

The National Youth

Anti-Drug Media Campaign

NIH Health Communications Forum

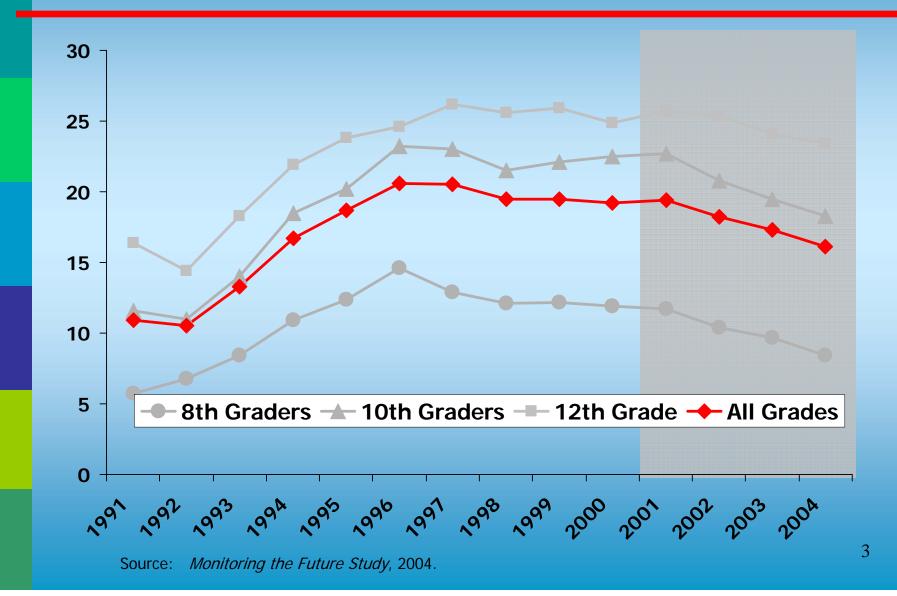
May 9, 2005

What We'll Cover Today

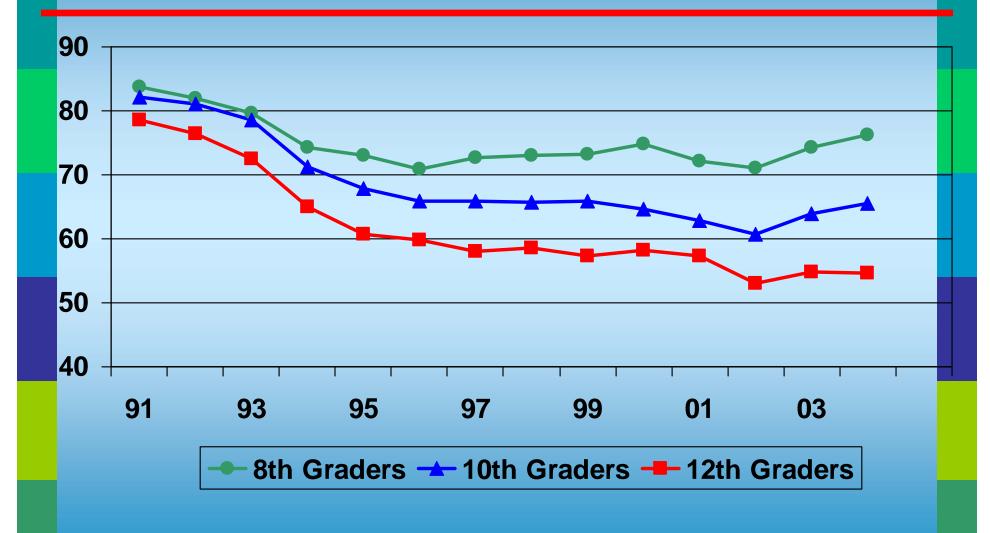
- Media Campaign goal and features
- Challenges to success
 - Marijuana
 - > Audiences
- Early Intervention Initiative

Current Use of Illicit Drugs Down 17 Percent from 2001

(Percent Reporting Any Illicit Drug Use in Past 30 Days)

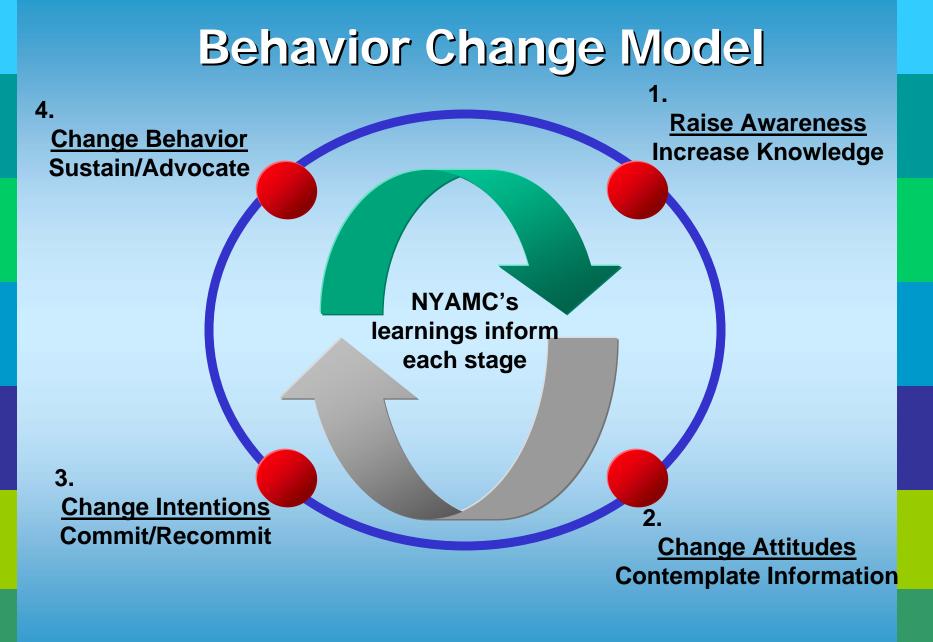


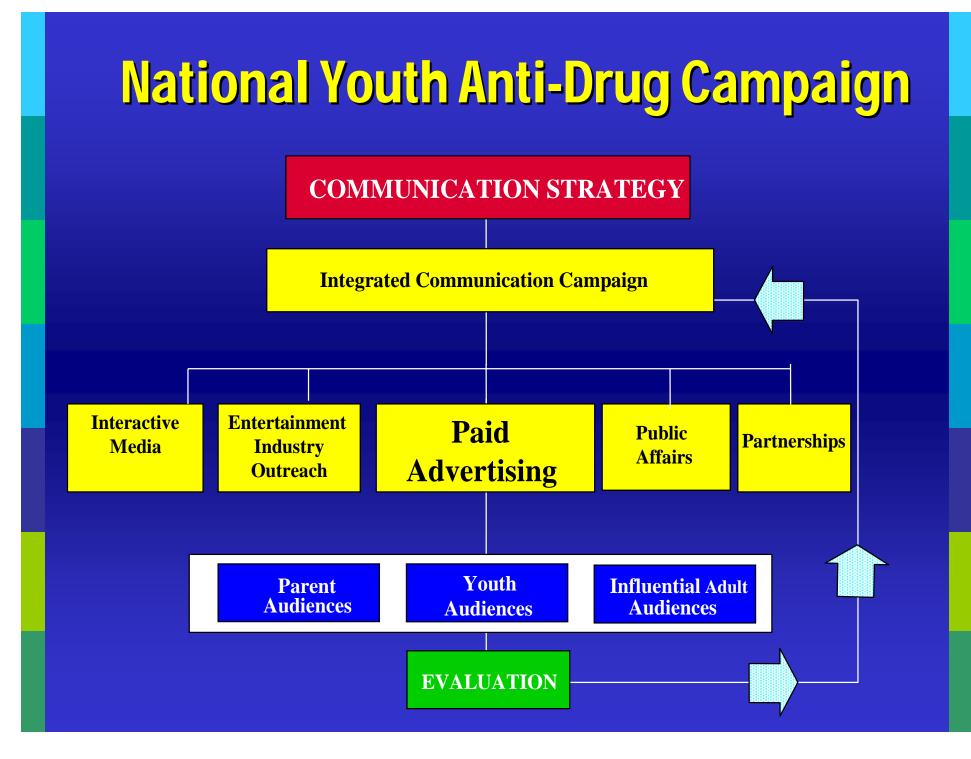
Perceived Risk of Marijuana Use Increased Significantly in 2004



Media Campaign Features

- Goal to prevent and reduce teen use
- Broad bipartisan support
- "Paid" campaign, fully integrated
- Ads prepared by Partnership for Drug-Free America
- Multicultural audience focus
- Evaluation formative, process & outcome





Message Platforms

YOUTH

- Marijuana since September 2002
- Early Intervention since January 2004

PARENTS

- Efficacy/Monitoring since early 2002
- Early Intervention since January 2004

Why Marijuana?

- Marijuana is the most widely used illicit drug among youth
- Teens starting use at younger age
- Among teen drug users, nearly 60% use marijuana only
- More teens are in treatment for marijuana dependence than for all other drugs combined

Marijuana: The Facts

Research shows that MARIJUANA IS:

- Addictive
- More potent than a decade ago
- Affects learning & academic achievement
- Linked to risky behaviors
- Impairs driving

Challenges

- Normalization in pop culture
- Medical marijuana and legalization campaigns
- Lack of prevention efforts
- Widespread ambivalence and misinformation among youth and parents

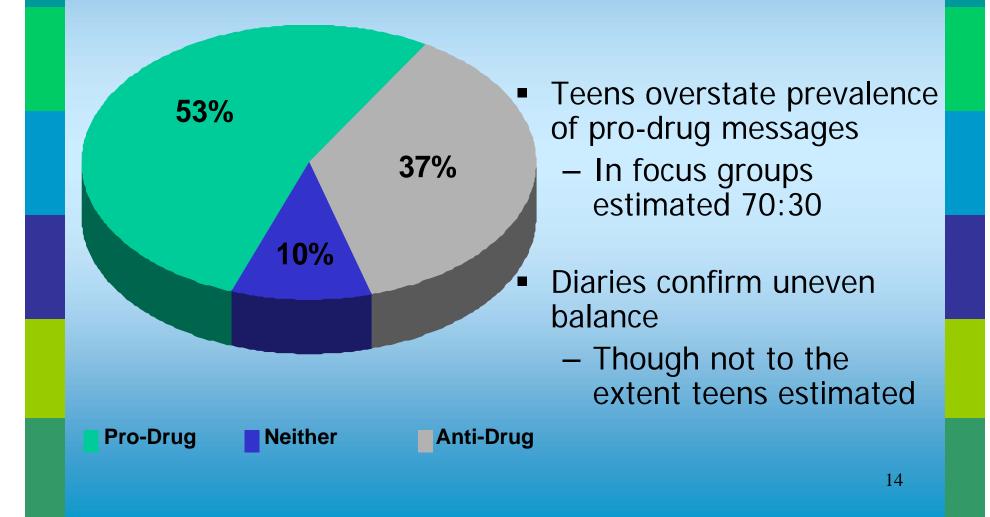
Challenges with parents

- Role: Parent vs. friend
- "Feel powerless" due to pop culture, peer pressure
- "Not my kid"
- Marijuana no big deal
- Hypocrite? Once used, so...

Challenges with teens

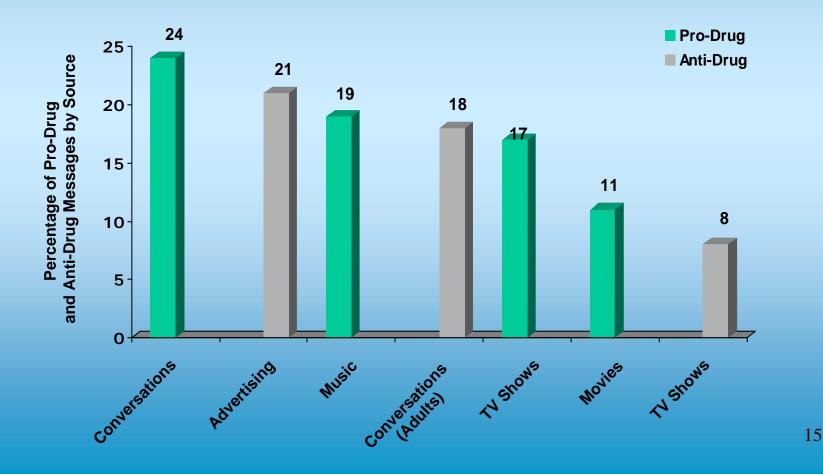
- Sensitive topic symbol of rebellion
- Perception of norms
- Dynamic media market
- Agenda-driven messages

Youth Report More Pro-Drug Than Anti-Drug Messages and Diaries Confirm It



Most Frequent Pro- and Anti-Drug Messages by Source

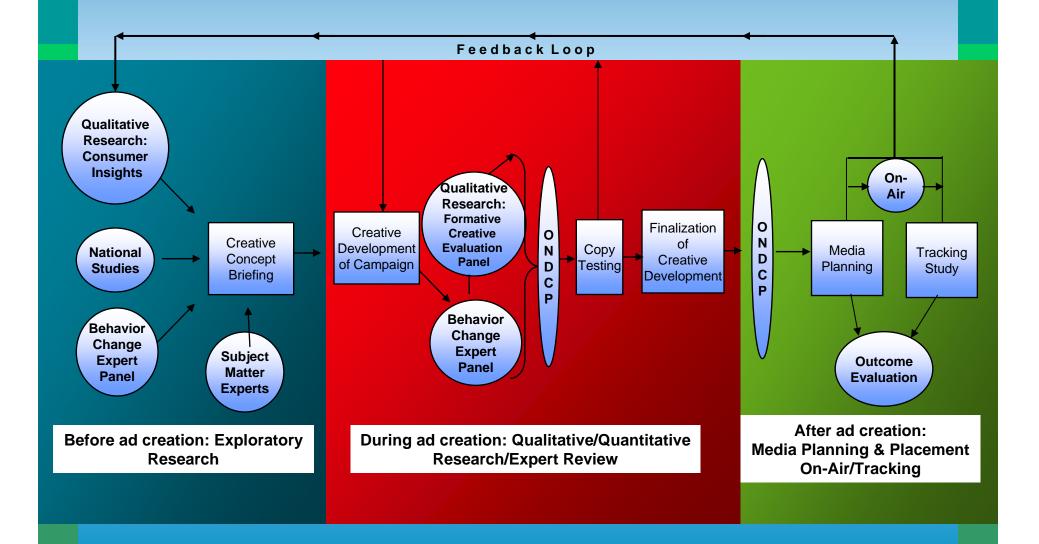
Diaries showed that most frequent pro-drug messages came from conversations with friends while most frequent anti-drug messages came from advertising



EARLY INTERVENTION INITIATIVE

Harnessing the Power of Parents and Peers

National Youth Anti-Drug Media Campaign Advertising Development/Research Process



EARLY INTERVENTION PROCESS STEPS

- Initial meetings with prevention and treatment experts January 2003
- Outreach to partner organizations that work with youth and parents
- Exploratory research with over 400 youth and adults in eleven cities
- Qualitative and quantitative testing of advertising concepts and messages
- Development of supporting brochures, posters, postcards, online support
- Launch of the Early Intervention Initiative January 2004 and the Superbowl (Feb. 2, 2004)

Early Intervention Objectives for <u>Youth</u>

Key Thought:

"I have to do something to help my friend. It may be hard, but getting involved is the only way to help him/her with his/her marijuana/alcohol problem."

What the advertising intends to achieve

- Motivate kids to intervene on behalf of a friend "in trouble"
- Convince them of their efficacy in taking action
- Give teens the tools and skill to intervene

Early Intervention Objectives for <u>Parents</u>

Key Thought:

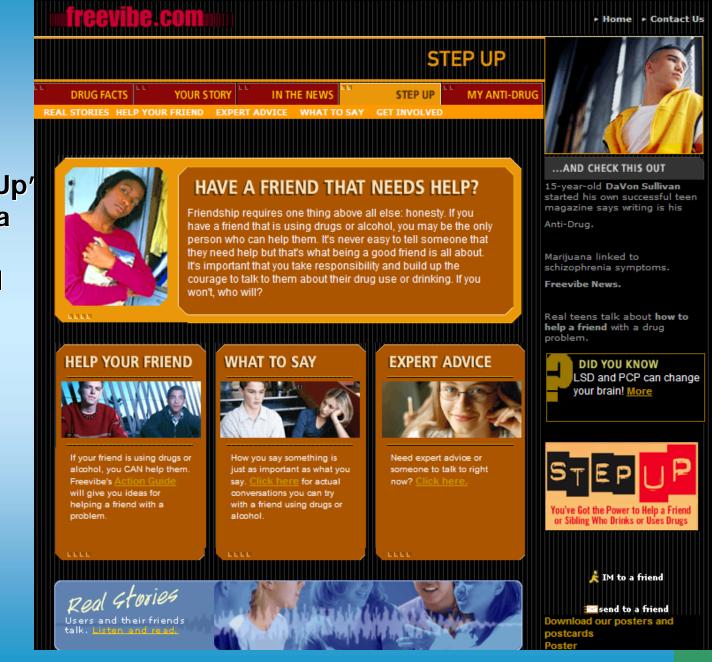
"I have to step in and do something about my kid's drug and alcohol use. Though it may be difficult, the positive impact it will have on his or her life is worth it."

What the advertising intends to achieve

- Extend parenting monitoring message
- > Address the barriers, empowering parents to act
- Give parents the tools and skills to intervene

Step Up

Freevibe Asks Teens to "Step Up' if friends have a problem with drugs or alcohol





everychild. one voice.*

In-market Tracking Study

- Achieved 70% awareness for youth campaign
- Significantly moved crucial youth beliefs and intentions, compared to baseline established prior to launch, to step in and do something
 - "I should approach a friend who is having a problem."
 - "I should tell them they have a problem."
 - "I would want to step in and do something."
 - "I should tell them I am concerned about them."
 - "I should get involved."

In-market Tracking Study

- Achieved 70% awareness for parent campaign
- Significantly moved crucial parent beliefs and intentions, compared to baseline established prior to launch, to step in and do something.
 - "I would be likely to take action if I found my child had a problem."
 - "I feel confident that I could try to stop usage."
 - "I would feel good about taking decisive action."

Campaign Evaluation

- Exploratory
- Copy Testing
- In-Market Tracking
- Consumer Response (web hits, toll-free calls, e-mail feedback)
- Campaign Outcomes
- National trends (attitudes, prevalence)

For Further Information

- www.mediacampaign.org (for Campaign Stakeholders/Planners)
- www.theantidrug.com (for Parents)
- www.freevibe.com (for Youth)