Table 6.19A Received Mental Health Treatment/Counseling in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Detailed Age Categories: Numbers in Thousands, 2002 and 2003

			SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹					
	To	Total		es	No			
Age Category	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003		
TOTAL 18 OR OLDER	27,322	28,056	8,355 ^a	9,253	18,968	18,803		
18	431	492	153	193	277	298		
19	407	400	170	195	237	206		
20	377	402	137	172	240	230		
21	469	462	209	191	260	270		
22	398	447	168	186	230	261		
23	427	467	189	197	238	269		
24	396	428	155 ^a	217	240	211		
25	380	444	213	199	166 ^b	246		
26-29	1,738	1,615	595	663	1,142	952		
30-34	2,811	2,864	1,051	990	1,760	1,874		
35-39	3,006	2,976	1,052	1,084	1,954	1,892		
40-44	3,668	3,357	1,312	1,148	2,356	2,209		
45-49	3,333	3,743	1,163	1,258	2,171	2,485		
50-54	2,900	3,219	*	1,102	2,044	2,117		
55-59	2,408	2,305	*	*	1,876	1,809		
60-64	1,188	1,509	*	*	1,082	1,224		
65 or Older	2,988	2,926	*	*	2,694	2,251		

^{*}Low precision; no estimate reported.

^aDifference between estimate and 2003 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level. ^bDifference between estimate and 2003 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and* Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV) and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.4 of Appendix B of the Results from the 2003 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings.

Table 6.19B Received Mental Health Treatment/Counseling in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Detailed Age Categories: Percentages, 2002 and 2003

			SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹					
	To	Total		Yes		lo .		
Age Category	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003		
TOTAL 18 OR OLDER	13.0	13.2	47.9	47.3	9.9	9.8		
18	9.9	10.7	28.4	30.0	7.3	7.5		
19	10.0	10.3	33.1	31.6	6.6	6.3		
20	9.5	10.0	26.8	30.0	6.9	6.7		
21	11.6	11.8	36.6	35.1	7.5	8.0		
22	10.3	11.2	31.5	36.9	6.9	7.5		
23	11.2	11.7	36.6	38.2	7.2	7.8		
24	11.2	11.8	36.4	39.8	7.8	6.9		
25	11.4	12.3	45.4	42.4	5.8 ^a	7.8		
26-29	11.4	11.0	41.0	38.4	8.3	7.3		
30-34	14.2	14.2	49.3	50.3	9.9	10.3		
35-39	13.7	14.2	52.7	48.1	9.8	10.1		
40-44	16.8	14.9	58.7	51.1	12.0	10.9		
45-49	15.8	17.5	68.5 ^b	56.7	11.2	13.0		
50-54	15.4	16.2	*	64.6	11.7	11.6		
55-59	16.4	15.4	*	*	13.6	13.0		
60-64	10.3	12.8	*	*	9.7	10.9		
65 or Older	8.8	8.6	*	*	8.2	6.9		

^{*}Low precision; no estimate reported.

^aDifference between estimate and 2003 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^bDifference between estimate and 2003 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV) and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.4 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2003 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings.*

Table 6.20A Received Mental Health Treatment/Counseling in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Demographic Characteristics: Numbers in Thousands, 2002 and 2003

			SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹				
	To	otal	Yes		No		
Demographic Characteristic	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003	
TOTAL	27,322	28,056	8,355 ^a	9,253	18,968	18,803	
AGE							
18-25	3,283	3,542	1,394	1,551	1,888	1,991	
26-49	14,556	14,555	5,173	5,144	9,383	9,412	
50 or Older	9,483	9,958	1,787 ^b	2,558	7,696	7,400	
GENDER							
Male	8,784	8,716	2,376	2,649	6,408	6,068	
Female	18,538	19,340	5,978	6,604	12,560	12,735	
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE					·		
Not Hispanic or Latino	25,277	26,007	$7,703^{a}$	8,571	17,574	17,436	
White	22,014	22,999	6,547 ^a	7,548	15,467	15,451	
Black or African American	1,973	2,023	750	725	1,223	1,298	
American Indian or Alaska Native	228	136	*	*	134	84	
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	29	*	*	*	24	*	
Asian	682	424	*	91	486	333	
Two or More Races	352	374	*	*	240	226	
Hispanic or Latino	2,045	2,049	651	682	1,394	1,367	
EDUCATION	,	,				,	
< High School	4,311	3,965	1,404	1,666	$2,907^{a}$	2,299	
High School Graduate	7,912	8,367	2,631	2,821	5,281	5,546	
Some College	7,528	7,801	2,576	2,729	4,952	5,071	
College Graduate	7,571	7,923	1,743	2,036	5,828	5,887	
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT	,	,	,	,	,	,	
Full-Time	13,090	13,844	3,796	4,061	9,295	9,783	
Part-Time	3,901	4,158	1,346	1,368	2,554	2,790	
Unemployed	1,077	1,049	457	444	620	604	
Other ²	9,255	9,005	$2,756^{a}$	3,380	6,499 ^a	5,625	

^{*}Low precision; no estimate reported.

² Retired person, disabled person, homemaker, student, or other person not in the labor force.

^aDifference between estimate and 2003 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^bDifference between estimate and 2003 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV) and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.4 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2003 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

Table 6.20B Received Mental Health Treatment/Counseling in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Demographic Characteristics: Percentages, 2002 and 2003

				SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹			
	То	tal	Yes		N	0	
Demographic Characteristic	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003	
TOTAL	13.0	13.2	47.9	47.3	9.9	9.8	
AGE							
18-25	10.6	11.2	34.2	35.2	7.0	7.3	
26-49	14.6	14.6	54.4 ^a	49.4	10.4	10.5	
50 or Older	12.0	12.3	46.4	54.0	10.3	9.7	
GENDER							
Male	8.7	8.5	39.5	38.5	6.8	6.4	
Female	17.0	17.6	52.3	52.1	12.8	13.1	
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE							
Not Hispanic or Latino	13.7	13.9	49.0	49.7	10.4	10.3	
White	14.7	15.3	51.9	52.8	11.3	11.3	
Black or African American	8.5	8.5	36.9	36.6	5.8	6.0	
American Indian or Alaska Native	17.8	12.6	*	*	11.9	8.5	
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	3.9	*	*	*	3.5	*	
Asian	8.5 ^a	4.9	*	17.0	6.6	4.1	
Two or More Races	16.6	17.5	*	*	13.1	12.1	
Hispanic or Latino	8.2	8.0	37.8	29.3	6.0	5.8	
EDUCATION							
< High School	11.7	10.5	39.3	39.0	8.7^{a}	6.9	
High School Graduate	11.7	12.5	45.1	44.4	8.5	9.2	
Some College	14.3	14.9	51.7	50.9	10.4	10.8	
College Graduate	14.4	14.4	57.1	57.1	11.8	11.4	
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT							
Full-Time	11.3	11.9	45.0	42.4	8.6	9.1	
Part-Time	14.2	14.5	50.7	47.9	10.3	10.8	
Unemployed	14.2	13.0	42.4	36.4	9.6	8.8	
Other ²	15.8	15.3	52.2	57.2	12.2	10.6	

^{*}Low precision; no estimate reported.

² Retired person, disabled person, homemaker, student, or other person not in the labor force.

^aDifference between estimate and 2003 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^bDifference between estimate and 2003 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV) and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.4 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2003 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

Table 6.21A Received Mental Health Treatment/Counseling in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Geographic Characteristics: Numbers in Thousands, 2002 and 2003

				SERIOUS ME	NTAL ILLNESS ¹	
	T	otal	Y	'es	1	No
Geographic Characteristic	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003
TOTAL	27,322	28,056	8,355 ^a	9,253	18,968	18,803
GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION						
Northeast	5,597	5,582	1,745	1,666	3,852	3,916
New England	1,828	1,828	653	548	1,175	1,281
Middle Atlantic	3,769	3,754	1,092	1,119	2,677	2,635
Midwest	$6,208^{a}$	6,860	1,912	2,231	4,297	4,629
East North Central	4,192	4,594	1,330	1,381	2,861	3,214
West North Central	2,017	2,265	581 ^b	850	1,435	1,415
South	9,239	9,908	2,999	3,464	6,239	6,444
South Atlantic	4,846	5,367	1,594	1,837	3,252	3,531
East South Central	1,747	1,697	636	582	1,110	1,115
West South Central	2,646	2,844	769 ^a	1,046	1,877	1,798
West	6,278	5,705	1,699	1,892	4,580 ^a	3,814
Mountain	1,810	1,916	507	715	1,303	1,201
Pacific	4,468	3,789	1,191	1,176	3,276 ^a	2,613
COUNTY TYPE ²						
Large Metro	14,159	14,237	4,056	4,433	10,103	9,805
Small Metro	8,587	8,869	2,774	3,046	5,814	5,822
250K - 1 Mil. Pop.	5,614	5,758	1,704	2,052	3,910	3,706
< 250K Pop.	2,973	3,111	1,070	994	1,904	2,116
Nonmetro	4,576	4,950	1,525	1,774	3,051	3,176
Urbanized	2,134	2,293	689	828	1,445	1,465
Less Urbanized	2,096	2,200	731	788	1,365	1,412
Completely Rural	346	456	*	*	241	299

^{*}Low precision; no estimate reported.

^aDifference between estimate and 2003 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^bDifference between estimate and 2003 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV) and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.4 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2003 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

² Estimates for 2002 and 2003 are based on a revised definition of county type and are not comparable with estimates by county type published in prior NSDUH reports.

Table 6.21B Received Mental Health Treatment/Counseling in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Geographic Characteristics: Percentages, 2002 and 2003

				SERIOUS MEN	TAL ILLNESS ¹	
	То	tal	Y	es	N	lo
Geographic Characteristic	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003
TOTAL	13.0	13.2	47.9	47.3	9.9	9.8
GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION						
Northeast	13.8	13.7	50.7	49.0	10.4	10.5
New England	17.2	17.1	64.9	57.7	12.2	13.2
Middle Atlantic	12.6	12.5	44.9	45.7	9.8	9.6
Midwest	13.0^{a}	14.3	47.5	52.1	9.9	10.6
East North Central	12.6	13.7	47.4	46.9	9.4	10.5
West North Central	14.1	15.8	47.8 ^b	63.4	11.0	10.9
South	12.3	13.1	47.5	47.6	9.1	9.4
South Atlantic	12.3	13.5	47.6	50.4	9.0	9.7
East South Central	13.8	13.3	53.3	44.9	9.7	9.7
West South Central	11.6	12.3	43.5	44.7	8.9	8.7
West	13.4	11.9	46.3	41.1	10.6^{a}	8.8
Mountain	13.3	13.8	45.4	48.5	10.4	9.7
Pacific	13.4 ^a	11.1	46.7	37.6	10.6^{a}	8.5
COUNTY TYPE ²						
Large Metro	12.6	12.7	46.5	45.0	9.8	9.6
Small Metro	13.9	13.9	51.3	49.4	10.3	10.1
250K - 1 Mil. Pop.	13.9	13.8	49.2	50.4	10.6	9.8
< 250K Pop.	13.9	14.1	54.9	47.3	9.8	10.6
Nonmetro	12.8	13.8	45.9	50.1	9.4	9.8
Urbanized	14.9	14.3	54.0	51.2	11.1	10.2
Less Urbanized	12.0	13.6	43.2	47.7	8.7	9.7
Completely Rural	8.8	12.5	*	*	6.7	8.8

^{*}Low precision; no estimate reported.

² Estimates for 2002 and 2003 are based on a revised definition of county type and are not comparable with estimates by county type published in prior NSDUH reports.

^aDifference between estimate and 2003 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^bDifference between estimate and 2003 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV) and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.4 of Appendix B of the *Results from the 2003 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.