Appendix C

Wildland Fire Use - Team Selection Rationale

Requesting Unit: Fire Name:		Date:	
		Yes	No
A.	Appropriate Management Response		
	Wildland fire managed for resource benefits or prescribed fire		
	Wildland fire managed for protection objectives with		
	low - moderate complexity indicating long-duration actions		
B.	Objectives		
	Resource benefits outweigh protection benefits Mixture of objectives		
C.	Planning		
	Operational Plan (Wildland Fire Implementation Plan) is needed		
	Long-term Risk Assessment is necessary		
D.	Fire Management		
	Maximum Manageable Area is established		
	Project fire size is greater than 500 acres		
	Values at risk are identified needing protection		
	Actions are identified that will need to be taken in the		
	next week to protect values at risk		
	Command and General Staff Positions necessary		
	Operations personnel will not generally exceed 100		
	for limited time periods		
	Total		

A majority of "Yes" responses indicates that a FUMT is the logical management organization for this fire, provided the local unit cannot effectively manage with its own resources. A majority of "No" responses indicates that an Incident Management Team may be warranted. The fire complexity analysis provides guidance in the selection of the appropriate IMT.

- Provide the following information when ordering new or extending existing FUMTs:
 - What is the anticipated length of assignment?
 - Is the FUMT needed to write or update a WFIP Stage 3?
 - If so, is there a reason (such as lack of experience or incident complexity) why the local unit can not complete the WFIP?
 - Is the FUMT needed to manage complex holding operations (type 2 complexity)?
 - If so, what is the expected size of the operations group, and what types of resources will they be managing?
 - Are there management options other than utilizing a FUMT?
 - Could single resources (FUMA, LTAN, etc.) be utilized?
 - Could another type of IMT be utilized?
 - Can the incident be complexed with another incident?