

December 20, 2001

Kirksey E. Whatley, Director  
Office of Radiation Control  
Alabama Department of Public Health  
The RSA Tower, Suite 700  
P.O. Box 303017-3017  
Montgomery, AL 36130-3017

Dear Mr. Whatley:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Alabama concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

If you have questions or require assistance in this matter, please contact either Kathy Halvey Gibson, NRC, 301-415-1086 or Vanessa Quinn, FEMA, 202-646-3664.

Thank you for your consideration of this important issue.

Sincerely,

*/RA/*

Paul H. Lohaus, Director  
Office of State and Tribal Programs

Enclosures:  
As stated

December 20, 2001

Aubrey Godwin, Director  
Arizona Radiation Regulatory Agency  
4814 South 40th Street  
Phoenix, AZ 85040

Dear Mr. Godwin:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Arizona concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

Bernard Bevill  
Division of Radiation Control  
and Emergency Management  
Arkansas Department of Health  
4815 West Markham, Mail Slot #30  
Little Rock, AR 72205-3867

Dear Mr. Bevill:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Arkansas concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

Robert A. Laurie, Commissioner  
California Energy Commission  
1516 Ninth Street  
Sacramento, CA 95814

Dear Mr. Laurie:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If California concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

Dr. Edward L. Wilds, Jr.,  
Director  
Division of Radiation  
Department of Environmental Protection  
79 Elm Street  
Hartford, CT 06106-5127

Dear Dr. Wilds:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Connecticut concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

Dr. Harry W. Otto  
Administrator for Interagency Programs  
Office of the Director  
Division of Water Resources  
Department of Natural Resources  
and Environmental Control  
P. O. Box 1401, 89 Kings Highway  
Dover, DE 19901

Dear Dr. Otto:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Delaware concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

William A. Passetti, Chief  
Bureau of Radiation Control  
Florida Department of Health  
4052 Bald Cypress Way, Bin #C21  
Tallahassee, FL 32399-1741

Dear Mr. Passetti:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Florida concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.



December 20, 2001

James Setser, Chief  
Program Coordination Branch  
Environmental Protection Division  
Department of Natural Resources  
205 Butler Street, Suite 1152 East Tower  
Atlanta, GA 30334

Dear Mr. Setser:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Georgia concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

Thomas W. Ortziger, Director  
Illinois Department of Nuclear Safety  
1035 Outer Park Drive  
Springfield, IL 62704

Dear Mr. Ortziger:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Illinois concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

Daniel K. McGhee  
Bureau of Radiological Health  
Iowa Department of Public Health  
401 SW 7<sup>TH</sup> Street, Suite D  
Des Moines, IA 50309

Dear Mr. McGhee:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Iowa concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

Vick L. Cooper, Chief  
Bureau of Air and Radiation  
Radiation Control Program  
Department of Health and Environment  
Forbes Field, Building 283  
Topeka, KS 66620

Dear Mr. Cooper:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Kansas concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

Michael E. Henry, Senior Environmental Scientist  
Permitting Division  
Office of Environmental Services  
Department of Environmental Quality  
7290 Bluebonnet Road., P. O. Box 82135  
Baton Rouge, LA 70884-2135

Dear Mr. Henry:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Louisiana concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

Ann Marie DeBiase, Director  
Air and Radiation Management Administration  
Maryland Department of the Environment  
2500 Broening Highway  
Baltimore, MD 21224

Dear Ms. DeBiase:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Maryland concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

Stephen McGrail, Director  
Massachusetts Emergency Management Agency  
400 Worcester Road, P. O. Box 1496  
Framingham, MA 01701

Dear Mr. McGrail:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Massachusetts concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

Flint C. Watt, Chief  
Drinking Water & Radiological Protection Division  
Michigan Department of Environmental Quality  
CPH Mail Room, P. O. Box 30630  
525 West Allegan Street  
Lansing, MI 48909-8130

Dear Mr. Watt:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Michigan concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.



December 20, 2001

Jan Malcolm, Commissioner  
Minnesota Department of Health  
85 E. 7<sup>th</sup> Place, Suite 400  
P. O. Box 64882  
St. Paul, MN 55164-0882

Dear Ms. Malcolm:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Minnesota concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

Jan Malcolm

- 2 -

If you have questions or require assistance in this matter, please contact either Kathy Halvey Gibson, NRC, 301-415-1086 or Vanessa Quinn, FEMA, 202-646-3664.

Thank you for your consideration of this important issue.

Sincerely,

*/RA/*

Paul H. Lohaus, Director  
Office of State and Tribal Programs

Enclosures:  
As stated

cc: Audrey Kohlen, President  
Prairie Island Indian Community

December 20, 2001

Audrey Kohnen, President  
Prairie Island Indian Community  
5636 Sturgeon Lake Road  
Welch, MN 55089

Dear Ms. Kohnen:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States and Federally-recognized Native American tribal governments that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States and affected Native American governments. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI upon written request.

If the Prairie Island Indian Community concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. You are encouraged to begin the process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States and Native American governments on a first come, first serve basis.

Audrey Kohnen

- 2 -

If you have questions or require assistance in this matter, please contact either  
Kathy Halvey Gibson, NRC, 301-415-1086 or Vanessa Quinn, FEMA, 202-646-3664.

Thank you for your consideration of this important issue.

Sincerely,

*/RA/*

Paul H. Lohaus, Director  
Office of State and Tribal Programs

Enclosures:  
As stated

cc: Jan Malcolm, Commissioner  
Minnesota Department of Health

December 20, 2001

Robert W. Goff, Director  
Division of Radiological Health  
State Department of Health  
3150 Lawson Street, P.O. Box 1700  
Jackson, MS 39215-1700

Dear Mr. Goff:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Mississippi concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

Ronald A. Kucera, Deputy Director for Policy  
Department of Natural Resources  
205 Jefferson Street  
Jefferson City, MO 65102

Dear Mr. Kucera:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Missouri concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

Robert E. Leopold, Administrator  
Public Health Assurance Division  
Department of Regulation and Licensure  
Nebraska Health and Human Services Systems  
301 Centennial Mail South, P.O. Box 95007  
Lincoln, NE 68509-5007

Dear Mr. Leopold:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Nebraska concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

Donald Bliss, Acting Director  
New Hampshire Office of Emergency Management  
State Office Park South  
107 Pleasant Street  
Concord, NH 03301

Dear Mr. Bliss:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If New Hampshire concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.



December 20, 2001

Robert C. Shinn, Jr., Commissioner  
Department of Environmental Protection  
CN-402  
Trenton, NJ 08625-0402

Dear Mr. Shinn:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If New Jersey concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

William M. Flynn, President  
New York State Energy Research and  
Development Authority  
Corporate Plaza West  
286 Washington Avenue Extension  
Albany, NY 12203-6399

Dear Mr. Flynn:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If New York concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

Richard M. Fry, Director  
Division of Radiation Protection  
Department of Environment, and  
Natural Resources  
3825 Barrett Drive  
Raleigh, NC 27609-7221

Dear Mr. Fry:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If North Carolina concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

Carol O'Claire, Supervisor  
Radiological Branch  
Ohio Emergency Management Agency  
2855 West Dublin-Granville Road  
Columbus, OH 43235-2206

Dear Mr. O'Claire:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Ohio concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

David J. Allard, Director  
Bureau of Radiation Protection  
Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection  
Rachel Carson State Office Building  
P. O. Box 8469  
Harrisburg, PA 17105-8469

Dear Mr. Allard:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Pennsylvania concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

Henry Porter, Assistant Director  
Division of Waste Management  
Bureau of Land and Waste Management  
SC Department of Health & Environmental Control  
2600 Bull Street  
Columbia, SC 29201

Dear Mr. Porter:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If South Carolina concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

L. Edward Nanney, Director  
Division of Radiological Health  
Tennessee Department of Environment & Conservation  
3rd Floor, L & C Annex  
401 Church Street  
Nashville, TN 37243-1532

Dear Mr. Nanney:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Tennessee concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

Roger Mulder  
State Energy Conservation Office  
Comptroller of Public Accounts  
P. O. Box 13528  
Austin, TX 78711-3528

Dear Mr. Mulder:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Texas concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.



December 20, 2001

Christine Salembier  
Commissioner of Public Service  
112 State Street  
Montpelier, VT 05620-2601

Dear Ms. Salembier:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Vermont concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

Arthur S. Warren, Chief  
Radiological Planning  
Virginia Department of Emergency Services  
10501 Trade Court  
Richmond, VA 23236-3713

Mr. Warren:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Virginia concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

Bob Nichols  
Natural Resources Assistant  
Executive Policy Division  
Office of the Governor  
P. O. Box 43113  
Olympia, WA 98504-3113

Dear Mr. Nichols:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Washington concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

Randy C. Curtis, Director  
Radiation, Toxics and Indoor Air Division  
West Virginia Department of Health  
815 Quarrier Street - Suite 418  
Charleston, WV 25301

Dear Mr. Curtis:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If West Virginia concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

Edward J. Gleason, Administrator  
Division of Emergency Management  
2400 Wright Street  
P. O. Box 7865  
Madison, WI 53707-7865

Dear Mr. Gleason:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Wisconsin concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.



Addressees for the December 20, 2001 letters to the State Liaison Officers Regarding KI

Kirksey E. Whatley, Director  
Office of Radiation Control  
Alabama Department of Public Health  
The RSA Tower, Suite 700  
P.O. Box 303017-3017  
Montgomery, AL 36130-3017

Aubrey Godwin, Director  
Arizona Radiation Regulatory Agency  
4814 South 40th Street  
Phoenix, AZ 85040

Bernard Beville  
Division of Radiation Control  
and Emergency Management  
Arkansas Department of Health  
4815 West Markham, Mail Slot #30  
Little Rock, AR 72205-3867

Robert A. Laurie, Commissioner  
California Energy Commission  
1516 Ninth Street  
Sacramento, CA 95814

Dr. Edward L. Wilds, Jr., Director  
Division of Radiation  
Department of Environmental Protection  
79 Elm Street  
Hartford, CT 06106-5127

Dr. Harry W. Otto  
Administrator for Interagency Programs  
Office of the Director  
Division of Water Resources  
Department of Natural Resources  
and Environmental Control  
P.O. Box 1401, 89 Kings Highway  
Dover, DE 19901

William A. Passetti, Chief  
Bureau of Radiation Control  
Florida Department of Health  
4052 Bald Cypress Way, Bin #C21  
Tallahassee, FL 32399-1741

James Setser, Chief  
Program Coordination Branch  
Environmental Protection Division  
Department of Natural Resources  
205 Butler Street, Suite 1152 East Tower  
Atlanta, GA 30334

Thomas W. Ortziger, Director  
Illinois Department of Nuclear Safety  
1035 Outer Park Drive  
Springfield, IL 62704

Daniel K. McGhee  
Bureau of Radiological Health  
Iowa Department of Public Health  
401 SW 7<sup>TH</sup> Street, Suite D  
Des Moines, IA 50309

Vick L. Cooper, Chief  
Bureau of Air and Radiation  
Radiation Control Program  
Department of Health and Environment  
Forbes Field, Building 283  
Topeka, KS 66620

Michael E. Henry, Senior Environmental Scientist  
Permitting Division  
Office of Environmental Services  
Department of Environmental Quality  
7290 Bluebonnet Road., P. O. Box 82135  
Baton Rouge, LA 70884-2135

Ann Marie DeBiase, Director  
Air and Radiation Management Administration  
Maryland Department of the Environment  
2500 Broening Highway  
Baltimore, MD 21224

Stephen McGrail, Director  
Massachusetts Emergency Management Agency  
400 Worcester Road, P. O. Box 1496  
Framingham, MA 01701

Flint C. Watt, Chief  
Drinking Water & Radiological Protection Division  
Michigan Department of Environmental Quality  
CPH Mail Room, P. O. Box 30630  
525 West Allegan Street  
Lansing, MI 48909-8130

Jan Malcolm, Commissioner  
Minnesota Department of Health  
85 E. 7<sup>th</sup> Place, Suite 400  
P. O. Box 64882  
St. Paul, MN 55164-0882

Audrey Kohnen, President  
Prairie Island Indian Community  
5636 Sturgeon Lake Road  
Welch, MN 55089

Robert W. Goff, Director  
Division of Radiological Health  
State Department of Health  
3150 Lawson Street, P.O. Box 1700  
Jackson, MS 39215-1700

Ronald A. Kucera, Deputy Director for Policy  
Department of Natural Resources  
205 Jefferson Street  
Jefferson City, MO 65102

Robert E. Leopold, Administrator  
Public Health Assurance Division  
Department of Regulation and Licensure  
Nebraska Health and Human Services Systems  
301 Centennial Mail South, P.O. Box 95007  
Lincoln, NE 68509-5007

Donald Bliss, Acting Director  
New Hampshire Office of Emergency Management  
State Office Park South  
107 Pleasant Street  
Concord, NH 03301

Robert C. Shinn, Jr.  
Commissioner  
Department of Environmental Protection  
CN-402  
Trenton, NJ 08625-0402

William M. Flynn, President  
New York State Energy Research and  
Development Authority  
Corporate Plaza West  
286 Washington Avenue Extension  
Albany, NY 12203-6399

Richard M. Fry, Director  
Division of Radiation Protection  
Department of Environment, and Natural Resources  
3825 Barrett Drive  
Raleigh, NC 27609-7221

Carol O'Claire, Supervisor  
Radiological Branch  
Ohio Emergency Management Agency  
2855 West Dublin-Granville Road  
Columbus, OH 43235-2206

David J. Allard, Director  
Bureau of Radiation Protection  
Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection  
Rachel Carson State Office Building  
P.O. Box 8469  
Harrisburg, PA 17105-8469

Henry Porter, Assistant Director  
Division of Waste Management  
Bureau of Land and Waste Management  
SC Department of Health & Environmental Control  
2600 Bull Street  
Columbia, SC 29201

L. Edward Nanney, Director  
Division of Radiological Health  
Tennessee Department of Environment & Conservation  
3rd Floor, L & C Annex  
401 Church Street  
Nashville, TN 37243-1532

Roger Mulder  
State Energy Conservation Office  
Comptroller of Public Accounts  
P. O. Box 13528  
Austin, TX 78711-3528

Christine Salembier  
Commissioner of Public Service  
112 State Street  
Montpelier, VT 05620-2601

Arthur S. Warren, Chief  
Radiological Planning  
Virginia Department of Emergency Services  
10501 Trade Court  
Richmond, VA 23236-3713

Bob Nichols  
Natural Resources Assistant  
Executive Policy Division  
Office of the Governor  
P.O. Box 43113  
Olympia, WA 98504-3113

Randy C. Curtis, Director  
Radiation, Toxics and Indoor Air Division  
West Virginia Department of Health  
815 Quarrier Street - Suite 418  
Charleston, WV 25301

Edward J. Gleason, Administrator  
Division of Emergency Management  
2400 Wright Street  
P.O. Box 7865  
Madison, WI 53707-7865