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Fishery Products

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Report Highlights:

As a result of an increase in Chile's salmon and trout production, exports of whole eviscerated salmon increased again in 2005. In the coming years the industry will continue to expand, but exports of whole eviscerated salmon will grow at a much slower rate, as demand shifts to value added products.

Includes PSD Changes: No
Includes Trade Matrix: Yes
Annual Report
Santiago [C1]
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Executive Summary

Salmon and trout production are the main components of Chile's edible fisheries sector. Exports were valued at \$1.72 billion in calendar year 2005, representing 4.4 percent of Chile's total export revenues for both Agricultural and Non-Agricultural products. A further expansion is expected in 2006, as prices of exported salmon and trout products continue to increase. Total Chilean aquaculture output will continue to grow based on development and growth of salmon, trout and new species like turbot. Total exports in 2004 are expected to reach US\$ 2.0 billion. Exports of value-added salmon and trout products are expected to expand at a faster rate than whole eviscerated salmon.

Note: *A Fisheries Products Strategic Indicators Table will not be provided as Chile does not import salmon products and is only a marginal importer of total edible fish products.*

Production

Output of whole eviscerated salmon increased again in 2005 to a record production of almost 440,000 MT. The continuous increase in Chilean salmon and trout production is being driven by a constant increase in demand, as reflected by export rising prices for salmon and trout products. Economic returns expanded again over 19 percent for the whole salmon and trout industry to a record US\$1.72 billion in 2005. For MY2006 and the coming years, the industry predicts that production of whole eviscerated salmon will continue to expand but at a slower rate than in the past, as exports of whole eviscerated salmon will be much more moderate, as demand is expected to shift to value-added salmon products such as fresh and frozen filet, smoked, dried and salted and canned salmon.

The Chilean salmon and trout industry is composed of more than 70 companies, most of which are located in Regions Ten, Eleven and Twelve employing directly and indirectly over 45,000 workers of which 60 percent are women,. Aquaculture is conducted in 234 coastal concessions for which the companies pay user fees to the government . In year 2010, yearly exports are expected to exceed US\$ 2.5 billion. Based on Chile's natural comparative advantages, like long coastal line, ideal water temperature and low labor cost, Chile's salmon and trout production and exports will expand further in the coming years depending upon market conditions. Chile produces and exports a variety of salmon products, including fresh/chilled, frozen, canned, dried and salted, smoked and dehydrated salmon. Although the most important component of the sector is fresh/chilled and frozen whole/eviscerated salmon, exports of value-added salmon products such as fresh and frozen filet, smoked, dried and salted and canned salmon are increasing at a fast rate.

Consumption

There are no official statistics for fresh/chilled domestic consumption in Chile. Although domestic consumption of both farmed and "wild" salmon has been increasing during the last few years, it is not a significant portion of total demand. This is primarily due to the fact that in Chile fish in general is less popular than red meat, poultry and pork.

Supermarket chains buy directly from the producers or, in some cases, internally source the product from their own salmon farms. Up to now there has not been comprehensive

promotional campaigns to increase domestic consumption, because Chile's salmon producers have been focused mainly on the export market.

Prices

The average export price for whole eviscerated fresh/chilled and frozen salmon increased in 2005, from \$2.98/Kg. in 2004 to \$3.39/Kg. in 2005. As a result, total export value of whole eviscerated fresh and frozen salmon rose from \$307 million in 2003 to \$403 million in 2005.

Trade

In spite of a significant expansion in exports of value added products such as fresh and frozen filet, smoked, dried and salted and canned salmon, exports of eviscerated salmon increased another 15 percent in 2005. In the coming years, whole eviscerated salmon exports is expected to grow again but at a slower rate than in the past, as exports of value-added salmon and trout products expand as producers seek higher profits. Industry sources predict that since transport costs have increased significantly and Chile is comparatively farther away than other producers from the main consumption markets, producers will move toward larger percentage of value added products, such as fresh and frozen filet, smoked, dried and salted and canned salmon, which will reduce the volume of exports but increase the total value. Exports of value-added salmon and trout products increased another 16.5 percent in value during MY2005.

Over 74 percent of Chile's whole eviscerated salmon production in volume is exported to Japan, Brazil and the United States. Slightly over 35 percent of total salmon and trout exports were destined for the U.S. (valued at US\$ 605 million), whereas 37 percent were destined for Japan (valued at US\$ 638 million). Almost all Pacific salmon (Coho) and trout are frozen and exported to Japan, mostly via ocean freight. Atlantic salmon is normally marketed fresh/chilled and transported via airfreight to markets in the United States, and to a lower extent to Europe and Latin America. Chile currently is the number one salmon supplier in the United States with slightly over 49 percent of total imports, of farmed and ranched salmon. Canada is the second largest supplier with 36 percent market share.

In recent years the salmon industry has invested heavily to increase the value of its products by constructing processing plants to produce more value-added products, like smoked salmon. Exports of these products represented just 5 percent of total exports in 1990, but currently represent 67 percent of total exports.

Table 1: CHILE - Exports of Value-Added Salmon and Trout Products					
(US\$ Thousand)					
Product	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Fresh Filet	280,119	300,336	353,347	370,629	408,812
Frozen Filet	201,443	197,407	216,596	354,411	396,794
Smoked	20,149	28,925	30,852	43,790	56,774
Dried & Salted	14,876	15,185	18,087	19,616	16,302
Canned	7,240	7,057	22,699	28,064	31,266
Other	52,875	72,017	128,734	179,766	250,792
Total	576,702	620,927	770,315	996,276	1,160,740
% of Total Salmon Exports	59.8	63.8	67.2	69.2	67.4

Source: Salmon Producers Association.

Policy

The Chilean government provides no subsidies for salmon and trout production or exports.

Marketing

Chilean, U.S. and Canadian salmon producers are members of a multilateral association called Salmon of the Americas (SOTA), based in Miami, with the main objective of promoting agreements among the main actors in the industry to increase per capita consumption in the U.S. market. This multilateral association is financed by the industries (producers) of the three participating countries. Canadian and Chilean producers supply 85 percent of the consumption in the United States.

Trade Agreements

Chile's agreement with South Korea reduced the 6 percent duty to 0. In the recently signed agreement with China duties will reduce to 0 in 10 years. Chile has a duty free access in the EU, the United States and Mercosur member countries. Chile is presently negotiating an agreement with Japan. Chilean salmon exports to Japan presently pay a 3.5 percent duty; this duty will probably be reduced to 0 in 10 years, according to the latest offer of the free trade negotiating team.

Export Trade Matrix			
Country	Chile		
Commodity	Salmon, Whole/Eviscerated		
Time Period	Jan-Dec	Units:	MT
Exports for:	2004		2005
U.S.	4020	U.S.	3001
Others		Others	
Japan	70459	Japan	73499
Brazil	11895	Brazil	12254
China	3395	Thailand	4873
Israel	2218	China	3948
Taiwan	1966	Taiwan	3747
Thailand	1620	Russia	2691
Argentina	1467	Israel	2529
Russia	1007	So. Korea	2057
So. Korea	898	Argentina	1987
Lithuania	718	Venezuela	1031
Total for Others	95643		108616
Others not Listed	3452		7317
Grand Total	103115		118934