Guidance for Industry

M4S: The CTD — Safety Appendices

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
Food and Drug Administration
Center for Drug Evaluation and Research (CDER)
Center for Biologics Evaluation and Research (CBER)

August 2001 ICH

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APPENDIX A: EXAMPLES OF TABLES AND FIGURES FOR WRITTEN SUMMARIES

The tables and figures in Appendix A are presented merely as examples. Applicants should provide tables and figures using a format appropriate to the product.

Study references should be included in the table or text.

Tables should include statistics, if appropriate.

 $Table \ X: \ Binding \ of \ X \ and \ Its \ Major \ Metabolites \ and \ Comparators \ to \ Human \ X_2 \ and \ X_3 \ Receptors$

Compound	X ₂	X ₂	X ₃	X ₃
	$K_i 1(nM)$	$K_i2(nM)$	$K_i 1(nM)$	$K_i2(nM)$
1	538	2730	691	4550
2	2699	1050	2.0	181
3	578	14.4	141	10400
4	20	100	10.7	7.9
5	2100	3.1	281	28
6	7.5	8.4	44	2.8
7	3.11	3.76	1.94	1.93

 K_i1 and K_i2 represent the high and low affinity binding sites, respectively (Data from Study Number).

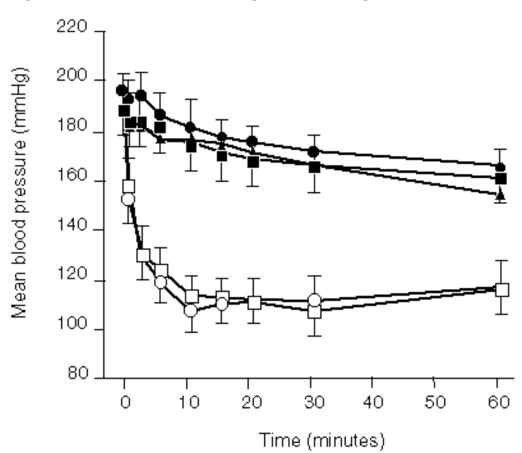


Figure X: Blood Pressure Following Chronic Dosing With X to SHR^a

Blood pressure following chronic dosing with X to SHR^a[ref]. Hypotensive effect of saline i.v. infusion over 5 min (\triangle) compared to X, 3 mg/kg i.v. infusion to SHR pretreated twice daily with saline, 1 mL/kg p.o., for 7 (\bigcirc) or 14 (\square) days or X, 25 mg/kg p.o., for 7 (\bigcirc) or 14 (\square) days. Saline pretreated statistical significances: p<0.05, all other points after challenge p<0.01. Values represent mean \pm s.e.m. ^aSHR= spontaneous hypertensive rat (n=5 per group).

Table X: Model Independent Pharmacokinetic Parameters for X in Mice Following Single Oral Doses at 2, 10 and 30 mg/kg [ref]

Parameter (units)	Parame	eter value				
Sex	Males			Female	S	
Dose (mg/kg)	2	10	30	2	10	30
C _{max} (ng/mL)	4.9	20.4	30.7	5.5	12.9	28.6
$T_{max}(h)$	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.3
AUC _{0-t} (ng.h/mL)	21.6	80.5	267	33.3	80	298
AUC _{0-inf} (ng.h/mL)	28.3	112	297	40.2	90	327

Pharmacokinetic parameters were determined in pooled plasma from three animals at each time.

Table X: Excretion of Radioactive Material Following Single Doses of [14C]X to Male Mice [ref]

Dose (mg/kg)/		Percentage of administered dose					
route		Urine*	Feces	Total ⁺			
2.8	i.v.	88.1 ± 7.4	5.5 ± 0.7	93.6 ± 6.9			
8.8	p.o.	89.4 ± 4.7	6.9 ± 1.4	95.3 ± 3.4			

Excretion was determined over 168 hours after dosing.

Values are means \pm S.D. (n= 5 for p.o. and 5 for i.v.)

^{* -} includes radioactivity in cage wash (22.1% after p.o. and 21.7% after i.v.).

^{+ -} includes radioactivity in the carcass.

Table X: Concentrations of Radioactive Material in the Tissues of Male Rats After a Single Intravenous Dose of [14C]X at 1.75 mg/kg [refs]

Tissue	Concentration (ng equiv.*/g)							
	1 h	6 h	24 h	48 h	72 h			
Blood	105	96.6	2.34	2.34	3.65			
Plasma	142	175	3.12	ND	ND			
Adrenals	656	49.2	14.3	9.63	ND			
Bone marrow	359	31.5	ND	ND	ND			
Brain	116	9.37	ND	ND	ND			
Eyes	124	28.9	4.69	ND	ND			
Fat	490	44.0	10.2	6.25	5.47			
Heart	105	26.6	ND	ND	ND			
Kidneys	1280	651	21.6	13.3	9.63			
Large intestine	570	2470	39.3	12.0	ND			
Liver	875	380	133	87.7	64.6			
Lungs	234	59.1	7.55	ND	ND			

^{* -} ng of X free base equivalent/g.

N= 5 animals/time point.

ND - Not detected.

Table X: Excretion of Radioactive Material Following Single Doses of [14C]X to Male Rats [refs]

Dose (mg/kg)/		Percentage of administered dose					
route		Urine	Feces	Bile	Total		
1.75	i.v.	61.3 ± 9.3	30.3 ± 4.1	-	95.2 ± 5.0		
1.75	p.o.	57.4 ± 3.8	37.0 ± 3.4	-	95.2 ± 1.5		
2	p.o.	72.3 ± 0.8	26.9 ± 1.9	-	99.5 ± 1.1		
20	p.o.	23.5 ± 6.3	0.5 ± 0.2	76.0 ± 5.9	100 ± 0.8		
220	p.o.	67.1 ± 9.0	24.8 ± 5.0	-	93.3 ± 6.8		

Excretion was determined over 168 h period in Wistar rats: Values are means ± S.D. (n=5); - not assayed; Total includes radioactivity in the carcass and cage washings.

Table X: Comparative Pharmacokinetic Data and Systemic Exposure to X Following Oral Administration to Mice, Rats, Dogs, and Patients [ref]

Species (formulation)	Dose (mg/kg/day)	Systemic (plasma	a) exposure	References
		C _{max} (ng/mL)	AUC (ng.h/mL)#	_
Man (tablet)	0.48\$	36.7	557	X
Mouse (solution)	8.8	68.9 (1.9)*	72.7 (0.2)*	Y
	21.9	267 (7.3)*	207 (0.5)*	
	43.8	430 (11.7)*	325 (0.7)*	
Rat (solution)	50	479 (13.0)*	1580 (2.8)*	Z
Dogs (solution)	1.5	5.58 (0.2)*	15.9 (<0.1)*	V
	5	24.8 (0.7)*	69.3 (0.1)*	
	15	184 (5.0)*	511 (0.9)*	

Data presented are for male and female animals and are after daily repeated oral administration (at the end of the 60-day mouse study, 14-day rat study, and 1-year dog study). Data for man are extrapolated from dose normalized data obtained in male and female patients following t.i.d regimen.

^{# -} AUC_{0-6} in the mouse, AUC_{0-t} in the rat and in the dog and dose normalized $AUC_{0-\tau} \times 24$ in man.

^{\$ -} calculated from the total daily dose assuming a body weight of 50 kg for man.

^{* -} Numbers in parentheses represent ratios of exposure in animals to those in patients.

Table X: Incidence of Proliferative Interstitial (Leydig) Cell Lesions in Rats [ref]

	Dose Groups				
Lesion	Control	3 mg/kg	30 mg/kg	100 mg/kg	
Hyperplasia (only)	x/50 (%)	x/50 (%)	x/50 (%)	x/50 (%)	
Adenoma (only)	x/50 (%)	x/50 (%)	x/50 (%)	x/50 (%)	
Adenoma + Hyperplasia	x/50 (%)	x/50 (%)	x/50(%)	x/50 (%)	
Total*	x/50 (%)	x/50 (%)	x/50 (%)	x/50 (%)	

^{*} Adenoma and/or Hyperplasia.

APPENDIX B: THE NONCLINICAL TABULATED SUMMARIES TEMPLATES

2.6.3	Pharmacology
	2.6.3.1 Pharmacology: Overview
	2.6.3.2 Primary Pharmacodynamics*
	2.6.3.3 Secondary Pharmacodynamics*
	2.6.3.4 Safety Pharmacology2.6.3.5 Pharmacodynamic Drug Interactions*
	2.0.3.5 Thatmacodynamic Drug interactions
2.6.5	Pharmacokinetics
	2.6.5.1 Pharmacokinetics: Overview
	2.6.5.2 Analytical Methods and Validation Reports*
	2.6.5.3 Pharmacokinetics: Absorption After a Single Dose
	2.6.5.4 Pharmacokinetics: Absorption after Repeated Doses
	2.6.5.5 Pharmacokinetics: Organ Distribution
	2.6.5.6 Pharmacokinetics: Plasma Protein Binding
	2.6.5.7 Pharmacokinetics: Study in Pregnant or Nursing Animals
	2.6.5.8 Pharmacokinetics: Other Distribution Study
	2.6.5.9 Pharmacokinetics: Metabolism In Vivo
	2.6.5.10Pharmacokinetics: Metabolism In Vitro
	2.6.5.11Pharmacokinetics: Possible Metabolic Pathways
	2.6.5.12Pharmacokinetics: Induction/Inhibition of Drug-Metabolizing Enzymes
	2.6.5.13Pharmacokinetics: Excretion
	2.6.5.14Pharmacokinetics: Excretion into Bile
	2.6.5.15Pharmacokinetics: Drug-Drug Interactions
	2.6.5.16Pharmacokinetics: Other
2.6.7	Toxicology
2.0.7	2.6.7.1 Toxicology: Overview
	2.6.7.2 Toxicokinetics: Overview of Toxicokinetics Studies
	2.6.7.3 Toxicokinetics: Overview of Toxicokinetics Data
	2.6.7.4 Toxicology: Drug Substance
	2.6.7.5 Single-Dose Toxicity
	2.6.7.6 Repeat-Dose Toxicity: Nonpivotal Studies
	2.6.7.7 Repeat-Dose Toxicity: Pivotal Studies
	2.6.7.8 Genotoxicity: In Vitro
	2.6.7.9 Genotoxicity: In Vivo
	2.6.7.10Carcinogenicity
	2.6.7.11Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity: Nonpivotal Studies
	2.6.7.12Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity: Fertility and Early Embryonic Development
	to Implantation (Pivotal)
	2.6.7.13Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity: Effects on Embryofetal Development

2.6.7.14Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity: Effects on Pre- and Postnatal Development, Including Maternal Function (Pivotol)

- 2.6.7.15Studies in Juvenile Animals^a (template not provided; see footnote a)
- 2.6.7.16Local Tolerance
- 2.6.7.17Other Toxicity Studies
- * : Tabulated summary is optional. It is preferable to include text tables and figures with the Nonclinical Written Summary.
- ^a: When a juvenile animal study has been conducted, it should be tabulated using the template appropriate for the type of study and located in Section 2.6.7.15.

2.6.3.1 Pharmacology Overview Test Article: (1)

Test Method of Testing Study Location
Type of Study System Administration Facility Number(4) Vol. Page

Primary Pharmacodynamics (3)

Secondary Pharmacodynamics

Safety Pharmacology

(2)

Pharmacodynamic Drug Interactions

Notes: (1) International Nonproprietary Name (INN)

- (2) There should be one line for each pharmacology report, in the same order as the CTD. Reports that contain a GLP Compliance Statement should be identified in a footnote.
- (3) The location of the Technical Report in the CTD should be indicated.
- (4) Or Report Number (on all tables).

2.6.3.4 Safety Pharmacology(1)

Test Article: (2)

Organ				Gender			
Systems	Species/	Method of	Doses ^a	and No.		GLP	Study
Evaluated	<u>Strain</u>	Admin.	(mg/kg)	per Group	Noteworthy Findings	Compliance	<u>Number</u> (3)

Notes: (1) All safety pharmacology studies should be summarized.

- (2) International Nonproprietary Name (INN).
- (3) Or Report Number (on all tables).
- a Single dose unless specified otherwise.

2.6.5.1 Pharmacokinetics	Overview	Test Article: (1)				
Type of Study Absorption (2)	Test <u>System</u>	Method of Administration	Testing <u>Facility</u>	Study <u>Number</u>	Loca <u>Vol.</u> (3)	ntion <u>Page</u>
Distribution						
Metabolism						
Excretion						
Pharmacokinetic Drug Interactions						
Other						

Notes: (1) International Nonproprietary Name (INN).

- (2) There should be one line for each pharmacokinetics report, in the same order as the CTD. Reports that contain a GLP Compliance Statement should be identified in a footnote.
- (3) The location of the Technical Report in the CTD should be indicated.

M/F)/Number of animals condition formulation of Administration t/kg) e.g., whole blood, plasma, serum)	Location in CTD: Vol. Page Study No.
condition Formulation of Administration (/kg) e.g., whole blood, plasma, serum)	
condition Formulation of Administration (/kg) e.g., whole blood, plasma, serum)	
Formulation of Administration t/kg) e.g., whole blood, plasma, serum)	
of Administration (/kg) e.g., whole blood, plasma, serum)	
/kg) e.g., whole blood, plasma, serum)	
e.g., whole blood, plasma, serum)	
meters:	
al Information: (3)	
ar information: (3)	
) International Nonproprietary Name (INN).	
?) For example, HPLC, LSC with ¹⁴ C-labeled compound.	
B) For example, brief textual results, species differences, gender differences, dose dependency, or	r special comments.
There should be one column for each study conducted. For comparison, representative information recommended dose should be included.	

2.6.5.4 Pharmacokinetics: Absorption after Repeated Doses

Test Article:

[Data can be tabulated as in the format of 2.6.5.3 if applicable.]

Format A 2.6.5.5 Pharmacokinetics: Organ Distribution			Test A	Article:		
			Locat Study	ion in CTD: No.	Vol. Page	
Species: Gender (M/F)/Number of animals: Feeding condition:						
Vehicle/Formulation: Method of Administration:						
Dose (mg/kg): Radionuclide: Specific Activity:						
Sampling time:	Concentrat	ion (unit)				
Tissues/organs			Γ(3)	T(4)	<u>T(5)</u>	<u>t_{1/2}?</u>
Additional information:						

Alternate Format B 2.6.5.5 Pharmacokinetics: Organ Distribution					Test Article:				
a .					Location Study No	in CTD:	Vol.	Page	
Species: Gender (M/F)/Number of animals: Feeding condition: Vehicle/Formulation: Method of Administration: Dose (mg/kg): Radionuclide: Specific Activity: Analyte/Assay (unit): Sampling time:									
Tissues/organs	conc.	$\frac{C_t}{T/P^{1)}}$	Last time	ne point T/P ¹⁾	Time	AUC		t _{1/2} ?	
Additional information:									
¹⁾ [Tissue]/[Plasma]									

2.6.5.6 Pharmacokinetics: Plasma Protein Bi	Test Article:					
Study system: Target entity, Test system and method:				Study	Location i	n CTD
Species	Conc. tested	% Bound		No.	Vol.	Page Page
Additional Information:						

2.6.5.7 Pharmacokinetics: Study in Pregnant or Nursing Animals (1)	Test Article: (2)
Placental transfer	Location in CTD: Vol. Page Study No.
Species:	
Gestation day/Number of animals:	
Vehicle/Formulation:	
Method of Administration:	
Dose (mg/kg):	
Analyte:	
Assay:	
Time (hr)	
Concentration/Amount (% of dose) Dam (3):	
Fetus (3):	
Additional Information:	
	Location in CTD: Vol. Page
Excretion into milk Study No.	
Species:	
Lactating date/Number of animals:	
Feeding condition:	
Vehicle/Formulation:	
Method of Administration:	
Dose (mg/kg):	
Analyte:	
Assay:	
Time [hr]	
Concentration:	
Milk:	
Plasma:	
Milk/plasma:	
Neonates:	
Additional Information:	

Notes for Table 2.6.5.7

- (1) Even if the data are obtained in reproduction toxicology studies, they should be presented in this table.
- (2) International Nonproprietary Name (INN).
- (3) The tissue sampled should be described (e.g., plasma for dams, fetal concentrations).

2.6.5.8 Pharmacokinetics: Other Distribution Study

Test Article:

2.6.5.9 Pharmacokinetics: Metabolism In Vivo				Test A	rticle:				
Gender(M/F)/ Feeding condi Vehicle/Form Method of Ad Dose (mg/kg): Radionuclide: Specific Activ	ulation: ministration:								
				% of Co	ompound in Sa	ample	_	Location	in CTD
Species	<u>Sample</u>	Sampling Time or Period	% of Dose in Sample	Parent	<u>M1</u>	<u>M2</u>	Study No.	Vol	Page
	Plasma Urine Bile Feces								
	Plasma Urine Bile Feces								
	Plasma Urine Bile Feces								
Additional In	formation:								
Note: Human	data should be included	d for comparison if	available.						

2.6.5.10 Pharmacokinetics: Metabolism In Vitro	Test Article:
Study system:	Location in CTD: Vol. Page Study No.
Time Concentration: Compounds Parent M-1 M-2	
Additional Information:	
Note: Human data should be included for comparison if available.	

2.6.5.11 Pharmacokinetics: Possible Metabolic Pathways Test Article:

(Illustrate possible metabolic map indicating species in which metabolic reactions occur.)

2.6.5.12 Pharmacokinetics: Induction/Inhibition of Drug-Metabolizing Enzymes	Test Article:
	Location in CTD: Vol. Page Study No.
Note: Nonclinical studies only. Type of study:	
Method:	
Tabulated results:	
Additional Information:	

2.6.5.13 Pharmacokinetics: Excretion	7	Γest Artic	le: (1)					
Species Gender (M/F)/Number of animals Feeding condition	(3))		-		_		
Vehicle/Formulation Method of Administration Dose (mg/kg) Analyte								
Assay Excretion route (4) Time 0 - T hr	<u>Urine</u> <u>Fec</u>	es <u>Total</u>	<u>Urine</u> <u>Feces</u>	Total	<u>Urine</u> <u>Feces</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Urine</u> <u>Feces</u>	<u>Total</u>
Study number Location in CTD								
Additional Information: (2)								
Notes: (1) International Nonproprietary Name (IN (2)For example, brief textual results, speci (3) There should be one column for each streeommended dose should be included. (4) Other routes (e.g., biliary, respiratory)	ies differences, gende udy conducted. For d Can be combined wi	compariso th the Abs	n, representativ	e inform	ation on humai		maximum	

2.6.5.14 Pharmacokinetics: Excretion into Bile

Test Article:

[Data can be tabulated as in the format of 2.6.5.13 if applicable.]

2.6.5.15 Pharmacokinetics: Drug-Drug Interactions	Test Article:	
	Location in CTD: Vo Study No.	l. Page
Type of study:		
Method:		
Tabulated results:		
Additional Information:		

2.6.5.16 Pharmacokinetics: Other	Test Article: Location in CTD: Vol. Study No.	Page
Type of study:		
Method:		
Tabulated results:		
Additional Information:		

2.6.7.1 Toxicology	<u>Overview</u>			W	Te			
Type of Study	Species and Strain	Method of Administration	Duration of Dosing	Doses (mg/kg ^a)	GLP Compliance	Testing <u>Facility</u>	Study <u>Number</u>	Location Vol. Page
Single-Dose Toxicity	(2)							(3)
Repeat-Dose Toxicity								
Genotoxicity								
Carcinogenicity								
Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity								
Local Tolerance								
Other Toxicity Studies								

⁽¹⁾ International Nonproprietary Name (INN).
(2) There should be one line for each toxicology report, in the same order as the CTD.
(3) The location of the Technical Report in the CTD should be indicated.

Unless otherwise specified. For Repeat-Dose Toxicity, the highest No Observed Adverse Effect Level (NOAEL) is underlined.

2.6.7.2 Toxicokinetics	Overview of Toxicokinetics Studies	Test Article: (1)

Type of Study	Test <u>System</u>	Method of <u>Administration</u>	Doses (mg/kg)	GLP Compliance	Study <u>Number</u>	Loc <u>Vol.</u>	ation <u>Page</u>
(2)						(3)	

Notes: (1) International Nonproprietary Name (INN).

⁽²⁾ There should be one line for each toxicokinetics report, in the same order as the CTD (Section 3, Toxicology).

⁽³⁾ The location of the Technical Report in the CTD should be indicated.

2.6.7.3 Toxicokinetics Overview of Toxicokinetics Data Test Article: (1)

(2)

Notes: (1) International Nonproprietary Name (INN).

(2) A one- to three-page summary (tables and/or figures) of steady state toxicokinetic data should be prepared in a format that facilitates comparisons across species, including humans.

2.6.7.4 Toxicology <u>Drug Substance</u> Test Article: (1)

Batch No.	Purity (%)	Specified Impurities ()	Study <u>Number</u>	Type of Study
PROPOSED <u>SPECIFICATION:</u>				
(2)				(3)

Notes: (1) International Nonproprietary Name (INN).

⁽²⁾ All batches used in the Toxicology studies should be listed in approximate chronological order.

⁽³⁾ The Toxicology studies in which each batch was used should be identified.

2.6.7.5 Single-Dose Toxicity (*1*)

Test Article: (2)

	Method of			Observed			
	Administration		Gender	Maximum	Approximate		
Species/	(Vehicle/	Doses	and No.	Nonlethal Dose	Lethal		Study
Strain	Formulation)	(mg/kg)	per Group	(mg/kg)	Dose (mg/kg)	Noteworthy Findings	Number

Notes: (1) All single-dose toxicity studies should be summarized, in the same order as the CTD. Footnotes should be used to indicate special features, such as unusual duration, infusion rate, or age of test subjects.

⁽²⁾ International Nonproprietary Name (INN).

2.6.7.6 Repeat-Dose Toxicity

Species/

Strain

Nonpivotal Studies (1)

Test Article: (2)

Method of

Administration (Vehicle/

Formulation)

Duration of Dosing

Doses

(mg/kg)

Gender

and No. per Group

NOAEL^a (mg/kg)

Noteworthy Findings

Study Number

- Notes: (1) All repeat-dose toxicity studies (including all range-finding toxicity studies), other than the definitive GLP studies specified by ICH Guidance M3 Nonclinical Safety Studies for the Conduct of Human Clinical Trials for Pharmacaeuticals (November 1997), should be summarized in the same order as the CTD. Footnotes should be used to indicate special features, such as unusual age of test subjects.
 - (2) International Nonproprietary Name (INN).

a - No Observed Adverse Effect Level.

2.6.7.7 (1) Repeat-Dose Toxicity (2)	Report	t Title:	:				Test Article: (3)	
Species/Strain: Initial Age: Date of First Dose:		Duration of Dosing: Duration of Postdose: Method of Administration: Vehicle/Formulation:				Study No. Location in CTD: Vol. Page GLP Compliance:		
Special Features:								
No Observed Adverse Effect Level:								
Daily Dose (mg/kg)	<u>0 (Co</u>	ntrol)						
Number of Animals	<u>M:</u>	<u>F:</u>	<u>M:</u>	<u>F:</u>	<u>M:</u>	<u>F:</u>	<u>M:</u>	<u>F:</u>
Toxicokinetics: AUC () (4)	(5)							
Noteworthy Findings								
Died or Sacrificed Moribund								
Body Weight (% ^a)								
Food Consumption (% ^a)	(5)							
Water Consumption ()	(5)							
Clinical Observations								
Ophthalmoscopy								
Electrocardiography								

(Continued)

⁻ No noteworthy findings. + Mild ++ Moderate +++ Marked (6)

^{(7) * -} p<0.05 ** - p<0.01

a - At end of dosing period. For controls, group means are shown. For treated groups, percent differences from controls are shown. Statistical significance is based on actual data (not on the percent differences).

2.6.7.7 (1)	Repeat-Dose	Toxicity
-------------	-------------	-----------------

Study No. (Continued)

Daily Dose (mg/kg) <u>0 (Control)</u>

Number of Animals \underline{M} : \underline{F} : \underline{M} : \underline{F} : \underline{M} : \underline{F} : \underline{M} : \underline{F} :

Hematology

Serum Chemistry

Urinalysis

Organ Weights^a (%)

Gross Pathology

Histopathology

Additional Examinations

Postdose Evaluation: Number Evaluated

(8) (9)

⁻ No noteworthy findings.

^{(7) * -} p<0.05 ** - p<0.01

a - Both absolute and relative weights differed from controls in the direction indicated. Number indicates percent difference for the absolute organ weights.

Notes for Table 2.6.7.7

- (1) The tables should be numbered consecutively (e.g., 2.6.7.7A, 2.6.7.7B, 2.6.7.7C).
- (2) There should be one table for each of the repeat-dose toxicity studies specified by ICH Guidance M3 Nonclinical Safety Studies for the Conduct of Human Clinical Trials for Pharmacaeuticals (November 1997), as well as any other repeat-dose toxicity studies that could be considered pivotal.
- (3) International Nonproprietary Name (INN).
- (4) Steady state AUC, Cmax, Css, or other toxicokinetic information supporting the study. If from a separate study, the study number should be given in a footnote.
- (5) ONLY NOTEWORTHY FINDINGS SHOULD BE PRESENTED. If additional parameters (other than those in the template) showed noteworthy changes, these should be added to the tables. In general, data at end of dosing period can be shown; however, if there were additional noteworthy findings at earlier timepoints, these should be included. Footnotes should be used as needed to provide additional information about the tests or the results.
- (6) Or other scale, as appropriate.
- (7) Methods of statistical analyses should be indicated.
- (8) All parameters that still show drug-related changes should be listed. This section should be deleted if the study does not include a postdose evaluation.
- (9) When appropriate, information on animals that were necropsied early should be presented separately.

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2.6.7.8 (1) Genotoxicity: In Vitro Report Title: Test Article: (2)

Test for Induction of: No. of Independent Assays: Study No.

Strains: No. of Replicate Cultures: Location in CTD: Vol. Page

Metabolizing System: No. of Cells Analyzed/Culture:

Vehicles:For Test Article:For Positive Controls:GLP Compliance:Treatment:Date of Treatment:

Cytotoxic Effects: Genotoxic Effects:

Concentration or

Metabolic Test Dose Level
Activation Article ((3))

Without Activation

(4)

With Activation

Notes: (1) The tables should be numbered consecutively (e.g.,2.6.7.8A, 2.6.7.8B). Results of replicate assays should be shown on subsequent pages.

- (2) International Nonproprietary Name (INN).
- (3) Units should be inserted.
- (4) If precipitation is observed, this should be indicated in a footnote.
- (5) Methods of statistical analyses should be indicated.

(5) * - p<0.05 ** - p<0.01

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(mg/kg)

Toxic/Cytotoxic Effects: Genotoxic Effects: Evidence of Exposure:

Test Article

2.6.7.9 (1) Genotoxicity: In Vivo Report Title:

Test for Induction of: Treatment Schedule: Study No.

Species/Strain: Location in CTD: Vol. Page

Test Article: (2)

Age: Method of Administration:
Cells Evaluated: Vehicle/Formulation: GLP Compliance:

No. of Cells Analyzed/Animal:

Special Features:

Date of Dosing:

Dose No. of

Notes: (1) The tables should be numbered consecutively (e.g., 2.6.7.9A, 2.6.7.9B).

Animals

- (2) International Nonproprietary Name (INN).
- (3) Methods of statistical analysis should be indicated.

(3) * - p<0.05 ** - p<0.01).

2.6.7.10 (1) Carcinogenicity Report Title:

Species/Strain: Duration of Dosing: Study No.

Initial Age: Method of Administration: Location in CTD: Vol. Page

Test Article: (2)

Date of First Dose: Vehicle/Formulation:

Treatment of Controls: GLP Compliance:

Basis for High-Dose Selection: (3)

Special Features:

Daily Dose (mg/kg) 0 (Control)

Gender \underline{M} \underline{F} \underline{M} \underline{F} \underline{M} \underline{F} \underline{M} \underline{F}

Toxicokinetics: AUC () (4)

Number of Animals

At Start

Died/Sacrificed Moribund

Terminal Sacrifice

Survival (%) (5)

Body Weight (%a)

Food Consumption (%^a)

(6) * - p<0.05 ** - p<0.01

a - At 6 months. For controls, group means are shown. For treated groups, percent differences from controls are shown. Statistical significance is based on actual data (not on the percent differences). (Continued)

2.6.7.10 (1) Carcinogenicity

Study No. (Continued)

Daily Dose (mg/kg) Number Evaluated $\frac{\text{(Control)}}{\underline{M:}} \quad \underline{F:}$

0 (Control)

<u>M:</u> <u>F:</u>

<u>M:</u> <u>F:</u>

<u>M:</u> <u>F:</u>

<u>M:</u>

<u>F:</u>

Number of Animals

with Neoplastic Lesions:

(7)

Noteworthy Findings:

Gross Pathology

Histopathology - Non-Neoplastic

Lesions

⁻ No noteworthy findings.

Notes for Table 2.6.7.10

- (1) Tables should be numbered consecutively (e.g., 2.6.7.10A, 2.6.7.10B). There should be one table for each carcinogenicity study.
- (2) International Nonproprietary Name (INN).
- (3) From ICH Guidance S1C Dose Selection for Carcinogenicity Studies of Pharmaceuticals (March 1995).
- (4) Steady state AUC, Cmax, Css, or other toxicokinetic information supporting the study. If the information is from a separate study, the Study Number should be given in a footnote.
- (5) If additional parameters showed drug-related changes, these should be added to the tables. Footnotes should be used as needed to provide additional information about the tests or the results.
- (6) Methods of statistical analysis should be indicated.
- (7) Drug-related lesions should be listed first. Then other lesions should be listed by alphabetically ordered organs and/or tissues.

2.6.7.11 Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity Nonpivotal Studies (1) Test Article: (2) Method of Administration Species/ (Vehicle/ **Dosing Doses** Study Strain **Formulation**) Period mg/kg **Noteworthy Findings** Number No. per Group

Notes: (1) All reproduction toxicity studies (including all relevant range-finding studies), other than the definitive GLP studies specified by M3

Nonclinical Safety Studies for the Conduct of Human Clinical Trials for Pharmaceuticals, November 1997, should be summarized in the same order as the CTD. However, investigative studies should be summarized using a more detailed template.

(2) International Nonproprietary Name (INN).

2.6.7.12 (1) Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity -**Report Title:** Test Article: (2) **Fertility and Early Embryonic Development to Implantation (3) Design similar to ICH 4.1.1? Duration of Dosing:**M: Study No. **Species/Strain: Day of Mating:** (8)F: Location in CTD: Vol. Page **Initial Age:** Day of C-Section: **Date of First Dose: Method of Administration: GLP Compliance:** Vehicle/Formulation: **Special Features:** No Observed Adverse Effect Level: F₀ Males: **F**₀ Females: F₁ Litters: Daily Dose (mg/kg) 0 (Control) Males Toxicokinetics: AUC () (4) No. Evaluated No. Died or Sacrificed Moribund Clinical Observations **Necropsy Observations** Body Weight (%^a) Food Consumption (% a) Mean No. Days Prior to Mating No. of Males that Mated No. of Fertile Males (5) -No noteworthy findings. + Mild ++Moderate +++Marked p<0.05 ** - p<0.01 (7) *-

a - After 4 weeks of dosing. For controls, group means are shown. For treated groups, percent differences from controls are shown. Statistical significance is based on actual data (not on the percent differences). (Continued)

2.6.7.12 (1) Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity

Study No. (Continued)

<u>Daily Dose (mg/kg)</u> <u>0 (Control)</u>

Females Toxicokinetics: AUC () (4)

No. Evaluated

No. Died or Sacrificed Moribund

Clinical Observations

Necropsy Observations

Premating Body Weight (%^a)

Gestation Body Weight (% a)

Premating Food Consumption (%^a)

Gestation Food Consumption (%^a)

Mean No. Estrous Cycles/14 days

Mean No. Days Prior to Mating

No. of Females Sperm Positive

No. of Pregnant Females

No. Aborted or with Total Resorption of Litter

Mean No. Corpora Lutea

Mean No. Implantations

Mean % Preimplantation Loss

Mean No. Live Conceptuses

Mean No. Resorptions

No. Dead Conceptuses

Mean % Postimplantation Loss

-No noteworthy findings. + Mild ++Moderate +++Marked (6) $(7)^*$ - p<0.05 ** - p<0.01

a - At end of premating or gestation period. For controls, group means are shown. For treated groups, percent differences from controls are shown. Statistical significance is based on actual data (not on the percent differences).

Notes for Tables 2.6.7.12, 2.6.7.13, and 2.6.7.14

- (1) If there are multiple studies of this type, the tables should be numbered consecutively (e.g., 2.6.7.12A, 2.6.7.12B, 2.6.7.13A, 2.6.7.13B).
- (2) International Nonproprietary Name (INN).
- (3) If a modified study design is used, tables should be modified accordingly.
- (4) Steady state AUC, Cmax, or other toxicokinetic information supporting the study. If the information is from a separate study, the study number should be given in a footnote.
- (5) POSSIBLE PRESENTATIONS OF THE RESULTS ARE SHOWN IN THESE TEMPLATES. DATA PRESENTATION SHOULD BE FLEXIBLE AND APPROPRIATE ACCORDING TO OPTIMAL STATISTICAL ANALYSIS AND THE DESIGN OF THE STUDY. If additional parameters showed drug-related changes, these should be added to the tables. Footnotes should be used as needed to provide additional information about the tests or the results.
- (6) Or other scale as appropriate.
- (7) Methods of statistical analysis should be indicated.
- (8) Day of mating should be indicated (e.g., Day 0 or Day 1).

2.6.7.13 (1) Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity -

Effects on Embryofetal Development (3) Design similar to ICH 4.1.3? **Duration of Dosing:** Study No. Day of Mating: (8) **Species/Strain:** Day of C-Section: Location in CTD: Vol. Page **Initial Age: Method of Administration: Date of First Dose:** Vehicle/Formulation: **GLP Compliance: Special Features:** No Observed Adverse Effect Level: **F**₀ Females: **F**₁ Litters: 0 (Control) Daily Dose (mg/kg) **Dams/Does:** Toxicokinetics: AUC () (4) No. Pregnant (5) No. Died or Sacrificed Moribund No. Aborted or with Total Resorption of Litter Clinical Observations **Necropsy Observations** Body Weight (%^a) Food Consumption (%^a) Mean No. Corpora Lutea Mean No. Implantations Mean % Preimplantation Loss No noteworthy findings. G = Gestation day+ Mild ++Moderate +++Marked (6) (7) * - p<0.05 ** - p<0.01 At end of dosing period. For controls, group means are shown. For treated groups, percent differences from controls are shown. Statistical significance is based on actual data (not on the percent differences). (Continued)

Report Title:

Test Article: (2)

2.6.7.13 (1) Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity

Study No. (Continued)

<u>Daily Dose (mg/kg)</u> <u>0 (Control)</u>

<u>Litters</u>: No. Litters Evaluated

No. Live Fetuses

Mean No. Resorptions

No. of Litters with Dead Fetuses Mean % Postimplantation Loss Mean Fetal Body Weight (g)

Fetal Sex Ratios
Fetal Anomalies:
Gross External
Visceral Anomalies
Skeletal Anomalies

Total Affected Fetuses (Litters)

- No noteworthy findings.

^{* -} p<0.05 ** - p<0.01

2.6.7.14 (1) Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity -

Effects on Pre- and Postnatal Development, Including Maternal Function (3) Design similar to ICH 4.1.2? Duration of Dosing: Study No. Day of Mating: (8) **Method of Administration:** Species/Strain: Location in CTD: Vol. Page **Initial Age** Vehicle/Formulation: **Date of First Dose: Litters Culled/Not Culled: GLP Compliance: Special Features:** No Observed Adverse Effect Level: **F**₀ Females: F₁ Males: **F**₁ Females: Daily Dose (mg/kg) 0 (Control) F₀ Females: Toxicokinetics: AUC () (4) No. Pregnant No. Died or Sacrificed Moribund No. Aborted or with Total Res. of Litter Clinical Observations **Necropsy Observations** Gestation Body Weight (% a) (5) Lactation Body Weight (% a) Gestation Food Consumption (%^a) Lactation Food Consumption (% a) Mean Duration of Gestation (days) **Abnormal Parturition** No noteworthy findings. + Mild ++Moderate +++Marked (6) G = Gestation dayL = Lactation day(7) * - p<0.05 ** - p<0.01) -At end of gestation or lactation. For controls, group means are shown. For treated groups, percent differences from controls are shown. Statistical significance is based on actual data (not on the percent differences). (Continued)

Report Title:

Test Article: (2)

2.6.7.14 (1) Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity

Study No. (Continued)

<u>Daily Dose (mg/kg)</u> <u>0 (Control)</u>

F₁ Litters: No. Litters Evaluated
(Preweaning) Mean No. of Implantations
Mean No. Pups/Litter

Mean No. Liveborn Pups/Litter No. of Litters with Stillborn Pups Postnatal Survival to Day 4

Postnatal Survival to Weaning
No. of Total Litter Losses

Change in Pup Body Weights^a (g)

Pup Sex Ratios Pup Clinical Signs

Pup Necropsy Observations

No. Evaluated Postweaning

 F_1 Males: Per Litter

(Postweaning) No. Died or Sacrificed Moribund

Clinical Observations
Necropsy Observations
Body Weight Change^b (g)
Food Consumption (%^c)
Preputial Separation
Sensory Function
Motor Activity

Learning and Memory

Mean No. Days Prior to Mating

No. of Males that Mated No. of Fertile Males

- No noteworthy findings. + Mild ++Moderate +++Marked (6)

 $(7)^*$ - p<0.05 ** - p<0.01 a - From birth to weaning.

b - From weaning to mating.

c - At end of postweaning period. For controls, group means are shown. For treated groups, percent differences from controls are shown. Statistical significance is based on actual data (not on the percent differences).

2.6.7.14 (1) Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity

Study No. (Continued)

<u>Daily Dose (mg/kg)</u> <u>0 (Control)</u>

<u>F₁ Females</u>: No. Evaluated Postweaning (Postweaning) No. Died or Sacrificed Moribund

Clinical Observations Necropsy Observations

Premating Body Weight Change^a (g) Gestation Body Weight Change (g) Premating Food Consumption (%^b) Gestation Food Consumption (%^b) Mean Age of Vaginal Patency (days)

Sensory Function Motor Activity Learning and Memory

Mean No. Days Prior to Mating No. of Females Sperm-Positive No. of Pregnant Females Mean No. Corpora Lutea Mean No. Implantations Mean % Preimplantation Loss

 $\underline{F_2}$ Litters: Mean No. Live Conceptuses/Litter

Mean No. Resorptions

No. of Litter with Dead Conceptuses

No. Dead Conceptuses

Mean % Postimplantation Loss

Fetal Body Weights (g) Fetal Sex Ratios (% males)

Fetal Anomalies

- No noteworthy findings. + Mild ++Moderate +++Marked (6)

(7)* - p<0.05 ** - p<0.01

a - From weaning to mating

b - At end of premating or gestation period. For controls, group means are shown. For treated groups, percent differences from controls are shown. Statistical significance is based on actual data (not on the percent differences).

2.6.7.14 (1) Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity Study No. (Continued)

<u>Daily Dose (mg/kg)</u> <u>0 (Control)</u>

<u>F₁ Females</u>: No. Evaluated Postweaning (Postweaning) No. Died or Sacrificed Moribund

Clinical Observations Necropsy Observations

Premating Body Weight Change^a (g) Gestation Body Weight Change (g) Premating Food Consumption (%^b) Gestation Food Consumption (%^{ab}) Mean Age of Vaginal Patency (days)

Sensory Function Motor Activity Learning and Memory

Mean No. Days Prior to Mating No. of Females Sperm Positive No. of Pregnant Females Mean Duration of Gestation

Abnormal Parturition

<u>F₂ Litters</u>: No. Litters Evaluated

Mean No. of Implantations Mean No. Pups/Litter

Mean No. Liveborn Pups/Litter Mean No. Stillborn Pups/Litter Postnatal Survival to Day 4 Postnatal Survival to Weaning Change in Pup Body Weights^a (g)

Pup Sex Ratios Pup Clinical Signs

Pup Necropsy Observations

No noteworthy findings. + Mild ++Moderate +++Marked (6) $(7)^*$ - p<0.05 ** - p<0.01

 $(7)^*$ - p<0.05 ** - p<0.01 a - From birth to mating.

b - At end of premating or gestation period. For controls, group means are shown. For treated groups, percent differences from controls are shown. Statistical significance is based on actual data (not on the percent differences).

Note: Alternate Format for Natural Parturition.

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2.6.7.16 Local Tolerance (1) Test Article: (2)

Species/Method ofDosesGender andStudyStrainAdministration(mg/kg)No. per GroupNoteworthy FindingsNumber

Notes: (1) All local tolerance studies should be summarized.

(2) International Nonproprietary Name (INN).

2.6.7.17 Other Toxicity Studies (1)

Test Article: (2)

Species/	Method of	Duration	Doses	Gender and		Study	
<u>Strain</u>	Administration	of Dosing	(mg/kg)	No. per Group	Noteworthy Findings	Numb	er

Notes: (1) All supplementary toxicity studies should be summarized.

(2) International Nonproprietary Name (INN)

APPENDIX C: THE NONCLINICAL TABULALTED SUMMARIES — EXAMPLES

(The following examples correspond to the templates in Appendix B; examples are not provided for the templates Studies in Juvenile Animals or Local Tolerance)

EXAMPLE

2.6.3.1 Pharmacology Overview Test Article: Curitol Sodium

Type of Study	Test <u>System</u>	Method of Administration	Testing Facility	Study <u>Number</u>	Loc <u>Vol.</u>	ation <u>Page</u>
Primary Pharmacodynamics						
Antiviral activity vs. VZV	Human embryonic lung	In vitro	Sponsor Inc.	95401	1	1
Antiviral activity vs. VZV	fibroblasts	In vitro	Sponsor Inc.	95402	1	20
Antiviral activity vs. HSV	Clinical isolates	In vitro	Sponsor Inc.	95406	1	30
Antiviral activity vs. CMV	Human embryonic lung	In vitro	Sponsor Inc.	95408	1	45
Antiviral activity vs. VZV	fibroblasts	Gavage	Sponsor Inc.	95411	1	55
Antiviral activity vs. SVV	Human embryonic lung fibroblasts ICR mice African Green monkeys	Nasogastric Intubation	Sponsor Inc.	95420	1	100
Secondary Pharmacodynamics						
Antimicrobial activity	Gram positive and gram negative bacteria; yeasts	In vitro	Sponsor Inc.	95602	1	200
Safety Pharmacology						
Effects on central nervous system ^a	Mice, rats, rabbits, and cats	Gavage	Sponsor Inc.	95703	2	1
Effects on cardiovascular system	Dogs	Gavage, i.v.	Sponsor Inc.	95706	2	75
Pharmacodynamic Drug Interactions						
Interactions with anti-HIV activity of AZT	Human T lymphocytes	In vitro	Sponsor Inc.	95425	2	200

a - Report contains a GLP Compliance Statement.

2.6.3.4 Safety Pharmacology

Organ Systems <u>Evaluated</u>	Species/ Strain	Method of <u>Admin.</u>	Doses ^a (mg/kg)	Gender and No. per Group	Noteworthy Findings	GLP Compliance	Study <u>Number</u>
CNS	CD-1 Mice	Gavage	0, 10, 50, 250	10M	Slight prolongation of hexobarbital anesthesia (≥10 mg/kg). No analgesic, anticonvulsive, or cataleptic properties. No effects on coordination, traction, or spontaneous motility.	Yes	92201
Renal, GI, CNS, and Hemostasis	CD-1 Mice	Gavage	0, 10, 50, 250	6M	Slight increases in urinary excretion of sodium and potassium (≥50 mg/kg). No effects on GI transit time (charcoal meal), pupillary diameter, blood coagulation time, or urine volume.	No	92205
Cardiovascular	Mongrel Dogs	Intravenous	0, 3, 10, 30	3M	Dose-related transient decreases in blood pressure and increases in heart rate and respiratory rate (all doses). Minor ECG changes at 30 mg/kg. No effects on cardiac output, stroke volume, or total peripheral resistance.	Yes	92210

Test Article: Curitol Sodium

a - Single dose unless specified otherwise.

2.6.5.1 Pharmacokinetics	EXAMPLE Overview Test Method of System Administration		Test Article: Curitol Sodium			
Type of Study			Testing <u>Facility</u>	Study <u>Number</u>	Loca <u>Vol.</u>	ation <u>Page</u>
Absorption						
Absorption and excretion	Rats	Gavage, i.v.	Sponsor Inc.	93302	1	1
Absorption and excretion	Dogs	Gavage, i.v.	Sponsor Inc.	93304	1	25
Absorption and excretion	Monkeys	Gavage, i.v.	Sponsor Inc.	93306	1	50
Distribution						
Single-dose tissue distribution	Rats	Gavage	Sponsor Inc.	93307	1	100
Repeat-dose tissue distribution	Rats	Gavage	Sponsor Inc.	93308	1	125
Plasma protein binding	Mice, rats, dogs,	In vitro	Sponsor Inc.	93311	1	150
Plasma protein binding	monkeys, Humans, rats, dogs	Tablets/Gavage/ Capsules	Sponsor Inc.	93312	1	200
Metabolism						
Metabolites in blood, urine, and feces	Rats	Gavage	Sponsor Inc.	93402	1	250
Metabolites in blood, urine, and feces	Dogs	Gavage	Sponsor Inc.	93407	1	300
Excretion						
Absorption and excretion	Rats	Gavage, i.v.	Sponsor Inc.	93302	1	1
Absorption and excretion	Dogs	Gavage, i.v.	Sponsor Inc.	93304	1	25
Absorption and excretion	Monkeys	Gavage, i.v.	Sponsor Inc.	93306	1	50
Pharmacokinetic Drug Interactions						
Interaction with AZT ^a	Rats	Gavage	Sponsor Inc.	94051	1	350

a - Report contains a GLP Compliance Statement.

2.6.5.3 Pharmacokinetics: Absorption After a Single Dose

Test Article: Curitol Sodium

Location in CTD Volume 1, Page 258 **Study number** 95104

Species	Mouse	Rat	Dog	Monkey	<u>Human</u>
Gender (M/F)/Number of animals	$\overline{4M}$	$\overline{3M}$	4F	2M	6M
Feeding condition	Fed	Fasted	Fasted	Fed	Fasted
Vehicle/Formulation	Suspension	Suspension	Capsule	Suspension	Tablet
	10% acacia	10% acacia		10% acacia	
Method of Administration	Gavage	Gavage	Capsule	Gavage	Oral
Dose (mg/kg)	15	8	5	5	4 mg
Sample (e.g., whole blood, plasma, serum)	Plasma	Plasma	Plasma	Plasma	Plasma
Analyte	TRA^{a}	MM-180801	MM-180801	MM-180801	MM-180801
Assay	LSC	HPLC	HPLC	HPLC	HPLC
PK parameters:					
Tmax (hr)	4.0	1.0	3.3	1.0	6.8
Cmax (ng/ml or ng-eq/ml)	2,260	609	172	72	8.2
AUC (ng or ng-eq x hr/ml)	15,201	2,579	1,923	582	135
(Time for calculation – hr)	(0-72)	(0-24)	(0.5-48)	(0-12)	(0-24)
T 1/2 (hr)	10.6	3.3	9.2	3.2	30.9
(Time for calculation – hr)	(7-48)	(1-24)	(24-96)	(1-12)	(24-120)

Additional Information:

A single oral dose was well absorbed in mice, rats, dogs, and monkeys.

In a study examining the concentration of compound in the portal vein and inferior vena cava, 30 minutes after a dose to rats, the concentration of compound was approximately 15-fold higher in the portal circulation compared to systemic circulation. This result indicated extensive metabolism and/or biliary secretion of compound in the rat.

a - Total radioactivity, 14C

Format A

2.6.5.5 Pharmacokinetics: Organ Distribution

Test Article: Curitol Sodium **Location in CTD:** Vol.21 Page 1

Study No. 95207

Species: Rat

Gender (M/F)/Number of animals: 3M/each time point

Feeding condition: Fasted

Vehicle/Formulation: Solution/Water **Method of Administration:** Oral Gavage

Dose (mg/kg): 10 **Radionuclide:** ¹⁴C

Specific Activity: 2x10⁵ Bq/mg

Sampling time: 0.25, 0.5, 2, 6, 24, 96, and 192 hr

Concentration (mcg/mL)

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Tissues/organs	0.25	0.5	2	6	24	t _{1/2}	
Blood	9.2	3.7	1.8	0.9	0.1		
Plasma	16.5	7.1	3.2	1.6	0.2		
Brain	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.1	nd		
Lung	9.6	14.1	7.3	2.9	0.1		
Liver	73.0	54.5	19.9	12.4	3.2		
Kidney	9.6	13.2	4.9	3.8	0.6		
Testis	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.1		
Muscle	1.0	1.2	0.8	0.3	nd		

Additional information:

Tissues and organs such as the heart, thymus, adrenal, spleen, stomach, intestine.....are examined but not shown.

nd = Not detected.

Alternate Format B

2.6.5.5 Pharmacokinetics: Organ Distribution

Test Article: Curitol Sodium **Location in CTD:** Vol. 21 Page 1

Study No. 95207

Species: Rat

Gender (M/F) / Number of animals: 3M/each time point

Feeding condition: Fed

Vehicle/Formulation: Solution/Saline **Method of Administration:** Intravenous

Dose (mg/kg): 1

Radionuclide: Nonlabeled compound

Specific Activity: -

Analyte/Assay: Unchanged compound (mcg/mL)/HPLC **Sampling time:** 10 min, 1, 4, 8, 24, 48, 96, and 168 hr

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Last tii	Last time point				
Tissues/organs	conc.	C _{1hr} T/P ¹⁾	conc.	T/P ¹⁾	Time	AUC	t _{1/2}
Heart	1.4	0.08	0.44	22	48	57.3	37.3
Liver	4.5	6	1.85	92.5	48	290	51.7
Kidney	2.8	0.20	1.07	53.5	48	126	36.3
Spleen	6.5	8.6	3.5	175	48	410	46.9

Additional information:

^{1) [}Tissue]/[Plasma]

2.6.5.6 Pharmacokinetics: Plasma Protein Binding Test Article: Curitol Sodium

Study system: In vitro

Target entity, Test system and method: Plasma, Ultrafiltration

<i>5 2 7 2</i>	,		Study	Location	in CTD
Species	Conc. tested	% Bound	No.	Vol.	Page
Rat	1 - 100uM	82.1 - 85.4	95301	21	150
Dog	1 - 100uM	83.5 - 88.2	95301	21	150
Human	1 - 100uM	75.2 - 79.4	96-103-03	45	1

Additional Information:

2.6.5.7 Pharmacokinetics: Study in Pregnant or Nursing Animals

Test Article: Curitol Sodium

Location in CTD: Vol. 22 Page 1

Study No. 95702

Placental transfer

Species: Rat

Gestation day/Number of animals: 14 and 19 days gestation/3 animals at each time point

Vehicle/Formulation: Solution/Water **Method of Administration:** Oral gavage

Dose (mg/kg): 5

Analyte: Total radioactivity, ¹⁴C

Assay: LSC

Time (hr.)	14 days/30 min.	14 days/24 hr.	19 days/30 min.	19 days/24 hr.
Concentration/Amount (% of dose)				
Maternal plasma	12.4	0.32	13.9	0.32
Placenta	3.8	0.14	3.3	0.32
Amniotic fluid	0.07	0.04	0.04	0.13
Whole fetus	0.54	0.03	0.39	0.10

Additional Information:

Maternal blood, liver, kidney, ovary, uterus were also examined but not shown.

Location in CTD: Vol. 22 Page 102

Excretion into milk Study No. 95703

Species: Rat

Lactating date/Number of animals: day 7/3

Feeding condition: Fed

Vehicle/Formulation: Solution/Water **Method of Administration:** Oral gavage

Dose (mg/kg): 5

Analyte: Total radioactivity, ¹⁴C

Assay: LSC

Time [hr]	1	2	4	6	8	24
Concentration:						
Milk:	0.6	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.3	0.4
Plasma:	1.5	1.4	1.2	0.8	0.6	0.1
Milk/plasma:	0.40	0.57	0.83	1.4	2.2	4.0
Neonates						

Additional Information:

Test Article: Curitol Sodium

2.6.5.9 Pharmacokinetics: Metabolism In Vivo

Gender (M/F)/Number of animals: Rats: 4M Dogs: 3F Humans: 8M

Feeding condition: Fed

Vehicle/Formulation:Rats:Solution/waterDogs:CapsulesHumans:75 mg tabletsMethod of Administration:Rats:Gavage*Dogs:Oral Capsule*Humans:Oral TabletDose (mg/kg):Rats:5 mg/kgDogs:5 mg/kgHumans:75 mg

Radionuclide: ¹⁴C

Specific Activity: 2 x 10⁵ Bq/mg

				% of Con	ipound in Sa	mple		Location in CTD		
Species	Sample	Sampling Time or Period	% of Dose in <u>Sample</u>	Parent	<u>M1</u>	<u>M2</u>	Study <u>Number</u>	Vol.	<u>Page</u>	
Rats	Plasma	0.5 hr	-	87.2	6.1	3.4	95076	26	101	
	Urine	0-24 hr	2.1	0.6	n.d.	0.2				
	Bile	0-4 hr	28.0	15.5	7.2	5.1				
	Feces	-	-	-	-	-				
Dogs	Plasma	0.5 hr	-	92.8	n.d.	7.2	95082	26	301	
	Urine	0-24 hr	6.6	6.4	n.d.	n.d.				
	Bile	0-4 hr	32.0	28.5	2.8	n.d.				
	Feces	-	-	-	-	-				
Humans	Plasma	1 hr	-	87.5	trace	12.5	CD-102	42	1	
	Urine	0-24 hr	5.5	2.4	2.9	n.d.				
	Bile	-	-	-	-	-				
	Feces	-	-	-	-	-				

Additional Information

^{* -} Intraduodenal administration for collection of bile.

n.d. - None detected.

2.6.5.13 Pharmacokinetics: Excretion

Species	Rat			Rat			Dog			Dog		
Gender (M/F)/Number of animals	4M			4M			3M			3M		
Feeding condition	Faste	1		Fasted			Fasted	[Fasted		
Vehicle/Formulation	Soluti	on		Solution	n		Capsu	Capsule		Solution		
	Water	•		Saline	Saline					Saline		
Method of Administration	Oral			Intrave	nous		Oral			Intrav	enous	
Dose (mg/kg)	10			5			10			5		
Analyte	TRA^{a}			TRA^{a}			TRA^{a}			TRA^{a}		
Assay	LSC			LSC			LSC			LSC		
Excretion route	<u>Urine</u>	Feces	Total	<u>Urine</u>	Feces	Total	<u>Urine</u>	Feces	Total	<u>Urine</u>	Feces	Total
Time												· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
0 - 24 hr	26	57	83	22	63	85	20	29	49	23	42	65
0 - 48 hr	30	65	95	27	69	96	25	65	90	28	78	96
0 - 72 hr	31	65	97	28	70	98	26	73	99	29	72	101
0 - 96 hr	31	67	98	29	70	99	26	74	100	29	73	102
Study number			95102						95156			
Location in CTD		Volur	93102 ne 20, Pa					Volume 20, Page 150				
Location in C1D		v olur	ne 20, Pa	age /5				voiun	ne 20, Pa	ige 150		

Test Article: Curitol Sodium

Additional Information:

a - Total radioactivity; percent recovery, $^{14}\mathrm{C}$

Test Article: Curitol Sodium

2.6.5.14 Pharmacokinetics: Excretion into Bile

Species	Rat			Rat		
Gender (M/F) / Number of animals	$\overline{4M}$			$\overline{4M}$		
Feeding condition	Faste	d		Fasted		
Vehicle/Formulation	Solut	ion		Solution	ı	
	Wate	r		Saline		
Method of Administration	Oral			Intraver	ious	
Dose (mg/kg)	10			5		
Analyte	TRA	a		TRA^{a}		
Assay	LSC			LSC		
Excretion route	Bile	<u>Urine</u>	Total	Bile	<u>Urine</u>	Total
Time						
0 - 2 hr	37	-	37	75	-	75
0 - 4 hr	50	-	50	82	-	82
0 - 8 hr	62	-	62	86	-	86
0 - 24 hr	79	9	86	87	11	98
0 - 48 hr	83	10	93	88	11	99

Study number 95106

Location in CTD Volume 20, Page 150

a - Total radioactivity; percent recovery, ¹⁴C

Type of Study	Species and Strain	Method of <u>Administration</u>	Duration of Dosing	Doses (mg/kg ^a)	GLP <u>Compliance</u>	Testing <u>Facility</u>	Study <u>Number</u>		ation <u>Page</u>
Single-Dose Toxicity	CD-1 Mice	Gavage Intravenous	-	0, 1000, <u>2000</u> , 5000 0, <u>100</u> , 250, 500	Yes Yes	Sponsor Inc. CRO Co.	96046 96047	1	1 100
	Wistar Rats	Gavage Intravenous	-	0, <u>1000</u> , 2000, 5000 0, 100, <u>250</u> , 500	Yes Yes	Sponsor Inc. CRO Co.	96050 96051	1	200 300
Repeat- Dose Toxicity	CD-1 Mice	Diet	3 Months	0, 62.5, <u>250</u> , 1000, 4000, 7000	Yes	CRO Co.	94018	2	1
	Wistar Rats	Diet	2 Weeks	0, <u>1000</u> , 2000, 4000	No	Sponsor Inc.	94019	3	1
		Gavage	2 Weeks	0, <u>500</u> , 1000, 2000	No	Sponsor Inc.	94007	3	200
		Gavage	3 Months	0, <u>200</u> , 600, 1800	Yes	Sponsor Inc.	94214	4	1
		Gavage	6 Months	0, 100, <u>300,</u> 900	Yes	Sponsor Inc.	95001	5	1
	Beagle Dogs	Capsules	1 Month	0, 10, 40, 100	Yes	Sponsor Inc.	94020	6	1
		Capsules	9 Months	$0, \underline{5}, 20, 50$	Yes	Sponsor Inc.	96041	7	1
	Cynomolgus Monkeys	Gavage	5 Days	0, <u>500</u> , 1000	No	CRO Co.	94008	8	1
Genotoxicity	S. typhimurium and E. coli	In Vitro	-	0, 500, 1000, 2500, and/or 5000 mcg/plate	Yes	Sponsor Inc.	96718	9	1
	Human Lymphocytes	In Vitro	-	0, 2.5, 5, 10, 20, and 40 mcg/ml	Yes	CRO Co.	97634	9	100
	Wistar Rats	Gavage	3 Days	0, 1000, 2000	Yes	Sponsor Inc.	96037	9	200

a - Unless otherwise specified. For Single-Dose Toxicity and Repeat-Dose Toxicity, the highest No Observed Adverse Effect Level (NOAEL) is underlined.

(Continued)

2.6.7.1 Toxicology Overview (Continued) Test Article: Curitol Sodium

Type of Study	Species and Strain	Method of <u>Administration</u>	Duration of Dosing	Doses (mg/kg)	GLP Compliance	Testing <u>Facility</u>	Study <u>Number</u>		ation <u>Page</u>
Carcinogenicity	CD-1 Mice Wistar Rats	Diet Gavage	21 Months 24 Months	0, 0, 25, 100, 400 0, 0, 25, 100, 400	Yes Yes	CRO Co. Sponsor Inc.	95012 95013	10 12	1 1
Reproduction Toxicity	Wistar Rats Wistar Rats NZW Rabbits Wistar Rats	Gavage Gavage Gavage Gavage	a F: G6 - G15 ^b F: G6 - G18 ^b F: G6 - L21 ^b	0, 5, 30, 180 0, 10, 100, 1000 0, 1, 5, 25 0, 7.5, 75, 750	Yes Yes Yes Yes	CRO Co. Sponsor Inc. CRO Co. Sponsor Inc.	96208 94211 97028 95201	14 15 16 17	1 1 1
Local Tolerance	NZW Rabbits	Dermal	1 Hour	0, 15 mg	No	Sponsor Inc.	95015	18	1
Other Toxicity Studies									
Antigenicity	Guinea Pigs	Subcutaneous	Weekly for 3 weeks	0, 5 mg	No	CRO Co.	97012	18	20
Impurities	Wistar Rats	Gavage	2 Weeks	0, 1000, 2000	Yes	Sponsor Inc.	97025	18	200

a - Males: 4 weeks prior to mating. Females - 2 weeks prior to mating through Gestation Day 7.

b - G = Gestation Day L = Lactation Day

Type of Study	Test <u>System</u>	Method of Administration	Doses (mg/kg)	GLP <u>Compliance</u>	Study <u>Number</u>	Loc <u>Vol.</u>	eation Page
Three-month range-finding study	Mice	Diet	62.5, 250, 1000, 4000, 7000	Yes	94018	2	1
Two-week toxicity study	Rats	Gavage	500, 1000, 2000	No	94007	3	200
Six-month toxicity study	Rats	Gavage	100, 300, 900	Yes	95001	5	1
One-month toxicity study	Dogs	Capsules	10, 40, 100	Yes	94020	6	1
Nine-month toxicity study	Dogs	Capsules	5, 20, 50	Yes	96041	7	1
Carcinogenicity study	Mice	Diet	25, 100, 400	Yes	95012	10	1
Carcinogenicity study	Rats	Gavage	25, 100, 400	Yes	95013	12	1
Toxicokinetics study	Rabbits	Gavage	1, 5, 25	No	97231	16	1

2.6.7.3 Toxicokinetics

Overview of Toxicokinetics Data

Test Article: Curitol Sodium

Daily Dose	nily Dose Mice ^a		Rats	Sp		Female	
<u>(mg/kg</u>)	M	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	$\underline{\mathbf{Dogs}}^{\mathbf{c}}$	Rabbits ^b	Humans ^f
1						9	3
5					3	25	
10					4		
20					10		
25	10	12	6	8		273	
40					10		
50					12		
62.5	35	40					
100	40	48	$25^{\rm d}, 20^{\rm e}$	$27^{\rm d}, 22^{\rm e}$	40		
250	120	135					
300			68	72			
400	815	570	90	85			
500			125	120			

190

240

321

200

250

327

Steady State AUC (mcg-hr/ml)

900

1000

2000

4000

7000

2,103

4,975

8,241

1,870

3,987

7,680

a - In diet.

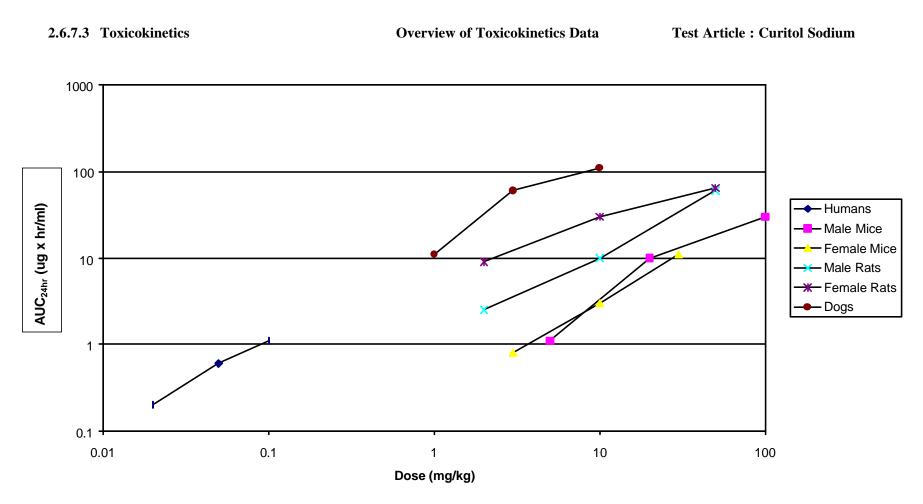
b - By gavage.

c - In capsules. Males and females combined.

d - Six-month toxicity study.

e - Carcinogenicity study.

f - Protocol 147-007.



Steady state AUC_{24hr} values of unchanged MM-180801 in humans after repeated oral administration of 1, 2.5, and 5 mg OD, in comparison with those in mice in the carcinogenicity study, rats in the 6-month toxicity study, and dogs in the 9-month toxicity study.

2.6.7.4 Toxicology EXAMPLE Drug Substance

Batch No.	Purity (%)	Specified Impurities ^a			Study Number	Type of Study	
Daton Ivo	<u>runi,</u> (70)	<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>	1 (dillist)	<u>1, po oi souu,</u>	
PROPOSED <u>SPECIFICATION:</u>	<u>>95</u>	<u>≤ 0.1</u>	<u>≤ 0.2</u>	<u>≤ 0.3</u>	-	-	
LN125	98.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	94007 94008 96718	Two-Week Oral Range-Finding Study in Rats Five-Day Oral Range-Finding Study in Monkeys Ames Test	
94NA103	99.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	96046 96050 94214 94020 97634	Single-Dose Oral Study in Mice Single-Dose Oral Study in Rats Three-Month Oral Study in Rats One-Month Oral Study in Dogs Human Lymphocytes Assay In Vitro	
95NA215	97.3	0.1	0.3	0.1	96047 96051 96037 94211 97028	Single-Dose Intravenous Study in Mice Single-Dose Intravenous Study in Rats Micronucleus Test in Rats Embryofetal Development Study in Rats Embryofetal Development Study in Rabbits	
95NB003	94.6	0.2	0.3	0.4	94019 97012	Two-Week Palatability Study in Rats Antigenicity Study in Hamsters	
96NB101	99.0	0.4	0.1	0.0	94018 95001 95002 95012 95013 96208 95015	Three-Month Dietary Range-Finding Study in Mice Six-Month Oral Study in Rats One-Year Oral Study in Dogs Dietary Carcinogenicity Study in Mice Oral Carcinogenicity Study in Rats Fertility and Early Embryonic Development Study in Rats Dermal Irritation Study in Rabbits	

Test Article: Curitol Sodium

Test Article: Curitol Sodium

2.6.7.5 Single-Dose Toxicity

Species/ Strain	Method of Administration (Vehicle/ <u>Formulation</u>)	Doses (mg/kg)	Gender and No. per Group	Observed Maximum Nonlethal Dose (mg/kg)	Approximate Lethal <u>Dose (mg/kg)</u>	Noteworthy Findings	Study <u>Number</u>
CD-1 Mice	Gavage (Water)	0, 1000, 2000, 5000	10M 10F	≥5000 ≥5000	>5000	≥2000: Transient body weight losses. 5000: Decreased activity, convulsions, collapse.	96046
	Intravenous (Saline)	0, 100, 250, 500	10M 10F	250 250	>250 <500	≥250: Body-weight losses. 500: 3M and 2F died.	96047
Wistar Rats	Gavage (CMC Suspension)	0, 1000, 2000, 5000	5M 5F	2000 ≥5000	>2000 <5000	≥2000: Transient body weight losses; inactivity; chromorhinorrhea. 5000: 2M died.	96050
	Intravenous (5% Dextrose)	0, 100, 250, 500	5M 5F	250 ≥500	>250 <500	≥250: Body weight losses in males. 500: 3M died.	96051

2.6.7.6 Repeat-Dose Toxicity

Nonpivotal Studies

Test Article: Curitol Sodiu	m

Species/ Strain	Method of Administration (Vehicle/ <u>Formulation)</u>	Duration of Dosing	Doses (mg/kg)	Gender and No. per Group	NOAEL ^a (<u>mg/kg</u>)	Noteworthy Findings	Study <u>Number</u>
CD-1 Mice	Diet	3 Months	0, 62.5, 250, 1000, 4000, and 7000	10M, 10F	M:4000 F: 1000	≥4000: Lower body weights; gastric erosions/ulcers in some mice. 7000: 4M and 6F died/ sacrificed; lower body weights; single-cell necrosis in liver.	94018
Wistar Rats	Diet	2 Weeks	0, 1000, 2000, and 4000	5M, 5F	1000	≥2000: Lower body weights. 4000: 2M and 1F sacrificed moribund.	94019
	Gavage (Water)	2 Weeks	0, 500, 1000, and 2000	5M, 5F	1000	2000: Lower body weights; single-cell necrosis in liver.	94007
Beagle Dogs	Gavage (CMC Suspension)	5 Days	0, 500, and 1000	1M, 1F	<500	≥500: Weight losses, inappetence.	94008

a - No Observed Adverse Effect Level.

2.6.7.7A Repeat-Dose Toxicity Report Title: MM-180801: Three--Month Oral Toxicity Study in Rats Test Article: Curitol Sodium

Species/Strain: Wistar Rats Duration of Dosing: 3 Months Study No. 94214

Initial Age: 5 Weeks
Duration of Postdose: 1 Month
Date of First Dose: 15 Jan 94
Duration of Postdose: 1 Month
Method of Administration: Gavage

Vehicle/Formulation: Aqueous Solution GLP Compliance: Yes

Special Features: None

No Observed Adverse Effect Level: 200 mg/kg

Daily Dose (mg/kg)	0 (Co	ntrol)	20	<u>)0</u>	60	<u>)0</u>	180	<u>00</u>
Number of Animals	<u>M:30</u>	<u>F:30</u>	<u>M:20</u>	<u>F:20</u>	<u>M:20</u>	<u>F:20</u>	<u>M:30</u>	<u>F:30</u>
Toxicokinetics: AUC (mcg-hr/ml):								
Day 1	-	-	30	28	130	125	328	302
Day 28	-	-	52	47	145	140	400	380
Day 90	-	-	50	51	160	148	511	475
Noteworthy Findings								
Died or Sacrificed Moribund	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Body Weight (% ^a)	394 g	244 g	0	-1	-10*	-11*	-25**	-45**
Food Consumption (% ^a)	20.4 g	17.2 g	0	-1	-1	-8*	-30**	-50**
Clinical Observations								
Hyperactivity	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	++
Chromorhinorrhea, reddish-								
stained coat, white feces	-	-	-	-	-	-	++	++
Emaciated, piloerection, stilted gait	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	++
Ophthalmoscopy	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

⁻ No noteworthy findings. + Mild ++ Moderate +++ Marked Dunnett's Test: *- p<0.05 ** - p<0.01

a - At end of dosing period. For controls, group means are shown. For treated groups, percent differences from controls are shown. Statistical significance is based on actual data (not on the percent differences).

2.6.7.7A Repeat-Dose Toxicity

Study No. 94214 (Continued)

Daily Dose (mg/kg)	0 (Co	ontrol)	2	200	60	<u>00</u>	18	<u>800</u>
Number of Animals	<u>M:30</u>	<u>F:30</u>	<u>M:20</u>	<u>F:20</u>	<u>M:20</u>	<u>F:20</u>	<u>M:30</u>	<u>F:30</u>
Hematology								
Hemoglobin (g/dl)	15.8	15.0	15.7	14.9	15.8	14.6	14.0*	13.1*
Erythrocyte Count (x10 ⁶ /mm ³)	8.1	-	7.9	-	8.1	-	7.4*	-
MCH	-	22	-	21	-	22	-	19*
MCHC	-	34	-	34	-	34	-	30*
Platelet Count (x10 ³ /mm ³)	846	799	825	814	914	856	931*	911*
Serum Chemistry								
Creatinine (IU/L)	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	1.1*	1.1*
Proteins g/dl)	-	6.7	-	6.6	-	6.6	-	5.0**
Cholesterol (mg/dl)	96	-	86	-	90	-	105*	-
ALT (IU/L)	67	56	60*	52	55*	47*	53*	58
AST (IU/L)	88	92	96	90	87*	84*	85*	93
Bilirubin (mg/dl)	0.18	0.20	0.17	0.20	0.18	0.20	0.22**	0.26**
Calcium (mEq/L)	-	10.7	-	10.8	-	10.8	-	9.8**
Phosphorus (mEq/L)	9.3	-	9.3	-	9.3	-	8.2*	-
Urinalysis								
Protein Conc. (mg/dl)	260	49	102	34	123	54	126*	22*
рН	7.5	-	7.5	-	7.2	-	6.3**	-
Glucose (mg/dl)	-	0	-	0	-	20	-	98**
Urine Volume (ml)	-	18	-	18	-	16	-	12*

- No noteworthy findings.

Dunnett's Test: *- p<0.05 **- p<0.01

2.6.7.7A Repeat-Dose Toxicity

Study No. 94214 (Continued)

Daily Dose (mg/kg)	0 (Co	ontrol)	2	<u>00</u>	6	<u>00</u>	180	0
Number of Animals	<u>M:30</u>	<u>F:30</u>	<u>M:20</u>	<u>F:20</u>	<u>M:20</u>	<u>F:20</u>	<u>M:30</u>	<u>F:30</u>
Organ Weights ^b (%)								
Kidney	3.01 g	1.75 g	0	+5*	+1	+8**	+12**	+20**
Liver	15.9 g	8.01 g	0	+1	+10*	+12*	+12*	+20**
Gross Pathology								
Number examined	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
Kidneys: Pallor	0	0	0	0	0	5	1	2
Glandular Stomach: Discoloration	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	4
Histopathology								
Number examined	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
Kidneys: Tubular dilatation	0	0	0	0	0	6	3	4
Mild	0	0	0	0	0	6	1	0
Moderate	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4
Glandular Stomach: Erosions	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	9
Additional Examinations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Postdose Evaluation:								
Number Evaluated	10	10	0	0	0	0	10	10
Body Weight a (%)	422 g	265 g	-1	-2	-3	-4	-10*	-20**
Kidney Weight ^b (%)	3.24 g	1.81 g	0	-1	-1	0	+8*	+10

Dunnett's Test: * - p<0.05 **- p<0.01

⁻ No noteworthy findings.

a - At end of postdose recovery period. For controls, group means are shown. For treated groups, percent differences from controls are shown. Statistical significance is based on actual data (not on the percent differences).

b - Both absolute and relative weights differed from controls in the direction indicated. Number indicates percent difference for the absolute organ weights.

2.6.7.7B Repeat-Dose Toxicity Report Title: MM-180801: One-Month Oral Toxicity Study in Dogs Test Article: Curitol Sodium

Species/Strain: Beagle Dogs **Duration of Dosing:** 1 Month **Study No.** 94020

Date of First Dose: 2 Feb 94 **Method of Administration:** Oral

Vehicle/Formulation: Gelatin Capsules GLP Compliance: Yes

Special Features: Hepatic enzyme induction evaluated at termination.

No Observed Adverse Effect Level: 10 mg/kg

Daily Dose (mg/kg)	0 (Co	ontrol)	10	<u>)</u>		<u>40</u>	10	<u>)0</u>
Number of Animals	<u>M:3</u>	<u>F:3</u>	<u>M:3</u>	<u>F:3</u>	<u>M:3</u>	<u>F:3</u>	<u>M:3</u>	<u>F:3</u>
Toxicokinetics: AUC (mcg-hr/ml):								
Day 1	-	-	5	6	10	12	40	48
Day 28	-	-	4	5	8	11	35	45
Noteworthy Findings								
No. Died or Sacrificed Moribund								
Body Weight (% ^a)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Clinical Observations:	9.8 kg	9.2 kg	0	0	-1	-19**	0	-18**
Hypoactivity (after dosing)								
Ophthalmoscopy	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	++
Electrocardiography	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hematology	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Serum Chemistry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ALT (IU/L): Week 2								
Week 4	22	25	24	27	21	24	48*	69**
	25	27	26	25	23	25	54*	84**

⁻ No noteworthy findings. + Mild ++ Moderate +++ Marked Dunnett's Test: * - p<0.05 ** - p<0.01

a - At end of dosing period. For controls, group means are shown. For treated groups, percent differences from controls are shown. Statistical significance is based on actual data (not on the percent differences). (Continued)

2.6.7.7B Repeat-Dose Toxicity

Study No. 94020 (Continued)

Daily Dose (mg/kg)	0 (Co	ontrol)		<u>10</u>	4(<u>)</u>	100	<u>)</u>
Number of Animals	<u>M:3</u>	<u>F:3</u>	<u>M:3</u>	<u>F:3</u>	<u>M:3</u>	<u>F:3</u>	<u>M:3</u>	<u>F:3</u>
Organ Weights ^a (%)								
Liver	339 g	337 g	+1	-1	+17**	+16**	+23**	+21**
Gross Pathology	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Histopathology								
Number Examined	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Liver: Centrilobular hypertrophy	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3
Additional Examinations								
Hepatic Enzyme Induction	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	_

Dunnett's Test: * - p<0.05 ** - p<0.01

⁻ No noteworthy findings.

a - Both absolute and relative weights differed from controls in the direction indicated. Number indicates percent difference for the absolute organ weights.

2.6.7.8A Genotoxicity: In Vitro Report Title: MM-180801: Ames Reverse Mutation Study in

Salmonella and E. Coli

Test for Induction of: Reverse mutation in bacterial cells

Test Article: DMSO

Strains: S. typhimurium and E. coli

Metabolizing System: Aroclor-induced rat liver S9, 7.1%

No. of Independent Assays: 2 No. of Replicate Cultures: 3

No. of Cells Analyzed/Culture: -

Positive Controls: DMSO

Treatment: Plate incorporation for 48 hr.

Cytotoxic Effects: None. Genotoxic Effects: None.

Vehicles:

Test Article: Curitol Sodium

Location in CTD: Vol. 10 Page211

Date of Treatment: Feb. 1996

Study No. 96669

GLP Compliance: Yes

Assav #1

Metabolic Activation	Test <u>Article</u>	Dose Level (mcg/plate)	Revertant Colony Counts (Mean ±SD)					
			<u>TA 98</u>	<u>TA 100</u>	TA 1535	<u>TA 1537</u>	WP2 uvrA	
Without	DMSO	100 mcl/plate	24 ± 9	129 ± 4	15 ± 4	4 ± 2	17 ± 3	
Activation	MM-180801	312.5	24 ± 6	128 ± 11	12 ± 4	4 ± 2	14 ± 2	
		625	32 ± 9	153 ± 9	9 ± 2	8 ± 2	17 ± 5	
		1250	30 ± 4	152 ± 12	9 ± 3	9 ± 2	18 ± 4	
		2500	27 ± 5	140 ± 6	9 ± 3	5 ± 1	19 ± 1	
		5000 ^a	30 ± 3	137 ± 21	15 ± 1	7 ± 2	13 ±4	
	2-Nitrofluorene	2	696					
	Sodium azide	1		542	468			
	9-Aminoacridine	100				515		
	MMS	2.5 mcl/plate					573	
With	DMSO	100 mcl/plate	27 ± 6	161 ± 12	12 ± 5	5 ± 1	21 ± 8	
Activation	MM-180801	312.5	31 ± 4	142 ± 8	12 ± 5	4 ± 2	17 ± 3	
		625	30 ± 1	156 ± 15	17 ± 2	9 ± 5	23 3	
		1250	33 ± 2	153 ± 13	13 ± 3	8 ± 2	18 ± 3	
		2500	35 ± 8	160 ± 4	10 ± 2	8 ± 2	19 ± 5	
		5000^{a}	31 ± 4	153 ± 5	9 ± 4	7 ± 1	17 ±4	
	2-Aminoanthracene	2.5	1552	1487	214	61		
		10					366	

Precipitation. a -

2.6.7.8B Genotoxicity: <u>In Vitro</u> Report Title: MM-180801: Cytogenetics Study in Primary Test Article: Curitol Sodium

Human Lymphocytes

Test for Induction of: Chromosome aberrations **No. of Independent Assays:** 1 **Study No.** 96668

Strains: Primary human lymphocytes No. of Replicate Cultures: 2 Location in CTD: Vol. 10 Page 245

Metabolizing System: Aroclor-induced rat liver S9, 5%

No. of Cells Analyzed/Culture: 100

Vehicles: Test Article: DMSO Positive Controls: DMSO GLP Compliance: Yes

Treatment: Continuous treatment for 24 hrs. without S9; pulse treatment 5 hrs. **Date of Treatment:** Aug. 1996

and recovery time 24 hrs. with and without S9.

Cytotoxic Effects: Dose-related decreases in mitotic indices.

Genotoxic Effects: Chromosome aberrations without S9 at 10 and 20 µg/ml, and with S9 at 50 and 200 µg/ml.

Metabolic <u>Activation</u>	Test <u>Article</u>	Concentration (mcg/ml)	Cytotoxicity ^a (% of control)	Aberrant Cells <u>Mean %</u>	Abs/Cell	Total polyploid cells
Without Activation	DMSO	-	100	2.0	0.02	4
	MM-180801	2.5	78	3.0	0.03	3
		5	59	4.0	0.05	4
		10	36	16.5**	0.20	2
		20	32	35.0**	0.55	3
	Mitomycin	0.10	52	38.5**	0.64	5
With Activation	DMSO	-	100	4.0	0.04	3
1 Iou vacion	MM-180801	2.5	91	4.5	0.05	3
		10	88	4.5	0.05	2
		50	80	9.5*	0.10	4
		200	43	34.0**	0.66	3
	Cyclophosphamide	4	68	36.5**	0.63	6

Dunnett's Test: * - p < 0.05 ** - p < 0.01

a - Based on mitotic indices.

2.6.7.9A Genotoxicity: In Vivo Report Title: MM-180801: Oral Micronucleus Study in Rats Test Article: Curitol Solution

Test for Induction of: Bone marrow micronuclei **Treatment Schedule:** Three daily doses.

Species/Strain: Wistar Rats **Sampling Time:** 24 hrs. after last dose. **Location in CTD:** Vol. 10 Page 502 **Age:** 5 Weeks **Method of Administration:** Gavage.

Study No: 96683

Cells Evaluated: Polychromatic erythrocytesVehicle/Formulation: Aqueous solution.GLP Compliance: YesNo. of Cells Analyzed/Animal: 2000Date of Dosing: July 1996

Special Features: None.

Toxic/Cytotoxic Effects: At 2000 mg/kg, clinical signs, two deaths, and decreases in bone marrow PCEs.

Genotoxic Effects: None.

Evidence of Exposure: Overt toxicity at 2000 mg/kg.

Test Article	Dose (mg/kg)	No. of <u>Animals</u>	Mean % PCEs (±SD)	Mean % MN-PCEs (±SD)
Vehicle	0	5M	52 ± 1.9	0.20 ± 0.12
MM-180801	2	5M	54 ± 3.7	0.25 ± 0.16
	20	5M	49 ± 3.1	0.20 ± 0.07
	200	5M	50 ± 2.1	0.26 ± 0.08
	2000	3M	31 ± 2.5	0.12 ± 0.03
Cyclophosphamide	7	5M	51 ± 2.3	$2.49 \pm 0.30**$

Dunnett's Test: * - p<0.05 ** - p<0.01

2.6.7.9B Genotoxicity: In Vivo Report Title: MM-180801: Oral DNA Repair Study in Rats **Test Article:** Curitol Solution

Test for Induction of: Unscheduled DNA synthesis

Species/Strain: Wistar Rats

Age: 5 Weeks

DMN

Cells Evaluated: Hepatocytes. No. of Cells Analyzed/Animal: 100

Special Features: None.

Toxic/Cytotoxic Effects: None.

Genotoxic Effects: None.

Treatment Schedule: Single dose. **Sampling Time:** 2 and 16 hr.

Method of Administration: Gavage.

Vehicle/Formulation: Aqueous solution.

Study No: 51970

4.9 + 2.1

Location in CTD: Vol. 11 Page 2

GLP Compliance: Yes **Date of Dosing:** Jan. 1997

41 + 15

 11.4 ± 0.4

Test Article	Dose (mg/kg)	No. of <u>Animals</u>	Time <u>hrs.</u>	Nuclear <u>Mean ± SD</u>	Cytoplasm <u>Mean ± SD</u>	NG <u>Mean</u> ± <u>SD</u>	% IR Mean ± SD	NGIR <u>Mean</u> ± <u>SD</u>
Vehicle	0	3M	16	3.5 ± 0.2	7.3 ± 0.3	-3.8 ± 0.4	0 ± 0	-
MM-180801	2	3M	2	3.0 ± 1.1	5.5 ± 1.4	-2.6 ± 0.4	0 ± 0	-
	2	3M	16	4.1 ± 0.5	6.5 ± 0.8	-2.4 ± 0.2	0 ± 0	-
	20	3M	2	3.9 ± 0.2	6.9 ± 0.3	-3.0 ± 0.1	1 ± 0	5.7 ± 0.4
	20	3M	16	3.6 ± 0.3	6.3 ± 0.4	-2.7 ± 0.2	0 ± 0	-
	200	3M	2	4.2 ± 0.2	7.5 ± 0.3	-3.4 ± 0.2	0 ± 0	-
	200	3M	16	3.1 ± 0.3	5.3 ± 0.3	-2.2 ± 0.1	0 ± 0	-
	2000	3M	2	4.8 ± 0.4	8.2 ± 0.7	-3.4 ± 0.4	0 ± 0	-
	2000	3M	16	2.7 ± 0.1	4.8 0.3	-2.1 ± 0.3	0 ± 0	_

 5.8 ± 1.0

Nuclear = Nuclear grain count; the number of grains over the nucleus.

Cytoplasm = Cytoplasmic grain count; the highest grain count from 2 nuclear-sized areas adjacent to the nucleus.

2

 10.7 ± 3.0

Evidence of Exposure: Toxicokinetics - See Study No. 94007, Two-Week Oral Toxicity Study in Rats.

NG = Net grains/nucleus; the nuclear count minus the cytoplasmic count.

3M

% IR = Percentage of cells with at least 5 NG.

NGIR = Average net grains/nucleus of cells in repair.

10

2.6.7.10 Carcinogenicity Report Title: MM-180801: Dietary Carcinogenicity Study in Mice Test Article: Curitol Sodium

Species/Strain: CD-1 Mice Duration of Dosing: 21 months Study No. 95012

Initial Age: 6 Weeks Method of Administration: Diet Location in CTD: Vol. 4 Page 1

Date of First Dose: 20 Sep 95 **Vehicle/Formulation:** In Diet

Treatment of Controls: Drug-Free Diet GLP Compliance: Yes

Basis for High-Dose Selection: Toxicity-based endpoint.

Special Features: 12 additional males and 12 additional females per drug-treated group bled at 6 months for toxicokinetic monitoring and then removed from the study.

Daily Dose (mg/kg)	0 (C	ontrol)		<u>25</u>	10	<u>00</u>	4(<u>)0</u>
Gender	<u>M</u>	<u> </u>	<u>M</u>	<u> </u>	<u>M</u>	<u> </u>	<u>M</u>	<u> </u>
Toxicokinetics:								
AUC on Day 28 (mcg-hr/ml ^a)	-	-	10	12	40	48	815	570
Css on Day 180 (mcg/ml)	-	-	0.4	0.5	1.7	0.3	34	24
Number of Animals:								
At Start	60	60	60^{c}	60	60	60	60	60
Died/Sacrificed Moribund	16	16	15	13	18	20	27	25
Terminal Sacrifice	44	44	44 ^c	47	42	40	33	35
Survival (%)	67	73	75	80	71	68	56	59
Body Weight (%b)	33g	31g	0	0	-7*	0	-13**	-19**
Food consumption (%b)	6g/day	5g/day	0	0	-9*	-8*	-17**	-15**

Dunnett's Test: * - p<0.05 ** - p<0.01

a - From Study No. 95013.

b - At 6 months. For controls, group means are shown. For treated groups, percent differences from controls are shown. Statistical significance is based on actual data (not on the percent differences)

c - One missing mouse could not be evaluated.

2.6.7.10 Carcinogenicity

Study No. 95012 (Continued)

Daily Dose (mg/kg)	0 (Control)		<u>25</u>		100		400	
Number Evaluated	<u>M: 60</u>	<u>F: 60</u>	<u>M: 59</u>	<u>F: 60</u>	<u>M: 60</u>	<u>F: 60</u>	<u>M: 60</u>	<u>F: 60</u>
Number of Animals								
with Neoplastic Lesions:							,	
Skin: Hemangioma	0	1	1	0	6 ^b	1	13 ^b	0
Hemangiosarcoma	1	3	2	2	9	11	18 ^a	24 ^a
Adrenal: Adrenocortical adenoma	4	1	2	0	4	3	3	1
Adrenocortical adenocarcinoma	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Adenoma + Adenocarcinoma	4	1	2	0	4	3	3	1
Pheochromocytoma	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1
Bone: Osteochondrosarcoma	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Osteoma	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Epididymis: Sarcoma, undifferentiated	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
Gallbladder: Adenoma	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Harderian gland: Adenoma	4	2	3	1	3	4	3	1
Kidney: Renal cell adenoma	1	2	0	0	2	0	0	0
Liver: Hepatocellular adenoma	3	1	4	2	3	1	4	1
Hepatocellular carcinoma	2	1	1	2	3	1	0	1
Hepatocellular adenoma + carcinoma	3	2	4	3	5	2	4	1
Lung: Alveolar/bronchiolar adenoma	13	10	11	11	14	7	13	4
Alveolar/bronchiolar carcinoma	4	0	1	1	2	2	1	1
Adenoma + carcinoma	15	10	11	12	15	9	13	5

a - Trend analysis, p<0.005

b - Trend analysis, p<0.025 (Continued)

2.6.7.10 Carcinogenicity

Study No. 95012 (Continued)

Daily Dose (mg/kg)	0 (Control)		<u>25</u>		100		400	
Number Evaluated	<u>M: 60</u>	<u>F: 60</u>	<u>M: 59</u>	<u>F: 60</u>	<u>M: 60</u>	<u>F: 60</u>	<u>M: 60</u>	<u>F: 60</u>
Mediastinum: Sarcoma, undifferentiated								
Oviduct: Adenoma	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
Pancreas: Islet cell adenoma		1		1		0		0
Peritoneum: Osteosarcoma	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Seminal vesicle: Adenoma	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
Stomach: Osteochondrosarcoma	0		1		0		0	
Thymus: Thymoma	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Thyroid: Follicular cell adenoma	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Uterus: Papillary cystadenoma	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
Whole animal: Lymphosarcoma		1		0		2		0
Whole animal: Histiocytic sarcoma	6	13	4	11	3	12	5	11
	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Noteworthy Findings:								
Gross Pathology	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Histopathology - Non-Neoplastic Lesions								
Liver: Hepatocellular hypertrophy	4	2	3	2	4	1	40**	45**
Testes: Hypospermatogenesis	1		2		15*		30**	

- No noteworthy findings. Fisher Exact Test: * - p<0.05 ** - p<0.01

2.6.7.11 Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity Nonpivotal Studies Test Article: Curitol Sodium

Species/ Strain	Method of Administration (Vehicle/ <u>Formulation</u>)	Dosing <u>Period</u>	Doses mg/kg	No. per Group	Noteworthy Findings	Study <u>Number</u>
Wistar Rats	Gavage (Water)	G6 through G15	0, 500, 1000, 2000	8 Pregnant Females	≥1000: Deaths; weight losses; decreased food consumption; clinical signs; resorptions.	94201
NZW Rabbits	Gavage (CMC Suspension)	13 Days	0, 5,15, 45	6 Nonpregnant Females	≥15: Decreased weight gain and food consumption. 45: Four does died.	97020

G – Gestation day

2.6.7.12 Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity Report Title: MM-180801: Oral Study of Effects on Fertility **Test Article:** Curitol Sodium Fertility and Early Embryonic and Early Embryonic Development in Rats

Development to Implantation

Design similar to ICH 4.1.1? Yes **Duration of Dosing:** M: 4 weeks prior to mating **Study No.** 97072

Species/Strain: Wistar Rats F: 2 weeks prior to mating, Location in CTD: Vol. 6 Page 1

Initial Age: 10 Weeks through day 7 of gestation

Day of Mating: Day 0

Special Features: None **Method of Administration:** Gavage **No Observed Adverse Effect Level: Vehicle/Formulation:** Aqueous solution.

F₀ Males: 100 mg/kg **F₀ Females:** 100 mg/kg **F₁ Litters:** 1000 mg/kg

Daily I	Dose (mg/kg)	<u>0 (Control)</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>1000</u>
Males	Toxicokinetics: AUC ^b (mcg-hr/ml)	-	1.8	25	320
	No. Evaluated	22	22	22	22
	No. Died or Sacrificed Moribund	0	0	0	0
	Clinical Observations:				
	Salivation	-	-	+	++
	Necropsy Observations	-	-	-	-
	Body Weight (% ^a)	452 g	0	0	-12*
	Mean No. Days Prior to Mating	2.7	2.5	2.3	2.8
	No. of Males that Mated	22	21	22	22
	No. of Fertile Males	21	21	21	21

⁻ No noteworthy findings. + Mild ++Moderate +++Marked Dunnett's Test * - p<0.05 ** - p<0.01

a -After 4 weeks of dosing. For controls, group means are shown. For treated groups, percent differences from controls are shown. Statistical significance is based on actual data (not on the percent differences).

b -From Study No. 94220. (Continued)

2.6.7.12 Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity

Study No. 97072

Daily Dos	se (mg/kg)	0 (Control)	<u>10</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>1000</u>
Females	Toxicokinetics: AUC ^b (mcg-hr/ml)	-	2.1	27	310
	No. Evaluated	22	22	22	22
	No. Died or Sacrificed Moribund	0	1	0	0
	Clinical Observations				
	Salivation	-	-	-	+
	Necropsy Observations	-	-	-	-
	Premating Body Weight (% ^a)	175 g	0	0	-5*
	Gestation Body Weight (% ^a)	225 g	0	0	-12**
	Premating Food Consumption (% ^a)	14 g	0	0	-6*
	Gestation Food Consumption (% ^a)	15 g	0	0	-15**
	Mean No. Estrous Cycles/14 days	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.9
	Mean No. Days Prior to Mating	2.1	2.3	2.5	2.2
	No. of Females Sperm Positive	21	22	22	21
	No. of Pregnant Females	21	21	22	20
	Mean No. Corpora Lutea	15.9	15.8	16.8	15.3
	Mean No. Implantations	14.5	14.0	15.3	13.8
	Mean % Preimplantation Loss	8.8	11.4	8.9	9.8
	Mean No. Live Conceptuses	13.3	13.3	14.3	12.8
	Mean No. Resorptions	1.2	0.7	1.0	1.0
	No. Dead Conceptuses	0	0	0	0
	Mean % Postimplantation Loss	8.3	5.0	6.5	7.2
	•				

⁻ No noteworthy findings. + Mild ++Moderate +++Marked Dunnett's Test * - p<0.05 ** - p<0.01

At end of premating or gestation period. For controls, group means are shown. For treated groups, percent differences from controls are shown. Statistical significance is based on actual data (not on the percent differences).

b - From Study No. 94220.

2.6.7.13 Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity -**Effects on Embryofetal**

Development

Design similar to ICH 4.1.3? Yes

Species/Strain: NZW Rabbits

Initial Age: 5 months

Date of First Dose: 7 Aug 97

Special Features: None.

No Observed Adverse Effect Level:

 F_0 Females: 1 mg/kg **F₁ Litters:** 5 mg/kg

Report Title: MM-180801: Oral Study of Effects on **Test Article:** Curitol Sodium Embryofetal Development in Rabbits

Location in CTD: Vol. 6 Page 200

Duration of Dosing: G6-G18 **Study No.** 97028

Day of Mating: Day 0 Day of C-Section: G29

Method of Administration: Gavage

Vehicle/Formulation: Aqueous Solution **GLP Compliance:** Yes

Daily Dose (1	ng/kg)	<u>0 (Control)</u>	1	5	<u>25</u>
Dams/Does:	mms/Does: Toxicokinetics: AUC ^b (mcg-hr/ml)		2.6	31	345
	No. Pregnant	20	19	20	20
	No. Died or Sacrificed Moribund	0	1	1	0
	No. Aborted or with Total Resorption of Litter	0	0	0	3
	Clinical Observations	-	-	-	++
	Necropsy Observations	-	-	-	-
	Body Weight (% ^a)	3.2 kg	0	-15*	-20**
	Food Consumption (% ^a)	60 g/day	0	-9*	-16**
	Mean No. Corpora Lutea	9.4	9.3	9.4	10.4
	Mean No. Implantations	7.9	8.1	9.1	9.4
	Mean % Preimplantation Loss	15.8	13.1	4.0	8.9

No noteworthy findings. G = Gestation day+ Mild ++Moderate +++Marked Dunnett's Test * - p<0.05 ** - p<0.01

a - At end of dosing period. For controls, group means are shown. For treated groups, percent differences from controls are shown. Statistical significance is based on actual data (not on the percent differences).

b - From Study No. 97231. (Continued)

EX	ΑN	ЛP	LF

2.6.7.13 Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity

(Continued)

Study No. 97028

Daily Dose (mg/kg)		<u>0 (Con</u>	<u>trol)</u>		<u>1</u>	5		<u>25</u>
<u>Litters</u> :	No. Litters Evaluated	18		16		17		18
	No. Live Fetuses	140		126		148		86*
	Mean No. Resorptions	0.2		0.3		0.4		4.7**
	No. Dead Fetuses	1		0		0		0
	Mean % Postimplantation Loss	4.3		2.8		5.4		49.0**
	Mean Fetal Body Weight (g)	44.82		42.44	1	42.14		42.39
	Fetal Sex Ratios (% males)	46.3		57.7		57.4		52.8
	Fetal Anomalies:							
	Gross External							
	Lower jaw: Short							
	No. Fetuses (%)	0		0		0		7 (8.0)*
	No. Litters (%)	0		0		0		5 (27.8)**
	Visceral Anomalies							
	Tongue: Absent							
	No. Fetuses (%)	0		0		0		6 (6.9)*
	No. Litters (%)	0		0		0		6 (33.3)**
	Skeletal Anomalies							
	Mandible: Cleft							
	No. Fetuses (%)	0		0		0		10 (11.5)**
	No. Litters (%)	0		0		0		8 (44.4)**
	Ribs: Cervical							
	No. Fetuses (%)		2 (1.4)	0			1 (0.7)	0
	No. Litters (%)		1 (5.6)	0			1 (5.9)	0
	Sternebrae: Misshapen							
	No. Fetuses (%)		2 (1.4)		1 (0.8)	0		1 (1.2)
	No. Litters (%)		2 (11.1)		1 (6.3)	0		1 (5.6)
	Total Affected Fetuses (Litters)		2 (2)		1 (1)	0		15 (10)

- No noteworthy findings. Fisher Exact Test * - p<0.05 ** - p<0.01

2.6.7.14 Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity -**Effects on Pre- and Postnatal Development, Including Maternal Function**

Design similar to ICH 4.1.2? Yes

Duration of Dosing: G6 - L21

Day of Mating: Day 0

Method of Administration: Gavage

Vehicle/Formulation: Water

Litters Culled/Not Culled: Culled to 4/sex/litter

Study No. 95201

Report Title: MM-180801: Oral Study of Effects on Test Article: Curitol Sodium

Pre- and Postnatal Development in Rats

Location in CTD: Vol. 10 Page 1

GLP Compliance: Yes

Special Features: None

Species/Strain: Wistar Rats

Initial Age: 9-10 Weeks Date of First Dose: 8 Oct 95

No Observed AdverseEffect Level:

 F_0 Females: 7.5 mg/kg **F₁ Males:** 75 mg/kg **F₁ Females:** 75 mg/kg

Daily Dose (mg/kg)	0 (Control)	<u>7.5</u>	<u>75</u>	<u>750</u>
$\underline{F_0 \text{ Females}}$:	Toxicokinetics: AUC ^b (mcg-hr/ml)	-	2.4	21	150
	No. Pregnant	23	21	22	23
	No. Died or Sacrificed Moribund	0	0	0	8
	Clinical Observations	-	-	++	+++
	Necropsy Observations	-	-	-	-
	Gestation Body Weight (% ^a)	225 g	0	0	-25**
	Lactation Body Weight (% ^a)	210 g	0	0	0
	Gestation Food Consumption (% a)	15 g	0	0	-12*
	Lactation Food Consumption (% ^a)	16 g	0	0	0
	Mean Duration of Gestation (days)	22.1	22.2	22.1	23.5^{+}
	Abnormal Parturition	-	-	-	-

No noteworthy findings. + Mild ** - p<0.01 ++Moderate +++Marked G = Gestation dayDunnett's Test * - p<0.05 L = Lactation dayKruskal-Wallis with Dunn's procedure + - p < 0.05

⁻At end of gestation or lactation. For controls, group means are shown. For treated groups, percent differences from controls are shown. Statistical significance is based on actual data (not on the percent differences).

b -From Study No. 97227

2.6.7.14 Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity

Study No. 95201

Daily Dose (mg/	<u>/kg)</u>	0 (Control)	<u>7.5</u>	<u>75</u>	<u>750</u>	
F ₁ Litters:	No. Litters Evaluated	23	21	22	15	
(Preweaning)	Mean No. Pups/Litter	13.6	13.8	14.9	11.2^{++}	
	Mean No. Liveborn Pups/Litter	13.5	13.8	14.6	9.4^{++}	
	Mean No. Stillborn Pups/Litter	0.1	0.0	0.3	1.8^{+}	
	Postnatal Survival to Day 4	-	-	-	-	
	Postnatal Survival to Weaning	-	-	-	-	
	Change in Pup Body Weights ^a (g)	60	58	62	53*	
	Pup Sex Ratios (% males)	51	53	49	51	
	Pup Clinical Signs	-	-	-	-	
	Pup Necropsy Observations	-	-	-	-	
F ₁ Males:	No. Evaluated Postweaning	23	21	22	15	
(Postweaning)	No. Died or Sacrificed Moribund	-	-	-	-	
	Clinical Observations	-	-	-	-	
	Necropsy Observations	-	-	-	-	
	Body Weight Change ^b (g)	200	195	195	186*	
	Food Consumption (% ^b)	15 g	0	0	-11*	
	Preputial Separation	-	-	-	-	
	Sensory Function	-	-	-	-	
	Motor Activity	-	-	-	-	
	Learning and Memory	-	-	-	-	
	Mean No. Days Prior to Mating	2.4	3.3	2.9	3.5	
	No. of Males that Mated	23	21	21	23	
	No. of Fertile Males	23	21	19	20	

⁻ No noteworthy findings. + Mild ++Moderate +++Marked Dunnett's Test * - p<0.05 ** - p<0.01 Kruskal-Wallis with Dunn's procedure + - p<0.05 ++ - p<0.01

a - From birth to weaning.

b - From weaning to mating. For controls, group means are shown. For treated groups, percent differences from controls are shown. Statistical significance is based on actual data (not on the percent differences) (Continued)

2.6.7.14 Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity

	study	No.	9520.
--	-------	-----	-------

Daily Dose (mg/kg)		<u>0 (Control)</u>	<u>7.5</u>	<u>75</u>	750
F ₁ Females:	No. Evaluated Postweaning	23	21	22	23
(Postweaning)	No. Died or Sacrificed Moribund	0	1	0	0
ζ,	Clinical Observations	-	-	-	-
	Necropsy Observations	-	-	-	-
	Premating Body-Weight Change ^a (g)	226	230	235	196*
	Gestation Body-Weight Change (g)	153	160	144	158
	Premating Food Consumption (% ^b)	15 g	0	0	-13*
	Gestation Food Consumption (% ^b)	16 g	0	0	0
	Mean Age of Vaginal Patency (days)	-	-	-	-
	Sensory Function	-	-	-	-
	Motor Activity	-	-	-	-
	Learning and Memory	-	=	=	-
	Mean No. Days Prior to Mating	2.4	3.3	3.1	3.5
	No. of Females Sperm Positive	23	21	21	23
	No. of Pregnant Females	23	21	20	21
	Mean No. Corpora Lutea	16.4	16.2	15.8	15.5
	Mean No. Implantations	15.8	15.2	14.4	14.9
	Mean % Preimplantation Loss	3.8	6.3	12.3	3.7
<u>F₂ Litters</u> :	Mean No. Live Conceptuses/Litter	15.0	14.9	13.6	14.4
-	Mean No. Resorptions	0.8	0.3	0.8	0.5
	No. Dead Conceptuses	0	0	0	0
	Mean % Postimplantation Loss	5.1	2.2	5.2	3.4
	Fetal Body Weights (g)	3.69	3.65	3.75	3.81
	Fetal Sex Ratios (% males)	53	49	54	54
	Fetal Anomalies	-	-	=	-

⁻No noteworthy findings. + Mild ++Moderate +++Marked Dunnett's Test * - p<0.05 ** - p<0.01

a - From weaning to mating.

b - During postweaning period. For controls, group means are shown. For treated groups, percent differences from controls are shown. Statistical significance is based on actual data (not on the percent differences).

EXAMPLE **2.6.7.17 Other Toxicity Studies**

Species/ Strain	Method of Administration	Duration of Dosing	Doses (mg/kg)	Gender and No. per Group	Noteworthy Findings	Study <u>Number</u>		
Ar	Antigenicity							
Guinea Pigs	Subcutaneous	Weekly for 3 weeks; challenge 1 week later.	0, 5 mg	5M, 5F	Mildly positive delayed hypersensitivity reaction. No evidence of passive cutaneous anaphylaxis or systemic anaphylaxis.	97012		
Im	Impurities							
WISTAR Rats	Gavage	2 Weeks	0, 1000, 2000	10M, 10F	MM-180801 fortified with 2% of the Z-isomer impurity; toxicologic effects comparable to MM-180801 without impurity.	97025		

Test Article: Curitol Sodium