

TO: Honorable Anthony J. Scirica, Chair
Standing Committee on Rules of Practice
and Procedure

FROM: Honorable A. Thomas Small, Chair
Advisory Committee on Bankruptcy Rules

DATE: May 10, 2002

RE: Report of the Advisory Committee on
Bankruptcy Rules

I. Introduction

The Advisory Committee on Bankruptcy Rules met on March 21-22, 2002, in Tucson, Arizona. The Advisory Committee considered public comments regarding proposed amendments to the Bankruptcy Rules and Official Forms that were published in August 2001.

The proposed amendments published in August 2001 include revisions to four Bankruptcy Rules (Bankruptcy Rules 1007, 2003, 2009, and 2016), and new Rule 7007.1. There were also amendments proposed to Official Forms 1, 5, and 17. The Advisory Committee received only five comments on the proposed amendments and additions to the Rules and Official Forms. Most of the comments

were addressed to the amendments to Rule 1007 and the addition of Rule 7007.1. One person commented on the proposed amendment to Rule 2016. Since no person who submitted a written comment requested to appear at the public hearing scheduled for January 4, 2002, the hearing was canceled.

The Advisory Committee considered the written comments on the proposals and approved each of the proposals and will present them to the Standing Committee at its June 2002 meeting for final approval and transmission to the Judicial Conference. The amendments and additions to the Bankruptcy Rules are set out in Part II A of this Report. The amendments to the Official Forms are set out behind a separate tab in the Agenda Book.

The Advisory Committee also considered proposed amendments to Bankruptcy Rule 1005 and eleven Official Forms to implement a Judicial Conference policy concerning a restriction on the publication of social security numbers. These amendments were published for comment in January 2002, and since the comment period for these amendments did not expire until April 22, 2002, there were no comments to consider at the time of the Committee's meeting. The Committee, however, directed the Subcommittee on Privacy and Public Access to invite persons to participate in a focus group meeting to discuss the issues raised by the proposed amendments. The Subcommittee conducted the focus group meeting in Washington, D.C., on April 12, 2002, the date originally scheduled for the public hearing on the proposals. The Committee did not receive any timely requests to appear at the scheduled public hearing. The Subcommittee approved amendments to Rules 1005, 1007, and 2002, and Official Forms 1, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 16A, 16C, and 19, and will present them to the Standing Committee at its June 2002 meeting for final approval and transmission to the Judicial Conference. The

amendments to the Bankruptcy Rules are set out in Part II B of this Report. The amendments to the Official Forms are set out behind a separate tab in the Agenda Book.

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II. Action Items

A. Proposed Amendments to Bankruptcy Rules 1007, 2003, 2009, and 2016, Proposed New Rule 7007.1, and Official Forms 1, 5, and 17 Submitted for Final Approval by the Standing Committee and Submission to the Judicial Conference.

1. *Public Comment.*

The preliminary draft of the proposed amendments and an addition to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure and amendments to the Official Forms were published for comment in August 2001, and a public hearing on the preliminary draft was scheduled for January 4, 2002. There were no requests to appear at the hearing.

There were five comments on the proposals. The comment submitted by the Standing Committee on Rules of Practice and Procedure for the United States District Court for the Western District of Michigan stated that it supports all of the proposed amendments to the Bankruptcy Rules. There were no comments on the proposed amendments to the Official Forms. The remaining comments are summarized on a rule-by-rule basis following the text of each rule set out below. The Advisory Committee reviewed these comments and approved the amendments and addition to the rules and

forms as published. The Advisory Committee recommends that the amendments to the Official Forms be approved effective December 1, 2002.

2. *Synopsis of Proposed Amendments and Addition:*

- (a) Rule 1007 is amended to add an obligation for corporate debtors to include information regarding their owners that also are corporations. The disclosure provides to the court, at the beginning of the case, some of the information necessary to make judicial disqualification decisions.
- (b) Rule 2003 is amended to reflect the enactment of a new subchapter V of chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code that makes multilateral clearing organizations eligible for bankruptcy relief.
- (c) Rule 2009 is amended to reflect the enactment of a new subchapter V of chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code that makes multilateral clearing organizations eligible for bankruptcy relief.
- (d) Rule 2016 is amended to implement amendments made to 11 U.S.C. § 110(h)(1).
- (e) Rule 7007.1 is added to require parties in adversary proceedings to disclose corporate entities that own 10% or more of the stock of

the party to provide the court with some of the information necessary to make judicial disqualification decisions.

- (f) Official Form 1 is the form of a voluntary petition, and it is amended to add a checkbox for designating a clearing bank case filed under subchapter V of chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code.
- (g) Official Form 5 is the form of an involuntary petition, and it is amended to give notice to child support creditors and their representatives that no filing fee is required and the petitioner files the form specified in § 304(g) of the Bankruptcy Reform Act of 1994, Pub. L. No. 103-394, 108 Stat. 4106 (Oct. 22, 1994).
- (h) Official Form 17 is the form of a Notice of Appeal, and it is amended to give notice to child support creditors and their representatives that no filing fee is required if the appellant files the statement specified by § 304 (g) of the Bankruptcy Reform Act of 1994, Pub. L. No. 103-394, 108 Stat. 4106 (Oct. 22, 1994).

***3. Text of Proposed Amendments to Rules 1007, 2003,
2009, and 2016, and
new Proposed Rule 7007.1, and Proposed Amendments
to Official Forms 1, 15, and 17:***

***Proposed Amendments Submitted to the Judicial
Conference for Approval***

**PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE FEDERAL
RULES OF BANKRUPTCY PROCEDURE***

Rule 1007. Lists, Schedules, and Statements; Time Limits

1 (a) LIST OF CREDITORS AND EQUITY SECURITY
2 HOLDERS, AND CORPORATE OWNERSHIP
3 STATEMENT.

4 (1) *Voluntary Case.* In a voluntary case, the debtor
5 shall file with the petition a list containing the name and
6 address of each creditor unless the petition is
7 accompanied by a schedule of liabilities. If the debtor is
8 a corporation, other than a governmental unit, the debtor
9 shall file with the petition a corporate ownership
10 statement containing the information described in Rule
11 7007.1. The debtor shall file a supplemental statement
12 promptly upon any change in circumstances that renders

* New material is underlined; matter to be omitted is lined through.

2 FEDERAL RULES OF BANKRUPTCY PROCEDURE

13 the corporate ownership statement inaccurate.

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COMMITTEE NOTE

This rule is amended to require the debtor to file a corporate ownership statement setting out the information described in Rule 7007.1. Requiring debtors to file the statement provides the court with an opportunity to make judicial disqualification determinations at the outset of the case. This could reduce problems later in the case by preventing the initial assignment of the case to a judge who holds a financial interest in a parent company of the debtor or some other entity that holds a significant ownership interest in the debtor. Moreover, by including the disclosure statement filing requirement at the commencement of the case, the debtor does not have to make the same disclosure filing each time it is involved in an adversary proceeding throughout the case. The debtor also must file supplemental statements as changes in ownership might arise.

Public Comment on Proposed Amendments to Rule 1007:

1. Hon. Walter Shapero (Bankr. E.D. Mich.) urged that the rule requiring disclosure be extended to include disclosure when the ownership of stock is held either directly or indirectly. He also questioned whether the rule should be extended to be applicable to contested matters and to disclosure by members of a creditors committee.

2. Thomas Yerbich (Anchorage, Alaska) suggested that the rule should be extended to involuntary cases as well as voluntary cases.

Changes Made After Publication and Comments.

No changes since publication.

Rule 2003. Meeting of Creditors or Equity Security Holders

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(b) ORDER OF MEETING.

(1) *Meeting of Creditors.* The United States trustee shall preside at the meeting of creditors. The business of the meeting shall include the examination of the debtor under oath and, in a chapter 7 liquidation case, may include the election ~~of a trustee or~~ of a creditors' committee and, if the case is not under subchapter V of chapter 7, the election of a trustee. The presiding officer shall have the authority to administer oaths.

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COMMITTEE NOTE

The rule is amended to reflect the enactment of subchapter V of chapter 7 of the Code governing multilateral clearing organization liquidations. Section 782 of the Code provides that the designation of a trustee or alternative trustee for the case is made by the Federal Reserve Board. Therefore, the meeting of creditors in those cases cannot include the election of a trustee.

Public Comment on Proposed Amendments to Rule 2003:

No comments were received.

Changes Made After Publication and Comments.

No changes since publication.

Rule 2009. Trustees for Estates When Joint Administration Ordered

- 1 (a) ELECTION OF SINGLE TRUSTEE FOR ESTATES
2 BEING JOINTLY ADMINISTERED. If the court orders a
3 joint administration of two or more estates ~~pursuant to~~ under
4 Rule 1015(b), creditors may elect a single trustee for the
5 estates being jointly administered, unless the case is under
6 subchapter V of chapter 7 of the Code.
- 7 (b) RIGHT OF CREDITORS TO ELECT SEPARATE

8 TRUSTEE. Notwithstanding entry of an order for joint
9 administration ~~pursuant to~~ under Rule 1015(b), the creditors
10 of any debtor may elect a separate trustee for the estate of the
11 debtor as provided in § 702 of the Code, unless the case is
12 under subchapter V of chapter 7.

13 (c) APPOINTMENT OF TRUSTEES FOR ESTATES
14 BEING JOINTLY ADMINISTERED.

15 (1) *Chapter 7 Liquidation Cases.* Except in a case
16 governed by subchapter V of chapter 7, ~~T~~he United States
17 trustee may appoint one or more interim trustees for estates
18 being jointly administered in chapter 7 cases.

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COMMITTEE NOTE

The rule is amended to reflect the enactment of subchapter V of chapter 7 of the Code governing multilateral clearing organization liquidations. Section 782 of the Code provides that the designation of a trustee or alternative trustee for the case is made by the Federal Reserve Board. Therefore, neither the United States trustee nor the

creditors can appoint or elect a trustee in these cases.

Other amendments are stylistic.

Public Comment on Proposed Amendments to Rule 2009:

No comments were received.

Changes Made After Publication and Comments.

No changes since publication.

Rule 2016. Compensation for Services Rendered and Reimbursement of Expenses

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2 (c) DISCLOSURE OF COMPENSATION PAID OR
3 PROMISED TO BANKRUPTCY PETITION PREPARER.

4 Every bankruptcy petition preparer for a debtor shall file a
5 declaration under penalty of perjury and transmit the
6 declaration to the United States trustee within 10 days after
7 the date of the filing of the petition, or at another time as the
8 court may direct, as required by § 110(h)(1). The declaration
9 must disclose any fee, and the source of any fee, received

10 from or on behalf of the debtor within 12 months of the filing
11 of the case and all unpaid fees charged to the debtor. The
12 declaration must describe the services performed and
13 documents prepared or caused to be prepared by the
14 bankruptcy petition preparer. A supplemental statement shall
15 be filed within 10 days after any payment or agreement not
16 previously disclosed.

COMMITTEE NOTE

This rule is amended by adding subdivision (c) to implement § 110(h)(1) of the Code.

Public Comments on Proposed Amendments to Rule 2016:

1. Becky B. Dillon (Sarasota, Florida) offered comments on portions of the rule that were not being amended.

Changes Made After Publication and Comments.

No changes since publication.

Rule 7007.1. Corporate Ownership Statement

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1 (a) REQUIRED DISCLOSURE. Any corporation that is
2 a party to an adversary proceeding, other than the debtor or a
3 governmental unit, shall file two copies of a statement that
4 identifies any corporation, other than a governmental unit,
5 that directly or indirectly owns 10% or more of any class of
6 the corporation's equity interests, or states that there are no
7 entities to report under this subdivision.

8 (b) TIME FOR FILING. A party shall file the statement
9 required under Rule 7007.1(a) with its first pleading in an
10 adversary proceeding. A party shall file a supplemental
11 statement promptly upon any change in circumstances that
12 this rule requires the party to identify or disclose.

COMMITTEE NOTE

This rule is derived from Rule 26.1 of the Federal Rules of Appellate Procedure. The information that parties shall supply will support properly informed disqualification decisions in situations that call for automatic disqualification under Canon 3C(1)(c) of the Code of Conduct for United States Judges. This rule does not cover all of the circumstances that may call for disqualification under the subjective financial interest standard of Canon 3C, and does not deal

at all with other circumstances that may call for disqualification. Nevertheless, the required disclosures are calculated to reach the majority of circumstances that are likely to call for disqualification under Canon 3C(1)(c).

The rule directs nongovernmental corporate parties to list those corporations that hold significant ownership interests in them. This includes listing membership interests in limited liability companies and similar entities that fall under the definition of a corporation in Bankruptcy Code § 101.

Under subdivision (b), parties must file the statement with the first document that they file in any adversary proceeding. The rule also requires parties and other persons to file supplemental statements promptly whenever changed circumstances require disclosure of new or additional information.

The rule does not prohibit the adoption of local rules requiring disclosures beyond those called for in Rule 7007.1.

Public Comments on Proposed Rule 7007.1:

1. Hon. Walter Shapero (Bankr. E.D. Mich.) urged that the scope of the rule be extended to contested matters and that disclosure be required whether the ownership of the stock is held directly or indirectly.

2. Hon. Philip H. Brandt (Bankr. W.D. Wash.) also suggested that the rule be expanded. In particular, he proposed that the disclosure requirements include ownership interests in limited partnerships and similar entities.

3. Thomas Yerbich (Anchorage, Alaska) proposed that the rule require filing of the disclosure statement at a discrete time, for example, thirty days after the filing of the initial pleading, rather than “promptly” as provided in the proposal.

Changes Made After Publication and Comments.

No changes since publication.

Proposed Amendments to Rules 1005, 1007, and 2002, and Official Forms 1, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 16A, 16C, and 19 Submitted for Final Approval by the Standing Committee and Adoption by the Judicial Conference.

1. *Public Comment.*

The preliminary draft of proposed amendments to Rule 1005 and eleven Official Forms was published for comment by the bench and bar in January 2002, and a hearing was scheduled for April 12, 2002, in Washington, D.C. We received no timely requests to appear at the public hearing; however, the Subcommittee on Privacy and Public Access conducted a focus group meeting in Washington on April 12 to consider the views of representatives of private creditors, credit data gatherers, taxing authorities, law enforcement, and the Federal Trade Commission.

The Advisory Committee received thirty-two written comments on the proposed amendments along with the presentations made at the focus group meeting. The comments were submitted by representatives of creditor interests, taxing authorities, credit data collection services, law enforcement, bankruptcy petition preparers,

and the United States trustee, among others. The focus group discussion also included a representative from the Federal Trade Commission who oversees the Commission's work relating to identity theft.

The published amendments included only a proposed amendment to Rule 1005 that would have restricted the debtor's social security number on the caption of the petition to the last four digits of the number. The proposal did not include any mechanism for the collection of the full social security number or any means of access to an electronic court record of the case by the full social security number. After considering the written comments and the discussions held in the focus group meeting, the Subcommittee on Privacy and Public Access recommended the adoption of amendments to Rules 1007 and 2002 that would supplement the amendment to Rule 1005 by requiring the debtor to submit, but not file, a statement of his or her social security number that could be used to permit a search of the court records by persons who already have the debtor's social security number. Collection of the social security number also would permit the clerk to include the full number on the notice to creditors of the § 341 meeting of creditors, thereby allowing for the efficient identification of the debtor by creditors in the case. The Advisory Committee, by mail ballot, accepted the proposal of the Subcommittee and recommends the approval of the amendments to Rules 1005, 1007, and 2002, and the amendments to Official Forms 1, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 16A, 16C, and 19. Again, approval of the Official Forms is recommended as of December 1, 2003.

Summary of the Comments

Comments on the proposal generally were not addressed to the specific language of the proposed amendment to Bankruptcy Rule 1005, or to any specific amendment within the Official Forms. Rather, they were much more general in nature. Therefore, this

summary of the comments is made according to the nature of the comments offered rather than by identification of individual comments.

There were four categories of comments on the proposals. The first group of comments were from bankruptcy petition preparers who object to being required to disclose their social security numbers while other participants in the process do not. The second category of comments came from private creditor interests and taxing authorities who asserted a need for the debtor's full social security number. The third category of comments came from the credit reporting industry and likewise urged the use of the full social security number to protect the integrity and accuracy of the credit reporting industry. The final category of comments came from the United States Trustee Program and the Department of Justice. They asserted that collection of the full social security number is necessary to protect the integrity of the bankruptcy system and to prevent debtors from avoiding prosecution in appropriate cases.

Bankruptcy Petition Preparers

Several bankruptcy petition preparers submitted comments noting their objection to the requirement that their social security numbers be set out on the forms. They noted the potential problem of identity theft and asserted that their social security numbers should be protected to at least the same extent as the debtor's social security number. The Code specifically requires in § 110, however, that bankruptcy petition preparers must include their social security number on the petition and elsewhere. The Ninth Circuit has upheld this requirement in *Ferm v. United States Trustee (In re Crawford)*, 194 F.3d 954 (9th Cir. 1999). Given the statutory directive, it is not within the Committee's authority to adopt a rule to restrict the disclosure of a bankruptcy petition preparer's social security number.

Private Creditors

The second group of comments addressed creditor concerns about the truncation of the social security number. Both private (VISA, Mastercard, and Toyota Motor Credit, among others) and public (tax, child support, employment services) creditors asserted that limiting the disclosure of the social security number would lead to significant difficulties in identifying debtors. They generally noted that current searches are based on the full nine digit social security number and that reconfiguring their systems to accommodate a four digit number would be very expensive and would lead to potential misidentification of debtors. Misidentification could lead to inadvertent violations of the automatic stay as well as the discharge injunction according to these commentators. Misidentification might also lead to incorrect attribution of a bankruptcy filing to the wrong person thereby affecting that person's credit rating. This concern was expressed by virtually every creditor or creditor representative submitting a comment. These themes were presented as well at the focus group meeting. Mr. Raymond Bell (see comment 02), on behalf of Fleet Credit Card Services, L.P., participated in the focus group meeting and described the matching process employed when a notice of bankruptcy is received. He stated that limiting the social security number to the last four digits would increase costs dramatically because of an increased need for the evaluation of several factors to verify the identity of the debtor as a customer. Representatives of taxing authorities and other public creditors from Arizona, California, Connecticut, Idaho, Massachusetts, New Mexico, New York, Ohio, and Oregon likewise asserted a need for the full social security number. Representatives of the Internal Revenue Service participated in the focus group meeting and noted as well that the Service relies on the full social security number and would be significantly disadvantaged if the number reported to them were reduced to the last four digits.

Credit Reporting Agencies

Representatives of the credit reporting industry submitted the third category of comments. Mr. Stuart Pratt of the Consumer Data Industry Association submitted written comments and participated in the focus group discussion. Mr. Pratt offered information about the number of persons in the United States with identical or nearly identical names who might also have the same last four digits of a social security number. He also argued that timely and accurate reporting of this information is essential not just to specific creditors of the debtor, but to the efficient operation of the credit system generally. A representative of LEXIS/NEXIS made a similar point as well in the written comments he submitted. In their views, the accuracy of credit reporting would suffer with a truncation of the social security number on a debtor's petition. They noted as well that limiting access would, at the very least, create delays in the reporting of the information.

United States Trustee Program and the Department of Justice

The last category of comments came from the United States trustee program (including an individual employee of the United States trustee program, in her individual capacity and not as a representative of the program) and the Department of Justice. These comments focused on the need for complete and accurate information both to ensure the integrity of the system and to prevent criminal activity by persons who would use false social security numbers. The comment of the United States trustee program noted the efforts recently undertaken to verify the identity of debtors to protect against fraudulent filers. The Department of Justice indicated that it uses personal identifiers from bankruptcy files for a variety of investigative purposes in cases of credit card fraud, bankruptcy fraud, and identity theft. According to the Department, limiting access to this information could hamper the investigation of a wide range of criminal activity. Finally, the Department of the Treasury also

objected to the truncation of the social security number (for the reasons stated by other creditors, both public and private), but Treasury also objected to any truncation of the Employer Tax Identification Number. It noted that the EIN does not present the same privacy concerns that the social security number poses, and the EIN is used extensively by the Department and should continue to be disclosed fully by the debtor.

2. *Synopsis of Proposed Amendments:*

- (a) Rule 1005 is amended to require the debtor to list all names used in the six years preceding the filing of the petition, and to include on the caption appropriate numerical identifiers, but using only the last four digits of the social security number.
- (b) Rule 1007 is amended to require the debtor to submit a verified statement of his or her full social security number. The statement is submitted, but it is not filed in the case and does not become a part of the court record. Therefore, the full social security number does not become a part of the electronic case record that would be available to the public either through internet access or by a search of the paper records at the court.
- (c) Rule 2002 is amended to require the clerk to include the debtor's full social security number on the § 341 notice to creditors. The full number should be included only on the notices sent to the creditors and not on the copy of the notice that becomes part of the court record.

**PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE FEDERAL RULES
OF BANKRUPTCY PROCEDURE (Continued)**

**PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE FEDERAL
RULES OF BANKRUPTCY PROCEDURE****

Rule 1005. Caption of Petition

1 The caption of a petition commencing a case under the
2 Code shall contain the name of the court, the title of the case,
3 and the docket number. The title of the case shall include the
4 following information about the debtor: the name, employer
5 identification number, last four digits of the social security
6 number, any other federal tax identification number, and
7 ~~employer's tax identification number of the debtor~~ and all
8 other names used by ~~the debtor~~ within six years before filing
9 the petition. If the petition is not filed by the debtor, it shall
10 include all names used by the debtor which are known to the
11 petitioners.

COMMITTEE NOTE

The rule is amended to implement the Judicial Conference policy to limit the disclosure of a party's social security number and similar

** New material is underlined; matter to be omitted is lined through.

identifiers. Under the rule, as amended, only the last four digits of the debtor's social security number need be disclosed. Publication of the employer identification number does not present the same identity theft or privacy protection issues. Therefore, the caption must include the full employer identification number.

Debtors must submit with the petition a statement setting out their social security numbers. This enables the clerk to include the full social security number on the notice of the section 341 meeting of creditors, but the statement itself is not submitted in the case or maintained in the case file.

Public Comment on Proposed Amendments to Rule 1005:

The comments by private creditor interests, the credit reporting industry, the United States trustee, and the Justice Department all expressed concern that permitting debtors to limit the listing of social security numbers to the final four digits would create problems in identifying the debtors and acting accordingly. This could lead to inadvertent violations of the automatic stay and the discharge injunction. It would limit the ability of creditors and trustee to determine whether a particular debtor has obtained bankruptcy relief previously and is engaging in a serial bankruptcy filing. It could also hamper law enforcement efforts to prosecute debtor for bankruptcy fraud and related crimes.

Changes Made After Publication and Comments.

The rule was changed only slightly after publication. The rule was changed to make clear that only the debtor's social security number is truncated to the final four digits, but other numerical

identifiers must be set out in full. The rule also was amended to include a requirement that a debtor list other federal taxpayer identification numbers that may be in use.

Rule 1007. Lists, Schedules, and Statements; Time Limits

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(c) TIME LIMITS. The schedules and statements, other than the statement of intention, shall be filed with the petition in a voluntary case, or if the petition is accompanied by a list of all the debtor's creditors and their addresses, within 15 days thereafter, except as otherwise provided in subdivisions (d), (e), (f), and (h) of this rule. In an involuntary case, the schedules and statements, other than the statement of intention, shall be filed by the debtor within 15 days of the entry of the order for relief. Schedules and statements filed prior to the conversion of a case to another chapter shall be deemed filed in the converted case unless the court directs otherwise. Any extension of time for the filing of the

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4 FEDERAL RULES OF BANKRUPTCY PROCEDURE

14 schedules and statements may be granted only on motion for
15 cause shown and on notice to the United States trustee and to
16 any committee elected under § 705 or appointed under § 1102
17 of the Code, trustee, examiner, or other party as the court may
18 direct. Notice of an extension shall be given to the United
19 States trustee and to any committee, trustee, or other party as
20 the court may direct.

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22 (f) STATEMENT OF SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER.

23 An individual debtor shall submit a verified statement that
24 sets out the debtor's social security number, or states that the
25 debtor does not have a social security number. In a voluntary
26 case, the debtor shall submit the statement with the petition.
27 In an involuntary case, the debtor shall submit the statement
28 within 15 days after the entry of the order for relief.

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COMMITTEE NOTE

The rule is amended to add a requirement that a debtor submit a statement setting out the debtor's social security number. The addition is necessary because of the corresponding amendment to Rule 1005 which now provides that the caption of the petition includes only the final four digits of the debtor's social security number. The debtor submits the statement, but it is not filed, nor is it included in the case file. The statement provides the information necessary to include on the service copy of the notice required under Rule 2002(a)(1). It will also provide the information to facilitate the ability of creditors to search the court record by a search of a social security number already in the creditor's possession.

Public Comment on Proposed Amendments to Rule 1007:

The published amendments did not include any amendment to Rule 1007. Thus, there were no comments on the proposal. However, the rule amendment itself is in response to the public comments received by the Advisory Committee.

Changes Made After Publication and Comments.

The rule amendment is made in response to the extensive commentary that urged the Advisory Committee to continue the obligation contained in current Rule 1005 that a debtor must include his or her social security number on the caption of the bankruptcy petition. Rule 1005 is amended to limit that disclosure to the final four digits of the social security number, and Rule 1007 is amended to reinstate the obligation in a manner that will provide more

protection of the debtor's privacy while continuing access to the information to those persons with legitimate need for that data. The debtor must disclose the information, but the method of disclosure is by a verified statement that is submitted to the clerk. The statement is not filed in the case and does not become a part of the court record. Therefore, it enables the clerk to deliver that information to the creditors and the trustee in the case, but it does not become a part of the court record governed by § 107 of the Bankruptcy Code and is not available to the public.

Rule 2002. Notices to Creditors, Equity Security Holders, United States, and United States Trustee

- 1 (a) TWENTY-DAY NOTICES TO PARTIES IN
2 INTEREST. Except as provided in subdivisions (h), (i), and
3 (l) of this rule, the clerk, or some other person as the court
4 may direct, shall give the debtor, the trustee, all creditors and
5 indenture trustees at least 20 days' notice by mail of:
- 6 (1) the meeting of creditors under § 341 or § 1104(b)
7 of the Code, which notice, unless the court orders
8 otherwise, shall include the debtor's employer
9 identification number, social security number, and any
10 other federal taxpayer identification number;

COMMITTEE NOTE

Subdivision (a)(1) of the rule is amended to direct the clerk or other person giving notice of the § 341 or § 1104(b) meeting of creditors to include the debtor's full social security number on the notice. Official Form 9, the form of the notice of the meeting of creditors that will become a part of the court's file in the case, will include only the last four digits of the debtor's social security number. This rule, however, directs the clerk to include the full social security number on the notice that is served on the creditors and other identified parties, unless the court orders otherwise in a particular case. This will enable creditors and other parties in interest who are in possession of the debtor's social security number to verify the debtor's identity and proceed accordingly. The filed Official Form 9, however, will not include the debtor's full social security number. This will prevent the full social security number from becoming a part of the court's file in the case, and the number will not be included in the court's electronic records. Creditors who already have the debtor's social security number will be able to verify the existence of a case under the debtor's social security number, but any person searching the electronic case files without the number will not be able to acquire the debtor's social security number.

Public Comment on Proposed Amendments to Rule 2002:

The published amendments did not include any amendment to Rule 2002. Thus, there were no comments on the proposal. However, the rule amendments are made in response to the comments received by the Advisory Committee.

Changes Made After Publication and Comments.

The rule amendment was made in response to concerns of both private creditors and taxing authorities that truncating the social security number of a debtor to the last four digits would unduly hamper their ability to identify the debtor and govern their actions accordingly. Therefore, the Advisory Committee amended Rule 2002 to require the clerk to include the debtor's full social security number on the notice informing creditors of the § 341 meeting and other significant deadlines in the case. This is essentially a continuation of the practice under the current rules, and the amendment is necessary because of the amendment to Rule 1005 that restricts publication of the social security number on the caption of the petition to the final four digits of the number.

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AMENDMENTS TO OFFICIAL FORMS 1, 5, AND 17:

Public Comment on Proposed Amendments to Official Forms 1, 5, and 17:

No comments were received.

Changes Made After Publication:

No changes since publication.

COMMITTEE NOTE

The form has been amended to provide a checkbox for designating a clearing bank case filed under subchapter V of chapter 7 of the Code enacted by § 112 of Pub. L. No. 106-554 (December 21, 2000).

United States Bankruptcy Court District of _____	INVOLUNTARY PETITION
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IN RE (Name of Debtor - If Individual: Last, First, Middle)	ALL OTHER NAMES used by debtor in the last 6 years (Include married, maiden, and trade names.)
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SOC. SEC./TAX I.D. NO. (If more than one, state all.)	
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STREET ADDRESS OF DEBTOR (No. and street, city, state, and zip code)	MAILING ADDRESS OF DEBTOR (If different from street address)
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COUNTY OF RESIDENCE OR PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

LOCATION OF PRINCIPAL ASSETS OF BUSINESS DEBTOR (If different from previously listed addresses)

CHAPTER OF BANKRUPTCY CODE UNDER WHICH PETITION IS FILED

Chapter 7 Chapter 11

INFORMATION REGARDING DEBTOR (Check applicable boxes)

Petitioners believe:

Debts are primarily consumer debts
 Debts are primarily business debts (complete sections A and B)

TYPE OF DEBTOR

Individual Corporation Publicly Held
 Partnership Corporation Not Publicly Held
 Other: _____

A. TYPE OF BUSINESS (Check one)

<input type="checkbox"/> Professional	<input type="checkbox"/> Transportation	<input type="checkbox"/> Commodity Broker
<input type="checkbox"/> Retail/Wholesale	<input type="checkbox"/> Manufacturing/	<input type="checkbox"/> Construction
<input type="checkbox"/> Railroad	<input type="checkbox"/> Mining	<input type="checkbox"/> Real Estate
	<input type="checkbox"/> Stockbroker	<input type="checkbox"/> Other

B. BRIEFLY DESCRIBE NATURE OF BUSINESS

VENUE

Debtor has been domiciled or has had a residence, principal place of business, or principal assets in the District for 180 days immediately preceding the date of this petition or for a longer part of such 180 days than in any other District.

A bankruptcy case concerning debtor's affiliate, general partner or partnership is pending in this District.

**PENDING BANKRUPTCY CASE FILED BY OR AGAINST ANY PARTNER
OR AFFILIATE OF THIS DEBTOR (Report information for any additional cases on attached sheets.)**

Name of Debtor	Case Number	Date
Relationship	District	Judge

<p style="text-align: center;">ALLEGATIONS (Check applicable boxes)</p> <p>1. <input type="checkbox"/> Petitioner(s) are eligible to file this petition pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 303(b).</p> <p>2. <input type="checkbox"/> The debtor is a person against whom an order for relief may be entered under title 11 of the United States Code.</p> <p>3.a. <input type="checkbox"/> The debtor is generally not paying such debtor's debts as they become due, unless such debts are the subject of a bona fide dispute;</p> <p style="text-align: center;">or</p> <p>b. <input type="checkbox"/> Within 120 days preceding the filing of this petition, a custodian, other than a trustee, receiver, or agent appointed or authorized to take charge of less than substantially all of the property of the debtor for the purpose of enforcing a lien against such property, was appointed or took possession.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">COURT USE ONLY</p>
---	---

If a child support creditor or its representative is a petitioner, and if the petitioner files the form specified in § 304(g) of the Bankruptcy Reform Act of 1994, no fee is required.

TRANSFER OF CLAIM

Check this box if there has been a transfer of any claim against the debtor by or to any petitioner. Attach all documents evidencing the transfer and any statements that are required under Bankruptcy Rule 1003(a).

REQUEST FOR RELIEF

Petitioner(s) request that an order for relief be entered against the debtor under the chapter of title 11, United States Code, specified in this petition.

Petitioner(s) declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct according to the best of their knowledge, information, and belief.

X _____
Signature of Petitioner or Representative (State title)

Name of Petitioner Date Signed

Name & Mailing
Address of Individual _____
Signing in Representative _____
Capacity _____

X _____
Signature of Attorney Date

Name of Attorney Firm (If any)

Address

Telephone No.

X _____
Signature of Petitioner or Representative (State title)

Name of Petitioner Date Signed

Name & Mailing
Address of Individual _____
Signing in Representative _____
Capacity _____

X _____
Signature of Attorney Date

Name of Attorney Firm (If any)

Address

Telephone No.

X _____
Signature of Petitioner or Representative (State title)

Name of Petitioner Date Signed

Name & Mailing
Address of Individual _____
Signing in Representative _____
Capacity _____

X _____
Signature of Attorney Date

Name of Attorney Firm (If any)

Address

Telephone No.

PETITIONING CREDITORS

Name and Address of Petitioner	Nature of Claim	Amount of Claim

Note: If there are more than three petitioners, attach additional sheets with the statement under penalty of perjury, each petitioner's signature under the statement and the name of attorney and petitioning creditor information in the format above.	Total Amount of Petitioners' Claims
--	-------------------------------------

COMMITTEE NOTE

The form is amended to give notice that no filing fee is required if a child support creditor or its representative is a petitioner, and if the petitioner also files a form detailing the child support debt, its status, and other characteristics, as specified in § 304(g) of the Bankruptcy Reform Act of 1994, Pub. L. No. 103-394, 108 Stat. 4106 (Oct. 22, 1994).

United States Bankruptcy Court

_____ District Of _____

In re _____,
Debtor

Case No. _____

Chapter _____

[Caption as in Form 16A, 16B, 16C, or 16D, as appropriate]

NOTICE OF APPEAL

_____, the plaintiff *[or defendant or other party]* appeals under 28 U.S.C. § 158(a) or (b) from the judgment, order, or decree of the bankruptcy judge (describe) entered in this adversary proceeding *[or other proceeding, describe type]* on the _____ day of _____, _____.
(month) (year)

The names of all parties to the judgment, order, or decree appealed from and the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of their respective attorneys are as follows:

Dated: _____

Signed: _____
Attorney for Appellant (or Appellant, if not represented by
an Attorney)

Attorney Name: _____

Address: _____

Telephone No: _____

If a Bankruptcy Appellate Panel Service is authorized to hear this appeal, each party has a right to have the appeal heard by the district court. The appellant may exercise this right only by filing a separate statement of election at the time of the filing of this notice of appeal. Any other party may elect, within the time provided in 28 U.S.C. § 158(c), to have the appeal heard by the district court.

If a child support creditor or its representative is the appellant, and if the child support creditor or its representative files the form specified in § 304(g) of the Bankruptcy Reform Act of 1994, no fee is required.

COMMITTEE NOTE

The form is amended to give notice that no filing fee is required if a child support creditor or its representative is the appellant, and if the child support creditor or its representative files a form detailing the child support debt, its status, and other characteristics, as specified in § 304(g) of the Bankruptcy Reform Act of 1994, Pub. L. No. 103-396, 108 Stat. 4106 (Oct. 22, 1994).

AMENDMENTS TO OFFICIAL FORMS
1,3,5,6,7,8,9,10,16A,16C, AND 19:

Public Comments on the Proposed Amendments to the Official Forms:

Consistent with the comments received on the proposed amendments to the Bankruptcy Rules to implement the Judicial Conference policy on the restriction on the use of social security numbers, the comments on the proposed amendments to the Official Forms were generic in nature and did not address any specific language contained in the forms. The issues raised and arguments offered were contained in the comments on the amendments to Rule 1005 as set out in the Report. The commentators generally expressed concern that they have the ability to identify the debtor by using a full social security number. The amendments to the Official Forms as set out below implement the Judicial Conference policy by limiting the publication of social security numbers to the final four digits.

Several bankruptcy petition preparers objected to the requirement that they include their full social security number on Official Form 19. That requirement is set out in § 110 of the Bankruptcy Code, however, and cannot be altered by the Official Form.

COMMITTEE NOTE

The form has been amended to require the debtor to disclose only the last four digits of the debtor's Social Security or other Taxpayer Identification number. Those four digits will provide creditors with sufficient information to identify the debtor accurately while affording greater privacy to the debtor. Pursuant to § 110(c) of the Bankruptcy Code, the certification by a non-attorney bankruptcy petition preparer continues to require a petition preparer to provide the full Social Security number of the individual who actually prepares the document.

United States Bankruptcy Court

District Of _____

In re _____,
Debtor

Case No. _____

Chapter _____

APPLICATION TO PAY FILING FEE IN INSTALLMENTS

- In accordance with Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1006, I apply for permission to pay the Filing Fee amounting to \$ _____ in installments.
- I certify that I am unable to pay the Filing Fee except in installments.
- I further certify that I have not paid any money or transferred any property to an attorney for services in connection with this case and that I will neither make any payment nor transfer any property for services in connection with this case until the filing fee is paid in full.
- I propose the following terms for the payment of the Filing Fee.*

\$ _____ Check one With the filing of the petition, or
 On or before _____
 \$ _____ on or before _____
 \$ _____ on or before _____
 \$ _____ on or before _____

* The number of installments proposed shall not exceed four (4), and the final installment shall be payable not later than 120 days after filing the petition. For cause shown, the court may extend the time of any installment, provided the last installment is paid not later than 180 days after filing the petition. Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1006(b)(2).

- I understand that if I fail to pay any installment when due my bankruptcy case may be dismissed and I may not receive a discharge of my debts.

Signature of Attorney Date

Signature of Debtor Date
(In a joint case, both spouses must sign.)

Name of Attorney

Signature of Joint Debtor (if any) Date

CERTIFICATION AND SIGNATURE OF NON-ATTORNEY BANKRUPTCY PETITION PREPARER (See 11 U.S.C. § 110)

I certify that I am a bankruptcy petition preparer as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 110, that I prepared this document for compensation, and that I have provided the debtor with a copy of this document. I also certify that I will not accept money or any other property from the debtor before the filing fee is paid in full.

Printed or Typed Name of Bankruptcy Petition Preparer

Social Security No.
(Required by 11 U.S.C. § 110(c).)

Address

Names and Social Security numbers of all other individuals who prepared or assisted in preparing this document:

If more than one person prepared this document, attach additional signed sheets conforming to the appropriate Official Form for each person.

x _____
Signature of Bankruptcy Petition Preparer

Date

A bankruptcy petition preparer's failure to comply with the provisions of title 11 and the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure may result in fines or imprisonment or both. 11 U.S.C. § 110; 18 U.S.C. § 156.

United States Bankruptcy Court
_____ District Of _____

In re _____,
Debtor

Case No. _____

Chapter _____

ORDER APPROVING PAYMENT OF FILING FEE IN INSTALLMENTS

IT IS ORDERED that the debtor(s) may pay the filing fee in installments on the terms proposed in the foregoing application.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that until the filing fee is paid in full the debtor shall not pay any money for services in connection with this case, and the debtor shall not relinquish any property as payment for services in connection with this case.

BY THE COURT

Date: _____

United States Bankruptcy Judge

COMMITTEE NOTE

Pursuant to § 110(c) of the Bankruptcy Code, the certification by a non-attorney bankruptcy petition preparer continues to require a petition preparer to provide the full Social Security number of the individual who actually prepares the document pursuant to § 110(c) of the Code.

United States Bankruptcy Court District of _____	INVOLUNTARY PETITION
---	---------------------------------

IN RE (Name of Debtor - If Individual: Last, First, Middle)	ALL OTHER NAMES used by debtor in the last 6 years (Include married, maiden, and trade names.)
---	---

LAST FOUR DIGITS OF SOC. SEC. NO./Complete EIN or other TAX I.D. NO. (If more than one, state all.)	
---	--

STREET ADDRESS OF DEBTOR (No. and street, city, state, and zip code)	MAILING ADDRESS OF DEBTOR (If different from street address)
<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; width: fit-content; margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> COUNTY OF RESIDENCE OR PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS </div>	

LOCATION OF PRINCIPAL ASSETS OF BUSINESS DEBTOR (If different from previously listed addresses)

CHAPTER OF BANKRUPTCY CODE UNDER WHICH PETITION IS FILED

Chapter 7 Chapter 11

INFORMATION REGARDING DEBTOR (Check applicable boxes)

Petitioners believe: <input type="checkbox"/> Debts are primarily consumer debts <input type="checkbox"/> Debts are primarily business debts	TYPE OF DEBTOR <input type="checkbox"/> Individual <input type="checkbox"/> Stockbroker <input type="checkbox"/> Partnership <input type="checkbox"/> Commodity Broker <input type="checkbox"/> Corporation <input type="checkbox"/> Railroad <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____
--	---

BRIEFLY DESCRIBE NATURE OF BUSINESS

<p style="text-align: center;">VENUE</p> <input type="checkbox"/> Debtor has been domiciled or has had a residence, principal place of business, or principal assets in the District for 180 days immediately preceding the date of this petition or for a longer part of such 180 days than in any other District. <input type="checkbox"/> A bankruptcy case concerning debtor's affiliate, general partner or partnership is pending in this District.	<p style="text-align: center;">FILING FEE (Check one box)</p> <input type="checkbox"/> Full Filing Fee attached <input type="checkbox"/> Petitioner is a child support creditor or its representative, and the form specified in § 304(g) of the Bankruptcy Reform Act of 1994 is attached.
---	---

PENDING BANKRUPTCY CASE FILED BY OR AGAINST ANY PARTNER OR AFFILIATE OF THIS DEBTOR (Report information for any additional cases on attached sheets.)

Name of Debtor	Case Number	Date
Relationship	District	Judge

<p style="text-align: center;">ALLEGATIONS (Check applicable boxes)</p> <p>1. <input type="checkbox"/> Petitioner(s) are eligible to file this petition pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 303(b).</p> <p>2. <input type="checkbox"/> The debtor is a person against whom an order for relief may be entered under title 11 of the United States Code.</p> <p>3.a. <input type="checkbox"/> The debtor is generally not paying such debtor's debts as they become due, unless such debts are the subject of a bona fide dispute;</p> <p style="text-align: center;">or</p> <p>b. <input type="checkbox"/> Within 120 days preceding the filing of this petition, a custodian, other than a trustee, receiver, or agent appointed or authorized to take charge of less than substantially all of the property of the debtor for the purpose of enforcing a lien against such property, was appointed or took possession.</p>	COURT USE ONLY
---	----------------

If a child support creditor or its representative is a petitioner, and if the petitioner files the form specified in § 304(g) of the Bankruptcy Reform Act of 1994, no fee is required.

TRANSFER OF CLAIM

Check this box if there has been a transfer of any claim against the debtor by or to any petitioner. Attach all documents evidencing the transfer and any statements that are required under Bankruptcy Rule 1003(a).

REQUEST FOR RELIEF

Petitioner(s) request that an order for relief be entered against the debtor under the chapter of title 11, United States Code, specified in this petition.

Petitioner(s) declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct according to the best of their knowledge, information, and belief.

X _____
Signature of Petitioner or Representative (State title)

Name of Petitioner Date Signed

Name & Mailing
Address of Individual _____
Signing in Representative
Capacity _____

X _____
Signature of Attorney Date

Name of Attorney Firm (If any)

Address

Telephone No.

X _____
Signature of Petitioner or Representative (State title)

Name of Petitioner Date Signed

Name & Mailing
Address of Individual _____
Signing in Representative
Capacity _____

X _____
Signature of Attorney Date

Name of Attorney Firm (If any)

Address

Telephone No.

X _____
Signature of Petitioner or Representative (State title)

Name of Petitioner Date Signed

Name & Mailing
Address of Individual _____
Signing in Representative
Capacity _____

X _____
Signature of Attorney Date

Name of Attorney Firm (If any)

Address

Telephone No.

PETITIONING CREDITORS

Name and Address of Petitioner	Nature of Claim	Amount of Claim

Note: If there are more than three petitioners, attach additional sheets with the statement under penalty of perjury, each petitioner's signature under the statement and the name of attorney and petitioning creditor information in the format above.	Total Amount of Petitioners' Claims
--	-------------------------------------

COMMITTEE NOTE

The form is amended to require the petitioner to disclose the debtor's employer identification number, if any, and only the last four digits of the debtor's social security number to afford greater privacy to the individual debtor, whose bankruptcy case records may be available on the Internet. The form also is amended to delete the request for information concerning the "Type of Business," as this data no longer is collected for statistical purposes.

In re _____,
Debtor

Case No. _____
(If known)

DECLARATION CONCERNING DEBTOR'S SCHEDULES

DECLARATION UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY BY INDIVIDUAL DEBTOR

I declare under penalty of perjury that I have read the foregoing summary and schedules, consisting of _____
(Total shown on summary page plus 1.)
sheets, and that they are true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief.

Date _____

Signature: _____
Debtor

Date _____

Signature: _____
(Joint Debtor, if any)
[If joint case, both spouses must sign.]

CERTIFICATION AND SIGNATURE OF NON-ATTORNEY BANKRUPTCY PETITION PREPARER (See 11 U.S.C. § 110)

I certify that I am a bankruptcy petition preparer as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 110, that I prepared this document for compensation, and that I have provided the debtor with a copy of this document.

Printed or Typed Name of Bankruptcy Petition Preparer

Social Security No.
(Required by 11 U.S.C. § 110(c).)

Address

Names and Social Security numbers of all other individuals who prepared or assisted in preparing this document:

If more than one person prepared this document, attach additional signed sheets conforming to the appropriate Official Form for each person.

X _____
Signature of Bankruptcy Petition Preparer

Date

A bankruptcy petition preparer's failure to comply with the provisions of title 11 and the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure may result in fines or imprisonment or both. 11 U.S.C. § 110; 18 U.S.C. § 156.

DECLARATION UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY ON BEHALF OF A CORPORATION OR PARTNERSHIP

I, the _____ [the president or other officer or an authorized agent of the corporation or a member or an authorized agent of the partnership] of the _____ [corporation or partnership] named as debtor in this case, declare under penalty of perjury that I have read the foregoing summary and schedules, consisting of _____ sheets, and that they are true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief. (Total shown on summary page plus 1.)

Date _____

Signature: _____

[Print or type name of individual signing on behalf of debtor.]

[An individual signing on behalf of a partnership or corporation must indicate position or relationship to debtor.]

In re _____,
Debtor

Case No. _____
(If known)

SCHEDULE D - CREDITORS HOLDING SECURED CLAIMS

State the name, mailing address, including zip code and last four digits of any account number of all entities holding claims secured by property of the debtor as of the date of filing of the petition. The complete account number of any account the debtor has with the creditor is useful to the trustee and the creditor and may be provided if the debtor chooses to do so. List creditors holding all types of secured interests such as judgment liens, garnishments, statutory liens, mortgages, deeds of trust, and other security interests. List creditors in alphabetical order to the extent practicable. If all secured creditors will not fit on this page, use the continuation sheet provided.

If any entity other than a spouse in a joint case may be jointly liable on a claim, place an "X" in the column labeled "Codebtor," include the entity on the appropriate schedule of creditors, and complete Schedule H - Codebtors. If a joint petition is filed, state whether husband, wife, both of them, or the marital community may be liable on each claim by placing an "H," "W," "J," or "C" in the column labeled "Husband, Wife, Joint, or Community."

If the claim is contingent, place an "X" in the column labeled "Contingent." If the claim is unliquidated, place an "X" in the column labeled "Unliquidated." If the claim is disputed, place an "X" in the column labeled "Disputed." (You may need to place an "X" in more than one of these three columns.)

Report the total of all claims listed on this schedule in the box labeled "Total" on the last sheet of the completed schedule. Report this total also on the Summary of Schedules.

Check this box if debtor has no creditors holding secured claims to report on this Schedule D.

CREDITOR'S NAME, MAILING ADDRESS INCLUDING ZIP CODE, AND ACCOUNT NUMBER (See instructions above.)	CODEBTOR	HUSBAND, WIFE, JOINT, OR COMMUNITY	DATE CLAIM WAS INCURRED, NATURE OF LIEN, AND DESCRIPTION AND MARKET VALUE OF PROPERTY SUBJECT TO LIEN	CONTINGENT	UNLIQUIDATED	DISPUTED	AMOUNT OF CLAIM WITHOUT DEDUCTING VALUE OF COLLATERAL	UNSECURED PORTION, IF ANY
ACCOUNT NO.								
			VALUE \$					
ACCOUNT NO.								
			VALUE \$					
ACCOUNT NO.								
			VALUE \$					
ACCOUNT NO.								
			VALUE \$					

_____ continuation sheets attached

Subtotal' (Total of this page)	\$
Total' (Use only on last page)	\$

(Report total also on Summary of Schedules)

In re _____,
Debtor

Case No. _____
(If known)

SCHEDULE D - CREDITORS HOLDING SECURED CLAIMS

(Continuation Sheet)

CREDITOR'S NAME, MAILING ADDRESS INCLUDING ZIP CODE AND ACCOUNT NUMBER <small>(See instructions.)</small>	CODEBTOR	HUSBAND, WIFE, JOINT, OR COMMUNITY	DATE CLAIM WAS INCURRED, NATURE OF LIEN, AND DESCRIPTION AND MARKET VALUE OF PROPERTY SUBJECT TO LIEN	CONTINGENT	UNLIQUIDATED	DISPUTED	AMOUNT OF CLAIM WITHOUT DEDUCTING VALUE OF COLLATERAL	UNSECURED PORTION, IF ANY
ACCOUNT NO.								
			VALUE \$					
ACCOUNT NO.								
			VALUE \$					
ACCOUNT NO.								
			VALUE \$					
ACCOUNT NO.								
			VALUE \$					
ACCOUNT NO.								
			VALUE \$					

Sheet no. ___ of ___ continuation sheets attached to Schedule of Creditors Holding Secured Claims Subtotal' \$ _____
 (Total of this page)
 Total' \$ _____
 (Use only on last page)

(Report total also on Summary of Schedules)

In re _____
Debtor

Case No. _____
(if known)

SCHEDULE E - CREDITORS HOLDING UNSECURED PRIORITY CLAIMS

A complete list of claims entitled to priority, listed separately by type of priority, is to be set forth on the sheets provided. Only holders of unsecured claims entitled to priority should be listed in this schedule. In the boxes provided on the attached sheets, state the name, mailing address, including zip code, and last four digits of the account number, if any, of all entities holding priority claims against the debtor or the property of the debtor, as of the date of the filing of the petition. The complete account number of any account the debtor has with the creditor is useful to the trustee and the creditor and may be provided if the debtor chooses to do so.

If any entity other than a spouse in a joint case may be jointly liable on a claim, place an "X" in the column labeled "Codebtor," include the entity on the appropriate schedule of creditors, and complete Schedule H-Codebtors. If a joint petition is filed, state whether husband, wife, both of them or the marital community may be liable on each claim by placing an "H," "W," "J," or "C" in the column labeled "Husband, Wife, Joint, or Community."

If the claim is contingent, place an "X" in the column labeled "Contingent." If the claim is unliquidated, place an "X" in the column labeled "Unliquidated." If the claim is disputed, place an "X" in the column labeled "Disputed." (You may need to place an "X" in more than one of these three columns.)

Report the total of claims listed on each sheet in the box labeled "Subtotal" on each sheet. Report the total of all claims listed on this Schedule E in the box labeled "Total" on the last sheet of the completed schedule. Repeat this total also on the Summary of Schedules.

Check this box if debtor has no creditors holding unsecured priority claims to report on this Schedule E.

TYPES OF PRIORITY CLAIMS (Check the appropriate box(es) below if claims in that category are listed on the attached sheets)

Extensions of credit in an involuntary case

Claims arising in the ordinary course of the debtor's business or financial affairs after the commencement of the case but before the earlier of the appointment of a trustee or the order for relief. 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(2).

Wages, salaries, and commissions

Wages, salaries, and commissions, including vacation, severance, and sick leave pay owing to employees and commissions owing to qualifying independent sales representatives up to \$4,650* per person earned within 90 days immediately preceding the filing of the original petition, or the cessation of business, whichever occurred first, to the extent provided in 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(3).

Contributions to employee benefit plans

Money owed to employee benefit plans for services rendered within 180 days immediately preceding the filing of the original petition, or the cessation of business, whichever occurred first, to the extent provided in 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(4).

Certain farmers and fishermen

Claims of certain farmers and fishermen, up to \$4,650* per farmer or fisherman, against the debtor, as provided in 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(5).

Deposits by individuals

Claims of individuals up to \$2,100* for deposits for the purchase, lease, or rental of property or services for personal, family, or household use, that were not delivered or provided. 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(6).

In re _____,
Debtor (if known)

Case No. _____

Alimony, Maintenance, or Support

Claims of a spouse, former spouse, or child of the debtor for alimony, maintenance, or support, to the extent provided in 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(7).

Taxes and Certain Other Debts Owed to Governmental Units

Taxes, customs duties, and penalties owing to federal, state, and local governmental units as set forth in 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(8).

Commitments to Maintain the Capital of an Insured Depository Institution

Claims based on commitments to the FDIC, RTC, Director of the Office of Thrift Supervision, Comptroller of the Currency, or Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, or their predecessors or successors, to maintain the capital of an insured depository institution. 11 U.S.C. § 507 (a)(9).

* Amounts are subject to adjustment on April 1, 2004, and every three years thereafter with respect to cases commenced on or after the date of adjustment.

_____ continuation sheets attached

In re _____,
Debtor

Case No. _____
(If known)

SCHEDULE E - CREDITORS HOLDING UNSECURED PRIORITY CLAIMS

(Continuation Sheet)

TYPE OF PRIORITY

CREDITOR'S NAME, MAILING ADDRESS INCLUDING ZIP CODE, AND ACCOUNT NUMBER (See instructions.)	CODEBTOR	HUSBAND, WIFE, JOINT, OR COMMUNITY	DATE CLAIM WAS INCURRED AND CONSIDERATION FOR CLAIM	CONTINGENT	UNLIQUIDATED	DISPUTED	AMOUNT OF CLAIM	AMOUNT ENTITLED TO PRIORITY
ACCOUNT NO.								
ACCOUNT NO.								
ACCOUNT NO.								
ACCOUNT NO.								
ACCOUNT NO.								

Sheet no. ___ of ___ sheets attached to Schedule of Creditors
Holding Priority Claims

Subtotal ▶ \$ _____
(Total of this page)
Total ▶ \$ _____

(Use only on last page of the completed Schedule E.)
(Report total also on Summary of Schedules)

In re _____,

Case No. _____

Debtor

(If known)

SCHEDULE F- CREDITORS HOLDING UNSECURED NONPRIORITY CLAIMS

State the name, mailing address, including zip code, and last four digits of any account number, of all entities holding unsecured claims without priority against the debtor or the property of the debtor, as of the date of filing of the petition. The complete account number of any account the debtor has with the creditor is useful to the trustee and the creditor and may be provided if the debtor chooses to do so. Do not include claims listed in Schedules D and E. If all creditors will not fit on this page, use the continuation sheet provided.

If any entity other than a spouse in a joint case may be jointly liable on a claim, place an "X" in the column labeled "Codebtor," include the entity on the appropriate schedule of creditors, and complete Schedule H - Codebtors. If a joint petition is filed, state whether husband, wife, both of them, or the marital community maybe liable on each claim by placing an "H," "W," "J," or "C" in the column labeled "Husband, Wife, Joint, or Community."

If the claim is contingent, place an "X" in the column labeled "Contingent." If the claim is unliquidated, place an "X" in the column labeled "Unliquidated." If the claim is disputed, place an "X" in the column labeled "Disputed." (You may need to place an "X" in more than one of these three columns.)

Report total of all claims listed on this schedule in the box labeled "Total" on the last sheet of the completed schedule. Report this total also on the Summary of Schedules.

Check this box if debtor has no creditors holding unsecured claims to report on this Schedule F.

CREDITOR'S NAME, MAILING ADDRESS INCLUDING ZIP CODE, AND ACCOUNT NUMBER (See instructions above.)	CODEBTOR	HUSBAND, WIFE, JOINT, OR COMMUNITY	DATE CLAIM WAS INCURRED AND CONSIDERATION FOR CLAIM. IF CLAIM IS SUBJECT TO SETOFF, SO STATE.	CONTINGENT	UNLIQUIDATED	DISPUTED	AMOUNT OF CLAIM
ACCOUNT NO.							
ACCOUNT NO.							
ACCOUNT NO.							
ACCOUNT NO.							
Subtotal ➤							\$
Total ➤							\$

_____ continuation sheets attached

(Report also on Summary of Schedules)

In re _____,
Debtor

Case No. _____
(If known)

SCHEDULE F - CREDITORS HOLDING UNSECURED NONPRIORITY CLAIMS

(Continuation Sheet)

CREDITOR'S NAME, MAILING ADDRESS INCLUDING ZIP CODE, AND ACCOUNT NUMBER (See instructions.)	CODEBTOR	HUSBAND, WIFE, JOINT, OR COMMUNITY	DATE CLAIM WAS INCURRED AND CONSIDERATION FOR CLAIM. IF CLAIM IS SUBJECT TO SETOFF, SO STATE.	CONTINGENT	UNLIQUIDATED	DISPUTED	AMOUNT OF CLAIM
ACCOUNT NO.							
ACCOUNT NO.							
ACCOUNT NO.							
ACCOUNT NO.							
ACCOUNT NO.							

Sheet no. ___ of ___ sheets attached to Schedule of
Creditors Holding Unsecured Nonpriority Claims

Subtotal ➤		\$
(Total of this page)		
Total ➤		\$

(Use only on last page of the completed Schedule F.)
(Report total also on Summary of Schedules)

In re _____,
Debtor

Case No. _____
(if known)

SCHEDULE I - CURRENT INCOME OF INDIVIDUAL DEBTOR(S)

The column labeled "Spouse" must be completed in all cases filed by joint debtors and by a married debtor in a chapter 12 or 13 case whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.

Debtor's Marital Status:	DEPENDENTS OF DEBTOR AND SPOUSE	
	RELATIONSHIP	AGE
Employment:	DEBTOR	SPOUSE
Occupation		
Name of Employer		
How long employed		
Address of Employer		

Income: (Estimate of average monthly income)	DEBTOR	SPOUSE
Current monthly gross wages, salary, and commissions (pro rate if not paid monthly.)	\$ _____	\$ _____
Estimated monthly overtime	\$ _____	\$ _____
SUBTOTAL	\$ _____	\$ _____
LESS PAYROLL DEDUCTIONS		
a. Payroll taxes and social security	\$ _____	\$ _____
b. Insurance	\$ _____	\$ _____
c. Union dues	\$ _____	\$ _____
d. Other (Specify: _____)	\$ _____	\$ _____
SUBTOTAL OF PAYROLL DEDUCTIONS	\$ _____	\$ _____
TOTAL NET MONTHLY TAKE HOME PAY	\$ _____	\$ _____
Regular income from operation of business or profession or farm (attach detailed statement)	\$ _____	\$ _____
Income from real property	\$ _____	\$ _____
Interest and dividends	\$ _____	\$ _____
Alimony, maintenance or support payments payable to the debtor for the debtor's use or that of dependents listed above.	\$ _____	\$ _____
Social security or other government assistance (Specify) _____	\$ _____	\$ _____
Pension or retirement income	\$ _____	\$ _____
Other monthly income	\$ _____	\$ _____
(Specify) _____	\$ _____	\$ _____
TOTAL MONTHLY INCOME	\$ _____	\$ _____
TOTAL COMBINED MONTHLY INCOME	\$ _____	(Report also on Summary of Schedules)

Describe any increase or decrease of more than 10% in any of the above categories anticipated to occur within the year following the filing of this document:

COMMITTEE NOTE

The instructions to Schedule D (Creditors Holding Secured Claims), Schedule E (Creditors Holding Unsecured Priority Claims), and Schedule F (Creditors Holding Unsecured Nonpriority Claims) are amended to inform the debtor that the debtor's account number with a listed creditor is useful to the trustee and to the creditor and should be provided whenever practicable, but not require the number to be provided. Schedule I (Current Income of Individual Debtor(s)) is amended to provide greater privacy to minors and other dependents of the debtor by deleting the requirement that the debtor disclose their names. Pursuant to § 110(c) of the Bankruptcy Code, the certification by a non-attorney bankruptcy petition preparer requires a petition preparer to provide the full Social Security number of the individual who actually prepares the document.

2. Income other than from employment or operation of business

None

State the amount of income received by the debtor other than from employment, trade, profession, or operation of the debtor's business during the **two years** immediately preceding the commencement of this case. Give particulars. If a joint petition is filed, state income for each spouse separately. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must state income for each spouse whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

AMOUNT

SOURCE

3. Payments to creditors

None

a. List all payments on loans, installment purchases of goods or services, and other debts, aggregating more than \$600 to any creditor, made within **90 days** immediately preceding the commencement of this case. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include payments by either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF CREDITOR	DATES OF PAYMENTS	AMOUNT PAID	AMOUNT STILL OWING
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None

b. List all payments made within **one year** immediately preceding the commencement of this case to or for the benefit of creditors who are or were insiders. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include payments by either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF CREDITOR AND RELATIONSHIP TO DEBTOR	DATE OF PAYMENT	AMOUNT PAID	AMOUNT STILL OWING
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4. Suits and administrative proceedings, executions, garnishments and attachments

None

a. List all suits and administrative proceedings to which the debtor is or was a party within **one year** immediately preceding the filing of this bankruptcy case. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include information concerning either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

CAPTION OF SUIT AND CASE NUMBER	NATURE OF PROCEEDING	COURT OR AGENCY AND LOCATION	STATUS OR DISPOSITION
---------------------------------	----------------------	------------------------------	-----------------------

None

- b. Describe all property that has been attached, garnished or seized under any legal or equitable process within **one year** immediately preceding the commencement of this case. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include information concerning property of either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF PERSON FOR WHOSE BENEFIT PROPERTY WAS SEIZED	DATE OF SEIZURE	DESCRIPTION AND VALUE OF PROPERTY
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5. Repossessions, foreclosures and returns

None

- List all property that has been repossessed by a creditor, sold at a foreclosure sale, transferred through a deed in lieu of foreclosure or returned to the seller, within **one year** immediately preceding the commencement of this case. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include information concerning property of either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF CREDITOR OR SELLER	DATE OF REPOSESSION, FORECLOSURE SALE, TRANSFER OR RETURN	DESCRIPTION AND VALUE OF PROPERTY
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6. Assignments and receiverships

None

- a. Describe any assignment of property for the benefit of creditors made within **120 days** immediately preceding the commencement of this case. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include any assignment by either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF ASSIGNEE	DATE OF ASSIGNMENT	TERMS OF ASSIGNMENT OR SETTLEMENT
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None

- b. List all property which has been in the hands of a custodian, receiver, or court-appointed official within **one year** immediately preceding the commencement of this case. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include information concerning property of either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF CUSTODIAN	NAME AND LOCATION OF COURT CASE TITLE & NUMBER	DATE OF ORDER	DESCRIPTION AND VALUE OF PROPERTY
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7. GiftsNone

List all gifts or charitable contributions made within **one year** immediately preceding the commencement of this case except ordinary and usual gifts to family members aggregating less than \$200 in value per individual family member and charitable contributions aggregating less than \$100 per recipient. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include gifts or contributions by either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF PERSON OR ORGANIZATION	RELATIONSHIP TO DEBTOR, IF ANY	DATE OF GIFT	DESCRIPTION AND VALUE OF GIFT
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8. LossesNone

List all losses from fire, theft, other casualty or gambling within **one year** immediately preceding the commencement of this case **or since the commencement of this case**. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include losses by either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

DESCRIPTION AND VALUE OF PROPERTY	DESCRIPTION OF CIRCUMSTANCES AND, IF LOSS WAS COVERED IN WHOLE OR IN PART BY INSURANCE, GIVE PARTICULARS	DATE OF LOSS
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9. Payments related to debt counseling or bankruptcyNone

List all payments made or property transferred by or on behalf of the debtor to any persons, including attorneys, for consultation concerning debt consolidation, relief under the bankruptcy law or preparation of a petition in bankruptcy within **one year** immediately preceding the commencement of this case.

NAME AND ADDRESS OF PAYEE	DATE OF PAYMENT, NAME OF PAYOR IF OTHER THAN DEBTOR	AMOUNT OF MONEY OR DESCRIPTION AND VALUE OF PROPERTY
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10. Other transfersNone

List all other property, other than property transferred in the ordinary course of the business or financial affairs of the debtor, transferred either absolutely or as security within **one year** immediately preceding the commencement of this case. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include transfers by either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF TRANSFEREE, RELATIONSHIP TO DEBTOR	DATE	DESCRIBE PROPERTY TRANSFERRED AND VALUE RECEIVED
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11. Closed financial accounts

None

List all financial accounts and instruments held in the name of the debtor or for the benefit of the debtor which were closed, sold, or otherwise transferred within **one year** immediately preceding the commencement of this case. Include checking, savings, or other financial accounts, certificates of deposit, or other instruments; shares and share accounts held in banks, credit unions, pension funds, cooperatives, associations, brokerage houses and other financial institutions. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include information concerning accounts or instruments held by or for either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF INSTITUTION	TYPE OF ACCOUNT, LAST FOUR DIGITS OF ACCOUNT NUMBER, AND AMOUNT OF FINAL BALANCE	AMOUNT AND DATE OF SALE OR CLOSING
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12. Safe deposit boxes

None

List each safe deposit or other box or depository in which the debtor has or had securities, cash, or other valuables within **one year** immediately preceding the commencement of this case. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include boxes or depositories of either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF BANK OR OTHER DEPOSITORY	NAMES AND ADDRESSES OF THOSE WITH ACCESS TO BOX OR DEPOSITORY	DESCRIPTION OF CONTENTS	DATE OF TRANSFER OR SURRENDER, IF ANY
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13. Setoffs

None

List all setoffs made by any creditor, including a bank, against a debt or deposit of the debtor within **90 days** preceding the commencement of this case. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include information concerning either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF CREDITOR	DATE OF SETOFF	AMOUNT OF SETOFF
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14. Property held for another person

None

List all property owned by another person that the debtor holds or controls.

NAME AND ADDRESS OF OWNER	DESCRIPTION AND VALUE OF PROPERTY	LOCATION OF PROPERTY
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15. Prior address of debtor

None

If the debtor has moved within the **two years** immediately preceding the commencement of this case, list all premises which the debtor occupied during that period and vacated prior to the commencement of this case. If a joint petition is filed, report also any separate address of either spouse.

ADDRESS	NAME USED	DATES OF OCCUPANCY
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16. Spouses and Former Spouses

None

If the debtor resides or resided in a community property state, commonwealth, or territory (including Alaska, Arizona, California, Idaho, Louisiana, Nevada, New Mexico, Puerto Rico, Texas, Washington, or Wisconsin) within the **six-year period** immediately preceding the commencement of the case, identify the name of the debtor's spouse and of any former spouse who resides or resided with the debtor in the community property state.

NAME

17. Environmental Information.

For the purpose of this question, the following definitions apply:

"Environmental Law" means any federal, state, or local statute or regulation regulating pollution, contamination, releases of hazardous or toxic substances, wastes or material into the air, land, soil, surface water, groundwater, or other medium, including, but not limited to, statutes or regulations regulating the cleanup of these substances, wastes, or material.

"Site" means any location, facility, or property as defined under any Environmental Law, whether or not presently or formerly owned or operated by the debtor, including, but not limited to, disposal sites.

"Hazardous Material" means anything defined as a hazardous waste, hazardous substance, toxic substance, hazardous material, pollutant, or contaminant or similar term under an Environmental Law

None

- a. List the name and address of every site for which the debtor has received notice in writing by a governmental unit that it may be liable or potentially liable under or in violation of an Environmental Law. Indicate the governmental unit, the date of the notice, and, if known, the Environmental Law:

SITE NAME AND ADDRESS	NAME AND ADDRESS OF GOVERNMENTAL UNIT	DATE OF NOTICE	ENVIRONMENTAL LAW
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None

- b. List the name and address of every site for which the debtor provided notice to a governmental unit of a release of Hazardous Material. Indicate the governmental unit to which the notice was sent and the date of the notice.

SITE NAME AND ADDRESS	NAME AND ADDRESS OF GOVERNMENTAL UNIT	DATE OF NOTICE	ENVIRONMENTAL LAW
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None

- c. List all judicial or administrative proceedings, including settlements or orders, under any Environmental Law with respect to which the debtor is or was a party. Indicate the name and address of the governmental unit that is or was a party to the proceeding, and the docket number.

NAME AND ADDRESS
OF GOVERNMENTAL UNIT

DOCKET NUMBER

STATUS OR
DISPOSITION

18 . Nature, location and name of business

None

- a. If the debtor is an individual, list the names, addresses, taxpayer identification numbers, nature of the businesses, and beginning and ending dates of all businesses in which the debtor was an officer, director, partner, or managing executive of a corporation, partnership, sole proprietorship, or was a self-employed professional within the **six years** immediately preceding the commencement of this case, or in which the debtor owned 5 percent or more of the voting or equity securities within the **six years** immediately preceding the commencement of this case.

If the debtor is a partnership, list the names, addresses, taxpayer identification numbers, nature of the businesses, and beginning and ending dates of all businesses in which the debtor was a partner or owned 5 percent or more of the voting or equity securities, within the **six years** immediately preceding the commencement of this case.

If the debtor is a corporation, list the names, addresses, taxpayer identification numbers, nature of the businesses, and beginning and ending dates of all businesses in which the debtor was a partner or owned 5 percent or more of the voting or equity securities within the **six years** immediately preceding the commencement of this case.

NAME	TAXPAYER I.D. NO. (EIN)	ADDRESS	NATURE OF BUSINESS	BEGINNING AND ENDING DATES
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None

- b. Identify any business listed in response to subdivision a., above, that is "single asset real estate" as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101.

NAME

ADDRESS

The following questions are to be completed by every debtor that is a corporation or partnership and by any individual debtor who is or has been, within the **six years** immediately preceding the commencement of this case, any of the following: an officer, director, managing executive, or owner of more than 5 percent of the voting or equity securities of a corporation; a partner, other than a limited partner, of a partnership; a sole proprietor or otherwise self-employed.

*(An individual or joint debtor should complete this portion of the statement **only** if the debtor is or has been in business, as defined above, within the six years immediately preceding the commencement of this case. A debtor who has not been in business within those six years should go directly to the signature page.)*

19. Books, records and financial statementsNone

- a. List all bookkeepers and accountants who within the **two years** immediately preceding the filing of this bankruptcy case kept or supervised the keeping of books of account and records of the debtor.

NAME AND ADDRESS

DATES SERVICES RENDERED

None

- b. List all firms or individuals who within the **two years** immediately preceding the filing of this bankruptcy case have audited the books of account and records, or prepared a financial statement of the debtor.

NAME

ADDRESS

DATES SERVICES RENDERED

None

- c. List all firms or individuals who at the time of the commencement of this case were in possession of the books of account and records of the debtor. If any of the books of account and records are not available, explain.

NAME

ADDRESS

None

- d. List all financial institutions, creditors and other parties, including mercantile and trade agencies, to whom a financial statement was issued within the **two years** immediately preceding the commencement of this case by the debtor.

NAME AND ADDRESS

DATE ISSUED

20. InventoriesNone

- a. List the dates of the last two inventories taken of your property, the name of the person who supervised the taking of each inventory, and the dollar amount and basis of each inventory.

DATE OF INVENTORY

INVENTORY SUPERVISOR

DOLLAR AMOUNT OF INVENTORY
(Specify cost, market or other basis)None

- b. List the name and address of the person having possession of the records of each of the two inventories reported in a., above.

DATE OF INVENTORY

NAME AND ADDRESSES OF CUSTODIAN
OF INVENTORY RECORDS

21 . Current Partners, Officers, Directors and ShareholdersNone

- a. If the debtor is a partnership, list the nature and percentage of partnership interest of each member of the partnership.

NAME AND ADDRESS	NATURE OF INTEREST	PERCENTAGE OF INTEREST
------------------	--------------------	------------------------

None

- b. If the debtor is a corporation, list all officers and directors of the corporation, and each stockholder who directly or indirectly owns, controls, or holds 5 percent or more of the voting or equity securities of the corporation.

NAME AND ADDRESS	TITLE	NATURE AND PERCENTAGE OF STOCK OWNERSHIP
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22 . Former partners, officers, directors and shareholdersNone

- a. If the debtor is a partnership, list each member who withdrew from the partnership within
- one year**
- immediately preceding the commencement of this case.

NAME	ADDRESS	DATE OF WITHDRAWAL
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None

- b. If the debtor is a corporation, list all officers, or directors whose relationship with the corporation terminated within
- one year**
- immediately preceding the commencement of this case.

NAME AND ADDRESS	TITLE	DATE OF TERMINATION
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23 . Withdrawals from a partnership or distributions by a corporationNone

- If the debtor is a partnership or corporation, list all withdrawals or distributions credited or given to an insider, including compensation in any form, bonuses, loans, stock redemptions, options exercised and any other perquisite during
- one year**
- immediately preceding the commencement of this case.

NAME & ADDRESS OF RECIPIENT, RELATIONSHIP TO DEBTOR	DATE AND PURPOSE OF WITHDRAWAL	AMOUNT OF MONEY OR DESCRIPTION AND VALUE OF PROPERTY
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24. Tax Consolidation Group.

None

If the debtor is a corporation, list the name and federal taxpayer identification number of the parent corporation of any consolidated group for tax purposes of which the debtor has been a member at any time within the **six-year period** immediately preceding the commencement of the case.

NAME OF PARENT CORPORATION TAXPAYER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (EIN)

25. Pension Funds.

None

If the debtor is not an individual, list the name and federal taxpayer identification number of any pension fund to which the debtor, as an employer, has been responsible for contributing at any time within the **six-year period** immediately preceding the commencement of the case.

NAME OF PENSION FUND TAXPAYER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (EIN)

* * * * *

[If completed by an individual or individual and spouse]

I declare under penalty of perjury that I have read the answers contained in the foregoing statement of financial affairs and any attachments thereto and that they are true and correct.

Date _____

Signature _____
of Debtor

Date _____

Signature _____
of Joint Debtor
(if any)

[If completed on behalf of a partnership or corporation]

I declare under penalty of perjury that I have read the answers contained in the foregoing statement of financial affairs and any attachments thereto and that they are true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information and belief.

Date _____

Signature _____

Print Name and Title

[An individual signing on behalf of a partnership or corporation must indicate position or relationship to debtor.]

____ continuation sheets attached

Penalty for making a false statement: Fine of up to \$500,000 or imprisonment for up to 5 years, or both. 18 U.S.C. § 152 and 3571

CERTIFICATION AND SIGNATURE OF NON-ATTORNEY BANKRUPTCY PETITION PREPARER (See 11 U.S.C. § 110)

I certify that I am a bankruptcy petition preparer as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 110, that I prepared this document for compensation, and that I have provided the debtor with a copy of this document.

Printed or Typed Name of Bankruptcy Petition Preparer

Social Security No.
(Required by 11 U.S.C. § 110(c).)

Address

Names and Social Security numbers of all other individuals who prepared or assisted in preparing this document:

If more than one person prepared this document, attach additional signed sheets conforming to the appropriate Official Form for each person.

X _____
Signature of Bankruptcy Petition Preparer

Date

A bankruptcy petition preparer's failure to comply with the provisions of title 11 and the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure may result in fines or imprisonment or both. 18 U.S.C. § 156.

COMMITTEE NOTE

The form has been amended to require the debtor to disclose only the last four digits of the debtor's Social Security or other Taxpayer Identification number. Those four digits will provide creditors with sufficient information to identify the debtor accurately while affording greater privacy to the debtor. In addition, those items that require the listing of any account number have been amended to specify that only the last four digits must be disclosed.

Pursuant to § 110(c) of the Bankruptcy Code, the certification by a non-attorney bankruptcy petition preparer continues to require a petition preparer to provide the full Social Security number of the individual who actually prepares the document.

United States Bankruptcy Court

District Of _____

In re _____,
Debtor

Case No. _____

Chapter 7

CHAPTER 7 INDIVIDUAL DEBTOR'S STATEMENT OF INTENTION

1. I have filed a schedule of assets and liabilities which includes consumer debts secured by property of the estate.
2. I intend to do the following with respect to the property of the estate which secures those consumer debts:
 - a. *Property to Be Surrendered.*

Description of Property

Creditor's name

b. Property to Be Retained

[Check any applicable statement.]

Description of Property	Creditor's Name	Property is claimed as exempt	Property will be redeemed pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 722	Debt will be reaffirmed pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 524(c)

Date: _____

Signature of Debtor

CERTIFICATION OF NON-ATTORNEY BANKRUPTCY PETITION PREPARER (See 11 U.S.C. § 110)

I certify that I am a bankruptcy petition preparer as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 110, that I prepared this document for compensation, and that I have provided the debtor with a copy of this document.

Printed or Typed Name of Bankruptcy Petition Preparer

Social Security No.
(Required by 11 U.S.C. § 110(c).)

Address

Names and Social Security Numbers of all other individuals who prepared or assisted in preparing this document.

If more than one person prepared this document, attach additional signed sheets conforming to the appropriate Official Form for each person.

X _____
Signature of Bankruptcy Petition Preparer

Date

A bankruptcy petition preparer's failure to comply with the provisions of title 11 and the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure may result in fines or imprisonment or both. 11 U.S.C. § 110; 18 U.S.C. § 156.

COMMITTEE NOTE

Pursuant to § 110(c) of the Bankruptcy Code, the certification by a non-attorney bankruptcy petition preparer continues to require a petition preparer to provide the full Social Security number of the individual who actually prepares the document.

EXPLANATIONS

FORM B9A (9/97)

Filing of Chapter 7
Bankruptcy Case

A bankruptcy case under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code (title 11, United States Code) has been filed in this court by or against the debtor(s) listed on the front side, and an order for relief has been entered.

Creditors May Not Take
Certain Actions

Prohibited collection actions are listed in Bankruptcy Code § 362. Common examples of prohibited actions include contacting the debtor by telephone, mail or otherwise to demand repayment; taking actions to collect money or obtain property from the debtor; repossessing the debtor's property; starting or continuing lawsuits or foreclosures; and garnishing or deducting from the debtor's wages.

Meeting of Creditors

A meeting of creditors is scheduled for the date, time and location listed on the front side. *The debtor (both spouses in a joint case) must be present at the meeting to be questioned under oath by the trustee and by creditors.* Creditors are welcome to attend, but are not required to do so. The meeting may be continued and concluded at a later date without further notice.

Do Not File a Proof of Claim
at This Time

There does not appear to be any property available to the trustee to pay creditors. *You therefore should not file a proof of claim at this time.* If it later appears that assets are available to pay creditors, you will be sent another notice telling you that you may file a proof of claim, and telling you the deadline for filing your proof of claim.

Discharge of Debts

The debtor is seeking a discharge of most debts, which may include your debt. A discharge means that you may never try to collect the debt from the debtor. If you believe that the debtor is not entitled to receive a discharge under Bankruptcy Code § 727(a) or that a debt owed to you is not dischargeable under Bankruptcy Code § 523(a)(2), (4), (6), or (15), you must start a lawsuit by filing a complaint in the bankruptcy clerk's office by the "Deadline to File a Complaint Objecting to Discharge of the Debtor or to Determine Dischargeability of Certain Debts" listed on the front side. The bankruptcy clerk's office must receive the complaint and the required filing fee by that Deadline.

Exempt Property

The debtor is permitted by law to keep certain property as exempt. Exempt property will not be sold and distributed to creditors. The debtor must file a list of all property claimed as exempt. You may inspect that list at the bankruptcy clerk's office. If you believe that an exemption claimed by the debtor is not authorized by law, you may file an objection to that exemption. The bankruptcy clerk's office must receive the objection by the "Deadline to Object to Exemptions" listed on the front side.

Bankruptcy Clerk's Office

Any paper that you file in this bankruptcy case should be filed at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed on the front side. You may inspect all papers filed, including the list of the debtor's property and debts and the list of the property claimed as exempt, at the bankruptcy clerk's office.

Legal Advice

The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice. You may want to consult an attorney to protect your rights.

—Refer To Other Side For Important Deadlines and Notices—

EXPLANATIONS

FORM B9B (9/97)

Filing of Chapter 7 Bankruptcy Case	A bankruptcy case under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code (title 11, United States Code) has been filed in this court by or against the debtor(s) listed on the front side, and an order for relief has been entered.
Creditors May Not Take Certain Actions	Prohibited collection actions are listed in Bankruptcy Code § 362. Common examples of prohibited actions include contacting the debtor by telephone, mail or otherwise to demand repayment; taking actions to collect money or obtain property from the debtor; repossessing the debtor's property; and starting or continuing lawsuits or foreclosures.
Meeting of Creditors	A meeting of creditors is scheduled for the date, time and location listed on the front side. <i>The debtor's representative must be present at the meeting to be questioned under oath by the trustee and by creditors.</i> Creditors are welcome to attend, but are not required to do so. The meeting may be continued and concluded at a later date without further notice.
Do Not File a Proof of Claim at This Time	There does not appear to be any property available to the trustee to pay creditors. <i>You therefore should not file a proof of claim at this time.</i> If it later appears that assets are available to pay creditors, you will be sent another notice telling you that you may file a proof of claim, and telling you the deadline for filing your proof of claim.
Bankruptcy Clerk's Office	Any paper that you file in this bankruptcy case should be filed at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed on the front side. You may inspect all papers filed, including the list of the debtor's property and debts at the bankruptcy clerk's office.
Legal Advice	The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice. You may want to consult an attorney to protect your rights.
—Refer To Other Side For Important Deadlines and Notices—	

EXPLANATIONS

FORM B9C (9/97)

Filing of Chapter 7 Bankruptcy Case	A bankruptcy case under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code (title 11, United States Code) has been filed in this court by or against the debtor(s) listed on the front side, and an order for relief has been entered.
Creditors May Not Take Certain Actions	Prohibited collection actions are listed in Bankruptcy Code § 362. Common examples of prohibited actions include contacting the debtor by telephone, mail or otherwise to demand repayment; taking actions to collect money or obtain property from the debtor; repossessing the debtor's property; starting or continuing lawsuits or foreclosures; and garnishing or deducting from the debtor's wages.
Meeting of Creditors	A meeting of creditors is scheduled for the date, time and location listed on the front side. <i>The debtor (both spouses in a joint case) must be present at the meeting to be questioned under oath by the trustee and by creditors.</i> Creditors are welcome to attend, but are not required to do so. The meeting may be continued and concluded at a later date without further notice.
Claims	A Proof of Claim is a signed statement describing a creditor's claim. If a Proof of Claim form is not included with this notice, you can obtain one at any bankruptcy clerk's office. If you do not file a Proof of Claim by the "Deadline to File a Proof of Claim" listed on the front side, you might not be paid any money on your claim against the debtor in the bankruptcy case. To be paid you must file a Proof of Claim even if your claim is listed in the schedules filed by the debtor.
Discharge of Debts	The debtor is seeking a discharge of most debts, which may include your debt. A discharge means that you may never try to collect the debt from the debtor. If you believe that the debtor is not entitled to receive a discharge under Bankruptcy Code § 727(a) <i>or</i> that a debt owed to you is not dischargeable under Bankruptcy Code § 523(a)(2), (4), (6), or (15), you must start a lawsuit by filing a complaint in the bankruptcy clerk's office by the "Deadline to File a Complaint Objecting to Discharge of the Debtor or to Determine Dischargeability of Certain Debts" listed on the front side. The bankruptcy clerk's office must receive the complaint and the required filing fee by that Deadline.
Exempt Property	The debtor is permitted by law to keep certain property as exempt. Exempt property will not be sold and distributed to creditors. The debtor must file a list of all property claimed as exempt. You may inspect that list at the bankruptcy clerk's office. If you believe that an exemption claimed by the debtor is not authorized by law, you may file an objection to that exemption. The bankruptcy clerk's office must receive the objection by the "Deadline to Object to Exemptions" listed on the front side.
Liquidation of the Debtor's Property and Payment of Creditors' Claims	The bankruptcy trustee listed on the front of this notice will collect and sell the debtor's property that is not exempt. If the trustee can collect enough money, creditors may be paid some or all of the debts owed to them, in the order specified by the Bankruptcy Code. To make sure you receive any share of that money, you must file a Proof of Claim, as described above.
Bankruptcy Clerk's Office	Any paper that you file in this bankruptcy case should be filed at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed on the front side. You may inspect all papers filed, including the list of the debtor's property and debts and the list of the property claimed as exempt, at the bankruptcy clerk's office.
Legal Advice	The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice. You may want to consult an attorney to protect your rights.

—Refer To Other Side For Important Deadlines and Notices—

EXPLANATIONS

FORM B9D (9/97)

Filing of Chapter 7 Bankruptcy Case

A bankruptcy case under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code (title 11, United States Code) has been filed in this court by or against the debtor listed on the front side, and an order for relief has been entered.

Creditors May Not Take Certain Actions

Prohibited collection actions are listed in Bankruptcy Code § 362. Common examples of prohibited actions include contacting the debtor by telephone, mail or otherwise to demand repayment; taking actions to collect money or obtain property from the debtor; repossessing the debtor's property; and starting or continuing lawsuits or foreclosures.

Meeting of Creditors

A meeting of creditors is scheduled for the date, time and location listed on the front side. *The debtor's representative must be present at the meeting to be questioned under oath by the trustee and by creditors.* Creditors are welcome to attend, but are not required to do so. The meeting may be continued and concluded at a later date without further notice.

Claims

A Proof of Claim is a signed statement describing a creditor's claim. If a Proof of Claim form is not included with this notice, you can obtain one at any bankruptcy clerk's office. If you do not file a Proof of Claim by the "Deadline to File a Proof of Claim" listed on the front side, you might not be paid any money on your claim against the debtor in the bankruptcy case. To be paid you must file a Proof of Claim even if your claim is listed in the schedules filed by the debtor.

Liquidation of the Debtor's Property and Payment of Creditors' Claims

The bankruptcy trustee listed on the front of this notice will collect and sell the debtor's property. If the trustee can collect enough money, creditors may be paid some or all of the debts owed to them, in the order specified by the Bankruptcy Code. To make sure you receive any share of that money, you must file a Proof of Claim, as described above.

Bankruptcy Clerk's Office

Any paper that you file in this bankruptcy case should be filed at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed on the front side. You may inspect all papers filed, including the list of the debtor's property and debts, at the bankruptcy clerk's office.

Legal Advice

The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice. You may want to consult an attorney to protect your rights.

—Refer To Other Side For Important Deadlines and Notices—

EXPLANATIONS

FORM B9E (9/97)

Filing of Chapter 11 Bankruptcy Case	A bankruptcy case under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code (title 11, United States Code) has been filed in this court by or against the debtor(s) listed on the front side, and an order for relief has been entered. Chapter 11 allows a debtor to reorganize or liquidate pursuant to a plan. A plan is not effective unless confirmed by the court. You may be sent a copy of the plan and a disclosure statement telling you about the plan, and you might have the opportunity to vote on the plan. You will be sent notice of the date of the confirmation hearing, and you may object to confirmation of the plan and attend the confirmation hearing. Unless a trustee is serving, the debtor will remain in possession of the debtor's property and may continue to operate any business.
Creditors May Not Take Certain Actions	Prohibited collection actions are listed in Bankruptcy Code § 362. Common examples of prohibited actions include contacting the debtor by telephone, mail or otherwise to demand repayment; taking actions to collect money or obtain property from the debtor; repossessing the debtor's property; starting or continuing lawsuits or foreclosures; and garnishing or deducting from the debtor's wages.
Meeting of Creditors	A meeting of creditors is scheduled for the date, time and location listed on the front side. <i>The debtor (both spouses in a joint case) must be present at the meeting to be questioned under oath by the trustee and by creditors.</i> Creditors are welcome to attend, but are not required to do so. The meeting may be continued and concluded at a later date without further notice.
Claims	A Proof of Claim is a signed statement describing a creditor's claim. If a Proof of Claim form is not included with this notice, you can obtain one at any bankruptcy clerk's office. You may look at the schedules that have been or will be filed at the bankruptcy clerk's office. If your claim is scheduled and is <i>not</i> listed as disputed, contingent, or unliquidated, it will be allowed in the amount scheduled unless you file a Proof of Claim or you are sent further notice about the claim. Whether or not your claim is scheduled, you are permitted to file a Proof of Claim. If your claim is not listed at all <i>or</i> if your claim is listed as disputed, contingent, or unliquidated, then you must file a Proof of Claim or you might not be paid any money on your claim against the debtor in the bankruptcy case. The court has not yet set a deadline to file a Proof of Claim. If a deadline is set, you will be sent another notice.
Discharge of Debts	Confirmation of a chapter 11 plan may result in a discharge of debts, which may include all or part of your debt. See Bankruptcy Code § 1141(d). A discharge means that you may never try to collect the debt from the debtor except as provided in the plan. If you believe that a debt owed to you is not dischargeable under Bankruptcy Code § 523(a)(2), (4), (6), or (15), you must start a lawsuit by filing a complaint in the bankruptcy clerk's office by the "Deadline to File a Complaint to Determine Dischargeability of Certain Debts" listed on the front side. The bankruptcy clerk's office must receive the complaint and the required filing fee by that Deadline. If you believe that the debtor is not entitled to receive a discharge under Bankruptcy Code § 1141(d)(3), you must file a complaint with the required filing fee in the bankruptcy clerk's office not later than the first date set for the hearing on confirmation of the plan. You will be sent another notice informing you of that date.
Exempt Property	The debtor is permitted by law to keep certain property as exempt. Exempt property will not be sold and distributed to creditors, even if the debtor's case is converted to chapter 7. The debtor must file a list of all property claimed as exempt. You may inspect that list at the bankruptcy clerk's office. If you believe that an exemption claimed by the debtor is not authorized by law, you may file an objection to that exemption. The bankruptcy clerk's office must receive the objection by the "Deadline to Object to Exemptions" listed on the front side.
Bankruptcy Clerk's Office	Any paper that you file in this bankruptcy case should be filed at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed on the front side. You may inspect all papers filed, including the list of the debtor's property and debts and the list of the property claimed as exempt, at the bankruptcy clerk's office.
Legal Advice	The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice. You may want to consult an attorney to protect your rights.
—Refer To Other Side For Important Deadlines and Notices—	

EXPLANATIONS

FORM B9E (ALT.) (9/97)

Filing of Chapter 11 Bankruptcy Case	A bankruptcy case under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code (title 11, United States Code) has been filed in this court by or against the debtor(s) listed on the front side, and an order for relief has been entered. Chapter 11 allows a debtor to reorganize or liquidate pursuant to a plan. A plan is not effective unless confirmed by the court. You may be sent a copy of the plan and a disclosure statement telling you about the plan, and you might have the opportunity to vote on the plan. You will be sent notice of the date of the confirmation hearing, and you may object to confirmation of the plan and attend the confirmation hearing. Unless a trustee is serving, the debtor will remain in possession of the debtor's property and may continue to operate any business.
Creditors May Not Take Certain Actions	Prohibited collection actions are listed in Bankruptcy Code § 362. Common examples of prohibited actions include contacting the debtor by telephone, mail or otherwise to demand repayment; taking actions to collect money or obtain property from the debtor; repossessing the debtor's property; starting or continuing lawsuits or foreclosures; and garnishing or deducting from the debtor's wages.
Meeting of Creditors	A meeting of creditors is scheduled for the date, time and location listed on the front side. <i>The debtor (both spouses in a joint case) must be present at the meeting to be questioned under oath by the trustee and by creditors.</i> Creditors are welcome to attend, but are not required to do so. The meeting may be continued and concluded at a later date without further notice.
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Discharge of Debts	Confirmation of a chapter 11 plan may result in a discharge of debts, which may include all or part of your debt. See Bankruptcy Code § 1141(d). A discharge means that you may never try to collect the debt from the debtor except as provided in the plan. If you believe that a debt owed to you is not dischargeable under Bankruptcy Code § 523(a)(2), (4), (6), or (15), you must start a lawsuit by filing a complaint in the bankruptcy clerk's office by the "Deadline to File a Complaint to Determine Dischargeability of Certain Debts" listed on the front side. The bankruptcy clerk's office must receive the complaint and the required filing fee by that Deadline. If you believe that the debtor is not entitled to receive a discharge under Bankruptcy Code § 1141(d)(3), you must file a complaint with the required filing fee in the bankruptcy clerk's office not later than the first date set for the hearing on confirmation of the plan. You will be sent another notice informing you of that date.
Exempt Property	The debtor is permitted by law to keep certain property as exempt. Exempt property will not be sold and distributed to creditors, even if the debtor's case is converted to chapter 7. The debtor must file a list of all property claimed as exempt. You may inspect that list at the bankruptcy clerk's office. If you believe that an exemption claimed by the debtor is not authorized by law, you may file an objection to that exemption. The bankruptcy clerk's office must receive the objection by the "Deadline to Object to Exemptions" listed on the front side.
Bankruptcy Clerk's Office	Any paper that you file in this bankruptcy case should be filed at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed on the front side. You may inspect all papers filed, including the list of the debtor's property and debts and the list of the property claimed as exempt, at the bankruptcy clerk's office.
Legal Advice	The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice. You may want to consult an attorney to protect your rights.
—Refer To Other Side For Important Deadlines and Notices—	

EXPLANATIONS

FORM B9F (9/97)

Filing of Chapter 11 Bankruptcy Case	A bankruptcy case under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code (title 11, United States Code) has been filed in this court by or against the debtor listed on the front side, and an order for relief has been entered. Chapter 11 allows a debtor to reorganize or liquidate pursuant to a plan. A plan is not effective unless confirmed by the court. You may be sent a copy of the plan and a disclosure statement telling you about the plan, and you might have the opportunity to vote on the plan. You will be sent notice of the date of the confirmation hearing, and you may object to confirmation of the plan and attend the confirmation hearing. Unless a trustee is serving, the debtor will remain in possession of the debtor's property and may continue to operate any business.
Creditors May Not Take Certain Actions	Prohibited collection actions are listed in Bankruptcy Code § 362. Common examples of prohibited actions include contacting the debtor by telephone, mail or otherwise to demand repayment; taking actions to collect money or obtain property from the debtor; repossessing the debtor's property; starting or continuing lawsuits or foreclosures.
Meeting of Creditors	A meeting of creditors is scheduled for the date, time and location listed on the front side. <i>The debtor's representative must be present at the meeting to be questioned under oath by the trustee and by creditors.</i> Creditors are welcome to attend, but are not required to do so. The meeting may be continued and concluded at a later date without further notice.
Claims	A Proof of Claim is a signed statement describing a creditor's claim. If a Proof of Claim form is not included with this notice, you can obtain one at any bankruptcy clerk's office. You may look at the schedules that have been or will be filed at the bankruptcy clerk's office. If your claim is scheduled and is <i>not</i> listed as disputed, contingent, or unliquidated, it will be allowed in the amount scheduled unless you file a Proof of Claim or you are sent further notice about the claim. Whether or not your claim is scheduled, you are permitted to file a Proof of Claim. If your claim is not listed at all <i>or</i> if your claim is listed as disputed, contingent, or unliquidated, then you must file a Proof of Claim or you might not be paid any money on your claim against the debtor in the bankruptcy case. The court has not yet set a deadline to file a Proof of Claim. If a deadline is set, you will be sent another notice.
Discharge of Debts	Confirmation of a chapter 11 plan may result in a discharge of debts, which may include all or part of your debt. See Bankruptcy Code § 1141(d). A discharge means that you may never try to collect the debt from the debtor, except as provided in the plan.
Bankruptcy Clerk's Office	Any paper that you file in this bankruptcy case should be filed at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed on the front side. You may inspect all papers filed, including the list of the debtor's property and debts at the bankruptcy clerk's office.
Legal Advice	The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice. You may want to consult an attorney to protect your rights.

—Refer To Other Side For Important Deadlines and Notices—

EXPLANATIONS

FORM B9F (Alt.) (9/97)

Filing of Chapter 11 Bankruptcy Case A bankruptcy case under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code (title 11, United States Code) has been filed in this court by or against the debtor listed on the front side, and an order for relief has been entered. Chapter 11 allows a debtor to reorganize or liquidate pursuant to a plan. A plan is not effective unless confirmed by the court. You may be sent a copy of the plan and a disclosure statement telling you about the plan, and you might have the opportunity to vote on the plan. You will be sent notice of the date of the confirmation hearing, and you may object to confirmation of the plan and attend the confirmation hearing. Unless a trustee is serving, the debtor will remain in possession of the debtor's property and may continue to operate any business.

Creditors May Not Take Certain Actions Prohibited collection actions are listed in Bankruptcy Code § 362. Common examples of prohibited actions include contacting the debtor by telephone, mail or otherwise to demand repayment; taking actions to collect money or obtain property from the debtor; repossessing the debtor's property; starting or continuing lawsuits or foreclosures.

Meeting of Creditors A meeting of creditors is scheduled for the date, time and location listed on the front side. *The debtor's representative must be present at the meeting to be questioned under oath by the trustee and by creditors.* Creditors are welcome to attend, but are not required to do so. The meeting may be continued and concluded at a later date without further notice.

Claims A Proof of Claim is a signed statement describing a creditor's claim. If a Proof of Claim form is not included with this notice, you can obtain one at any bankruptcy clerk's office. You may look at the schedules that have been or will be filed at the bankruptcy clerk's office. If your claim is scheduled and is *not* listed as disputed, contingent, or unliquidated, it will be allowed in the amount scheduled unless you file a Proof of Claim or you are sent further notice about the claim. Whether or not your claim is scheduled, you are permitted to file a Proof of Claim. If your claim is not listed at all *or* if your claim is listed as disputed, contingent, or unliquidated, then you must file a Proof of Claim by the "Deadline to File a Proof of Claim" listed on the front side, or you might not be paid any money on your claim against the debtor in the bankruptcy case.

Discharge of Debts Confirmation of a chapter 11 plan may result in a discharge of debts, which may include all or part of your debt. See Bankruptcy Code § 1141(d). A discharge means that you may never try to collect the debt from the debtor, except as provided in the plan.

Bankruptcy Clerk's Office Any paper that you file in this bankruptcy case should be filed at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed on the front side. You may inspect all papers filed, including the list of the debtor's property and debts, at the bankruptcy clerk's office.

Legal Advice The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice. You may want to consult an attorney to protect your rights.

—Refer To Other Side For Important Deadlines and Notices—

EXPLANATIONS

FORM B9G (9/97)

Filing of Chapter 12 Bankruptcy Case	A bankruptcy case under chapter 12 of the Bankruptcy Code (title 11, United States Code) has been filed in this court by the debtor(s) listed on the front side, and an order for relief has been entered. Chapter 12 allows family farmers to adjust their debts pursuant to a plan. A plan is not effective unless confirmed by the court. You may object to confirmation of the plan and appear at the confirmation hearing. A copy or summary of the plan [is included with this notice] <i>or</i> [will be sent to you later], and [the confirmation hearing will be held on the date indicated on the front of this notice] <i>or</i> [you will be sent notice of the confirmation hearing]. The debtor will remain in possession of the debtor's property and may continue to operate the debtor's business unless the court orders otherwise.
Creditors May Not Take Certain Actions	Prohibited collection actions against the debtor and certain codebtors are listed in Bankruptcy Code § 362 and § 1201. Common examples of prohibited actions include contacting the debtor by telephone, mail or otherwise to demand repayment; taking actions to collect money or obtain property from the debtor; repossessing the debtor's property; starting or continuing lawsuits or foreclosures; and garnishing or deducting from the debtor's wages.
Meeting of Creditors	A meeting of creditors is scheduled for the date, time and location listed on the front side. <i>The debtor (both spouses in a joint case) must be present at the meeting to be questioned under oath by the trustee and by creditors.</i> Creditors are welcome to attend, but are not required to do so. The meeting may be continued and concluded at a later date without further notice.
Claims	A Proof of Claim is a signed statement describing a creditor's claim. If a Proof of Claim form is not included with this notice, you can obtain one at any bankruptcy clerk's office. If you do not file a Proof of Claim by the "Deadline to File a Proof of Claim" listed on the front side, you might not be paid any money on your claim against the debtor in the bankruptcy case. To be paid you must file a Proof of Claim even if your claim is listed in the schedules filed by the debtor.
Discharge of Debts	The debtor is seeking a discharge of most debts, which may include your debt. A discharge means that you may never try to collect the debt from the debtor. If you believe that a debt owed to you is not dischargeable under Bankruptcy Code § 523(a)(2), (4), (6), or (15), you must start a lawsuit by filing a complaint in the bankruptcy clerk's office by the "Deadline to File a Complaint to Determine Dischargeability of Certain Debts" listed on the front side. The bankruptcy clerk's office must receive the complaint and the required filing fee by that Deadline.
Exempt Property	The debtor is permitted by law to keep certain property as exempt. Exempt property will not be sold and distributed to creditors, even if the debtor's case is converted to chapter 7. The debtor must file a list of all property claimed as exempt. You may inspect that list at the bankruptcy clerk's office. If you believe that an exemption claimed by the debtor is not authorized by law, you may file an objection to that exemption. The bankruptcy clerk's office must receive the objection by the "Deadline to Object to Exemptions" listed on the front side.
Bankruptcy Clerk's Office	Any paper that you file in this bankruptcy case should be filed at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed on the front side. You may inspect all papers filed, including the list of the debtor's property and debts and the list of the property claimed as exempt, at the bankruptcy clerk's office.
Legal Advice	The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice. You may want to consult an attorney to protect your rights.
—Refer To Other Side For Important Deadlines and Notices—	

EXPLANATIONS

FORM B9H (9/97)

Filing of Chapter 12 Bankruptcy Case	A bankruptcy case under chapter 12 of the Bankruptcy Code (title 11, United States Code) has been filed in this court by the debtor listed on the front side, and an order for relief has been entered. Chapter 12 allows family farmers to adjust their debts pursuant to a plan. A plan is not effective unless confirmed by the court. You may object to confirmation of the plan and appear at the confirmation hearing. A copy or summary of the plan [is included with this notice] <i>or</i> [will be sent to you later], and [the confirmation hearing will be held on the date indicated on the front of this notice] <i>or</i> [you will be sent notice of the confirmation hearing]. The debtor will remain in possession of the debtor's property and may continue to operate the debtor's business unless the court orders otherwise.
Creditors May Not Take Certain Actions	Prohibited collection actions against the debtor and certain codebtors are listed in Bankruptcy Code § 362 and § 1201. Common examples of prohibited actions include contacting the debtor by telephone, mail or otherwise to demand repayment; taking actions to collect money or obtain property from the debtor; repossessing the debtor's property; and starting or continuing lawsuits or foreclosures.
Meeting of Creditors	A meeting of creditors is scheduled for the date, time and location listed on the front side. <i>The debtor's representative must be present at the meeting to be questioned under oath by the trustee and by creditors.</i> Creditors are welcome to attend, but are not required to do so. The meeting may be continued and concluded at a later date without further notice.
Claims	A Proof of Claim is a signed statement describing a creditor's claim. If a Proof of Claim form is not included with this notice, you can obtain one at any bankruptcy clerk's office. If you do not file a Proof of Claim by the "Deadline to File a Proof of Claim" listed on the front side, you might not be paid any money on your claim against the debtor in the bankruptcy case. To be paid you must file a Proof of Claim even if your claim is listed in the schedules filed by the debtor.
Discharge of Debts	The debtor is seeking a discharge of most debts, which may include your debt. A discharge means that you may never try to collect the debt from the debtor. If you believe that a debt owed to you is not dischargeable under Bankruptcy Code § 523(a)(2), (4), or (6), you must start a lawsuit by filing a complaint in the bankruptcy clerk's office by the "Deadline to File a Complaint to Determine Dischargeability of Certain Debts" listed on the front side. The bankruptcy clerk's office must receive the complaint and the required filing fee by that Deadline.
Bankruptcy Clerk's Office	Any paper that you file in this bankruptcy case should be filed at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed on the front side. You may inspect all papers filed, including the list of the debtor's property and debts, at the bankruptcy clerk's office.
Legal Advice	The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice. You may want to consult an attorney to protect your rights.

—Refer To Other Side For Important Deadlines and Notices—

EXPLANATIONS

FORM B9I (9/97)

Filing of Chapter 13 Bankruptcy Case	A bankruptcy case under chapter 13 of the Bankruptcy Code (title 11, United States Code) has been filed in this court by the debtor(s) listed on the front side, and an order for relief has been entered. Chapter 13 allows an individual with regular income and debts below a specified amount to adjust debts pursuant to a plan. A plan is not effective unless confirmed by the bankruptcy court. You may object to confirmation of the plan and appear at the confirmation hearing. A copy or summary of the plan [is included with this notice] <i>or</i> [will be sent to you later], and [the confirmation hearing will be held on the date indicated on the front of this notice] <i>or</i> [you will be sent notice of the confirmation hearing]. The debtor will remain in possession of the debtor's property and may continue to operate the debtor's business, if any, unless the court orders otherwise.
Creditors May Not Take Certain Actions	Prohibited collection actions against the debtor and certain codebtors are listed in Bankruptcy Code § 362 and § 1301. Common examples of prohibited actions include contacting the debtor by telephone, mail or otherwise to demand repayment; taking actions to collect money or obtain property from the debtor; repossessing the debtor's property; starting or continuing lawsuits or foreclosures; and garnishing or deducting from the debtor's wages.
Meeting of Creditors	A meeting of creditors is scheduled for the date, time and location listed on the front side. <i>The debtor (both spouses in a joint case) must be present at the meeting to be questioned under oath by the trustee and by creditors.</i> Creditors are welcome to attend, but are not required to do so. The meeting may be continued and concluded at a later date without further notice.
Claims	A Proof of Claim is a signed statement describing a creditor's claim. If a Proof of Claim form is not included with this notice, you can obtain one at any bankruptcy clerk's office. If you do not file a Proof of Claim by the "Deadline to File a Proof of Claim" listed on the front side, you might not be paid any money on your claim against the debtor in the bankruptcy case. To be paid you must file a Proof of Claim even if your claim is listed in the schedules filed by the debtor.
Discharge of Debts	The debtor is seeking a discharge of most debts, which may include your debt. A discharge means that you may never try to collect the debt from the debtor.
Exempt Property	The debtor is permitted by law to keep certain property as exempt. Exempt property will not be sold and distributed to creditors, even if the debtor's case is converted to chapter 7. The debtor must file a list of all property claimed as exempt. You may inspect that list at the bankruptcy clerk's office. If you believe that an exemption claimed by the debtor is not authorized by law, you may file an objection to that exemption. The bankruptcy clerk's office must receive the objection by the "Deadline to Object to Exemptions" listed on the front side.
Bankruptcy Clerk's Office	Any paper that you file in this bankruptcy case should be filed at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed on the front side. You may inspect all papers filed, including the list of the debtor's property and debts and the list of property claimed as exempt, at the bankruptcy clerk's office.
Legal Advice	The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice. You may want to consult an attorney to protect your rights.

—Refer To Other Side For Important Deadlines and Notices—

COMMITTEE NOTE

The form is amended to add to the information provided to creditors, the trustee and the United States trustee, all the names used by the debtor during the six years prior to the filing of the petition. The form includes the debtor's full employer identification number, if any, as well as the last four digits of the debtor's social security number. Rule 2002(a)(1) also is amended to direct the clerk to include the debtor's full social security number and employer identification number on the notices served on the United States trustee, the trustee, and creditors. This will enable creditors to identify the debtor accurately. The copy of Official Form 9 included in the case file, however, will show only the last four digits of the debtor's social security number. This should afford greater privacy to the individual debtor, whose bankruptcy case records may be available on the Internet.

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT _____ DISTRICT OF _____		PROOF OF CLAIM												
Name of Debtor _____		Case Number _____												
<p>NOTE: This form should not be used to make a claim for an administrative expense arising after the commencement of the case. A "request" for payment of an administrative expense may be filed pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 503.</p>														
Name of Creditor (The person or other entity to whom the debtor owes money or property): _____		<input type="checkbox"/> Check box if you are aware that anyone else has filed a proof of claim relating to your claim. Attach copy of statement giving particulars. <input type="checkbox"/> Check box if you have never received any notices from the bankruptcy court in this case. <input type="checkbox"/> Check box if the address differs from the address on the envelope sent to you by the court.												
Name and address where notices should be sent: _____														
Telephone number: _____														
Account or other number by which creditor identifies debtor: _____		THIS SPACE IS FOR COURT USE ONLY												
Check here <input type="checkbox"/> replaces if this claim <input type="checkbox"/> amends a previously filed claim, dated: _____														
<p>1. Basis for Claim</p> <table style="width:100%;"> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Goods sold</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Retiree benefits as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 1114(a)</td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Services performed</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Wages, salaries, and compensation (fill out below)</td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Money loaned</td> <td>Last four digits of SS #: _____</td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Personal injury/wrongful death</td> <td>Unpaid compensation for services performed</td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Taxes</td> <td>from _____ to _____</td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Other _____</td> <td style="text-align: center;">(date) (date)</td> </tr> </table>			<input type="checkbox"/> Goods sold	<input type="checkbox"/> Retiree benefits as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 1114(a)	<input type="checkbox"/> Services performed	<input type="checkbox"/> Wages, salaries, and compensation (fill out below)	<input type="checkbox"/> Money loaned	Last four digits of SS #: _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Personal injury/wrongful death	Unpaid compensation for services performed	<input type="checkbox"/> Taxes	from _____ to _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Other _____	(date) (date)
<input type="checkbox"/> Goods sold	<input type="checkbox"/> Retiree benefits as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 1114(a)													
<input type="checkbox"/> Services performed	<input type="checkbox"/> Wages, salaries, and compensation (fill out below)													
<input type="checkbox"/> Money loaned	Last four digits of SS #: _____													
<input type="checkbox"/> Personal injury/wrongful death	Unpaid compensation for services performed													
<input type="checkbox"/> Taxes	from _____ to _____													
<input type="checkbox"/> Other _____	(date) (date)													
2. Date debt was incurred: _____		3. If court judgment, date obtained: _____												
<p>4. Total Amount of Claim at Time Case Filed: \$ _____ (unsecured) _____ (secured) _____ (priority) _____ (Total)</p> <p>If all or part of your claim is secured or entitled to priority, also complete Item 5 or 7 below.</p> <input type="checkbox"/> Check this box if claim includes interest or other charges in addition to the principal amount of the claim. Attach itemized statement of all interest or additional charges.														
<p>5. Secured Claim.</p> <input type="checkbox"/> Check this box if your claim is secured by collateral (including a right of setoff). Brief Description of Collateral: <input type="checkbox"/> Real Estate <input type="checkbox"/> Motor Vehicle <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ Value of Collateral: \$ _____ Amount of arrearage and other charges <u>at time case filed</u> included in secured claim, if any: \$ _____		<p>7. Unsecured Priority Claim.</p> <input type="checkbox"/> Check this box if you have an unsecured priority claim Amount entitled to priority \$ _____ Specify the priority of the claim: <input type="checkbox"/> Wages, salaries, or commissions (up to \$4,650)* earned within 90 days before filing of the bankruptcy petition or cessation of the debtor's business, whichever is earlier - 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(3). <input type="checkbox"/> Contributions to an employee benefit plan - 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(4). <input type="checkbox"/> Up to \$2,100* of deposits toward purchase, lease, or rental of property or services for personal, family, or household use - 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(6). <input type="checkbox"/> Alimony, maintenance, or support owed to a spouse, former spouse, or child - 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(7). <input type="checkbox"/> Taxes or penalties owed to governmental units-11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(8). <input type="checkbox"/> Other - Specify applicable paragraph of 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(____). <small>*Amounts are subject to adjustment on 4/1/04 and every 3 years thereafter with respect to cases commenced on or after the date of adjustment.</small>												
<p>6. Unsecured Nonpriority Claim \$ _____</p> <input type="checkbox"/> Check this box if: a) there is no collateral or lien securing your claim, or b) your claim exceeds the value of the property securing it, or if c) none or only part of your claim is entitled to priority.														
<p>8. Credits: The amount of all payments on this claim has been credited and deducted for the purpose of making this proof of claim.</p> <p>9. Supporting Documents: <i>Attach copies of supporting documents</i>, such as promissory notes, purchase orders, invoices, itemized statements of running accounts, contracts, court judgments, mortgages, security agreements, and evidence of perfection of lien. DO NOT SEND ORIGINAL DOCUMENTS. If the documents are not available, explain. If the documents are voluminous, attach a summary.</p> <p>10. Date-Stamped Copy: To receive an acknowledgment of the filing of your claim, enclose a stamped, self-addressed envelope and copy of this proof of claim</p>		THIS SPACE IS FOR COURT USE ONLY												
Date _____	Sign and print the name and title, if any, of the creditor or other person authorized to file this claim (attach copy of power of attorney, if any): _____													

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PROOF OF CLAIM FORM

The instructions and definitions below are general explanations of the law. In particular types of cases or circumstances, such as bankruptcy cases that are not filed voluntarily by a debtor, there may be exceptions to these general rules.

— DEFINITIONS —

Debtor

The person, corporation, or other entity that has filed a bankruptcy case is called the debtor.

Creditor

A creditor is any person, corporation, or other entity to whom the debtor owed a debt on the date that the bankruptcy case was filed.

Proof of Claim

A form telling the bankruptcy court how much the debtor owed a creditor at the time the bankruptcy case was filed (the amount of the creditor's claim). This form must be filed with the clerk of the bankruptcy court where the bankruptcy case was filed.

Secured Claim

A claim is a secured claim to the extent that the creditor has a lien on property of the debtor (collateral) that gives the creditor the right to be paid from that property before creditors who do not have liens on the property.

Examples of liens are a mortgage on real estate and a security interest in a car, truck, boat, television set, or other item of property. A lien may have been obtained through a court proceeding before the bankruptcy case began; in some states a court judgment is a lien. In addition, to the extent a creditor also owes money to the debtor (has a right of setoff), the creditor's claim may be a secured claim. (See also *Unsecured Claim*.)

Unsecured Claim

If a claim is not a secured claim it is an unsecured claim. A claim may be partly secured and partly unsecured if the property on which a creditor has a lien is not worth enough to pay the creditor in full.

Unsecured Priority Claim

Certain types of unsecured claims are given priority, so they are to be paid in bankruptcy cases before most other unsecured claims (if there is sufficient money or property available to pay these claims). The most common types of priority claims are listed on the proof of claim form. Unsecured claims that are not specifically given priority status by the bankruptcy laws are classified as *Unsecured Nonpriority Claims*.

Items to be completed in Proof of Claim form (if not already filled in)

Court, Name of Debtor, and Case Number:

Fill in the name of the federal judicial district where the bankruptcy case was filed (for example, Central District of California), the name of the debtor in the bankruptcy case, and the bankruptcy case number. If you received a notice of the case from the court, all of this information is near the top of the notice.

Information about Creditor:

Complete the section giving the name, address, and telephone number of the creditor to whom the debtor owes money or property, and the debtor's account number, if any. If anyone else has already filed a proof of claim relating to this debt, if you never received notices from the bankruptcy court about this case, if your address differs from that to which the court sent notice, or if this proof of claim replaces or changes a proof of claim that was already filed, check the appropriate box on the form.

1. Basis for Claim:

Check the type of debt for which the proof of claim is being filed. If the type of debt is not listed, check "Other" and briefly describe the type of debt. If you were an employee of the debtor, fill in the last four digits of your social security number and the dates of work for which you were not paid.

2. Date Debt Incurred:

Fill in the date when the debt first was owed by the debtor.

3. Court Judgments:

If you have a court judgment for this debt, state the date the court entered the judgment.

4. Total Amount of Claim at Time Case Filed:

Fill in the applicable amounts, including the total amount of the entire claim. If interest or other charges in addition to the principal amount of the claim are included, check the appropriate place on the form and attach an itemization of the interest and charges.

5. Secured Claim:

Check the appropriate place if the claim is a secured claim. You must state the type and value of property that is collateral for the claim, attach copies of the documentation of your lien, and state the amount past due on the claim as of the date the bankruptcy case was filed. A claim may be partly secured and partly unsecured. (See DEFINITIONS, above).

6. Unsecured Nonpriority Claim:

Check the appropriate place if you have an unsecured nonpriority claim, sometimes referred to as a "general unsecured claim". (See DEFINITIONS, above.) If your claim is partly secured and partly unsecured, state here the amount that is unsecured. If part of your claim is entitled to priority, state here the amount **not** entitled to priority.

7. Unsecured Priority Claim:

Check the appropriate place if you have an unsecured priority claim, and state the amount entitled to priority. (See DEFINITIONS, above). A claim may be partly priority and partly nonpriority if, for example, the claim is for more than the amount given priority by the law. Check the appropriate place to specify the type of priority claim.

8. Credits:

By signing this proof of claim, you are stating under oath that in calculating the amount of your claim you have given the debtor credit for all payments received from the debtor.

9. Supporting Documents:

You must attach to this proof of claim form copies of documents that show the debtor owes the debt claimed or, if the documents are too lengthy, a summary of those documents. If documents are not available, you must attach an explanation of why they are not available.

COMMITTEE NOTE

The form has been amended to require a wage, salary, or other compensation creditor to disclose only the last four digits of the creditor's Social Security number to afford greater privacy to the creditor. A trustee can request the full information necessary for tax withholding and reporting at the time the trustee makes a distribution to creditors.

Form 16A. CAPTION (FULL)

United States Bankruptcy Court

_____ District Of _____

In re _____,)

*Set forth here all names including married,)
maiden, and trade names used by debtor within)
last 6 years.])*

Debtor)

Case No. _____

Address _____)

_____)

Chapter _____

Employer's Tax Identification (EIN) No(s). [if any]: _____)

_____)
Last four digits of Social Security No(s): _____)

[Designation of Character of Paper]

COMMITTEE NOTE

The form has been amended to require disclosure of only the last four digits of the debtor's Social Security or other Taxpayer Identification number. Those four digits will provide creditors with sufficient information to identify the debtor accurately while affording greater privacy to the debtor.

Official Form 16C
(12/03)

**FORM 16C. CAPTION OF COMPLAINT IN ADVERSARY PROCEEDING
FILED BY A DEBTOR**

[Abrogated]

COMMITTEE NOTE

The form is abrogated. An amendment to Official Form 16A directs that only the last four digits of the debtor's Social Security number should appear in a caption. Section 342(c) of the Bankruptcy Code continues to require the debtor to provide a creditor with the debtor's name, address, and taxpayer identification number on any notice the debtor is required to give to the creditor. An individual debtor can fulfill this requirement by including the debtor's Social Security account number on only the creditor's copy of any notice or summons the debtor may serve on the creditor.

**Form 19. CERTIFICATION AND SIGNATURE OF NON-ATTORNEY
BANKRUPTCY PETITION PREPARER (See 11 U.S.C. § 110)**

[Caption as in Form 16B.]

**CERTIFICATION AND SIGNATURE OF NON-ATTORNEY
BANKRUPTCY PETITION PREPARER (See 11 U.S.C. § 110)**

I certify that I am a bankruptcy petition preparer as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 110, that I prepared this document for compensation, and that I have provided the debtor with a copy of this document.

Printed or Typed Name of Bankruptcy Petition Preparer

Social Security No.
(Required by 11 U.S.C. § 110(c).)

Address

Names and Social Security numbers of all other individuals who prepared or assisted in preparing this document:

If more than one person prepared this document, attach additional signed sheets conforming to the appropriate Official Form for each person.

X _____
Signature of Bankruptcy Petition Preparer

Date

A bankruptcy petition preparer's failure to comply with the provisions of title 11 and the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure may result in fines or imprisonment or both. 11 U.S.C. § 110; 18 U.S.C. § 156.

COMMITTEE NOTE

Pursuant to § 110(c) of the Bankruptcy Code, the certification by a non-attorney bankruptcy petition preparer continues to require a petition preparer to provide the full Social Security number of the individual who actually prepares the document.