

ing interests, had been
napped on Feb. 4, 1974, a few
days short of a year before Mr. Yoshimura, a woman fleeing
Scott went to the Harrisburg
police. (Continued on Page 20, Column 3)

Oswald Calls to Embassies Reported Taped by C.I.A.

By NICHOLAS M. HORROCK

Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20—his pro-Castro activities, ever
The Central Intelligence Agency secretly tape-recorded two
telephone conversations between Lee Harvey Oswald and
the Cuban and Soviet Embassies in Mexico City some eight
weeks before President Kennedy was shot to death on Nov.
22, 1963, in Dallas, Government sources familiar with the
events said today.

The call to the Soviet Embassy, according to the sources, alerted the C.I.A. to the presence of Oswald in Mexico City, and on Oct. 10 the agency warned the Federal Bureau of Investigation. There is no indication that the F.B.I., which was investigating Oswald for

followed up on the information. The call to the Cuban Embassy, the sources said, was not associated with Oswald until after the death of Mr. Kennedy. A Federal commission headed by Chief Justice Earl Warren found that Oswald, acting alone, had slain the President.

To Avoid Publicity

The calls were reportedly placed by Oswald on a trip to Mexico City in late September and early October, 1963. The events of this trip have never been fully made public and have been the subject of speculation for more than a decade.

The reports of the calls are the latest developments in the increasing speculation about the Warren Commission's conclusions. Evidence that the C.I.A. and the F.B.I. may have been less than candid with the commission has added to the questions surrounding the as-

Continued on Page 49, Column 1



Secretary of State Kissinger with Shimon Peres, Israeli Defense Minister, after their meeting in Washington.

has been close to the years, although there has been between him and Mr. Khaddam is p in Syria's efforts the civil strife in

The Egyptian a two men thus weight beyond issue.

Today, more time a fair mated at the streets in strate against They marched office shouting "Yasir!" Demo kind are usu

Continued on

Today's Sections

| | |
|---------------------|-------------------------|
| Section 1 (2 Parts) | News |
| Section 2 | Arts and Leisure |
| Section 3 | Business and Finance |
| Section 4 | The Week in Review |
| Section 5 | Sports |
| Section 6 | Magazine |
| (Part 2) | Report on Men's Wear |
| Section 7 | Book Review |
| Section 8 | *Real Estate |
| Section 9 | *Employment Advertising |
| Section 10 | Travel and Resorts |

*Included in all copies distributed in New York City and the suburban area.

Index to Subjects

| Section | Page |
|------------------------|----------|
| Amusement News | 1 52-53 |
| Art | 2 31-32 |
| Bridge | 2 42 |
| Chess | 2 43 |
| Dance | 2 10 |
| Editorial/Op-Ed | 4 16-17 |
| Fashions/Home Fashions | 6 60-63 |
| Film | 2 15 |
| Food | 6 64 |
| Gardens/Home Repairs | 2 38, 42 |
| Letters to the Editors | 4 16 |
| Music/Recordings | 2 17-18 |
| News Summary & Index | 1 63 |
| Obituaries | 1 55 |
| Photography | 2 42 |
| Puzzles | 6 76 |
| Ship Movements | 1 63 |
| Society | 1 57-62 |
| Stamps/Coins | 2 36-37 |
| Theater | 2 5 |
| TV/Radio | 2 25 |
| TV (Late Listings) | 1 63 |

PHOTO IS HERE: First Partial Account published by Associated Press Review page 41

Chilean Junta Resisting

By JONATHAN KANDELL

Special to The New York Times

SANTIAGO, Chile, Sept. 16—Two years after the bloody coup that toppled the Marxist coalition government of President Salvador Allende Gossens, the military junta that governs Chile has developed a siege mentality against critics of its harsh economic recovery program and of its continuing vio-

lations of human rights. Unemployment is at its highest in at least four decades and industrial production has dropped sharply this year. But the junta has vowed to continue an austerity program aimed almost exclusively at dampening the perennial rise in inflation and diminishing the state's role in the economy. Arbitrary arrests and re-

ports of tor in recent because of fidence the version ha hand, sucl tually be and the, remains still abou oners, ac ment. The j knowled than i, tained. Lawyer pect th sing p tion ters. G The has Chile larly has tiat eigr I Re bil vi last year. Of the 6,984 seniors S

June Graduates Find More Jobs Than Expected

By SETH S. KING

Special to The New York Times

EVANSTON, Ill., Sept. 20—The graduating seniors in the class of '75, who in June were thought to have the poorest chances for employment since the Great Depression, are faring better than the forecasters had expected. Few of them were courted by the employers this time. Most of them had to try longer and harder to find a job and had to settle for something less than they had hoped for. The job offers came later in the summer than usual. And many of 1975's graduates are now working in places that

they had not even considered living in before. But many have been delighted to find that inflation has pushed starting salaries, especially for engineers and particularly for women engineers, above last year's. **90% Find Jobs** Placement directors at universities and colleges in many parts of the country said this week that the majority of those seniors who made the effort were now employed in the fields they had trained for, or in something related to them. "We've found that more than 90 per cent of Northwestern's June graduates who really

sought jobs have now found them," said Victor R. Lindquist, director of placement at this large private university's Evanston campus. "Of course, that's below the 95 per cent or higher rate we've had for the past three years," he said. "But when you consider how poor the prospects were this spring, it's not as bad as you'd expect." The College Placement Council of Bethlehem, Pa., in a survey of 156 colleges and universities, found that by August job offers to the class of 1975 had dropped 27 per cent below last year. Of the 6,984 seniors S

Continued on Page 45, Column 2 C

New York Times
Sunday 21 Sept 75
p 1

ination and has led to more
s for a reopening of the in-
ty.

The Mexico City trip was
to scant treatment in the
Warren Commission report be-
fore the publication of informa-
tion about it might have ex-
posed "sources and methods"
of the C.I.A. and impaired na-
tional security, intelligence of-
ficials and commission staff
members have said.

In response to inquiries about
the matter from The New York
Times, the C.I.A. issued an un-
usually public statement on the
matter. It would not confirm
if there were any tape-re-
corded conversations but said:
"On October 9, 1963 Central
Intelligence Agency headquar-
ters received information that
a person named Lee Oswald
contacted the Soviet Embassy
in Mexico City in late Septem-
ber or early October, 1963. In
transmitting the information on
October 1963 Central Intelle-
gence Agency headquarters
said Lee Oswald was probably
identical to Lee Henry (sic)
Oswald, a former radar opera-
tor in the United States Marine
Corps, born 18 October 1939
in New Orleans, who defected
to the Soviet Union in 1959
and who, subsequently made
arrangements to return to the
United States with a Russian
wife."

From F.B.I. Reports
"This biographical data was
based upon Federal Bureau of
Investigation reports provided
to the Central Intelligence Agency
following Oswald's defection to
the Soviet Union.
"This information was also
provided to the Immigration
and Naturalization Service, the
Department of the Navy, the
United States Ambassador and
his staff in Mexico and to the
representative of the F.B.I. in
Mexico.

Following the assassination
of President Kennedy, Central
Intelligence Agency records re-
vealed that a person believed
to be Oswald was in contact
with the Cuban Embassy on
27 September 1963 for the pur-
pose of receiving a transit visa
for use enroute to the U.S.S.R.
"In addition, a number of
photographs of individuals be-
lieved to be in contact with
the Cuban and Soviet Embas-
sies in Mexico City were
received from the Central Intelli-
gence Agency station in Mexico
and were compared with pic-
tures of Lee Harvey Oswald
by C.I.A. officers in Mexico
City and C.I.A. headquarters
and by United States authori-
ties in Dallas, Texas.
"It was determined that none
of these photographs was the



United Press International
Lee Harvey Oswald

photograph of Lee Harvey Os-
wald. Their determinations, and
the raw data upon which they
were based, along with the
reports of his visit to the Soviet
Embassy, were made to the
Warren and Rockefeller Com-
missions as were all other
materials relevant to the inves-
tigation of President Kennedy's
death."

Three staff members of the
Warren Commission were as-
signed to investigate the Mexi-
co City trip and other matters
involving the C.I.A.—William
T. Coleman, now Secretary of
Transportation; Howard P. Wil-
lens, a former Justice Depart-
ment official now in private
law practice, and W. David
Slawson, a law professor in
California.

Mr. Coleman said in a tele-
phone interview that he was
"disturbed" about the possibi-
lity that United State security
might be harmed by recent
disclosures of F.B.I. and C.I.A.
activities. But he acknowledged
that he and other staff mem-
bers had received information
from the C.I.A. on Oswald's
activities in Mexico, and they
did not run counter to the
commission's conclusion that
Oswald, acting alone, killed
President Kennedy and a Dallas
police officer, J. J. Tippitt.

Sure Others Learned

Mr. Coleman said he was
sure that J. Lee Rankin, the
Warren Commission's chief
counsel, had been informed of
the C.I.A. Mexico City data
and that "at least two or three
commission members" knew.
He could not remember if the
commission had ever discussed
the matter in executive session.
Mr. Willens and Mr. Slawson
declined to make public com-
ment.

Sources familiar with the
contents of the tapes said that
Oswald had been seeking a
transit visa from Cuban offi-
cials and that he had been
"rebuffed." One source said that
the call to the Soviet Embassy
had been an effort to get help
in furthering his application
at the Cuban Embassy.

These sources said there had

to the conversations and one of them, that happens
source called them "benign," but now, though."

Moreover, the sources said.

Personnel Cuts

The C.I.A. had information that
Sanitation personnel there
the Cubans were suspicious of
have been cut from 1,450 to
and unsympathetic to Oswald.
935. They collect about 2,800
tons a day, compared with the
One source said the Cubans
24,000 tons generated daily in
regarded Oswald's behavior in
New York City.

returning to the United States,
Mayor Beame's ultimatum to
from the Soviet Union and then
clean up the streets within 10
asking to go back as "strange."
days expires tomorrow at mid-
night. Some progress has been
reported.

Asked if anything said might
have "triggered" Oswald, a
Castro supporter, to take "retal-
iation" against President Ken-
nedy, one source said he
thought not but said that he
thought Oswald had been "frus-
trated" by the Cubans.

Known by F.B.I.

The F.B.I. acknowledged at
the Warren Commission hear-
ings that it had received infor-
mation from the C.I.A. about
Oswald's Mexican contact with
the Soviet Embassy on Oct. 10,
1963. Former F.B.I. agents in-
volved in the investigation said
the bureau knew that Oswald
had been trying to return to the
Soviet Union.

Under bureau operating pro-
cedures at that time, the F.B.I.
followed up on any unexplained
visit by an American citizen to
Communist embassies and consul-
ulates. It would have been par-
ticularly watchful in the case of
Oswald, who had defected once.

The bureau jargon for such
unexplained visits was "bogies,"
and agents were sent to inter-
view the person on why he or
she had been in contact with
the Communists. The only rea-
son this was not done in Os-
wald's case, these sources said,
may have been because he was
already under an F.B.I. security
investigation in connection with
pro-Castro activities.

The bureau's formal response
to these questions was to refer
to the Warren Commission re-
port. In the report it was noted
that James P. Hosty Jr., special
agent of the Dallas field office,
attempted to interview Oswald
about his Cuban activities on
Nov. 1.

Sanitation Commissioner Rob-
ert T. Groh, who resigned to-
day amid mounting public
criticism of his department's
performance, attributed the
unsightly dirty streets and
overflowing rubbish barrels to
manpower reductions. An aver-
age of 3,100 men is on duty
daily now, compared with 4,000
in former years.

If more men are not hired,
Mr. Groh said, "we'll just have
to get accustomed to living
like this; our standards will
have to be lowered."
Solutions suggested in other
cities included new laws and
taxes governing packaging, use
of an all-purpose returnable
bottle and the painting of
workers' names on sanitation
trucks to enable citizens to
hold them responsible for
sloppy work.

But others believe a real
solution rests only in changing
people's behavior. City streets,
said the Chicago columnist,
Mike Royko, "are as clean as
people in that neighborhood
want them to be."

Mr. Powers of Keep America
Beautiful professes optimism.
The fiscal crises of the nation's
cities, he said, are making more
people aware that they can not
rely on government to solve all
their problems.

"This is a very, very slow
process," he said. "I'm not sug-
gesting there is a big move-
ment across the country and
we will have the situation
cleaned up in five years. But
there is a new attitude, and
I am encouraged."



It:
SHII
Accessories:
satchels -
double-hr
your shot
findings:
Fall color

Soft, Subtle, and Sophisticated

