A specialized harvest cart for greens

Stooping or kneeling and crawling to harvest salad greens requires a lot of time and energy. Lifting and moving your harvest container many times as you fill it adds to the work load. An alternative is to build a simple cart which allows you to sit and roll while you harvest. This is less tiring for the knees, back, hamstrings, and torso. The cart also holds your harvest container, so it rolls along with you.



How does it work?

The cart straddles the crop bed or rows, so that the wheels are on the paths between the beds. A seat is mounted low to the ground, between the rear wheels, allowing you to work directly over the bed without stooping. The seat swivels so you can harvest all parts of the bed without twisting your body. Move the cart forward by pushing the rear wheels with your hands, wheelchair fashion, or scoot along with your feet on the ground. Prop your harvest container on the front corner of the cart frame, within easy reach. The front wheel swivels for easy steering.

Harvest cart benefits:

Less fatigue and discomfort.

Prolonged kneeling to harvest, transplant, or weed puts small-scale growers in one of the highest risk groups for occupational injuries.



Harvesting from a seated position eliminates knee strain, and is less tiring for the back, hamstrings, and torso. Kneeling requires at least 25% more energy, and stooping requires at least 45% more energy than sitting does.

Faster. Using the cart lets you harvest the same amount of greens compared to kneeling to harvest greens, 40% more quickly. Faster harvesting and quicker time to the cooler maintains high crop quality.

Harvest Speed and Posture Analysis	Without Cart	With Cart
Avg. harvest speed (mins/3lb crate)	7.8	4.6
% time spent in unacceptable postures	46	0
% time spent in marginal postures	48	93
% time spent in acceptable postures	6	7

This data is based on a case study with the same worker performing the same task. Postural analysis was compiled using the Ovaco Work Analysis System.

Less soil compaction. Instead of kneeling or walking in the crop row or bed, the cart supports your weight. Your weight, plus the weight of the cart, is transferred through the wheels to the paths between the crops.



A series of tip sheets on labor efficiency for fresh-market vegetable growers.

by Bob Meyer Marcia Miquelon Astrid Newenhouse and Larry Chapman

Improves profits. Cutting harvest

time can save labor costs. A typical scenario might be that your labor costs are \$7.00 per hour, and you harvest 4 days a week. If you saved 30 minutes per harvest day by using the cart, in 11-18 weeks the cart will have paid for itself. If the harvest cart prevents back or knee pain, you might also save money on medical bills.

Where can I get a specialized harvest cart?

These types of carts, designed by Bob Meyer and Hal Bohne of the UW Agricultural Engineering Lab, are not available in stores or catalogs. We can provide plans for you to make your own cart from readily available materials. Some welding is required, which can easily be done by your local welder. Locate a welding shop in the phone book under welding-custom fabrication. Buy the parts at a hardware store or from a tool and equipment catalog such as:

Northern Tool and Equipment.

P.O. Box 1499 Burnsville, MN 55337 (800)-533-5545 (This reference is provided as a convenience for our readers. It is not an endorsement by the University of Wisconsin.)

How much will it cost?

The parts for this cart cost about \$150. Labor costs, custom welding or welding shop rental times will vary.

Steel: (1 1/4" square tubing,1/8"\$15wall thickness. 3/32" flat stockfor gussets and supports)Seat: (small tractor replacement)\$28Rear Wheels: (26" pneumatic)\$28/eaFront Wheel: (10" swivel caster)\$36Swivel: (boat seat)\$15Total:\$150

Cart width should be 6 - 12" wider than beds so that wheels will roll in the paths. Overall cart length is 42 1/2".



This material was developed by the Healthy Farmers, Healthy Profits Project, whose goal is to find and share work efficiency tips that maintain farmers' health and safety and also increase profits. For more information, visit our website at http://bse.wisc.edu/hfhp/ or call (608)265-9451.

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