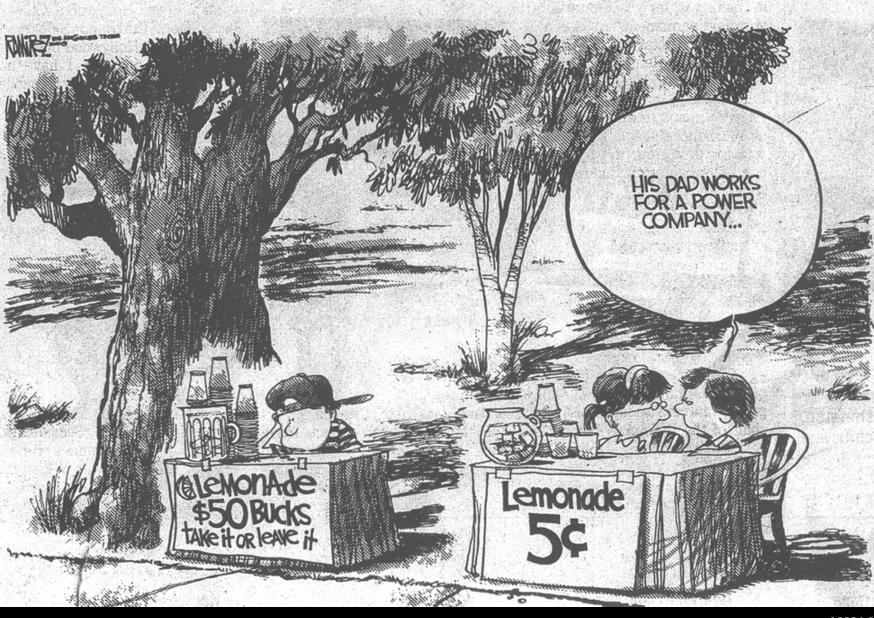
California's Energy: Where do we go from here?

Mark Bernstein RAND

MICHAEL RAMIREZ



In 1998, RAND Created Two Scenarios, One Sunny and One Like This

Continued uncertainty

- Weak, if any federal legislation
- More states move toward competition
- More price fluctuations



Increasing chaos

- Market has troubles due to differences between states
- Large numbers of retail consumers cause problems
- Transmission constraints
- Demand increases
- Average price reductions



More chaos

- Consolidations and bankruptcies
- Reliability problems
- Higher than expected costs
- Prices rise and spike due to severe weather conditions



Chaos

- Federal action
- Price spikes and volatility
- Blackouts
- Some states roll-back competition
- Higher prices



Less chaos and less market

- Smaller number of generators
- Most states move towards consistency
- Some market restrictions
- Higher than expected costs and prices



Adapted from a presentation given at the Anderson School of Business, UCLA, September 1998

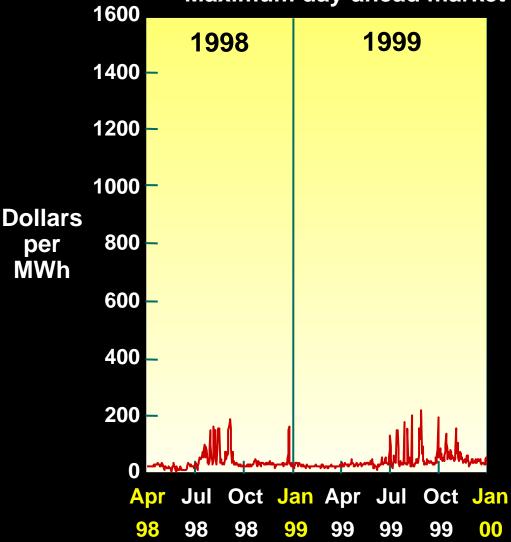
Prices Can Be An Indicator of Market Behavior

Maximum day-ahead market clearing price

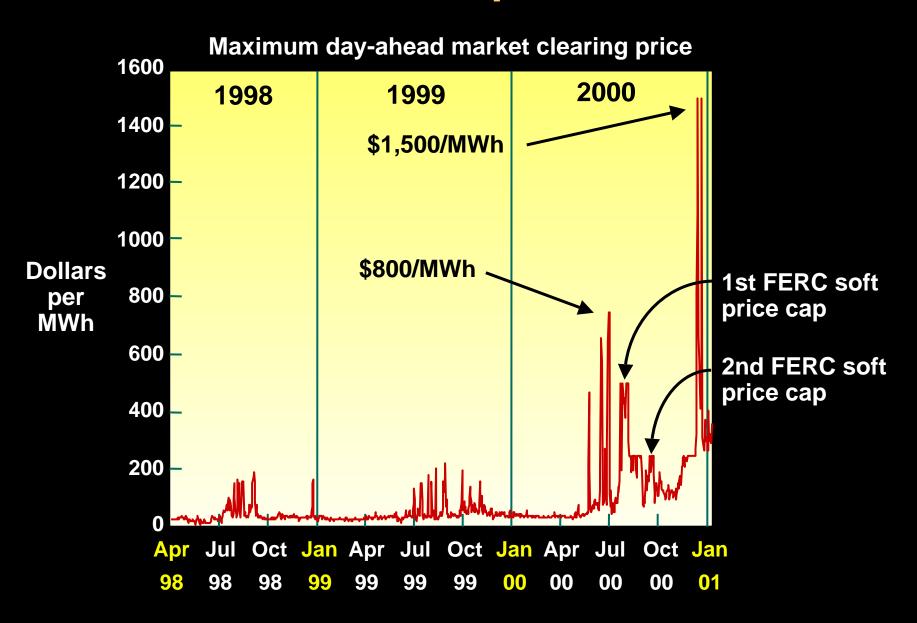


The Effects of Restructuring Were Not Yet Felt in 1999

Maximum day-ahead market clearing price



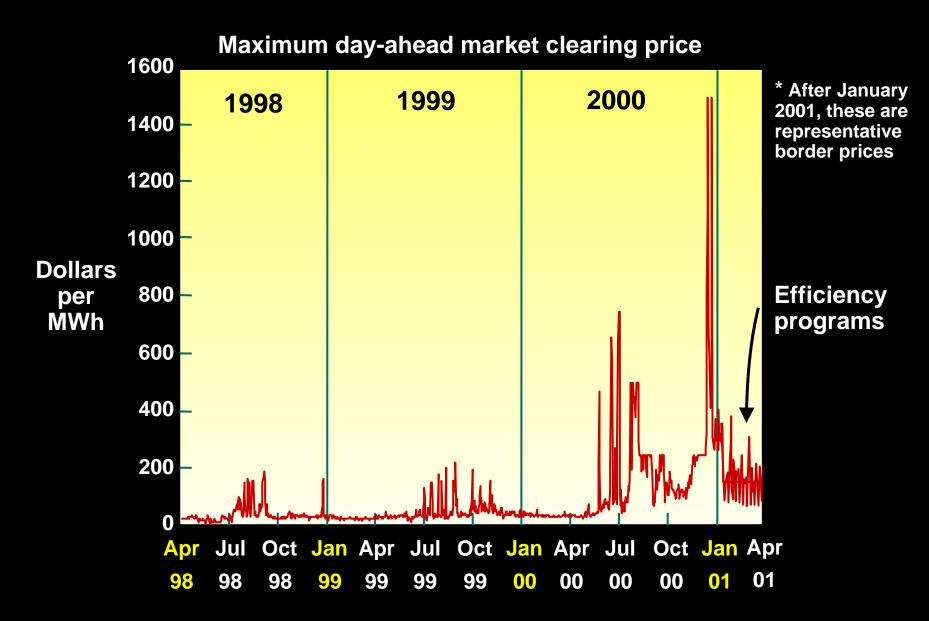
Prices Drove the Perception of a "Crisis"



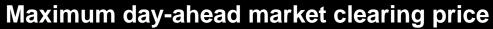
By February 2001, State Was in Crisis Mode

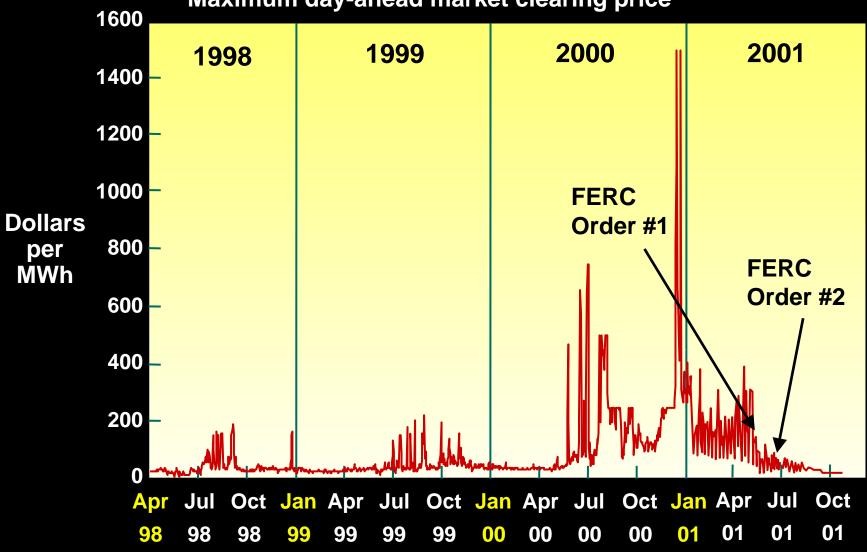


Was the Situation Stabilizing by March 2001?

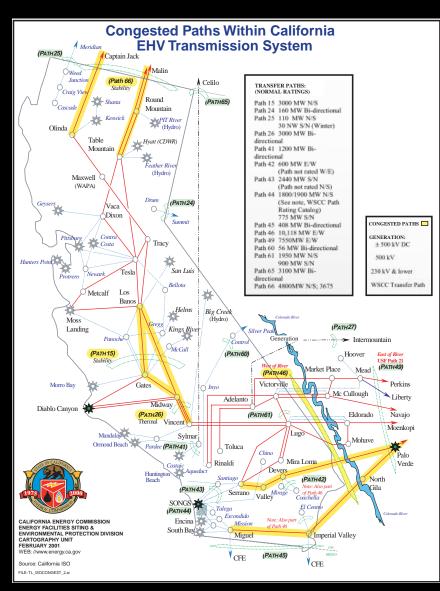


If Prices Drove the Crisis, Then Is the Crisis Over?





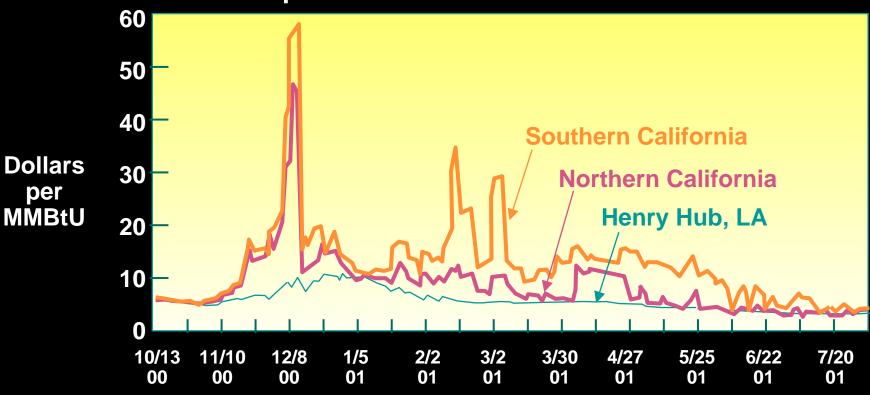
There Are Significant Transmission Constraints in California



- Geographic location of new plants
- Moving power to where it is needed
- Cost of transmission losses
- Role of new technologies
- Not only a California problem

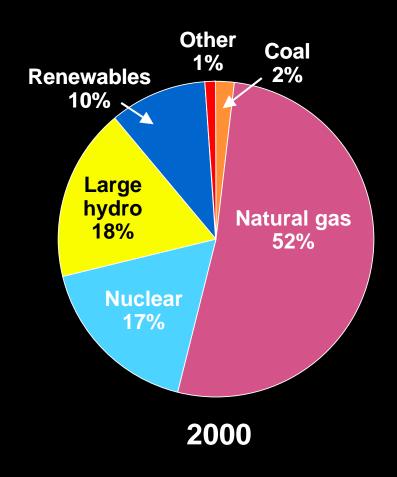
Natural Gas Plays A Role

Natural Gas Spot Contract Market Prices Dollars per million British thermal units



Source: enerfax.com

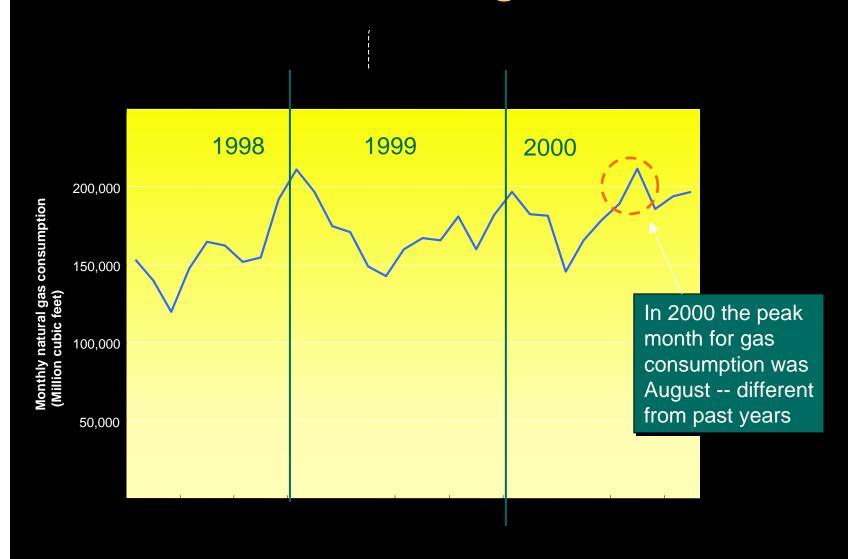
Where Will Gas For New Generation Come From and What Will It Cost?



- California is adding 5,000
 MW of natural gas
- In the West, 8,600 MW of new gas generation is coming on line
- 10,000 MW has been approved and 15,000 MW is under review

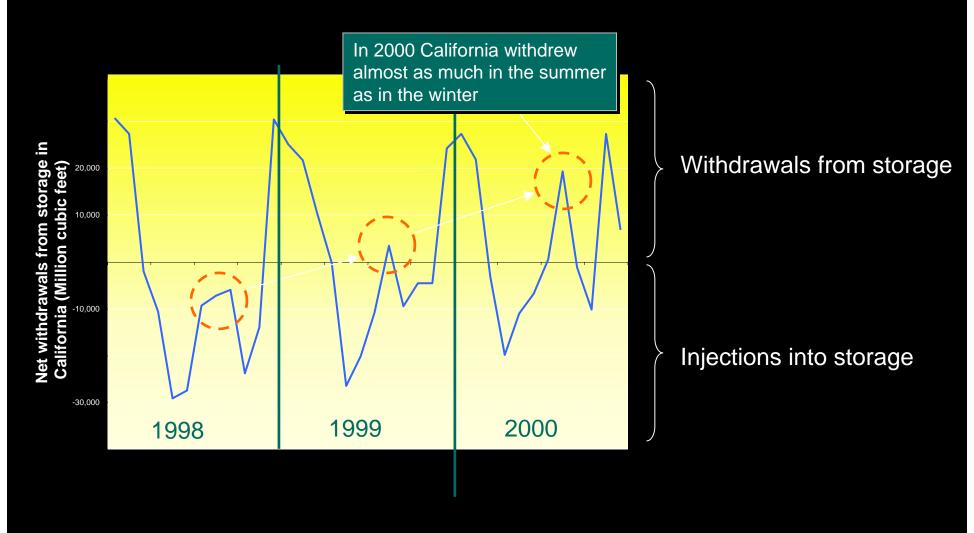
California's in-state fuel mix

Have Seasonal Consumption Patterns Changed?



Source: Natural Gas Monthly

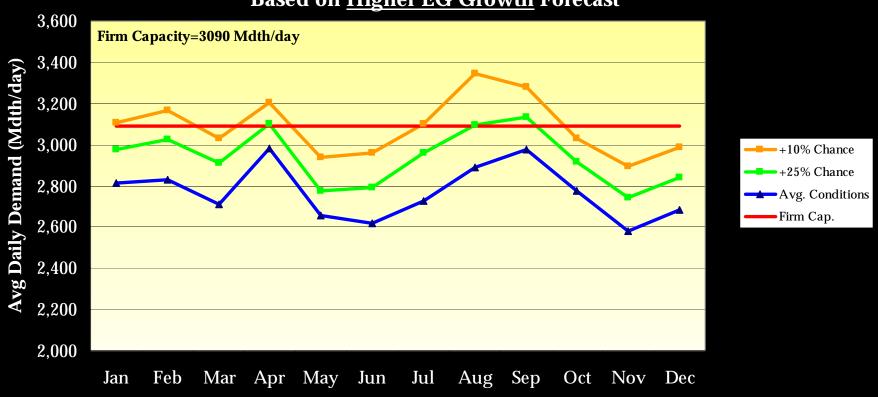
It Impacts Storage



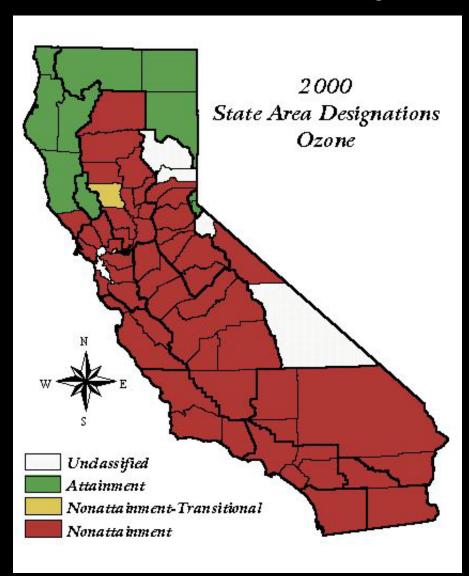
Source: Natural Gas Monthly

PG&E Expects a 25% Chance of High Demand Risking Price Spikes

2005 Demand for Flowing Supply Based on <u>Higher EG Growth</u> Forecast

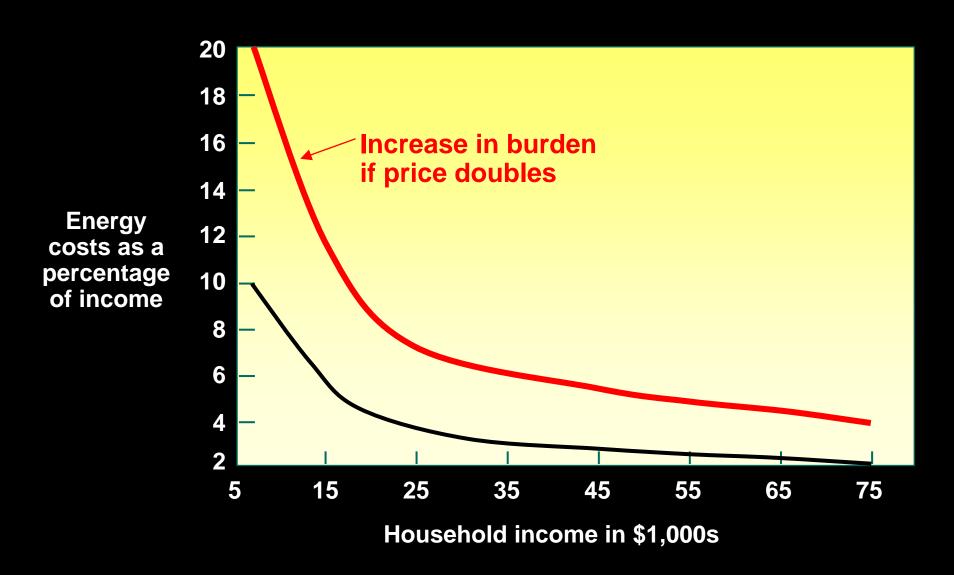


Environmental Issues Will Continue to Play a Role



- Pollution is still a problem
- Natural gas plants don't necessarily help

Consumers Tend To Be Overlooked



Here's What We Still Need to Know

- Market stability: What are the mechanisms and conditions for creating competition and controlling volatility?
- Restructuring: How will restructured markets work under stress?
- Pricing: What impact will time of use rates and real time pricing have?
- State power authority: What should its role be?
- Demand: How much was efficiency and how much was conservation?

Here's What We Still Need to Know

- Consumers: Should there be lifeline rates and how much?
- Natural gas supply and price: What do we really know about the gas supply?
- Diversity of supply: What roles do efficiency, renewables, and distributed generation play in balancing the portfolio?
- Environmental outcomes: What effect will regulatory changes and new capacity have on air and water quality?