### Minority Health Concerns in the U.S.

Some conditions that affect minorities disproportionately are:

#### Asthma

Although asthma affects people of all races, African Americans are more likely than caucasians to be hospitalized for asthma attacks and to die from asthma.

#### Cancer

African Americans are 30% more likely to die of cancer than whites. The incidence of certain cancers is also higher in Asian, Hispanic, and Hawaiian populations than in the white population.

#### Cardiovascular disease

Heart disease is the leading cause of death for all racial and minority groups.

#### Diabetes

The prevalence of type 2 diabetes is 2.6 times higher in Native Americans, 2 times higher in African Americans, 1.9 times higher in Hispanics/Latinos, and 2 times higher in Mexican Americans than in whites.

### ♦ HIV/AIDS

The incidence of HIV/AIDS is 24 times higher in African American females than in white females.

### Infant mortality

The infant death rate is twice as high among American Indians, African Americans, and Alaska Natives as among whites.

Sources: National Institutes of Health; Centers for Disease Control and Prevention; and National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute.

# Minority Health Resources

## **Consumer Health Resources** in English and Spanish

◆ MedlinePlus<sup>®</sup> — Over 740 health topics including complementary and alternative medicine, interactive tutorials, drug information, a medical encyclopedia, surgery videos, and more.

In English: http://medlineplus.gov

en español:

http://medlineplus.gov/spanish

Health Topics for Population Groups: http://www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus/ populationgroups.html

### **HIV/AIDS Information**

 National Library of Medicine AIDS Information Portal — A comprehensive AIDS information service for consumers, physicians, scientists, researchers, educators, and students.

http://aids.nlm.nih.gov

◆ AIDSinfo<sup>®</sup> — Links to medical guidelines, clinical trials, prevention, and drug information.

In English: http://aidsinfo.nih.gov

en español:

http://aidsinfo.nih.gov/infosida

 HIV/AIDS and Minorities — Web links for specific ethnic populations, including information in Spanish.

http://sis.nlm.nih.gov/hiv/minorities.html

## Web Sites for and about Specific Populations

 Health topics and issues affecting the health and well-being of Arctic, American Indian, Asian American, and other populations.

http://www.arctichealth.org http://americanindianhealth.nlm.nih.gov http://asianamericanhealth.nlm.nih.gov

## **Environmental Justice Tools and Resources**

 Environmental Justice Web Site — Resources to help minority and low income communities receive equal protection under environmental laws.

http://sis.nlm.nih.gov/enviro/ environmentaljustice.htm

◆ TOXMAP<sup>®</sup> — Maps identifying chemical releases and ethnic populations living within areas of release.

http://toxmap.nlm.nih.gov



### **Additional NLM Internet Resources**

MEDLINE®/PubMed®—References and abstracts from 4,800 biomedical journals http://pubmed.gov

Environmental Health and
Toxicology Resources—Databases and
resources related to environmental health
and toxicology
http://tox.nlm.nih.gov

Tox Town®—Interactive guide to common toxic substances and environmental health risks
http://toxtown.nlm.nih.gov
http://toxtown.nlm.nih.gov/espanol

Household Products Database
Health and safety information on household products
http://hpd.nlm.nih.gov

Haz-Map—Information about occupational exposure to hazardous agents http://hazmap.nlm.nih.gov

NIHSeniorHealth—Health information for older adults http://nihseniorhealth.gov

ClinicalTrials.gov—Descriptions and locations of clinical research studies http://clinicaltrials.gov

**DIRLINE**®—Directory of health organizations http://dirline.nlm.nih.gov National Library of Medicine
Trusted Health Information from the
World's Largest Medical Library

### For more information, please contact:

### **National Library of Medicine**

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www.nlm.nih.gov



National Institutes of Health www.nih.gov

Department of Health and Human Services www.os.dhhs.gov

Health information obtained from NLM databases should be used for information only and as a basis for discussion with your doctor. In all medical matters, we suggest you consult your physician.

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## Minority Health Resources

Empowering minority communities with health information

www.nlm.nih.gov

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