

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET WASHINGTON, D.C. 2003

THE DIRECTOR

February 14, 2003

The Honorable Ted Stevens Chairman Committee on Appropriations United States Senate Washington, D.C. 20510

Dear Mr. Chairman:

In accordance with the 2001 Emergency Supplemental Appropriations Act for Recovery from and Response to Terrorist Attacks on the United States (P.L. 107-38), I herewith transmit the fifth quarterly report on the use of the Emergency Response Fund appropriations. The obligations reported cover the period September 18, 2001, through November 30, 2002.

Sincerely,

MEDomies

Mitchell E. Daniels, Jr. Director

Enclosure

Identical Letter Sent to The Honorable C.W. Bill Young, The Honorable David R. Obey, and The Honorable Robert C. Byrd

# Amounts as of November 30, 2002

(In millions of dollars)

	<b>Budget Authority</b>	<b>Cumulative Obligations</b>	Percentage obligated
Agency	<u>as of November 30th</u>	incurred by November 30th	by November 30th
Department of Agriculture	367	153	42%
Department of Commerce	28	22	79%
Department of Defense	17,254	16,060	93%
Department of Education	10	9	94%
Department of Energy	374	370	99%
Department of Health and Human Services	2,944	2,700	92%
Department of Housing and Urban Development	2,701	2,701	100%
Department of the Interior	93	67	73%
Department of Justice	2,232	1,684	75%
Department of Labor	249	246	99%
Department of State	389	338	87%
Department of Transportation	3,007	2,748	91%
Department of the Treasury	735	474	64%
Department of Veterans Affairs	2	1	37%
Army Corps of Engineers	139	117	84%
Environmental Protection Agency	176	134	76%
Executive Office of the President	139	121	88%
Federal Emergency Management Agency	5,573	2,498	45%
General Services Administration	140	125	89%
International Assistance Programs	1,284	1,271	99%
National Aeronautics and Space Administration	108	106	98%
National Archives and Records Administration	3	2	72%
National Science Foundation <sup>1</sup>	0 *	0 *	100%
Small Business Administration	250	156	62%
Social Security Administration	8	8	100%
Other Independent Agencies	371	236	64%
United States Postal Service	675	326	48%
EXECUTIVE BRANCH TOTAL	39,251	32,672	83%
Judicial Branch	116	N.A.	N.A.
Legislative Branch	633	N.A.	N.A.
GRAND TOTAL	40,000	32,672	

Memorandum			
Department of Defense	17,254	16,060	93%
Non-Defense Executive Branch	21,997	16,612	76%

<sup>1</sup> The \$30,000 rounds to zero and was fully obligated.
\* Less than \$500,000.

#### Amounts as of November 30, 2002

(In thousands of dollars)

		Budget Authority (Total)	Obligations Sept Nov.
Department of Agriculture		(1000)	
Food and Nutrition Service			
Special Supplemental Program for WIC	12-3510	39,000	39,000
Agricultural Research Service			
Salaries and Expenses	12-1400	40,000	12,695
Buildings and Facilities	12-1401	73,000	295
Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service			
Salaries and Expenses	12-1600	105,000	50,171
Buildings and Facilities	12-1601	14,081	1,344
Food Safety and Inspection	12-3700	15,000	4,771
Office of the Secretary	12-9913	80,919	44,413
Total		367,000	152,689

Food and Nutrition Service funds were used to provide benefits to improve the nutritional level and health of nutritionally at-risk, low-income pregnant, breastfeeding and postpartum women, infants, and children up to their fifth birthday.

The Agricultural Research Service is conducting security assessments at 100 ARS laboratories. As of the end of November, 88 of those assessments have been completed. In addition, ARS entered into a contract for two feasibility studies dealing with the national need for a BSL-4 lab and the feasibility to conduct exotic disease research and diagnostics on the mainland. The scope of work for security upgrades has been completed for three BSL-3 and five non-BSL-3 facilities and additional guard services have been hired for Plum Island, NY; Laramie, WY; Ames, IA; and Athens GA. The agency has identified both in-house and extramural research projects to develop rapid detection tests for threat agents and genetics analyses of pathogens.

The Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service obligated funds to enhance pest detection surveys in cooperation with the States; initiate classical swine fever (CSF) testing at NVSL; collect samples for BSE testing; and for physical and operational security upgrades at various APHIS laboratory facilities. Funds have also been obligated to initiate the purchase of rapid detection and diagnostic equipment and to accelerate the development of the automated targeting system with Customs for smuggling interdiction. Work on the automated targeting system has been suspended until OMB lifts the moratorium on the allocation of funds for all activities associated with the transfer to the new Department of Homeland Security. The Cooperative State Research, Education and Extension Service obligated funds that were provided by APHIS to augment the funds being used to support the university-based Rapid Detection and Diagnostics Network.

The Food Safety and Inspection Service used funds for physical and cyber security upgrades at critical labs; to enhance FSIS' system for monitoring and tracking food-related consumer complaints; and to develop table top training exercises for district offices to improve detection and emergency response capabilities. Additionally, "FSIS Security Guidelines for Food Processors" was published and distributed to all Federal and State inspected establishments.

Of the funds appropriated to the Office of the Secretary, the Cooperative State Research, Education and Extension Service obligated funds for grants to support the university-based Rapid Detection and Diagnostics Network and to establish a regional diagnostic lab redundancy. Departmental Administration has obligated funds for physical/operational security needs; to initiate procurement of contract security guard services; and to fund ARS for biomedical testing and lab services.

# Amounts as of November 30, 2002

(In thousands of dollars)

		Budget Authority (Total)	Obligations Sept Nov.
Department of Commerce			
Departmental Management			
Salaries and Expenses	13-0120	4,776	4,776
Economic Development Administration			
Economic development assistance programs	13-2050	2,000	2,000
International Trade Administration			
Operations and Administration	13-1250	1,100	219
Export Administration			
Operations and Administration	13-0300	1,756	1,704
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration			
Operations, Research and Facilities	13-1450	2,750	2,748
National Institute of Standards & Technology			
Scientific and Technical Research and Services	13-0500	5,000	4,999
Construction of Research Facilities	13-0515	1,225	1,213
National Telecommunications and Information Administration			
Public Telecommunications Facilities, Planning and Construction	13-0551	8,250	3,269
United States Patent and Trademark Office			
Salaries and expenses	13-1006	1,500	1,500
Total		28,357	22,428

Departmental Management funds were used to increase guard contract at the Commerce building and national facilities, upgrade outside cameras and other equipment, and implement a Voice over Internet Protocol.

Economic Development Administration funds will be used to support business development assistance programs.

International Trade Administration funds were used for leasing and replacing equipment, new phone line costs for employee relocation, and additional security enhancements for 45 official security posts not co-located in embassies or chanceries.

Bureau of Export Administration funds were used for the Critical Infrastructure Assurance Office accelerated development of project matrix, and export enforcement attaches.

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration funds were used for enforcing and monitoring commercial remote sensing, and for processing data at the National Environmental Satellite, Data, and Information Service site.

National Institute of Standards & Technology funds were used to support the cyber security initiative, contracts with private sector, and grants to universities. These funds will also support security equipment for the Gaithersburg site, and boulder security upgrade.

National Telecommunications and Information Administration funds were used for the replacement cost of communications towers: one radio and two television stations at the World Trade Center.

Patent and Trademark Office funds were used for expanded guard services in the lobby of buildings with a significant volume of safety inspections of packages. These funds also provided roving patrol coverage for parking garages, stairwells, roof openings, and building perimeters.

### Amounts as of November 30, 2002 (In thousands of dollars)

	Budget Authority	Obligations
	(Total)	Sept Nov.
Department of Defense - Military		
Increased Situational Awareness 97-0833	5,121,863	4,713,213
Enhanced Force Protection 97-0833	1,524,000	1,338,651
Improved Command and Control 97-0833	1,403,000	1,971,449
Increased Worldwide Posture 97-0833	4,849,331	4,839,386
Offensive Counterterrorism*** 97-0833	1,862,000	1,733,824
Initial Crisis Response* 97-0833	588,800	472,445
Pentagon Repair/Upgrade 97-0833	1,442,000	563,000
Other 97-0833	217,000	209,122
Airport Security*** 97-0833	246,000	218,964
Total**	17,253,994	16,060,054

In addition to the \$16.0 billion already obligated, there are about \$1.2 billion in pending contract awards and costs incurred by the armed services for which the services will be reimbursed.

\* - Does not include \$775 million being obligated out of Pentagon Reservation Maintenance Revolving Fund.

\*\*- Budget Authority includes \$104 million appropriated to the slower spending military construction accounts and other funds transferred to classified programs.
\*\*\* Lower cumulative obligations for Offensive Counterterrorism are due to the deobligation to fund higher priority needs. Lower cumulative obligations for Airport Security are a result of unneeded funds for lodging and other airport security travel costs.

Amounts as of November 30, 2002

(In thousands of dollars)

		Budget Authority	Obligations
		(Total)	Sept Nov.
Department of Education			
Office of Elementary and Secondary Education			
School Improvement Programs	91-1000	10,000	9,400
Total		10,000	9,400

Funds obligated in October were for enhanced school safety efforts resulting from the sniper crisis. Although SERV funds were appropriated to address the needs of school districts following the September 11 attacks, report language allowed for the use of SERV funds to address other district crises.

## Amounts as of November 30, 2002 (In thousands of dollars)

		Budget Authority (Total)	Obligations Sept Nov.
Department of Energy		(1000)	
Weapons Activities	89-0240	136,000	134,052 *
Defense Environmental Restoration & Waste Management	89-0242	8,200	8,200
Other Defense Activities	89-0243	3,500	3,300
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation	89-0309	226,000	224,904 *
Total		373,700	370,456

The funds supported the heightened security needs at the Department of Energy's national laboratories and other facilities.

\* Decrease in cumulative obligations are due to revisions made to previous reports.

## Amounts as of November 30, 2002 (In thousands of dollars)

		Budget Authority	Obligations Sept Nov.
		(Total)	
Department of Health and Human Services			
Food and Drug Administration	75-0140	15,000	13,913
Health Resources and Services Administration	75-0140	185,000	185,000
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	75-0140	45,900	38,333
National Institutes of Health	75-0140	10,500	10,499
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Admin	75-0140	38,000	38,000
Administration for Children and Families	75-0140	23,700	23,700
Administration on Aging	75-0140	1,300	1,300
Bioterrorism			
Food and Drug Administration	75-0140	137,850	124,824
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	75-0140	2,116,000	2,006,527
National Institutes of Health	75-0140	180,000	107,703
Health Resources and Services Administration	75-0140	135,000	129,000
Office of the Secretary	75-0140	55,814	20,806
Total		2,944,064	2,699,605

The Public Health and Social Services Emergency Fund provided increased security for HHS facilities, including enhanced guard services; offset healthcare expenses to those affected by the terrorist attacks in NY, NJ, CT, PA and DC; counseling and other social services to affected areas; increased hospital preparedness on a regional basis; and enhanced state planning and preparedness to identify and respond to a potential bioterrorist attack.

## Amounts as of November 30, 2002

(In thousands of dollars)

		Budget Authority (Total)	Obligations Sept Nov.
Department of Housing and Urban Development	_		
Community Planning and Development			
Community Development Block Grants	25-0162	2,700,000	2,700,000
Office of Inspector General			
Inspector General	25-0189	1,000	860
Total	_	2,701,000	2,700,860

The CDBG obligations were for economic revitalization in lower Manhattan, residential incentives, planning, and administration. The Inspector General's obligations were for space build out, renovation costs, office furniture, a card reader security system, and new telephone system, office supplies, a shredder, and a fax machine.

## Amounts as of November 30, 2002 (In thousands of dollars)

		Budget Authority (Total)	Obligations Sept Nov.
Department of the Interior		(1000)	
National Park Service			
Operation of the National Park System	14-1036	11,811	11,811
United States Park Police	14-1049	26,695	20,256
Construction	14-1039	21,624	2,726
Bureau of Reclamation			
Water and Related Resources	14-0680	30,259	30,259
Office of the Secretary			
Departmental Management Salaries and Expenses	14-4523	2,205	2,205
Total		92,594	67,257

National Park Service spent funds on increased physical security and security equipment upgrades at key monuments. Construction design for Federal Hall continues. Bureau of Reclamation funds were spent on guards and surveillance, physical security improvements, and security reviews and assessments.

Office of the Secretary spent funds on additional security for Main Interior Building and South Interior Building.

# Amounts as of November 30, 2002

(In thousands of dollars)

		Budget Authority (Total)	Obligations Sept Nov.
Department of Justice			
General Administration			
Salaries and Expenses	15-0129	5,000	400
Administrative Review & Appeals			
Salaries and Expenses	15-0339	3,500	3,029
Legal Activities			
Salaries and Expenses	15-0128	19,733 *	19,016
United States Attorneys			
Salaries and Expenses	15-0322	56,370	50,352
United States Marshals Service			
Salaries and Expenses	15-0324	10,200	10,200
Construction	15-0133	9,125	9,125
Counterterrorism Fund	15-0130	40,800	39,695
Federal Bureau of Investigation			
Salaries and Expenses	15-0200	784,700	399,582
Immigration and Naturalization Service			
Enforcement and Border Affairs	15-1217	483,800	382,805
Construction	15-1219	99,600	93,233
Office of Justice Programs			
Justice Assistance	15-0401	400,000	382,891
State and Local Law Enforcement	15-0404	251,100	229,345
Crime Victims Fund	15-5041	68,100	63,941
Total		2,232,028	1,683,614

These funds were used primarily to support the extraordinary expenses in investigating the September 11th attacks; in detecting and preventing future attacks; and in supporting border enforcement efforts.

# Amounts as of November 30, 2002

(In thousands of dollars)

		Budget Authority	Obligations
		(Total)	Sept Nov.
Department of Labor			
Training and Employment Services	16-0174	57,500	57,500
State Unemployment Insurance and Employment Service Operations	16-0179	7,600	7,600
Occupational Safety and Health Administration	16-0400	1,500	1,500
Workers Compensation	16-0170	175,000	175,000
Pension and Welfare Benefits Administration	16-1700	1,600	1,057
Departmental Management	16-0165	5,880	3,674
Total		249,080	246,331

The funds were used for activities directly related to the terrorist attacks on the United States on September 11, 2001. Funding provided temporary jobs in disaster recovery, restored capacity to process unemployment insurance claims lost in terrorist attack, and provided on-site safety and health monitoring at the attack sites.

# Amounts as of November 30, 2002

(In thousands of dollars)

		Budget Authority (Total)	Obligations Sept Nov.
Department of State			
Bureau of Information Resource Management			
Capital Investment Fund /1	19-0120	7,500	7,500
Capital Investment Fund /7	19-0120	7,500	7,500
Department of State - Various Bureaus			
Diplomatic and Consular Programs /2 - A	19-0113	390	390
Diplomatic and Consular Programs /4 - DS	19-0113	30,000	30,000
Diplomatic and Consular Programs /5 - S/CT	19-0113	6,000	5,574
Diplomatic and Consular Programs /6 - MED	19-0113	7,700	5,757
Diplomatic and Consular Programs /8 - INR	19-0113	200	200
Diplomatic and Consular Programs /9 - A	19-0113	34,700	34,700
Diplomatic and Consular Programs /11 - A/DS	19-0113	10,000	9,996
Diplomatic and Consular Programs /15 - PA	19-0113	15,000	14,897
Educational and Cultural Exchanges/16 - ECE	19-0209	2,400	2,400
Bureau of Financial Management and Policy			
Emergencies in the Diplomatic and Consular Service /3	19-0522	41,000	13,607
Emergencies in the Diplomatic and Consular Service /10	19-0522	10,000	139
Overseas Buildings Operations			
Embassy Security Construction and Maintenance /12	19-0535	42,850	38,617
Subtotal, State Department Appropriations Act		215,240	171,277
Bureau of Population, Refugees, and Migration			
Migration and Refugee Assistance /13	19-1143	100,000	99,352
Bureau of International Narcotics Control & Law Enforcement			
International Narcotics and Law Enforcement /14	11-1022	74,000 **	67,150
Bureau of European and Eurasian Affairs	11-1093	100	92
Subtotal, State Department Foreign Operations		174,100	166,594
Total		389,340	337,871

/1 Funds were used to procure emergency high frequency radio equipment for the highest priority U.S. missions overseas.

/2 Funds were used to procure emergency communications radio equipment for domestic Department of State operations.

/3 Funds have been, and will continue to be, used for evacuations of personnel and/or family members from: Islamabad, Karachi, Lahore, Peshawar, Pakistan. Bishkek, Kyrgyzstan; Ashgabat, Turkmenistan, Sanaa, Yemen, and Jakarta, Indonesia.

/4 Funds have been, and will continue to be, used to hire 203 Diplomatic Security special agents.

/5 Funds were used for Counterterrorism requirements.

/6 Funds were used for medical services requirements.

/7 Funds were used to secure telephones.

/8 Funds have been, and will continue to be, used to support the Intelligence Community's Counterterrorism Center.

/9 Funds were used for security enhancements at State Department facilities.

/10 Funds were used for evacuations and transportation of specialized equipment.

/11 Funds were used for diplomatic security and mail safety improvements.

/12 Funds have been, and will continue to be, used for compound security and emergency egress projects at U.S. facilities overseas.

/13 Funds have been, and will continue to be, used for refugee assistance in Pakistan and other neighboring countries.

/14 Funds were used for Pakistan border security improvements.

/15 Funds have been, and will continue to be, used for public diplomacy requirements.

/16 Funds (transferred from USAID) were used for large scale diplomacy and media outreach efforts in Uzbekistan.

#### Amounts as of November 30, 2002 (In thousands of dollars)

		Budget Authority (Total)	Obligations Sept Nov.
Department of Transportation			
Federal Aviation Administration			
Operations - General Fund	69-1301	241,000	241,000
Operations - Trust Fund	69-8104	200,000	133,727
Facilities and Equipment	69-8107	196,000	192,986
Grants-in-Aid to Airports	69-8106	175,000	174,960
Research, Engineering and Development.	69-8108	50,000	48,694
Operations - General Fund - adjustment *			14,999
Federal Highway Administration			
Federal-Aid Highways	69-8083	75,000	63,191
Miscellaneous Highway Trust Funds	69-9972	100,000	0
Federal Railroad Administration			
Safety and Operations	69-0700	6,000	5,000
Capital Grants to Amtrak	69-0704	100,000	76,700
Federal Transit Administration			
Formula Grants Program	69-1129	33,500	25,230
Capital Investments	69-1134	100,000	42,706
Office of the Inspector General			
Salaries and Expenses	69-0130	1,300	1,140
Office of the Secretary			
Payments to Air Carriers	69-8304	50,000	50,000
Research and Special Programs Administration			
Research and Special Programs	69-0104	2,500	1,769
Transportation Security Administration			
Direct appropriation from P.L. 107-117	69-2801	94,800	93,300
Temporary transfer of BA from FAA		325,000	325,000
Temporary transfer of BA from FEMA	69-2801	1,030,000	1,030,000
United States Coast Guard			
Operating Expenses	69-0201	227,150	227,150
Total		3,007,250	2,747,552

The Federal Aviation Administration's obligations were used for security-related research and air marshals. Although the air marshals obligations show up under Operations General Fund, adjustments will be made to share them with the Operations Trust Fund. FAA's temporary difficulties with its accounting system conversion complicated the accounting of these TSA-related obligations in October.

The Federal Highway Administration's obligations were used for projects related to the World Trade Center site.

The Federal Railroad Administration's obligations were to Amtrak for expenses incurred for security increases, and to upgrade the safety of the New York City rail tunnels.

The Federal Transit Administration's obligations were used to provide technical assistance to transit operators in developing security and emergency plans, and costs associated with determining transit assets damaged or destroyed by the World Trade Center collapse.

The Office of Inspector General's obligations were for border security audit work and port security work.

The Office of the Secretary's Payments to Air Carriers obligations represent subsidies to provide airline service to small communities.

The Research and Special Programs Administration's obligations were for engineering and design services, building demolition and relocation of phones, all related to the relocation and improvement of the Crisis Management Center.

The Transportation Security Administration's obligations included contracts for screener hiring, training and airport roll-out initiatives.

\* This is necessary because FAA is transitioning to a new accounting system. This amount is subject to disposition by FAA.

#### Amounts as of November 30, 2002 (In thousands of dollars)

		Budget Authority (Total)	Obligations Sept Nov.
Department of the Treasury			
Departmental Offices			
Salaries and Expenses	20-0101	6,100	4,891
Air Transportation Stabilization Program	20-0122	9,400	7,609
Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms			
Salaries and Expenses	20-1000	32,961	24,477
Federal Law Enforcement Training Center			
Salaries and Expenses	20-0104	23,000	12,349
Acquisition, Construction, Improvements	20-0105	8,500	8,500
Financial Crimes Enforcement Network			
Salaries and Expenses	20-0173	1,760	1,324
Financial Management Service			
Salaries and Expenses	20-1801	110	110
Internal Revenue Service			
Processing, Assistance and Maintenance	20-0912	14,910	13,884
Tax Law Enforcement	20-0913	6,714	5,376
Information Systems	20-0919	16,441	14,404
Inspector General for Tax Administration			
Salaries and Expenses	20-0119	2,032	1,644
United States Customs Service			
Salaries and Expenses	20-0602	472,240	288,280
Operations and Maintenance, Air and Marine Interdiction Programs	20-0604	9,600	2,775
United States Secret Service			
Salaries and Expenses	20-1408	131,483	88,355
Total		735,251	473,978

These funds were used for disaster recovery activities and assistance to:

o Pay for overtime, Sunday/Holiday Pay, night differential and travel costs incurred for response and investigative efforts at the New York, Pennsylvania and Pentagon disaster sites; the Northern Border; high-risk ports (including an expanded/heightened security presence at airports and land borders); the Anti-Terrorism Tip Line in Atlanta; the Martinsburg Computing Center (MCC) (including, among other things, overtime to effect software reprogramming to suspend delinquent tax notices in impacted areas); enhanced security activities at the MCC by the West Virginia State Police; manual suppression of tax notices at several accounts management facilities; and other related investigative and law enforcement efforts.

o Procure ammunition, radio and investigative equipment, special agent automobiles, a truck, office supplies, contracts for automation services, laptop computers, cabling for voice/data equipment, furniture, equipment, telephones and callular telephones, all of which were lost or destroyed at the World Trade Center complex.

o Procure engineering and security requirements to prepare temporary WTC replacement space for occupancy.

o Obtain vehicle repairs and maintenance.

o Procure consulting services for the Air Transportation Stabilization Board.

o Print additional special disaster notices to grant tax relief and to extend filing deadlines.

o Provide for air support for counter-terrorism and air space security.

o Provide grief counseling to IRS employees and their family members as a direct result of the events of September 11th.

o Secure additional inspectional support in the state of Michigan from the National Guard. (Note: the funding for the nationwide National Guard Support Agreement, which supported the additional inspections, is fully obligated)

o Construct space and procure video teleconferencing, equipment and furniture for the Terrorist Asset Tracking Center.

o Provide additional air support related to counterterrorism and airspace security.

Amounts as of November 30, 2002

(In thousands of dollars)

		Budget Authority (Total)	Obligations Sept Nov.
Department of Veterans Affairs	-		
National Cemetery Administration (NCA)	12-0129	217	16
General Operating Expenses (GOE)	12-0151	2,000	800
Total		2,217	816

The funding for NCA were used for interment in National Cemeteries for veterans who died in the September 11th attacks. The expenditures are low because very few remains were recovered from the World Trade Center and Pentagon. Furthermore, since recovery efforts are completed no new burials are expected. The funding for GOE is to be used for a comprehensive evaluation of all Veterans Affairs' processes and facilities to determine what improvements should be made to secure employees, veterans, and continuity of services. The evaluation recommendations should include and consider other security actions and recommendations implemented by other Federal, State, and local government agencies.

Amounts as of November 30, 2002

(In thousands of dollars)

		Budget Authority (Total)	Obligations Sept Nov.
Army Corps of Engineers Operations and Maintenance	96-3123	139,000	116,836
Total		139,000	116,836

The funds were used for vulnerability assessments of critical Corps facilities and guards and additional physical barriers at these facilities. The funds obligated for New York were for initial disaster response as the Corps' district office was located in the vicinity of the attack. The funds obligated for Virginia were for additional security at a Corps office there (not for the Pentagon).

### Amounts as of November 30, 2002 (In thousands of dollars)

		Budget Authority (Total)	Obligations Sept Nov.
Environmental Protection Agency			
Environmental Programs and Management (EPM)	68-0108	39,000	15,252
Science and Technology (S&T)	68-0107	90,300	81,628
Hazardous Substances Superfund	20-8145	41,300	32,032
State and Tribal Grants (STAG)	68-0103	5,000	4,900
Total		175,600	133,812

EPM resources were obligated as part of the Agency's facility vulnerability assessments of its 146 facilities nationwide. EPA has completed 60 vulnerability assessments and has issued 40 reports identifying various risks. EPM resources were also obligated to continue web-site updates on the WTC site and environmental site data, as well as continued provision of telecommunication services to the Region 2 New York City office.

S&T resources were obligated for grants to medium and large publicly-owned drinking water systems.

Superfund resources were obligated as part of a contract for Anthrax cleanup on Capitol Hill, and for increased emergency response capabilities: planning, training exercises, equipment negotiations, outreach and program improvements.

Amounts as of November 30, 2002

(In thousands of dollars)

		Budget Authority (Total)	Obligations Sept Nov.
Executive Office of the President	—	(Total)	<u> </u>
Office of Administration	11-0038	82,765	67,588
Unanticipated Needs	11-0037	51,000	51,000
National Security Council	11-2000	4,800	2,660
Total		138,565	121,247

EXOP ERF obligations for the month of November 2002 were approximately \$0.8 million. These obligations include \$0.4 million in salaries, travel, supplies, equipment, and the following contract obligations: \$0.2 million for anti-hacker information security and \$0.1 million for dedicated technical support. Obligations of the National Security Council (\$0.1 million) include costs of payroll, travel, and other services.

Amounts as of November 30, 2002

(In thousands of dollars)

		Budget Authority (Total)	Obligations Sept Nov.
Federal Emergency Management Agency	_	()	
Disaster Relief Fund	58-0104	5,327,601	2,375,624
Emergency Management Planning and Assistance	58-0101	214,831	118,222
Salaries and Expenses	58-0100	30,169	3,929
Total		5,572,601	2,497,775

Disaster Relief funds were used for disaster response and recovery activities and assistance, including inspections, support for urban search and rescue teams, and debris removal. Funds from the Emergency Management Planning and Assistance appropriation were used to support urban search and rescue teams at the Winter Olympics in Salt Lake City, Utah. Salaries and Expenses funds supported the Office of National Preparedness.

Amounts as of November 30, 2002

(In thousands of dollars)

		Budget Authority (Total)	Obligations Sept Nov.
General Services Administration Public Buildings Service		i	
Federal Buildings Fund	47-4542	140,321	124,549
Total		140,321	124,549

Funds obligated were primarily used to provide increased security which includes overtime costs for law enforcement personnel, additional guards, equipment purchases, and updating communications systems. Cumulative obligations include \$4M for NY Civic Center security upgrades.

## Amounts as of November 30, 2002

(In thousands of dollars)

		Budget Authority (Total)	Obligations Sept Nov.
International Assistance Programs		(1000)	
US Agency For International Development			
Europe and Eurasia Bureau			
Assistance for the New Independent States of the former Soviet Union	72-1093	43,000	43,000
Bureau of Humanitarian Relief			
PL 480 Title II	13-8398	95,000	95,000
International Disaster Assistance	72-1035	146,000	141,051
Asia Near East Bureau			
Economic Support Fund	72-1037	600,000	600,000
Management Bureau			
Operating Expense	72-1000	17,400	17,054
Subtotal, US Agency For International Development		901,400	896,105
Department of State			
Nonproliferation, Anti-Terrorism, Demining and Related Programs			
NADR	11-1075	108,200	105,484
Bureau of Political and Military Affairs			
Foreign Military Financing Program	11-1082	45,000	45,000
Voluntary Peacekeeping Operations	19-1032	220,000	220,000
Subtotal, State		373,200	370,484
Department of the Treasury			
Departmental Offices			
International Affairs Technical Assistance	11-1045	3,000	2,530
Subtotal, Treasury		3,000	2,530
Peace Corps			
General and special funds	11-100	6,490	2,079
Subtotal, Peace Corps		6,490	2,079
Total, International Assistance Programs		1,284,090	1,271,198

o Assistance for the New Independent States of the former Soviet Union funds were primarily used for community development and conflict prevention programs in Uzbekistan.

o The PL 480 Title II funds were used for activities related to Afghanistan and Tajikistan.

- o International Disaster Assistance funds were used for activities related to Afghanistan.
- o The Economic Support Funds were used for a cash disbursement to Pakistan.
- o The Operating Expense funds, have been and will continue to be, used for evacuations of staff and family members from overseas Missions as a result of US actions in response to the terrorist attack of Sept. 11, and for enhanced security equipment in overseas Missions.
- o NADR funds were used for security training, the terrorist interdiction program, demining in Afghanistan, and Israeli assistance.
- o Foreign Military Financing Program funds were used to provide defense services and equipment to Turkey and Uzbekistan, in support of the war on terrorism. The funds for Turkey were used for blanket order training, tactical communications for vehicles and ground. The funds for Uzbekistan were used for tactical radios systems and equipment.
- o Voluntary Peacekeeping Operations funds were used for aid to Pakistan.
- o International Affairs Technical Assistance funds were used to provide long-term technical advice to Afghanistan, to monitor aid donations and government expenditures. Funds also provided short term missions to Thailand and Azerbaijan, and assessment missions to the United Arab Emirates and Kuwait.
- o The Peace Corps funds were used for disaster recovery activities and assistance to relocate the New York recruiting office that was located in the World Trade Center complex. Funds were also used to evacuate staff and volunteers from four country programs.

Amounts as of November 30, 2002

(In thousands of dollars)

		Budget Authority	Obligations
		(Total)	Sept Nov.
National Aeronautics and Space Administration	_		
Human Space Flight	80-0111	76,000	74,653
Science, Aeronautics and Technology	80-0110	32,500	30,928
Total	_	108,500	105,581

These funds were used at each NASA Center for additional security guards to maintain higher alert status at each, NASA Center and for the purchase of surveillance and inspection equipment, secure communications, security fencing and barriers, and radar equipment at the Kennedy Space Center.

Amounts as of November 30, 2002

(In thousands of dollars)

		Budget Authority (Total)	Obligations Sept Nov.
National Archives and Records Administration	_		
Operating Expenses*	88-0300	1,600	1,510
Repairs and Restoration	88-0302	1,000	372
Total	_	2,600	1,882

Funds obligated were used to increase security staffing levels at the Presidential Libraries, the National Archives in College Park, and the regional archives.

Repairs and Restoration funds were used to provide the agency with additional security equipment and security reviews.

\* Deobligation due to actual obligations for individual contracts.

Amounts as of November 30, 2002

(In thousands of dollars)

		Budget Authority (Total)	Obligations Sept Nov.
National Science Foundation			
Research and Related Activities	49-0100	300	300
Total		300	300

Funds were used for short-term security modifications and relocation of personnel (\$90,000); increased guard service through a Department of State contract (\$90,000); for increased security personnel associated with aircraft screening through the Department of Defense (\$45,000); and for X-ray machines and magnetometers (\$75,000).

Amounts as of November 30, 2002 (In thousands of dollars)

		Budget Authority (Total)	Obligations Sept Nov.
Small Business Administration		()	
Salaries and Expenses	73-0100	40,000	20,839
Disaster Loans Program Account	73-1152	135,000	105,600
Business Loan Program Account	73-1154	75,000	29,710
Total		250,000	156,149

The funds were used for disaster loans in New York and Virginia, and related loan making Administrative expenses.

# Amounts as of November 30, 2002

(In thousands of dollars)

		Budget Authority (Total)	Obligations Sept Nov.
Social Security Administration			
Limitation on Administrative Expenses (LAE)	28-8704	7,500	7,500
Total		7,500	7,500

Funds were used to help cover some of the increased security cost at SSA facilities; rehabilitating damaged facilities; relocating affected employees; and processing additional survivor and disability claims.

Amounts as of November 30, 2002

(In thousands of dollars)

		Budget Authority	Obligations
		(Total)	Sept Nov.
Broadcasting Board of Governors			
International Broadcasting Operations	95-0206	23,050	19,561
Broadcasting Capital Improvements	95-0204	35,000	21,114
Total		58,050	40,675

These funds were used to continue planned surge broadcasting, recruitment, overtime pay, transmission, and some additional salary costs.

## Amounts as of November 30, 2002

(In thousands of dollars)

		Budget Authority (Total)	Obligations Sept Nov.
Commodity Futures Trading Commission (CFTC)			
Salaries and Expenses	95-1400	17,100	6,978
Total		17,100	6,978

The funds were used to provide immediate response to events of 9/11/01, by reestablishing the offices of CFTC in New York.

This includes but is not limited to the short-term rental of space and equipment; furniture and the transportation of such; and to provide for unanticipated expenses related to reestablishing a Commission presence in New York.

### Amounts as of November 30, 2002 (In thousands of dollars)

		Budget Authority (Total)	Obligations Sept Nov.
istrict of Columbia			
Metropolitan Police Department			
Overtime	20-1707	5,135	5,13
Equipment/Supplies/Other	20-1707	102	10
Fire/EMS			
Overtime	20-1707	267	26
Equipment/Supplies/Other	20-1707	2	
Emergency Management Agency			
Overtime	20-1707	36	3
Equipment/Supplies/Other	20-1707	112	11
Property Management/Protective Services			
Overtime	20-1707	0	
Equipment/Supplies/Other	20-1707	184	18
National Guard			
Overtime	20-1707	0	
Equipment/Supplies/Other	20-1707	40	4
Department of Mental Health			
Overtime	20-1707	39	3
Equipment/Supplies/Other	20-1707	24	2
Department of Public Works			
Overtime	20-1707	25	2
Equipment/Supplies/Other	20-1707	22	2
Protective Clothing and Breathing Apparatus	20-1783	7,144	4,21
Specialized Hazardous Materials Equipment	20-1784	1,032	78
Chemical & Biological Weapons Preparedness	20-1785	10,355	2,35
Pharmaceuticals for Responders	20-1786	2,100	13
Response & Communications Capability	20-1787	14,960	8,74
Search, Rescue, and Other Emergency Equipment, & Support	20-1788	8,850	5,24
Equipment, Supplies, & Vehicles for Chief Medical Examiner	20-1789	1,780	32
Hospital Containment Facilities	20-1776	8,000	6,69
Chief Technology Officer/First Response Land-line Wireless Interoperability	20-1777	45,494	33,29
Emergency Traffic Management	20-1778	20,700	1,17
Training & Planning	20-1779	9,949	4,38
Increased Facility Security	20-1780	25,536	3,89
Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority	20-1781	39,100	39,10
Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments	20-1782	5,000	5,00
Total*		205,988	121,33

The funds were used for disaster recovery activities and assistance at the Pentagon, in addition to providing heightened security at the White House, Capitol, other federal buildings, and critical District sites. Other costs outside of the Public Safety agencies include costs associated with street closures in and around numerous federal buildings and evacuation activities. Mental Health costs are included for services provided to District residents as a result of the events occurring and following September 11 activities. Funds were also used for emergency response planning and preparedness in the District of Columbia.

\* Previous obligations of \$131,527, reported in August were estimates, new amounts reflect actual obligations.

Amounts as of November 30, 2002

(In thousands of dollars)

		Budget Authority (Total)	Obligations Sept Nov.
Equal Employment Opportunity Commission			
Salaries and Expenses	45-0100	1,301	1,296
Total		1,301	1,296

The funds are being used for file reconstruction, rental of furniture, and the purchase of furniture, computers, and telecommunications equipment for reestablishment of Equal Employment Opportunity Commission offices that were formerly in the World Trade Center in New York City, NY, but were destroyed as a result of the terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001.

Amounts as of November 30, 2002

(In thousands of dollars)

		Budget Authority (Total)	Obligations Sept Nov.
Export-Import Bank of the United States		i	
New York Regional Office, 6 World Trade Center			
Management Bureau	83-0100	75	53
Total		75	53

Funds were used to rent and replace office equipment in the New York Regional Office, 6 World Trade Center.

# Amounts as of November 30, 2002

(In thousands of dollars)

		Budget Authority (Total)	Obligations Sept Nov.
Federal Drug Control Programs			
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program (through ONDCP)	11-1070	2,300	2,300
Total		2,300	2,300

ONDCP Funds were used to relocate HITDA employees located at the World Trade Center.

# Amounts as of November 30, 2002

(In thousands of dollars)

		Budget Authority (Total)	Obligations Sept Nov.
National Capital Planning Commission			
Salaries and Expenses	95-2500	758	758
Total		758	758

Funds were used for the development of the Urban Design Security Plan for the monumental core in Washington, DC.

Amounts as of November 30, 2002

(In thousands of dollars)

		Budget Authority (Total)	Obligations Sept Nov.
National Labor Relations Board			
Salaries and Expenses	63-0100	180	180
Total		180	180

The funds were used to upgrade locks on outside doors of NLRB offices located in non-GSA facilities, to install duress systems and security windows, to conduct indoor air quality, mercury and anthrax testing, and to upgrade building-wide security.

Amounts as of November 30, 2002

(In thousands of dollars)

		Budget Authority	Obligations
		(Total)	Sept Nov.
National Transportation Safety Board			
Departmental Offices			
Salaries and Expenses	95-0310	800	477
Total*		800	477

The funds were used for personnel-related costs of investigating aviation incidents associated with the September 11th events.

<sup>\*</sup> Decreased obligations due to an error in reporting.

Amounts as of November 30, 2002

(In thousands of dollars)

		Budget Authority (Total)	Obligations Sept Nov.
Nuclear Regulatory Commission			
Salaries and Expenses	31-0200	36,000	28,637
Total		36,000	28,637

The funds were used to analyze threat assessment framework; analyze the design basis threats which are used to design safeguard systems to protect against acts of radiological sabotage and to prevent the theft of special nuclear material; evaluate vulnerability of commercial nuclear power plants and transportation of radioactive materials to terrorist attack; and to strengthen emergency preparedness, and NRC's physical security and infrastructure.

Amounts as of November 30, 2002

(In thousands of dollars)

		Budget Authority (Total)	Obligations Sept Nov.
Securities Exchange Commission			
Salaries and Expenses	50-0100	20,700	20,700
Total		20,700	20,700

The funds were used for disaster recovery activities and assistance to relocate the 333 employees who were located in building 7 of the World Trade Center complex.

#### Amounts as of November 30, 2002

(In thousands of dollars)

		Budget Authority (Total)	Obligations Sept Nov.
Smithsonian Institution	_		
Salaries and Expenses	33-0100	21,707	10,185
Kennedy Center for the Performing Arts			
Operations and Maintenance	33-0302	4,310	1,316
National Gallery of Art			
Salaries and Expenses	33-0200	2,148	1,198
Total		28,165	12,699

These funds were used for cleanup at the George Gustav Heye Center, National Museum of the American Indian, NYC; for security guard overtime for museums on the Mall in Washington, DC; for salaries and benefits of newly hired security guards; and for purchase of temporary barriers, magnetometers, and X-ray machines.

The Kennedy Center for the Performing Arts funds were used to acquire a public address system, to ensure and assist with the instantaneous notification of various situations, and provide for orderly transmission of instructions in communicating with all persons throughout this 1.3 million square foot complex.

The National Gallery of Art funds were used for overtime expenses to cover additional security officers on patrol and in positions throughout the complex and for the purchase of security equipment.

Amounts as of November 30, 2002

(In thousands of dollars)

		Budget Authority (Total)	Obligations Sept Nov.
United States Postal Service	_		
Payment to Postal Service Fund *	18-1001	175,000	175,000
Payment to Postal Service Fund **	18-1001	500,000	151,247
Total	_	675,000	326,247

\* - Budget Authority (from "15-day wait" funds) includes funds for an initial purchase of irradiation equipment to sanitize the mail, costs of personnel protection equipment (gloves, masks, etc.), first response/environmental testing kits and services, site clean-up and medical goods and services, and for public education material. In May 2002, these funds were reprogrammed to allow USPS more flexibility in responding to the threat of biohazards in the mail. As of June 14, 2002, USPS had obligated the entire \$175 million for these purposes.

\*\* This Budget Authority (from P.L. 107-117, the FY 2002 Emergency Supplemental Act) is provided to protect postal employees and postal customers from exposure to biohazardous material, sanitize and screen the mail, and replace or repair Postal Service facilities destroyed or damaged in New York City as a result of the September 11, 2001, terrorist attacks. USPS is permitted to obligate resources to "sanitize and screen the mail" only after it meets the congressional mandate to prepare an overall emergency preparedness plan and an expenditure plan for these resources. USPS submitted its plan the week of March 4, 2002.