

COMPUTING SUBSYSTEMS (Safety and Reliability Challenges)

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Role of Computing Subsystems

- Perform safety-critical and mission-critical functions
 - Power management
 - Telemetry
 - Data and information handling
 - Communication
 - Hardware automation and control
- Have contributed to several spacecraft accidents
 - Software data specification errors
 - Software design specification errors

What is NASA Doing?



- Improving system engineering (SE) processes to better handle hardware/software, software/human and software/software interfaces and design trade studies
- Improving software assurance processes
- Exploring the applicability of risk assessment techniques to risk-inform the SE and software assurance processes

Challenges for Risk-informing Software Safety



- Need: Ability to predict (or bound) with a given level of confidence the likelihood of mission failure due to latent software defects to support
 - Risk management decisions (e.g., designing SW testing regimes for risk significant configurations)
 - Risk acceptability decisions (e.g., showing that a probabilistic safety criterion is being met)
- Based on results to-date, it appears that a combination of techniques is needed to satisfy this need



Exploratory Ideas

Risk management decisions

- Application of scenario-based accident modeling techniques to identify system-critical configurations, flight mode changes, and flight transients
- Risk-informed testing regimes

Risk acceptability decisions

- Assignment of initial reliability levels (ranges) based on attributes such as design complexity, and SW quality V&V process considerations (risk classification of software elements)
- Adjustment of reliability levels based on V&V and riskinformed test process findings (updating of initial reliability levels)

Continue focused research

- Beneficial to work with NRC