This guidance was written prior to the February 27, 1997 implementation of FDA's Good Guidance Practices, GGP's. It does not create or confer rights for or on any person and does not operate to bind FDA or the public. An alternative approach may be used if such approach satisfies the requirements of the applicable statute, regulations, or both. This guidance will be updated in the next revision to include the standard elements of GGP's.

GUIDANCE ON THE

CONTENT AND FORMAT OF

PREMARKET NOTIFICATION [510(k)] SUBMISSIONS

FOR SHARPS CONTAINERS

October 1993

Food and Drug Administration Center for Devices and Radiological Health Office of Device Evaluation Division of General and Restorative Devices Infection Control Devices Branch

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A. Scope

This document pertains to sharps containers and secondary sharps containers. A secondary container holds the sharps container, if leakage is possible (refer to OSHA regulation 29 CFR 1910.1030(d)(4)(iii)(A)(3)).

B. Introductory Information

- The labeling or promotional material for the sharps container may not state that the device is FDA approved or cleared. The applicant may be able to claim the device meets OSHA regulations on Bloodborne Pathogens, 29 CFR 1910.1030, if such a statement is permitted under OSHA regulations and statutes.
- 2. FDA 510(k) clearance does not preclude OSHA from finding the device and/or its use to be violative under OSHA regulations. If the design is found deficient by OSHA, subsequent to a finding of substantial equivalence by FDA, and it is modified to render it acceptable to OSHA, then a new 510(k) should be submitted noting the modifications.
- FDA and OSHA are working together to implement adequate 3. infection control practices to reduce the risk of bloodborne infections. FDA is not enforcing the OSHA regulations, per se. Rather, FDA evaluates whether a sharps container has features that are consistent with current good infection control practices, for instance, as expressed in the OSHA Bloodborne Pathogen regulations related to engineering and work practice OSHA engineering controls are controls that controls. isolate or remove the bloodborne pathogens from the workplace. OSHA work practice controls are intended to help ensure that sharps containers are used in a manner that will reduce the likelihood of an exposure to infectious material by altering the manner in which sharps disposal is performed (e.g., recapping contaminated sharps only when no alternative is feasible or when such action is required by a specific medical procedure, placement of containers, and routine replacement).
- 4. This document is fashioned in a checklist format for use by FDA reviewers, and it is also a guide for applicants. In the blank spaces next to the requested information the FDA reviewer should indicate "Y" when the information is acceptable, "N" when not acceptable, and "NA" when not applicable. Applicants may wish to reproduce portions of the guidance and include it in

the 510(k) application, with supporting information, to facilitate the review process.

- 5. The applicant should respond to each of the items in the guidance. Provide the information requested, state why the information is not applicable, or provide alternative information that is commensurate with the data requested.
- 6. Be advised that FDA has determined that devices which remove sharps off the needle hub, typically by means of an electrical charge or heat, present a new type of safety and effectiveness issue (potential for toxic emissions), and are therefore not substantially equivalent devices. The devices are Class III products requiring premarket approval, or reclassification to Class I or II before they may be marketed.

C. Standards

There are no FDA regulatory standards for sharps containers. The applicant may choose to indicate that the device meets a standard. The following are examples of standards and reference information that are relevant to sharps containers:

- Occupational Safety and Health Administration -Occupational Exposure to Bloodborne Pathogens; final rule (29 CFR 1910.1030; Federal Register 1991 December 6; 56, No. 235:64175-82.
- British Standard Institution Specification for Sharps Containers (BS 7320:1990)
- Australia Standard Non-Reusable Containers for the Collection of Sharps Medical Items Used in Health Care Areas (AS 4031 - 1992, 1992)
- American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) -Standard for puncture resistance being considered (ASTM Task Force F04.65.01)
- 5. Canadian Standard being considered (CAN/CSA Z316.6)
- 6. Health Devices, August-September 1993, ECRI, Vol. 22 Nos. 8-9.

D. Cover Letter

State at the top of the cover letter "510(k) Notification"

- 1. Trade/Proprietary Name (Model Name and Number):
- 2. Common/Usual Name:Sharps container and/or secondary container should be noted, as applicable.
 - 3. Classification name (select one):
 - accessory to hypodermic needle
 - _____ accessory to blood collection device (if dedicated to that use)
 - ____ other: describe
 - 4. Reason for Submission
 - new device
 - modified device
 - ____ other: describe
- ____ 5. Classification: Class II for accessories noted in item 3 above.
 - 6. Panel/Procode: 80 FMI for a needle accessory

____ 7. Registration #: _____

E. Labeling

Provide copies of labels, labeling, and promotional material. All claims will be closely scrutinized for supportive information (e.g., disease prevention claims, comparative performance claims).

Biohazard labels with visible location on device

- General Labeling Information required under 21 CFR 801 (e.g., manufacturers name and address)
- Disposal Procedures
- Assembly/Mounting Instructions
- _____ Operating Instructions

F. General Description

Provide a detailed description of the sharps container.

Pictures or detailed drawings (labeling may suffice)

_____ Volume

- ____ Dimensions
- _____ Empty Weight

Describe the materials and form of construction

- _____ Description of Materials (type of plastic, metal, cardboard, etc)
- Thickness of Materials (provide variations in thickness that may exist in different parts of device, and tolerances)
- How Device is Formed (molded, glued edges, etc.)
- Reusable (labeling and design must address safe disposal of sharps per OSHA regulations, i.e., no manual processing)
- Clarity of Material (clear, opaque, etc.)

Intended Location for Use (OR, patient room, etc.)

Describe any unique features in detail.

G. Design Features of Containers for Contaminated Sharps

Indicate if the device meets the following design features, when applicable. The basis for the list is the OSHA regulations.

- ____ 1. Closable
- _____ 2. Puncture resistant
 - 3. Leakproof on the sides and bottom
 - 4. Labeled or color-coded:
 - _____a. BIOHAZARD warning label

fluorescent orange or orange-red or predominantly

so, with lettering or symbols in a contrasting color

- b. affixed as close as possible to the container by string, wire, adhesive, or other method that prevents loss or unintentional removal
- _____ c. red container may substitute for labels
- 5. Capable of maintaining stable, upright position
- 6. No feature to bend, break, or shear needle (includes blunting and melting of needle).
- 7. OSHA Compliance Directive On Needle Unwinders

Feature to recap the needle, or remove the needle off the hub of the syringe (i.e., an unwinder as characterized by OSHA) provides for a one-handed technique (i.e. does not require holding container with the free hand).

Container with unwinder is designed so that it is stabile (secured to a wall, table, or tray) to prevent slipping during use.

The unwinder is designed to provide for a secure capture.

- 8. Container for reusable sharps shall not be designed to require employee to reach by hand into the container to retrieve the contaminated reusable sharps.
- 9. Container is designed to easily and safely determine if the container is full.
 - 10. Optional features/accessories:
 - locked enclosure
 - holder to secure to wall, table, etc.

H. Design Features of Secondary Containers

Indicate if the device meets the following design features, when applicable. The basis for the list is the OSHA regulations.

1. Closable

- 2. Constructed to contain all contents and prevent leakage during handling, storage, transport, or shipping
- 3. Labeled or color-coded as above in G.4.

I. Specifications of Design Features

State the specifications for each of the following features. The specification should be objective and quantitative, when appropriate (e.g., puncture resistance). Refer to any standard the specification meets.

- ____ Impact Resistance
- Puncture Resistance (base, sides, closure, top)
- Overfill Detection
- Leak Resistance (sides and bottom)
- Sharps Access and Closure
- Stability (maintaining upright position)
- Mounting Accessories and any Locking Mechanism
- Handling (safe transportation features)
- ____ Capacity
- Feature to Minimize Aerosolization
- ____ OTHER (as applicable, e.g., electrical):

J. Design Validation Test Methods

Summarize the test methods for each of the specifications noted in item I above. The protocol must indicate pass-fail criteria and the safety and effectiveness basis for the criteria (e.g., a standard). There are tests methods indicated in the referenced standards.

K. Comparison to a Legally Marketed Sharps Container

Persons submitting 510(k)s must compare their device to a legally marketed device. FDA has recently decided to actively regulate sharps containers. FDA formal announcement of this initiative is imminent and it may provide a grace period for submission of 510(k)s. There will be a period of time during this transition in regulatory control where some currently marketed containers are still pending FDA clearance, making confirmation of legality of a predicate device problematic in the short term. Still, the applicant should provide a comparison of their device to ones available on the market and to available standards noted in item C above.

Provide a side by side comparison of design features and specifications of containers that most closely match the device being submitted for clearance.

L. Safe Medical Devices Act 510(k) Statement of Safety and Effectiveness or 510(k) Summary of Safety and Effectiveness

Provide either the statement or summary as required under 21 CFR 807.92 or 807.93 (see attached).

M. Address

Submit duplicate copies (two copies) to the following address:

FDA Document Mail Center HFZ-401 1390 Piccard Dr. Rockville, MD 20850

N. Contact for Questions

If there are any questions, please call:

Branch Chief Infection Control Devices Branch (301) 594-1307

0. Attachment

21 CFR 807.87 - 807.94.