Pre-Drying the Lignite to GRE's Coal Creek Station

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Team Members



Coal Dryer Summary

- Coal drying benefits
 Project history
 Pilot plant arrangement

 Testing parameters
 Drying results
- Prototype & beyond



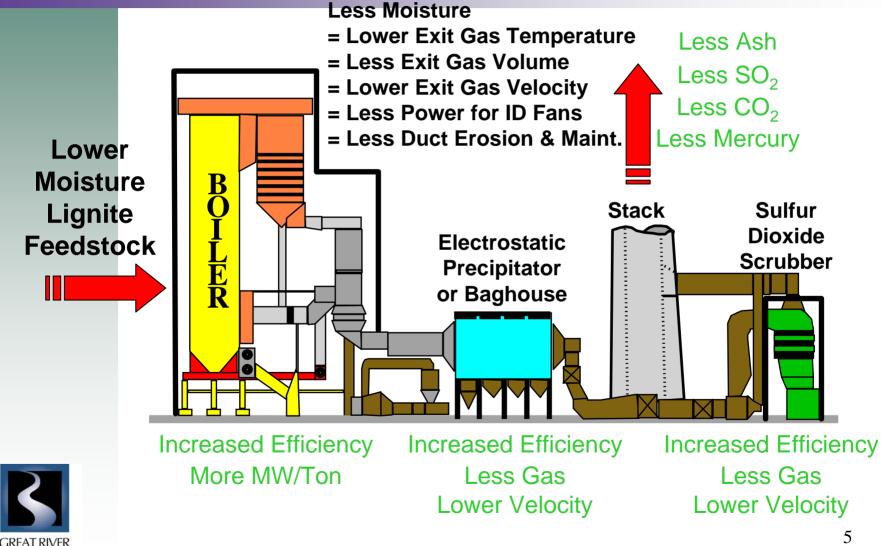
Coal Creek Station

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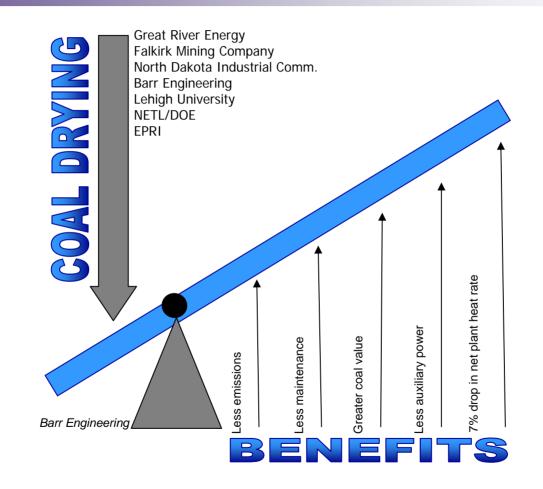
ITATI

Lignite Fuel Enhancement

Incremental Moisture Reduction Project



ENERGY A Touchstone Energy® Cooperative





Auxiliary Power Reduction

- Lower Fan FD, PA, ID Fan HP
 - Lower Pulverizer HP
- Lower Cooling Tower HP
- Lower coal handling HP
- After adding the power for coal drying Aux power drops by about 17%
- This is a 1.2% improvement in NPHR



Reduced Maintenance

- Coal conduit velocity drops by 30%
- Run 6 pulverizers instead of 8
- Flue Gas velocity drops, furnace and duct errosion drops.
- Coal handling wear drops due to lower coal flow.
- Improved Air Heater basket life.



Reduced Plant emissions

- CO2, mercury, ash and sulfur will all be reduced by same percent as coal flow.
- In addition sulfur and mercury will be further
 reduced based on the increased ability to
 scrub.
- NOx is expected to drop due to the shift in combustion air from PA to FD.



 Precip. performance will improve due to lower velocities and temperatures.

Change in Boiler Efficiency

Base 100%-21%-----79%

Target 100%-15.6%------84.4%

Change 1- 79%/84.4%-----6.4%



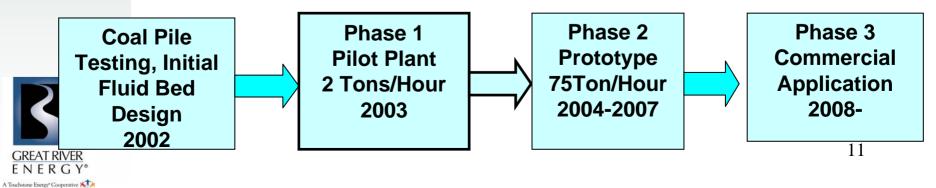
Lignite Drying: Goals and Schedule

► <u>Objectives</u>

- Reduce the moisture content of lignite
- Use waste heat from the power plant
- Modify existing coal deliver systems

► <u>Goals</u>

- Increase the competitive position of lignite-fired power plants
- Reduce the environmental impact of lignite-fired power plants



Drying Benefits Based on Test Burn

- Coal moisture decreased by 6.1 %
- Coal HHV increased by 9.25%
- Coal flow rate decreased by 10.8 %
- Flue gas flow rate decreased by 4 %
- Auxiliary load decreased by 3.8 %
- Boiler efficiency increased by 2.65 %
- Net unit heat rate improved by 2.75 %
- Main steam temperature decreased by 4° F.



 $\mathbf{\nabla}$

Reheat steam temperature remained constant

PILOT and PROTOTYPE DRIERS

Complete Test - NDIC \$460k

Prototype to Full Scale -DOE /GRE \$28M (Underway)



Pilot Coal Dryer Arrangement

Coal Creek Station







NDIC Pilot Testing at Coal Creek Station

September to November 2003



Testing Objectives

- Gain operating experience with lignite in a scalable fluid bed dryer.
- Confirm lab testing results in a scalable fluid bed dryer.
- Determine effect of air flow, bed coils, Bed depth and coal feed rate on dryer operation and cost effectiveness

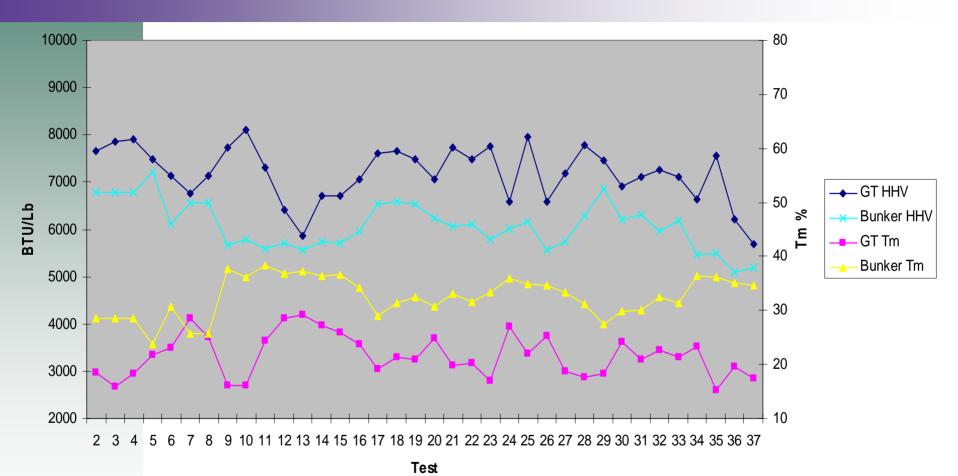


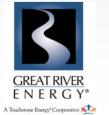


Parameter	Minimum	Maximum						
Air Flow	4200 scfm	6000 scfm						
Air	140 F	200 F						
Temperature								
Coil	140 F	200 F						
Temperature								
Coal Flow	2000 #/hr	6000 #/hr						
Bed Depth	15″	35 ″						



Coal Feed vs Coal Product Tm and HHV





Coal Feed and Product Properties

Coal Feed

- Tm 30 38.3%
- HHV 5100- 6600 Btu/lb
- **Coal Product GT**
- Tm 15.3 29%
- HHV 5700 -8100 Btu/lb





- Drying rate is affected most by the ability to add heat to the bed
- Moisture removal rates greater then 12% can be achieved in less than 18 minutes residence time in the bed
- Temperatures in the bed of up to 160°F did not pose any problems
 Material that can't be fluidized must be removed

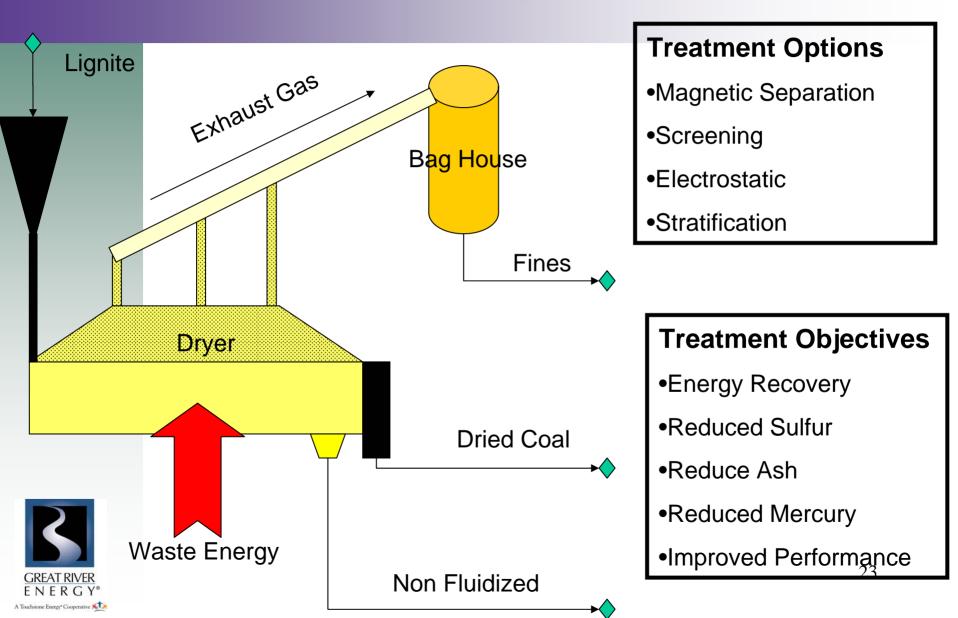
NDIC Pilot Testing at Coal Creek Station

May to November 2004



Dryer Product Streams:

Quality and Energy Enhancement



Summary : Pilot 2004

80+ tests with Falkirk Lignite
Tested four other low ranks
Tested one PRB

Elutriation <btu, >ash
Undercut <btu, >S, >ash, >Hg



Plans to continue in the summer of '05

Progressing from Pilot to Prototype

- DOE joins partnership under a collaborative funding agreement
- Contract with DOE was signed last July
- Prototype dryer construction to commence in May
- Prototype project as per the agreement with DOE does not include quality enhancement options

Project Objectives

 Prove the commercial concept
 Identify a CCS specific dryer
 Explore additional beneficiation potential



Milestone Activities

- Completed EIV: Feb 28th
- Complete Prototype Construction Jul '05
- Testing: Aug '05 to Aug '06
- Project Milestone: Dec '05
- Period 2 begins Dec '05
- ► Period 3 begins Dec '06
- Project Complete Apr '08
- ► Unit 2 Only!

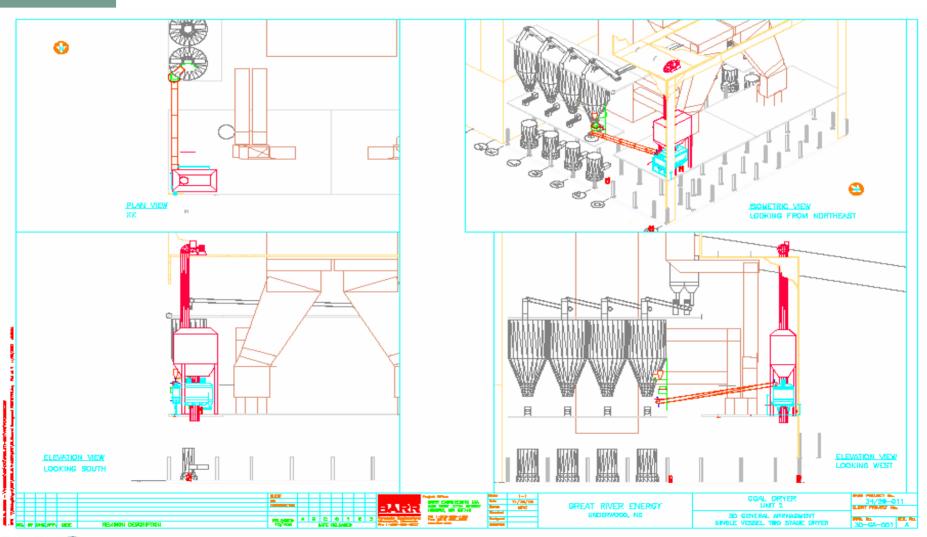


Project Schedule

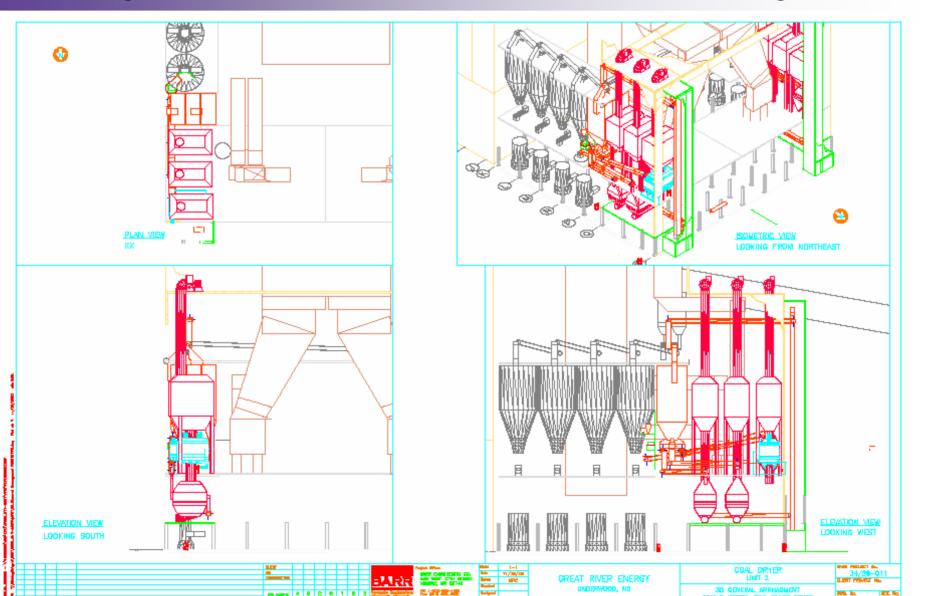
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5		Phase 1: Single Full-Scale Drying System Prototype																
		Task 1.1: Project Definition																
7		1.1.1 Project Management Plan																
8		1.1.2 Financing Plan																
5	<u> </u>	1.1.3 NEPA Documentation	• 70	_														
10		Task 1.2 Design		.														
11	<u> </u>	1.2.1 Design Full Scale Prototype Drying System																
12		1.2.2 Develop instrumentation and Test Plan 1.2.3 Project Management																
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20		Task 1.4 Demonstration																
21		1.4.1 Operational Testing of Prototype Coal Diving System							-									
22		1.4.2 Test Data Review and Evaluation				_			_,									
23		1.4.3 Prototype - Phase 1 Final Report							 i									
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28		Milestone: Decision to Proceed with Phase 2					6.0											
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28		Phase 2: Commercial Units - Six Commercial Drying System																
29		Task 21: Project Definition				- X												-
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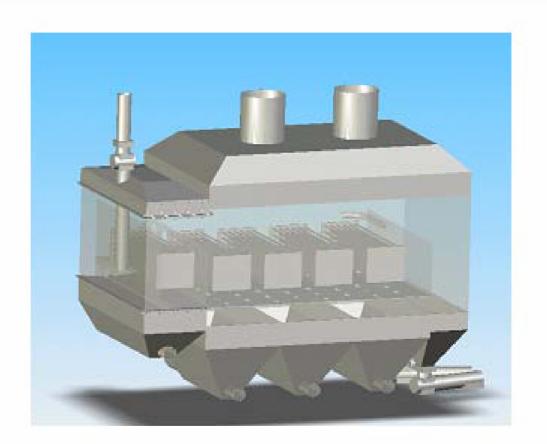
Lay Out Drawing for Prototype Dryer



Layout for Commercial Dryer



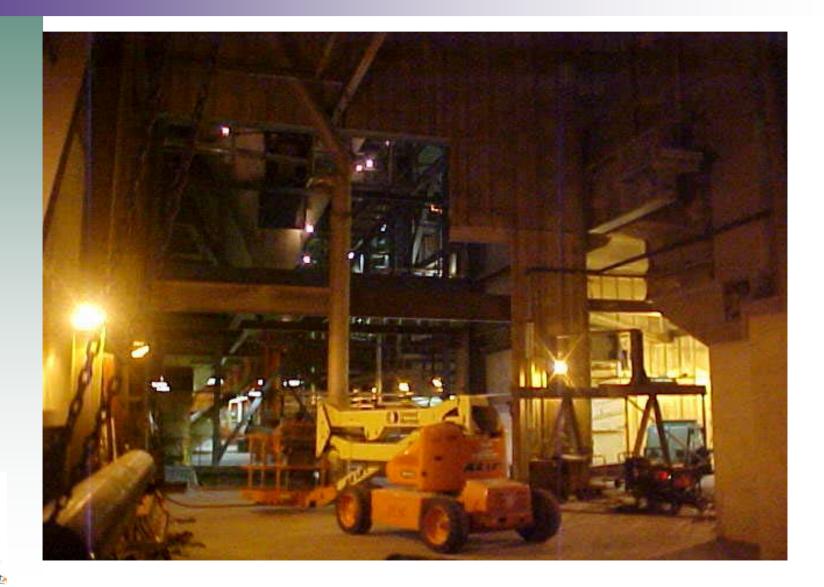
3D Dryer Model





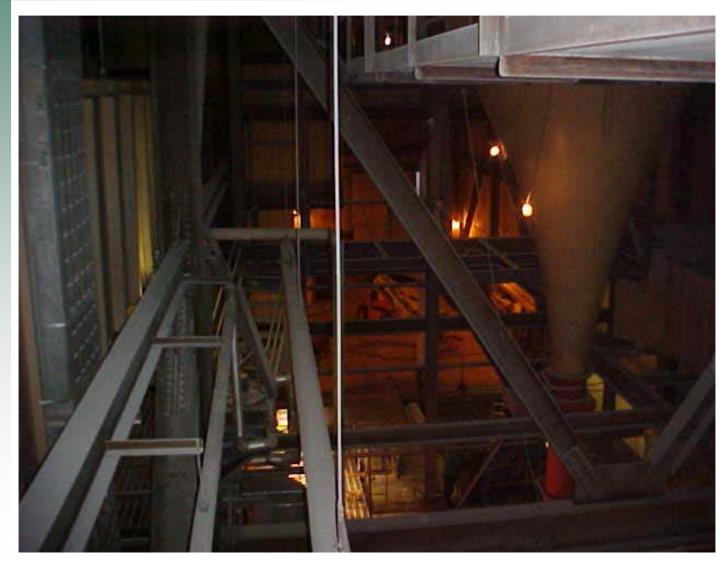


Dryer area looking South





Dryer Area looking North





Possible challenges

- 2T/hr to 75T/hr scale-up
 - O&M issues
- Erosion/corrosion
- Materials life
- Concentrated reject stream
- Reheat temperature



Prototype to Commercial

- One year proving time for prototype operation
- Five Additional dryers to complete drying of Unit 2 by April 2008
- Project to dry for second unit outside the financial scope of CCPI but, Repayment agreement



Conclusion

- Economic, Efficiency, & Environmental Benefit
- Integrate systems for the best economic advantage
- Waste to Work
- Professional Team working on the design
- Lignite/PRB/Global Potential
- Prior research shows we take the next step!

