per duct, designated as Ports A through X as shown in Figure 2-4. Seven of the ports, E, K, N, O, T, V, and X, were not available for sampling due to port obstructions.

Prior to testing, a full velocity traverse was performed through all 24 sample ports. EPA Method 1 requires a minimum of 12 traverse points per duct or 24 points total. The decision to use three sample points per port was judged technically sound during Carnot's May 1994 baseline test program based on the duct depth, and is consistent with previous ESP performance testing conducted by CONSOL. The preliminary velocity data were analyzed to determine the location of the 8 minimum required sample ports (to provide a total of 24 points) that produce an average flue gas velocity that is representative of the overall duct velocity, but spaced-out enough to cover the duct length. Figure 2-4 identifies which ports were chosen for the full-traverse isokinetic tests. This 8-port grid resulted in an average velocity that was 2.5% different from the entire 24-port velocity. The sample grid used at the ESP inlet is similar to the one used for the May 1994 baseline tests. Exhaust gas flow rates from the pitot traverses of the 1994 baseline isokinetic tests agreed well (< 10% average difference) with those calculated from fuel heat input and an EPA Method 19 stoichiometric F-factor. EPA Method 19 comparisons for this test program are not applicable due to the unavailability of accurate fuel flow data.

No cyclonic flow was found at this location.

2.2.1.2 Unit 2 ESP Outlet

The Unit 2 ESP outlet location (inlet of the FGD) is a mirror image of the ESP inlet location with identical measurements and sampling scheme. Figure 2-5 illustrates the sampling grid for the ESP outlet. Nine of the ports, A, C, E, I, M, N, Q, T, and X, were not available for sampling due to port obstructions.

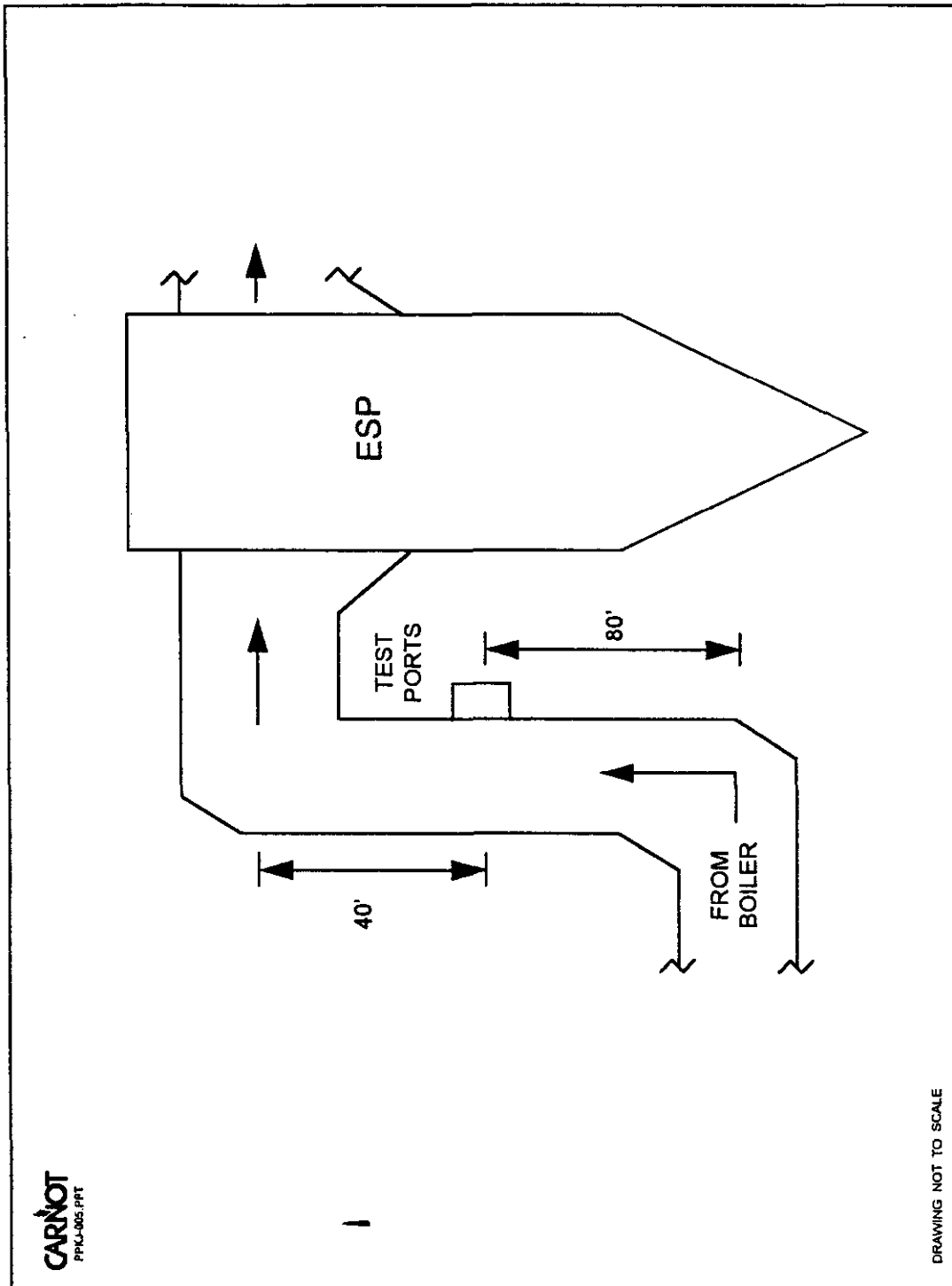


Figure 2-3. Unit 2 ESP Inlet Duct Test Site

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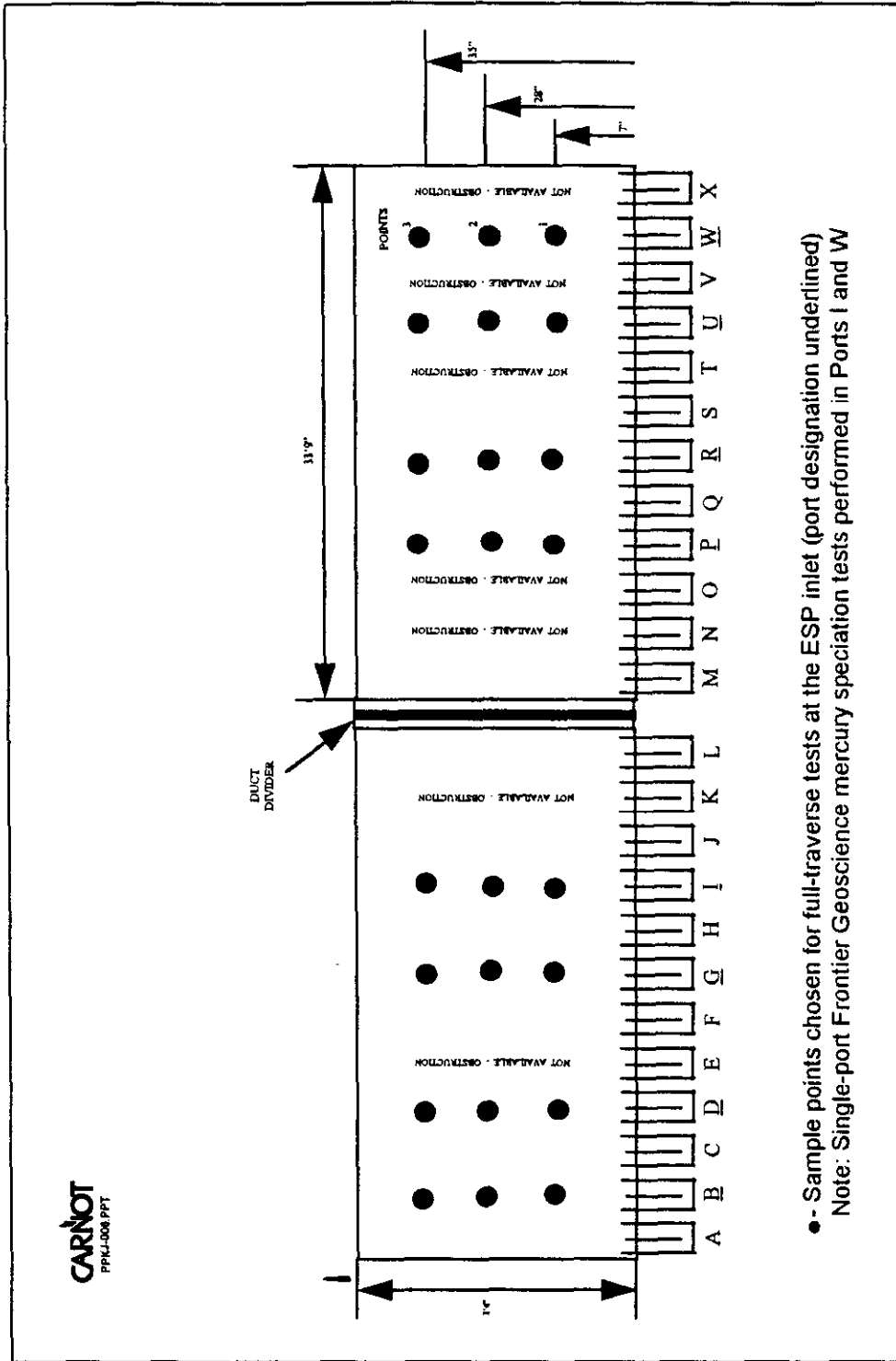


Figure 2-4. Cross Section of ESP Inlet Sample Location

A full velocity traverse was performed prior to testing through 23 of the 24 ports (one port cap was frozen tight). As identified on Figure 2-5, 8-ports were chosen for a 24-point total sample grid similar to the ESP inlet. This 8-port grid resulted in an average velocity that was 4.7% different from the overall 23-port velocity. Due to the numerous obstructions present at this location, no other port scheme for sampling could be found that provided a more representative velocity and still maintain satisfactory spacing across the ducts.

Less than one percent cyclonic flow was found at this location.

2.2.1.3 Stack

Figure 2-6 provides a profile of the Unit 2 stack test site and presents traverse point locations. The Unit 2 stack (FGD outlet stream) discharge point is approximately 375' from ground level and the stack sampling plane is located 304' from ground level. Figure 2-7 illustrates a cross-sectional view of the FGD stack location showing all three stacks within a larger shell. Two identical 12' diameter stacks each serving Unit 1 and 2, along with a smaller 10' diameter emergency bypass stack, are located inside the 40' diameter shell. Two sampling ports located at 90° offsets with coupling lengths of 6" were used for full traverse tests. A third sampling port offset 90° from one of the main sampling ports was used for single-point tests.

This location meets EPA Method 1 minimum requirements with almost 6 diameters upstream and 13 diameters downstream of the nearest flow disturbances; as a result, 12 sample points, 6 per port were used. Less than two percent cyclonic flow as found at this location.

2.2.2 Solid Sample Streams

In an effort to substantiate the flue gas data, coal feed, bottom ash, ESP flyash, limestone solids, and gypsum solids samples were collected throughout the test program. The samples were analyzed for target inorganic compounds and balanced with flue gas emissions data in an attempt to obtain mass balance closure. Table 2-1 provides a solid stream sampling schedule.

2.2.2.1 Coal Feed

Pulverized coal combined with combustion air is injected into the boiler through a series of burners supplied by four coal mills. Coal is supplied to each mill by belt feeders drawing feed from the coal bunkers. Only three mills are necessary for full-load operation. During this

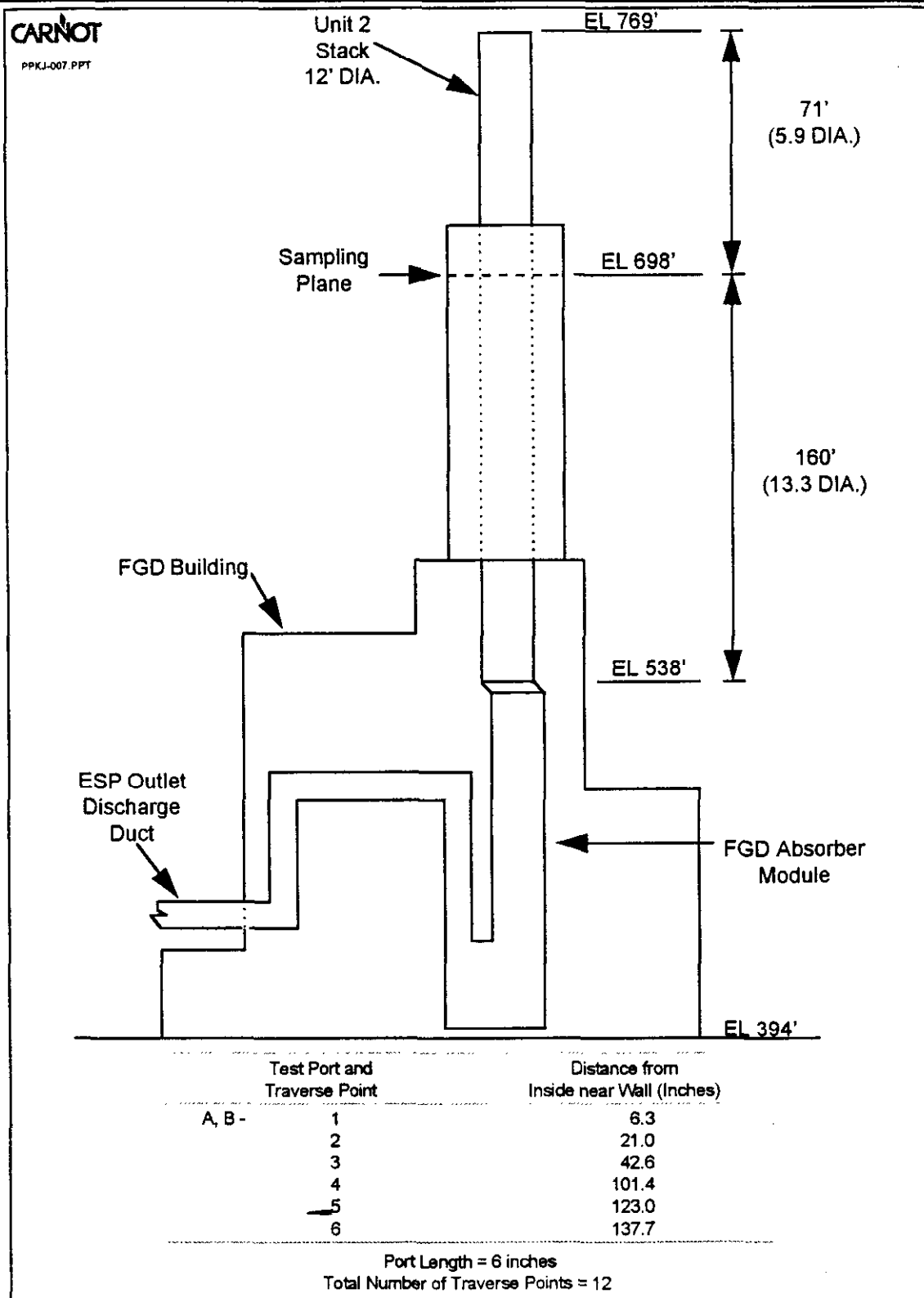


Figure 2-6. Stack Test Site and Traverse Point Location

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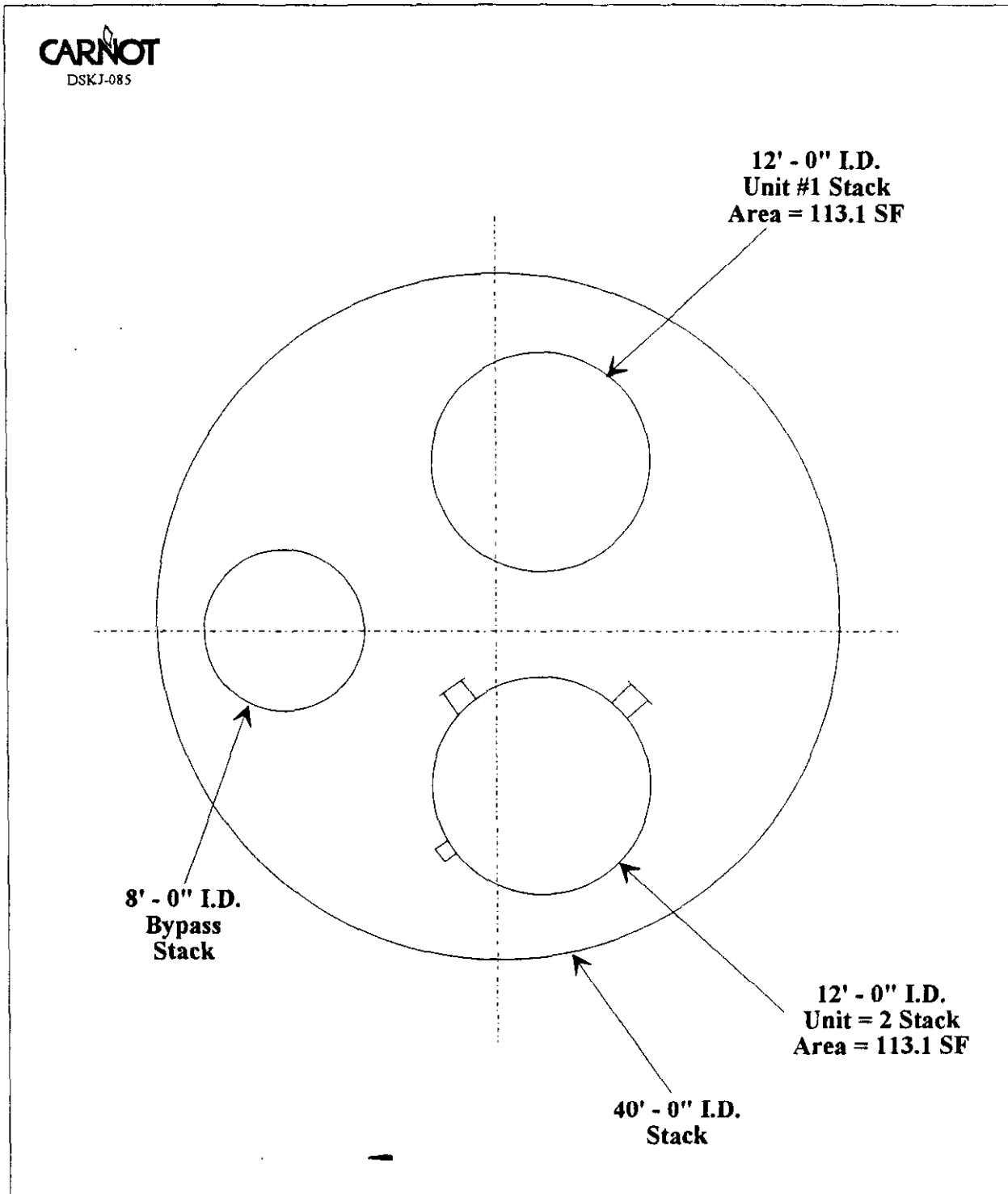


Figure 2-7. Cross-Sectional Area - Units 1 & 2 FGD Stack (DSKJ-085)

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**TABLE 2-1
SOLID AND LIQUID STREAM SAMPLING SCHEDULE
NYSEG POST-RETROFIT TEST PROGRAM
AUGUST 1996**

Test Number	Date	Sample Time	Type of Sample	Sample Top Size, in. (1)	No. of Increments	Increment Size, lbs.	Gross Sample Weight, lbs.	Number of Splits	Sample Size to Lab, lbs. (2)	Sample Container	No. of Containers
1-COAL	8/7/96	815/1545	Raw/Clean Coal	<5/8	24	5	120	2	30	HDPE Bck.	1
2-COAL	8/8/96	805/1545	Raw/Clean Coal	<5/8	24	5	120	2	30	HDPE Bck.	1
3-COAL	8/9/96	805/1545	Raw/Clean Coal	<5/8	24	5	120	2	30	HDPE Bck.	1
4.5-COAL	8/12/96	910/1900	Raw/Clean Coal	<5/8	18	5	90	1/3,2/3	30 each	HDPE Bck.	2
6-COAL	8/13/96	910/1530	Raw/Clean Coal	<5/8	12	5	60	1	30	HDPE Bck.	1
1-BottomAsh	8/7/96	1800	Bottom Ash	<2	14	6.9	96	0	96	HDPE Bck.	2
2-BottomAsh	8/8/96	1830	Bottom Ash	<2	14	5.9	82	0	82	HDPE Bck.	2
3-BottomAsh	8/9/96	1645	Bottom Ash	<2	14	6.5	91	0	91	HDPE Bck.	2
1-Flyash	8/7/96	910/1610	ESP Flyash	-60 mesh	7	1-17 (3)	47	6	50 grams each	120 ml	6
2-Flyash	8/8/96	909/1620	ESP Flyash	-60 mesh	8	0.5-30	101.5	7	50 grams each	glass jars	6
3-Flyash	8/9/96	919/1500	ESP Flyash	-60 mesh	6	5-46	133	7	50 grams each	w/ plast. tids	6
1-Limestone	8/7/96	1830	Limest'n Solids	<2	25	4.3	107	0	107	HDPE Bck.	2
2-Limestone	8/8/96	1330	Limest'n Solids	<2	25	4.7	118	0	118	HDPE Bck.	2
3-Limestone	8/9/96	1430	Limest'n Solids	<2	24	4.3	104	0	104	HDPE Bck.	2
1-Gypsum	8/7/96	821/1429	Gypsum Solids	-8 mesh	7	10-11	74	3	9	Plastic Bag	1
2-Gypsum	8/8/96	930/1330	Gypsum Solids	-8 mesh	3	24-25	73	3	10	Plastic Bag	1
3-Gypsum	8/9/96	1005/1445	Gypsum Solids	-8 mesh	3	24-25	74	3	10	Plastic Bag	1
1-FGD Sludge	8/8/96	750/825	FGD Sludge	NA	8	1	8	0	8	Plastic Bag	2
2-FGD Sludge	8/9/96	810/830	FGD Sludge	NA	8	0.38	3	0	3	Plastic Bag	2
1-Brine	8/7/96	1446/1620	Brine Product	NA	3	400 ml	1.2 liters	0	500 ml. x 2	AW-500ml	2
2-Brine	8/8/96	808/1613	Brine Product	NA	9	400 ml	3.6 liters	0	500 ml. x 2	AW-500ml	2
3-Brine	8/9/96	800/1517	Brine Product	NA	8	400 ml	3.2 liters	0	500 ml. x 2	AW-500ml	2
1-PWRF	8/7/96	801/1610	PWRF Outlet	NA	9	400 ml	3.6 liters	0	500 ml. x 2	AW-500ml	2
2-PWRF	8/8/96	805/1610	PWRF Outlet	NA	9	400 ml	3.6 liters	0	500 ml. x 2	AW-500ml	2
3-PWRF	8/9/96	756/1513	PWRF Outlet	NA	8	400 ml	3.2 liters	0	500 ml. x 2	AW-500ml	2
1-WWTP IN	9/9/96	1600/2400	WWTP Inlet	NA	9	400 ml	3.6 liters	0	500 ml. x 2	AW-500ml	2
2-WWTP IN	9/9/96	1600/2400	WWTP Inlet	NA	9	400 ml	3.6 liters	0	500 ml. x 2	AW-500ml	2
1-WWTP OUT	9/9/96	1600/2400	WWTP Outlet	NA	9	400 ml	3.6 liters	0	500 ml. x 2	AW-500ml	2
2-WWTP OUT	9/9/96	1600/2400	WWTP Outlet	NA	9	400 ml	3.6 liters	0	500 ml. x 2	AW-500ml	2
1-Coalpile	9/9/96	1600/2400	Coalpile Run-Off	NA	9	400 ml	3.6 liters	0	500 ml. x 2	AW-500ml	2
2-Coalpile	9/9/96	1600/2400	Coalpile Run-Off	NA	9	400 ml	3.6 liters	0	500 ml. x 2	AW-500ml	2
1-Sludge	9/10/96	1000	WWTP Sludge	NA	8	200 grams	3.5	0	3.5	Plastic Bag	2
2-Sludge	9/10/96	1030	WWTP Sludge	NA	8	200 grams	3.5	0	3.5	Plastic Bag	2

NA -- not applicable

HDPE -- high density polyethylene

AW -- acid-washed HDPE Nalgene sample bottles

All solid stream sample collection and preparation procedures were in accordance with ASTM D2234 and ASTM D2013.

Notes:

(1) Sample top size defined as smallest screen opening in which less than 5% of sample is retained.

(2) Minimum sample size for laboratory analysis based on ASTM D2234.

(3) Isokinetic sampling of the flyash resulted in varying increment sample sizes based on ESP hopper evacuation intervals. Each increment was riffled on-site to a sample size less than or equal to 50 grams and composited with other 50 gram increments from that test period to obtain a single 50 gram test sample.

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test program coal mill 2A3 was not in service. As-fired coal samples representative of a complete cross-section of the unpulverized coal feed to the mills was obtained using each belt feeder's coal sampling system. After activating the coal sampling system, a 5 lb sample is provided within one minute.

The coal burned during this test program was a 50/50 split of raw and pre-cleaned Western Pennsylvania bituminous coal, pre-crushed to a top size of less than 5/8 inch and supplied by CONSOL from its Pittsburgh seam. The fact that 50% of the coal was raw and not pre-cleaned was revealed only after the program was completed. As a result, ASTM D2234 specifications for pre-cleaned coal was used (similar to the May 1994 baseline test program), which call for a minimum of 15 sampling increments of at least two pounds each for a total minimum sample size of 30 pounds to be taken. For the inorganic test period (8/7-9/96), each belt feeder sampler was activated once per hour over a seven to eight-hour period providing 24 increments and a gross sample size of approximately 120 pounds. For gross sample sizes of more than 30 pounds ASTM D2234 allows for the sample to be properly size reduced to 30 pounds, e.g. riffled, before any reduction in the sample top size is necessary. Two sample splits were made on-site using the plant's large rifflers in accordance with ASTM D2013. Coal samples obtained during the organic test period (8/12-13/96) were for ultimate/proximate analysis only and, as such, were not collected as frequently for a total of 12-18 increments.

COAL FLOW MEASUREMENTS. As the coal travels from the coal bunkers to the mills, a gravimetric scale on each mill belt feeder determines the weight of coal that passes over the belt scale section. A digital totalizer on each mill tracks the amount of coal supplied to the mills. Plant personnel, however, revealed that the belt scales have not been providing reliable fuel flow data since they were installed due to an inherent mechanical problem. As a result, an alternate method of calculating the fuel flow rates was performed. Pitot flow rates from the ESP outlet multi-metals and semi-VOST tests were determined to accurately represent flue gas flow rates at this location, and were combined with a calculated EPA Method 19 fuel "F" factor to obtain fuel flow rates.

2.2.2.2 Bottom Ash

Bottom ash from Unit 2 is batch sluiced approximately once per shift and conveyed to a hydrobin where the bottom ash solids are dewatered. The sluice procedure takes about 30 minutes. The liquids used in sluicing are continually recirculated in a closed-loop system that is assumed to be at equilibrium with the bottom ash solids and therefore an insignificant output stream of target trace elements. Solids are periodically emptied from the bottom ash storage silo into a transport truck and dumped at an off-site disposal area for utilization as an anti-skid material. Obtaining a "dry" bottom ash sample prior to the sluicing operation is not possible;

therefore, representative samples were collected from the pile after the bottom ash solids are dumped.

Prior to the start of each day's test activities for the inorganic test period, the bottom ash was sluiced and the solids in the hydrobin emptied. Throughout the test day, the ash was sluiced normally. Following testing, the sluiced bottom ash solids were emptied into the transport truck, dumped at the off-site disposal area, and sampled that day. The bottom ash pile was divided into 14 cross-sections and one 6-7 pound increment shovel full was removed from the center of each cross-section. The entire daily gross sample was sent to the laboratory in two plastic buckets.

BOTTOM ASH FLOW MEASUREMENTS. The total weight of bottom ash generated for each test day was determined by obtaining a tare and final weight of the transport truck. NYSEG and the truck company conducted the weighings.

2.2.2.3 ESP Flyash

The ESP is equipped with eight hoppers. The collected flyash from each hopper is periodically emptied and conveyed to a storage silo. An insitu sampler designed by CONSOL to collect a representative ash sample automatically extracts flyash isokinetically from the main discharge line between the ESP hoppers and storage silo. Prior to the start of each test day, the hoppers were emptied. Throughout the test day, the hoppers were evacuated into the silo in accordance with normal operation.

As hoppers discharge during each inorganic test day, representative flyash sample increments were collected into clean 5-gallon plastic buckets by the extractive sampling system. Following a 45-60 minute sampling interval, the bucket located inside the extractive system was replaced with an empty one. Increment sample sizes varied from 0.5 to 46 pounds depending on hopper discharge cycles. Six to 8 increments were collected over a 6-7 hour test period.

Each increment was size reduced as necessary and combined with the other daily increments. The flyash top size is assumed to be at most -60 mesh so daily samples were riffled according to ASTM D2013 to six 50 gram portions stored in 120 ml glass jars for each test day.

ESP FLYASH FLOW MEASUREMENTS. ESP flyash flow rates were calculated from the EPA Method 5 particulate test results from the ESP inlet and outlet.

2.2.2.4 Limestone Solids

From the limestone pile located outside of the FGD building, conveyor belts transport limestone to day silos that can store up to a 2-day supply of material. Limestone from the day silos are conveyed through belt feeders and dropped into ball mills where it is crushed and combined with reclaim water (gypsum slurry water) to obtain limestone slurry. Storage tanks provide a constant stream of limestone slurry to the absorber modules. Since the same limestone slurry is sent to both Unit 1 and Unit 2's absorbers, no attempt will be made to isolate the limestone solids intended for Unit 2 from those intended for Unit 1.

Samples of the limestone solids were collected from an intermediate pile located near the main limestone pile outside the FGD building. The intermediate pile was formed each day by tractor above a hopper supplying limestone to the day silo conveyor belts. The perimeter of the pile was divided into 24-25 cross-sections and 4-5 pound shovel full increments were removed from the center of each cross-section. The entire daily gross sample was sent to the laboratory in two plastic buckets.

The limestone is considered to be fairly uniform and homogeneous. As a result, the collection of limestone prior to the day silo as opposed to prior to the absorber is not expected to affect the representative nature of the limestone samples.

LIMESTONE SOLID FLOW RATE. Hourly limestone slurry flow rates into the Unit 2 absorber module and percent slurry solids values were averaged over each daily test period from FGD control room data logs. The limestone solids flow rate into the absorber was then calculated by combining the average slurry flow rate and density results.

2.2.2.5 Gypsum Solids

The gypsum slurry leaving the Unit 2 absorber is first treated by the primary hydroclones to separate out the larger particles (gypsum solids) which are dewatered in the centrifuges to produce the gypsum product. After primary hydroclone separation, gypsum water is treated by secondary hydroclones which produce clarified water (clear) consisting of only very fine particles. The clarified water may either return to the limestone ball mills as reclaim water, the absorber module as flushing water, or the FGD blowdown treatment plant as overflow. The medium size particles (untreated limestone) separated by the secondary hydroclones are combined with the gypsum water that was removed by the centrifuges and stored in the filtrate tank as make-up water for the absorber module.

Unit 2 gypsum product is removed from the FGD building by a conveyor to an enclosed building for off-site truck removal. Unit 2 centrifuges produce gypsum in batches every 15

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minutes and was isolated from Unit 1's gypsum solids. The gypsum solids contained 14-16% moisture. A plastic scoop was used to collect a complete cross-section of the gypsum solids as they fell from the baskets onto the conveying system. For the first day of the inorganic test period, seven 10-11 pound increments were collected. For the second and third days, only three increments were collected at 24-25 pounds each due to intermittent gypsum solids production. Daily gross sample sizes of 73-74 pounds were coned, quartered and split using a large plastic tarp. Nine to 10 pound daily samples were sent to the laboratory in plastic bags.

GYPSUM SOLIDS FLOW RATE. The gypsum solids flow rate was calculated from the difference between the average flow rate of gypsum slurry entering the centrifuges and that leaving, combined with an average slurry percent solids value. There is no feasible method for determining the amount of solids that are separated with the gypsum water by the centrifuges and sent to the filtrate tank. As a result, this means of calculating a gypsum solids flow rate slightly overestimates gypsum output. Based on a solids mass balance around the FGD process, this overestimation was considered negligible. Centrifuge flow rates and gypsum slurry density values were averaged over each daily test period from FGD control room data logs.

2.2.3 Liquid/Sludge Sample Streams

FGD input and output liquid process streams were sampled in an effort to close the mass balance for targeted water soluble elements. The following process streams are common to the desulfurization of both Unit 1 and Unit 2's flue gas. There was no way to isolate Unit 2 from Unit 1 for these process streams, as a result, flow rates were adjusted proportionally based on net MW output for both units.

2.2.3.1 **PWRF Outlet Water**

PWRF outlet samples were obtained from a pre-existing tap on the lake discharge line. A 400-ml increment sample was collected into a HDPE sample bottle approximately every hour during the inorganic test period over the course of an eight-hour test window (8 a.m. to 4 p.m.). Increments were combined into a HDPE 1-gallon container and 2-500 ml composites were removed for trace elements and anion analyses. The composite for trace elements was treated with nitric acid to obtain a pH level of 2. Both the metals and anion samples were stored at 4°C. Flow rates for this stream were taken from plant instrumentation.

2.2.3.2 **Brine Product**

Clarified water from the gypsum slurry secondary hydroclones is sent through a continuous treatment process that removes solids and metal hydroxides prior to being concentrated in a brine concentrator (if operating). The distillate water is recycled back to the

FGD absorber make-up water tank. For this test program, the brine concentrator was not in operation, as a result, samples of the unconcentrated CaCl_2 brine product feed water was collected prior to its discharge into the plant's PWRP system. Samples were collected in the same manner as the PWRP outlet water samples during the inorganic test period. Flow rates for this stream were taken from FGD control room data logs.

Daily samples of the treatment additives were also collected during the inorganic test period and archived for future consideration.

2.2.3.3 FGD Blowdown Treatment Heavy Metal Sludge

The solids contained in the clarified water and absorber blowdown streams entering the treatment system are removed by the treatment process and sent to a filter press that produces the heavy metal sludge. The sludge is deposited into a large bin and trucked off-site for landfill disposal. A single filter press operation produces one load of sludge in 4 hours. For this test program, sludge production was set-up to be a continuous operation that produced approximately 6 loads per day. FGD sludge production was suspended after the second day due to operational problems. Sludge samples were extracted from the sludge pile on the mornings of 8/8/96 and 8/9/96 corresponding to sludge produced the day before. Using a 1" PVC pipe approximately 10' long, four to six-inch long core samples were obtained at 4 sample points spaced along the center axis of the pile. Two core samples were taken at each sample point (for a total of eight core samples), first with the PVC pipe oriented vertically and second with the pipe at an angle of approximately 60° . Increment weights ranged from 0.4 to 1 pound based on sludge moisture levels. Increments were combined for a total daily sample size of 3-8 pounds and stored at $<4^\circ\text{C}$ before shipping to the laboratory. The sludge bin was emptied before the test program began and then weighed after the second day of sludge production. The flow rate for forty-eight hours of sludge was proportionally corrected to isolate Unit 2 production from Unit 1 based on unit load distribution.

2.2.4 Wastewater Treatment Plant Sample Steams

The heavy metal wastewater treatment plant inlet and outlet streams were sampled to determine the plant's heavy metal removal efficiency. The coal-pile runoff was sampled to determine its contribution to the heavy metals treatment plant inlet stream. Wastewater treatment sludge samples were taken to determine their general composition as a disposal stream. WWTP samples were taken by plant personnel on 9/9/96 and 9/10/96 following the completion of the main test program after heavy rains produced enough coal-pile run-off to bring the treatment plant on-line.

2.2.4.1 Coal-Pile Runoff

Coal-pile runoff drains into the first-stage catch basin (coal-pile runoff pond) before being sent to the maintenance cleaning water (MCW) holding pond. Samples of the coal-pile runoff were dipped out of the coal-pile runoff pond in the same manner as the PWRF outlet samples. Coal-pile runoff sent to the MCW basin occurs in batches only when needed, and therefore flow rates for this process stream are meaningless.

2.2.4.2 Heavy Metal Treatment Plant Inlet/Outlet

Inlet samples from the MCW holding pond were collected from a tap located on the metals treatment plant inlet line in the same manner as the PWRF outlet water samples.

Outlet samples to the PWRF were collected from the treatment plant outlet weir box in the same manner as the PWRF outlet water samples.

Flow rates for both process streams were obtained from plant data logs.

2.2.4.3 Wastewater Treatment Sludge

The wastewater treatment sludge is produced by the same filter press as the FGD blowdown sludge. Following treatment of the coal-pile runoff on 9/9/96, the treatment sludge was batch produced on 9/10/96 and sampled in the same manner as the FGD blowdown sludge. No flow rate for this stream was obtained.

2.3 TEST SCHEDULE

The test schedule for the mercury speciation test program is given on Table 2-2. All mercury speciation tests were performed on August 7, 8, and 9, 1996. EPA Method 29 and the Ontario-Hydro sampling trains were operated at the ESP outlet/FGD inlet and FGD outlet/stack locations simultaneously for 360 minutes. The TRIS Buffer sample trains were operated following the completion of the Ontario-Hydro testing. TRIS Buffer sampling was conducted for 120 minutes at the FGD outlet and 60 minutes at the FGD inlet due to higher SO₂ concentrations. The Semtech Hg 2000 analyzer was operated each day of the mercury measurements over time intervals that corresponded to Ontario-Hydro and TRIS Buffer sampling periods. Test 1-MESA-IN performed on August 7th was deemed invalid, so two Frontier Geoscience replicates were performed on August 9th at each location in order to have a complete set of simultaneous data.

**TABLE 2-2
TEST SCHEDULE FOR MERCURY SPECIATION TESTING
NYSEG POST-RETROFIT TEST PROGRAM
AUGUST 1996**

Test Number	Date	Time	0800			0900			1000			1100			1200			1300			1400			1500			1600			1700	
			00	15	30	45	00	15	30	45	00	15	30	45	00	15	30	45	00	15	30	45	00	15	30	45	00	15	30	45	00
1-MTLS-IN	08/07/96	0817/1227	[REDACTED]																												
1-MTLS-OUT	08/07/96	0833/1512	[REDACTED]																												
1-MTLS-STK	08/07/96	0817/1441	[REDACTED]																												
1-OH-OUT	08/07/96	0840/1440	[REDACTED]																												
1-OH-STK	08/07/96	0842/1442	[REDACTED]																												
1-TRIS-OUT	08/07/96	1533/1633	[REDACTED]																												
1-TRIS-STK	08/07/96	1515/1715	[REDACTED]																												
1-MESA-OUT	08/07/96	1025/1325	[REDACTED]																												
1-MESA-STK	08/07/96	1050/1350	[REDACTED]																												
2-MTLS-IN	08/08/96	0803/1212	[REDACTED]																												
2-MTLS-OUT	08/08/96	0822/1435	[REDACTED]																												
2-MTLS-STK	08/08/96	0811/1540	[REDACTED]																												
2-OH-OUT	08/08/96	0756/1356	[REDACTED]																												
2-OH-STK	08/08/96	0753/1353	[REDACTED]																												
2-TRIS-OUT	08/08/96	1417/1517	[REDACTED]																												
2-TRIS-STK	08/08/96	1425/1625	[REDACTED]																												
2-MESA-IN	08/08/96	0840/1040	[REDACTED]																												
2-MESA-OUT	08/08/96	0845/1145	[REDACTED]																												
2-MESA-STK	08/08/96	0845/1145	[REDACTED]																												
3-MTLS-IN	08/09/96	0803/1210	[REDACTED]																												
3-MTLS-OUT	08/09/96	0814/1435	[REDACTED]																												
3-MTLS-STK	08/09/96	0815/1507	[REDACTED]																												
3-OH-OUT	08/09/96	0817/1417	[REDACTED]																												
3-OH-STK	08/09/96	0826/1426	[REDACTED]																												
3-TRIS-OUT	08/09/96	1432/1532	[REDACTED]																												
3-TRIS-STK	08/09/96	1520/1720	[REDACTED]																												
3-MESA-IN	08/09/96	0930/1140	[REDACTED]																												
3-MESA-OUT	08/09/96	0845/1145	[REDACTED]																												
3-MESA-STK	08/09/96	0827/1127	[REDACTED]																												
3A-MESA-IN	08/09/96	1340/1540	[REDACTED]																												
3A-MESA-OUT	08/09/96	1245/1545	[REDACTED]																												
3A-MESA-STK	08/09/96	1215/1515	[REDACTED]																												

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2.4 PROCESS OPERATION DURING TESTING

Table 2-3 summarizes the process operating conditions for the inorganic and organic test periods. Operation of Unit 2 during this test program was representative of normal daily operation at or near full load. Opacity levels were in compliance and no ESP operating problems were identified. To obtain maximum uniformity and the most representative samples, steady-state process conditions were maintained throughout each test day with variations in unit load, excess oxygen, and ESP power levels well within acceptable tolerances. Prior to each test day, key operating parameters were stabilized, the bottom ash storage silo was emptied, and the ESP hoppers evacuated.

Unit Load. Load on Unit 2 during this test program was steady within an average range of 147-150 net MW. Main steam flows were around 1100 Klb/hr and total FD fan air flows were between 1000-1100 Klb/hr.

Excess Oxygen. The target boiler O₂ level set prior to the test program was 3.8% ± 0.5%, which matches the target oxygen level set during the baseline test program in May 1994. Excess O₂ levels measured during the inorganic test period were steady at the low end of this target range averaging 3.3% each day. For the organic test period, however, Unit 2 was operated at a lower excess oxygen level averaging 2.8%. The reason for 0.5% lower excess O₂ during the second portion of the test program was not made clear to Carnot. May 1994's excess oxygen levels produced only a minimum amount of CO (8-11 ppm). The somewhat higher CO levels expected to be associated with 0.5% lower excess oxygen are not believed to have had a significant impact on hazardous organic emissions.

Sootblowing. Each morning after the unit load was stabilized and prior to the commencement of sampling, sootblowing was performed. During testing the normal sootblowing schedule was adhered to. Sootblowing schedules for this test program can be found in Appendix C.1.

ESP Operation. Unit 2's ESPs were operated at their peak efficiency with all fields in service. ESP power levels are documented in Appendix C.1.

FGD Operation. FGD SO₂ removal rate was maintained within the target range of 90-95% for the test program. The major process systems of the FGD were operated normally.

Unit operation was documented using plant instrumentation data logs. Data from Unit 2's CEM systems located at the ESP outlet/FGD inlet (SO₂, CO and opacity) and FGD outlet/stack (NO_x, SO₂, and CO₂) were also documented. Plant CO₂ measurements were used

by Carnot for emission calculations. Unit operating data logs can be found in Appendix C.1. Unit CEMS data can be found in Appendix C.2.

TABLE 2-3
UNIT OPERATING CONDITIONS SUMMARY
NYSEG POST-RETROFIT TEST PROGRAM
AUGUST 1996

Test Period	Date	Time	Gross Output, MW	Net Output, MW	Main Steam Flow, Klb/hr	Feedwater Flow, Klb/hr	Total Air Flow (Fans A/B), Klb/hr	Coal Flow Rate, lb/hr ⁽¹⁾	Temperatures, °F				Boiler Opacity, %	FGD Inlet		Plant CEMS		NO _x , ppm (raw)	
									Steam Heater Inlet	Air Heater Inlet	Air Heater Outlet	Air Heater Outlet		SO ₂ , ppm (raw)	SO ₂ , lb/hr	SO ₂ , ppm (raw)	SO ₂ , lb/hr		SO ₂ , Rem
Inorganic Test Period:																			
1	8/7/96	0800/1800	158.6	148.9	1,098	1,044	1,088	114,895	1,004	661	301	3.30	5.81	1,573	5,012	129.4	509.3	89.8%	182.2
2	8/8/96	0800/1800	159.4	149.6	1,105	1,042	1,104	120,199	1,005	662	299	3.29	5.74	1,556	4,989	126.7	502.92	89.9%	194.3
3	8/9/96	0800/1700	158.8	149.1	1,099	1,036	1,101	121,123	1,005	661	295	3.28	5.91	1,605	5,214	107.2	424.83	91.9%	203.1
Organic Test Period:																			
4	8/12/96	0800/1400	157.5	147.7	1,092	1,040	1,039	122,620	1,005	659	296	2.85	6.80	1,588	4,913	93.1	363.67	92.6%	231.0
5	8/12/96	1400/2000	156.6	146.7	1,081	1,012	1,058	120,358	1,005	659	298	2.89	4.99	1,540	4,853	83.1	325.15	93.3%	228.8
6	8/13/96	0800/1900	158.8	149.0	1,100	1,044	1,048	127,694	1,005	658	297	2.76	6.17	1,506	4,674	68.8	267.13	94.3%	240.4

Note

(1) Calculated from Carnot pitot flow rate data and EPA Method 19 F-Factor (reported on an as-received basis)

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SECTION 3.0

SAMPLING AND ANALYTICAL METHODS

This section describes the mercury speciation sampling and analytical methods that were used for this test program. Section 3.6 discusses the analytical approach used for total mercury analysis of the solid and FGD liquid/sludge samples. Section 3.7 explains how non-detected values, blank results and uncertainty calculations were handled. Flow charts are presented in appropriate sections when complex analytical procedures for multi-fraction samples require illustration.

Table 3-1 lists the four sample trains that were used to conduct the mercury speciation flue gas sampling portion of the test program. Table 3-2 summarizes the sample train configurations including train materials and impinger contents. For the remainder of this report, "front-half" of the sample train refers to the section of train before and including the filter and any recovery portions from that section, and "back-half" refers to all train components and their recovery rinses downstream of the filter.

A "Method 5" style out-of-stack filtration sampling train was used at all locations. Borosilicate glass nozzles, probes, and filter holders were used for the mercury speciation tests. Six-foot probes were used at the ESP inlet and outlet locations for EPA Method 29. Four-foot probes were used for the single-point tests. At the stack, 12' probes were used for EPA Method 29 and 4' probes for the single-point tests. Teflon sample lines were used to connect the back of the filter holder to the impingers.

3.1 EPA METHOD 29

The back-half of the EPA Method 29 sample train used on this test program to collect volatile metals which passed through the filter consisted of a Teflon sample line followed by a series of six ice-water chilled impingers. Following an empty stub-stem impinger for moisture removal, the next two impingers contained a 5% nitric acid/10% hydrogen peroxide solution, followed by an empty "middle knockout" impinger to prevent the permanganate solution in the fifth impinger from contaminating the nitric acid impingers. The fifth and sixth impingers contained an acidified potassium permanganate solution to collect any mercury that was not removed by the nitric acid impingers.

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**TABLE 3-1
TEST PROCEDURES FOR MERCURY SPECIATION MEASUREMENTS
NYSEG MILLIKEN UNIT 2 POST-RETROFIT TEST PROGRAM**

Sample Train	Sampling Method	Species Measured	Isokinetic/ Constant Flow Rate	Test Duration*	Traverse Points
1) Multi-Metals	EPA Method 29	Note ⁽¹⁾	Isokinetic	A1: 240 A2,A3: 360	Full Traverse
2) Frontier Geosciences	MESA	Hg(0), Hg(II), Total Hg	Constant Flow Rate	A1: 120 A2,A3: 180	A1,A2: Multi-Point ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ A3: Single Point
3) TRIS	TRIS Buffer Hg Spec. Train	Hg(0), Hg(II), Total Hg	Isokinetic	A2: 60 A3: 120	Single Point ⁽²⁾
4) Ontario-Hydro	Ontario-Hydro Hg Spec. Train	Hg(0), Hg(II), Total Hg	Isokinetic	A2,A3: 360	Single Point ⁽²⁾

Notes: During each test, an O₂ measurement was taken at every sampling point as per EPA 3A via a portable oxygen analyzer. In conjunction with each isokinetic test, velocity and moisture measurements were made according to EPA Methods 2 and 4.

* Key: A1 = ESP Inlet, A2 = ESP Outlet, A3 = Stack

Note:

(1) Al, As, Ba, Be, Ca, Cd, Co, Cr, Cu, Fe, Hg, K, Mg, Mn, Mo, Na, Ni, P, Pb, Sb, Se, Si, Ti, and V.

(2) Replicates alternated ducts concurrently with opposite ESP location (if applicable).

(3) Each replicate traversed entire sample port.

EPA Method 29 samples were recovered into the following fractions:

- 1) Particulate filter - Container No. 1
- 2) Front-half fraction
 - 2a) Acetone rinse and brush - Container No. 2 (ESP inlet samples only)
 - 2b) Nitric acid rinse - Container No. 3
- 3) Back-half empty and nitric acid/peroxide impingers/rinse - Container No. 4
- 4) Nitric acid rinse of middle knockout impinger - Container No. 5A
- 5) Potassium permanganate/sulfuric acid impingers/rinses - Container No. 5B
- 6) Hydrochloric acid rinse of permanganate impingers - Container No. 5C (combined with Container No. 5B at laboratory).

Analytical procedures for trace element determination were based on EPA Method 29 as illustrated in Figure 3-3. Although not specified in the method, major ash elements were added to the list of trace elements required from the EPA 29 sample train in order to complete their

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**TABLE 3-2
MERCURY SPECIATION SAMPLE TRAIN CONFIGURATIONS
NYSEG MILLIKEN UNIT 2 POST-RETROFIT TEST PROGRAM**

Sample Train	Nozzle	Probe	Filter	Out-of-Stack Filter Holder	Sample Line	Impinger Contents					
						#1	#2	#3	#4	#5	
EPA Multi-Metals	BSG	BSG	110 mm Ultrapur quartz fiber	Method 5 BSG, A3:Teflon frit	Teflon	Empty-stub stem	100 ml 5% HNO ₃ /10% H ₂ O ₂	100 ml 5% HNO ₃ /10% H ₂ O ₂	100 ml 4% KMnO ₄ /10% H ₂ SO ₄	100 ml 4% KMnO ₄ /10% H ₂ SO ₄	#6: 100 ml 4% KMnO ₄ /10% H ₂ SO ₄
Frontier Geoscience	N/A	Quartz w/quartz wool at tip	Two KCl/soda-lime traps followed by two iodated carbon traps	N/A	Teflon, 1/8"	Silica gel	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	#7:SG N/A
Ontario-Hydro	BSG	BSG	110mm Ultrapur Quartz fiber	Method 5 BSG, Teflon frit	Teflon	#1, #2, #3: 100ml 1M KCl	#4: 100ml 5% HNO ₃ /10% H ₂ O ₂	#5: 100ml 5% HNO ₃ /10% H ₂ O ₂	#6, #7, #8: 100ml 4% KMnO ₄ /10% H ₂ SO ₄	#9: 300-400g silica gel	
TRIS	BSG	BSG	110mm Ultrapur Quartz fiber	Method 5 BSG, Teflon frit	Teflon	150ml 1M TRIS/10mM EDTA	150ml 1M TRIS/10mM EDTA	150ml 4% KMnO ₄ /10% H ₂ SO ₄	150ml 4% KMnO ₄ /10% H ₂ SO ₄	300-400g silica gel	

Key: BSG = Borosilicate glass N/A = Not applicable

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material balance.

The front-half rinse is acidified with concentrated nitric acid to a pH of 2. Both the front-half and filter are decomposed separately using a nitric acid/hydrofluoric acid microwave digestion procedure to solubilize inorganic target elements and to remove organic constituents that may create analytic interferences. The empty and nitric acid containing impingers catch/rinse is acidified with concentrated HNO₃ to a pH of 2 then decomposed using a nitric acid/peroxide microwave digestion. Aliquots of the decomposed probe wash, filter and nitric-acid impinger catch rinse are combined to achieve the lowest detection limits possible and analyzed for target elements by either graphite furnace atomic absorption (GFAA), hydride generation atomic absorption (HGAA), or inductively coupled plasma-atomic emission spectroscopy (ICP-AES).

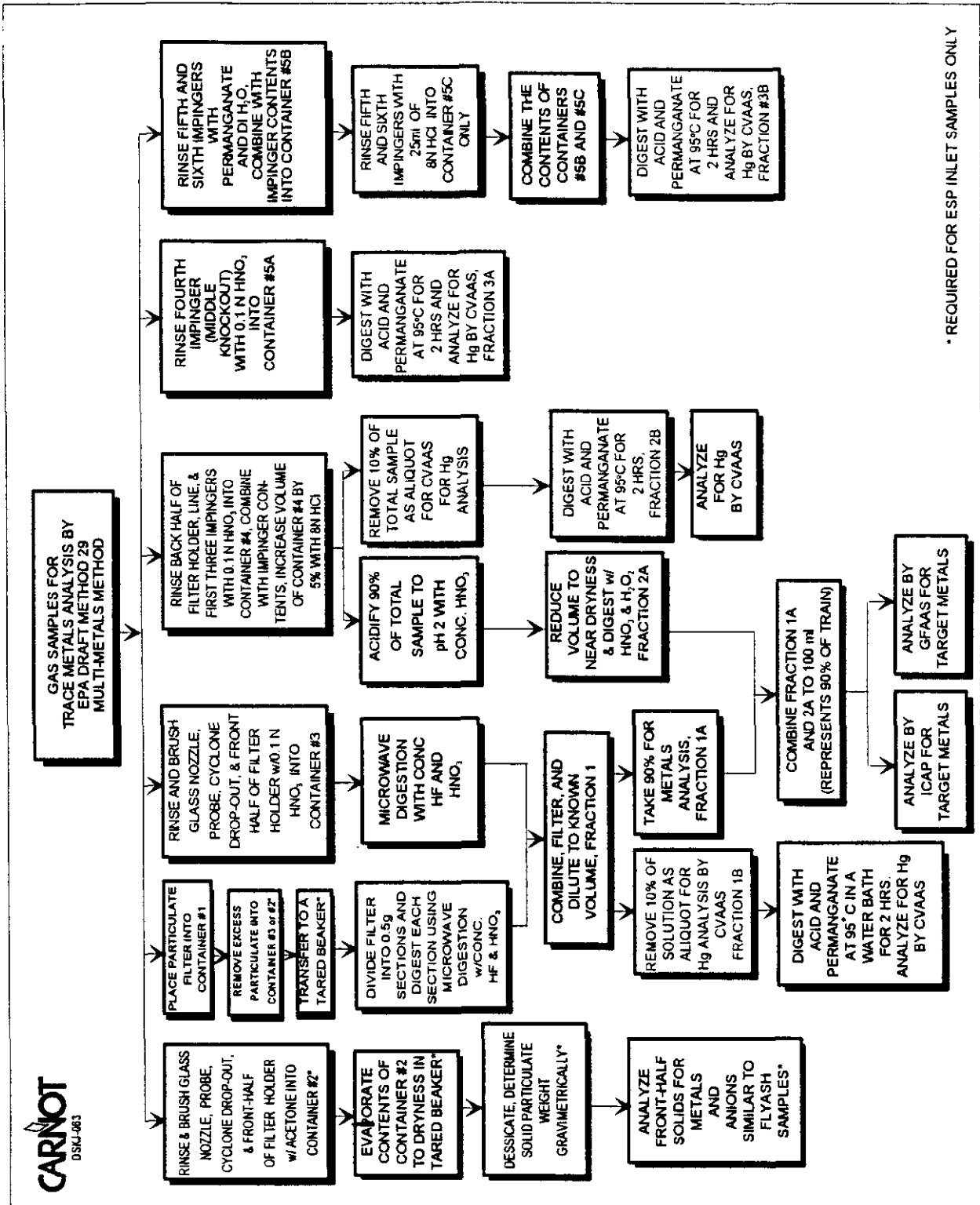
An aliquot of the combined probe wash and filter decomp along with an aliquot taken from the empty and nitric acid containing impinger catch/rinse are digested separately with nitric acid and permanganate and analyzed for mercury by cold vapor atomic absorption spectrophotometry (CVAAS). The middle knockout impinger rinse and the permanganate impinger catch/rinse are decomposed separately with nitric acid and permanganate and analyzed for mercury by CVAAS.

EPA Method 29 trace element results from previously sponsored EPRI and DOE toxic assessment programs for APCD inlet flue gas streams at coal-fired utility stations have shown poor agreement with fuel input and flyash levels. It appears that the generic digestion procedure specified in EPA 29 for the filter and front-half rinse fractions does not adequately solubilize solid-phase inorganic elements contained in large (gram quantity) amounts of particulate. Digesting the solid-portion of the sample train is further complicated when major ash elements are required. Oxides of silicon, aluminum and iron among others contribute 95-100% of Unit 2's flyash total ash content creating a complex refractory matrix. These elements exist in a variety of compounds, a number of which are difficult to solubilize.

To address the limitations of using EPA Method 29 for the ESP inlet samples, the method's recovery and analysis procedures were modified as illustrated in Figure 3-3 by asterisks. Although EPA Method 29 attempts to digest and analyze the entire sample train, when the front-half portion is in gram quantities it should be treated more like a flyash sample. ASTM ash methods allow for representative aliquots to be removed when the sample is less than 50 grams with a top size of -60 mesh or more. This would allow for smaller quantities of ash to be digested differently for different elements as necessary. EPA Method 29's option for obtaining a solid particulate weight from the train's front-half was exercised to correct ash aliquot concentrations to a total train basis. An acetone rinse while brushing was performed on the front-half train components prior to the nitric acid rinse. After placing any loose particulate

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* REQUIRED FOR ESP INLET SAMPLES ONLY

Figure 3-1. EPA Draft Method 29 Multi-Metals Analysis

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found on the filter into the acetone front-half rinses (designated as "probe-rinse solids"), they were evaporated at ambient temperature, desiccated and weighed, as necessary, according to EPA Method 5. The evaporated probe-rinse solids were analyzed for trace and major elements after an EPA 29 nitric acid/HF microwave digestion.

The probe-rinse solids, which include the cyclone catch, constituted approximately 99% of the total collected particulate. The filter, containing the remaining 1%, and the other sample fractions were analyzed according to the same standard procedures used for the ESP outlet and stack samples.

Although EPA Method 29 was never intended as a test method for speciating mercury, Hg(0) and Hg(II) results were reported for informational purposes. The Hg(II) results were taken from the nitric acid front-half rinse, nitric acid/peroxide impingers/rinse, and middle knockout rinse sample fraction results. Results from the permanganate/HCl fraction were reported as Hg(0).

Three reagent blanks, one for each inorganic test day, that include the test filter were analyzed along with the flue gas samples. One field blank for the ESP inlet/outlet location and one for the stack location collected prior to the inorganic test period, in addition to two more field blanks (same locations) collected at the end of the inorganic test period to compare with the "clean glass" field blanks, were also analyzed. The "clean glass" field blank collected at the ESP inlet/outlet was inadvertently lost during analysis. One field blank spiked with all target elements (except mercury) was prepared in the field and submitted to the contract laboratory as a normal sample. Analysis of sample spikes and duplicates were performed for each metal species as required by Method 29 for both groups of ESP inlet/outlet and stack samples.

3.2 FRONTIER GEOSCIENCE MESA METHOD

Frontier Geoscience's mercury speciation absorption (MESA) sampling train selected for this test program is based generally on the sampling train and analytical procedures outlined in the Analytical and Sampling Methods for Mercury Speciation in Flue Gases, Nicolas Bloom, February 1993. This sampling train consists of the following components.

- A quartz sample probe with quartz wool at the tip (to trap excess particulates). The probe pre-packed with wool is supplied and recovered by Frontier Geoscience.

- A series of 2 pairs of tandem solid sorbent traps. The first series of traps contains potassium chloride (KCl) impregnated soda lime granules. The second series of traps contain iodated carbon.
- A section of Teflon tubing to connect the outlet of the final sorbent tube to a container of silica gel.
- A vacuum line to connect the outlet of the silica gel container to a control box.
- A control box containing a dry gas meter calibrated to 1-liter-per-minute, a sample pump, a temperature indicator and other components.

The quartz probe, with quartz wool and sorbent traps on opposite ends, was placed inside a borosilicate probe and heated to prevent moisture condensation prior to the traps. Non-isokinetic sampling was performed to determine only gas-phase mercury species. No field blanks (blank train recovery and analysis) were collected. Trip blank samples of the probe with quartz wool and sorbent tubes were retained for analysis.

Frontier Geosciences analyzed the MESA sample trains for elemental mercury or Hg(0), oxidized mercury or Hg(II), and total Hg. It should be noted that this method is still under evaluation and is considered only in a research and development stage. The KCl/soda lime and iodated charcoal traps were analyzed by a cold vapor atomic fluorescence spectroscopy (CVAFS) technique after appropriate sample treatment. The quartz probes and quartz wool were recovered by the lab (separate probe for each test) and analyzed for total Hg by CVAFS.

The analysis of the solid sorbent traps for mercury speciation was performed by closely following Frontier's standard operating procedures. The iodated carbon traps are leached with hot refluxing 7:3 solution of H₂SO₄:HNO₃ and then diluted with 5% (v/v) BrCl solution. An aliquot of the iodated carbon digest is analyzed for Hg(0) by aqueous phase SnCl₂ reduction, dual gold trap amalgamation and finally detected by CVAFS. The KCl/soda lime traps are first dissolved in a 5% (v/v) HNO₃/0.3 M citric acid solution. For the analysis of Hg(II) in the HNO₃/citrate digest, an additional 10 ml of HCl is added to the HNO₃/citrate digest to ensure all of the Hg(II) is in solution. Then aliquots of this digest is analyzed for Hg(II) by aqueous phase SnCl₂ reduction, dual gold trap amalgamation and finally detected by CVAFS. The analysis of the liquids for total Hg was accomplished by aqueous phase SnCl₂ reduction, dual gold amalgamation and CVAFS detection of appropriate sized aliquots.

All standards are ultimately traceable to the lab stock standard for total Hg supplied by the NIST (formerly NBS). Also, where possible, certified standard materials were analyzed along with the samples.

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3.3 ONTARIO-HYDRO/TRIS BUFFER MERCURY SPECIATION METHODS

The Ontario-Hydro and TRIS Buffer sampling trains are modifications of EPA Method 29 with the only differences being the number and content of the impingers. For the Ontario-Hydro method, the first three impingers contain a potassium chloride (KCl) solution, the fourth and fifth impingers contain a 10% H₂O₂/5% HNO₃ solution, and the last three impingers contain 4% KMnO₄/10% H₂SO₄. For the TRIS Buffer technique, EPA 29's nitric acid/peroxide impinger contents are replaced with a tris(hydroxymethyl) aminomethane buffer solution. Table 3-2 provides the exact sample train configurations for both methods.

Operation of the Ontario-Hydro and TRIS sampling trains followed EPA Method 29 sampling procedures. Both trains were operated at a single-point. The Ontario-Hydro sampling time was six hours to match EPA Method 29's. The TRIS Buffer train was operated for one hour at the ESP outlet and two hours at the stack in order to maintain the pH of the buffer above 6.5. The Ontario-Hydro and TRIS methods were performed simultaneously at both sampling locations and conducted in series.

Samples collected using the Ontario-Hydro method were recovered into the following fractions as shown in Figure 3-2:

- 1) Particulate filter and ash - Container No. 1
- 2) Front-half nitric acid rinse - Container No. 2A
- 3) Back-half nitric acid rinse and potassium chloride impingers and rinses (permanganate, hydrochloric acid, nitric acid) - Container No. 2B
(Container 2A was combined with 2B for analysis on the first replicate)
- 4) Nitric acid/peroxide impingers and rinses (nitric acid) - Container No. 3
- 5) Permanganate/sulfuric acid impingers and rinses (hydrochloric and nitric acids) - Container No. 4

Samples collected using the TRIS Buffer technique were recovered into the following fractions as shown in Figure 3-3:

- 1) Particulate filter and ash - Container No. 1
- 2) Front-half nitric acid rinse - Container No. 2A
- 3) Back-half nitric acid rinse and TRIS impingers and rinses (TRIS, DI H₂O) - Container No. 2B
- 4) Permanganate/sulfuric acid impingers and rinses (hydrochloric and nitric acids) - Container No. 4

Potassium chloride sample fractions were digested using a potassium persulfate digest procedure. Nitric acid/peroxide sample fractions were preserved with 10% HCl, then combined with potassium permanganate until solution remains purple. At this point, hydroxylamine sulfate was added until the solution becomes clear. TRIS sample fractions are digested with potassium persulfate. Hydroxylamine sulfate is added to the potassium permanganate/sulfuric acid sample fractions until solution turns clear. All liquid sample fractions were then analyzed on-site for mercury by CVAAS.

The particulate filter fraction was HCl/HF microwave digested and analyzed at EERC's University of North Dakota laboratory.

For the Ontario-Hydro method, the KCl fraction results are reported as Hg(II), and the remaining fraction results are reported as Hg(0). For the TRIS Buffer technique, the TRIS impinger results are reported as Hg(II), and the $\text{KMnO}_4/\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$ impinger results are reported as Hg(0). Any solid-phase mercury found on the filter is reported as total mercury. Any mercury found in the probe rinses for either method was added to the Hg(II) results from the first set of impingers. Mercury levels in the flyash were found to be just under 0.1 ppm. At this concentration, significant levels of solid phase mercury will not be collected on the front-half portions of the FGD inlet and outlet sample trains given such small levels of flue gas particulate. Mercury analyses of the filters from FGD inlet/outlet TRIS, Ontario-Hydro and EPA Method 29 sample trains found little or no mercury. As a result, any significant levels of mercury found in the front-half rinse of the trains was assumed to be Hg(II) that deposited on the probe/filter holder surfaces due to the lower than optimal probe/filter temperatures of approximately 250°F. Hg(II) is much more likely to deposit on front-half glassware surfaces than Hg(0) at this temperature range.

EERC prepared, recovered, and performed the mercury speciation analysis of the Ontario-Hydro and TRIS Buffer sampling trains. Appendix A contains EERC's protocols for sample train recovery, sample preparation, and analysis procedures.

3.4 SEMTECH HG 2000 ANALYZER

EERC provided a Semtech Hg 2000 instrumental analyzer manufactured by Semtech Metallurgy AB, Lund, Sweden for use at the stack location. The analyzer measures elemental Hg or Hg(0) on a real-time continuous basis using a Zeman-shifted ultraviolet sensor. The Semtech's Zeman-shifted detection technology eliminates interference from SO_2 absorption.

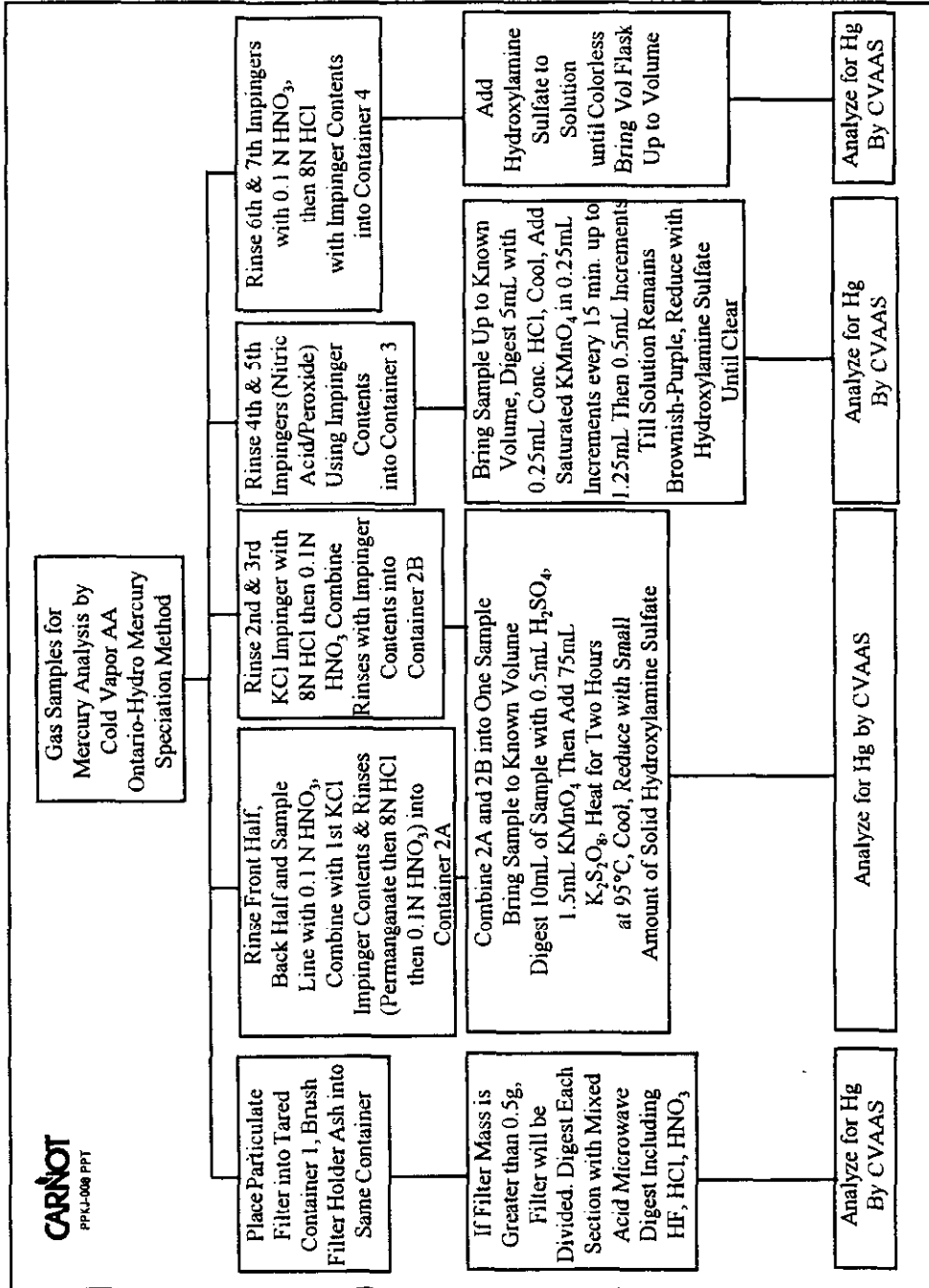


Figure 3-2. Ontario-Hydro Mercury Speciation Analysis

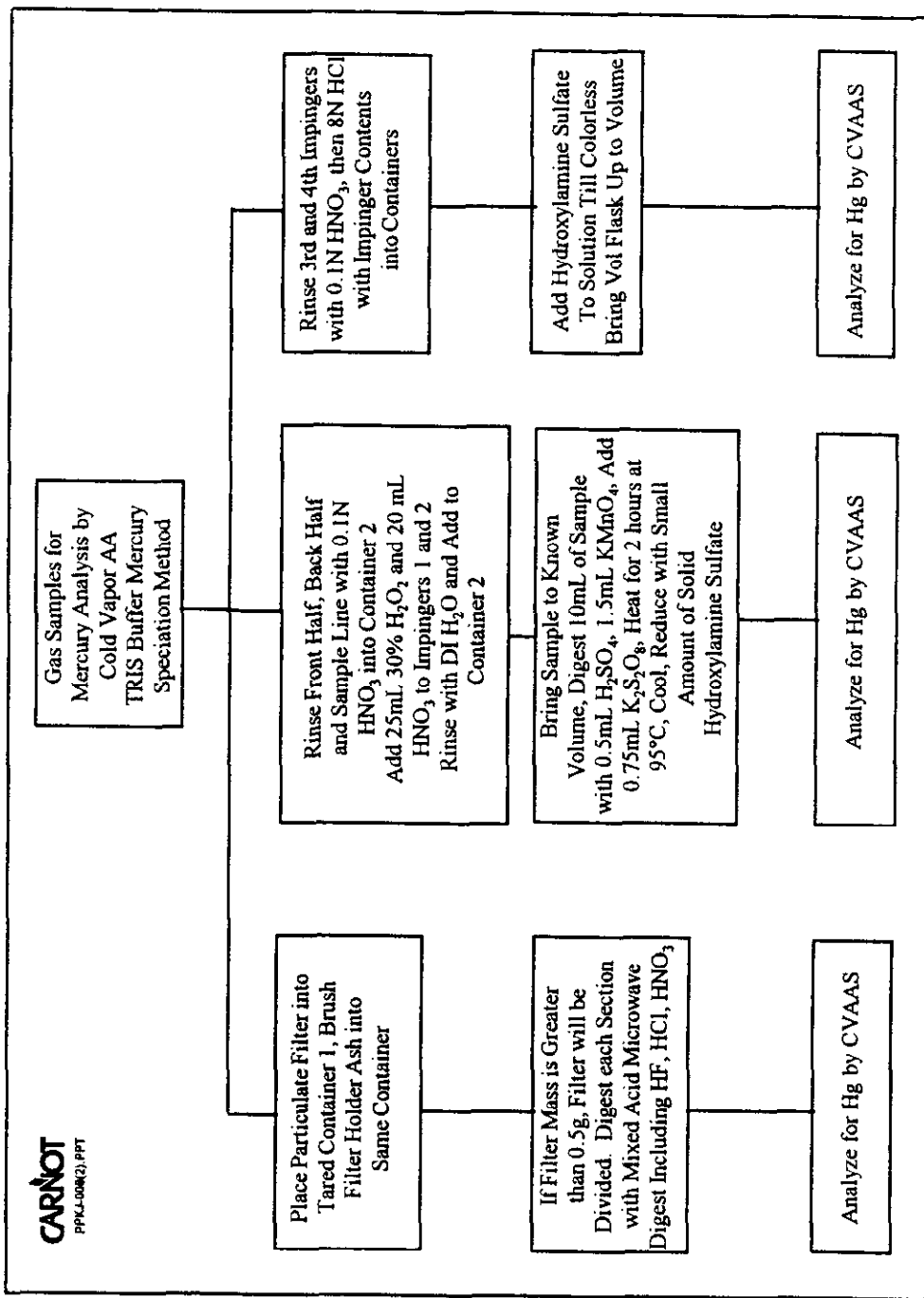


Figure 3-3. TRIS Buffer Mercury Speciation Analysis

A heated glass probe, a teflon sample line, and two ice-chilled TRIS impingers were used to provide dry, Hg(II)-free conditioned flue gas to the analyzer. The Semtech was auto-zeroed and zero-checked on ambient air daily. No span calibrations can be performed. The flow rate to the analyzer was set at approximately 3 L/min and data was logged in 1 minute intervals. Ambient air was used to purge the analyzer between test days. The analyzer was operated each day of the inorganic test period and instrument readings in ug/dscm were averaged over time intervals that corresponded to stack Ontario-Hydro and TRIS Buffer sampling periods.

The Semtech was also operated at the ESP outlet during the second-half of Day 3 (TRIS Buffer sampling period) of the inorganic test period, and for part of the following day; however, the instrument readings were deemed invalid due to detrimental ambient conditions (i.e. high temperature and dust level) at that location that were well beyond the instrument's specifications.

3.5 DILUENT GASES, FLUE GAS VELOCITY, AND MOISTURE

To determine the O₂ levels at each sample location and the integrity of each isokinetic, multi-point test train, a Teledyne portable O₂ analyzer using a paramagnetic cell sampled conditioned flue gas from the outlet of the calibrated orifice on each control box at every sample point. The portable O₂ analyzer's linearity was verified daily using EPA Protocol 1 certified gas standards.

For emission rate calculations, CO₂ levels at the stack were averaged from NYSEG's CEM system for corresponding stack test periods, and then corrected to ESP inlet and outlet test period O₂ values.

Flue gas velocity, moisture and flow rate determinations were performed according to EPA Methods 2 and 4 in conjunction with every full traverse isokinetic test. These methods are described in more detail in Appendix A. For single point tests (i.e. chromium speciation, Frontier Geoscience, Ontario-Hydro, TRIS Buffer, VOST, sulfur oxides, and particle sizing) flow rates for mass emission calculations were taken from corresponding full traverse isokinetic tests.

3.6 PROCESS SAMPLES

Solid samples were analyzed by EERC for total mercury and FGD liquid/sludge samples were analyzed by Zenon Environmental Laboratories for total mercury.

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3.6.1 Solid Samples

Coal feed, bottom ash, flyash, limestone solids, and gypsum solids were analyzed for total mercury using EPA SW846-3051 modified for a closed vessel acid digestion and CVAAS. Sulfuric and nitric acids were used to digest the coal, and nitric acid, HF, and HCl were used to digest the ash and FGD solids. EERC has specially developed a complicated solids digestion procedure that consists of several microwave heating, cooling, and venting steps to obtain clear, solubilized solutions.

3.6.2 Liquid/Sludge Samples

FGD liquid/sludge samples were microwave-assisted acid digested according to EPA Methods 3015/3051 and analyzed for mercury by CVAAS.

3.7 TREATMENT OF NON-DETECTS, BLANK VALUES AND UNCERTAINTY CALCULATIONS

This section describes how blank and non-detect values were treated in presenting results in the test report. A description of how uncertainties were calculated concludes this section.

3.7.1 Non-Detects

The discussion presented below explains how averages, sums and reported emission values were calculated for all species given various combinations of detected and non-detected values.

All values detected. The arithmetic average or sum is taken, as appropriate. No special techniques required.

All values below the detection limit. For individual test runs or species, the data is reported as "ND < (detection limit)." For cases where all three runs are below the detection limit, the average is reported as "ND < (average detection limit)."

Some values are detected and some are non-detects. As an approximation, half of the detection limit will be used for non-detect values and the full value for detects. As an example of averaging, an average for three tests runs with results of 10, 8, and ND < 6 would be 7. As an example for summing (such as for anion fractions), individual species values of 5, 8, ND < 1, and ND < 2 would be summed to provide a value of $5+8+0.5+1$, or 14.5. In reporting these types of sums or averages, no "<" sign is used. The only exception to this rule occurs

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when the average is less than the highest detection limit of the non-detected values. In this case, the average is reported as "ND < (the highest detection limit)." For example, 5, ND < 4 and ND < 3 would be reported as "ND < 4." For calculating APCD removal efficiencies when the inlet stream is reported above the detection limit but the outlet is below, a ">" sign is used with the percent removal value.

3.7.2 Blank Subtractions

The following types of blank subtractions were made from each group of sample trains:

EPA Method 29

A reagent blank including the filter was taken each day for a total three reagent blanks and analyzed separately. Average detected values were subtracted from sample results. No mercury was found in any reagent blanks.

Frontier Geoscience

An average value from two trip blanks were subtracted from detected sample results.

Ontario-Hydro/TRIS Buffer

Daily field blanks taken for each method were subtracted from corresponding daily sample results.

Semtech Hg 2000 Analyzer

Detector and reference zero and span values were adjusted after setting-up the analyzer at the stack location. The analyzer was auto-zeroed and zero-checked on ambient air daily.

3.7.3 Uncertainty Calculations

A 95% confidence interval will be calculated for each average emissions value presented. The interval is expressed as a percentage of the mean. The confidence limits were calculated as follows:

$$\text{Uncertainty @ 95\% CI, \%} = \frac{S_{\bar{x}} * t_{N-1} / \sqrt{N}}{\bar{x}} * 100$$

where:

- \bar{x} = Average sample value three replicates;
- $S_{\bar{x}}$ = Sample standard deviation;
- t_{N-1} = Student "t" factor for a two-tailed distribution at 95% for N-1 degrees of freedom (4.3 for N=3); and
- N = Number of replicates or measurements.

Uncertainty calculations assume the population distribution of each measurement is normally distributed and that the samples collected reflect the true population.

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SECTION 4.0

MERCURY SPECIATION TEST RESULTS

This section presents the results of the mercury speciation test program performed at NYSEG's Milliken Station Unit 2. More detailed results including laboratory analysis summaries can be found in Appendix C. Support data for total mercury measurements in the solids and liquid/sludge process streams are not contained in this report, but can be found in the main report.

4.1 COMPARISON OF MERCURY SPECIATION RESULTS

Table 4-1 provides a summary of the mercury speciation test results and Table 4-2 summarizes the mass balance results. The following key observations were made in regards to this data:

- Although EPA Method 29 has been validated for total mercury in coal combustion flue gas, it is not an accepted method for mercury speciation. The method possess a high bias associated with measuring Hg(II), and therefore a low bias in measuring Hg(0), when in the presence of high levels of SO₂, which oxidizes the Hg(0) as it passes through the nitric acid/peroxide impingers. The EPA Method 29 data from this test program for the FGD inlet is consistent with this phenomenon.
- Excellent agreement (less than 0.5-0.6 ug/Nm³ differences) to good agreement (between 0.6-1.0 ug/Nm³ differences) between the mercury speciation methods performed at the FGD outlet location was seen. Hg(0) results ranged from 2.40-2.94 ug/Nm³, Hg(II) results ranged from 0.15-0.62 ug/Nm³, and total mercury results ranged from 2.66-3.29 ug/Nm³.
- FGD removal efficiencies were consistently between 95-97% for Hg(II) (disregarding EPA Method 29 FGD inlet data) and 60-66% for total mercury.

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TABLE 4-1
SUMMARY OF MERCURY SPECIATION TEST RESULTS
NYSEG POST-RETROFIT TEST PROGRAM -- UNIT 2
AUGUST 1996

Mercury Species	Test Method	Emission Results, ug/Nm ³			ESP Removal Efficiency	FGD Removal Efficiency
		ESP Inlet	ESP Outlet/ FGD Inlet	FGD Outlet		
<u>Hg(0) - Elemental</u>						
	Frontier Geoscience	2.12	2.66	2.94	--	--
	TRIS Buffer	--	2.70	2.71	--	--
	Ontario-Hydro	--	2.28	2.45	--	--
	Semtech Hg 2000 Analyzer	--	NV	2.70	--	--
	EPA Method 29	0.80	1.49	2.40	--	--
<u>Hg(II) - oxidized</u>						
	Frontier Geoscience	6.93	6.82	0.35	2%	95%
	TRIS Buffer	--	4.46	0.15	--	97%
	Ontario-Hydro	--	5.24	0.21	--	96%
	EPA Method 29	7.52	6.23	0.62	17%	90%
<u>TOTAL Hg</u>						
	Frontier Geoscience	9.11	9.56	3.29	--	66%
	TRIS Buffer	--	7.16	2.87	--	60%
	Ontario-Hydro	--	7.52	2.66	--	65%
	EPA Method 29	9.18	7.72	3.02	16%	61%

NV -- not valid. Tests performed at this location were deemed invalid due to detrimental ambient conditions (i.e. temperature and dust level) that were beyond instrument specifications.

TABLE 4-2A
SUMMARY OF TOTAL MERCURY MASS BALANCE RESULTS -- BOILER/ESP
NYSEG POST-RETROFIT TEST PROGRAM -- UNIT 2
AUGUST 1996

Test Method	Mass Balance Results, lb/10 ¹² Btu					Boiler/ESP Mass Balance ⁽¹⁾	ESP Mass Balance ⁽²⁾
	Coal	ESP Inlet	Bottom Ash	Fly Ash	ESP Outlet		
	7.40		0.01	0.57			
Frontier Geosciences		6.97			7.04	103%	109%
TRIS Buffer		NP			5.22	78%	
Ontario-Hydro		NP			5.58	83%	
EPA Method 29		6.96			5.74	85%	91%

Notes:

(1) Boiler/ESP Mass Balance, Output/Input = (Bottom Ash + Flyash + ESP Outlet)/Coal

(2) Mass Balance, ESP = (Flyash + ESP Outlet)/ESP Inlet

TABLE 4-2B
SUMMARY OF TOTAL MERCURY MASS BALANCE RESULTS -- FGD
NYSEG POST-RETROFIT TEST PROGRAM -- UNIT 2
AUGUST 1996

Test Method	Mass Balance Results, lb/10 ¹² Btu					FGD Mass Balance (Outputs/Inputs)
	INPUTS		OUTPUTS			
	FGD Inlet	Limestone	FGD Sludge	Gypsum	FGD Outlet	
		0.04	0.30	2.77		
Frontier Geosciences	7.04				2.49	79%
TRIS Buffer	5.22				2.14	99%
Ontario-Hydro	5.58				2.01	90%
EPA Method 29	5.74				2.31	93%

Note: No mercury was detected in FGD liquid streams.

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- For the FGD inlet mercury speciation results, excellent agreement can be seen, between valid Hg(0) measurements with values ranging between 2.28-2.70 ug/Nm³. The Frontier Geoscience method yielded Hg(II), and therefore total mercury results, that were 2.0-2.1 ug/Nm³ higher than average results from other comparable methods. The Frontier Geoscience method has been shown to possess a high bias for Hg(II) when sampling in the presence of high levels of SO₂ from the conversion of Hg(0) on the KCl/soda lime traps. This would mean, however, that Frontier's Hg(0) results should be biased low, which does not appear to be the case.

TRIS Buffer and Ontario-Hydro values are in good agreement for Hg(II); and TRIS, Ontario-Hydro, and EPA Method 29 are in excellent agreement for total mercury.

- The Frontier Geoscience and EPA Method 29 results for the ESP inlet location matched at 7.0 lb/10¹²Btu which amounts to 94% of the total mercury found in the coal. These two methods are not expected to match, however, at this location because of the significant levels of solid mercury present, and the fact that the Frontier sample train is not designed to representatively collect it. Solid-phase mercury accounted for approximately 10% of the total mercury found in the EPA Method 29 sample trains, suggesting that the Frontier Geoscience ESP inlet results may be biased high by at least 10%. Agreement between ESP inlet and outlet mercury levels is expected for the Frontier method, which suggests that the ESP outlet results are also biased high by at least 10%. Given this and the excellent agreement among wet chemical ESP outlet mercury levels, it appears that the coal mercury result is also biased high by 10-20%.
- Boiler/ESP mass balance results using Frontier Geoscience, TRIS Buffer, Ontario-Hydro, and EPA Method 29 mercury values yielded 104%, 79%, 84%, and 86% agreement, respectively, between process streams. FGD mass balance results for the same order of methods were 79%, 99%, 90%, and 93%, respectively.
- Excellent FGD mass balance results for the wet chemical mercury speciation methods, and the agreement between all FGD outlet values supports the conclusion that the Frontier Geoscience ESP outlet/FGD inlet and coal mercury levels are biased high by 10-20%.

Daily comparisons of mercury speciation method results are presented in Table 4-3 and illustrated in Figure 4-1 and Figure 4-2. Unit or ESP/FGD operation is not considered a factor in any apparent differences in daily mercury speciation results. In general, mercury speciation results are fairly consistent from day to day. An interesting trend can be seen for the FGD inlet TRIS Buffer and Ontario-Hydro results. For Hg(0) the TRIS method is consistently higher than the Ontario-Hydro with differences ranging from 8.5-24% for an average of 18%; but consistently lower than the Ontario-Hydro method for Hg(II) ranging from 83-88% of Ontario-Hydro values. Since total mercury for both methods agree, there appears to be a bias of some sort associated with one or both of the method's speciation capabilities. SO₂ interferences would be considered a likely candidate for such a bias; however, a similar trend can be seen for the FGD outlet Hg(0) data in which the TRIS Buffer results are 2-23% higher than Ontario-Hydro values (Hg(II) levels measured at the FGD outlet are too low for any comparative conclusions to be drawn).

Appendix C.7 contains the data trend charts for the Semtech Hg analyzer. For Test 1 on 8/7/96, Hg(0) Semtech results averaged 2.3 ug/Nm³ but ranged between 1 and 5 ug/Nm³. For Test 2, Semtech results averaged 3.2 ug/Nm³ but only ranged between 1.5 and 4 ug/Nm³; and for Test 3 average results were 2.6 ug/Nm³ and the range was 1.5 to 3.5 ug/Nm³.

4.2 DETAILED MERCURY SPECIATION METHOD RESULTS

The following tables present detailed mercury speciation test results for each method:

- Table 4-4: EPA Method 29 Mercury Emission Results
- Table 4-5: Frontier Geoscience Mercury Speciation Test Results -- ESP Inlet
- Table 4-6: Frontier Geoscience Mercury Speciation Test Results -- ESP Outlet
- Table 4-7: Frontier Geoscience Mercury Speciation Test Results -- Stack
- Table 4-8: TRIS Buffer and Ontario-Hydro Mercury Speciation Test Results -- ESP Outlet/FGD Inlet
- Table 4-9: TRIS Buffer and Ontario-Hydro Mercury Speciation Test Results -- FGD Outlet/Stack
- Table 4-10: Semtech Hg 2000 Analyzer Test Results

For almost all sets of mercury speciation measurements, agreement between replicates for the EPA Method 29, Frontier Geoscience, TRIS Buffer, and Ontario-Hydro methods was excellent (95% CI uncertainties of less than 50%) when emission levels were measured above 0.5 ug/Nm³. Poor agreement (uncertainties above 150%) was seen for Frontier Geoscience

TABLE 4-3
DAILY COMPARISONS OF MERCURY SPECIATION RESULTS
NYSEG POST-RETROFIT TEST PROGRAM
AUGUST 1996

Parameter	Mercury Speciation Result, ug/Nm ³								
	Test 1, 8/7/96		Test 2, 8/8/96		Test 3, 8/9/96		Average		
	FGD Inlet	FGD Outlet	FGD Inlet	FGD Outlet	FGD Inlet	FGD Outlet	FGD Inlet	FGD Outlet	
Hg(0) - Elemental									
Frontier Geoscience	NA ⁽¹⁾	2.79	1.49	2.88	3.25 ⁽²⁾	3.05 ⁽³⁾	2.66	2.94	
TRIS Buffer	2.17	2.51	2.69	2.90	3.24	2.73	2.70	2.71	
Ontario-Hydro	2.00	2.33	2.25	2.35	2.60	2.68	2.28	2.45	
Semtech Hg 2000 Analyzer	NA ⁽²⁾	2.34	NA ⁽²⁾	3.12	NA ⁽²⁾	2.63	NA	2.70	
EPA Method 29	1.06	2.27	1.66	2.69	1.75	2.23	1.49	2.40	
Hg(II) - Oxidized									
Frontier Geoscience	NA ⁽¹⁾	0.27	8.37	0.40	6.05 ⁽²⁾	0.36 ⁽³⁾	6.82	0.35	
TRIS Buffer	4.64	0.18	4.71	0.23	4.03	0.03	4.46	0.15	
Ontario-Hydro	5.25	0.31	5.59	0.16	4.88	0.16	5.24	0.21	
EPA Method 29	5.86	0.46	7.21	0.56	5.63	0.83	6.23	0.62	
TOTAL Hg									
Frontier Geoscience	NA ⁽¹⁾	3.06	9.87	3.29	9.37 ⁽²⁾	3.41 ⁽³⁾	9.56	3.29	
TRIS Buffer	6.81	2.69	7.40	3.14	7.27	2.76	7.16	2.87	
Ontario-Hydro	7.25	2.63	7.84	2.51	7.48	2.84	7.52	2.66	
EPA Method 29	6.92	2.74	8.86	3.25	7.38	3.07	7.72	3.02	

NA -- data not available

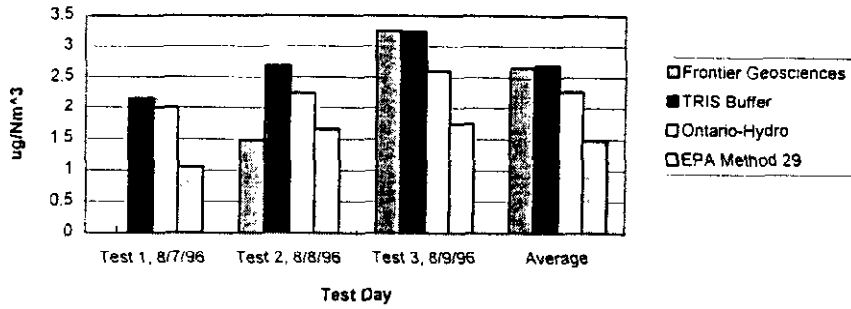
Notes:

(1) Test run invalid due to low mercury levels reported by the laboratory.

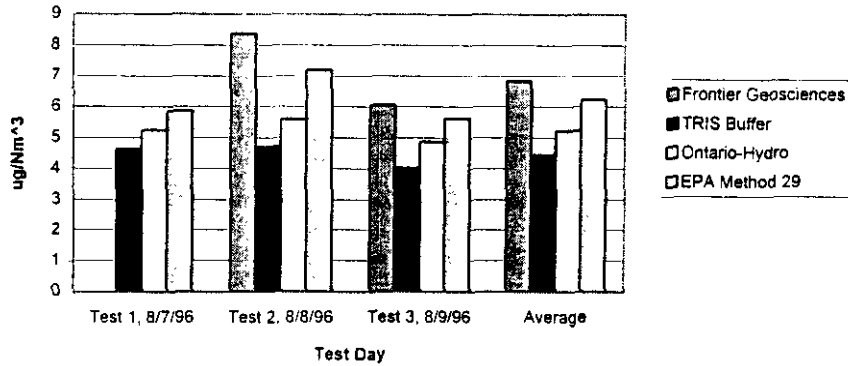
(2) Semtech tests performed at this location were deemed invalid due to detrimental ambient conditions.

(3) Results presented are an average of two sample runs performed on this day.

Hg(0) - Elemental, FGD Inlet



Hg(II) - Oxidized, FGD Inlet



Total Hg, FGD Inlet

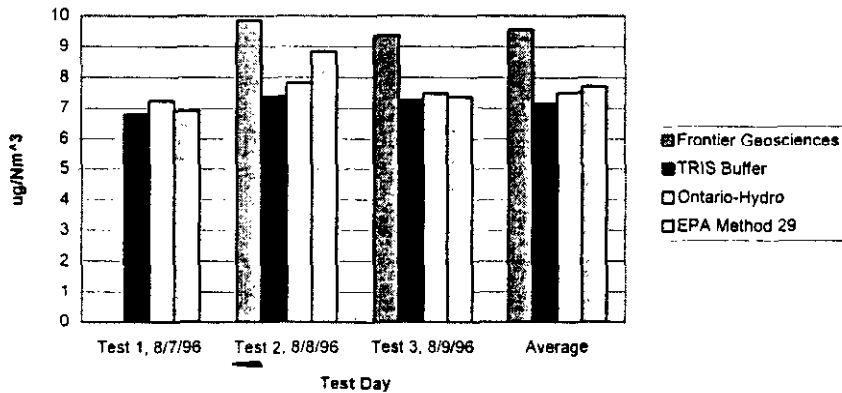


Figure 4-1. Comparison of Daily Mercury Speciation Method Results for FGD Inlet

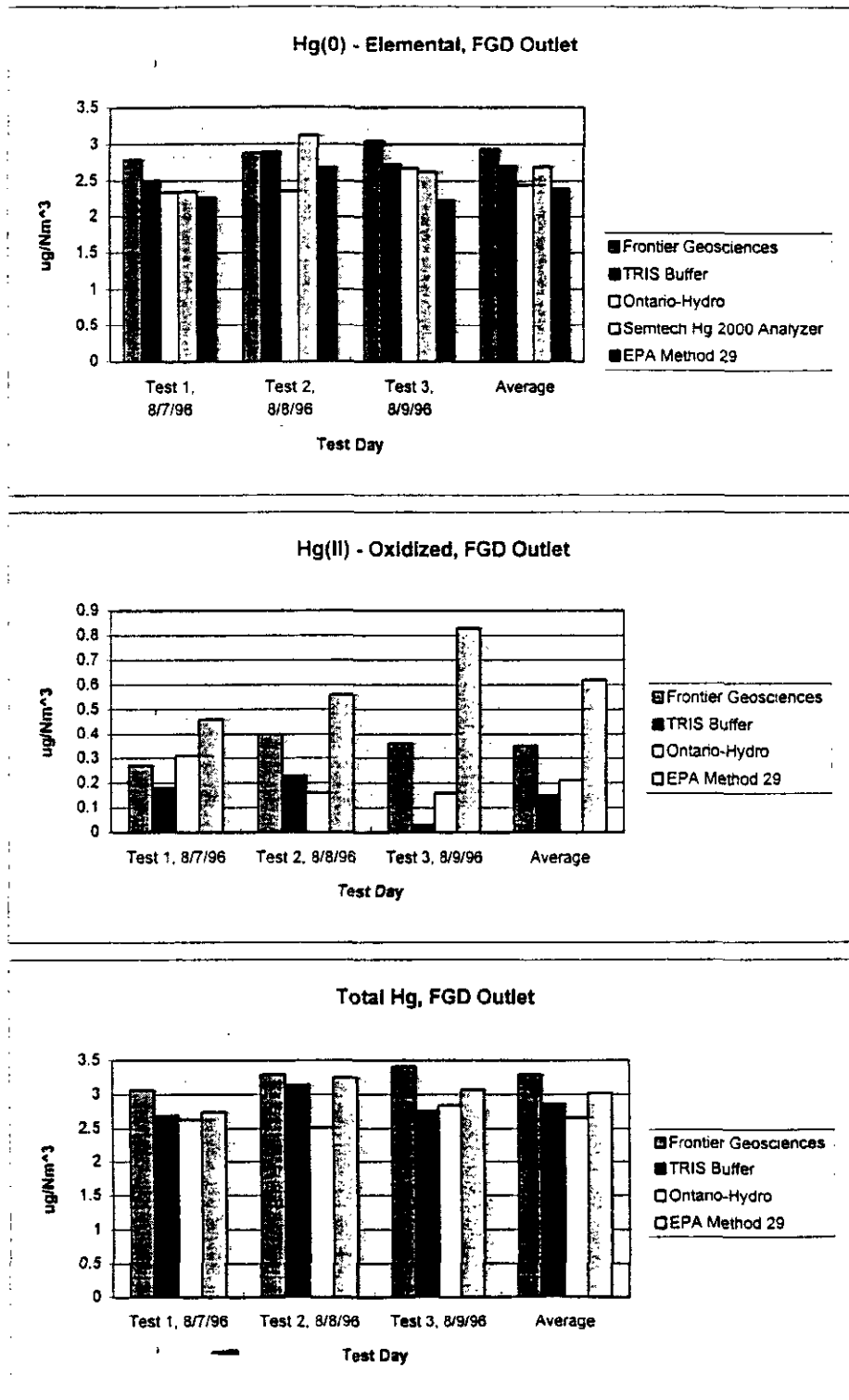


Figure 4-2. Comparison of Daily Mercury Speciation Method Results for FGD Outlet

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replicate results for Hg(0) at the ESP inlet and ESP outlet/FGD inlet locations, which could be due to the high levels of SO₂ present at these locations.

4.3 MERCURY SPECIATION METHODS QUALITY ASSURANCE/QUALITY CONTROL DATA

Tables 4-11 and 4-12 present the quality assurance/quality control results for EPA Method 29, Frontier Geoscience, TRIS Buffer, and Ontario-Hydro test methods.

No significant levels of mercury were found in any of the method's trip, reagent or field blanks.

TABLE 4-4
EPA METHOD 29 MERCURY EMISSION RESULTS
NYSEG POST-RETROFIT TEST PROGRAM
AUGUST 1996

Parameter	ESP INLET			ESP OUTLET/FGD INLET			FGD OUTLET/STACK		
	1-MTLS-IN	2-MTLS-IN	3-MTLS-IN - AVERAGE	1-MTLS-OUT	2-MTLS-OUT	3-MTLS-OUT - AVERAGE	1-MTLS-STK	2-MTLS-STK	3-MTLS-STK - AVERAGE
Date	8/7/96	8/8/96	8/9/96	8/7/96	8/8/96	8/9/96	8/7/96	8/8/96	8/9/96
Pilot Flow Rate, dscfm	325,318	340,247	327,659	323,354	331,647	330,081	358,067	358,779	362,692
Sample Volume, dscf	137.91	144.70	135.15	221.74	219.80	216.78	241.79	253.28	254.55
Fuel Factor, dscf/10 ³ Btu	13,106	12,740	13,355	12,920	12,740	12,723	13,157	13,088	13,328
O ₂ , %	5.60	5.10	5.79	5.38	5.10	5.04	5.66	5.52	5.76
CO ₂ , %	13.86	13.94	13.64	14.06	13.94	14.32	13.81	13.57	13.68
H ₂ O, %	8.5	8.7	8.5	8.3	8.4	8.1	14.4	14.8	14.3
Elemental Mercury -- Hg(I)									
ug/Nm ³	0.80	0.76	0.84	1.06	1.66	1.75	2.27	2.69	2.23
lb/hr	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.003	0.003	0.003
lb/10 ³ Btu	0.61	0.56	0.65	0.80	1.23	1.29	1.74	2.05	1.73
Oxidized Mercury -- Hg(II)									
ug/Nm ³	7.33	8.41	6.82	5.86	7.21	5.63	0.46	0.56	0.83
lb/hr	0.008	0.010	0.008	0.007	0.008	0.006	0.001	0.001	0.001
lb/10 ³ Btu	5.59	6.22	5.29	4.40	5.34	4.16	0.36	0.43	0.64
Total Mercury									
ug/Nm ³	9.04	10.06	8.44	6.92	8.86	7.38	2.74	3.25	3.07
lb/hr	0.010	0.012	0.010	0.008	0.010	0.008	0.003	0.004	0.004
lb/10 ³ Btu	6.88	7.45	6.55	5.20	6.56	5.46	2.09	2.47	2.38
Mercury Removal Efficiency									
				23.4%	11.9%	12.6%	60.4%	63.3%	58.4%
Uncertainty @ 95% CI									
				22.1%			32.7%		21.4%
Uncertainty @ 95% CI, ug/Nm³									
				2.02			2.52		0.65

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TABLE 4-5
FRONTIER GEOSCIENCE MERCURY SPECIATION TEST RESULTS
NYSEG POST-RETROFIT TEST PROGRAM -- ESP INLET
AUGUST 1996

Test Number	2-MESA-IN	3-MESA-IN	3A-MESA-IN	AVERAGE			Uncertainty
Date	8/8/96	8/9/96	8/9/96				@95%CI
Pitot Flow Rate, dscfm	340,247	327,659	329,486				
Sample Volume, dscf	1.64	1.71	1.97				
Fuel Factor, dscf/10 ⁶ Btu	13,628	13,019	12,877				
O ₂ , %	6.13	5.40	5.23				
CO ₂ , %	12.93	13.64	13.75				

Element	ug/Nm ³	ug/Nm ³	ug/Nm ³	ug/Nm ³	lb/hr	lb/10 ¹² Btu	ug/Nm ³
Hg(0) - elemental	1.62	3.75	0.98	2.12	0.002	1.62	170% 3.59
Hg(II) - oxidized	7.03	6.15	7.62	6.93	0.008	5.31	26% 1.83
Hg(tot) - Quartz Wool Plug	0.08	0.08	0.01	0.06	6.7E-05	0.04	186% 0.11
Total Hg	8.74	9.98	8.61	9.11	0.011	6.97	21% 1.87

Note: The sample from test 1-MESA-IN performed on 8/7/96 was lost after the test was completed.

TABLE 4-6
FRONTIER GEOSCIENCE MERCURY SPECIATION TEST RESULTS
NYSEG POST-RETROFIT TEST PROGRAM -- ESP OUTLET
AUGUST 1996

Test Number	2-MESA-OUT	3-MESA-OUT	3A-MESA-OUT	AVERAGE			Uncertainty
Date	8/8/96	8/9/96	8/9/96				@95%CI
Pitot Flow Rate, dscfm	331,647	330,081	330,081				
Sample Volume, dscf	2.77	2.78	2.76				
Fuel Factor, dscf/10 ⁶ Btu	12,936	12,952	12,119				
O ₂ , %	5.34	5.32	4.25				
CO ₂ , %	13.62	13.71	14.61				

Element	ug/Nm ³	ug/Nm ³	ug/Nm ³	ug/Nm ³	lb/hr	lb/10 ¹² Btu	ug/Nm ³
Hg(0) - elemental	1.49	2.04	4.47	2.66	0.003	1.93	148% 3.94
Hg(II) - oxidized	8.37	7.05	5.06	6.82	0.008	5.05	61% 4.14
Hg(tot) - Quartz Wool Plug	0.01	0.14	ND	0.07	8.4E-05	0.06	264% 0.19
Total Hg	9.87	9.22	9.52	9.56	0.011	7.04	8% 0.80

ND -- mercury not detected above trip blank level in sample fraction (treated as zero).

Note: Test 1-MESA-OUT performed on 8/7/96 was deemed invalid due to the low mercury levels reported by the laboratory.

TABLE 4-7
FRONTIER GEOSCIENCE MERCURY SPECIATION TEST RESULTS
NYSEG POST-RETROFIT TEST PROGRAM -- STACK
AUGUST 1996

Test Number	1-MESA-STK	2-MESA-STK	3-MESA-STK	3A-MESA-STK	AVERAGE			Uncertainty @95%CI	
Date	8/7/96	8/8/96	8/9/96	8/9/96					
Pitot Flow Rate, dscfm	358,667	358,779	362,692	362,692					
Sample Volume, dscf	1.80	1.67	3.23	2.86					
Fuel Factor, dscf/10 ⁶ Btu	13,131	12,928	12,977	12,960					
O ₂ , %	5.63	5.33	5.35	5.33					
CO ₂ , %	13.86	13.63	13.68	13.66					
Element	ug/Nm ³	ug/Nm ³	ug/Nm ³	ug/Nm ³	ug/Nm ³	lb/hr	lb/10 ¹² Btu	ug/Nm ³	
Hg(0) - elemental	2.79	2.88	3.19	2.91	2.94	0.004	2.22	9%	0.27
Hg(II) - oxidized	0.27	0.40	0.45	0.27	0.35	0.0004	0.26	42%	0.15
Hg(tot) - Quartz Wool Plug	NP	0.003	0.003	0.001	0.003	3.3E-06	0.002	121%	0.00
Total Hg	3.06	3.29	3.64	3.18	3.29	0.004	2.49	12%	0.39

NP -- analysis not performed

TABLE 4-8
TRIS BUFFER AND ONTARIO-HYDRO MERCURY SPECIATION TEST RESULTS
NYSEG POST RETROFIT TEST PROGRAM -- FGD INLET
AUGUST 1996

TRIS BUFFER								
Test Number	1-TRIS-OUT	2-TRIS-OUT	3-TRIS-OUT	AVERAGE			Uncertainty	
Date	8/7/96	8/8/96	8/9/96				@95%CI	
Pitot Flow Rate, dscfm	323,354	331,647	330,081					
Sample Volume, dscf	35.83	39.46	39.22					
Fuel Factor, dscf/10 ⁶ Btu	12,355	12,821	12,433					
O ₂ , %	4.67	5.20	4.67					
CO ₂ , %	14.56	13.44	14.13					
Element	ug/Nm ³	ug/Nm ³	ug/Nm ³	ug/Nm ³	lb/hr	lb/10 ¹² Btu	ug/Nm ³	
Hg(0) - elemental	2.17	2.69	3.24	2.70	0.003	1.97	49%	1.33
Hg(II) - oxidized	4.64	4.71	4.03	4.46	0.005	3.25	21%	0.92
Hg(tot) - filter	0.001	0.006	ND	0.002	2.6E-06	0.002	--	--
Hg (total)	6.81	7.40	7.27	7.16	0.008	5.22	11%	0.77
ONTARIO-HYDRO								
Test Number	1-ONT-OUT	2-ONT-OUT	3-ONT-OUT	AVERAGE			Uncertainty	
Date	8/7/96	8/8/96	8/9/96				@95%CI	
Pitot Flow Rate, dscfm	323,354	331,647	330,081					
Sample Volume, dscf	261.06	224.41	209.72					
Fuel Factor, dscf/10 ⁶ Btu	12,532	12,837	12,739					
O ₂ , %	4.90	5.28	5.16					
CO ₂ , %	14.47	13.63	13.83					
Element	ug/Nm ³	ug/Nm ³	ug/Nm ³	ug/Nm ³	lb/hr	lb/10 ¹² Btu	ug/Nm ³	
Hg(0) - elemental	2.00	2.25	2.60	2.28	0.003	1.69	33%	0.75
Hg(II) - oxidized	5.25	5.59	4.88	5.24	0.006	3.88	17%	0.87
Hg(tot) - filter	ND	0.0008	ND	0.0003	3.3E-07	0.0002	--	--
Hg (total)	7.25	7.84	7.48	7.52	0.009	5.58	10%	0.73

ND -- mercury not detected in fraction (treated as zero).

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TABLE 4-9
TRIS BUFFER AND ONTARIO-HYDRO MERCURY SPECIATION TEST RESULTS
NYSEG POST RETROFIT TEST PROGRAM -- FGD OUTLET
AUGUST 1996

Test Number	TRIS BUFFER				Uncertainty @95%CI			
	1-TRIS-STK	2-TRIS-STK	3-TRIS-STK	AVERAGE				
Date	8/7/96	8/8/96	8/9/96					
Pitot Flow Rate, dscfm	358.667	358.779	362.692					
Sample Volume, dscf	71.83	73.71	73.58					
Fuel Factor, dscf/10 ⁶ Btu	12.953	12.780	12.877					
O ₂ , %	5.42	5.15	5.23					
CO ₂ , %	13.89	13.48	13.64					
Element	ug/Nm ³	ug/Nm ³	ug/Nm ³	ug/Nm ³	lb/hr	lb/10 ¹² Btu	ug/Nm ³	
Hg(0) - elemental	2.51	2.90	2.73	2.71	0.003	2.03	18%	0.50
Hg(II) - oxidized	0.18	0.23	0.03	0.15	0.0002	0.11	175%	0.26
Hg(tot) - filter	0.005	0.003	0.004	0.004	4.8E-06	0.003	190%	0.00
Hg (total)	2.69	3.14	2.76	2.87	0.004	2.14	21%	0.59
Test Number	ONTARIO-HYDRO				Uncertainty @95%CI			
	1-ONT-STK	2-ONT-STK	3-ONT-STK	AVERAGE				
Date	8/7/96	8/8/96	8/9/96					
Pitot Flow Rate, dscfm	358.667	358.779	362.692					
Sample Volume, dscf	215.77	224.11	225.28					
Fuel Factor, dscf/10 ⁶ Btu	13.114	12.862	12.870					
O ₂ , %	5.61	5.31	5.32					
CO ₂ , %	13.83	13.60	13.69					
Element	ug/Nm ³	ug/Nm ³	ug/Nm ³	ug/Nm ³	lb/hr	lb/10 ¹² Btu	ug/Nm ³	
Hg(0) - elemental	2.33	2.35	2.68	2.45	0.003	1.85	20%	0.50
Hg(II) - oxidized	0.31	0.16	0.16	0.21	0.0003	0.16	101%	0.21
Hg(tot) - filter	ND	0.0010	0.0017	0.0009	1.1E-06	0.0007	--	--
Hg (total)	2.63	2.51	2.84	2.66	0.003	2.01	15%	0.41

ND -- mercury not detected in fraction (treated as zero).

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TABLE 4-10
SEMTECH HG 2000 ANALYZER TEST RESULTS
NYSEG POST-RETROFIT TEST PROGRAM -- UNIT 2
AUGUST 1996

Test Period	Semtech Hg Analyzer Results		
	Ontario-Hydro	TRIS Buffer	Average
<u>Test 1, 8/7/96</u>			
Hg(0) - Elemental, ug/dscm	1.86	2.50	2.18
Hg(0) - Elemental, ug/Nm ³	2.00	2.68	2.34
<u>Test 2, 8/8/96</u>			
Hg(0) - Elemental, ug/dscm	2.73	3.08	2.91
Hg(0) - Elemental, ug/Nm ³	2.93	3.31	3.12
<u>Test 3, 8/9/96</u>			
Hg(0) - Elemental, ug/dscm	2.45	NA	2.45
Hg(0) - Elemental, ug/Nm ³	2.63	--	2.63
<u>Averages</u>			
Hg(0) - Elemental, ug/dscm	2.35	2.79	2.51
Hg(0) - Elemental, ug/Nm ³	2.52	2.99	2.70

NA -- data not available for this test period.

TABLE 4-11
QUALITY ASSURANCE/QUALITY CONTROL RESULTS
EPA METHOD 29 AND FRONTIER GEOSCIENCE METHODS

Test Number	Train Fraction	Matrix Spike Analysis		Duplicate Analysis		
		Matrix Spike Recovery, %	Matrix Spike Duplicate Recovery, %	First Run ug/fraction	Second Run ug/fraction	Relative Difference, %
1-MTLS-OUT	Front-Half	110	110	ND(0.090)	ND(0.090)	NC
	Back-Half	90	89	29	30	3.4
	MKO	85	85	4.8	4.7	2.1
	KMnO ₄ /HCl	100	100	6.3	6.1	
1-MTLS-STK	Front-Half	120	120	ND(0.030)	ND(0.030)	NC
	Back-Half	100	110	2.9	2.9	0.0
	MKO	110	100	0.056	0.046	19.6
	KMnO ₄ /HCl	100	100	15	14	6.9
MESA	Hg(0)	108	101	--	--	124
	Hg(II)	97	107	--	--	4.6

TABLE 4-12
QUALITY ASSURANCE/QUALITY CONTROL RESULTS
TRIS BUFFER AND ONTARIO-HYDRO METHODS

Test Number	Fraction	Spike Result	Spike Level	Spike Recovery, %
		ug/L		
<u>DAY 1 -- 8/7/96</u>				
TRIS-FB-SPK-1	TRIS	9.7	10	97
	KMnO4	9.8	10	98
OH-FB-SPK-1	KCl	9.8	10	98
	H2O2	9.6	10	96
	KMnO4	9.5	10	95
<u>DAY 2 -- 8/8/96</u>				
TRIS-FB-SPK-2	TRIS	9.5	10	95
	KMnO4	10.0	10	100
OH-FB-SPK-2	KCl	9.9	10	99
	H2O2	8.4	10	84
	KMnO4	9.8	10	98
<u>DAY 3 -- 8/9/96</u>				
TRIS-FB-SPK-3	TRIS	10.5	10	105
	KMnO4	9.1	10	91
OH-FB-SPK-3	KCl	9.9	10	99
	H2O2	9.2	10	92
	KMnO4	9.3	10	93

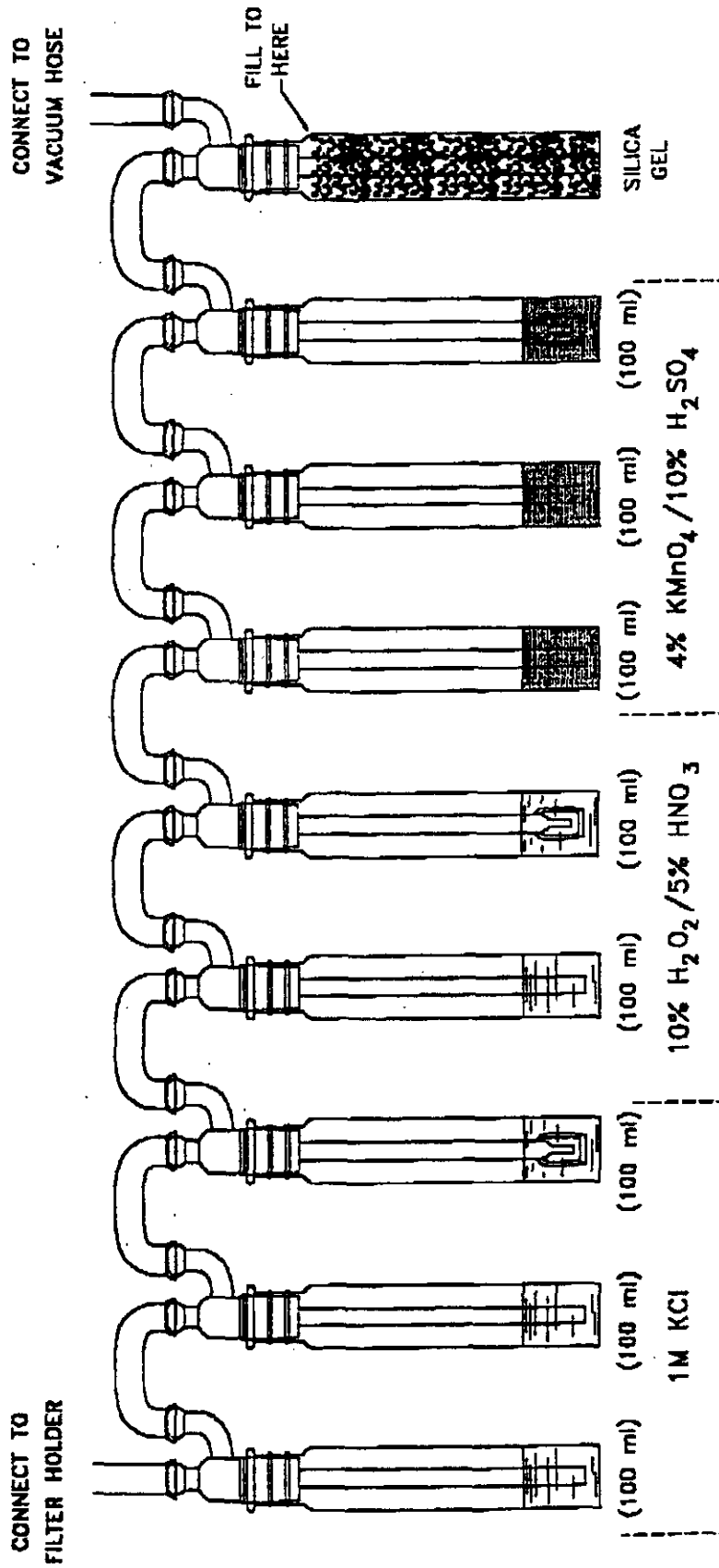
APPENDIX A
EERC ONTARIO-HYDRO AND TRIS BUFFER
MERCURY SPECIATION METHODS ANALYTICAL PLAN

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ONTARIO-HYDRO METHOD

TRAIN ASSEMBLY

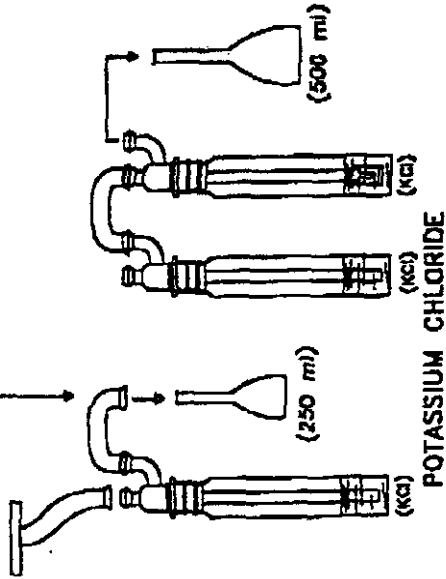


ONTARIO-HYDRO METHOD

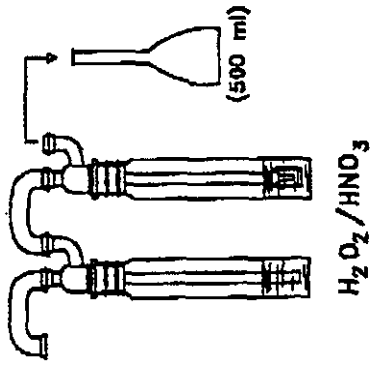
SAMPLE RECOVERY

1. ADD $KMnO_4/H_2SO_4$ TO EACH KCl IMPINGER BOTTLE UNTIL PURPLE COLOR REMAINS. (10-30 ml)
2. RINSE WITH .1N NITRIC ACID.
3. RINSE WITH 8N HCl IF BROWN RESIDUE REMAINS.
4. FINAL RINSE WITH .1N NITRIC ACID.

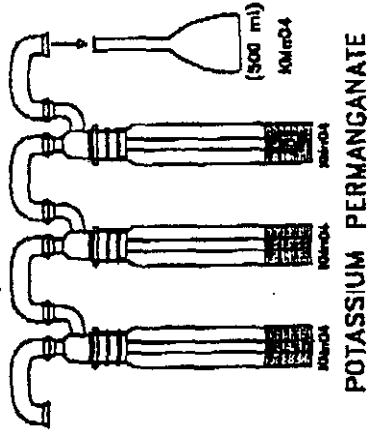
RINSE FILTER HOLDER AND HOSE WITH
.1 N NITRIC ACID



RINSE WITH
.1N NITRIC ACID



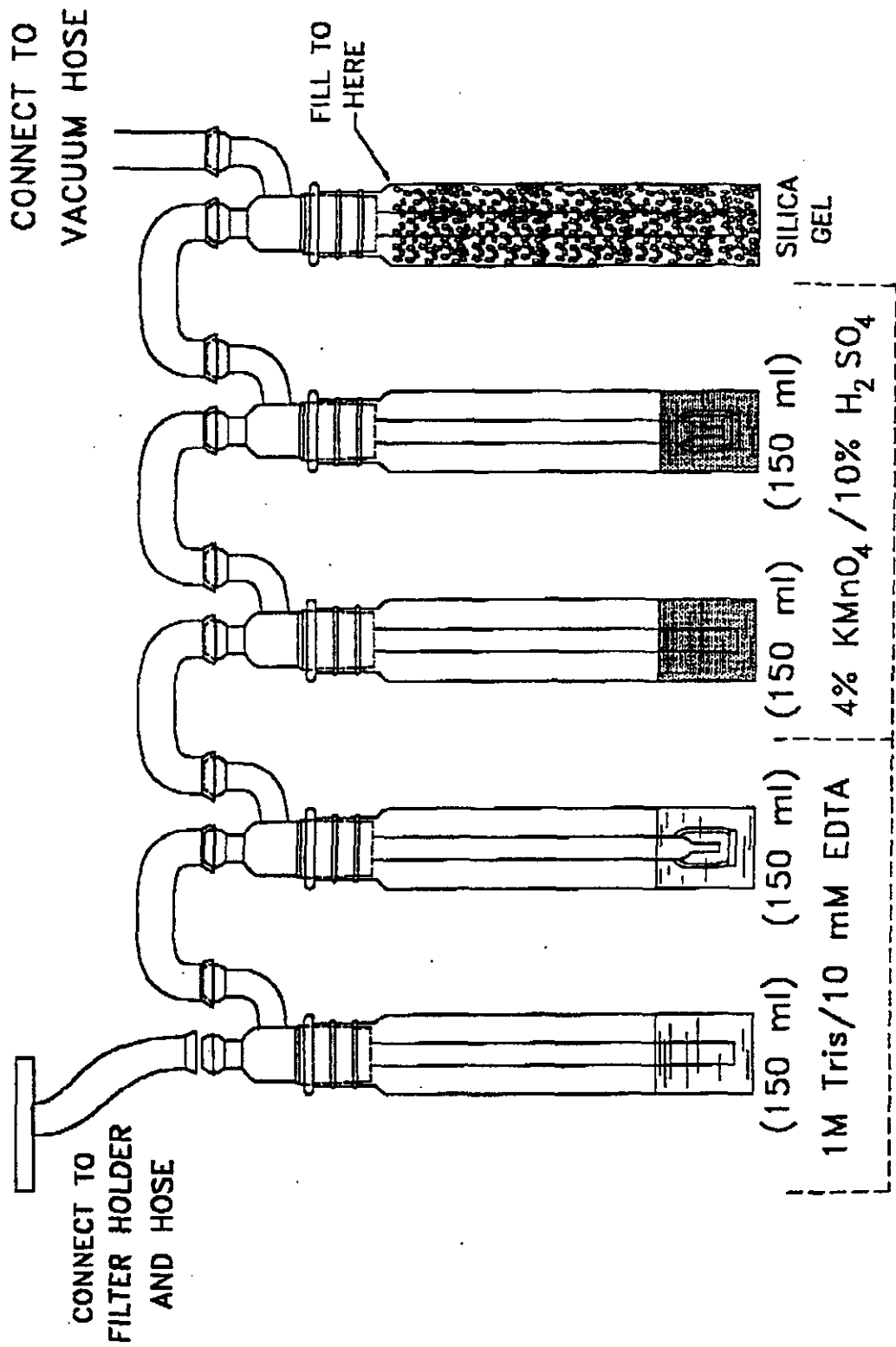
RINSE BOTTLES SEPARINGLY WITH:
--.1 N NITRIC ACID
-- 8 N HCl
--.1 N NITRIC ACID



RINSE ALL U-TUBES WITH
.1N NITRIC ACID

TRIS BUFFER METHOD

TRAIN ASSEMBLY

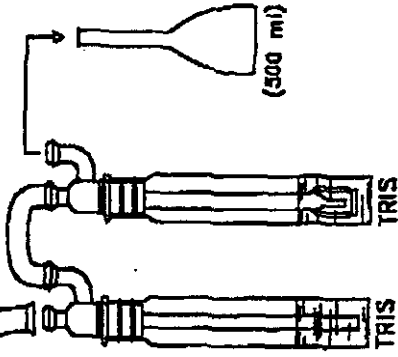


TRIS BUFFER METHOD

SAMPLE RECOVERY

RINSE BOTTLES SPARINGLY WITH D.I. WATER

RINSE FILTER HOLDER AND HOSE WITH D.I. WATER



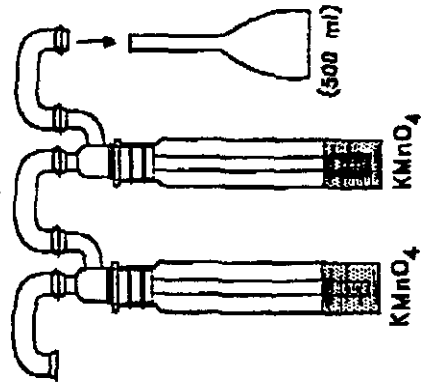
CHECK TRIS PH BEFORE WEIGHING BOTTLES (SHOULD BE >7)

RINSE U-TUBES WITH D.I. WATER

PRESERVE TRIS SAMPLE BY ADDING:
-50 ml 30% H₂O₂
-40 ml CONC. NITRIC ACID

SEE PROCEDURE

RINSE BOTTLES SPARINGLY WITH:
-.1 N NITRIC ACID
- 8N HCl
-.1 N NITRIC ACID



RINSE U-TUBES WITH .1N NITRIC ACID

PRESERVATION OF TRIS BUFFER IMPINGERS

1. REMOVE THE GLASS CONNECTOR JOINING THE OUTLET OF THE FILTER TO THE FIRST IMPINGER. TURN THE PUMP ON TO ABOUT 10 SCFH.
2. POUR 25mL OF 30% PEROXIDE INTO THE FIRST IMPINGER VERY SLOWLY WHILE DRAWING AMBIENT AIR INTO THE IMPINGERS.
3. REMOVE THE GLASS CROSSOVER JOINING THE FIRST AND SECOND IMPINGERS.
4. POUR 25 mL OF 30% PEROXIDE INTO THE SECOND IMPINGER.
5. REPLACE GLASS CROSSOVER JOINING THE FIRST AND SECOND IMPINGERS.
6. POUR 20 mL OF NITRIC ACID VERY SLOWLY INTO THE FIRST IMPINGER
CO₂ IS EVOLVED FROM THIS SOLUTION DURING THIS STEP SO BE CAREFUL NOT TO ALLOW THE IMPINGER TO OVERFLOW WHILE OFF-GASSING.
7. REMOVE THE CROSSOVER JOINING THE FIRST AND SECOND IMPINGERS.
8. POUR 20 mL NITRIC ACID INTO THE SECOND IMPINGER.
ADD THE NITRIC EVEN SLOWER THAN INTO THE FIRST IMPINGER.
9. REPLACE THE CROSSOVER AND INCREASE THE AMBIENT AIR SAMPLING RATE TO ABOUT 30 SCFH TO CAUSE INCREASED OR COMPLETE MIXING.
10. AFTER ABOUT 30 SECONDS STOP THE AMBIENT AIR SAMPLING, RECOVER AS USUAL.

KMnO₄ Impinger Preparation

Updated 5-20-96

Reagents:

Hydroxylamine Sulfate

Method:

Add hydroxylamine sulfate to potassium permanganate impinger until the solution remains colorless.
Analyze by CVAA.

Notes:

Reaction is effervescent, use care when mixing.
One duplicate should be analyzed every 5 samples.
One triplicate and one spike should be analyzed every 10 samples.

Handling Procedures:

Corrosive- contains H₂SO₄
Hazardous- contains strong oxidizer, KMnO₄

H2O2 impinger preparation

updated 11-1-95

Reagents:

HCl conc.
KMnO₄ sat'd solution
Hydroxylamine Sulfate

Method:

Transfer 5 mL of sample to a 50 mL digestion tube,
Add 0.25 mL conc. HCl
Swirl, and let stand approximately 10 min.
Place tubes in a sample rack, and place in an ice bath,
Allow to cool for approximately 15 min.
Slowly add saturated potassium permanganate, waiting 15
min. between additions, to the samples in 0.25 mL
increments, swirling between additions, up to 1.25 mL,
then in 0.5 mL increments until the solution remains
brownish-purple.
Reduce the excess potassium permanganate with solid
hydroxylamine sulfate.
Analyze by CVAA.

Notes:

The overall addition of potassium permanganate takes
approximately 4 hours.
One duplicate should be analyzed every 5 samples.
One triplicate and one spike should be analyzed every
10 samples.

Handling Procedures:

Corrosive- contains HNO₃, HCl
Hazardous- contains strong oxidizers, KMnO₄, H₂O₂

KCl impinger digestion

Updated 4-6-95

Reagents:

KMnO₄ sat'd solution
K₂S₂O₈ solution (5 g in 100 mL)
H₂SO₄ conc.
HNO₃ conc.
Hydroxylamine Sulfate

Method:

Transfer 10 mL of sample to a 50 mL digestion tube.
Add 0.5 mL of H₂SO₄,
Add 0.25 mL of HNO₃,
Add 1.5 mL of KMnO₄ solution.
Let the mixture stand for 15 minutes.
Add 0.75 mL of K₂S₂O₈ solution.
Place the samples in a dry block heater at 95°C for two hours. Cool to room temperature.
Reduce the excess potassium permanganate with solid hydroxylamine sulfate.
Analyze by CVAA.

Notes:

One duplicate should be analyzed every 5 samples.
One triplicate and one spike should be analyzed every 10 samples.

Handling Procedures:

Corrosive- contains HNO₃ and H₂SO₄.
Hazardous- contains strong oxidizers KMnO₄, and K₂S₂O₈.

TRIS Buffer impinger preparation

updated 5-20-96

Reagents:

KMnO₄ sat'd solution
K₂S₂O₈ solution (5g in 100 mL)
H₂SO₄ conc.
HNO₃ conc.
HCl conc.
Hydroxylamine Sulfate

Method:

Transfer 5 mL of sample to a 50 mL digestion tube
Add 0.5 mL conc. H₂SO₄
Add 0.25 mL conc. HNO₃
Add 0.25 mL conc. HCl
Add 1.0 ml K₂S₂O₈ solution
Place sample tubes in a sample rack, and place in an ice bath, and allow to cool for approximately 15 min. Slowly add potassium permanganate, waiting 15 min. between additions, to the samples in 0.25 mL increments, up to 1.25 mL swirling between additions, then in 0.5 mL increments until the solution remains brownish-purple.
Reduce the excess potassium permanganate with solid hydroxylamine sulfate.
Analyze by CVAA.

Notes:

The overall addition of potassium permanganate takes approximately 4 hours.
One duplicate should be analyzed every 5 samples.
One triplicate and one spike should be analyzed every 10 samples.

Handling Procedures:

Corrosive- contains H₂SO₄, HNO₃, HCl
Hazardous- contains strong oxidizers, KMnO₄, K₂S₂O₈

ARL QUALITY ASSURANCE/QUALITY CONTROL PROTOCOL

Laboratory Glassware and Plasticware

All glass volumetric flasks and transfer pipets used in the preparation of analytical reagents and calibration standards are designated as class "A" to meet Federal specifications.

Special cleaning procedures are required for all laboratory glassware and plasticware related to mercury analysis. This procedure includes washing with hot soapy water, several rinses with tap water and several rinses with distilled deionized water.

All vessels are then soaked in 5% bromine monochloride (BrCl) solution (see reagent preparation) for a minimum of 30 minutes followed by several rinses with distilled deionized water.

Any samples requiring mercury analysis that are stored for more than 24 hours are transferred to teflon FEP storage bottles that have undergone the above cleaning procedure.

Analytical Reagents

All acids used for the analytical methods that pertain to trace metal analysis including mercury are trace-metal-grade. Other chemicals used in the preparation of analytical reagents are analytical-reagent-grade.

The calibration standards used for instrument calibration and the quality control (QC) standards used for calibration verification are purchased commercially and certified to be accurate within $\pm 0.5\%$ and are traceable to NIST Standard Reference Materials.

Instrument Setup and Calibration

The instrument used for mercury determination in the ARL is a Leeman Labs PS200 cold vapor mercury analyzer. The instrument is set up for absorption at 253.7 nm with a carrier gas of nitrogen and 10% stannous chloride in 10% HCl as the reductant. The instrument is set up by daily replacing the drying tube and acetate trap, containing magnesium perchlorate and soda-lime respectively. The tubing is checked and replaced if necessary. The rinse container is rinsed and filled with fresh solution of 10% HCl. The pump and lamp are turned on. After a warm up time of 45 minutes, the aperture is set to the manufacturer specifications. A four point calibration curve, with matrix matched standards is used. The detector response for a given standard is logged and compared to specifications to insure proper instrument setup and response.

Calibration Verification

A quality control standard of a known analyte concentration must be analyzed immediately after an instrument is standardized in order to verify the calibration. This quality control standard must be prepared from a separate stock as was the calibration standards and the values obtained must read within 5% of the true value. The values obtained from the initial QC analyses are plotted in a quality control chart to monitor the precision of the instrument. After the initial QC standard, periodic check standards are run every five samples to check the slope of the calibration curve. The check standards must read within 5% of the expected value.

Duplicate Sample Analysis

In order to insure that adequate levels of precision are maintained by the ARL, duplicate samples selected on a random basis, must be performed on one of every ten samples analyzed with a minimum of one duplicate analysis per run. Any variation in the ten percent figure must be justified in the procedure. The results from duplicate analysis must read within 10%. The precision of the duplicate sample analyses are recorded and charted in a precision control chart. For the analysis of impinger samples, the practice in the ARL is that all samples are run in duplicate to help insure analytical precision and improve accuracy.

Spike Sample Analysis

In order to account for background contamination and/or sample interferences, spiked sample analysis, selected on a random basis, will be performed on ten percent of all samples including the first sample analyzed. Accuracy is reported as percent recovery of the spike added.

$$\% \text{Recovery} = \frac{(\text{Sample} + \text{Spike}) - (\text{Sample})}{(\text{Spike})} \times 100\%$$

Recoveries are plotted on an accuracy control chart.

It is recommended that on a mass basis, the spike added should be approximately equal to the mass of the constituent sought in the sample or sample aliquot. Spike volume, relative to the sample aliquot volume should be as small as possible, but not so small that it cannot be dispensed accurately. The solution used for spiking is from a separate stock as the calibration standards.

Reagent Blank

All acids, chemical reagents and deionized water used for mercury determination are analyzed for background levels of mercury. Each time a new batch of reagents is prepared an aliquot is

immediately taken and analyzed for mercury. This includes both solutions prepared for the Method 29 impinger train as well as the acid mixture used for the microwave dissolution of solids.

Method blank

A method blank is prepared by following the procedure step by step adding all of the reagents in the quantities specified by the method. This is done to determine whether significant levels of mercury have accumulated during the procedures prior to analysis. If the method blank shows contamination above instrument background, steps must be taken to eliminate or reduce the contamination to below background levels. If the contamination cannot be eliminated, the magnitude of the contamination must be considered when calculating the concentration of mercury in the samples. The ARL has to date not produced a method blank that contained contamination above instrument background.

Reagent Preparation

Impinger Solutions

Potassium Permanganate/Sulfuric Acid solution

One hundred mL of concentrated sulfuric acid is added to approximately 700 mL of deionized water, mixed, and allowed to cool. Forty g of potassium permanganate is added, the solution is stirred until the solids are dissolved, and then the solution is diluted to 1 liter.

Hydrogen Peroxide/Nitric Acid solution

666 mL of 30% hydrogen peroxide is added to approximately 200 mL of deionized water and mixed. 35.1 mL of concentrated nitric acid is added and the solution is diluted to 1 liter.

Potassium Chloride solution

74.6g potassium chloride is added to approximately 200 mL H₂O and dissolved and the solution is diluted to 1 liter.

Aliquots of these solutions are taken and analyzed for mercury or other analytes of interest and the remainder is refrigerated and used within 24 hours of combustion time.

Bromine Monochloride (BrCl) Solution

The reagent is prepared by adding 11.0g of reagent grade KBrO₃ and 15.0g of reagent grade KBr to 200 ml of high purity

water. This will not all dissolve, but all the solid must be wet. While swirling the bottle gently, 800 ml of low mercury Ultrex brand concentrated HCl are then slowly added. Caution must be shown, because of heat and toxic fumes generated during preparation. Once cooled, the reagent may be stored in a glass-stoppered bottle, in a cool place.

Spiking Solution

The spiking solution used to spike the impinger trains will be prepared in the ARL from a commercially purchased ICP stock standard at a concentration of 1000 mg Hg/L. This standard is traceable to NBS standard reference materials and consists of mercury metal in 10% HNO₃. The final spiking concentration has yet to be determined, however the concentration will be verified in the laboratory before being added to the impinger trains.

Analytical Equipment

Leeman Labs Mercury Analyzer

The PS200 automated mercury analyzer is based on cold vapor atomic absorption spectroscopy. The calculated quantitation level is 200 ng/L.

Analytical Balance

The analytical balance used in the ARL for weighing solid materials prior to acid digestion is a Sartorius 1601 MP8. The readability of this balance is 0.1 mg with a maximum capacity of 111 g. The calibration of the balance is checked routinely with standardized weights traceable to NBS. It is also maintained annually by Northern Balance and Scale.

Microwave Sample Preparation System

The CEM MDS-2100 has a power output of 950 watts with an in-board pressure controller for safe and efficient acid digestion of solid materials such as coal and coal combustion by-products. The digestion vessels used with this system are teflon lined and sealed during the digestion procedure to help insure zero loss of volatile analytes.

A recently purchased MDS-2100 equipped with temperature and pressure controllers as well as sealed heavy duty digestion vessels designed for high pressure applications such as coal dissolution is currently undergoing methods development. The ultimate goal is to increase the amount of solid material in the digestion which will in turn decrease the quantitation level in the sample.

External Quality Control

The ARL has U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) certification through the state of North Dakota by participating annually in their water pollution study. An on-site evaluation is conducted every three years by the state in order to maintain full certification.

APPENDIX B
QUALITY ASSURANCE AND QUALITY CONTROL

(TO BE ADDED FOR FINAL)

APPENDIX C
DATA SHEETS, CALCULATIONS, AND LABORATORY REPORTS

Appendix C.1
Unit Instrumentation Data Logs

DATE 08/08/96	Gypsum Basket Counts		Gross, MW		Net, MW		Steam Flow		% of 60 steam temp		Att Gas Temp	
	T4155101 TOT HOUR	T4155102 TOT HOUR	WT202 HRLY AVG	WT200 HRLY AVG	FI270 HRLY AVG	TOTFUEL HRLY AVG	TI270 HRLY AVG	TI5207 HRLY AVG	TI5208 HRLY AVG			
06:00:01 AM	2.27	1.08	112.31	104.29	775.12	63.59	983.69	623.00	614.21			
07:00:01 AM	2.37	1.08	155.13	144.60	1061.68	78.56	1004.89	663.61	655.00			
08:00:01 AM	0.53	0.24	160.36	*149.69	1102.44	86.18	1004.71	670.99	661.73			
09:00:01 AM	-0.00	-0.00	159.68	149.82	1111.08	84.31	1004.74	670.64	662.01			
10:00:01 AM	-0.00	-0.00	159.29	150.38	1113.67	85.39	1004.19	667.42	661.18			
11:00:01 AM	-0.00	-0.00	160.28	150.29	1113.57	89.36	1005.53	661.09	659.08			
12:00:01 PM	-0.00	-0.00	159.43	149.09	1108.31	90.09	1005.12	660.03	656.52			
01:00:01 PM	-0.00	-0.00	159.73	150.12	1107.01	90.08	1004.75	660.31	658.45			
02:00:01 PM	-0.00	0.00	160.35	150.84	1114.07	90.30	1004.81	662.49	660.86			
03:00:01 PM	0.05	0.09	158.64	149.16	1094.44	89.17	1005.11	663.08	661.32			
04:00:01 PM	0.19	0.22	158.01	148.56	1092.58	* 88.77	1005.05	663.85	661.71			
05:00:01 PM	0.32	0.35	158.05	* 148.07	1089.10	88.22	1004.91	663.93	660.93			
06:00:01 PM	0.46	0.49	157.57	147.84	1083.14	88.55	1004.33	662.94	660.55			
07:00:01 PM	0.59	0.61	156.34	146.68	1071.71	88.81	1004.64	658.88	657.73			
08:00:01 PM	0.71	0.73	152.05	142.73	1041.53	79.91	1005.12	657.08	655.77			
					1104.63		1064.85		662.38			

28.18%
 ↓
 52.99 tph = 105,820 lb/hr
 (DATA NOT USED)

Time Period:
 800/1800

Avg: 159.58 149.60

DATE	113209 HRLY AVG	113212 HRLY AVG	IT5303 HRLY AVG	113304 HRLY AVG	FIZ/U HRLY AVG	A15/U9 HRLY AVG	FIZ/1 HRLY AVG	A125U HRLY AVG	UU45XU36 HRLY AVG
08/08/96 06:00:01 AM	291.94	297.97	134.52	131.94	775.12	5.38	742.92	4.19	249.19
07:00:01 AM	301.90	295.02	154.88	150.10	1061.68	5.77	999.12	3.21	310.29
08:00:01 AM *	303.00	295.64	159.36	153.85	1102.44	5.95	1031.18	3.28	319.75
09:00:01 AM	300.88	296.17	160.23	155.37	1111.08	5.69	1041.12	3.34	327.01
10:00:01 AM	306.85	295.45	158.14	154.62	1113.67	5.82	1046.26	3.27	324.27
11:00:01 AM	308.14	295.09	159.27	155.04	1113.57	5.58	1067.95	3.32	323.34
12:00:01 PM	306.03	296.69	158.55	154.47	1108.31	5.73	1056.61	3.29	322.44
01:00:01 PM	304.42	294.95	158.44	154.81	1107.01	5.04	1050.04	3.28	321.67
02:00:01 PM	303.42	294.02	158.63	154.59	1114.07	5.44	1054.75	3.27	320.93
03:00:01 PM	300.70	294.01	158.87	153.74	1094.44	5.85	1031.05	3.31	320.19
04:00:01 PM	299.09	294.00	157.96	152.62	1092.58	6.13	1020.61	3.26	319.45
05:00:01 PM *	302.20	293.07	158.71	152.66	1089.10	6.14	1022.39	3.32	318.52
06:00:01 PM	303.27	291.87	155.77	152.59	1083.14	6.60	1018.18	3.35	316.81
07:00:01 PM	300.90	292.91	154.37	152.39	1071.71	6.60	1008.25	3.27	311.93
08:00:01 PM	297.92	294.25	152.45	150.42	1041.53	6.65	987.74	3.30	310.72
						5.74	1042.20	3.29	321.74

299.19

BLINE
 PD FAN Flows
 ESP
 Power Levels →

DATE	AI128766	FT38643	FT215AC	FT215BC	FT251AC	FT251BC	PRCP1021	PRCP1024	PRCP1028
TIME	HRLY AVG	HRLY AVG	HRLY AVG	HRLY AVG	HRLY AVG	HRLY AVG	HRLY AVG	HRLY AVG	HRLY AVG
06:00:01 AM	311.85	0.22	94.48	102.63	404.72	382.88	32.12	190.25	116.00
07:00:01 AM	344.08	0.21	99.56	107.04	543.96	522.15	31.25	161.26	108.19
08:00:01 AM	363.19	0.23	99.83	106.23	562.41	540.58	30.37	155.87	104.63
09:00:01 AM	368.56	0.22	99.91	105.70	565.27	543.41	29.50	155.74	104.34
10:00:01 AM	312.22	0.22	99.03	105.27	562.96	543.91	28.62	155.61	104.71
11:00:01 AM	337.98	0.20	100.01	105.44	565.83	542.72	27.74	155.49	104.57
12:00:01 PM	314.08	0.34	99.86	106.11	562.56	541.12	26.87	155.36	103.12
01:00:01 PM	243.56	22.73	99.81	106.57	565.36	541.13	26.51	155.23	101.60
02:00:01 PM	221.62	22.54	100.03	105.95	568.33	544.46	29.06	155.10	101.22
03:00:01 PM	over range	23.35	100.61	106.27	563.66	541.26	32.05	156.42	105.39
04:00:01 PM	over range	23.91	100.88	106.63	557.80	535.47	35.05	161.73	107.55
05:00:01 PM	over range	23.96	100.80	106.65	557.40	535.43	38.04	167.27	114.10
06:00:01 PM	over range	23.87	101.15	107.06	551.17	532.82	41.04	172.81	120.66
07:00:01 PM	over range	23.88	101.04	106.80	546.24	527.04	44.03	178.37	127.21
08:00:01 PM	over range	23.57	99.27	106.51	531.39	508.56	47.03	217.16	133.77
				TOTAL:		1,104.11			

DATE TIME	08/08/96	PKCP1031 HRLY AVG	PKCP1035 HRLY AVG	PRCP1038 HRLY AVG	PKCP1000 HRLY AVG	PKCP1003 HRLY AVG	PKCP1007 HRLY AVG	PKCP1010 HRLY AVG	PKCP1015 HRLY AVG	PKCP1017 HRLY AVG
06:00:01 AM	556.99	122.72	688.00	45.04	289.68	108.30	607.95	124.73	702.48	
07:00:01 AM	487.00	120.11	670.55	44.31	235.27	107.42	558.21	124.95	702.73	
08:00:01 AM	477.10	117.49	668.77	43.80	242.83	106.54	551.51	124.82	697.58	
09:00:01 AM	493.50	114.87	668.00	43.30	227.43	105.67	555.02	124.70	673.92	
10:00:01 AM	480.48	112.26	654.35	42.79	233.34	104.79	546.85	124.57	673.71	
11:00:01 AM	462.74	109.64	649.53	42.29	242.66	103.91	531.20	124.45	673.50	
12:00:01 PM	483.59	107.07	647.04	41.78	251.74	103.03	564.52	124.32	673.29	
01:00:01 PM	495.32	109.46	661.12	41.28	260.71	102.32	571.00	124.20	672.12	
02:00:01 PM	485.90	115.19	675.90	42.70	271.14	103.99	577.68	124.07	671.36	
03:00:01 PM	496.28	118.71	665.85	46.60	286.02	106.41	584.91	124.26	672.42	
04:00:01 PM	494.53	120.09	662.92	50.51	301.20	108.84	592.17	124.77	670.78	
05:00:01 PM	504.99	121.47	666.74	54.42	300.87	111.26	599.44	125.27	674.70	
06:00:01 PM	494.16	122.85	675.03	58.33	277.81	113.69	606.70	125.78	678.62	
07:00:01 PM	516.82	124.23	675.49	62.23	263.02	116.11	613.96	126.29	682.57	
08:00:01 PM	574.43	125.61	688.66	66.14	317.96	118.54	636.24	126.79	686.53	

DATE	ABS FLOW	DENSITY	G-S CENT DISCH	DEP	Sludge Level	Flow	FT37812 HRLY AVG	FT27812 HRLY AVG	O045X037 HRLY AVG
08/09/96	FIT28720	DT28711	FIT28478	DT28700	LIT38615	FIT28391	FT37812	FT27812	O045X037
	HRLY AVG	HRLY AVG	HRLY AVG	HRLY AVG	HRLY AVG	HRLY AVG	HRLY AVG	HRLY AVG	HRLY AVG
06:00:01 AM	30.46	35.68	1075.32	28.10	11.65	522.55	311.98	4.60	3705.41
07:00:01 AM	62.24	35.68	1080.11	28.36	11.66	368.19	260.65	4.82	4963.58
08:00:01 AM *	70.92	35.70	1102.27	33.88	over range	569.91	278.66	5.95	5066.37
09:00:01 AM	49.59	35.69	1106.31	35.60	over range	655.51	264.79	5.54	5137.46
10:00:01 AM	10.23	35.60	1102.24	35.67	over range	655.40	257.46	6.95	5214.49
11:00:01 AM	3.53	35.76	1099.49	35.29	over range	656.96	268.72	7.38	5282.64
12:00:01 PM	12.56	35.61	1101.61	35.45	over range	654.70	261.12	4.36	5230.54
01:00:01 PM	29.32	35.62	1099.03	35.40	over range	658.36	247.76	5.27	5267.46
02:00:01 PM	34.47	35.57	1091.81	36.44	over range	661.67	248.85	4.29	5279.46
03:00:01 PM	34.15	35.60	1090.99	36.70	over range	657.61	241.21	5.10	5257.29
04:00:01 PM *	32.42	35.58	1084.59	37.20	over range	657.12	241.97	5.40	5193.14
05:00:01 PM	33.22	36.11	832.73	38.44	over range	658.12	223.42	6.27	5156.73
06:00:01 PM	22.94	36.73	63.45	50.13	over range	551.34	225.11	7.00	4870.13
07:00:01 PM	15.79	36.72	313.54	50.30	over range	730.49	223.29	6.98	3704.06
08:00:01 PM	18.90	36.74	666.69	50.29	over range	729.24	207.16	4.84	3248.43

AVGS: 30.80 35.64 1097.59 35.74

5,214.32

PPM = 1604.6

DATE	TI5209 HRLY AVG	TI5212 HRLY AVG	IT5303 HRLY AVG	IT5304 HRLY AVG	FI270 HRLY AVG	AT5709 HRLY AVG	FI271 HRLY AVG	AI250 HRLY AVG	O045X036 HRLY AVG
08/09/96									
TIME									
06:00:01 AM	278.81	306.01	136.69	135.13	787.32	4.38	747.73	4.16	258.56
07:00:01 AM	292.42	294.69	154.01	151.07	1066.03	5.07	998.07	3.26	314.84
08:00:01 AM *	294.67	291.82	156.88	153.98	1092.30	6.61	1020.33	3.27	322.91
09:00:01 AM	293.12	293.67	156.80	155.18	1096.71	6.72	1026.70	3.32	324.60
10:00:01 AM	295.62	295.27	158.02	155.49	1110.79	6.93	1042.82	3.28	325.06
11:00:01 AM	297.64	293.09	156.72	154.35	1098.91	6.70	1051.53	3.29	325.66
12:00:01 PM	297.58	292.29	156.29	154.78	1099.01	5.80	1036.66	3.23	327.02
01:00:01 PM	298.69	291.35	156.73	154.69	1104.60	6.32	1040.24	3.23	328.49
02:00:01 PM	299.05	294.47	157.59	156.29	1096.06	5.16	1039.20	3.33	329.70
03:00:01 PM	297.99	294.80	157.54	155.14	1103.71	4.57	1036.29	3.36	327.32
04:00:01 PM *	298.36	292.56	158.08	156.54	1089.67	4.35	1031.86	3.25	323.79
05:00:01 PM	297.45	293.51	154.79	151.86	1066.37	4.08	1010.62	3.30	313.68
06:00:01 PM	289.83	290.67	143.67	143.70	970.33	3.29	930.78	3.33	287.56
07:00:01 PM	279.69	284.84	125.77	128.56	698.75	2.91	684.09	4.43	230.06
08:00:01 PM	272.43	294.58	122.41	124.49	630.34	3.22	605.17	4.81	208.99

WIG-AIT GAS TEMPS ID FAN AMPS

FEED-WATER
BOILER OR
FLOW

295.11

5.91

1636.18

3.28

326.06

DATE	TIME	FI120100 HRLY AVG	FI130043 HRLY AVG	FT215AC HRLY AVG	FI1210BC HRLY AVG	FI1201AC HRLY AVG	FI1201BC HRLY AVG	FK0P1021 HRLY AVG	FK0P1024 HRLY AVG	FK0P1028 HRLY AVG
08/09/96	06:00:01 AM	175.19	0.16	95.88	103.41	419.14	399.12	49.19	285.80	131.94
	07:00:01 AM	over range	0.15	101.63	107.95	541.61	522.01	47.80	261.67	127.81
	08:00:01 AM	297.72 *	0.15	101.45	108.21	558.79	538.56	46.41	215.71	119.87
	09:00:01 AM	282.37	0.15	102.14	108.18	561.97	540.38	45.02	192.58	112.20
	10:00:01 AM	292.65	0.16	101.86	107.62	563.25	545.50	43.64	207.02	116.10
	11:00:01 AM	359.25	0.17	101.54	107.39	561.31	539.83	44.75	213.75	120.38
	12:00:01 PM	over range	0.18	101.44	107.26	560.99	537.70	48.02	191.63	133.18
	01:00:01 PM	over range	0.21	101.73	107.48	558.61	536.60	51.26	281.89	141.38
	02:00:01 PM	381.37	0.21	101.97	107.31	560.21	540.15	53.83	344.50	144.24
	03:00:01 PM	385.77	0.21	101.78	106.93	561.40	543.75	56.16	320.60	146.92
	04:00:01 PM	389.64 *	0.22	101.67	107.24	561.93	541.40	58.48	343.87	148.31
	05:00:01 PM	347.25	0.23	99.76	105.77	542.77	520.75	60.81	312.11	149.71
	06:00:01 PM	315.17	0.24	96.76	104.23	485.61	465.45	63.13	288.17	151.10
	07:00:01 PM	142.54	0.23	88.85	98.55	364.98	344.29	65.40	357.72	152.49
	08:00:01 PM	76.76	0.20	88.35	98.45	325.58	303.62	67.50	345.30	153.89

TOTAL:

1,101.37

ESP Power Levels

DATE	PRCP1031 HRLY AVG	PRCP1035 HRLY AVG	PRCP1038 HRLY AVG	PRCP1000 HRLY AVG	PRCP1003 HRLY AVG	PRCP1007 HRLY AVG	PRCP1010 HRLY AVG	PRCP1015 HRLY AVG	PRCP1017 HRLY AVG
08/09/96									
TIME									
06:00:01 AM	620.23	118.72	701.43	59.68	379.02	120.22	640.74	128.80	712.00
07:00:01 AM	614.37	116.19	709.88	57.70	350.62	120.40	636.67	125.19	696.00
08:00:01 AM	544.87	113.79	674.01	55.84	282.30	120.58	614.93	120.20	685.29
09:00:01 AM	521.58	114.65	668.76	54.40	256.54	120.77	590.80	115.21	684.47
10:00:01 AM	534.25	116.92	670.89	53.00	318.30	120.96	627.27	112.74	685.29
11:00:01 AM	567.86	119.19	668.95	51.64	332.10	121.35	635.08	114.57	683.28
12:00:01 PM	536.98	121.46	667.56	56.87	312.52	121.86	605.27	116.48	685.20
01:00:01 PM	629.38	123.73	694.05	66.63	387.81	122.36	657.55	118.39	689.13
02:00:01 PM	673.01	126.00	696.03	71.79	476.82	122.87	688.91	120.30	691.47
03:00:01 PM	671.93	128.27	688.32	75.33	431.05	123.38	677.60	122.21	689.63
04:00:01 PM	654.65	130.33	679.90	78.86	466.70	123.88	675.12	124.12	686.57
05:00:01 PM	636.38	129.05	686.57	82.21	426.56	124.39	676.35	126.03	687.46
06:00:01 PM	629.23	126.61	704.53	84.84	396.33	124.90	677.57	127.13	688.35
07:00:01 PM	648.59	124.16	699.54	86.59	474.72	125.60	680.58	127.38	689.24
08:00:01 PM	664.01	121.82	702.15	85.55	470.70	126.36	684.78	127.63	690.12

DATE	TIME	F1120120	F1120116	FIT28478	D120100	L1130013	F1120391	F131012	F121012	U045A031
		HRLY AVG	HRLY AVG	HRLY AVG	HRLY AVG	HRLY AVG	HRLY AVG	HRLY AVG	HRLY AVG	HRLY AVG
08/07/96	06:00:01 AM	23.69	40.78	1076.69	39.13	6.45	659.71	183.37	4.57	4635.15
	07:00:01 AM	24.85	40.87	1072.75	38.78	3.93	659.51	184.46	5.53	4810.76
	08:00:01 AM*	26.06	40.96	1073.07	38.09	2.42	527.00	192.01	4.20	4947.01
	09:00:01 AM	29.50	40.99	1068.02	39.26	2.93	353.30	215.13	5.50	4993.30
	10:00:01 AM	41.05	40.99	1069.54	41.29	3.26	344.08	415.73	4.86	5184.51
	11:00:01 AM	41.54	40.97	1063.73	42.13	4.63	454.78	433.25	5.04	5063.84
	12:00:01 PM	28.22	40.89	1057.30	42.66	5.83	658.37	275.70	5.15	5090.20
	01:00:01 PM	12.00	40.81	1049.70	44.00	6.90	646.56	262.58	6.03	5068.77
	02:00:01 PM	9.01	40.84	1048.15	41.67	7.74	704.42	260.59	5.98	4957.42
	03:00:01 PM	23.47	40.78	1040.65	41.10	7.31	698.92	236.38	4.86	5011.87
	04:00:01 PM	24.64	40.77	1037.26	42.37	7.45	653.82	206.71	4.36	4917.12
	05:00:01 PM*	14.75	40.71	1040.84	41.44	8.69	656.68	246.99	8.89	4890.23
	06:00:01 PM	28.42	40.79	1038.85	41.84	9.41	657.16	244.97	5.50	4797.58
	07:00:01 PM	23.65	40.77	1034.80	42.89	9.36	652.48	250.93	6.40	4728.13
	08:00:01 PM	25.31	40.78	1033.20	42.65	9.55	654.87	251.05	5.99	4790.35

AVGS

25.02

40.87

1054.83

41.40

5012.43

RPM = 1573.2

DATE	T4155101 TOT HOUR	Gross MW T4155102 TOT HOUR	Net, MW WT200 HRLY AVG	gross FI270 HRLY AVG	% of 60 TOTFUEL HRLY AVG	year TI270 HRLY AVG	Alt Gas TI5207 HRLY AVG	TI5208 HRLY AVG
08/07/96								
TIME								
06:00:01 AM	1.09	0.94	144.93	1058.05	84.00	1004.98	664.59	653.22
07:00:01 AM	1.15	0.98	148.08	1100.35	82.73	1005.74	666.33	658.66
08:00:01 AM	0.03	0.02	* 148.72	1100.74	* 86.63	1004.47	662.77	658.20
09:00:01 AM	0.11	0.11	148.37	1094.87	86.61	1005.35	663.60	657.41
10:00:01 AM	0.19	0.17	148.28	1101.75	86.89	997.18	661.60	656.56
11:00:01 AM	0.24	0.23	146.66	1085.49	87.28	1003.10	660.66	654.69
12:00:01 PM	0.31	0.29	148.59	1094.58	87.46	1005.35	662.76	656.56
01:00:01 PM	0.36	0.33	149.01	1089.86	85.65	1004.56	661.88	655.23
02:00:01 PM	0.43	0.35	149.90	1101.89	87.97	1004.73	667.66	658.64
03:00:01 PM	0.55	0.38	149.46	1106.92	* 86.41	1004.91	667.58	657.74
04:00:01 PM	0.68	0.38	149.55	1102.07	86.47	1005.25	670.00	659.99
05:00:01 PM	0.81	0.38	* 150.14	1101.03	86.58	1005.45	672.29	662.56
06:00:01 PM	0.95	0.38	149.40	1094.76	85.81	1004.94	671.29	661.66
07:00:01 PM	1.08	0.38	147.20	1079.27	84.73	1005.13	669.94	661.27
08:00:01 PM	1.22	0.38	146.87	1076.81	85.30	1004.40	669.15	660.43

1097.92 gross/1500 1064.04

↓
36.86%

↓
52.82% = 104,240 lb/hr

(DATA NOT USED)

Time Period 800 | 1000

Avg's: 158.60 148.87

661.42

DATE TIME	112209 HRLY AVG	112212 HRLY AVG	IT5303 HRLY AVG	112304 HRLY AVG	F12/U HRLY AVG	A15/U9 HRLY AVG	F12/1 HRLY AVG	A1250 HRLY AVG	O045X036 HRLY AVG
08/07/96 06:00:01 AM	302.48	295.41	154.41	151.54	1058.05	6.26	1001.74	3.26	311.28
07:00:01 AM	303.28	295.35	156.54	153.08	1100.35	6.68	1042.73	3.34	320.54
08:00:01 AM *	302.65	294.53	158.31	154.80	1100.74	7.57	1047.33	3.25	323.33
09:00:01 AM	297.84	296.19	158.92	154.89	1094.87	7.29	1032.78	3.28	323.61
10:00:01 AM	300.90	297.95	157.43	153.57	1101.75	6.67	1052.14	3.31	321.83
11:00:01 AM	304.30	299.46	156.66	152.52	1085.49	6.54	1047.04	3.29	317.09
12:00:01 PM	306.23	297.17	157.17	153.81	1094.58	6.22	1040.80	3.32	318.74
01:00:01 PM	305.91	293.39	155.77	153.60	1089.86	5.82	1031.16	3.30	319.88
02:00:01 PM	307.63	299.66	156.48	153.68	1101.89	5.05	1042.62	3.27	319.95
03:00:01 PM	306.90	298.74	157.01	153.70	1106.92	4.39	1068.01	3.33	319.19
04:00:01 PM	303.00	299.21	157.07	152.80	1102.07	4.35	1048.03	3.31	317.50
05:00:01 PM *	304.71	299.93	157.87	153.44	1101.03	4.22	1033.36	3.34	315.82
06:00:01 PM	307.29	298.88	156.44	152.86	1094.76	4.39	1036.61	3.29	314.18
07:00:01 PM	307.07	297.27	154.68	151.12	1079.27	4.92	1009.52	3.25	314.05
08:00:01 PM	307.79	296.77	154.28	151.56	1076.81	5.35	1008.87	3.32	314.64

5.91 1044.33 3.30 319.69

306.82

BLINE

FD CAN FLOW

ESP POWER LEVELS →

DATE TIME	AI128766 HRLY AVG	FT38643 HRLY AVG	FT215AC HRLY AVG	FT215BC HRLY AVG	FT251AC HRLY AVG	FT251BC HRLY AVG	PRCP1021 HRLY AVG	PRCP1024 HRLY AVG	PRCP1028 HRLY AVG
06:00:01 AM	336.04	0.19	98.76	105.96	537.07	519.70	27.84	195.73	118.11
07:00:01 AM	No good d	0.21	98.93	106.24	550.66	530.05	27.71	194.35	116.12
08:00:01 AM	398.56 *	19.77	99.18	105.72	559.13	542.18	27.59	190.62	117.41
09:00:01 AM	No good d	29.02	98.72	105.21	556.02	537.91	27.46	185.72	115.24
10:00:01 AM	No good d	28.30	99.23	105.02	553.82	530.19	27.33	180.82	113.08
11:00:01 AM	386.96	17.73	98.39	104.79	553.47	528.72	27.21	175.92	110.91
12:00:01 PM	399.15	10.41	98.93	104.48	551.52	529.25	27.08	171.02	108.74
01:00:01 PM	396.79	23.20	97.98	104.61	548.54	527.41	26.96	183.34	106.57
02:00:01 PM	398.19	25.42	97.14	105.11	553.35	531.80	26.83	187.44	105.43
03:00:01 PM	No good d	25.16	97.28	104.93	555.28	534.58	26.70	184.98	106.61
04:00:01 PM	No good d	24.76	96.99	104.48	557.54	535.78	26.58	182.51	107.88
05:00:01 PM	No good d	24.65 *	96.72	104.97	555.94	535.13	26.45	180.04	109.15
06:00:01 PM	No good d	20.41	96.78	104.54	553.62	530.81	26.32	177.58	110.43
07:00:01 PM	No good d	2.53	96.28	104.08	544.84	522.95	26.19	175.11	111.70
08:00:01 PM	No good d	2.27	97.20	103.31	546.41	526.21	26.07	172.64	112.97

TOTAL:

1087.76

Avg = 22.84

DATE TIME	PRCP1031 HRLY AVG	PRCP1033 HRLY AVG	PRCP1038 HRLY AVG	PRCP1000 HRLY AVG	PRCP1003 HRLY AVG	PRCP1007 HRLY AVG	PRCP1010 HRLY AVG	PRCP1015 HRLY AVG	PRCP1017 HRLY AVG
08/07/96 06:00:01 AM	511.65	123.49	663.90	43.18	258.74	108.36	609.38	125.61	684.41
07:00:01 AM	524.06	123.61	668.13	42.80	282.20	107.85	579.15	125.19	689.37
08:00:01 AM	503.85	123.74	659.36	42.41	257.88	107.35	563.93	123.09	681.95
09:00:01 AM	500.61	123.86	658.96	42.03	255.05	106.84	566.27	120.96	674.10
10:00:01 AM	501.59	123.54	666.69	41.65	255.91	106.34	570.53	118.83	666.25
11:00:01 AM	497.68	118.10	639.27	41.27	257.27	105.83	575.19	116.70	670.18
12:00:01 PM	493.71	111.23	653.75	40.89	272.64	105.33	592.07	114.57	693.26
01:00:01 PM	506.09	111.67	658.89	40.50	266.14	104.64	589.96	112.44	674.33
02:00:01 PM	489.74	119.42	661.57	40.12	244.76	103.65	550.44	110.32	663.20
03:00:01 PM	497.01	118.69	651.87	39.74	241.96	102.65	536.71	109.59	656.44
04:00:01 PM	476.87	117.67	674.26	39.36	239.16	101.65	538.85	111.07	661.78
05:00:01 PM	466.31	116.64	656.65	38.98	236.36	100.65	542.64	112.58	665.85
06:00:01 PM	470.44	115.62	648.62	38.60	233.56	99.64	540.30	114.09	669.53
07:00:01 PM	467.26	114.59	637.84	38.21	230.81	98.64	543.90	115.60	679.45
08:00:01 PM	476.88	113.57	632.99	40.60	229.48	97.64	543.63	117.11	654.61

Appendix C.2
Unit CEMS Data/Sample Train Diluent Gas Data

**DILUENT GAS CONCENTRATIONS
 NYSEG POST-RETROFIT TEST PROGRAM -- MILLIKEN UNIT 2
 AUGUST 1996**

Test No	Date	ESP Inlet		ESP Outlet		FGD Stack	
		O ₂ , % ⁽¹⁾	CO ₂ , % ⁽³⁾	O ₂ , % ⁽¹⁾	CO ₂ , % ⁽³⁾	O ₂ , % ⁽¹⁾	CO ₂ , % ⁽²⁾
1-MTLS	8/7/96	5.60	13.86	5.38	14.06	5.66	13.81
1-PM/AN	8/7/96	5.66	13.84	5.38	14.09	5.77	13.74
1-SO3	8/7/96	--	--	5.57	13.86	5.52	13.91
1-PSD	8/7/96	--	--	5.68	13.76	5.52	13.90
1-MESA	8/7/96	--	--	5.20	14.25	5.63	13.86
1-TRIS	8/7/96	--	--	4.67	14.56	5.42	13.89
1-OH	8/7/96	--	--	4.90	14.47	5.61	13.83
2-MTLS	8/8/96	5.10	13.94	5.10	13.94	5.52	13.57
2-PM/AN	8/8/96	5.53	13.58	5.61	13.51	5.51	13.60
2-SO3	8/8/96	--	--	5.48	13.59	5.52	13.55
2B-SO3	8/8/96	--	--	--	--	5.40	13.42
2-PSD	8/8/96	--	--	5.24	13.73	5.52	13.48
2-MESA	8/8/96	6.13	12.93	5.34	13.62	5.33	13.63
2A-MESA	8/8/96	--	--	5.20	13.54	5.20	13.54
2-TRIS	8/8/96	--	--	5.20	13.44	5.15	13.48
2-OH	8/8/96	--	--	5.28	13.63	5.31	13.60
3-MTLS	8/9/96	5.79	13.64	5.04	14.32	5.76	13.67
3-PM/AN	8/9/96	5.74	13.70	4.98	14.38	5.76	13.68
3A-SO3	8/9/96	--	--	5.77	13.58	5.73	13.62
3B-SO3	8/9/96	--	--	--	--	5.81	13.66
3-PSD	8/9/96	--	--	5.50	13.86	5.73	13.65
3-MESA	8/9/96	5.40	13.64	5.32	13.71	5.35	13.68
3A-MESA	8/9/96	5.23	13.75	4.25	14.61	5.33	13.66
3-TRIS	8/9/96	--	--	4.67	14.13	5.23	13.64
3-OH	8/9/96	--	--	5.16	13.83	5.32	13.69
1-SV	8/12/96	5.40	14.00	4.40	14.90	5.45	13.95
2-SV	8/12/96	5.73	13.81	4.96	14.51	5.78	13.76
1-Cr	8/12/96	5.60	13.66	--	--	5.44	13.80
1-SE	8/12/96	6.00	13.61	4.95	14.57	5.78	13.81
1A-VOST	8/12/96	--	--	4.50	14.78	5.70	13.70
1B-VOST	8/12/96	--	--	4.50	14.78	5.70	13.70
1C-VOST	8/12/96	--	--	4.50	14.93	5.80	13.75
1D-VOST	8/12/96	--	--	4.70	14.81	5.80	13.80
2A-VOST	8/12/96	--	--	4.60	14.85	5.70	13.85
2B-VOST	8/12/96	--	--	4.70	14.81	5.70	13.90
2C-VOST	8/12/96	--	--	4.70	14.81	5.80	13.80
2D-VOST	8/12/96	--	--	4.70	14.41	5.50	13.70
3-SV	8/13/96	5.15	14.17	4.22	15.00	4.98	14.32
2-Cr	8/13/96	5.32	14.21	--	--	5.24	14.28
3-Cr	8/13/96	5.64	13.84	--	--	5.33	14.12
1-FORM	8/13/96	--	--	4.44	14.57	4.66	14.38
2-FORM	8/13/96	--	--	3.97	15.22	5.12	14.19
3-FORM	8/13/96	--	--	4.49	14.80	5.25	14.11
4-MESA	8/13/96	--	--	4.60	15.28	5.70	14.25
3A-VOST	8/13/96	--	--	4.70	14.77	5.00	14.50
3B-VOST	8/13/96	--	--	4.70	15.06	5.30	14.50
3C-VOST	8/13/96	--	--	4.70	14.57	5.00	14.30
3D-VOST	8/13/96	--	--	4.80	14.74	5.12	14.45
3E-VOST	8/13/96	--	--	--	--	5.80	14.20

Notes:

(1) From Teledyne portable O₂ meter.

(2) From Unit 2 CEMS located at the FGD stack.

(3) Calculated by using stack O₂ to correct stack CO₂ to the oxygen level found at this location.

CONTINUOUS EMISSIONS MONITORING DATA

MILLIKEN STATION UNIT #2

FOR TIME PERIOD 96/07/08

QTR		S O 2		N O X		C O 2		F L O W	
HR	HR	PPM	CODE	PPM	CODE	%	CODE	CFM	CODE
1	0	17.1	0	195.0	0	11.6	0	274364.	0
1	1	50.6	0	201.3	0	11.8	0	272872.	0
1	2	47.3	0	201.4	0	11.9	0	272365.	0
1	3	31.1	0	197.5	0	12.0	0	273567.	0
2	0	35.7	0	196.5	0	12.3	0	280611.	0
2	1	53.3	0	192.4	0	12.9	0	315889.	0
2	2	85.5	0	197.3	0	13.3	0	341813.	0
2	3	95.4	0	218.4	0	13.6	0	369783.	0
3	0	106.4	0	231.2	0	13.4	0	389706.	0
3	1	106.9	0	230.7	0	13.3	0	396454.	0
3	2	102.6	0	218.2	0	13.7	0	404164.	0
3	3	113.8	0	229.5	0	13.4	0	401646.	0
4	0	90.0	0	219.0	0	13.6	0	390611.	0
4	1	113.3	0	230.1	0	13.5	0	397306.	0
4	2	93.9	0	218.3	0	13.5	0	376305.	0
4	3	95.5	0	221.8	0	13.6	0	387725.	0
5	0	103.2	0	223.6	0	13.6	0	395728.	0
5	1	91.2	0	210.8	0	13.5	0	389399.	0
5	2	84.4	0	212.0	0	13.4	0	377413.	0
5	3	75.5	0	210.5	0	13.3	0	379411.	0
6	0	87.5	0	208.8	0	13.4	0	375283.	0
6	1	97.0	0	217.0	0	13.4	0	387618.	0
6	2	103.5	0	223.6	0	13.3	0	395473.	0
6	3	112.0	0	218.6	0	13.4	0	400227.	0
7	0	-99.0	16	-99.0	16	-99.0	16	397842.	256
7	1	122.1	256	194.4	256	14.0	256	396618.	0
7	2	115.1	0	191.5	0	13.8	0	393176.	0
7	3	116.7	0	191.2	0	13.6	0	394438.	0
8	0	117.7	0	193.5	0	13.7	0	398417.	0
8	1	114.9	0	191.3	0	13.7	0	398589.	0
8	2	114.1	0	195.1	0	13.5	0	405012.	0
8	3	109.7	0	195.7	0	13.5	0	405665.	0
9	0	108.3	0	185.1	0	13.4	0	405614.	0
9	1	119.1	0	178.5	0	13.5	0	407133.	0
9	2	119.2	0	177.4	0	13.6	0	401205.	0
9	3	119.6	0	177.8	0	13.5	0	397551.	0
10	0	120.0	0	181.9	0	13.7	0	390680.	0
10	1	123.9	0	180.3	0	13.7	0	394892.	0
10	2	120.6	0	176.0	0	13.9	0	392348.	0
10	3	121.2	0	169.8	0	13.7	0	393259.	0

16+256
ARE CALI

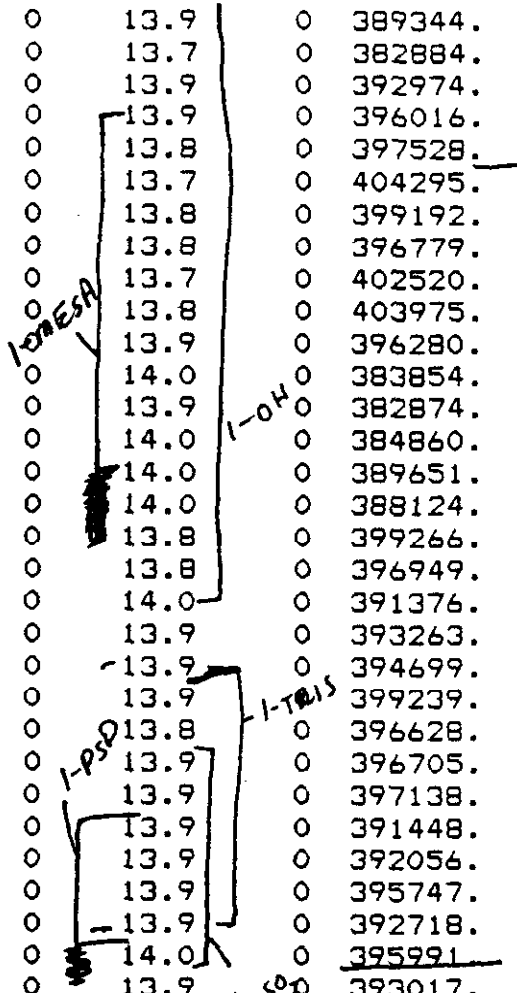
• DATA ATTAC
TO 256 IS

• DATA ATTAC
TO 16 IS NO

1-PM, 1-M
START

Press RETURN to continue

0	116.2	0	170.9	0	13.9	0	389344.	0
1	113.3	0	171.1	0	13.7	0	382884.	0
2	105.1	0	174.8	0	13.9	0	392974.	0
3	115.1	0	176.3	0	13.9	0	396016.	0
0	121.9	0	178.1	0	13.8	0	397528.	0
1	114.0	0	176.8	0	13.7	0	404295.	0
2	108.0	0	178.4	0	13.8	0	399192.	0
3	115.7	0	179.1	0	13.8	0	396779.	0
0	119.5	0	177.2	0	13.7	0	402520.	0
1	-116.8	0	-180.6	0	13.8	0	403975.	0
2	123.1	0	181.8	0	13.9	0	396280.	0
3	122.4	0	184.4	0	14.0	0	383854.	0
0	129.2	0	186.1	0	13.9	0	382874.	0
1	128.2	0	185.8	0	14.0	0	384860.	0
2	142.3	0	188.3	0	14.0	0	389651.	0
3	160.9	0	187.5	0	14.0	0	388124.	0
0	169.7	0	184.2	0	13.8	0	399266.	0
1	158.6	0	182.8	0	13.8	0	396949.	0
2	-157.7	0	-186.3	0	14.0	0	391376.	0
3	144.3	0	186.2	0	13.9	0	393263.	0
0	-135.3	0	-185.7	0	13.9	0	394699.	0
1	134.7	0	186.1	0	13.9	0	399239.	0
2	137.3	0	187.3	0	13.8	0	396628.	0
3	136.5	0	187.6	0	13.9	0	396705.	0
0	132.5	0	188.8	0	13.9	0	397138.	0
1	129.6	0	189.4	0	13.9	0	391448.	0
2	137.7	0	189.5	0	13.9	0	392056.	0
3	157.9	0	189.3	0	13.9	0	395747.	0
0	143.6	0	191.0	0	-13.9	0	392718.	0
1	129.0	0	189.0	0	14.0	0	395991.	0
2	120.8	0	190.8	0	13.9	0	393017.	0
3	113.1	0	188.8	0	14.0	0	388442.	0
0	121.5	0	187.7	0	13.8	0	388665.	0
1	115.5	0	187.1	0	13.8	0	390158.	0
2	118.3	0	188.5	0	13.8	0	387729.	0
3	130.3	0	188.8	0	13.9	0	386588.	0
0	125.9	0	186.4	0	13.8	0	387971.	0
1	119.8	0	184.9	0	13.8	0	389510.	0
2	117.8	0	186.5	0	13.7	0	389337.	0
3	123.1	0	187.2	0	13.7	0	387829.	0
0	117.8	0	186.6	0	13.7	0	388062.	0
1	102.8	0	187.7	0	13.8	0	383854.	0
2	93.7	0	182.7	0	13.8	0	385502.	0
3	94.9	0	182.9	0	13.8	0	381192.	0
0	98.9	0	180.2	0	13.7	0	387982.	0
1	99.9	0	182.4	0	13.5	0	390698.	0
2	95.6	0	180.7	0	13.6	0	384905.	0



← 1-PM END
 $CO_2 = 13.74$
 $SO_2 = 116.2$
 $NO_x = 176.2$

← 1-TRIS END
 $CO_2 = 13.81$
 $SO_2 = 129.5$
 $NO_x = 179.5$

1-TRIS
 $CO_2 = 13.89$

1-SO3-STK
 $CO_2 = 13.91$

1-PSD-STK
 $CO_2 = 13.90$

1-OH-STK
 $CO_2 = 13.83$

Press RETURN to continue

800/1730, 8/7 → $NO_x = 182.2$
 $SO_2 = 129.4$
 $Flow = 394.92$

22	3	100.2	0	179.4	0	13.5	0	373900.	0
23	0	109.4	0	185.2	0	13.8	0	393220.	0
23	1	103.6	0	181.1	0	13.5	0	385250.	0
23	2	100.3	0	180.8	0	13.5	0	383108.	0
23	3	98.3	0	180.5	0	13.5	0	379457.	0
24	0	94.9	0	181.1	0	13.6	0	377253.	0
24	1	81.4	0	173.6	0	13.4	0	364284.	0
24	2	82.3	0	185.4	0	13.3	0	356482.	0
24	3	96.2	0	201.1	0	13.3	0	357809.	0

CONTINUOUS EMISSIONS MONITORING DATA

LIKEN STATION UNIT #2

FOR TIME PERIOD 96/08/08

QTR HR	S O 2		N O X		C O 2		F L O W	
	PPM	CODE	PPM	CODE	%	CODE	CFM	CODE
0	105.1	0	216.3	0	13.1	0	367093.	0
1	102.4	0	211.0	0	13.2	0	365721.	0
2	100.0	0	211.0	0	13.2	0	364417.	0
3	92.1	0	210.0	0	13.3	0	362079.	0
0	95.5	0	208.2	0	13.3	0	359795.	0
1	91.0	0	211.4	0	13.3	0	365416.	0
2	73.5	0	208.6	0	13.3	0	357452.	0
3	62.4	0	198.3	0	13.2	0	342792.	0
0	59.5	0	190.2	0	13.0	0	332761.	0
1	41.9	0	176.4	0	12.4	0	309221.	0
2	30.3	0	167.5	0	11.9	0	272292.	0
3	55.4	0	166.3	0	12.0	0	253741.	0
0	158.5	0	175.5	0	11.8	0	255188.	0
1	158.9	0	190.2	0	11.7	0	260946.	0
2	148.1	0	181.2	0	11.8	0	255941.	0
3	150.2	0	175.6	0	11.8	0	255524.	0
0	139.3	0	173.5	0	11.8	0	254317.	0
1	154.3	0	170.4	0	11.9	0	256724.	0
2	174.5	0	173.4	0	12.1	0	262493.	0
3	149.8	0	175.7	0	11.8	0	259541.	0
0	146.3	0	177.0	0	11.8	0	249904.	0
1	200.2	0	173.0	0	12.4	0	272595.	0
2	78.1	0	171.7	0	13.1	0	312721.	0
3	91.4	0	187.3	0	13.5	0	350360.	0
0	-99.0	16	-99.0	16	-99.0	16	369866.	256
1	96.9	256	198.8	256	14.0	256	381401.	0
2	92.0	0	197.8	0	13.8	0	389682.	0
3	93.7	0	194.4	0	13.7	0	390803.	0
0	93.4	0	198.6	0	13.6	0	395030.	0
1	98.8	0	201.0	0	13.6	0	398869.	0
2	96.3	0	202.1	0	13.6	0	400641.	0
3	91.5	0	201.8	0	13.7	0	399551.	0
0	93.7	0	197.6	0	13.5	0	404845.	0
1	93.0	0	198.0	0	13.4	0	405791.	0
2	95.1	0	194.4	0	13.5	0	405174.	0
3	92.3	0	192.3	0	13.5	0	395384.	0
0	85.6	0	196.7	0	13.7	0	391815.	0
1	79.2	0	196.3	0	13.7	0	390087.	0
2	81.7	0	193.3	0	13.7	0	385605.	0
3	84.0	0	194.1	0	13.7	0	389075.	0

Press RETURN to continue

256 16+256 ARE CALIBRATIONS

- DATA ATTACHED TO 256 IS VALID
- DATA ATTACHED TO 16 IS NOT VALID

← 2-PM 2-MTLS START

11	0	91.1	0	191.4	0	13.6	0	392502.	0
11	1	86.6	0	190.0	0	13.5	0	404177.	0
11	2	81.6	0	194.3	0	13.7	0	402827.	0
11	3	79.7	0	194.9	0	13.7	0	403263.	0
12	0	81.1	0	190.8	0	13.6	0	404631.	0
12	1	84.7	0	191.2	0	13.6	0	402597.	0
12	2	78.7	0	192.3	0	13.6	0	400268.	0
12	3	74.0	0	192.1	0	13.6	0	398966.	0
13	0	64.5	0	190.6	0	13.6	0	405628.	0
13	1	63.2	0	191.0	0	13.6	0	395745.	0
13	2	58.0	0	190.9	0	13.6	0	395542.	0
13	3	55.3	0	192.5	0	13.6	0	402964.	0
14	0	133.1	0	192.2	0	13.6	0	398515.	0
14	1	174.2	0	192.4	0	13.6	0	404968.	0
14	2	162.8	0	193.7	0	13.6	0	399856.	0
14	3	172.7	0	191.6	0	13.6	0	396779.	0
15	0	172.8	0	191.6	0	13.5	0	398209.	0
15	1	175.6	0	190.7	0	13.5	0	394887.	0
15	2	167.3	0	192.3	0	13.5	0	394566.	0
15	3	158.9	0	192.6	0	13.5	0	397810.	0
16	0	166.2	0	192.6	0	13.5	0	399145.	0
16	1	173.1	0	194.0	0	13.4	0	396049.	0
16	2	183.4	0	196.7	0	13.5	0	394335.	0
16	3	180.6	0	199.3	0	13.5	0	397787.	0
17	0	193.9	0	201.1	0	13.4	0	399864.	0
17	1	194.2	0	199.2	0	13.5	0	396472.	0
17	2	211.4	0	199.5	0	13.4	0	399384.	0
17	3	210.1	0	200.8	0	13.4	0	396154.	0
18	0	192.0	0	200.3	0	13.4	0	396898.	0
18	1	189.5	0	199.8	0	13.4	0	396030.	0
18	2	188.7	0	200.8	0	13.6	0	394426.	0
18	3	195.5	0	196.9	0	13.6	0	393047.	0
19	0	191.7	0	195.3	0	13.6	0	388646.	0
19	1	190.4	0	194.3	0	13.5	0	393273.	0
19	2	192.7	0	197.1	0	13.5	0	391541.	0
19	3	185.6	0	196.7	0	13.6	0	392845.	0
20	0	169.5	0	185.6	0	13.4	0	384703.	0
20	1	185.5	0	198.8	0	13.6	0	397167.	0
20	2	180.5	0	207.7	0	13.5	0	388047.	0
20	3	150.2	0	214.3	0	13.4	0	378450.	0
21	0	115.4	0	203.8	0	13.3	0	339349.	0
21	1	91.1	0	213.6	0	12.8	0	320131.	0
21	2	91.1	0	216.2	0	13.0	0	317121.	0
21	3	101.9	0	217.7	0	13.1	0	323764.	0
22	0	122.4	0	219.9	0	13.1	0	334959.	0
22	1	93.2	0	217.9	0	12.8	0	321659.	0
22	2	79.0	0	229.0	0	12.5	0	301740.	0

Press RETURN to continue

← 2-PSD
CO₂ = 13
SO₂ = 63
NO_x = 193

← 2-MESA
CO₂ = 13.5
SO₂ = 111.1
NO_x = 193

2-TRIS
CO₂ = 13.48

2-B-SO_x
CO₂ = 13.4

2-OH
CO₂ = 13.6

2A-MESA
CO₂ = 13.54

2-MESA
CO₂ = 13.6

8/8, 800 / 1730
NO_x ppm = 194.3
SO₂ ppm = 126.7
Flow = 398.28

2-PSD-STK
CO₂ = 13.48
2-SO₃-STK
CO₂ = 13.55

3	86.5	0	225.8	0	12.6	0	299073.	0
0	76.2	0	224.7	0	12.5	0	293532.	0
1	72.8	0	230.1	0	12.3	0	282917.	0
2	40.5	0	245.0	0	11.8	0	256238.	0
3	41.7	0	234.6	0	11.9	0	255395.	0
0	41.8	0	233.5	0	11.9	0	259085.	0
1	51.6	0	208.6	0	11.9	0	265002.	0
2	64.6	0	201.7	0	12.2	0	281529.	0
3	35.8	0	196.2	0	11.7	0	268448.	0

CONTINUOUS EMISSIONS MONITORING DATA

MILLIKEN STATION UNIT #2

FOR TIME PERIOD 96/09/08

QTR	S O 2	N O X	C O 2	F L O W
HR HR	PPM CODE	PPM CODE	% CODE	CFM CODE
1 0	29.1 0	197.9 0	11.8 0	261900. 0
1 1	29.2 0	201.0 0	11.9 0	258866. 0
1 2	25.0 0	198.5 0	11.8 0	259304. 0
1 3	29.2 0	198.0 0	11.9 0	264849. 0
2 0	39.7 0	196.0 0	11.9 0	266594. 0
2 1	48.1 0	196.3 0	12.0 0	269938. 0
2 2	51.8 0	199.6 0	12.2 0	275468. 0
2 3	43.5 0	200.0 0	12.1 0	272792. 0
3 0	39.7 0	198.1 0	11.8 0	268437. 0
3 1	28.6 0	200.4 0	11.8 0	257606. 0
3 2	27.4 0	198.2 0	11.8 0	259485. 0
3 3	47.6 0	201.1 0	12.1 0	272197. 0
4 0	29.3 0	198.3 0	11.7 0	270087. 0
4 1	28.0 0	196.8 0	11.9 0	261700. 0
4 2	36.4 0	197.0 0	11.9 0	275314. 0
4 3	25.5 0	198.8 0	11.8 0	263542. 0
5 0	22.6 0	200.3 0	11.8 0	264449. 0
5 1	48.4 0	200.8 0	12.1 0	279843. 0
5 2	41.5 0	194.2 0	11.8 0	277515. 0
5 3	30.4 0	195.0 0	11.6 0	259651. 0
6 0	35.7 0	195.1 0	11.8 0	259787. 0
6 1	79.1 0	196.2 0	12.3 0	294343. 0
6 2	122.0 0	213.5 0	12.8 0	328616. 0
6 3	161.0 0	223.2 0	13.4 0	364567. 0
7 0	-99.0 16	-99.0 16	-99.0 16	377196. 256
7 1	174.2 256	241.2 256	13.9 256	387681. 0
7 2	164.7 0	242.7 0	13.8 0	388061. 0
7 3	153.2 0	230.1 0	13.5 0	393473. 0
8 0	153.6 0	230.9 0	13.5 0	396412. 0
8 1	80.2 0	223.4 0	13.5 0	402316. 0
8 2	73.9 0	220.9 0	13.6 0	396823. 0
8 3	73.9 0	215.8 0	13.6 0	398233. 0
9 0	-71.2 0	-219.1 0	-13.4 0	404474. 0
9 1	73.6 0	220.8 0	13.6 0	405342. 0
9 2	70.8 0	218.9 0	13.6 0	400038. 0
9 3	66.9 0	216.9 0	13.6 0	394547. 0
10 0	68.4 0	218.6 0	13.6 0	392428. 0
10 1	78.4 0	218.6 0	13.6 0	399658. 0
10 2	80.9 0	220.4 0	13.6 0	397277. 0
10 3	84.2 0	220.1 0	13.7 0	395036. 0

Press RETURN to continue

3-PM, 3 STARTS
START

3-NOISE
3-OK

0	90.0	0	217.9	0	13.7	0	394782.	0
1	99.1	0	215.5	0	13.6	0	396189.	0
2	101.3	0	199.7	0	13.8	0	397618.	0
3	108.6	0	198.1	0	13.9	0	400625.	0
0	113.7	0	195.7	0	13.8	0	404257.	0
1	124.9	0	197.5	0	13.7	0	404890.	0
2	139.7	0	201.5	0	13.8	0	398644.	0
3	155.2	0	202.4	0	13.8	0	400014.	0
0	160.7	0	201.8	0	13.8	0	400365.	0
1	164.0	0	201.1	0	13.7	0	397413.	0
2	155.5	0	200.1	0	13.7	0	402676.	0
3	147.7	0	196.1	0	13.7	0	402338.	0
0	148.6	0	195.5	0	13.6	0	401028.	0
1	101.5	0	197.7	0	13.6	0	395880.	0
2	97.1	0	198.1	0	13.5	0	395092.	0
3	99.7	0	195.6	0	13.7	0	394747.	0
0	104.9	0	195.0	0	13.7	0	398456.	0
1	110.7	0	197.4	0	13.7	0	400159.	0
2	116.5	0	199.8	0	13.7	0	398761.	0
3	117.7	0	197.7	0	13.7	0	402125.	0
0	115.0	0	197.0	0	13.6	0	399378.	0
1	113.8	0	199.7	0	13.6	0	400755.	0
2	112.7	0	201.1	0	13.7	0	397057.	0
3	112.7	0	202.0	0	13.8	0	399216.	0
0	93.0	0	197.8	0	13.6	0	403591.	0
1	96.7	0	197.5	0	13.6	0	399816.	0
2	87.4	0	192.1	0	13.6	0	392492.	0
3	85.6	0	185.4	0	13.6	0	375945.	0
0	97.0	0	185.6	0	13.6	0	369502.	0
1	92.5	0	185.3	0	13.7	0	368936.	0
2	86.6	0	184.0	0	13.7	0	367671.	0
3	67.2	0	171.5	0	13.6	0	343890.	0
0	59.9	0	182.5	0	13.0	0	325164.	0
1	53.4	0	182.4	0	12.6	0	309426.	0
2	36.2	0	185.8	0	12.1	0	270454.	0
3	27.4	0	192.2	0	11.9	0	253121.	0
0	28.2	0	186.3	0	12.1	0	255704.	0
1	30.2	0	208.7	0	12.4	0	262349.	0
2	27.7	0	217.0	0	12.2	0	269187.	0
3	37.0	0	210.9	0	12.5	0	274690.	0
0	69.5	0	210.9	0	12.4	0	276472.	0
1	76.1	0	213.6	0	12.4	0	279798.	0
2	49.0	0	219.6	0	12.0	0	261854.	0
3	48.3	0	223.2	0	11.9	0	254179.	0
0	49.9	0	222.3	0	11.9	0	255768.	0
1	50.7	0	225.2	0	11.9	0	258118.	0
2	45.6	0	230.7	0	12.0	0	253110.	0

Press RETURN to continue

5-MESA

3-PSD

3B-SO3

3A-MESA

← 3-PM ENE
CO₂ = 13.68
SO₂ = 102.9
NO_x = 212.2

3A-SO_x
CO₂ = 13.62

← 3-PM ENE
CO₂ = 13.67
SO₂ = 109.2
NO_x = 205.3

3-TRIS
CO₂ = 13.64

3B-SO₃
CO₂ = 13.66

3-PSD-STK
CO₂ = 13.65

3-OH
CO₂ = 13.69

3-MESA
CO₂ = 13.68

9/9, 1800/1705
NO_x ppm = 203.1
SO₂ ppm = 107.2
Flow = 397.64

CO₂ = 13.66

22	3	44.6	0	192.4	0	11.8	0	254266.	0
23	0	27.4	0	185.0	0	11.1	0	233331.	0
23	1	23.2	0	188.1	0	11.2	0	223235.	0
23	2	23.6	0	183.5	0	11.4	0	218750.	0
23	3	22.9	0	179.9	0	11.4	0	217223.	0
24	0	22.1	0	185.5	0	11.2	0	221040.	0
24	1	20.2	0	183.6	0	11.3	0	219914.	0
24	2	21.6	0	180.1	0	11.1	0	222784.	0
24	3	21.9	0	182.0	0	11.4	0	216947.	0

Appendix C.3
Sample Locations and Preliminary Velocity Traverses

CARNOT VELOCITY TRAVERSE DATA

CLIENT/LOCATION: NYSEG DATE: _____

SAMPLE LOCATION: _____ DATA TAKEN BY: _____

UNIT NO.: _____ TEST DESCRIPTION: _____

TEST NO.: _____

BARO. PRESS. (In. Hg): _____ PITOT TUBE COEFFICIENT _____ Cp

ABS. STATIC PRESS. IN STACK (In. Hg) -14.1 P_s SOUTH

② of ②

$$V_s = 2.90 C_p \sqrt{\Delta P T_s} \sqrt{\frac{29.92}{P_s} \times \frac{28.95}{MW}}$$

ME	TRAVERSE POINT		VELOCITY HEAD, in. H ₂ O, ΔP	GAS TEMP., °F	TIME	TRAVERSE POINT		VELOCITY HEAD, in. H ₂ O, ΔP	GAS TEMP., °F
	PORT	POINT				PORT	POINT		
	M	3	.03	298	*	S	3	.21	302
	4=0	2	.34	302		4=0	2	.33	303
		1	.30	302			1	.27	304
*	N	3	.41	300	*	T	3	.05	296
	4=0	2	.41	302		4=0	2	.28	296
		1	.33	304			1	.27	287
*	O	3	.03	304		U	3	.30	294
	4=0	2	.37	304		4=0	2	.34	294
		1	.30	304			1	.32	294
	P	3	.20	304	*	V	3	.27	294
	4=0	2	.37	304		4=0	2	.20	306
		1	.32	305			1	.28	305
	Q	3	.20	292	*	W	3	.15	291
	4=0	2	.29	293			2	.38	299
		1	.23	299		4=0	1	.31	301
	R	3	.23	300	*	X	3	.45	299
		2	.36	302		4=0	2	.35	299
	4=0	1	.28	305			1	.20	302

Circled Values considered invalid.

DUCT AVG: 0.2963
 4-Port AVG: 0.3075
 D. Difference: 3.0%

CARNOT

Overall AVG = 0.2725
 2-Port AVG = 0.2795
 OVERALL DIFF = 2.5%

CARNOT VELOCITY TRAVERSE DATA

CLIENT/LOCATION: MSSE DATE: 3/6/96
 SAMPLE LOCATION: ESP IN DATA TAKEN BY: BC
 UNIT NO.: 2 TEST DESCRIPTION: _____
 TEST NO.: PRECED (REPEAT) _____
 BARO. PRESS. (In. Hg): _____ PITOT TUBE COEFFICIENT -.87 Cp
 ABS. STATIC PRESS. IN STACK (In. Hg) -13.9 P_s NORTH

$$V_s = 2.90 C_p \sqrt{\Delta P T_s} \sqrt{\frac{29.92}{P_s} \times \frac{28.95}{MW}}$$

TIME	TRAVERSE POINT		VELOCITY HEAD, in. H ₂ O, ΔP	GAS TEMP., °F	TIME	TRAVERSE POINT		VELOCITY HEAD, in. H ₂ O, ΔP	GAS TEMP., °F
	PORT	POINT				PORT	POINT		
1430	A	3	.12	275		G	3	.11	278
	4=0	2	.27	275		4=0	2	.22	278
		1	.20	270			1	.25	284
	B	3	.24	273		H	3	.16	293
	4=0	2	.32	284		4=0	2	.26	295
		1	.27	284			1	.21	297
	C	3	.12	286		I	3	.20	282
	4=0	2	.32	292		4=0	2	.28	282
		1	.24	293			1	.26	279
	D	3	.22	295		J	3	.18	300
	4=0	2	.30	297		4=0	2	.30	300
		1	.23	298			1	.26	299
*	E	3	.09	289	*	K	3	.04	296
	4=0	2	.27	300		4=0	2	.33	306
		1	.16	302			1	.28	306
	F	3	.10	300		L	3	.08	301
	4=0	2	.26	300		4=0	2	.27	305
		1	.22	301			1	.22	308

MF-003

DUCT AVG: 0.2497
 4-PORT AVG: 0.2525
 1.1% DIFF

CARNOT
 Circled values considered invalid.

CARNOT VELOCITY TRAVERSE DATA

CLIENT/LOCATION: NYSEG DATE: 8-6-96
 SAMPLE LOCATION: ESP outlet DATA TAKEN BY: DA/JP/EM
 UNIT NO.: _____ TEST DESCRIPTION: _____
 TEST NO.: I-VEL
 BARO. PRESS. (In. Hg): _____ PITOT TUBE COEFFICIENT 0.84 Cp
 ABS. STATIC PRESS. IN STACK (In. Hg) _____ P_s

$$V_s = 2.90 C_p \sqrt{\Delta P T_s} \sqrt{\frac{29.92}{P_s} \times \frac{28.95}{MW}}$$

Port B STATIC ~~-14.8~~ -14.8

Port D STATIC -14.0

AE	TRAVERSE POINT		VELOCITY HEAD, in. H ₂ O, ΔP	GAS TEMP., °F	TIME	TRAVERSE POINT		VELOCITY HEAD, in. H ₂ O, ΔP	GAS TEMP., °F
	PORT	POINT				PORT	POINT		
	<u>Q</u>	3	0.36	280		<u>I</u>	3	0.31	282
	<u>4-5</u>	2	0.38	282			2	0.33	286
		1	0.34	283			1	0.29	281
	<u>R*</u>	3	0.33	272		<u>M</u>	3	0.29	286
	<u>4-0</u>	2	0.36	281			2	0.29	287
		1	0.32	283			1	0.24	283
30	<u>A</u>	3	0.19	284		<u>N</u>	3	0.27	288
		2	0.20	284			2	0.29	288
		1	0.22	281			1	0.23	288
	<u>C</u>	3	0.26	281		<u>Q</u>	3	0.21	282
		2	0.27	283			2	0.14	283
		1	0.26	280			1	0.16	277
	<u>D</u>	3	0.26	279		<u>T</u>	3	0.24	282
		2	0.31	283			2	0.23	285
		1	0.25	279			1	0.27	285
	<u>E</u>	3	0.28	285		<u>U</u>	3	0.33	286
		2	0.22	285			2	0.31	286
5		1	0.15	273			1	0.30	287
						<u>X</u>	NA		

* DIFFICULT

Ports X ~~are~~ FROZEN

CARNOT

ALL PORTS : 0.2856

8 PORTS : 0.2991

OVERALL DIFF = 4.7

CARNOT VELOCITY TRAVERSE DATA

CLIENT/LOCATION: 1 MILE N / MARIKAW DATE: 8-6-96
 SAMPLE LOCATION: ESP OUTLET DATA TAKEN BY: DH/JP/12m
 UNIT NO.: _____ TEST DESCRIPTION: _____
 TEST NO.: 1-VEL
 BARO. PRESS. (In. Hg): _____ PITOT TUBE COEFFICIENT 0.94 Cp
 ABS. STATIC PRESS. IN STACK (In. Hg) _____ Ps

$$V_s = 2.90 C_p \sqrt{\Delta P T_s} \sqrt{\frac{29.92}{P_s} \times \frac{28.95}{MW}}$$

CYLINDRICAL CHECK PORT W/ $\alpha = 0-5^\circ$

TIME	TRAVERSE POINT		VELOCITY HEAD, in. H ₂ O, ΔP	GAS TEMP., °F	TIME	TRAVERSE POINT		VELOCITY HEAD, in. H ₂ O, ΔP	GAS TEMP., °F
	PORT	POINT				PORT	POINT		
0915	<u>W*</u>	3	0.33	269	0938	L	3	0.30	277
		2	0.32	270	4=0		2	0.37	281
		1	0.30	270			1	0.34	282
4=0	<u>V*</u>	3	0.34	270		<u>K*</u>	3	0.37	277
		2	0.34	269			2	0.36	279
		1	0.27	269			1	0.33	282
4=0	<u>S</u>	3	0.27	277	4=5	<u>J*</u>	3	0.31	278
		2	0.26	278			2	0.41	281
		1	0.24	277			1	0.38	283
4=0	<u>R</u>	3	0.29	271	4=0	<u>H</u>	3	0.30	273
		2	0.29	273			2	0.33	276
		1	0.24	264			1	0.41	270
4=0	<u>P</u>	3	0.33	271	4=0	<u>G</u>	3	0.34	273
		2	0.35	273			2	0.28	280
		1	0.50	273			1	0.20	279
4=0	<u>O</u>	3	0.50	279	0950	<u>F</u>	3	0.30	276
		2	0.34	280	4=0		2	0.28	280
		1	0.33	277			1	0.25	276
0933									

* DIFFICULT

CARNOT VELOCITY TRAVERSE DATA

CLIENT/LOCATION: WVSEGL DATE: 8/6/96
 SAMPLE LOCATION: STACK DATA TAKEN BY: RAF
 UNIT NO.: 2 TEST DESCRIPTION: _____
 TEST NO.: Prelim. Velocity / Flow Angle
 BARO. PRESS. (In. Hg): _____ PITOT TUBE COEFFICIENT 0.84 Cp
 ABS. STATIC PRESS. IN STACK (In. Hg) _____ Ps

$$V_s = 2.90 C_p \sqrt{\Delta P T_s} \sqrt{\frac{29.92}{P_s} \times \frac{28.95}{MW}}$$

ME	TRAVERSE POINT		VELOCITY HEAD, in. H ₂ O, ΔP	GAS TEMP., °F	θ TIME	TRAVERSE POINT		VELOCITY HEAD, in. H ₂ O, ΔP	GAS TEMP., °F
	PORT	POINT				PORT	POINT		
17	F2	6	1.20	121	0°				
		5	1.3	123	0°				
		4	1.4	119	0°				
		2	1.2	119	3°				
		2	1.35	118	0°				
18		1	1.81	114	0°				
41	F3	6	1.35	120	0				
		5	1.30	118	-3				
		4	1.3	119	3				
		3	1.3	121	3				
		2	1.3	121	2				
		1	1.1	121	-2				

Appendix C.4
EPA Method 29

TABLE 4-1
EPA METHOD 29 MERCURY EMISSION RESULTS
NYSEG POST-RETROFIT TEST PROGRAM
AUGUST 1996

Parameter	ESP INLET			ESP OUTLET/FGD INLET			FGD OUTLET/STACK					
	1-MTLS-IN	2-MTLS-IN	3-MTLS-IN	AVERAGE	1-MTLS-OUT	2-MTLS-OUT	3-MTLS-OUT	AVERAGE	1-MTLS-STK	2-MTLS-STK	3-MTLS-STK	AVERAGE
Date	8/7/96	8/8/96	8/9/96		8/7/96	8/8/96	8/9/96		8/7/96	8/8/96	8/9/96	
Pitot Flow Rate, dscfm	325,318	340,247	327,659	331,075	323,354	331,647	330,081	328,361	358,667	358,779	362,692	360,046
Sample Volume, dscf	137.91	144.70	135.15	139.25	221.74	219.80	216.78	219.44	241.79	253.28	254.55	249.87
Fuel Factor, dscf/10 ⁶ Btu	13,106	12,740	13,355	13,067	12,920	12,740	12,723	12,794	13,157	13,088	13,328	13,191
O ₂ , %	5.60	5.10	5.79	5.50	5.38	5.10	5.04	5.17	5.66	5.52	5.76	5.65
CO ₂ , %	13.86	13.94	13.64	13.81	14.06	13.94	14.32	14.11	13.81	13.57	13.67	13.68
H ₂ O, %	8.5	8.7	8.5	8.6	8.3	8.4	8.1	8.3	14.4	14.8	14.3	14.5
Elemental Mercury -- Hg(0)												
ug/Nm ³	0.80	0.76	0.84	0.80	1.06	1.66	1.75	1.49	2.27	2.69	2.23	2.40
lb/hr	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.003
lb/10 ⁶ Btu	0.61	0.56	0.65	0.61	0.80	1.23	1.29	1.10	1.74	2.05	1.73	1.84
Oxidized Mercury -- Hg(II)												
ug/Nm ³	7.33	8.41	6.82	7.52	5.86	7.21	5.63	6.23	0.46	0.56	0.83	0.62
lb/hr	0.008	0.010	0.008	0.009	0.007	0.008	0.006	0.007	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001
lb/10 ⁶ Btu	5.59	6.22	5.29	5.70	4.40	5.34	4.16	4.63	0.36	0.43	0.64	0.47
Total Mercury												
ug/Nm ³	9.04	10.06	8.44	9.18	6.92	8.86	7.38	7.72	2.74	3.25	3.07	3.02
lb/hr	0.010	0.012	0.010	0.011	0.008	0.010	0.008	0.009	0.003	0.004	0.004	0.004
lb/10 ⁶ Btu	6.88	7.45	6.55	6.96	5.20	6.56	5.46	5.74	2.09	2.47	2.38	2.31
Mercury Removal Efficiency												
				22.1%	23.4%	11.9%	12.6%	15.9%	60.4%	63.3%	58.4%	60.9%
Uncertainty @ 95% CI												
Uncertainty @ 95% CI, ug/Nm ³				2.02				32.7%				21.4%
								2.52				0.65

DRAFT RESULTS -- CONFIDENTIAL
DO NOT CITE OF QUOTE

MERCURY LABORATORY SUMMARY
EPA METHOD 29 ANALYSIS
NYSEG POST-RETROFIT TEST PROGRAM
AUGUST 1996

Mercury, ug/train:	Reagent Blank	L-MTLS-IN	2-MTLS-IN	3-MTLS-IN	L-MTLS-OUT	2-MTLS-OUT	3-MTLS-OUT	1-MTLS-STK	2-MTLS-STK	3-MTLS-STK
Sample Fraction (EPA Method 29):										
FH -- Probe Rinse Solids	ND < 0.030	3.3	3.4	2.8	Np ⁽¹⁾	Np ⁽¹⁾	Np ⁽¹⁾	Np ⁽¹⁾	Np ⁽¹⁾	Np ⁽¹⁾
FH -- No Probe Rinse Solids	ND < 0.030	ND < 0.030	1.0	ND < 0.030	ND < 0.030	ND < 0.030	ND < 0.030	ND < 0.030	ND < 0.030	ND < 0.030
BH	ND < 0.20	26	30	24	29.5	40	31	2.9	3.7	5.4
MKO	ND < 0.010	0.67	1.1	0.30	4.8	1.8	1.2	0.051	ND < 0.030	0.12
KMnO4 / HCl (combined)	ND < 0.055	2.9	2.9	3.0	6.2	9.6	10	14.5	18	15
Total Hg per train:										
RAW	ND < 0.33	32.9	38.4	30.1	40.5	51.4	42.2	17.5	21.7	20.6
CORR. FOR RB		32.9	38.4	30.1	40.5	51.4	42.2	17.5	21.7	20.6

NA -- not available

Notes:

(1) Probe rinse solids were not analyzed separately for the ESP outlet and stack samples.

Component	MDL	Units	1M-IN PR	2M-IN PR	3M-IN PR	3M-IN PR	3M-IN PR
			Solids	Solids	Solids	Solids	Solids
<i>Client ID:</i>							
<i>Zenon ID:</i>			033668 96	033669 96	033670 96	033670 96	033670 96
<i>Date Sampled:</i>			96/08/07	96/08/08	96/08/09	96/08/09	96/08/09
						Duplicate	M. Spike
Probe Rinse Residue	0.1	mg	29.42	36.57	33.68	-	-
Metals via EPA Method 29(gfaa)							
Antimony	0.60	"	106	116	127	-	-
Arsenic	0.60	ug	2540	2770	2500	-	-
Beryllium	0.060	"	45.0	134	87.4	-	-
Cadmium	0.03	"	18.2	17.2	18.1	-	-
Lead	0.30	"	1510	1680	1780	-	-
Selenium (gfaa)	0.6	"	65.3	70.2	58.6	-	-
Mercury via SW846 Method 7421							
Mercury	0.030	"	3.35	3.36	2.77	2.71	27.0
Metals via Method 29 (ICP)							
Aluminum	9.0	ug	3280000	3880000	3780000	-	-
Barium	0.30	"	24900	27900	26000	-	-
Beryllium	0.15	"	263	310	273	-	-
Calcium	30.0	"	1010000	1450000	1260000	-	-
Cobalt	3.0	"	1130	1450	1360	-	-
Chromium	1.20	"	3350	3910	3870	-	-
Copper	1.8	"	2270	2800	2600	-	-
Iron	3.0	"	2820000	4060000	3340000	-	-
Potassium	300.0	"	424000	537000	530000	-	-
Magnesium	15.0	"	163000	245000	205000	-	-
Manganese	1.8	"	6400	8410	7520	-	-
Molybdenum	3.0	"	448	479	442	-	-
Sodium	30.0	"	193000	218000	204000	-	-
Nickel	6.0	"	2540	3130	2860	-	-
Phosphorus	18.0	"	79300	92300	102000	-	-
Titanium	6.0	"	167000	202000	191000	-	-
Vanadium	1.5	"	5570	6480	6150	-	-



5555 North Service Road
Burlington, Ontario, Canada L7L 5H7
Tel: (905) 332-8788
Fax: (905) 332-9169

Certificate of Analysis

CLIENT INFORMATION

Attention: Marc Rodabaugh
Client Name: Carnot
Project: 11476
Project Desc: NYSEG

Address: 110-15991 Red Hill Avenue
Tustin, CA
92680-7388

Fax Number: 714-259-0372

Phone Number: 714-259-9520

LABORATORY INFORMATION

Contact: Ron McLeod
Project: AN960690
Date Received: 96/08/15
Date Reported: 96/09/16

Submission No.: 6H0748
Sample No.: 033692-033712

NOTES:

'-' = not analysed 'L' = less than Method Detection Limit (MDL) 'NA' = no data available
LOQ can be determined for all analytes by multiplying the appropriate MDL X 3.33
Solids data is based on dry weight except for biota analyses.
Organic analytes are not corrected for extraction recovery standards except for isotope dilution methods, (i.e. CARB 429 PAH, all PCDD/F and DBD/DBF analyses)

Methods used by Zenon are based upon those found in 'Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater', Seventeenth Edition. Other methods are based on the principles of MISA or EPA methodologies.

All work recorded herein has been done in accordance with normal professional standards using accepted testing methodologies, quality assurance and quality control procedures except where otherwise agreed to by the client and testing company in writing. Any and all use of these test results shall be limited to the actual cost of the pertinent analysis done. There is no other warranty expressed or implied. Your samples will be retained at Zenon for a period of three weeks from receipt of data or as per contract.

COMMENTS:

M29 Hg FH

Certified by:

Page 1

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Zenon Environmental Laboratories - Certificate of Analysis

Client ID: IM-IN 2M-IN 3M-IN 2FB IM-OUT IM-OUT IM-OUT IM-OUT IM-OUT IM-OUT
 F.H. F.H. F.H. F.H. F.H. F.H. F.H. F.H. F.H. F.H.
Zenon ID: 033692 96 033693 96 033694 96 033695 96 033696 96 033697 96 033697 96 033697 96 033697 96 033697 96
 96/08/07 96/08/08 96/08/09 96/08/06 96/08/12 96/08/07 96/08/07 96/08/07 96/08/07 96/08/07
Date Sampled: 96/08/07 96/08/08 96/08/09 96/08/06 96/08/12 96/08/07 96/08/07 96/08/07 96/08/07 96/08/07
Component MDL Units

Mercury 0.030 ug < 1.0 ug < < < < < 0.090 < 0.090 < 0.94 110 0.94 110 0.94 110
 Duplicate M Spike MS % Rec. MS Dup MSD % Rec.

Zenon Environmental Laboratories - Certificate of Analysis

9/16/96

Client ID:	2M-OUT	3M-OUT	FB-M-STK	2FB-M-OUT	1M-STK	1M-STK	1M-STK	1M-STK	1M-STK	1M-STK	1M-STK	1M-STK	1M-STK
Zenon ID:	033700 96	033701 96	033702 96	033703 96	033704 96	033704 96	033704 96	033704 96	033704 96	033704 96	033704 96	033704 96	033704 96
Date Sampled:	96/08/08	96/08/09	96/08/06	96/08/12	96/08/07	96/08/07	96/08/07	96/08/07	96/08/07	96/08/07	96/08/07	96/08/07	96/08/07
Component					Duplicate	Duplicate	M. Spike	MS % Rec.	MS % Rec.	MS Dup	MS % Rec.	MS % Rec.	MS % Rec.
MDL				0.032			1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Units				ug									
Mercury	<	<	<	0.032	<	<	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0

Zenon Environmental Laboratories - Certificate of Analysis

Client ID:

Zenon ID:

Date Sampled:

2M-STK	3M-STK	4M-SPK	RB-M-1	RB-M-2	RB-M-3
F.H.	F.H.	F.H.	F.H.	F.H.	F.H.
033707 96	033708 96	033709 96	033710 96	033711 96	033712 96
96/08/08	96/08/09	96/08/09	96/08/07	96/08/08	96/08/09

Component MDL Units

Mercury 0.030 ug

<

0.10

0.045

<

<

<

9/16/96

Zenon Environmental Laboratories - Laboratory Method Blanks Page MB-5 of 6

Component	MDL	Units		
Batch Code:			0910ASA1	0910ASA2
Mercury	0.030	ug	<	<

9/16/96

ZEL Summary of Analysis Pre. Dates

Batch Code:	0910ASA1	0910ASA2
Mercury	033692 96	033704 96
	033693 96	033707 96
	033694 96	033708 96
	033695 96	033709 96
	033696 96	033710 96
	033697 96	033711 96
	033700 96	033712 96
	033701 96	
	033702 96	
	033703 96	
Date analysed	96/09/10	96/09/10
Date prepared	96/09/10	96/09/10

Client: Carnot Project: 11476

Certificate of Analysis

CLIENT INFORMATION

Attention: Marc Rodabaugh
 Client Name: Carnot
 Project: 11476
 Project Desc: NYSEG

Address: 110-15991 Red Hill Avenue
 Tustin, CA
 92680-7388

Fax Number: 714-259-0372
 Phone Number: 714-259-9520

LABORATORY INFORMATION

Contact: Ron McLeod
 Project: AN960690
 Date Received: 96/08/15
 Date Reported: 96/09/11

Submission No.: 6H0748
 Sample No.: 033713-033776

NOTES:

'L' = not analysed 'C' = less than Method Detection Limit (MDL) 'NA' = no data available

LOQ can be determined for all analytes by multiplying the appropriate MDL X 3.33

Solids data is based on dry weight except for biota analyses.

Organic analyses are not corrected for extraction recovery standards except for isotope dilution methods, (i.e. CARB 439 PAH, all PCDD/F and DBD/DBF analyses)

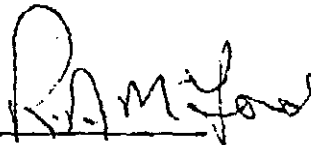
Methods used by Zenon are based upon those found in 'Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater', Seventeenth Edition. Other methods are based on the principles of MISA or EPA methodologies.

All work recorded herein has been done in accordance with normal professional standards using accepted testing methodologies, quality assurance and quality control procedures except where otherwise agreed to by the client and testing company in writing. Any and all use of these test results shall be limited to the actual cost of the pertinent analysis done. There is no other warranty expressed or implied. Your samples will be retained at Zenon for a period of three weeks from receipt of data or as per contract.

COMMENTS:

M29 MERCURY
 (NO FH)

Certified by:



Page 1

Client ID:	Method	Blank Spike 1	Blank Spike 1	Blank Spike 2	Blank Spike 2	IM-IN	2M-IN	3M-IN	FB-M-OUT
Zenon ID:	033713 96	033713 96	033713 96	033713 96	033713 96	B.H	B.H	B.H	B.H
Date Sampled:	96/08/07	96/08/07	96/08/07	96/08/07	96/08/07	96/08/07	96/08/08	96/08/09	96/08/06
MDL Units		M. Spike	MS % Rec.	MS Dup	MSD % Rec.				

Impinger volume measured	ml	100	-	-	-	610	600	620	390
Mercury	ug	<	0.10	0.10	0.10	26	30	24	<0.19

Zenon Environmental Laboratories - Certificate of Analysis

9/11/96

Client ID: 2FB-M-OUT IM-OUT IM-OUT IM-OUT IM-OUT IM-OUT IM-OUT IM-OUT IM-OUT IM-OUT
 B.H. B.H. B.H. B.H. B.H. B.H. B.H. B.H. B.H. B.H.
 Zenon ID: 033718 96 033719 96 033719 96 033719 96 033719 96 033719 96 033719 96 033722 96 033723 96
 Date Sampled: 96/08/12 96/08/07 96/08/07 96/08/07 96/08/07 96/08/07 96/08/07 96/08/07 96/08/07 96/08/08

Component	MDL	Units	M. Spike	MS % Rec.	MS Dup	MSD % Rec.
Impinger volume measured	380	ml	-	-	-	770
Mercury	<0.19	ug	46	90	46	89
			710			700
			29	30	46	31

29.5

Zenon Environmental Laboratories - Certificate of Analysis

Client ID: 2FB-M-OUT IM-OUT IM-OUT IM-OUT IM-OUT IM-OUT IM-OUT
 MKO MKO MKO MKO MKO MKO MKO
Zenon ID: 033739 96 033740 96 033740 96 033740 96 033740 96 033740 96 033740 96
 96/08/12 96/08/07 96/08/07 96/08/07 96/08/07 96/08/07 96/08/07
Date Sampled: MDL Units
 Duplicate M. Spike MS % Rec. MS Dup MS % Rec. MSD % Rec.

Impinger volume measured	ml	53	110	-	-	-	-	-	48	52
Mercury	ug	<	4.8	4.7	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	1.8	1.2

4.75

9/1/96

Zenon Environmental Laboratories - Certificate of Analysis

Page 4 of 13

Client ID: FB-M-STK 2FB-M-STK IM-STK IM-STK IM-STK IM-STK IM-STK IM-STK 2M-STK
 B.H. B.H. B.H. B.H. B.H. B.H. B.H. B.H.
Zenon ID: 033724 96 033725 96 033726 96 033726 96 033726 96 033726 96 033726 96 033729 96
Date Sampled: 96/08/06 96/08/12 96/08/07 96/08/07 96/08/07 96/08/07 96/08/07 96/08/07 96/08/08

Component MDL Units

Impinger volume measured	ml	400	390	1100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1300
Mercury	ug	<0.20	<0.20	2.9	2.9	8.7	100	8.9	110	3.7		

Zenon Environmental Laboratories - Certificate of Analysis

Client ID: 3M-STK 4M-SPK RB-M-1 RB-M-2 RB-M-3 1M-IN 2M-IN 3M-IN FB-M-OUT
 B.H. B.H. B.H. B.H. B.H. MKO MKO MKO MKO
 Zenon ID: 033730 96 033731 96 033732 96 033733 96 033734 96 033735 96 033736 96 033737 96 033738 96
 Date Sampled: 96/08/09 96/08/09 96/08/07 96/08/08 96/08/09 96/08/07 96/08/08 96/08/09 96/08/06

MDL Units

Component	Impinger volume measured	MDL	Units
Mercury	0.010	5.4	ug
			ml
		410	<0.20
		410	<0.20
		400	<0.20
		53	0.67
		74	1.1
		52	0.30
		50	<

Zenon Environmental Laboratories - Certificate of Analysis

9/11/96

Client ID: FB-M-STK 2FB-M-STK IM-STK IM-STK IM-STK IM-STK IM-STK
 MKO MKO MKO MKO MKO MKO
Zenon ID: 033745 96 033746 96 033747 96 033747 96 033747 96 033747 96
 96/08/06 96/08/12 96/08/07 96/08/07 96/08/07 96/08/07
Date Sampled: MDL Units
 Duplicate M. Spike MS % Rec. MS Dup MS % Rec.

Component	MDL	Units	93	93	93	93	93	93	93
Impinger volume measured	52	ml	<	50	<	0.056	0.046	0.54	110
Mercury	0.010	ug	<	<	<	0.056	0.046	0.54	110

0.051


Zenon Environmental Laboratories - Certificate of Analysis

Client ID: 2M-STK 3M-STK 4M-SPK RB-M-1 RB-M-2 RB-M-3 1M-IN 2M-IN
 Zenon ID: MKO MKO MKO MKO MKO MKO KMNO4/HCl KMNO4/HCl
 Date Sampled: 033750 96 033751 96 033752 96 033753 96 033754 96 033755 96 033756 96 033757 96
 96/08/08 96/08/09 96/08/09 96/08/07 96/08/08 96/08/09 96/08/07 96/08/03

Component MDL Units

Impinger volume measured ml 60
 Mercury 0.010 ug <0.030

58 50 52 58 57 580 590
 0.12 < < < < < 2.9 2.9

Zenon Environmental Laboratories - Certificate of Analysis

96/09/20

Client ID:
Zenon ID:
Date Sampled:

3M-IN
KMNO4/HCl
033758 96
96/08/09

FB-M-OUT
KMNO4/HCl
033759 96
96/08/06

2FB-M-OUT
KMNO4/HCl
033760 96
96/08/12

1M-OUT
KMNO4/HCl
033761 96
96/08/07

1M-OUT
KMNO4/HCl
033761 96
96/08/07

1M-OUT
KMNO4/HCl
033761 96
96/08/07

1M-OUT
KMNO4/HCl
033761 96
96/08/07

1M-OUT
KMNO4/HCl
033761 96
96/08/07

MS % Rec.

Component	MDL	Units
Impinger volume measured	570	ml
Mercury	0.010	ug

540

570

630

570

540

540

540

6.1

6.3

0.10

<0.063

3.0

0.010

0.010

0.010

6.1

6.3

0.10

<0.063

3.0

0.010

0.010

0.010

6.2

Zenon Environmental Laboratories - Certificate of Analysis

Client ID: 1M-OUT KMNO4/HCl 033761 96 96/08/07 MS Dup
 Zenon ID: 1M-OUT KMNO4/HCl 033761 96 96/08/07 MSD % Rec.
 Date Sampled: 1M-OUT KMNO4/HCl 033761 96 96/08/07 MS Dup


Component	MDL	Units	1M-OUT KMNO4/HCl 033761 96 96/08/07 MS Dup	IM-OUT KMNO4/HCl 033761 96 96/08/07 MSD % Rec.	2M-OUT KMNO4/HCl 033764 96 96/08/08	3M-OUT KMNO4/HCl 033765 96 96/08/09	FB-M-STK KMNO4/HCl 033766 96 96/08/06	2FB-M-STK KMNO4/HCl 033767 96 96/08/12	IM-STK KMNO4/HCl 033768 96 96/08/07
Impinger volume measured		ml	-	-	560	560	530	570	590
Mercury	0.010	ug	17	100	9.6	10	0.22	0.092	15

Zenon Environmental Laboratories - Certificate of Analysis

9/11/96

Client ID: IM-STK KMNO4/HCl IM-STK KMNO4/HCl IM-STK KMNO4/HCl IM-STK KMNO4/HCl IM-STK KMNO4/HCl IM-STK KMNO4/HCl
 033768 96 033768 96 033768 96 033768 96 033771 96 033772 96
Zenon ID: 96/08/07 Duplicate M. Spike MS % Rec. MS % Rec. MS % Rec. MS % Rec. MS % Rec. MS % Rec.
Date Sampled: MDL Units

Component	MDL	Units	1M-STK KMNO4/HCl 033768 96 96/08/07 Duplicate	1M-STK KMNO4/HCl 033768 96 96/08/07 M. Spike	1M-STK KMNO4/HCl 033768 96 96/08/07 MS % Rec.	1M-STK KMNO4/HCl 033768 96 96/08/07 MS Dup	1M-STK KMNO4/HCl 033768 96 96/08/07 MSD % Rec.	2M-STK KMNO4/HCl 033771 96 96/08/08	3M-STK KMNO4/HCl 033772 96 96/08/09
Impinger volume measured		ml	-	-	-	-	-	570	550
Mercury	0.010	ug	14	27	100	26	100	18	15


 14.5

Zenon Environmental Laboratories - Certificate of Analysis

Client ID: 4M-SPK RB-M-1 RB-M-2 RB-M-3
 KMNO4/HCl KMNO4/HCl KMNO4/HCl KMNO4/HCl
Zenon ID: 033773 96 033774 96 033775 96 033776 96
Date Sampled: 96/08/09 96/08/07 96/08/08 96/08/09

MDL Units

Component				
Impinger volume measured	ml	540	540	550
Mercury	0.010 ug	0.077	<0.055	<0.054

Batch Code:	0906MGA1	0906MGA2	0906MGA3	0906MGA4	0906MGA5	0906MGA6
Mercury	033713 96	033726 96	033738 96	033747 96	033761 96	033768 96
	033714 96	033729 96	033739 96	033753 96	033765 96	
	033715 96	033730 96	033740 96	033754 96	033766 96	
	033716 96	033731 96	033743 96	033755 96	033767 96	
	033717 96	033732 96	033744 96	033756 96	033771 96	
	033718 96	033733 96	033745 96	033757 96	033772 96	
	033719 96	033734 96	033746 96	033758 96	033773 96	
	033722 96	033735 96	033750 96	033759 96	033774 96	
	033723 96	033736 96	033751 96	033760 96	033775 96	
	033724 96	033737 96	033752 96	033764 96	033776 96	
	033725 96					
Date analysed	96/09/06	96/09/06	96/09/09	96/09/06	96/09/06	96/09/06
Date prepared	96/09/06	96/09/06	96/09/06	96/09/06	96/09/06	96/09/06

Client: Carnot Project: 11476

**CARNOT SOURCE TEST DATA SUMMARY
MULTI-METALS -- EPA METHOD 29
ESP INLET**

Client/Location.....	NYSEG/Milliken	Reference Temp (F).....	68	
Unit.....	2	Fuel.....	COAL	
Sample Location.....	ESP INLET	Data By.....	DVK	
Operating Condition.....	FULL LOAD	Date of Data Entry.....	10/1/96	
Test No.....	1-MTLS-IN	2-MTLS-IN	3-MTLS-IN	Average
Date.....	8/7/96	8/8/96	8/9/96	*
Test Method.....	EPA 29	EPA 29	EPA 29	*
Sample Train.....	ES-42	ES-42	ES-42	*
Pitot Factor	0.840	0.840	0.840	*
Meter Cal Factor.....	1.0008	1.0008	1.0008	*
Stack Area (sq ft).....	236.25	236.25	236.25	*
Sample Time (Min).....	240	240	240	*
Bar Press (in Hg).....	29.86	29.83	29.68	*
Nozzle Diam (in).....	0.278	0.278	0.278	*
Start/Stop Time.....	0817/1227	0803/1212	0803/1210	*
Stack Press (iwg).....	-13.85	-14.81	-14.53	-14.40
Stack Temp (F).....	292.9	292.4	289.0	291.4
Velocity Head (iwg).....	0.3017	0.3321	0.3063	0.3132
Stack O2 (%).....	5.60	5.10	5.79	5.50
Stack CO2 (%).....	13.86	13.94	13.64	13.81
Meter Vol (acf).....	154.537	160.792	146.785	154.038
Meter Temp (F).....	132.7	127.4	110.9	123.7
Meter Press (iwg).....	1.25	1.37	1.14	1.25
Liquid Vol (ml).....	272.6	293.2	265.0	276.9
Std Sample Vol (SCF).....	137.908	144.702	135.145	139.251
Std Sample Vol (Nm ³).....	3.639	3.818	3.566	3.674
Moisture Fraction.....	0.085	0.087	0.085	0.086
Stack Gas Mol Wt.....	29.38	29.35	29.36	29.36
Stack Gas Velocity (ft/sec).....	37.12	39.02	37.47	37.87
Stack Flow Rate (wacfm).....	526,226	553,149	531,154	536,843
Stack Flow Rate (dscfm).....	325,318	340,247	327,659	331,075
Isokinetic Ratio (%).....	98.96	99.28	96.29	98.18

**CARNOT SOURCE TEST DATA SUMMARY
MULTI-METALS -- EPA METHOD 29
ESP OUTLET**

Client/Location.....	NYSEG/Milliken	Reference Temp (F).....	68	
Unit.....	2	Fuel.....	COAL	
Sample Location.....	ESP OUTLET	Data By.....	DVK	
Operating Condition.....	FULL LOAD	Date of Data Entry.....	10/1/96	
Test No.....	1-MTLS-OUT	2-MTLS-OUT	3-MTLS-OUT	Average
Date.....	8/7/96	8/8/96	8/9/96	*
Test Method.....	EPA 29	EPA 29	EPA 29	*
Sample Train.....	ES-55	ES-55	ES-55	*
Pitot Factor	0.840	0.840	0.840	*
Meter Cal Factor.....	0.9970	0.9970	0.9970	*
Stack Area (sq ft).....	236.25	236.25	236.25	*
Sample Time (Min).....	360	360	360	*
Bar Press (in Hg).....	29.86	29.83	29.68	*
Nozzle Diam (in).....	0.277	0.280	0.280	*
Start/Stop Time.....	0833/1512	0822/1435	0814/1435	*
Stack Press (iwg).....	-14.50	-14.50	-14.50	-14.50
Stack Temp (F).....	283.9	285.8	279.5	283.1
Velocity Head (iwg).....	0.2940	0.3106	0.3058	0.3034
Stack O2 (%).....	5.38	5.10	5.04	5.17
Stack CO2 (%).....	14.06	13.94	14.32	14.11
Meter Vol (acf).....	245.612	241.640	232.576	239.943
Meter Temp (F).....	123.3	118.4	101.5	114.4
Meter Press (iwg).....	1.01	1.04	0.97	1.00
Liquid Vol (ml).....	425.4	426.5	405.9	419.3
Std Sample Vol (SCF).....	221.735	219.798	216.781	219.438
Std Sample Vol (Nm^3).....	5.851	5.800	5.720	5.790
Moisture Fraction.....	0.083	0.084	0.081	0.083
Stack Gas Mol Wt.....	29.43	29.39	29.48	29.43
Stack Gas Velocity (ft/sec).....	36.43	37.53	37.12	37.03
Stack Flow Rate (wacfm).....	516,354	532,048	526,240	524,881
Stack Flow Rate (dscfm).....	323,354	331,647	330,081	328,361
Isokinetic Ratio (%).....	107.49	101.68	100.76	103.31

**CARNOT SOURCE TEST DATA SUMMARY
MULTI-METALS -- EPA METHOD 29
FGD STACK**

Client/Location.....	NYSEG/Milliken	Reference Temp (F).....		68
Unit.....	2	Fuel.....		COAL
Sample Location.....	FGD STACK	Data By.....		DVK
Operating Condition.....	FULL LOAD	Date of Data Entry.....		10/3/96
Test No.....	1-MTLS-STK	2-MTLS-STK	3-MTLS-STK	Average
Date.....	8/7/96	8/8/96	8/9/96	*
Test Method.....	EPA 29	EPA 29	EPA 29	*
Sample Train.....	ES-19	ES-19	ES-19	*
Pitot Factor	0.840	0.840	0.840	*
Meter Cal Factor.....	1.0164	1.0164	1.0164	*
Stack Area (sq ft).....	113.10	113.10	113.10	*
Sample Time (Min).....	360	360	360	*
Bar Press (in Hg).....	29.12	29.08	29.06	*
Nozzle Diam (in).....	0.200	0.200	0.200	*
Start/Stop Time.....	0817/1441	0811/1540	0815/1507	*
Stack Press (iwg).....	-0.65	-0.65	-0.71	-0.67
Stack Temp (F).....	118.7	119.4	117.5	118.5
Velocity Head (iwg).....	1.3594	1.3718	1.3859	1.3723
Stack O2 (%).....	5.66	5.52	5.76	5.65
Stack CO2 (%).....	13.81	13.57	13.67	13.68
Meter Vol (acf).....	270.043	279.008	280.827	276.626
Meter Temp (F).....	126.0	117.4	117.8	120.4
Meter Press (iwg).....	1.81	1.95	1.95	1.90
Liquid Vol (ml).....	864.7	933.1	900.1	899.3
Std Sample Vol (SCF).....	241.791	253.275	254.550	249.872
Std Sample Vol (Nm^3).....	6.380	6.683	6.717	6.593
Moisture Fraction.....	0.144	0.148	0.143	0.145
Stack Gas Mol Wt.....	28.64	28.56	28.64	28.61
Stack Gas Velocity (ft/sec).....	69.69	70.21	70.37	70.09
Stack Flow Rate (wacfm).....	472,937	476,412	477,557	475,635
Stack Flow Rate (dscfm).....	358,667	358,779	362,692	360,046
Isokinetic Ratio (%).....	97.04	101.62	101.03	99.90

DATE 0 / 1 / 10

METER VOL. (START/END)

CHC

OPERATOR/ASSISTANT

PRE-TEST DATA:
 Barometric Press., in. Hg. _____
 Assumed Stack Temp. °F _____
 Assumed Meter Temp. °F _____
 Assumed ΔP _____
 Assumed Moisture % _____
 Stack Diameter, in. _____
 Sample Time: Total _____ per point
 Total of Traverse Points _____
 Teflon Connecting _____
 Line (Y/N) _____
 Isokinetic Factor _____
 ΔH = 4.10 X ΔP

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. _____
 Meter, Yd. _____
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 _____
 Pilot: ID _____ Cp _____
 Probe: Mat'l _____ Length _____
 Nozzle: ID/Mat'l _____ Diam. _____
 Filter: No. _____ Tare Wt. _____
 TC Readout ID: Meter _____ Aux. _____

POST TEST INFO:
 Filler Appearance _____
 Impinger Appearance _____
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N) _____

PRE-TEST CALIBRATION CHECK:
 Meter Meter Temp Reading In Out
 Issue ΔH _____

SAMPLE TRAIN LEAK CHECK:
 CFM Yes _____ No _____
 Pilot In/Out _____
 Pre-Test _____
 Post-Test _____

Wt(g)
 Imp. Mat'l Wt(End) Wt(Start) VAC. _____

#1 _____
 #2 _____
 #3 _____
 #4 _____
 #5 _____
 Total _____

SAMPLE POINT	TIME	METER CONDITIONS				TEMPERATURES, °F						STATIC PRESS. lwg	CHAIN OF CUSTODY INFORMATION	
		ΔP	ΔH	METER READING	STACK	PROBE	METER		OVEN	IMP. OUT	O ₂			VAC.
							IN	OUT						
P3	1022	0.48	1.97	920.904	303	261	133	131	274	62	5.0	11		Impingers Loaded
2	1032	0.58	1.56	924.3	304	260	134	132	275	61	4.8	10	-13.6	Impingers Recovered
1	1042	0.28	1.75	926.0	305	254	137	132	277	62	4.7	8		Filter Loaded
	1052			942.929										Filter Recovered
R3	1053	0.36	1.48	947.924	304	279	137	133	256	50	5.3	10		Probe Wash
2	1103	0.32	1.51	948.4	305	280	138	134	257	50	4.8	10	-13.9	TEST SUMMARY
1	1113	0.20	0.82	955.8	302	262	139	135	280	53	5.2	8		Calculated by:
	1122			962.075										Checked by:
U3	1126	0.35	1.44	962.075	296	253	137	135	277	52	5.3	10		Stack Press (wlg)
2	1136	0.24	1.19	968.9	284	252	139	136	281	55	6.4	10	-13.9	Stack Temp. (°F)
1	1146	0.24	1.19	975.6	284	280	137	136	280	54	6.3	10		ΔP (wlg)
	1156			981.162										O ₂ /CO ₂
W3	1157	0.33	1.35	981.162	299	264	140	138	277	56	5.4	10		Meter Vol. (acfl)
2	1207	0.36	1.48	987.9	305	261	138	136	278	56	5.2	11	-13.9	Meter Temp. (°F)
1	1217	0.27	1.11	995.2	304	258	137	135	275	56	5.4	10		Meter Press. (wlg)
	1227			1001.015										Liquid Vol. (g)
														Comments:

CLIENT WYSEG UNIT ESV TEST NO. 2-WMLS-10 METHOD E-24-27 PAGE 1 OF 1
 SAMPLE LOCATION ESP Inlet TEST CONDITION AMB. TEMP., °F PROJECT # 11976
 OPERATOR/ASSISTANT CHF METER VOL. (START/END) 1 METER VOL. (START/END) 1 DATE 8/8/96

PRE-TEST DATA:
 Barometric Press., in. Hg. 29.83
 Assumed Stack Temp. °F _____
 Assumed Meter Temp. °F _____
 Assumed ΔP _____
 Assumed Moisture % _____
 Stack Diameter, in. _____
 Sample Time: Total _____ per point
 Total of Traverse Points _____
 Teflon Connecting _____
 Line (Y/N) _____
 Isokinetic Factor _____
 ΔH = 4.15 XAP 4.00

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. _____
 Meter, Yd. _____
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 _____
 Pilot: ID _____ Cp _____
 Probe: Mat'l _____ Length _____
 Nozzle: ID/Mat'l _____ Diam. _____
 Filler: No. _____ Tare Wt. _____
 TC Readout ID: Meter _____ Aux. _____

TEMPERATURES, °F

METER	METER		STACK	PROBE	OVEN		IMP.		O ₂	VAC.	STATIC PRESS. Iwg	CHAIN OF CUSTODY INFORMATION
	IN	OUT			IN	OUT	IN	OUT				
W3	129	128	308	251	285	62	5.3	9				Impingers Loaded MR EM
W2	133	128	310	251	286	61	4.8	8		-15.0		Impingers Recovered
W1	134	129	306	252	285	61	5.2	6				Filler Loaded
W3	136	131	295	256	287	61	5.1	9				Filler Recovered
W2	136	132	280	261	280	61	4.7	7		-15.0		Probe Wash
W1	134	131	275	261	264	60	5.8	7				TEST SUMMARY
R3	134	121	298	257	269	60	4.5	10				Calculated by: CHF
L	136	132	298	260	275	62	4.9	9				Checked by: DK
W1	133	131	292	257	270	62	5.0	7				Stack Press (Iwg) -14.8
P3	132	130	302	250	268	61	4.0	11				Stack Temp. (°F) 292.4
W2	132	129	304	261	270	60	4.4	10		-15.0		ΔP (Iwg) 0.3321
W1	132	129	304	252	269	60	4.5	10				O ₂ /CO ₂ 5.1 / 13.94 ✓
W04												Meter Vol. (act) 160.792
												Meter Temp. (°F) 127.4
												Meter Press. (Iwg) 1.37
												Liquid Vol. (g) 293.2

Comments: _____

PRE-TEST CALIBRATION CHECK:

Time	ΔH	Meter Reading	In	Out	Meter Temp
Pre-Test	0.04	15	DC	CHF	
Post-Test	0.04	16	CHF	CHF	

SAMPLE TRAIN LEAK CHECK:

Imp. Mat'l	Wt (End)	Wt (Start)	Wt (g)
#1 KO	524.4	444.1	80.3
#2 SLMNO3	678.4	591.4	87.0
#3 O2/NO2	745.5	703.3	42.2
#4 KO	587.9	563.4	24.5
#5 SLMNO3	662.5	652.7	9.8
#6 O2/NO2	683.4	673.9	9.5
#7 SCL	858.6	859.7	38.9
Total			293.2

POST TEST INFO:
 Filler Appearance Wet
 Impinger Appearance Wet
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N) N

OPERATOR/ASSISTANT CHP/BCL/TOW METER VOL. (START/END) _____ DATE 8/27/79

PRE-TEST DATA:
 Barometric Press., in. Hg. _____
 Assumed Stack Temp. °F _____
 Assumed Meter Temp. °F _____
 Assumed AP 29.83
 Assumed Moisture % _____
 Stack Diameter, in. _____
 Sample Time: Total _____ per point
 Total of Traverse Points _____
 Teflon Connecting _____
 Line (Y/N) _____
 Isokinetic Factor _____
 $\Delta H = \underline{4.15} \times \Delta P$
 $\Delta H = \underline{4.07}$

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. _____
 Meter, Yd. Es. 42
 CFM @ $\Delta H = 1.0$ 1,200.8
 Pilot: ID .594
 Cp 17
 Mat'l .84
 Length 6
 ID/Mat'l _____
 Diam. _____
 No. _____
 Tare Wt. _____
 TC Readout ID: Meter _____
 Aux. _____

POST TEST INFO:
 Total _____
 Filter Appearance _____
 Impinger Appearance _____
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N) _____

SAMPLE TRAIN LEAK CHECK:
 CFM Vac Pilot Inlet
 Pre-Test .004 15 CHP
 Post-Test _____

PRE-TEST CALIBRATION CHECK:
 Meter Meter Temp
 Time ΔH Reading In Out

SAMPLE POINT	TIME	METER CONDITIONS				TEMPERATURES, °F				STATIC PRESS. Iwg	CHAIN OF CUSTODY INFORMATION			
		ΔP	ΔH	METER READING	STACK	PROBE	METER		OVEN			IMP. OUT	O ₂	VAC.
							IN	OUT						
I3	1006	0.37	1.59	856.74	289	261	132	129	268	61	4.9	11	Impingers Loaded Impingers Recovered Filter Loaded Filter Recovered Probe Wash	
	1016	0.27	1.10	92.5	270	280	133	130	262	60	7.0	10		
G3	1026	0.30	1.22	78.8	275	259	130	128	260	59	6.5	10	TEST SUMMARY Calculated by: Checked by: Stack Press (Iwg) Stack Temp. (°F) ΔP (Iwg) O ₂ /CO ₂ Meter Vol. (acf) Meter Temp. (°F) Meter Press. (Iwg) Liquid Vol. (g) Comments:	
	1036			105.782	290	253	126	125	257	58	5.2	10		
D3	1041	0.32	1.31	105.182	296	252	125	123	246	57	4.8	10		
	1051	0.29	1.18	112.5	296	262	122	120	252	58	4.9	9		
1	1101	0.25	0.88	119.2	296									
	1117			123.718										
2	1111	0.38	1.55	129.718	292	261	124	121	260	59	5.2	10		
	1121	0.34	1.38	131.4	292	261	123	119	262	59	5.3	12		
1	1131	0.24	0.98	136.9	294	261	121	117	268	59	5.1	10		
	1141			143.046										
B3	1142	0.34	1.39	143.096	283	253	120	116	267	60	5.3	11		
	1152	0.53	1.34	150.4	285	256	118	115	264	59	5.4	13		
1	1202	0.28	1.14	156.8	286	260	119	115	261	58	5.3	12		
	1212			162.558										

OPERATOR/ASSISTANT C H F METER VOL. (START/END) _____ DATE _____

PRE-TEST DATA:
 Barometric Press., in. Hg _____
 Assumed Stack Temp. °F _____
 Assumed Meter Temp. °F _____
 Assumed ΔP _____
 Assumed Moisture % _____
 Stack Diameter, in. _____
 Sample Time: Total _____ per point
 Total of Traverse Points _____
 Teflon Connecting _____
 Line (YN) _____
 Isokinetic Factor _____
 ΔH = 3.64 XAP

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. _____
 Meter, Yd. _____
 GEM @ ΔH = 1.0 _____
 Pilot: ID _____ Cp _____
 Probe: Mat'l _____ Length _____
 Nozzle: ID/Mat'l _____ Diam. _____
 Filter: No. _____ Tare Wt. _____
 TC Readout ID: Meter _____ Aux. _____

SAMPLE TRAIN LEAK CHECK:
 GEM Vac _____ Pilot Inlet _____
 Pre-Test _____
 Post-Test _____

PRE-TEST CALIBRATION CHECK:
 Meter Reading In _____ Out _____
 Time ΔH _____
 Meter Reading In _____ Out _____

POST TEST INFO:
 Filter Appearance _____
 Impinger Appearance _____
 Silica Gel Spent (YN) _____

Imp. Mat'l Wt.(End) Wt.(Start) Wt.(g)
 #1 _____ = _____
 #2 _____ = _____
 #3 _____ = _____
 #4 _____ = _____
 #5 _____ = _____
 Total _____
 Initial _____
 Final _____

SAMPLE POINT	TIME	METER CONDITIONS			TEMPERATURES, °F			IMP. OUT	OVEN	VAC.	STATIC PRESS. Iwg	CHAIN OF CUSTODY INFORMATION
		ΔP	ΔH	METER READING	STACK	PROBE	METER IN					
P 3	1008	0.47	1.71	235.798	297	262	114	110	285	10		Impingers Loaded
2	1018	0.36	1.37	243.1	297	251	115	110	281	9	-15.0	Impingers Recovered
1	1028	0.28	1.02	249.6	289	261	116	111	281	8		Filler Loaded
	1038			254.996								Filler Recovered
R 3	1038	0.36	1.31	254.994	290	253	117	112	273	9		Probe Wash
2	1048	0.33	1.20	262.5	294	263	118	112	272	9	-14.8	TEST SUMMARY
1	1058	0.23	0.84	268.4	293	257	118	113	270	7		Calculated by:
	1108			273.190								Checked by:
W 3	1108	0.38	1.38	273.190	294	261	118	114	268	10		Stack Press (Iwg)
2	1118	0.28	1.02	279.4	285	261	118	114	268	10	-14.5	Stack Temp (°F)
1	1128	0.28	1.02	286.1	276	255	118	114	266	10		AP (Iwg)
	1138			291.802								O ₂ /CO ₂
W 3	1140	0.38	1.38	291.802	301	259	118	114	264	10		Meter Vol., (act)
2	1150	0.34	1.24	298.5	302	263	117	113	264	10	-14.3	Meter Temp (°F)
1	1200	0.20	0.73	305.7	294	256	116	113	264	8		Meter Press. (Iwg)
	1210			309.729								Liquid Vol (g)
												Comments:

PRE-TEST DATA:
 Barometric Press., in. Hg. _____
 Assumed Stack Temp. °F 290
 Assumed Meter Temp. °F 110
 Assumed ΔP 0.30
 Assumed Moisture % 6.7
 Stack Diameter, in. _____
 Sample Time: Total _____ per point
 Total of Traverse Points _____
 Teflon Connecting _____
 Line (Y/N) _____
 Isokinetic Factor _____
 ΔH = 3.12 X ΔP
20430 524

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. ES-55
 Meter, Yd. 0.9970
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 _____
 Pitot: ID _____ Cp _____
 Probe: Mat'l _____ Length _____
 Nozzle: ID/Mat'l _____ Diam. _____
 Filter: No. _____ Tare Wt. _____
 TC Readout ID: Meter _____ Aux. _____

SAMPLE TRAIN LEAK CHECK:
 CEM Vac Pilot Inlet
 Pre-Test 0.062 16 DA
 Post-Test 0.002 8 DA

PRE-TEST CALIBRATION CHECK:
 Meter Meter Temp
 Time ΔH Reading In Out
 Inlet _____ Final _____

POST TEST INFO:
 Filler Appearance Slightly Tarn
 Impinger Appearance KMnO4 into / clear
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N) N

SAMPLE POINT	METER CONDITIONS				TEMPERATURES, °F				STATIC PRESS. InHg	CHAIN OF CUSTODY INFORMATION			
	ΔP	ΔH	METER READING		STACK	PROBE	METER				OVEN	IMP.	
			TIME	TIME			IN	OUT				IN	OUT
B-3	0.38	2.6	014.905	293	262	116	112	240	67	5.4	15	Impingers Loaded <u>MR</u>	
B-3OP			30.450									Impingers Recovered <u>EM</u>	
B-2	0.31	1.1	35.727	292	261	116	113	247	65	5.2	9	Filler Loaded <u>DW</u>	
B-1	0.32	0.948	41.000	287	261	115	112	246	62	5.2	0	Filler Recovered <u>EM</u>	
D-3	0.38	1.19	60.0	281	240	120	119	247	54	5.1	6.5	Probe Wash <u>DW</u>	
D-2	0.37	1.15	69.30	282	260	121	115	245	54	5.8	6.5	TEST SUMMARY	
D-1	0.20	0.37	79.60	259	251	123	117	241	53	5.8	5.5	Calculated by: <u>OK</u>	
F-3	0.29	0.90	88.75	233	257	121	119	247	53	5.6	5.8	Checked by: <u>OK</u>	
F-2	0.20	0.31	97.8	235	259	124	120	245	54	5.2	6.0	Stack Press. (InHg) <u>-14.5</u>	
F-1	0.24	0.75	107.1	285	259	125	120	245	52	5.1	6.0	Stack Temp. (°F) <u>283.9</u>	
L-3	0.30	0.97	115.5	287	250	126	121	244	51	5.4	6.0	ΔP (InHg) <u>0.2940</u>	
H-2	0.29	0.95	124.0	238	257	123	122	245	56	5.6	6.0	O ₂ CO ₂ <u>5.38/14.06</u>	
H-1	0.29	0.95	136.0	290	256	123	123	244	54	5.4	6.0	Meter Vol. (act) <u>245.612</u>	
STOP			144.794									Meter Temp. (°F) <u>123.3</u>	
P-3	0.32	1.04	144.80	284	257	127	123	243	52	5.8	6.5	Meter Press. (InHg) <u>1.01</u>	
P-2	0.29	0.95	155.5	282	257	123	124	245	55	5.4	6.0	Liquid Vol (g) <u>425.4</u>	
P-1	0.24	0.85	165.5	279	257	128	124	244	56	5.8	6.0	Comments: <u>360mln</u>	

OPERATOR/ASSISTANT _____

METER VOL. (START/END) _____

PRE-TEST DATA:
 Barometric Press., in. Hg. _____
 Assumed Stack Temp. °F _____
 Assumed Meter Temp. °F _____
 Assumed ΔP _____
 Assumed Moisture % _____
 Stack Diameter, in. _____
 Sample Time: Total _____ per point
 Total of Traverse Points _____
 Teflon Connecting _____
 Line (Y/N) _____
 Isokinetic Factor _____
 $\Delta H = 3.26 \times \Delta P$

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. _____
 Meter, Yd. _____
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 _____
 Pilot: ID _____ Cp _____
 Probe: Mat'l _____ Length _____
 Nozzle: ID/Mat'l _____ Diam. _____
 Filter: No. _____ Tare Wt. _____
 TC Readout ID: Meter _____ Aux. _____

POST TEST INFO:
 Total _____
 Filter Appearance _____
 Impinger Appearance _____
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N) _____

WEIGHTS:
 Imp. Mat'l Wt.(End) Wt.(Start) Wt.(g)
 #1 _____ = _____
 #2 _____ = _____
 #3 _____ = _____
 #4 _____ = _____
 #5 _____ = _____

PRE-TEST CALIBRATION CHECK:
 Meter Meter Temp
 Reading In Out
 Time ΔH _____

SAMPLE TRAIN LEAK CHECK:
 CEM Vac Pilot Inlet
 Pre-Test _____
 Post-Test _____

SAMPLE POINT	TIME	METER CONDITIONS				TEMPERATURES, °F				STATIC PRESS. (hwg)	CHAIN OF CUSTODY INFORMATION			
		ΔP	ΔH	METER READING	STACK	PROBE	METER		OVEN			IMP. OUT	O ₂	VAC.
							IN	OUT						
R-3	1244	0.20	0.91	176.3	282	286	128	124	244	58	6.0	Impingers Loaded		
R-2	1259	0.25	0.81	185.2	251	256	129	124	244	59	5.5	Impingers Recovered		
R-1	1314	0.23	0.75	194.0	274	255	130	125	243	57	5.0	Filter Loaded		
S-3	1329	0.24	0.85	202.7	261	251	130	125	246	65	6.0	Filter Recovered		
S-2	1341	0.24	0.85	211.30	286	256	131	126	243	72	6.1	Probe Wash		
S-1	1357	0.24	0.85	224.5	268	258	131	127	240	59	6.0	TEST SUMMARY		
U-3	1404			231.55								Calculated by:		
U-2	1421											Checked by:		
U-1	1444			232.65								Stack Press. (hwg)		
U-3	1427	0.33	1.08	231.65	236	257	126	125	237	78	7.0	Stack Temp. (°F)		
U-2	1442	0.31	1.01	243.6	266	257	130	125	242	83	7.0	ΔP (hwg)		
U-1	1457	0.30	0.98	252.5	267	256	130	124	200	64	6.0	O ₂ /CO ₂		
	1512			260.623								Meter Vol. (acf)		
												Meter Temp (°F)		
												Meter Press. (hwg)		
												Liquid Vol. (g)		
												Comments:		

DATE 2/2/14

METER VOL. (START/END)

OPERATOR/ASSISTANT RAF/DK

PRE-TEST DATA:
 Barometric Press., in. Hg. 29.12
 Assumed Stack Temp. °F
 Assumed Meter Temp. °F
 Assumed ΔP
 Assumed Moisture %
 Stack Diameter, in.
 Sample Time: Total _____ per point
 Total of Traverse Points _____
 Teflon Connecting _____
 Line (Y/N) _____
 Isokinetic Factor _____
 ΔH = 1.2 X ΔP

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. ES-19
 Meter, Yd. 1.0164
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0
 Pilot: SEE PAGE = ONE
 Probe: #1 #2 #3 #4 #5
 Length ID/Mat'l Diam. No. Tare Wt.
 Nozzle: _____
 Filler: _____
 TC Readout ID: Meter Aux.

POST TEST INFO:
 Filler Appearance
 Impinger Appearance
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N)

PRE-TEST CALIBRATION CHECK:
 Meter Meter Temp
 Time ΔH Reading In Out
 Initial Final

SAMPLE TRAIN LEAK CHECK:
 CEM Vac Piled Inlet
 Pre-Test
 Post-Test

SAMPLE POINT	METER CONDITIONS				TEMPERATURES, °F				STATIC PRESS. lwg	CHAIN OF CUSTODY INFORMATION		
	TIME	ΔP	ΔH	METER READING	STACK	PROBE	METER				O ₂	VAC.
							IN	OUT				
N6	1300	1.5	2.2	904.25	119	249	144	121	264	5.6	13	Impingers Loaded
STOP	1330	4		928.949	Point CHANGE							Impingers Recovered
WS	1341	1.4	2.14	928.949	119	262	138	120	268	5.1	14	Filter Loaded
W6	1411	1.4	2.14	937.570	118	257	147	124	278	5.3	14	Filter Recovered
END	1441			978.636								Probe Wash
												TEST SUMMARY
												Calculated by:
												Checked by:
												Stack Press (lwg)
												Stack Temp (°F)
												ΔP (lwg)
												O ₂ /CO ₂
												Meter Vol. (acf)
												Meter Temp. (°F)
												Meter Press. (lwg)
												Liquid Vol. (g)
												Comments:

0.72 0.547 0.762

OPERATOR/ASSISTANT

METER VOL. (START/END)

DATE 8/18/16

PRE-TEST DATA:
 Barometric Press., in. Hg. 29.08
 Assumed Slack Temp. °F 125
 Assumed Meter Temp. °F 120
 Assumed ΔP 1.2
 Assumed Moisture % 14
 Slack Diameter, in. 1.44
 Sample Time: Total 360
 per point 20
 Total of Traverse Points 12
 Teflon Connecting Line (Y/N) X (25')

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. ES-19
 Meter, Yd. 1.0164
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0
 Pilot: ID Cp Mat'l Length ID/Mat'l Diam. No. Tare Wt.
 Probe: Nozzle: Filter: TC Readout ID: Meter Aux.

POST TEST INFO:
 Imp. Mat'l Wt (End) Wt (Start) Wt (g)
 #1 SEE #2 PAGE #3 ONE #4 #5
 Total POST TEST INFO:
 Filter Appearance Impinger Appearance Silica Gel Spent (Y/N)

SAMPLE TRAIN LEAK CHECK:
 GEM Vac Pilot Inlet
 Pre-Test Post-Test

PRE-TEST CALIBRATION CHECK:
 Meter Meter Temp
 Time ΔH Reading In Out

ΔH = 1.45 X ΔP

SAMPLE POINT	TIME	METER CONDITIONS			TEMPERATURES, °F				STATIC PRESS. (wg)	CHAIN OF CUSTODY INFORMATION				
		ΔP	ΔH	METER READING	STACK	PROBE	METER IN	METER OUT			OVEN	IMP. OUT	O ₂	VAC.
N4	1216	1.50	2.10	164.85	120	277	131	106	258	46	5.7	6	0.75	Impingers Loaded
N3	1246	1.45	2.1	1189.27	120	247	130	108	252	48	5.6	6		Impingers Recovered
	240 P 1316			1213.201	120	✓ OK	154							Filter Loaded
W5	1440	1.55	2.25	1213.201	120	274	130	103	280	47	5.4	6		Filter Recovered
W6	1510	1.50	2.17	1238.650	119	229	126	106	254	55	5.4	5		Probe Wash
END	1540			1262.934										TEST SUMMARY
														Calculated by:
														Checked by:
														Stack Press (wg)
														Stack Temp. (°F)
														ΔP (wg)
														O ₂ /CO ₂
														Meter Vol. (acf)
														Meter Temp. (°F)
														Meter Press. (wg)
														Liquid Vol. (g)
														Comments:

CLIENT NYSEG UNIT Stack TEST NO. 3-MTCS-STK METHOD M-27 PAGE 1 OF 3
 SAMPLE LOCATION Stack TEST CONDITION AMB. TEMP., °F PROJECT # _____
 OPERATOR/ASSISTANT _____ METER VOL. (START/END) 263.300 DATE 5/17/16

PRE-TEST DATA:
 Barometric Press., in. Hg. 29.06
 Assumed Stack Temp. °F 120
 Assumed Meter Temp. °F 115
 Assumed ΔP 1.35
 Assumed Moisture % 14.3
 Stack Diameter, in. 144
 Sample Time: Total 6:45
 per point 30 min
 Total of Traverse Points 12
 Teflon Connecting _____
 Line (Y/N) Y
 Isokinetic Factor ΔH = 1.4 X ΔP

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. _____
 Meter, Yd. ES-19
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 0.556
 Pitot: 1.0164
 Probe: 5-26
 Nozzle: 1A
 Filter: 0.84
 Tare Wt. 1.11
 TC Readout ID: Meter 9455
 Aux. UP QTR

POST TEST INFO:
 Filter Appearance _____
 Impinger Appearance _____
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N) _____

SAMPLE TRAIN LEAK CHECK:
 CEM Vac Pilot Inlet
 Pre-Test 0.05 13" ebc AS
 Post-Test 0.06 20 bc BF

PRE-TEST CALIBRATION CHECK:
 Meter Meter Temp
 Time ΔH Reading In Out

SAMPLE POINT	METER CONDITIONS				TEMPERATURES, °F				STATIC PRESS. (w/g)	CHAIN OF CUSTODY INFORMATION		
	TIME	AP	ΔH	METER READING	STACK	PROBE	METER				O ₂	VAC.
							IN	OUT				
W1	0815	1.0	1.4	263.308	117	258	112	88	5.8	8	0.61	Impingers Loaded EM
W2	0845	1.15	1.6	283.65	117	271	120	97	5.8	8		Impingers Recovered 102
W3	0915	1.25	1.75	304.85	116	256	125	101	5.8	9		Filter Loaded MC
W4	0945	1.55	2.17	327.2	117	249	128	103	5.8	13		Filter Recovered MC
2TOP	1015			351.663	149K	OK	14"					Probe Wash DW
Nodul	1030	1.3	1.87	351.780	118	263	125	104	5.8	10		TEST SUMMARY
N-2	1100	1.50	2.10	374.15	117	249	135	109	5.8	12		Calculated by: BF
N-6	1130	1.50	2.10	398.8	119	241	137	112	5.6	12		Checked by: BF
N-5	1200	1.6	2.25	422.765	118	275	138	113	5.7	14		Slack Press (w/g) -1.4
										Slack Temp. (°F) <u>117.8</u>		
										ΔP (w/g) <u>1.9859</u>		
										O ₂ CO ₂ <u>5.76</u> / <u>13.62</u>		
										Meter Vol., (act) <u>280.824</u>		
										Meter Temp. (°F) <u>117.8</u>		
										Meter Press. (w/g) <u>1.45</u>		
										Liquid Vol (g) <u>900.1</u>		
Comments: _____												

OPERATOR/ASSISTANT DK METER VOL. (START/END) _____ DATE 1.7.2

PRE-TEST DATA:
 Barometric Press., in. Hg. 29.06
 Assumed Slack Temp. °F _____
 Assumed Meter Temp. °F _____
 Assumed ΔP _____
 Assumed Moisture % _____
 Slack Diameter, in. _____
 Sample Time: Total _____ per point
 Total of Traverse Points _____
 Teflon Connecting _____
 Line (Y/N) _____
 Isokinetic Factor _____
 ΔH = 1.4 X ΔP

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. ES-19
 Meter, Yd. 1.0164
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 _____
 Pilot: ID _____ Cp _____ Mat'l _____
 Probe: Length _____ ID/Mat'l _____ Diam. _____
 Nozzle: No. _____ Tare Wt. _____
 Filter: _____ TC Readout ID: Meter _____ Aux. _____

POST TEST INFO:
 Filler Appearance _____
 Impinger Appearance _____
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N) _____

SAMPLE TRAIN LEAK CHECK:
 CEM Vac _____ Elot In/Out _____
 Pre-Test _____
 Post-Test _____

PRE-TEST CALIBRATION CHECK:
 Meter Reading In _____ Out _____
 Meter Meter Temp _____

SAMPLE POINT	TIME	METER CONDITIONS			TEMPERATURES, °F				STATIC PRESS. (wg)	CHAIN OF CUSTODY INFORMATION			
		ΔP	ΔH	METER READING	STACK	PROBE	METER IN	METER OUT			OVEN	O ₂	VAC.
N-4	1230	1.5	2.1	448.05	118	246	137	113	258	5.6	13	-0.8	Impingers Loaded
N-3	1300	1.5	2.1	472.45	117	264	137	112	250	5.8	13		Impingers Recovered
STOP	1330			496.667									Filter Loaded
W-5	14:07	0.90	1.96	496.710	119	303	131	106	251	5.8	12		Filter Recovered
W-6	14:37	1.45	2.03	518.965	117	269	135	110	252	5.8	13		Probe Wash
ELD	15:07			5AA1130									TEST SUMMARY
													Calculated by:
													Checked by:
													Slack Press (wg)
													Slack Temp (°F)
													ΔP (iwg)
													O ₂ /CO ₂
													Meter Vol., (acf)
													Meter Temp. (°F)
													Meter Press. (iwg)
													Liquid Vol. (g)
													Comments:

Appendix C.5
Frontier Geoscience

FRONTIER GEOSCIENCES MERCURY SPECIATION TEST RESULTS
NYSEG POST-RETROFIT TEST PROGRAM -- ESP INLET
AUGUST 1996

Fuel Type:	COAL	Test Method:	MESA
Avg. Trip Blank (ng/train):	0.46 Hg(0) - Trap A only	Analytical Method:	CVAFS
	0.91 Hg(II) - Traps A&B	Laboratory:	Frontier Geosciences
	0.134 Hg (tot) - Probe	Date Analyzed:	August 1996
F-factor @0%O2:	9594 9631 9655 dscf/MMBtu	Reference Temp., F:	68

Test No.	ng/train	ug/m ³	ug/Nm ³	O ₂ , %	CO ₂ , %	Sample Volume, dscf	Pitot Flowrate, dscfm ⁽¹⁾	lb/hr	lb/ 10 ¹² Btu
<u>2-MESA-IN</u>									
Hg(0) - elemental	70.3	1.51	1.62	6.13	12.93	1.642	340,247	0.002	1.29
Hg(II) - oxidized	304.8	6.55	7.03					0.008	5.57
Hg(tot) - Quartz Wool Plug	3.68	0.08	0.08					1.0E-04	0.07
Hg (total)	378.8	8.15	8.74					0.010	6.92
<u>3-MESA-IN</u>									
Hg(0) - elemental	168.5	3.49	3.75	5.40	13.64	1.705	327,659	0.004	2.83
Hg(II) - oxidized	276.8	5.73	6.15					0.007	4.65
Hg(tot) - Quartz Wool Plug	3.59	0.07	0.08					9.1E-05	0.06
Hg (total)	448.9	9.30	9.98					0.011	7.55
<u>3A-MESA-IN</u>									
Hg(0) - elemental	51.0	0.92	0.98	5.23	13.75	1.966	329,486	0.001	0.74
Hg(II) - oxidized	395.2	7.10	7.62					0.009	5.70
Hg(tot) - Quartz Wool Plug	0.40	0.01	0.01					0.000	0.01
Hg (total)	446.6	8.02	8.61					0.010	6.44
<u>AVERAGE:</u>									
Hg(0) - elemental	96.64	1.97	2.12	5.59	13.44	1.771	332,464	0.002	1.62
Hg(II) - oxidized	325.56	6.46	6.93					0.008	5.31
Hg(tot) - Quartz Wool Plug	2.554	0.05	0.06					6.7E-05	0.04
Hg (total)	424.7	8.49	9.11					0.011	6.97

ND -- mercury not detected above trip blank level in sample fraction (treated as zero).
 Trip blank levels subtracted from sample values.

Notes:

(1) Pitot flow rate from corresponding isokinetic tests.

CALCULATIONS:

$$\text{ug/m}^3 = \text{ng/train} * \text{ng}/1000\text{ug} * 35.31/\text{sample volume, dscf}$$

$$\text{lb/hr} = \text{ng/train} * \text{lb}/454 * 10^9 \text{ ng l}/\text{sample volume, dscf} * \text{Qsd} * 60 \text{ min/hr}$$

$$\text{lb}/10^{12}\text{Btu} = \text{ng/train} * \text{lb}/454 * 10^9 \text{ ng} * 1/\text{sample volume, dscf} * \text{F-factor}@0\%O_2, \text{dscf}/\text{mmBtu} * 10^6 * 20.9/(20.9-\%O_2)$$

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DO NOT CITE OR QUOTE

FRONTIER GEOSCIENCES MERCURY SPECIATION TEST RESULTS
NYSEG POST-RETROFIT TEST PROGRAM -- ESP OUTLET
AUGUST 1996

Fuel Type:	COAL	Test Method:	MESA
Avg. Trip Blank (ng/train):	0.46 Hg(0) - Trap A only	Analytical Method:	CVAFS
	0.91 Hg(II) - Traps A&B	Laboratory:	Frontier Geosciences
	0.134 Hg (tot) - Probe	Date Analyzed:	August 1996
F-factor @0%O ₂ :	9594 9631 9655 dscf/MMBtu	Reference Temp., F:	68

Test No.	ng/train	ug/m ³	ug/Nm ³	O ₂ , %	CO ₂ , %	Sample Volume, dscf	Pitot Flowrate, dscfm ⁽¹⁾	lb/hr	lb/10 ¹² Btu
2-MESA-OUT				5.34	13.62	2.765	331,647		
Hg(0) - elemental	108.5	1.39	1.49					0.002	1.12
Hg(II) - oxidized	610.8	7.80	8.37					0.010	6.29
Hg(tot) - Quartz Wool Plug	0.56	0.01	0.01					8.9E-06	0.01
Hg (total)	719.9	9.19	9.87					0.011	7.42
3-MESA-OUT				5.32	13.71	2.782	330,081		
Hg(0) - elemental	149.5	1.90	2.04					0.002	1.53
Hg(II) - oxidized	517.4	6.57	7.05					0.008	5.31
Hg(tot) - Quartz Wool Plug	10.2	0.13	0.14					1.6E-04	0.10
Hg (total)	677.1	8.59	9.22					0.011	6.94
3A-MESA-OUT				4.25	14.61	2.762	330,081		
Hg(0) - elemental	325.5	4.16	4.47					0.005	3.15
Hg(II) - oxidized	368.6	4.71	5.06					0.006	3.56
Hg(tot) - Quartz Wool Plug	ND	ND	ND					ND	ND
Hg (total)	694.1	8.87	9.52					0.011	6.71
AVERAGE:				4.97	13.98	2.770	330,603		
Hg(0) - elemental	194.54	2.48	2.66					0.003	1.93
Hg(II) - oxidized	498.89	6.36	6.82					0.008	5.05
Hg(tot) - Quartz Wool Plug	5.36	0.07	0.07					8.4E-05	0.06
Hg (total)	698.8	8.91	9.56					0.011	7.04

ND -- mercury not detected above trip blank level in sample fraction (treated as zero).
 Trip blank levels subtracted from sample values.

Notes:
 (1) Pitot flow rate from corresponding isokinetic tests.

CALCULATIONS:
 $ug/m^3 = ng/train * ng/1000ug * 35.31/sample\ volume, dscf$
 $lb/hr = ng/train * lb/454 * 10^9 ng / sample\ volume, dscf * Qsd * 60 min/hr$
 $lb/10^{12}Btu = ng/train * lb/454 * 10^9 ng * 1/sample\ volume, dscf * F-factor@0\%O_2, dscf/mmBtu * 10^6 * 20.9/(20.9-\%O_2)$

FRONTIER GEOSCIENCES MERCURY SPECIATION TEST RESULTS
NYSEG POST-RETROFIT TEST PROGRAM – STACK
AUGUST 1996

Fuel Type:	COAL	Test Method:	MESA
Avg. Trip Blank (ng/train):	0.46	Hg(0) - Trap A only	Analytical Method: CVAFS
	0.91	Hg(II) - Traps A&B	Laboratory: Frontier Geosciences
	0.134	Hg (tot) - Probe	Date Analyzed: August 1996
F-factor @0%O ₂ :	9594	9631 9655 dscf/MMBtu	Reference Temp., F: 68

Test No.	ng/train	ug/m ³	ug/Nm ³	O ₂ , %	CO ₂ , %	Sample Volume, dscf	Pitot Flowrate, dscfm ⁽¹⁾	lb/hr	lb/10 ¹² Btu
1-MESA-STK				5.63	13.86	1 802	358,667		
Hg(0) - elemental	132.5	2.60	2.79					3.5E-03	2.13
Hg(II) - oxidized	12.9	0.25	0.27					3.4E-04	0.21
Hg(tot) - Quartz Wool Plug	NP	NP	NP					NP	NP
Hg (total)	145.4	2.85	3.06					3.8E-03	2.33
2-MESA-STK				5.33	13.63	1 674	358,779		
Hg(0) - elemental	127.3	2.68	2.88					3.6E-03	2.16
Hg(II) - oxidized	17.8	0.38	0.40					5.0E-04	0.30
Hg(tot) - Quartz Wool Plug	0.15	0.003	0.003					4.2E-06	0.003
Hg (total)	145.2	3.06	3.29					4.1E-03	2.47
3-MESA-STK				5.35	13.68	3 226	362,692		
Hg(0) - elemental	271.5	2.97	3.19					4.0E-03	2.41
Hg(II) - oxidized	38.1	0.42	0.45					5.7E-04	0.34
Hg(tot) - Quartz Wool Plug	0.28	0.003	0.003					4.2E-06	0.002
Hg (total)	309.9	3.39	3.64					4.6E-03	2.75
3A-MESA-STK				5.33	13.66	2 862	362,692		
Hg(0) - elemental	219.5	2.71	2.91					3.7E-03	2.19
Hg(II) - oxidized	20.3	0.25	0.27					3.4E-04	0.20
Hg(tot) - Quartz Wool Plug	0.09	0.001	0.001					1.5E-06	0.001
Hg (total)	239.9	2.96	3.18					4.0E-03	2.39
AVERAGE:				5.34	13.66	2 587	361,388		
Hg(0) - elemental	187.72	2.74	2.94					3.7E-03	2.22
Hg(II) - oxidized	22.26	0.32	0.35					4.4E-04	0.26
Hg(tot) - Quartz Wool Plug	0.17	0.002	0.003					3.3E-06	0.002
Hg (total)	210.2	3.07	3.29					4.1E-03	2.49

ND -- mercury not detected above trip blank level in sample fraction (treated as zero).
 Trip blank levels subtracted from sample values.

Notes:

(1) Pitot flow rate from corresponding isokinetic tests.

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**FRONTIER GEOSCIENCES
MERCURY SPECIATION LABORATORY SUMMARY**

Test Number	Raw Laboratory Data		Corrected Data ⁽¹⁾		Total Mercury, ng/trap	% of TripBlk to Reported Lab Data
	Trap A, ng/trap	Trap B, ng/trap	Trap A, ng/trap	Trap B, ng/trap		
ELEMENTAL MERCURY -- Hg(0)						
TRIP BLANK 1	0.362	0.307	--	--	0.362	--
TRIP BLANK 2	0.56	0.398	--	--	0.56	--
2-MESA-IN	70.8	0.591	70.3	NB (2)	70.3	0.7%
3-MESA-IN	169	0.344	168.5	NB (2)	168.5	0.3%
3A-MESA-IN	51.5	0.475	51.0	NB (2)	51.0	0.9%
1-MESA-OUT	1.9	0.254	1.4	NB (2)	1.4	32.0%
2-MESA-OUT	109	0.356	108.5	NB (2)	108.5	0.4%
3-MESA-OUT	150	0.277	149.5	NB (2)	149.5	0.3%
3A-MESA-OUT	326	0.456	325.5	NB (2)	325.5	0.1%
1-MESA-STK	133	0.353	132.5	NB (2)	132.5	0.3%
2-MESA-STK	127	1.08	126.5	0.728	127.3	0.6%
3-MESA-STK	272	0.384	271.5	NB (2)	271.5	0.2%
3A-MESA-STK	220	0.353	219.5	NB (2)	219.5	0.2%
OXIDIZED MERCURY -- Hg(II)						
TRIP BLANK 1	0.245	0.984	--	--	1.23	--
TRIP BLANK 2	1.57	1.69	--	--	3.26	--
2-MESA-IN	283	24	282.1	22.7	304.8	0.7%
3-MESA-IN	175	104	174.1	102.7	276.8	0.8%
3A-MESA-IN	306	91.4	305.1	90.1	395.2	0.6%
1-MESA-OUT	0.546	0.173	0.55	NB (2)	0.55	
2-MESA-OUT	441	172	440.1	170.7	610.8	0.4%
3-MESA-OUT	461	58.6	460.1	57.3	517.4	0.4%
3A-MESA-OUT	295	75.8	294.1	74.5	368.6	0.6%
1-MESA-STK	13.8	0.635	12.9	NB (2)	12.9	17.4%
2-MESA-STK	18.7	0.137	17.8	NB (2)	17.8	12.6%
3-MESA-STK	30.1	10.2	29.2	8.9	38.1	5.9%
3A-MESA-STK	21.2	0.208	20.3	NB (2)	20.3	11.1%
OXIDIZED MERCURY ON QUARTZ WOOL FILTER, ng/probe						
TRIP BLANK 1	2.39 (3)	NA	--	--	2.39	--
TRIP BLANK 2	0.134	NA	--	--	0.134	--
2-MESA-IN	3.81	NA	3.68	--	3.68	4%
3-MESA-IN	3.72	NA	3.59	--	3.59	4%
3A-MESA-IN	0.534	NA	0.400	--	0.400	34%
2-MESA-OUT	0.696	NA	0.562	--	0.562	24%
3-MESA-OUT	10.3	NA	10.2	--	10.2	--
3A-MESA-OUT	0.130	NA	ND	--	ND	
2-MESA-STK	0.284	NA	0.150	--	0.150	89%
3-MESA-STK	0.416	NA	0.282	--	0.282	--
3A-MESA-STK	0.221	NA	0.087	--	0.087	154%

NA - not applicable

NB - no significant breakthrough past Trap A was detected.

ND - not detected, sample value below trip blank level.

Notes:

(1) Average of trip blanks subtracted from sample values.

(2) Trap B mercury levels less than twice average trip blank value, therefore Trap B is treated as zero.

(3) Trip Blank 1 not subtracted from sample results, high value is anomalous.



**FRONTIER
GEOSCIENCES**
ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH CORPORATION

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September 10, 1996
Eric M. Prestbo Ph.D.

Kusha Janati
Carnot
15991 Red Hill Avenue
Suite 110
Tustin, California 92680

Dear Kusha,

Enclosed you will find the formal report on the analysis of Mercury Speciation Adsorption (MESA) method samples at the NYSEG facility.

I have only included results for those samples which Carnot is paying for, contrary to what I indicated at the outset of this project. I expect that you will get all the results eventually when I get accurate sample volumes. I also hope to get one of the funding sources involved to pay for these important results.

One flag - based on the qualitative volumes you provided to me - it seems that the inlet is higher than the outlet for samples 3 and 3A based on my calculations.

Please call if you have further questions.

Sincerely,

Eric M. Prestbo

Report on Mercury Speciation in a NYSEG Coal Burning Facility

prepared for

Kusha Janati
Carnot

prepared by

Eric M. Prestbo Ph.D.
Frontier Geosciences Inc.
414 Pontius Avenue North, Suite B
Seattle, Washington 98109

206 622 6960 voice
206 622 6870 fax
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September 10, 1996

Case Narrative

SAMPLE COLLECTION

MESA method samples were collected by Carnot personnel for this series of experiments. Further details about the MESA sampling effort should be addressed to Carnot personnel. It is assumed that the MESA method samples were collected following standard operating procedure (SOP) for sample collection (FGS-023). Appendix A includes our observations of the sample trains during receipt and digestion.

SAMPLE C.O.C.

Sample 3A-MESA-STK on the COC was assumed to be the field labeled sample 3B-MESA-OUT as discussed with Kusha Janati. Samples 1-MESA-OUT, 1-MESA-STK and 2-MESA-IN were void (do not analyzed) on the COC. These samples were analyzed anyway.

SAMPLE ANALYSIS

The analysis of the solid sorbent traps for mercury speciation was completed by closely following SOP FGS-024 and FGS-031 for MESA method sample analysis and the peer reviewed article by Prestbo and Bloom, 1995.

The iodated carbon traps (Hg^0 and quartz wool particulate plug (Hg_p) were leached with hot refluxing 7:3 solution of $\text{HNO}_3:\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$ and then diluted with 5% (v/v) BrCl solution. An aliquot of the digest was analyzed for Hg by aqueous phase SnCl_2 reduction, dual gold trap amalgamation and finally detected by cold vapor atomic fluorescence spectroscopy (CVAFS).

The entire contents of the KCl /lime traps (Hg(II)) were dissolved in 100 mL of 6%/4% BrCl/HCl (v/v) solution. An aliquot of the digest was analyzed for Hg by aqueous phase SnCl_2 reduction, dual gold trap amalgamation detection by CVAFS.

A large number of quality assurance measurements were made during the analysis of the MESA method samples. A 4-point standard curve was generated at the beginning of each day and check standards were analyzed approximately every 10 samples. Most of the sorbent trap digests were analyzed in duplicate. Analysis spike recoveries were performed on both KCl /lime, iodated carbon and quartz wool plug digests at a rate of approximately 1 per 10 samples analyzed. A laboratory internal reference standard, DORM-2, was analyzed each analysis day to test for method control. Two field blanks trains were also analyzed for quality control. For your

information, we are not currently doing any spike recoveries directly into a sample digest. All of the above QA information is reported for each Hg species in Tables 2-4.

Overall the analysis of the MESA method sorbent traps was under control at all times and thus were well within the acceptable QA boundaries. There were approximately 6 transcription errors which were discovered and reconciled by recalculation and/or sample reruns.

All original lab bench sheets, calculations and other pertinent information will be kept on file at Frontier Geosciences for 3 years and is available if needed.

RESULTS - DISCUSSION

All of the results of analysis are found in Tables 2-4. Only ng/trap are reported because we were not provided with accurate sample volume data. The values of ng/trap are not field blank corrected.

A method detection limit is reported for each species of mercury measured. For Hg⁰ the field blank and B-trap values were combined to arrive at a mean blank and standard deviation of the blank for the purpose of calculating a more meaningful method detection limit. For Hg(II) only the trip blank values are used to calculate a blank. For Hg_p, only the single low value was used for the blank value.

Note that the values reported for Hg on the wool plug/quartz probe are only qualitatively indicative of the amount of particulate Hg. The MESA method does not sample isokinetically.

Total Hg is the sum of Hg(II), Hg⁰ and Hg_p

Site Carnot Results of Hg Speciation in Combustion Flue Gas
 Frontier Geosciences, August-1996, Eric M. Prestbo

Table 2: Elemental Hg

Sample ID	Stream/ Run	A Trap ng/trap	RPD		B Trap ng/trap	RPD		Sample Volume liters#	Hg(0) ug/m3
			A Trap ng/trap (n)			B Trap ng/trap (n)			
1-MESA	OUT	1.90	1.58 (2)		0.254				
1-MESA	STACK	133			0.353				
2-MESA	IN	70.8	3.95 (2)		0.591				
2-MESA	OUT	109			0.356				
2-MESA	STACK	127			1.08	124 (2)			
2A-MESA	IN								
2A-MESA	OUT								
2A-MESA	STACK								
3-MESA	IN	169	4.73 (2)		0.344				
3-MESA	OUT	150	2.01 (2)		0.277				
3-MESA	STACK	272	0.74 (2)		0.384				
3A-MESA	IN	51.5	5.05 (2)		0.475				
3A-MESA	OUT	326	1.53 (2)		0.456				
3A-MESA	STACK	220	4.55 (2)		0.353				
4-MESA	OUT								
4-MESA	STACK								
TRIP BLANK 1		0.362			0.307				
TRIP BLANK 2		0.56			0.398				

Detection limit (3 X sigma field blank/0.060 cubic meters)

Hg(0) ug/m³ 0.010

Mean Blank*	Std Dev
ng/trap	ng/trap
0.437	0.202

Laboratory Spike Recovery - 1.0 ng

pg expect	pg recovered	%Rec
5.070	5.455	108
4.191	4.251	101

SRM DORM-2 (Expect 4.64 ng/ml)

4.85
4.94

* Grand average of field blank and B Trap values

Example Calculation for Field Blank Correct Elemental Hg ug/m³

(TrapA-Mean Blank)/Volume

#ug/m³ - volume qualitative by Carnot

RPD = Relative Percent Difference - when n>2 then %RSD is calculated

Site Carnot Results of Hg Speciation in Combustion Flue Gas
 Frontier Geosciences, August-1996, Eric Prestbo Ph.D.

Table 3: Oxidized Hg(II)

Sample ID	Stream/ Run	A Trap ng/trap	RPD A Trap ng/trap (n)	B Trap ng/trap	RPD B Trap ng/trap (n)	Sample Volume liters#	Hg(II) ug/m ³
1-MESA	OUT	0.546	78.1 (2)	0.173	72.8 (2)		
1-MESA	STACK	13.8	49.3 (2)	0.635			
2-MESA	IN	283	6.82 (3)	24	1.67 (2)		
2-MESA	OUT	441	4.08 (2)	172	4.08 (2)		
2-MESA	STACK	18.7	18.2 (2)	0.137			
2A-MESA	IN						
2A-MESA	OUT						
2A-MESA	STACK						
3-MESA	IN	175	5.71 (2)	104	5.77 (2)		
3-MESA	OUT	461	5.21 (2)	58.6	1.19 (2)		
3-MESA	STACK	30.1	15.2 (2)	10.2	10.7 (2)		
3A-MESA	IN	306	2.28 (2)	91.4	16.0 (2)		
3A-MESA	OUT	295	6.78 (2)	75.8	2.51 (2)		
3A-MESA	STACK	21.2	1.42 (2)	0.208			
4-MESA	OUT						
4-MESA	STACK						
TRIP BLANK 1		0.245		0.984			
TRIP BLANK 2		1.57		1.69			

Detection limit (3 X sigma field blank/0.060 cubic meters)

Hg(II) ug/m³ 0.033

Mean Blank*	Std Dev
ng/trap	ng/trap
1.12	0.66

Laboratory Spike Recovery - 1.0 ng

pg expect	pg recovered	%Recovery
1.252	1.103	88.1
1.114	1.175	105
3.266	3.597	110
1.319	1.366	104

SRM DORM-2 (Expect 4.64 ng/ml)

4.97

4.85

* Grand average of trip blank trap values

Example Calculation for Field Blank Correct Oxidized Hg (II) ug/m³

$((\text{TrapA} + \text{TrapB}) - 2 * \text{Mean Blank}) / \text{Volume}$

Volume not available from Carnot

RPD = Relative Percent Difference - when n>2 then %RSD is calculated

Site Carnot Results of Hg Speciation in Combustion Flue Gas
 Frontier Geosciences, August-1996, Eric Prestbo Ph.D

Table 4: Probe Total Hg

Sample ID	Stream/ Run	Probe ng/probe	RPD Probe ng/probe (n)	Sample Volume liters	Probe Hg ug/Nm3#
1-MESA	OUT	not analyzed - can be if requested			
1-MESA	STACK	not analyzed - can be if requested			
2-MESA	IN	3.81	12.1 (3)		
2-MESA	OUT	0.696			
2-MESA	STACK	0.284			
2A-MESA	IN				
2A-MESA	OUT				
2A-MESA	STACK				
3-MESA	IN	3.72			
3-MESA	OUT	10.3	6.05 (3)		
3-MESA	STACK	0.416			
3A-MESA	IN	0.534			
3A-MESA	OUT	0.130			
3B-MESA (A?)	OUT (STACK?)	0.221			
4-MESA	OUT				
4-MESA	STACK				
TRIP BLANK 1		2.39 X			
TRIP BLANK 2		0.134			

Detection limit (3 X sigma field blank/0.060 cubic meters)

Probe Hg ug/m³ Est. 0.005

Mean Blank* Std Dev
 ng/trap ng/trap

0.134

Laboratory Spike Recovery - 1.0 ng

ng expect	ng recovered	%Recovery
1.034	1.056	102
1.583	1.534	97

SRM DORM-2 (Expect 4.64 ng/ml)

4.85
 4.94

* Grand average of field blank and B Trap values

Example Calculation for Field Blank Correct Elemental Hg ug/m³

(TrapA-Mean Blank)/Volume

#ug/Nm³ @ 1 Atm and 70 degrees F

RPD = Relative Percent Difference - when n>2 then %RSD is calculated

Site Carnot Results of Hg Speciation in Combustion Flue Gas
 Frontier Geosciences, August-1996, Eric M. Prestbo

Table 2: Elemental Hg

Sample ID	Stream/ Run	A Trap ng/trap	RPD A Trap ng/trap (n)	B Trap ng/trap	RPD B Trap ng/trap (n)	Sample Volume liters#	Hg(0) ug/m ³
2 1-MESA	IN	70.8	3.95 (2)	0.591			
1-MESA	OUT						
1-MESA	STACK						
2-MESA	IN						
2-MESA	OUT	109		0.356			
2-MESA	STACK	127		1.08	124 (2)		
2A-MESA	OUT						
2A-MESA	STACK						
3-MESA	IN	169	4.73 (2)	0.344			
3-MESA	OUT	150	2.01 (2)	0.277			
3-MESA	STACK	272	0.74 (2)	0.384			
3A-MESA	IN	51.5	5.05 (2)	0.475			
3A-MESA	OUT	326	1.53 (2)	0.456			
3B-MESA (A?)	OUT (STACK?)	220	4.55 (2)	0.353			
4-MESA	OUT						
4-MESA	STACK						
TRIP BLANK 1		0.362		0.307			
TRIP BLANK 2		0.56		0.398			

Detection limit (3 X sigma field blank/0.060 cubic meters)

Hg(0) ug/m³ 0.010

Mean Blank*	Std Dev
ng/trap	ng/trap
0.457	0.209

Laboratory Spike Recovery - 1.0 ng

pg expect	pg recovered	%Rec
5.070	5.455	108
4.191	4.251	101

SRM DORM-2 (Expect 4.64 ng/ml)

4.85
4.94

* Grand average of field blank and B Trap values

Example Calculation for Field Blank Correct Elemental Hg ug/m³

(TrapA-Mean Blank)/Volume

#ug/m³ - volume qualitative by Carnot

RPD = Relative Percent Difference - when n>2 then %RSD is calculated

Site Carnot Results of Hg Speciation in Combustion Flue Gas
 Frontier Geosciences, August-1996, Eric Prestbo Ph.D.

Table 3: Oxidized Hg(II)

10/14/96 Sample ID	Stream/ Run	RPD		RPD		Sample Volume liters#	Hg(II) ug/m ³
		A Trap ng/trap	A Trap ng/trap (n)	B Trap ng/trap	B Trap ng/trap (n)		
2-1-MESA	IN	283	6.82 (3)	24	1.67 (2)		
1-MESA	OUT						
1-MESA	STACK						
2-MESA	IN						
2-MESA	OUT	441	4.08 (2)	172	4.08 (2)		
2-MESA	STACK	18.7	18.2 (2)	0.137			
2A-MESA	OUT						
2A-MESA	STACK						
3-MESA	IN	175	5.71 (2)	104	5.77 (2)		
3-MESA	OUT	461	5.21 (2)	58.6	1.19 (2)		
3-MESA	STACK	30.1	15.2 (2)	10.2	10.7 (2)		
3A-MESA	IN	306	2.28 (2)	91.4	16.0 (2)		
3A-MESA	OUT	295	6.78 (2)	75.8	2.51 (2)		
3B-MESA (A?)	OUT (STACK?)	21.2	1.42 (2)	0.208			
4-MESA	OUT						
4-MESA	STACK						
TRIP BLANK 1		0.245		0.984			
TRIP BLANK 2		1.57		1.69			

Detection limit (3 X sigma field blank/0.060 cubic meters)

Hg(II) ug/m³ 0.033

Mean Blank*	Std Dev
ng/trap	ng/trap
1.12	0.66

Laboratory Spike Recovery - 1.0 ng

pg expect	pg recovered	%Recovery
1.252	1.103	88.1
1.114	1.175	105
3.266	3.597	110
1.319	1.366	104

SRM DORM-2 (Expect 4.64 ng/ml)
4.97
4.85

* Grand average of trip blank trap values

Example Calculation for Field Blank Correct Oxidized Hg (II) ug/m³

$((\text{TrapA} + \text{TrapB}) - 2 * \text{Mean Blank}) / \text{Volume}$

Volume not available from Carnot

RPD = Relative Percent Difference - when n>2 then %RSD is calculated

Site Carnot Results of Hg Speciation in Combustion Flue Gas
 Frontier Geosciences, August-1996, Eric Prestbo Ph.D

Table 4: Probe Total Hg

Sample ID	Stream/ Run	Probe ng/probe	RPD Probe ng/probe (n)	Sample Volume liters	Probe Hg ug/Nm3#
2 1-MESA	IN	3.81	12.1 (3)		
1-MESA	OUT				
1-MESA	STACK				
2-MESA	IN				
2-MESA	OUT	0.696			
2-MESA	STACK	0.284			
2A-MESA	OUT				
2A-MESA	STACK				
3-MESA	IN	3.72			
3-MESA	OUT	10.3	6.05 (3)		
3-MESA	STACK	0.416			
3A-MESA	IN	0.534			
3A-MESA	OUT	0.130			
3B-MESA (A?)	OUT (STACK?)	0.221			
4-MESA	OUT				
4-MESA	STACK				
TRIP BLANK 1		2.39 X			
TRIP BLANK 2		0.134			

Detection limit (3 X sigma field blank/0.060 cubic meters)

Probe Hg ug/m³ Est. 0.005

Mean Blank*	Std Dev
ng/trap	ng/trap
0.134	

Laboratory Spike Recovery - 1.0 ng

ng expect	ng recovered	%Recovery
1.034	1.056	102
1.583	1.534	97

SRM DORM-2 (Expect 4.64 ng/ml)

4.85
4.94

* Grand average of field blank and B Trap values

Example Calculation for Field Blank Correct Elemental Hg ug/m³

(TrapA-Mean Blank)/Volume

#ug/Nm³ @ 1 Atm and 70 degrees F

RPD = Relative Percent Difference - when n>2 then %RSD is calculated

**MESA SAMPLE TRAIN STANDARD VOLUMES
 NYSEG POST-RETROFIT TEST PROGRAM
 AUGUST 1996**

Test No.	Test Type	Sample Volume, liters	Barometric Pressure, "Hg	Meter Press., iwg	Meter Temp., deg. F	Yd	Stnd. Vol., dscf	Sample Train Information			
								O ₂ , %	CO ₂ , %	Pitot Flow Rate, dscfm	Corresponding Iso. Test
2-MESA-IN	Normal	52.5	29.83	1.0	122.2	0.977	1.642	6.13	12.93	340,247	2-MTLS-IN
3-MESA-IN	Normal	52.1	29.68	1.0	93.5	0.977	1.705	5.40	13.64	327,659	3-MTLS-IN
3A-MESA-IN	Normal	61.7	29.68	1.0	108.4	0.977	1.966	5.23	13.75	329,486	3-PM/AN-IN
1-MESA-OUT	Normal	73.46	29.86	1.0	126.0	1.031	2.411	5.20	14.25	323,354	1-MTLS-OUT
2-MESA-OUT	Normal	82.42	29.83	1.0	112.6	1.031	2.765	5.34	13.62	331,647	2-MTLS-OUT
2A-MESA-OUT	Low Temp	84.77	29.83	1.0	101.8	1.031	2.899	5.20	13.54	331,647	2-MTLS-OUT
3-MESA-OUT	Normal	81.04	29.68	1.0	96.8	1.031	2.782	5.32	13.71	330,081	3-MTLS-OUT
3A-MESA-OUT	Normal	81.32	29.68	1.0	102.7	1.031	2.762	4.25	14.61	330,081	3-MTLS-OUT
4-MESA-OUT	High Temp	53.42	29.79	1.0	104.4	1.031	1.816	4.60	15.28	321,047	3-SV-OUT
1-MESA-STK	Normal	55.14	29.12	0.5	106.8	1.02	1.802	5.63	13.86	358,667	1-MTLS-STK
2-MESA-STK	Normal	50.18	29.08	1.0	95.5	1.020	1.674	5.33	13.63	358,779	2-MTLS-STK
2A-MESA-STK	Low Temp	50.11	29.08	1.0	90.3	1.020	1.687	5.20	13.54	358,779	2-MTLS-STK
3-MESA-STK	Normal	96.26	29.07	1.0	92.6	1.020	3.226	5.35	13.68	362,692	3-MTLS-STK
3A-MESA-STK	Normal	85.86	29.07	1.0	95.7	1.020	2.862	5.33	13.66	362,692	3-MTLS-STK
4-MESA-STK	High Temp	49.91	29.08	1.0	93.5	1.020	1.671	5.70	14.25	328,348	3-SV-STK

CAMN

CLIENT UNIT #2 TEST NO. 2-MESA-N METHOD RAMM/GEU PAGE 1 OF 1
SAMPLE LOCATION ESP INVERT TEST CONDITION Rm1 LOAD PROJECT # _____ DATE 8/8/96
OPERATOR/ASSISTANT BE METER VOL. (START/END) _____ AMB. TEMP., °F _____

PRE-TEST DATA:
 Barometric Press., in. Hg. 29.83
 Assumed Stack Temp. °F _____
 Assumed Meter Temp. °F _____
 Assumed ΔP _____
 Assumed Moisture % _____
 Stack Diameter, in. _____
 Sample Time: Total _____ per point
 Total of Traverse Points _____
 Teflon Connecting _____
 Line (Y/N) _____
 Isokinetic Factor _____
 ΔH = _____ X ΔP

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. _____
 Meter, Yd. _____
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 _____
 Pilot: _____
 Probe: _____
 Nozzle: _____
 Filter: _____
 TC Readout ID: Meter _____
 Aux. _____

POST TEST INFO:
 Imp. Mat'l Wt.(End) Wt.(Start) Wt.(g) _____
 #1 _____
 #2 _____
 #3 _____
 #4 _____
 #5 _____
 Total _____
 POST TEST INFO:
 Filler Appearance _____
 Impinger Appearance _____
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N) _____

SAMPLE TRAIN LEAK CHECK:
 CEM Vac Pilot Inlet
 Pre-Test 100 16" 0 0
 Post-Test 100 16" 0 0

PRE-TEST CALIBRATION CHECK:
 Meter Meter Temp
 Time ΔH Reading In Out

SAMPLE POINT	TIME	METER CONDITIONS			TEMPERATURES, °F			STATIC PRESS. (wg)	CHAIN OF CUSTODY INFORMATION
		ΔH	METER READING	CACT STACK	PROBE	METER IN	METER OUT		
I-3	890	1.0	6044.7	217	195	125	127		Impingers Loaded
	900	"	650.2	223	195	122	125		Impingers Recovered
	910	"	654.9	226	195	122	124		Filter Loaded
	920	"	660.1	235	199	123	125		Filter Recovered
	930	"	670.0	236	197	122	124		Probe Wash
I-2	940	"	675.0	234	196	120	123		TEST SUMMARY
	950	"	679.3	235	196	120	123		Calculated by: <u>DK</u>
	1006	"	682.8	232	195	120	122		Checked by: <u>DK</u>
I-1	1010	"	686.0	233	196	120	122		Stack Press (wg)
	1020	"	690.6	232	196	121	123		Stack Temp (°F)
	1030	"	694.0	234	196	121	124		ΔP (wg) → <u>6.13*</u> / <u>12.93</u>
STOP	1040	"	697.2	230	197	115	119		O ₂ /CO ₂ 52.5 <u>52.5</u> <u>1.0</u>
									Meter Vol. (acf) <u>52.5</u> <u>1.0</u>
									Meter Temp. (°F) <u>122.2</u>
									Meter Press. (wg) <u>1.0</u>
									Liquid Vol. (g)
									Comments: <u>0.434 L/min</u>

OPERATOR/ASSISTANT SC

METER VOL.. (START/END)

DATE 4/10/02

PRE-TEST DATA:
 Barometric Press., in. Hg. 29.608
 Assumed Stack Temp. °F _____
 Assumed Meter Temp. °F _____
 Assumed ΔP _____
 Assumed Molature % _____
 Stack Diameter, in. _____
 Sample Time: Total _____ per point
 Total of Traverse Points _____
 Teflon Connecting _____
 Line (Y/N) _____
 Isokinetic Factor _____
 ΔH = X ΔP

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. _____
 Meter, Yd. _____
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 _____
 Pilot: ID _____ Cp _____
 Probe: Mat'l _____ Length _____
 Nozzle: ID/Mat'l _____ Diam. _____
 Filter: No. _____ Tare Wt. _____
 TC Readout ID: Meter _____ Aux. _____

TEMPERATURES, °F

METER	METER		PROBE	STACK	OVEN	IMP. OUT	O ₂	VAC.
	IN	OUT						
1	92	93	196	299				6
2	92	94	204	301				8.5
3	91	93	205	302				12.5
4	91	92	200	296				16
5	91	92	196	301				16
6	92	93	197	300				
7	92	93	197	300				
8	92	93	206	300				
9	93	93	207	300				
10	95	96	195	299				
11	96	96	201	298				
12	94	93	202	299				
13	93	93	198	293				
14	93	99	203	299				
15	93	99	203	299				

POST TEST INFO:
 Filler Appearance _____
 Impinger Appearance _____
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N) _____

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. 0.977
 Meter, Yd. 4'
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 0.977
 Pilot: Quartz
 Probe: 4'
 Nozzle: 4'
 Filter: _____
 TC Readout ID: Meter _____ Aux. _____

METER VOL. (START/END)
 #1 _____
 #2 _____
 #3 _____
 #4 _____
 #5 _____
 Total _____
 POST TEST INFO: _____
 Filler Appearance _____
 Impinger Appearance _____
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N) _____

PRE-TEST DATA:
 Barometric Press., in. Hg. _____
 Assumed Stack Temp. °F _____
 Assumed Meter Temp. °F _____
 Assumed ΔP _____
 Assumed Molature % _____
 Stack Diameter, in. _____
 Sample Time: Total _____ per point
 Total of Traverse Points _____
 Teflon Connecting _____
 Line (Y/N) _____
 Isokinetic Factor _____
 ΔH = X ΔP

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. _____
 Meter, Yd. _____
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 _____
 Pilot: ID _____ Cp _____
 Probe: Mat'l _____ Length _____
 Nozzle: ID/Mat'l _____ Diam. _____
 Filter: No. _____ Tare Wt. _____
 TC Readout ID: Meter _____ Aux. _____

TEMPERATURES, °F

METER	METER		PROBE	STACK	OVEN	IMP. OUT	O ₂	VAC.
	IN	OUT						
1	92	93	196	299				6
2	92	94	204	301				8.5
3	91	93	205	302				12.5
4	91	92	200	296				16
5	91	92	196	301				16
6	92	93	197	300				
7	92	93	197	300				
8	92	93	206	300				
9	93	93	207	300				
10	95	96	195	299				
11	96	96	201	298				
12	94	93	202	299				
13	93	93	198	293				
14	93	99	203	299				
15	93	99	203	299				

POST TEST INFO:
 Filler Appearance _____
 Impinger Appearance _____
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N) _____

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. _____
 Meter, Yd. _____
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 _____
 Pilot: ID _____ Cp _____
 Probe: Mat'l _____ Length _____
 Nozzle: ID/Mat'l _____ Diam. _____
 Filter: No. _____ Tare Wt. _____
 TC Readout ID: Meter _____ Aux. _____

TEMPERATURES, °F

METER	METER		PROBE	STACK	OVEN	IMP. OUT	O ₂	VAC.
	IN	OUT						
1	92	93	196	299				6
2	92	94	204	301				8.5
3	91	93	205	302				12.5
4	91	92	200	296				16
5	91	92	196	301				16
6	92	93	197	300				
7	92	93	197	300				
8	92	93	206	300				
9	93	93	207	300				
10	95	96	195	299				
11	96	96	201	298				
12	94	93	202	299				
13	93	93	198	293				
14	93	99	203	299				
15	93	99	203	299				

POST TEST INFO:
 Filler Appearance _____
 Impinger Appearance _____
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N) _____

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. _____
 Meter, Yd. _____
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 _____
 Pilot: ID _____ Cp _____
 Probe: Mat'l _____ Length _____
 Nozzle: ID/Mat'l _____ Diam. _____
 Filter: No. _____ Tare Wt. _____
 TC Readout ID: Meter _____ Aux. _____

TEMPERATURES, °F

METER	METER		PROBE	STACK	OVEN	IMP. OUT	O ₂	VAC.
	IN	OUT						
1	92	93	196	299				6
2	92	94	204	301				8.5
3	91	93	205	302				12.5
4	91	92	200	296				16
5	91	92	196	301				16
6	92	93	197	300				
7	92	93	197	300				
8	92	93	206	300				
9	93	93	207	300				
10	95	96	195	299				
11	96	96	201	298				
12	94	93	202	299				
13	93	93	198	293				
14	93	99	203	299				
15	93	99	203	299				

POST TEST INFO:
 Filler Appearance _____
 Impinger Appearance _____
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N) _____

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. _____
 Meter, Yd. _____
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 _____
 Pilot: ID _____ Cp _____
 Probe: Mat'l _____ Length _____
 Nozzle: ID/Mat'l _____ Diam. _____
 Filter: No. _____ Tare Wt. _____
 TC Readout ID: Meter _____ Aux. _____

TEMPERATURES, °F

METER	METER		PROBE	STACK	OVEN	IMP. OUT	O ₂	VAC.
	IN	OUT						
1	92	93	196	299				6
2	92	94	204	301				8.5
3	91	93	205	302				12.5
4	91	92	200	296				16
5	91	92	196	301				16
6	92	93	197	300				
7	92	93	197	300				
8	92	93	206	300				
9	93	93	207	300				
10	95	96	195	299				
11	96	96	201	298				
12	94	93	202	299				
13	93	93	198	293				
14	93	99	203	299				
15	93	99	203	299				

POST TEST INFO:
 Filler Appearance _____
 Impinger Appearance _____
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N) _____

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. _____
 Meter, Yd. _____
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 _____
 Pilot: ID _____ Cp _____
 Probe: Mat'l _____ Length _____
 Nozzle: ID/Mat'l _____ Diam. _____
 Filter: No. _____ Tare Wt. _____
 TC Readout ID: Meter _____ Aux. _____

TEMPERATURES, °F

METER	METER		PROBE	STACK	OVEN	IMP. OUT	O ₂	VAC.
	IN	OUT						
1	92	93	196	299				6
2	92	94	204	301				8.5
3	91	93	205	302				12.5
4	91	92	200	296				16
5	91	92	196	301				16
6	92	93	197	300				
7	92	93	197	300				
8	92	93	206	300				
9	93	93	207	300				
10	95	96	195	299				
11	96	96	201	298				
12	94	93	202	299				
13	93	93	198	293				
14	93	99	203	299				
15	93	99	203	299				

POST TEST INFO:
 Filler Appearance _____
 Impinger Appearance _____
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N) _____

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. _____
 Meter, Yd. _____
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 _____
 Pilot: ID _____ Cp _____
 Probe: Mat'l _____ Length _____
 Nozzle: ID/Mat'l _____ Diam. _____
 Filter: No. _____ Tare Wt. _____
 TC Readout ID: Meter _____ Aux. _____

TEMPERATURES, °F

METER	METER		PROBE	STACK	OVEN	IMP. OUT	O ₂	VAC.
	IN	OUT						
1	92	93	196	299				6
2	92	94	204	301				8.5
3	91	93	205	302				12.5
4	91	92	200	296				16
5	91	92	196	301				16
6	92	93	197	300				
7	92	93	197	300				
8	92	93	206	300				
9	93	93	207	300				
10	95	96	195	299				
11	96	96	201	298				
12	94	93	202	299				
13	93	93	198	293				
14	93	99	203	299				
15	93	99	203	299				

POST TEST INFO:
 Filler Appearance _____
 Impinger Appearance _____
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N) _____

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. _____
 Meter, Yd. _____
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 _____
 Pilot: ID _____ Cp _____
 Probe: Mat'l _____ Length _____
 Nozzle: ID/Mat'l _____ Diam. _____
 Filter: No. _____ Tare Wt. _____
 TC Readout ID: Meter _____ Aux. _____

TEMPERATURES, °F

METER	METER		PROBE	STACK	OVEN	IMP. OUT	O ₂	VAC.
	IN	OUT						
1	92	93	196	299				6
2	92	94	204	301				8.5
3	91	93	205	302				12.5
4	91	92	200	296				16
5	91	92	196	301				16
6	92	93	197	300				
7	92	93	197	300				
8	92	93	206	300				
9	93	93	207	300				
10	95	96	195	299				
11	96	96	201	298				
12	94	93	202	299				
13	93	93	198	293				
14	93	99	203	299				
15	93	99	203	299				

POST TEST INFO:
 Filler Appearance _____
 Impinger Appearance _____
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N) _____

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. _____
 Meter, Yd. _____
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 _____
 Pilot: ID _____ Cp _____
 Probe: Mat'l _____ Length _____
 Nozzle: ID/Mat'l _____ Diam. _____
 Filter: No. _____ Tare Wt. _____
 TC Readout ID: Meter _____ Aux. _____

TEMPERATURES, °F

METER	METER		PROBE	STACK	OVEN	IMP. OUT	O ₂	VAC.
	IN	OUT						
1	92	93	196	299				6
2	92	94	204	301				8.5
3	91	93	205	302				12.5
4	91	92	200	296				16
5	91	92	196	301				16
6	92	93	197	300				
7	92	93	197	300				
8	92	93	206	300				
9	93	93	207	300				
10	95	96	195	299				
11	96	96	201	298				
12	94	93	202	299				
13	93	93	198	293				
14	93	99	203	299				
15	93	99	203	299				

POST TEST INFO:
 Filler Appearance _____
 Impinger Appearance _____
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N) _____

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. _____
 Meter, Yd. _____
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 _____
 Pilot: ID _____ Cp _____
 Probe: Mat'l _____ Length _____
 Nozzle: ID/Mat'l _____ Diam. _____
 Filter: No. _____ Tare Wt. _____
 TC Readout ID: Meter _____ Aux. _____

TEMPERATURES, °F

METER	METER		PROBE	STACK	OVEN	IMP. OUT	O ₂	VAC.
	IN	OUT						
1	92	93	196	299				6
2	92	94	204	301				8.5
3	91	93	205	302				12.5
4	91	92	200	296				16
5	91	92	196	301				16
6	92	93	197	300				
7	92	93	197	300				
8	92	93	206	300				
9	93	93	207	300				</

CLIENT NYSEA UNIT #2 TEST NO. SN-MS-10 METHOD PERMEATION PAGE 1 OF 1
 SAMPLE LOCATION ESP INLET TEST CONDITION Full Load AMB. TEMP., °F _____ PROJECT # _____
 OPERATOR/ASSISTANT Blawie METER VOL. (START/END) _____ METER VOL., °F _____ DATE 8/9/86

PRE-TEST DATA:
 Barometric Press., in. Hg. 29.69
 Assumed Slack Temp. °F _____
 Assumed Meter Temp. °F _____
 Assumed ΔP _____
 Assumed Moisture % _____
 Slack Diameter, in. _____
 Sample Time: Total _____ per point
 Total of Traverse Points _____
 Teflon Connecting _____
 Line (Y/N) _____
 Isokinetic Factor _____
 ΔH = X ΔP

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. _____
 Meter, Yd. _____
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 _____
 Pilot: _____
 Probe: _____
 Nozzle: _____
 Filter: _____
 TC Readout ID: Meter _____
 Aux. _____

POST TEST INFO:
 Imp. Mat'l Wt. (End) _____ Wt. (Start) _____
 #1 _____
 #2 _____
 #3 _____
 #4 _____
 #5 _____
 Total _____
 Filter Appearance _____
 Impinger Appearance _____
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N) _____

PRE-TEST CALIBRATION CHECK:
 Meter Reading In _____ Out _____
 Meter Reading In _____ Out _____
 Time ΔH _____

SAMPLE TRAIN LEAK CHECK:
 CEM Vac Pilot Inlet
 Pre-Test 100 17 0 30
 Post-Test 100 12 0 30

SAMPLE POINT	TIME	METER CONDITIONS			TEMPERATURES, °F			STATIC PRESS. lwg	CHAIN OF CUSTODY INFORMATION
		METER READING	ΔH	METER IN	METER OUT	OVEN	IMP. OUT		
W-3	1340	784.8	1.0	196	196				Impingers Loaded
	1350	795.2	"	148	186				Impingers Recovered
	1400	801.2	"	200	197				Filter Loaded
	1410	807.8	"	203	197				Filter Recovered
	1420	811.6	"	200	197				Probe Wash
W-8	1430	815.8	"	199	189				TEST SUMMARY
	1440	820.7	"	199	189				Calculated by: <u>AL</u>
	1450	826.2	"	197	189				Checked by: <u>DK</u>
W-1	1500	837.7	"	196	110				Slack Press (lwg)
	1510	835.2	"	196	110				Slack Temp. (°F)
STOP	1500	840.9	"	193	111				ΔP (lwg) <u>75.23*</u> <u>13.75</u>
	1540	845.4	"	197	112				O ₂ <u>0.100</u> <u>61.7</u> <u>liters</u>
									Meter Vol. (act) <u>108.4</u>
									Meter Press. (lwg) <u>1.0</u>
									Liquid Vol. (g) _____
									Comments: <u>0.514 l/min</u>

DATE 11/15/88 METER VOL. (START/END) 30

OPERATOR/ASSISTANT SR

PRE-TEST DATA:
 Barometric Press., in. Hg. 29.86
 Assumed Stack Temp. °F _____
 Assumed Meter Temp. °F _____
 Assumed ΔP _____
 Assumed Moisture % _____
 Stack Diameter, in. 3
 Sample Time: Total _____ per point
 Total of Traverse Points _____
 Teflon Connecting _____
 Line (Y/N) _____
 Isokinetic Factor _____
 ΔH = X ΔP

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. 1003
 Meter, Yd. 1.021
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 _____
 Pilot: _____
 Probe: Quant E
 Nozzle: Y1
 Filter: _____
 TC Readout ID: Meter _____
 Aux. _____

POST TEST INFO:
 Filter Appearance _____
 Impinger Appearance _____
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N) _____

PRE-TEST CALIBRATION CHECK:
 Meter Meter Temp _____
 Reading In Out _____
 Time ΔH _____

SAMPLE TRAIN LEAK CHECK:
 CFM Vac Pilot Inlet _____
 Pre-Test 0.000 15" = JP
 Post-Test 0.000 15" = JP

SAMPLE POINT	TIME	METER CONDITIONS		TEMPERATURES, °F			O ₂	VAC.	STATIC PRESS. lwg	CHAIN OF CUSTODY INFORMATION
		ΔH	METER READING	STACK	PROBE	METER °C				
V3	1025	1.0	1725.56	274	180	47		3		Impingers Loaded
V3	1040	1.0	1731.81	274	186	46		2.5		Impingers Recovered
V3	1055	1.0	1737.95	275	204	49		2.5		Filter Loaded
V3	1100	1.0	1744.70	274	204	51		3		Filter Recovered
V2	1125	1.0	1750.92	275	204	52		2.5		Probe Wash
V2	1140	1.0	1757.72	278	201	53		3.0		TEST SUMMARY
V2	1155	1.0	1764.01	278	180	54		2.5		Calculated by: <u>DK</u>
V2	1210	1.0	1775.61	276	202	54		2.5		Checked by: _____
V2	1225	1.0	1775.61	276	202	55		2.5		Stack Press. (lwg) _____
V2	1240	1.0	1781.41	275	206	55		2.5		Stack Temp (°F) _____
V1	1255	1.0	1787.57	275	198	56		2.5		ΔP (lwg) <u>5.20 / 14.25</u>
V1	1300	1.0	1793.11	274	201	STOP		2.5		O ₂ CO ₂ _____
V1	1325		1799.02							Meter Vol. (adj) <u>73.46 L</u>
										Meter Temp. (°F) <u>52.2 °C</u>
										Meter Press. (lwg) <u>1.0</u>
										Liquid Vol (g) <u>125.46</u>
										Comments: <u>0.41 L/min</u>

* From 1-014-OUT @ 1310

RECORDED

11/15/88

CLIENT D45EG UNIT 4Z TEST NO. Z-MS-TOI METHOD MMI OCU PAGE 1 OF 1
 SAMPLE LOCATION ESP OUTLET TEST CONDITION Full Load AMB. TEMP. °F _____ PROJECT # _____
 OPERATOR/ASSISTANT JP METER VOL. (START/END) _____ METER VOL. (START/END) _____ DATE 8/3/96

PRE-TEST DATA:
 Barometric Press., in. Hg. 29.83
 Assumed Stack Temp. °F _____
 Assumed Meter Temp. °F _____
 Assumed ΔP _____
 Assumed Moisture % _____
 Stack Diameter, in. 3
 Sample Time: Total _____ per point
 Total of Traverse Points _____
 Teflon Connecting _____ Line (Y/N)
 Isokinetic Factor _____
 ΔH = X ΔP

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. NCC 2
 Meter, Yd. 1.031
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 _____
 Pitot: ID _____ Cp _____
 Probe: Mat'l _____ Length _____
 Nozzle: ID/Mat'l _____ Diam. _____
 Filler: No. _____ Tare Wt. _____
 TC Readout ID: Meter _____ Aux. _____

POST TEST INFO:
 Impinger Appearance _____
 Impinger Appearance _____
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N) _____

STATIC PRESS. (hwg)
 #1 _____ #2 _____ #3 _____ #4 _____ #5 _____
 Total _____
 Meter Meter Temp
 Reading In Out

PRE-TEST CALIBRATION CHECK:
 Meter Meter Temp
 Reading In Out

SAMPLE TRAIN LEAK CHECK:
 CEM Vac Pitot Init
 Pre-Test 0.000 10" 10" JP
 Post-Test 0.000 10" 10" JP

SAMPLE POINT	TIME	METER CONDITIONS			TEMPERATURES, °F			O ₂	VAC.	STATIC PRESS. (hwg)	CHAIN OF CUSTODY INFORMATION
		L/m	ΔH	METER READING	STACK	PROBE	METER IN				
V3	0845	.45	1.0	1806.74	277	181	46	-	5	*	Impingers Loaded
V3	0900	.45	1.0	1807.79	277	192	46	-	5	*	Impingers Recovered
V3	0915	.45	1.0	1813.97	277	204	47	-	5	*	Filter Loaded
V3	0930	.40	1.0	1819.83	278	195	47	-	5.0	*	Filter Recovered
V2	0945	.42	1.0	1826.69	279	201	47	-	6.0	*	Probe Wash
V2	1000	.42	1.0	1833.70	279	210	47	-	6.0	*	TEST SUMMARY
V2	1015	.42	1.0	1841.05	278	210	48	-	6.0	*	Calculated by: <u>OK</u>
V2	1030	.42	1.0	1848.05	279	198	46	-	6.0	*	Checked by: <u>OK</u>
V1	1045	.42	1.0	1855.40	279	188	43	-	6.0	*	Stack Press (hwg)
V1	1100	.42	1.0	1862.74	282	200	41	-	6.0	*	Stack Temp. (°F)
V1	1115	.42	1.0	1869.85	281	208	40	-	6.0	*	ΔP (hwg) <u>5.34*</u> / <u>13.62</u>
V1	1130	.42	1.0	1877.00	281	205	40	-	6.0	*	O ₂ /CO ₂ <u>82.42</u>
V1	1145			1884.16						*	Meter Vol. (add) <u>82.42</u>
											Meter Temp. (°F) <u>44.8</u> / <u>112</u>
											Meter Press. (hwg) <u>1.0</u>
											Liquid Vol. (g)
											Comments: <u>0.46 l/min</u>

DATE 01/14/14

METER VOL. (START/END)

OPERATOR/ASSISTANT JAW

SAMPLE TRAIN LEAK CHECK:
 CFM Vac Pilot Init
 Pre-Test 0.000 10" = DP
 Post-Test 0.000 10" = DP

PRE-TEST CALIBRATION CHECK:
 Meter Meter Temp
 Time ΔH Reading In Out

POST TEST INFO:
 Filler Appearance
 Impinger Appearance
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N)

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. XCCZ
 Meter, Yd. 1.031
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0
 Pilot: ~~_____~~
 Probe: Quartz
 Nozzle: 41
 Filler: ~~_____~~
 TC Readout ID: Meter
 Aux.

PRE-TEST DATA:
 Barometric Press., in. Hg. 29.68
 Assumed Slack Temp. °F
 Assumed Meter Temp. °F
 Assumed ΔP
 Assumed Moisture %
 Slack Diameter, in. 3hrz
 Sample Time: Total 1hr
 per point 3
 Total of Traverse Points
 Teflon Connecting Line (Y/N)
 Isokinetic Factor X ΔP
 ΔH =

SAMPLE POINT	TIME	METER CONDITIONS		TEMPERATURES, °F			METER		IMP. OUT	OVEN	O ₂	VAC.	STATIC PRESS. lwg	CHAIN OF CUSTODY INFORMATION	
		ΔH	METER READING	STACK	PROBE	IN	OUT	IN							OUT
J3	0845	1.45	1968.96	281	210	31	n	n	n	n	n	7	*	Impingers Loaded	
J3	0800	1.45	1976.56	281	179	32	n	n	n	n	n	6	*	Impingers Recovered	
J3	0915	1.45	1983.42	279	181	34	n	n	n	n	n	6	*	Filter Loaded	
J3	0930	1.45	1990.36	280	179	34	n	n	n	n	n	6	*	Filter Recovered	
J2	0945	1.45	1996.63	282	183	35	n	n	n	n	n	6	*	Probe Wash	
J2	1000	1.45	2003.21	282	185	35	n	n	n	n	n	6	*	TEST SUMMARY	
J2	1015	1.45	2009.73	284	212	36	n	n	n	n	n	6	*	Calculated by: OK	
J2	1030	1.45	2016.13	282	212	37	n	n	n	n	n	6	*	Checked by: DK	
J1	1045	1.45	2023.00	283	212	38	n	n	n	n	n	6	*	Stack Press (lwg)	
J1	1100	1.45	2029.75	286	197	39	n	n	n	n	n	6	*	Stack Temp (°F)	
J1	1115	1.45	2036.21	287	184	39	n	n	n	n	n	6	*	ΔP (lwg) * 5.32 / 13.71	
J1	1130	1.45	2043.53	287	185	39	n	n	n	n	n	6	*	O ₂ /CO ₂ ↑ 87.04	
J1	1145	1.45	2050.00	287	185	39	n	n	n	n	n	6	*	Meter Vol. (lwg) 87.04	
															Meter Temp (°F) 36.0 / 96.8
															Meter Press. (lwg) 1.0
															Liquid Vol. (g)
															Comments: *Temp as high as 280 °F

*From 3-OH-OUT
 (0.458/min)
 (0.907/1202)

CLIENT N4565 UNIT 2 TEST NO. JAMESA-OUT METHOD STANDARD PAGES 1 OF 1
 SAMPLE LOCATION EBPI OUTLET TEST CONDITION PULL LEAD PROJECT # _____ DATE 8/9/88
 OPERATOR/ASSISTANT LM METER VOL. (START/END) _____ AMB. TEMP., °F _____

PRE-TEST DATA:
 Barometric Press., in. Hg. 29.68
 Assumed Slack Temp. °F _____
 Assumed Meter Temp. °F _____
 Assumed ΔP _____
 Assumed Moisture % _____
 Stack Diameter, in. 3.6
 Sample Time: Total _____ per point
 Total of Traverse Points _____
 Teflon Connecting _____ Line (Y/N) _____
 Isokinetic Factor _____
 ΔH = X ΔP

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. _____
 Meter, Yd. _____
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 _____
 Pitot: ID _____ Cp _____
 Probe: Mat'l _____ Length _____
 Nozzle: ID/Mat'l _____ Diam. _____
 Filter: No. _____ Tare Wt. _____
 TC Readout ID: Meter _____ Aux. _____

POST TEST INFO:
 Filter Appearance _____
 Impinger Appearance _____
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N) _____

SAMPLE TRAIN LEAK CHECK:
 CEM Vac Pitot Inlet
 Pre-Test 0.000 10" - SP
 Post-Test 0.000 10" - SP

PRE-TEST CALIBRATION CHECK:
 Meter Meter Temp
 Time ΔH Reading In Out

SAMPLE POINT	TIME	METER CONDITIONS		TEMPERATURES, °F			STATIC PRESS. (w/g)	CHAIN OF CUSTODY INFORMATION					
		ΔP	ΔH	METER READING	STACK	PROBE			METER IN	METER OUT	OVEN	IMP. OUT	O ₂
J3	1245	1.45	1.0	2050.13	282	190	36	~	~	~	~	~	Impingers Loaded
J3	1300	1.45	1.0	2056.79	283	191	37	~	~	~	~	~	Impingers Recovered
J3	1315	1.45	1.0	2063.55	284	191	37	~	~	~	~	~	Filter Loaded
J3	1330	1.45	1.0	2070.31	283	191	38	~	~	~	~	~	Filter Recovered
J2	1345	1.45	1.0	2077.01	283	191	39	~	~	~	~	~	Probe Wash
J2	1400	1.45	1.0	2083.81	283	191	40	~	~	~	~	~	TEST SUMMARY
J2	1415	1.45	1.0	2090.29	284	191	40	~	~	~	~	~	Calculated by: <u>DK</u>
J2	1430	1.45	1.0	2096.82	284	191	40	~	~	~	~	~	Checked by: <u>DK</u>
J1	1445	1.45	1.0	2103.41	286	193	41	~	~	~	~	~	Slack Press. (w/g)
J1	1500	1.45	1.0	2110.34	286	193	41	~	~	~	~	~	Slack Temp. (°F)
J1	1515	1.45	1.0	2117.45	286	193	41	~	~	~	~	~	ΔP (w/g) <u>4.25</u> <u>14.6</u>
J1	1530	1.45	1.0	2124.45	286	193	42	~	~	~	~	~	O ₂ <u>STOP</u>
	1545			2131.45				~	~	~	~	~	Meter Vol. (w/g) <u>81.32</u>
													Meter Temp. (°F) <u>39.3</u>
													Meter Press. (w/g) <u>1.0</u>
													Liquid Vol. (g) <u>0.458</u>
													Comments: <u>0.458/min</u>

OPERATOR/ASSISTANT RM. METER VOL. (START/END) 551.832 DATE 10/27/15

PRE-TEST DATA:
 Barometric Press., in. Hg. 29.12
 Assumed Stack Temp. °F 120
 Assumed Meter Temp. °F 111.5
 Assumed ΔP 1.2
 Assumed Moisture % 13%
 Stack Diameter, in. 1.80
 Sample Time: Total 30 per point
 Teflon Connecting Sample Point
 Total of Traverse Points 3
 Line (Y/N) Y
 Isokinetic Factor 1.0
 ΔH = 1.0 XAP
None

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. 1026
 Meter, Yd. 1.026
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 0.000
 Pilot: ID 15"
 Cp 5"
 Probe: ATZ/TC/62
 Length 4
 ID/Mat'l TC
 Diam. 0.21
 No. TC 021
 Tare Wt. TC 021
 TC Readout ID: Meter TC 021
 Aux. TC 021

POST TEST INFO:
 Filter Appearance TC 021
 Impinger Appearance TC 021
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N) TC 021

SAMPLE TRAIN LEAK CHECK:
 CFM 0.000 Vac 15" Inlet RM
 Pre-Test 0.000 5" RM
 Post-Test 0.000 5" RM

PRE-TEST CALIBRATION CHECK:
 Meter Meter Temp
 Time ΔH Reading In Out

SAMPLE POINT	TIME	METER CONDITIONS			TEMPERATURES, °F			STATIC PRESS. (w/g)	CHAIN OF CUSTODY INFORMATION
		ΔH	METER READING	METER	STACK	PROBE	IMP. IN		
SP	1030	0.45	550.883	104	203	203	5.7	1.0	
South	1120	0.45	552.725	108	197	197	5.7	1.0	
	1130	0.45	553.769	107	197	197	5.6	1.0	
	1220	0.45	554.575	107	198	198	5.6	1.0	
	1230	0.45	555.507	107	203	203	5.6	1.0	
	1320	0.45	556.439	108	201	201	5.6	1.0	
END	1330		557.347						
			5.511	106.10	199.8				

TEST SUMMARY
 Calculated by: OK
 Checked by: OK
 Stack Press (iwg) 5.63 ✓
 Stack Temp (°F) 13.86
 ΔP (iwg) 55.14 ✓
 O₂/CO₂ 106.83 ✓
 Meter Vol. (act) 106.83 ✓
 Meter Temp. (°F) 106.83 ✓
 Meter Press. (iwg) 106.83 ✓
 Liquid Vol. (g) 106.83 ✓
 Comments: TC 021

5573.47

CLIENT NYSEG Milk Keps Station UNIT MAIN TEST NO. 557445 METHOD 557445 PAGE 1
 SAMPLE LOCATION Stack TEST CONDITION Full AMB. TEMP. °F 92 PROJECT # 11476
 OPERATOR/ASSISTANT Rm. METER VOL. (START/END) 557445 DATE 8-8-96

PRE-TEST DATA:
 Barometric Press., in. Hg. 29.08
 Assumed Stack Temp. °F 425
 Assumed Meter Temp. °F 95
 Assumed ΔP 1.4%
 Assumed Moisture % 12.1
 Stack Diameter, in. 180
 Sample Time: Total 50 per point
 Total of Traverse Points single pt.
 Teflon Connecting Y
 Line (Y/N) Y
 Isokinetic Factor 1.0 X ΔP

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. NCC1
 Meter, Yd. 1.020
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 412/12.4
 Pilot: ID 4'
 Cp 4'
 Mat'l Length 4'
 ID/Mat'l 4'
 Diam. 4'
 No. 4'
 Tare Wt. 4'
 TC Readout ID: Meter 72021
 Aux. 72021

POST TEST INFO:
 Filler Appearance 72021
 Impinger Appearance 72021
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N) 72021

PRE-TEST CALIBRATION CHECK:
 Meter Meter Temp
 Inlet ΔH Reading In Out
 Time

SAMPLE TRAIN LEAK CHECK:
 CEM Vac Pilot Inlet
 Pre-Test 0.008 15" Rm
 Post-Test 0.002 5" Rm

SAMPLE POINT	TIME	METER CONDITIONS		TEMPERATURES, °F				STATIC PRESS. IWG	CHAIN OF CUSTODY INFORMATION			
		METER READING	METER ΔH	STACK	PROBE	METER IN	OVEN			IMP. OUT	O ₂	VAC.
SP1	0845	557.445	0.45	206	206	93			5.3	2.5		Impingers Loaded
South	0915	558.273	0.45	202	202	95			5.3	2.5		Impingers Recovered
	0945	559.112	0.45	206	206	96			5.5	2.5	-76	Filter Loaded
	1015	560.002	0.45	207	207	97			5.5	2.8		Filter Recovered
	1045	560.801	0.45	208	208	96			5.2	2.8		Probe Wash
	1915	561.632	0.45	203	203	96			5.2	2.8		TEST SUMMARY
END	1145	562.463	0.45	205.3	205.3	96.5			5.3	2.8		Calculated by: <u>DK</u>
												Checked by: <u>DK</u>
												Slack Press. (IWG)
												Slack Temp. (°F)
												AP (IWG)
												O ₂ (CO ₂) <u>5.33</u> / <u>13.6</u>
												Meter Vol. (act) <u>5018</u>
												Meter Temp. (°F) <u>95.5</u> ✓
												Meter Press. (IWG) <u>0.002</u> / <u>1.0</u>
												Liquid Vol. (g)
												Comments: <u>Keep Probe</u>

OPERATOR/ASSISTANT R.M. METER VOL. (START/END) 2611.1 DATE

PRE-TEST DATA:
 Barometric Press., in. Hg. 89.07
 Assumed Stack Temp. °F 125
 Assumed Meter Temp. °F 90
 Assumed ΔP 1.45/in
 Assumed Moisture % 14
 Stack Diameter, in. 12.1
 Sample Time: Total 180
 per point 30
 Total of Traverse Points 6
 Teflon Connecting Single Mt.
 Line (Y/N) Y
 Isokinetic Factor 1.0 X ΔP

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. NCC1
 Meter, Yd. 1.020
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 ID 1.020
 Pilot: Cp RT2/TeFlow
 Probe: Mat'l 4"
 Length 4"
 ID/Mat'l RT2/TeFlow
 Diam. 4"
 No. 4"
 Tare Wt. TC 021
 TC Readout ID: Meter TC 021
 Aux.

POST TEST INFO:
 Filter Appearance TC 021
 Impinger Appearance TC 021
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N)

SAMPLE TRAIN LEAK CHECK:
 CFM 0.000 Vac 15" Init OK
 Pre-Test 0.000 8" 1.00
 Post-Test

PRE-TEST CALIBRATION CHECK:
 Meter Meter Temp
 Time ΔH Reading In Out

SAMPLE POINT	TIME	METER CONDITIONS		TEMPERATURES, °F				STATIC PRESS. lwg	CHAIN OF CUSTODY INFORMATION					
		ΔH	METER READING	STACK	PROBE	METER IN	METER OUT			OVEN	IMP. OUT	O ₂	VAC.	
SP. South	0827	1.45	5691.75	210	86	86	86	5.4	Impingers Loaded					
	0857	1.43	5705.52	202	89	89	89	5.4	Impingers Recovered					
	0927	1.19	5721.84	204	90	90	90	5.3	Filter Loaded					
	0957	1.49	5738.67	205	94	94	94	5.3	Filter Recovered					
	1027	1.48	5756.58	200	97	97	97	5.4	Probe Wash					
	1057	1.48	5772.77	205	100	100	100	5.3	TEST SUMMARY					
END	1127		5788.01					5.35	Calculated by: <u>DL</u>					
AVG	180	0.47	96.16					92.667	Checked by: <u>DL</u>					
									Stack Press. (lwg)					
									Stack Temp (°F)					
									AP (lwg)					
									O ₂ CO ₂ 5.35 ✓ 13.69					
									Meter Vol. (acf) 96.26 ✓					
									Meter Temp. (°F) 92.6 ✓					
									Meter Press. (lwg) 92.6 ✓					
									Liquid Vol. (g)					
									Comments: Probe Temp					

3-11-15 5:35 13.69
 20 194-212

CLIENT NYS EG - Milliken Station UNIT U TEST NO. 5788.89 METHOD FLIC-07 PAGE 1 OF 1
 SAMPLE LOCATION STACIL TEST CONDITION Full Cont'd AMB. TEMP. °F 114.76 PROJECT # 11476
 OPERATOR/ASSISTANT RM METER VOL. (START/END) 5788.89 5874.75 DATE 8-9-96

PRE-TEST DATA:
 Barometric Press., in. Hg. 29.07
 Assumed Stack Temp. °F 123
 Assumed Meter Temp. °F 90
 Assumed ΔP .47/in. H₂O
 Assumed Moisture % 14%
 Stack Diameter, in. 12.1
 Sample Time: Total 180
 per point 30
 Total of Traverse Points SP.
 Teflon Connecting Y
 Line (Y/N) Y
 Isokinetic Factor ΔH = 1.0 X ΔP

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. NCC-1
 Meter, Yd. 1.020
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 272.7/1.02
 Pilot: 4/1.02
 Probe: 4/1.02
 Nozzle: 4/1.02
 Filter: 4/1.02
 Tare Wt. TC 021
 TC Readout ID: Meter TC 021
 Aux.

POST TEST INFO:
 Filter Appearance
 Impinger Appearance
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N)

SAMPLE TRAIN LEAK CHECK:
 CFM Vac Pilot Inlet
 Pre-Test 0.002 15" RM
 Post-Test 0.005 8" RM

PRE-TEST CALIBRATION CHECK:
 Meter Meter Temp
 Time ΔH Reading In Out

SAMPLE POINT	METER CONDITIONS		TEMPERATURES, °F			STATIC PRESS. (hwg)	CHAIN OF CUSTODY INFORMATION
	ΔP	ΔH	METER IN	METER OUT	OVEN		
Single Pt	.46	.46	196	96			Impingers Loaded
Scrubber	.49	.49	203	97			Impingers Recovered
	.50	.50	203	96			Filler Loaded
	.50	.50	205	95			Filler Recovered
	.50	.50	200	95			Probe Wash
	.50	.50	202	95			TEST SUMMARY
	.50	.50					Calculated by: <u>DL</u>
	.50	.50					Checked by: <u>DL</u>
	.50	.50					Stack Press (hwg)
	.50	.50					Stack Temp (°F)
	.50	.50					ΔP (hwg)
	.50	.50					O ₂ /CO ₂ <u>5.33</u> <u>13.66</u>
	.50	.50					Meter Vol., (act) <u>95.86</u> L
	.50	.50					Meter Temp. (°F) <u>95.7</u>
	.50	.50					Meter Press. (hwg) <u>0.49</u>
	.50	.50					Liquid Vol. (g)
	.50	.50					Comments: <u>Probe Temp</u>

Appendix C.6
Ontario Hydro/TRIS Buffer

TRIS BUFFER AND ONTARIO-HYDRO MERCURY SPECIATION TEST RESULTS
NYSEG POST RETROFIT TEST PROGRAM -- FGD INLET
AUGUST 1996

Fuel Type:	COAL	Test Method:	TRIS Buffer/Ontario-Hydro
Detection Limits (ug/L):	0.3 TRIS Buffer	Analytical Method:	CVAAS
	0.1 KMnO4 & KCl	Laboratory:	EERC
	0.2 H2O2	Date Analyzed:	August 1996
F-factor @0%O2:	9594 9631 9655 dscf/MMBtu	Reference Temp., F:	68

Test No.	ng/train	ug/m ³	ug/Nm ³	O ₂ , %	CO ₂ , %	Sample Volume, dscf	Pitot Flowrate, dscfm ⁽¹⁾	lb/hr	lb/ 10 ¹² Btu
1-TRIS-OUT				4.67	14.56	35.832	323,354		
Hg(0) - elemental	2.05	2.02	2.17					0.002	1.56
Hg(II) - oxidized	4.39	4.33	4.64					0.005	3.34
Hg(tot) - filter	0.001	0.001	0.001					1.2E-06	0.0008
TOTAL Hg	6.44	6.35	6.81					0.008	4.89
2-TRIS-OUT				5.20	13.44	39.461	331,647		
Hg(0) - elemental	2.80	2.51	2.69					0.003	2.00
Hg(II) - oxidized	4.90	4.38	4.71					0.005	3.51
Hg(tot) - filter	0.006	0.005	0.006					6.7E-06	0.0043
TOTAL Hg	7.71	6.90	7.40					0.009	5.51
3-TRIS-OUT				4.67	14.13	39.219	330,081		
Hg(0) - elemental	3.35	3.02	3.24					0.004	2.34
Hg(II) - oxidized	4.18	3.76	4.03					0.005	2.92
Hg(tot) - filter	ND<0.005	ND	ND					ND	ND
TOTAL Hg	7.53	6.77	7.27					0.008	5.25
AVERAGE:				4.85	14.04	38.171	328,361		
Hg(0) - elemental	2.73	2.51	2.70					0.003	1.97
Hg(II) - oxidized	4.49	4.16	4.46					0.005	3.25
Hg(tot) - filter	0.004	0.002	0.002					2.6E-06	0.0017
Hg (total)	7.23	6.67	7.16					0.008	5.22
1-ONT-OUT				4.90	14.47	261.060	323,354		
Hg(0) - elemental	13.80	1.87	2.00					0.002	1.46
Hg(II) - oxidized	36.15	4.89	5.25					0.006	3.82
Hg(tot) - filter	ND<0.005	ND	ND					ND	ND
TOTAL Hg	49.95	6.76	7.25					0.008	5.28
2-ONT-OUT				5.28	13.63	224.406	331,647		
Hg(0) - elemental	13.32	2.10	2.25					0.003	1.68
Hg(II) - oxidized	33.08	5.20	5.59					0.006	4.18
Hg(tot) - filter	0.005	0.0008	0.0008					9.8E-07	0.0006
TOTAL Hg	46.40	7.30	7.84					0.009	5.87
3-ONT-OUT				5.16	13.83	209.721	330,081		
Hg(0) - elemental	14.40	2.42	2.60					0.003	1.94
Hg(II) - oxidized	27.03	4.55	4.88					0.006	3.64
Hg(tot) - filter	ND<0.005	ND	ND					ND	ND
TOTAL Hg	41.43	6.97	7.48					0.009	5.58
AVERAGE:				5.11	13.98	231.729	328,361		
Hg(0) - elemental	13.84	2.13	2.28					0.003	1.69
Hg(II) - oxidized	32.08	4.88	5.24					0.006	3.88
Hg(tot) - filter	0.003	0.0003	0.0003					3.3E-07	0.0002
Hg (total)	45.93	7.01	7.52					0.009	5.58

Field blank levels subtracted from sample values

Note: (1) Pitot flow rates from EPA Method 29 multi-metals tests (full traverse).

DRAFT RESULTS – CONFIDENTIAL
DO NOT CITE OR QUOTE

TRIS BUFFER AND ONTARIO-HYDRO MERCURY SPECIATION TEST RESULTS
NYSEG POST RETROFIT TEST PROGRAM -- FGD OUTLET
AUGUST 1996

Fuel Type:	COAL	Test Method:	TRIS Buffer/Ontario-Hydro
Detection Limits (ug/L):	0.3 TRIS Buffer	Analytical Method:	CVAAS
	0.1 KMnO4 & KCl	Laboratory:	EERC
	0.2 H2O2	Date Analyzed:	August 1996
F-factor @0%O2:	9594 9631 9655 dscf/MMBtu	Reference Temp., F:	68

Test No.	ng/train	ug/m ³	ug/Nm ³	O ₂ %	CO ₂ %	Sample Volume, dscf	Pitot Flowrate, dscfm ⁽¹⁾	lb/hr	lb/ 10 ¹² Btu
1-TRIS-STK				5.42	13.89	71,828	358,667		
Hg(0) - elemental	4.75	2.34	2.51					3.1E-03	1.89
Hg(II) - oxidized	0.35	0.17	0.18					2.3E-04	0.14
Hg(tot) - filter	0.009	0.004	0.005					5.9E-06	0.0036
TOTAL Hg	5.11	2.51	2.69					3.4E-03	2.03
2-TRIS-STK				5.15	13.48	73,709	358,779		
Hg(0) - elemental	5.65	2.71	2.90					3.6E-03	2.16
Hg(II) - oxidized	0.45	0.22	0.23					2.9E-04	0.17
Hg(tot) - filter	0.006	0.003	0.003					3.9E-06	0.0023
TOTAL Hg	6.11	2.93	3.14					3.9E-03	2.33
3-TRIS-STK				5.23	13.64	73,577	362,692		
Hg(0) - elemental	5.30	2.54	2.73					3.5E-03	2.04
Hg(II) - oxidized	ND<0.06	ND<0.03	ND<0.03					ND<3.9E-05	ND<0.02
Hg(tot) - filter	0.007	0.003	0.004					4.6E-06	0.0027
TOTAL Hg	5.37	2.58	2.76					3.5E-03	2.07
AVERAGE:				5.27	13.67	73,038	360,046		
Hg(0) - elemental	5.23	2.53	2.71					3.4E-03	2.03
Hg(II) - oxidized	0.29	0.14	0.15					1.9E-04	0.11
Hg(tot) - filter	0.008	0.004	0.004					4.8E-06	0.0028
Hg (total)	5.53	2.67	2.87					3.6E-03	2.14
1-ONT-STK				5.61	13.83	215,765	358,667		
Hg(0) - elemental	13.25	2.17	2.33					2.9E-03	1.77
Hg(II) - oxidized	1.75	0.29	0.31					3.8E-04	0.23
Hg(tot) - filter	ND<0.005	ND	ND					ND	ND
TOTAL Hg	15.00	2.45	2.63					3.3E-03	2.01
2-ONT-STK				5.31	13.60	224,112	358,779		
Hg(0) - elemental	13.88	2.19	2.35					2.9E-03	1.76
Hg(II) - oxidized	0.98	0.15	0.16					2.1E-04	0.12
Hg(tot) - filter	0.006	0.0009	0.0010					1.3E-06	0.0008
TOTAL Hg	14.86	2.34	2.51					3.1E-03	1.89
3-ONT-STK				5.32	13.69	225,284	362,692		
Hg(0) - elemental	15.95	2.50	2.68					3.4E-03	2.02
Hg(II) - oxidized	0.93	0.14	0.16					2.0E-04	0.12
Hg(tot) - filter	0.010	0.0016	0.0017					2.1E-06	0.0013
TOTAL Hg	16.89	2.65	2.84					3.6E-03	2.14
AVERAGE:				5.41	13.71	221,720	360,046		
Hg(0) - elemental	14.36	2.28	2.45					3.1E-03	1.85
Hg(II) - oxidized	1.22	0.19	0.21					2.6E-04	0.16
Hg(tot) - filter	0.005	0.0008	0.0009					1.1E-06	0.0007
Hg (total)	15.58	2.48	2.66					3.3E-03	2.01

Field blank levels subtracted from sample values.

Note. (1) Pitot flow rates from EPA Method 29 multi-metals tests (full traverse)

DRAFT RESULTS – CONFIDENTIAL
DO NOT CITE OR QUOTE

**SUMMARY OF EERC LABORATORY RESULTS
TRIS BUFFER AND ONTARIO-HYDRO MERCURY SPECIATION METHODS
NYSEG POST-RETROFIT TEST PROGRAM**

Test Number	Fraction	Field Blank			Sample Result			Field Blank Corrected Results, ug/train
		Vol., ml	ug/L	ug/train	Vol., ml	ug/L	ug/train	
DAY 1 -- 8/7/96								
1-TRIS-OUT	TRIS -- Hg(II)	502	0.3	0.15	502	8.5	4.27	4.12
	KMnO4 -- Hg(0)	500	0.1	0.05	500	4.2	2.10	2.05
	Probe Rinse -- Hg(II) ⁽¹⁾	250	ND(0.1)	ND(0.03)	250	1.1	0.28	0.28
1-TRIS-STK	TRIS -- Hg(II)	502	0.3	0.15	1000	0.5	0.50	0.35
	KMnO4 -- Hg(0)	500	0.1	0.05	500	9.6	4.80	4.75
	Probe Rinse -- Hg(II) ⁽¹⁾	250	ND(0.1)	ND(0.03)	250	ND(0.1)	ND(0.03)	ND(0.03)
1-ONT-OUT	KCl -- Hg(II)	500	ND(0.1)	ND(0.05)	1000	35.2	35.20	36.15
					500	1.9	0.95	
	H2O2 -- Hg(0)	500	0.3	0.15	500	2.8	1.40	1.25
	KMnO4 -- Hg(0)	500	0.3	0.15	500	25.4	12.70	12.55
	Probe Rinse -- Hg(II) ⁽²⁾	--	--	--	Combined with KCl fraction			--
1-ONT-STK	KCl -- Hg(II)	500	ND(0.1)	ND(0.05)	1000	1.6	1.60	1.75
					500	0.3	0.15	
	H2O2 -- Hg(0)	500	0.3	0.15	500	0.3	0.15	0.00
	KMnO4 -- Hg(0)	500	0.3	0.15	500	26.8	13.40	13.25
	Probe Rinse -- Hg(II) ⁽²⁾	--	--	--	Combined with KCl fraction			--
DAY 2 -- 8/8/96								
2-TRIS-OUT	TRIS -- Hg(II)	500	ND(0.3)	ND(0.15)	500	5.2	2.60	2.60
	KMnO4 -- Hg(0)	500	ND(0.1)	ND(0.05)	500	5.6	2.80	2.80
	Probe Rinse -- Hg(II)	250	ND(0.1)	ND(0.03)	250	9.2	2.30	2.30
2-TRIS-STK	TRIS -- Hg(II)	500	ND(0.3)	ND(0.15)	1000	0.4	0.40	0.40
	KMnO4 -- Hg(0)	500	ND(0.1)	ND(0.05)	500	11.3	5.65	5.65
	Probe Rinse -- Hg(II)	250	ND(0.1)	ND(0.03)	250	0.2	0.05	0.05
2-ONT-OUT	KCl -- Hg(II)	500	ND(0.1)	ND(0.05)	1000	28.5	28.50	28.50
	H2O2 -- Hg(0)	500	ND(0.2)	ND(0.1)	500	3.4	1.70	1.70
	KMnO4 -- Hg(0)	505	ND(0.1)	ND(0.05)	503	23.1	11.62	11.62
	Probe Rinse -- Hg(II)	250	ND(0.1)	ND(0.03)	250	18.3	4.58	4.58
2-ONT-STK	KCl -- Hg(II)	500	ND(0.1)	ND(0.05)	1000	0.9	0.90	0.90
					500	ND(0.1)	ND(0.05)	
	H2O2 -- Hg(0)	500	ND(0.2)	ND(0.1)	500	ND(0.2)	ND(0.1)	ND(0.1)
	KMnO4 -- Hg(0)	505	ND(0.1)	ND(0.05)	501	27.7	13.88	13.88
	Probe Rinse -- Hg(II)	250	ND(0.1)	ND(0.03)	250	0.3	0.08	0.08

**SUMMARY OF EERC LABORATORY RESULTS
TRIS BUFFER AND ONTARIO-HYDRO MERCURY SPECIATION METHODS
NYSEG POST-RETROFIT TEST PROGRAM**

Test Number	Fraction	Field Blank			Sample Result			Field Blank Corrected Results, ug/train
		Vol., ml	ug/L	ug/train	Vol., ml	ug/L	ug/train	
DAY 3 -- 8/9/96								
3-TRIS-OUT	TRIS -- Hg(II)	500	0.6	0.30	500	5.7	2.85	2.55
	KMnO4 -- Hg(0)	500	ND(0.1)	ND(0.05)	500	6.7	3.35	3.35
	Probe Rinse -- Hg(II)	250	ND(0.1)	ND(0.03)	250	6.5	1.63	1.63
3-TRIS-STK	TRIS -- Hg(II)	500	0.6	0.30	1000	0.3	0.30	0.00
	KMnO4 -- Hg(0)	500	ND(0.1)	ND(0.05)	500	10.6	5.30	5.30
	Probe Rinse -- Hg(II)	250	ND(0.1)	ND(0.03)	250	ND(0.1)	ND(0.03)	ND(0.03)
3-ONT-OUT	KCl -- Hg(II)	500	ND(0.1)	ND(0.05)	1000	17.4	17.40	17.40
	H2O2 -- Hg(0)	500	ND(0.2)	ND(0.1)	500	3.7	1.85	1.85
	KMnO4 -- Hg(0)	500	ND(0.1)	ND(0.05)	500	25.1	12.55	12.55
	Probe Rinse -- Hg(II)	250	ND(0.1)	ND(0.03)	250	38.5	9.63	9.63
3-ONT-STK	KCl -- Hg(II)	500	ND(0.1)	ND(0.05)	1000	0.8	0.80	0.80
					500	ND(0.1)	ND(0.05)	
	H2O2 -- Hg(0)	500	ND(0.2)	ND(0.1)	500	0.6	0.30	0.30
	KMnO4 -- Hg(0)	500	ND(0.1)	ND(0.05)	500	31.3	15.65	15.65
	Probe Rinse -- Hg(II)	250	ND(0.1)	ND(0.03)	250	0.5	0.13	0.13

Notes:

(1) Probe rinse field blank for Day 1 was not performed, results from Day 2.

(2) Probe rinses for the Ontario-Hydro samples were combined with the KCl impinger solution for Day 1 only.

**SUMMARY OF EERC LABORATORY RESULTS
TRIS BUFFER MERCURY SPECIATION METHOD
NYSEG POST-RETROFIT TEST PROGRAM**

Test Number	Fraction	Field Blank			Sample Result			Field Blank Corrected Results, ug/train
		Vol., ml	ug/L	ug/train	Vol., ml	ug/L	ug/train	
<u>DAY 1 -- 8/7/96</u>								
1-TRIS-OUT	TRIS -- Hg(II)	502	0.3	0.15	502	8.5	4.27	4.12
	KMnO4 -- Hg(0)	500	0.1	0.05	500	4.2	2.10	2.05
	Probe Rinse -- Hg(II) ⁽¹⁾	250	ND(0.1)	ND(0.03)	250	1.1	0.28	0.28
1-TRIS-STK	TRIS -- Hg(II)	502	0.3	0.15	1000	0.5	0.50	0.35
	KMnO4 -- Hg(0)	500	0.1	0.05	500	9.6	4.80	4.75
	Probe Rinse -- Hg(II) ⁽¹⁾	250	ND(0.1)	ND(0.03)	250	ND(0.1)	ND(0.03)	ND(0.03)
<u>DAY 2 -- 8/8/96</u>								
2-TRIS-OUT	TRIS -- Hg(II)	500	ND(0.3)	ND(0.15)	500	5.2	2.60	2.60
	KMnO4 -- Hg(0)	500	ND(0.1)	ND(0.05)	500	5.6	2.80	2.80
	Probe Rinse -- Hg(II)	250	ND(0.1)	ND(0.03)	250	9.2	2.30	2.30
2-TRIS-STK	TRIS -- Hg(II)	500	ND(0.3)	ND(0.15)	1000	0.4	0.40	0.40
	KMnO4 -- Hg(0)	500	ND(0.1)	ND(0.05)	500	11.3	5.65	5.65
	Probe Rinse -- Hg(II)	250	ND(0.1)	ND(0.03)	250	0.2	0.05	0.05
<u>DAY 3 -- 8/9/96</u>								
3-TRIS-OUT	TRIS -- Hg(II)	500	0.6	0.30	500	5.7	2.85	2.55
	KMnO4 -- Hg(0)	500	ND(0.1)	ND(0.05)	500	6.7	3.35	3.35
	Probe Rinse -- Hg(II)	250	ND(0.1)	ND(0.03)	250	6.5	1.63	1.63
3-TRIS-STK	TRIS -- Hg(II)	500	0.6	0.30	1000	0.3	0.30	0.00
	KMnO4 -- Hg(0)	500	ND(0.1)	ND(0.05)	500	10.6	5.30	5.30
	Probe Rinse -- Hg(II)	250	ND(0.1)	ND(0.03)	250	ND(0.1)	ND(0.03)	ND(0.03)

Notes:

(1) Probe rinse field blank for Day 1 was not performed, results from Day 2.

**SUMMARY OF EERC LABORATORY RESULTS
ONTARIO-HYDRO MERCURY SPECIATION METHOD
NYSEG POST-RETROFIT TEST PROGRAM**

Test Number	Fraction	Field Blank			Sample Result			Field Blank Corrected Results, ug/train
		Vol., ml	ug/L	ug/train	Vol., ml	ug/L	ug/train	
DAY 1 -- 8/7/96								
1-ONT-OUT	KCl -- Hg(II)	500	ND(0.1)	ND(0.05)	1000	35.2	35.20	36.15
					500	1.9	0.95	
	H2O2 -- Hg(0)	500	0.3	0.15	500	2.8	1.40	1.25
	KMnO4 -- Hg(0)	500	0.3	0.15	500	25.4	12.70	12.55
	Probe Rinse -- Hg(II) ⁽¹⁾	--	--	--	Combined with KCl fraction			--
1-ONT-STK	KCl -- Hg(II)	500	ND(0.1)	ND(0.05)	1000	1.6	1.60	1.75
					500	0.3	0.15	
	H2O2 -- Hg(0)	500	0.3	0.15	500	0.3	0.15	0.00
	KMnO4 -- Hg(0)	500	0.3	0.15	500	26.8	13.40	13.25
	Probe Rinse -- Hg(II) ⁽¹⁾	--	--	--	Combined with KCl fraction			--
DAY 2 -- 8/8/96								
2-ONT-OUT	KCl -- Hg(II)	500	ND(0.1)	ND(0.05)	1000	28.5	28.50	28.50
	H2O2 -- Hg(0)	500	ND(0.2)	ND(0.1)	500	3.4	1.70	1.70
	KMnO4 -- Hg(0)	505	ND(0.1)	ND(0.05)	503	23.1	11.62	11.62
	Probe Rinse -- Hg(II)	250	ND(0.1)	ND(0.03)	250	18.3	4.58	4.58
2-ONT-STK	KCl -- Hg(II)	500	ND(0.1)	ND(0.05)	1000	0.9	0.90	0.90
					500	ND(0.1)	ND(0.05)	
	H2O2 -- Hg(0)	500	ND(0.2)	ND(0.1)	500	ND(0.2)	ND(0.1)	ND(0.1)
	KMnO4 -- Hg(0)	505	ND(0.1)	ND(0.05)	501	27.7	13.88	13.88
	Probe Rinse -- Hg(II)	250	ND(0.1)	ND(0.03)	250	0.3	0.08	0.08
DAY 3 -- 8/9/96								
3-ONT-OUT	KCl -- Hg(II)	500	ND(0.1)	ND(0.05)	1000	17.4	17.40	17.40
	H2O2 -- Hg(0)	500	ND(0.2)	ND(0.1)	500	3.7	1.85	1.85
	KMnO4 -- Hg(0)	500	ND(0.1)	ND(0.05)	500	25.1	12.55	12.55
	Probe Rinse -- Hg(II)	250	ND(0.1)	ND(0.03)	250	38.5	9.63	9.63
3-ONT-STK	KCl -- Hg(II)	500	ND(0.1)	ND(0.05)	1000	0.8	0.80	0.80
					500	ND(0.1)	ND(0.05)	
	H2O2 -- Hg(0)	500	ND(0.2)	ND(0.1)	500	0.6	0.30	0.30
	KMnO4 -- Hg(0)	500	ND(0.1)	ND(0.05)	500	31.3	15.65	15.65
	Probe Rinse -- Hg(II)	250	ND(0.1)	ND(0.03)	250	0.5	0.13	0.13

Notes:

(1) Probe rinses for the Ontario-Hydro samples were combined with the KCl impinger solution for Day 1 only

Analysis Report Form (Hg)

Requestor: Richard Schulz
 Fund #: 4819
 Sample Info: Hg Analysis at NYSEG / Milliken Station
 Date Submitted: August 14, 1996

Day One		TRIS Buffer		FGD-in-1		FGD-out-1		FB-1		FB-spk-1		FGD-in-1		FGD-out-1	
CARNOT SAMPLE #	IMPINGER SOLN	FB-spk-1	1-TRIS-OUT	1-TRIS-OUT	1-TRIS-STACK	FB-1	1-TRIS-OUT	1-TRIS-OUT	1-TRIS-OUT	FB-1	1-TRIS-OUT	1-TRIS-OUT	1-TRIS-OUT	1-TRIS-STACK	FGD-out-1
Lab #		Tris	49231-3	Tris	49231-4	Tris	49231-5	49231-6	49231-11	49231-5	49231-6	49231-11	49231-12	49231-12	1-TRIS-STACK
Vol (mL)		500	502	502	1000	502	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	KMnO4
Units ug/L		9.7	8.5	8.5	0.5	0.3	9.8	0.1	4.2	9.8	0.1	4.2	9.6	9.6	9.6
Day One		Ontario Hydro		FGD-in-1		FGD-out-1		FB-1		FB-spk-1		FGD-in-1		FGD-out-1	
CARNOT SAMPLE #	IMPINGER SOLN	FB-spk-1	1-ONT-OUT	1-ONT-OUT	1-ONT-STACK	FB-1	1-ONT-OUT	1-ONT-STACK	1-ONT-STACK	FB-1	1-ONT-OUT	1-ONT-STACK	1-ONT-STACK	1-ONT-STACK	FB-1
Lab #		KCl	49231-13	KCl	49231-14	KCl	49231-15	49231-16	49231-17	49231-17	49231-18	49231-18	49231-19	49231-20	H2O2
Vol (mL)		500	1000	1000	500	500	1000	500	1000	1000	500	500	500	500	500
Units ug/L		8.8	35.2	35.2	1.9	< 0.1	1.6	0.3	9.6	1.6	0.3	9.6	9.6	9.6	0.3
Day One		TRIS		FGD-in-1		FGD-out-1		FB-1		FB-spk-1		FGD-in-1		FGD-out-1	
CARNOT SAMPLE #	IMPINGER SOLN	FGD-in-1	1-ONT-OUT	1-ONT-OUT	1-ONT-STACK	FGD-out-1	1-ONT-OUT	1-ONT-STACK	1-ONT-STACK	FGD-in-1	1-ONT-OUT	1-ONT-STACK	1-ONT-STACK	1-ONT-STACK	TRIS
Lab #		H2O2	49231-21	KMnO4	49231-7	KMnO4	49231-8	49231-10	49231-10	KMnO4	49231-9	49231-10	49231-23	49231-24	Probe Rns
Vol (mL)		500	505	505	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	250	250	250
Units ug/L		2.8	9.5	9.5	0.3	0.3	25.4	26.8	1.1	25.4	26.8	1.1	1.1	< 0.1	< 0.1

NOTE: SPIKED FIELD BLANKS WERE SPIKED WITH 10 ug/L.

REGULAR FIELD BLANKS SHOULD READ A LESS THAN NUMBER.

NOTE: PROBE RINSES FOR THE ONTARIO-HYDRO WERE COMBINED WITH THE KCl IMPINGER SOLUTION.

NYSEG

P.05

76917142590372470554

TD

EEFC

FROM 15:06

SEP-13-1996

Day Three	TRIS Buffer	FB-3	FGD-out-3	FB-sp-3	FGD-In-3	FB-3	FGD-out-3	FGD-In-3	FGD-out-3
	FB-sp-3		3-TRIS-OUT		3-TRIS-OUT		3-TRIS-STACK	3-TRIS-OUT	3-TRIS-STACK
	Tris		Tris		Tris		Tris	KMnO4	KMnO4
CARNOT SAMPLE #	49231-52	49231-53	49231-54	49231-55	49231-56	49231-57	49231-58	49231-59	49231-63
IMPINGER SOLN	500	500	500	1000	500	500	500	500	500
Units ug/L	10.5	0.6	5.7	0.3	8.1	< 0.1	8.7	10.6	
Day Three	Ontario Hydro								
	FB-sp-3	FB-3	FGD-out-3	FGD-out-3	FGD-out-3	FB-sp-3	FB-3		
	KCl		3-ONT-STACK	3-ONT-STACK	3-ONT-STACK				
CARNOT SAMPLE #	49231-64	49231-65	49231-66	49231-67	49231-68	49231-69	49231-70		
IMPINGER SOLN	500	500	1000	1000	500	500	500		
Units ug/L	9.9	< 0.1	17.4	0.5 (0.9)	< 0.1	8.2	< 0.2		
Day Three									
	FGD-In-3	FGD-out-3	FB-3	FGD-In-3	FGD-out-3	FGD-out-3			
	3-ONT-OUT	3-ONT-STACK		3-ONT-OUT	3-ONT-STACK	3-ONT-STACK			
	H2O2	H2O2	KMnO4	KMnO4	KMnO4	KMnO4			
CARNOT SAMPLE #	49231-71	49231-72	49231-73	49231-74	49231-75	49231-76	49231-77	49231-78	49231-79
IMPINGER SOLN	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500
Units ug/L	3.7	0.6	9.3	< 0.1	25.1	31.3			
Day Three	TRIS								
	FB-FGD-In-3	FGD-In-3	FGD-out-3	OH-	OH-	FB-FGD-In	FGD-In-3	FGD-out-3	FGD-out-3
		3-TRIS-OUT	3-TRIS-STACK				3-ONT-OUT	3-ONT-STACK	3-ONT-STACK
	Probe Rns	Probe Rns	Probe Rns	Probe Rns	Probe Rns	Probe Rns	Probe Rns	Probe Rns	Probe Rns
CARNOT SAMPLE #	49231-76	49231-77	49231-78	49231-79	49231-80	49231-81	49231-82	49231-83	49231-84
IMPINGER SOLN	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250
Units ug/L	< 0.1	6.5	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	36.5	0.6	

NOTE: SPIKED FIELD BLANKS WERE SPIKED WITH 10 ug/L.
REGULAR FIELD BLANKS SHOULD READ A LESS THAN NUMBER.

ASH

Analysis Report Form (Hg)

Requestor Richard Schulz
Fund # 4819
Sample Info Hg Analysis at NYSEG / Milliken Station
Date Submitted 8/14/96

Day One						
Ash						
CARNOT SAMPLE #	1-ONT-OUT	1-TRIS-OUT	1-ONT-STACK	1-TRIS-STACK		
Lab #	49235-1	49235-2	49235-3	49235-4		
Units ug	<0.005	0.001	<0.005	0.009		
Day Two						
Ash						
CARNOT SAMPLE #	2-ONT-OUT	2-TRIS-OUT	2-ONT-STACK	2-TRIS-STACK		
Lab #	49235-5	49235-6	49235-7	49235-8		
Units ug	0.005	0.006	0.006	0.006		
Day Three						
Ash					TRIS	
CARNOT SAMPLE #	3-ONT-OUT	3-TRIS-OUT	3-ONT-STACK	3-ONT-STACK		
Lab #	49235-13	49235-14	49235-11	49235-12		
Units ug	<0.005	<0.005	0.010	0.007		
FIELD BLANKS						
Ash						
CARNOT SAMPLE #	2-ONT-FB	3-TRIS-FB				
Lab #	49235-9	49235-10				
Units ug	<0.005	<0.005				

NOTE: THE NUMBER FOR EACH ASH IS THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF MERCURY IN THE SAMPLE.
THE TOTAL SAMPLE WAS DIGESTED.

ID	AQL =	Vol (ml)	DF	Read %	Reported %
<u>Buffer</u>					
S-Spk-1	DI-1	500	2.75	3.55, 3.47, 3.58	9.7
FB-1-1	DI-2	500 + v2	2.75	.100	0.3
GD-IN-1	DI-3	500 + v2	2.55	3.32	8.5
GD-OUT-1	DI-4	1000	2.15	.003	0.5
S-Spk-1	DI-5	500	1.0	9.77	9.8
S-1	DI-6	500	1.0	.128	0.1
-Spk-1	DI-7	500 + v5	1.0	9.54	9.5
-1	DI-8	500	1.0	.287	0.3
D-IN-1	DI-9	500	2.0	12.7	25.4
D-OUT-1	DI-10	500	2.0	13.4	26.8
GD-IN-1	DI-11	500	1.0	4.17	4.2
GD-OUT-1	DI-12	500	1.0	9.61, 9.54, 9.55	9.6
-Spk-1	DI-13	500	1.3	7.52, 7.58, 7.46	9.8
-1	DI-14	500	1.3	.005	< 0.1
D-IN-1	DI-15	1000	1.3	27.1	35.2
GD-IN-1	DI-16	500	1.3	1.47	1.9
FB-D-OUT-1	DI-17	1000	1.3	1.21, 1.22, 1.21	1.6
GD-OUT-1	DI-18	500	1.3	.005	0.3
S-Spk-1	DI-19	500	2.1	4.61, 4.62, 4.53	9.6
-1	DI-20	500	2.1	.145	0.3
D-IN-1	DI-21	500	1.7	1.66	2.8
GD-OUT-1	DI-22	500	2.2	.122	0.3
<u>Pinac-1</u>					
S-D-IN-1	DI-23	250	1.3	.998, .837, .512	1.1
GD-OUT-1	DI-24	250	1.3	.005	< 0.1

$$Spk = \frac{(50ml)(1000ppb)}{13,800ml} = 3.6$$

$$read @ \frac{6.44 - 3.53}{3.62} \times 100 = 94.2\%$$

$$Spk = \frac{(40ml)(1000ppb)}{12,770ml} = 3.1$$

$$read @ \frac{6.55 - 3.32}{3.12} \times 100 = 103\%$$

$$\frac{(100ml)(1000ppb)}{10,100ml} = 9.9$$

$$read @ \frac{18.1 - 9.57}{9.9} \times 100 = 86.2$$

$$Spk = \frac{(400ml)(5000ppb)}{13,100ml} = 7.1$$

$$read @ \frac{14.6 - 7.52}{7.63} \times 100 = 92.57\%$$

$$Spk = \frac{(20ml)(1000ppb)}{13,020ml} = 1.5$$

$$read @ \frac{3.78 - 1.21}{1.54} \times 100 = 102\%$$

$$Spk = \frac{(50ml)(1000ppb)}{10,550ml} = 4.1$$

$$read @ \frac{8.83 - 4.57}{4.74} \times 100 = 59.9\%$$

$$Spk = \frac{(20ml)(1000ppb)}{8520ml} = 2.34$$

$$read @ \frac{4.04 - 1.66}{2.34} \times 100 = 104\%$$

$$Spk = \frac{(100ml)(1000ppb)}{13,100ml} = 7.1$$

$$read @ \frac{8.00 - 0.882}{7.65} \times 100 = 95.57\%$$

Sample ID	ARL #	Vol (mL)	DF	Read $\mu\text{g/L}$	Reported $\mu\text{g/L}$	
<u>RED Buffer</u>						
RIS-FB-OUT-2	D2-1	500	2.55	3.80, 3.68	9.5	
RIS-FB-2	D2-2	500	2.55	<.009	<0.3	
RIS-FGD-IN-2	D2-3	500	2.65	1.97	5.2	
RIS-FGD-OUT-2	D2-4	1000	2.65	.144, .154, .294	0.4	$\text{Spk} = \frac{(500\text{mL})(1000\text{ppb})}{10,300\text{mL}}$ $\text{read} = \frac{4.97 - 0.194}{4.85} \times 9.8$
<u>NaOH</u>						
RIS-FB-Spk-2	D2-5	500	1.0	10.1, 9.99	10.0	
RIS-FB-2	D2-6	500	1.0	<.006	<0.1	
H-FB-Spk-2	D2-7	500	1.0	9.87, 9.75	9.8	
H-FB-2	D2-8	~ 5 500	1.0	<.014	<0.1	
H-FGD-IN-2	D2-9	~ 3 500	1.0	23.1	23.1	
H-FGD-OUT-2	D2-10	~ 1 500	1.0	27.7	27.7	
RIS-FGD-IN-2	D2-11	500	1.0	5.56	5.6	
RIS-FGD-OUT-2	D2-12	500	1.0	11.2, 11.3, 11.4	11.3	$\text{Spk} = \frac{(500\text{mL})(1000\text{ppb})}{8050\text{mL}}$ $\text{read} = \frac{16.8 - 11.3}{6.21} \times 9.8$
<u>KCl</u>						
H-FB-Spk-2	D2-13	500	1.3	7.61, 7.58	9.9	
H-FB-2	D2-14	500	1.3	<.075	<0.1	
H-FGD-IN-2	D2-15	1000	1.3	21.9	28.5	
H-FGD-OUT-2	D2-16	1000	1.3	.735, .634, .744	0.9	$\text{Spk} = \frac{(1000\text{mL})(1000\text{ppb})}{13,100\text{mL}}$ $\text{read} = \frac{8.25 - 0.766}{7.63} \times 9.8$
H-FGD-OUT-2	D2-17	500	1.3	.048	<0.1	
<u>H2O</u>						
H-FB-Spk-2	D2-18	500	2.0	4.49, 3.90	8.4	
H-FB-2	D2-19	500	2.0	<.005	<0.2	
H-FGD-IN-2	D2-20	500	2.0	2.00, 1.98, 1.96	3.4	$\text{Spk} = \frac{(500\text{mL})(1000\text{ppb})}{8550\text{mL}}$ $\text{read} = \frac{7.56 - 1.98}{5.85} \times 9.8$
H-FGD-OUT-2	D2-21	500	2.0	<.001	<0.2	
<u>Probe Rinse-2</u>						
RIS-FGD-OUT-2	D2-22	250	1.3	.135	0.2	$\text{Spk} = \frac{(1000\text{mL})(1000\text{ppb})}{13,100\text{mL}}$ $\text{read} = \frac{7.63 - 0.235}{7.63} \times 9.8$
H-Spk-2	D2-23	250	1.3	.246, .227, .231	0.3	
H-ESP-OUT-2	D2-24	250	1.3	14.1	18.3	
RIS-ESP-OUT-2	D2-25	250	1.3	7.11	9.2	
RIS-FB-ESP-OUT-2	D2-26	250	1.3	<.054	<0.1	
FB-ESP-OUT-2	D2-26	250	1.3	<.016, .037	<0.1	

Id	ATL =	Vol (mL)	DF	Read %/L	Expected %/L	
-Spk-3	D3-1	500	2.75	3.86, 3.81	10.5	
3-2	D3-2	500	2.75	.203	0.6	
>-IN-3	D3-3	500	2.75	2.46, 2.32, 2.26	5.7	$Spk = \frac{(500 \mu L)(1000 \mu g/L)}{12,500 \mu L} = 4.06$
D-OUT-3	D3-4	1000	2.25	.146	0.3	$read @ \frac{6.58 - 2.35}{4.06} \times 100\% = 104\%$
-Spk-3	D3-5	500	1.0	9.09, 9.71	9.1	
B-3	D3-6	500	1.0	.043	<0.1	
-Spk-3	D3-7	500	1.0	9.38, 9.23	9.3	
-3	D3-8	500	1.0	.009	<0.1	
-IN-3	D3-9	500	1.0	25.1	25.1	
-OUT-3	D3-10	500	1.0	31.3	31.3	
D-IN-3	D3-11	500	1.0	6.69	6.7	
D-OUT-3	D3-12	500	1.0	10.6, 10.6, 10.7	10.6	$Spk = \frac{(500 \mu L)(1000 \mu g/L)}{8050 \mu L} = 6.2$ $read @ \frac{16.3 - 10.6}{6.2} \times 100\% = 91.8\%$
Spk-3	D3-13	500	1.3	7.57, 7.60	9.9	
-2	D3-14	500	1.3	.032	<0.1	
>-IN-3	D3-15	1000	1.3	13.4	17.4	
D-OUT-3	D3-16	1000	1.3	.629, .642, .665	0.8	$Spk = \frac{(1000 \mu L)(1000 \mu g/L)}{13,100 \mu L} = 7.6$
D-OUT-3	D3-17	500	1.3	.004, .062	<0.1	$read @ \frac{8.08 - .645}{7.63} \times 100\% = 97.4\%$
-Spk-3	D3-18	500	2.1	4.41, 4.31	9.2	
-3	D3-19	500	2.1	.014	<0.2	
>-IN-3	D3-20	500	1.8	2.08, 2.05, 2.06	3.7	$Spk = \frac{(500 \mu L)(1000 \mu g/L)}{9050 \mu L} = 5.5$
>-OUT-3	D3-21	500	2.3	.288	0.6	$read @ \frac{7.61 - 2.06}{5.5} \times 100\% = 10$
INS4						
D-OUT-3	D3-22	250	1.3	.435, .408, .414	0.5	$Spk = \frac{(1000 \mu L)(1000 \mu g/L)}{13,100 \mu L} = 7.6$
>-IN-3	D3-23	250	1.3	29.6	38.5	
D-IN-3	D3-24	250	1.3	4.97	6.5	
-FGD-IN-3	D3-25	250	1.3	.027	<0.1	$read @ \frac{7.78 - .419}{7.63} \times 100\% = 96.5\%$
-FGD-IN-3	D3-26	250	1.3	.019	<0.1	
D-OUT-3	D3-27	250	1.3	.070	<0.1	

**CARNOT SOURCE TEST DATA SUMMARY
ONTARIO HYDRO METHOD
ESP OUTLET**

Client/Location.....	NYSEG/Milliken	Reference Temp (F).....	68	
Unit.....	2	Fuel.....	COAL	
Sample Location.....	ESP OUTLET	Data By.....	DVK	
Operating Condition.....	FULL LOAD	Date of Data Entry.....	10/10/96	
Test No.....	1-OH-OUT	2-OH-OUT	3-OH-OUT	Average
Date.....	8/7/96	8/8/96	8/9/96	*
Test Method.....	Ontario Hydro	Ontario Hydro	Ontario Hydro	*
Sample Train.....	Box # 1	Box # 1	Box # 1	*
Pitot Factor	0.840	0.840	0.840	*
Meter Cal Factor.....	0.9900	0.9900	0.9900	*
Duct Area (sq ft).....	236.25	236.25	236.25	*
Sample Time (Min).....	360	360	360	*
Bar Press (in Hg).....	29.86	29.83	29.68	*
Nozzle Diam (in).....	0.278	0.278	0.278	*
Start/Stop Time.....	0840/1440	0756/1356	0817/1417	*
Stack Press (iwg).....	-14.50	-14.50	-14.50	-14.50
Stack Temp (F).....	274.6	278.6	284.6	279.27
Velocity Head (iwg).....	0.4358	0.3087	0.3116	0.3497
Outlet O2 (%).....	4.90	5.28	5.16	5.11
Outlet CO2 (%).....	14.47	13.63	13.83	13.98
Meter Vol (acf).....	291.652	245.938	226.749	254.780
Meter Temp (F).....	125.2	112.8	102.1	113.4
Meter Press (iwg).....	1.70	1.20	1.09	1.33
Liquid Vol (ml).....	480.5	420.2	389.8	430.2
Std Sample Vol (SCF).....	261.060	224.406	209.721	231.729
Std Sample Vol (Nm ³).....	6.888	5.921	5.534	6.114
Moisture Fraction.....	0.080	0.081	0.081	0.081
Stack Gas Mol Wt.....	29.51	29.39	29.42	29.44
Stack Gas Velocity (ft/sec)....	44.01	37.24	37.64	39.63
Stack Flow Rate (wacfm).....	623,848	527,878	533,607	561,778
Stack Flow Rate (dscfm).....	396,941	333,249	332,608	354,266
Isokinetic Ratio (%).....	102.36	104.80	98.13	101.76

DATE 2/27/10

METER VOL. (START/END)

OPERATOR/ASSISTANT

PRE-TEST DATA:
 Barometric Press., in. Hg. _____
 Assumed Slack Temp. °F _____
 Assumed Meter Temp. °F _____
 Assumed ΔP _____
 Assumed Moisture % _____
 Slack Diameter, in. _____
 Sample Time: Total _____ per point
 Total of Traverse Points _____
 Teflon Connecting _____
 Line (Y/N) _____
 Isokinetic Factor _____
 ΔH = _____ X ΔP _____

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. _____
 Meter, Yd. _____
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 _____
 Pilot: ID _____ Cp _____
 Probe: Mat'l _____ Length _____
 Nozzle: ID/Mat'l _____ Diam. _____
 Filter: No. _____ Tare Wt. _____
 TC Readout ID: Meter _____ Aux. _____

POST TEST INFO:
 Filter Appearance _____
 Impinger Appearance _____
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N) _____

PRE-TEST CALIBRATION CHECK:
 Meter Meter Temp
 Time ΔH Reading In Out

SAMPLE TRAIN LEAK CHECK:
 CEM Vac Eltol Inlet
 Pre-Test _____
 Post-Test _____

IMP. Mat'l | **WL(End)** | **WL(Start)** | **WL(g)**
 #1 _____ | _____ | _____ | _____
 #2 _____ | _____ | _____ | _____
 #3 _____ | _____ | _____ | _____
 #4 _____ | _____ | _____ | _____
 #5 _____ | _____ | _____ | _____
 Total _____ | _____ | _____ | _____

SAMPLE POINT	TIME	METER CONDITIONS			TEMPERATURES, °F				STATIC PRESS. (hwg)	CHAIN OF CUSTODY INFORMATION				
		ΔP	ΔH	METER READING	STACK	PROBE	METER IN	METER OUT			OVEN	IMP. OUT	O ₂	VAC.
1	1240	.44	1.75	978.81	271	245	131	123	244	ICE	-	7.0	*	Impingers Loaded
2	1255	.45	1.79	991.42	272	245	133	124	245	ICE	7.0	7.0	*	Impingers Recovered
3	1310	.51	2.02	1008.21	271	245	132	124	244	ICE	5.2	7.5	*	Filter Loaded
4	1325	.44	1.75	1016.44	272	245	136	125	245	ICE	-	7.0	*	Filter Recovered
5	1340	.44	1.75	1028.90	274	245	135	127	244	ICE	-	7.0	*	Probe Wash
6	1355	.42	1.67	1041.62	275	245	134	127	244	ICE	4.6	7.0	*	TEST SUMMARY
7	1400	.45	1.79	1053.31	276	245	133	126	245	ICE	-	7.0	*	Calculated by:
8	1425	.46	1.83	1065.42	277	245	131	126	244	ICE	-	7.0	*	Checked by:
9	1440			1077.971										Slack Press. (hwg)
														Slack Temp. (°F)
														ΔP (hwg)
														O ₂ /CO ₂ 4.9
														Meter Vol. (acfl)
														Meter Temp. (°F)
														Meter Press. (hwg)
														Liquid Vol (g)
														Comments:

1106N

Sample Pt. _____

Train Type: ONTARIO-HYDRO METHOD

Date Day 1 8-7-96
 Run # _____
 Fund # _____
 Cost Center # _____

OH FGD IN

Stopper Type	Type Of Solution	Initial Wt. (g)	Final Wt. (g)	Net Wt. (g)
BUBBLER	KCl	609.8	756.8	147.0
BUBBLER	KCl	605.4	825.8	220.4
IMPINGER	KCl	601.6	619.7	18.1
BUBBLER	H ₂ O ₂ /HNO ₃	740.5	766.3	25.8
BUBBLER	KMnO ₄ /H ₂ SO ₄	611.0	612.6	1.6
BUBBLER	KMnO ₄ /H ₂ SO ₄	699.5	708.5	9.0
IMPINGER	KMnO ₄ /H ₂ SO ₄	611.8	607.4	-4.4
BUBBLER	SILICA GEL	856.8	919.8	63.0
				480.5 ✓
				Total H ₂ O (g)
				Total Dust (g)

$$V_{std} = 0.0474 * (H_2O \text{ g})$$

$$V_{corrected} = V_{std} * C_m$$

$$V_{std} = 17.71 V_m C (P_0 + \Delta H/13.6) / T_m$$

$$V_{std} = V_{std} + V_{mstd}$$

$$\% H_2O = (V_{std} / V_{std}) * 100$$

$$V_{std} = 17.71 Q_m P_s / T_s$$

$$\% \text{ Isokinetic} = V_{std} / (Q_{std} * \text{Time})$$

JUST LOADING CALCULATIONS (Concentration Basis)

$$DCL = 15.452 (\text{dust g}) / V_{std}$$

$$\% \text{ Efficiency} = (\text{Inlet DCL} - \text{Outlet DCL}) * 100$$

Inlet DCL

$$CFM = V_s * \text{Pipe Area (ft}^2)$$

$$CFM = ACFM * P_s/29.92 * 530/T_s = ACFM * P_s/T_s * 17.71$$

$$\text{lb/s/hour} = \text{grams / scf} * 0.000143 * SCFM * 60$$

SCF _____
 ACF _____
 SCF _____
 % H₂O _____
 SCFM _____
 % _____
 grams/scf _____
 % _____
 ACFM _____
 SCFM _____
 lbs/hour _____

DATE 0 1 16

METER VOL. (START/END)

OPERATOR/ASSISTANT

PRE-TEST DATA:
 Barometric Press., in. Hg: 24.806
 Assumed Stack Temp. °F: _____
 Assumed Meter Temp. °F: _____
 Assumed ΔP: _____
 Assumed Moisture %: _____
 Stack Diameter, in.: 6.125
 Sample Time: Total 6.125 per point
 Total of Traverse Points 6.125
 Teflon Connecting SP
 Line (Y/N) _____
 Isokinetic Factor _____
 ΔH = ~~3.77~~ X ΔP = 3.85

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. Bx#1 SQA#7275
 Meter, Yd. 99
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 144
 Pilot: ID _____ Cp _____
 Probe: Mat'l _____ Length _____
 Nozzle: ID/Mat'l _____ Diam. _____
 Filter: No. _____ Tare Wt. _____
 TC Readout ID: Meter _____ Aux. _____

POST TEST INFO:
 Filter Appearance _____
 Impinger Appearance _____
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N) _____

SAMPLE TRAIN LEAK CHECK:
 CFM Vac Pilot Inlet
 Pre-Test 0.00 15" AP JP
 Post-Test 0.002 9" ✓ JP

PRE-TEST CALIBRATION CHECK:
 Meter Meter Temp
 Time ΔH Reading In Out

SAMPLE POINT	TIME	METER CONDITIONS				TEMPERATURES, °F				STATIC PRESS. (w/g)	CHAIN OF CUSTODY INFORMATION				
		ΔP	ΔH	METER READING		STACK	PROBE	METER				OVEN	IMP. OUT	O ₂	VAC.
				METER	READING			IN	OUT						
	0756	.30	1.19	120.918	267	246	116	118	241	ICE	-	6	* Impingers Loaded		
	0811	.30	1.19	121.62	278	245	124	119	244	ICE	5.2	6	* Impingers Recovered		
	0826	.31	1.23	142.100	278	245	124	119	244	ICE	-	2.5	* Filler Loaded		
	0841	.31	1.23	152.83	279	245	125	120	244	ICE	5.4	2.5	* Filler Recovered		
	0856	.31	1.23	164.01	279	245	123	119	244	ICE	-	6.0	* Probe Wash		
	0911	.31	1.23	173.39	279	245	124	119	244	ICE	5.4	6.0	TEST SUMMARY		
	0926	.31	1.23	184.62	280	245	124	118	244	ICE	-	6.0	Calculated by: <u>BAF</u>		
	0941	.31	1.23	194.62	280	245	123	119	244	ICE	5.2	6.0	Checked by: <u>- DV</u>		
	0956	.31	1.23	204.79	279	245	124	119	244	ICE	-	6.0	Stack Press (w/g) <u># -145</u>		
	1011	.31	1.23	217.01	279	245	125	120	244	ICE	5.6	6.0	Stack Temp (°F) <u>278.6</u>		
	1026	.31	1.23	225.79	279	244	120	119	244	ICE	-	6.0	ΔP (w/g) <u>0.3087</u>		
	1041	.31	1.21	236.31	278	244	113	112	243	ICE	7.4	6.0	O ₂ /CO ₂ <u>5.08/13.63</u>		
	1056	.30	1.17	246.72	280	244	108	107	243	ICE	-	6.0	Meter Vol. (acl) <u>245.938</u>		
	1111	.30	1.17	256.60	280	244	109	105	243	ICE	5.2	6.0	Meter Temp. (°F) <u>110.8</u>		
	1126	.30	1.17	272	281	244	109	104	243	ICE	-	6.0	Meter Press. (w/g) <u>1.2033</u>		
	1141	.30	1.15	276.38	281	244	109	104	243	ICE	5.2	6.0	Liquid Vol. (g) <u>420.2</u>		
									DAY 2	ICE	5.2	6.0	Comments: <u>OH FGD IN</u>		

OH FGD IN
 5.08-13.63

Sample Pt. ESP - Outlet

Train Type : **ONTARIO-HYDRO METHOD**

DAY 2 8-8
 Date _____
 Run **OH FGD IN**
 Fund # ESP Out
 Cost Center # _____

3 of 3

Stopper Type	Type Of Solution	Initial Wt. (g)	Final Wt. (g)	Net Wt. (g)
BUBBLER	KCl	568.4	844.9	276.5
BUBBLER	KCl	591.3	648.1	56.8
IMPINGER	KCl	604.6	602.3	(2.3)
BUBBLER	H ₂ O ₂ /HNO ₃	811.9	834.8	22.90
BUBBLER	KMnO ₄ /H ₂ SO ₄	609.0	605.4	(3.6)
BUBBLER	KMnO ₄ /H ₂ SO ₄	628.4	651.3	22.90
IMPINGER	KMnO ₄ /H ₂ SO ₄	689.7	678.6	(11.1)
BUBBLER	SILICA GEL	861.4	919.5	58.1
			Total H ₂ O (g)	420.2
FILTER				
			Total Dust (g)	

$V_{wstd} = 0.0474 * (H_2O \text{ g})$ _____ SCF

$V_{m \text{ Corrected}} = V_m * C_m$ _____ ACF

$V_{mstd} = \frac{17.71 V_m C (P_b + \Delta H / 13.6)}{T_m}$ _____ SCF

$V_{istd} = V_{wstd} + V_{mstd}$ _____ SCF

$\%H_2O = (V_{wstd} / V_{istd}) * 100$ _____ %H₂O

$Q_{nstd} = 17.71 Q_n P_s / T_s$ _____ SCFM

$\% \text{ Isokinetic} = V_{istd} / (Q_{nstd} * \text{Time})$ _____ %

DUST LOADING CALCULATIONS (Concentration Basis)

$DCL = 15.432 (\text{dust g}) / V_{istd}$ _____ grains/scf

$\% \text{ Efficiency} = \frac{(\text{Inlet DCL} - \text{Outlet DCL}) * 100}{\text{Inlet DCL}}$ _____ %

$ACFM = V_s * \text{Pipe Area (ft}^2\text{)}$ _____ ACFM

$SCFM = ACFM * P_s / 29.92 * 530 / T_s = ACFM * P_s / T_s * 17.71$ _____ SCFM

$\text{lbs/hour} = \text{grains / scf} * 0.000143 * SCFM * 60$ _____ lbs/hour

CLIENT MTS-6 Williams Station UNIT 2 TEST NO. 5-007-001 METHOD UUT PAGE 1 OF 9
 SAMPLE LOCATION ESP - Outlet TEST CONDITION Full Load AMB. TEMP. °F _____ PROJECT # 11476
 OPERATOR/ASSISTANT _____ METER VOL. (START/END) _____ DATE 8-19-78

PRE-TEST DATA:
 Barometric Press., in. Hg. _____
 Assumed Stack Temp. °F _____
 Assumed Meter Temp. °F _____
 Assumed Moisture % _____
 Stack Diameter, in. 6
 Sample Time: Total _____ per point _____
 Total of Traverse Points _____
 Teflon Connecting _____
 Line (Y/N) _____
 Isokinetic Factor 3.9 3.4 X ΔP
 ΔH = _____

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. Bx#1-7275
 Meter, Yd. 1.99
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 1.44
 Pitot: ID _____ Cp _____
 Probe: Mat'l _____ Length _____
 ID/Mat'l _____ Diam. _____
 No. _____
 Filter: Tare Wt. _____
 TC Readout ID: Meter _____ Aux. _____

POST TEST INFO:
 Filter Appearance _____
 Impinger Appearance _____
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N) _____

TEMPERATURES, °F

METER	METER		PROBE	STACK	TEMPERATURES, °F	
	IN	OUT			ΔH	ΔP
93	98	93	230	282	1.21	1.31
93	99	93	240	282	1.21	1.31
94	100	94	244	282	1.18	1.31
95	100	95	244	284	1.18	1.31
96	100	96	244	281	1.18	1.31
96	101	96	244	282	1.09	1.32
97	102	97	244	284	1.05	1.31
98	103	98	244	285	1.05	1.31
99	103	99	245	285	1.05	1.31
99	104	99	244	284	1.09	1.32
101	106	101	244	285	1.09	1.32
102	107	102	245	285	1.09	1.32
103	108	103	244	286	1.09	1.32
103	106	103	244	286	1.09	1.32
103	106	103	244	286	1.02	1.30
102	105	102	244	285	1.02	1.30

SAMPLE POINT	TIME	METER CONDITIONS		METER		STACK	PROBE	TEMPERATURES, °F		IMP. OUT	OVEN	STATIC PRESS. lwg	CHAIN OF CUSTODY INFORMATION
		ΔP	ΔH	READING	METER			IN	OUT				
	0819	1.31	1.21	411.70	93	282	230	98	93	ICE	242	* 6.2	Impingers Loaded
	0832	1.31	1.21	414.88	93	282	240	99	93	ICE	243	* 5.5	Impingers Recovered
	0847	1.31	1.18	424.43	94	282	244	100	94	ICE	242	* 5.0	Filter Loaded
	0902	1.31	1.18	434.64	95	284	244	100	95	ICE	243	* 5.0	Filter Recovered
	0917	1.31	1.18	444.63	96	281	244	100	96	ICE	243	* 5.0	Probe Wash
	0932	1.32	1.09	455.72	96	282	244	101	96	ICE	243	* 5.0	TEST SUMMARY
	0947	1.31	1.05	465.18	97	284	244	102	97	ICE	243	* 5.0	Calculated by: <u>AK</u>
	1002	1.31	1.05	474.95	98	285	244	103	98	ICE	243	* 5.0	Checked by: <u>AK</u>
	1017	1.31	1.05	484.41	99	285	245	103	99	ICE	244	* 5.0	Slack Press. (lwg) -14.5
	1032	1.32	1.09	493.68	99	284	244	104	99	ICE	243	* 5.0	Slack Temp. (°F) 284.6 ✓
	1047	1.32	1.09	503.96	101	285	244	106	101	ICE	243	* 5.5	ΔP (lwg) 0.3116 ✓
	1102	1.32	1.09	513.69	102	285	245	107	102	ICE	243	* 5.5	O ₂ /CO ₂ 5.16 ✓ / 13.83
	1117	1.32	1.09	523.53	103	286	244	108	103	ICE	243	* 5.5	Meter Vol., (act) 226.749 ✓
	1132	1.30	1.09	533.22	103	286	244	106	103	ICE	243	* 5.5	Meter Temp. (°F) 102.1 ✓
	1147	1.30	1.02	543.31	103	286	244	106	103	ICE	243	* 5.5	Meter Press. (lwg) 1.09 ✓
	1202	1.30	1.02	552.59	102	285	244	105	102	ICE	243	* 5.5	Liquid Vol. (g) 389.8 ✓

Comments: _____

SAMPLE TRAIN LEAK CHECK: _____
 PRE-TEST CALIBRATION CHECK: _____
 Meter Reading In Out _____

DATE 8-10-96

METER VOL. (START/END)

SAMPLE LOCATION OPERATOR/ASSISTANT

PRE-TEST DATA:
 Barometric Press., in. Hg. _____
 Assumed Stack Temp. °F _____
 Assumed Meter Temp. °F _____
 Assumed ΔP _____
 Assumed Moisture % _____
 Slack Diameter, in. _____
 Sample Time: Total _____ per point
 Total of Traverse Points _____
 Teflon Connecting _____
 Line (Y/N) _____
 Isokinetic Factor _____
 ΔH = _____ X ΔP _____

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. _____
 Meter, Yd. _____
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 _____
 Pilot: ID _____ Cp _____
 Probe: Mat'l _____ Length _____
 Nozzle: ID/Mat'l _____ Diam. _____
 Filter: No. _____ Tare Wt. _____
 TC Readout ID: Meter _____ Aux. _____

POST TEST INFO:
 Filler Appearance _____
 Impinger Appearance _____
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N) _____

PRE-TEST CALIBRATION CHECK:
 Meter Meter Temp
 Time ΔH Reading In Out

SAMPLE TRAIN LEAK CHECK:
 CEM Vac Pilot Inlet
 Pre-Test _____
 Post-Test _____

SAMPLE POINT	TIME	METER CONDITIONS			METER READING			TEMPERATURES, °F			IMP. OUT	OVEN	O ₂	VAC.	STATIC PRESS. lwb	CHAIN OF CUSTODY INFORMATION
		ΔP	ΔH	METER READING	STACK	PROBE	METER IN	METER OUT	IMP. IN	IMP. OUT						
	1217	130	1.02	561.00	285	244	105	101	244	ICE	244	-	5.5	*	Impingers Loaded	
	1232	130	1.02	571.30	285	244	105	101	244	ICE	244	-	5.5	*	Impingers Recovered	
	1247	131	1.05	580.64	286	244	104	101	243	ICE	243	4.2	5.5	*	Filler Loaded	
	1302	131	1.05	590.09	286	244	105	101	244	ICE	244	-	5.5	*	Filler Recovered	
	1317	131	1.05	599.54	286	244	107	102	243	ICE	243	-	5.5	*	Probe Wash	
	1332	131	1.05	608.97	286	245	108	103	243	ICE	243	4.3	5.5	*	TEST SUMMARY	
	1347	132	1.08	618.46	286	244	109	104	244	ICE	244	-	5.5	*	Calculated by:	
	1402	132	1.09	628.29	286	244	110	105	244	ICE	244	-	5.5	*	Checked by:	
	1417			637.919					STOP						Stack Press (lwb)	
															Stack Temp (°F)	
															AP (lwb)	
															O ₂ /CO ₂	
															Meter Vol. (acl)	
															Meter Temp. (°F)	
															Meter Press. (lwb)	
															Liquid Vol (g)	
															Comments:	

DAY 3 8-10-96
 OFF PGD IN
 ESP OUT

Sample Pt. ESP OUT

Date DAY 3 8-10-96
 Run OHFGD IN
 Fund # ESP OUT
 Cost Center # 3 of 3

Train Type : METHOD OH

Stopper Type	Type Of Solution	Initial Wt. (g)	Final Wt. (g)	Net Wt. (g)
BUBBLER	KCl H ₂ O ₂ /HNO ₃	564.5	736.4	
IMPINGER	KCl H ₂ O ₂ /HNO ₃	599.4	735.7	
BUBBLER	KCl DRY	608.9	612.2	
BUBBLER	H₂O KMnO ₄ /H ₂ SO ₄	734.3	753.8	
IMPINGER	KMnO ₄ /H ₂ SO ₄	626.2	629.8	
BUBBLER	KMnO₄ GEL	613.4	617.7	
	KMnO ₄	605.6	604.2	
	SEL Gel	821.9	874.2	
			Total H ₂ O (g)	389.8 ✓
FILTER				
			Total Dust (g)	

$V_{wstd} = 0.0474 * (H_2O \text{ g})$ _____ SCF
 $V_m \text{ Corrected} = V_m * C_m$ _____ ACF
 $V_m \text{ std} = \frac{17.71 V_m C (P_b + \Delta H / 13.6)}{T_m}$ _____ SCF
 $V_i \text{ std} = V_w \text{ std} + V_m \text{ std}$ _____ SCF
 $\% H_2O = (V_w \text{ std} / V_i \text{ std}) * 100$ _____ %H₂O
 $Q_n \text{ std} = 17.71 Q_n P_s / T_s$ _____ SCFM
 $\% \text{ Isokinetic} = V_i \text{ std} / (Q_n \text{ std} * \text{Time})$ _____ %
DUST LOADING CALCULATIONS (Concentration Basis)
 $DCL = 15.432 (\text{dust g}) / V_i \text{ std}$ _____ grains/s
 $\% \text{ Efficiency} = \frac{(\text{Inlet DCL} - \text{Outlet DCL}) * 100}{\text{Inlet DCL}}$ _____ %
 $ACFM = V_s * \text{Pipe Area (ft}^2)$ _____ ACFM
 $SCFM = ACFM * P_s / 29.92 * 530 / T_s = ACFM * P_s / T_s * 17.71$ _____ SCFM
 $\text{lbs/hour} = \text{grains} / \text{scf} * 0.000143 * SCFM * 60$ _____ lbs/hour

OPERATOR/ASSISTANT

METER VOL. (START/END)

PRE-TEST DATA:
 Barometric Press., in. Hg. 29.83
 Assumed Slack Temp. °F _____
 Assumed Meter Temp. °F _____
 Assumed ΔP _____
 Assumed Moisture % _____
 Slack Diameter, in. _____
 Sample Time: Total _____
 per point _____
 Total of Traverse Points _____
 Teflon Connecting _____
 Line (Y/N) _____
 Isokinetic Factor _____
 ΔH = _____ X ΔP

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. _____
 Meter, Yd. _____
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 _____
 Pitot: ID _____ Cp _____
 Probe: Mat'l _____ Length _____
 ID/Mat'l _____
 Nozzle: Diam. _____
 No. _____
 Filter: Tare Wt. _____
 TC Readout ID: Meter _____
 Aux. _____

TEMPERATURES, °F
 METER IN OUT
 PROBE IN OUT
 STACK IN OUT
 IMP. IN OUT
 OVEN IN OUT
 O₂ IN OUT
 VAC. IN OUT

POST TEST INFO:
 Filler Appearance _____
 Impinger Appearance _____
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N) _____
 Total _____
 Meter Reading In _____
 Meter Reading Out _____
 ΔH _____

SAMPLE TRAIN LEAK CHECK:
 CEM VAC PLOT INIT
 Pre-Test 0008 15" ✓ SP
 Post-Test 0005 9" ✓ SP
 PRE-TEST CALIBRATION CHECK:
 Meter Reading In _____
 Meter Reading Out _____
 ΔH _____

SAMPLE POINT	TIME	METER CONDITIONS		TEMPERATURES, °F				STATIC PRESS. Iw/g	CHAIN OF CUSTODY INFORMATION					
		ΔP	ΔH	METER READING	STACK	PROBE	METER IN			METER OUT	IMP. IN	IMP. OUT	O ₂	VAC.
✓	1533	.28	1.11	79.964	✓ 276	245	120	123	237	1CE	4.6	3.5	*	Impingers Loaded
	1543	.29	1.15	87.62	278	245	127	124	244	1CE	—	3.5	*	Impingers Recovered
	1553	.29	1.15	93.37	278	245	126	124	244	1CE	4.6	3.5	*	Filler Loaded
	1603	.29	1.15	100.28	278	245	126	123	244	1CE	—	3.5	*	Filler Recovered
	1613	.29	1.15	107.00	278	245	126	122	244	1CE	4.6	3.5	*	Probe Wash
✓	1623	.29	1.15	114.72	278	245	126	124	244	1CE	—	3.5	*	TEST SUMMARY
	1633			120.029	STOP									Calculated by: <u>DY</u>
		.22												Checked by: <u>DK</u>
		.261												Slack Press (Iw/g) <u>-14.5</u> ✓
														Stack Temp. (°F) <u>277.7</u> ✓
														ΔP (Iw/g) <u>2.888</u> ✓
														O ₂ /CO ₂ <u>4.67</u> ✓ <u>14.86</u> ✓
														Meter Vol., (act) <u>40065</u> ✓
														Meter Temp. (°F) <u>124.3</u> ✓
														Meter Press. (Iw/g) <u>1.14</u> ✓
														Liquid Vol. (g) <u>77.9</u> ✓
														Comments:

Day 1 8-7-96
TRIS FGD IN

TRIS BUFFER R. SCHULZ

CARI

CLIENT NYSEG - Milliken Station

SAMPLE LOCATION ESP - OUT 1

OPERATOR/ASSISTANT

UNIT 2

TEST CONDITION Full Coal

METER VOL. (START/END)

TEST NO. 2-TRIS-OUT

METHOD TRIS-OUT

AMB. TEMP., °F

PAGE 1

PROJECT # 11476

DATE 8-8-96

PRE-TEST DATA:
 Barometric Press., in. Hg. 29.86
 Assumed Stack Temp. °F _____
 Assumed Meter Temp. °F _____
 Assumed ΔP _____
 Assumed Moisture % _____
 Stack Diameter, in. _____
 Sample Time: Total _____ per point
 Total of Traverse Points _____
 Teflon Connecting _____
 Line (Y/N) _____
 Isokinetic Factor 3.9
 ΔH = 3.9 X ΔP

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. _____
 Meter, Yd. _____
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 _____
 Pilot: _____
 Probe: _____
 Nozzle: _____
 Filter: _____
 Tare Wt. _____
 TC Readout ID: Meter _____ Aux. _____

POST TEST INFO:
 Filler Appearance _____
 Impinger Appearance _____
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N) _____

TEMPERATURES, °F

METER READING	METER		STACK	PROBE	TEMPERATURES, °F		IMP. OUT	OVEN	O ₂	VAC.	STATIC PRESS. lwb	CHAIN OF CUSTODY INFORMATION
	ΔP	ΔH			IN	OUT						
267.468	1.35	1.33	275	250	112	108	10E	243	-	3	*	Impingers Loaded
374.51	1.35	1.33	277	247	112	108	10E	243	-	3	*	Impingers Recovered
381.74	1.35	1.33	278	250	115	109	10E	242	5.2	3	*	Filter Loaded
389.16	1.35	1.37	279	260	114	109	10E	243	-	3	*	Filter Recovered
396.08	1.35	1.37	277	262	113	108	10E	243	-	3	*	Probe Wash
404.21	1.35	1.37	278	263	112	107	10E	243	5.2	3	*	TEST SUMMARY
410.490												Calculated by: <u>BAF</u>
												Checked by: <u>BAF</u>
												Stack Press. (lwb) <u>-14.5</u>
												Stack Temp. (°F) <u>277.3</u>
												ΔP (lwb) <u>0.35</u>
												O ₂ <u>5.20/13.44</u>
												Meter Vol., (act) <u>43.022</u>
												Meter Temp. (°F) <u>110.6</u>
												Meter Press. (lwb) <u>1.35</u>
												Liquid Vol. (g) <u>82.5</u>

Comments: DAY 2 8-8-96

SAMPLE TRAIN/LEAK CHECK:

CFM	Vac	Pilot	Inlet
Pre-Test <u>0.000</u>	<u>15"</u>	<u>✓</u>	<u>✓</u>
Post-Test <u>0.000</u>	<u>6"</u>	<u>✓</u>	<u>✓</u>

PRE-TEST CALIBRATION CHECK:

Time	ΔH	Reading	In	Out
Meter				
Meter				

ORIASSTANT

METER VOL. (START/END) YH

PRE-TEST DATA:
 Barometric Press., in. Hg. _____
 Assumed Stack Temp. °F _____
 Assumed Meter Temp. °F _____
 Assumed ΔP _____
 Assumed Moisture % _____
 Stack Diameter, in. 1hr
 Sample Time: Total _____
 per point _____
 Total of Traverse Points _____
 Teflon Connecting _____
 Line (Y/N) _____
 Isokinetic Factor _____

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. _____
 Meter, Yd. _____
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 _____
 Pilot: ID _____ Cp _____
 Probe: Mat'l _____ Length _____
 Nozzle: ID/Mat'l _____ Diam. _____
 Filter: No. _____ Tare Wt. _____
 TC Readout ID: Meter _____ Aux. _____

POST TEST INFO:
 Filter Appearance _____
 Impinger Appearance _____
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N) _____

PRE-TEST CALIBRATION CHECK:
 Meter Meter Temp
 Time ΔH Reading In Out

SAMPLE TRAIN LEAK CHECK:
 GEM Vac Pilot Inlet
 Pre-Test 0.000 10" V NP
 Post-Test 0.000 7" V NP

Imp. Mat'l Wt. (End) Wt. (Start) Wt. (g)
 #1 TRIS 695.6 - 646.2 = _____
 #2 TRIS 68.8 - 654.2 = _____
 #3 KMnO4 668.2 - 665.7 = _____
 #4 KMnO4 681.4 - 680.0 = _____
 #5 Si Gel 946.3 - 935.9 = _____
 Total _____

ΔH = 316 X ΔP

SAMPLE POINT	METER CONDITIONS					TEMPERATURES, °F					STATIC PRESS. (w/g)	CHAIN OF CUSTODY INFORMATION	
	ΔP	ΔH	METER READING	STACK	PROBE	METER		OVEN	IMP. OUT	O ₂			VAC.
						IN	OUT						
1	137	133	638.281	286	244	105	105	234	ICE	-	3.5	*	Impingers Loaded
1	137	133	646.137	286	244	112	105	242	ICE	4.8	3.0	*	Impingers Recovered
1	137	133	653.283	285	245	113	106	243	ICE	-	3.0	*	Filter Loaded
1	137	133	660.12	286	245	113	106	243	ICE	4.6	3.5	*	Filter Recovered
2	136	129	668.01	286	245	114	106	244	ICE	-	3.5	*	Probe Wash
1	130	129	674.52	287	245	113	107	244	ICE	4.6	3.5	*	TEST SUMMARY
			681.165		STOP								Calculated by: <u>DK</u>
					<u>JP</u>								Checked by: <u>DK</u>
													Stack Press (w/g) <u>-14.5</u> ✓
													Stack Temp (°F) <u>285.7</u> ✓
													ΔP (w/g) <u>0.3667</u> ✓
													O ₂ /CO ₂ <u>4.67</u> ✓ <u>14.13</u>
													Meter Vol. (act) <u>42.884</u> ✓
													Meter Temp. (°F) <u>108.8</u> ✓
													Meter Press. (w/g) <u>1.32</u> ✓
													Liquid Vol. (g) <u>78.3</u> ✓
													Comments:

TRIS EGD IN

ESP out

OPERATOR/ASSISTANT KM METER VOL. (START/END) 601 #6 7243 DATE 8/17/70

PRE-TEST DATA:
 Barometric Press., in. Hg. 29.12
 Assumed Stack Temp. °F _____
 Assumed Meter Temp. °F _____
 Assumed ΔP _____
 Assumed Moisture % _____
 Stack Diameter, in. _____
 Sample Time: Total _____ per point
 Total of Traverse Points _____
 Teflon Connecting _____
 Line (Y/N) _____
 Isokinetic Factor _____
 ΔH = 1.0 X ΔP

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. _____
 Meter, Yd. _____
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 _____
 Pilot: ID _____ Cp _____
 Probe: Mat'l _____ Length _____
 Nozzle: ID/Mat'l _____ Diam. _____
 Filter: No. _____
 TC Readout ID: Meter _____ Aux. _____

POST TEST INFO:
 Filter Appearance _____
 Impinger Appearance _____
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N) _____

IMPERSONAL DATA:
 Imp. Mat'l Wt. (End) _____ Wt. (Start) _____ Wt. (g) _____
 #1 _____ #2 _____ #3 _____ #5 _____
 Total _____
 Meter Temp _____
 Meter Reading _____
 Inlet _____ Final _____

SAMPLE TRAIN LEAK CHECK:
 CFM _____ Vac _____ Inlet _____
 Pre-Test _____ Post-Test _____

PRE-TEST CALIBRATION CHECK:
 Meter Reading _____
 Meter Temp _____
 Inlet _____ Final _____

SAMPLE POINT	TIME	METER CONDITIONS			TEMPERATURES, °F			STATIC PRESS. l/wg	CHAIN OF CUSTODY INFORMATION					
		ΔP	ΔH	METER READING	STACK	PROBE	METER IN			METER OUT	OVEN	IMP. OUT	O ₂	VAC.
SP. South	1312	1.3	1.3	658.332	123	250	127	111	249	63	5.7	3.5		Impingers Loaded
	1342	1.2	1.2	678.012	122	250	127	112	250	62	5.5	3.8		Impingers Recovered Filter Loaded
	1412	1.2	1.2	696.998	122	250	127	112	250	61	5.5	3.8		Filter Recovered Probe Wash
End	1442			715.880										TEST SUMMARY Calculated by: Checked by: Stack Press. (hwg) Stack Temp. (°F) ΔP (hwg) O ₂ /CO ₂ Meter Vol. (acl) Meter Temp. (°F) Meter Press. (hwg) Liquid Vol. (g)

Comments: Sample No = 2.5

Sample Pt. _____

Date Day 1 8-7-98
OH FGD OUT
STACK
 Run _____
 Fund # _____
 Cost Center # _____

Train Type : **ONTARIO-HYDRO METHOD**

Stopper Type	Type Of Solution	Initial Wt. (g)	Final Wt. (g)	Net Wt. (g)
BUBBLER	KCl	615.5	866.6	251.1
BUBBLER	KCl	632.0	964.2	332.2
IMPINGER	KCl	649.6	758.1	108.5
BUBBLER	H ₂ O ₂ /HNO ₃	732.1	733.6	1.5
BUBBLER	KMnO ₄ /H ₂ SO ₄	730.1	728.5	-1.6
BUBBLER	KMnO ₄ /H ₂ SO ₄	613.3	618.5	5.2
IMPINGER	KMnO ₄ /H ₂ SO ₄	612.2	607.9	-4.3
BUBBLER	SILICA GEL	875.9	937.8	61.9
			Total H ₂ O (g)	754.5 ✓
FILTER				
			Total Dust (g)	

$V_{wstd} = 0.0474 * (H_2O \text{ g})$ _____ SCF

$V_{mCorrected} = V_m * C_m$ _____ ACF

$V_{mstd} = \frac{17.71 V_m C (P_s + \Delta H / 13.6)}{T_m}$ _____ SCF

$V_{istd} = V_{wstd} + V_{mstd}$ _____ SCF

$\%H_2O = (V_{wstd} / V_{istd}) * 100$ _____ %H₂O

$Q_{nstd} = 17.71 Q_n P_s / T_s$ _____ SCFM

$\% \text{ Isokinetic} = V_{istd} / (Q_{nstd} * \text{Time})$ _____ %

DUST LOADING CALCULATIONS (Concentration Basis)

$DCL = 15.432 (\text{dust g}) / V_{istd}$ _____ grains/ft³

$\% \text{ Efficiency} = \frac{(\text{Inlet DCL} - \text{Outlet DCL}) * 100}{\text{Inlet DCL}}$ _____ %

$ACFM = V_s * \text{Pipe Area (ft}^2\text{)}$ _____ ACFM

$SCFM = ACFM * P_s / 29.92 * 530 / T_s = ACFM * P_s / T_s * 17.71$ _____ SCFM

$\text{lbs/hour} = \text{grains / scf} * 0.000143 * SCFM * 60$ _____ lbs/hour

OPERATOR/ASSISTANT: K.P. METER VOL. (START/END): 17.11.00 - 17.12.00

PRE-TEST DATA:
 Barometric Press., in. Hg. 29.08
 Assumed Slack Temp. °F 125
 Assumed Meter Temp. °F 130
 Assumed ΔP 1.2
 Assumed Moisture % 14
 Slack Diameter, in. 12.1
 Sample Time: Total 3.0
 per point 30
 Total of Traverse Points Sing/6 Pt.
 Teflon Connecting Line (Y/N) Y.
 Isokinetic Factor 1.03 X ΔP

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. Box #6 7243
 Meter, Yd. 1.000
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 0.5978
 Pitot: ID #27
 Cp 0.87
 Probe: Mat'l Al.
 Length 41
 ID/Mat'l #17/Al.
 Diam. 0.190
 Nozzle: No. 0.190
 Filer: Tare Wt. Box #6
 TC Readout ID: Meter Box #6
 Aux.

POST TEST INFO:
 Filter Appearance _____
 Impinger Appearance _____
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N) _____

PRE-TEST CALIBRATION CHECK:
 Meter Meter Temp
 Reading In Out
 Time ΔH _____

SAMPLE TRAIN LEAK CHECK:
 GEM Vac Pilot Init
 Pre-Test 0.000 15" ✓
 Post-Test 0.000 7"

WEIGHTS:
 Imp. Mat'l Wt.(End) Wt.(Start) Wt.(G)
 #1 _____
 #2 _____
 #3 _____
 #4 _____
 #5 _____
 Total _____

SAMPLE POINT	TIME	METER CONDITIONS		METER READING		STACK	TEMPERATURES, °F				STATIC PRESS. Iwg	CHAIN OF CUSTODY INFORMATION	
		ΔP	ΔH	METER IN	METER OUT		OVEN	IMP. OUT	O ₂	VAC.			
SP. South	0753	1.3	1.34	797.362	124	249	101	90	246	5.3	2.7	-7.4	Impingers Loaded
	0853	1.42	1.46	817.445	123	250	111	95	249	5.3	2.7		Impingers Recovered
	0853	1.40	1.44	837.486	123	250	114	98	249	5.3	2.9		Filler Loaded
	0923	1.40	1.44	858.353	122	250	115	99	250	5.3	2.9	-1.76	Filler Recovered
	0953	1.40	1.44	879.702	122	262	116	100	260	5.5	3.0		Probe Wash
	1023	1.40	1.44	899.458	122	264	117	101	264	5.5	3.0		TEST SUMMARY
	1053	1.40	1.44	920.023	123	264	116	100	264	5.5	3.0		Calculated by: DK
	1123	1.40	1.44	940.402	123	264	115	99	264	5.2	3.0		Checked by:
													Slack Press. (Iwg) -0.75
													Slack Temp (°F) 122.8
													ΔP (Iwg) 1.3932
													O ₂ /CO ₂ 5.31 13.60
													Meter Vol. (act) 245.958
													Meter Temp. (°F) 105.2
													Meter Press. (Iwg) 1.43
													Liquid Vol (g) 800.9
													Comments: DAY 2 8-8-78

CLIENT UYSF6 - Milliken Station UNIT 2 TEST NO. 2-088-500 METHOD Q27 Hyd PAGE 6 OF 3
 SAMPLE LOCATION Stack RM TEST CONDITION Full load AMB. TEMP., °F _____ PROJECT # 11436
 OPERATOR/ASSISTANT _____ METER VOL. (START/END) _____ DATE 8-8-96

PRE-TEST DATA:
 Barometric Press., in. Hg. 29.08
 Assumed Slack Temp. °F _____
 Assumed Meter Temp. °F _____
 Assumed ΔP _____
 Assumed Moisture % _____
 Stack Diameter, in. _____
 Sample Time: Total _____ per point _____
 Total of Traverse Points _____
 Teflon Connecting _____
 Line (Y/N) _____
 Isokinetic Factor _____
 ΔH = 1.03 X ΔP

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. _____
 Meter, Yd. _____
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 _____
 Pilot: ID _____ Cp _____ Mat'l _____
 Probe: Length _____ ID/Mat'l _____ Diam. _____ No. _____ Tare Wt. _____
 Nozzle: _____
 Filter: _____
 TC Readout ID: Meter _____ Aux. _____

POST TEST INFO:
 Filter Appearance _____
 Impinger Appearance _____
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N) _____

SAMPLE TRAIN LEAK CHECK:
 CEM Vac Pilot Inlet
 Pre-Test _____
 Post-Test _____

PRE-TEST CALIBRATION CHECK:
 Meter Meter Temp
 Time ΔH Reading In Out
 Inlet _____
 Final _____

SAMPLE POINT	METER CONDITIONS				TEMPERATURES, °F				STATIC PRESS. (w/g)	CHAIN OF CUSTODY INFORMATION		
	TIME	ΔP	ΔH	METER READING	STACK	PROBE	METER				O ₂	VAC.
							IN	OUT				
SP. 1153	1.4	1.44	1.44	961.112	123	263	98	59	5.2	3.0	Impingers Loaded	
South											Impingers Recovered	
1223	1.4	1.44	1.44	981.4	123	263	97	66	5.2	3.0	Filter Loaded	
1253	1.4	1.44	1.44	1002.012	123	263	97	63	5.2	3.0	Filter Recovered	
1323	1.4	1.44	1.44	1022.702	123	263	96	60	5.2	3.0	Probe Wash	
END. 1353				1043.320							TEST SUMMARY	
											Calculated by:	
											Checked by:	
											Stack Press (w/g)	
											Stack Temp (°F)	
											ΔP (w/g)	
											O ₂ /CO ₂	
											Meter Vol., (acf)	
											Meter Temp. (°F)	
											Meter Press. (w/g)	
											Liquid Vol. (g)	
											Comments:	

DAY 2 8-8

Sample Pt. Stack

Date
 Run
 Fund #
 Cost Center #

OH EGD OUT
STACK

Train Type : **ONTARIO-HYDRO METHOD**

30R3

Stopper Type	Type Of Solution	Initial Wt. (g)	Final Wt. (g)	Net Wt. (g)
BUBBLER	KCl	572.1	785.6	
BUBBLER	KCl	627.4	898.2	
IMPINGER	KCl	599.4	843.3	
BUBBLER	H ₂ O ₂ /HNO ₃	763.9	773.5	
BUBBLER	KMnO ₄ /H ₂ SO ₄	605.7	609.9	
BUBBLER	KMnO ₄ /H ₂ SO ₄	599.4	604.9	
IMPINGER	KMnO ₄ /H ₂ SO ₄	577.8	573.6	
BUBBLER	SILICA GEL	866.2	923.8	
			Total H ₂ O (g)	800.9 ✓
FILTER				
			Total Dust (g)	

$V_{wstd} = 0.0474 * (H_2O \text{ g})$ _____ SCF
 $V_{mCorrected} = V_m * C_m$ _____ ACF
 $V_{mstd} = \frac{17.71 V_m C (P_b + \Delta H / 13.6)}{T_m}$ _____ SCF
 $V_{istd} = V_{wstd} + V_{mstd}$ _____ SCF
 $\%H_2O = (V_{wstd} / V_{istd}) * 100$ _____ %H₂O
 $Q_{nstd} = 17.71 Q_n P_s / T_s$ _____ SCFM
 $\% \text{ Isokinetic} = V_{istd} / (Q_{nstd} * \text{Time})$ _____ %
DUST LOADING CALCULATIONS (Concentration Basis)
 $DCL = 15.432 (\text{dust g}) / V_{istd}$ _____ grains/scf
 $\% \text{ Efficiency} = \frac{(\text{Inlet DCL} - \text{Outlet DCL}) * 100}{\text{Inlet DCL}}$ _____ %
 $ACFM = V_s * \text{Pipe Area (ft}^2\text{)}$ _____ ACFM
 $SCFM = ACFM * P_s / 29.92 * 530 / T_s = ACFM * P_s / T_s * 17.71$ _____ SCFM
 $\text{lbs/hour} = \text{grains / scf} * 0.000143 * SCFM * 60$ _____ lbs/hour

CLIENT NYSEG - Milliken Station UNIT 2 TEST NO. 3-047-STACK METHOD Out Hyd PAGE 1 OF 2
 SAMPLE LOCATION Stack TEST CONDITION Full load AMB. TEMP., °F 92 PROJECT # 11476
 OPERATOR/ASSISTANT Ruy METER VOL. (START/END) 124.979 1271.912 DATE 8-10-82

PRE-TEST DATA:
 Barometric Press., in. Hg. 29.07
 Assumed Slack Temp. °F 125
 Assumed Meter Temp. °F 10.6
 Assumed ΔP 1.3
 Assumed Moisture % 1.46
 Stack Diameter, in. 12.1
 Sample Time: Total 360
 : per point Single Pt.
 Total of Traverse Points 30
 Teflon Connecting Y
 Line (Y/N) Y
 Isokinetic Factor 1.04 X ΔP

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. Box #6 Serial
 Meter, Yd. 7243
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 0.5778
 Pilot: ID # 27
 Cp 0.84
 Probe: Mat'l Qtz
 Length 41
 ID/Mat'l # 17/Qtz
 Diam. 0.190
 Filter: No. Box #6
 Tare Wt. Box #6
 TC Readout ID: Meter Box #6
 Aux.

POST TEST INFO:
 Filler Appearance _____
 Impinger Appearance _____
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N) _____

PRE-TEST CALIBRATION CHECK:
 Meter Meter Temp
 Time ΔH Reading In Out
 Pre-Test 0.000 15" ✓ Ru
 Post-Test 0.000 7" ✓ Ru

SAMPLE TRAIN LEAK CHECK:
 CEM Vac Pilot Inlet
 Pre-Test 0.000 15" ✓ Ru
 Post-Test 0.000 7" ✓ Ru

SAMPLE POINT	METER CONDITIONS				TEMPERATURES, °F				STATIC PRESS. IWG	CHAIN OF CUSTODY INFORMATION									
	TIME	ΔP	ΔH	METER READING	STACK	PROBE	METER				OVEN	IMP. OUT	O ₂	VAC.					
							IN	OUT											
575	0826	1.4	1.46	124.979	123	256	83	82	264	60	5.4	3.3	-172	Impingers Loaded					
5856	0856	1.4	1.46	144.364	124	261	105	88	263	63	5.4	3.3		Impingers Recovered					
	0926	1.4	1.46	165.183	122	261	110	92	263	63	5.3	3.3		Filter Loaded					
	0956	1.4	1.46	185.487	120	261	113	94	264	62	5.3	3.3		Filter Recovered					
	1026	1.4	1.46	206.028	122	262	116	99	264	63	5.4	3.5		Probe Wash					
	1056	1.4	1.46	226.781	122	263	118	101	264	62	5.3	3.5		TEST SUMMARY					
	1126	1.4	1.46	247.565	121	263	120	103	264	61	5.3	3.6		Calculated by: <u>OK</u>					
	1156	1.4	1.46	269.2	122	264	118	103	263	45	5.2	4		Checked by: <u>OK</u>					
											Stack Press (iwg) - 0.70 ✓	Stack Temp (°F) 121.9 ✓	ΔP (iwg) 1.4000 ✓	O ₂ /CO ₂ 5.32 / 13.69 ✓	Meter Vol. (act) 246.933 ✓	Meter Temp. (°F) 104.3 ✓	Meter Press (iwg) 1.46 ✓	Liquid Vol. (g) 779.1 ✓	Comments: <u>DAY 3 8-10-82</u>

OPERATOR/ASSISTANT KLM METER VOL. (START/END) _____

PRE-TEST DATA:
 Barometric Press., in. Hg. 29.07
 Assumed Slack Temp. °F _____
 Assumed Meter Temp. °F _____
 Assumed ΔP _____
 Assumed Moisture % _____
 Stack Diameter, in. _____
 Sample Time: Total _____ per point
 Total of Traverse Points _____
 Teflon Connecting _____
 Line (Y/N) _____
 Isokinetic Factor 1.04 X ΔP _____
 ΔH = 1.04 X ΔP _____

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. Box # 6
 Meter, Yd. 1.000
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 0.5478
 Pilot: ID _____ Cp _____
 Probe: Mat'l _____ Length _____
 Nozzle: ID/Mat'l _____ Diam. _____
 Filler: No. _____ Tare Wt. _____
 TC Readout ID: Meter _____ Aux. _____

POST TEST INFO:
 Filter Appearance _____
 Impinger Appearance _____
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N) _____

SAMPLE TRAIN LEAK CHECK:
 CFM Vac Pilot Inlet
 Pre-Test _____
 Post-Test _____

PRE-TEST CALIBRATION CHECK:
 Meter Meter Temp
 Time ΔH Reading In Out
 Inlet _____
 Final _____

SAMPLE POINT	TIME	METER CONDITIONS			TEMPERATURES, °F				O ₂	VAC.	STATIC PRESS. lwb	CHAIN OF CUSTODY INFORMATION
		ΔP	ΔH	METER READING	STACK	PROBE	METER IN	METER OUT				
SP.	1226	1.4	1.46	288.863	121	263	117	101	264	60	4.0	Impingers Loaded
Soak												Impingers Recovered
	1256	1.4	1.46	309.886	122	263	116	100	264	63	4.1	Filter Loaded
	1326	1.4	1.46	340.476	121	263	114	98	264	63	4.1	Filter Recovered
	1356	1.4	1.46	351.289	121	263	114	97	264	60	4.3	Probe Wash
End	1426			371.912								TEST SUMMARY
												Calculated by:
												Checked by:
												Slack Press (lwb) - 0.70
												Slack Temp. (°F)
												ΔP (lwb)
												O ₂ CO ₂ 5.32
												Meter Vol., (act)
												Meter Temp. (°F)
												Meter Press. (lwb)
												Liquid Vol. (g)
												Comments:

DAY 3 8-10-88
 OH FGD OUT
 STARK

Sample Pt. STACK

Date DAY 3 8-10-96
 Run OH FGD OUT
 Fund # STACK
 Cost Center # 3053

Train Type : ONTARIO-HYDRO METHOD

Stopper Type	Type Of Solution	Initial Wt. (g)	Final Wt. (g)	Net Wt. (g)
BUBBLER	KCl	572.3	832.6	
BUBBLER	KCl	601.1	868.5	
IMPINGER	KCl	612.0	803.2	
BUBBLER	H ₂ O ₂ /HNO ₃	721.3	721.3	
BUBBLER	KMnO ₄ /H ₂ SO ₄	607.9	603.3	
BUBBLER	KMnO ₄ /H ₂ SO ₄	607.6	627.9	
IMPINGER	KMnO ₄ /H ₂ SO ₄	591.3	578.9	
BUBBLER	SILICA GEL	834.9	891.3	
			Total H ₂ O (g)	779.1 ✓
FILTER				
			Total Dust (g)	

$V_{wstd} = 0.0474 * (H_2O \text{ g})$ _____ SCF
 $V_{m \text{ Corrected}} = V_m * C_m$ _____ ACF
 $V_{mstd} = \frac{17.71 V_m C (P_b + \Delta H/13.6)}{T_m}$ _____ SCF
 $V_{istd} = V_{wstd} + V_{mstd}$ _____ SCF
 $\%H_2O = (V_{wstd} / V_{istd}) * 100$ _____ %H₂O
 $Q_{nstd} = 17.71 Q_n P_s / T_s$ _____ SCFM
 $\% \text{ Isokinetic} = V_{istd} / (Q_{nstd} * \text{Time})$ _____ %
DUST LOADING CALCULATIONS (Concentration Basis)
 $DCL = 15.432 (\text{dust g}) / V_{istd}$ _____ grains/
 $\% \text{ Efficiency} = \frac{(\text{Inlet DCL} - \text{Outlet DCL}) * 100}{\text{Inlet DCL}}$ _____ %
 $ACFM = V_s * \text{Pipe Area (ft}^2)$ _____ ACFM
 $SCFM = ACFM * P_s/29.92 * 530/T_s = ACFM * P_s/T_s * 17.71$ _____ SCFM
 $\text{lbs/hour} = \text{grains} / \text{scf} * 0.000143 * SCFM * 60$ _____ lbs/hour

OPERATOR/ASSISTANT: RM METER VOL. (START/END): 76/170 DATE: 1/10/00

PRE-TEST DATA:
 Barometric Press., in. Hg. 29.12
 Assumed Slack Temp. °F 122
 Assumed Meter Temp. °F 107
 Assumed ΔP 1.3
 Assumed Moisture % 14%
 Slack Diameter, in. 1.0
 Sample Time: Total 30 per point
 Total of Traverse Points Single Pt
 Teflon Connecting Y. Line (Y/N)
 Isokinetic Factor X ΔP
 ΔH = 1.0 * 1.03

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. Box 6 7243
 Meter, Yd. 1.000
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 0.5978
 P/Kot. ID 0.84
 Probe: Q12
 Length 47
 ID/Mat'l 1022
 Nozzle: 0.191
 Filter: Box 36
 Tare Wt. Box 36
 TC Readout ID: Meter Box 36
 Aux.

POST TEST INFO:
 Filter Appearance _____
 Impinger Appearance _____
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N) _____

PRE-TEST CALIBRATION CHECK:
 Time ΔH Meter Meter Temp
 Reading In Out
 ✓ 5.1 79.6 915.9 = 47.7
 Final 287.0

SAMPLE TRAIN LEAK CHECK:
 SEM Yag Pilot Inlet
 Pre-Test 0.003 5.4 ✓ 100
 Post-Test 0.009 5.4 ✓ 100

SAMPLE POINT	METER CONDITIONS			TEMPERATURES, °F				STATIC PRESS. lwg	CHAIN OF CUSTODY INFORMATION	
	ΔP	ΔH	METER READING	PROBE	METER IN	METER OUT	OVEN			IMP. OUT
SP. 1515	1.35	1.35	716.170	250	118	109	252	63	5.4	2.5
South										
* 1545	1.3	1.34	736.638	250	128	112	250	63	5.4	2.5
1615	1.3	1.34	756.751	250	109	114	251	61	5.4	2.5
1645	1.35	1.39	776.786	250	130	115	251	60	5.5	2.5
EP4 1715			796.887							
TEST SUMMARY										
Calculated by: <u>DK</u>										
Checked by: <u>DK</u>										
Slack Press (lwg) - <u>0.88</u>										
Slack Temp. (°F) <u>122</u> ✓										
ΔP (lwg) <u>1.3249</u> ✓										
O ₂ /CO ₂ <u>5.42</u> ✓ <u>13.89</u>										
Meter Vol. (act) <u>80.717</u> ✓										
Meter Temp. (°F) <u>119.4</u> ✓										
Meter Press. (lwg) <u>1.35</u> ✓										
Liquid Vol. (g) <u>287.0</u> ✓										
Comments:										
Day 1 <u>8-7-96</u>										
TRIS FCD OUT										

CLIENT NYSE6 - Milliken Station
 SAMPLE LOCATION Stack
 OPERATOR/ASSISTANT RM

UNIT 2
 TEST CONDITION Full
 METER VOL. (START/END) 1043.886

TEST NO. 2 - TRIS-Stack METHOD TRIS-8uff PAGE 1 OF 1
 PROJECT # 11476
 DATE 8-8-96

PRE-TEST DATA:
 Barometric Press., in. Hg. 29.08
 Assumed Stack Temp. °F 125
 Assumed Meter Temp. °F 107
 Assumed ΔP 1.2
 Assumed Moisture % 14%
 Stack Diameter, in. 121
 Sample Time: Total 120
 per point 30
 Total of Traverse Points Sample 4
 Teflon Connecting _____
 Line (Y/N) Y
 Isokinetic Factor _____
 ΔH = 1.03 X ΔP

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. _____
 Meter, Yd. _____
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 _____
 Pilot: ID _____ Cp _____
 Probe: Mat'l _____ Length _____
 ID/Mat'l _____ Diam. _____
 Nozzle: _____
 Filter: _____
 Tare Wt. _____
 TC Readout ID: Meter _____
 Aux. _____

POST TEST INFO:
 Filter Appearance _____
 Impinger Appearance _____
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N) _____

STATIC PRESS. (Wg)
 Initial _____
 Final _____

PRE-TEST CALIBRATION CHECK:
 Meter Meter Temp
 Reading In Out

SAMPLE TRAIN LEAK CHECK:
 CEM Vac Pilot Inlet
 Pre-Test 0.000 15" ✓ AP
 Post-Test 0.000 5" ✓ PM

SAMPLE POINT	METER CONDITIONS				TEMPERATURES, °F				STATIC PRESS. (Wg)	CHAIN OF CUSTODY INFORMATION				
	TIME	ΔP	ΔH	METER READING	STACK	PROBE	METER				OVEN	IMP. OUT	O ₂	VAC.
							IN	OUT						
SP. 1425	1.3	1.34	1.34	1043.886	124	262	101	89	260	60	5.1	2.1		
South 1450														
1455	1.3	1.34	1.34	1064.135	123	263	107	90	263	60	5.1	2.1		
1525	1.3	1.34	1.34	1083.902	123	262	108	92	263	60	5.2	2.1		
1555	1.3	1.34	1.34	1104.252	123	263	107	92	264	60	5.2	2.1		
End. 1625				123.811										
TEST SUMMARY														
Calculated by: <u>DK</u>														
Checked by: <u>DK</u>														
Stack Press (Wg) <u>-063</u> ✓														
Stack Temp (°F) <u>123.3</u> ✓														
ΔP (Wg) <u>1.3000</u> ✓														
O ₂ CO ₂ <u>5.15</u> ✓ <u>13.48</u>														
Meter Vol., (act) <u>79.925</u> ✓														
Meter Temp. (°F) <u>98.3</u> ✓														
Meter Press. (Wg) <u>1.38</u> ✓														
Liquid Vol. (g) <u>271.6</u> ✓														
Comments: <u>DAY 2 8-8-96</u>														

SAMPLE LOCATION: RM OPERATOR/ASSISTANT: RM METER VOL. (START/END): 372.387 / 752.120 DATE: 8-9-78

PRE-TEST DATA:
 Barometric Press., in. Hg. 29.07
 Assumed Stack Temp. °F _____
 Assumed Meter Temp. °F _____
 Assumed ΔP _____
 Assumed Moisture % _____
 Stack Diameter, in. 12.0
 Sample Time: Total _____
 per point _____
 Total of Traverse Points _____
 Teflon Connecting _____
 Line (Y/N) Y
 Isokinetic Factor 1.04 X ΔP

EQUIPMENT INFO:
 Meter ID No. _____
 Meter, Yd. _____
 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 _____
 Pilot: ID _____ Cp _____
 Probe: Mat'l _____ Length _____
 ID/Mat'l _____ Diam. _____
 Nozzle: No. _____
 Filler: _____
 TC Readout ID: Meter _____
 Aux. _____

POST TEST INFO:
 Filter Appearance _____
 Impinger Appearance _____
 Silica Gel Spent (Y/N) _____

PRE-TEST CALIBRATION CHECK:
 Meter Meter Temp
 Time ΔH Reading In Out
 Pre-Test 0.002 15" ✓ RM
 Post-Test 0.000 5" ✓ RM

SAMPLE TRAIN LEAK CHECK:
 CFM Vac Pilot Inlet
0.002 15" ✓ RM
0.000 5" ✓ RM

SAMPLE POINT	METER CONDITIONS			TEMPERATURES, °F				STATIC PRESS. (w/g)	CHAIN OF CUSTODY INFORMATION										
	TIME	ΔP	ΔH	METER READING	STACK	PROBE	METER IN			METER OUT	OVEN	IMP. OUT	O ₂	VAC.					
SP1	1520	1.4	1.46	372.389	122	262	105	90	260	64	5.2	2.6							
SP4th	1550	1.3	1.352	393.365	122	263	113	96	258	63	5.2	2.5							
	1620	1.3	1.352	412.987	121	263	113	98	265	63	5.2	2.5							
	1650	1.3	1.352	432.852	122	263	114	98	265	57	5.3	2.6							
END	1720			452.920															
TEST SUMMARY									Impingers Loaded										
Calculated by: <u>DK</u>									Impingers Recovered										
Checked by: <u>DK</u>									Filter Loaded										
Stack Press (w/g) <u>-0.54</u>									Filter Recovered										
Stack Temp. (°F) <u>121.75</u> ✓									Probe Wash										
AP (w/g) <u>1.3247</u> ✓									TEST SUMMARY										
O ₂ /CO ₂ <u>5.23</u> ✓ <u>13.64</u>									Calculated by: <u>DK</u>										
Meter Vol., (act) <u>80.531</u> ✓									Checked by: <u>DK</u>										
Meter Temp. (°F) <u>103.4</u> ✓									Stack Press (w/g) <u>-0.54</u>										
Meter Press. (w/g) <u>1.38</u> ✓									Stack Temp. (°F) <u>121.75</u> ✓										
Liquid Vol. (g) <u>261</u> ✓									AP (w/g) <u>1.3247</u> ✓										
Comments:									O ₂ /CO ₂ <u>5.23</u> ✓ <u>13.64</u>										
									Meter Vol., (act) <u>80.531</u> ✓										
									Meter Temp. (°F) <u>103.4</u> ✓										
									Meter Press. (w/g) <u>1.38</u> ✓										
									Liquid Vol. (g) <u>261</u> ✓										
									Comments:										

TRISFGD OUT
 STACK

Appendix C.7
Semtech Hg 2000 Analyzer

NYSEG 1
8-7-96

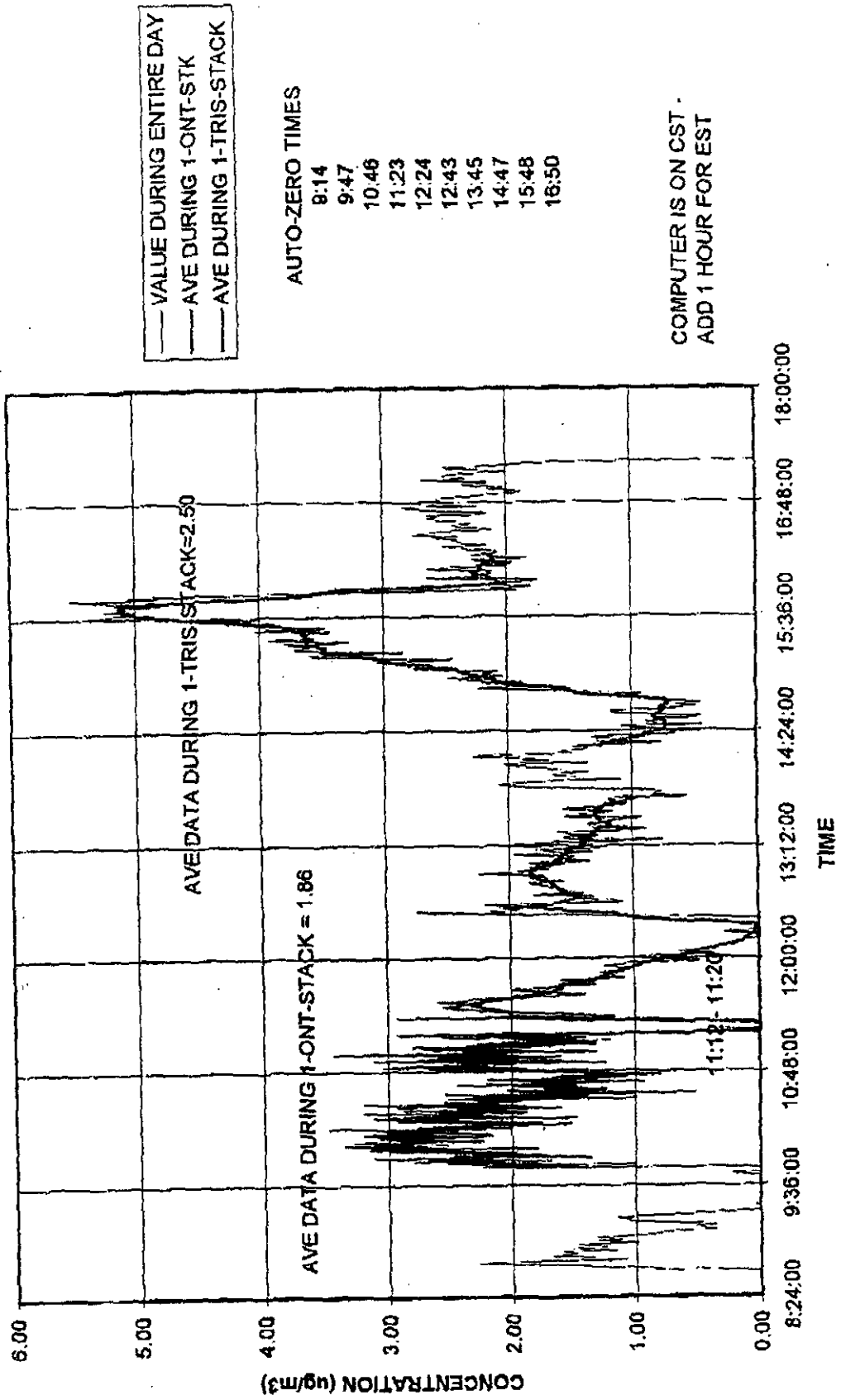


Chart1

NYSEG 2
8-8-96

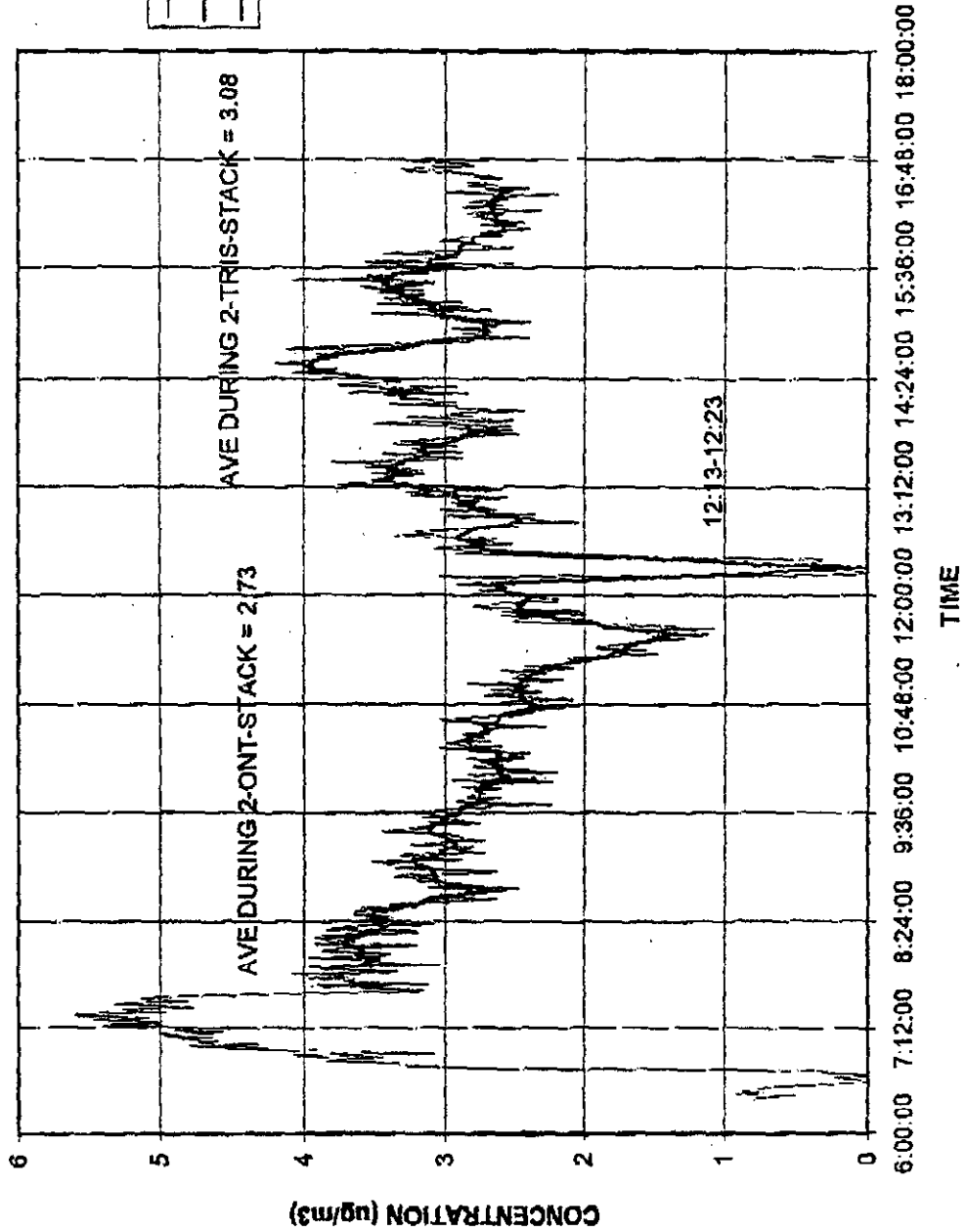
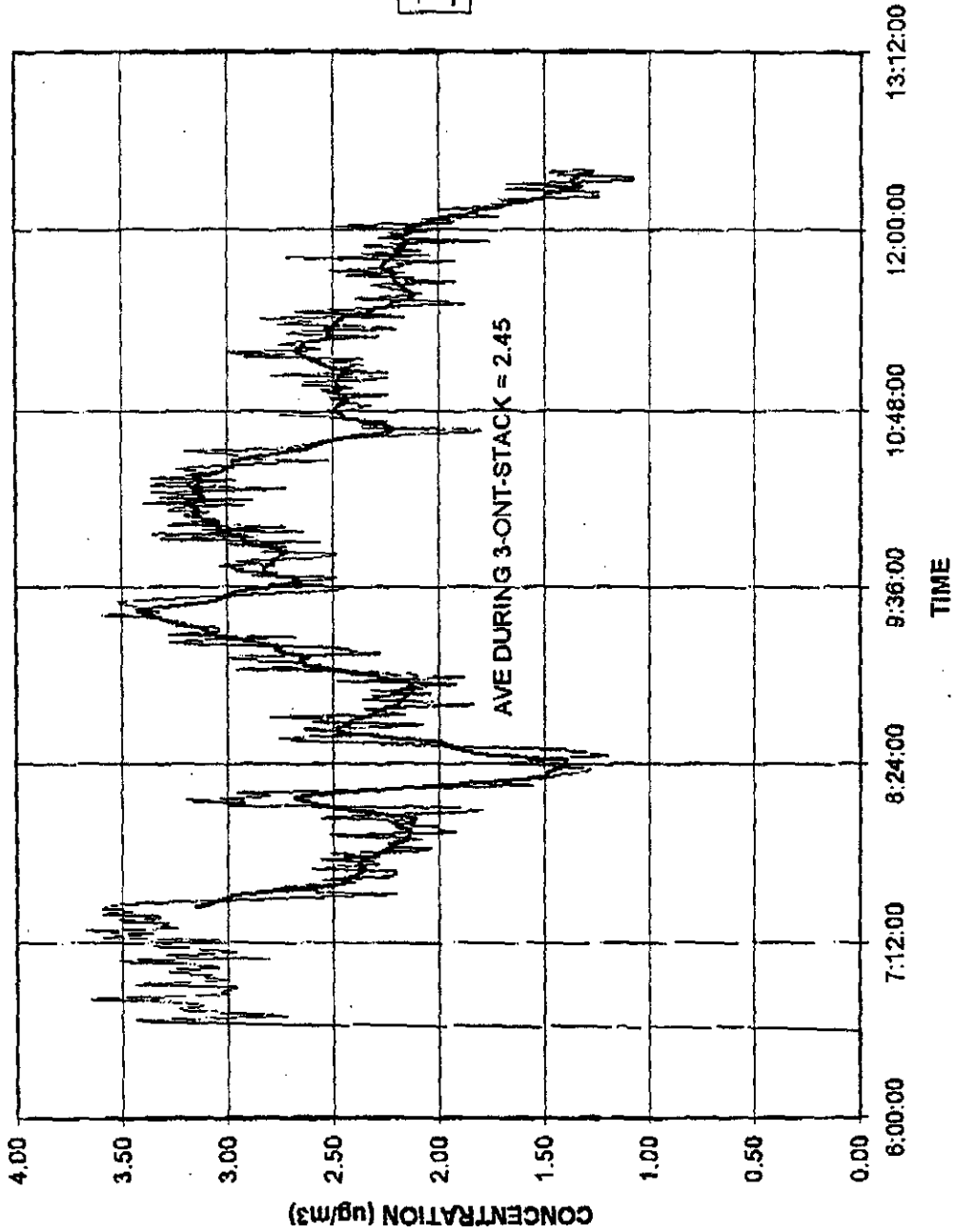


Chart 1

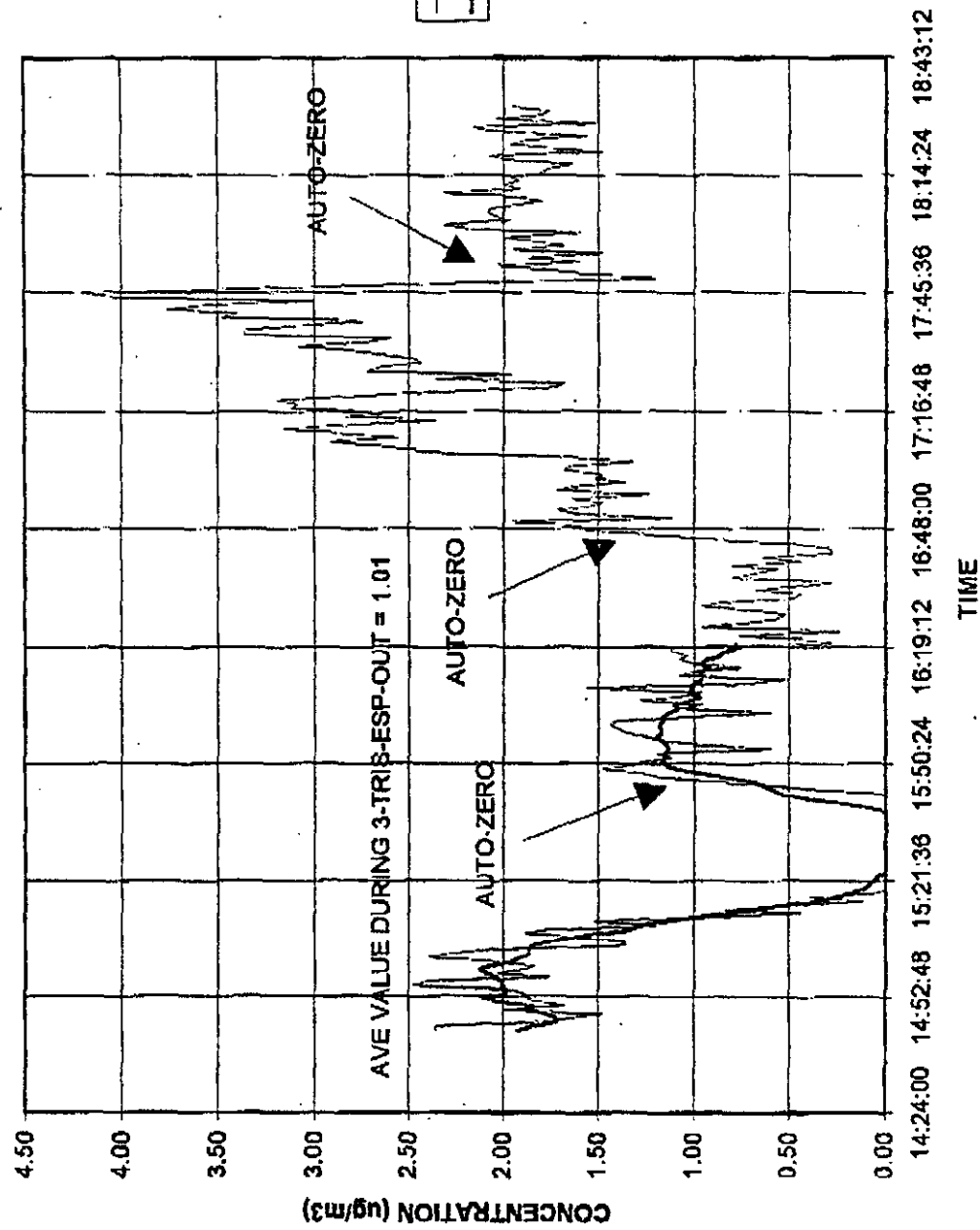
NYSEG 3
8-9-96



AUTO-ZERO
TIMES
7:27
8:29
9:30
10:32
11:33

Chart1

NYSEG 3.8
8-9-96



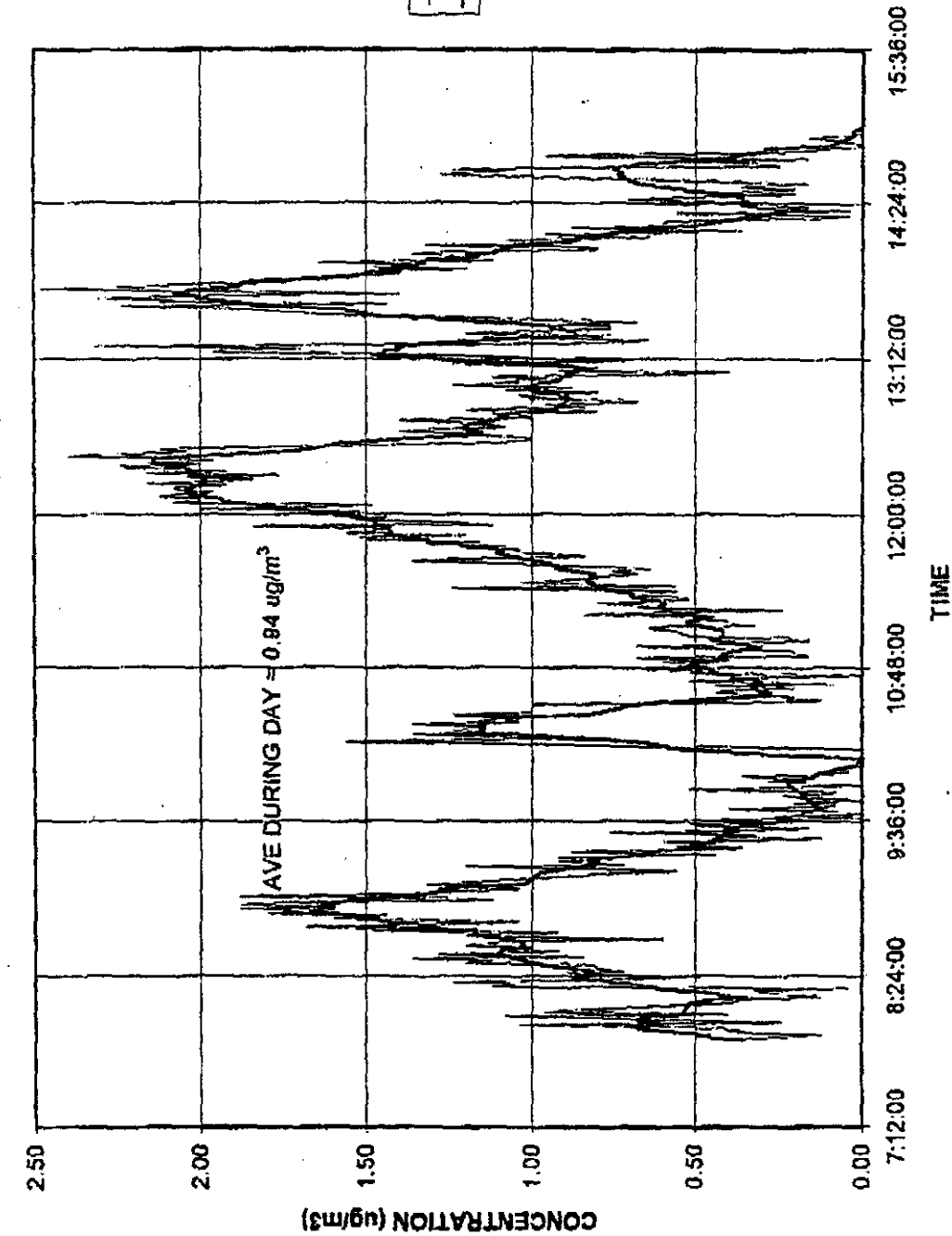
DATA
INVALID -
See Report

VALUES DURING DAY 3
AVE DURING 3-TRIS-ESP-OUT

AUTO-ZERO TIMES
15:42
16:44
17:49

011111

NYSEG 4
8-10-96



Data
Invalid,

See
Report

Laboratory Notes Transcribed from the notebook of Richard Schulz.**NYSEG-Milliken Station Unit No.2 Stack SE Port****8-7-96***Computer times*

- 08:05 Adjusting Detector and Reference zero values.
- 08:13 Adjusting Detector and Reference span values. Tris impinger used for H₂O knockout.
- 08:32 Starting computer logging at 60 second integration times
Note: Computer time is 1 hour earlier than Eastern Daylight Savings Time, so 6:00 computer time is 7:00 EDT.
- 09:45 Auto-zeroed the Semtech.
- 09:46 Changing the sample integration time to 10 seconds.
- 09:48 Power was off to the computer, computer was powering down. Log since 08:32 not complete. Plugged power in at an alternate location. Computer is logging okay now.
- 11:12 Added ice to the impinger knockout box.
Disconnected Semtech inlet line from impinger train, checking for Semtech to zero on ambient air.
- 11:20 Flow back through impinger.
- 11:24 Changing to 60 second integration time.
- 12:43 Auto-zeroed Semtech manually.
- 17:12 Semtech line open to ambient air for zero check.
- 17:16 Unit off line for the day. Terminated logging of NYSEG 1. The impingers need to be changed.
Hg^o levels appear to be $\approx 2.7 \text{ ug/m}^3$. (Dry)
Highest value $\approx 3.2 \text{ ug/m}^3$.
Lowest value $\approx 2.2 \text{ ug/m}^3$.

8-8-96

- 06:22 Start Semtech logging. Changed out Tris impingers and added ice. Checked detector and reference signal values and they are okay. Sampling ambient air.
- 06:28 Starting sample flow through impingers - stack line is not connected to analyzer. Performed manual auto-zero.
- 06:35 Auto-zero complete. Sampling air through impinger still.
- 06:40 Leak checked impingers and Semtech - everything is okay.
- 06:42 Started sampling stack gases. Flow rate ≈ 3 l/min.
- 12:09 Disconnected Semtech from stack to change out first impinger for a fresh one.
- 12:12 Leak check is good. Unit is drawing ambient air through the impingers.
- 12:21 Stack gases flowing through impingers to Semtech.
Ave Hg^s ≈ 3.0 ug/m³ at this point.
Highest reading ≈ 5.5 ug/m³.
Lowest reading ≈ 1.5 ug/m³.
- 16:46 Disconnecting Semtech from flue gas stream, will allow it to sample ambient air overnight.

8-9-96

- 06:10 Changing out tris impingers and adding ice. Reference and detector outputs are okay.
- 06:25 Leak check of impingers and Semtech is okay.
- 06:30 Terminated logging from overnight ambient air sampling.
- 06:31 Started logging NYSEG 3.
- 06:35 Connected impingers to flue gas sample line.
- 12:23 Shutting system down, we are going to move to the ESP outlet location. Semtech set up at ESP outlet, unit is leak checked and is okay. The reference and detector values are okay. Started logging NYSEG 3.5.

14:44 Floating point error, so rebooting. Computer time is correct. Logging is restarted as NYSEG 3.8, unit is auto-zeroed. Static pressure is 14.5 inches of H₂O.

18:29 Shutting Semtech logger off.
Hg° levels ≈ 2 ug/m³. Ranging from 1-4 ug/m³.

8-10-96

07:51 Installed new impingers and iced box down. Started logging as NYSEG 4.
Manually auto-zeroed unit.

08:06 Checked reference and detector outputs and they are okay. Auto-zeroed unit again.

08:16 Leak checked Semtech and impingers which are okay.

08:17 Connecting sample line from ESP Outlet Port T to impingers.

08:30 80% load increasing to 100%.

10:27 Manually auto-zeroed.

15:34 Took Semtech off-line.

Note: This location was very hot and dirty. The instrument was operating out of its specified temperature range. Hg° numbers from this test location may not be valid.