Table 11.1	Marijuana Use in Past Month, Average Annual Rate of First Use of Marijuana, and Perceptions of
	Great Risk of Smoking Marijuana Once a Month in Georgia among Persons Aged 12 or Older, by
	Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 1999, 2000, and 2001 NSDUHs

	Marijuana Use in Past Month			Annual Rate of e of Marijuana ¹	Perceptions of Great Risk of Smoking Marijuana Once a Month	
State/Substate Region	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Georgia	4.95	(4.05 - 6.04)	1.54	(1.34 - 1.76)	46.91	(44.10 - 49.74)
Central	3.70	(2.51 - 5.43)	1.03	(0.74 - 1.44)	53.26	(47.98 - 58.48)
East Central	5.10	(3.63 - 7.13)	1.37	(1.00 - 1.86)	49.11	(43.72 - 54.52)
Metro	5.96	(4.48 - 7.89)	1.79	(1.42 - 2.25)	42.18	(38.11 - 46.36)
North	4.71	(3.44 - 6.42)	1.60	(1.26 - 2.03)	46.22	(41.98 - 50.51)
Southeast	4.24	(2.89 - 6.17)	1.42	(1.05 - 1.92)	51.34	(46.33 - 56.32)
Southwest	4.37	(3.04 - 6.26)	1.59	(1.21 - 2.09)	52.56	(47.58 - 57.50)
West Central	4.51	(3.15 - 6.41)	1.39	(1.05 - 1.84)	47.32	(42.21 - 52.48)

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on Substate Estimates from the 1999-2001 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

¹ Average Annual Rate = {(Number of Marijuana Initiates in past 24 months)/[(Number of Marijuana Initiates in past 24 months * 0.5) + Number of persons who never used marijuana]}/2. Both the computation components, Number of Marijuana Initiates in past 24 months and Number of persons who never used marijuana, are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach. Note that the age group is based on a respondent's age at the time of the interview, not his or her age at first use. The prediction intervals for Average Annual Rate of First Use of Marijuana use a simultaneous solution for First Use of Marijuana and Never Used Marijuana outcomes, which had random effects that were allowed to be correlated across the two outcomes. The associated Markov Chain Monte Carlo chains were used to calculate the posterior variance.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 1999, 2000, and 2001.

Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 1999, 2000, and 2001 NSDUHs							
		Illicit Drug Use in Past Month ¹		Any Illicit Drug Use Other Than Marijuana in Past Month ¹		Cocaine Use in Past Year	
State/Substate Region	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	
Georgia	6.53	(5.49 - 7.75)	2.86	(2.33 - 3.52)	1.88	(1.43 - 2.47)	
Central	4.76	(3.35 - 6.72)	2.26	(1.59 - 3.20)	1.50	(0.95 - 2.37)	
East Central	6.85	(5.02 - 9.27)	3.13	(2.28 - 4.28)	2.26	(1.52 - 3.34)	
Metro	7.65	(5.83 - 9.98)	2.92	(2.12 - 4.01)	1.95	(1.34 - 2.84)	
North	6.33	(4.81 - 8.28)	2.90	(2.15 - 3.89)	1.88	(1.31 - 2.69)	

Table 11.2Any Illicit Drug Use in Past Month, Any Illicit Drug Use Other than Marijuana in Past Month, and
Cocaine Use in Past Year in Georgia among Persons Aged 12 or Older, by Substate Region:
Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 1999, 2000, and 2001 NSDUHs

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on Substate Estimates from the 1999-2001 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.

3.01

2.63

2.84

(2.18 - 4.14)

(1.89 - 3.65)

(2.07 - 3.89)

1.76

1.85

1.74

(1.18 - 2.60)

(1.23 - 2.76)

(1.16 - 2.60)

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

¹ Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically. Any Illicit Drug Other Than Marijuana includes cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 1999, 2000, and 2001.

(4.25 - 8.19)

(4.08 - 7.70)

(4.40 - 8.24)

5.92

5.62

6.04

Southeast Southwest

West Central

Table 11.3Alcohol Use in Past Month, Binge Alcohol Use in Past Month, and Perceptions of Great Risk of Having
Five or More Drinks of an Alcoholic Beverage Once or Twice a Week in Georgia among Persons Aged
12 or Older, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 1999, 2000, and 2001
NSDUHs

	Alcohol Use in Past Month				Perceptions of Great Risk of Having Five or More Drinks of an Alcoholic Beverage Once or Twice a Week	
State/Substate Region	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Georgia	43.17	(40.42 - 45.97)	20.12	(18.22 - 22.17)	48.69	(45.93 - 51.45)
Central	37.50	(31.90 - 43.45)	16.86	(13.47 - 20.90)	51.41	(46.04 - 56.74)
East Central	39.54	(33.54 - 45.88)	21.11	(17.51 - 25.23)	47.40	(41.96 - 52.91)
Metro	50.05	(45.51 - 54.59)	20.02	(17.20 - 23.17)	50.72	(46.58 - 54.85)
North	44.94	(40.33 - 49.63)	22.46	(19.16 - 26.15)	45.23	(40.74 - 49.80)
Southeast	36.23	(30.79 - 42.04)	19.11	(15.60 - 23.20)	50.03	(44.69 - 55.36)
Southwest	34.02	(28.62 - 39.88)	19.42	(15.92 - 23.47)	50.31	(45.21 - 55.40)
West Central	40.02	(34.24 - 46.08)	18.05	(14.57 - 22.14)	47.93	(42.64 - 53.27)

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on Substate Estimates from the 1999-2001 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

¹ Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 1999, 2000, and 2001.

Table 11.4Cigarette Use in Past Month, Any Tobacco Product Use in Past Month, and Perceptions of Great Risk
of Smoking One or More Packs of Cigarettes Per Day in Georgia among Persons Aged 12 or Older, by
Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 1999, 2000, and 2001 NSDUHs

	Cigarette Use in Past Month		Any Tobacco Product Use in Past Month ¹		Perceptions of Great Risk of Smoking One or More Packs of Cigarettes Per Day	
State/Substate Region	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Georgia	25.33	(23.11 - 27.69)	32.10	(29.56 - 34.75)	69.51	(67.11 - 71.81)
Central	27.93	(23.21 - 33.19)	34.00	(28.97 - 39.42)	67.23	(61.97 - 72.10)
East Central	26.92	(22.48 - 31.88)	32.89	(27.87 - 38.33)	69.23	(64.25 - 73.79)
Metro	21.54	(18.38 - 25.07)	26.70	(23.19 - 30.53)	73.60	(69.99 - 76.93)
North	27.21	(23.50 - 31.26)	35.72	(31.38 - 40.31)	66.30	(62.03 - 70.31)
Southeast	26.03	(21.68 - 30.90)	32.34	(27.63 - 37.43)	70.42	(65.77 - 74.69)
Southwest	28.80	(24.13 - 33.98)	36.28	(31.09 - 41.81)	68.16	(63.09 - 72.83)
West Central	25.41	(21.19 - 30.14)	33.68	(28.76 - 38.99)	67.54	(62.43 - 72.25)

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on Substate Estimates from the 1999-2001 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

¹ Any Tobacco product includes cigarettes, smokeless tobacco (i.e., chewing tobacco or snuff), cigars, or pipe tobacco.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 1999, 2000, and 2001.

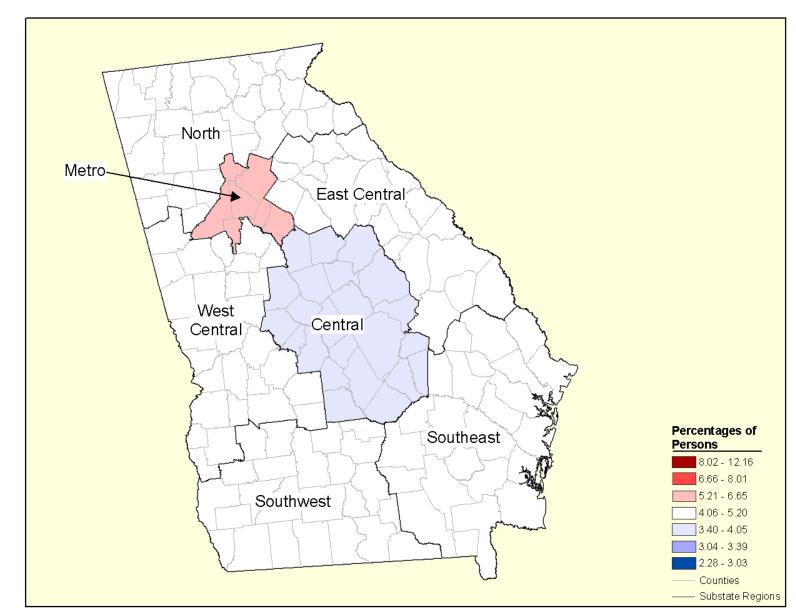


Figure 11.1.1 *Marijuana Use in Past Month* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Georgia, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 1999, 2000, and 2001 NSDUHs

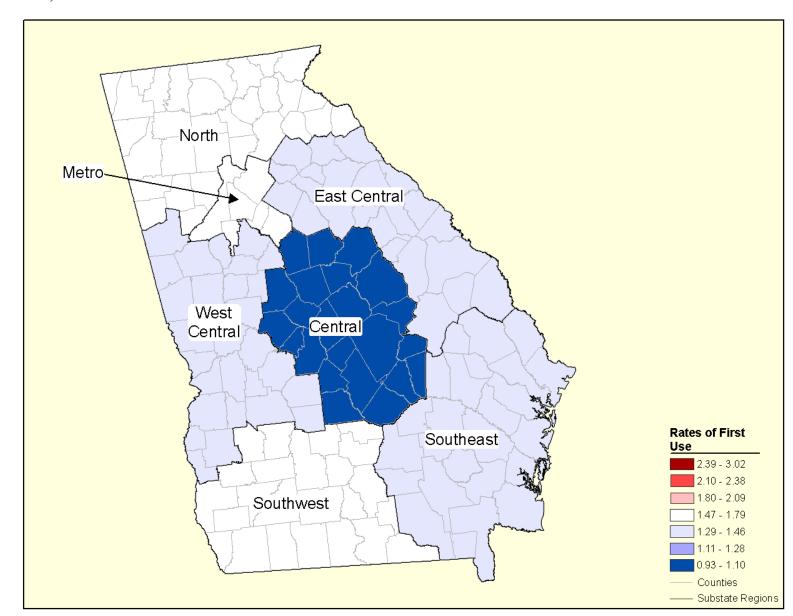


Figure 11.1.2 *First Use of Marijuana* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Georgia, by Substate Region: Average Annual Rates Based on 1999, 2000, and 2001 NSDUHs

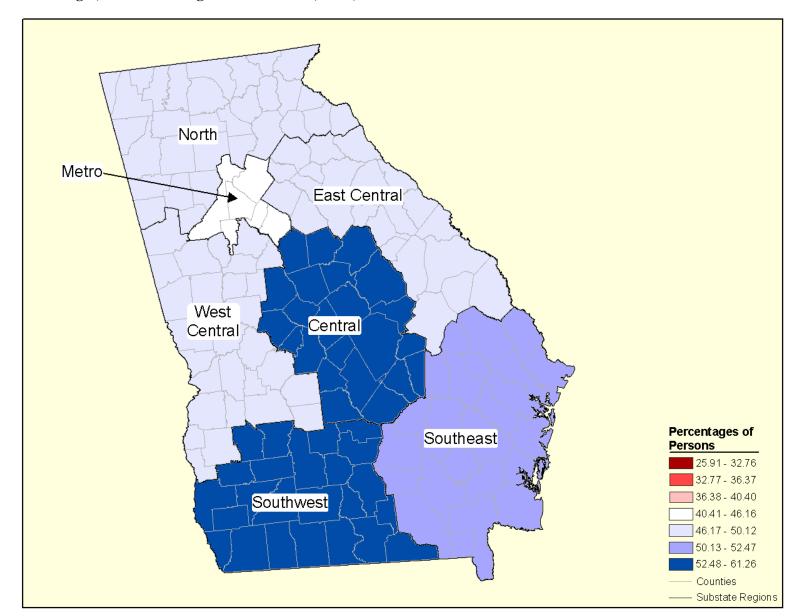


Figure 11.1.3 *Perceptions of Great Risk of Smoking Marijuana Once a Month* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Georgia, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 1999, 2000, and 2001 NSDUHs

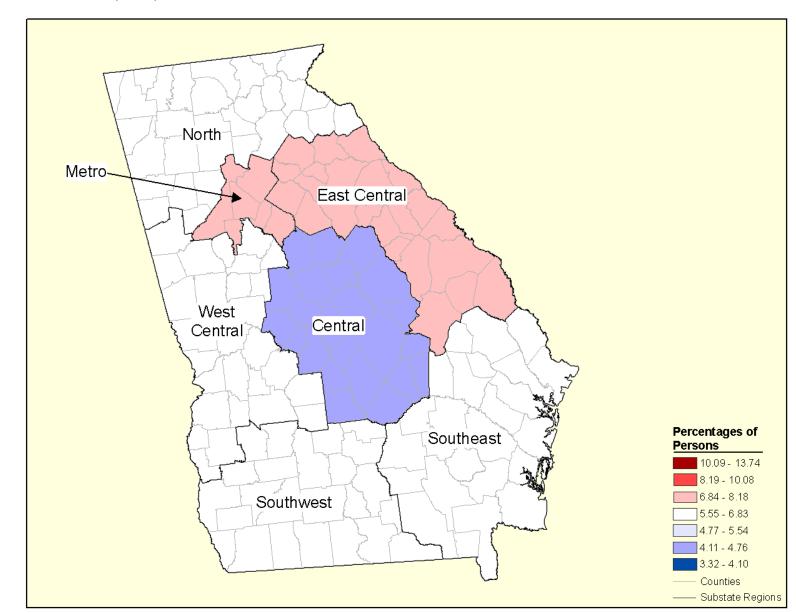


Figure 11.2.1 Any Illicit Drug Use in Past Month among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Georgia, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 1999, 2000, and 2001 NSDUHs

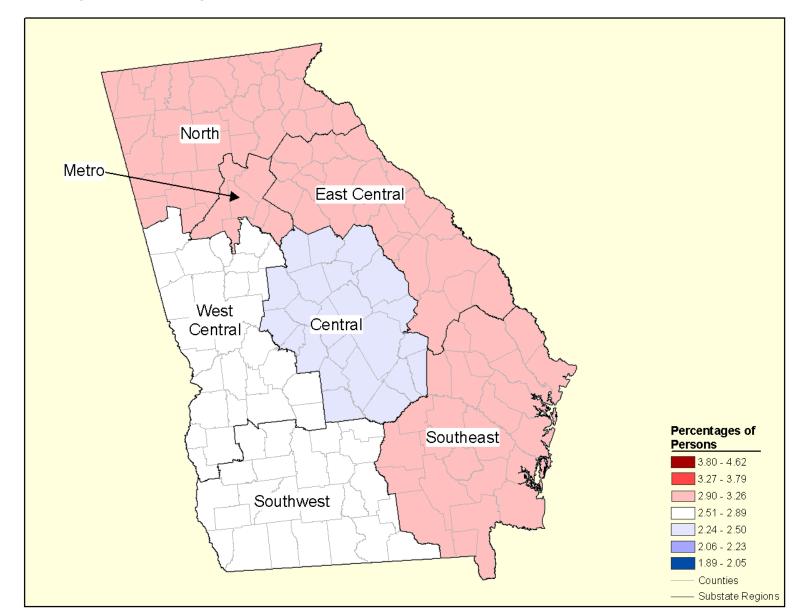


Figure 11.2.2 Any Illicit Drug Use Other Than Marijuana in Past Month among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Georgia, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 1999, 2000, and 2001 NSDUHs

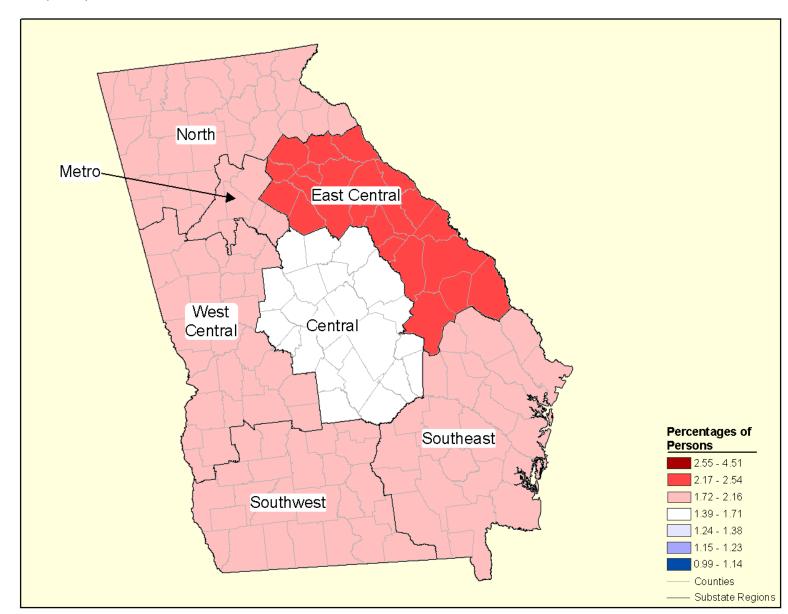


Figure 11.2.3 Cocaine Use in Past Year among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Georgia, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 1999, 2000, and 2001 NSDUHs

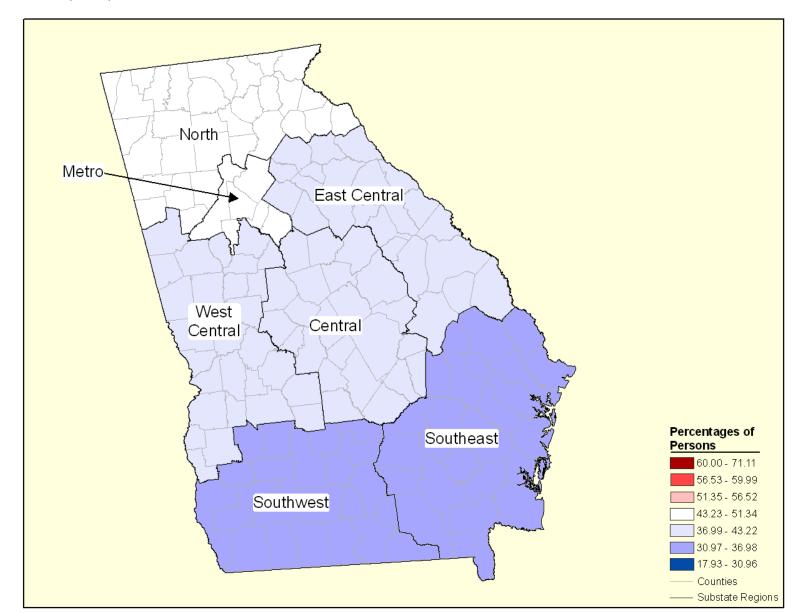


Figure 11.3.1 *Alcohol Use in Past Month* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Georgia, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 1999, 2000, and 2001 NSDUHs

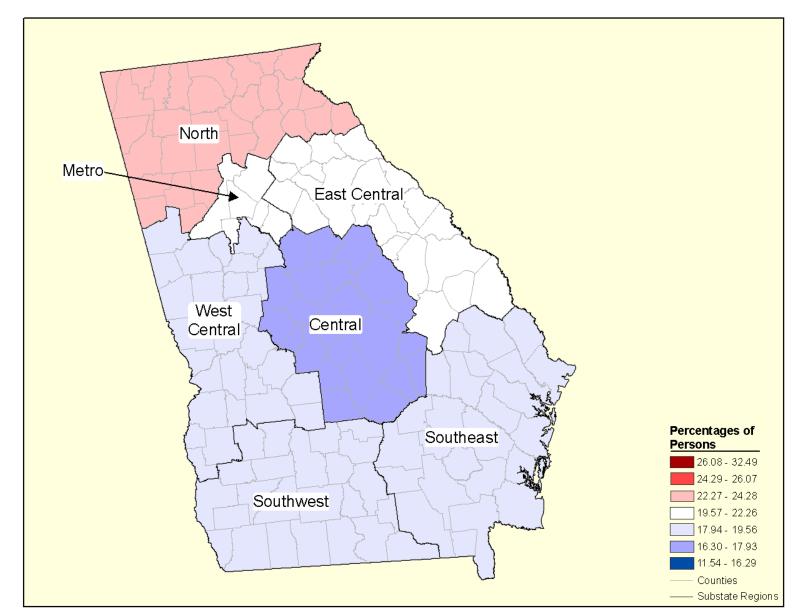


Figure 11.3.2 *Binge Alcohol Use in Past Month* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Georgia, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 1999, 2000, and 2001 NSDUHs

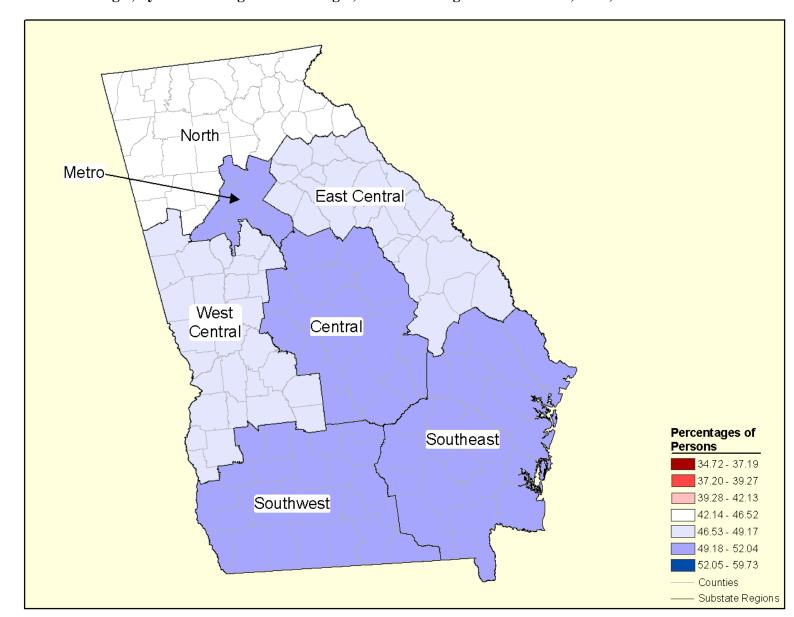


Figure 11.3.3 Perceptions of Great Risk of Having Five or More Drinks of an Alcoholic Beverage Once or Twice a Week among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Georgia, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 1999, 2000, and 2001 NSDUHs

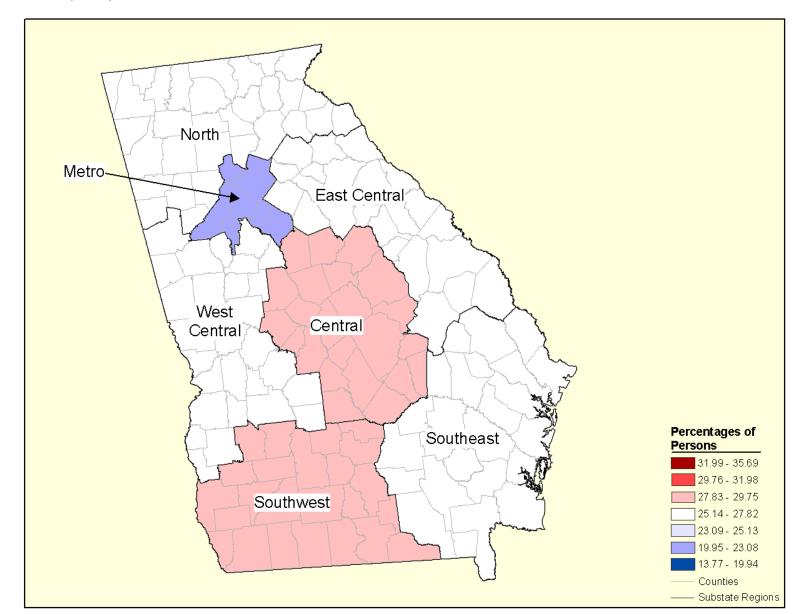


Figure 11.4.1 *Cigarette Use in Past Month* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Georgia, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 1999, 2000, and 2001 NSDUHs

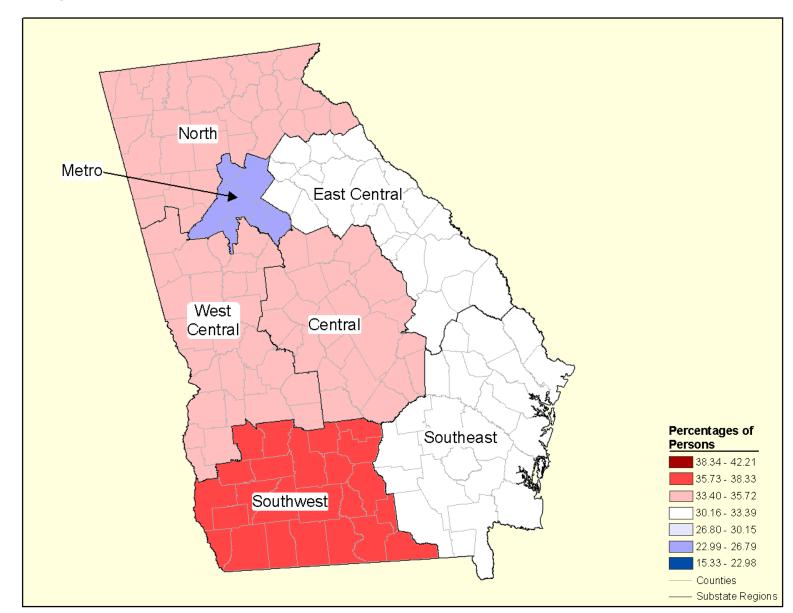


Figure 11.4.2 Any Tobacco Product Use in Past Month among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Georgia, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 1999, 2000, and 2001 NSDUHs

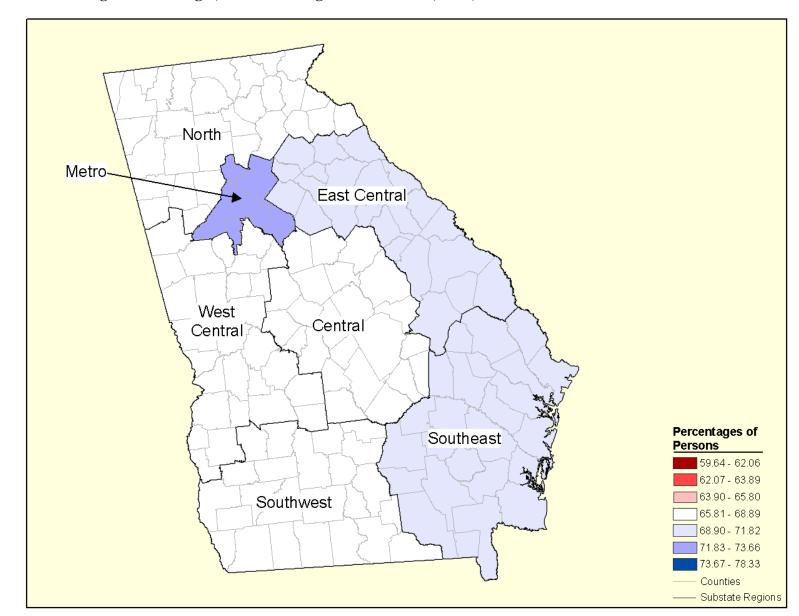


Figure 11.4.3 *Perceptions of Great Risk of Smoking One or More Packs of Cigarettes Per Day* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Georgia, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 1999, 2000, and 2001 NSDUHs